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RUSSIA REJECTS FRENCH PROTEST IN INDOCHINA ROW

R. H. C. Wilson

PARIS, Feb. 1 — (AP) Russia curtly rejected France's protest over Communist-riven Indochina today, hardly even taking a look at it.

A French diplomatic source said French-Russian "relations were never worse in recent years."

At the same time, U. S. Secretary of State Dean Acheson indicated in Washington the United States will match Russia recognition of Moscow-educated Ho Chi-minh's Vietnam Republic in Indochina by establishing diplomatic relations with his French-backed rival, the Vietnam state headed by former Emperor Bao Dai.

These developments further thrust into the world limelight the far-off land of jungles and rice paddies as a potential ignition point for an east-west battle for southeast Asia.

The French note protesting that Russia's recognition of Ho was encouragement of a rebel and a grave impairment of French-Soviet relations was handed to Soviet Ambassador Alexander Bogomolov only last night.

French Ask Explaination

Hardly 18 hours later, Bogomolov handed the note back, saying "the government of the USSR does not consider it possible to receive such a note."

Such speed raised the question whether it had been necessary for him to consult Moscow after he received the note.

The French did not let the matter rest, however. The French foreing office asked Bogomolv to call tomorrow to explain his action.

At the same time the National Assembly's Overseas Territories committee called on the cabinet to "define its attitude" toward Russia. Communist members walked out of the committee meeting. The resolution said Russia's action violated the French-Soviet friendship treaty Gen. Charles De Gaulle signed in 1944.

Dispatches through the censorship screen in Indochina, where Ho has been fighting a hit-and-run jungle war for more than three years, said 200 Vietnamese were killed yesterday in a battle with French troops at Hue, on Communist China's border. French casualties were estimated at 20.

Acheson Raps Ho

Secretary Acheson, at a Washington news conference, declared the wispy-bearded Ho was "the mortal enemy of native independence in Indochina." He added that as soon as France completes transfer of sovereignty to Bao Dai and two other French-protected Indochinese states, Laos and Cambodia, "the way will be open for recognition of these legal governments."

His reference to "legal governments" in itself was a long step in the direction of recognition.

If a Greek or Spanish-type civil war does flare in Indochina, many foreign observers agree it will be due to France's political fumbling and military half-heartedness. She has been of a divided mind about Indochina.

Communists were strong in the government immediately after the war, and many other French at that time objected to "doing out there what the Germans did to us during the occupation."

Ho, whom France now repudiates as a rebel Communist, was received here in 1946 as a Nationalist with the honors of a visiting chief of state.

Bao Dai Quit

Bao Dai, whom she now seeks to establish, was obliged to abdicate in 1945 because he had held his throne in Annam under Japanese occupation.

Foreign observers who know Indo-China say France missed the boat in 1946 when the deal to recognize Ho fell through. They argue that an arrangement could have been made with Ho, who at that time had publicly renounced communism.

When Ho returned to Hanoi and full-fledged guerrilla warfare broke out in December, 1946, from 120,000 to 150,000 French troops were fought to a standstill by Ho's Communists and Nationalists, numbering about 100,000. Though the French gained control of the chief cities and towns, Ho's Vietnamese were able to keep a grip on a large part of the countryside. AP

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Hoffman On Europe's Self-Help

cont'd from DAVIDSON

Paris, Feb. 1 (AP)—Paul G. Hoffman said tonight European nations have made excellent progress in carrying through measures of self-help, but still have not done enough.

"None of the steps taken toward liberalization of trade has been adequate," the head of the Economic Co-Operation Administration told a news conference.

He said the practice of dual pricing—in which domestic consumers pay less for goods than foreign customers—must be eliminated.

At Ministers' Session

Hoffman attended a Paris session of ministers from the eighteen European areas which get Marshall-plan money from the United States. They direct the Organization for European Economic Co-Operation.

Hoffman is returning to Washing by plane tonight to start drafting a brief to Congress on Marshall-plan needs for next year.

He gave newsmen a statement saying "There is genuine and continued expectation (by the United States) that the nations of the OEEC" will carry out their pledges of total, mutual help.

In reply to questions from European newsmen, Hoffman said the United States has taken a number of steps to lower its own import duties to encourage European selling in America.

Trade A Two-Way Street

"The United States," he said, "is now realizing that trade is a two-way street. If ever we are to have sound business relations with Europe, we must allow Europe to sell to us."

He said he was convinced the American people will back the European recovery plan with additional Marshall-plan billions, "because they believe it is the chance to insure peace and prosperity."

Asked whether that meant more billions after the Marshall plan ends in 1952, Hoffman emphatically declared:

"No, the ECA goes out of business June 30, 1952."

Lauds Stikker Appointment

He praised the appointment by the OEEC yesterday of Dirk U. Stikker, Dutch Foreign Minister, as political conciliator for the Marshall-plan areas. He said Stikker "very adequately fills the United States' desires to have the OEEC strengthened politically."

Stikker's appointment was the only concrete action taken by the ministers. They spent several hours in secret sessions discussing the liberalization of trade, but agreed only to remove ten per cent more of their import quotas, "subject to the implementation of a satisfactory payments scheme."

Stikker Approved As OEEC Head

Paris, Feb. 1 (AP)—Dirk U. Stikker, 52-year-old Dutch Foreign Minister, is the new European "Front Man" for the Marshall plan.

Stikker was elected yesterday to head the eighteen-nation Organization for European Economic Cooperation as a compromise choice after Britain reportedly vetoed American-backed Paul-Henri Spaak, former Belgian Premier.

Spaak had been publicly proposed for the job by President Truman and Secretary of State Dean Acheson, who hoped the Belgian could take the lead in unifying European economies.

Duties Unspecified

Just what Stikker's duties will be remained unspecified, but Paul van Zeeland, OEEC Council chairman, described him as a "political conciliator."

Stikker will keep his job as Dutch Foreign Minister, devoting only part of his time to Marshall plan activities.

Britain reportedly opposed Spaak's selection because he was against government controls on business while premier.

Pro-Reds Barred In French Africa

Paris Forbids Meetings After 14 Die in Riot

PARIS, Feb. 1 (AP).—The French government today forbade all meetings in Africa of the pro-Communist African Democratic Rally, after fourteen persons were reported killed and seventy wounded in fighting on the Ivory Coast.

[The Ivory Coast, a French possession lying between Liberia and the British Gold Coast Colony, has a population of 2,100,000 natives and 5,000 Europeans.]

The most serious incident occurred Monday at the village of Dimbokro, according to a communique from the government of French West Africa. It reported an attempt by "2,000 to 3,000 individuals, some of them armed," to take over the town market. They were driven out by gendarmes and troops.

The French said the demonstrators fired first, and that in the counterfire twelve of them were killed and thirty-eight wounded. The police and soldiers had twenty-two wounded, two seriously. AP

Europe Pleads For A-Control

London, Feb. 1 (AP)—President Truman's order to build a hydrogen superbomb brought a wave of new pleas in Europe today for international control of atomic energy.

But Britain's Government said there would be no hope of success now in direct talks with Soviet Prime Minister Stalin.

Europe's newspapers headlined President Truman's decision and spurred a running debate on how to stop the threat of world destruction.

Swedes Call Russ Stubborn

Some editorials said the decision in Washington was inevitable in view of the inability of East and West to agree on control of atomic production.

The Liberal Stockholm *Dagens Nyheter* blamed the Truman decision on the "Soviet Union's stubborn refusal to co-operate."

The Communist press in Britain and France jumped at the announcement as further indication America is preparing for a "monstrous war" and demanded immediate abolition of the atom bomb and prohibition of the making of the hydrogen bomb.

There was no immediate official reaction to the announcement in any of Europe's capitals.

High-Level Talks Held Vain

But a British Foreign Office statement, which came just before the announcement, gave an indication of the official British attitude toward the atom-control stalemate.

The statement was a reply to a formal request by British Quakers that Prime Minister Clement Attlee try for a personal conference with Stalin, Truman and other Western government heads in an attempt to reach an international agreement.

"The threat of an atomic armaments race makes it imperative that the beginnings of an international agreement be sought," said the memorandum from the British Society of Friends (Quakers).

The Foreign Office reply, written on behalf of Attlee, said:

"It would be presumptuous to suppose that personal contact at even the highest level would do anything but raise unduly the hopes for peace which have been so often and so cruelly disappointed in the past."

"Haunted By Nightmare"

Commenting on the Washington announcement, the Stockholm newspaper said "mankind will remain haunted by the nightmare of boundless, ultimate destruction."

"It is difficult to see how it can be different," *Dagens Hyheter* concluded, "until Soviet leaders recognize the need for international control of atomic energy."

Also demanding new efforts at control, London's liberal *News Chronicle* remarked that "success must come before everything, for failure can destroy everything."

The Yorkshire *Post* commented that even an agreement on controls would be of little use unless there is understanding between the powers. The vital question, it added, is "whether such understanding can still be reached between Russia and the West."

The conservative London *Daily Mail* urged that one more attempt be made to get Russia to "see reason" on the control issue before any attempt is made to manufacture the H-bomb.

This attitude was highlighted in the United Nations headquarters at Lake Success, where some diplomats speculated that the Truman decision might cause the Russians to come back to talks on atom control they walked out on nearly two weeks ago.

Harry Pollitt, British Communist party leader, sounded the "peace offensive" line set down by Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Y. Vishinsky—a line which was overwhelmingly voted down in the United Nations last December. AP

H-Bomb Comment Banned By Attlee

London, Feb. 1 (AP)—Prime Minister Attlee ordered a blanket ban today on all official British comment about the United States decision to develop the hydrogen super-bomb.

A spokesman for No. 10 Downing street — Attlee's office — reported this when asked whether Britain had been consulted on the subject of developing the H-bomb.

Reds Call U. S. 'Warfare State'

LONDON, Feb. 1 (AP).—The Communist "Daily Worker" used a new phrase today to describe the United States: "the warfare state."

'La Marseillaise' In Royal Stable

London, Feb. 1 (AP)—Brass bands make royal horses nervous.

That's why the strains of "La Marseillaise," the French anthem, blared from a phonograph in the royal stables at Buckingham Palace today.

They are conditioning the horses for a state visit of French President Vincent Auriol to London March 17.

FOOD FOR THE BIRDS

LONDON, Feb. 1 (AP)—The food ministry gave Britain's homing pigeons a new incentive to come home today.

It upped the monthly ration of pigeons from 21 to 26 pounds of feed per bird.

Bumper supplies of coarse peas—which make up the bulk of the feed—permitted the increase.

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Britain Denies Freeze On U.S. Oil Interests

London, Feb. 1 (AP)—The Colonial Office today challenged reports from Washington that it is trying to freeze American oil compaines out of foreign markets.

"The Colonial Office is not directly concerned with financial policy and certainly is not engaged in trying to control the markets of the world," a spokesman declared.

He was commenting on reports that some American political leaders and oil interests regard a recent Colonial Office message as an indication Britain is embarked on a policy of discrimination against United States oil producers.

Sent To Niarobi

The message was sent by Colonial Secretary Arthur Creech Jones to the Government of East Africa's Kenya colony at Niarobi.

It was reported to have stated that, as has been expected in Britain, the United States Government had not "gone beyond expressing regret" over a British project to exclude American oil from the sterling area.

The message was printed in America and Senator Connally (D., Texas) called it "a British act of hostility."

Trends Reviewed

The Colonial Office spokesman said:

"The Colonial Secretary makes a practice of sending telegrams to colonial governments reviewing economic and political trends.

"These are not directives or declarations of policy, but informative messages to help colonial governments understand problems confronting them and the commonwealth.

"The Colonial Office is not framing oil policies. e are not in the oil business."

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BRITISH EMBARGO ON U.S. OIL FIRMS HIT BY ACHESON

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1 — (AP) Secretary of State Acheson said today the United States government takes a "serious" view of Britain's embargo against American oil concerns.

He declared the decision to restrict imports to U. S. petroleum products into the British commonwealth was made "without adequate consultation" with the companies involved.

Acheson said the State department intends to press for the earliest solution of the dispute which has been mounting ever since the British announced their embargo plans last December as a dollar saving move.

Action Seen Hastly

The secretary told a news conference that the State department informed the British then that their action was hasty and did not give U. S. oil firms time to find out if they could make a cooperative "adjustment in operations."

The oil wrangle, which has been the topic of diplomatic talks between the two countries since December, came to a new boiling point yesterday with the disclosure of British plans to expand their embargo to include the so-called sterling area where the pound is the major medium of exchange.

On that point Acheson later issued a statement which said:

"It is our view that measures can be adopted which will meet the necessity of the United Kingdom and the sterling area to save dollars on oil accounts and at the same time protect the legitimate interests of the countries and companies concerned."

He did not indicate what the compromise measures might be, but he said the United States believes that if American oil cannot "adjust" their operations to help Britain save dollars the restrictions should be imposed gradually to avoid hardship.

Acheson said the British already have agreed to withhold the embargo until Feb. 15 to allow time for further discussions. The curbs originally were scheduled to go into effect Jan. 1.

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Italians Demonstrate

Naples, Italy, Feb. 1 (AP)—Police quickly broke up an anti-British demonstration by a few youths in front of the City Hall here today as an automobile carrying Ernest Bevin, British Foreign Secretary, drove by. Five youths who threw a few eggs were taken into custody. Bevin is en route home from Ceylon.

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Allied Rail Tax Crackdown Seen Cause of Berlin Row

Thos. L. Ready

BERLIN, Feb. 1. — (AP) West Berlin's quiet seizure of 397 investment properties of the East German railway system recently for non-payment of taxes was advanced today as a factor in Germany's new inter-zonel traffic troubles.

The city government has salvaged 500,000 marks ($125,000) in rentals from the properties in the last four months.

Official circles said the action, classifying the properties as "under temporary custody," is one of the reasons behind harassment tactics used against the west by the Russians and East Germany's communist government in the last two weeks.

Reds Control Rails

The Russians control the East German railway system. By allied agreement, the system operates both elevated and inter-zonal trains in all four sectors of Berlin. It owns property throughout the city.

The city government of West Berlin, made up of the United States, British and French sectors, started taking over non-operating properties of the system in West Berlin last Oct. 12. These include apartment houses, storage places and some auxiliary business enterprises.

Operating in the red, the city government needs the income, It acted under the authority of a tax ordinance approved by the American, British and French commandants last June. It still recognizes the validity of the system's title to the properties, which the railway bought from capital reserves before the allied occupation of Berlin.

The Russians and the East German government never protested.

They reacted sharply, however, when West Berlin police moved into the railway's former headquarters building just inside the U. S. sector and took over empty rooms as city offices two weeks ago.

The Russians said this was an operational building because of a communications switchboard in the basement. They slowed the city's elevated train service and threatened reprisals against inter-zonal freight.

Maj. Gen. Maxwell D. Taylor, the U. S. commandant, ordered the building returned to the Russians rather than subject Berliners to the threats of a new blockade.

A slowdown on truck traffic between west Germany and Berlin, occasional hitches in rail movements to the west and a stepped up communist campaign against the western powers have developed since.

Paid No Taxes

American officials said the rail system had paid no taxes to Mayor Ernst Reuter's West Berlin government, though the system received west mark rents. The income from the seized buildings has been used to make up tax arrears, pay back bills for water, garbage removal and other utilities, and for repairs.

Any revenues not used in this way, the informants said, is to be held in a blocked account for the system, payable in the event the division of Germany is uncrambled and Berlin functions again with one government and one currency.

The "little blockade" of truck traffic at Helmstedt, the Soviet checkpoint on the main highway between West Germany and Berlin, persisted today. The guards permitted only six to eight Berlin-bound trucks to clear hourly.

A line of 50 trucks backed up on the western side. In biting wind and snow, the drivers waited. Some huddled over little bonfires. Others stamped up and down the road to get warm.

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Russ Continue Slowdown Of Trucks

Berlin, Feb. 1 (AP)—Russian "go-slow" tactics continued at zonal border points today, cutting truck traffic between Berlin and West Germany to a trickle.

More than 100 heavy trucks were liend up this morning on the Western side of the border at Helmstedt, main check point on the road to Berlin.

Russian guards and their East zone German police gave each loaded truck a detailed inspection taking ten to fifteen minutes. Normally the inspection takes about two minutes.

Mail Train Delayed

A German mail train from Berlin to western Germany was held up for an hour and a half at the border between East and West zones before it cleared the check point this morning. West German rail officials said, however, they did not consider this an abnormal delay.

The Soviet-controlled German railways management hinted last night that railroad freight service between West Germany and Berlin might be cut down. They charged organized gangs were sabotaging railroad installations in the western sector of Berlin and said it threatened interzonal traffic.

Although truck traffic has been squeezed since January 22 the Russians have made no serious effort to hamper rail communication with West Germany. Most of western Berlin's supplies comes in by rail.

Bonn Takes Eagle as Emblem

BONN, Germany, Feb. 1 (AP).—The West German Republic today adopted the eagle of the pre-Hitler Weimar Republic as its official insigne. The government announcement said that by this act it wished to emphasize "that the Federal (West) German Republic is no new state but is identical with the German realm which was suspended in 1945."

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Chervenkov Heads Bulgaria

Dimitrov's Son-in-Law Chosen to Succeed Kolarov as Premier

SOFIA, Bulgaria, Feb. 1 (AP).—Parliament today unanimously elected Vulko Chervenkov Premier, succeeding Vassil Kolarov, who died Jan. 23.

[Chervenkov, forty-nine, a son-in-law of the late Georgi Dimitrov, is considered the "strong man" of the Bulgarian Communist party. A Vice-Premier under Kolarov and a party secretary, he recently returned from a visit to Moscow. He is apparently the instigator of a recent purge of unreliable elements in the party.]

Chervenkov Sofia's 3d Premier In 7 Months

Sofia, Bulgaria, Feb. 1 (AP)—Vulko Chervenkov, one of the fathers of the Cominform, was elected unanamously by Parliament today as Bulgaria's third premier in seven months.

Chervenkov was a vice president. He succeeds Vassil Kolarov, who died ten days ago after six months in office. Kolarov had succeeded Premier Georgi Dimitrov, who died last July 5. Chervenkov is secretary of the Bulgarian Communist party.

More U.S. Force Asked For Asia Defense Area

Russell Brines

Tokyo, Feb. 1 (AP)—General MacArthur's top commanders today asked America's Joint Chiefs of Staff for more air, sea and land strength to hold defense lines in tumultuous Asia.

Competent sources said the need for additional power was stressed during an intensive briefing on the military situation in MacArthur's command. They said the military situation has deteriorated alarmingly.

Formosa and China were not discussed, the informants said, because they lie outside the area of the basic military briefing.

The position of French Indo-China — complicated by Russian recognition of Ho Chi-minh's regime—was among the political subjects brought up.

Twofold Mission

Top commanders in all three branches of the service gave the Joint Chiefs a detailed and secret outline of military plans and preparations for carrying out the two-fold American mission in Asia.

This is to man the Far Eastern defense perimeter and to insure protection in wartime of Japan and the Philippines.

The analysis of the military situation and the outline of recommended reinforcements were based upon MacArthur's secret report more than a year ago to the Army Department, the informants said. General MacArthur then asked for increased strength in all categories. American reinforcements have been limited.

Personal Discussion

Today's conference was the first opportunity for personal discussion of the basic factors with which the Joint Chiefs were already familiar. The informants said the Joint Chiefs asked many questions. Informants said the visiting military men demonstrated they considered Asia a part of the global military picture and not a separate or secondary area.

A spokesman for Gen. Omar Bradley said the Joint Chiefs of Staff supported President Truman's order to make the hydrogen bomb.

Areas Included

The briefing included a description of all the military activities in the Far East Command, touching on the forces in Japan, Okinawa, the Philippines and the Central Pacific islands.

There was no discussion of the question of American bases in Japan in connection with a possible peace treaty, the sources said.

These three main field commanders were among other briefing officers who described the situation—Lieut. Gen. Walton Walker, 8th Army commander; Lieut. Gen. George E. Stratemeyer, Far East Air Force commander, and Vice Admiral Russell S. Berkely, 7th Task Fleet commander.

Question Of Jap Loyalty

Among other subjects discussed, these sources said, was the question of where Japanese loyalties would lie in any future conflict.

General Bradley's spokesman said the chairman of the Joint Chiefs hopes the H-bomb never will be used in war. He said Bradley feels further development of weapons may prevent war because even the winning nation "may find the price too great to pay."

The spokesman declined to say whether the four top United States military officers recommended that President Truman give the go-ahead signal.

Here with Bradley are Army General J. Lawton Collins, Air Force General Hoyt S. Vandenberg and Admiral Forrest P. Sherman, chief of naval operations.

Seen As "Next Step"

The spokesman said Bradley looks upon the manufacture of the H-bomb as another step in the civilization which has harnessed electricity and produced the airplane.

These developments have contributed to civilization. And, the spokesman said, Bradley hopes the H-bomb may result in "benefits for mankind."

Bradley said on his arrival last night that China and Formosa would be among the subjects discussed with MacArthur. The Chinese Communists have driven the Nationalists off the mainland. Formosa, still held by the Nationalists, is on the Reds' invasion timetable for this year. Top military men here say Formosa is important to the American position in the Pacific.

Staff Chiefs Told U.S. Must Bolster Pacific Defenses

Russell Brines

TOKYO, Feb. 1 — (AP) The United States must throw more air, sea and land power into its Pacific line if it is to hold back Asia's Communist tide, the joint chiefs of staff were told today.

Trustworthy informants said General MacArthur's highest commanders presented that view in the first full-dress conference with the chiefs of staff, now on a tour of Pacific installations.

MacArthur's officers argued that Asia must be considered part of a global military picture. They feel that the Pacific is considered a secondary area in U. S. strategy.

Had Secret Report

The visiting chiefs of staff knew MacArthur's views before they came. He had sent them a secret report more than a year ago asking for reinforcements all along the line of the armed services. He had forwarded many similar reports since.

Now, his men on the spot in personal contact with America's military planners could say they felt the situation had grown alarmingly worse.

The informants said there were many questions from Gen. Omar N. Bradley, chairman, Army Gen. J. Lawton Collins, Air Force Gen. Hoyt Vandenberg, and Adm. Forrest P. Sherman, chief of naval operations.

What about Japan? Could the loyalty of the Japansee be depended upon in any future conflict?

Presumably, MacArthur's officers replied that most Japanese would stick by the United States; that Japan's Communists are no immediate threat but they could be later on.

Japan is the keystone of a Pacific line that extends in a great arc from the Aleutians through Okinawa and the Philippines.

This greatest gathering of American military rank since Japan surrendered aboard the Missouri was in a small room down the hall from MacArthur's office.

Appearing for MacArthur were Lt. Gen. Walton Walker, U. S. eighth army commander; Lt. Gen. George E. Stratemeyer, commander of the Far East air forces, and Vice Adm. Russell S. Berkey, commander of the Seventh task fleet.

Formosa Not Discussed

The briefing embraced all military activities in MacArthur's Far East command—Japan, Okinawa, the Philippines and the central Pacific islands. Informants said neither Formosa nor China was discussed. They lie outside MacArthur's command.

Also passed up was the question of U. S. bases in Japan in event of a peace treaty. That is a problem which lies in the future.

There were political questions weighing on the military problems brought up, however. There is, of course, the Communist expansion on the mainland. The latest question complicating the picture is Moscow's recognition of the rebel Ho Chi-minh in French Indochina.

The joints chiefs were told in detail and in secret of the military plans and preparations for manning the Pacific line and protecting Japan and the Philippines in case of war.

Vandenberg is scheduled to visit nearby air bases tomorrow. The other three officers will visit the U. S. naval base at Yokosuka, 40 miles south of Tokyo.

Russians Boycott Council Studying Jap P.W. Fate

Tokyo, Feb. 1 (AP)—Russia boycotted another meeting today of the Four-Power Council for Japan trying to learn the fate of 376,000 Japanese prisoners of war.

The other council powers suggest the Japanese all died in Russian prison camps.

Advisory Body

Rather than discuss the subject, Lieut. Gen. Kuzma Derevyanko, Russian delegate, avoided today's today's meeting. He walked out of three previous meetings on the same subject.

He said in a letter today the subject of war-prisoner repatriation was beyond the province of the council. The council is an advisory body to the occupation command. For that reason he said he would not attend the meeting.

Britain, the United States and Nationalist China contended the subject is within the province of the Council. They insisted the subject go on to the agenda of the next scheduled Council meeting on

Tokyo, *Thursday*, Feb. 2 (AP)—Alva C. Carpenter, head of General MacArthur's legal section, said today the Soviet demand for trial of Hirohito would "certainly be turned down."

William J. Sebald, chief of MacArthur's diplomatic section, said, "It looks as though the Russians have tipped over another smoke pot."

Many Japanese regarded the move as an attempt to divert attention from the fate of 376,000 Japanese war prisoners.

Hong Kong Expels 3 in Strike

HONG KONG, Feb. 1 (AP).—The Britsh colonial government today expelled three top leaders of the striking street-car union, presumably to near-by Communist China. The workers are striking for increased pay and job reclassification. Demonstrations two nights ago resulted in the arrest of forty-two union members and the hospitalization of three others.

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February 15.

Gen. Douglas MacArthur's intelligence officers, from talks with repatriated Japanese, have drawn the conclusion most of the missing prisoners must have died in Russian hands since the war's end.

Repatriation Ended

Russia announced a few weeks ago repatriation had ended. In their hands, the Russians said, remained 10,000 Japanese "war criminals" who would not be repatriated.

Since that announcement the Russians, however, have sent back 2,500 more Japanese war prisoners and have asked for a ship to repatriate another 2,500 within the next few days.

There was no explanation of where this additional 5,000 group came from.

U.S. Aid Outlook Boosts Morale Of Nationalists

Taipei, Formosa, Feb. 1 (AP)—United States congressional action assuring Formosa of $28,000,000 in economic aid boosted Chinese Nationalist morale today.

Nationalists hoped this would be the forerunner of additional help to this financially pressed island.

High quarters repeated past estimates that it would take about $100,000,000 to stabilize Formosa's economy.

The tNationalist Government continued to prune its expenses. Some 70 diplomatic and consular posts abroad were ordered to reduce their staffs to the bare minimum to carry on business. Some of the officials taken off the pay roll have been abroad for fifteen years.

Surtaxes Imposed

As a means of raising revenue, surtaxes were imposed in Formosa. These ranged from an increase of 50 per cent in the business tax to 100 per cent in the cost of electricity.

Meantime, fears grew that mainland Chinese Communists were holding in reserve an air force for the attack on Formosa preparatory to an invasoin. The Reds are known to possess a few planes. Nationalists believe they are hiding them far inland until they are needed to bomb Formosa.

That is the reason Communist airfields alon gthe coast have been bombed of late. The Nationalists think the Reds would land their planes along the coast for refueling and loading bombs before taking off for this island 100 miles off the China coast.

Air Attacks Stepped Up

Nationalist warplanes today stepped up attacks on Communist troop concentrations on Liuchow Peninsula opposite Hainan Island. Invasion craft were hit also.

The official Nationalist news agency, Central News, quoted a Communist prisoner as saying the Red 45th Army had crossed the border into French Indo-China in an attempt to take the towns of Cao Bang and Lang Son.

[The French have twice denied Central News reports that Chinese Communist troops entered Indo-China.]

The news agency said several thousand Chinese Communists had been incorporated into Russian-recognized Ho Chi-minh's Viet Nam forces in French Indo-China.

Israel Enrolls Entire Nation

Males 18 to 49, Women 15 to 34 Must Register for Army

TEL AVIV, Feb. 1 (AP).—Israel today broadened her registration of army reserves to include the entire country.

Orders were posted in the north, central and southern districts requiring all demobilized men from eighteen to forty-nine years of age and women from eighteen to thirty-four to sign up for possible future service. Failure to register is punishable by fine or imprisonment.

THAILAND TO ACT ON REDS

Premier Threatens to Close Papers—Assails Peiping

BANGKOK, Thailand, Feb. 1 (AP)—Premier Pibul Songgram said today that the Thai Defense Board decided on "resolute measures" against the spread of communism.

Premier Pibul threatened to close pro-Communist newspapers. He said Thai planned to launch a protest with the United Nations against a recent series of Communist broadcasts from Peiping attacking Thailand. He denied strongly the Chinese Communist charge that Chinese nationals were being oppressed in Thailand.

He said if newspapers did not stop publishing propaganda liable to cause a disturbance of the peace of Thailand, they would be dealt with as violators of the country's constitution.

LEADERS PREDICT FIRST H-BOMB BY 1951 OR EARLIER

Sen. Vandenberg Urges U.S. to Abandon Project if Weapon Is Outlawed

URGE UN TALKS

New Attempt to Agree on International Control Plan Advocated

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1 — (AP) Senator Vandenberg (R-Mich) said tonight the United States should announce to the world it stands ready to abandon the hydrogen super-bomb as soon as such weapons can be "dependably outlawed."

Vandenberg called on President Truman to so notify the United Nations. His statement came amid a freshet of other H-bomb developments:

1. American atomic leaders were reported hopeful of exploding the world's first hydrogen bomb in 1951 —or even earlier.

2. Senator Tydings (D-Md) urged stepped-up research to make sure this country will have planes big enough to carry the H-bomb when it is invented.

Urge New Control Attempt

3. Some Congress members advocated a new attempt to bring about rigid international control of atomic energy before the United States goes to work on the H-bomb.

4. Senator Bricker (R-Ohio) said he doubts that the White House decision to develop the H-bomb would cause any change in Russia's actions—"they go ahead and do anything they want," he said.

Senator Tydings, chairman of the Senate Armed Services committee, raised the question of planes big enough to deliver the projected "super bomb" in protesting against any delay on a bill dealing with aeronautical research.

Impatiently, Tydings told the senate:

"You've heard of the hydrogen bomb. Well, we'll have to have an airplane big enough to carry it."

Later, Tydings told newsmen he doesn't believe anybody knows, yet, what the size or shape of a hydrogen bomb would be. He said research on planes to carry the bomb should go forward simultaneously with work on the H-bomb itself.

Senator Vandenberg, Republican foreign policy leader, made the following comment on President Truman's fateful order for speedy development of the new-type bomb:

Unavoidable Decision

"In view of the fact that ruthless aggression is loose in the world, I should say that the president's decision was unavoidable. Obviously it is subject to congressional referendum in respect to the appropriations involved.

"I wish the president, however, would immediately notify the United Nations of our intent and purpose to suspend all our activities in respect to mass destruction weapons the first moment the use of these weapons can be dependably outlawed."

"Unfortunately, the Moscow attitude has thus far prevented this reliance," Vandenberg said.

In general, diplomatic authorities and some Congress members took a gloomy view of the chances for agreement with Moscow at this stage of the east-west armaments race.

Forecasts of a possible H-bomb test by this country within the next 24 months advanced the time clock on previous estimates that it might take as long as five years to build such a bomb.

Nevertheless, the shorter-term prospects were born out by a speech made back in 1946 by former assistant secretary of war John J. McCloy, who declared:

Ready In Two Years

"I have been told by scientists who are not mere theorists but who actually planned and made the bomb which was exploded in New Mexico (the first A-bomb tested) that, given the same intensive effort which was employed during the war toward the production of that bomb, we were within two years at the close of the war of producing a bomb of the hydrogen-helium type—that is, a bomb of approximately one thousand times the power of the present (1946) bombs."

Today's report that H-bomb tests may be ready by 1951 came from a well-informed source other than McCloy.

With the emphasis falling hard on beating Russia to the punch in developing the H-bomb—or "solar" bomb, as it has been dubbed— congressional leaders called for full speed ahead on the awesome project.

'Heavy Water', Lithium Fit Into Weapon Plans

Washington, Feb. 1 (AP)—"Heavy water" and a chemical compound used during the war to inflate observation balloons could conceivably be big factors in the nation's effort to produce a hydrogen "superbomb."

Speculation on the power of hypothetical hydrogen bombs has ranged from several times up to 1,000 times the power of a uranium or plutonium bomb—but there has been no official word on the possibilities.

"Heavy water" exists in minute quantities in the tap water you drink.

They Fit Into Formulas

The balloon-inflating chemical is lithium hydride.

It was used during the war as a means of producing hydrogen for balloons, instead of lugging around big containers of hydrogen gas. You can generate hydrogen with it by just dropping it in water. It made a handy source for inflating balloons because it's light in weight, and hence could be carried around more easily.

While there are no official grounds for this, it is within reason to speculate that one or the other of these substances—"heavy water" or lithium hydride—might conceivably fit in as a source of material for hydrogen bombs.

First, let's review a little chemistry on hydrogen, because it may mean more and more in your life from here on out:

Hydrogen, by nature, is a gas and it exists in minute quantities in the air we breathe. But mostly it is found in combination with other elements—such as with oxygen to form water.

Wherever hydrogen exists, it occurs in two forms called isotopes. One is regular hydrogen, the other is "heavy" hydrogen—also called "deuterium." They behave just the same chemically; the only difference between them is that one kind of atom is slightly heavier than the other.

The light type is 5,000 times more prevalent than the heavy type. Thus, you'd have a tough job separating the "heavy" water from the ordinary water in your kitchen tap—although it could be done by an involved laboratory process.

Fusion Forms Helium

Now, where does this possibly fit into the hydrogen-bomb picture?

From "heavy water" you can get "heavy hydrogen."

And, there's a theoretic equation which shows that if two atoms of "heavy hydrogen" (deuterium) were made to combine—or "fuse"—they would form helium, and release a certain amount of nuclear (atomic) energy in the process.

"Fusing" hydrogen atoms to form helium and release atomic energy is old stuff for the sun and the other stars. That's the way they generate their energy, and we can thank this solar process for the radiation that comes to us across 93,000,000 miles of space. It is the energy that gives us our food; it is, in fact, the energy we live by.

"Primer" For Explosion

But, in the sun and stars, this process takes 5,000,000 years, and involves the aiding action of the elements carbon and nitrogen.

This, presumably, is because of the preponderance of ordinary hydrogen which does not combine direct to form helium. It also requires the temperatures that exist in the interior of the sun—estimated at 22,000,000 degrees.

An official view is that the explosion of a regular atomic bomb might provide the temperature necessary to "prime" the explosion of a hydrogen bomb—if a "fusion" bomb employing the heavy type of hydrogen could be developed.

And the thought behind this view is that use of "heavy" hydrogen might aid in short-cutting the hydrogen process that goes on in the stars.

Theory On Bomb's Power

On paper at least—with all other factors being equal—a hydrogen bomb of this type would release eight times the energy of a uranium

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or plutonium bomb.

And remember this:

Such a "fusion" bomb would not save the "critical mass" limitation of a regular atomic bomb.

In a latter-type bomb, when a certain undisclosed amount of explosive material—called the "critical mass"—is suddenly assembled, the explosion occurs.

One unofficial theory is that you can't increase the wallop of your bomb simply by employing a large excess of material over and above the "critical mass" because the excess would presumably be dissipated before it had a chance to take part in the explosion.

Could Be As Big As Desired

Thus, as one scientist has theorized, you could make a hydrogen bomb of the "fusion" type just as big and destructive as you'd want—remembering, of course, that you'd have to deliver it on a target by airplane.

Now, how about that lithium hydride?

Experiments conducted back in the 1930's demonstrated that bombardment of the element lithium with hydrogen resulted in the formation of helium—and the release of energy. The hydrogen employed was of the ordinary, or light-weight type. Actually, it was the nucleus of the hydrogen atom—called the "proton"—which was used.

A-Bomb Within H-Bomb

One unofficial theory is that lithium hydride—which contains both lithium and hydrogen atoms—might be a suitable material for producing such a reaction in the form of a bomb.

The theory is that the lithium-hydrogen reaction would be capable of producing twice as much energy per pound of active material as would the detonation of uranium or plutonium.

One scientist believes it might be that a lithium-hydrogen bomb would have a "critical mass" limitation—just like an orthodox atomic bomb. But he is not certain that it would.

A lithium-hydrogen bomb would also require extremely high temperatures to be activated—and the theory is that a "built-in" orthodox atomic bomb might provide the trick.

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New Approach To Russ Hinted Under U.S. Weapons Program

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More United States forces asked for Asia-area defense. [Page 3.]

Washington, Feb. 1 (AP)—The United States is going ahead full blast on development of a hydrogen superbomb in an obvious effort to win the atomic arms race with Russia.

Only an agreement which would bar atomic weapons in all countries, including Russia, under a tight system of international controls, can banish this prospective weapon from American arsenals.

Announced By Truman

The State Department is reviewing American policy on international controls—reportedly including the possibility of a new approach to Russia—but whether anything will come of such studies remains to be seen.

The decision to go ahead with the hydrogen bomb, expected to be vastly more destructive than the original A-bomb, was announced by President Truman yesterday. He said he had reached his conclusion under his "responsibility as commander in chief of the armed forces to see to it that our country is able to defend itself against any possible aggression."

"Accordingly," the President said, "I have directed the Atomic Energy Commission to continue its work on all forms of atomic weapons, including the so-called hydrogen or superbomb.

Seek Control Plan

"Like all other work in the field of atomic weapons, it is being and will be carried forward on a basis consistent with the overall objective of our program for peace and security."

He added: "This we shall continue to do until a satisfactory plan for international control of atomic energy is achieved."

Just how long it might take to build an H-bomb, assuming one can be built, is a closely guarded secret if anybody acutally knows. There has been some guessing it might be five years. That speculation is based largely on the fact that it took about four years to develop the A-bomb.

Late yesterday the Air Force announced it was putting into effect a strict aerial guard around all the major atomic plants. All planes coming within 100 miles of atomic plants in Tennessee, New Mexico and Washington State must file flight plans with defense authorities. A similar rule covers the Atlantic coastal region from Norfolk to Maine.

"No Snap Decision"

The idea is to protect against surprise air raids. Fighter planes will be used to back up the new order.

The Defense Department said the plan is "not related to any specific international development."

A presidential associate said Mr. Truman's determination to go ahead with an H-bomb was no snap decision. He said the President had mulled over the idea carefully with top advisers "for a long time."

This official said it was too early to talk about a new appropriation to finance the work—estimated to cost from $100,000,000 to perhaps as much as $4,000,000,000.

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Seek Cost Data

In this connection Representative Francis Case (R., S.D.), a member of the House Appropriations Committee, said he wanted to know more than he does now before he votes for any H-bomb appropriation. He said the question is whether this would be "the best expenditure of our defense dollar."

The President's statement that work on atomic weapons, including the super bomb, will "continue" afforded the first official indictation that work is actually already under way.

The prospective weapon has been estimated by scientists to be many times more powerful than atomic bombs. Some scientists have estimated that the atomic explosion of hydrogen would be up to 1,000 times as great as that of uranium products now used.

Island Test Possible

Presumably scientists will not be absolutely certain that such a super bomb will work until they assemble a model and test it—possibly on some remote Pacific island. The evidence is that they are convinced that it will work.

One result which Administration leaders and members of the congressional Atomic Energy Committee hope for from the President's announcement is the quick ending of a dispute which is reported to have broken out four months ago among the scientists of the Atomic Energy Commission. It was this dispute and unofficial reports of it which raised the issue of whether the United States should go ahead with the hydrogen bomb.

Favored Russ Agreement

One group of scientists reportedly took the position that the United States should not make a superbomb without at least making one final effort to reach an international atomic-control agreement with the Soviet Union.

Not to make this effort, these scientists argued, would mean that the United States was embarking on an immoral project because of the great potentiality of the new weapon for destroying human life. Some of the scientists reportedly threatened to disassociate themselves from any work on the new project. The hope of officials now is that the scientific quarrel will be settled.

Held Vital To Defense

The State and Defense departments took the position that in the absence of a control agreement which would wipe out all atomic weapons everywhere, the defense of the United States required the production here of the most effective weapons possible. The argument was advanced that a decision by this country not to manufacture the superbomb would not in any way prevent Russia from manufacturing it as soon as she is able to do so.

There is some evidence to suggest that this Government's urgent interest in making a hydrogen bomb began immediately after word was received—and announced by Mr. Truman last September—that the Russians had succeeded in setting off an atomic explosion.

Obtain Information

Informed persons say that the subject of the new weapon began to be earnestly investigated about four months ago. It is also reported on reliable authority that the dispute among the atomic energy scientists is about four months old.

During that four-month period the policy of the Truman Administration has been to obtain all the information possible on the proposed new bomb. In other words, early theoretical and experimental work apparently has been going ahead while the undercover argument raged.

Funds Requested

Last Wednesday Mr. Truman asked Congress to provide as soon as possible $87,650,000 for expanding the Atomic Energy Commission's work. He also asked $7,000,000 for the Tennessee Valley Authority to use in supplying additional power to the Oak Ridge atomic plant.

Congress Urges Speed In H-Bomb Project

Washington, Feb. 1 (AP)—Congress gave overwhelming approval today to the decision to undertake the making of a hydrogen bomb, and put emphasis on speed in doing so.

Through much Capitol Hill comment ran the theme: We can't let Russia get ahead of us.

No announcement by President Truman in recent months has been hailed with such unanimity of approval as his statement that he has directed the Atomic Energy Commission to proceed with the project.

Many coupled their approval with expressions of hope that a way out of the armaments race with Russia could be found. Some thought that the bomb itself in United States possession might provide the way.

Millikin Calls It "Wise"

Senator Millikin (R., Col.), chairman of the Senate Republican conference and a member of the joint Senate-House Atomic Committee, called the President's decision a "wise" one and said, "I believe Congress should support it."

Senate Democratic Leader Lucas (Ill.) said he concurred "wholeheartedly" with it, adding:

"I believe the bomb's potential destructive power will bring the people of the world to their senses, to the end that we will have world peace. I pray God that we may never have to use it."

Chairman McMahon (D., Conn.) of the Joint Atomic Committee said he favored developing the bomb, and urged that it be done with "utmost speed."

Cole Charges "Usurpation"

A discordant note was sounded by Representative Cole (R., N.Y.), also a member of the Joint Atomic Committee. He said:

"For my part I do not approve the decision both because it is usurpation of congressional authority and because the decision itself is contrary to the recommendations of our country's most competent authorities. This epochal decision goes beyond the security of the United States; the security of mankind is also at stake."

Cole, a World War II navy veteran, ended by saying, "The President's decision indicates that once more he has muffed the ball."

Senator Ferguson (R., Mich.) said that Mr. Truman was within his executive authority in ordering the AEC to proceed with the bomb. But, he added, the final decision on whether the bomb will be made is up to Congress, for Congress must, in the final analysis, provide the money.

Wide Range Of Cost Estimates

Cost of developing the weapon has been estimated at anywhere from $100,000,000 to $4,000,000,000. McMahon was asked if he could shed any light on the cost. He declined to comment.

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Senator Brewster (R., Maine) hinted that the cost would determine his position on the matter.

"If the bomb is to cost only $300,000,000 to produce, as some say, I have no objection," he said. "But if we are to put $2,000,000,000 into it, as some others say, I would like to know more about it."

Representative Henry M. Jackson (D., Wash.) said the President has "no other alternative than to move forward in this field."

Two Senate committee chairmen who earlier had urged the President to order development of the bomb welcomed the decision.

"The Only Course"—Tydings

"I heartily approve," said Chairman Connally (D., Texas) of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee and a member of the eighteen-member atomic group. "I think it was wise and of great importance."

Chairman Tydings (D.,Md.) of the Senate Armed Services group, said he thought the President had taken "the only course possible under the existing circumstances."

Tydings's counterpart in the House, Representative Vinson (D., Ga.), agreed, saying that Mr. Truman "has done the right and proper thing."

GUARD WON'T CURB CIVILIAN AVIATION

Air Force Atom Patrol Not To Cripple Private Flying

Washington, Feb. 1 (AP)—The air guard thrown around United States atomic plants "will in no way cripple civil aviation in those areas," the Air Force asserted tonight.

The military told the country yesterday that armed fighters will check all unidentified aircraft approaching the East Coast from Maine to Virginia or entering a 100-mile circle around atomic plants in Tennessee, New Mexico and Washington State.

The air guard already ranges from a 24-hour alert basis near the atomic installations at Los Alamos and Sandia, N.M., to "several hours daily" at other key points in the security zones, a spokesman said, "and we are building toward 100 per cent coverage."

CAA To Keep Authority

He gave this explanation about how the plan will work.

The Civil Aeronautics Authority will remain in control of all commercial and private aviation.

That agency will shortly tell airline operators and private flyers when and how they must make flight and position reports. These regulations will set an altitude ceiling below which planes can operate freely except over the atomic plants and military installations which have been out of bounds since the war days.

The free-flying ceiling will average about 2,000 feet. Local factors such as the presence of mountain ranges may vary the ceiling in different places.

Will Not Hinder Crop Dusting

The regulations will thus provide for the uninterrupted operation of planes used to spray or dust crops, particularly in the western states.

All airmen planning to go above the ceiling in the security areas will have to get clearance from the civil air authorities. The Air Force does not plan to station its officers at each field around the country. It will check with civil officials when in doubt about the identity of a plane.

If authorities at the airfields don't know, the Air Force will send up fighters to find out. And the fighters will stay with the plane until they identify it or until it lands.

The first stage of the air security guard covers only the northern part of the East Coast and the atomic-plant areas. It will be extended around the perimeter of the country as soon as the radar screen and the civilian observers systems are set up on a nation-wide basis.

'TOP SECRET' NOW OFFICIAL

Truman Gives Formal Sanction To Wartime Classification

Washington, Feb. 1 (AP)—President Truman today made official the "top secret" classification for the nation's most closely guarded military information. Up to now the designation, a wartime innovation, had been used without formal sanction.

At the same time Mr. Truman brought the overall Defense Department and the separate Air Force legally under the regulations setting forth security classifications for military secrets.

Revises 1940 Executive Order

He revised an executive order of March 22, 1940, issued before American entry into World War II and before unification of the armed services. It was the Unification Act which separated the Air Force from the Army.

Both White House and Defense Department spokesmen said the new order makes no change in the present system of handling information. They said it merely brings the formal rules up to date.

Penalties Provided

The "top secret" classification heads three less stringent designations that the Defense Department, the Army, Navy or Air Force, may put on information, equipment or areas vital to national defense. The lesser classifications are "secret," "confidential" and "restricted."

The regulations provide penalties for picturing or reporting such information without approval from the military command, and also for permitting its release without such approval.

Imprisonment up to one year, a fine up to $1,000, or both is provided for persons found guilty of either leaking such material or using it in violation of the secrecy rules.

The orginal executive order and today's revision were issued in accordance with a law passed January 21, 1938.

BIG OAK RIDGE PLANTS AWAIT H-BOMB ROLE

Stand Ready To Help Speed Development Of Super Weapon

Oak Ridge, Tenn., Feb. 1 (AP). Oak Ridge's vast atomic plants stand ready to help produce the hydrogen bomb as soon as they learn what role, if any, they are to play in making the destructive weapon.

That was the consensus expressed today by the heads of the various plants and the director of atomic research here.

Obviously, Atomic Energy Commission officials and others here cannot say how Oak Ridge fits into the hydrogen-bomb picture. But they are quick to say they stand ready and willing to do everything possible to speed the bomb's development.

Discounts Moral Issues

Typical of the comment was this statement by Dr. C. E. Larson, who today became director of the Oak Ridge National Laboratory:

"The Oak Ridge National Laboratory has already expressed its willingness to participate in this and other Atomic Energy Commission products vital to the nation's welfare."

Some scientists have speculated the H-bomb would be from eight to 1,000 times more powerful than the A-bomb.

The laboratory which Dr. Larson heads is the chief nuclear research center here.

The research director at the laboratory, Dr. Alvin M. Weinberg, said he did not believe the H-bomb raised any "moral issues" which should preclude its development by scientists.

Makes Use Less Likely

"I don't think the hydrogen bomb raises any moral issues which differ fundamentally from those faced by the American people, including American scientists, when they originally decided to use atomic weapons," Dr. Weinberg declared.

Dr. Weinberg's comment on President Truman's decision for the nation to go ahead with the development of the weapon came the nearest to saying Oak Ridge already was working on the bomb.

He said he believed the mere existence of an H-bomb would make the use of any bomb "much less likely."

If that is so, he added, then Oak Ridge scientists "who are in various way connected with the H-bomb program can derive the will and comfort necessary to get on with our tasks."

W. B. Humes, superintendent of the uranium-235 plant, said he had no indication the President's announcement would modify work at the plant.

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H-Bomb Contrasted With Sun Blasts

Boston, Feb. 1—Any atomic superbomb that could be constructed on the surface of the earth is a mild firecracker in comparison with tremendous explosions in the atmosphere of the sun, Dr. Donald H. Menzel, associate director for solar research of the Harvard College Observatory, declared here this afternoon.

"Some solar explosions have a mushroom cap twice as big as the earth," Dr. Menzel said. "Some are several hundred thousand miles across. There are, however, no atomic explosions going on in the sun's atmosphere. While some eruptions seem to take the shape of an earthly atomic bomb, there is no direct connection between them and hydrogen and uranium bombs."

Clouds Of Gas

The sun's pearly halo can be crumpled by weight of great luminous clouds of gas, Dr. Menzel announced as the result of research this month.

Our brilliant displays of northern lights, or aurora borealis, are probably caused by clouds of gas striking the earth, after having been shot away from the sun, Dr. Menzel explained.

Motion pictures taken at Climax, Col., more than 2 miles high in the Rockies, show that these prominences or luminous clouds represent the denser portions of the sun's atmosphere. They are compressed by the sun's magnetic field and fall to the sun. Some matter descends invisibly, and this may be the material that shines dimly in the sun's corona.

Magnetic Field

"The corona is a sort of halo that surrounds the sun and usually shows the characteristic pattern of the sun's normal magnetic field," said Dr. Menzel. "Some photographs of the corona from Lick Observatory, Cal., show a very close relationship between the faint corona and the brighter prominences. In one particularly striking instance, the corona appears crumpled and bent under the weight of an especially large prominence."

Variations in the sun's output of radiation cause disturbances in the upper earth's atmosphere, disturbances that affect and sometimes completely interrupt radio communications, especially on the short waves.

Top U.S. Scientific Post May Go To Bostonian

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New York, Feb. 1 (AP)—The New York *Times* said today that President Truman has offered the Government's top scientific job—chairmanship of the Research and Development Board in the Department of Defense—to William Webster, of Boston.

Webster is a vice president of the New England Electric System. He is 49 years old, a graduate of the United States Naval Academy and former chairman of the Defense Department's Military Liaison Committee with the Atomic Energy Commission.

Would Organize Program

The *Times* reported in a Washington dispatch by James Reston that the post had been offered to Webster.

Webster, the dispatch said, "would be largely responsible for preparing an integrated military research and development program so that weapons such as the new hydrogen bomb would take their proper place in a well-balanced defense policy."

Work of the Research and Development Board has been supervised since November 3, 1949, by Dr. Robert F. Rinehart as deputy chairman. Dr. Vannevar Bush was chairman from 1947 to 1948. He was succeeded by Dr. Karl T. Compton, former president of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, from 1948 until November 3, 1949.

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Clerics Protest H-Bomb Decision

New York, Feb. 1 (AP)—A group of 30 Protesant clergymen, theologians and educators said today in a statement that the moral standing of the United States would be undermined by the innovation of the hydrogen bomb.

The group said the issue "is not primarily whether the United States can afford to run the physical risk of being subjected to atomic warfare, but whether it can afford the spiritual risk of slaughtering other people in atomic warfare, of losing its soul in the hope—probably vain—of saving its skin."

Russians Demand Hirohito Be Tried as War Criminal

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1 — (AP) Russia demanded today that Emperor Hirohito be tried as a war criminal.

The demand was presented to Secretary of State Acheson in a 22-page note delivered by Soviet Ambassador Alexander S. Panyushkin.

It is understood that the note also asked war criminal trials for several other Japanese officials, but

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their identifies were not immediately made known.

Panyushkin did not get an instant reply from Acheson during the seven minutes he was in the secretary's office. State department experts set to work translating the Kremlin message from Russian into English and said that the document would have to be studied carefully before a reply was made.

Propaganda Move

Diplomatic authorities, however, speculated that the Soviet move was designed to serve two Communist propaganda purposes:

1. To distract attention in Japan from repeated insistent demands made by Gen. Douglas MacArthur, as allied occupation chief, and by the American government for return to Japan of several hundred thousand Japanese war prisoners believed to have been taken by the Russians at the end of World War II.

2. To try to put the United States in the position of keeping the emperor from being tried as a war criminal and use that maneuver as anti-American propaganda in Communist China and elsewhere in Asia.

While the American reply has yet to be worked out, the United States has followed the policy of making a distinction between Japan's military leaders and the emperor insofar as criminal responsibility for Japan's part in the war is concerned. The American government decided about the time Japan surrendered to leave the emperor in power as a symbol of Japanese unity and to effect the democratization of Japan in large part through him. SEE PAGE 7

Refusal Expected

Indications at the State department were, therefore, that the Russian move to try Hirohito as a war criminal would find little sympathy or support from American officials.

Panyushkin, accompanied by his press officer Alexander I. Zinchuk, went into Acheson's office shortly after 2:30 p.m. today and emerged seven minutes later to meet waiting reporters. Through Zinchuk as an interpreter he said he had handed a note to Acheson on the question of 12 Japanese war criminals who were tried in Khabarovsk by a Soviet court.

"You have heard about these war criminals," Panyushkin said. "These war criminals wanted to use bacteriological weapons."

In response to questions he then explained that the purpose of the note he delivered today "is to try some more war criminals." He added that they are persons who are not in the Soviet Union.

Asked how they should be tried he said the trial could be conducted by an international court.

When asked whether the Japanese emperor was one of those covered in the Soviet proposal he replied affirmatively.

State department officials said that as far as they could recall this was the first official move of this kind by Russia against Hirohito. Those familiar with the Communist line in Japan said that the emperor has been a target of Communist criticism and political attack.

CUBAN TARIFF RISE FOUGHT AT HEARING

Textile and Rubber Interests Deny Claim Boost Is Needed to Protect Industry There

CHARGE FABRIC MONOPOLY

Witnesses Tell Committee That Profits Are Exorbitant—88 Concessions at Stake

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1 (AP)—Spokesmen for the United States textile and rubber industry today protested changes sought by Cuba in its tariff agreements with this country.

Cuba says increases in duties on certain items are needed to protect its growing textile industry from foreign competition.

The United States agreed in December, 1949, to renegotiate on eighty-eight tariff concessions given it by Cuba in 1947.

At a preliminary hearing today United States interests maintained that present tariffs adequately protect the Cuban textile "monopolies" which they claim are making "exorbitant profits."

A change, it was said, would increase the cost of living in Cuba and endanger international trade.

The textile industry's committee on foreign trade, the United States Rubber Export Company, Ltd., and the United States Rubber Company, Ltd., told the U. S. Committee for Reciprocity Information that changes might have international repercussions.

They said the other twenty-three member countries which agreed on tariffs at the Geneva Trade Conference might also want to alter their agreements.

The tariff items Cuba wants to discuss include fabrics of various threads, canvas, velvety fabrics, corduroy, velveteen, knit goods, stockings, socks, gloves, trimmings, ribbons, braids, rayon, nylon, rubber and synthetic rubber tires and inner tubes.

Threat to Quit Cuba

Gordon W. Rule, representing the textile industry, urged the Tariff Commission not to "go off half cocked." He said the facts of the case do not warrant a tariff increase on textiles.

L. C. Boos, representing U. S. Rubber, said increases in tariffs affecting rubber were unjustified, and might possibly lead to his company's complete withdrawal from Cuba.

Mr. Rule said the United States textile industry does not want to antagonize Cuba, as it is one of its ten best customers. The United States, he said, supplies 60 per cent of Cuba's textile needs.

Cuba has contended that a crisis faces its textile industry, but Mr. Rule demanded that they prove this with facts and figures which, he said, so far have not been offered.

On the contrary, he said, Cuban newspapers and the Cuban Chamber of Commerce agree with United States textile men that the Cuban industry is making a huge profit, and that a hike in tariffs would only increase the cost of living to consumers.

He said the Cuban industry is operated by a "monopoly," which needs no further tariff protection.

Acheson Assails Ho

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1 (AP).—Secretary of State Acheson indicated today the United States will recognize the French-supported governments of Indo-China in opposition to the Soviet-recognized regime of Communist Ho Chi Minh.

In a news conference statement Mr. Acheson branded Ho as "the mortal enemy of native independence in Indo-China."

He said that Russia's recognition of Ho's Communist movement surprised the American government. It was timed, he said, "in an effort to cloud the transfer of sovereignty by France to the legal governments of Laos, Cambodia and Viet Nam.

Those three regimes are being established in Indo-China, and French transfer of sovereignty is now under way. Mr. Acheson's reference to them as the "legal governments" was in itself a long step toward the formal granting of American recognition and the establishment of diplomatic relations.

He went beyond that, however, to state that when the transfer of sovereignty is complete "the way will be open for recognition of these legal governments by the countries of the world whose policies support the development of genuine national independence in former colonial areas."

Mr. Acheson also noted that Ambassador Philip C. Jessup already has expressed to Emperor Bao Dai of Viet Nam "our best wishes for prosperity in Viet Nam, in the hope that closer relationship will be established between Viet Nam and the United States."

18 U.S. HOSPITALS ORDERED CLOSED BY DEFENSE CHIEF

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1—(AP) Secretary of Defense Johnson today ordered 18 military hospitals in the U. S. closed or changed in status. He estimated the move will save $25,000,000 a year.

His announcement said the order will be carried out over a period of five months so as not to interfere with medical care of patients.

Johnson said some of the hospitals to be closed can be used for Veterans Administration patients.

Therefore, he said, he has authorized Dr. Richard L. Meiling, director of Defense department medical services, "to discuss the entire problem of hospitalization of VA patients in military hospitals with the Veterans Administration and the bureau of the budget."

Survey Underway

Johnson said his move today is the first in a study of the total medical services problem within his department.

He added: "We anticipate that substantial additional savings can be made as we analyze many of the smaller medical installations throughout the three military departments."

A Veterans Administration spokesman said there has been no discussion whatever with the Defense department about the possibility of VA taking over any of the Army hospitals or transferring the approximately 3,000 VA patients out of those hospitals.

He said the first word of Johnson's action was received indirectly about the time Johnson made his announcement.

The Veterans Administration now operates 130 hospitals, including 35 transferred to it from military and other uses. It also has 44 hospitals and six hospital additions under construction and 18 hospitals and three hospital additions in the planning stage.

The only unit in the New England area affected by the order is the hospital at Fort Devens, Mass., which will be reduced to an operating bed allocation of 200 beds.

Wheat Deal Investigated

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1 (AP).—The Senate's Agriculture Committee decided today to investigate a transaction whereby Great Britain last year was authorized to buy $175,000,000 worth of Canadian wheat with Economic Co-operation Administration dollars. Senator Elmer Thomas, Democrat, of Oklahoma, chairman, said the committee will launch the inquiry after two or three investigators have been hired and start looking into the matter.

SYMINGTON WARNS OF RED AIR POWER

WACO, Texas., Feb. 1 — (AP) Secretary of the Air Force Stuart Symington said today communist dictators have the world's largest armed forces and can launch a surprise attack on any part of the United States.

He said "we have no sure defense against such an attack."

He made these remarks in an address at Baylor University. It was the 105th anniversary of the founding of the big Baptist school in this central Texas cotton center.

Symington and four others received honorary degrees during a driving rain storm.

Gives Bleak Picture

The secretary gave what he called a "bleak picture" by saying that "those who reiterate America must be destroyed now have:

"1. A ground army greater in numbers than the combined armies of the United States and its allies;

"2. An air Force whose strength in nearly all categories is now the largest in the world and growing relatively larger month by month;

"3. The world's largest submarine fleet; and an intensive submarine development and construction program."

He said that if any democracy attempted to maintain a comparable peacetime armed force, "the free economy of that democracy would be wrecked."

"Remember Russian soil is but 5 minutes flying time from American soil in Alaska," he said, "and but a few hours from our great cities. Waco is but an 18 hour flight from Moscow for the bombers we know Russia is now producing in quantity."

FEB 2-1950

Legless Vet, Pinned Under Auto, Says He Lied About Pal, Kills Self

DANVILLE, Va., Feb. 1—(AP) Andrew Louis Blasko carried out his last wish today.

"I want to clear him before I kill myself."

The 25-year-old World War II amputee from Norfolk, Va., dictated a confession as he lay early this morning pinned beneath the wreckage of his automobile. He said he had lied about a soldier buddy.

The n to the horror of half a hundred persons watching, he shot and killed himself.

Brandishing a pistol, Blasko had held off the crowd—among them State Trooper James Hughes—who sought to move the wrecked car from atop his artificial legs. He called for a newspaperman to take "a confession."

John Tate, Danville, Va., Bee photographer, complied.

Tate scribbled as Blasko talked of having told lies on a Sgt. Jack Lemons in Germany during the war. Blasko thought Lemons, too, was from Norfolk but now was a resident of Florida.

"I want to clear him before I kill myself," he said.

"I said that Sgt. Lemons flogged some German prisoners, that he stole a jeep load of cognac, and that he ran out on our platoon when 13 of us were captured—none of that is true."

Tate passed the paper to the man. Blasko scribbled his name.

The photographer sought to persuade Blasko to let them move the car from atop his legs, but the response was, "They're artificial anyway—don't hurt at all."

Then, "Well—one—two—three.." Blasko fired and fell over. Trooper Hughes said he was "dead in a matter of seconds."

Hughes said the whole thing "was weird."

"The poor fellow was lying there in the darkness, with rain pouring down, babbling out his confession with a cocked .22 revolver poised at his forehead for nearly an hour. Nearly 50 people had gathered—but we were all helpless."

The trooper confirmed the man's identity through an honorable discharge certificate found on the body and through other personal effects.

Also found on his person were several campaign ribbons and a purple heart award, and papers showing the man was an out-patient at McGuire veterans hospital, Richmond, Va.

(In Washington, the Army said there was no record of Blasko's ever serving as a witness in a court martial during the war.

(The Army said it had asked its European theater commander to search records for any indication that any sergeant was disciplined for offenses such as Blasko said he once charged against Lemons.)

Dr. H. A. Wiseman, Danville City coroner, returned a verdict of suicide. Blasko was pronounced dead on arrival at a hospital here, some ten miles from the scene of the shooting.

The tragedy had a bizarre beginning as well as ending.

An operator of an all-night diner and service station, James B. Tillman, of Schoolfield, told Hughes that Blasko had driven his car away from his place of business without paying for $3.19 of gas. He said he gave chase for some nine miles, with the car in front going 70 to 75 miles an hour.

Tillman said Blasko apparently lost control of the car and it overturned across the yard of a residence, stopping in an upright position. He said Blasko was face down, his legs pinned beneath the left front wheel.

Tillman told the officer that Blasco threatened him as he approached the pinned man.

"He let me know he had a gun and shouted threats. I stayed back until others arrived, then had the police called."

Motorists turned headlights from their cars on Blasko, but the crowd stayed back until they heard the shot, about an hour after the accident.

Records at McGuire hospital showed Blasko had both legs amputated Dec. 7, 1944, when he was wounded as the result of enemy fire near Julich, Germany.

FEB 2-1950

DEFENSE LAWYERS ATTACK JUDGE IN TRIAL OF BRIDGES

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 1—(AP) The Harry Bridges perjury trial went through another turbulent session today as:

One defense attorney shouted at Federal Judge George Harris: "your honor, you ought to be ashamed of yourself!"

The lawyer's colleague charged the court: "you should assign this as misconduct against yourself!"

The tumult arose after a Roman Catholic priest testified that Bridges is "not only a truthful, honest and upright man, but more."

A defense move for a mistrial was rejected.

Bridges, head of the CIO Longshore union, is on trial on a charge that he swore falsely at his 1945 citizenship hearing that he was not and never had been a communist.

Today's big blowup came while the Rev. Paul W. Meinecke was on the stand. He said he was pastor of St. Brendan's church at Eureka, Nev., and of several tiny mission parishes near there.

Long Friend of Bridges

He had know Bridges for years, he said, having been pastor for 10 years of St. Boniface Catholic church in San Francisco. It was then, the priest said, that he helped organize the Association of Catholic Trade Unionists, as proposed by Pope Pius XI.

In organizing the trade unionists, Father Meinecke said, he met many times with Bridges.

"I wouldn't associate myself publicly as a good friend of Harry Bridges," the priest said, "if I had the slightest doubt about his character."

He testified he had discussed with the longshore leader the matter of the salvation of Bridges' soul, but to a question on cross-examination, the priest admitted "my talks were not as successful as I wished they might have been. But while there's life, there's hope."

The witness volunteered that he had talked with James Macinnis, one of the defense attorneys. He explained he had wanted to refresh his own memory, especially on dates. Then he remarked "in Nevada we have no clocks and no calendars, and we don't know one day from another."

Defense Lawyers Howl

Judge Harris appeared puzzled. He wrinkled his brow. "Have you recently been subjected to medical treatment?" he asked the priest.

Defense Attorney Vincent Hallinan bounded to his feet with a howl. Macinnins came up shouting.

"You ought to assign this as misconduct against yourself," Hallinan yelled at Judge Harris.

"I've never heard of such a thing," Macinnins panted. "Your honor, you ought to be ashamed of yourself."

Judge: "The question was asked in perfect properiety—" After several more interruptions by the defense lawyers, Judge Harris told the jury:

"My respect for a man of the cloth will not be reflected upon by anything I have asked this witness. Any witness who comes into a court of law is subjected to cross examination. The questions have been dignified and proper."

While Hallinan and Macinnis bubbled protests, Harris said "We will declare a recess."

Asks Mistrial, Refused

Hallinan yelled "just a minute! I want to move for a mistrial." It was the fifth time he had made such a motion. Judge Harris turned him down this time, too.

After the recess prosecutor Donohue asked that Father Meinecke remain over until tomorrow; that he would like to read his testimony before cross-examination further. Judge Harris told the priest to stay.

Under earlier questions by the prosecutor, Father Meinecke referred to Bridges as a Catholic. He explained later that he meant that in the sense that the longshore leader was born and baptized a Catholic in Australia.

"He's not a practicing Catholic?" asked Donohue.

"No, he's not a practical Catholic," the priest answered.

He referred to Bridges as "a military trade unionist and a great leader."

"But Harry is no communist," he added. "He's not a radical."

On trial with Bridges are two fellow officers in the longshore union, Henry Schmidt and J. R. Robertson. They were Bridges witnesses at his citizenship hearing.

EGYPT TO REFUSE RECOGNITION OF REDS IN CHINA

LAKE SUCCESS, Feb. 1—(AP) Egypt was reported today to have assured Nationalist China the Cairo government will not recognize Mao Tze-Tung's Red China.

This would give Chiang Kai-shek's Nationalists a stronger hold in the UN Security council and might put off indefinitely a council showdown over China's seat.

The Soviet bloc, meanwhile, made clear its walkout strike in 11 UN organizations since Jan. 10 was directed against the Nationalist Chinese and not against the UN.

Polish delegate Stefan Boratynski showed up during the day at the first 1950 meeting of the Agenda committee of the Economic and Social council.

China is not a member of the committee but is on the 18-nation council itself. Boratynski told Secretary-General Trygve Lie the Polish delegation will not attend the council session opening next Tuesday because the Nationalist Chinese will be represented. The Russians also are expected to stay away.

Interest in the UN has centered on a break in the Security council deadlock on the China question. The council split six to five Jan. 13 against a Russian demand for the ouster of T. F. Tsiang, Nationalist delegate.

Seven votes are necessary for a decision in the council and Russia needs two more to toss out Tsiang. Egypt voted against the Russian proposal, but had been placed in the doubtful column until the intentions of the new Wafdist government could be known. AP

FEB 2-1950

A123
WITH WASHINGTON (A59WX)
LONDON, THURSDAY, FEB. 2-(AP)-THE DAILY MIRROR SAID TODAY WASHINGTON
NEGOTIATIONS ARE UNDER WAY ON A PROPOSAL TO LET BRITAIN BUY AMERICAN
OIL FOR POUNDS STERLING.
THE MIRROR SAID THE REPORT CAME FROM A BRITISH OFFICIAL. UNITED
STATES OIL COMPANIES RECEIVING SUCH POUNDS UNDER THE PLAN WOULD HAVE
TO SPEND OR INVEST THEM IN THE STERLING AREA, THE NEWSPAPER CONTINUED.
"SUCH AN ARRANGEMENT," THE NEWSPAPER SAID, "IS OF A KIND
WHICH HAS ALWAYS DRAWN PROTESTS FROM AMERICA WHEN WE HAVE MADE ONE
WITH OTHER COUNTRIES."
"BUT THE AMERICANS MAY BE FORCED TO AGREE TO SAVE THEIR TRADITIONAL
MARKETS AND BECAUSE THEY HAVE VAST SURPLUSES OF OIL AND PETROL
(GASOLINE)."
OFFICIAL SOURCES COULD NOT BE REACHED FOR COMMENT.
R012AES

A107
LONDON, THURSDAY, FEB. 2-(AP)-EIGHTY-TWO SOVIET GENERALS, ARTISTS AND OTHERS HAVE SAID THEY ARE GIVING BACK THEIR DECORATIONS FROM YUGOSLAVIA BECAUSE YUGOSLAV LEADERS ARE "ENEMIES OF THE SOVIET UNION."
"WE BEG THE MINISTRY OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS TO RETURN THEM TO WHERE THEY BELONG," THEY SAID IN A LETTER UBLISHED IN THE MOSCOW COMMUNIST NEWSPAPER PRAVDA AND CIRCULATED TODAY BY TASS.
SIGNERS INCLUDED WRITER ILYA EHRENBURG, COL.GEN.VASSILI VINOGRADOV AND LT.GEN.ALEXANDER GUNDOROV, CHAIRMAN OF THE ALL-SLAV COMMITTEE OF THE U.S.S.R.
RQ1057PES

POLLITT CALLED THE PRESIDENT'S DECISION "A LOGICAL OUTCOME OF AMERICA'S WAR POLICY."
HE THEN DEMANDED WITHDRAWAL OF U.S. BOMBERS FROM BRITAIN AND THE SIGNING OF A PEACE PACT BY THE U.S., BRITAIN, FRANCE, CHINA AND RUSSIA.
L'HUMANITE, COMMUNIST PARTY ORGAN IN FRANCE, CALLED THE DECISION A "NEW PROVOCATION" AND SAID THE SOVIET UNION AND THE PEOPLES OF THE WORLD WILL REPLY "BY FIGHTING STUBBORNLY FOR PEACE."
IN NEW DELHI, INDIA, THE AGA KHAN, SPIRITUAL LEADER OF THE ISMAILI MOSLEMS, SAID THE U.S. SHOULD ARM ITSELF WITH HYDROGEN BOMBS SINCE THE WORLD HAS NO INTERNATIONAL CONTROL OF ATOMIC POWER.
HE URGED IN AN INTERVIEW THAT ALL PEACE-LOVING NATIONS FORM A "PEACE LEAGUE" UNDER U.S. LEADERSHIP TO RESIST POSSIBLE AGGRESSION.
SJ415AES

A84
LONDON, FEB.1-(AP)-A BRITISH ENVOY HAS BEEN ORDERED TO PEIPING FOR PRELIMINARY TALKS ON THE ESTABLISHMENT OF FULL DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH RED CHINA, A FOREIGN OFFICE SPOKESMAN DISCLOSED TODAY.
THE BRITISH CONSUL-GENERAL IN NANKING, JOHN COLVILLE HUTCHISON HAS BEEN GIVEN THE MISSION.
THE SPOKESMAN STRESSED THAT THE TALKS WILL BE ON "PRELIMINARY AND PROCEDURAL MATTERS ONLY." PRESUMABLY THEY WILL DISCUSS THE SIZE OF DIPLOMATIC MISSIONS, GOVERNMENT PROPERTIES IN EACH COUNTRY AND SUCH.
THE SPOKESMAN SAID THE MOVE FOLLOWS A REPLY OF THE PEIPING GOVERNMENT TO A BRITISH REQUEST FOR CLARIFICATION OF ITS ATTITUDE TOWARDS SETTING UP DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS.
EZ911AES

PARIS, FEB.1-(AP)-RUSSIA TODAY REJECTED FRANCE'S NOTE OF PROTEST AGAINST SOVIET RECOGNITION OF THE REBEL, ANTI-FRENCH REGIME IN INDOCHINA.
SOVIET AMBASSADOR ALEXANDER BOGOMOLOV SENT THE FRENCH NOTE BACK TO THE FOREIGN OFFICE WITH A STATEMENT THAT "THE GOVERNMENT OF THE U.S.S.R. DOES NOT CONSIDER IT POSSIBLE TO RECEIVE SUCH A NOTE."
THE FRENCH NOTE, DELIVERED TO BOGOMOLOV LAST NIGHT, WAS A SHARPLY WORDED WARNING THAT RUSSIA'S RECONITION OF THE HO CHI-MINH REGIME IN INDOCHINA WOULD "GRAVELY IMPAIR FRANCO-SOVIET RELATIONS."
FRANCE SAID IN THE PROTEST THAT THE RECOGNITION OF THE MOSCOW-TRAINED HO CHI-MINH'S GUERRILLA GOVERNMENT WAS A VIOLATION OF INTERNATIONAL LAW.
THE ONLY LEGAL GOVERNMENT OF THE THREE VIETNAM STATES OF INDOCHINA, FRANCE CONTENDS, IS THAT OF FORMER EMPEROR BAO DAI, WHO WAS INSTALLED BY THE FRENCH.
FRENCH TROOPS HAVE BEEN FIGHTING A JUNGLE WAR WITH HO CHI-MINH'S FORCES IN INDOCHINA FOR THREE YEARS.
HO CHI-MINH'S REGIME HAS BEEN RECOGNIZED BY THE CHINESE COMMUNIST GOVERNMENT OF MAO TZE-TUNG, AND HAS BEEN ACCUSED BY THE NATIONALIST CHINESE OF RECEIVING ACTIVE MILITARY AID FROM THE COMMUNISTS.
WW1133AES

FEB 2-1950

MI (JANESVILLE ASKT) (170)
PARIS, FEB. 1-(AP)-A FRENCH COMMUNIST LEADER TODAY ACCUSED POLICE OF SQUASHING ANY "PROGRESSIVE MOVEMENT" ON THE AFRICAN ISLAND OF MADAGASCAR.
PIERRE BOITEAU, COMMUNIST MEMBER OF THE FRENCH UNION, ADVISORY BODY IN FRANCE'S PARLIAMENT, TOLD REPORTERS:
"THE REASON FOR THIS REPRESSION IS THAT MADAGASCAR IS BEING BUILT INTO A STRONG MILITARY AND AIR BASE, AND THAT FOREIGN CAPITAL IS BEING INVESTED IN ITS INDUSTRY."
BOITEAU SAID THE AUTHORITIES APPARENTLY FEARED "PROGRESSIVE MOVEMENTS" MIGHT WORK TO PREVENT BUILDING THE ISLAND INTO A MILITARY BASE.
THE NEWS CONFERENCE WAS CALLED BY A COMMITTEE SEEKING A NEW TRIAL FOR THREE MADAGASCAR DEPUTIES TO THE FRENCH NATIONAL ASSEMBLY WHO WERE CONVICTED OF ORGANIZED MASSACRES IN M

FEB 2-1950

TRIAL FOR THREE MADAGASCAR DEPUTIES TO THE FRENCH NATIONAL ASSEMBLY WHO WERE CONVICTED OF ORGANIZED MASSACRES ON THE ISLAND IN MARCH, 1947. THEIR DEATH SENTENCES SINCE HAVE BEN COMMUTED TO LIFE IMPRISONMENT, BUT THE COMMITTEE WANTS THEM FREED.
IT IS ESTIMATED THAT SOME 80,000 NATIVES OF THE FRENCH ISLAND COLONY WERE KILLED IN THE 1947 RIOTS. MANY OF THE VICTIMS WERE MASSACRED WHEN THEY REFUSED TO JOIN THE REVOLT AGAINST FRENCH RULE.
IN SOME CASES ENTIRE VILLAGES WERE WIPED OUT OF THEIR PEOPLE DRIVEN INTO THE FORESTS TO PERISH.
NATIONALIST CHIEFTAINS, ANXIOUS TO GET RID OF FRENCH AUTHORITY ON THE ISLAND, ARE ACCUSED OF FOMENTING THE REVOLT.

B29 (Q)
(220)
PARIS--FIRST ADD NIGHT LEAD INDOCHINA (A8) X X X COUNTRYSIDE.
GEN. GEORGES REVERS, RECENTLY OUSTED AS CHIEF OF THE GENERAL STAFF, REPORTED LAST SUMMER THAT THE DELICATE MILITARY POSITION IN INDOCHINA WAS PARTLY DUE TO LAXITY IN FRANCE WHICH RESULTED IN QUANTITIES OF POOR MATERIAL ARRIVING FOR THE TROOPS.
REVERS WAS OUSTED BECAUSE THE SECRET REPORT LEAKED OUT TO COMMUNISTS. THE REPORT SAID MILITARY SUPPLIES REACHED INDOCHINA IN A WORSE CONDITION AND "INSUFFICIENTLY CRATED AND EVEN SABOTAGED."
"EVEN WHEN FRANCE HAD DECIDED LAST YEAR TO SWITCH HORSES AND BACK BAO DAI, IN THE HOPE OF DRAINING OFF SOME OF HO'S NATIONALIST SUPPORT, THE FRENCH PARLIAMENT DRAGGED ITS FEET.

FOR NEARLY A YEAR THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY DELAYED RATIFYING THE AGREEMENT GIVING BAO DAI LIMITED INDEPENDENCE. THE ASSEMBLY GOT AROUND TO THIS ONLY LAST WEEK, THOUGH THE AGREEMENT WAS MADE MARCH 8, 1949.

THE COUNCIL OF THE REPUBLIC, UPPER HOUSE OF THE FRENCH PARLIAMENT, APPROVED THE AGREEMENT TONIGHT BY A VOTE OF 294 TO 20. NOW THE TRANSFER OF SOVEREIGNTY TO BAO DAI'S REGIME, OF WHICH SECRETARY ACHESON SPOKE, CAN BE COMPLETED.

EVEN NOW THE SOCIALIST PARTY--A MAINSTAY IN THE GOVERNMENT--IS OFFICIALLY ON RECORD AS OPPOSED TO THE WARFARE IN INDOCHINA, WHICH HAS COST FRANCE MILLIONS OF DOLLARS AND THOUSANDS OF CASUALTIES. THE EXACT FIGURES ARE SECRET.

THE UPSHOT OF RUSSIAN ACTION, HOWEVER, MAY BE THAT SOME OF THE FRENCH BUNGLING WILL BE UNDOE. REVERS, IN HIS REPORT, SAID FRANCE SHOULD SEEK TO "INTERNATIONALIZE THE PROBLEM" WITH A VIEW TO GETTING AMERICAN AID "TO SAVE ONE OF THE LAST PENINSULAS IN ASIA FROM COMMUNISM."

IF RUSSIAN RECOGNITION OF HO DRAMATIZES THE POSSIBILITY THAT INDOCHINA MAY BE USED AS A COMMUNIST STEPPING STONE TO THAILAND (SIAM), BURMA, MALAYA, INDONESIA AND INDIA, IT MIGHT "INTERNATIONALIZE" THE PROBLEM.

BD717PES

THE COMMUNIQUE DID NOT EXPLAIN WHAT THE DEMONSTRATION WAS ABOUT.

JEAN LE TOURNEAU, MINISTER FOR OVERSEAS TERRITORIES, TOLD THE CABINET TODAY THAT "RALLY" HAS BEEN TRYING TO TAKE OVER VILLAGES AND OUST THE LOCAL AUTHORITIES. ARMED GROUPS, HE ADDED, HAD BEEN BLOCKING ROADS IN THE COLONY.

QQ1020AES

Paris, Feb. 1-(ap)-panama has joined the united nations educational, scientific and cultural organization (unesco), bringing the membership to 77, unesco headquarters here announced today.

H-BOMB (100)

ROME, THURSDAY, FEB. 2-(AP)-THE ITALIAN COMMUNIST NEWSPAPER L'UNITA SAID TODAY THE AMERICAN BUILDERS OF THE HYDROGEN BOMB ARE "AS MAD AS HITLER."

WITH HEAVY SARCASM THE NEWSPAPER DECLARED PRESIDENT TRUMAN WAS TRYING TO REPLACE GOD "SINCE LIFE AND DEATH ON OUR PLANET WOULD DEPEND ON TRUMAN'S WILL." IT ASKED THE VATICAN "TO TAKE NOTE OF THIS."

REFERRING TO MR. TRUMAN'S DECISION TO PROCEED WITH WORK ON THE HYDROGEN BOMB, THE CATHOLIC ACTION NEWSPAPER IL QUOTIDIANO, SHICH SOMETIMES EXPRESSES VATICAN VIEWS, SAID: "AN ARMAMENTS RACE NEVER AVOIDED WARS, IN SOME CASES IT HASTENED THEM."

THE UNITED STATES, THE NEWSPAPER SAID, APPARENTLY THOUGHT IT COULD RETAIN THE "ADVANTAGE LOSTON THE DAY SOVIET ATOM EXPLOSION WAS ASCERTAINED."

RQ1022PES

B78 Q (220)

HEIDELBERG, GERMANY, FEB 1-(AP)-THE U.S. ARMY IN GERMANY TODAY TACKLED ITS HOUSING PROBLEM WITH A THREE-WAY PROGRAM TO ELIMINATE SHORTAGES AND SUBSTANDARD CONDITIONS.

MAJ.GEN. LAWTON COLLINS, CHIEF OF STAFF, ISSUED A DIRECTIVE FROM WASHINGTON THIS WEEK FOR THE IMPROVEMENT OF HOUSING FOR OCCUPATION PERSONNEL IN GERMANY. HE SAID THE ARMY WOULD SPEND $110,000,000 ON IT IF CONGRESS WOULD PROVIDE THE MONEY.

EUROPEAN COMMAND HEADQUARTERS SAID THIS PROGRAM HAS BEEN SET UP:

1. RENOVATION AND RE-FURNISHING OF HOUSES LISTED AS SUBSTANDARD.
2. CONVERSION OF EXCESS TROOP-TYPE ACCOMMODATIONS INTO FAMILY APARTMENTS WITH FURNISHINGS.
3. A BUILDING PROGRAM TO CONSTRUCT APARTMENT UNITS. SOME APARTMENT PROJECTS HAVE ALREADY BEGUN.

THE OCCUPATION HOUSING PROBLEM HAS BECOME ACUTE IN SOME AREAS.

IN URGING CONGRESS TO SPEND MONEY ON A HOUSING PROGRAM FOR OCCUPATION PERSONNEL IN GERMANY, REP.LEON H.FAVIN (R-PA) CRITICIZED WHAT HE CALLED "SHAMEFUL AND INADEQUATE" ACCOMMODATIONS.

IN FRANKFURT AN INVESTIGATION IS BEING CONDUCTED INTO THE EXPENDITURE OF FUNDS BY ARMY ENGINEERS FOR RENOVATION OF UNITS. INVESTIGATORS SAY LARGE SUMS OF MONEY HAVE ALREADY BEEN SPENT BUT THAT THE PROGRAM THUS FAR HAS ACCOMPLISHED LITTLE.

EUROPEAN COMMAND HEADQUARTERS SAID MOVEMENT AND CONSOLIDATION OF UNITS IN SEVERAL AREAS HAS COMPLICATED THE HOUSING PROBLEM.

ME&B932AES

(150)

A150 (170)

PRAGUE, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, FEB.1-(AP)-HIGH CATHOLIC SOURCES REPORTED TODAY THAT THE GOVERNMENT MINISTRY OF CHURCH AFFAIRS HAS MADE THE COMPLETE STIFLING OF ALL RELIGIOUS OPPOSITION ITS NO. 1 GOAL FOR 1950.

THE INFORMANTS SAID A GOVERNMENT DIRECTIVE OF THE CHURCH MINISTRY CALLS UPON ITS FUNCTIONARIES TO SEE THAT "THE CHURCH AND RELIGIOUS LIFE DEVELOP IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CONSTITUTION AND THE PRINCIPLES OF A PEOPLES DEMOCRATIC REGIME."

IN ADDITION, THESE SOURCES SAID THE DIRECTIVE ORDERS THAT MINISTRY LEADERS "TAKE CARE THAT THE CHURCHES KEEP A LOYAL RELATION TOWARDS THE PEOPLES DEMOCRATIC REGIME AND ALSO DEMONSTRATE IT BY POSITIVE DEEDS, THUS MORALLY SUPPORTING ITS CONSTRUCTIVE EFFORTS."

THE DIRECTIVE WAS ESPECIALLY AIMED AT THE ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH, THE INFORMANTS SAID, SINCE IT IS THE LARGEST CHURCH IN CZECHOSLOVAKIA AND HAS BEEN THE MOST OUTSPOKEN CRITIC OF THE COMMUNIST REGIME.

THE CHURCH MINISTRY IS HEADED BY MINISTER OF JUSTICE ALEXEI CEPICKA, FIERY COMMUNIST AND SON-IN-LAW OF PRESIDENT KLEMENT GOTTWALD. HE HAS THREATENED "TO BREAK AS ATRAITOR" ANYONE WHO VIOLATES THE GOVERNMENTS CHURCH LAWS.

OF CZECHOSLOVAKIA'S 13,000,000 PEOPLE, 9,000,000 ARE ROMAN CATHOLIC.

RP106PES

30.24- 8673
FEB 2-1950

Yugoslavia,

Belgrade, Feb. 1--(ap)--Yugoslavia today recognized the new United States of Indonesia. Foreign Affairs Minister Edvard Kardelj sent a message to Jakarta proposing the two countries establish diplomatic [redacted]tions.

Bucharest, Romania, Feb. 1--(ap)--The Romanian news agency announced tonight that three members of the central committee of the Romanian General Confederation of Labor had been purged from their jobs.

The three are Ioan Chirilovici, Iosif Turcu and Nicolae Radovanovico. [redacted] The news agency did not give the reason for their dismissal or say what trade unions the men represented.

apl/kirschens 02355/[illegible]/606.

B6KX (CHINESE) Q
-17-
NIGHT LEAD CHINESE (300)
BY SPENCER MOOSA

FEB 2-1950

TAIPEI, FORMOSA, FEB.1-(AP)-CHINESE NATIONALIST WARPLANES BOMBED THE "INVASION COAST" OFF HAINAN ISLAND WITH INCREASING FURY TODAY.

THE TARGET WAS COMMUNIST TROOPS CONCENTRATIONS ON LIUCHOW PENINSULA, WHOSE TIP EXTENDS TO WITHIN TEN MILES OF THAT BIG SOUTH CHINA ISLAND.

BOMBERS ALSO TURNED INLAND ON HAINAN AND BOMBED AND STRAFED HEADQUARTERS OF THE LONG-ENTRENCHED RED GUERRILLAS.

ASSOCIATED PRESS CORRESPONDENT SEYMOUR TOPPING SAID AT HOIHOW, HAINAN'S CAPITAL, THAT THE NATIONALISTS WERE TRYING TO GET FRENCH PERMISSION TO EXTRICATE 30,000 TROOPS PINNED AGAINST INDOCHINA'S BORDER.

RELIABLE INFORMANTS TOLD TOPPING IT WAS UNLIKELY THE FRENCH WOULD ALLOW THE TROOPS TO PASS THROUGH INDOCHINA EN ROUTE TO STRENGTHEN HAINAN'S DEFENSES. THE FRENCH RE TRYING TO AVOID TROUBLE WITH THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS, WHO NOW ARE AT THE FRONTIER IN STRENGTH.

IN THIS CONNECTION, THE OFFICIAL CENTRAL NEWS AGENCY INSISTED, DESPITE FRENCH DENIALS, THAT CHINESE COMMUNIST REGULARS ALREADY HAVE CROSSED INTO INDOCHINA.

THE AGENCY SAID THE REDS WERE CROSSING TO THE AID OF HO CHI-MINH, WHOSE REBEL REGIME HAS BEEN RECOGNIZED BY MOSCOW. THE AGENCY QUOTED THE NATIONALIST MILITARY INTELLIGENCE, WHICH IS SUPPOSED TO HAVE QUESTIONED A COMMUNIST PRISONER.

FEAR WAS MOUNTING IN FORMOSA THAT THE COMMUNISTS MAY HAVE AN AIR FORCE, HITHERTO UNUSED, TO SUPPORT AN INVASION OF THIS FORTRESS ISLAND.

THE COMMUNISTS HAVE BEEN HUSBANDING THEIR FEW PLANES--FIGHTERS AND BOMBERS WHOSE PILOTS AND CREWS WENT OVER TO THE REDS.

FOR THAT REASON, IT IS BELIEVED, THE NATIONALIST AIR FORCE HAS BEEN POUNDING AWAY AT EVERY COMMUNIST AIR FIELD WITHIN REACH ON THE MAINLAND.

THE NATIONALISTS TOOK HEART FROM U.S.CONGRESSIONAL ACTION ASSURING $28,000,000 IN ECONOMIC AID FOR FORMOSA. THE GOVERNMENT WENT AHEAD CUTTING EXPENSES. IT ORDERED 70 DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR POSTS ABROAD TO REDUCE STAFFS TO A MINIMUM.

HEAVY SURTAXES WERE IMPOSED FOR DEFENSE PURPOSES. THEY RANGED FROM A 30 PERCENT INCREASE IN THE BUSINESS TAX TO A 100 PERCENT RISE IN THE ELECTRICITY TAX.

C0340PCS

Tokyo ADV Pacific

THE JOINT CHIEFS WILL WEIGH WHAT U.S. SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN ACHESON HAS CALLED AMERICA'S "IMPREGNABLE" DEFENSE LINE RUNNING FROM JAPAN THROUGH THE RYUKYU ISLANDS TO THE PHILIPPINES. FORMOSA IS IN THIS ARC--BETWEEN THE RYUKYUS AND THE PHILIPPINES.

POLITICAL ASPECTS OF THE TROUBLED ORIENT ALSO ARE ATTRACTING INCREASED AMERICAN ATTENTION.

W. WALTON BUTTERWORTH, ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE FOR FAR EASTERN AFFAIRS, IS ENROUTE FROM WASHINGTON TO TOKYO, MANILA AND BANGKOK, THAILAND. HE WILL TALK WITH MACARTHUR BEFORE ATTENDING A MEETING OF AMERICAN DIPLOMATS AT BANGKOK IN MID-FEBRUARY. ROVING U.S. AMBASSADOR PHILIP C. JESSUP HAS BEEN MAKING A SURVEY TOUR OF THE ORIENT FOR THE PAST MONTH PRELIMINARY TO THE BANGKOK CONFERENCE

CY227APS

FEB 2-1950

379KX (TOPPING) Q
(270)

BY SEYMOUR TOPPING

HOIHOW,HAINAN ISLAND,FEB.1-(AP)-NATIONALIST CHINA OFFICIALS HAVE ASKED FRENCH PERMISSION TO LET 30,000 TRAPPED TROOPS ESCAPE FROM SOUTH CHINA ACROSS THE INDOCHINA BORDER.

THE NATIONALISTS THEN WANT THE SOLDIERS EVACUATED BY SEA TO HAINAN ISLAND OF THE SOUTH CHINA COAST.

RELIABLE INFORMATION HERE INDICATES THE FRENCH ARE GIVING A COLD SHOULDER TO THE PROPOSAL. ANOTHER REQUEST THAT SOME 25,000 INTERNED NATIONALIST SOLDIERS IN INDOCHINA BE REPATRIATED IS GETTING THE SAME TREATMENT. THEY WERE INTERNED AFTER THEY CROSSED THE BORDER TO ESCAPE COMMUNIST TROOPS.

(TEN DAYS AGO THE CHINESE NATIONALIST DEFENSE MINISTRY ANNOUNCED RED FORCES WERE ALONG THE ENTIRE INDOCHINA BORDER.)

THE FRENCH HOPE THROUGH SCRUPULOUS OBSERVATION OF INTERNATIONAL LAW TO AVOID TROUBLE WITH CHINESE COMMUNISTS ALONG THEIR VULNERABLE INDOCHINA BORDER. THE CHINESE RED GOVERNMENT LAID THE POLITICAL BASIS FOR PENETRATION OF INDOCHINA THROUGH RECOGNITION OF HO CHI-MINH'S VIET NAM REGIME.

THE NATIONALIST REQUEST FOR FRENCH COOPERATION IS BEING PUSHED BY MOSLEM GEN.PAI CHUNG-HSI. PAI OFFERED HIS TROOPS TO FIGHT AGAINST HO'S FORCES WHICH ARE REBELLING AGAINST FRENCH RULE. HIS REPRESENTATIVES HAVE REPORTEDLY APPROACHED FRENCH-SPONSORED BA DAI'S REGIME IN INDOCHINA WITH THE OFFER.

PAI IS IN TAIPEI, FORMOSA, CONFERRING WITH NATIONALIST OFFICIALS ON MEANS OF SALVAGING REMNANTS OF HIS ARMY. THREE MONTHS AGO HIS 200,000 MAN FORCE WAS THE MOST POWERFUL SINGLE NATIONALIST ARMY REMAINING ON THE CHINESE MAINLAND.

ONLY SOME 3,000 TROOPS OF THAT ARMY WERE EVACUATED TO HAINAN AFTER THEIR DISASTROUS DEFEAT IN KWANGSI PROVINCE.

PAI'S DEPUTY CHIEF OF STAFF, GEN.SHU CHU-YI, SAID TODAY AN AVERAGE OF TWO FLIGHTS A DAY ARE MADE FROM HOIHOW AIRFIELD TO DROP ARMS, AMMUNITION AND MEDICAL SUPPLIES TO UNITS SCATTERED ALONG THE INDOCHINA BORDER. HE SAID PAI'S HEADQUARTERS HERE WAS IN RADIO CONTACT WITH THOSE UNITS WHICH TOTAL ABOUT 40,000 MEN.

JW845ACS

B58KX (Q)
(200)

BY SEYMOUR TOPPING

HOIHOW,HAINAN ISLAND,FEB.1-(AP)-FOURTEEN AMERICAN MISSIONARIES INTEND TO STAY ON THE EXPOSED NORTHERN COAST OF THIS SOUTH CHINA ISLAND WHETHER CHINESE COMMUNISTS ATTACK OR NOT.

THEIR PRESBYTERIAN MISSION HAS BEEN HERE SINCE 1885.IT STANDS IN A COMFORTABLE GARDEN-LINED COMPOUND THAT IS AN OASIS IN THIS DIRTY, SPRAWLING CITY OF 250,000.

THERE ARE TEN WOMEN AND FOUR MEN IN THE MISSION. IT SPONSORS A CHURCH SCHOOL AND A 168 BED HOSPITAL.

DAVID H.TOMAS, EXECUTIVE SECRETARY OF THE MISSION, SAYS THEY SOMETIMES WATCH FROM THE HOSPITAL ROOF AS CHINESE NATIONALIST PLANES BOMB COMMUNIST CONCENTRATIONS ACROSS THE NARROWS ON THE MAINLAND. THE BOMB EXPLOSIONS MAY BE HEARD OFTEN.

THE MISSIONARIES INCLUDE MARY TAYLOR, OMAHA,NEB.; DR.AND MRS. STUART P.SEANON, PRINCETON,N.J.; DOROTHY MCDONALD, BEAVER,PA. AND CAROLINE BEUGLE, WARWICK,N.Y.

THE MISSION HELPS RUN A LEPROSARIUM WHERE ABOUT 175 LEPERS LIVE. THE PATIENTS INCLUDE ONE FOREIGNER OF GERMAN-POLISH EXTRACTION.

FRENCH MEDICAL WORKERS ESTIMATE THERE ARE 3,000 LEPERS ON HAINAN ISLAND.

SIXTEEN FRENCH AND ONE SPANISH PRIEST ALSO INTEND TO CARRY ON THEIR WORK. THEY ARE ATTACHED TO THE FRENCH CATHOLIC MISSION ON HOIHOW HEADED BY BISHOP DOMINQUE DESPERBEN.

THE ONLY OTHER FOREIGN RESIDENTS IN THE NORTHERN PART OF THE ISLAND ARE FRENCH CONSUL AND MRS.JEAN DE DIANOUS OF AVIGNON,FRANCE. THEY LIVE ON A SLIVER OF LAND OPPOSITE HOIHOW.

DV714ACS

B60KX

TOKYO,FEB.1-(AP)-LESTER B.PEARSON, CANADA'S SECRETARY OF STATE FOR EXTERNAL AFFAIRS, HAD LUNCH TODAY WITH GEN.DOUGLAS MACARTHUR AND SIR ALVARY GASCOIGNE, HEAD OF THE UNITED KINGDOM MISSION HERE.

MEMBERS OF PEARSON'S PARTY, WHO ARE RETURNING FROM THE COLOMBO COMMONWEALTH CONFERENCE, WERE BRIEFED ON TRADE PROSPECTS AND REQUIREMENTS BY MACARTHUR'S HEADQUARTERS STAFF.

LATER THE CANADIANS WERE SCHEDULED TO MEET PRIME MINISTER SHIGERU YOSHIDA, PRESIDENT NAOTAKE SATO OF THE HOUSE OF COUNCILLORS, SPEAKER KIJURO SHIDEHARA OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, MINISTER HEITARO INAGAKI OF INTERNATIONAL TRADE AND INDUSTRY AND PRESIDENT RYUTARO TAKAHASHI OF THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

TONIGHT E.H.NORMAN, HEAD OF THE CANADIAN LIAISON MISSION HERE, GAVE A DINNER FOR SECRETARY PEARSON.

JW717ACS

(230)

RANGOON, BURMA, FEB.1-(AP)-RICE BREEDERS OF EIGHT COUNTRIES MET TODAY TO DISCUSS MEANS TO GIVE ASIAN COUNTRIES A TANGIBLE MEANS OF IMPROVING RICE GRAINS -- THEIR MOST IMPORTANT CROP.

THE GROUP, WHICH HAS APPOINTED INDIA'S DR. K. RAMIAH ITS CHAIRMAN, AGREES THAT TESTING, SELECTING AND BREEDING CAN IMPROVE EXISTING RICE STRAINS. THEY ARE MADE UP OF DELEGATES FROM BURMA, INDIA, CEYLON, FRANCE, INDONESIA, THAILAND, BRITAIN AND THE U.S.

THE BREEDERS, MEETING UNDER SPONSORSHIP OF THE UNITED NATIONS FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION (FAO), WILL EXCHANGE VIEWS FOR THREE DAYS AT THE END OF WHICH THEY WILL DRAFT A REPORT TO THE INTERNATIONAL RICE COMMISSION. THE COMMISSION IS SCHEDULED TO START A NINE-DAY CONFERENCE HERE FEB.6.

DR.LAWRENCE E. KIRK, THE GROUP'S TECHNICAL SECRETARY, TOLD THE BREEDERS THEIR TASK IS IMPORTANT TO THE FAR EAST, WHERE RICE IS THE STAPLE FOOD.

KIRK IS A MEMBER OF THE FAO WASHINGTON STAFF.

HE SAID TESTS HAVE SHOWN THAT PLANT BREEDING IS CAPABLE OF DOING MORE TOWARDS IMPROVING THE RICE YIELD AND QUALITY THAN ANY OTHER PHASE OF THE PRODUCTION OF THE GRAIN.

BECAUSE THE PROBLEM OF RICE-GROWING IS SO BIG, KIRK SAID, IT IS ADVISABLE TO LIMIT THEIR AIMS IN ORDER TO DEVELOP A PRACTICAL PROGRAM.

SOME OF THE SUBJECTS THE GROUP WILL DISCUSS BEFORE THE MEETING ENDS FRIDAY INCLUDE: EXISTING VARIETIES OF RICE, MAJOR PLANTING AND BREEDING PROBLEMS AND THE STRENGTHENING OF BREEDING WORK.

MK839AES

30.24- 8675

FEB 2 - 1950

B73 (120) Q

JAKARTA, JAVA, U.S.I., FEB 1-(AP)-THE MILITARY GOVERNOR OF JOGJAKARTA IN CENTRAL JAVA SAID TODAY THAT REBEL FORCES UNDER R.P.P. "TURK" WESTERLING HAVE INFILTRATED THAT CITY.

THIS WAS THE FIRST MENTION BY ANY INDONESIAN AUTHORITY THAT THE RENEGADE WESTERLING, LEADING INDONESIAN DESERTERS FROM THE DUTCH ARMY, HAS PENETRATED ANY AREA OUTSIDE WEST JAVA.

THE MILITARY GOVERNOR OF JOGJAKARTA, PRINCE PAKUALAM, WAS REPORTED BY A JOGJAKARTA NEWSPAPER AS SAYING THAT THE INFILTRATION WAS NOT ALARMING AND THE GOVERNMENT HAD THE SITUATION IN HAND. THE GOVERNMENT DECIDED TO RETAIN ITS CURFEW AND BAN ON MASS MEETINGS IN JOGJAKARTA DURING THE PRESENT EMERGENCY.

WESTERLING'S FORCES RAIDED BANDOENG IN WEST JAVA 10 DAYS AGO AND HIS PRIVATE ARMY IS VIRTUALLY INTACT, DESPITE EFFORTS OF THE INDONESIAN ARMY TO RUN IT DOWN.

ME914AES

B76 Q

NEW DELHI, INDIA, FEB 1-(AP)-THE FOREIGN MINISTRY SAID TODAY A.K.SEN, INDIA'S CHARGE D'AFFAIRES AT NANKING, HAS BEEN CALLED TO THE RED CAPITAL OF PEIPING TO DISCUSS PRELIMINARY, PROCEDURAL MATTERS REGARDING EXCHANGE OF DIPLOMATS BETWEEN INDIA AND COMMUNIST CHINA.

THE GOVERNMENT ALSO ANNOUNCED THAT K.CHETTUR, JOINT SECRETARY OF THE COMMERCE MINISTRY HAS BEEN NAMED HEAD OF THE INDIAN LIAISON MISSION TO TOKYO.

ME926AES

(110)

BEIRUT, LEBANON, FEB.1-(AP)-NINE COMMUNIST DEMONSTRATORS AND TWO POLICEMEN WERE WOUNDED YESTERDAY WHEN COMMUNISTS STAGED A BIG DEMONSTRATION OVER A SLAIN LEADER AT TRIPOLI, A LEBANESE COASTAL CITY NORTH OF HERE.

THE DEMONSTRATION WAS STAGED AT THE FUNERAL OF COMMUNIST SULEIMAN ALI CHERIF WHO WAS KILLED IN A CLASH WITH POLICE SUNDAY.

WHEN POLICE SAW A GRENADE IN THE HAND OF ONE COMMUNIST, THEY OPENED FIRE. THOUSANDS FLED, LEAVING THE COFFIN IN THE STREET.

THE DEMONSTRATORS SHOUTED SLOGANS DEMANDING THAT LEBANON DESIST FROM ENTERING INTO FRIENDSHIP TREATIES WITH WESTERN POWERS.

AN UNOFFICIAL SOURCE SAID LEBANON HAS CONCLUDED A FRIENDSHIP TREATY WITH THE UNITED STATES. THERE WAS NO GOVERNMENT CONFIRMATION THAT A TREATY HAS BEEN SIGNED.

QQ1104AES

SECOND NIGHT LEAD JOINT CHIEFS (310)

BY RUSSELL BRINES

TOKYO, THURSDAY, FEB. 2-(AP)-THREE TOP U. S. MILITARY CHIEFS TODAY TOOK A A LOOK AT AMERICAN NAVAL POWER. GENERAL MACARTHUR SAYS IT SHOULD BE BUILT UP ALONG WITH AIR AND LAND POWER TO HOLD THE PACIFIC DEFENSE LINE AGAINST COMMUNISM.

GEN. OMAR BRADLEY, CHAIRMAN OF THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF; ARMY GEN. J. LAWTON COLLINS AND ADM. FORREST P. SHERMAN, CHIEF OF NAVAL OPERATIONS, WERE TOLD THE U. S. SHOULD OBTAIN GUARANTEES FOR THE INDEFINITE USE OF THE BIG YOKOSUKA NAVAL BASE.

THIS POINT WAS EMPHASIZED BY REAR ADM. BENTON W. DECKER AS THE THREE CHIEFS VISITED THE FORMER JAPANESE BASE. AT YOKOSUKA WHEN THEY ARRIVED WERE THE AIRCRAFT CARRIER BOXER, THE CRUISERS HELENA AND TOLEDO AND SEVERAL DESTROYERS.

TRUSTWORTHY INFORMANTS SAID THE TOURING CHIEFS, INCLUDING AIR FORCE GEN. HOYT S. VANDENBERG, WERE TOLD DURING THEIR FIRST TALKS WITH MACARTHUR'S TOP COMMANDERS YESTERDAY THAT AMERICAN AIR, SEA AND LAND STRENGTH MUST BE BUILT UP IN THIS PART OF THE WORLD.

DECKER TODAY EMPHASIZED THESE POINTS:

YOKOSUKA IS "INDISPENSABLE" TO THE U. S. AS A SUPPLY BASE FOR ARMY AND AIR FORCE UNITS IN JAPAN. IT IS THE ONLY U. S. BASE WEST OF HAWAII WITH REPAIR FACILITIES FOR MAJOR WARSHIPS. IT CAN HANDLE BIG CARRIERS AND BATTLESHIPS. THE U. S. MUST HAVE A SUITABLE BASE IN THE WESTERN PACIFIC. ONE COMPARABLE TO YOKOSUKA WOULD COST AT LEAST $600,000,000.

SHERMAN CALLED YOKOSUKA "OUR BEST BASE IN THIS PART OF THE WORLD ---A VERY USEFUL BASE." HE SAID HE WAS GRATIFIED TO SEE WHAT HAD BEEN ACCOMPLISHED SINCE 1945, THE LAST TIME HE WAS AT YOKOSUKA.

BRADLEY, TOO, WAS IMPRESSED. "I WOULDN'T HAVE MISSED THIS," HE SAID.

NAVAL OFFICIALS STRESSED THAT THE NAVY SHOULD HAVE NEARBY ATSUGI AIRFIELD FOR MAXIMUM DEVELOPMENT OF AIR POWER HERE. THE FIELD IS CONTROLLED BY THE FORCE.

VANDENBERG REMAINED IN TOKYO TO CONFER WITH FAR EAST AIR FORCE OFFICIALS IVSA FOLLOW UP OF YESTERDAY'S CONFERENCE.

MACARTHUR'S COMMANDERS X X X THIRD GRAF.

-0-

THE FOLLOWING MAY BE SUBBED FOR SIXTH GRAF, NIGHT LEAD (A183) "THE INFORMANTS X X X NAVAL OPERATIONS."

THE INFORMANTS SAID THERE WERE MANY QUESTIONS FROM THE JOINT CHIEFS.

WHAT ABOUT X X X SEVENTH GRAF.

FJ1055PCS NM

FEB 2 - 1950

Baghdad, Iraq, Feb. 1 -(ap)- The seven-weeks old Iraqi government is was going through a political crisis today rocked by the stormy question of proposed syrian-iraqi union.

The crisis was precipitated by the report of deputy premier and foreign minister Muzahlim Amin el-Pachachi who recently held talks with egyptian officials.

Egypt, largest arab power in the middle east has repeatedly warned Iraq and Hashemite Jordan to keep hands off Syria and ~~xxxx~~ has opposed ~~xxx~~ the plan of jordan's king abdullah to build a "greater syria".

The recent agreement by Muzahlim el*pachachi and the egyptian union government on the troubled/question ~~xxxx

$60,000,000 ON KOREA AND EXTENDS AUTHORITY TO UTILIZE $103,000,000 IN UNEXPENDED FUNDS PREVIOUSLY APPROPRIATED TO HELP NON-COMMUNIST AREAS OF CHINA.

CHAIRMAN KEE (D-WVA) OF THE HOUSE FOREIGN AFFAIRS COMMITTEE TOLD THE RULES COMMITTEE THAT PROBABLY NOT MORE THAN $10,500,000 COULD BE SPENT ON CHINA--IN THIS CASE, FORMOSA--BEFORE EXPIRATION OF THE ACT ON JUNE 30.

THE STATE DEPARTMENT'S HANDLING OF FOREIGN POLICY IN CHINA CAME IN FOR CRITICISM IN DISCUSSION OF THE BILL.

REP.COX (D-GA), ACTING CHAIRMAN, SAID HE WOULD NOT SUPPORT ANY AID MEASURE "UNLESS IT CLEARLY REPRESENTS A CHANGE OF POLICY ON THE PAR OF THE STATE DEPARTMENT."

"I REGARD THAT WHAT HAS BEEN DONE BY THE STATE DEPARTMENT, IN GIVING CHINA TO RUSSIA, HAS BEEN DELIBERATE," COX SAID.

REP.COLMER (D-MISS), ANOTHER COMMITTEE MEMBER, SAID THE BILL WOULD "EXTEND THE OLIVE BRANCH TO THOSE ADVOCATING AID TO CHINA."

REP.EATON (R-NJ) DECLARED "OUR DESTINY, ECONOMICALLY AND POLITICALLY WILL BE DETERMINED IN THE ORIENT," AND WARNED THAT NOW THE UNITED STATES HAS ONLY FORMOSA AND KOREA LEFT TO SUPPORT ITS POSITION IN ASIA.

REP.JUDD (R-MINN) SAID CONDITIONS IN ASIA WERE SOMETIMES NOT ALWAYS AS BAD AS THEY SEEMED, AND TOLD THE COMMITTEE HE THOUGHT THERE WAS "A REASONABLY GOOD CHANCE OF SAVING" KOREA AND FORMOSA IN SPITE OF COMMUNIST SUCCESSES.

RZ935PES

B146WX

KOREA

WASHINGTON, FEB 1-(AP)-THE SOUTH KOREAN GOVERNMENT TODAY APPEALED TO CONGRESS FOR ECONOMIC AID AND PLEDGED "PRUDENT AND WISE" USE OF ANY FUNDS.

JOHN M.CHANG, KOREAN AMBASSADOR TO THE UNITED STATES, SENT THE PLEA TO VICE PRESIDENT BARKLEY WHO PLACED IT BEFORE THE SENATE.

THE SENATE ALREADY HAS APPROVED AID TO KOREA BUT THE HOUSE TWO WEEKS AGO REJECTED A $60,000,000 ASSISTANCE PROGRAM. A MOVE IS UNDER WAY TO GET A NEW HOUSE VOTE ON THE PROPOSAL.

CHANG'S LETTER CONTAINED A STATEMENT FROM SHIN ICKY, CHAIRMAN OF THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY OF THE KOREAN REPUBLIC, SAYING THAT KOREA WAS "GRIEVOUSLY DISAPPOINTED" AT THE HOUSE REJECTION OF THE PROGRAM. HE ADDED:

"WE REGARD OUR COUNTRY AS A BULWARK AGAINST COMMUNISM IN ASIA, AND OUR FIGHT AS NOT ALONE FOR OURSELVES BUT IN BEHALF OF ALL THE DEMOCRATIC NATIONS OF THE WORLD."

SU240PES

FEB 2-1950

FEB 2-1950 30.24-8677

B75WX (Q)

(530)

NIGHT LEAD CHRISTOFFEL

FEB 2-1950

BY RICHARD POWERS

WASHINGTON,FEB 1-(AP)-ELEVEN PRESENT OR FORMER MEMBERS OF CONGRESS HAVE TESTIFIED IN THE SECOND HAROLD CHRISTOFFEL PERJURY TRIAL THAT THEY HEARD THE DEFENDANT WHEN HE TOLD A CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE HE HAD NEVER BEEN A COMMUNIST.

TEN OF THEM APPEARED TODAY.

TWO MORE, BRINGING THE TOTAL TO 13, ARE EXPECTED TO GIVE THE SAME TESTIMONY WHEN THE TRIAL RUMES TOMORROW.

THIS IS ONE OF THE KEY POINTS IN THE GOVERNMENT'S CHARGE THAT CHRISTOFFEL, A FORMER MILWAUKEE LABOR LEADER, LIED WHEN HE DENIED COMMUNIST AFFILIATIONS ON HIS APPEARANCE BEFORE THE HOUSE LABOR COMMITTEE MARCH 1, 1947.

CHRISTOFFEL WAS CONVICTED ON THE SAME CHARGES IN 1948. A YEAR LATER THE SUPREME COURT REVERSED HIS CONVICTION. IT RULED IT HAD NOT BEEN PROVEN THAT A MAJORITY--OR 13--OF THE 25 MEMBERS OF THE LABOR COMMITTEE HAD ACTUALLY HEARD CHRISTOFFEL TESTIFY.

TEN MEN WHO WERE MEMBERS OF THE LABOR COMMITTEE IN 1947 TOLD THE COURT TODAY THEY WERE NOT ONLY PRESENT WHEN CHRISTOFFEL WAS SWORN IN, BUT THEY HEARD HIM MAKE THE ALLEGED PERJURIOUS STATEMENTS.

THEIR TESTIMONY WAS SIMILAR TO THAT GIVEN LATE TUESDAY BY FORMER REP.FRED A.HARTLEY (R-NJ), CHAIRMAN OF THE COMMITTEE IN 1947.

THEY INCLUDED FORMER REPS.CHARLES J.KERSTEN (R-WIS) AND MAX SCHWABE (R-MO) AND REPS.WALTER E.BREHM (R-OHIO), O.C.FISHER (D-TEX), RALPH W. GWINN (R-NY), CARROLL D.KEARNS (R-PA), JOHN F.KENNEDY (D-MASS), JOHN LESINSKI (D-MICH), RICHARD M.NIXON (R-CALIF) AND WINT SMITH (R-KAS).

REP.CLARE E.HOFFMAN (R-MICH), WHO DID MOST OF THE QUESTIONING OF CHRISTOFFEL AT THE COMMITTEE SESSION, AND FORMER REP.EDWARD O.MCCOWEN (R-OHIO), ARE EXPECTED TO TESTIFY TOMORROW.

SEVERAL OF THE MEMBERS ALSO TOLD THE COURT THAT THE LATE REP.THOMAS L.OWENS (R-ILL) ALSO WAS PRESENT WHEN CHRISTOFFEL APPEARED BEFORE THE COMMITTEE.

KERSTEN, WHEN ASKED BY O.JOHN ROGGE OF DEFENSE COUNSEL WHETHER HE WAS "BIASED" TOWARDS CHRISTOFFEL, RETORTED:

"MY ONLY BIAS IS THAT CHRISTOFFEL HAS CONVINCED ME HE IS A MEMBER OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY."

THAT BROUGHT A SHOUTED OBJECTION FROM ROGGE, BUT FEDERAL DISTRICT COURT JUDGE F.DICKINSON LETTS PERMITTED THE ANSWER TO STAND.

KERSTEN ALSO STATED, UNDER QUESTIONING BY ROGGE, THAT HE HAD RECEIVED "MATERIAL" ABOUT CHRISTOFFEL FROM THE ALLIS-CHALMERS COMPANY PLANT IN MILWAUKEE.

B76WX

CHRISTOFFEL IS A FORMER PRESIDENT OF LOCAL 248 UAW-CIO AT THE ALLIS-CHALMERS PLANT.

KERSTEN SAID THE COMPANY SENT THE SAME MATERIAL TO OTHER MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE.

ASSERTING THAT LOCAL 248 HAD OPPOSED HIM IN HIS ELECTION CAMPAIGN, KERSTEN SAID THAT FACT "DID NOT MAKE THE BIAS" HE HAD AGAINST THE

DEFENDANT.

TESTIMONY BY THE LATE REP.OWENS IS EXPECTED TO BE READ INTO THE RECORD THURSDAY MORNING BY JOHN S.PRATT, CHIEF GOVERNMENT PROSECUTOR.

PRATT SUCCEEDED, OVER OBJECTIONS FROM ROGGE, IN HAVING THE TESTIMONY GIVEN BY OWENS DURING THE 1948 TRIAL OFFERED IN EVIDENCE. OWENS HAD STATED AT THAT TRIAL THAT HE WAS PRESENT WHEN CHRISTOFFEL WAS QUESTIONED.

PRATT AND HIS ASSISTANT, FRANK H.PATTON, BOTH SPECIAL ASSISTANT ATTORNEYS GENERAL, METHODICALLY QUESTIONED ALL OF THE HOUSE MEMBERS SPECIFICALLY AS TO WHETHER THEY HEARD THE EXACT TESTIMONY GIVEN BY CHRISTOFFEL THAT RESULTED IN THE FIVE-COUNT INDICTMENT. ALL SAID THEY DID.

IN THE 1948 TRIAL, THE PRESIDING JUDGE HAD RULED THAT IT WAS NOT NECESSARY TO PROVE THAT A MAJORITY OF THE COMMITTEE WAS PRESENT WHEN THE DEFENDANT ACTUALLY TESTIFIED. HE RULED THAT IT WAS ONLY NECESSARY TO SHOW A QUORUM AT THE START OF THE SESSION.

ONCE THE QUORUM POINT IS CLEARED, THE GOVERNMENT WILL ATTEMPT TO PROVE ITS CHARGE THAT CHRISTOFFEL HAD BEEN A MEMBER OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY, HAD COMMUNIST CONNECTIONS, AND LIED WHEN HE SAID HE HAD NOT.

RZ1143PES

FEB 2-1950

BZZW

INDOCHINA

WASHINGTON, FEB.1-(AP)-SECRETARY OF STATE ACHESON INDICAATED TODAY THE UNITED STATES WILL RECOGNIZE THE FRENCH-SUPPORTED GOVERNMENTS OF INDOCHINA IN OPPOSITION TO THE SOVIET-RECOGNIZED REGIME OF COMMUNIST HO CHI-MINH.

IN A NEWS CONFERENCE STATEMENT ACHESON BRANDED HO AS "THE MORTAL ENEMY OF NATIVE INDEPENDENCE IN INDOCHINA."

HE SAID THAT RUSSIA'S RECOGNITION OF HO'S COMMUNIST MOVEMENT SURPRISED THE AMERICAN GOVERNMENT. IT WAS TIMED, HE SAID, "IN AN EFFORT TO CLOUD THE TRANSFER OF SOVEREIGNTY BY FRANCE TO THE LEGAL GOVERNMENTS OF LAOS, CAMBODIA AND VIETNAM."

THOSE THREE REGIMES ARE BEING ESTABLISHED IN INDOCHINA AND FRENCH TRANSFER OF SOVEREIGNTY IS NOW UNDER WAY. ACHESON'S REFERENCE TO THEM AS THE "LEGAL GOVERNMENTS" WAS IN ITSELF A LONG STEP TOWARD THE FORMAL GRANTING OF AMERICAN RECOGNITION AND THE ESTABLISHMENT OF DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS.

HE WENT BEYOND THAT, HOWEVER, TO STATE THAT WHEN THE TRANSFER OF SOVEREIGNTY IS COMPLETE "THE WAY WILL BE OPEN FOR RECOGNITION OF THESE LEGAL GOVERNMENTS BY THE COUNTRIES OF THE WORLD WHOSE POLICIES SUPPORT THE DEVELOPMENT OF GENUINE NATIONAL INDEPENDENCE IN FORMER COLONIAL AREAS."

ACHESON ALSO NOTED THAT AMBASSADOR JESSUP ALREADY HAS EXPRESSED TO EMPEROR BAO DAI OF VIETNAM "OUR BEST WISHES FOR PROSPERITY IN VIETNAM, IN THE HOPE THAT CLOSER RELATIONSHIP WILL BE ESTABLISHED BETWEEN VIETNAM AND THE UNITED STATES."

VH1251PES

FEB 2-1950

H-BOMB

WASHINGTON, FEB.1-(AP)-THE NATIONAL COUNCIL FOR PREVENTION OF WAR PROTESTED TODAY THAT THE DECISION TO BUILD A HYDROGEN SUPER BOMB RUNS DIRECTLY COUNTER TO THE ADMINISTRATION'S POLICY OF TRYING TO OUTLAW MASS KILLING OF PEOPLE.

THE COUNCIL IS AN ADVOCATE OF WORLDWIDE REDUCTION OF ARMAMENTS THROUGH INTERNATIONAL AGREMENTS. IT LISTS AS VICE CHAIRMEN SUCH INDIVIDUALS AS MRS. ROBERT A. TAFT AND FORMER SENATOR ARTHUR CAPPER.

IN A STATEMENT SIGNED BY EXECUTIVE SECRETARY FREDERICK J.LIBBY, THE COUNCIL SAID:

"MORALLY, THE DECISION TO MANUFACTURE THE HYDROGEN BOMB REVEALS A FATAL CONTRADICTION IN OUR NATIONAL POLICY. IT RUNS DIRECTLY COUNTER TO THE PRINCIPLES OF THE UNITED NATIONS CONVENTION ON GENOCIDE, WHICH THE PRESIDENT HAS PLACED BEFORE THE SENATE FOR RATIFICATION. WHILE ASKING THE WORLD TO OUTLAW THE KILLING OF PEOPLES, OUR NATION IS SCHIZOPHRENICALLY EMBARKING ON THE CONSTRUCTION OF A WEAPON WHICH CANNOT BE USED OTHER THAN GENOCIDALLY."

THE COUNCIL ALSO CHALLENGED THE MOVE FROM A MILITARY AND DIPLOMATIC STANDPOINT.

ON THE DIPLOMATIC SIDE, THE COUNCIL SAID PAST EXPERIENCE HAS SHOWN THAT THE BOMB WILL NOT FORCE THE RUSSIANS TO ACCEPT OUR PROPOSALS FOR INTERNATIONAL CONTROL OF ATOMIC ENERGY.

MILITARILY, THE COUNCIL SAID, THE HYDROGEN BOMB IS "NOT PRACTICAL."

"IN A HYDROGEN BOMB-THROWING CONTEST, OUR ALLIES IN THICKLY SETTLED, INDUSTRIALLY CONCENTRATED WESTERN EUROPE WOULD BE EASY TARGETS WHILE RUSSIA'S PEOPLE AND INDUSTRIES ARE WIDELY DISPERSED."

VH201PES

A54WX

(250) SECOND NIGHT LEAD RUSSIAN-JAPANESE

BY JOHN M.HIGHTOWER

WASHINGTON, FEB. 1-(AP)-RUSSIA DEMANDED TODAY THAT EMPEROR HIROHITO OF JAPAN BE TRIED AS A WAR CRIMINAL ON CHARGES INVOLVING BACTERIOLOGICAL WARFARE.

THE DEMAND WAS MADE IN A NOTE DELIVERED TO SECRETARY OF STATE ACHESON BY SOVIET AMBASSADOR ALEXANDER S.PANYUSHKIN. IT WAS UNDERSTOOD THE SOVIETS WERE ALSO DISTRIBUTING THE NOTE TO THE OTHER MEMBERS OF THE 13 NATION FAR EASTERN COMMISSION. THAT IS THE TOP POLICY MAKING BODY FOR THE JAPANESE OCCUPATION.

THE NOTE, WHICH HAS YET TO BE MADE PUBLIC, REPORTEDLY ASKS FOR WAR CRIMES TRIALS OF FOUR OTHER JAPANESE IN ADDITION TO HIROHITO. THEIR NAMES WERE NOT IMMEDIATELY MADE KNOWN.

BACTERIOLOGICAL WARFARE CHARGES GROW OUT OF THE RECENT RUSSIAN TRIAL AT KHABAROVSK IN WHICH 12 JAPANESE ARMY OFFICERS WERE CONVICTED OF HAVING USED BACTERIOLOGICAL POISONS IN CHINA AND, EXPERIMENTALLY, ON RUSSIAN AND AMERICAN PRISONERS OF WAR, ACCORDING TO RUSSIAN REPORTS AT THE TIME.

WHILE THE PRECISE NATURE OF THE SOVIET CHARGES AGAINST HIROHITO WAS NOT BROUGHT OUT, PENDING RELEASE OF THE NOTE, THE INDICATION FROM PERSONS FAMILIAR WITH ITS CONTENTS IS THAT THE SOVIETS ARE TRYING TO FASTEN RESPONSIBILITY ON HIROHITO AND THE FOUR OTHER JAPANESE FOR THE ALLEGED CRIMES OF WHICH THE JAPANESE OFFICERS WERE CONVICTED AT KHABAROVSK.

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30.24- 8679

CHAIRMAN VINSON (D-GA) OF THE HOUSE ARMED SERVICES COMMITTEE TOLD A REPORTER HE WAS DEEPLY CONCERNED THAT THE UNITED STATES LOSE NO TIME IN MANUFACTURING THE NEW WEAPON, WHICH REPUTEDLY WILL PACK EIGHT TO 1,000 TIMES THE DESTRUCTIVE FURY OF THE WARTIME ATOM BOMB.

VINSON SAID HE WAS SO CONCERNED THAT HE HAD BEEN ON THE VERGE OF ASKING THE HOUSE COMMITTEE TO RECOMMEND THAT PRESIDENT TRUMAN ISSUE THE GO-AHEAD ORDER.

"BUT BEFORE WE COULD GET AROUND TO CONSIDERING IT, MR.TRUMAN ACTED," VINSON SAID.

THE PRESIDENT'S HISTORIC DECISION WAS ANNOUNCED SHORTLY AFTER MIDDAY YESTERDAY, AND CHAIRMAN MCMAHON (D-CONN) OF THE SENATE-HOUSE ATOMIC COMMITTEE IMMEDIATELY URGED THAT H-BOMBS BE TURNED OUT WITH "THE UTMOST SPEED."

ALL THROUGH CONGRESSIONAL CORRIDORS, THE CLAMOR AROSE FOR SWIFT ACTION ONCE THE DECISION HAD BEEN REACHED. BUT TODAY THERE WAS A TENDENCY AMONG SOME OF THE LAWMAKERS TO SUGGEST CAUTION BEFORE THIS COUNTRY PLUNGES INTO A HEAD-LONG ATOMIC RACE WITH RUSSIA.

REP.HENRY R.JACKSON (D-WASH), A MEMBER OF THE JOINT CONGRESSIONAL ATOMIC COMMITTEE, DECLARED THE PROSPECT OF ULTRA-LETHAL HYDROGEN BOMBS ONCE AGAIN RAISES THE QUESTION OF INTERNATIONAL CONTROL OF ATOMIC WEAPONS ON A SCALE MORE URGENT THAN EVER.

JACKSON SAID IN A STATEMENT THAT THE PRESIDENT'S DECISION HAS "PLACED US ON A KNIFE-EDGE OF HISTORY," AND HE DECLARED:

"WITH ALMOST EQUAL EASE, WE COULD FALL EITHER INTO MASS DESTRUCTION OR INTO A CONDITION OF ACTIVE PEACE--INSTEAD OF OUR PRESENT CONDITIONS OF INACTIVE WAR.

A197WX

"THIS MAY BE THE LAST OPPORTUNITY THE STATESMEN WILL HAVE TO CATCH UP WITH THE SCIENTISTS. THIS MAY BE OUR LAST CHANCE TO AVOID A THIRD WORLD WAR."

AT THE STATE DEPARTMENT, THERE WAS NO IMMEDIATE MOVE TO RE-OPEN NEGOTIATIONS WITH RUSSIA AND HER SATELLITE NATIONS FOR EFFECTIVE INTERNATIONAL CONTROL OF ATOMIC ENERGY.

DIPLOMATIC AUTHORITIES SAID THE UNITED STATES HAS HAD THE QUESTION "UNDER REVIEW" FOR A LONG TIME, AND IT IS STILL UNDER REVIEW. BUT IN THE FACE OF RUSSIA'S REPEATED VETOES OF THE AMERICAN PLAN, THESE AUTHORITIES REFLECTED LITTLE HOPE FOR A NEW APPROACH.

DIPLOMATIC OFFICIALS INDICATED THAT IF RUSSIA SHOULD NOW BACK WATER AND AGREE TO THE AMERICAN PLAN, IT WOULD HAVE TO BE DONE THROUGH THE UNITED NATIONS -- NOT THROUGH DIRECT WASHINGTON-MOSCOW TALKS.

HOW LONG IT MIGHT TAKE TO BUILD THE NEW-TYPE BOMB WAS STILL ANYBODY'S GUESS. UNDER THE TIGHT SECRECY SURROUNDING THE SUBJECT, THERE WAS A MINIMUM OF FACTUAL INFORMATION.

HOWEVER, IT IS KNOWN THAT MUCH PRELIMINARY WORK HAS BEEN DONE ON THE H-BOMB. AND THERE ARE INDICATIONS THAT EARLY THEORETICAL AND EXPERIMENTAL WORK HAS BEEN QUIETLY GOING AHEAD FOR AT LEAST THE LAST FOUR MONTHS--OR EVER SINCE MR.TRUMAN ANNOUNCED LAST SEPTEMBER THAT AN ATOMIC EXPLOSION HAD TAKEN PLACE IN RUSSIA.

SOME OFFICIALS HERE SAID THEY DO NOT BELIEVE RUSSIA HAS YET MANUFACTURED A HYDROGEN BOMB, BUT SAID THEY ASSUMED THE RUSSIANS WILL BE ABLE TO DO SO.

REP.JACKSON OF CALIFORNIA, A MEMBER OF THE JOINT ATOMIC COMMITTEE, TOLD THE HOUSE TODAY THAT THE DESTRUCTIVE POWER OF THE H-BOMB WAS COMPARABLE TO THAT OF "GOING FROM TNT TO THE ATOM BOMB."

THE PROSPECT FOR AN H-BOMB TEST IN 1951 OR PERHAPS LATE THIS YEAR WAS SET FORTH BY AN INFORMED SOURCE, BUT UNDER THE LID OF SECRECY THERE WAS NO OFFICIAL COMMENT.

EARLIER SPECULATION, BASED ON THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE ATOMIC BOMB, WAS THAT IT MIGHT TAKE AS MUCH AS FIVE YEARS TO BUILD THE FIRST HYDROGEN BOMB.

AP407PES

(140)

EDITORS:

(KX) WASHINGTON--INSERT FOLLOWING IN SECOND NIGHT LEAD RUSSIAN JAPANESE (A54WX) AFTER NINTH GRAF "2. TO TRY X X X IN ASIA."

IN TOKYO ALVA C. CARPENTER, HEAD OF GENERAL MACARTHUR'S LEGAL SECTION, SAID THE SOVIET DEMAND WOULD "CERTAINLY BE TURNED DOWN." WASHINGTON WILL GIVE IT THE SAME CHILLY RECEPTION IT IS GETTING HERE, HE ADDED.

WILLIAM J. SEBALD, CHIEF OF MACARTHUR'S DIPLOMATIC SECTION, SAID "IT LOOKS AS THOUGH THE RUSSIANS HAVE TIPPED OVER ANOTHER SMOKE POT." MANY JAPANESE---ALL THE WAY FROM A LEADING EDITOR TO THE MAN IN THE STREET---REGARDED THE RUSSIAN MOVE AS AN ATTEMPT TO DIVERT ATTENTION FROM THE FATE OF 376,000 JAPANESE WAR PRISONERS FOR WHOM THE RUSSIANS HAVE NOT ACCOUNTED.

OTHER JAPANESE SAID THE RUSSIANS MIGHT BE TRYING TO STEAL ATTENTION FROM THE UNITED STATES' DECISION TO MANUFACTURE THE HYDROGEN BOMB.

MOST JAPANESE STILL FEEL STRONG BONDS OF DEVOTION AND RESPECT TOWARD THE IMPERIAL INSTITUTION. ANY ATTACK ON HIROHITO WOULD BE CONSIDERED AN ATTACK ON JAPAN AND THE JAPANESE PEOPLE THEMSELVES.

WHILE THE ETC, TENTH GRAF (A28WX)

FJ1018PCS

FEB 2-1950

B59 (Q IN) (220)

KX (APW)

BOSTON, FEB. 1-(AP)-FOURTEEN JAPANESE LEGISLATORS, HERE TO LEARN ABOUT DEMOCRACY, TODAY SAW THE MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE KILL A BILL WHICH WOULD HAVE MADE AUG. 14--V-J DAY--A LEGAL HOLIDAY.

IT WAS ONLY BY COINCIDENCE THAT THE MEASURE HAPPENED TO COME UP DURING THE VISIT OF THE DIET MEMBERS. THE BILL WAS FILED LAST FALL.

UNDER MASSACHUSETTS LAW, EVERY BILL FILED GETS A PUBLIC HEARING, AND THE COMMITTEE REPORT IS ACTED UPON BY BOTH BRANCHES.

IN THIS CASE THE COMMITTEE ON CONSTITUTIONAL LAW HAD REPORTED "REFERENCE TO THE NEXT ANNUAL SESSION."

ACCEPTANCE OF THAT REPORT IS TANTAMOUNT TO KILLING A BILL.

WHEN THE QUESTION OF ACCEPTING THE REPORT CAME UP, IT WAS ADOPTED ON A VOICE VOTE WITHOUT DEBATE.

EARLIER SENATE PRESIDENT HARRIS RICHARDSON (R-WINCHESTER) TOLD THE VISITORS "IT IS A PLEASURE TO COOPERATE WITH GEN.MACARTHUR." HE EXPRESSED HOPE "THAT YOU WILL PROFIT FROM YOUR VISIT WITH US AND TAKE BACK TO JAPAN A HELPFUL REPORT ON OUR GOVERNMENTAL SYSTEM UNDER WHICH THE UNITED STATES HAS BECOME THE MOST POWERFUL AND PROSPEROUS NATION IN THE WORLD."

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE JAPANESE DELEGATION, TAKESHI YAMAZAKI, THANKED THE SENATE FOR THE RECEPTION ACCORDED THE DELEGATION, AND DECLARED THAT JAPAN WAS UNDERGOING A "GREAT SOCIAL REVOLUTION, BROUGHT ABOUT BY GENERAL DOUGLAS MACARTHUR."

HE ADDED THAT THE JAPANESE "LOOK UPON GENERAL MACARTHUR AS A TYPICAL AMERICAN CITIZEN WHO HAS COME TO JAPAN TO HELP US."

JS1007PES

B50MP (Q) (BA F)
NIGHT LEAD
MINNEAPOLIS,FEB.1-(AP)-A LEADER OF THE LUTHERAN CHURCH SAYS ANY CONSIDERATION THAT MAY BE SHOWN THE CHRISTIAN CHURCH BY THE GOVERNMENT IN COMMUNIST CHINA WILL BE AN EXPEDIENT.

REPORTING TO THE NATIONAL LUTHERAN COUNCIL TODAY AS CHAIRMAN OF ITS COMMISSION ON YOUNGER CHURCHES AND ORPHANED MISSIONS, DR. FRANKLIN CLARK FRY PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH IN AMERICA DECLARED THAT "ANY MARXIST MOVEMENT IS BASICALLY ANTI-CHRISTIAN" AND THAT "CHINA IS NO EXCEPTION."

"CONSEQUENTLY, ANY CONSIDERATION THAT MAY BE SHOWN THE CHRISTIAN CHURCH WILL BE AN EXPEDIENT," HE SAID. "THE DEGREE OF EXPEDIENCY WILL DEPEND UPON THE DOMESTIC AND INTERNATIONAL PRESSURES THAT WILL IMPIGNE ON THE GOVERNMENT FROM TIME TO TIME."

HE SPOKE AT THE 32ND ANNUAL MEETING OF THE NATIONAL LUTHERAN COUNCIL.

REPORTS FROM THE FINISH, THE NORWEGIAN, THE AUGUSTANA AND THE EVANGELICAL CHURCH FIELDS, DR.FRY SAID, REVEAL INTIMIDATION OF YOUTH, SCHEDULING MARXIST INDOCTRINATION CLASSES TO COMPETE WITH WORSHIP SERVICES, CONFISCATORY TAXES AND OTHER REPRESSIVE MEASURES.

DR.FRY'S REPORT SHOWED THAT MISSIONS AND MINORITY NATIONAL CHURCHES IN ASIA AND AFRICA, HAVE RECEIVED NEARLY $4,500,000 DURING THE PAST NINE YEARS FROM LUTHERANS IN AMERICA. THIS YEAR'S BUDGET WILL BE ABOUT $750,000.

M7824PCS NM

B61CX (Q IN)
(220)
CHICAGO, FEB. 1-(AP)-THREE ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS FROM WEST GERMANY BEGAN AN INTENSIVE THREE DAY INSPECTION TODAY OF POWER FACILITIES IN THE CHICAGO AREA.

THE THREE MEN ARE LUDWIG SPENNEMANN, MAX STEGEMANN, AND FRITZ GAEDE. THEY ARE TOURING ELECTRIC INSTALLATIONS IN THE U.S. UNDER THE TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM OF THE ECONOMIC COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION.

THE THREE MEN WILL TOUR THE FOUR POWER GENERATING STATIONS IN CHICAGO OPERATED BY THE COMMONWEALTH EDISO CO. EMPHASIS OF THE TOUR HERE WILL BE ON THE MECHANICAL END OF THE GENERATION OF ELECTRIC POWER, RATHER THAN THE TRANSMISSION PHASE.

HIGH POINT OF THE TOUR IS EXPECTED TO BE THE FISKE STREET GENERATING STATION, WHERE LAST JULY A 150,000 KILOWATT GENERATOR WAS INSTALLED. IT IS THE LARGEST IN THE CHICAGO SYSTEM.

CYCLONE BURNERS ARE USED IN THE PLANT'S BOILERS, AND A NEW METHOD OF USING FUEL -- CRUSHED COAL RATHER THAN POWDERED -- WILL BE SEEN.

A SPOKESMAN FOR THE EDISON COMPANY SAID THAT THE ILLINOIS COAL USED IN THE CYCLONE BURNERS WAS OF SPECIAL INTEREST TO THE GERMAN VISITORS SINCE IT IS VERY SIMILAR TO THE KIND OF COAL USED BY GERMAN GENERATING PLANTS. THE FISKE STREET PLANT IS THE FIRST FULL SCALE PLANT TO USE THE CYCLONE BURNER, WHICH WAS DEVELOPED DURING RECENT YEARS BY THE EDISON COMPANY AND THE BABCOCK AND WILCOX COMPANY.

AFTER SEEING OTHER MIDDLE WESTERN PLANTS AND THE TVA SYSTEM AT CHATTANOOGA, THE TRIO PLAN TO RETURN TO GERMANY MARCH 25.

SZ918PCS

A68RM
VNIGHT LEAD BLANDY (300)
BY JOHN F. DAFFRON
NORFOLK, VA., FEB.1-(AP)-THE NATION'S LEADING AUTHORITY ON ATOMIC MILITARY WEAPONS SAID TONIGHT THE UNITED STATES SHOULD MAKE THE HYDROGEN-BOMB AS SOON AS POSSIBLE.

ADMIRAL W.H.P.BLANDY, WHO HEADED OPERATION CROSSROADS AT BIKINI FOR THE ATOMIC TESTS, THOUGHT A MOMENT AND ADDED:

"IT'S IMPERATIVE THAT WE BUILD THE H-BOMB."

BLANDY'S COMMENTS ON THE NEW PROPOSED SUPER ATOMIC WEAPON CAME AT A PRESS CONFERENCE THAT FOLLOWED BY A MATTER OF HOURS HIS RETIREMENT AS COMMANDER IN THE CHIEF OF THE ATLANTIC FLEET.

HE RECEIVED NEWSMEN SHORTLY BEFORE HE LEFT IN CIVILIAN CLOTHES FOR NEW YORK TO ENTER PRIVATE EMPLOYMENT. TOMORROW, BLANDY GOES TO WORK AS A CIVILIAN WITH A NEW NEW YORK FIRM, BUT HE SAID HE WAS OBLIGATED NOT TO ANNOUNCE THE NEW JOB HERE.

BLANDY NOTED THAT THE H-BOMB IS STILL IN THE THEORY STAGE, BUT SAID HE HAD COMPLETE CONFIDENCE THAT OUR SCIENTISTS COULD BUILD IT. HE DIDN'T WANT TO PREDICT ANY TIME OF DELIVERY, HOWEVER.

BLANDY YIELDED HIS FLEET COMMAND TO ADMIRAL WILLIAM M. FECHTELER ON THE HANGAR DECK OF THE CARRIER FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT THIS MORNING.

HE HAD WORDS, TOO, ON THE BATTLESHIP-CARRIER QUESTION AT HIS FINAL CONFERENCE ON THE NAVAL BASE.

HE SAID HE AGREED WITH A SUGGESTION OF CHAIRMAN CARL VINSON OF THE HOUSE MILITARY AFFAIRS COMMITTEE THAT THE MISSOURI SHOULD BE DEACTIVATED IN EXCHANGE FOR THE REACTIVATION OF A COUPLE OF "MOTHBALLED" CARRIERS.

BUT BLANDY FORESAW SOME FUTURE USEFULNESS FOR THE BATTLESHIPS IF WAR SHOULD COME IN THE NEXT THREE TO FIVE YEARS. HE SAID THEY WOULD HAVE GREAT VALUE IN NIGHT BOMBARDMENTS AS WELL AS HEAVY SUPPORT VESSELS FOR AMPHIBIOUS LANDINGS.

IN FACT, BLANDY SAID, HE FORESAW THE POSSIBILITY THAT THE CARRIER AND THE BATTLESHIP MIGHT BE MERGED INTO A SINGLE WEAPON CARRYING FIGHTER PLANES FOR DEFENSE AND BECOMING MASSIVE LAUNCHING PLATFORMS FOR GUIDED MISSILES.

UK/RV843PES

(120)
AUSTIN, TEX., FEB. 1-(AP)-A RESOLUTION "SUGGESTING" THAT PRESIDENT TRUMAN REQUEST SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN ACHESON'S RESIGNATION WAS ADOPTED TODAY BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AFTER A SHORT-LIVED FIGHT.

HOUSE ENDORSEMENT WAS BY 92-24 VOTE. REP. WOODROW BEAN OF EL PASO TRIED UNSUCCESSFULLY TO SHUNT THE RESOLUTION TO A COMMITTEE FOR STUDY.

REPS. SAM HANNA OF DALLAS AND JIM HEFLIN OF HOUSTON PRESENTED THE RESOLUTION---FIRST CONTROVERSIAL MEASURE PUT TO A VOTE IN THE HOUSE IN THE SPECIAL SESSION.

HE AND HEFLIN BASED THEIR RESOLUTION ON THE PREMISE THAT THE "SECRETARY OF STATE OF THE UNITED STATES HAS SEEN FIT TO GIVE PERSONAL COMFORT TO ONE PROVEN BEYOND DOUBT TO HAVE BETRAYED A PUBLIC TRUST."

(THE REFERENCE WAS TO ALGER HISS, RECENTLY CONVICTED OF PERJURY. ACHESON TOLD REPORTERS HE WOULD NOT TURN HIS BACK ON HISS AS A FRIEND

(THE REFERENCE WAS TO ALGER HISS, RECENTLY CONVICTED OF PERJURY. ACHESON TOLD REPORTERS HE WOULD NOT TURN HIS BACK ON HISS AS A FRIEND.)

FJ930PCS

FEB 2-1950 30.24- 8681

BOURX (Q IN) (TOP)
(260)
SECOND NIGHT LEAD BRIDGES
BY KATHERINE PINKHAM
SAN FRANCISCO, FEB. 1-(AP)-THE EXPLOSIVE HARRY BRIDGES PERJURY TRIAL ERUPTED TODAY WITH THESE RAPID FIRE DEVELOPMENTS:
A CATHOLIC PRIEST TESTIFIED THAT BRIDGES--PRESIDENT OF THE INTERNATIONAL LONGSHOREMEN'S AND WAREHOUSEMEN'S UNION---"IS NO COMMUNIST HE'S NOT A RADICAL. IN ALL MY ASSOCIATION WITH HIM AS A PRIEST," ADDED THE REV. PAUL W. MEINECKE OF EUREKA, NEV., HE WAS NOT ONLY TRUTHFUL, HONEST AND UPRIGHT, BUT MORE----"
TWO DEFENSE ATTORNEYS, AROUSED BY A QUESTION FEDERAL JUDGE GEORGE B. HARRIS PUT TO THE PRIEST, SHOUTED DEMANDS FOR A MISTRIAL, AND THAT HE DISQUALIFY HIMSELF. JUDGE HARRIS REJECTED BOTH.
THEN THE PROSECUTION CHARGED THAT SHIPPING EXECUTIVES WHO APPEARED AS CHARACTER WITNESSES FOR BRIDGES DID SO UNDER HEAVY ECONOMIC PRESSURE.
PROSECUTOR JOSEPH F. DONOHUE PRODUCED A LETTER WHICH HE SAID WAS WRITTEN BY HOWARD J. BODINE, UNION MEMBER OF A LABOR RELATIONS COMMITTEE, TO OSCAR PEARSON, PRESIDENT OF THE PACIFIC MARITIME ASSOCIATION. THE LETTER WAS DATED JAN. 26, 1950, THE DAY AND SHIPPING EXECUTIVES TESTIFIED.
THE LETTER, DONOHUE SAID, REFERRED TO A HIGHLY-PUBLICIZED LABOR AGREEMENT UNDER WHICH BRIDGES' LONGSHOREMEN HAVE BEEN WORKING THE PAST YEAR. THE PACT NEVER HAS BEEN FORMALLY RATIFIED.
FOLLOWING THE CHARACTER TESTIMONY BY THE SHIPPERS, DONOHUE SAID, THIS LETTER IN EFFECT INVITED PMA OFFICIALS TO SIGN AT THEIR EARLIEST CONVENIENCE.
DONOHUE INDICATED HE WOULD SEEK TO PROVE THE DEFENSE HELD UNION RATIFICATION OF THE AGREEMENT AS A WEAPON TO FORCE THE SHIPPERS TO TESTIFY FOR BRIDGES.
THE PROSECUTOR INDICATED HE WOULD RECALL PEARSON TOMORROW AND, THROUGH HIS TESTIMONY, INTRODUCE THE LETTER AS EVIDENCE.
THE BRAWLING HAD COME JUST BEFORE DONOHUE'S CHARGE.
BRIDGES, HEAD X X Y '8/5£ &4-! ?19KX.
FJ912PCS

B48
NIGHT LEAD COPLON-GUBITCHEV (180)
NEW YORK, FEB.1-(AP)-JUDITH COPLON'S LAWYER RAISED THE ISSUE OF PERJURY TODAY IN THE TRIAL OF THE EX-GOVERNMENT GIRL AND HER ALLEGED RUSSIAN ACCOMPLICE ON SPY CONSPIRACY CHARGES.
ARCHIBALD PALMER, THE ATTORNEY, MADE HIS REMARKS DURING TESTIMONY BY FBI AGENT T.SCOTT MILLER, JR., WHO SAID HE DID NOT KNOW MISS COPLON'S TELEPHONE WIRES WERE TAPPED.
"YOU ARE AN ATTORNEY AND YOU KNOW WHAT PERJURY IS?" PALMER DEMANDED.
"OH, STOP THAT," FEDERAL JUDGE SYLVESTER J.RYAN DIRECTED, AND PALMER DID NOT PURSUE THE MATTER.
MILLER INSISTED HE HAD NO KNOWLEDGE OF THE WIRE-TAPPING ALTHOUGH HE ADMITTED DESTROYING "SUMMARIES OF WHAT I HAD REASON TO BELIEVE WERE TELEPHONE INTERCEPTIONS."
THE DEFENSE SAYS THE GOVERNMENT'S CASE AGAINST MISS COPLON AND VALENTIN A.GUBITCHEV IS BASED ON ILLEGAL WIRE-TAPPING.
THE DEFENDANTS ARE BEING TRIED ON CHARGES OF CONSPIRING TO STEAL U.S. SECRETS FOR THE RUSSIANS.
TODAY'S OTHER FBI WITNESS, ROGER W.ROBINSON, ADDED A FEW DETAILS TO MILLER'S ACCOUNT OF THE FEB. 18, 1949, MEETING OF MISS COPLON AND GUBITCHEV ON A NEW YORK STREET.
ROBINSON SAID HE SAW MISS COPLON HOLDING HER HANDBAG, OPEN, IN HER LEFT HAND AND REACHING INTO IT WITH HER RIGHT HAND, AND SAW GUBITCHEV REACH HIS RIGHT HAND IN FRONT OF MISS COPLON.
LIKE MILLER, THE AGENT SAID HE DID NOT SEE ANYTHING PASS BETWEEN THEM.
BD858PES

A47 (NYC OUT) (180)
NEW YORK, FEB 1-(AP)-THE NEW YORK TIMES SAID TODAY THAT PRESIDENT TRUMAN HAS OFFERED THE GOVERNMENT'S TOP SCIENTIFIC JOB--CHAIRMANSHIP OF THE SEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT BOARD IN THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE--TO WILLIAM WEBSTER OF BOSTON.
WEBSTER IS A VICE-PRESIDENT OF THE NEW ENGLAND ELECTRIC SYSTEM. HE IS 49 YEARS OLD, A GRADUATE OF THE U.S. NAVAL ACADEMY AND FORMER CHAIRMAN OF THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT'S MILITARY LIAISON COMMITTEE WITH THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION.
THE TIMES REPORTED IN A WASHINGTON DISPATCH BY JAMES RESTON THAT THE POST HAD BEEN OFFERED TO WEBSTER.
WEBSTER, THE STORY SAID, "WOULD BE LARGELY RESPONSIBLE FOR PREPARING AN INTEGRATED MILITARY RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM SO THAT WEAPONS SUCH AS THE NEW HYDROGEN BOMB WOULD TAKE THEIR PROPER PLACE IN A WELL-BALANCED DEFENSE POLICY."
WORK OF THE RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT BOARD HAS BEEN SUPERVISED SINCE NOV.3, 1949, BY DR. ROBERT F. RINEHART AS DEPUTY CHAIRMAN. DR. VANNEVAR BUSH WAS CHAIRMAN FROM 1947 TO 1948. HE WAS SUCCEEDED BY DR. KARL T. COMPTON, FORMER PRESIDENT OF MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, FROM 1948 UNTIL NOV.3, 1949.
M640AES

A100 (800)
BY HOWARD W.BLAKESLEE
ASSOCIATED PRESS SCIENCE EDITOR
NEW YORK,FEB.1-(AP)-THE MAKING OF HYDROGEN, ONE OF THE NATION'S FAIR-SIZE INDUSTRIES, CAN BE TAKEN OVER BY THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT UNDER THE ATOMIC ENERGY ACT.
THE POSSIBILITY COMES FROM PRESIDENT TRUMAN'S DECISION TO MAKE HYDROGEN BOMBS, FAR MORE POWERFUL THAN PRESENT A-BOMBS.
FURTHERMORE, THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION'S REPORT TODAY REVEALS EXPERIMENTS ON THREE KINDS OF HYDROGEN, ENOUGH TO SUGGEST TO SCIENTISTS HOW TO MAKE A HYDROGEN BOMB. THE SUGGESTION IS USING THE HEAVIER FORMS OF THAT GAS.
THE ATOMIC ENERGY ACT GIVES TO THE COMMISSION CONTROL OVER ALL "FISSIONABLE MATERIAL". BOMBS MADE OF ANY OF THE THREE FORMS OF HYDROGEN, AS DESCRIBED TO DATE ARE NOT FISSIONABLE, FOR THE ATOMS DO

NOT SPLIT BUT FUSE.
BUT SECTION 5 OF THE ACT IN DEFINING "FISSIONABLE MATERIAL", AFTER ENUMERATING PLUTONIUM AND URANIUM, GOES ON TO SAY THAT "FISSIONABLE MATERIAL" ALSO IS "ANY OTHER MATERIAL WHICH THE COMMISSION DETERMINES TO BE CAPABLE OF RELEASING SUBSTANTIAL QUANTITIES OF ENERGY THROUGH NUCLEAR CHAIN REACTION OF THE MATERIAL--".
THIS BY DEFINITION INCLUDES ALL THE CURRENTLY MENTIONED PROCESSES OF USING HYDROGEN FOR BOMBS. THE LAW WAS WRITTEN THAT WAY BECAUSE OF WHAT SCIENTISTS TESTIFIED NEARLY FIVE YEARS AGO. SEVERAL OF THEM WARNED THE U.S. SENATE COMMITTEE WHICH DREW UP THE ATOMIC ENERGY ACT THAT WITHIN A FEW YEARS, WE COULD EXPECT OTHER METHODS OF GETTING ATOMIC ENERGY WOULD BE DISCOVERED.
THE LAW WAS THEN WRITTEN TO GIVE "GOVERNMENT OWNERSHIP OF ALL FISSIONABLE MATERIAL--NOW OR HEREAFTER PRODUCED." THESE MATERIALS ARE TO BE THE PROPERTY OF THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION.
WHETHER THE PORTION OF THE ACT WHICH THUS COVERS HYDROGEN WILL BE ACTIVATED DEPENDS ON SECRETS IN DEVELOPMENT OF BOMBS WHICH HAVE NOT BEEN MADE PUBLIC.
IF REAL HYDROGEN BOMBS ARE MADE, THEN ALMOST ANYONE CAN MAKE THIS "FISSIONABLE MATERIAL." IT DOES NOT REQUIRE MUCH MONEY. IT IS NOT DIFFICULT.
SOME LARGE INDUSTRIES MAKE HYDROGEN. BUT MANY SMALL ONES PRODUCE THEIR OWN HYDROGEN. AND LABORATORIES OFTEN MAKE THEIR OWN.
THERE ARE THREE STANDARD WAYS. TWO USE WATER AS THE STARTING MATERIAL. ONE OF THESE PASSES STEAM OVER HOT IRON, AND THE HYDROGEN COMES OFF SEPARATED FROM THE WATER. THE SECOND GETS HYDROGEN FROM ELECTROLYSIS OF WATER. A HIGH SCHOOL BOY COULD BUILD THE APPARATUS TO DO THIS. THE THIRD METHOD SEPARATES HYDROGEN FROM HYDROCARBON GASES BY USE OF CATALYSTS.
THE UNITED STATES IS NOW MAKING CLOSE TO THREE BILLION CUBIC FEET OF HYDROGEN MONTHLY. THAT WOULD BE, EACH MONTH, A CUBE AS HIGH, WIDE AND BROAD AS THE HEIGHT OF THE EMPIRE STATE BUILDING.
THAT WOULD BE AN ENORMOUS NUMBER OF BOMBS, IF ORDINARY HYDROGEN MAKES THEM. CURRENT REPORTS INDICATE THAT THE BOMBS MAY NOT BE MADE OF ORDINARY HYDROGEN, AND ALL THE REPORTS SAY THAT IT WILL TAKE AN ATOM BOMB TO SET OFF THE HYDROGEN BOMB.

A101
THE POSSIBILITY OF USING ORDINARY HYDROGEN CANNOT BE RULED OUT. ALL THAT CAN BE SAID IS THAT BEFORE SECRECY CLAMPED DOWN SCIENTISTS DID NOT KNOW ANY WAY TO PRODUCE A CHAIN REACTION IN ORDINARY HYDROGEN
THE FIRST MENTION OF HYDROGEN BOMBS WAS IN THE SMYTH REPORT, THE SCIENTIFIC DESCRIPTION OF THE PRINCIPLES OF A-BOMBS, WHICH WAS ISSUED THE SAME WEEK AS THE FIRST JAPANESE BOMBS AND WHICH IS THE BIBLE OF ATOMIC ENERGY.
"THE USE OF DEUTERIUM IN BOMBS," SMYTH WROTE, "SEEMS AT PRESENT TO BE AN EXTREMELY REMOTE POSSIBILITY."
DEUTERIUM IS HYDROGEN OF DOUBLE WEIGHT. IT IS USED TO MAKE HEAVY WATER. DEUTERIUM HAS BEEN MORE MENTIONED THAN ANY OTHER FORM OF HYDROGEN IN UNOFFICIAL DISCUSSIONS OF BOMB POSSIBILITIES. HYDROGEN, DEUTERIUM AND TRITIUM, 5£3)-5534 '58)) -,95£34 !94. 9! £6$49&3,, ITS WEIGHT TRIPLE ORDINARY HYDROGEN, WERE NAMED IN THE U.S. ATOMIC

DEUTERIUM AND TRITIUM, THE LATTER STILL ANOTHER FORM OF HYDROGEN, ITS WEIGHT TRIPLE ORDINARY HYDROGEN, WERE NAMED IN THE U.S. ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT YESTERDAY AS UNDER LABORATORY INVESTIGATION FOR ATOMIC ENERGY.
IF DEUTERIUM IS USED INSTEAD OF ORDINARY HYDROGEN, THE AMERICAN INDUSTRY IS NOT APT TO BE AFFECTED. HEAVY WATER IS NOT USED IN INDUSTRY. THIS WATER IS USED IN ONE OF THE ATOMIC
PILES AT THE ARGONNE LABORATORY, CHICAGO. IT IS USED IN
LABORATORIES FOR BIOLOGICAL WORK.
DEUTERIUM IS MADE USUALLY BY COLLECTING THE WATER LEFT OVER IN CELLS IN WHICH HYDROGEN IS MADE BY THE ELECTROLYTIC PROCESS. IN THESE CELLS THE DEUTERIUM IS SLIGHTLY GREATER THAN NORMAL. A FURTHER LONG, TEDIUS ELECTRICAL PROCESS EXTRACTS THE DEUTERIUM. THIS KIND OF HYDROGEN EXISTS IN MINUTE AMOUNTS IN ALL ORDINARY HYDROGEN.
TRITIUM ALSO EXISTS NATURALLY, BUT IN ALMOST INFINITESIMAN AMOUNTS. A LITTLE TRITIUM IS PRODUCED IN THE AIR BY COSMIC RAYS.
THIS TRIPLE WEIGHT HYDROGEN HAS BEEN MADE FOR SEVERAL YEARS AT THE ARGONNE LABORATORY IN CHICAGO. IT HAS BEEN REPORTED OFFICIALLY FROM THERE PRINCIPALLY AS A SOURCE OF A RARE FORM OF HELIUM, KNOWN AS HELIUM THREE. THE TRITIUM SPONTANEOUSLY TURNS INTO THE HELIUM, BUT THIS CHANGE DOES NOT RELEASE MUCH ENERGY.
THE COMMISSION'S REPORT REVEALS A NUMBER OF EXPERIMENTS USING HYDROGEN, DEUTERIUM AND HELIUM THREE, AND THESE BRING THE ADDED POSSIBILITY THAT TRITIUM MAY BE A KEY SUBSTANCE IN PRESENT PLANS FOR A HYDROGEN BOMB.
BJ1023AES

A111 NYC OUT (430)
(ADVANCE FOR USE AT 6 P.M., EASTERN STANDARD TIME, THURSDAY, FEB. 2: PUBLICATION RESTRICTED BY LIFE MAGAZINE TO THE CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES AND POSSESSIONS)
(ADVANCE)-NEW YORK, FEB. 2-(AP)-WINSTON CHURCHILL SAYS FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT PROMISED, 11 MONTHS BEFORE PEARL HARBOR, TO HELP BRITAIN WIN THE WAR "AT ALL COSTS AND BY ALL MEANS."
IN THE LATEST INSTALLMENT OF HIS WAR MEMOIRS, CHURCHILL QUOTES HARRY HOPKINS AS TELLING HIM WHEN THEY FIRST MET IN ENGLAND ON JAN. 11, 1941:
"THE PRESIDENT IS DETERMINED THAT WE SHALL WIN THE WAR TOGETHER XXX HE HAS SENT ME HERE TO TEL YOU THAT AT ALL COSTS AND BY ALL MEANS HE WILL CARRY YOU THROUGH, NO MATTER WHAT HAPPENS TO HIM."
BY THE SPRING OF THAT YEAR, WITH THE PASSAGE OF THE LEND-LEASE BILL, BRITAIN'S WAR LEADER SAYS THE UNITED STATES WAS MOVING EVER NEARER TO WAR, AND ROOSEVELT'S "POWERFUL INTERVENTION SOON BECAME DECISIVE."
VOLUME III, "THE GRAND ALLIANCE," OF CHURCHILL'S PERSONAL HISTORY OF THE WAR IS APPEARING SERIALLY IN LIFE MAGAZINE AND THE NEW YORK TIMES.
IN IT, CHURCHILL PRAISES HOPKINS AS "A TRUE LEADER OF MEN" WHO PLAYED A SOMETIMES DECISIVE ROLE IN THE WAR AND WAS FOR SEVERAL YEARS "THE MAIN PROP AND ANIMATOR OF ROOSEVELT HIMSELF."
"HIS WAS A SOUL THAT FLAMED OUT OF A FRAIL AND FAILING BODY," IS CHURCHILL'S VERDICT ON THE PRESIDENT'S PERSONAL ENVOY.
CHURCHILL RECALLS THAT HE ASKED ROOSEVELT AFTER THE FALL OF GREECE FOR DIRECT ENTRY BY THE U.S. INTO THE WAR.
WHILE THIS DID NOT IMMEDIATELY COME ABOUT, CHURCHILL RECORDS:
"NOW IN THIS GROWING TENSION THE PRESIDENT, ACTING WITH ALL THE POWERS ACCORDED TO HIM AS COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF OF THE ARMED FORCES AND ENSHRINED IN THE AMERICAN CONSTITUTION, BEGAN TO GIVE US ARMED AID."
LEND-LEASE, COMING WHEN THE WAR AGAINST U-BOATS WAS AT ITS HEIGHT, CHURCHILL DESCRIBES AS BOTH A COMFORT AND A SPUR: "THE STUFF WAS COMING. IT WAS FOR US TO GET IT OVER."
CHURCHILL RECALLS THAT HE WAS WATCHING A MARX BROTHERS MOVIE WHEN THE NEWS CAME THAT RUDOLF HESS, ADOLF HITLER'S RIGHT-HAND MAN, HAD PARACHUTED INTO SCOTLAND ON A FANTASTIC ONE-MAN "PEACE MISSION."
STERNLY, CHURCHILL REGISTERS DISAPPROVAL OF THE LIFE SENTENCE ULTIMATELY IMPOSED ON HESS AS A WAR CRIMINAL.
HESS, HE SAYS, ATONED FOR HIS GUILT BY "HIS COMPLETELY FANTASTIC DEED OF LUNATIC BENEVOLENCE" IN FLYING TO SCOTLAND, AND BESIDES:
"HE WAS A MEDICAL AND NOT A CRIMINAL CASE, AND SHOULD BE SO REGARDED."
more

30.24- 8683

A112

CHURCHILL REVEALS THAT JOSEF STALIN REGARDED HESS' FLIGHT AS A PART OF AN ANGLO-GERMAN PLOT TO INVADE RUSSIA, AND THAT STALIN--LATER MEETING CHURCHILL IN MOSCOW--REFUSED TO BELIEVE CHURCHILL'S DENIAL.

"WHEN I MAKE A STATEMENT OF FACTS WITHIN MY KNOWLEDGE, I EXPECT IT TO BE ACCEPTED," CHURCHILL ASSERTED.

BUT STALIN, SAYS CHURCHILL, REPLIED WITH A GRIN: "THERE ARE LOTS OF THINGS THAT HAPPEN EVEN HERE IN RUSSIA WHICH OUR SECRET SERVICE DO NOT NECESSARILY TELL ME ABOUT."

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 6 P.M. EASTERN STANDARD TIME, THURSDAY, FEB. 2, PUBLICATION RESTRICTED BY LIFE MAGAZINE TO CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES AND POSSESSIONS.--SENT FEB. 1)

RP1114PES

A14[illegible]

SOVIET BOYCOTT

LAKE SUCCESS, FEB.1-(AP)-POLAND PUT A DELEGATE BACK INTO CIRCULATION IN THE UNITED NATIONS TODAY WITH THE APPARENT AIM OF EMPHASIZING THAT THE SOVIET BLOC WILL ATTEND MEETINGS WHERE NO NATIONALIST CHINESE ARE PRESENT.

SINCE JAN. 10, THE RUSSIANS AND THEIR SATELLITES HAVE WALKED OUT OF OR STAYED AWAY FROM 11 U.N. MEETINGS IN A GENERAL BOYCOTT RATHER THAN SIT WITH THE DELEGATES OF GENERALISSIMO CHIANG KAI-SHEK.

POLAND'S RETURN TODAY SERVED AS THE FIRST TEST ON WHETHER THE IRON CURTAIN COUNTRIES WOULD BE REPRESENTED IN A MEETING WHERE THE CHINESE QUESTION WAS NOT AN IMMEDIATE ISSUE ALTHOUGH THE NATIONALISTS CONTINUE AS THE GENERALLY RECOGNIZED DELEGATES OF CHINA HERE.

STEFAN BORATYNSKI, POLISH ADVISER WHO HAD WALKED OUT ON OTHER MEETINGS THE CHINESE ATTENDED, TURNED OUT FOR THE FIRST 1950 SESSION OF THE AGENDA COMMITTEE OF THE 18-NATION ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL. NATIONALIST CHINA IS NOT ON THE COMMITTEE. IT IS MADE UP OF POLAND, BELGIUM, BRAZIL, AUSTRALIA AND INDIA, THE COUNTRIES CHOSEN BY THE COUNCIL TO ARRANGE THE ORDER OF BUSINESS FOR THE WINTER SESSION OPENING HERE FEB.7.

RP1255PES

A151 (150)

LAKE SUCCESS, FEB. 1-(AP)-THE UNITED NATIONS MADE PUBLIC TODAY A FIVE-POWER LETTER BLAMING THE SOVIET UNION FOR DISRUPTING SECRET TALKS ON ATOMIC ENERGY CONTROL.

THE LETTER WAS SENT TO ALL 59 UNITED NATIONS, INCLUDING RUSSIA. IT IS THE FORMAL FOLLOWUP OF A DECISION BY THE UNITED STATES, FRANCE, CHINA, BRITAIN AND CANADA TO TELL WHY THE ATOMIC TALKS WERE INTERRUPTED.

JAKOB A.MALIK, SOVIET DEPUTY FOREIGN MINISTER, WALKED OUT OF THE SECRET MEETING JAN. 19 WHEN THE OTHER FIVE REFUSED TO OUST THE NATIONALIST CHINA REPRESENTATIVE. THERE IS NO SIGN AS TO WHEN HE WILL RETURN.

DELEGATES OF THE FIVE POWERS SAID IN THE LETTER THEY BELIEVED THE MEMBERS OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY "WILL BE ANXIOUSLY CONCERNED THAT THESE IMPORTANT AND SERIOUS CONSULTATIONS HAVE BEEN INTERRUPTED IN CONSEQUENCE OF THE POSITION TAKEN BY THE REPRESENTATIVE OF THE SOVIET UNION."

THE RECORD OF THE MEETING SHOWS THAT THE FIVE MEMBERS DECIDED TO CONSULT INFORMALLY UNTIL THE TALKS ARE RESUMED ON A SIX-POWER BASIS.

RP110PES

FEB 2-1950

B28

KX (APW) (120)

LAKE SUCCESS--1ST ADD NIGHT LEAD U.N. (TOP AYE) X X X BE KNOWN.

THE UNITED STATES, FRANCE AND CUBA VOTED AGAINST THE RUSSIANS ON THIS SCORE AND THERE IS NO INDICATION THEY WILL RECOGNIZE THE PEIPING REDS SOON.

BRITAIN AND NORWAY HAVE RECOGNIZED THE RED GOVERNMENT BUT HAVE CONTENDED IT IS TOO EARLY TO BRING UP THE QUESTION IN THE SECURITY COUNCIL. THEY HAVE ARGUED THE COUNCIL SHOULD WAIT UNTIL A MAJORITY OF THE 59 U.N. MEMBERS RECOGNIZE PEIPING.

BORATYNSKI RAISED THE FAREASTERN SITUATION IN THE AGENDA COMMITTEE BY DEMANDING THAT IT BAR DISCUSSION OF SOUTHERN KOREA'S APPLICATION FOR MEMBERSHIP IN THE UNITED NATIONS EDUCATIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL ORGANIZATION (UNESCO).

THE COMMITTEE REJECTED HIS PROPOSAL 3 VOTES TO ONE. TWO DELEGATES SAID THE COMMITTEE, CALLED TO ARRANGE THE ORDER OF BUSINESS FOR THE COUNCIL'S WINTER MEETING, WAS NOT CONSIDERING THE LEGALITY OF THE KOREAN GOVERNMENT.

RP711PES

End of Feb. 1, 1950

FEB 3-1950 30.24- 8685

BRITISH, FRENCH CONFER TODAY ON INDOCHINA SETUP

LONDON, Feb. 2 (AP)—Concern over Russian recognition of Indochina revolutionaries will bring the British and French foreign ministers together tomorrow at a conference in Paris.

British Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin, en route home from the Ceylon conference of commonwealth foreign ministers, will stop in Paris to confer with Robert Schuman, the French foreign minister.

Informed officials here said Bevin will get a complete fill-in on the Franco-Soviet row over Russian recognition of the rebel Vietnam Guerrilla movement led by Moscow trained Ho Chi-Minh.

French Back Bao Dai

The French are supporting the Saigon government of former Emperor Bao Dai, which has been granted some self-rule.

Britain intends to recognize Bao Dai's regime on a de facto basis within a week. She is withholding full diplomatic—or de jure—recognition until she is satisfied the Saigon government can defend itself against the pressure of Ho Chi-Minh's movement. The United States also is expected to recognize Bao Dai.

France renewed today, her protest to Russia against Soviet recognition of Ho Chi-Minh.

A French note to Russia stating that this Soviet recognition might "gravely impair" Franco-Russian relations drew diplomatic rebuffs.

The Soviet ambassador, Alexander Bogomolov, first sent the note back to the foreign office in its original envelope and said Russia "could not consider receiving such a note." Next he refused to come to the foreign office because he was "too tired," a French spokesman said.

Got Dressing Down

Finally, Bogomolov showed up this morning. He stayed six minutes. Sources close to the foreign office said he got a "terrific dressing down" from acting Foreign Minister Pierre Schneiter.

Czechoslovakia followed the lead of Russia and communist China and recognized Ho Chi-Minh today. It is presumed that other Russian satellites will fall in line.

There is speculation in Paris that Moscow's recognition of the guerrilla government might have resulted from a deal between the Kremlin and Mao Tze-Tung, Chinese Red leader. Such a deal, it is reasoned, would open the way for Moscow to support a possible Chinese communist drive through southeast Asia in return for a Russian hold on Manchuria, which the Kremlin is known to covet.

Britons Hoping H-Bomb Will Bring Curbs

London, Feb. 2 (AP)—The British press expressed hope today that the hydrogen bomb may shock the world into atomic disarmament.

In Berlin a Soviet-licensed newspaper called the H-bomb a "big bluff" and said the United States will have no monopoly over it.

Newspapers of all political leanings in Britain agreed that the threat of the new horror weapon must cause new soul-searching in capitals of both the free West and the Communist East.

The independent London *Times* said: "It is the inescapable duty of the Western powers at least to seek agreement with Soviet Russia on atomic control, however remote the possibilities must appear.

Secrecy Bans Accord

"The Russians must be told frankly that their mania for secrecy makes it almost impossible for any democratic government to resist pressure for more powerful weapons. . . . Only a system of international control could put an end to this fearful competition."

The Conservative *Daily Telegraph* saw a chance that there will be a change of heart on the part of the Kremlin before it is too late.

"Look, for example, at the change in temper between Napoleonic France and France today," the *Telegraph* said. "Russia may change, too."

The tabloid *Daily Mirror*, which supports the Labor Government, declared that "the H-bomb is the answer to nothing. . . . The dangers of an arms race must be as clear in Moscow as in Washington.

No Kremlin Peace Offer

"No real contribution toward settlement has ever come from the Kremlin. There has not been realism, but only cynicism and a seeking of propaganda advantages. When there is sincerity in Moscow the rest of the world will listen."

The Communist London *Daily Worker* headed its editorial: "It (the H-bomb) Must Be Banned," and plumped for the Soviet plan for atomic controls which the West has rejected on the basis that it does not provide for fool-proof international inspection.

In Berlin, the Soviet-licensed *Neues Deutschland* charged that President Truman "and his clique have only one aim—war.

"The threat of the hydrogen bomb is nothing but a big bluff. As the atom bomb never was a monopoly of the United States there will never be any American monopoly of any other weapon."

Wants MacArthur to Act

LONDON, Feb. 2 (AP)—The Soviet Union has proposed that Gen. Douglas MacArthur appoint an international court to try Emperor Hirohito on a charge of instigating Japanese germ warfare. Russia also proposed that three former Japanese generals be tried on charges of waging such warfare on Russia, China and Outer Mongolia and preparing to wage it on the United States, Britain and other countries.

The Soviet news agency Tass published the note today and said copies had gone to the United States, Britain, Communist China, Australia, Burma, Canada, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Pakistan and France.

The list takes in members of the Far Eastern Commission except Russia herself, the Philippines and Nationalist China. Omission of the Philippines was not explained.

Russia branded Hirohito the No. 1 planner of Japanese germ warfare.

By treaty the Far Eastern Commission is supposed to oversee General MacArthur's job as Supreme Commander of the Allied powers in Occupied Japan.

The note recalled that the Geneva protocol of June 17, 1925, made the use of bacteria a violation of the rules and customs of war. The Far Eastern Commission on April 3, 1946, classed such violations as war crimes.

[The gist of the note was released Wednesday in Washington. The State Department said Thursday it had not completed translating the text.]

Russia charged that the Emperor, the Ministry of War and the General Staff of Japan, in the 1930's and 1940's, had planned bacteriological war against Russia China, the Mongolian People's Republic (Outer Mongolia), "troops of the United States and other states."

The Japanese Army, it continued, actually waged such warfare on the former three countries between 1939 and 1942, killing more than 3,000 persons in experiments with germs started with typhus epidemics in China.

The document noted that a Soviet court in Khabarovsk, Siberia, Dec. 30 had sentenced twelve former Japanese generals to prison for germ warfare.

French Parliament Votes Recognition Of Bao Dai

Paris, Feb. 2 (AP)—The way was cleared today for the Western Powers to recognize the French-sponsored Viet Nam Government of former Emperor Bao Dai in Indo-China.

Ratification of an accord giving Bao Dai's regime limited sovereignty was overwhelmingly voted in the Council of the Republic—the upper house of the French Parliament. The lower house—National Assembly—passed it last week.

Thus Bao Dai's Government is given a large measure of control over domestic affairs and minor representation in foreign relations.

It paves the way for Britain and the United States to give their formal recognition as a counter to Russian recognition two days ago of the rebel Viet Nam regime of Moscow-trained Ho Chi-minh.

Russian Envoy Calls

In connection with the surprise Soviet move and France's formal protest, Russian Ambassador Alexander Bogomolov today paid a six-minute call at the French Foreign Ministry.

He had been invited after he quickly rejected France's protest note yesterday saying "the Government of the U.S.S.R. does not consider it possible to receive such a note."

The French note contained a sharp warning that Russia's recognition of the guerrilla regime of Ho would "gravely impair Franco-Soviet relations."

In his interview with Bogomolov today, Pierre Schneiter, Acting Foreign Minister, renewed in strong terms the French protest.

"Very Serious" Results

A Foreign Office communiqué said Schneiter told the Russian Ambassador "of the very serious consequences the Moscow initiative would have on Franco-Soviet relations."

The Western powers, with Britain and the United States in the lead, have indicated that they were waiting only for France to legalize fully the Bao Dai regime so they could recognize it.

Britain announced that she would offer recognition within a week and said the United States could be expected to follow suit almost immediately. Other Western and several Asiatic powers are expected then to offer their recognition.

Under the Franco-Indo-Chinese accord, France also pledges to support Viet Nam's application for admission to the United Nations.

Italy Speeds Mandate On Somaliland

Rome, Feb. 2 (AP)—The Chamber of Deputies voted overwhelmingly today to speed action on enabling legislation that will permit Italy to assume her United Nations mandate over Somaliland, possibly in the next two weeks.

A request by Carlo Sforza, Foreign Minister, that the mandate question be considered on an urgent basis was approved 259 to 178. Communists and pro-Communist Socialists opposed the Government's program on constitutional grounds.

An agreement giving Italy control over her former colony on the east coast of Africa for ten years was approved January 27 by the United Nations Trusteeship Council in Geneva.

To Take Over From British

The Government wants immediate legislative action so that Italian administrative and military forces can reach the colony before the monsoon season sets in. They must leave before next Tuesday to arrive in Somaliland before the adverse weather begins. The Italians will take over from British occupation forces.

Under Sforza's motion, the Foreign Affairs Committee began consideration of the legislation at once. Approval of the motion was the first test won by Premier Alcide de Gasperi's new government.

Italy first occupied part of the territory of Somaliland in 1891. She had obtained commercial advantages there earlier in the Nineteenth Century. She lost the colony as a result of her defeat in World War II. British troops occupied Somaliland, as they did Ethiopia in 1941.

To Become Independent

The Geneva agreement is designed to assure the African territory a path to statehood. At the end of the decade, Somaliland is to become independent.

The imminent return of Italian trusteeship has created a war scare in neighboring Ethiopia and has put that country on a military preparedness basis, it was reported from Cairo last Sunday.

Anti-Italian feeling is still strong in Ethiopia as a result of Mussolini's invasion and occupation in 1934.

De Gasperi Wins On Somaliland Vote

Rome, Feb. 2 (AP)—Premier Alcide de Gasperi's new Government won its first test in Parliament today. The Chamber of Deputies voted 259 to 178 to consider legislation approving Italy's United Nations mandate over Somaliland.

Communists and pro-Communist Socialists led the opposition. The Government wants immediate parliamentary action so that Italian administrative and military forces can arrive at the African colony before monsoon weather strikes.

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Germany Unity Drive Set By Berlin Reds

Berlin, Feb. 2 (AP)—East German Communists summoned a special committee to Berlin today to plan a spring campaign advocating a united Germany—Communist pattern.

The plan calls for the extension of the East Communists "National Front" political campaign to West Germany. A "central leadership" will be formed at an executive meeting in the Soviet sector tomorrow to direct the campaign.

See Soviet Motives

Allied officials have been awaiting the impact of such a political drive for months. They hold the view the Russians are behind it and it has two major objectives:

1. Making Berlin an all-Russian controlled city by driving out the Western powers.

2. Giving the Communist-controlled East German Government a voice in the workshops of the industrial Ruhr in West Germany.

Catchword of the Communists is the slogan "A United Germany." This will be emblazoned on banners in stage-managed rallies demanding an all-German conference in the name of unity.

West Berlin A Target

Top Communists in the Socialist Unity party (SED), trade unions, Youth League, Women's League and other affiliated organizations will be charged with steaming up the public. West Berlin will be a particular target.

While Communist speech-makers preached unity, their East German Government still resisted any act of co-operation with West Berlin authorities in administering this divided city.

The latest example of aloofness came when the East sector announced it would print its own telephone book this month. The three western sectors had planned a new all-Berlin directory.

EAST GERMANS ORDERED TO SEIZE SCRAP METAL

BERLIN, Feb. 2 — (AP) The East German government today ordered seizure of all scrap metal in the Soviet occupation zone.

The government decreed that dealings in such materials are reserved for the state-owned scrap company. It warned that illegal scrap trading will be severely punished.

The government's action underlined once more the critical shortage of ferrous and non-ferrous metals in the east zone's economy.

East Berlin Replaces Its Missing Police Chief

Berlin, Feb. 2 (AP)—East Berlin's Communist city government named a new police chief today to succeed the missing Paul Markgraf.

Waldemar Schmidt, 40-year-old Communist, who spent ten years in a Nazi concentration camp, is the new head of the force that polices the Soviet sector. About 1,000,000 of Berlin's 3,000,000 inhabitants live in that sector.

Schmidt and his deputy, Richard Gypner, declared both the quality and numbers of the police will be increased.

Schmidt said this force would have three tasks:

1. Protect the security of the East German Government.

2. Strengthen friendship with the Soviet Union.

3. Advance the cause of the Communist National Front.

Markgraf, 39, has been reported in political disgrace since his disappearance almost six months ago. Reports persist in the West that he has been purged.

NEW BLOCKADE EXCUSE FOUND

Russians Object To Forms Issued By West Germans

Helmstedt, Germany, Feb. 2 (AP). Russian guards found a brand new reason tonight for turning back truckers bound from West Germany to Berlin—and they used it.

West German authorities had issued new cargo papers.

Though customs officials said the printing form was the only thing changed, the guards refused to recognize the papers as valid. The trucks were sent back, just as others have been rejected in the last twelve days for such matters as a documentary typing error.

Await Instructions

West German officials took up the matter with East German police. They said the guards were waiting for instructions from "higher up" on what to do, but the answer probably would not be received before tomorrow.

The old and new cargo papers, the officials said, are exactly the same except for the form, with nothing added or omitted.

About 100 trucks were lined up here tonight awaiting clearance to Berlin. The Russian guards handled from six to eight an hour.

Most of the trucks had been on the road long enough to have the old cargo papers, which the Russians continued to acknowledge.

SENTENCES OF 3 NAZIS CUT

Von Weizsaecker's 7 Years Reduced to 5—Two Freed

FRANKFORT, Germany, Feb. 2 (AP)—Three high German officials convicted in the last of the Nuremberg war crimes trials have won a reduction of their sentences, the United States High Commission reported today.

The seven-year sentence of Baron Ernest von Weizsaecker, onetime secretary of the Foreign Office and later German Ambassador to the Vatican, was reduced to five years. He was not jailed until July 25, 1947, and is not eligible for release now.

The other two, who were released last Saturday from Landsberg Prison, are Gustav Adolf Steengracht von Moyland, state secretary of the German Foreign Office from 1943 to 1945, and Ernest Woermann, former chief of the political division of the Foreign Office and later German Ambassador to Nanking.

Their sentences were reduced from seven to five years and they were given additional credit for good behavior while in prison.

Nazis' Pardons To Be Probed

Stuttgart, Germany, Feb. 2 (AP)—The Parliament of Wuerttemberg-Baden voted today to investigate 10,000 pardons and commutations given convicted Nazis by Reinhold Maier, the state's Minister-President (governor).

YUGOS DENOUNCE BULGAR 'SPY BANDS'

BELGRADE, Yugoslavia, Feb. 2 — (AP) Yugoslavia today warned neighboring Bulgaria against pursuing its alleged policy of sending into this country terroristic and spy bands as part of the Russian-led cominform plot to overthrow Marshal Tito's government.

The note, just a step short of an ultimatum, was delivered by the Yugoslav foreign ministry here to Bulgarian embassy. It was expressed in extremely stiff terms.

Strong Protest

At one point the note said Yugoslavia protests "most energetically to the government of Bulgaria against organizing terroristic and subversive bands by the Bulgarian state officials and against their action in smuggling them into the territory of Yugoslavia in an effort to promote aggressive intentions x x x."

It "demanded" that the Bulgarian government "immediately stop such hostile activity."

The note said the ministry of foreign affairs of Yugoslavia, on orders from the government, "seriously warns the Bulgarian government of all the consequences which can result from its actions for which full and exclusive responsibility will be borne by the Bulgarian government."

Cities 'Low Job'

The communication cited details of the "low job" it said had been organized by the Bulgarians in their attempt to create unrest and unseat Tito's government since adoption of the Cominform's anti-Tito resolution more than a year and a half ago.

"These hostile acts of the Bulgarian government," it contiinued, "are a part of the general plans directed from the same center (an obvious reference to Russia) against the freedom and independence of Yugoslavia x x x (and) present a danger to the national peace and security in this part of the world."

2 HUNGARIAN KULAKS DIE

Executed After Confessing to Murder of Communist Official

BUDAPEST, Hungary, Feb. 2 (AP)—Two kulaks (prosperous farmers) were sentenced to death by a court-martial today and then executed after having confessed to the murder of a local offical of the Hungarian Workers (Communist) party.

A third kulak among five defendants also was sentenced to death but appealed to the Presidential Council. The other two were sentenced to life imprisonment. The trial was at Szeged, near the Yugoslav border.

Executed were Istvan Dobo, alleged ringleader of a gang that the Government charged had received their orders from a Yugoslav secret police officer, and Antal Csaszar.

Absentees Clog Czech Mines

Prague, Czechoslovakia, Feb. 2 (AP)—The newspaper *Prace*, organ of the Czech trade unions, said today coal production here has fallen far below expectation because of widespread absenteeism.

Arrest of Cleric Reported

BELGRADE, Yugoslavia, Feb. 2 (AP)—Roman Catholic officials reported today the arrest by Yugoslav authorities of The Rev. Janez Janko, Vicar General of the Belgrade Diocese. The officials said his arrest had taken place about six weeks ago. The Ministry of Information said it had no knowledge of the case but promised to make inquiries.

Greek Asks Aid: 12 Electric Chairs

Athens, Feb. 2 (AP)—Retired Gen. Theodorus Pangalos, dictator of Greece in 1925-26, said tonight Marshall-plan aid for Greece should include twelve electric chairs.

Pangalos, who in 1926 hanged the Salonika chief of police and two other men before 150,000 persons for embezzlement of public funds, said the chairs should be used to execute profiteers who he declared are sabotaging Greek recovery.

CHINESE CHARGE RED ARMY FORCES ARE IN INDOCHINA

TAIPEI, Formosa, Feb. 2 (AP)—A formal charge that Chinese communist troops have entered Indochina was made today by the Chinese Nationalist defense ministry.

The Nationalists' central news agency has reported this twice, and the French have denied it both times.

In its statement making the assertion official, the defense ministry said the intruders belonged to the Red 45th army, part of Gen. Lin Piao's forces. It said they had reached the vicinities of Caobang and Langson, 15 and nine miles inside Indochina.

Massed on Border

The defense ministry said Lin Piao also had massed his 38th army on the border and that his purpose was to help the guerrilla forces of Ho Chi-Minh. The central news agency said "thousands" of Chinese Reds already had been incorporated into Ho's forces.

Ho's socalled "Vietnam republic", in rebellion against the French, has been officially recognized by Russia and the Chinese communists.

Independent confirmation of the Chinese Nationalists' allegations is impossible, but they seem to have convinced themselves that they are correct.

4,000 Slain

(In Bangkok, Thailand, Ho Chi-Minh's "news service" reported that his forces in the past two weeks had killed 4,000 of 20,000 Chinese Nationalist soldiers fleeing into Indochina near Caobang. Following the communist propaganda line, this report asserted the Nationalists were fleeing under French fighter plane cover.

(The French insist they are scrupulously interning all Nationalists who enter Indochina and are not assisting or using them in any way. Only Wednesday a dispatch from the Nationalist island of Hainan said the French had turned a cold shoulder to Nationalist requests for repatriation of 25,000 interned troops and permission for another 30,000 to escape through Indochina.)

In addition to the statement

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about Indochina, the Nationalists reported their planes had sunk another 60 Red junks assembled for an assault on Hainan. Naval forces were credited with sinking eight large junks in the same area and also with a bombardment of Chingtang, a communist island in the Chusan group 100 miles south of Shanghai.

CHINESE REDS ACCUSED

Formosa Says Peiping's Troops Have Entered Indo-China

TAIPEI, Formosa, Feb. 2 (AP)—A formal charge that Chinese Communist troops had entered Indo-China was made today by the Chinese Nationalist Defense Ministry.

The Nationalists' Central News Agency has reported this twice, and the French have denied it both times.

The Defense Ministry said that troops of the Communist Forty-fifth Army, part of Gen. Lin Piao's forces, had reached the vicinities of Caobang and Langson, fifteen and nine miles inside Indo-China.

at Peiping.

The Chinese Communists recognized Ho before Moscow did. And they did it after Chinese leader Mao Tze-tung and his Foreign Minister, Chou En lai were in Moscow.

Lui More Popular

In fact, it looks as if pro-Russian Lui Shao-chi, the No. 3 Communist who has been running things in Peiping while Mao is away, took it upon himself to recognize Ho.

Lui probably is a good deal more popular with Moscow just now than Mao and Chou. Mao and Chou seem to be asking too much and offering too little to satisfy the rulers of the Kremlin.

In brief, Moscow may be abetting Lui Shao-chi in a round-about grab for more power in Peiping.

In any case, the Soviet recognition of Ho Chi-minh has brought some feeling of relief in Hong Kong.

Showdown Feared

Some people thought what they consider an inevitable showdown in the Far East might take place in Hong Kong. This colony lies on the flank of a natural Communist route into southeast Asia. They believe Hong Kong now will be bypassed, at least for awhile.

The Russian recognition of Ho's regime throws the Communist expansion-in-Asia question into the international arena.

The hands-off policy that applied for so long in China's civil war does not apply to the territory now threatened.

The territory is not Chinese. It is a French colony in which a French-sponsored National Government has been set up.

The agreement, approved in the Council of the Republic by a vote of 294 to 20, also recognizes the Indo-Chinese kingdoms of Cambodia and Laos. Cambodia has 3,000,000 people headed by King Norodom Sihanouk and Laos has 1,000,000 headed by King Sisavang Vong.

Soviet Indo-China Move, Rice For China Linked

By Fred Hampson

Hong Kong, Feb. 2 (AP)—Russia's recognition of Rebel Ho Chi-minh of Indo-China may be a bid to get that country's rice for a hungry Communist China.

That is the view of some of the most competent observers in this British crown colony.

Why instead, did not Moscow just let the Chinese Communists do all the recognizing of Russian-trained Ho, leaving the Soviets in the clear in case the venture failed?

Possibly Alternative

These observers believe at least part of the answer may be that Russia cannot supply the food China reportedly has been asking in the protracted Chinese-Russian talks in Moscow.

They think Russia has agreed to help Communist China take over rice-rich Indo-China as an alternative.

Some observers also see an outside chance that the Chinese Communist recognition of Ho reflects a conflict within the Red heirarchy

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Peak-Strength Asiatic Fleet Promised

Map on Page 2.

Tokyo, Feb. 2 (AP)—Admiral Forrest P. Sherman said today that the American Far Eastern Fleet will be kept at maximum strength in the face of expanding Soviet submarine power in Asia.

At the same time, Gen. Omar Bradley, chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, and Air General Hoyt S. Vandenberg said they knew of no plan to strengthen land and air forces in the western Pacific.

Admiral Sherman's statement came at the end of a second day for the visiting Joint Chiefs of Staff. During the visit they have been told the United States should keep its $600,000,000 naval base at Yokosuka for an indefinite period.

Reds' Pacific Sub Strength

Admiral Sherman told correspondents that Russia has between 270 and 280 submarines in commission and that about one fourth of these are in the Pacific, he said.

Earlier he said the Navy would keep the 7th Task Fleet in Asiatic waters "as long as we can." He added that the Navy might make some small additions in the Pacific and would reorganize its forces to keep some cruisers and at least two aircraft carriers, instead of one, in Pacific waters.

The Bradley-Vandenberg statement did not imply a flat rejection of recommendations made yesterday by General MacArthur's top commanders for increased strength to hold the Asiatic line.

Not Reaching Conclusions

General Bradley said the joint chiefs were here not to reach conclusions, but to gather additional information and first-hand impressions.

It was understood generally that the three visiting commanders—General Bradley, Army General J. Lawton Collins and Admiral Sherman—who toured the Yokosuka naval base yesterday, today returned with a conviction that the base should remain indefinitely in American hands. General Vandenberg did not make the 40-mile trip to Yokosuka.

Rear Admiral Benton W. Decker, commander and engineer of Yokosuka's revitalization, stressed its importance as a supply center, repair base and home port for combat units.

Praises Base

Admiral Sherman termed it the best American base "in this part of the world."

General Bradley showed interest, too.

"I wouldn't have missed this," he said after inspecting Yokosuka.

General Collins did not comment and General Vandenberg remained in Tokyo to inspect air force establishments around that area.

Naval officers plugged for their air arm to take over Atsugi airbase near Yokosuka to augment the naval base facilities. At present Atsugi is controlled by the Air Force.

Later the chiefs of staff will visit Okinawa, where the United States is spending millions of dollars in establishing permanent defenses.

U.S. TO BOLSTER PACIFIC FLEET

TOKYO, Feb. 2—(AP) American naval forces in the western Pacific will be kept at maximum strength due to Russia's expanding submarine program, the chief of naval operations declared today.

Speaking to a small group of correspondents formerly assigned to the Navy, Adm. Forrest P. Sherman estimated the Russians had 270 to 280 submarines in commission. One-fourth of these are in the Pacific, he said.

At a general press conference earlier, Sherman said the Navy would reorganize forces to keep some cruisers and at least two aircraft carriers in the Pacific. Some small additions might also be made, he added.

(At present the Navy has in the western Pacific the newly-arrived carrier boxer, a heavy cruiser and six destroyers in the seventh task fleet, plus another heavy cruiser and four destroyers attached to General MacArthur's occupation command.

Strengthen Coast Fleet

(The Navy meanwhile is strengthening Pacific fleet forces based on the U. S. coast. Today it announced that the 11,000-ton escort carrier Sicily would be transferred from the Atlantic to San Diego, Calif., in mid-April. Last Tuesday it announced plans to add two cruisers and six destroyers.)

Sherman explained that while the Navy in general was being reduced, the Pacific forces would be strengthened in relation to the Atlantic.

He said World War II demonstrated that "the submarine threat is a real one."

He also remarked, "it is possible to transport submarine parts overland and assemble them in the Pacific."

(Local American officers say the Russians have been doing just that, increasing their submarine forces based at Vladivostok since the war.)

The American joint chiefs of staff are now on a far eastern tour. Besides Sherman, they include Generals Omar N. Bradley, Hoyt Vandenberg and J. Lawton Collins.

Visit Naval Base

Bradley and Vandenberg said in answer to a correspondent's question that they knew of no plans to strengthen land and air forces in the western Pacific.

The answer did not, however, imply rejection of such recommendations made yesterday by General MacArthur's staff. Bradley explained that the purpose of the tour was to gather information and impressions, not to reach conclusions.

Bradley, Sherman and Collins visited the naval base at Yokosuka during the day. Sherman called it the best American base "in this part of the world."

Its commander, Rear Adm. Benton W. Decker, stressed its importance and advocated assignment of a detachment of Marines as a defense force for the base.

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Gen. Bradley Drops Pun, But Not the Bomb Itself

By The Associated Press.

TOKYO, Feb. 2—Gen. Omar Bradley was asked about the hydrogen bomb at a press conference of the Joint Chiefs of Staff today.

He replied that he would make one comment, "and then I think we better drop it."

When the laughter subsided, he made his comment:

"It is a natural development of atomic energy; further than that we don't know."

Fleeing China Troops Killed By Ho's Men

Bangkok, Feb. 2 (AP)—The Viet Nam news service said today troops of Ho Chi-minh, rebel leader, had killed and wounded 4,000 of 20,000 Chinese Nationalist soldiers attempting to cross the French Indo-China border.

The Chinese were moving under French fighter-plane cover during the past two weeks, the news service said. Ho is anti-French and has been recognized by Russia and Communist China.

The Nationalists, the news service said, were encircled at Nagiao, between the Chinese border and Cao Dang, on January 14.

Battle Confirmed

Ho's office here, in confirming the battle, said Chinese Nationalist counterattacks were driven off. The office added French Army units attempted to reinforce the Chinese but were unsuccessful.

Among the casualties claimed by Ho's forces were a major general and a brigadier.

Hundreds of prisoners were claimed by Ho's forces. They said documents proving co-operation between the Nationalists and French troops were found.

Egypt Denies U.N. Report

Cairo, Feb. 2 (AP)—A Foreign Office spokesman today described as untrue a report from Lake Success that Egypt has assured Nationalist China that Cairo will not recognize the Chinese Communist regime. The spokesman said the entire subject is under discussion and no decision has been taken.

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Canada Retaliates, Expels 2 Czech Officials

Ottawa, Feb. 2 (AP)—Two members of the Czechoslovak Legation in Ottawa have been ordered to leave Canada within seven days. This was in retaliation for the action of the Communist Czechoslovak Government in expelling two Canadian Legation employes in Prague last month.

The Canadian External Affairs Department said today a note had been delivered to the Czech chargé d'affaires here ordering Hugo Bohounek, clerk of the commercial attache, and Richard Bergman, a bookkeeper, to leave the country "wthin seven days of the delivery of the note."

The Government approved immediate dispatch of the note yesterday, soon after the arrival of the two Canadians expelled from Prague.

They were Sergt. Reginald Danko, 32, and Corporal Gaston Vanier, 28, both of the Royal Canadian Air Force. They were ordered out of Czechoslovakia on January 19. The Czech news agency charged that Danko was guilty of "espionage" and Vanier with abusing the "hospitality" of the Czech state.

Canadian Government officials had declared the "interference" with the Canadian staff in Prague was wholly unwarranted.

of the Royal Canadian Air Force, arrived from Europe yesterday. They were questioned by high officials.

The Canadian order was directed to Stanislav Klima, Czech *chargé d'affaires*. A high official said Canada's retaliation fits into a general pattern of Western retorts to similar treatment of United States, British and French representatives in Communist nations.

Canada Ousting 2 Czech Officials

Ottawa, Feb. 2 (AP)—Two members of the Czechoslovak legation are being expelled in reprisal for Communist Czechoslovakia's ouster of two Canadian legation workers from Prague last month.

Canada ordered today that Hugo Bohounek, a clerk, and Richard Bergmann, a bookkeeper, leave this country within seven days. Usually reliable sources said Bergmann was the legation's Communist "strong man."

No charges were made against the two. The action was directly linked, however, with the expulsion of the two Canadians from Prague on spy charges which a Canadian official declared were false.

The Canadians, Sergt. Reginald Danko and Corporal J. G. Vanier,

U.S. IS PREPARED TO WHIP RUSSIA, JOHNSON ASSERTS

Will 'Lick Hell' Out of Reds if Stalin Starts Anything, He Claims

DEFENSES STRONG

Armed Forces Would Be Set for Action in an Hour, Secretary Says

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2. — (AP) Defense Secretary Louis A. Johnson said tonight America's armed might will be sent to "lick hell" out of Joe Stalin if he starts anything.

Johnson told a gathering of about 300 fellow alumni of the University of Virginia, that this country's defense system is reaching a point where it can be ready for action within an hour.

Johnson said that through unification, "the defense of the United States is in better shape and stronger than at any time since the point system wrecked it in 1945."

Getting Stronger

That was a reference to the point system under which the armed forces were demobilized after the war.

Johnson added that this country is getting stronger every day.

The gathering, sponsored by the Washington chapter of the University of Virginia Alumni association, was held in the National Press club auditorium.

"In all we are doing we are seeking peace," Johnson told applauding listeners. "There is only one nation in the world that would start a war. We seek to have a military establishment sufficient to defer that aggressor and to lick hell out of her if she doesn't stay deterred," he asserted.

"Joe Stalin will know that if he starts something at four a.m. the fighting power of the United States will be on the job at five a.m.," Johnson promised.

"Describing a movement to pull service men away from desk jobs and assign them as combat troops, Johnson said that despite an anticipated reduction of 100,000 men in the services by 1951, "there will be more men in combat units ready to fight than before the reduction."

Hits Wastage

Hammering at "wastage of money in defense" as "approaching treason" Johnson said that it would be futile to build "the finest military machine in the world" if America's economy was to be wrecked in the process.

Along this line he called for the elimination of such coast establishments as Sandy Hook, (N. J.), the upkeep of which, he said, ran into the billions and which he asserted "have nothing to do with security or adequate defense."

Declaring that "the big shooting is over" in the fight over unification, Johnson declared there "is no division in the top level of military establishment."

"In the field," he said, "the sun shines on unification and the Army, Navy and Air Force are ready to go as a team."

He asserted "there was no unification at Pearl Harbor or Pearl Harbor couldn't have been."

U. S. WARNS RUSSIA ON 'BABY BLOCKADE'

Blunt Warning Given Reds on Tieup of Berlin Truck Traffic

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2 — (AP) Switching from soft to strong words, the United States today threatened counter measures against the Russians unless they end the "baby blockade" of Berlin.

The State department gave this blunt warning in a statement denouncing Soviet restriction on western traffic as a violation of last June's agreement which ended the old blockade.

The United States is "deeply concerned" over the situation, the department said, adding that this country stands ready to resume the allied airlift to Berlin if needed.

"We believe we must actively consider whether counter measures should not be taken," Press Officer Michael J. McDermott told a news conference.

Changes U. S. Stand

This tougher American stand marked somewhat of a change in the state department's attitude toward the Russian slowdown of rail and truck traffic to Berlin.

Until now, State department officials, led by American High Commissioner John J. McCloy, have been describing the traffic tie-up as a Russian "arm twisting maneuver" which must be expected every so often.

McCloy was scheduled to fly back to Frankfurt from New York today after completing consultations with the State department which were scheduled before Russia suddenly restricted traffic into Berlin 15 days ago.

McDermott refused to spell out what "counter measures" the State department is considering. Other officials indicated, however, the western powers might retaliate by slowing down or halting the entry of Russian trucks, trains and barges into the western zones.

Such a counter blockade was one of the main reasons, said these officials, that Russia finally agreed to abandon its year-long blockade last May 12.

By this move, Russia and eastern Germany were denied many of the industrial products, machine tools and other equipment needed to hasten recovery in eastern Europe.

The United States and Britain on the other hand, supplied by plane the raw materials and food which the Russians shut off from east Germany during the blockade.

Reserves Ample

McDermott said that reserve stocks of food and fuel in the western sectors of Berlin are satisfactory at present and that there is "no immediate threat" to normal life in the city. He emphasized, however:

"We do not believe that we can sit idly by when the Soviet authorities violate international agreements in this manner."

The Russians began their traffic slowdown in apparent retaliation for the action of west German police in seizing a Soviet railway administration building in west Berlin.

This 600-room office building was being used only partly as Russian headquarters and American officials wanted the unoccupied space in the housing-short city.

After filing a protest Russian officials promptly cut service on Berlin's elevated system by 60 per cent.

The building was returned to the Russians Jan. 21 by Maj. Gen. Maxwell D. Taylor, American commander in Berlin, who said "the 600 office rooms are not worth the threat of a new blockade."

Even though the Russians continued to hamper traffic after that, State department officials regarded it as merely a Russian way of warning the allies not to try similar moves again.

Today's announcement makes it plain the State department is worried lest the Russian actions are more than mere expressions of annoyance and indeed part of a well-thought out plan to reestablish a full-scale blockade.

U.S. To Oppose Russ On Japs

Washington, Feb. 2 (AP)—A surprise Soviet proposal to try the Japanese Emperor on criminal charges involving the use of germ warfare will be flatly rejected by the United States, officials said today.

The exact response has to be worked out by the State Department after study of the charges filed late yesterday against Hirohito and four other Japanese. Presumably, the other wartime Pacific allies will be consulted.

But diplomatic authorities said there is little doubt that this nation's answer will be an emphatic "No." They look for most of the other former foes of Japan to follow suit.

Would Upset Policy

To accept the Russian proposal would mean reversing a 1949 decision by the thirteen-nation Far Eastern Commission to wind up all the war-crime trials and upsetting the American policy of controlling Japan during the occupation through Hirohito.

Responsible officials made plain they suspect a Moscow propaganda maneuver. The United States has been pressing Russia to return 376,000 war prisoners the Japanese contend are still being held by the Soviets.

The reaction in Tokyo was much the same. Alva C. Carpenter, head of Gen. Douglas MacArthur's legal section, said the Russian demand "certainly will be turned down." William J. Sebald, chief of MacArthur's diplomatic section, commented: "It looks as though the Russians have tipped over another smoke pot."

Japan's Communists today approved the Russian demand. Politburo member, Yoshio Shiga asserted in Tokyo that Japan's Reds feel the proposal "is quite right."

Propaganda Motives

Officials in Washington speculated the move was designed to serve two Communist propaganda purposes: to distract attention in Japan from the war-prisoners dispute and to lay the basis for further attacks on United States policy in Communist China and elsewhere.

Ambassador Alexander S. Panyushkin filed the unexpected trial demand in a 22-page note which he handed to Secretary of State Acheson.

It was understood similar notes went to other nations represented on the Far Eastern Commission the agency set up after V-J Day to fix policies for the Japanese occupation. The note called for Hirohito's trial by an international court.

Although details of the note were not disclosed immediately, it was reported that the charges grew out of the Soviet trial of twelve Japanese Army officers at Khabarovsk in Eastern Siberia.

No U.S. Evidence

Moscow announced that all twelve had pleaded guilty to using germs against Allied prisoners and Chinese civilians.

The charges were viewed with skepticism in the West at the time. There is no American evidence that the Japanese ever used American prisoners as germ war "guinea pigs."

Russia is represented on the Far Eastern Commission and could have used its veto last February 24 to prevent the decision to end the Japanese war-crime trials.

In response to that commission directive, MacArthur dissolved the International Military Tribunal for the Far East which convicted Prime Minister Tojo and 24 other Japanese after protracted trials.

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M'MAHON URGES 'PEACE CRUSADE,' AID TO RUSSIANS

H-Bomb Could Bring Death to 50,000,000 Americans, He Warns Senate

CONTROLS NEEDED

Senator Says U. S. Must Move 'Heaven and Earth' to End Atom Arms Race

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2 — (AP) Senator McMahon (D-Conn) today proposed a $50,000,000,000 American peace crusade, involving economic aid to Russia and other countries, with the aim of "moving heaven and earth to stop the atomic armaments race."

The Connecticut senator, chairman of the Joint Congressional Atomic committee, warned that in Russian hands the projected hydrogen super-bomb "might incinerate 50,000,000 Americans in the space of minutes."

And he told the Senate:

"At almost any cost, we must assure x x x that the Russian people act as part of the world jury which brings in a verdict covering this monumental (atomic) issue."

Decision Necessary

McMahon said that President Truman's decision to press ahead with development of the H-bomb "was dictated by the severe realities of the world we inhabit today.

"He had no choice, and his decision under present circumstances is right," the senator said.

However, McMahon added that in exchange for this country's $50,000,000 contribution toward world peace the United States should ask general acceptance of an effective program for international control of atomic energy.

But even before McMahon spoke out on capitol hill, President Truman told his news conference he does not propose to use his go-ahead order for development of the H-bomb as the basis for a new move on international atomic control.

Mr. Truman firmly rejected a proposal along that line from Senator Vandenberg (R-Mich), GOP foreign policy leader.

The president said the American government has repeatedly and continuously made its position clear before the United Nations—that we stand by our demand for tight international control inspections before outlawing atomic weapons, including the H-bomb.

In other salient developments:

Deny Official "Gag"

1. The White House denied that President Truman has ordered any "gag" banning federal officials from discussing the hydrogen bomb.

2. Chairman Connally (D-Tex) of the Senate Foreign Relations committee said Washington-Moscow attempts to reach agreement on atomic controls have failed and the United Nations should now take the lead in new efforts.

3. Rep. Durham (D-NC), vice chairman of the Senate-House Atomic committee, said $200,000,000 might be a reasonable price for producing an H-bomb and "unlocking one of God's own secrets." Previous estimations have ranged as high as $4,000,000,000.

Senator McMahon's sweeping proposal for this country to spend $50,000,000,000 in the next five years to end the world's "truly terrible arms race" met with mixed enthusiasm and reserve among his colleagues.

McMahon said at the outset of his 2,500-word Senate speech that he anticipated his proposals would be denounced as impractical or theoretical by some critics. But he declared:

Doesn't Mean Security

"Let me warn, with all the solemnity at my command, that building hydrogen bombs does not promise positive security for the United States. It only promises the negative result of averting, for a few months or years, well-nigh certain catastrophe.

"Do not overlook the obvious—that Soviet Russia broke our atomic bomb monopoly sooner than we had expected, and she would break any hydrogen monopoly that we enjoyed with equal or greater speed."

Then he proposed the following three-point program costing $10,000,000,000 a year for five years:

1. Action on President Truman's "point four" plan for U. S. economic aid and technical help to the world's underdeveloped areas.

2. Development of atomic energy everywhere for peacetime use.

3. Economic aid and help to all countries, including Russia.

The money, he said, would be administered through the United Nations.

McMahon also proposed that the Kremlin be asked to permit a meeting of the United Nations in Moscow; expansion of the State department's "Voice of America" programs, and world-wide circulation of millions of leaflets explaining a new United States proposal for atomic peace.

"We must assure that the Russian people have opportunity to consider, side by side, the atomic proposals of their own rulers and our atomic proposals," he said.

Blames Both Sides

McMahon blamed Russia for a major share of the responsibility for this country's "enormously reluctant decision to make hydrogen bombs." But he said the United States is also at fault "for failing to bring our message of peace and conciliation" to the world in adequate volume.

"It is my intense conviction," he said, "that the decision to build the H-bomb must be accompanied by the immediate initiation of a moral crusade for peace having far greater potential effect than any physical weapon, even chunks of the sun."

McMahon did not explain how an enemy H-bomb attack could wipe out 50,000,000 Americans—one-third of the nation's widely scattered population—within a matter of minutes.

But he asked:

"How is it possible for free institutions to flourish or even to maintain themselves in a situation where defenses, civil and military, must be ceaselessly posed to meet an attack that might incinerate 50,000,000 Americans—not in the space of an evening, but in the space of minutes?"

Later, McMahon told a reporter that when he spoke of such a vast mass slaughter:

"I was thinking in terms not of a single H-bomb, but rather of a co-ordinated attack on the whole eastern seaboard."

McMahon, whose Senate-House committee has been studying the prospects of building an H-bomb for months, also disclosed that:

1. American scientists are more confident of developing the hydrogen "hell-bomb" than they were of producing an atom bomb in 1940.

2. The H-bomb can be developed more cheaply than the A-bomb.

3. Theoretically, the H-bomb is "without limit in destructive capacity."

"A weapon made of such material would destroy any military or other target, including the largest city on earth," he said.

Truman Insists On Atomic Control By Inspection

Washington, Feb. 2 (AP)—President Truman made plain today the United States stands by its demand for tight international-control inspections before outlawing atomic weapons, including the projected new hydrogen bomb.

Mr. Truman also told a news conference he sees no reason for formal notification to the United Nations on his order for the Atomic Energy Commission to continue its work on atomic weapons, including the hydrogen bomb.

Suggested By Vandenberg

Senator Vandenberg (R., Mich.), the Republican foreign-policy leader, has suggested that the President let the world know this country is ready to stop work on the H-bomb if all such weapons can be outlawed definitely. Vandenberg said the President could act through the United Nations.

A reporter asked Mr. Truman about that suggestion.

Mr. Truman said he does not believe a separate notification to the United Nations is necessary.

Also, he said, he does not propose to use the hydrogen bomb order as a basis for a new move on the international-control front.

U.N. "Repeatedly" Advised

The President said this Government has repeatedly and continuously made its position clear to the United Nations that it favors international controls with rigid inspections.

He said hardly a week goes by but that such assurance is given.

Soviet Russia differs with the United States on the matter of inspections safeguards as a preliminary to international control.

No progress has been made in the United Nations thus far toward reconciling the United States and Russian viewpoints on controls.

Congress members who deal with atomic matters already have been studying the possible costs of producing the H-bomb. They have estimated its cost at hundreds of millions of dollars—not billions.

Priced At 200 Million

One suggested that $200,000,000 might be a likely figure.

Members of the Senate-House Atomic Energy Committee also predicted the gates of secrecy will be slammed shut on the H-bomb until scientists are ready to test it.

Some of them seem to think that a year or two may elapse before there is a test of the new weapon, expected to be anywhere from eight to a thousand times as deadly as the original atom bomb.

Of course, there is bound to be argument. This will center around what the Russians are likely to do and what we must do in a cold war that literally could become the hottest in all history.

Connally For New Effort

Already there are fresh proposals to seek an agreement with Russia to ban atomic weapons.

Chairman Connally (D., Texas) of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee today urged the United Nations to take the lead in new efforts for international atomic controls.

Connally told reporters it would be a mistake for the United States alone to try to reach agreement with Russia on some form of inspection and control.

The President's order giving the go-ahead signal on building the hydrogen super bomb makes a new effort imperative, Connally said.

"But the lead should be taken in the United Nation," Connally said.

Cites Unilateral Failure

"We have tried on a unilateral basis to reach agreement with Russia. That has failed. Now the time has come for other nations to accept this responsibility."

Conally's thinking on atomic control apparently coincides with that of Senator Vandenberg who said President Truman should notify the United Nations that this country is willing to drop all activity in mass-destruction weapons at the moment they can be "dependably outlawed."

But Vandenberg gloomily noted that "unfortunately, the Moscow attitude has thus far prevented" an agreement on which the world can rely.

Tydings Urges Air Research

Chairman Tydings (D., Md.) of the Senate Armed Services Committee urged speed on air research so the country will be assured of having a plane big enough to carry the H-bomb.

Potesting against any delay on a bill dealing with aeronautical research, Tydings told the Senate he thought work on the planes should go forward with work on the bomb itself.

But members of the congressional committee say neither the Russians nor the American people should expect any progress report on how we are getting along with the H-bomb in advance of the time for setting one off.

Representative Henry M. Jackson (D., Wash.), a committee member, said he doubts that even the appropriations to finance the H-bomb will be made in a manner that can be recognized as such.

Guessing On Cost And Time

At this point, nobody in the Government is ready to name a definite cost figure for the new bomb. The guessing has ranged from $100,000,000 to $4,000,000,000. The original A-bomb cost $2,000,000,000.

Jackson and the vice chairman of the congressional committee, Representative Durham (D., N.C.), said they thought the price would be in the lower part of that range. Neither man wanted to make a guess any closer than that.

Another committee member said a University of California scientist has forecast it will take eighteen months to two years to build the first bomb, then two or three more years to get production to the point where the bombs could be stock piled.

Role Seen For Berkeley

The radiation laboratory at the University of California at Berkeley may have an important role in developing the H-bomb, just as it did in perfecting the A-bomb.

Appropriations committeemen aren't looking for any early requests for H-bomb funds, even in disguised form. Representative Taber (R., N.Y.) said funds have been provided for the Atomic Energy Commission in such a way that it can shift them around "with a great deal of leeway."

Keenan Holds Stalin's Guilt Far Greater Than Hirohito's

Washington, Feb. 2 (AP)—Joseph B. Keenan, chief prosecutor at the Japanese war crimes trials, said tonight there is "far more reason to try Stalin as a war criminal than Emperor Hirohito of Japan."

Keenan made the statement in commenting on Russia's demand that Hirohito be brought to trial as a war criminal on charges involving germ warfare.

Keenan, a Washington attorney, said an on-the-spot investigation by American and Chinese officials thoroughly exploded claims that the Japanese had dropped missiles containing cholera or bubonic plague germs from planes over China during the war.

Ruled By Cabinet

As for Hirohito, Keenan declared that evidence at the Tokyo trials clearly showed:

1. That the Japanese Government was "in fact" ruled by its Cabinet.

2. That the actual participation of Hirohito was "very like that of a constitutional monarch — his Cabinet made the decisions and the Emperor accepted the advice of his ministers."

"But the Emperor constantly attempted to dissuade his ministers from precipitate action toward war," Keenan said.

"The evidence at the trials showed there was constant pressure upon the unwilling Emperor to declare war and although he finally agreed, it was with the greatest personal reluctance and only because he felt it was his duty to be guided by the unanimous advice of his Cabinet.

"There was further evidence of the frantic efforts of Prime Minister Togo to keep President Roosevelt's message away from the Emperor on the eve of the attack on Pearl Harbor. It was kept from him until 2:30 A.M. and the attack on Pearl Harbor was 30 minutes later."

Keenan said the chief Soviet prosecutor at the Tokyo trials, Col. Gen. M. Golunsky, signed an agreement with the prosecutors of ten other nations that Hirohito should not be tried as a war criminal.

"All the prosecutors signed and voted on who should be tried," Keenan said. "Golunsky signed. There was no dissension."

Keenan said Soviet Premier Stalin's "guilt" as a war criminal traced back to documentary evidence, produced at the Tokyo trials, of a 1940 conspiracy among Hitler, Mussolini and Yosuke Suoka, Japanese foreign minister, "aimed at dividing up the world."

Agreed "In Principle"

"Hitler invited Stalin to join. Soviet Foreign Minister Molotov then went to Berlin and agreed 'in principle' to join," Keenan continued.

"The only question was what Russia's share of the loot would be. Stalin's terms included the Baltic states, part of Poland, Bulgaria, the largest part of Romania and a fair part of Czechoslavakia and control of the Dardanelles.

"These terms were unacceptable to Hitler, and that's the only reason Stalin wouldn't go along."

Security Council Tightens Ban On Revealing Secret U. S. Data

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2 — (AP) The National Security Council was reported tonight to have issued an order against unauthorized disclosure of intelligence activities.

The report came on the heels of President Truman's action in giving legal force to the use of the classification "top secret" for America's innermost military information. Heavy penalties are provided for violating such a restriction.

Whether the council's report order was a follow-up to Mr. Truman's new regulation was not clear. A council official told a reporter that no such council order has been made public. He added, however, that if one had been issued secretly he could not discuss it.

Actions Top Secret

The council, composed of cabinet members and other high officials, advises the President on national security policies. It has under its direction the central intelligence agency. This behind-the-scenes operation coordinates government intelligence activities. Even its appropriations are covered up to guard its operations.

The presidential order, following by a few days his decision to build the fantastic hydrogen bomb and announcements of new defense tightening measures, brought a shower of questions at Mr. Truman's news conference.

Mr. Truman told reporters that the order does nothing but revise the information program to conform with unification procedure; to take into account the creation of a defense department and a separate air force.

Penalties Same

The executive order, amending one of March 22, 1940, provides for four classes of secret material. It makes official the use of "top secret," along with the three less important terms: "secret," "confidential," and "restricted."

The penalties remain a maximum of a year in jail and $1,000 fine for picturing, reporting or releasing for publication matters under any of the four categories.

Reporters told the president that the order might permit officials to withhold material not related to security, but he took the position that the plan is the same as it has been since before the war.

Later, the White House denied published reports that Mr. Truman had forbidden federal officials to discuss the hydrogen bomb on which work has been ordered. Press Secretary Charles G. Ross said in reply to a question:

Denies 'Gag'

"The president has issued no gag. Every official is, as usual, guided by his own sense of responsibility." The situation is the same as beofre the H-bomb was issued, Ross said.

At the capitol, Rep. Cole (R-NY) said it would be a mistake for Mr. Truman to "gag" discussion by federal officials of the H-bomb.

He told reporters that would "deny the American people the opportunity to consider the broad principles involved in the development of such a weapon."

Cole is a member of the Senate-House Atomic committee. He stressed that the technical production details of the bomb should be kept "absolutely secret" but they need not figure at all in a discussion of the broad aspects of what such scientific advance might mean to humanity.

Stars Hint A-Bomb Is H-Bomb Primer

Washington, Feb. 2 (AP)—"Cool stars" may have prompted American hopes for perfecting a hydrogen bomb.

These stars are cool only when compared with the colossal heat of the sun. But it's just that fact which may have pointed the way to making the H-bomb a practical weapon.

All the unofficial theory has contended that a temperature of at least 22,000,000 degrees would be needed to explode the hydrogen in an H-bomb.

Basis Of Theory Told

That theory, suggesting the use of an orthodox atomic bomb as a "booster" for the H-bomb, is based on this fact:

The sun, which has been firing its superatomic furnace with hydrogen energy since time began, has an internal temperature of 22,000,000 degrees.

But there are stars in the heavens called "red giants" which stay in the energy-production business with a temperature of only 1,000,000 degrees.

Dr. Hans Bethe, of Cornell, who first conceived the theory that the sun and the stars drive their energy from a reaction involving hydrogen, referred to these million-degree "red giants" in testimony before a Senate committee several years ago.

Idea Applied To H-Bomb

He said these cooler stars are supposed to derive their energy from a reaction involving "heavy hydrogen"—a heavier form of hydrogen atom than the one utilized by the sun.

"Heavy hydrogen," called deuterium, is one of the things the Atomic Energy Commission is studying. It also is studying a still heavier form called "tritium."

A regular atomic bomb, built in an H-bomb as a primer, hight have an exploding temperature of 20,000,000 degrees, or twenty times the heat necessary to touch off the "heavy" hydrogen atoms.

The excess of 19,000,000 degrees might be a key to the short cut needed to duplicate in a bomb the process that goes on in the stars.

TWO PROPOSE U.N. AGGRESSION CURB

Senators Seek Support For World Police Force

Washington, Feb. 2 (AP)—Two Democratic senators sought the backing of Congress today for creation of a United Nations police force to act positively against aggressors.

Senator Douglas (D., Ill.) argued to the Senate Foreign Relations Committee that such a force, properly utilized, could prevent a billion persons in the Far East from being hemmed in behind Russia's iron curtain.

Senator Elbert Thomas (D., Utah) is a cosponsor of the resolution. Thomas is a member of the foreign relations group; Douglas, a freshman senator, is not.

3 Of 5 On Council

Under their plan, the force would swing into action upon a two-thirds vote of the United Nations General Assembly, which would have to include the votes of three of the five members of the Security Council.

Thus under such an agreement, no one or even two members of the Security Council could veto the use of force wanted by at least two-thirds the total United Nations membership.

At present, the Charter provides that each member state shall furnish armed forces to the Security Council upon call to enforce the Council's decisions. These forces would be furnished by agreement between the states and the Council. But to date the Council has been unable to agree on how the armed forces should be apportioned and what ratio should be used.

Halted In Europe

Douglas told the committee that the greatest danger now facing the non-Communist world is "an almost certain Russian or Communist imperialist drive southward (from China) into the teeming countries of southeast Asia." He said communism has been halted in Europe.

The police force envisioned in the Douglas-Thomas plan would include land, sea and air elements furnished by member nations. Russia and other Communist-ruled nations would have a chance to participate, the same as any other United Nations member.

"I believe Russia and her satellites should be given this chance to co-operate," Douglas said, "and we can only pray that she would turn over a new leaf and sign the convention in good faith."

Indorsements of the plan came from Prof. Arthur N. Holcombe of Harvard University; Prof. Quincy Wright, of the University of Chicago, and Hamilton Fish Armstrong, editor of the magazine *Foreign Affairs*.

7 OFFICERS NAMED TO AID PACT NATIONS

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2 (AP)—Secretary of Defense Louis Johnson named seven United States officers today to head military assistance advisory groups in Europe under the North Atlantic Treaty.

They will be attached to United States Embassies under terms of arms aid agreements signed last week by the treaty nations.

The officers and their posts are: Brig. Gen. Charles T. Lanham, Belgium-Luxembourg; Brig. Gen. Ralph A. Snavely, Air Force, Denmark; Maj. Gen. George J. Richards, Army, France; Brig. Gen. H. Norman Schwarzkopf, Army, Italy; Rear Admiral Emmett P. Forrestel, Navy, the Netherlands; Rear Admiral Ralph E. Jennings, Navy, Norway; Major Gen. Leon W. Johnson, Air Force, the United Kingdom.

The treaties provide for a minimum number of United States military personnel to assist the aided countries with problems relating to the United States arms they will receive. The advisory group chiefs named today will serve under the direction of the United States Ambassadors in the countries to which they are assigned. They will leave for their posts this month.

FEB 3-1950

FEB 3-1950 30.24- 8691

Army Group To Test Arctic Trail Ration

Washington, Feb. 2 (AP)—Fifty American army men will enter the Alaskan wastes this month for a 23-day test of a new Arctic trail ration.

The Army announced today that picked men from the Alaskan command will start the tests February 12, under supervision of the offices of the surgeon general, the quartermaster general and the first Arctic Aerial Medical Laboratory at Ladd Field.

The new ration, the Army said is designed for use of search parties or other groups, "which must proceed on foot, carrying all of their equipment and supplies, and expect to be isolated from resupply for considerable periods."

The ration provides 5,324 calories a day as compared with the standard ration of 3,600 calories supplied troops in temperate climate, the Army said. It was developed by the Quartermaster Corps.

H-Bomb Research Hinted Begun

Oak Ridge, Tenn., Feb. 2 (AP)—A highly placed atomic scientist has dropped what may be a hint that research for development of the hydrogen bomb already is under way.

Dr. A. M. Weinberg, director of research at the Oak Ridge National Laboratory, commented in an interview yesterday that the existence of an H-bomb might make use of any bomb less likely.

"From this, we of Oak Ridge who are in various ways connected with the H-bomb program can derive the will and comfort necessary to get on with our tasks," he said.

"Prepared To Help"

The director of atomic research and other officials of various atomic plants agreed with Dr. Weinberg that Oak Ridge is prepared to help turn out the hydrogen bomb, if called upon.

Dr. C. E. Larson, new director of the Oak Ridge laboratory, said the laboratory had indicated its willingness to take part in "Atomic Energy Commission projects vital to the nation's welfare."

The superintendent of the Uranium-235 plant sounded a co-operative keynote in commenting on President Truman's decision for development of the superbomb.

The official, W. B. Humes, said "production and construction programs are proceeding at an accelerated pace. We will be interested in doing our part."

Study Declared Mandatory

Turner A. Sims, superintendent of the Nuclear Energy for Propulsion of Aircraft Project, said:

"It is obvious that the researchers must proceed to study pertinent factors regarding development of this new weapon of great potential destructive power.

Bill To Admit Skilled Aliens Passes House

Washington, Feb. 2 (AP) — The House today approved a proposal for admission of 3,200 foreign specialists and scientists into the United States each year.

The measure was passed by a voice vote and sent to the Senate.

It would permit entry, with Stte and Justice Department clearance, of aliens with special technical, medical, professional or scientific skills.

The bill provides that in addition to those with professional and technical skills, preference be given to those whose services might be needed from the standpoint of national defense and security.

MERGER CRITIC IS PROMOTED

Commander Tatom, Doubter On B-36, Raised To Captain

Washington, Feb. 2 (AP)—President Truman has approved promotion for another navy officer who criticized defense policies at last fall's congressional hearings.

The officer is Commander Eugene Tatom, approved for advancement to captain. During the hearings, he contended the B-36 bomber and atom bomb were weing overemphasized. One statement he made was that you could stand at one end of the Washington airport and not be hurt by an atom bomb exploded at the other end.

There was speculation at the time of the hearings that the naval witnesses had damaged their chances for promotion. But President Truman later approved promotion of Capt. Arleigh Burke, who directed preparation of the Navy's case, to rear admiral.

Tatom is a native of Pensacola, Fla. His present address is Arlington, Va.

Others Given Higher Rank

In addition to Tatom, 116 other commanders were approved for promotion to captain. They include:

Commander Alfred B. Metsger, a less prominent witness for the Navy in the congressional hearings. He is a native of Middletown, N.J., and now lives in San Diego, Cal.

Commander Donald J. MacDonald, a native of DuBois, Pa., who now lives in Washington, D.C. He is commanding officer of the presidential yacht Williamsburg.

Commander George E. Peckham, executive officer of the battleship Missouri. Peckham is a native of Drexel Hill, Pa.

The promotions all depend on Senate confirmation.

Ideas Called Best Weapons

Amherst, Mass., Feb. 2 (AP)—Mark Ethridge, publisher, said tonight ideas "rather than any (Maginot concept) of security behind the H-bomb are the most powerful weapons in the hands of the United States."

In an address at Amherst College's Harlan Fiske Stone memorial lecture series, the Louisville (Ky.) *Courier-Journal* publisher and recent United States appointee to the United Nations permanent conciliation panel said:

"There is need for a more positive United States foreign policy to supplement our present policy of containment" as evidenced by the Marshall plan, the Atlantic and the H-bomb.

"We are trapped into leadership," he added, "where positivism is needed."

Ex-Sgt. Puzzled by 'Confession' Of Legless Vet Who Killed Self

NEW WINDSOR, Md., Feb. 2—(AP) The ex-sergeant that Andrew Blasko's dying confession was supposed to "clear" said today "I don't know what the poor kid was talking about."

Blasko, a legless veteran, dictated his "confession" to a news photographer yesterday as he lay pinned beneath the wreckage of his car. Having had his say, Blasko, 25, shot himself to death.

Charles C. Lemmon, who runs a tavern here, said he must be the one who Blasko's eerie "confession" was to "clear."

The Norfolk, Va. ex-serviceman, who lost both legs in Germany, "confessed" he had spread reports about "Sgt. Lemmon" flogging German prisoners, stealing a jeep-load of cognac, running out on his platoon. These things, Blasko told Danville Bee photographer John Tate, were not true.

Lemmon said apart from the fact that they weren't true, he had never heard of Blasko saying them. Though a "good boy" while serving with him, he must "have become a psycho," Lemmon declared.

Another member of Blasko's platoon, former Sergeant Carl R. Rackley said at Atlanta that there wasn't any basis for the "confession": "Never did I hear Blasko tell anything on Lemmon—he loved the guy."

Lemmon said he had seen Blasko last in December, 1944.

The amputee killed himself after his car was smashed near Danville, Va.

BRIDGES TRIAL LAWYER CITED

Is Second Defense Attorney Ruled In Contempt

San Francisco, Feb. 2 (AP)—Federal Judge George B. Harris today cited James MacInnis, defense attorney, for contempt in the Harry Bridges perjury trial.

The judge said sentence would be deferred until after the trial.

Both defense attorneys have now been cited for contempt. Judge Harris cited Attorney Vincent Hallinan early in the trial and sentenced him to six months in prison, to be served after the trial.

Harris cited MacInnis on the basis of an angry outburst in court yesterday:

"You ought to assign this as misconduct against yourself. I have never heard anything like that. Your honor, you ought to be ashamed of yourself."

Outburst Follows Question

The outburst followed this question the judge asked a Catholic priest, the Rev. Paul W. Meinecke:

"Have you recently been subjected to medical treatment?"

The priest was a character witness for Bridges.

Before citing MacInnis, Judge Harris had ruled that the 1945 United States Supreme Court decision against deporting Bridges might not be entered in evidence. The defense has made repeated attempts to get the decision in.

Judge Harris also denied Prosecutor F. Joseph Donohue's motion to strike the character testimony of Father Paul. Donohue argued that the priest was expressing his personal opinion of Bridges rather than supporting the longshore leader's general reputation.

Priest Praises Bridges

The priest, from Eureka, Nev., was recalled today. He praised Brides for "good works" as a trade union leader. He testified Bridges was "infected with a virus" which the priest called "the bug of trade unionism."

He said, "of course I do not approve of all Bridges's policies—I do not like strikes because they hurt the common welfare but sometimes working men cannot get justice any other way."

As in yesterday's testimony, Father Paul again told under cross-examination of how he talked to Bridges about becoming a "good practicing Catholic."

He said he thought he had Bridges "right on the edge a couple of times ready to push over."

Father Paul said this was before Bridges married his second wife.

Refers To Party Line

The prosecution claims Bridges adhered to the Communist party line at the beginning of the last war, especially concerning opposition to lend-lease and the United States draft law. This was the party's "line" before Germany attacked Russia.

The priest said he did not know whether Bridges was for or against these things. He said his work with Bridges was on the level of union matters and they didn't discuss political affairs.

Stanley Bailey, former San Francisco newspaper man who now is editor and publisher of a Portola newspaper, followed Father Paul to the witness stand.

Bailey testified he was well acquainted with both Bridges and Henry Schmidt, one of the union officers on trial. He said he had known them for fifteen years and in his opinion their reputations were good.

Mistrial Plea In Coplon Case Is Denied Twice

In Same Day

New York, Feb. 2 (AP)—The defense twice asked and was denied a mistrial today in the spy conspiracy trial of Judith Coplon and Valentin A. Gubitchev.

Abraham L. Pomerantz, counsel for the Russian Gubitchev, charged that Federal Judge Sylvester J. Ryan had made "highly inflammatory" remarks to the jury in saying that portions of an FBI witness' testimony appeared to be true.

Pomerantz had been chided by the judge for a remark—inaudible to reporters—which he made to Yuri Novikov, Russian Embassy interpreter for Gubitchev. The lawyer said this scolding, too, might prejudice the jury.

Day Marked By Friction

It was a day marked by friction between Ryan and both defense lawyers, Pomerantz and Archibald Palmer.

"I don't like the comment you just made," the judge told Pomerantz after the lawyer's remark to Novikov.

Pomerantz protested it was the first time in 25 years that a judge had admonished him.

"I hope this was the first time

you have given cause for such an admonition," Ryan said.

Later the judge inquired of Palmer: "You're not trying to make a clown out of yourself?"

FBI Agent On Stand

"Of course not. This is a very serious matter," the lawyer replied.

Ryan said Palmer's actions sometimes made him wonder how seriously the attorney was taking it.

On the witness stand all this time was FBI Agent Roger W. Robinson. He was crossexamined at length about his testimony that Miss Coplon and Gubitchev met briefly on February 18, 1949, and that Miss Coplon opened her purse as she walked beside Gubitchev.

The black leather purse was put in evidence by the prosecution. Twice Robinson demonstrated how he remembered Miss Coplon's carrying it—clutched close to the chest.

Robinson said that while watching the pair he tried to appear nonchalant. "I was drinking a bottle of Coca-Cola," he added.

"On a February evening, on a cold night—you mean that's nonchalant?" Palmer demanded. Spectators broke into laughter.

B38 (Q)
LONDON, FEB.2-(AP)-THE SOVIET MAGAZINE NEW TIMES CHARGED TODAY THAT JAPANESE OFFICERS ARE NOW BEING RECRUITED FOR SERVICE IN OFFICER CORPS BEING FORMED IN FORMOSA.
A TASS DISPATCH FROM MOSCOW QUOTED THE MAGAZINE AS SAYING RECRUITING IS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF CHU SCHIH-MING, CHIEF OF THE KUOMINTANG NATIONAL GOVERNMENT MISSION IN TOKYO.
THE OFFICERS, IT SAID, WERE BEING TRANSPORTED TO FORMOSA VIA HONG KONG.
RB-TA717PES

A101
LONDON, FEB. 2-(AP)-THE SOVIET NOTE DEMANDING THE TRIAL OF EMPEROR HIROHITO AND SOME JAPANESE GENERALS FOR ALLEGED WAR CRIMES HAS BEEN DELIVERED TO COMMUNIST CHINA AS WELL AS TO THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN, TASS SAID TODAY.
A MOSCOW DISPATCH SAID THE SOVIET AMBASSADORS IN WASHINGTON, LONDON AND PEIPING HAD DELIVERED THE NOTE WEDNESDAY.
THE DOCUMENT ACCUSED THE EMPEROR AND THE GENERALS OF PLANNING AND IN SOME CASES WAGING GERM WARFARE ON RUSSIA, CHINA AND THE MONGOLIAN PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC (OUTER MONGOLIA) FROM 1939 TO 1942.
SN942PES

LONDON, FEB.2-(AP)-RUSSIA SENT BRITAIN A NOTE TODAY DEMANDING THE TRIAL OF EMPEROR HIROHITO AND OTHER JAPANESE LEADERS AS WAR CRIMINALS. A SIMILAR NOTE WAS SENT TO THE U.S. YESTERDAY.
A FOREIGN OFFICE SPOKESMAN SAID THE RUSSIANS HAVE SUGGESTED SETTING UP AN INTERNATIONAL TRIBUNAL FOR SUCH A TRIAL.
BRITISH INFORMANTS EXPRESSED THE VIEW RUSSIA'S MOVE IS PART OF HER PAN-ASIAN POLITICAL OFFENSIVE.
RP137PES

A100
LONDON, FEB. 2-(AP)-THE SOVIET NEWSPAPER PRAVDA SAID TODAY THAT SOME BUILDING IN RUSSIA IS LAGGING AND CHARGED IT TO THE NEGLIGENCE OF LOCAL COMMUNIST PARTY ORGANIZATIONS.
AN EDITORIAL IN THE SOVIET COMMUNIST PARTY ORGAN, BROADCAST BY MOSCOW RADIO AND RECEIVED IN LONDON, SAID THE MINISTRIES OF HEAVY INDUSTRY, OIL INDUSTRY AND COMMUNICATIONS ALL HAD FAILED TO FULFILL THEIR 1949 CONSTRUCTION PLANS.
IN THE TYPICAL FORM OF COMMUNIST SELF-CRITICISM, PRAVDA CHARGED PARTY WORKERS WITH NEGLECTING TO FIND OUT ABOUT THE LIVES OF CONSTRUCTION WORKERS AND FAILING TO "SUPPORT THE CREATIVE INITIATIVE OF THE WORKERS."
THE EDITORIAL COMPLAINED THAT "ELEMENTS OF FORMALISM AND BUREAUCRACY HAVE NOT BEEN ERADICATED IN CONSTRUCTION WORK."
EZ936AES

A100
LONDON, FRIDAY, FEB. 3-(AP)-A TRADE DELEGATION FROM EAST GERMANY ARRIVED IN MOSCOW YESTERDAY, A TASS DISPATCH SAID EARLY TODAY.
THE DISPATCH, FROM MOWCOW, WAS DISTRIBUTED HERE BY THE SOVIET RADIO MONITOR.
SN941PES

FEB 3-1950

THE DOCUMENT NOTED THAT A SOVIET COURT IN KHABAROVSK, SIBERIA, DEC. 30 HAD SENTENCED 12 FORMER JAPANESE GENERALS TO PRISON FOR [illegible] WARFARE. IT ADDED:
"IT WOULD, HOWEVER, BE UNJUST TO LEAVE UNPUNISHED THE OTHER AND CHIEF ORGANIZERS AND INSPIRERS OF THESE MONSTROUS CRIMES."
THE NOTE TERMED HIROHITO THE "FIRST AND FOREMOST" AMONG THESE, CITING TRIAL TESTIMONY AGAINST HIM:
"THUS EMPEROR HIROHITO, ON THE EVIDENCE OF THOSE WHO PLAYED THE CHIEF PART IN PREPARATIONS FOR BACTERIOLOGICAL WARFARE, X X X WAS EXPOSED AS ONE OF THE CHIEF PARTICIPANTS IN PREPARATIONS FOR BACTERIOLOGICAL WAR."
IT SAID THE EMPEROR HAD SIGNED A SECRET ORDER IN 1936 TO BEGIN JAPAN'S FIRST GERM WAR UNIT--NO. 731--AND ADDITIONAL SECRET ORDERS IN 1939 AND 1940 TO BROADEN ITS WORK AND BUILD UP ITS STRENGTH.
LT.GEN.RYUJI KAJITSUKA, FORMER CHIEF OF THE MEDICAL SERVICE OF THE KWANTUNG ARMY, AND GEN. KIOSI KAWASHIMA TESTIFIED THEY HAD SEEN SOME OF THESE ORDERS, THE NOTE SAID.
KHABAROVSK.
(NO PICKUP)
SN1116PES

30.24- 8693

PARIS, FEB.2-(AP)-ON HIS WAY HOME TO SEEK MORE MONEY FOR THE MARSHALL PLAN, RECOVERY ADMINISTRATOR PAUL G. HOFFMAN SAID LAST NIGHT EUROPE'S NATIONS STILL AREN'T DOING ENOUGH TO HELP THEMSELVES.

THE ECONOMIC COOPERATION ADMINISTRATOR TOLD NEWSMEN THE MARSHALL PLAN COUNTRIES HAD MADE EXCELLENT PROGRESS TOWARD SELF-HELP BUT ADDED: "NONE OF THE STEPS TAKEN TOWARD LIBERALIZATION OF TRADE HAS BEEN ADEQUATE."

HOFFMAN CITED A PREVALENT PRACTICE OF DUAL PRICING -- SELLING GOODS TO DOMESTIC CONSUMERS FOR LESS THAN FOREIGN CUSTOMERS PAY -- WHICH HE SAID MUST BE ELIMINATED.

HOFFMAN SAID HE WAS CONVINCED CONGRESS WOULD FURNISH ADDITIONAL MARSHALL PLAN BILLIONS FOR EUROPEAN RECOVERY, BUT HE FORCEFULLY REITERATED PREVIOUS STATEMENTS THAT THE MARSHALL PLAN WOULD END IN 1952 AS SCHEDULED.

HOFFMAN HAS BEEN ATTENDING THE PARIS MEETING OF THE EUROPEAN MINISTERS WHO DIRECT THE PLAN. AT THE MEETING THEY NAMED DUTCH FOREIGN MINISTER DIRK U. STIKKER AS POLITICAL CONCILIATOR FOR THE 18 MARSHALL PLAN AREAS.

HOFFMAN WAS RETURNING TO WASHINGTON BY PLANE TO BEGIN WORK ON A MESSAGE TO CONGRESS OUTLINING MARSHALL PLAN NEEDS FOR NEXT YEAR.

MK741AES

FEB 3-1950

Rome, feb. 2--(AP)--The communist-led italian confederation of labor called today for a 15-minute nationwide work stoppage on feb. 9. The action was taken to honor the memory of six workers killed in a clash with police at Modena on Jan. 9, the confederation said.

FEB 3-1950

PARIS--FIRST ADD INDOCHINA (A75) X X X UNITED NATIONS.

THE AGREEMENT, APPROVED IN THE COUNCIL OF THE REPUBLIC BY A VOTE OF 294 TO 20, ALSO RECOGNIZES THE INDOCHINESE KINGDOMS OF CAMBODIA AND LAOS. CAMBODIA HAS 3,000,000 PEOPLE HEADED BY KING NORODOM SIHANOUK AND LAOS HAS 1,000,000 HEADED BY KING SISAVANG VONG.

FRANCE ALSO PLEDGES TO SEEK ADMISSION OF CAMBODIA AND LAOS TO THE UNITED NATIONS.

IN THE ACCORD FRANCE SAYS SHE "SOLEMNLY RECOGNIZES THE INDEPENDENCE OF VIETNAM X X X ON HER SIDE VIETNAM PROCLAIMS HER ADHESION TO THE FRENCH UNION AS A STATE ASSOCIATED TO FRANCE. VIETNAM'S UNITY HAS NO OTHER LIMIT THAN IMPOSED BY HER PARTNERSHIP IN THE FRENCH UNION."

ONE OF THESE LIMITS IS ON FOREIGN AFFAIRS. DIPLOMATS SENT TO VIETNAM WILL BE ACCREDITED FIRST TO FRENCH PRESIDENT VINCENT AURIOL. VIETNAM CAN SEND A FEW CONSULS TO NEIGHBORING STATES, AND PERHAPS THE VATICAN, BUT THEY WILL BE "UNDER THE DIRECTION AND CONTROL" OF THE FRENCH DIPLOMATS IN THOSE STATES.

VIETNAM WILL HAVE HER OWN ARMY. SHE PRESENTLY HAS 40,000 MEN FIGHTING WITH THE FRENCH AGAINST HO CHI-MINH'S FORCES. OFFICERS WILL BE TRAINED IN VIETNAMESE MILITARY SCHOOLS "AND EVENTUALLY IN FRENCH SCHOOLS."

ALL THE VIETNAMESE ARMY'S MATERIAL WILL BE ORDERED FROM FRANCE.

A PERMANENT FRANCO-VIETNAMESE MILITARY COMMITTEE WILL BE SET UP, AND A SPECIAL MILITARY ACCORD WILL BE DRAWN UP FIXING PERMANENT FRENCH BASES.

MK809AES

VATICAN CITY, FEB.2-(AP)-L'OSSERVATORE ROMANO, THE VATICAN NEWSPAPER, SAID TODAY THE DEVELOPMENT OF A HYDROGEN BOMB MEANS THE PRESENT COLD WAR "IS SLIDING IRRESISTIBLY TOWARDS WAGED WAR."

THE COMMENT WAS BY THE NEWSPAPER'S DIRECTOR, COUNT GIUSEPPE DALLA TORRE, WHO REFLECTS FREQUENTLY THE OPINIONS OF POPE PIUS XII. IN REFERENCE TO PRESIDENT TRUMAN'S ACTION IN GIVING THE GO AHEAD FOR DEVELOPMENT OF THE HYDROGEN BOMB, THE NEWSPAPER SAID:

"IF ONE OF THE PEOPLES MOST DESIROUS OF PEACE AND MOST INTERESTED IN PEACE FACES THE TASK (OF BUILDING THE BOMB) IT MEANS THAT THE 'COLD WAR' NO LONGER HOPES TO END IN UNDERSTANDING X X X BUT IS SLIDING IRRESTIBLY TOWARD WAGED WAR."

THE NEWSPAPER'S DIRECTOR EXPRESSED THE HOPE THAT "MUCH MORE AND MUCH SOONER THAN MYSTERIOUS ARMS, THE KNOWLEDGE OF THE FRIGHTFUL ABYSS WILL DEFEND AND SAVE THE PEACE." HE SAID LATE NEWS OF POSSIBLE INTERNATIONAL CONTROL OF ATOMIC POWER "STILL LEADS TO HOPE."

DY745PES

GENEVA, SWITZERLAND, FEB. 2-(AP)-REPATRIATION OF ARAB REFUGEE WOMEN AND BOYS TO ISRAEL "ENTERED INTO FULL SWING DURING THE LAST FEW WEEKS." THE UNITED NATIONS PALESTINE CONCILIATION COMMISSION REPORTED TODAY.

REPATRIATION IS BEING CARRIED OUT UNDER AN AGREEMENT REACHED BETWEEN ARABS AND JEWS LAST YEAR WHICH AFFECTS ONLY A FEW OF THE ESTIMATED 900,000 ARABS REFUGEES FROM ISRAEL. IT PROVIDES FOR RETURN OF WIVES, UNMARRIED DAUGHTERS AND MINOR SONS OF ARAB HEADS OF FAMILIES RESIDING IN ISRAEL.

IN DECEMBER AND JANUARY 790 ARAB DEPENDENTS RETURNED TO ISRAEL FROM LEBANON AND JORDAN. ANOTHER 700 DEPENDENTS HAVE RECEIVED ISRAELI ENTRY PERMITS FROM THESE TWO COUNTRIES, AND ARE ABOUT TO RETURN HOME.

ADMISSION OF THIS GROUP CONSTITUTES THE FIRST LEGAL MASS MOVEMENT OF ARABS TO ISRAEL SINCE THE END OF THE PALESTINE WAR.

JT1041AES

Sofia, Bulgaria, Feb. 2 -(ap)- Sofia newspapers today said a group of former fascist youth organization members eight have "confessed" in their trial at Plovdiv to creating an illegal organization to carry out terrorist and anti-state activities.

The reports said the defendants admitted placing bombs before the Turkish consulate in Plovdiv in order to deteriorate relations between turkey and bulgaria.

The group tried to contact the united states legation in sofia in order to receive material support for their anti-state activities, the press reports of the trial said.

when asked why they turned to the american legation for help, the defendants were reported to have replied that they knew from "foreign propaganda" that the americans are helping every hostile activity in countries with peoples democracies".

FEB 3 - 1950

A179
PRAGUE, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, FEB.2-(AP)-CZECHOSLOVAKIA TODAY RECOGNIZED THE ANTI-FRENCH HO CHI-MINH REGIME OF INDOCHINA. THIS ACTION FOLLOWED THE LEAD OF THE SOVIET UNION IN RECOGNIZING HO'S REGIME.

THE OFFICIAL NEWS AGENCY SAID CZECHOSLOVAKIA EXTENDED RECOGNITION TO HO'S GOVERNMENT "BECAUSE IT REPRESENTS THE MAJORITY OF VIETNAMESE."

THE AGENCY SAID FOREIGN AFFAIRS MINISTER VLADIMIR CLEMENTIS SENT A CABLE TO THE FOREIGN MINISTER OF THE "VIETNAMESE DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC" INFORMING HIM OF THE CZECH ACTION.

THE GOVERNMENT AGENCY SAID THE HO REGIME HAD MADE A FORMAL REQUEST FOR RECOGNITION SOME TIME AGO.

THE PRAGUE RADIO SAID THAT CZECHOSLOVAKIA HAD ALSO RECOGNIZED THE UNITED STATES OF INDONESIA.

RB218PES

FEB 3 - 1950

PRAGUE,CZECHOSLOVAKIA,FEB.2-(AP)-THE NEWSPAPER OBRANU LIDU SAYS THAT SOCIALLY THE ARMY IS DOING BETTER THESE DAYS--SOLDIERS ARE FINDING DANCING PARTNERS.

BUT IT WASN'T ALWAYS LIKE THAT. PREVIOUSLY, SAID THE NEWSPAPER, A SOLDIER WHO ASKED A GIRL TO DANCE WOULD BE TOLD THAT MAMA SAYS NO.

"JUST BECAUSE I WAS IN UNIFORM DIDN'T MEAN THAT I WAS SOMETHING DANGEROUS THAT THREATENED A GIRL'S HONOR," THE NEWSPAPER QUOTED ONE DISGRUNTLED SOLDIER AS SAYING.

BUT THIS IS ALL CHANGED NOW. THE NEWSPAPER SAID THAT EVEN DANCE ORGANIZERS HAVE STOPPED THEIR PRACTICE OF HIKING THE PRICE OF TICKETS TO KEEP SOLDIERS OUT.

IN THE WORDS OF OBRANU LIDU: "THE WHITE COLLAR SOCIETY WHICH MEASURED PEOPLE ACCORDING TO THE MONEY IN THEIR POCKETS IS DYING AND DECAYING. THE NEW SOCIETY HAS GIVEN SOLDIERS AN EQUAL FOOTING AS DEFENDERS OF THE HOMELAND AND PEACE."

MJ1041AES

FEB 3 - 1950

PRAGUE, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, FEB 2-(AP)-THE HEAD OF THE CZECHOSLOVAK CHURCH WHICH BROKE AWAY FROM THE ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH IN THE 1920S DENOUNCED THE VATICAN TONIGHT AS AN "ALLY OF CAPITALISM."

DR.FRANTISEK KOVAR, PATRIARCH OF THE CHURCH, ALSO TOLD A MEETING OF ITS CLERGY THAT THE ONLY THING TO BE IS A "SINCERE, OPEN, HONEST SOCIALIST (COMMUNIST)."

"WE CANNOT IMAGINE A CHRISTIAN AS A PROMOTER OF CAPITALISM WHICH IS AN EXPLOITIVE ORDER," DR.KOVAR SAID. HIS STATEMENT WAS DISTRIBUTED TO ALL CZECH NEWSPAPERS AND THE CONTROLLED RADIO BY THE OFFICIAL NEWS AGENCY.

THIS SEEMED TO BACK UP REPORTS BY HIGH ROMAN CATHOLIC SOURCES THAT THE COMMUNIST-LED GOVERNMENT WAS INTENT ON POPULARIZING THE CZECHOSLOVAK CHURCH AND BUILDING IT UP IN ORDER TO SUPPLANT THE CATHOLIC CHURCH.

CATHOLIC SOURCES SAID RECENTLY THE GOVERNMENT'S PLAN IS TO HELP THE CZECHOSLOVAK CHURCH INCREASE ITS MEMBERSHIP--WHICH NOW IS LESS THAN 10 PER CENT--TO 20 PER CENT OF THE NATION'S POPULATION. OF CZECHOSLOVAKIA'S 13,000,000 PEOPLE, SOME 9,000,000 ARE CATHOLICS.

SN1033PES

THE INTERIOR MINISTRY SAID JAN. 17 THAT IMRE KISS, LOCAL SECRETARY OF THE HUNGARIAN WORKERS PARTY, HAD BEEN STABBED TO DEATH NEAR SZEGED. THE DEFENDANTS OWNED FARMS ALONG THE BORDER.

THE INTERIOR MINISTRY CHARGED THAT DOBO, "A YUGOSLAV KULAK, WAS SENT TO HUNGARY BY (PREMIER MARSHAL) TITO LAST AUGUST TO ORGANIZE THE RICH PEASANTS AGAINST THE PEOPLE."

OD JS1103P

A129

MOSCOW, FEB.2-(AP)-EIGHTY-TWO LEADING SOVIET CITIZENS HAVE ASKED RUSSIA'S MINISTRY OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS TO RETURN DECORATIONS GIVEN THEM BY PREMIER MARSHAL TITO'S YUGOSLAV GOVERNMENT. THEIR ACTION FOLLOWS MORE THAN A YEAR OF BITTER FEUDING BETWEEN THE RUSSIAN-LED COMINFORM AND THE TITO REGIME IN YUGOSLAVIA.

"WE CANNOT WEAR ON OUR BREAST ORDERS RECEIVED FROM PEOPLE WHO ARE TRAITORS TO THE DEMOCRATIC FRONT AND THE PEOPLE OF YUGOSLAVIA," SAID A LETTER FROM THE GROUP, PUBLISHED IN THE NEWSPAPER PRAVDA TODAY.

AMONG THOSE SIGNING THE LETTER WERE WRITER ILYA EHRENBURG, ACTRESS VALENTINA SEROVA, AND COL. GEN. VASSILI VINOGRADOV.

THE SIGNERS OF THE LETTER SAID THEY "ENTERTAIN FEELINGS OF LOVE AND RESPECT FOR THE YUGOSLAV PEOPLE."

"WE KNOW OF THE STRUGGLE WHICH THE YUGOSLAV PEOPLE ARE PUTTING UP AGAINST THE FASCIST GANG OF TITO X X X" THE LETTER SAID. "WE ARE SYMPATHETIC TO THE STRUGGLE AND BELIEVE IN THE NEAREST FUTURE IT WILL LEAD TO COMPLETE VICTORY."

MK820AES

BERLIN--FIRST ADD GERMAN (B73) X X X DIRECTORY.

AT HELMSTEDT, EAST-WEST BORDER CHECKPOINT, THE RUSSIANS CONTINUED THEIR HALTING TACTICS ON TRUCKS. SIXTY BERLIN-BOUND TRUCKS WERE STALLED AT THE BORDER AWAITING CLEARANCE WHILE THE RUSSIANS LET THEM THROUGH AT THE RATE OF FIVE PER HOUR.

ANOTHER LINE OF 40 WEST-BOUND TRUCKS FORMED DURING THE MORNING ON THE SOVIET SIDE OF THE BORDER.

MUTTERING DRIVERS REPORTED THEIR CARGO AND PERSONAL PAPERS WERE SUBJECT TO A 15-MINUTE INSPECTION. SOME WERE REFUSED CLEARANCE ON THE GROUNDS THEIR PAPERS CONTAINED IRREGULARITIES. PASSENGER ROAD TRAFFIC AND TRAINS CONTINUED TO CLEAR THE BORDER WITHOUT DELAY.

THE EAST GERMAN CITY GOVERNMENT OF BERLIN ANNOUNCED THE APPOINTMENT OF WALDEMAR SCHMIDT AS POLICE PRESIDENT. THIS IS THE JOB ONCE HELD BY PAUL MARKGRAF, FORMER GERMAN ARMY OFFICER WHOSE WHEREABOUTS HAS BEEN A MYSTERY FOR MONTHS. THE WESTERN PRESS HAS SAID HE IS POSSIBLY A PURGE VICTIM.

JT1015AES

FEB 3-1950

A70 (130)

FRANKFURT, GERMANY, FEB 2-(AP)-A HIGH AMERICAN OFFICIAL PREDICTED TONIGHT THE RUSSIANS WILL NOT REIMPOSE THEIR BLOCKADE OF BERLIN.

THE OFFICIAL, WHO DECLINED TO BE QUOTED BY NAME, SAID THE CURRENT SLOWDOWN OF TRUCK TRAFFIC AT HELMSTEDT IS SOVIET HECKLING AND ADDED: "THE RAIL LINE IS OPEN AND THAT'S THE IMPORTANT ITEM."

THE OFFICIAL SAID HE WAS CONVINCED THE RUSSIANS DO NOT INTEND TO IMPOSE ANOTHER BLOCKADE BECAUSE THEY TRIED IT ONCE AND FOUND IT WORKED TO THEIR DISADVANTAGE. HE SAID THE RUSSIANS DISCOVERED THAT THE WESTERN COUNTER-BLOCKADE OFFSET ANY GAINS OBTAINED BY THE RUSSIANS AND THE BRITISH-AMERICAN AIRLIFT WORKED TOO WELL TO MAKE THE SOVIET BLOCKADE REALLY EFFECTIVE.

AT WIESBADEN LT. GEN. JOHN K. CANNON, COMMANDER OF THE U.S. AIR FORCES IN EUROPE, SAID THE AIRLIFT COULD REACH PEAK OPERATION "VERY RAPIDLY" SHOULD THE NEED FOR ITS RESUMPTION ARISE.

DY753PES

FEB 3-1950

NIGHT LEAD ISRAEL (580)

JERUSALEM, FEB. 2-(AP)-THE ISRAELI CABINET, FOR THE SECOND DAY IN SUCCESSION, TODAY DEBATED THE QUESTION OF RELIGIOUS EDUCATION FOR JEWISH CHILDREN IN IMMIGRANT CAMPS.

YESTERDAY THE QUESTION WAS THE SUBJECT OF A HOT EXCHANGE OF CABLES BETWEEN PREMIER DAVID BEN-GURION AND 11 AMERICAN RABBINICAL, SYNAGOGUE AND RELIGIOUS ZIONIST ORGANIZATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES.

ISRAEL'S EDUCATION SYSTEM IS DIVIDED INTO THREE TYPES OF SCHOOLS, LABOR, RELIGIOUS AND GENERAL. ORTHODOX PARTIES CLAIM THE CHILDREN OF ORTHODOX PARENTS, SUCH AS THE JEWS NOW ARRIVING FROM YEMEN, ARE NOT BEING DIVIDED AMONG THE THREE TYPES OF SCHOOLS.

THE AMERICAN GROUP CABLED THE PREMIER THAT THE SITUATION THREATENS A "WORLD SCANDAL OF FAR-REACHING AND TRAGIC CONSEQUENCES." DETAILS OF THIS CABLE WERE NOT DISCLOSED, BUT IT IS UNDERSTOOD TO MEAN THE RABBIS MIGHT CONDUCT A CAMPAIGN IN THE SYNAGOGUES AGAINST THE PRESENT GOVERNMENT OF ISRAEL.

INFORMANTS SAID THAT THE CRITICS' THREAT MIGHT AFFECT ADVERSELY RELATIONS BETWEEN JEWISH COMMUNITIES ABROAD AND THE STATE OF ISRAEL AND ALSO HARM THE CAMPAIGN OF THE UNITED JEWISH APPEAL, WHICH AIMS AT RAISING OVER $100,000,000 (M) FOR ISRAEL.

IN HIS REPLY, BEN-GURION TOLD THE AMERICAN RABBIS "WE WILL DO NOTHING UNDER THE PRESSURE OF THREATS THAT ARE NOT JUSTIFIED, OR NECESSARY ON ITS OWN MERITS."

THE PREMIER AND OTHER OFFICIALS HAVE DENIED ANY RELIGIOUS COMPULSION OF IMMIGRANT CHILDREN. BEN-GURION ALSO REPORTEDLY SAID THAT IF THE CHARGES WERE TRUE, HE WOULD RESIGN. INVESTIGATION OF THE SITUATION HAS NOT BEEN COMPLETED.

AN INTER-MINISTERIAL COMMITTEE, COMPOSED OF FIVE CABINET MEMBERS, IS SEEKING A COMPROMISE ON THE ISSUE AND OBTAINED GOVERNMENT AUTHORITY TO TRY TO ESTABLISH ONE TYPE OF SCHOOL WHICH WOULD SATISFY ALL IDEOLOGIES: NATIONALIST, RELIGIOUS AND SOCIALIST.

THE CABLE TO BEN-GURION FROM THE UNITED STATES WAS SIGNED BY THE UNITED RELIGIOUS BLOC OF AMERICA, HEADED BY RABBI DAVID LIFSHITZ OF YESHIVA UNIVERSITY, NEW YORK. THE BLOC INCLUDES THE RABBINICAL COUNCIL OF AMERICA, HEADED BY RABBI ISRAEL TABAK, OF BALTIMORE, AND THE UNION OF ORTHODOX RABBIS, LED BY RABBI ISRAEL ROSENBERG, OF

NEW YORK; RABBI ELIEZER SILVER, CINCINNATI; AND RABBI JUDAH SELZER.
OTHER ORGANIZATIONS INCLUDED ARE THE MISRAHI ORGANIZATION OF AMERICA, HEADED BY PINHAS CHURGIN, AND TWO OF THE LARGEST ORGANIZATIONS IN THE ORTHODOX UNION: THE NATIONAL COUNCIL OF YOUNG ISRAEL AND THE UNION OF ORTHODOX JEWISH CONGREGATIONS.

A141
IN NEW YORK, A SPOKESMAN FOR THE 11 JEWISH GROUPS, THE UNITED RELIGIOUS BLOC OF AMERICA, DENIED THERE WAS ANY THREAT OR PRESSURE IN THE MESSAGE SENT TO BEN GURION JAN. 23.

THE SPOKESMAN WAS RABBI MORRIS J.ROTHMAN, EXECUTIVE SECRETARY OF THE BLOC, WHICH HE SAID REPRESENTED NEARLY 1,000,000 (M) MEMBERS.
HE SAID THE BLOC WAS ORGANIZED ABOUT A YEAR AGO AT THE REQUEST OF THE CHIEF RABBI OF ISRAEL, RABBI ISAAC HALEVY HERZOG, TO SUPPORT DEMANDS FOR A SYSTEM OF RELIGION IN THE HOLY LAND.
ROTHMAN SAID RELIABLE INFORMATION WAS RECEIVED THAT 32,000 CHILDREN, MOST OF THEM ORPHANS FROM RELIGIOUS HOMES IN THE NEAR EAST, WERE RECEIVING EDUCATION DEVOID OF RELIGION IN THE IMMIGRATION CAMPS.
SIX MONTHS AGO, ROTHMAN SAID, THE BLOC APPEALED TO BEN-GURION THAT THESE CHILDREN BE GIVEN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION, BUT NOTHING WAS DONE.
AT THE BLOC'S JAN. 23 MEETING IN NEW YORK, ROTHMAN SAID, RESOLUTIONS TO SUPPORT THE UNITED JEWISH APPEAL AND THE JEWISH STATE WERE ADOPTED; BUT IT WAS ALSO VOTED TO CABLE BEN GURION AN APPEAL FOR RELIGIOUS EDUCATION FOR THE 32,000 CHILDREN.
"WE ARE NOT BRINGING POLITICAL PRESSURE. IT WAS MERELY AN APPEAL BY THE RELIGIOUS JEWS OF AMERICA," ROTHMAN SAID.
INFORMATION ON LACK OF RELIGIOUS EDUCATION FOR THE IMMIGRANT CHILDREN WAS OBTAINED FROM THE ISRAELI PRESS, MESSAGES FROM RESIDENTS OF ISRAEL, AND REPORTS OF RETURNING TRAVELERS THERE, ROTHMAN SAID.
"WE STAND BEHIND THE GOVERNMENT OF ISRAEL, BUT AT THE SAME TIME WE MAKE THIS BEQUEST," ROTHMAN SAID.
HE ADDED: "THOSE IN CONTROL OF THE CAMPS HAVE KEPT OUT RELIGIOUS GUIDANCE AND EDUCATION. THE IMMIGRATION CAMPS ARE CONTROLLED BY THE LEFT WING GROUPS."

SN120BAES

JERUSALEM, FEB.2-(AP)-PREMIER DAVID BEN-GURION HAS SENT A STRONG MESSAGE TO A GROUP OF AMERICAN RABBIS DENYING THE RIGHT OF ANY JEWISH GROUP OUTSIDE ISRAEL TO TRY TO PRESSURE THE GOVERNMENT HERE.
ELEVEN AMERICAN RABBINICAL AND SYNAGOGUE AND RELIGIOUS ZIONIST ORGANIZATIONS WITHIN THE "UNITED RELIGIOUS BLOC OF AMERICA" RECENTLY CABLED BEN-GURION DEMANDING REVISION OF PRESENT ARRANGEMENTS FOR ABSORPTION OF IMMIGRANT CHILDREN.
THE GROUP SAID IT MADE THE DEMAND "TO PREVENT INJUSTICE TO CHILDREN PARENTS AND FUNDAMENTAL JUDAISM SO AS TO OBVIATE WORLD SCANDAL OF FAR REACHING AND TRAGIC CONSEQUENCES."
BEN-GURION'S ANSWER, CABLED IN HEBREW, WAS RELEASED HERE TODAY. THE PRIME MINISTER SAID THAT NO ONE WOULD DETRACT FROM THE RIGHT OF ANY JEW TO EXPRESS AN OPINION OR CRITICIZE THE AFFAIRS OF STATE OF ISRAEL.
BUT, HE DECLARED, THE RABBIS HAD TRIED TO PASS JUDGMENT ON MATTERS THEY KNEW LITTLE ABOUT. BEN-GURION DID NOT MENTION WHAT HAS BEEN REPORTED IN THE PRESS--THAT A MINISTERIAL COMMITTEE IS INVESTIGATING CHARGES OF DISCRIMINATION IN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION.
THE PREMIER EXPRESSED AMAZEMENT AT THE "SINGULAR THREATS WITH WHICH YOU HAVE APPROACHED THE GOVERNMENT OF ISRAEL. THE STATE OF ISRAEL IS A DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC FOUNDED ON LIBERTY, FREEDOM OF CONSCIENCE AND FREEDOM OF BELIEF AND ALL HER AFFAIRS ARE DIRECTED BY THE DECISIONS OF THE MAJORITY OF HER CITIZENS, ACCORDING TO THE BEST OF THEIR KNOWLEDGE."
"YOU MAY BE ASSURED," BEN-GURION SAID, "THAT WE WILL DO NOTHING UNDER THE PRESSURE OF THREATS THAT IS NOT JUSTIFIED, OR NECESSARY ON ITS OWN MERITS."
THE PREMIER DECLARED THE MOST EFFECTIVE WAY OF EXERTING INFLUENCE ON THE AFFAIRS OF ISRAEL IS "TO JOIN US AND SETTLE IN ISRAEL. ALL OF US WILL WELCOME YOU."

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NS52AES

RANGOON, BURMA, FEB. 2-(AP)-UNITED NATIONS FUNDS WILL BE AVAILABLE TO MEMBER COUNTRIES OF THE INTERNATIONAL RICE CONFERENCE TO CARRY OUT PRESIDENT TRUMAN'S PROGRAM OF AID TO UNDERDEVELOPED ASIAN AREAS, DELEGATES WERE TOLD TODAY.
DR.W.R.ACKROYD, SECRETARY-GENERAL OF THE NUTRITION COMMITTEE SESSION NOW BEING HELD HERE, TOLD DELEGATES THAT FUNDS FROM THE U.N. FOOD AND AGRICULTURAL ORGANIZATION (FAO) WILL BE AVAILABLE TO IMPLEMENT THE UNITED STATES POINT-FOUR PROGRAM.
HE SAID THE COUNTRIES CONCERNED WILL HAVE TO APPLY TO THE FAO FOR AID, BEFORE ASSISTANCE CAN BE RENDERED.
MEANWHILE, THE NUTRITIONS GROUP NAMED TWO SUB-COMMITTEES, ONE TO DEAL WITH FOOD COMPOSITION AND THE OTHER WITH EDUCATION AND TRAINING OF WORKERS.
DR.P.DOROLLE OF FRANCE WAS NAMED CHAIRMAN OF THE FOOD COMPOSITION COMMITTEE. DR.R.C.BURGESS OF BRITAIN WILL HEAD THE TRAINING GROUP.
THE NUTRITION EXPERTS AND RICE BREEDERS ARE CURRENTLY HOLDING SESSIONS TO PAVE THE WAY FOR THE 19-NATION INTERNATIONAL RICE GROWERS CONFERENCE WHICH OPENS HERE FEB. 6. THAT PARLEY IS EXPECTED TO LAST 10 DAYS.

TA720PES

baghdad, iraq, feb. 2-(ap)the seven-week old government of iraqi premier ali jawdat al ayubi, which offered to resign last night, was still in power today--its offer unaccepted.

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the crisis was brought on by the report of deputy premier and

30.24- 8697

FEB 3 - 1950

foreign minister muzahlim amin el-pachachi, who recently held talks with egyptian officials over the story question of proposed syrian-iraqi union.

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gypt has repeatedly warned iraq and hashemite jordan to keep hands off syria and has opposed the plan of jordan,s king abdullah to build a "greater syria."

SECRET

some cabinet members have contended that a recent agreement of el pachachi and the egyptian government on the union question is not binding and is unworkable.

the cabinet crisis is expected to last several days, but there is a question whether the government's resignation will be accepted at all. formation of a new cabin t would not be an easy task.

habibs 01400 apl rew th 309p

A99
MADRAS, INDIA, FEB. 2-(AP)-SOVIET BIOLOGIST V. A. ENGLEHARD, VISITING SCIENTIFIC INSTITUTIONS IN INDIA, REFUSED TODAY TO DISCUSS THE HYDROGEN BOMB. ASKED ABOUT ATOM AND HYDROGEN BOMBS, ENGLEHARD SAID: "SOVIET SCIENTISTS HAVE DONE A BIT OF WORK LEADING TO AN INTERESTING STATEMENT FROM PRESIDENT TRUMAN. LET US TALK LESS OF BOMBS AND MORE OF SCIENCE."
EZ934AES

NEW DELHI, INDIA, FEB.2-(AP)-THE MOUNTAIN LAND OF TIBET, WHICH RED CHINA THREATENS TO "LIBERATE" HAS BROADCAST A VOW SHE WILL FIGHT TO PRESERVE HER FREEDOM AT ALL COSTS.
FROM THE CLOUD-WRAPPED CAPITAL OF LHASA HAVE COME FAINT BROADCASTS INSISTING TIBET IS NOT PART OF CHINA AND DECLARING THE PEOPLE "DEMAND THEIR RIGHT AS TIBETANS TO ABSOLUTE INDEPENDENCE."
REFERRING TO NEWS REPORTS THAT CHINESE COMMUNIST TROOPS HAVE ALREADY REACHED THE BORDERS OF THE MOUNTAIN LAND, THE LHASA RADIO ASSERTED TIBETANS "ARE FIRMLY RESOLVED TO PROTECT HIS HOLINESS (THE DALAI LAMA) THEIR RELIGION, THEIR COUNTRY AND THEIR LIVES."
THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS HAVE BEEN STEPPING UP THEIR PROPAGANDA DRIVE FOR WHAT THEY REFERRD TO AS THE "LIBERATION OF TIBET."
THEIR STATEMENTS HAVE BEEN INTERPRETED AS A CURTAIN RAISER TO A POSSIBLE INVASION OF THAT SPARSELY SETTLED MOUNTAIN LAND.
THE OFFICIAL COMMUNIST NEW CHINA NEWS AGENCY RECENTLY QUOTED GEN. CHU TEH, COMMANDER OF THE CHINESE RED ARMY, AS SAYING HIS FORCES "WOULD DO THEIR UTMOST FOR THE LIBERATION OF TIBET WITHOUT DELAY."
TO THIS, RADIO TIBET HAS RETORTED:
"IT IS NOT THE PEOPLE THEY WANT TO COUNTRY WHICH WILL BE SO VALUABLE TO THEM. THE TIBETAN PEOPLE ARE TO BE THEIR SLAVES. THEY ARE TO PROVIDE LABOR TO WORK THE FABULOUS MINES AND MINERAL WEALTH OF TIBET WHICH NEVER HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED."
THE RADIO SAID TIBET HAS KEPT INTERNAL ORDER AND DEFENDED HER BORDERS AGAINST AGGRESSION SINCE 1912 WHEN "THE ARMY OF THE MANCHU EMPEROR AND ALL REMAINING CHINESE AUTHORITY" WAS OUSTED.
THE BROADCASTS HAVE EMPHASIZED THAT THE FATE OF TIBET IS IMPORTANT TO ALL ASIA.
"IT MUST BE VERY OBVIOUS TO THE COMMUNISTS," ONE BROADCAST SAID, "THAT TIBET CAN BE A SPRINGBOARD FOR MUSTERING ENOUGH STRENGTH TO REPEL COMMUNIST AGGRESSION."
TIBET EXTENDS FROM KASHMIR IN THE WEST TO CHINA ON THE EAST. IT FORMS A NARROW ENCLAVE BETWEEN THE HIMALAYAS AND THE KUNLUN MOUNTAINS. IT COVERS SOME 470,000 SQUARE MILES AND HAS ABOUT 3,000,000 PEOPLE.
THE CHINESE HAVE TRIED FOR CENTURIES TO CONVERT TIBET INTO A CHINESE PROVINCE, BUT THEIR EFFORTS HAVE NEVER HAD LASTING SUCCESS. ITS RUGGED MOUNTAINS PROVIDE A GREAT NATURAL DEFENSE AGAINST AGGRESSION.
MJ1020AES

CHINESE (200)
BY SPENCER MOOSA
TAIPEI, FORMOSA, FEB. 2-(AP)-THE NATIONALIST DEFENSE MINISTRY TONIGHT CHARGED FORMALLY THAT CHINESE COMMUNIST TROOPS HAD CROSSED THE BORDER OF YUNNAN PROVINCE INTO FRENCH INDOCHINA.
THE SAME CHARGE TWICE BEFORE BY NATIONALIST NEWSPAPERS EVOKED A DENIAL BY FRENCH AUTHORITIES IN INDOCHINA.
THE MINISTRY IDENTIFIED THE INTRUDERS AS UNITS OF THE RED 45TH ARMY. THE COMMUNISTS, THE MINISTRY SAID, HAD PENETRATED TO THE VICINITY OF THE INDOCHINA TOWNS OF CAO BANG AND LANG SON.
THEIR PURPOSE, SAID THE MINISTRY, WAS TO HELP THE FORCES OF REBEL INDOCHINA LEADER HO CHI-MINH TO SEIZE THE TWO TOWNS.
THE MINISTRY ADDED THAT RED GEN. LIN PIAO WAS MASSING PART OF HIS 38TH ARMY ON THE YANNAN-INDOCHINA BORDER.
MEANWHILE FURTHER NATIONALIST AIR BLOWS AIMED AT CRIPPLING RED CHANCES FOR A SUCCESSFUL INVASION OF THE BIG SOUTH CHINA ISLAND OF HAINAN WERE REPORTED.
SOME 60 JUNKS WERE REPORTED SUNK IN THE GULF OF TONKIN.
NATIONALIST NAVAL UNITS WERE ORDERED TO TIGHTEN THEIR GUARD ON APPROACHES TO HAINAN. WARSHIPS REPORTEDLY SANK EIGHT LARGE RED JUNKS IN HAINAN STRAIT.
THE NAVY ALSO REPORTED A SURPRISE BOMBARDMENT OF CHINTANG, A COMMUNIST OCCUPIED ISLAND IN THE CHUSAN GROUP 100 MILES SOUTH OF SHANGHAI. IT SAID DEFENSE WORKS THERE WERE DEMOLISHED.
JL613APS

JOINT CHIEFS (280)
BY RUSSELL BRINES
TOKYO, FEB. 2-(AP)-THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF TODAY WERE URGED TO PLUMP FOR LONG TIME RETENTION BY AMERICAN NAVAL FORCES OF THE BIG JAPANESE NAVAL BASE OF YOKOSUKA ON TOKYO BAY.
THE $600,000,000 (M) BASE WAS INSPECTED BY THREE OF THE CHIEFS, GEN. OMAR BRADLEY, CHAIRMAN; ARMY GEN. J. LAWTON COLLINS, AND ADM. FORREST P. SHERMAN.
THEY EXPRESSED MUCH INTEREST IN YOKOSUKA, WHICH IS THE ONLY U.S. NAVAL BASE WEST OF HAWAII CAPABLE OF HANDLING AND REPAIRING MAJOR WARSHIPS.
REAR ADM. BENTON W. DECKER, WHO HAD A BIG HAND IN THE REBUILDING OF YOKOSUKA AFTER THE WAR, POINTED OUT THE BASE WAS DESIRABLE NOT ONLY AS A REPAIR BASE FOR MAJOR WARSHIPS BUT EQUALLY IMPORTANT AS A SUPPLY BASE FOR THE U.S. ARMY AND AIR FORCE IN JAPAN.
ADMIRAL SHERMAN SHOWED KEEN INTEREST IN THE BASE, WHICH HE SAW LAST IN 1945.
"IT IS OUR BEST BASE IN THIS PART OF THE WORLD -- A VERY USEFUL BASE," HE COMMENTED.
GENERAL BRADLEY SHOWED INTEREST, TOO.
"I WOULDN'T HAVE MISSED THIS," HE SAID AFTER INSPECTING YOKOSUKA.
GENERAL COLLINS DID NOT COMMENT AND AIR GEN. HOYT S. VANDENBERG, FOURTH OF THE TOURING CHIEFS OF STAFF, REMAINED IN TOKYO TO INSPECT AIR FORCE ESTABLISHMENTS AROUND THAT AREA, 40 MILES FROM YOKOSUKA.
NAVAL OFFICERS PLUGGED FOR THEIR AIR ARM TO TAKE OVER ATSUGI AIR BASE NEAR YOKOSUKA TO AUGMENT THE NAVAL BASE FACILITIES. AT PRESENT ATSUGI IS CONTROLLED BY THE AIR FORCE.
THE TOURING CHIEFS OF STAFF CONTINUED THEIR ROUNDS OF INSPECTION OF AMERICAN FORCES IN JAPAN.
THEY WERE URGED YESTERDAY TO BOLSTER AMERICAN SEA, AIR AND LAND STRENGTH IN THIS DEFENSE PERIMETER, WHICH IS UNDER THE COMMAND OF GEN. DOUGLAS MACARTHUR.
LATER THE CHIEFS OF STAFF WILL VISIT OKINAWA, WHERE THE UNITED STATES IS SPENDING MILLIONS OF DOLLARS IN ESTABLISHING PERMANENT DEFENSES.
X235APS NM

BY TOM LAMBERT
TOKYO, FEB. 2-(AP)- CANADA'S EXTERNAL AFFAIRS SECRETARY LESTER B.PEARSON TODAY URGED A QUICK PEACE FOR JAPAN WITH RUSSIA PARTICIPATING, IF POSSIBLE.
IF RUSSIA WILL NOT TAKE PART, HOWEVER, HE SUGGESTED THE ALLIES SHOULD CONSIDER SERIOUSLY "A CONFERENCE ON A MORE LIMITED BASIS."
IT WAS THE OPINION OF SECRETARY PEARSON THAT ALL NATIONS WHO FOUGHT AGAINST JAPAN SHOULD ATTEND THE PEACE CONFERENCE AND HAVE A VOICE IN ITS DECISIONS.
"THAT IS THE STUMBLING BLOCK FROM THE RUSSIAN POINT OF VIEW," HE SAID.
RUSSIA HAS MAINTAINED THE JAPAN PEACE TREATY SHOULD BE THE PROVINCE OF THE BIG FOUR FOREIGN MINISTERS. THE BIG FOUR HAS BEEN THE UNITED STATES, RUSSIA, BRITAIN AND NATIONALIST CHINA, WHICH IS TOTTERING AND IS NO LONGER RECOGNIZED BY RUSSIA OR ENGLAND.
SECRETARY PEARSON, RETURNING FROM THE COLOMBO BRITISH COMMONWEALTH CONFERENCE, SAID HE WOULD REPORT ON HIS ATTITUDE TOWARD THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS WHOM CANADA HAS NOT YET RECOGNIZED. HE INDICATED THAT HE FELT ANY "GOVERNMENT SHOULD RECOGNIZE THE FACTS OF A SITUATION."
HE COMMENTED THAT HE HAD NOTED THOSE NATIONS, INCLUDING GREAT BRITAIN, WHICH HAVE RECOGNIZED THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS, "DIDN'T GET A VERY WARM RECEPTION."
SECRETARY PEARSON SAID CANADA WAS WORRIED ABOUT "SOVIET IMPERIALISM" AS A THREAT TO WORLD PEACE.
"SOVIET IMPERIALISM USES COMMUNISM FOR ITS OWN PURPOSES," HE SAID.
HE DECLINED TO COMMENT ON THE MUCH DISCUSSED QUESTION OF WHETHER THE UNITED STATES SHOULD RETAIN BASES IN JAPAN AFTER THE PEACE TREATY.
HE ADDED CANADA IS INTERESTED IN JAPAN'S FUTURE SECURITY.
Y555APS NM

TOKYO, FRIDA , FEB. 1-(AP)-THE COMMUNIST NEWSPAPER AKAHATA SAID TODAY THE BOSTON CITY COUNCIL'S REFUSAL TO ADMIT VISITING JAPANESE LAWMAKERS WAS A SLAP AT "MILITARISTIC JAPAN."
THE NEWSPAPER SAID ONE BOSTON COUNCIL MEMBER DECLARED THE UNITED STATES MIGHT BE AT WAR WITH JAPAN IN A FEW YEARS, AND ADDED THIS SHOWED AMERICANS WERE OPPOSED TO JAPANESE MILITARISM, NOT TO JAPAN ITSELF.
THE NEWSPAPER USED THE INCIDENT TO ATTACK THE CONSERVATIVE GOVERNMENT OF PREMIER SHIGERU YOSHIDA.
"THE BOSTON INCIDENT," IT SAID, "IS A DISGRACE TO THE YOSHIDA CABINET. IT SHOWS THAT ONLY A TRULY DEMOCRATIC (COMMUNIST) JAPAN WILL PROTECT THE REAL FRIENDSHIP BETWEEN THE JAPANESE AND AMERICAN PEOPLE."
FJ930PCS

TONIGHT THE FOUR VISITING CHIEFS HAD AN HOUR-LONG SECRET CONFERENCE WITH GENERAL MACARTHUR.

NO ANNOUNCEMENT CONCERNING THE TALKS WAS EXPECTED, BUT MACARTHUR PRESUMABLY STRESSED THE STRATEGIC IMPORTANCE OF FORMOSA TO HIS FAR EASTERN DEFENSE LINE.

MACARTHUR IS KNOWN TO FAVOR CONCRETE STEPS SHORT OF WAR TO KEEP FORMOSA OUT OF COMMUNIST HANDS. MANY OF HIS OFFICERS HAVE BEEN COUNTING ON HIM TO "SELL" THE JOINT CHIEFS ON HIS VIEWS.

THE JOINT CHIEFS ARE LEAVING BY AIR FRIDAY AFTERNOON FOR SOUTHERN JAPAN AND OKINAWA.

C0333PCS

JAKARTA, U.S.I., FEB.2-(AP)-PRESIDENT SOEKARNO RETURNED LAST NIGHT FROM A TEN DAY TOUR OF BURMA,INDIA AND PAKISTAN. HE DESCRIBED AS EXCELLENT COOPERATION BETWEEN INDONESIA AND THE THREE COUNTRIES HE VISITED. HE SAID PRIME MINISTER JAWAHARLAL NEHRU OF INDIA HAD ACCEPTED AN INVITATION TO VISIT HERE IN MAY.

N947AES

JAKARTA,U.S.I., FRIDAY, FEB. 3-(AP)-NEWLY INDEPENDENT INDONESIA ON MARCH 20 WILL HOLD ITS FIRST CONFERENCE ON EQUAL FOOTING WITH ITS FORMER RULERS IN THE DUTCH GOVERNMENT, IT WAS ANNOUNCED TODAY.

NETHERLANDS MINISTER FOR UNION AFFAIRS AND OVERSEAS TERRITORIES J.H. VAN MAARSEVEEN SAID THE "UNION CONFERENCE" INDICATED THE UNSETTLED STATUS OF WESTERN NEW GUINEA, WHICH REMAINS A PART OF HOLLAND'S COLONIAL SYSTEM, MAY BE TAKEN UP AT THE CONFERENCE.

UNDER THE AGREEMENT WHICH GAVE INDONESIA HER SOVEREIGNTY IT WAS AGREED THAT DUTCH NEW GUINEA WOULD NOT JOIN THE U.S. I. AT LEAST FOR A YEAR, DURING WHICH TIME HER POLITICAL STATUS WOULD BE STUDIED.

MAARSEVEEN SAID IT WAS POSSIBLE THAT A COMMITTEE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE NETHERLANDS AND INDONESIA MIGHT BE APPOINTED AT THE CONFERENCE TO PREPARE FOR NEGOTIATIONS ON NEW GUINEA'S FUTURE.

THE CONFERENCE WAS CALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE AGREEMENT WHICH GAVE INDONESIA HER SOVEREIGNTY. ACCORDING TO THAT AGREEMENT INDONESIA BECAME AN EQUAL PARTNER IN A UNION WITH THE NETHERLANDS. REPRESENTATIVES OF THE TWO GOVERNMENTS ARE TO CONFER PERIODICALLY ON UNION MATTERS.

SJ145AES

charlotte amalie, virgin islands, feb. 2-(ap)-warren r. austin, u.s. ambassador to the united nations and his wife were dinner guests last nigh of acting virgin islands governor morris f. de castro at bluebeard castle hotel.

austin, who arrived by plane from havana tuesday, is on a three-wee tour of the caribbean.

BY FRANK K.CAREY
ASSOCIATED PRESS SCIENCE REPORTER.

WASHINGTON,FEB.2-(AP)-IF YOU FEAR THAT A HYDROGEN BOMB MIGHT SET THE EARTH'S ATMOSEPHERE AND OCEANS AFIRE, TAKE CONSOLATION FROM A SCIENTIST WHO CONCEIVED THE THEORY BEHIND THE PROJECTED BOMB.

HE'S DR.HANS A.BETHE, CORNELL UNIVERSITY PHYSICIST, WHO IS ON RECORD AS SAYING:

"THEORETICAL ARGUMENTS WHICH ARE PROBABLY RELIABLE WOULD XXX INDICAT THAT NO TEMPERATURE, HOWEVER HIGH, WOULD PERMIT THE 'IGNITION' OF THE ATMOSPHERE.

"ONLY IF ONE HAD AN ENORMOUS AMOUNT OF WATER OR AIR, ABOUT THE SIZE OF THE SUN, AND IF ONE THEN RAISED THIS LARGE AMOUNT ALL AT THE SAME TIME TO A TEMPERATURE OF MANY MILLIONS OF DEGREES, COULD THERE BE A SELF-SUSTAINING NUCLEAR REACTION IN THESE SUBSTANCES."

(THAT WOULD BE A LOT OF WATER OR AIR TO HEAT ALL AT ONCE. ON THE BASIS OF BETHE'S SOLAR COMPARISON, IT WOULD MEAN A VOLUME OF WATER OR AIR THAT COULD BE CONTAINED IN A SPHERE HAVING 1,300,000 TIMES THE VOLUME OF OUR EARTH.)

DR.BETHE MADE THIS STATEMENT BEFORE A SPECIAL SENATE COMMITTEE ON ATOMIC ENERGY IN DECEMBER, 1945, A FEW MONTHS AFTER THE FIRST ATOMIC BOMB WAS DROPPED ON JAPAN.

HE HAD PREFACED THOSE REMARKS BY SAYING:

"IN THE ATMOSPHERE THE ONLY ABUNDANT ELEMENTS ARE NITROGEN AND OXYGEN, IN THE OCEAN OXYGEN AND HYDROGEN.

"NUCLEAR (ATOMIC) REACTIONS BETWEEN THESE NUCLEI ARE VERY UNLIKELY AND REQUIRE ENORMOUSLY HIGH TEMPERATURES, MUCH HIGHER THAN THE RACTION WHICH TAKES PLACE IN THE SUN (WHERE THE INTERIOR TEMPERATURE IS ESTIMATED AT 22,000,000 DEGREES.)"

"IT CAN BE STATED WITH COMPLETE ASSURANCE," HE ADDED, "THAT ATOMIC BOMBS OF THE PRESENT (1945) TYPE OR ANY TYPE THAT IS NOW IN SIGHT WILL NOT PRODUCE HIGH ENOUGH TEMPERATURES TO CAUSE NUCLEAR CHAIN REACTIONS IN EITHER THE ATMOSPHERE OR THE OCEAN."

THEN HE SAID THAT THEORY EXISTS THAT "NO TEMPERATURE, HOWEVER HIGH" WOULD ALLOW IGNOTION OF THE ATMOSPHERE.

HE MADE THAT STATEMENT DURING A DISCUSSION IN WHICH HE ALSO SAID:

"IT IS NOT IMPOSSIBLE THAT SOME DAY IN THE FUTURE WE SHALL BE ABLE TO RELEASE NUCLEAR ENERGY BY REACTIONS SIMILAR TO THOSE TAKING PLACE IN THE STARS. THE DIFFICULTY IS TO OBTAIN A HIGH ENOUGH TEMPERATURE TO START SUCH A REACTION, AND TO OBTAIN THIS TEMPERATURE IN A SUFFICIENTLY LARGE VOLUME."

IT WAS DR.BETHE WHO FIRST PROPOSED THE THEORY THAT THE SUN AND THE STARS DERIVE THEIR ENERGY FROM A SELF-SUSTAINING CHAIN REACTION IN WHICH HYDROGEN IS SLOWLY CONVERTED TO HELIUM. THIS CONCEPT IS NOW THE ACCEPTED ONE OF SCIENCE.

AND IT IS UPON SUCH A THEORY THAT THINKING BEHIND THE H-BOMB IS BASED.

VX/5G905PES

FEB 3-1950

WIGHT LEAD CHRISTOFFEL
BY RICHARD POWERS
AP SPECIAL WASHINGTON SERVICE (490)
WASHINGTON,FEB.2-(AP)-THE FIRST PHASE OF THE RETRIAL OF HAROLD CHRISTOFFEL FOR PERJURY WAS CONCLUDED TODAY AS THE GOVERNMENT SUCCEEDED IN GETTING WHAT IT CONSIDERS KEY TESTIMONY BEFORE A FEDERAL DISTRICT COURT JURY.
THIS INCLUDES STATEMENTS BY 14 PRESENT OR FORMER MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE LABOR COMMITTEE THAT THEY WERE PRESENT WHEN CHRISTOFFEL DENIED COMMUNIST AFFILIATIONS IN A COMMITTEE HEARING MARCH 1, 1947.
THE DEFENDANT, FOR YEARS A LABOR LEADER IN MILWAUKEE, WAS CONVICTED IN HIS FIRST TRIAL IN 1948 ON CHARGES THAT HE LIED TO THE COMMITTEE IN DENYING HE HAD BEEN A MEMBER OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY.
THIS WAS THROWN OUT, HOWEVER, BY THE SUPREME COURT WHEN IT RULED LAST YEAR THAT IT HAD NOT BEEN PROVED IN COURT THAT A MAJORITY OF THE COMMITTEE HAD HEARD CHRISTOFFEL TESTIFY. THE COMMITTEE HAS 25 MEMBERS.
THE GOVERNMENT SOUGHT TO NAIL DOWN THIS TECHNICALITY IN THE PRESENT TRIAL ON THE SAME CHARGES WHEN IT BROUGHT 13 PRESENT OR FORMER LABOR COMMITTEE MEMBERS TO THE WITNESS STAND. EACH SAID HE WAS PRESENT AND HEARD CHRISTOFFEL TESTIFY.
IN ADDITION, A STATEMENT ALONG THE SAME LINE BY THE LATE REP.THOMAS L.OWENS (R-ILL)--GIVEN AT THE 1948 TRIAL--WAS READ TO THE JURY.
THE PROSECUTION, HEADED BY SPECIAL ASSISTANT ATTORNEY GENERAL JOHN S.PRATT, WILL BEGIN THE SECOND PHASE--THE ATTEMPT TO PROVE CHRISTOFFEL LIED UNDER OATH--WHEN COURT RECONVENES MONDAY.
JUDGE F.DICKINSON LETTS RECESSED THE TRIAL UNTIL NEXT WEEK WHEN THE GOVERNMENT RAN OUT OF AVAILABLE WITNESSES.
REP.CLARE E.HOFFMAN (R-MICH) HAD SEVERAL SHARP EXCHANGES WITH O. JOHN ROGGE, DEFENSE COUNSEL, DURING CROSS-EXAMINATION. HOFFMAN AND FORMER REP.EDWARD O.MCCOWEN (R-OHIO) HAD TOLD THE JURY THEY WERE PRESENT WHEN CHRISTOFFEL APPEARED BEFORE THE COMITTEE.
HOFFMAN HAD DONE MOST OF THE QUESTIONING OF CHRISTOFFEL AT THE 1947 COMMITTEE SESSION WHICH LED TO THE DEFENDANT'S SUBSEQUENT INDICTMENT.
THE COMMITTEE AT THE TIME WAS INVESTIGATING LABOR-MANAGEMENT TROUBLES PRIOR TO PASSAGE OF THE TAFT-HARTLEY ACT.

B20WX
CHRISTOFFEL IS A FORMER PRESIDENT OF LOCAL 248 UAW-CIO AT THE MILWAUKEE PLANT OF THE ALLIS-CHALMERS CO. THE LOCAL CALLED A STRIKE AT THE PLANT IN 1941 AND AGAIN IN 1946.
WHEN ROGGE ASKED HOFFMAN IF THE ALLIS-CHALMERS HAD FURNISHED HIM "WITH A LOT OF MATERIAL" ON CHRISTOFFEL PRIOR TO THE 1947 COMMITTEE SESSION, HOFFMAN SNAPPED:
"I RESENT THAT. I AM 74 YEARS OLD AND CAN FRAME MY OWN QUESTIONS."
AT ANOTHER POINT HOFFMAN SHOUTED, "YOU (ROGGE) ARE TRYING TO PUT ME IN A POSITION WHERE THE COMMITTEE DID NOT GIVE ANYONE A FAIR DEAL AND THAT IS NOT CORRECT."
HOFFMAN SAID HE HAD BEEN STUDYING "THIS THING FOR 10 YEARS--I MEAN THE LABOR QUESTION."
"YOU MEAN LABOR UNIONS, DON'T YOU?" ROGGE ASKED.
"I MEAN COMMUNISM IN LABOR UNIONS," HOFFMAN RETORTED.
OBVIOUSLY IRKED AT ROGGE, HOFFMAN INSISTED ON ANSWERING SOME QUESTIONS EVEN THOUGH JUDGE LETTS SUSTAINED GOVERNMENT OBJECTIONS TO THEM.
DUANE (PAT) CREATHOUSE, CHICAGO, REGIONAL DIRECTOR OF THE UAW-CIO, AND FRED MCSTROUL OF MILWAUKEE, FORMER RECORDING SECRETARY OF LOCAL 248, IDENTIFIED VARIOUS RECORDS OF THE LOCAL THAT WERE PUT IN EVIDENCE.
PRATT SAID HE EXPECTS TO HAVE THE GOVERNMENT'S MAIN WITNESS ON THE STAND MONDAY. HE IS LOUIS BUDENZ, AN ASSISTANT PROFESSOR AT FORDHAM UNIVERSITY, FORMER MANAGING EDITOR OF THE DAILY WORKER AND AN ADMITTED FORMER COMMUNIST.
LT538PES

FEB 3-1950

B100WX
WASHINGTON, FEB 2-(AP)-RUSSIA TODAY BOYCOTTED A MEETING OF THE FAR EASTERN COMMISSION, THE 13-NATION GROUP THAT SETS POLICY FOR THE OCCUPATION OF JAPAN.
THE ACTION CARRIED OUT A THREAT MADE TWO WEEKS AGO. THE SOVIETS GAVE NOTICE THEN THEY WOULD NOT ATTEND FURTHER MEETINGS UNLESS THE CHINESE NATIONALIST MEMBERS OF THE COMMISSION WERE DENIED SEATS.
RUSSIA IS BACKING THE COMMUNIST REGIME IN CHINA.
WHEN THE COMMISSION CONVENED TODAY, THE RUSSIAN MEMBERS WERE ABSENT.
WHILE THE MEETINGS ARE SECRET, IT WAS LEARNED THAT THE U.S. DELEGATION URGED THE GROUP TO IGNORE THE SOVIET BOYCOTT AND GO ON WITH BUSINESS AS USUAL.
WHEN THE RUSSIANS MADE THEIR PROPOSAL TWO WEEKS AGO FOR UNSEATING THE CHINESE NATIONALISTS, THE COMMISSION TABLED IT.
THERE WAS NO FURTHER MOVE AT TODAY'S SESSION TO CONSIDER IT. SOME COMMISSION SOURCES BELIEVED THE PROPOSAL WOULD NOT BE BROUGHT UP FOR SEVERAL WEEKS. MOST OF THE DELEGATES ARE AWAITING INSTRUCTIONS FROM THEIR GOVERNMENTS AS TO WHAT ATTITUDE THEY SHOULD TAKE.
SU1236PES

FEB 3-1950

NAVY PACIFIC
WASHINGTON,FEB.2-(AP)-THE NAVY SAID TODAY THAT IT SOON WILL STRENGTHEN THE PACIFIC FLEET WITH AN ADDITIONAL ESCORT AIRCRAFT CARRIER.
ONLY LAST TUESDAY, IT HAD ANNOUNCED PLANS TO ADD TWO CRUISERS AND SIX DESTROYERS TO THE FORCES IN THAT OCEAN.
AN ESCORT CARRIER IS A PARTICULARLY USEFUL VESSEL FOR ANTI-SUBMARINE SERVICE.
RUSSIA'S PRINCIPAL NAVAL STRENGTH IN THE PACIFIC IS IN SUBMARINES.
THE NAVY SAID THE 11,000-TON ESCORT CARRIER SICILY WILL BE SHIFTED FROM THE ATLANTIC FLEET TO THE PACIFIC FLEET IN MID-APRIL.
THE SICILY IS NOW BEING OVERHAULED AT THE BOSTON NAVAL SHIPYARD. AFTER ITS MOVE TO THE PACIFIC IT WILL BE BASED AT SAN DIEGO,CALIF.
FR310PES

30.24- 8701
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WASHINGTON, FEB.2-(AP)-REP.KRUSE (D-IND), A WORLD WAR TWO VETERAN WHO FOUGHT IN THE PACIFIC, TODAY DEPLORED THE ACTION OF THE BOSTON CITY COUNCIL IN BARRING A GROUP OF VISITING JAPANESE.

HE TOLD THE HOUSE HE CONSIDERED THE COUNCIL'S ACTION "REGRETTABLE."

"I CANNOT HELP BUT NOTE," HE SAID, "THAT CERTAINLY THESE GENTLEMEN ARE WITNESSING AT FIRST HAND THE STRANGE WAYS IN WHICH DEMOCRACY WORKS.

"PERHAPS THE ACTION AT BOSTON HAS SERVED A PURPOSE. CERTAINLY, IT HAS FOCUSED OUR ATTENTION ON THE PURPOSE OF THEIR VISIT, WHICH PURPOSE IS COMMENDABLE INDEED."

KRUSE NOTED THAT THE MASSACHUSETTS GOVERNOR AND LEGISLATURE HAD WELCOMED THE JAPANESE LEGISLATORS, AND COMMENTED:

"I APPLAUD THEIR ACTION."

ES1242AES

B101WX

WASHINGTON, FEB 2-(AP)-THE ARMY SAID TODAY MEMBERS OF THE JAPANESE DIET (PARLIAMENT), NOW TOURING THIS COUNTRY, ARE UNABLE TO ACCEPT AN INVITATION TO VISIT THE DENVER CITY COUNCIL.

THE JAPANESE HAVE BEEN "LITERALLY SWAMPED WITH INVITATIONS AND OFFERS OF HOSPITALITY," AN ARMY OFFICIAL EXPLAINED.

HE ADDED THAT THEIR SCHEDULE IS SO FULL AND THEIR TIME SO LIMITED THAT THEY CANNOT MAKE ANY MORE UNPLANNED STOPS MUCH AS THEY AND WE WOULD WANT TO."

THE JAPANESE MISSION IS DUE IN WASHINGTON NEXT WEEK. THEY ARE FOLLOWING THEIR ORIGINAL PLAN OF VISITING THE STATE CAPITALS OF MASSACHUSETTS, SOUTH CAROLINA, AND NEW YORK.

SU1237PES

A113WA

WASHINGTON, FEB 2-(AP)-THE HOUSE TODAY APPROVED A PROPOSAL FOR ADMISSION OF 35,200 FOREIGN SPECIALISTS AND SCIENTISTS INTO THE UNITED STATES EACH YEAR.

THE MEASURE WAS PASSED BY VOICE VOTE AND SENT TO THE SENATE.

IT WOULD PERMIT THE ENTRY, WITH STATE AND JUSTICE DEPARTMENT CLEARANCE, OF ALIENS WITH SPECIAL TECHNICAL, MEDICAL, PROFESSIONAL OR SCIENTIFIC SKILLS.

THE BILL PROVIDES THAT IN ADDITION TO THOSE WITH PROFESSIONAL AND TECHNICAL SKILLS, PREFERENCE BE GIVEN TO THOSE WHOSE SERVICES MIGHT BE NEEDED FROM THE STANDPOINT OF NATIONAL DEFENSE AND SECURITY.

BZ1028PES

FRANKFORT, KY., FEB. 2-(AP)-MEMBERS OF THE JAPANESE DIET, WHO WERE BARRED FROM OBSERVING A CITY COUNCIL MEETING AT BOSTON, WERE INVITED TODAY TO OBSERVE THE KENTUCKY HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES IN ACTION.

A RESOLUTION OFFERED BY REP.HOMER E.LOSEY (R-SOMERSET) SAID THE JAPANESE WOULD GET A BETTER UNDERSTANDING OF DEMOCRATIC GOVERNMENT IF THEY COULD WATCH KENTUCKY LEGISLATORS AT WORK. THE RESOLUTION WAS ADOPTED ON A VOICE VOTE.

THE JAPANESE GROUP INCLUDES 10 MEMBERS OF THE DIET AND FOUR FROM THE DIET'S SECRETARIAT. THE U.S. ARMY SAID THE GROUP CAME TO THE UNITED STATES AT THE WISH OF GENERAL DOUGLAS MACARTHUR SO THAT THEY COULD OBSERVE THE DEMOCRATIC PROCESSES.

MU1154PCSNM

BY KATHERINE PINKHAM

SAN FRANCISCO, FEB. 2-(AP)-A CATHOLIC PRIEST TESTIFYING IN THE HARRY BRIDGES PERJURY TRIAL TODAY DEFENDED THE CIO LONGSHORE CHIEFTAIN'S "GOOD WORKS" AS A TRADE UNION LEADER.

THE REV. PAUL W. MEINECKE, OF EUREKA, NEV., SAID BRIDGES WAS "INFECTED WITH A VIRUS" WHICH THE PRIEST CALLED THE "BUG" OF TRADE UNIONISM. HE SAID HE DIDN'T THINK BRIDGES WOULD "EVER REST UNTIL EVERYONE" IS IN A UNION.

FATHER PAUL WAS CALLED BACK TO THE STAND FOR CROSS-EXAMINATION BY PROSECUTOR J. JOSEPH DONOHUE. HE HAD TESTIFIED YESTERDAY CONCERNING HIS CONTACTS WITH BRIDGES, WHOM HE SAID WAS "NO COMMUNIST."

BRIDGES IS CHARGED WITH LYING WHEN HE TOLD HIS NATURALIZATION HEARING IN 1945 HE WAS NOT, AND NEVER HAD BEEN, A MEMBER OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY. TWO OF HIS UNION AIDES ON TRIAL WITH HIM ARE ACCUSED OF CONSPIRACY IN SUPPORTING HIS STATEMENT AT THE HEARING.

FATHER PAUL, WHO WAS A PRIEST AT ST. BONIFACE CHURCH HERE IN THE 1930S AND WHO HELPED ORGANIZE THE ASSOCIATION OF CATHOLIC TRADE UNIONISTS, CREDITED BRIDGES WITH "MANY GAINS BY THE WORKING PEOPLE OF SAN FRANCISCO."

HE SAID "OF COURSE I DO NOT APPROVE OF ALL BRIDGES' POLICIES--- I DO NOT LIKE STRIKES BECAUSE THEY HURT THE COMMON WELFARE BUT SOMETIMES WORKING MEN CANNOT GET JUSTICE ANY OTHER WAY."

AS IN YESTERDAY'S TESTIMONY, FATHER PAUL AGAIN TOLD UNDER CROSS-EXAMINATION OF HOW HE TALKED TO BRIDGES ABOUT BECOMING A "GOOD PRACTICING CATHOLIC."

HE SAID HE THOUGHT HE HAD BRIDGES "RIGHT ON THE EDGE A COUPLE OF TIMES READY TO PUSH OVER."

FATHER PAUL SAID THIS WAS BEFORE BRIDGES MARRIED HIS SECOND WIFE.

THE PROSECUTION CLAIMS BRIDGES ADHERED TO THE COMMUNIST PARTY LINE AT THE BEGINNING OF THE LAST WAR, ESPECIALLY CONCERNING OPPOSITION TO LEND-LEASE AND THE U. S. DRAFT LAW. THIS WAS THE PARTY'S "LINE" BEFORE GERMANY ATTACKED RUSSIA.

THE PRIEST SAID HE DID NOT KNOW WHETHER BRIDGES WAS FOR OR AGAINST THESE THINGS. HE SAID HIS WORK WITH BRIDGES WAS ON THE LEVEL OF UNION MATTERS AND THEY DIDN'T DISCUSS POLITICAL AFFAIRS.

STANLEY BAILEY, FORMER SAN FRANCISCO NEWSPAPERMAN WHO NOW IS EDITOR AND PUBLISHER OF A PORTOLA (PLUMAS COUNTY) NEWSPAPER, FOLLOWED FATHER PAUL TO THE WITNESS STAND.

BAILEY TESTIFIED HE WAS WELL ACQUAINTED WITH BOTH BRIDGES AND HENRY SCHMIDT, ONE OF THE UNION OFFICERS ON TRIAL. HE SAID HE HAD KNOWN THEM FOR 15 YEARS AND IN HIS OPINION THEIR REPUTATIONS WERE GOOD.

FJ638PCS

A127

NEW YORK, FEB. 2-(AP)-LOWELL THOMAS, RADIO NEWS COMMENTATOR, REPORTED TODAY THAT TIBET IS "HURRIEDLY" MOBILIZING 100,000 TROOPS AGAINST A POSSIBLE INVASION BY CHINESE COMMUNISTS.

AT PRESENT, THE HOMELAND OF THE LAMAS HAS ONLY 10,000 TROOPS, ARMED WITH OBSOLETE WEAPONS, THOMAS WROTE IN COLLIER'S MAGAZINE. THOMAS VISITED TIBET LAST YEAR WITH HIS SON, LOWELL, JR.

CONQUEST OF TIBET BY THE COMMUNISTS, THOMAS SAID, WOULD GIVE THEM ACCESS TO TIBET'S "MINERAL WEALTH," POSSIBLY INCLUDING URANIUM.

THOMAS EMPHATICALLY DENIED CHARGES BY THE NEW TIMES, SOVIET WEEKLY, THAT HE AND HIS SON HAD BEEN SENT TO TIBET BY THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT "TO TRY TO TEAR THAT COUNTRY AWAY FROM CHINA AND TURN IT INTO AN ANGLO-AMERICAN COLONY."

SN11PES

NEW YORK, FEB. 2-(AP)-GEORGE H.CRAIG, NATIONAL COMMANDER OF THE AMERICAN LEGION, SAID TONIGHT THAT IF THE UNITED STATES HAD GIVEN MORE AID TO THE NATIONALIST GOVERNMENT, CHINA MIGHT NOT HAVE FALLEN TO THE COMMUNISTS.

CRAIG MADE THE STATEMENT IN A SPEECH PREPARED FOR A DINNER IN HIS HONOR BY THE NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF THE LEGION.

"WE SHOULD HAVE MET CHINA'S REQUESTS FOR AMERICAN FINANCIAL AID," HE SAID. "WE SHOULD HAVE EXACTED PRACTICAL RETURNS WHICH WOULD HAVE BROUGHT ABOUT NEEDED REFORMS, ELIMINATED DISSIDENT ELEMENTS AND STRENGTHENED THE HANDS OF THE NATIONAL GOVERNMENT IN CHINA." XXX

RQ940PES

B72

NEW YORK, FEB. 2-(AP)-JOHN J.MCCLOY, U.S.HIGH COMMISSIONER FOR GERMANY, SAID TODAY BEFORE LEAVING FOR BERLIN THAT HE NOT ONLY APPROVED PRESIDENT TRUMAN'S DECISION TO BUILD THE H-BOMB--HE WOULD BUILD EVEN A BIGGER ONE, IF POSSIBLE.

"I AM GLAD OF PRESIDENT TRUMAN'S DECISION," HE SAID. "IF THERE WERE AN OXYGEN BOMB THAT WOULD BE BIGGER THAN THE H-BOMB, I WOULD BUILD IT."

RQ954PES

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H-BOMB

LAKE SUCCESS, FEB. 2-(AP)-CARLOS P.ROMULO, PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED NATIONS ASSEMBLY, SAID TODAY U.N. MEMBERS MUST MAKE EVERY EFFORT TO PREVENT USE OF THE HYDROGEN SUPERBOMB.

THE CHIEF PHILIPPINES DELEGATE SAID THE U.N. STANDS AS THE FORUM FOR FURTHER DISCUSSIONS OF CONTROL OF MASS DESTRUCTION WEAPONS.

ROMULO SAID ALSO THAT THE DECISION OF PRESIDENT TRUMAN TO GO AHEAD WITH DEVELOPMENT OF THE HYDROGEN BOMB IS ONE ON WHICH THE REPRESENTATIVE OF ANOTHER GOVERNMENT HAS NO RIGHT TO EXPRESS AN OPINION.

ROMULO IS PRESIDENT OF THE 59-NATION ASSEMBLY UNTIL A NEW ONE IS ELECTED AT THE NEXT ASSEMBLY. HE ISSUED HIS STATEMENT AS ASSEMBLY HEAD.

"EVERYONE, HOWEVER, HAS THE RIGHT TO ASK AND TO ATTEMPT TO ANSWER THE QUESTION AS TO WHAT THIS DECISION MEANS IN TERMS OF THE WORLD PROBLEM," ROMULO'S STATEMENT SAID. "THE BASIC ISSUE OF THE NECESSITY FOR INTERNATIONAL CONTROL OF WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION BECOME CLEAR AS SOON AS THE FIRST ATOMIC BOMB WAS EXPLODED. THE NECESSITY FOR EFFECTIVE CONTROL HAS NOT CHANGED. THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE HYDROGEN BOMB IS MERELY AN EXCEPTIONALLY DRAMATIC ILLUSTRATION OF THAT CONTINUING NECESSITY.

"THE UNITED NATIONS REMAINS AVAILABLE AS THE FORUM IN WHICH AGREEMENT CAN BE STUDIED. THE RESOLUTION OF THE LAST GENERAL ASSEMBLY FURNISHES THE BASIS FOR FURTHER DISCUSSION. WHILE SCIENTISTS MAY BE BENDING EVERY EFFORT TO COMPLETE THE NEW WEAPON OF DESTRUCTION IT IS UP TO US TO BEND EVERY EFFORT TO MAKE ITS USE IMPOSSIBLE."

ROMULO REFERRED TO A DECISION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY LAST NOV. 23 INSTRUCTING THE SIX ATOMIC POWERS TO CONTINUE EFFORTS TO FIND AGREEMENT. THESE TALKS WERE INTERRUPTED ON JAN.19 WHEN THE SOVIET UNION WALKED OUT OF THE MEETING BECAUSE THE NATIONALIST CHINESE WERE PRESENT. NO ONE HERE KNOWS WHEN THEY WILL BE RESUMED.

RB715PES

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30.24- 8703

British Scientist Admits Giving Russians Hydrogen Bomb Data, FBI Chief Testifies

SENATORS QUOTE HOOVER AS ASSERTING TOP EXPERT WAS PAID SOVIET SPY

Some Feel Case Will Be More Serious Than Canadian Ring—Committeemen Hear Secret Testimony For Three Hours

Washington, Feb. 3 (AP) — Senators quoted J. Edgar Hoover, FBI chief, tonight as saying evidence shows that a top British scientist, under arrest in London, passed hydrogen-bomb data as well as vital atomic-bomb secrets to Moscow.

Hoover was further quoted as saying that Dr. Klaus Fuchs had confessed to spying activities. One senator said, however, that the scientist may be tried by British courts on a relatively minor charge in order to avoid airing some aspects of the case which might touch on still-retained atomic secrets.

Hoover testified for three hours behind closed doors at a meeting of a Senate Appropriations subcommittee.

Committee members said Hoover told them the London scientist, German-born Dr. Fuchs, 38, came into possession of some information about the projected H-bomb which President Truman has ordered American scientists to develop.

On U.S. Projects For 3 Years

Fuchs, who worked on wartime atomic projects in the United States for three years, was seized by Scotland Yard agents—acting on a tip from the FBI—and jailed today on charges of violating the British Official Secrets Act.

Members of the Senate committee quoted Hoover as saying the evidence indicates that Fuchs gave Moscow the H-bomb information he had gleaned, as well as key data about the A-bomb.

But they said they did not get a clear impression from Hoover whether the H-bomb information available to Fuchs when he was last in this country, in 1947, was vital enough to help the Russians materially.

The senators who told newsmen about Hoover's testimony stipulated that their names must not be used.

Seeks 700 More Employes

They said Hoover gave them a graphic account of the Fuchs case. He was reported to have asked Congress for funds to hire 700 more employés—including about 300 new FBI agents — as a means of tightening security on the nation's top secrets.

Senator Bridges (R., N.H.) said later that Hoover's story was "one of the most shocking things I have ever listened to."

The FBI chief was said to have given the committee extensive information on the whole Communist-spy setup in the United States.

Senators who heard Hoover's recital said they were convinced that through Fuchs and other agents, the Russians were able to speed up their timetable for making an A-bomb by "many months."

They said they also feared that Moscow may have learned enough about H-bombs from Fuchs to advance their development of the dread bomb.

Paid Spy As Early As 1939

Hoover was quoted as saying there was evidence that Fuchs had become a paid Russian spy as early as 1939.

As the top scientist of the British atomic delegation to this country during World War II, Fuchs was not subject to FBI investigation. He was cleared by British authorities and accepted by this country on that basis, Hoover was quoted as saying.

Meanwhile, official United States investigations sprang up in the reported London-to-Moscow leak of atomic secrets.

Much secrecy prevailed, both here and in London.

Aside from Hoover's disclosures behind closed Senate doors, high authorities would say only that the case involved two specific atomic leaks to Russia—one while Fuchs was in the United States, the other in Britain.

Senator Connally (D., Texas), a member of the Senate-House Atomic Committee, called the situation "grave."

Groves Summoned

President Truman and his Cabinet discussed the case at some length this forenoon, and investigations were ordered by the joint congressional Atomic Committee and the Federal Atomic Energy Commission. The House Un-American Activities Committee also weighed a separate investigation.

The Senate-House committee summoned Lieut. Gen. Leslie R. Groves, wartime head of the United States atomic project, to testify tomorrow in an attempt to find out how many of this country's secrets Dr. Fuchs learned.

In advance of the hearing, Groves issued a statement at Norwalk, Conn., indicating that the British scientist may have had a far look into the future of American atomic research and planning.

Groves said Fuchs had "an important and responsible position" as a member of the British mission which worked at Los Alamos, N.M., during the wartime development of the atomic bomb. "In this position," Groves said, "he was necessarily afforded access to a great deal of information both as to our developments and future possibilities and proposed developments."

Proposed Developments

Congress members are almost certain to question Groves tomorrow whether the "future possibilities and proposed developments" included data on the hydrogen super-bomb.

Groves, now retired, will be questioned behind closed doors.

In Chicago, a scientist who worked with Fuchs on the United States atomic project said Fuchs knew enough vital information to advance the Russian time-table by a whole year.

Bigger Than Canada Ring

Dr. Earl Long, University of Chicago chemistry professor, declared: "I should think that his (Fuchs's)

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knowledge is such that completion of an atom bomb could conceivably been advanced (by the Russians) by at least one year."

On Capitol Hill, well-informed lawmakers said the arrest of Fuchs may uncover atomic espionage operations far bigger than in the Canadian atomic spy ring case four years ago.

A legislator who asked that his name be withheld called it "very, very bad—far more serious than the Canadian ring."

Senator Millikin (R., Col.), emerging from a hastily called meeting of the Senate-House Atomic Committee, told newsmen that Fuchs had access to "some of our most tender secrets."

Congressional Curb

Similarly, the Atomic Energy Commission said in a statement that Fuchs had access to "a wide area of the most vital weapons information" during his three years of wartime work on atomic projects in the United States.

Representative Elston (R., Ohio), a member of the Joint Congressional Atomic Committee, dropped a hint that Fuchs may have been given an insight into early research on the hydrogen bomb.

Elston said:

"This Russian spy undoubtedly would have obtained all known facts pertaining to the development of the hydrogen bomb had it not been for congressional action curbing the international exchange of atomic secrets."

Asked if he meant that Fuchs might have had access to some H-bomb information, Elston replied:

"I can't comment on that."

May Explain Explosion

But he added: "This may explain why Russia exploded an A-bomb about two years before it was anticipated."

Elston said the Fuchs case "vindicated" those members of Congress who fought successfully in 1946 to restrict the exchange of atomic data. He led the House fight for the measure.

But Representative Holifield (D., Cal.) disagreed. While denouncing Fuchs for allegedly committing "the most severe breach of security yet discovered in either the war or postwar period," Holifield declared:

"I trust it will not be used as argument against future co-operation and collaboration between United States, Canadian and British scientists in the field of atomic research and development.

"This breach of trust should again emphasize the fact that there is no security in secrecy. The only real security is to maintain our superiority in the field of defensive and offensive weapons," Hoffman said.

Key members of Congress were unanimous in emphasizing the seriousness of the case.

Has Ramifications

One member of the Senate-House Atomic Committee said privately that the case has "ramifications." He would not elaborate on this hint that others might be involved.

Senator Connally, chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, also a member of the Joint Atomic Committee, said:

"A British citizen has been charged as a traitor to his country in communicating vital atomic secrets to Russia.

"The situation is grave."

An immediate cry went up for even tighter safeguards on this country's top secrets—particularly now that President Truman has ordered development of the H-bomb.

Reference To Hiss

"There are other spies, too," Senator Capehart (R., Ind.) said. "And there will continue to be as long as we have a President who refers to such matters as 'red herring' and a Secretary of State who refuses to turn his back on the Alger Hisses."

Capeheart's reference was to a statement by Mr. Truman several years ago that spy-and-Communist investigations by the House Un-American Activities Committee were a political "red herring" to take the spotlight off Republican failures in Congress.

Senator Bricker (R., Ohio) commented:

"I've always opposed the use of foreign scientists on atomic projects. The arrest of Dr. Fuchs makes me even more certain that I'm right about it."

McMahon Holds It Serious

Chairman McMahon of the Joint Atomic Committee, who yesterday proposed a $50,000,000,000 American peace crusade to end the arm race with Russia, said the Fuchs case is a "serious matter."

He declined to say whether the British scientist gave Moscow the key which led to Russia's achievement of an atomic explosion last fall.

McMahon noted, however, that Dr. Fuchs is mentioned in the controversial "Smyth report"—the virtual bible of the A-bomb project—written by Henry D. Smythe.

That report contains a statement by the official British Information Service entitled "Britain and the Atomic Bomb, August 12, 1945," which records that Dr. Fuchs worked with other top British scientists on atomic data as long ago as 1940.

Critical Size Problem

The statement says Dr. Fuchs and his colleagues worked on "experimental data . . . to calculate the critical size of the bomb." It says they also examined "the mechanics of the reaction," "calculated the amount of energy likely to be released in an atomic explosion" and studied "the conditions for increasing the amount."

In London, Fuchs was formally accused of passing secrets to foreign agents twice—in the United States in 1945 and again in Britain in 1947.

The Justice Department here disclosed in a terse two-sentence announcement that the FBI played an important role in breaking the case. It said:

"The case involving Dr. Fuchs was developed by the British on information originally furnished to them by the FBI. The FBI has been co-operating very closely with the British on this case."

Intensive Checks

Fuchs worked in the atomic project in this country from late 1943 to June, 1946. This covered the latter stages of the army's atomic control and the postwar transition to civilian control under the Atomic Energy Commission.

Officials said the FBI began to suspect Fuchs when Federal agents "many months ago" launched an intensive check into leaks of atomic data to Soviet agents.

Crosschecking, FBI operatives noted Fuchs's trips to this country during the war and afterward as an officially accredited visitor. They also found that his father is a college professor now living in the Soviet occupation zone in Germany.

During the war he worked at the atom laboratories at Los Alamos, New Mexico.

Trips To Mexico And Canada

Backtracking over his trail, the FBI found that he made trips to Mexico and Canada before going back to England in June, 1946, and returned to the United States in November, 1947, to attend atomic security conferences with American officials.

So far, there has been no hint of a possible hookup between Fuchs's Canadian trips and the case of another British physicist, Dr. Alan Nunn May, who was sent to prison for ten years following his conviction as the top figure in a Moscow-directed spy ring in Canada four years ago.

Senator Connally said the Fuchs case will undoubtedly "cause us to tighten up our security regulations both at home and abroad."

In the same vein, Representative Case (R., S.D.) said the disclosure calls for an immediate investigation into the Administration's policy of sharing highly confidential information with foreign powers.

"It is particularly disturbing to have this happen because we know that equally vital secrets are being shared with England in other fields," Case said. He mentioned aeronautics as one field.

Representative Sikes (D., Fla.) commented: "It emphasizes the need of keeping our secrets to ourselves."

British Hold Scientist On A-Spy Charges (P)

London, Feb. 3 (AP)—Scotland Yard jailed a high ranking British scientist today on charges of letting out official secrets.

In Washington, the Federal Bureau of Investigation said Klaus Fuchs, 38, German-born atomic physicist, was arrested on information turned up by United States agents digging into atomic spying by Russia. High officials said the case involved two specific atomic leaks to Russia.

The charge said one leak was in the United States in 1945, the other in England in 1947.

Fuchs had been one of the ranking experts at the British atomic laboratory in Harwell. He was brought into Bow Street Court today on two counts of violating the Official Secrets Act. His trial was set for next Friday.

Maximum Penalty

The maximum penalty on each count of a charge of violating the Official Secrets Act is seven years at hard labor.

Fuchs was in charge of theoretical physics at Harwell, which is the heart of British research into atomic fission for producing energy for use in A-bombs.

In a fog of official secrecy, the tall, slight and balding scientist then was whisked off to a cell. Security officers said he would be taken tonight to Brixton Prison in Southeast London to await trial.

"Useful To Enemy"

Fuchs had no lawyer and he did not ask Chief Magistrate Laurence Dunne whether he could be admitted to bail. He stood silent while the clerk of the court read the charges.

The first charge said that Fuchs, "being a British subject, on a day in February, 1945, in the United States of America, communicated to a person unknown information relating to atomic research which might be directly or indirectly useful to an enemy."

The second said that Fuchs, "for a purpose prejudicial to the safety or interest of the state on a day in 1947, communicated to a person unknown information relating to atomic research which might be directly or indirectly useful to an enemy."

In court today Fuchs was described as a "scientific officer for the Ministry of Supply." That Ministry has charge of British atomic research and the development of new weapons.

Earlier Conviction

This is the first big British atomic spy scare since the arrest of Dr. Alan Nunn May, another British Government physicist, for passing Allied atomic secrets to the Russians in 1945.

Dr. May, who was 34, pleaded guilty to violating the Official Secrets Act and was sentenced on May 1, 1946, to ten years in prison.

Dr. May's lawyer told the court the scientist gave away the secrets because he felt it would be a contribution to "the safety of mankind." The lawyer said Dr. May reasoned that the more people knew about the destructive possibilities of atomic energy, the more seriously they would take it.

Last year the Labor Government put into effect a policy of removing Communists, Fascists or associates of persons with these ideologies from key Civil Service posts, including atomic research jobs.

Secrecy Attempted

The Government appears to have done everything possible to keep the Fuchs case a secret. His arraignment today came as a surprise even to officials of the Bow Street Court. The case was omitted from the list posted daily in the lobby of the grimy old building in the Covent Garden market area.

Fuchs was spirited into the building and taken before Magistrate Dunne in a little used courtroom on the third floor. The usual run of cases were being heard in the regular court downstairs.

Dunne was called in especially for the hearing. As chief magistrate he seldom hears any but the most important cases.

Court officials said later the only evidence presented was that of Scotland Yard inspector, Leonart Burt, who told only of the circumstances of Fuchs's arrest.

Chief Prosecutor

The chief prosecutor was represented by Christmas Humphreys, chief prosecutor for the London area.

Humphreys, who is 49, appeared in many Secrecy Act cases for the Government during World War II.

On the court records the defendant's name appeared as Klaus Emil Julius Fuchs.

Inspector Burt, who is commander of the Yard's special branch, related at the hearing how he went to Harwell, found Fuchs and told the scientist he was under arrest.

Made "No Reply"

"I told him the nature of the charges," Burt said, "I cautioned him (that anything he said might be used against him) and he made no reply.

"He asked to see a Mr. Perrin of the atomic research, who came to the room.

"Fuchs said to him 'Do you realize the effect of this at Harwell?'"

"Perrin replied to the effect that he thought he understood.

"I took the accused to Bow street where he was formally charged and he made no reply to the charges read over to him."

Chance For Lawyer

Magistrate Dunne asked Fuchs: "Do you wish to ask any questions?"

"No," replied Fuchs.

Humphreys told the court Fuchs would be given a chance while in Brixton to get a lawyer. Dunne asked the prisoner:

"There is nothing you want me to do for you in the way of legal representation?"

"I don't know of anybody," Fuchs said.

"Man Of Means"

Humphreys told the magistrate that Fuchs is "a man of means" who can hire his own lawyer and that the Crown does not expect that one will have to be appointed to defend him.

The proceedings took only fifteen minutes. Fuchs was not required to enter a plea of guilty or innocent, since this was only a preliminary hearing.

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PROCESS BRITON WORKED ON EYED

'Gaseous Diffusion' May Be Key U.S. Atomic Program

By FRANK CAREY

Washington, Feb. 3 (AP)—The "gaseous diffusion" process on which Klaus Fuchs, British scientist, worked in this country is one of the key factors—and conceivably the main one—in American's atomic program for either peace or war.

It is one of the three processes originally worked out for the separation of Uranium-235, an atomic material, from uranium as it occurs in nature, and at present, at least, is the only one being used.

One of the three original processes has been discarded as too inefficient. Of the two others, the "gaseous diffusion" process is rated as the more efficient by the Atomic Energy Commission, at least for the present.

Aid To Plutonium Output

The AEC appears to be devoting major attention to it in its present and projected programs.

However produced, U-235 is a key substance either for making bombs or for powering atomic energy devices utilized in making radioactive isotopes for medical and other research. It also would be a key material in experimental devices now being studied or planned as possible means of generating atomic power for ships, aircraft and industry.

So far as is known, it still is needed as an aid in the production of plutonium which, like U-235, can be used in bombs.

Even if we should succeed in developing a hydrogen "superbomb," it is a good guess we would still need a uranium or plutonium bomb to "trigger" the more powerful weapon by creating the necessary temperatures.

Addition Planned

In its reports covering the past year and a half, the Atomic Energy Commission has told of completed or planned additions to its "gaseous diffusion" plant at Oak Ridge, Tenn.—called the "KA-25" plant.

In its latest report this week, the AEC said its plans for the coming year include "another large-scale addition to the gaseous diffusion plant at Oak Ridge."

The reason that any process for separating U-235 is so important is this:

The amount of this substance in uranium as it occurs in nature is very small—only about one part in 140.

An obstacle to its production even more serious than its scarcity is the difficulty of separating it from the more abundant "U-238" form of uranium. The latter, of itself, is not a fissionable material.

Differ Slightly In Weight

Both types of uranium behave the same chemically. But they differ slightly in mass or weight. Thus, the only means of separating them is by taking advantage of this slight difference in weight.

It was to do this that the wartime A-bomb makers built an aggregation of plants costing $800,000,000, together with a whole new city with a population of 75,000 people, at Oak Ridge.

There were three large plants, and each made use in a different way of the slight difference in weight between the two kinds of uranium.

These processes were:

1. A "thermal diffusion" process which employed tremendous quantities of heat to bring about a separation of U-235. But this process proved less efficient than two others and the plant eventually was dismantled.

In Semi-Circular Arcs

2. An "electromagnetic separation" process in which uranium atoms of the two types were whirled in large semi-circular arcs in a magnetic field. The atoms of U-235 followed a slightly different course from that followed by the heavier U-238 atoms, so that it was possible to collect the different kinds of atoms at separate points.

3. A "gaseous diffusion" process in which a uranium compound is converted to a gaseous form, and then advantage is taken of the fact that under heating, the lighter form of atom will travel at a higher velocity than the heavier one.

In the process, the heated gas is enclosed in a box-like affair containing a lot of tiny holes. The idea behind it is that the lighter, faster moving molecules will strike the sides of the box more often than the heavier ones, and thus more of the lighter molecules will escape from the box.

Moscow Says Hydrogen Bomb Stupefies Average American

London, Feb. 3 (AP)—The Moscow Radio in its first comment on the hydrogen bomb tonight called it "a new smoke screen that will blind and stupefy the average American."

A commentator identified as Petrov read an article entitled "The Hydrogen Bogey of Wall Street."

The broadcast said American newspapers had been carrying screaming headlines "about a new monstrosity" for the last three weeks.

"In the same way that the American atom bomb was once in great vogue, now it is the new hydrogen bogey which is enjoying its honeymoon," the broadcast said.

"Needed By Wall Street"

"With great pomp, President Truman's order is quoted on a further drive for atomic armaments and on research work to be done with respect to production of the hydrogen bomb, or as it is sometimes called the 'hell bomb.'

"It is an easy enough matter to guess this new attack of war hysteria, inspired by the above-mentioned order of Truman, is needed by Wall Street, both for its domestic and its foreign aims."

Petrov's broadcast said that the "myth about the hydrogen bomb is intended also for export. But Wall Street was not able to alarm the peoples of the world by the atom bomb and certainly will not succeed in doing so with fairy tales about the hydrogen bomb."

Confident Of Strength

The commentator said "the camp of peace and democracy is firmly confident of its strength and of its final victory should a war be unleashed. Peace supporters in the United States denounced plans for production of the hydrogen bomb and urge adoption of peace-loving Soviet proposals on the banning of atomic weapons and establishment of international control over these bans."

Petrov added that the American people understand peace can be secured only "on the basis of peaceful co-operation between the United States and the Soviet Union, and countries of the peoples' democracy in Europe and Asia."

BRITISH BAO (N) NOD EXPECTED

Recognition Of Viet Nam Regime Reported Promised

C.L. DAVIDSON

Paris, Feb. 3 (AP)—Britain has promised France "almost immediate moral support" in the East-West war of nerves in Indo-China, informed diplomatic sources here said tonight.

Moscow's recognition of the guerrilla Viet Nam regime of Ho Chi-minh has been looked upon as a first step toward an attempt to open the southeast Asia floodgates to Soviet communism.

The informants say British support for the French-sponsored Government of former Emperor Bao Dai will be in the form of quick recognition.

The United States also is expected to recognize Bao Dai shortly, giving France added encouragement and drawing the front lines of the southeast Asia cold war.

Bevin Confers With French

Ernest Bevin, British Foreign Secretary, conferred for an hour here today with French Foreign Ministry officials and diplomats, touching chiefly on Indo-China and the effect there of Moscow's recognition of Ho Chi-ninh's Government. Moscow-trained Ho's regime is said to be mainly Communist.

Dispatches from Saigon, Bao Dai's capital, quoted French colonial officials as saying the former emperor may use the latest Indo-China developments as a wedge to pry out more independence for his Government. The French control all its foreign and military affairs, and hold a supervisory check on many other of its functions.

A Hanoi dispatch quoted the ex-emperor as telling the French news agency: "I am convinced that Moscow's act, far from reinforcing the position of the Viet Minh (Ho's group), will on the contrary encourage the Viet Nam nationalists still fighting in its ranks to quit this foreign party.

Would Not Indicate Approval

At Jakarta, Java, Philip Jessup, roving United States Ambassador, said American recognition of Bao Dai's regime would not indicate American approval of continuing colonialism.

"Any move in Indo-China," Jessup said, "will be inspired by our desire to support and assist the independence of Viet Nam and the other states."

Jessup said the French agreements with Bao Dai have been definite steps in the process of the evolution of Viet Nam, Cambodia and the others as independent states." Cambodia and Laos are states within Indo-China.

Jessup added that Soviet recognition of Ho confirmed that "he is not a representative of the nationalist aspirations of Viet Nam," but that he is a Communist agent.

Communist Poland, Hungary and Romania recognized Ho's Government today. Czechoslovakia acted yesterday, following the lead of Russia and Communist China.

2 French Aides, Bevin Discuss Indo-China (D)

Paris, Feb. 3 (AP)—Two French Foreign Ministry officials conferred with Ernest Bevin, British Foreign Secretary, today on the situation created by Soviet recognition of Ho Chi-minh's rebel regime in Indo-China.

Other international questions were also discussed.

The officials went to the British Embassy to see Bevin because the latter was tired by his train trip from Rome.

The French officials were Alexander Parodi, Secretary General of the Foreign Ministry, and Pierre Schneiter, Acting Foreign Minister. Foreign Minister Robert Schuman is ill and was unable to attend.

"Defeat For France"

Bevin is on his way home from the Commonwealth conference of Foreign Ministers in Ceylon. The talk lasted an hour after which Bevin boarded a train for London. Presumably the French officials filled in Bevin on the latest details of the grave situation into which Franco-Russian diplomatic relations have been plunged. INSERT

Russian recognition of the Moscow-trained Annamite leader opposing the French-sponsored Viet Nam Government of former Emperor Bao Dai, has been termed in diplomatic circles, "The greatest diplomatic defeat for France since she was conquered by Hitler."

France's formal protest of the Soviet move was so curtly rejected by Alexander Bogomolov, Russian Ambassador, that Schneiter was reported to have given Bogomolov a "terrific dressing down."

Czechoslovakia yesterday followed the Russian lead in recognizing Ho Chi-minh. Communist China was the first to give its recognition. This led to the belief that all the rest of the Soviet satellites would follow suit.

Soviets Let Trucks Go Again (N)

Frankfurt, Germany, *Saturday*, Feb. 4 (AP)—The Russians suddenly reopened the truck road from western Germany to Berlin early today 2 hours and 45 minutes after they had closed it. When they stopped traffic, they said the highway was dangerously icy.

The Russians had halted all vehicles at the Russian-British zonal border near Helmstedt at 9.30 P.M. (3.30 P.M., E.S.T.). At 12.15 A.M. (6.15 P.M., E.S.T) Russian border guards suddenly raised the barriers again.

West German border police said the Russians had offered to let truckers resume travel "at their own risk."

Traffic Snarls Untangled

Roads in the area were still slick, but German police said several traffic snarls which had developed between Helmstedt and Berlin due to skidding trucks had been untangled. This apparently led to the Russian decision to let travel resume.

Within half an hour after the Russian barrier had gone up, four trucks moved across the line in each direction. Two hundred more vans were still lined up on the western side of the border awaiting their turn. INSERT

Truck traffic at three other crossing points along the Russian-zone border proceeded normally last night.

Objections On Invoice Ended

The Russians dropped their objections at noon to a new-type shipping invoice on truck cargoes from West Germany

British sources in Bonn said some kind of countermeasures "are under tripartite discussion" among American, British and French authorities.

Russian border guards began turning back trucks with the new-type invoices Thursday night. They said they would have to refer the matter to higher authorities though West German customs officials insisted the documents were the same as the old, with nothing added or omitted, except the printing form.

The form had been adopted by the West German Economic Commission and approved by a corresponding commission from the Soviet zone, effective February 1.

Russians Change Orders

The Russians notified the customs yesterday morning they had orders to reject these papers as invalid until February 15.

After the noon hour, a new squad of Russian guards went on duty and sent word to the west side of the barrier that the orders were changed. They began accepting the new invoices as valid and the trucks began to move. But the flow remained slow.

The American, British and French commandants met here to discuss the Soviet tactics and possible countermeasures. The United States State Department said in Washington Thursday a counter-blockade is under consideration.

McCloy Returns To Frankfurt

John J. McCloy, United States High Commissioner, returned to Frankfurt after two weeks in Washington and New York and immediately scheduled talks on the traffic restrictions. A special report is being prepared for Maj. Gen. Maxwell D. Taylor, United States commander in Berlin, who may fly to Frankfurt with it today or tomorrow.

General Taylor, British Maj. Gen. G. K. Bourne and French General Jean Ganeval were reported to have rechecked their staffs and to have been assured that counter-blockade machinery could be reactivated at a moment's notice.

Western sanctions once pinched the Russian economy sharply and, together with the Allied airlift, forced the Russians to call off their total blockade of Berlin last May 12.

Russ Apply New 'Blockade' Rule, Then Lift It (D)

Berlin, Feb. 3 (AP)—The Russians imposed a new regulation on Berlin-bound truck traffic today and then lifted it a few hours later.

The regulation could have paralyzed all highway freight from western Germany. The Russians gave no reason for imposing or lifting the new regulation.

The American, British and French commandants met to discuss the Soviet "creeping blockade" tactics and possible countermeasures. However, any decision to clamp on economic sanctions will be made on a higher level than Berlin.

Invoice Ruling Reversed

Earlier today the Russians announced they would not accept as valid a new type of shipping invoice on Berlin-bound truck traffic. Soviet guards at Helmstedt said they were ordered not to accept cargo papers of the new type before February 15. Some trucks were turned back for this reason.

This afternoon the Russians reversed themselves. They sent East German police to the British side of the Helmstedt border point to inform the German customs of the change.

Customs officials had said earlier that if the difficulty over the new papers was not ironed out, a virtual blockade would result at the Helmstedt highway point.

The trucks at the head of the waiting line in Helmstedt still had the old-type papers. They were trickling through at the rate of five to six trucks an hour.

Officials Await McCloy

By tomorrow, it was estimated only trucks with the new papers will be on the scene. There is a lineup at Helmstedt that consistently averages between 125 and 150 trucks, each loaded with about ten tons of supplies.

Top American officials in Berlin may make a special report to High Commissioner John J. McCloy this week end on the latest blockade tactics.

McCloy is expected back in Frankfurt tonight after two weeks of consultations in Washington and New York.

President Maier (N) Cries Interference

Stuttgart, Germany, Feb. 3 (AP)—A German State president accused the American Commissioner for his state today of unauthorized interference with German affairs.

In one of the strongest public statements made since the war by a high German official about an occupation officer, Reinhold Maier informed the press he has told Maj. Gen. Charles P. Gross that he "has no authority to interfere with German affairs in such a manner."

Maier is Minister-President (governor) of Wuerttemberg-Baden. General Gross, as State commissioner, is the highest American official there.

Pardons Probe Impends

Maier's own State Parliament has voted to investigate the pardons and paroles he issued for 10,000 convicted Nazis. He has been acting as Minister of De-Nazification as well as President. In the stormy debate that preceded Parliament's vote yesterday to investigate him, Maier said his "acts of grace" have had full legal authority and are not subject to legal investigation.

Maier's statement today said the State's political situation has been strained "by incomplete, univerified reports emanating from Gross' office."

Widespread Bribery Charged

He did not make plain just what reports drew his objections. But his statement indicated clearly that they are connected with the investigation of charges of widespread bribery in the state de-Nazification trials.

Four Germans have been arrested, and the state prosecutors said he was considering complaints against several members of Parliament.

Herr Maier heads a coalition cabinet of all the state's major parties. His press statement said, "General Gross has expressed his dissatisfaction with the State Government in a way which shows that in his opinion only some changes in the composition of the Government can bring about improvement. From some remarks of General Gross, it can be taken that he regards Cabinets without strong opposition as not democratic."

General Gross said tonight he had exercised no authority in the denazification inquiry but added "I am definitely seeking to encourage public thought and discussion on the basic issues involved."

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Germans To Probe Pardons For Nazis (D)

Stuttgart, Germany, Feb. 3 (AP)—Ten thousand pardons and commutations given convicted Nazis by the minister-president (governor) of Wuerttemberg-Baden are to be investigated by the state's parliament.

The Assembly voted yesterday to direct an investigating committee to study clemencies given by Minister-President Reinhold Maier as part of an inquiry into alleged bribery in de-Nazification courts.

Wuerttemberg-Baden is in the United States occupation zone. An official of the Allied High Commission said the American Military Government last September had objected to 130 clemencies signed by Maier but since then, with military government ended, United States authorities had no power to intervene.

Slavs Deny Plans To Cut Plane Links

Belgrade, Feb. 3 (AP)—An official Government spokesman denied today published reports that Yugoslavia plans to cut off all aerial links with eastern Europe's Cominform countries.

Yugoslavia has one remaining plane tie with the East—a flight between here and Prague. This agreement expires March 14.

Asked if Yugoslavia planned to renew the pact, the spokesman said Yugoslavia has "no objection in principle" against it.

Vishinsky Says West 'Tones Down'

Moscow, Feb. 3 (AP)—Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Y. Vishinsky has told Soviet diplomats that Russia's possession of atomic secrets has forced Western powers "to tone down and conduct themselves more carefully" in international relations. E. GILMORE

This report was published today by the Soviet journal *State and Law*.

It was contained in an abbreviated text of a major policy talk Vishinsky gave to the staff of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, including high diplomatic officers, at a gathering dedicated to the celebration of Prime Minister Stalin's seventieth birthday on December 19.

Existence Of U.N.

"If the United Nations is still in existence despite the faults corroding it and intensified by the efforts of the Anglo-American bloc, this is due to the Soviet Union headed by Stalin," Vishinsky said.

While other nations devalued their currency, the Soviet Union carried out "the most important devaluation," he continued, "the devaluation of the atom bomb."

Discovery that the Western powers did not have a monopoly on the atomic secret, Vishinsky declared, "was a gigantic blow at the imperialist warmongers who were forced to tone down and conduct themselves more carefully at the crossroads of international relations."

Stalin Forecast

Vishinsky said, according to the Soviet journal, that Stalin predicted the actual course of the Chinese revolution 22 years ago.

"Only a genius can see so far and clearly that which to all other people is hidden in fog or completely invisible," Vishinsky continued. "Along this path went the Chinese people. And so it will be in all the world."

He said Stalin's statement of 1939 that it was Russia's task to carry out a peace policy, strengthen the international ties with the workers of the world, and build the battle power of the Red Army and fleet provide the cornerstone of Soviet foreign policy.

U.S. Navy To Run Hunter-Killer Anti-Submarine Tests In Pacific

Tokyo, Feb. 3 (AP)—The United States Navy will conduct "hunter-killer" antisubmarine exercises this year in the Pacific, where Russia's submarine program is expanding.

The announcement came today after the visiting United States joint chiefs of staffs had more Pacific strategy conferences with General MacArthur and his top aides. T. LAMBERT

Admiral Forrest P. Sherman, chief of naval operations, said the escort aircraft carrier Sicily and six destroyers were being sent to the Pacific to conduct the exercises.

Reports from Washington say the 12,000-ton Sicily will move to the Pacific in mid-April. The destroyers will be transferred before September.

Sherman said the carrier and its destroyer escort would work on the "hunter-killer" tactics which proved effective against submarines in the last war.

Sherman declared United States naval forces in the western Pacific will be kept at maximum strength because of Russia's expanding submarine program. He estimated Russia had one fourth of its 270 to 280 submarines in the Pacific. Gen. Omar N. Bradley, chairman to the joint chiefs, said his group would visit southern Japan to talk with other commanders. They flew to Kyoto today.

Before leaving, Bradley, Sherman, Air General Hoyt S. Vandenberg and Army General J. Lawton Collins had a series of conferences on specific military problems with MacArthur and his commanders.

Presumably, the entire range of military problems in the Far East, including China and Formosa, was reviewed.

U.S. Joint Chiefs Arrive In Kyoto

T. LAMBERT

Kyoto, Japan, Feb. 3 (AP)—The American Joint Chiefs of Staff reached this cultural center of Japan late today on their fact-finding tour of the western Pacific.

Saturday they are scheduled to confer with officers at 1st Corps headquarters. Before leaving for Okinawa February 6, they plan to visit American units at Osaka and on Kyushu Island and the former Japanese naval base at Sasebo.

Before leaving Tokyo this morning, Admiral Forrest P. Sherman, Chief of Naval Operations, disclosed navy plans for "hunter-killer" anti-submarine exercises this year in the Pacific.

He said the escort carrier Sicily and six destroyers would participate. The Sicily is to be transferred from the Atlantic in mid-April and the destroyers before September.

On Friday Sherman said United States naval forces in the western Pacific would be kept at maximum strength because of Russia's expanding Pacific submarine pro-

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gram.

Gen. Omar N. Bradley, chairman of the Joint Chiefs, had a farewell conference with Gen. Douglas MacArthur in Tokyo this morning. Gens. Hoyt S. Vandenberg and J. Lawton Collins conferred individually with air and ground officers.

No word leaked out on the subject of the chiefs' conference with MacArthur Friday night. Presumably they reviewed the entire range of Far Eastern military questions, including Formosa.

Jessup Explains Policy

JAKARTA, U. S. I., Feb. 3 (AP).—Roving American Ambassador Philip C. Jessup said today it would be a "misinterpretation" to consider American recognition of Bao Dai as approval of continuing colonialism.

Reporters asked Mr. Jessup whether he realized that American recognition of the French-sponsored emperor might be interpreted by Indonesians as support of continued French colonialism in Asia.

Mr. Jessup said he was aware that his "government's action may be interpreted wrongly. Any such interpretation in this case would be misinterpretation. Our overriding policy is in support of the Nationalists."

"Any move in Indo-China," he said, "will be inspired by our desire to support and assist the national independence of Viet Nam and other states." He said the Bao Dai-French agreements have been "definite steps in the process of evolution of Viet Nam, Cambodia and others as independent states," although the process has not progressed as far as Indonesia.

Commenting on the recognition of Bao Dai's rival, Ho Chi Minh, by Russia, Mr. Jessup said: "Soviet recognition is clear confirmation of the fact that we have been aware for some time that Ho Chi Minh is a Communist agent trained in Moscow. Recognition is confirmation that he is not a representative of the Nationalist aspirations of Viet Nam."

Strasser Appeals To Truman On Return

Paradise, N.S., Feb. 3 (AP)—Dr. Otto Strasser, 52-year-old former Nazi who fled Germany in 1933, has appealed to President Truman to "end the ban" on his return to Germany.

Strasser, living in exile in this tiny Nova Scotia settlement, said in a telegram to Mr. Truman that "nearly five years after the war I am still forbidden to join my family from whom I was separated by Hitler's extradition demand more than ten years ago, also from my country, from which I was driven out by Hitler's Gestapo more than sixteen years ago."

Strasser's former home is in Bavaria, part of the American zone of occupation. He has made numerous appeals to be allowed to return to Germany, but all have been rejected.

U.S. Assails Russian Demand For Hirohito War-Crime Trial

JOHN SCALI

Washington, Feb. 3 (AP)—Russia's belated demand for trial of Emperor Hirohito as a war criminal virtually was rejected today by the United States in a sharply worded statement.

An official State Department note turning down the formal Russian request is expected to go to Moscow within a few days.

In a preview of its attitude, the State Department today attacked the surprise Russian move on three counts:

1. The accusation is a smoke screen intended to cover up "Soviet failure to repatriate or otherwise explain the fate of over 370,000 Japanese prisoners detained in Soviet-held territory.

Questions Of Motive

2. The Japanese Emperor already has been specifically exempted from war crime trials, with Russian consent, in a decision taken by the Far Eastern Commission April 3, 1946.

3. Russia as a member of this eleven-nation policy making tribunal knows it should bring up such a problem there if it wants the exemption given the Emperor changed.

"That the Soviet government did not elect to do so but made these belated charges in a sensationalized manner raises obvious question about the real motive behind the Soviet note," Michael McDermott, press officer, of the State Department, told a news conference.

Russia brought up the matter in a twenty-two-page note handed by Ambassador Alexander S. Panyushkin to Dean Acheson, secretary of state Wednesday. The usually close-mouthed Panyushkin promptly told reporters about it as he left Acheson's office.

Biological Warfare Charge

The Russian note accused Emperor Hirohito of responsibility for biological warfare against Russian, Chinese, and Mongolian forces during the war. It asked that a special international court be created to try him and four other top-ranking Japanese generals it named as accomplices.

These five, the Russians contended, approved and directed a specially created Japanese army biological warfare unit which caused the death of more than 3,000 persons by "death-dealing germs."

Experiments were conducted, it continued, in "plague, cholera, typhus, malignant authrax and other dangerous diseases." The Russian note claimed the Japanese were planning to use biological warfare against the Americans also.

12 Convicted By Russia

These Russian charges grow out of a secret trial held last December in Khabarovsk. Twelve Japanese army officers were convicted by the Soviets there on biological warfare accusations.

Gen. Douglas MacArthur's headquarters in Tokyo has said that he has been unable to discover any evidence whatever that the Japanese planned or used biological warfare.

In its note, Russia maintained that the Emporer and the four generals named for the first time were discovered to be implicated in the alleged crimes. It offered to make available all evidence it has gathered as soon as the proposed international court is formed.

Can't Identify Two

State Department officials could not identify two of the generals mentioned — Kitano Masajo and Wakamatsu Yujiro. The other two were identified as Ishii Shiro, chief of the disease prevention section of the Kwantung Army which fought the Russians and Chinese in Manchuria, and Kasahara Yukio, chief of staff of the same army.

In rejecting the Russian charges, McDermott said:

"The timing and content of the Soviet note—coming as it did 4½ years after the surrender and many months after the war crimes trials in Japan had been terminated—strongly suggest that the principal motivation of the note is to divert attention from Soviet failure to repatriate or otherwise explain the fate of over 370,000 Japanese prisoners detained in Soviet-held territory."

Note Not Acknowledged

McDermott noted that in an effort to gain some information about these over-due prisoners, Acheson sent a note to Moscow December 30. Moscow has not even acknowledged it, he said.

Thousands of Japanese in Tokyo recently staged a demonstration in front of Russian headquarters, protesting Russia's failure to return relatives and friends from its prison camps. Russia's explanation has been partly that it lacks sufficient shipping to return the prisoners but after General MacArthur turned over the necessary vessels it still failed to meet the deadline set for their return.

GIVE U.N. MORE POWER, SENATE GROUP URGES

Tobey Asks That U.S. Act To Turn Organization Into Federation

Washington, Feb. 3 (AP)—Opening a bipartisan drive to head off an atomic arms race, Senator Tobey (R., N.H.) today urged that this country take the lead in turning the United Nations into a world federation armed with sufficient power to keep peace everywhere.

Tobey said the development of the hydrogen bomb, even though taken as a necessary defense measure, made this objective "more revelant and urgent than ever before."

By undertaking such a move, he said, the United States can change "the tide of world opinion from desperate despair to renewed hope and faith."

Other Supporters Listed

The senators backing the Federation plan in addition to Tobey are:

PEPPER (D., Fla.)	DOUGLAS (D., Ill.)
GRAHAM (D., N.C.)	SPARKMAN (D., Ala.)
MAGNUSON (D., Wash.)	WITHERS (D., Ky.)
MURRAY (D., Mont.)	McMAHON (D., Conn.)
DOWNEY (D., Cal.)	HILL (D., Ala.)
HENDERSON (R., N.J.)	HUNT (D.,Wyo.)
JOHNSON (D., Col.)	JOHNSON (D., S.C.)
HUMPHREY (D., Minn.)	THYE (D., Minn.)
	LONG (D., La.)
	MORSE (R., Ore.)

Tobey issued his plea in urging a Senate Foreign Relations subcommittee to approve the resolution which says:

"That it is the sense of the Congress that it should be a fundamental objective if the foreign policy of the United States to support and strengthen the United Nations and seek its development into a world federation open to all nations with defined and limited powers adequate to preserve peace and prevent aggression through the enactment, interpretation and enforcement of world law."

Curb On Veto Proposal

Other Senate proposals call for revision of the United Nations Charter to curtail use of the Big Five veto and to set up a global police force.

Senator Pepper told the committee that 21 State legislatures already have passed resolutions in support of such a move.

Pepper said that the federation "must not be conceived as a military alliance" but as an expanded operation of the United Nations aimed at setting up an effective world law.

Such a law, he said, "would include the right to regulate the possession and use of weapons capable of mass destruction."

"Loaded With Hopes Or Doom"

Senator Graham asserted that "atomic power is loaded with the hopes or the doom of peoples of both hemispheres."

"The atomic revolution," he added, "requires for the long run a spiritual revolution for its creative use, and, for the immediate crisis, a stronger United Nations for prevention of its suicidal use."

Another witness pleading for adoption of the world-federation resolution was Cord Meyer, Jr., World War II veteran and chairman of the national executive committee of the United World Federalists.

Tydings Fears 'Worse Disaster Than Pearl'

Salisbury, Md., Feb. 3 (AP)—Americans can be sure of a surprise attack far more disastrous than Pearl Harbor unless we keep pace in the armaments race, Senator Tydings (D., Md.) said last night.

"If we don't remain strong, we will be attacked and conquered just as sure as I'm standing here," he told an audience of 600 at Salisbury State Teachers College.

"We'll get it again unless the other country knows better than to stick a pole in our beehive."

By "other country" he presumably meant Russia.

Sees Ever-Worse Weapons

But beyond the struggle to remain supreme in weapons and war strength, the chairman of the Senate Armed Services Committee added, the United States clings to the hope that some day there will be an agreement to do away with war.

We must have that hope, Tydings said, because "after the H-bomb, there will be another more powerful bomb than that and after that there will be another even more powerful.

"I hate to see the H-bomb made, but if Russia makes one and we have none, then we are in the position of an unarmed man attacked by a highwayman with a loaded gun."

Aid Plan Wins Favor Over Arms In Senate

Washington, Feb. 3 (AP)—A proposal by Senator McMahon (D., Conn.) that this country try to head off an atomic armaments race through a $50,000,000,000 global-aid plan brought this reaction in the Senate today:

"Well wofth considering."

Those words, by Senator Bricker (R., Ohio), appeared to mirror the feeling of most of the lawmakers who heard the chairman of the Senate-House Atomic Committee offer his plan.

McMahon added to his suggestion the warning that "armaments races lead to war—under today's conditions, hydrogen war!"

Cites Negative Result

He cautioned against believing that the weapon would provide real security for this nation.

"It only promises the negative result of averting, for a few months or years, well-nigh certain catastrophe," he asserted.

McMahon's plan calls for the United States to spend $10,000,000,000 annually for five years to:

1. Develop Mr. Truman's "point four" program to help underdeveloped areas.
2. Develop atomic energy everywhere for peace.
3. Give general economic aid to all countries, including Russia.

Urges Propaganda Drive

This country would insist on general acceptance of international control over atomic energy, as well as an agreement by all countries, enforced through inspection, that two thirds of their present spending on armaments be "devoted toward constructive ends."

He further urged a propaganda campaign giving America's atomic plan and efforts for peace.

Bricker, a member of the Atomic Committee, said:

"I think it is well worth exploring."

He made it plain that he thought prospects for ending the armaments race, or breaking the United Nations deadlock over international atomic controls, are slight.

"But we should use every available means to impress on the people of the world the necessity for peace," he said, adding that $50,000,000,000 would be "the cheapest money ever spent" if permanent peace actually could be attained.

Senator Bridges (R., N.H.) questioned "if we can buy peace, even for $50,000,000,000." He said:

"No one can lightly disregard any legitimate effort to promote peace. But what we try to do must be approached with deep caution and careful scrutiny.

"I would want the most error-proof assurances before I would be willing to surrender any of our ability to defend ourselves."

Senator Graham (D., N.C.) termed McMahon's proposal a "bold suggestion," while Senator Douglas (D., Ill.) urged all senators to give the address "prayerful consideration."

FRAUD IS CHARGED IN DP PROGRAM

'False Document Mills' Uncovered in Germany, Probers Told

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3—(AP) A former employe of the Displaced Persons Commission in Germany charged today that he had found fraud, bribery and political pull in the operation of the program.

Edward M. Glazek, now a law student at the University of Tennessee, told a Senate committee that he had uncovered "false document mills." He also said that on orders of higher-ups he had "whitewashed" immigration applications while working for the DP Commission.

"I saw so much of this fraud going on that I was nervously strained," he said.

Glazek said at last May 11 he submitted a report on these conditions to Ugo Carusi, head of the DP Commission, and urged an investigation.

On June 9, he said, the executive director of the commission wrote him that Carusi and other officials had "very carefully considered" his report and felt the best solution was for him to resign.

Glazek, who was employed by the commission as a [illegible] lector first at its Frankfurt and then its Munich office, said he then resigned.

Glazek testified before a Senate Judiciary subcommittee.

Senate Votes To Unify Military Justice Code

Washington, Feb. 3 (AP)—The Senate approved, 62 to 9, today legislation setting up a single code of military justice for the armed forces.

At present, the Army, Navy, Air Force and Coast Guard have different rules for trying military offenders.

The bill would permit an enlisted man to demand the privilege of having enlisted men on the court trying his case and would prohibit guilty pleas in cases involving death sentences.

Accused persons would be guaranteed competent legal counsel who could crossexamine witnesses at a pretrial investigation of charges.

The House already has passed the bill, but the Senate made changes requiring the measure to be sent back to the House.

Arab Refugee Bill O.K.'d

Washington, Feb. 3 (AP)—The Senate Foreign Relations Committee today approved a $27,450,000 works program for rehabilitating Arab refugees in Palestine. Senator Connolly (D., Texas), Committee chairman, said he will report the measure to the Senate as soon as possible.

Strange Sub Seen Off West Coast

San Francisco, Feb. 3 (AP) — If submarines were operating off the Humboldt coast of northern California last week end, they definitely were not American, the 12th Naval District said today.

The Navy said the description of the reported submarine or submarines relayed by the Coast Guard at Eureka conformed with a German type captured by the Russians.

A student pilot and the skipper of a commercial fishing boat gave the first word on spotting an unidentified submarine off the coast about 300 miles north of San Francisco.

Too Late For Air Search

The Navy said it was not apprised of the reports until late yesterday. By that time it was too late to undertake an air search.

In an official release, the Navy said:

"There definitely were no American submarines operating in that area January 27 or January 29."

The reports are being "evaluated," a spokesman said.

The Navy said the description it had received—a blunt-nosed vessel, about 250 feet long, with sloping stern and net cutters on the bow—did not fit any American submarines.

On Solo Flight

Al Chisholm of Eureka, who said he observed the submarine on the surface for 15 minutes from his low-flying plane, reported he saw numbers which he took to be "486" on the port side of the conning tower.

The Navy said it had a submarine with that number—the Pomodon—but that it left San Diego last Saturday and arrived at Marie Island Monday.

Chisholm, who served in the British Navy in the last war, said the submarine he saw while making a solo flight last Sunday was "definitely not of conventional American type." He said he was flying at 800 feet when he first saw it but that it submerged as he circled to lower elevation.

JUDITH, GUBITCHEV TRYSTS DESCRIBED

NEW YORK, Feb. 3 (AP)—When Judith Coplon met Valentin A. Gubitchev, how did they behave?

"Was it," asked Defense Counsel Abraham L. Pomerantz today, "like a boy and girl going out together?"

"Yes," said FBI Agent John F. Malley.

Then he corrected himself. It was more, he said, like "a man and a woman going out together."

Federal Judge Sylvester J. Ryan intervened. Why not remove any doubt, he said, by referring to them as "male and female?"

The trial of Miss Coplon, 28, and Gubitchev, 32, on spy conspiracy charges then proceeded.

Mostly it was a matter of FBI agents repeating testimony about two meetings between the ex-government girl and the Soviet engineer on Manhattan streets early last year. Miss Coplon was employed in the Justice Deupartment at the time of her arrest.

The government says they met in a conspiracy to steal U. S. government secrets for the Russians. Their story is that they were in love—until Miss Coplon discovered that the blond, stubby Russian had a wife and daughter.

NEW U.N. MOVE MADE BY REDS

Council Seat Held By Chinese Nationalists Demanded

F. CARPENTER

Lake Success, N.Y., Feb. 3 (AP)—The Chinese Communists made an impatient demand today for the seat held by Nationalist China on the Economic and Social Council, a major unit of the United Nations.

They named an American-educated former official of Nationalist China as their delegate to the council's winter session opening next Tuesday.

He is Chi Chao Ting, who holds a doctor of philosophy degree from Columbia University and has an American wife. He served in Chiang Kai-shek's Finance Ministry under H. H. Kung, brother-in-law of Mme. Chiang. In 1947, he emerged as deputy commissioner of the Communist Central Reserve Bank of China, in Peiping, now the capital of Red China.

Consider Indian Proposal

Informed sources said Dr. Shuh Hsi Shu, Nationalist Chinese member on the Security Council committ of experts, told the group in a closed session today that his delegation would wield its big-power veto to keep the Chinese Communists out of the Security Council.

The experts are considering an Indian proposal for a poll of United Nations members on recognition of the real government of a country—with the Chinese case as the hottest subject now.

The committee was reported not to have reached a decision on the question raised by its chairman, Dr. Francisco V. Garcia Amador, Cuba. He holds that only the General Assembly or one of its subsidiary organs has the power to make a decision on how the whole United Nations can function.

Move Disclosed By Lie

Another Red Chinese, Wen-Tien Chang, also American-educated, was nominated by the Communists two weeks ago to sit on the Security Council. Both Chang and Chi apparently are still in China.

The new move by Red China to get into the United Nations was disclosed by Trygve Lie, secretary general, here at his weekly press conference. He got a cable from Li Ke Nung, Vice Minister for Foreign Affairs at Peiping, reminding Lie that on January 19 the Communists demanded the expulsion of the Nationalist China delegation.

FEB 4 - 1950

NIGHT LEAD FUCHS
BY HAL COOPER
LONDON, FEB 3-(AP)-THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT'S TOP ATOMIC SCIENTIST WAS JAILED TODAY ON CHARGES OF GIVING AWAY OFFICIAL SECRETS, AND THE CASE EXPLODED LIKE A PSYCHOLOGICAL BOMB IN LONDON AND WASHINGTON. THE CASE BROKE IN CONNECTION WITH FBI INVESTIGATIONS OF ATOMIC SPYING BY SOVIET RUSSIA.
KLAUS FUCHS, 38, WAS CHARGED IN A PRELIMINARY HEARING ON TWO COUNTS OF GIVING AWAY ATOMIC RESEARCH INFORMATION WHICH "MIGHT BE DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY USEFUL TO AN ENEMY." THE CHARGE SAID HE DID THIS ONCE IN THE UNITED STATES IN 1945 AND AGAIN IN 1947 AT AN UNSPECIFIED PLACE —WASHINGTON OFFICIALS SAID IT WAS IN ENGLAND.

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IN WASHINGTON U.S. SENATORS QUOTED J. EDGAR HOOVER, HEAD OF THE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATIN

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION, AS HAVING SAID EVIDENCE SHOWS FUCHS HAD PASSED DATA ON THE HYDROGEN BOMB AS WELL AS VITAL A-BOMB SECRETS TO MOSCOW. THESE SENATORS SAID THEY DID NOT GET A CLEAR IMPRESSION FROM HOOVER WHETHER THE H-BOMB DATA AVAILABLE TO FUCHS WHEN HE WAS LAST IN THE U.S. IN 1947 WAS VITAL ENOUGH TO HELP THE RUSSIANS MATERIALLY.

IN CHICAGO A SCIENTIST WHO WORKED WITH FUCHS ON THE AMERICAN A-BOMB SAID THE BRITISH SCIENTIST KNEW ENOUGH VITAL INFORMATION TO ADVANCE THE RUSSIAN ATOMIC TIMETABLE BY A WHOLE YEAR. DR. EARL LONG, PROFESSOR IN THE CHEMISTRY DEPARTMENT OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO'S INSTITUTE OF METALS, EXPRESSED SURPRISE AT FUCHS' ARREST BUT ADDED: "I ALSO AM OF THE OPINION THAT THE BRITISH DO NOT TAKE LIGHTLY SUCH ACTION."

WHILE BRITAIN DROPPED OFFICIAL SECRECY OVER THE CASE, THE U.S. CONGRESS SUMMONED LT.GEN.LESLIE R.GROVES, WARTIME HEAD OF THE U.S. ATOM BOMB PROJECT, TO TESTIFY ABOUT IT TOMORROW.

THERE WAS AMAZEMENT AND AGITATION IN BOTH THE AMERICAN AND BRITISH CAPITALS. IN WASHINGTON THE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION SAID FUCHS, CHIEF THEORETICAL PHYSICIST AT BRITAIN'S HARWELL ATOMIC PLANT, WAS ARRESTED ON INFORMATION TURNED UP BY U.S. AGENTS DIGGING INTO ATOMIC SPYING BY SOVIET RUSSIA.

THE U.S. ATOMIC ENERGY COMMITTEE IN WASHINGTON, ALREADY JITTERY OVER THE PROBLEM OF THE HYDROGEN SUPER-BOMB, CALLED A HASTY MEETING. SENATOR MCMAHON (D-CONN) ANNOUNCED THAT CONGRESS WOULD CALL GROVES, AND THEN TOLD REPORTERS "IT APPEARS TO THE COMMITTEE THAT THE MATTER IS SERIOUS." MCMAHON, CHAIRMAN OF THE JOINT CONGRESSIONAL ATOMIC ENERGY COMMITTEE, PROMISED HIS GROUP "WILL FURTHER EXPLORE THE MATTER FULLY."

GERMAN-BORN FUCHS--HIS FATHER STILL LIVES IN THE SOVIET ZONE OF GERMANY--WAS SMUGGLED INTO HISTORIC OLD BOW STREET POLICE COURT FOR THE PRELIMINARY HEARING TODAY AND WAS TOLD TO BE READY FOR TRIAL NEXT FRIDAY.

OFFICIALS SAID HE WOULD BE HELD WITHOUT BAIL UNTIL THEN AT BRIXTON PRISON IN LONDON. UNDER THE OFFICIAL SECRETS ACTS OF 1911 AND 1939 HE IS ACCUSED OF VIOLATING, HE FACES A MAXIMUM PENALTY OF SEVEN YEARS AT HARD LABOR ON EACH COUNT.

THEORETICAL PHYSICS CONCERNS THE HEART OF ATOMIC RESEARCH, AND IN HIS CAPACITY AS CHIEF OF THE THEORETICAL DIVISION AT THE NATION'S NO.1 LABORATORY, FUCHS KNEW HOW THE ATOM BOMB WAS MADE.

MOREOVER, FUCHS WORKED ON THE A-BOMB PROJECT IN THE UNITED STATES FROM LATE 1943 UNTIL JUNE, 1946.

A196

FBI OFFICIALS IN WASHINGTON SAID FUCHS HELD THE SAME PLACE IN BRITAIN'S ATOMIC SETUP AS THE BRILLIANT J.ROBERT OPPENHEIMER HELD IN THE UNITED STATES DURING THE WARTIME ATOMIC PROGRAM. OPPENHEIMER, MASTER OF RESEARCH THEORY, HEADED THE LOS ALAMOS,N.M., LABORATORY WHERE THE FIRST A-BOMB WAS PUT TOGETHER AND TESTED. FUCHS HAD ACCESS TO WHAT THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMITTEE DESCRIBED AS "A WIDE AREA OF THE MOST VITAL WEAPONS INFORMATION" WHILE HE WAS IN AMERICA.

ALL POSSIBLE BRITISH OFFICIAL SOURCES FOR DETAILS OF THE CASE WERE UNDER STRICT ORDERS TO SAY NOTHING. FROM THE PRIME MINISTER'S OFFICE DOWN, OFFICIALS WOULD NOT SAY A WORD.

AT THE MINISTRY OF SUPPLY, WHICH RUNS THE ATOMIC RESEARCH PROGRAM FOR BRITAIN AND PRODUCES NEW WEAPONS, A SPOKESMAN TOLD REPORTERS THAT "AS THE RESULT OF LEGAL ADVICE WE CANNOT SAY ANYTHING ABOUT THE CHARGE OR THE MAN HIMSELF."

THE DATES CONTAINED IN THE CHARGES INDICATE THAT THE LEAKAGES OF INFORMATION OCCURRED WELL BEFORE RUSSIA IS SUPPOSED TO HAVE BROUGHT OFF HER FIRST ATOMIC EXPLOSION LAST SEPTEMBER. OFFICIALS BOTH IN LONDON AND WASHINGTON LEFT OPEN THE QUESTION OF WHETHER THERE WAS ANY DIRECT CONNECTION.

BUT THE MAGNITUDE OF THE CASE WAS CLEARLY INDICATED IN THE FACT THAT IT GAINED THE QUICK ATTENTION OF THE WHITE HOUSE IN WASHINGTON. SOLICITOR GENERAL PHILIP PERLMAN SAT IN ON TODAY'S REGULAR FRIDAY CABINET MEETING IN THE PLACE OF ATTORNEY GENERAL MCGRATH, AND HE TOLD REPORTERS LATER THE FUCHS CASE WAS DISCUSSED. HE WOULD NOT ELABORATE.

FUCHS WAS SPIRITED INTO THE BOW STREET BUILDING THIS MORNING AND TAKEN BEFORE CHIEF MAGISTRATE LAWRENCE DUNNE IN A LITTLE-USED COURTROOM ON THE THIRD FLOOR. DUNNE HAD BEEN CALLED IN ESPECIALLY. AS CHIEF MAGISTRATE, HE HEARS ONLY THE MOST IMPORTANT CASES.

COURT OFFICIALS SAID LATER THE ONLY EVIDENCE PRESENTED WAS THAT OF SCOTLAND YARD INSPECTOR LEONARD BURT, WHO TOLD OF THE CIRCUMSTANCES OF FUCHS' ARREST. THE PROSECUTION WAS REPRESENTED BY CHRISTMAS HUMPHREYS, CHIEF PROSECUTOR FOR THE LONDON AREA. THE PROCEEDINGS TOOK LESS THAN 15 MINUTES.

FUCHS SPOKE ONLY A FEW WORDS IN COURT. AT PRELIMINARY HEARINGS IN BRITAIN, NO PLEA OF GUILTY OR INNOCENT IS REQUIRED. THAT WILL COME NEXT WEEK.

HUMPHREYS, WHO HAS APPEARED IN MANY SECRECY ACT CASES FOR THE GOVERNMENT, SAID HE WOULD EXPECT FUCHS TO HAVE A LAWYER HIRED AND READY FOR THE TRIAL NEXT FRIDAY. DUNNE TOLD FUCHS NO DELAY IN THE TRIAL WOULD BE GRANTED "UNLESS THERE IS A VERY EXTRAORDINARY REASON."

A197

FUCHS HAD BEEN ARRESTED AT SHELL MEX HOUSE IN LONDON, HEADQUARTERS OF THE MINISTRY OF SUPPLY. BURT, COMMANDER OF SCOTLAND YARD'S SPECIAL SECTION, MADE THE ARREST PERSONALLY.

AT THE HEARING BURT TESTIFIED:

"HE (FUCHS) ASKED TO SEE A MR.PERRIN OF THE ATOMIC RESEARCH, WHO CAME TO THE ROOM. FUCHS SAID TO HIM: 'DO YOU REALIZE THE EFFECT OF THIS AT HARWELL?' PERRIN REPLIED TO THE EFFECT THAT HE THOUGHT HE UNDERSTOOD."

HARWELL, 55 MILES SOUTHWEST OF LONDON, IS THE SITE OF THE GOVERNMENT'S ATOMIC RESEARCH LABORATORY, AND BRITAIN'S ONLY FUNCTIONING ATOMIC RESEARCH STATION. ITS PILES CAN PRODUCE BOTH PLUTONIUM AND URANIUM 235, ATOM BOMB MATERIALS, BUT NOT ON ANY LARGE SCALE. THE MINISTRY OF SUPPLY SAYS HARWELL'S EMPHASIS HAS BEEN ON USE OF ATOM SCIENCE IN BIOLOGY, MEDICINE, INDUSTRY AND POWER.

FUCHS WAS NOT REPRESENTED BY A LAWYER TODAY. HOWEVER, HE IS KNOWN TO BE A MAN OF MEANS AND THE COURT PROBABLY WILL NOT HAVE TO APPOINT ONE FOR HIM.

THE SCIENTIST, TALL, DARK AND BALDING, TOLD THE MAGISTRATE HE HAD NO QUESTIONS TO ASK BURT. HE ASKED ONLY THAT THE POLICE RETURN HIS GLASSES AND HIS MONEY, TAKEN AWAY WHEN HE WAS ARRESTED. BURT AGREED.

ASSOCIATES OF THE SCIENTIST PROFESSED AMAZEMENT AT THE ARREST. SOME SAID IT MIGHT SLOW UP WORK AT HARWELL.

HIS NEIGHBORS SAID FUCHS, UNMARRIED, LIVED QUIETLY ALONE AND DID HIS OWN HOUSEWORK IN THE LITTLE HOUSE HE CALLED HOME FOR THE LAST FOUR MONTHS.

"HE SEEMED VERY PLEASANT, BUT QUIET AND RESERVED," A NEIGHBORING HOUSEWIFE TOLD A REPORTER. "NEITHER MY HUSBAND NOR I SAW HIM, EXCEPT TO PASS THE TIME OF DAY. AND WE DON'T KNOW IF HE EVER HAD VISITORS."

FUCHS CAME TO ENGLAND AS A STUDENT IN 1933 AND STAYED TO BECOME AN INSTRUCTOR IN PHYSICS. HIS FATHER IS A COLLEGE PROFESSOR IN THE SOVIET ZONE OF GERMANY.

THE SCIENTIST WAS NATURALIZED IN BRITAIN IN 1943. HIS FULL NAME IS KLAUS EMIL JULIUS FUCHS.

ON THE MINISTRY OF SUPPLY PAYROLL HE IS LISTED AS A "DEPUTY CHIEF OFFICER IN RESEARCH ESTABLISHMENTS." THERE ARE 24 CIVIL SERVANTS WITH THIS RATING. THEY GET FROM £1,600 TO £1,800 ($4,480 TO $5,040) A YEAR.

JK/N237PES

THE PRIME MINISTER'S OFFICE AT 10 DOWNING STREET, SCOTLAND YARD, THE HOME OFFICE, AND THE SUPPLY MINISTRY ALL REFUSED TO ANSWER ANY QUESTIONS CONCERNING FUCHS.

AT THE SUPPLY MINISTRY, WHICH DIRECTS BRITAIN'S ATOMIC ENERGY RESEARCH, A PRESS OFFICER SAID ONLY:

"THE DECISION HAS BEEN TAKEN TO SAY NOTHING WHATEVER ABOUT FUCHS."

A78 add-(Klaus Fuchs) xxx hearing

FUCHS IS 38. HE WAS TAKEN TO A CELL AT THE BOW STREET JAIL. JAILERS SAID HE WOULD BE TRANSFERRED TO BRIXTON PRISON, IN SOUTHEAST LONDON, LATER IN THE DAY.

THE QUESTION OF BAIL WAS NOT RAISED AT THE HEARING.

FUCHS WAS DESCRIBED AS TALL, SLIGHT, BALDING AND STUDIOUS-LOOKING.

THE SUPPLY MINISTRY PRESS OFFICER SAID:

"AS THE RESULT OF LEGAL ADVICE, WE CANNOT SAY ANYTHING ABOUT THE CHARGE OR THE MAN HIMSELF."

IN BRITAIN, THE LAW FORBIDS OFFICIALS CONNECTED WITH A CASE TO GIVE ANY INFORMATION WHICH MIGHT PREJUDICE A FAIR TRIAL FOR THE MAN ACCUSED. THIS USUALLY, HOWEVER, IS INTERPRETED TO MEAN INFORMATION WHICH BEARS ON THE CHARGE.

JR750AES

FUCHS BACKGROUNDER (220)

LONDON, FEB.3-(AP)-SCIENTIST KLAUS EMIL JULIUS FUCHS, 38, JAILED HERE ON CHARGES OF GIVING AWAY ATOMIC SECRETS, IS A QUIET BACHELOR WHOSE PREWAR PAST IN GERMANY IS A MYSTERY TO THE PUBLIC.

HE HAS BEEN SERVING AS HEAD OF THE THEORETICAL PHYSICS DIVISION OF BRITAIN'S ATOMIC ENERGY RESEARCH ESTABLISHMENT (CAP INITIALS) AT HARWELL, 55 MILES SOUTHWEST OF LONDON.

FUCHS LIVED ALONE THERE IN A THREE-ROOM, ONE-STORY, PREFABRICATED HOUSE--PAINTED WHITE AND WITH PURPLE CURTAINS--JUST INSIDE THE HIGH WIRE FENCE AROUND THE GROUNDS.

NEIGHBORS KNOW HIM AS THE OWNER OF A SMALL, BRITISH-MADE AUTOMOBILE. ONE HOUSEWIFE DESCRIBED HIM AS PLEASANT BUT RESERVED AND SAID HE SELDOM TALKED TO PEOPLE.

FRIENDS SAIS HE SPEAKS GOOD ENGLISH WITH A STRONG FOREIGN ACCENT AND LIKES ANIMALS. HE STANDS FIVE FEET EIGHT INCHES TALL AND IS BROADSHOULDERED, BALDING, DARK HAIRED AND SALLOW. HE WEARS GLASSES.

BRITISH OFFICIAL SOURCES BECAME SILENT ON FUCHS' CAREER WHEN HE WAS ARRESTED. BUT RECORDS OF HIS EMPLOYER, THE MINISTRY OF SUPPLY; THE HOME OFFICE, IN CHARGE OF NATURALIZATION; THE UNITED STATES FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION AND OTHER AGENCIES GAVE THESE SCANTY DETAILS:

HIS FATHER IS THEOLOGY PROFESSOR AT THE UNIVERSITY OF LEIPZIG, IN THE SOVIET OCCUPATION ZONE OF GERMANY.

HE WAS BORN IN GERMANY AND LONG WAS A GERMAN CITIZEN. FUCHS WAS NATURALIZED AS A BRITISH SUBJECT JULY 30, 1942, WHILE HE WAS LIVING IN BIRMINGHAM.

AN ALIEN MUST LIVE IN BRITAIN OR A BRITISH COLONY FOR AT LEAST FIVE YEARS BEFORE HE CAN BE NATURALIZED.

FUCHS HAS THE DEGREES OF DOCTOR OF SCIENCE AND DOCTOR OF PHILOSOPHY AND BELONGS TO THE BRITISH INSTITUTE OF PHYSICS.

FUCHS CAME TO BRITAIN AS A STUDENT IN 1933. LATER HE BECAME A PHYSICS INSTRUCTOR. HE IS ON THE CURRENT CIVIL SERVICE LIST AS ONE OF 24 DEPUTY CHIEF SCIENTIFIC OFFICERS OF THE MINISTRY OF SUPPLY. THESE JOBS PAY £1,600 TO £1,800 ($4,480 TO $5,040) YEARLY.

HE WAS SENT TO THE UNITED STATES IN NOVEMBER, 1943, ON THE WARTIME BRITISH ATOMIC ENERGY MISSION, REMAINING THERE UNTIL JUNE, 1946. HE WORKED ON ATOMIC RESEARCH IN NEW YORK, WASHINGTON, AND LOS ALAMOS, N.MEX.

IN NOVEMBER, 1947, HE WAS BACK IN WASHINGTON FOR THE U.S.-BRITISH-CANADIAN CONFERENCE ON SECURITY OF INFORMATION. HE ALSO VISITED THE ARGONNE NATIONAL LABORATORY IN CHICAGO TO DISCUSS NON-SECRET MATERIAL.

IN SEPTEMBER, 1948, FUCHS TOOK PART IN ANOTHER THREE-POWER ATOMIC CONFERENCE AT HARWELL.

HIS EARLY WORK IN AMERICA PUT HIM CLOSE TO RESEARCH INTO THE GASEOUS DIFFUSION PROCESS OF REFINING URANIUM AND, IN THE WORDS OF THE FBI, TO "VITAL WEAPONS INFORMATION."

ON THE FIRST TRIP TO AMERICA HE VISITED MEXICO AND CANADA.

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FOLO WASHINGTON (A5)

LONDON, FEB. 3-(AP)-BRITAIN AND FRANCE ARE IN CONSULTATION WITH AMERICAN OFFICIALS HERE ON RUSSIA'S "LITTLE BLOCKADE" IN BERLIN, A FOREIGN OFFICE SPOKESMAN SAID TODAY.

HE REFUSED TO SPECULATE ON WHETHER THE WESTERN POWERS MIGHT RETALIATE IN SOME MANNER FOR RUSSIAN INTERFERENCE WITH TRANSPORT BETWEEN WEST GERMANY AND BERLIN.

"THE BRITISH VIEW IS THAT THIS NEW HINDRANCE OF TRAFFIC BETWEEN THE WEST ZONES AND BERLIN IS AN UNWARRANTED INFRINGEMENT OF AGREEMENTS MADE BY RUSSIA," THE SPOKESMAN SAID.

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PARIS--~~1S~~ BEVIN-FRENCH (A89) X X PLUNGED.

A BRITISH FOREIGN OFFICE SPOKESMAN SAID IN LONDON THAT RUSSIAN RECOGNITION OF THE REBEL GOVERNMENT OF HO "IS A MATTER OF REGRET." HE ADDED:

"IT IS UNFORTUNATE "THAT SUCH SUPPORT SHOULD BE GIVEN TO A MOVEMENT WHICH HAS NEITHER A CAPITAL NOR ANYTHING RESEMBLING A GOVERNMENTAL ADMINISTRATION."

RUSSIAN RECOGNITION X X X AS BEFORE.

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BRITAIN IS EXPECTED TO GIVE BAO DAI'S VIETNAM REPUBLIC DE FACTO RECOGNITION WITHIN A WEEK, WITHHOLDING FULL DIPLOMATIC--OR DE JURE--RECOGNITION UNTIL THAT REGIME PROVES ABLE TO DEFEND ITSELF AGAINST HO'S GUERRILLAS. THE U.S. ALSO IS EXPECTED TO GIVE RECOGNITION, FOLLOWED BY OTHER WESTERN AND SOME ASIATIC COUNTRIES.

ALTHOUGH NO DIPLOMATIC BREAK BETWEEN FRANCE AND RUSSIA WAS EXPECTED, DIPLOMATS FROM OTHER COUNTRIES WERE DEEPLY CONCERNED. THEY WERE AT A LOSS TO KNOW WHAT FRANCE, OR THEIR OWN COUNTRIES, WERE GOING TO DO ABOUT THE SITUATION.

add-Par.3-(Bevin) xxx Subst.

M635AES

London, Feb. 3 -(ap)- U.S. Defense secretary johnson's statement that the u.s. is ready to "lick hell" out of russia met with at an hour's notice [redacted] quiet reaction in europe.

London [redacted] afternoon newspapers ignored the story while Paris papers gave it only minor play.

Rome newspapers printed the story briefly. One newspaper said: "Johnson talks of a solemn lesson to stalin".

There was no editorial reaction reported.

In the american sector of berlin der abend played the story underneath the allied threat of a counter-blockade against east rn germany. It was headlined: "If necessary--prepared in one hour".

CLYDEBANK, SCOTLAND, FEB. 3-(AP)-FOOD MINISTER JOHN STRACHEY, WHO ONCE WROTE BOOKS FAVORABLE TO COMMUNISM, NOW SAYS HE CONSIDERS THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT ONE OF THE MOST REACTIONARY ANYWHERE.

STRACHEY, A MEMBER OF THE BRITISH LABOR PARTY, MADE A POLITICAL SPEECH TONIGHT IN THIS TOWN NEAR THE GLASGOW DISTRICT THAT HAS MANY COMMUNISTS.

HE TOLD A QUESTIONER AFTERWARD: "I AM SORRY TO SAY I THINK THE RUSSIAN GOVERNMENT TODAY HAS BECOME ONE OF THE MOST REACTIONARY GOVERNMENTS IN THE WORLD."

HE SAID THE UNITED STATES HAD "SOME PRETTY REACTIONARY GOVERNMENTS" BEFORE PRESIDENT FRANKLIN D.ROOSEVELT, BUT THAT IT IS "SIMPLY NONSENSE" TO SAY THE PRESENT AMERICAN ADMINISTRATION IS REACTIONARY.

STRACHEY EXPOUNDED THE MARXIST THEORY IN "THE COMING STRUGGLE FOR POWER" AND OTHER BOOKS DURING THE DEPRESSION '30'S. OTHERS WERE "THE NATURE OF THE CAPITALIST CRISIS" AND "THE THEORY AND PRACTICE OF SOCIALISM."

FEB 4-1950

NIGHT LEAD FRENCH
BY ROBERT C.WILSON

PARIS, FEB 3-(AP)-THE FRENCH CABINET BROKE APART TONIGHT AS SOCIALISTS WITHDREW FROM THE GOVERNMENT COALITION, BUT PREMIER GEORGES BIDAULT PROMISED DESPERATE EFFORTS TO PATCH IT UP.

HE ASKED THE ASSEMBLY TO COME BACK NEXT TUESDAY FOR A NEW VOTE OF CONFIDENCE TO HIS SHAKY THREE-MONTH-OLD GOVERNMENT.

THE SURFACE CAUSE OF THE ABRUPT RESIGNATION OF FIVE SOCIALIST MINISTERS FROM HIS COALITION CABINET WAS AN ASSEMBLY DEBATE OVER DISTRIBUTING A LUMP SUM 3,000 FRANCS ($8.50) COST-OF-LIVING BONUS FOR LOW PAID WORKERS.

BUT THERE WERE INDICATIONS THAT ONE STRONG ELEMENT IN THE NEWEST POLITICAL CRISIS WAS A QUARREL OVER FOREIGN MINISTER ROBERT SCHUMAN'S HANDLING OF FOREIGN POLICY, PARTICULARLY IN RELATIONS WITH GERMANY.

BIDAULT HAS STAVED OFF DOWNFALL TWICE SINCE THE FIRST OF THE YEAR.

HIS CABINET PROPOSED IN THE LATEST CRISIS GIVING THE LUMP SUM BONUS, PAYABLE ONLY ONCE, TO ALL WORKERS EXCEPT GOVERNMENT EMPLOYES, EARNING 14,000 FRANCS ($40.60) MONTHLY OR LESS. IT ALSO PROPOSED GIVING SLIDING SCALE PORTIONS OF THE 3,000 FRANCS TO WORKERS GETTING BETWEEN 14,000 FRANCS AND 18,000 FRANCS ($52.20)

SOCIALISTS HAVE BEEN WAVERING BETWEEN DEMANDS FOR GIVING THE 3,000 FRANCS TO ALL WORKERS GETTING UNDER EITHER 18,000 FRANCS OR 20,000 FRANCS ($58). THE GOVERNMENT ESTIMATED ITS PLAN WOULD COST 16 BILLION FRANCS ($45.700,000) AND THAT THE SOCIALISTS PLAN WOULD COST 19 BILLION FRANCS ($54,000,000).

A SOCIALIST PARTY CAUCUS VOTED 45 TO ONE AGAINST THE CABINET PROPOSALS AND TOLD BIDAULT TONIGHT IT IS QUITTING THE GOVERNMENT.

OTHER PARTIES IN THE COALITION ARE BIDAULT'S OWN CATHOLIC POPULAR REPUBLICAN MOVEMENT (MRP) AND THE MODERATE RADICAL SOCIALISTS. THERE ARE ALSO A FEW INDEPENDENTS. NEITHER THE COMMUNISTS NOR GENERAL CHARLES DE GAULLE'S FOLLOWERS ARE REPRESENTED.

MINISTERS WHO DROPPED OUT OF THE CABINET INCLUDE JULES MOCH, INTERIOR; PIERRE SEGELLE, LABOR; CHRISTIAN PINEAU, PUBLIC WORKS; ROBERT LACOSTE, COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY; AND EUGENE THOMAS, COMMUNICATIONS. MAX LEJEUNE, SECRETARY OF STATE IN THE WAR MINISTRY, ALSO QUIT.

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A48

ALTHOUGH IT APPEARED IN PRACTICE IMPOSSIBLE TO GOVERN WITHOUT THE SOCIALISTS, BIDAULT SAID HE WOULD STAY IN OFFICE UNTIL NEXT TUESDAY AT LEAST.

THE SOCIALISTS HAVE NOT GIVEN THEIR RESIGNATIONS IN WRITING. THEY PROMISED TO RESIGN BY LETTER TOMORROW. BUT BIDAULT HUNG ON GRIMLY, REFUSING TO RESIGN WHEN THE SOCIALISTS DEMANDED THAT THE LOWER HOUSE OF PARLIAMENT PASS TONIGHT A BILL UNFREEZING WAGES AND RESTORING COLLECTIVE BARGAINING BETWEEN LABOR AND MANAGEMENT.

BIDAULT CONFERRED WITH PRESIDENT VINCENT AURIOL, HIMSELF A SOCIALIST, AND THEN CAME BACK TO DEMAND THAT THE ASSEMBLY ADJOURN UNTIL NEXT TUESDAY WHEN IT WILL HAVE A FULL DEBATE AND A CONFIDENCE VOTE. THE ASSEMBLY AGREED 423 TO 182 TO DO THIS.

A215

95

LEAD DAY FRENCH

PARIS,FEB 3-(AP)-PREMIER GEORGES BIDAULT SAID TONIGHT HE WILL STAY IN OFFICE UNTIL NEXT TUESDAY DESPITE THE FACT THAT THE SOCIALISTS HAVE RESIGNED FROM HIS COALITION CABINET.

THE PREMIER MADE THE STATEMENT BEFORE THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY--LOWER HOUSE OF PARLIAMENT--AFTER CONFERRING WITH PRESIDENT VINCENT AURIOL.

BIDAULT ASKED THE ASSEMBLY TO ADJOURN ITS DEBATE ON A BILL TO UNFREEZE WAGES AND RESTORE COLLECTIVE BARGAINING BETWEEN LABOR AND MANAGEMENT, AND TO COME BACK TUESDAY AFTERNOON FOR A GENERAL DEBATE AND VOTE OF CONFIDENCE ON HIS GOVERNMENT POLICY.

THE SOCIALISTS ADVISED HIM TONIGHT THEY WILL MAKE THEIR CABINET WITHDRAWAL NOTICE OFFICIAL BY LETTER TOMORROW.

(NO PICKUP)

JK431PES

A122

FRANKFURT-[redacted] SECOND NIGHT LEAD GERMAN (A63), X X X THEIR TURN.

HIGHWAY TRAFFIC TOWARD BERLIN SOON BOGGED DOWN AGAIN, BUT THIS TIME IT WAS DUE TO A TRUCK ACCIDENT RATHER THAN TO RUSSIAN ACTION.

THIS WAS THE STORY TOLD BY GERMAN TRUCK DRIVERS ARRIVING FROM BERLIN:

TWO HEAVY TRUCKS FROM WEST GERMANY SLIPPED OFF THE CONCRETE HIGHWAY ONLY A FEW HUNDRED YARDS AFTER CLEARING THE RUSSIAN CHECKPOINT. ANOTHER TRUCK TRYING TO PASS THEM BEGAN TO SKID IN THEIR DIRECTION, AND THE DRIVER APPLIED HIS BRAKES. THERE ALL THREE SAT, UNABLE TO MOVE AND BLOCKING THE ENTIRE HIGHWAY.

EVEN WITH RUSSIAN PERMISSION TO PASS, A LONG LINE OF TRUCKERS STILL HAD TO WAIT.

TRUCK TRAFFIC X X X AS BEFORE.

JM1150PES

A14

BULLETIN

LEAD DAY BERLIN

FRANKFURT,GERMANY,FEB 3-(AP)-RUSSIAN BORDER GUARDS HALTED ALL TRUCK TRAFFIC TOWARD BERLIN TONIGHT AT THE HELMSTEDT ZONAL BORDER CROSSING. THEY SAID THE HIGHWAY TO BERLIN WAS DANGEROUSLY ICY.

GERMAN BORDER POLICE SAID THE RUSSIAN CLAMPDOWN CAME AT 9:30 P.M. (3:30 P.M. EST). NO TRUCKS WERE PERMITTED TO CROSS THE BRITISH-SOVIET BORDER IN EITHER DIRECTION AT HELMSTEDT AFTER THAT HOUR.

THE GERMAN POLICE SAID THE ROAD WAS A BIT SLICK ON THE WESTERN SIDE OF THE BORDER BUT NOT BAD ENOUGH TO HALT TRAFFIC.

A19

SOME GERMAN TRUCK DRIVERS COMING OUT OF THE RUSSIAN ZONE EARLIER TONIGHT HAD REPORTED, HOWEVER, THAT THE ICE BETWEEN HELMSTEDT AND BERLIN WAS BAD AND THAT THERE HAD BEEN SOME ACCIDENTS.

EARLIER TODAY THE RUSSIANS HAD IMPOSED A NEW RESTRICTIVE REGULATION ON BERLIN-BOUND TRUCK TRAFFIC AND THEN HAD LIFTED IT A FEW HOURS LATER.

THE REGULATION COULD X X X PICKING UP THIRD GRAPH PREVIOUS (A157) UNDER BERLIN DATE.

JK451PES

B3 Q

BUCHAREST, ROMANIA, FEB.3-(AP)-ROMANIA TONIGHT EXTENDED RECOGNITION TO THE ANTI-FRENCH GOVERNMENT OF HO CHI-MINH IN INDOCHINA.

JA405PES

BONN, GERMANY, FEB 3-(AP)-THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT'S NO.2 OFFICIAL, VICE-CHANCELLOR FRANZ BLUECHER WILL TALK TO AMERICAN OFFICIALS IN WASHINGTON NEXT WEEK ABOUT TEARING DOWN EUROPE'S TRADE BARRIERS.

BLUECHER, WHO IS ALSO THE FEDERAL REPUBLIC'S MINISTER FOR THE MARSHALL PLAN, IS DUE TO ARRIVE IN WASHINGTON BY AIR MONDAY. HIS MINISTRY HAS ISSUED A SURVEY SHOWING WEST GERMANY PROBABLY WOULD BE UNABLE TO PAY HER WAY BY 1952, WHEN MARSHALL AID ENDS.

BLUECHER SAID IN AN INTERVIEW HE PLANS TO RAISE THREE SUBJECTS IN WASHINGTON:

1. LIBERALIZATION OF EUROPEAN TRADE--AN ACTION STRONGLY ADVOCATED BY AMERICAN ECONOMISTS.
2. FREEING OF EUROPEAN CURRENCIES FROM CONTROLS.
3. TOTAL REFORM OF EUROPEAN CUSTOMS AND TARIFFS.

HE SAID HIS TRIP WAS BEING MADE ON HIS OWN INITIATIVE AND WAS NOT POLITICAL.

HE RETURNED YESTERDAY FROM PARIS WHERE HE HAD PARTICIPATED IN DRAWING UP A FRANCO-GERMAN TRADE AGREEMENT INVOLVING THE EXCHANGE OF $500,000,000 (M) WORTH OF GOODS. THE AGREEMENT IS TO BE SIGNED MONDAY AFTER IT HAS BEEN APPROVED BY THE ALLIED HIGH COMMISSIONERS.

M820AES

BREMERHAVEN, GERMANY, FEB 3-(AP)-TWO AMERICAN SOLDIERS WENT ON TRIAL TODAY CHARGED WITH BANK ROBBERY.

THEY ARE PFC. ALLAN COOPER, 18, AN AMERICAN CITIZEN, OF (83 MAURY ROAD) STOKE NEWINGTON, LONDON, AND PVT. HERBERT FRIEDENBERG, 19, OF (1370 SIXTH AVE) NEW YORK, N.Y.

THEY ARE CHARGED BEFORE A COURT MARTIAL WITH THE DAYLIGHT ROBBERY OF THE BREMERHAVEN BRANCH OF THE NORTH GERMAN CREDIT BANK JAN. 10. ALL BUT A FRACTION OF THE 88,000 MARKS ($20,944) WAS RECOVERED BY AUTHORITIES. THE MONEY WAS FOUND IN THE RAFTERS OF A GARAGE, WHICH LED TO THE ARREST OF THE TWO SOLDIERS AND OF A GERMAN, WHO ALLEGEDLY DROVE THE GET-AWAY VEHICLE FOR THEM.

A DISTRICT COURT CONVICTED FRIEDRICH BEHRENS, A GERMAN, OF COMPLICITY IN THE CRIME AND SENTENCED HIM TO 14 YEARS IN PRISON.

[illegible]AES

FEB 4-1950

FEB 4-1950

PRECEDE BREMERHAVEN DAY

FRANKFURT, GERMANY, FEB. 3-(AP)-TWO AMERICAN SOLDIERS WERE CONVICTED BY A U.S. ARMY COURT MARTIAL TONIGHT OF COMPLICITY IN THE DAYLIGHT ROBBERY OF THE NORTH GERMAN CREDIT BANK IN BREMERHAVEN JAN. 10. EIGHTY-EIGHT THOUSAND WESTERN ZONE MARKS (ABOUT $21,000) WERE STOLEN.

BRIG.GEN.CHARLES CANHAM, BREMERHAVEN POST COMMANDER, SAID PFC. ALLAN COOPER, 18, WAS SENTENCED TO FIVE YEARS AND PVT.HERBERT FRIEDENBERG, 19, TO EIGHT YEARS IMPRISONMENT. COOPER, ALTHOUGH AN AMERICAN CITIZEN, LIVES IN LONDON. FRIEDENBERG'S HOME IS (1370 SIXTH AVE.) NEW YORK CITY.

RESULTS OF THE TRIAL WERE OBTAINED FROM GEN.CANHAM ONLY AFTER A SIX-HOUR STRUGGLE TO BREAK THROUGH OFFICIAL SECRECY CLAMPED ON THE TRIAL BY ARMY OFFICIALS.

ARMY OFFICERS FIRST BARRED GERMAN REPORTERS FOR THE ASSOCIATED PRESS AND UNITED PRESS FROM THE TRIAL IN BREMERHAVEN. CANHAM SAID TONIGHT THE GERMANS WERE BARRED "BECAUSE WE HAVE SOME REPORTERS AROUND HERE WHO WILL NOT PRINT THE FACTS AS THEY ARE." EARLIER HIS PRESS CHIEF HAD SAID THE GERMANS WERE BARRED BECAUSE THEY DO NOT SPEAK ENGLISH VERY WELL AND MIGHT MISUNDERSTAND THE PROCEEDINGS.

THE ARMY'S OFFICIAL PRESS CHIEF IN BREMERHAVEN SAID AFTER THE TRIAL ENDED HE WAS FORBIDDEN TO GIVE OUT ANY INFORMATION ON THE PROCEEDINGS. CANHAM DENIED ISSUING ANY ORDERS FORBIDDING THE RELEASE OF INFORMATION.

MOST OF THE LOOT TAKEN FROM THE BANK HAS BEEN RECOVERED. FRIEDERICH BEHRENS, A GERMAN, WAS CONVICTED AT A PREVIOUS TRIAL OF COMPLICITY IN THE ROBBERY AND WAS SENTENCED TO 14 YEARS. HE HAS APPEALED TO THE U.S. COURT OF APPEALS IN NUERNBERG.

JS1048PES

FEB 4-1950

frankfurt, germany, feb. 3--(ap)--cpl. william h. shipley of swiston, ark., was killed jan. 28 at kassel when his motorcycle crashed into a parked truck, the u. s. army reported today.

cpl. lloyd w. custer of forrest, ill., was asphyxiated jan. 26 in Berlin, the army also reported.

FEB 4-1950

apr 01750 mb/142p

palma, mallorca, on this bayearic island feb. 3-(ap)-civil guards today seized 50,000 packs of american cigarets and five sacks of canadian flour valued at more than 500,000 pesetas (about $55,000), they said which were going to be sold on the black market.

madrid newscast th 214p

VIENNA, AUSTRIA, FEB. 3-(AP)-ONE OF AUSTRIA'S LEADING SCIENTISTS TODAY RESIGNED FROM THE LEFTIST "AUSTRIAN PEACE COUNCIL" BECAUSE HIS NAME WAS USED WITHOUT PERMISSION ON A COUNCIL COMMUNIQUE PROTESTING THE PROPOSED PRODUCTION OF THE HYDROGEN BOMB BY THE UNITED STATES.

DR.HANS THIRRING, THE SCIENTIST, WAS A DEPUTY CHAIRMAN OF THE COUNCIL.

HE IS THE AUTHOR OF SEVERAL SCIENTIFIC VOLUMES.

JS1048AES

A129
(190)
BUCHAREST, ROMANIA, FEB.3-(AP)-THE COMINFORM JOURNAL SAID TODAY THE YUGOSLAV EMBASSY IN NEW DELHI HAD BEEN SELECTED BY THE BRITISH AND AMERICANS AS A CENTER FOR TRAINING SPIES TO BE SENT INTO COMMUNIST RANKS OF THE FAR EAST.

THE JOURNAL IS THE OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE COMINFORM--THE SOVIET-LED ASSOCIATION OF EASTERN COMMUNIST NATIONS WHICH HAS SPLIT WITH YUGOSLAVIA. IT IS PUBLISHED HERE.

THE PUBLICATION SAID THE BRITISH AND AMERICANS HAD DECIDED TO PICK THE NEW DELHI EMBASSY BECAUSE THE "COMMUNIST PARTIES AND THE WORKING PEOPLE OF ASIA PROBABLY DO NOT KNOW ALL ABOUT COUNTER REVOLUTIONARY MEASURES AND THE STRUGGLE OF THE TITO CLIQUE AGAINST THE U.S.S.R. AND THE PEOPLE'S DEMOCRACIES."

THE JOURNAL CHARGED THAT THE YUGOSLAV EMBASSY WILL TRY TO PLANT AGENTS "IN THE COMMUNIST PARTIES OF INDIA, VIETNAM, INDONESIA, JAPAN AND OTHER COUNTRIES.

THE JOURNAL SAID THE YUGOSLAVS ARE SUBSIDIZED BY THE AMERICAN STATE DEPARTMENT, THE BRITISH FOREIGN OFFICE AND BY THE "GOVERNMENTS AND POLICE CHIEFS" OF FRANCE, ITALY AND SWITZERLAND.

IT ALSO SAID THAT THE NEW GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF INDONESIA IS NEGOTIATING SECRETLY WITH FORMER DUTCH ARMY OFFICER R.P.P.WESTERLING FOR THE MERGER OF HIS FORCES WITH THE INDONESIAN ARMY.

(WESTERLING HAS LED A REVOLT IN WESTERN JAVA AGAINST THE NEW UNITED STATES OF INDONESIA.)

N1041AES

FEB 4 - 1950

Prague, Czechoslovakia, ● Feb. 3-(ap)- High government officials gave a state reception at the foreign ministry tonight to members of a russian orthodox church delegation from moscow.

The delegation, headed by the Metropolitan Nikolai, is here to attend the consecration of two new Russian orthodox bishops.

Premier Antonin Zapotocky, ~~and~~ other cabinet ministers, and Soviet Ambassador M.A.Silin attended.

aig 1949 ap1106 polos 02325

A136
(130)
PRAGUE, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, FEB. 3-(AP)-BOHUMIL HLAVIM, A 22-YEAR-OLD STUDENT, WAS SENTENCED TO DEATH BY A STATE COURT AT BRNO (BRUENN) TODAY. HE WAS CHARGED WITH HEADING AN UNDERGROUND TERRORIST BAND PLOTTING TO OVERTHROW THE GOVERNMENT.

FOURTEEN OTHERS WERE FILED AND SENTENCED TO PRISON, AMONG THEM FATHER JOSEF PESKA, 52, A ROMAN CATHOLIC PRIEST. HE WAS SENTENCED TO 17 YEARS IN JAIL AND FINED 20,000 CROWNS ($400).

MOST OF THE GROUP WERE STUDENTS AND HOSPITAL EMPLOYES, OFFICIAL ACCOUNTS OF THE TRIAL SAID. THEY RECEIVED TERMS OF UP TO 25 YEARS AND ALL WERE FINED HEAVILY. ONE DEFENDANT WAS ACQUITTED.

THE OFFICIAL NEWS AGENCY AT PRAGUE SAID THE GROUP WAS CHARGED WITH ENDANGERING THE SECURITY OF GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS, AS WELL AS OPERATING "AN ANTI-STATE ORGANIZATION WHOSE AIM WAS TO FIGHT THE REPUBLIC AND ITS PRESENT POLITICAL AND ECONOMIC SYSTEM, AND FOR THE RESTORATION OF THE CAPITALIST REGIME."

JB1238AES

FEB 4 - 1950

B2 Q
BUDAPEST, HUNGARY, FEB.3-(AP)-THE HUNGARIAN GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCED TODAY IT HAS RECOGNIZED THE ANTI-FRENCH GOVERNMENT OF HO CHI-MINH IN INDOCHINA.

THE SOVIET UNION AND CZECHOSLOVAKIA HAVE ALREADY RECOGNIZED HO'S REGIME.

HUNGARY ALSO ANNOUNCED RECOGNITION OF THE UNITED STATES OF INDONESIA. SHE WILL EXCHANGE DIPLOMATIC MISSIONS WITH BOTH GOVERNMENTS.

JA404PES

SOFIA, BULGARIA, FEB.3-(AP)-A MEMBER OF A FORMER FASCIST YOUTH GROUP WAS SENTENCED TO DEATH FOR ANTI-STATE ACTIVITIES IN A PLOVDIV DISTRICT COURT YESTERDAY. TWO OTHERS WERE SENTENCED TO LIFE IMPRISONMENT AND FIVE TO PRISON TERMS RANGING FROM ONE TO 15 YEARS.

STOYAN PETROV WAS SENTENCED TO DEATH. IVAN STOYANOV AND IVAN KRUESTEV RECEIVED LIFE TERMS.

THE EIGHT WERE CHARGED WITH BEING MEMBERS OF A TERRORIST GROUP. THE INDICTMENT SAID THAT ON SEPT.9 LAST YEAR THEY PLACED A BOMB BEFORE THE TURKISH CONSULATE IN PLOVDIV. ONE EXPLODED CAUSING DAMAGE, AUTHORITIES CHARGED.

THE NEWSPAPER OTECHESTVEN FRONT IN REPORTING THE TRIAL SAID THE GROUP CONFESSED THEY PLACED THE BOMBS IN ORDER TO UNDERMINE BULGARIAN-TURKISH RELATIONS. THE NEWSPAPER SAID THE GROUP ADMITTED THEY ATTEMPTED TO CONTACT THE U.S. LEGATION IN SOFIA TO SEEK MATERIAL AID FOR THEIR ALLEGED ANTI-STATE ACTIVITIES.

N951AES

FEB 4-1950

Sofia, Bulgaria, Feb. 3 -(ap)- The official newspaper Otechestven Front charged today that yugoslavia is "stubbornly preparing for war" and provoking frontier incidents.

The latest outburst in the cominform word-battle of the balkans was set off by charges that bulgaria sent spies and saboteurs into yugoslavia.

The charges were made at the recent yugoslav trial of alleged cominform agents at skoplje. Two of the defendants were sentenced to die before a firing squad. six were given prison terms of from five to 13 years.

Bulgarian newspapers called the trial " a new frameup of tito's clique, a new shameful comedy x x x with completely transparent purposes."

B77 (Q)
BELGRADE,YUGOSLAVIA, FEB.3-(AP)-YUGOSLAVIA HAS TOLD HER COMINFORM NEIGHBOR, BULGARIA, TO STOP SENDING SPYS AND TERRORISTS INTO THIS COUNTRY.
THE FOREIGN MINISTRY DELIVERED A STIFF NOTE YESTERDAY TO THE BULGARIAN EMBASSY, DEMANDING THAT THE BULGARS "IMMEDIATELY STOP SUCH HOSTILE ACTIVITY."
THE GOVERNMENT HAS CHARGED BULGARIA IS SPONSORING SUCH TERRORISM AND ESPIONAGE AS PART OF A RUSSIAN-LED COMINFORM PLOT AGAINST MARSHAL TITO'S GOVERNMENT.
THE NOTE, DESCRIBED AS ONLY A STEP SHORT OF AN ULTIMATUM, WARNED THE BULGARIAN GOVERNMENT "OF ALL THE CONSEQUENCES WHICH CAN RESULT FROM ITS ACTION FOR WHICH FULL AND EXCLUSIVE RESPONSIBILITY WILL BE BORNE BY THE BULGARIAN GOVERNMENT."
N1007AES

Warsaw, Poland, Feb. 3-(ap)- Two poles pleaded guilty today to the murder of a British embassy third secretary who was shot during a holdup last February.

The victim was Arthur Carteret Maule. He was truck by three bullets when his home was entered last February 16. He died 15 days later.

The accused men were members of a group of five who admitted setting up a bandit group which committed 15 armed holdups in the last four years. Warsaw's military court is expected to pass sentence next Tuesday.

Moscow, feb. 3--(ap)--talks are expected to begin soon between soviet officials and a trade delegation who arrived here late yesterday from the east german republic.

the conversations were expected to cover a long list of subjects.

Warsaw, Poland, Feb. 3-(ap)- Premier Jozef Cyrankiewicz told parliament today "the imperialists try to blackmail us with the hydrogen bomb but this will be a fiasco."

It was the first statement from an important cominform country official on the h-bomb. The premier's statement came during an address in which he said everything in Poland will be subordinated to the new six year plan.

He said present political conditions were favorable to the plan, especially since the three year plan was completed ahead of time.

The premier also said the state would not tolerate "abuse" by the church and that hostile elements must be made harmless by increased efficiency of security authorities.

The creation of the east german state (in the soviet zone of germany) he called "an answer to bonn and to those who have forgotten the second world war and plan a third."

Bonn is the capital of the german state set up in the western allies zones of germany.

The premier, after making his statement about the h-bomb, said "the united states was arming to prevent unemployment and was sending obsolete military equipment to europe."

aig 1944 apl 95-6-106 warsaws 1730

MOSCOW, FEB. 3-(AP)-DIPLOMATIC SOURCES HERE SAID TODAY THEY HAVE HEARD TALK FROM ABROAD ON THE POSSIBILITY OF ANOTHER BIG FOUR MEETING, BUT THEY POINTED OUT SUCH A MEETING COULD NOT BE HELD IN ANY EVENT BEFORE APRIL.

THE REASON IS THIS: BOTH THE UNITED STATES AND THE BRITISH AMBASSADORS WILL BE OUT OF MOSCOW FOR SOME TIME. A TOP-LEVEL BIG FOUR CONFERENCE WOULD HARDLY HE HELD WITHOUT THE AMBASSADORS BEING IN MOSCOW.

(THE LAST MEETING OF THE FOREIGN MINISTERS OF THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN, FRANCE AND THE SOVIET UNION WAS LAST MAY IN PARIS, WHEN AGREEMENT WAS REACHED ON THE ENDING OF THE BERLIN BLOCKADE. THERE HAS BEEN SOME SPECULATION THAT ATOMIC DEVELOPMENTS, SUCH AS THE PROBLEM OF THE HYDROGEN SUPER-BOMB, MIGHT PROMPT ANOTHER ATTEMPT OF THE FOUR POWERS TO REACH AN AGREEMENT AT TOP LEVELS.)

U.S. AMBASSADOR ALAN G.KIRK AND HIS WIFE ARE LEAVING SOON FOR A TRIP THROUGH EUROPE, INCLUDING A STAY IN FRANCE AND STOPOVERS IN CAIRO AND OTHER MIDDLE EAST CAPITALS. BRITISH AMBASSADOR DAVID KELLY AND HIS WIFE PLAN TO SPEND LEAVE IN IRELAND. BOTH AMBASSADORS WERE SAID TO HAVE QUESTIONED THEIR HOME GOVERNMENTS WHETHER TO GO AHEAD WITH THEIR VACATION PLANS. IN BOTH CASES, IT WAS SAID, THEY WERE TOLD TO GO AHEAD. SIR DAVID INTENDS TO BE BACK EARLY IN MARCH, BUT KIRK MAY BE AWAY UNTIL APRIL.

BOMBAY, INDIA, FEB. 3-(AP)-PROF.J.D.BERNAL, VICE-PRESIDENT OF THE COMMUNIST-SUPPORTED WORLD PEACE CONGRESS, TODAY CRITICIZED PRESIDENT TRUMAN'S DECISION TO DEVELOP HYDROGEN BOMBS.

SPEAKING AT A MEETING SPONSORED BY THE CONGRESS BERNAL SAID: "SCIENTISTS ALL OVER THE WORLD HAVE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF STOPPING THIS CRIMINAL NONSENSE."

(PROF. BERNAL WAS OUSTED FROM THE BRITISH ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCE OF SCIENCE COUNCIL LAST NOVEMBER BECAUSE HE TOLD A MOSCOW AUDIENCE THE DIRECTION OF SCIENCE IN CAPITALIST COUNTRIES "IS IN THE HANDS OF THOSE WHOSE ONLY AIM IS TO DESTROY AND TORTURE PEOPLE".)

BERNAL ASSERTED: "THERE IS DANGER OF THE COLD WAR TURNING INTO A HOT WAR". CAPITALISTS IN THE UNITED STATES AND NOT THE AMERICAN PEOPLE HAVE AN INTEREST IN WAR, HE SAID. SCIENCE, HE ADDED, SHOULD BE UTILIZED IMMEDIATELY TO PROVIDE LIVING NECESSITIES FOR THE MASSES AND ATOMIC WARFARE BE BANNED.

TA653PES

NIGHT LEAD INDIA-PAKISTAN

NEW DELHI, INDIA, FEB. 3-(AP)-AN INDIAN SPOKESMAN SAID TODAY THIS COUNTRY HAS LODGED A STRONG PROTEST WITH PAKISTAN OVER COMMUNAL CLASHES IN THE KHULNA DISTRICT OF PAKISTAN'S EAST BENGAL.

THE PROTEST URGED THAT IMMEDIATE STEPS BE TAAV

CLASHES IN THE KHULNA DISTRICT OF PAKISTAN'S EAST BENGAL.

THE PROTEST URGED THAT IMMEDIATE STEPS BE TAKEN TO CONTROL THE SITUATION, WHICH THE SPOKESMAN SAID HAD BEEN MARKED BY DEATHS, RAPINGS, LOOTING AND FORCIBLE CONVERSIONS. THE INFORMANT SAID 10,000 HINDUS HAD LEFT EAST BENGAL BECAUSE OF "ATROCITIES" AND THAT THE EXODUS WAS CONTINUING AT THE RATE OF 500 DAILY. HE ADDED THAT RESENTMENT WAS MOUNTING IN INDIA'S WEST BENGAL.

THE SPOKESMAN SAID THE INDIAN GOVERNMENT PROPOSED LAST JAN. 19 A JOINT INQUIRY THAT NO REPLY HAD BEEN RECEIVED.

EARLIER TODAY INDIAN PRIME MINISTER JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TOLD PARLIAMENT THAT INDIA AND PAKISTAN "CANNOT CARRY ON AS ENEMIES FOREVER" BECAUSE IT WOULD MEAN THAT ONE OR BOTH WOULD BE WIPED OUT IN THE PROCESS. HE ADDED:

"I AM CONVINCED THAT WHATEVER CROOKED POLICY PAKISTAN MAY FLLOW, WE ARE NOT GOING TO FOLLOW IT. A CROOKED POLICY NEVER PAYS IN THE END, EVEN JUDGING IT FROM THE NARROWEST GROUNDS OF OPPORTUNITY."

NEHRU SAID INDIA'S POLICY OF AVOIDING ALIGNMENTS WITH BLOCS OF OTHER COUNTRIES IS "VERY SATISFACTORY."

"BLINDED BY FEAR AND HATRED, EVERYTHING SEEMS TO BE LEADING TO VIOLENCE AND PREPARATIONS FOR VIOLENCE," HE DECLARED, "BUT THERE STILL IS A POSSIBILITY OF AVERTING A GREAT CATASTROPHE. I AM NOT VAIN ENOUGH TO BELIEVE INDIA CAN DO THIS, BUT BY KEEPING ALOOF FROM BLOCS, INDIA CAN HELP THAT PROCESS."

THE PRIME MINISTER SAID THAT THE DECISION OF INDIA, NOW AN INDEPENDENT REPUBLIC, TO REMAIN IN THE BRITISH COMMONWEALTH "MAKES EASY THE APPROACH TO SOUTH AFRICAN AND PAKISTAN PROBLEMS BUT DOES NOT INTERFERE WITH OUR SOVEREIGNTY."

TA648PES

NEW DELHI, INDIA, FEB.3-(AP)-PRIME MINISTER JAWAHARLAL NEHRU DECLARED TODAY INDIA AND PAKISTAN "CANNOT CARRY ON AS ENEMIES FOREVER" BECAUSE IN THE PROCESS ONE OR BOTH WOULD BE WIPED OUT.

"I AM CONVINCED," NEHRU TOLD THE INDIAN PARLIAMENT, "THAT WHATEVER CROOKED POLICY PAKISTAN MAY FOLLOW, WE ARE NOT GOING TO FOLLOW IT. A CROOKED POLICY NEVER PAYS IN THE END, EVEN JUDGING IT FROM THE NARROWEST GROUNDS OF OPPORTUNITY."

NEHRU DESCRIBED INDIA'S FOREIGN POLICY OF AVOIDING ALIGNMENTS AS "VERY SATISFACTORY."

"WE HAVE OUR LIKES AND DISLIKES," HE SAID, "BUT WE REFUSE TO DITTO OTHERS' POLICIES. WE WANT TO COOPERATE WITH OTHERS, BUT THE POLICY IS GOING TO BE MY POLICY, THE INDIAN POLICY, THE COUNTRY'S POLICY."

"BLINDED BY FEAR AND HATRED, EVERYTHING SEEMS TO BE LEADING TO VIOLENCE AND PREPARATIONS FOR VIOLENCE, BUT THERE STILL IS A POSSIBILITY OF AVERTING A GREAT CATASTROPHE. I AM NOT VAIN ENOUGH TO BELIEVE INDIA CAN DO THIS, BUT BY KEEPING ALOOF FROM BLOCS, INDIA CAN HELP THAT PROCESS.

"WHATEVER YOUR ISM MAY BE, THE VERY BASIS OF CIVILIZED EXISTENCE WILL BE WIPED OUT FOR A GENERATION OR TWO IN CASE OF WAR. WHOEVER MAY WIN OR LOSE. THE THIRD AND FOURTH GENERATIONS WILL HAVE TO RISE OUT OF THE ASHES OF THE PRESENT."

NEHRU OBSERVED THAT INDIA REMAINING IN THE COMMONWEALTH "MAKES EASY THE APPROACH TO SOUTH AFRICAN AND PAKISTAN PROBLEMS, BUT DOES NOT INTERFERE WITH OUR SOVEREIGNTY."

JA410PES

BY DOUGLAS LACKERSTEEN

RANGOON,BURMA, FEB.3-(AP)-AN ECA EMPLOYE ARRIVED HERE TODAY WITH A STORY OF A HARROWING ESCAPE FROM COMMUNIST-HELD KUNMING,CHINA, DISGUISED AS A BEARDED, BLACK-ROBED PRIEST.

HE IS A.D.PAUL, 30, A BAVARIAN WHOSE MOTHER LIVES IN SAN FRANCISCO. (NAME AND STREET ADDRESS OF MOTHER UNAVAILABLE).

PAUL SAID HE SLIPPED OUT OF KUNMING LAST MONTH AFTER CHINESE COMMUNIST AUTHORITIES DECREED THAT NO AMERICANS, AND NO PERSONS WITH AMERICAN CONNECTIONS, COULD LEAVE LEGALLY UNTIL AMERICA RECOGNIZES THE RED CHINA GOVERNMENT.

HE SAID HE BRIBED A GUARD, DRESSED IN HIS BORROWED PRIEST'S ROBES AND HEADED DOWN THE BURMA ROAD FOR LASHIO,BURMA, 1,400 MILES AWAY.

PAUL SAID THREE AMERICANS STILL REMAINED IN KUNMING--AN AGED DOCTOR BROWN AND TWO WOMEN, ONE MARRIED TO A BRITON AND THE OTHER TO AN AUSTRALIAN. HE DID NOT IDENTIFY THEM.

HE SAID HE HAD TRAVELED "TWENTY AWFUL DAYS" ON FOOT AND HITCH-HIKING RIDES ATOP TRUCKS SO HEAVILY LOADED THEY "SWAYED LIKE STORM-TOSSED SHIPS."

THE BURMA ROAD, BUILT DURING THE PACIFIC WAR AS A SUPPLY ROUTE TO THE CHINESE FORCES OF GENERALISSIMO CHIANG KAI-SHEK, IS NOW ALMOST UNUSABLE, PAUL SAID. A PRO-COMMUNIST CHINESE GUERRILLA ORGANIZATION KNOWN AS THE "PEACE PRESERVATION CORPS" WAS REPORTED TO HAVE TORN DOWN SEVERAL BRIDGES, INCLUDING THE VITAL SPAN ACROSS THE MEKONG RIVER.

PAUL SAID THE ROAD WAS INFESTED WITH BANDITS CARRYING RIFLES AND LONG SWORDS.

HE WAS ROBBED THREE TIMES, HE SAID, SLAPPED AND KICKED TWICE DESPITE HIS PRIEST'S GARB, AND ONLY ALLOWED THROUGH ONE POINT AFTER PLEADING HE NEEDED HOSPITALIZATION BECAUSE OF AN INFECTED FOOT. HE SAID HE FAKED THE INFECTION BY INFLICTING A SMALL WOUND AND DISCOLORING IT BY APPLYING A TOURNIQUET.

AT ONE MOUNTAIN VILLAGE ON THE BURMA ROAD PAUL SAID A CHINESE MOTHER GOT HIM TO BAPTIZE HER NEW-BORN BABY.

PAUL REPORTED THAT COMMUNIST FORCES IN YUNNAN WERE NOT EXPECTED TO MARCH ON BURMA, SINCE THEY ARE TOO PREOCCUPIED WITH STABILIZING THEIR OWN POSITION.

HE SAID IT WAS POPULARLY RUMORED THAT YUNNAN'S GOVERNOR GENERAL LU HAN HAD PREPARED TO MAKE A QUICK GETAWAY BY AN AIRPLANE WHICH WAS SAID TO BE CONCEALED ON A SECRET AIRFIELD. LU HAN, HE SAID, HAD INCURRED DISFAVOR AMONG COMMUNIST AUTHORITIES IN CHINA'S CAPITAL AT PEIPING BY RELEASING TWO CAPTURED NATIONALIST GENERALS.

N918AES

RANGOON, BURMA, FEB 3-(AP)-PRINCE SITHIPORN KRIDAKORN, THAILAND'S FORMER MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE, ARRIVED HERE TODAY FOR A 19-NATION CONFERENCE ON METHODS OF INCREASING RICE PRODUCTION.

THE SIAMESE PRINCE WILL BE CHAIRMAN OF THE 10-DAY CONFERENCE OF THE INTERNATIONAL RICE COMMISSION HELD UNDER THE AUSPICES OF THE UNITED NATIONS FOOD AND AGRICULTURAL ORGANIZATION (FAO).

THE CONFERENCE WHICH COMMENCES MONDAY WILL BE ATTENDED BY 100 DELEGATES. AMONG THOSE ARRIVING TODAY WERE DR. RALPH W. PHILLIPS OF THE FAO WASHINGTON, D.C. STAFF, AND DELEGATIONS FROM INDIA AND THAILAND.

AN ADVANCE MEETING OF THE RICE NUTRITION COMMITTEE TODAY PUT FINISHING TOUCHES ON RECOMMENDATIONS IT WILL FORWARD TO COOPERATING GOVERNMENTS. ON CONCLUSION OF THE NUTRITION CONFERENCE SATURDAY THE COMMITTEEMEN WILL VISIT RANGOON RICE MILLS.

K1038AES

HANOI, INDOCHINA FEB 3-(AP)-BAO DAI, CHIEF OF THE FRENCH SPONSORED-VIETNAM STATE, BELIEVES MOSCOW'S RECOGNITION OF HIS RIVAL HO CHI-MINH WILL STRENGTHEN HIS OWN GOVERNMENT.

HE MADE THIS STATEMENT IN AN INTERVIEW WITH THE SEMIOFFICIAL FRENCH NEWS AGENCY YESTERDAY.

"I AM CONVINCED," HE SAID, "THAT MOSCOW'S ACT, FAR FROM REINFORCING THE POSITION OF THE VIETMINH (HO'S GUERRILLA FACTION) WILL ON THE CONTRARY ENCOURAGE VIETNAM NATIONALISTS STILL FIGHTING IN ITS RANKS TO QUIT THIS FOREIGN PARTY."

HO'S GUERRILLAS HAVE BEEN FIGHTING THE FRENCH IN INDOCHINA OVER THREE YEARS.

FROM SAIGON, THE AGENCY REPORTED THAT HO'S CHOICE FOR AN AMBASSADOR TO MOSCOW MIGHT BE PHAM NGOC THACH, IDENTIFIED AS HAVING REPRESENTED HIM AN ~~INTERNATIONAL~~ COMMUNIST CONFERENCE HELD IN NOVEMBER 1947 AT HARBIN.

M834AES

HEADQUARTERS REMAINED TIGHTLY SILENT ON THE CONTENTS OF THE TALKS AND ON A LONG MEETING LAST NIGHT BETWEEN MACARTHUR AND THE FOUR VISITORS WHO ARE MAKING A TOUR OF PACIFIC INSTALLATIONS.

A23FX add - Tokyo - (Anti-Sub) xxx Reviewed.

ON THEIR TOUR OF SOUTHWESTERN JAPAN THE JOINT CHIEFS WILL INSPECT THE 24TH AND 25TH DIVISIONS. COLLINS SAID HE WAS PARTICULARLY ANXIOUS TO VISIT HIS OLD OUTFIT, THE 25TH DIVISION STATIONED AT OSAKA.

VANDENBERG WILL JOIN THE OTHER THREE MEMBERS TONIGHT IN KYOTO. HE IS INSPECTING AIR BASES IN THE TOKYO AREA AND AT NAGOYA.

FROM KYOTO, THE JOINT CHIEFS WILL GO TO THE U.S. NAVAL BASE AT SASEBO, ON THE SOUTHERN ISLAND OF KYUSHU. SHERMAN SAID THEY WOULD INSPECT AMERICAN DESTROYERS STATIONED THERE.

THEY PLAN TO LEAVE SASEBO MONDAY FOR OKINAWA, THE BIG AMERICAN AIR BASE SOUTH OF JAPAN.

AT THE AIRPORT TO BID THE JOINT CHIEFS FAREWELL WERE MOST OF THE TOP OFFICERS IN THE FAR EAST COMMAND.

GENERAL MACARTHUR WAS ABSENT. ONE GENERAL SAID MACARTHUR HAD A SLIGHT COLD.

CY1249APS NM

FIRST LEAD FLYING INDEPENDENT-ISBRANDTSEN

HONG KONG, FEB 3-(AP)-AGENTS FOR THE ISBRANDTSEN LINE OF NEW YORK SAID TODAY SHANGHAI, UNDER NATIONALIST CHINESE BLOCKADE, WOULD BE SKIPPED BY THE COMPANY'S FREIGHTERS FOR THE TIME BEING, AT LEAST.

THERE WAS SOME DIFFERENCE IN INTERPRETATION OF THE COMPANY.S ORDERS BETWEEN THE TWO TOP AGENTS HERE. THEY ARE CAPT.ANDREW CRINKLEY, ISBRANDTSEN FAR EASTERN REPRESENTATIVE AND JACK MIRS OF A.P.PATTISON CUSINIBRANKOHOR NK

CAPTAIN CRIN

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ISBRANDTSEN FAR EASTERN REPRESENTATIVE AND JACK MIRS OF A.P.PATTISON CO., ISBRANDTSEN AGENTS IN HONG KONG.

CAPTAIN CRINKLEY SAID THE FLYING INDEPENDENT, WHICH WAS SCHEDULED TO SAIL FOR THE BIG CHINESE COMMUNIST PORTKJLISTEAD WOULD GO T

TO SAIL FOR THE BIG CHINESE COMMUNIST PORT, INSTEAD WOULD GO TO TSINGTAO AND TAKU BAR (TIENTSIN), BOTH IN RED NORTH CHINA. CRINKLEY ADDED, HOWEVER, THE FLYING INDEPENDENT WAS THE ONLY ONE OF THE COMPANY'S FAR EASTERN FLEET THAT HAD BEEN ORDERED OFF THE SHANGHAI RUN.

MIRS SAID HE HAD DIRECT ORDERS FROM THE ISBRANDTSEN LINE TO DELETE SHANGHAI FROM ALL SCHEDULES OF ISBRANDTSEN SHIPS SAILING FROM HONG KONG. MIRS SAID THE ORDER APPLIED TO THE FLYING INDEPENDENT AND THE FLYING CLIPPER, BOTH SCHEDULED TO SAIL FOR SHANGHAI THIS MONTH, AND ALL ISBRANDTSEN SHIP SAILINGS IN THE FUTURE.

MIRS SAID HE GUESSED THE COMPANY MADE ITS DECISION "BECAUSE OF WHAT HAPPENED TO THE FLYING ARROW." THE FLYING ARROW, ANOTHER ISBRANDTSEN SHIP, WAS SHOT UP BY A NATIONALIST GUNBOAT ON JAN. 9 WHEN IT TRIED TO ENTER SHANGHAI THROUGH THE BLOCKADE.

SHANGHAI CARGOES REPORTEDLY GRING SHIP LINES HUGE PROFITS.

CRINKLEY, INFORMED OF MIRS' STATEMENT, SAID HE HAD RECEIVED NO INSTRUCTIONS CONCERNING ISBRANDTSEN SHIPS OTHER THAN THE FLYING INDEPENDENT. HE SAID THE NEW YORK OFFICE'S CHANGE IN THE FLYING INDEPENDENT'S SCHEDULE WAS RADIOED TO THE VESSEL WHILE SHE WAS AT SEA ENROUTE HERE FROM MANILA.

THE CAPTAIN OF THE FLYING INDEPENDENT WAS FINED 2,000 HONG KONG DOLLARS (ABOUT $375) TODAY FOR BRINGING INTO PORT 110 TONS OF BENZINE WITHOUT NOTIFYING HARBOR OFFICIALS.

BENZINE IS CLASSIFIED HERE AS DANGEROUS AND AUTHORITIES SAID THE SHIP, WHICH WAS AFIRE WHEN IT DOCKED, SHOULD HAVE PROCEEDED TO A SPECIALLY SELECTED ANCHORAGE.

THE FIRE IN THE SHIP'S NO.4 HOLD, WHICH WAS DISCOVERED AS THE FLYING INDEPENDENT SPED HERE FROM MANILA, WAS EXTINGUISHED 12 HOURS AFTER THE VESSEL DOCKED.

VR648ACS NM

30.24- 8719

NIGHT LEAD CHINESE
BY SPENCER MOOSA (300)
TAIPEI, FORMOSA, FEB.3-(AP)-THE CHINESE NATIONALIST NAVY TODAY ANNOUNCED CONTINUING ATTACKS BY ITS WARSHIPS ON COMMUNIST-HELD ISLANDS IN THE CHUSAN GROUP 100 MILES SOUTH OF SHANGHAI.
THE NATIONALISTS HELD MOST OF THE ISLANDS, FROM WHICH TYEY OPERATE THEIR AIR-SEA BLOCKADE OF SHANGHAI. THE REDS SEVERAL TIMES HAVE TRIED TO CAPTURE THE ARCHIPELAGO BUT HAVE TAKEN ONLY A FEW ISLETS NEAREST THE MAINLAND.
RESULTS OF THE LATEST NAVY RAIDS WERE NOT ANNOUNCED, BUT IN A REVIEW OF JANUARY OPERATIONS HEADQUARTERS SAID 538 COMMUNIST CRAFT WERE DESTROYED OR DAMAGED, 78 PILLBOXES AND 62 OTHER DEFENSE WORKS DEMOLISHED.
THE DEFENSE MINISTRY ALSO DISCLOSED BELATEDLY THAT THE REDS TRIED ON JAN.28 TO LAND ON NAMOA ISLAND, OF THE MAINLAND PORT OF SWATOW. IT SAID SEVERAL HUNDRED REDS WERE DRIVEN

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TO LAND ON NAMOA ISLAN

ON JAN.28 TO LAND ON NAMOA ISLAND, OF THE MAINLAND PORT OF SWATOW. IT SAID SEVERAL HUNDRED REDS WERE DRIVEN OFF WHEN THEY APPROACHED IN A FLOTILLA OF JUNKS.
THE REDS HAVE TRIED VAINLY SEVERAL TIMES TO ELIMINATE NAMOA, WHICH HAMPERS THEIR USE OF SWATOW. LABELING SWATOW AS ONE OF THE BASES FROM WHICH THE REDS PLAN TO INVADE FORMOSA, THE NATIONALISTS HAVE SUBJECTED IT TO REPEATED AIR RAIDS.
ON FORMOSA ITSELF, AN IMPROVEMENT IN THE ECONOMIC OUTLOOK WAS REPORTED BY LORIS CRAIG, DIRECTOR OF THE AMERICAN ECONOMIC COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION PROGRAM ON THIS NATIONALIST REFUGE.
CRAIG, FROM DES MOINES, IOWA, SAID FORMOSA HAD A $4,000,000 FAVORABLE TRADE BALANCE LAST YEAR. HE PRAISED GOV. J.C.WU'S PROVINCIAL ADMINISTRATION FOR TACKLING THE ECONOMIC PROBLEM "WITH VIM AND VIGOR.
NATIONALISTS REGARD CRAIG'S APPRAISAL AS IMPORTANT BECAUSE FORMOSA'S FUTURE AS A NATIONALIST CITADEL DEPENDS LARGELY ON WHETHER ECONOMIC COLLAPSE CAN BE PREVENTED.
CRAIG DECLINED TO ESTIMATE HOW MUCH AID FORMOSA WOULD NEED TO ASSURE STABILITY, BUT OTHER QUARTERS GUESSED $2,000,000 TO $5,000,000 MONTHLY.
C0732PCS

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TAIPEI,FORMOSA,FEB 3 (AP)-NEW NAVAL ATTACKS ON COMMUNIST HELD SECTIONS OF THE CHUSAN ISLANDS GROUP, 100 MILES SOUTH OF SHANGHAI, WERE REPORTED TODAY AT NATIONALIST CHINESE NAVAL HEADQUARTERS.
THE HEADQUARTERS SAID NATIONALIST WARSHIPS IN JANUARY DAMAGED OR SANK 538 COMMUNIST CRAFT, DEMOLISHED 78 PILLBOXES AND WRECKED 62 OTHER RED DEFENSE WORKS ALONG THE CHINA COAST.
NEWS REPORTS FROM HAINAN, BIG SOUTH CHINA ISLAND, SAID RED AUTHORITIES ON THE MAINLAND IN CANTON HAD REQUISITIONED 1,500 AUTOMOBILE ENGINES FOR USE ON LANDING CRAFT BEING ASSEMBLED ON LUICHOW PENINSULA.
GG913ACS

TOKYO, FEB.3-(AP)-THE ESCORT CARRIER SICILY AND SIX DESTROYERS ARE BEING SENT TO THE PACIFIC FOR INTENSIVE ANTI-SUBMARINE EXERCISES, ADM. FORREST P.SHERMAN, CHIEF OF NAVAL OPERATIONS, SAID TODAY.
YESTERDAY SHERMAN TOLD NEWSMEN THAT ONE-FOURTH OF RUSSIA'S SUBMARINE FLEET IS BASED IN THE PACIFIC. HE SAID THE WESTERN PACIFIC FLEET WOULD BE KEPT AT MAXIMUM STRENGTH DUE TO RUSSIA'S EXPANDING SUBMARINE PROGRAM.
SHERMAN TOLD REPORTERS THE CARRIER AND ITS DESTROYER ESCORT WOULD WORK ON "HUNTER-KILLER" TACTICS WHICH PROVED EFFECTIVE AGAINST SUBMARINES IN THE LAST WAR.
SHERMAN'S STATEMENT WAS MADE SHORTLY BEFORE HE AND TWO OTHER MEMBERS OF THE VISITING CHIEFS OF STAFF FLEW TO KYOTO.
THERE, SHERMAN, GEN. OMAR N. BRADLEY, CHAIRMAN, AND ARMY GEN. J.LAWTON COLLINS WILL INSPECT GROUND FORCES AND AIR UNITS. AIR GEN. HOYT S.VANDENBERG WILL JOIN THEM LATER. HE IS VISITING AIR BASES AROUND TOKYO.
JS1125PPS NM

TOKYO,FEB 3 (AP)-PRIME MINISTER SHIGERU YOSHIDA TODAY EXPRESSED "MUCH REGRET" THE SOVIET UNION HAD DEMANDED THAT EMPEROR HIROHITO BE TRIED AS A WAR CRIMINAL.
THE REQUEST WAS MADE BY THE RUSSIAN AMBASSADOR IN WASHINGTON WEDNESDAY.
YOSHIDA TOLD A HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES BUDGET COMMITTEE THAT THE JAPANESE GOVERNMENT WAS "MAKING INQUIRIES REGARDING THE TRUTH OF THE MATTER."
GG916ACS

SEOUL,FEB 3 (AP)-THE VIEWS OF PRES.SYNGMAN RHEE, ARDENT ADVOCATE OF AN ANTI-COMMUNIST PACIFIC PACT, MAY BE DISCUSSED AT THE CONFERENCE OF AMERICAN DIPLOMATS AT BANGKOK LATER THIS MONTH.
RHEE SAID TODAY THAT HE HAD ASKED PHILIP C.JESSUP, U.S.AMBASSADOR AT LARGE, TO PRESENT HIS (RHEE'S) VIEWS AT THE CONFERENCE.
THE PRESIDENT TOLD HIS NEWS CONFERENCE THAT DELAY IN ORGANIZING A DEMOCRATIC PACIFIC FRONT ALREADY HAD GIVEN THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS AN ADVANTAGE AND DECLARED THAT THE U.S. SHOULD TAKE THE LEAD IN ORGANIZING "ALL ASIATIC NATIONS DEFINITELY COMMITTED TO RESIST COMMUNISM."
RHEE INDICATED THAT HE REGARDED THE RECOGNITION OF COMMUNIST CHINA BY INDIA AND BRITAIN AS RESULT OF THE FAILURE TO DEVELOP A PACIFIC PACT.
GG919ACS

jakarta, u.s.i., friday, feb. 3--(ap)--newly independent indonesia will hold its first conference ~~with~~ on equal grounds with its former rulers in the dutch government, it was announced today.

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netherlands minister for union affairs and overseas territories J. H. Van Maarseveen said the "union conference" will be held march 22.

he indicated that the unsettled status of western new guinea, which remains a part of holland's colonial system, may be taken up at the conference. under the agreement which gave indonesia her sofereignty it was agreed that dutch new guinea would NOT join the u.s.i. at least for a year, during which time her political status would be ~~kick~~ studied.

maarseveen said it was possible that a committee consisting of ~~not~~ an equal number of members from both the netherlands and indonesia might be appointed at the conference to make preparations for negotiation leading to the freeing of new guinea by the dutch.

the ~~xxxxxxxxxxxx~~ conference was called in accordance with the agreement which gave indonesia her sovereignty. according to that agreement indonesia became a partner in a netherlands union and representat of the two governments are to meet periodically on union matters.

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caracas, venezuela, fe
the atlantic in a small ship to w
was being cared for and fed by au
tucupita, it was reported today.
the family of five, w
~~xxxxxx~~ crewman, said they left t
they feared a new war would break
a dispatch from ciuda
for orders from the governm
castaways. usually refugees are
the dispatch quoted t
bricklayer, emil obiegle, the h
started out in the 40-foot wooden
they reached santa cruz, spain,

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without incident

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before they departed nov. 11 for the atlantic crossing.

obiegle was quoted as saying they had NO trouble until they struck a reef on the night of jan. 20 in the rocky mouth of the orinoco.

the ship's captain, by the name of andersen, said he was unfamiliar with the waters and had approached a lighthouse to get directions by signaling with a lantern.

with obiegle were his wife and three sons. they were found on the delta island by a mission priest.

(400) WASHINGTON, FEB 2-(AP)-SENATOR TYDINGS (D-MD) TONIGHT URGED THAT PRESIDENT TRUMAN MAKE A NEW APPROACH TO PREMIER STALIN IN AN EFFORT TO WORK OUT A PEACE AGREEMENT WITH RUSSIA ON "DECENT TERMS."

HE ACKNOWLEDGED THAT THE CHANCES OF SUCH AN OVERTURE SUCCEEDING ARE FAR FROM BRIGHT BUT SAID THAT "THE ALTERNATIVE OF WAR IS TOO HORRIBLE" NOT TO MAKE A SHOWDOWN ATTEMPT FOR A SETTLEMENT OF DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE TWO COUNTRIES.

TYDINGS, CHAIRMAN OF THE SENATE ARMED SERVICES COMMITTEE, TOOK THIS STAND IN A RADIO INTERVIEW ON MUTUAL'S "MEET THE PRESS" PROGRAM.

SENATOR MC MAHON (D-CONN), INTERVIEWED ON THE CBS CAPITOL CLOAKROOM PROGRAM, PROPOSED A MEETING OF THE UNITED NATIONS IN MOSCOW AS PART OF A WORLDWIDE PEACE OFFENSIVE.

WHILE ADVOCATING A NEW PEACE DRIVE, TYDINGS DECLARED THIS COUNTRY MUST CONTINUE TO BUILD UP ITS DEFENSES SO AS TO BE "PREPARED TO SWEAT IT OUT AND WAIT FOR A BREAK" IN THE COLD WAR BETWEEN THE EAST AND WEST.

ASKED WHETHER HE FAVORS REARMAMENT OF WESTERN GERMANY, HE REPLIED "NOT AT THIS TIME," BUT HE ADDED THAT PERHAPS A FEW WEEKS OR MONTHS FROM NOW HE MIGHT SUPPORT SUCH A MOVE--DEPENDING UPON CIRCUMSTANCES AND THE STATE OF THE WORLD.

TYDINGS DID SAY FLATLY THAT IN THE EVENT MARSHAL TITO OF YUGOSLAVIA BECOMES INVOLVED IN A CONFLICT WITH SOVIET-BACKED FORCES HE WOULD FAVOR HELPING HIM WITH U.S. ARMS--BUT NO AMERICAN TROOPS.

THE ARMED SERVICES CHAIRMAN ALSO SAID HE BELIEVES THE HYDROGEN BOMB WILL PROVE THE "MOST DECISIVE" WEAPON EVER MADE IF IT HAS TO BE USED.

ON THIS POINT HE AGREED WITH HIS INTERVIEWERS THAT THERE IS A DANGER OF THIS COUNTRY'S DEVELOPING A "MAGINOT LINE" COMPLEX IN BELIEVING SUCH A BOMB COULD WIN A WAR BY ITSELF.

HE SAID THERE IS A "LACK OF AWARENESS TO DANGER" BOTH AMONG CONGRESS MEMBERS AND THE PUBLIC ALIKE SIMILAR TO THE PERIOD BEFORE PEARL HARBOR.

BUT TYDINGS ASSERTED THAT THE UNIFICATION PROGRAM IS WORKING OUT SO AS TO ASSURE THAT AMERICAN FIGHTING FORCES WILL BE READY--SHOULD A WAR

30.24- 8721

COME.

MC MAHON, CHAIRMAN OF THE CONGRESSIONAL ATOMIC COMMITTEE, URGED YESTERDAY THAT THE UNITED STATES SPEND $50,000,000,000 TO HELP EVERY NATION, INCLUDING RUSSIA, IN RETURN FOR SUSPENSION OF THE ARMS RACE.

HE SAID TONIGHT THAT THE PEOPLE BEHIND THE IRON CURTAIN OF RUSSIA AND ITS SATELLITES WOULD GET A CHANCE TO HEAR THEIR OWN LEADERS AND THOSE OF OTHER COUNTRIES IF THE U.N. MET IN MOSCOW.

"WE SHOULD PROPOSE THE MEETING," HE SAID. "THE IRON CURTAIN IS NOT AIRTIGHT."

MC MAHON SUGGESTED THAT THE UNITED STATES AND ALL OTHER COUNTRIES CUT THEIR ARMAMENTS BY TWO-THIRDS, THEN AGREE TO INTERNATIONAL INSPECTION AND CONTROL OF ATOMIC ENERGY AND HYDROGEN.

"EFFECTIVE CONTROL WOULD BANISH WAR," HE SAID, ADDING THAT "ALL ARMS RACES END IN WAR."

R71229AES

GERMAN

BY JOHN M.HIGHTOWER

WASHINGTON, FEB.3-(AP)-THE UNITED STATES REPORTEDLY WILL BE JOINED BY BRITAIN AND FRANCE IN STRIKING BACK AT RUSSIA'S NEW "LITTLE BLOCKADE OF BERLIN.

SOVIET RESTRICTIONS ON TRANSPORT BETWEEN BERLIN AND WESTERN GERMANY PROMPTED AN ANNOUNCEMENT YESTERDAY THAT THIS COUNTRY WILL RETALIATE. OFFICIALS SAID JOINT COUNTER MEASURES AGAINST THE SOVIET ZONE OF GERMANY ARE BEING DISCUSSED AMONG THE THREE WESTERN ALLIES.

PRESUMABLY, ANY STEPS THEY TAKE WILL FOLLOW THE PATTERN OF LAST YEAR'S COUNTER BLOCKADE, WHICH EVENTUALLY BROUGHT TRADE BETWEEN EASTERN GERMANY AND WESTERN EUROPE TO A HALT.

THIS PRESSURE ON THE SOVIET ZONE WAS REGARDED AT THAT TIME AS ONE OF THE PRINCIPAL REASONS WHY THE RUSSIANS FINALLY GAVE UP THEIR FULL SCALE BLOCKADE OF BERLIN.

THE NEW RESTRICTIONS ON TRAFFIC BETWEEN WESTERN GERMANY AND THE NON-COMMUNIST SECTION OF BERLIN HAVE NOT YET ASSUMED FULL BLOCKADE PROPORTIONS.

STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS CONSIDER THE CURRENT SLOWDOWN OPERATION AS AN EFFORT TO CREATE NEW UNCERTAINTY AND UNREST IN WESTERN GERMANY, THUS RETARDING ECONOMIC PROGRESS THERE.

THE STATEMENT ISSUED BY STATE DEPARTMENT PRESS OFFICER MICHAEL MCDERMOTT YESTERDAY MADE TWO MAIN POINTS:

1. AFTER THE BERLIN BLOCKADE AND COUNTER BLOCKADE WERE LIFTED LAST MAY, THE RUSSIAN AND WESTERN FOREIGN MINISTERS AGREED AT PARIS TO "TAKE THE MEASURES NECESSARY TO INSURE THE NORMAL FUNCTIONING AND UTILIZATION OF RAIL, WATER AND ROAD TRANSPORT." THE RUSSIANS ARE NOW VIOLATING THAT AGREEMENT.

2. THE UNITED STATES THEREFORE IS CONSIDERING COUNTER MEASURES, THEIR PRECISE NATURE TO DEPEND ON "THE SPECIFIC CIRCUMSTANCES PREVAILING AT THE TIME."

THAT SEEMED TO MEAN THIS: IF THE RUSSIANS MERELY HARRASS WESTERN TRANSPORT ACROSS THEIR ZONE TO BERLIN THE UNITED STATES WILL IMPOSE ONLY LIMITED RESTRICTIONS ON TRAFFIC INTO THE RUSSIAN ZONE.

INFORMED AUTHORITIES SAID THAT SINCE COUNTER MEASURES COULD NOT BE EFFECTIVE WITHOUT THE COOPERATION OF THE BRITISH AND FRENCH, THE THREE WESTERN POWERS ARE ATTACKING THE PROBLEM TOGETHER.

A6WX

THE EXCHANGE OF VIEWS IS TAKING PLACE PRIMARILY AMONG THE WESTERN OCCUPATION AUTHORITIES IN GERMANY. AMERICAN HIGH COMMISSIONER JOHN J.MCCLOY, WHO HAS BEEN HERE FOR 10 DAYS OF CONSULTATIONS, LEFT FOR GERMANY YESTERDAY.

MCDERMOTT SAID RUSSIAN INTERFERENCE WITH TRANSPORTATION BEGAN ON

JAN. 13 WHEN 11 GERMAN TRUCKS FILLED WITH METAL SCRAP FROM WEST BERLING WERE HALTED AT A SOVIET CHECK POINT. THE TRUCKS AND DRIVERS WERE LATER RELEASED BUT THE SCRAP LOADS "WERE STILL BEING HELD," MCDERMOTT SAID.

HE CITED A NUMBER OF SIMILAR INSTANCES IN THE FOLLOWING WEEKS, MANY OF THEM INVOLVING TRANSPORTATION OF FURNITURE.

ON WEDNESDAY, REPORTS WERE RECEIVED THAT TRAFFIC OF THE ALLIED POWERS ACROSS THE SOVIET ZONE WAS NORMAL. BUT GERMAN TRAFFIC WAS BACKLOGGED AT ONE CHECK POINT, WITH SCORES OF TRUCKS DELAYED AND PASSAGE PERMITTED ONLY AT THE SLOW RATE OF ABOUT SIX TRUCKS PER HOUR.

ES238AES

(140) 1ST LEAD ECA

WASHINGTON,FEB.3-(AP)-SENATOR CONNALLY (D-TEX) SAID TODAY THAT ECA CHIEF PAUL HOFFMAN IS "PRESSING STRONGLY" TO PERSUADE WESTERN EUROPEAN NATIONS TO ADOPT A CURRENCY EXCHANGE PLAN.

JUST BACK FROM EUROPE, HOFFMAN TALKED OVER HIS FINDINGS FOR AN HOUR WITH CONNALLY, THE CHAIRMAN OF THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE. HE HAD CALLED EARLIER ON SECRETARY OF STATE ACHESON.

"ON THE WHOLE," CONNALLY TOLD REPORTERS AFTERWARD, "HOFFMAN THINKS CONDITIONS IN WESTERN EUROPE HAVE IMPROVED, BUT HE IS INSISTING THEY DO EVEN MORE TO REMOVE TRADE BARRIERS AND HAVE A CURRENCY CONVERTIBILITY."

THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE AND THE HOUSE FOREIGN AFFAIRS COMMITTEE WILL OPEN HEARINGS FEB.21 ON THE ECONOMIC COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION'S NEW AUTHORIZATION MEASURE.

THE ADMINISTRATION IS ASKING $3,100,000,000 (B) TO CARRY THE MARSHALL PLAN THROUGH ITS SECOND YEAR. HOFFMAN'S JOB IS TO SELL THAT TO CONGRESS.

CONNALLY IS THE ADMINISTRATION'S TOP MAN IN PILOTING FOREIGN AID MEASURES THROUGH THE SENATE.

BUT THE TEXAN ISN'T TOO HAPPY ABOUT THIS ONE. HE ALREADY HAS PROPOSED A CUT OF "AT LEAST" $1,000,000,000(B) BELOW THE $3,778,000,000 (B) WHICH CONGRESS VOTED LAST FOR EUROPE'S AID.

"I'M GOING TO SEE JUST HOW MUCH HOFFMAN THINKS WE CAN CUT THIS YEAR," CONNALLY TOLD A REPORTER. "I'M SURE HE WILL GIVE ME A FULL REPO

"I'M GOING TO SEE JUST HOW MUCH HOFFMAN THINKS WE CAN CUT THIS YEAR," CONNALLY TOLD A REPORTER. "I'M SURE HE WILL GIVE ME A FULL REPORT ON THE SITUATION."

ONE SENATOR WHO HAS BEEN IN CLOSE TOUCH WITH HOFFMANPSS EUROPEAN VISIT SAID THE ECA BOSS MET WITH ONLY MINOR SUCCESS IN URGING LOWER TRADE BARRIERS AND AGREEMENT ON CONVERTIBILITY OF CURRENCY.

"THE MAIN JOBS OF WIPING OUT TRADE BARRIERS AND GETTING A SOUND CURRENCY PLAN HAVE YET TO BE DONE," HE SAID. "HOFFMAN LEFT THE EUROPEAN PEOPLE WRANGLING ABOUT IT."

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CURRENCY PLAN HAVE YET TO BE DONE," HE SAID. "HOFFMAN LEFT THE EUROPEAN PEOPLE WRANGLING ABOUT IT."

HOFFMAN TOLD THE SENATE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE LAST YEAR THAT HE WOULD BE ABLE TO SAY EARLY THIS YEAR WHETHER THE MARSHALL PLAN IS GOING TO SUCCEED OR FAIL.

HE SAID AT THE TIME THAT IF HE THOUGHT HE COULD NOT MAKE THE PROGRAM SUCCEED, HE WOULD STEP ASIDE AND GIVE THE JOB TO SOMEONE WHO BELIEVED IT WOULD SUCCEED.

SO FAR HOFFMAN HAS GIVEN NO HINT OF HOW HE FEELS ABOUT THE CHANCES OF BRINGING THE PLAN TO A SUCCESSFUL CLOSE NEXT YEAR--THE END OF THE FOUR-YEAR PLAN.

SENATOR MCCARRAN (D-NEV) SAID BRITAIN IS STANDING IN THE WAY OF A CURRENCY CLEARING UNION BEING CONSIDERED BY THE ORGANIZATION FOR EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COOPERATION--COMPOSED OF REPRESENTATIVES FROM THE MARSHALL PLAN NATIONS.

THIS UNION WOULD BE A SORT OF SUPER CLEARING HOUSE FOR CONVERTING EUROPE'S CURRENCIES AND MAKING IT POSSIBLE FOR TRADE TO FLOW MORE FREELY BETWEEN THE NATIONS.

MCCARRAN, WHO IS CHAIRMAN OF THE SENATE-HOUSE "WATCHDOG" COMMITTEE ON ECA SPENDING, SAID IN A STATEMENT THAT GERMANY SHOULD BE BROUGHT INTO THIS ARRANGEMENT, AND ADDED:

"ENGLAND'S INABILITY TO TAKE PART SHOULD NOT BE PERMITTED TO OBSTRUCT THIS FIRST REAL STEP TOWARD CONVERTIBILITY OF CURRENCIES IN WESTERN EUROPE."

MCCARRAN SAID THE UNITED STATES HAS MADE MOST OF THE EFFORT TO HELP EUROPE STABILIZE HER CURRENCIES.

"IN THIS SITUATION," HE SAID, "ENGLAND DOESN'T HESITATE TO THROW THE MONKEY WRENCH WHENEVER COORDINATION OF CONTENTIAL CURRENCIES IS IN PROSPECT."

ES312AES

A94WX (280)

WASHINGTON,FEB 3-(AP)-PAUL G.HOFFMAN, MARSHALL PLAN ADMINISTRATOR, SAID TODAY SOVIET SUCCESSES IN THE FAR EAST AND AMERICAN DISSENSION OVER RECOVERY SPENDING ARE GIVING COMMUNIST FIFTH COLUMNS IN WESTERN EUROPE NEW CONFIDENCE.

JUST BACK FROM A TRIP ABROAD HOFFMAN SAID THE COMMUNIST UNDERGROUND MOVEMENTS HAVE REVIVED SO MARKEDLY IN THE LAST THREE MONTHS THAT IT WOULD TAKE ONLY A "SINGLE NEW INCIDENT" TO MAKE THEM REMOBILIZE.

HOFFMAN, HEAD OF THE ECONOMIC COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION, SAID:

"THE SLIGHTEST RUMOR OF CONFLICT HERE--OR THE HINT THAT ECA MAY BE TERMINATED--TENDS TO BUILD UP COMMUNIST HOPES FOR SUCCESS IN WESTERN EUROPE."

HE TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE HE HAD SEEN ONLY HEADLINES ON THE SUGGESTION OF SENATOR MCMAHON (D-CONN), CHAIRMAN OF THE CONGRESSIONAL ATOMIC ENERGY COMMITTEE, THAT THIS COUNTRY MIGHT UNDERWRITE A $50,000,000,000 (B) GLOBAL MARSHALL PLAN--CONTAINING WEAPON CONTROLS--TO DISCOURAGE ANY ATOMIC OR HYDROGEN BOMB ARMAMENTS RACE.

BUT HOFFMAN SAID HE WISHED TO OFFER THIS OBSERVATION:

"I HOPE SOME DAY WE WILL WAKE UP TO THE FACT THAT IT MIGHT BE SMARTER TO SPEND $50,000,000,000 (B) TO WIN A PEACE THAN TO SPEND ONE TRILLION 300 BILLION DOLLARS TO WIN A WAR.

"THE LATTER FIGURE IS WHAT (SECRETARY OF THE ARMY) GORDON GRAY SAYS IT WILL COST TO WIN THE NEXT WAR."

THE FOREIGN AID ADMINISTRATOR ADMITTED HE WAS "DISAPPOINTED" WITH THE PROGRESS TOWARD LIBERALIZATION OF TRADE IN EUROPE.

NEVERTHELESS SOME REAL ACCOMPLISHMENTS HAVE BEEN MADE, HE SAID, INCLUDING THE REMOVAL OF QUANTITY RESTRICTIONS ON 50 PER CENT OF THE TRADE AMONG EUROPEAN COUNTRIES AND RESOLUTIONS WHICH WILL PAVE THE WAY FOR A FURTHER LIBERALIZATION AND FOR CREATION OF AN INTERNATIONAL CURRENCY CLEARING SYSTEM.

RZ1013PES

30.24- 8723

KEENAN-HIROHITO (240)

WASHINGTON, FEB 3-(AP)-A RUSSIAN DEMAND THAT JAPAN'S EMPEROR HIROHITO BE TRIED ON CHARGES OF USING GERM WARFARE BROUGHT THIS COMMENT FROM THE CHIEF PROSECUTOR OF THE JAPANESE WAR CRIMES TRIALS:

"THERE IS FAR MORE REASON TO TRY STALIN AS A WAR CRIMINAL THAN EMPEROR HIROHITO."

JOSEPH B.KEENAN, A WASHINGTON ATTORNEY, SAID YESTERDAY THAT INVESTIGATIONS CONDUCTED BY AMERICAN AND CHINESE OFFICIALS SHOWED CONCLUSIVELY THAT THE JAPANESE DID NOT USE GERM WARFARE OVER CHINA.

BESIDES, KEENAN SAID, HIROHITO HAD NO REAL POWER IN WARTIME OR PREWAR JAPAN. EVIDENCE AT THE TOKYO TRIALS, HE SAID, MADE IT CLEAR THAT "THE EMPEROR CONSTANTLY ATTEMPTED TO DISSUADE HIS MINISTERS FROM PRECIPITATE ACTION TOWARD WAR."

WHAT'S MORE, KEENAN SAID, COL. GEN. M.GOLUNSKY, CHIEF SOVIET PROSECUTOR AT THE TOKYO TRIALS, JOINED THE PROSECUTORS OF 10 OTHER NATIONS IN SIGNING AN AGREEMENT NOT TO TRY HIROHITO AS A WAR CRIMINAL.

THE SOVIET NOTE PROPOSING THAT THE EMPEROR BE TRIED WAS DELIVERED TO THE STATE DEPARTMENT THIS WEEK BY AMBASSADOR ALEXANDER PANYUSHKIN. SINCE IT WAS WRITTEN IN RUSSIAN, ITS CONTENTS WERE NOT IMMEDIATELY MADE KNOWN HERE IN DETAIL.

BUT A TRANSLATION WAS PUBLISHED IN LONDON YESTERDAY BY THE SOVIET NEWS AGENCY TASS. TASS SAID THE NOTE PROPOSED THAT GEN. DOUGLAS MACARTHUR, SUPREME ALLIED COMMANDER IN THE PACIFIC, APPOINT AN INTERNATIONAL COURT TO TRY HIROHITO AND THREE FORMER JAPANESE GENERALS.

THE CHARGE: WARGING GERM WARFARE ON CHINA, RUSSIA, AND OUTER MONGOLIA, AND PREPARING TO WAGE IT ON THE UNITED STATES.

THE DOCUMENT NAMED HIROHITO AS "ONE OF THE CHIEF PARTICIPATORS IN PREPARATIONS FOR BACTERIOLOGICAL WAR."

SU718AES

A95WA (280)

TRUMAN-MISSIONARIES

WASHINGTON,FEB 3-(AP)-PRESIDENT TRUMAN STRUCK A HESITANT NOTE ABOUT WORLD PEACE IN A LITTLE TALK TODAY TO A GROUP OF BAPTIST MISSIONARIES.

"WE SOMETIMES THINK WE ARE APPROACHING A SOLUTION," THE PRESIDENT SAID," AND THEN SOMETIMES WE ARE NOT SO SURE."

MR.TRUMAN FREQUENTLY SAYS HIS MAJOR GOAL IS TO BRING ABOUT PEACE IN THE WORLD. USUALLY HE EXPRESSES CONVICTION THAT THE GOAL EVENTUALLY WILL BE REACHED.

THE WHITE HOUSE RELEASED THIS TRANSCRIPT OF HIS REMARKS TO THE MISSIONARIES OF HIS OWN CHURCH WHO CALLED AT HIS OFFICE (ABOUT 200):

"AS I TOLD YOU, THE ONLY WAY WE WILL EVER ARRIVE AT PEACE IN THE WORLD IS TO SETTLE IT ON A MORAL CHRISTIAN BASIS. AND THAT IS WHAT I HAVE BEEN WORKING ON FOR FIVE YEARS OR MORE.

"WE SOMETIMES THINK WE ARE APPROACHING A SOLUTION, AND THEN SOMETIMES WE ARE NOT SO SURE. I THINK EVERYONE OF YOU CAN MAKE A VERY DECIDED CONTRIBUTION.

"I WISH I HAD THE TIME TO TALK WITH EACH ONE OF YOU AND FIND OUT WHAT CONDITIONS ACTUALLY ARE AS YOU SEE THEM ON THE GROUND IN THESE FOREIGN COUNTRIES, BUT OF COURSE YOU KNOW THAT I DO NOT HAVE THE TIME TO DO THAT, MUCH TO MY REGRET.

"BUT YOU OUGHT TO ALWAYS BEAR IN MIND THAT THIS COUNTRY OF OURS HAS NO AGGRESSIVE AMBITIONS OF ANY SORT. OUR INTEREST IS THE PEACE AND WELFARE OF THE PEOPLE IN THE COUNTRIES WITH WHICH WE ARE ASSOCIATED. AND NO DESIRE ON OUR PART TO TAKE THEM OVER, EITHER GOVERNMENTALY, FINANCIALLY, PHYSICALLY OR OTHERWISE.

"I KNOW THAT YOU CAN MAKE A TREMENDOUS CONTRIBUTION TO THE CAUSE OF PEACE BY MAKING THAT PERFECTLY PLAIN TO THE PEOPLE WITH WHOM YOU ASSOCIATE.

"THANK YOU VERY MUCH."

R71007RES

WASHINGTON,FEB.3-(AP)-HERE IS TEXT OF A STATE DEPARTMENT STATEMENT AND A PARTIAL TEXT OF A RUSSIAN NOTE IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOVIET DEMAND FOR A WAR CRIMES TRIAL FOR EMPEROR HIROHITO OF JAPAN:

THE DEPARTMENT'S STATEMENT (ABOUT 300)

ON THE AFTERNOON OF FEBRUARY 1,1950, THE SOVIET AMBASSADOR HANDED A NOTE TO THE SECRETARY OF STATE PROPOSING THE EARLY APPOINTMENT, IN ACCORDANCE WITH A FAR EASTERN COMMISSION POLICY DECISION OF APRIL 3,1946, OF A SPECIAL INTERNATIONAL MILITARY COURT TO TRY AS WAR CRIMINALS THE EMPEROR OF JAPAN AND SEVERAL FORMER JAPANESE GENERALS ON CHARGES OF CRIMES AGAINST HUMANITY.

THE TIMING AND CONTENT OF THE SOVIET NOTE--COMING AS IT DID FOR FOUR AND ONE HALF YEARS AFTER THE SURRENDER AND MANY MONTHS AFTER THE WAR CRIMES TRIALS IN JAPPAN HAD BEEN TERMINATED--STRONGLY SUGGESTS THAT THE PRINCIPAL MOTIVATION OF THE NOTE IS TO DIVERT ATTENTION FROM SOVIET FAILURE TO REPATRIATE OR OTHERWISE EXPLAIN THE FATE OF OVER 370,000 JAPANESE PRISONERS DETAINED IN SOVIET HELD TERRITORY.

FOLLOWING REPEATED EFFORTS BY GENERAL MACARTHUR'S HEADQUARTERS TO OBTAIN INFORMATION ON THE FATE OF THESE PRISONERS, THE SECRETARY OF STATE SENT A NOTE ON DECEMBER 30,,1949 TO THE SOVIET AMBASSADOR URGING THAT HIS GOVERNMENT AGREE TO THE DESIGNATION OF AN INTERNATIONAL HUMANITARIAN ORGANIZATION CHARGED WITH MAKING A COMPLETE SURVEY OF THE SITUATION. NO REPLY, NOT EVEN AN ACKNOWLEDGEMENT, HAS BEEN RECEIVED TO THIS NOTE.

THE MINUTES OF THE SEVENTH MEETING OF THE FAR EASTERN COMMISSION ON APRIL 3, 1946 SHOW THAT THE COMMISSION APPROVED THE POLICY DECISION REFERRED TO BY THE SOVIET AMBASSADOR WITH THE EXPRESS UNDERSTANDING THAT THE DIRECTIVE TO BE FORWARDED TO THE SUPREME COMMANDER EMBODYING THE FAR EASTERN COMMISSION DECISION SHOULD BE SO WORDED AS TO EXEMPT THE JAPANESE EMPEROR FROM INDICTMENT AS A WAR CRIMINAL WITHOUT DIRECT AUTHORIZATION. SINCE THE DIRECTIVE TO THE SUPREME COMMANDER WAS SO WORDED HE CAN ACCORDINGLY TAKE NO ACTION AGAINST THE JAPANESE EMPEROR WITHOUT A NEW POLICY DECISION BY THE FAR EASTERN COMMISSION.

THESE FACTS ARE KNOWN TO THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT WHICH COULD HAVE INTRODUCED A POLICY PROPOSAL IN THE FAR EASTERN COMMISSION IN ACCORDANCE WITH NORMAL PROCEDURE, ALONG THE LINES OF THE RECOMMENDATIONS CONTAINED IN ITS NOTE. THAT THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT DID NOT ELECT TO DO SO BUT MADE THESE BELATED CHARGES IN A SENSATIONALIZED MANNER RAISES OBVIOUS QUESTIONS ABOUT THE REAL MOTIVE BEHIND THE SOVIET NOTE.

(END OF U.S.TEXT)

B7WX

FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF THE LAST TWO PARAGRAPHS OF THE SOVIET NOTE AS TRANSLATED FROM THE RUSSIAN BY THE STATE DEPARTMENT AND READ TO A NEWS CONFERENCE TODAY BY ITS PRESS OFFICER: (ABOUT 150)

"THE GOVERNMENT OF THE USSR PROPOSES APPOINTMENT IN THE NEAR FUTURE IN ACCORDANCE WITH POINT A OF ARTICLE 5 OF THE DECISION OF THE FAR EASTERN COMMISSION OF APRIL 3, 1946 OF A SPECIAL INTERNATIONAL MILITARY COURT AND TO TRANSFER TO THE STATED INTERNATIONAL COURT AS WAR CRIMINALS EXPOSED AS HAVING COMMITTED THE MOST SERIOUS CRIMES AGAINST HUMANITY THE EMPEROR OF JAPAN, HIROHITO, AND GENERALS SHIRO ISHII,

MASAJO KITANO, YUJIRO WAKAMATSU AND YUKIO KASAHARA.
"THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT CONSIDERS IT NECESSARY ALSO TO STATE THAT ALL MATERIALS OF THE COURT TRIAL WHICH TOOK PLACE IN DECEMBER IN 1949 AT KAHABAROVSKA OF THE WAR CRIMINALS YANADA, TAKAHACHI, KAJITSUKA AND OTHERS, EXPOSING THE PERSONS MENTIONED IN THE PRESENT NOTE AS HAVING COMMITTED THE MOST SERIOUS CRIMES, WILL BE PLACED FULLY AT THE DISPOSAL OF THE INTERNATIONAL MILITARY COURT IMMEDIATELY AFTER ITS FORMATION."
GG/LT423PES

TOPEKA, KAS., FEB.3-(AP)-GOV.LUTHER W.YOUNGDAHL OF MINNESOTA SAID TONIGHT CIVILIZATION IS THREATENED NOT SO MUCH BY THE ATOMIC BOMB AS BY MAN'S LACK OF KNOWLEDGE OF HIMSELF.
"NO ONE IS MORE AWARE OF THE SITUATION THAN THE SCIENTIST," THE MINNESOTA CHIEF EXECUTIVE SAID, ADDING:
"5£3 -.348:-, -''9:8-589, 194 5£3 -$;-,:3.3,5 9! ':

THE MINNESOTA CHIEF EXECUTIVE SAID, ADDING:
"5£3 -.348:-, -''

THE MINNESOTA CHIEF EXECUTIVE SAID, ADDING:
"THE AMERICAN ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF SCIENCE HAS STRESSED THAT RESEARCH MUCH NOW BE CONCENTRATED UPON 'HUMAN SCIENCE' SO THAT CIVILIZATION CAN BE SAVED.
"OUR NEEDED MORAL POWER MUST COME FROM RELIGION TO A GREAT DEGREE. AND IT MUST COME FROM THE TENS OF THOUSANDS OF PUBLIC SCHOOLS IN THE NATION."
YOUNGDAHL SPOKE AT THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE COUNCIL OF ADMINISTRATION OF THE KANSAS STATE TEACHERS ASSOCIATION.
"AMERICA," HE SAID IN A PREPARED SPEECH, "MUST BE WILLING TO ALLOT MORE OF HER INCOME TO EDUCATION THAN SHE HAS IN THE PAST. GOOD SCHOOLS COST MONEY. I SUBMIT IT IS A WISE INVESTMENT."
YOUNGDAHL SAID THERE SHOULD BE MORE WELL-TRAINED TEACHERS, NEW METHODS AND TECHNIQUES TO KEEP BIGOTRY AND INTOLERANCE FROM THE MINDS AND HEARTS OF CHILDREN, MORE VOCATIONAL GUIDANCE AND MORE ATTENTION TO CITIZENSHIP.
CO919PCS NM

A65-(NY LOCALS OUT)
(350)
(PUBLICATION OF THE FOLLOWING RESTRICTED BY LIFE MAGAZINE TO CONTINENTAL LIMITS OF U.S. AND POSSESSIONS)
NEW YORK, FEB. 3-(AP)-THE STRANGE, ONE-MAN FLIGHT OF HITLER'S TOP AIDE, RUDOLF HESS, TO BRITAIN DURING THE WAR WAS VIEWED BY JOSEF STALIN AS AN ANGLO-GERMAN PLOT TO INVADE RUSSIA.
THIS IS RELATED BY WINSTON CHURCHILL IN THE THIRD VOLUME OF HIS WAR MEMOIRS "THE GRAND ALLIANCE," APPEARING SERIALLY IN LIFE MAGAZINE AND THE NEW YORK TIMES.
BRITAIN'S WARTIME LEADER SAYS THAT LATER AT A MEETING WITH STALIN IN MOSCOW, THE RUSSIAN PREMIER REFUSED TO BELIEVE IT WHEN CHURCHILL DENIED THE SUSPECTED PLOT.
"WHEN I MAKE A STATEMENT OF FACTS WITHIN MY KNOWLEDGE, I EXPECT IT TO BE ACCEPTED," CHURCHILL WRITES, ADDING THAT STALIN MERELY GRINNED AND SAID:
"THERE ARE LOTS OF THINGS THAT HAPPEN EVEN HERE IN RUSSIA WHICH OUR SECRET SERVICE DOES NOT NECESSARILY TELL ME ABOUT."
CHURCHILL DEPLORES THE LIFE SENTENCE SUBSEQUENTLY IMPOSED ON HESS AS A WAR CRIMINAL, SAYING THE GERMAN ATONED FOR HIS GUILT BY "HIS COMPLETELY FANTASTIC DEED OF BENEVOLENCE" IN HIS ABORTIVE "PEACE MISSION."
"HE WAS A MEDICAL AND NOT A CRIMINAL CASE," CHURCHILL SAYS, "AND SHOULD BE SO REGARDED."
HE REVEALS THAT 11 MONTHS BEFORE PEARL HARBOR, FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT PROMISED TO HELP BRITAIN WIN THE WAR "AT ALL COSTS AND BY ALL MEANS."
THE PLEDGE WAS DELIVERED TO ENGLAND ON JAN. 11, 1941, BY ROOSEVELT'S PERSONAL ENVOY, HARRY HOPKINS, WHO CHURCHILL QUOTES AS SAYING:
"THE PRESIDENT IS DETERMINED THAT WE SHALL WIN THE WAR TOGETHER X X X HE HAS SENT ME HERE TO TELL YOU THAT AT ALL COSTS AND BY ALL MEANS HE WILL CARRY YOU THROUGH, NO MATTER WHAT HAPPENS TO HIM."
BY THE SPRING OF THAT YEAR, WITH PASSAGE OF THE LEND-LEASE BILL, CHURCHILL SAYS THE U.S. WAS MOVING EVER NEARER TO WAR, AND ROOSEVELT'S "POWERFUL INTERVENTION SOON BECAME EFFECTIVE."
CHURCHILL PRAISES HOPKINS AS "A TRUE LEADER OF MEN" WHO PLAYED A SOMETIME DECISIVE ROLE IN THE WAR AND WHO WAS FOR SEVERAL YEARS "THE MAIN PROP AND ANIMATOR OF ROOSEVELT HIMSELF."
"HIS WAS A SOUL THAT FLAMED OUT OF A FRAIL AND FAILING BODY," CHURCHILL WRITES.
JR813AES

SECRETS
WASHINGTON, FEB.3-(AP)-THE NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL IS REPORTED TO HAVE ISSUED AN ORDER AGAINST UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES.
THIS REPORT COMES ON THE HEELS OF PRESIDENT TRUMAN'S ACTION TO GIVE LEGAL FORCE TO THE USE OF THE CLASSIFICATION "TOP SECRET" FOR AMERICA'S INNERMOST MILITARY INFORMATION. HEAVY PENALTIES ARE PROVIDED FOR VIOLATING SUCH A RESTRICTION.
EVEN THE REPORTED SECURITY COUNCIL ORDER WAS OBSCURBED BY SECRECY. A COUNCIL OFFICIAL TOLD A REPORTER THAT NO SUCH ORDER HAD BEEN MADE PUBLIC. HE ADDED, HOWEVER, THAT IF ONE HAD BEEN ISSUED SECRETLY HE COULD NOT DISCUSS IT.
THE COUNCIL IS COMPOSED OF CABINET MEMBERS AND OTHER HIGH OFFICIALS. IT ADVISES THE PRESIDENT ON NATIONAL SECURITY POLICIES.
MR.TRUMAN'S EXECUTIVE ORDER, AMENDING ONE OF MARCH 22, 1940, PROVIDES FOR FOUR CLASSES OF SECRET MATERIAL. IT MAKES OFFICIAL THE USE OF "TOP SECRET," ALONG WITH THREE LESS IMPORTANT TERMS: "SECRET," "CONFIDENTIAL", AND "RESTRICTED."
MR.TRUMAN SAID AT HIS NEWS CONFERENCE THAT THE ORDER DOES NOTHING BUT REVISE THE INFORMATION PROGRAM TO CONFORM WITH UNIFICATION PROCEDURE, TAKING INTO ACCOUNT THE CREATION OF A DEFENSE DEPARTMENT AND A SEPARATE AIR FORCE.
ES356AES

FEB 4 - 1950

A160KX
(120)
SAN FRANCISCO,FEB 3 (AP)-THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS TODAY RENEWED THEIR DEMANDS THAT THEY BE GIVEN THE CHINESE NATIONALISTS' PLACE IN THE UNITED NATIONS.

THE PEIPING RADIO ANNOUNCED THAT VICE FOREIGN MINISTER LI KE-NUNG HAD SENT MESSAGES TO U.N.OFFICIALS INSISTING THAT THE COMMUNIST APPOINTEE BE SEATED ON THE U.N. ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL WHICH IS DUE TO MEET FEB.7 IN LAKE SUCCESS.

THE BROADCAST, HEARD IN SAN FRANCISCO BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS, SAID CHI CHAO-TING HAD BEEN NAMED BY THE COMMUNISTS TO THAT POSITION AND DEMANDED THAT HE BE SEATED.

CHI, WHOSE WHEREABOUTS WERE NOT DISCLOSED, WAS IDENTIFIED AS HEAD OF THE PEIPING REGIME'S "CENTRAL BUREAU FOR ADMINISTERING ENTERPRISES WITH FOREIGN CAPITAL." THE BROADCAST ALSO DESCRIBED HIM AS "A NON-PARTISAN DEMOCRAT."

GG1131ACS NM

(210) GERMAN ENGINEERS (APWS)

CHICAGO,FEB.3-(AP)-THREE GERMAN ENGINEERS EXPRESSED CONFIDENCE TODAY THAT THEIR TOUR OF AMERICAN UTILITY COMPANIES WILL PRODUCE MANY GOOD IDEAS FOR IMPROVING THE EFFICIENCY OF POWER PLANTS IN WESTERN GERMANY.

"WE HAVE LEARNED A LOT IN OUR FIRST THREE WEEKS IN THE UNITED STATES," ONE OF THE ENGINEERS, LUDWIG SPENNEMANN OF ESSEN, SAID IN AN INTERVIEW. "A CONTINUED EXCHANGE OF TECHNICAL EXPERIENCE BETWEEN GERMAN AND AMERICAN ENGINEERS CANNOT HELP BUT GET WESTERN GERMANY BACK ON ITS FEET," HE SAID.

SPENNEMANN'S OBSERVATIONS WERE SECONDED BY MAX STEGEMANN OF HAMBURG, AND FRITZ GAEDE OF DUSSELDORF, THE OTHER VISITING ENGINEERS.

THE ENGINEERS - SPECIALISTS IN ELECTRIC POWER - WERE SENT TO THE UNITED STATES BY THE WESTERN GERMAN GOVERNMENT UNDER THE TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM OF THE ECA. ALL RESIDE IN THE BRITISH ZONE.

FOR THE LAST THREE DAYS THEY HAVE BEEN STUDYING INSTALLATIONS OF THE COMMONWEALTH EDISON COMPANY IN CHICAGO. THEY ALSO HAVE VISITED INDUSTRIAL POWER PLANTS.

SPENNEMANN EXPRESSED ADMIRATION AT THE CLEANLINESS AND EFFICIENCY OF AMERICAN POWER STATIONS. HE SAID HE WAS SURPRISED TO FIND SOFT COLOR AND LIGHTING EFFECTS USED IN U.S. PLANTS AND COMPARED THEM TO THE TRADITIONAL DARK ATMOSPHERE OF GERMAN POWER INSTALLATIONS.

ALL AGREED THEIR RECEPTION IN THIS COUNTRY HAS BEEN "MOST FRIENDLY" WITH LOCAL ENGINEERING SOCIETIES EAGER TO BE OF ASSISTANCE.

THE ENGINEERS WILL LEAVE SUNDAY FOR MILWAUKEE. THEIR TINERARY WILL INCLUDE VISITS TO ST.LOUIS, AKRON, O., PITTSBURGH, NEW YORK, AND THE TENNESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY AT CHATTANOOGA. THEY PLAN TO RETURN TO GERMANY MARCH 25.

K2PCS

B52WX
(300) WASHINGTON,FEB.3-(AP)-THE STATE DEPARTMENT ANNOUNCED TODAY THAT IT IS TRAINING A HANDPICKED GROUP OF 27 AMERICAN MEN, ALL ABOUT 30 YEARS OLD, TO CARRY ON A "GRASS ROOTS" PROGRAM OF DEMOCRACY IN GERMANY.

WHEN THE THREE MONTHS TRAINING COURSE IS COMPLETED THE YOUNG MEN AND THEIR FAMILIES WILL GO TO GERMANY FOR SERVICE AS "COUNTY OFFICERS" ON THE STAFF OF THE UNITED STATES HIGH COMMISSIONER, JOHN J.MC CLOY. THE TRAINING COURSE WAS MC CLOY'S IDEA.

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THE MEN WERE CHOSEN FROM A POOL OF FOREIGN SERVICE CANDIDATES WHO HAVE ALREADY PASSED RIGID PHYSICAL AND MENTAL EXAMINATIONS IN ANNUAL COMPETITION FOR JOBS AS CAREER DIPLOMATS.

THEIR COURSE OF STUDY CALLS FOR "PARTICULAR EMPHASIS ON UNDERSTANDING THE CULTURAL PATTERNS, ATTITUDES AND INTELLECTUAL QUALITIES OF THE GERMAN PEOPLE," THE STATE DEPARTMENT SAID.

BOTH THE MEN AND THEIR WIVES ARE ALSO TAKING INTENSIVE GERMAN LANGUAGE INSTRUCTION. THE CONTRACT OF THE WIVES WITH GERMAN WOMEN AND THEIR ABILITY TO EXPRESS DEMOCRATIC IDEAS AND PROCESSES IN THEIR DAILY LIVES, THE STATE DEPARTMENT SAID, "WILL BE SCARCELY LESS IMPORTANT THAN THE MORE OFFICIAL WORK OF THEIR HUSBANDS."

THE NAMES AND ADDRESSES OF THOSE TAKING THE COURSE:

BARNARD, ROBERT J.--ST.CROIS FALLS, WIS.
BROWN, EMERSON M.--124 W.SLOSSON AVE., REED CITY, MICH.
BUTLER, CHARLES T.--729 WALNUT ST., NORTH VERNON, IND.
CHAPIN, WILLIAM ARTHUR--1915 NORTH KIMBALL AVE., CHICAGO.
DEAN, JONATHAN--235 E.51 ST.,NEW YORK, 22, N.Y.
DEAN, ROBERT WILLIAM--304 NORTH CUYLER AVE., OAK PARK, ILL.
DUBS, ADOLPH--715 ST.JOHN STREET, ELGIN, ILL.
ELROD, WARRICK E.--1175 BOULEVARD NE, ATLANTA, GA.
FOOSE, RICHARD T.--12 BIRCH AVE., WHEELING, W.VA.
FORD, EMMETT BROWN--1608 BROOKS AVE., RALEIGH, N.C.
GOUGH, JOHN DEAKIN--238 MAIN ST., WATSONVILLE, CALIF.
HOCTOR, THOMAS F.--1 STYVESANT OVAL, NEW YORK, 9, N.Y.
JENKINS, WALTER EDWARD, JR.--2106 NORTH SCOTT ST., ARLINGTON, VA.
LAMBERT, FRANCIS ZAVIER--77 HUNTINGTON AVE., MARLBORO, MASS.
LUBOEANSKY, EARL--345 EAST YERBY ST., MARSHALL, MO.
MARTINDALE, KENNETH WILLARD--90 PRINCETON BOULEVARD, KENMORE,17,N.Y.
ODELL, HARRY IRVINE--MARGARETVILLE, N.Y.
OUVERSON, ROBERT LEROY--706 WEST MICHIGAN AVE., JACKSON, MICH.
SACKSTEDER, FREDERICK HENRY, JR.--22 KELWYNNE ROAD, SCARSDALE, N.Y.
SCHIFF, STANLEY D.--320 BENNER ST., HIGHLAND PARK, N.J.
SEELYE, TALCOTT WILLIAMS--HIGH STREET, PLAINFIELD, MASS.
SHAW, JOHN P.--409 SOUTH LEE ST., ALEXANDRIA, VA.
SMITH, MATTHEW D.JR.--1310 AVENUE R., LUBBOCK, TEXAS.
STAVE, THOMAS C.--5225 PALATINE AVE., SEATTLE, 3, WASH.
STULL, LEE T.--WHITE HORSE ROAD, PAOLI, PA.
THOMPSON, MALCOLM--FAIRHAVEN HILL, CONCORD, MASS.
TIENKEN, ARTHUR THOMAS--95 CARPENTER AVE., CRESTWOOD, N.Y.

LT757PFS

FEB 4-1950

NIGHT LEAD BRIDGES

SAN FRANCISCO, FEB.3-(AP)-ANOTHER DEFENDANT IN THE HARRY BRIDGES PERJURY TRIAL DENIED TODAY HE IS OR EVER WAS A COMMUNIST.

HE IS JAMES R.ROBERTSON, 44, VICE PRESIDENT OF THE CIO LONGSHOREMEN'S AND WAREHOUSEMEN'S UNION. HE ALSO DENIED EVER HAVING ATTENDED A COMMUNIST PARTY MEETING.

ANOTHER DEFENDANT, HENRY SCHMIDT, INTERNATIONAL REPRESENTATIVE OF THE UNION, HAD EARLIER SWORN TO SIMILAR DENIALS FROM THE WITNESS STAND.

THE THIRD DEFENDANT IS AUSTRALIAN-BORN BRIDGES, PRESIDENT OF THE UNION. HE IS ACCUSED OF LYING WHEN HE SWORE AT HIS 1945 CITIZENSHIP HEARING THAT HE NEVER HAD BEEN A COMMUNIST. ROBERTSON AND SCHMIDT, HIS WITNESSES AT THE HEARING, WERE INDICTED FOR CONSPIRACY.

BRIDGES WILL TAKE THE STAND NEXT, POSSIBLY EARLY IN THE WEEK.

MEANWHILE, DEFENSE ATTORNEY JAMES MACINNIS FILED A FORMAL MOTION TO DISQUALIFY FEDERAL JUDGE GEORGE B.HARRIS, WHO IS PRESIDING AT THE TRIAL. HE CHARGED "GREAT ILL WILL AND HOSTILITY" TOWARD HIM.

JUDGE HARRIS SUMMONED DEFENSE AND PROSECUTION ATTORNEYS INTO HIS CHAMBERS. MACINNIS TOOLD NEWSMEN THAT HARRIS ANNOUNCED HE WOULD DENY THE MOTION.

DURING THE TESTIMONY MACINNIS LED ROBERTSON THROUGH HIS WORK AS A UNION ORGANIZER, PARTICULARLY IN NEW ORLEANS.

ROBERTSON SAID ALL CIO ORGANIZERS WERE REGARDED AS COMMUNISTS THEN-AROUND 1938. HE SAID NEW ORLEANS POLICE WERE DETERMINED TO DRIVE THE ORGANIZERS OUT AND THEY ARRESTED HIM AND HIS ASSOCIATES EVERY DAY FOR THREE WEEKS "IN A REAL TERROR." HE SAID HIS SPINE WAS FRACTURED AS POLICE "WORKED ME OVER," SOMETIMES AS OFTEN AS THREE TIMES IN ONE NIGHT.

AS TO THE 1945 CITIZENSHIP HEARING FOR BRIDGES, ROBERTSON SAID HE WENT FROM THE UNION HALL WITH A BUNCH OF THE MEN TO SEE BRIDGES SWORN IN AS A CITIZEN AT CITY HALL.

HE SAID SOMEONE ASKED HIM TO COME IN AND "BE A WITNESS FOR BRIDGES."

"OF COURSE, I WAS PROUD TO STAND UP AND BE A WITNESS FOR HIM," ROBERTSON TOLD THE COURTROOM, THEN ADDED: "OF COURSE, I HAD NO IDEA THIS (THE TRIAL) WAS GOING TO HAPPEN."

DP1022PCS

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, FEB.3-(AP)-THE AMERICAN PSYCHIATRIC ASSOCIATION TODAY BLASTED ECONOMIC PROPOSALS WHICH IT SAID WOULD CUT VETERANS ADMINISTRATION PSYCHIATRIC SERVICES.

THE ASSOCIATION'S PRESIDENT, DR.GEORGE S. STEVENSON OF NEW YORK, ISSUED A STATEMENT WHICH SAID SUCH PROPOSALS "THREATEN THE QUALITY OF VETERANS' CARE AND ARE GENERALLY WASTEFUL, INEFFICIENT, AND INDEFENSIBLE ON SCIENTIFIC AND HUMANE GROUNDS."

HE SAID THE GROUP'S GOVERNING COUNCIL HAS PASSED A RESOLUTION TO THAT EFFECT.

THE COUNCIL ALSO ATTACKED "CONTINUED DEMANDS FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF HOSPITALS IN ISOLATED AREAS." SUCH HOSPITALS ARE HARD TO STAFF, IT SAID, AND DOCTORS TRANSFERRED TO THEM FREQUENTLY QUIT THE VA.

ON THE ISSUE OF PSYCHIATRIC CARE, THE RESOLUTION SAID:

"UNLESS THE VETERANS ADMINISTRATION--AND BEHIND IT THE CONGRESS AND THE VOTERS--ARE PREPARED TO RECOGNIZE THE VALUE OF WELL ADMINISTERED PROGRAMS AND THE DIRECT AS W(MORE)

SU724AES

(100) NIGHT LEAD HOPE

WASHINGTON, FEB.3-(AP)-BOB HOPE RECEIVED AN AIR FORCE CITATION TODAY FOR GIVING FLIERS FAR FROM HOME SOMETHING TO LAUGH ABOUT.

SECRETARY OF AIR W.STUART SYMINGTON PRESENTED THE AF'S EXCEPTIONAL SERVICE AWARD TO THE COMEDIAN IN A CEREMONY AT THE PENTAGON.

MRS.HOPE WAS PRESENT AND WAS ALSO HONORED, BEING GIVEN A SCROLL OF APPRECIATION. SIMILAR SCROLLS ALSO WERE AWARDED THREE ENTERTAINERS, MISS PATTY THOMAS, JIMMY WAKELY AND GEOFF CLARKSON. THE LATTER THREE AND MRS.HOPE HAVE ACCOMPANIED THE COMEDIAN ON VISITS TO AIR BASES AND HOSPITALS.

IN THE AFTERNOON SYMINGTON AND MR. AND MRS.HOPE CALLED ON PRESIDENT TRUMAN AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

FS1206AES

NEW YORK, FEB. 3-(AP)-APPROXIMATELY 150 FORMER WARTIME INTERNEES IN JAPANESE PRISONS IN THE PHILIPPINES TONIGHT GATHERED TO MARK THE FIFTH ANNIVERSARY OF THEIR LIBERATION BY AMERICAN TROOPS.

SURVIVORS OF THE SANTO TOMAS PRISON IN MANILA WERE MOST IN EVIDENCE AT A DINNER-DANCE, HELD AT THE HOTEL BOLIVAR.

OTHERS HAD BEEN HELD IN LOS BANOS PRISON, ABOUT 60 MILES SOUTH OF MANILA; BAGUIO-BILLIDAD, THE PHILIPPINE GOVERNMENT'S SUMMER CAPITAL, 150 MILES NORTH OF MANILA; AND FORT SANTIAGO, A PREWAR AMERICAN ARMY PRISON IN MANILA WHICH SERVED THE JAPANESE AS A QUESTIONING AND SCREENING CENTER FOR PRISONERS.

DANIEL CLEARY, CHAIRMAN OF THE WARNCLAIMS COMMISSION, TOLD THOSE AT THE GATHERING THAT HIS DEPARTMENT WOULD START THE AJUDICATION OF CLAIM CASES NEXT WEEK WITH THE FIRST COMPENSATION CHECKS BEING MAILED BEFORE MARCH 1.

CLEARY SAID CLAIMS FROM APPROXIMATELY 6,000 CIVILIAN AND MILITARY INTERNEES IN PHILIPPINE CAMPS WERE AONG THE 70,000 BEING STUDIED BY THE COMMISSION.

AUTHORITY FOR THE CLAIMS PAYMENTS CAME WITH THE PASSAGE BY CONGRESS OF A WAR CLAIMS BILL IN JULY, 1948. PART OF THE FUNDS TO BE USED WILL COME FROM JAPANESE AND GERMAN ASSETS WHICH WERE CONFISCATED IN THIS COUNTRY DURING THE WAR BY THE ALIEN PROPERTY CUSTODIAN'S OFFICE, CLEARY SAID.

CIVILIAN INTERNEES IN ENEMY PRISON CAMPS WILL BE PAID AT THE RATE OF $60 PER MONTH FOR ADULTS AND $28 FOR INTERNEES UNDER 18 YEARS OF AGE. VARIOUS COMPENSATION SCHEDULES ARE IN EFFECT FOR MILITARY PERSONNEL WHOSE SALARIES CONTINUED DURING THEIR INTERNMENT.

AMONG THE EX-INTERNEES PRESENT WERE MAJOR AND MRS. HANS HORNBOSTEL, WHOSE CASE ATTRACTED NATION-WIDE ATTENTION AFTER THE WAR WHEN MRS. HORNBOSTEL WAS STRICKEN WITH LEPROSY AND HER HUSBAND REMAINED WITH HER DURING HER CONFINEMENT IN A LOUISIANA LEPROSARIUM.

MRS. HORNBOSTEL, NOW PRONOUNCED CURED OF THE DISEASE, IS RESIDING WITH HER HUSBAND HERE.

ABOUT 4,000 PRISONERS AT THE SANTO TOMAS CAMP WERE LIBERATED ON FEBRUARY 3, 1945, BY ADVANCE UNITS OF THE FIRST CAVALRY DIVISION. UNITS OF THE SAME DIVISION PARTICIPATED IN THE RELEASE OF 3,000 PRISONERS AT LOS BANOS AND 2,000 AT BAGUIO-BILLIDAD. THE AMERICAN INTERNEES ASSOCIATION, INC., SPONSORED THE PARTY.

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30.24- 8727

THE TELEGRAM SAID TEN DAYS HAD PASSED SINCE THAT DEMAND AND THE "ILLEGITIMATE DELEGATES OF THE CHINESE KUOMINTANG REACTIONARY REMNANT CLIQUE ARE STILL TOLERATED IN THE SECURITY COUNCIL AND IN THE OTHER ORGANIZATIONS OF THE UNITED NATIONS BUT NOT EXPELLED IMMEDIATELY."

"I CONSIDER THIS UNJUSTIFIED," THE RED CHINA OFFICIAL ADDED.

THE CHINESE DEMANDED TO KNOW QUICKLY WHEN THE COMMUNIST DELEGATION COULD ATTEND MEETINGS OF THE SECURITY AND ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCILS.

LIE RELAYED THE TELEGRAM TO ALL THE 59 UNITED NATIONS. HE SAID HE HAD BEEN TRYING TO SETTLE THE CHINA QUESTION HERE BUT HAD NOTHING TO REPORT.

RUSSIA AND SATELLITES ARE BOYCOTTING 11 U.N. ORGANS OVER THE CHINA QUESTION AND THE ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL WILL MAKE IT 12.

THE REGULAR SOVIET DELEGATE, A.A. ARUTINIAN, WAS REPORTED NOT COMING HERE AT ALL FOR THE SESSION STARTING TUESDAY.

RUSSIA MAY SEND A DELEGATE TO THE COUNCIL TO PROTEST AGAINST THE NATIONALISTS AND THEN WALK OUT, OR MAY NOT SHOW UP AT ALL..

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and Success - xxx delegation.

FEB 4 - 1950

lake success, feb. 3-(ap)-u.s. secretary-general trygve lie said today such scientific developments as the hydrogen super-bomb show how vital it i for the big powers to get together and work for peace.

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"we all know that new developments can be expected from time to time to result from the w rk of scientists of a number of countries," lie told his weekly news conference. "clearly ~~from~~ this fact makes it more and more necessary to continue the search for agreement among the great powers, not only on a united nations system of control of atomic energy, but also on other issues that divide the world and hamper the united nations in its efforts to make the world more secure against war."

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END of Feb. 3 1950

30.24- 8729

BRITISH FEAR U.S. MAY CURB ATOM SECRETS

Government Spokesmen Silent On Mention Of Fuchs

London, Feb. 4 (AP)—Political leaders fretted today over the possibility that Britain's latest atomic spy case may torpedo chances for a full exchange of atomic secrets with the United States and Canada.

The case broke yesterday when 38-year-old Dr. Klaus Emil Julius Fuchs, described as the mastermind of Britain's only atomic energy plant, was arraigned on charges of giving away United States atomic secrets in 1945 and 1947.

Some United States senators immediately demanded that Britain be denied any further secret atomic information developed by American research.

Politicians Express Alarm

There was no official comment on the case in London. Normally co-operative spokesmen for all Government departments from Scotland Yard to Prime Minister Attlee's office shut up like clams at the mention of Fuchs's name. But politicians expressed alarm privately over the possibility the case may cause the United States to turn down Britain's bid for freer exchange of atomic knowledge.

The two nations have been talking over freer exchange with Canada for several months. The best authoritative information here is that Britain does not have the atomic bombs. She does, however, have atomic piles for research, operated by the Government's Ministry of Supply.

Fuchs's arrest touched off Britain's biggest spy scare since Dr. Allan Nunn May was sent to jail in 1946 for ten years for giving the Russians samples of uranium 235, a key atom-bomb material.

One Visitor A Day

A German-born scientist, whose father is a theology professor in the Soviet zone of Germany, Fuchs was sent to London's Brixton prison without bail after a preliminary hearing yesterday. He faces trial next Friday on two charges of twice disclosing official secrets which might be useful to an enemy. If convicted on both counts, he could be sent to prison for up to fourteen years.

Fuchs came to Britain as a student in 1933, stayed on to teach and was naturalized as a British citizen in 1942. He worked on atomic projects in the United States during the war and has since headed the British Government's atomic energy research establishment at Harwell, 55 miles southwest of London.

Under Brixton prison's rules, Fuchs is entitled to receive one visitor a day. The governor's office at Brixton declined to say whether anyone has been around to see him yet.

Once A Debtors' Prison

As prisons go, Brixton offers some advantages.

Fuchs may wear his own clothes instead of prison garb. If he has money, he may buy cigarettes and supplement prison food with restaurant fare. Prisoners may exercise in the yard.

Once a debtors' prison, Brixton has 700 cells. Each has a bed and a strip of carpet. In a corner is a washstand and a shelf for books. There is also a prison library.

Nunn May, the central figure in Britain's 1946 spy case, was the senior member of the nuclear physics division of the Supply Ministry's atom bomb research unit. He pleaded guilty after his name turned up in the investigation of a Canadian spy ring.

Nunn May, now 38, is serving his term in a prison at Wakefield, Yorkshire. He is the prison librarian.

Scientist Is In Prison, Awaiting Trial Friday

London, Feb. 4 (AP)—The arrest of Britain's top atomic scientist on charges of giving away atom secrets caused much less excitement here today than it did in the United States.

In the London press the jaling of 38-year-old Dr. Klaus Emil Julius Fuchs was given less space than recent stories about the United States hydrogen bomb.

The scientist is head of the Theoretical Physics Division of Britain's only working atom project—the Atomic Energy Research establishment at Harwell, 55 miles southwest of London.

Trial Due Friday

Fuchs was in Brixton prison awaiting trial next Friday. Government officials would say nothing about the case, a standard procedure here since comment about cases still before the judges might run afoul of British rules on contempt of court.

The arrest of Fuchs, disclosed by his preliminary appearance yesterday in Old Bow Street Court, prompted an emergency meeting of the United States Atomic Energy Committee and Cabinet discussion in Washington.

No special sessions of Britain's Cabinet were reported, however. Only three of the eight London morning newspapers gave the story of the arrest top position on the front page. No editorial comment was published.

A Naturalized Briton

Fuchs, born in Germany but a naturalized Briton, is accused of passing atomic research data to an unknown person in the United States in February, 1945, and again elsewhere in 1947.

The formal charge—violation of the Official Secret Acts—says that the information "might be useful" to an enemy and that Fuchs handed it over "for a purpose prejudicial to the safety or interests of the state."

Fuchs made no statement.

If convicted, he could get seven years in prison on each count, or a total of fourteen years.

Contempt Law Bar

The contempt of court laws appeared to be only one factor keeping down discussion of the case. In addition, the British continue to be wrapped up in their economic troubles and the political campaign preceding the February 23 general election.

Fuchs, whom the United States Federal Bureau of Investigation termed Britain's big brain of atom-bomb research, was described here as a quiet bachelor who lived alone in a three-room, one-story prefabricated house just inside the atomic-energy plant grounds at Harwell.

He is five feet eight inches tall, broad shouldered, sallow, dark-haired, balding and wears glasses. Friends said he speaks good English, but with a strong foreign accent.

Film On Palestine Withdrawn After Rows

London, Feb. 4 (AP)—Recent disturbances during the showing of "Sword in the Desert," an American film about the war in Palestine, caused city authorities to close down one of London's largest movie houses last night.

A smoke bomb had been thrown during the showing two nights ago. Earlier, pamphlets issued in the name of British prewar Fascist leader Sir Oswald Mosley's Union Movement organization branded the film an "outrage."

There also was a telephone threat to bomb the theater. The order came to the New Gallery Theater, just off Piccadilly Circus, as the well-filled house was watching the evening performance.

The management was trying to find a substitute film so the theater could reopen today for the usual big week-end crowds.

W. Europe Reds Sabotage Aid

Paris, Feb. 4 (AP)—A Communist sabotage attack, aimed at smashing the Atlantic pact and Marshall aid, is spreading over western Europe.

For the moment the attacks seem confined largely to France. But American sources here think the biggest drive ultimately will come in Italy.

In France there are two immediate objectives:

1. To prevent unloading of American military equipment coming to Europe under the military aid program.

2. To cripple France's effort to save Indo-China from the Communists.

Labor Grievances Exploited

The Communist operation plan here is France is clearcut. A real grievance held by a local group is linked to a Cominform political aim. And the Communists have real "workers' grievances" to exploit.

Wages have lagged behind prices. Months ago the Government promised to lift the freeze order on wages and permit some collective bargaining. The freeze is still on.

The Communists have had no trouble getting Socialist labor unions to go along with demands for wage bonuses and higher pay.

Troops Move Cargoes

France has suppressed a Communist-inspired strike at the St. Nazaire Government aircraft factory and has used troops to load cargoes intended for French soldiers fighting in Indo-China.

New attachments of troops also have been sent to Cherbourg, where Atlantic-pact shipments are expected late this month.

RUSSIANS SPUR TRUCK TRAFFIC

Blame Smuggling For Blockade At German Checkpoint

Berlin, Feb. 4 (AP)—The Russians dropped their "little blockade" of truck traffic today at Helmstedt. In an official statement tonight they said it was imposed to combat smuggling.

After two weeks of slow-down tactics, Soviet guards threw the zonal frontier wide open and waved through trucks bound from West Germany to Berlin at rates up to one a minute.

"Come on, come on," they shouted.

The break came as the United States, British and French authorities discussed possible countermeasures. The official Soviet statement did not refer to these conferences. But the Russians learned in the 1948-49 blockade that an Allied counterblockade could hurt. The United States State Department said this week that a new counterblockade was under consideration.

Report Smuggling Cases

The Soviet-licensed news agency ADN distributed a statement by Maj. Gen. Alexander Kotikov, the Berlin commandant, replying to a protest by the Western Allies over interference with truck traffic on the superhighway. His statement declared:

Smuggling activity was the primary reason behind the stringent measures imposed at Helmstedt. At least 266 cases of smuggling had been uncovered at Helmstedt in the last three months.

There also were some conflicting regulations regarding shipment papers. In many instances, cargo papers of truckers were not made out properly. The smuggling forced East zone police to examine thoroughly all cargo on both the highway and railway.

Kotikov conceded "it was not impossible that certain delays occurred" in handling traffic at the frontier.

Rejects Allies' Protests

Kotikov rejected the Western Allies' recent protests as unfounded because "I cannot see any violation of the Paris foreign ministers' decisions" by either Russian or East German authorities. The foreign ministers of the Big Four, in reaching an agreement on conclusion of the Soviet blockade of Berlin, decided to try for normalization of life in the divided city.

Kotikov referred to the seizure of eleven westbound trucks by Soviet guards outside Berlin January 13. He said these trucks were loaded with nonferrous scrap "stolen" from Soviet zone plants and German police are investigating.

What West Speculates

American officials announced receipt of the Kotikov reply. An official United States spokesman said he was authorized to describe it as "unsatisfactory."

Speculation among Western sources included these points:

The Russians need more westmark revenue from the Soviet-controlled east German railways, and would like to swing truck cargoes to the railways.

They sought to soften West Berlin for communism.

They wanted to check shipment

to west Germany of metal and metal scrap, in which east Germany is short, and stop movement of household goods of east Germans who have fled to the West.

Or they wanted to show their displeasure at West Berlin's seizure of east German railway investment property for nonpayment of taxes and a United States order, since revoked, authorizing the West Berlin city government to use empty rooms in a railway building in the American sector.

Through the Russians said nothing, east German economic officials notified Western Allied authorities today they had ironed out some differences with west German shippers over the type of papers cargoes should carry and said things would be normal by Monday. The Russians did not wait, however.

Actually the trucks, though trailer types carrying up to ten tons each, move only a fraction of the supplies West Berlin needs. West Berlin lives on the goods moved in by rail—from 9,000 to 12,000 tons a day—and that service was not interrupted.

The Helmstedt checkpoint is on the main highway 100 miles west of Berlin. A lineup that approached 275 trucks quickly melted after the new orders came through today. The line was cut in half in two hours.

Word spread quickly to west German shipping centers, such as Hannover and Brunswick, and traffic developed beyond normal proportions.

rapidly disappearing.

Easy Clearance Seen

The police said at the rate the Russians were waving all traffic through, the border would be clear by midafternoon.

C. A. Dix, United States transport officer, said he had received the earlier assurance of plans to permit normal traffic from East German authorities, but added he would wait to see if it was true. He added "normal" clearance had been promised last week and had been maintained for only one day.

Normal clearance, he said, would be ten trucks an hour over the border.

The Russians last night halted all truck traffic for nearly three hours, explaining the highway to Berlin was "dangerously icy." Later they opened the road and began clearing trucks at the rate of five an hour.

Russians End Berlin Truck Blockade

Berlin, Feb. 4 (AP)—The Russians dropped an inspection of Berlin-bound truck traffic shortly before noon today.

Soviet frontier guards started moving stacked-up vehicles through the Helmstedt frontier post at the rate of one every minute.

Earlier today the Soviet Zone Economic Commission had sent word "normal" clearance of truck traffic would start Monday.

West German border police said the backlog of waiting trucks that had reached a maximum of 230 was

Ilse Koch Going To Mental Hospital

MUNICH, Germany, Feb. 4 (AP).—German authorities said today that Ilse Koch, infamous queen of Buchenwald concentration camp, will be admitted to a mental hospital for pre-trial observation.

The order followed a petition filed by the German prosecutor who will appear in the German war crimes case against her probably in May. It was made over the protest of her counsel, Dr. Alfred Saidl.

Ilse was sentenced to life imprisonment by an American war crimes court. This was commuted to four years and she was released from Allied custody last fall and turned over to the Germans. They will try her for alleged cruelties to German inmates of a concentration camp at Buchenwald.

BRITON QUITS PRAGUE POST

Woman Asks Czechs For Haven, Charging Agency Is Hostile

Prague, Czechoslovakia, Feb. 4 (AP)—Dr. Arna Rides, woman medical adviser to the British Council, a cultural group, resigned her job today after charging the council with a hostile policy toward this country. She asked the Czechoslovak Communist-led Government for asylum.

A statement released through the official news agency quoted her as saying "if I wish to preserve the ideals for which I live, I cannot do otherwise than join the forces and pledge myself to work for real friendship and understanding between nations.

"Since my desire is incompatible with my work as a medical adviser to the British Council, I am resigning.

Seeks To Serve Own People

"I ask the Czechoslovak Government to permit me to remain here, to join the efforts of the people to build a happier and better future. In this way I can best serve my own people, for I shall always work for real friendship and understanding between the people of both countries."

The statement quoted her saying she is quitting her job because she has "become aware that the British Council is no cultural organization as officially maintained, but an instrument for carrying out the present policy of the British Government and its Foreign Office, a policy hostile toward Czechoslovakia."

Established Under Treaty

The British Council maintains English-language libraries and reading rooms in Prague and other large centers. It has long been established in Czechoslovakia under a cultural treaty with Britain.

Miss Rides is the first British official to desert her Government agency in Czechoslovakia. Previously, two British information officers, in Poland and in Russia, took similar steps. Annabelle Bucar, a United States Information Service employé in Moscow, and an American army sergeant also renounced home ties and asked for Russian asylum.

Czechs Charge U.S., Britain Plot Revolt

Prague, Feb. 4 (AP)—The controlled Czech press said today that Britain and the United States were sending "terrorists, murderers and espionage agents" into Czechoslovakia in an effort to overthrow the Communist-led regime.

In an article addressed to Communist functionaries, *Rude Pravo*, organ of the Czech Communist party, said that "only in the last year three attempts to overthrow the government were discovered and proved to have been initiated by the British and American Embassies."

Names U.S. Employes

Rude Pravo said that among the "espionage agents" sent to Czechoslovakia were former American Embassy employés John Heyn and Samuel Meryn and the former British military permit officer in Prague, Capt. John Wildash.

Meanwhile, a student was sentenced to death and a Roman Catholic priest to seventeen years in prison yesterday on charges of plotting to overthrow the Communist-led Government.

Priest Fined

Prison sentences up to 25 years and heavy fines also went to fourteen others. One was acquitted. All were accused of being members of an underground terrorist band.

The State Court at Brno (Bruenn) sentenced 22-year-old Bohumil Hlavim to death. Father Josef Peska, 52, was fined 200 crowns ($400) besides his seventeen-year prison sentence. Most of the others tried were students and hospital employés.

The Brno newspaper *Rovnost* said the group made an armed attack on the state mental hospital at Brno last year to set free some political prisoners who had faked insanity.

REDS CAPTURE SMALL ISLAND

Chinese Nationalists Acknowledge Loss Of Fenghu

Taipei, Formosa, Feb. 4 (AP)—Communist capture of Fenghu, a small island near Swatow, was acknowledged today by the Chinese Nationalist Defense Ministry.

Fenghu is about five miles west of Namoa, a much larger island which the Reds have failed to seize in two attempts.

Swatow's usefulness to the Reds as a possible invasion base against Formosa has been hampered by Nationalist possession of nearby islands and by repeated Nationalist air raids.

Red Advances Acknowledged

The Defense Ministry also acknowledged further Communist advances in the southwestern province of Yunnan near the Indo-China and Burma borders. It said Nationalist forces had retreated into the western Yunnan mountains to conduct guerrilla warfare.

Nationalist air and ground operations on Hainan, big island off the south coast, were said to have prevented an attempt by 10,000 prored guerrillas to break through to the coast.

On Formosa, main Nationalist island stronghold, the peace preservation corps reported that last year 363 Communist agents were arrested and 28 were executed.

Paper Criticized Li

Formosa's internal security was asserted to be good, with day and night-coastal guard against any attempts by the Reds to smuggle small groups of men ashore.

On the political scene, the official *Central Daily News* and a paper owned by Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek's Kuomintang (Nationalist party) assailed Li Tsung-jen, acting President.

In effect, they told Li, now in New York for medical treatment, to resign or return to Formosa immediately.

"We are compelled," said the news, "to abandon all hope for him to return and lead the nation, and must appeal to Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek to form a military government to direct the war."

Fenghu Island Captured By China Reds

Taipei, Formosa, Feb. 4 (AP)—China's Nationalists say today that the Communists have taken Fenghu Island near the mainland seaport of Swatow, a possible base for an expected Red invasion attempt against Formosa.

The Nationalist Defense Ministry said a small Communist force from Swatow seized the island. Fenghu is west of Namoa, a larger island used by the Nationalists to hamper Red use of Swatow. Swatow is a port on the Central China coast opposite Formosa.

Continued Nationalist ground and air action was reported against Communist guerrillas on Hainan Island, which expects a Red invasion attempt from the south mainland coast.

Breakout Thwarted

The ministry said an attempt by the Hainan guerrillas to break out of the northwestern mountains to the coast had been thwarted.

On the mainland, the ministry said, the Communists scored further advances in Southern Yunnan, border province fronting Indo-China and Burma. It said Nationalist forces had retreated into the mountains to carry on guerrilla warfare.

Formosa's internal security was reported tightened by the Peace Preservation Corps to the point where Red infiltration of the Nationalist island redoubt was declared impossible.

Two Papers Assail Li

On the political side, Acting President Li Tsung Jen was blasted by two Nationalist party papers. In the United States recovering from an operation, Li has refused to return or resign.

The *Central Daily News* said:

"We are compelled to abandon all hope for him to return and lead the nation and must appeal to Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek to form a military government to direct the war against the Communists."

The *China Daily News* accused Li of "neglecting his duties."

Li became the Nationalists' head of state when Chiang "retired" a year ago.

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Aw (Haw That Is) Resorts To The Law

Hong Kong, Feb. 4 (AP)—Aw Boon Haw, millionaire medicine manufacturer, filed suit for libel today against the pro-Communist paper *Ta Kung Pao*.

No specific sum was asked in the original complaint, but reports are that Aw planned to demand 3,000,000 Hong Kong dollars ($500,000 United States).

Aw charged that the newspaper's account of his sixth-eighth birthday party in a Hong Kong hotel this week contained libelous references to his early life and business success.

He has been on the Communists' black list since he refused last December to contribute a "loan" of $60,000 United States to the Communist conquerors of Canton.

His birthday parties are famed for their lavishness. In 1948 he celebrated by feeding 1,000 Singapore poor of his own age, by entertaining 1,500 personal friends at a party, and by opening a new $125,000 residence.

COMMUNISTS SET UP EAST CHINA REGIME

Regional Government Covers 5 Provinces and Formosa —Shanghai Is Capital

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 4 (AP)—The creation of a regional government embracing six East China provinces that include Shanghai and many other large cities was announced today by the Chinese Communists.

Included in the list was Formosa, Nationalist island stronghold which the Communists say they intend to capture this year.

Manchuria and Inner Mongolia have similar set-ups. And a northwest regional government was created Jan. 19 for the provinces of Shensi, Kansu, Ningsia, Tsinghai and Sinkiang.

Today's announcement by the Peiping radio was heard in San Francisco by The Associated Press. It said the new "East China People's Government" would "direct the work of the people's provincial governments of Shantung, Kiangsu, Anhwei, Chekiang, Fukien and Taiwan [Formosa]."

The population of the area was estimated by the Communists at 130,000,000. The area includes Shanghai, Nanking, Tsingtao, Foochow and other large centers.

The regional regime was said to have been set up in Shanghai Jan. 27, with Jao Shu-shih as chairman. He was political commissar of the Communist army that conquered much of the sphere he now rules.

Tibet's Defiance Of Reds Laid To Briton

New Delhi, India, Feb. 4 (AP)—The Calcutta edition of the *Statesmen* said today the broadcasts from Tibet defying threatened Communist invasion are being directed by an Englishman in the employ of the Tibetan Government.

The statesman quoted a British business man, J. Reid, who recently returned from Lhasa, capital of the mountain country, as saying the defiant broadcasts in the English language are by Reginald Fox.

The broadcasts, faintly heard here since Communist China announced it would "liberate" Tibet, have said Tibet is not part of China and that the mountain people "demand their right as Tibetans to absolute independence."

Was Mission Member

Fox has a Tibetan wife and is the father of four children. He first went to Tibet in 1936 as a member of an Indian mission established at Lhasa by Sir Basil Gould Fox set up the Mission's radio station to communicate with India, then under the British.

When India gained her independence in 1947, Fox entered the Tibetan Government service and established three radio stations to maintain internal communication.

Reid, who went to Tibet in connection with his electrical business, said Fox is "determined to do everything in his power to help his adopted country retain its hard-won independence."

"Liberation" Promised

The official Communist New China news agency recently quoted Gen. Chu Teh, of the Chinese Red Army, as saying his forces "would do their utmost for the liberation of Tibet without delay."

Radio Tibet retorted:

"It is not the people they want to liberate. They want the country which will be so valuable to them. The Tibetan people are to be their slaves. They are to provide labor to work the fabulous mines and mineral wealth of Tibet."

Jessup In Singapore To Meet British Aides

Singapore, Malaya, Feb. 4 (AP)—Philip C. Jessup, United States ambassador-at-large, and Mrs. Jessup arrived today from Jakarta for a round of conferences.

Jessup will meet with Malcolm MacDonald, Britain's commissioner general for southeast Asia, and other British officials. He also will see leaders of the Chinese, Malay and Indian communities and American businessmen. He is scheduled to talk over Radio Malay.

Jessup will fly to Rangoon on Tuesday for the conference of American diplomats.

U.S.I. Ready To Take Up Relations With Russia

Jakarta, U.S.I., Feb. 4 (AP)—The United States of Indonesia has notified Russia that the fledgling republic is willing to consider establishing diplomatic relations with the Soviet Union.

Russia recognized the U.S.I. on January 26.

Mohamed Hatta, the new nation's Premier and Foreign Minister, in a telegram to Andrei Y. Vishinsky, Soviet Foreign Minister, said his Government "is willing to consider opening of negotiations concerning establishment of diplomatic relations."

GI Morale In Japan 'Good', Bradley Notes

Kyoto, Japan, Feb. 4 (AP)—Gen. Omar Bradley said tonight the morale is good among American troops he has seen so far in Japan.

The chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff made this observation after the Army Chief of Staff declared all branches of the United States armed forces—land, sea and air—must stay in "fighting trim" to prevent war.

Bradley said the Joint Chiefs' knowledge of America's position in Japan is being supplemented by inspections and talks with officers here.

"Pick Up Word"

"We pick up a word here and a word there," he commented. The General said the trip to Japan is unofficial.

Gen. J. Lawton Collins, army Chief of Staff, meanwhile, spoke out against the demobilization at the war's end. He said it "wrecked the finest army we ever had."

With other members of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, General Collins came to Kyoto on a tour of America's defense line in the Pacific.

Collins told 1st Corps officers and men that the Army is on the "upswing." He said it is "in better shape than at any time since the war."

"Don't Want Another"

Emphasizing it was the duty of America's military to preserve the peace, General Collins declared: "Those of us who saw war don't want another."

General Collins said the American people in time realized that the rapid demobilization, in view of "the intransigence of the Communists," was endangering peace. The rebuilding of the Army began.

He said the Army should emphasize training and a high standard of performance "so if we ever have to fight again we'll be ready."

Before he spoke, the General reviewed the 35th Regimental Combat Team of the 25th Division at Otsu, near Kyoto. He commanded the 25th in the Guadalcanal and New Georgia campaigns.

Manila Court Bars U.S. Suit Over Ship

Manila, Feb. 4 (AP)—A Philippines court refused today to help the United States foreclose a mortgage on a ship sold to the Chinese Nationalist Government.

The Manila Court of the First Instance refused to grant the United States Maritime Commission an injunction to keep the Chinese freighter Union Trader from sailing. It said it had no jurisdiction because the suit was between two sovereign governments.

The United States moved to foreclose on a number of ships sold to China after those of the China Merchant Steam Navigation Company went over to the Communists.

Agents for the Union Trader said the ship belonged to the China Union Line of Hong Kong and had no connection with C.M.S.N.C. The Union Trader sailed for an undisclosed port.

ACHESON URGES TACT WITH ASIANS

Says They Face Move Toward Free West Or Communism

Washington, Feb. 4 (AP)—Dean Acheson, Secretary of State, said today that the Asiatic people have a decision between moving toward the free West or toward Soviet communism and we must not risk "hasty or ill-considered action" that might do "irreparable harm."

Acheson gave his views in a letter made public by Senator Lehman (D.-Lib., N.Y.), who wrote Acheson that he was deeply troubled "that no positive course suggests itself" in China.

"I assume," he said, "that we must seek the closest possible contact with the Chinese people and show them that our desire is . . . the advancement of their welfare and their interest. . . ."

Understands Uneasiness

Acheson replied:

"I fully understand your uneasiness that no positive course for us to follow within China suggests itself. You have gone on to suggest, however, what, I think, is a positive course and, in the long run, a most important one—we should seek to maintain the friendliest relations with the peoples of Asia, and we should show the Chinese people that our desire is, as it ever was, the advancement of their welfare and interest.

"Beyond this, we should lose no opportunity to insure their being fully aware of the threat to their national independence and territorial integrity which arises from Soviet communism."

"At The Crossroads"

Acheson said one of the principal sources of American strength in the world today "is the faith which we ourselves and free people everywhere have in our integrity of purpose."

"The heartening support which we receive in the international community," he went on, "is freely given because foreign peoples have this faith in us and know whence any threat to their independence arises. This position of moral leadership places upon us a heavy responsibility. We must not destroy the faith which others have in us. And we shall surely destroy it if we permit possible momentary advantage to obscure the great moral principles to which we are dedicated."

Acheson said this is particularly true in Asia where the people have emerged from colonialism and "stand now at the crossroads."

Would Extend Helping Hand

Whether the people of Asia move in the direction of the free peoples of the West, he said, or in the direction of Soviet communism will be determined by their own appraisal of both sides.

"It is for us," he said, "during this period to extend with tact and understanding a helping hand where we can and a guiding hand where this will not be resented and, above all, to see that the peoples of Asia have a true picture of us and a true picture of Soviet communism and a clear understanding of what each stands for.

"In a sense, we are thus on trial before the peoples of Asia. In this connection we must have ever in mind that a hasty or ill-considered action on our part may do irreparable harm. In the same connection, the public expression of views such as your own can do much good."

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Fuchs 'Had H-Data'

Washington, Feb. 4 (AP) — The Congressional Atomic Committee decided today to call FBI Director J. Edgar Hoover for detailed testimony Monday about the British scientist accused of relaying top atomic secrets to Russia.

Senator McMahon (D., Conn.), the committee chairman, announced this decision after Lieut. Gen. Leslie R. Groves, wartime head of the atomic project, told senators the scientist "had access to a wide area of the most vital weapons information."

Fuchs Confession Claimed

Members of a Senate Appropriations subcommittee already have quoted Hoover as telling them the scientist, Dr. Klaus Fuchs, had confessed passing along to Moscow information about the atomic bomb and the projected new hydrogen superbomb.

Groves, now retired, had told reporters before his two hours of secret testimony that data regarding the hydrogen superbomb was involved.

Fuchs, a 38-year-old German-born scientist, was arrested in London yesterday as a suspected spy for the Russians.

5 Groves Points Stressed

McMahon, talking to reporters, stressed these point in Groves's testimony:

1. Fuchs was among a group of twenty scientists who had access to original work and success upon the first atomic bombs.

2. Clearance of Fuchs by the British for this top secret work was not questioned by United States officials charged with responsibility for security of information.

3. Fuchs and other British scientists "played an integral part" in the wartime development of atomic weapons.

4. In this work Fuchs had "every opportunity of knowing vital information."

5. Groves may be recalled for public testimony before the Congressional committee.

Hesitates, Then Answers

McMahon joined others, including Hoover and Groves, in expressing belief the British atomic expert had access in this country to hydrogen superbomb data.

McMahon was asked whether the committee had discussed the hydrogen-bomb aspects of the case with Groves. When McMahon hesitated momentarily, a reporter said Groves himself had indicated before the meeting that Fuchs did have access to H-bomb data.

"Well, if he has already told you that, then that is the answer," McMahon said.

Cites AEC Statement

Then McMahon called attention to a statement yesterday by the Atomic Energy Commission. The statement said that Fuchs had access "to a wide area of the most vital weapons information."

"The most wide area, in my opinion, covers thermo-nuclear developments and the hydrogen bomb," McMahon declared.

After the meeting, Groves was asked whether he had discussed the hydrogen bomb aspects of the case "pretty thoroughly" with the committee.

"We discussed everything pretty thoroughly," Groves replied. He refused to elaborate.

'Hissitis' Probe By Congress Urged

Washington, Feb. 4 (AP)—Representative Kearney (R., N.Y.) wants a congressional investigation, he says, to find out if there are any "remnants of Hissitis" in the State Department.

The allusion, as he explained it, was to persons who might hold views similar to those which resulted in the recent perjury trial of Alger Hiss, a former Department official. Hiss was found guilty of lying to a Federal grand jury in denying that he gave Government secrets to a former Communist.

Asked Wood For Probe

Kearney told a reporter he had asked Chairman Wood (D., Ga.), of the House Un-American Activities Committee, for an investigation. Kearney is a member of the committee.

Kearney said the proposed investigation also should cover any socalled Russian influence" in the State Department.

"If there is any Russian influence in the State Department, or any other department, it's time that we got rid of it," he added.

Other Employes

"Many of the State Department employés may be inflicted with Hissitis and if so we in Congress should root them out, too."

Kearney demanded that temporary State Department employés, as well as the permanent personnel, be required to take the Government's loyalty test.

New ECA-Fund Checks Are Proposed

Washington, Feb. 4 (AP) — Paul Hoffman's statement that American dissension over foreign spending gives confidence to Communist Fifth Columnists met head-on today with a proposal for new checks on Marshall plan funds.

Senator McClellan (D., Ark.) said he may offer an amendment to the Economic Co-operation Administration Act this year to earmark recovery funds for specific use in each country and for each commodity.

Senator Connally (D., Texas) already has called for a cut of "at least one billion" below the ECA appropriation last year of $3,778,000,000.

Favors 25% Cut

Chairman McKellar (D., Tenn.) of the Senate Appropriations Committee says he hopes to cut at least 25 per cent out of ECA's present budget request of $3,100,000,000.

Hoffman, ECA chief who recently returned from abroad, said yesterday that "the slightest rumor of conflict here—or the hint that ECA may be terminated—tends to build up Communist hopes for success in western Europe."

He added that Communist underground movements have revived so markedly in the last three months that it would take only a "single incident" to make them remobilize.

Sought Amendment Last Year

McClellan tried last year to amend the ECA bill to require Marshall-plan purchases of specific farm commodities. ECA opposed this amendment on the grounds that it would "wreck the program" by giving ECA no freedom of action in spending the money where it might be needed most.

"I think I may go even further this year," McClellan said. "I am thinking about requiring ECA to earmark the funds it is going to spend in each country. It may be that some countries won't need any help, and by earmarking the funds we can be sure they'll be used for the purpose which ECA claims."

258 GI School Abuses Listed

Washington, Feb. 4 (AP)—Education of veterans has become big business, but the Veterans Administration says neither veterans nor taxpayers are getting their money's worth.

In a report to Congress VA cites 258 cases of what it calls abuses of the GI education program. Here are two:

1. The board of directors of a jewelry-repair school bought a local supply company and sold supplies to the school at a 33 per cent markup. VA pays for all supplies needed in veterans' training.

2. A radio and television school billed VA for lessons never given. VA recovered $125,000 on that one.

Since passage of the GI bill in June, 1944, some 7,600 new schools have been set up to train veterans. About 5,700 are profit schools.

Okayed By States

These schools are approved by individual states, not VA. They are turning out thousands of carpenters, bricklayers, radio and television repair men, dressmakers, tailors and mechanics.

About 850,000 veterans are training in under-college-level schools. But VA says that while by and large the schools are honest the training is not always good. And congressmen say there will never be enough jobs in these trades to handle the turnout.

Representative Wheeler (D., Ga.) tells of a Philadelphia school which was turning out meat cutters. It ran a three-shift day, five hours a shift, using VA-purchased meat.

Scientists Call For H-Bomb Pledge

New York, Feb. 4 (AP)—Twelve top American scientists called today for a solemn promise that the United States never will use the hydrogen bomb unless it is first employed against us or our allies.

The scientists, mostly A-bomb men, said this country should develop the bomb for one reason only—to prevent its being used.

They sounded two warnings:

1. Russia probably will have the H-bomb in less than four years.

2. The bomb—ours or the Russians'—will be much more powerful than most estimates have indicated. A single H-bomb could wipe out New York or any other great city.

Speak As "Worried Citizens"

"Its use would be a betrayal of all standards of morality and of Christian civilization itself," said the group, headed by the real father of the H-bomb, Dr. Hans A. Bethe, of Cornell University, who discovered how the sun makes its heat with hydrogen.

All are attending the annual meeting of the American Physical Society. They spoke for no group, but for themselves as "worried citizens."

Despite the H-bomb's vast power, their statement said, this country could survive an H-bomb attack and effectively strike back.

Sure Russians Can Build It, Too

They said it will be difficult to stockpile the bombs because they probably must be liquid hydrogen at about 450 degrees Fahrenheit below zero.

And they said it is certain that the Russians will be able to build the bomb, too.

"Russia has received—through indiscretion—the most valuable hint that our experts believe the development possible," said their statement.

"Perhaps the development of the hydrogen bomb has already been under way in Russia for some time. But if it was not, our decision to develop it must have started the Russians on the same program. If they had already a going program, they will redouble their efforts."

Publicity As "Indiscretion"

By "indiscretion" Dr. Bethe said they meant the publicity given to H-bomb development, beginning with the television broadcast in which Senator Edwin Johnson (D., Col.) disclosed that a superbomb was under consideration.

The scientists said the bomb's power would be limited only by the amount of hydrogen which could be carried in the bomb.

"Even if the power were limited to 1,000 times that of a present atomic bomb, the step from an A-bomb to an H-bomb would be as great as that from an ordinary T.N.T.-bomb (blockbuster) to the atom bomb," they said.

Not Weapon But Exterminator

"We believe that no nation has the right to use such a bomb, no matter how righteous its cause. This bomb is no longer a weapon of war but a means of extermination of whole populations."

The statement said also that new efforts to outlaw all weapons of mass destruction should be made "in all sincerity from both sides."

Signers of the statement along with Dr. Bethe were: Dr. S. K. Allison, wartime director of the Chicago Metallurgical Laboratory that designed plutonium manufacture; Dr. F. Seitz, University of Illinois, also at Chicago and at Oak Ridge, Tenn.; Dr. K. T. Bainbridge, Harvard, a division leader at Los Alamos, also Doctors R. B. Brode, University of California, B. Rossi and V. F. Weisskopf, both Massachusetts Institute of Technology, all three leaders in Los Alamos bomb-making.

Dr. C. C. Lauritsen, director, Kellogg Radiation Laboratory, California Institute of Technology, who did some wartime work for Los Alamos; Dr. George B. Pegram, dean of graduate facilities, Columbia, who directed Columbia's early atomic project.

Dr. F. W. Loomis, chairman, physics department, University of Illinois, who directed wartime radar development; Dr. M. G. White, Princeton, also in wartime radar, and Dr. M. A. Tuve, Carnegie Institution of Washington, who directed the wartime proximity fuse project.

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A-Bomb Spy Probers Call FBI Chief

H-Bomb Warning

New York, Feb. 4 (AP)—Twelve top American physicists, nine of them A-bomb experts, warned solemnly today that one hydrogen bomb can destroy New York or any other large city.

They said using the H-bomb would betray morality and urged that the United States promise not to use it first.

The group was headed by Dr. Hans Bethe, Cornell University professor, who was one of the leading American A-bomb makers at Los Alamos, N.M.

He said his colleagues met yesterday and planned today's statement, which was made at a news conference.

Plan No Further Action

Dr. Bethe added that they had no further plans for action and that they acted today as "worried citizens."

The scientists said:

"We believe that no nation has the right to use such a bomb, no matter how righteous its cause. This bomb is no longer a weapon of war but a means of extermination of whole populations."

"We shall not have a monopoly. The Russians will be able to make one, too. They will probably need a shorter time.

"We must remember that we do not possess the bomb but are only developing it and Russia has received, through indiscretion, the most valuable hint that our experts believe the development possible."

Calls Publicity Unwise

Dr. Bethe said the "indiscretion" was recent widespread publicity about our H-bomb plans.

The statement said there is as much difference between our present A-bomb and the proposed Russia's achievement of an atomic explosion.

"I would say that a year would be the very smallest advantage they got," Groves added.

Cites Own Estimate In '46

Groves said he told a Senate committee in 1946 that the Russians could develop an atomic bomb in five to seven years if they got help, and in from ten to fifteen years without help.

He said it now is apparent that they go "a lot more help than was contemplated."

Groves said Fuchs's conduct, when he was in this country with the British mission, "was such as never to arouse the suspicion.

"Every member of the British mission was vouchsafed for by the British Government as to loyalty and discretion," Groves added.

Tighter Secrecy Demanded

Meanwhile, a group of senators demand that Great Britain—and all other countries—be cut off from any information about H-bomb developments, and Senator Connally (D., Texas), chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, forecast tightening of security regulations at home and abroad.

After a closed meeting of a Senate Appropriations subcommittee, senators who attended said Hoover's story was this:

Fuchs became a Moscow agent in 1939. He went to England, received citizenship papers in 1942, and worked his way to the top of the British atomic delegation. When he came to this country, he was given unquestioned access to American secrets.

Trail Picked Up By FBI

Fuchs was even present at the assembly of the A-bomb, apparently the most vital secret of all, and was able to pick up some information about the proposed hydrogen bomb, these senators said.

The FBI picked up Fuch's trail through information it gathered about the Canadian atomic spy ring, which was broken four years ago. This information came within the last six months and was passed to the British, who arrested Fuchs.

Dr. Earl Long, professor at the University of Chicago's Institute of Metals, who worked with Fuchs, said Fuchs got enough information to advance the Russian atomic time table at least a year.

Rigid Secrecy Demanded

The Fuchs case cut loose a torrent of demands that the United States go it entirely alone in development of the H-bomb.

Senator Byrd (D., Va.) said he is "unalterably opposed to giving the secret of the H-bomb—or the bomb itself when we build it—to Britain or anybody else."

Senator McClellan (D., Ark.) said that the secrets must be kept at home, despite this country's desire to co-operate with Britain in military defense matters.

Senator Douglas (D., Ill.) expressed belief that the Fuchs disclosures will make it extremely difficult for Congress to approve any broadening of British-American partnership on atomic matters.

Nixon Cites 1945 Report

Senator Mundt (R., S.D.) said that "in future atomic developments there will be a big demand that they remain exclusively in the hands of Americans whose loyalty has been checked."

Representative Wood (D., Ga.), chairman of the House Committee on Un-American Activities, said his group undoubtedly will look into the Fuchs case.

Representative Nixon (R., Cal.), top-ranking Republican on that committee, said that Russia may have had "complete data" about the atomic bomb by the end of 1945. He cited an intelligence report he said was available to President Truman in 1945.

In the report, Igor Guzenko, former code clerk in the Russian Embassy in Canada, called the atomic bomb "the No. 1 espionage project for the Soviets." Guzenko deserted his code post and helped Canada break an atomic spy case there.

Representative Hinshaw (R., Cal.), a member of the joint atomic group, said in a statement:

"It should be quite clear by now that Russia already has 'international inspection' of atomic-energy activities. Her agents and democracies' traitors roam the United States and Britain almost at will."

H-Bomb Held Curtain Raiser To List Thousandfold Worse

By HOWARD W. BLAKESLEE

New York, Feb. 4 (AP)—The hydrogen bomb within a year, and what next?

If the hydrogen bomb succeeds, the answer is there will be more. Because the hydrogen bomb taps a source that was supposed to exist only in the stars.

Once open that door, and the possibilities are endless. The hydrogen bomb is arriving ahead of the schedule which cautious scientists set in their testimony before the United States Senate four years ago. Five to ten years, they said, without specifying what bomb.

The H-bomb is said to be, at worst, a thousand times more powerful than the A-bomb. But a few competent scientists said there was a possibility of bombs thousands of times more powerful.

New Weight Given

They said this was remote. But now that one seems about to come true, there is new weight in their speculations.

Ahead are the lithium bomb, the boron bomb and annihilation bomb—to name only those which are in the published records. All these belong to the lightweight chemical elements, in which scientists expect to find most of their early bombs. You can add carbon bombs and nitrogen bombs, and maybe beryllium, to amplify the lightweight possibilities.

The phosphor match, the kind you strike on your shoe, answers why these things can be considered possible. Coal and wood must be heated to hundreds of degrees before they will burn. The match ignites with the mild heat of friction, and then can communicate the heat to start the fire.

Most Must Be Preheated

In the world of nuclear bombs, all except two must be preheated like wood and coal. They must be heated to millions of degrees, with tons of pressure. The two exceptions are uranium and plutonium bombs. These are set off by cool neutrons—no great heat required.

These two are the phosphor matches, which science fears can set off the others. These two furnish the millions of degrees heat and pressures. The question is do the atomic "matches" blaze long enough?

The bomb mechanism is almost absurdly simple. You, your house, the stars, everything in the known universe is made of only two kinds of particles, protons and neutrons. About half your weight is neutrons, the rest protons, and you can disregard electrons because they weigh so little.

These particles form all the atoms, one for hydrogen, 239 for plutonium. When an atom splits in about two equal pieces it emits tremendous energy, mostly as heat. That is the A-bomb.

When two or more of these particles are brought together to form an atom—any atom—they again emit energy, as heat. The reason is that when the particles are separate they are heavier than when in the nucleus of an atom. As they enter, they lose some mass, and this loss will make a bomb, if the fusing particles are brought together fast enough and in large enough numbers. Fusing is far more explosive than splitting, giving about seven times more heat, for equal weights.

What is the limit? The annihilation bomb. Annihilation means that the entire mass of atoms disappears completely, changes into energy, with nothing left over. That is the reaction in which energy produced from a substance no bigger than a single pea could drive the Queen Elizabeth across the Atlantic.

It is calculated that this reaction really occurs in the hot centers of stars. A few scientists think they have seen it in laboratories, but they are not sure.

Ratio Greatly Boosted

The annihilation bomb will give one thousand times more energy per pound than the present A-bomb. But the one thousand here is misleading.

Nature, which sets off A-bombs while they are cool, also set a limit on how much can be exploded. There is no known limit on annihilation. Such a bomb could go to thousands or millions more.

It is reasonable to suppose that annihilation will not be achieved on earth. But it is no longer safe to comfort yourself with dreams that men will not make the bigger bombs.

Keeping our discoveries secret will not help. Scientific discoveries come from facts that anyone can learn.

Apparently agreement not to look for the terrible bombs is futile. For any nation seeking to improve its economy by making better atomic power, will stumble onto the bomb secrets.

Scientist Fears Lag On Arms

New York, Feb. 4 (AP)—Warning that Russia may outstrip the United States in the atomic energy race, a University of Illinois physicist last night urged American scientists to join more fully in Government and military research.

Dr. Frederick Seitz said the speed with which Russia developed the A-bomb "is at least five times greater than our rate of advance in development of atomic energy since the war."

In Danger Of Losing Race

There is "grave danger that they will pass us within the next decade," he told the American Physical Society, which includes most of the nation's top-flight physicists.

Noting a trend of many leading scientists to steer clear of Government projects, he said this "reticence" must be overcome because of the current international crisis.

Much of the reluctance to do military research is due to concern with moral and ethical issues, he said.

He added that moral satisfactions of avoiding research on weapons would not mean anything if Western civilization were overthrown.

Hits At Government Policies

Aiming a sharp slap at some Government policies concerning military research, Dr. Seitz said many scientists shun connection with such work for these reasons:

1. They fear fundamental research will be retarded by overemphasis on the military.

2. They fear hasty character assassination on "grounds which bear little relationship to actual guilt."

3. They are impatient with secrecy complications which "interrupt the free flow of information that should be widely disseminated, and provide a completely false sense of security."

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Bishop Oxnam Backs McMahon's Program

New York, Feb. 4 (AP)—Bishop G. Bromley Oxnam of the New York Methodist area today urged that Senator McMahon's (D., Conn.) program for a $50,000,000,000 United States peace crusade be submitted to the world through the United Nations.

"If the Russians walk out on this, they will be taking the responsibility for walking out on the only practical proposal we have had," Bishop Oxnam said.

McMahon proposed that Russia be included in the new "Marshall plan" aid but that no country should share in it unless it agreed to the strictest inspection and control of atomic energy as a possible weapon.

Bishop Oxnam said McMahon's suggestion was "a magnificent suggestion which may break the log-jam."

Howley Urges U.N. Force To Curb Reds

Cincinnati, Feb. 4 (AP)—Brig. Gen. Frank L. Howley, former director of the United States Military Government in Berlin, last night proposed immediate formation of a world police force "to force Russia to obey agreements and to have respect for what we stand for."

Speaking at the University of Cincinnati Business and Professional Men's meeting, General Howley described Russia as "an outlaw, upsetting the industries of the world, confusing the world's peoples and throwing sand in the machinery of social relationships.

"It's about time we and the other peoples of the world who feel that war is an antiquated way of settling problems get together and form a police force," he declared.

"We won't arrive at a solution by standing by. Russia must be forced to obey agreements and to have respect for what we stand for."

Naval Reserve Increase Set

Camden, N.J., Feb. 4 (AP)—John F. Floberg, Assistant Secretary of the Navy for Air, said today that the Navy plans to increase the organized reserve strength of the Navy and Marine Corps by about 25,000 to a total of 256,000 in the fiscal year ending June 30, 1951.

He said the importance which the Navy attaches to its reserve program is underscored by the fact that it plans such an increase in a year of general Navy retrenchment.

Trophy Presented

Floberg mentioned the planned increase in reserve strength in an address at the United States Naval Reserve Training Center.

The occasion was the presentation of the James Forrestal Trophy to Surface Division 4-5 selected as the best surface training unit in the reserve last year. Floberg congratulated the division and its commanding officer, Lieut. Commander David I. Jacobs.

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MUCH OF FUCHS' EARLY CAREER IS A MYSTERY TO THE PUBLIC, BUT VARIOUS AGENCIES SUPPLIED THESE DETAILS:

FUCHS WAS BORN IN GERMANY AND WAS NATURALIZED AS A BRITISH SUBJECT JULY 30, 1942, WHILE LIVING IN BIRMINGHAM. HE HAD COME TO BRITAIN AS A STUDENT IN 1933 AND LATER BECAME A PHYSICS INSTRUCTOR.

HIS FATHER IS THEOLOGY PROFESSOR AT THE UNIVERSITY OF LEIPZIG, IN THE SOVIET OCCUPATION ZONE OF GERMANY.

HOLDER OF THE DEGREES OF DOCTOR OF SCIENCE AND DOCTOR OF PHILOSOPHY, FUCHS BELONGS TO THE BRITISH INSTITUTE OF PHYSICS. ON THE CURRENT CIVIL SERVICE LIST HE IS ONE OF 24 DEPUTY CHIEF SCIENTIFIC OFFICERS OF THE MINISTRY OF SUPPLY, A JOB PAYING £1,600 TO £1,800 ($4,480 TO $5,040) YEARLY.

HE WAS SENT TO THE UNITED STATES IN NOVEMBER, 1943, WITH THE WARTIME BRITISH ATOMIC ENERGY MISSION. REMAINING THERE UNTIL JUNE, 1946, HE WORKED ON ATOMIC RESEARCH IN NEW YORK, WASHINGTON AND LOS ALAMOS, N.MEX. AM Lon (Nuy-F.C.B.) xxx ACCENT (CAN'T)

IN NOVEMBER, 1947, HE WENT BACK TO WASHINGTON FOR THE U.S.-BRITISH-CANADIAN CONFERENCE ON SECURITY OF INFORMATION. DURING THAT VISIT HE ALSO VISITED THE ARGONNE NATIONAL LABORATORY IN CHICAGO TO DISCUSS NON-SECRET MATERIAL.

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~~...NIGHT LEAD FRENCH~~ (500)

BY ROBERT C. WILSON

~~PARIS, FEB. 4 (AP)-PREMIER GEORGES~~ BIDAULT TOOK A GRIM HOLD ON THE CONTROLS TODAY, TRYING TO KEEP HIS GOVERNMENT FLYING ON ONE WING AND A PRAYER.

BIDAULT, PREMIER SINCE OCTOBER, WAS LEFT WITH ONLY ONE WING TO HIS GOVERNMENT WHEN FIVE SOCIALIST MINISTERS AND FOUR SECRETARIES OF STATE RESIGNED FROM HIS CABINET LAST NIGHT IN AN $8,570,000 QUARREL OVER COST-OF-LIVING BONUSES TO LOWER-PAID WORKERS.

NORMALLY, TIS WOULD HAVE FORCED BIDAU

NORMALLY, THIS WOULD HAVE FORCED BIDAULT TO DITCH HIS GOVERNMENT RIGHT AWAY. TO GET A MAJORITY HE NEEDS THE SOCIALIST VOTES IN THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY, ALONG WITH HIS OWN POPULAR REPUBLICANS AND THE RADICAL SOCIALISTS, WHO ARE REPRESENTED IN THE CABINET.

BUT IN RESIGNING, THE SOCIALISTS SAID THAT DID NOT MEAN THEY WOULD NOT SUPPORT THE GOVERNMENT IN THE ASSEMBLY.

BIDAULT ANNOUNCED THAT HE ISN'T GOING TO RESIGN IMMEDIATELY. HE WILL FILL THE VACANT PLACES AND ASK FOR A VOTE OF CONFIDENCE TUESDAY.

IF HE WINS--WITH SOCIALIST VOTES--HE MIGHT KEEP THE GOVERNMENT GOING FOR AWHILE, BUT HE WILL BE AT THE MERCY OF THE SOCIALISTS ON ANY ISSUE THAT COMES UP. HIS GOVERNMENT WILL BE FOUNDED ON A MINORITY IN THE ASSEMBLY.

IF HE LOSES, HE WILL HAVE TO RESIGN. HE COULD THEN ORDER HIS PARTY NOT TO GO INTO ANY NEW COALITION CABINET. THIS APPARENTLY WOULD LEAVE NO ALTERNATIVE BUT FOR FRANCE TO HOLD NEW ELECTIONS, AND THIS WOULD INVOLVE SOME WEEKS OF CAMPAIGNING.

NEW ELECTIONS MIGHT BE A GOOD THING FOR FRANCE IN THE LONG RUN IF IT GAVE SOME PARTY OR COMBINATION OF PARTIES A SOLID MAJORITY.

BUT THE SITUATION SERIOUSLY WEAKENS FRANCE POLITICALLY AT A DANGEROUS TIME. AT THE MOMENT SHE IS FACING TWO GRAVE PROBLEMS:

1. COMMUNISTS ARE OPENLY THREATENING TO SABOTAGE AMERICAN ARMS SHIPMENTS DUE SOON UNDER THE PROGRAM OF MILITARY AID TO ATLANTIC PACT PARTNERS. THEY ALSO ARE TRYING TO BLOCK ARMS SHIPMENTS TO INDOCHINA.

2. RUSSIA HAS SLAPPED FRANCE IN THE FACE BY RECOGNIZING THE

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VIETNAM GUERRILLA GOVERNMENT OF HO CHI-MINH, WHOM FRANCE CONSIDERS A COMMUNIST REBEL.

OBSERVERS DETECTED WHAT THEY BELIEVED WAS A RELUCTANCE OF THE SOCIALISTS TO SHARE RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE TOUGH MEASURES THE CABINET MAY HAVE TO TAKE AGAINST COMMUNIST SABOTAGE--IN WHICH SOME INNOCENT WORKERS MAY BE HURT--AND TO COUNTER WHATEVER MOVES RUSSIA MAKES IN INDOCHINA.

A53

THE SOCIALISTS NEVER HAVE BEEN WARM FOR FORMER EMPEROR BAO DAI, WHOM THE GOVERNMENT IS BACKING AS CHIEF OF STATE IN INDOCHINA. OFFICIALLY, THEY ARE ON RECORD AGAINST FIGHTING HO. THEY ARE NOW EMBARRASSED BY COMMUNIST SUPPORT FOR HIM.

AT FIRST GLANCE IT LOOKED LIKE A OUTBREAK THAT CAUSED THE BREAKUP

OF THE SOCIALIST-RADICAL SOCIALIST-POPULAR REPUBLICAN COALITION.
THE SOCIALISTS WANTED TO PAY A 3,000-FRANC ($8.50) BONUS FOR ALL WORKERS GETTING LESS THAN 18,000 FRANCS ($52.20) A MONTH TO MAKE UP FOR THE INCREASED COST OF LIVING. BIDAULT AND THE REST OF THE CABINET WANTED TO PAY THE BONUS TO WORKERS GETTING LESS THAN 14,000 FRANCS ($40.60). THE SOCIALIST PLAN WOULD HAVE COST ABOUT 19 BILLION FRANCS ($54,000,000), WITH PRIVATE MANAGEMENT PAYING MOST OF IT. THE GOVERNMENT PLAN WOULD COST ABOUT $8,570,000 LESS.
THE GOVERNMENT HAS NOT YET ENACTED A MEASURE TO UNFREEZE WAGES AND MAKE THEM SUBJECT TO COLLECTIVE BARGAINING. TO MAKE UP FOR THE FROZEN WAGES UNDER A RISING COST OF LIVING, BONUSES HAVE BEEN VOTED FROM TIME TO TIME.
THE BONUS ISSUE WAS THE TECHNICAL REASON FOR THE CABINET RESIGNATIONS.
IN REALITY, HOWEVER, THE SOCIALISTS WERE ANGRY OVER A MORE FUNDAMENTAL CAUSE: THEIR SUSPICION THAT BIDAULT IS WORKING FOR THE FREE ENTERPRISE THEORIES OF THE RADICAL SOCIALISTS AND AGAINST SOCIALIST IDEAS OF PLANNED ECONOMY.
FH758PES

FEB 5 - 1950

FRENCH (450)
PARIS, FEB 4-(AP)-FRENCH PREMIER GEORGES BIDAULT TRIED TODAY TO PATCH UP HIS SHAKY COALITION CABINET FROM WHICH THE FIVE SOCIALIST MINISTERS HAVE RESIGNED.
INTERIOR MINISTER JULES MOCH, WHO ALSO IS VICE PREMIER, HANDED THE PREMIER A LETTER THIS MORNING CONFIRMING THE WITHDRAWALS OF HIMSELF AND FOUR COLLEAGUES AFTER A DISPUTE OVER PROPOSED WAGE BONUSES FOR WORKERS.
THOUGH IT APPEARED IMPOSSIBLE TO GOVERN THE COUNTRY WITHOUT SOCIALIST PARTICIPATION, BIDAULT APPARENTLY WAS GOING TO TRY IT. HE SAID HE WOULD NOT RESIGN BEFORE TUESDAY, WHEN HE PLANS TO GO BEFORE THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY FOR A GENERAL POLICY DEBATE.
PRESUMABLY HE WILL ASK FOR A VOTE OF CONFIDENCE THEN.
ELDER STATESMAN LEON BLUM, GRAND OLD MAN OF THE FRENCH SOCIALIST PARTY, ASSURED BIDAULT THAT THE RESIGNATION OF THE MINISTERS DID NOT MEAN THE SOCIALISTS WOULD NOT SUPPORT HIM IN PARLIAMENT.
THE MINISTERS WHO STEPPED DOWN WERE MOCH, CHRISTIAN PINEAU, PUBLIC WORKS; ROBERT LACOSTE, INDUSTRY AND COMMERCE; EUGENE THOMAS, COMMUNICATIONS, AND PIERRE SEGELLE, LABOR.
FOUR OTHER OFFICIALS ALSO RESIGNED. THEY WERE SECRETARIES OF STATE JEAN BIONDI, CIVIL SERVICE; JEAN MEUNIER, INTERIOR; MAX LEJEUNE, WAR MINISTRY, AND GEORGES GORSE, UNDERSECRETARY OF STATE FOR COLONIAL AFFAIRS.
THIS LEFT BIDAULT WITH 12 MINISTERS, INCLUDING HIMSELF, AND 12 SECRETARIES AND UNDERSECRETARIES OF STATE.
THERE WERE ALSO INDICATIONS THE SOCIALISTS STRONGLY OPPOSED FOREIGN MINISTER ROBERT SCHUMAN'S POLICIES, PARTICULARLY HIS HANDLING OF GERMAN QUESTIONS.
APPARENTLY BIDAULT HAD SOME HOPE OF GETTING THE SOCIALISTS BACK INTO THE CABINET. HE CONFERRED LAST NIGHT WITH PRESIDENT VINCENT AURIOL, HIMSELF A SOCIALIST. POLITICAL QUARTERS BELIEVED THE PRESIDENT MAY HAVE PROMISED BIDAULT TO TRY AND BRING HIS PARTY COLLEAGUES BACK INTO LINE WITH THE PREMIER.
BIDAULT HAD WEATHERED TWO STORMS OVER THE NATION'S RECORD 1950

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BUDGET BEFORE THIS LATEST CRISIS THREATENED HIS SHAKY THREE-MONTH-OLD COALITION GOVERNMENT.
THE CRISIS AROSE WHEN BIDAULT PROPOSED DISTRIBUTION OF A 3,000 FRANC ($8.50) COST-OF-LIVING BONUS TO ALL LOW PAID WORKERS AND GOVERNMENT EMPLOYES.
BIDAULT WANTS IT TO GO TO THOSE EARNING 14,000 FRANCS ($40.60) MONTHLY OR LESS, WITH SMALLER BONUSES TO WORKERS GETTING BETWEEN 14,000 FRANCS AND 18,000 FRANCS ($52.20).
THE SOCIALISTS WANT THE WAGE CEILING FOR THOSE GETTING THE FULL BONUS TO BE EITHER 18,000 FRANCS OR 20,000 FRANCS. THE GOVERNMENT ESTIMATED ITS PLAN WOULD COST 16 BILLION FRANCS ($45,700,000) AND THE SOCIALIST PLAN WOULD COST 19 BILLION FRANCS $54,000,000).
BESIDES THE SOCIALISTS, BIDAULT'S GOVERNMENT HAS INCLUDED HIS OWN CATHOLIC POPULAR REPUBLICAN MOVEMENT (MRP) AND THE MODERATE RADICAL SOCIALISTS. THERE ARE ALSO A FEW INDEPENDENTS. THE COMMUNISTS AND GENERAL CHARLES DE GAULLE'S FOLLOWERS ARE NOT REPRESENTED.
IF BIDAULT FAILS TO GET THE VOTE OF CONFIDENCE NEXT TUESDAY, HE CAN PREVENT THE FORMATION OF A NEW GOVERNMENT BY FORBIDDING HIS PARTY TO TAKE PART IN A NEW COALITION CABINET. THE ONLY SOLUTION THEN WOULD BE DISSOLUTION OF THE PARLIAMENT AND NEW ELECTIONS.
DE GAULLE, STANDING ON THE SIDELINES, HAS BEEN WAITING FOR JUST THIS. HE HAS CLAIMED THAT THE NEW ELECTIONS WOULD BRING HIS BACK INTO POWER.
DN541AES

CHAMONIX, FRANCE, FEB 4-(AP)-AMERICAN AND FRENCH OFFICIALS WENT TO THE FRENCH ALPS TODAY TO PUT A PLAQUE ON A FRENCH POWER PLANT BUILT WITH MARSHALL PLAN MONEY.
NEARLY $7,500,000 HAVE SO FAR BEEN SPENT ON A PROJECT TO DIVERT THE GLACIAL WATERS OF THE ARVE RIVER INTO A 1,280-FOOT ARTIFICIAL WATERFALL THAT WILL PROVIDE HYDROELECTRIC POWER FOR FRANCE'S INDUSTRY.
BARRY BINGHAM, LOUISVILLE, KY., PUBLISHER WHO HEADS THE MARSHALL PLAN MISSION TO FRANCE, DEDICATED THE COMMEMORATIVE PLAQUE.
THE HYDROELECTRIC PLANT, ONE OF 58 PROJECTS PLANNED TO GIVE POWER AND LIGHT TO FRENCH INDUSTRY, WAS BUILT WITH COUNTERPART FUNDS OF THE MARSHALL PLAN --COUNTERPART FUNDS POSTED BY FRANCE TO MATCH DOLLARS CONTRIBUTED TO FRANCE BY THE MARSHALL PLAN.
THE PROJECT IS A HAZARDOUS UNDERTAKING, ON WHICH SIX FRENCH WORKMEN HAVE BEEN KILLED SO FAR. IT CALLS FOR TWO TUNNELS THROUGH SOLID ROCK TO CHANNEL THE RIVER WATERS OVER THE WATERFALL. WORK WAS BEGUN IN 1947, AND IS TO BE COMPLETED IN 1951.
IN A BRIEF SPEECH DURING THE CEREMONY BINGHAM SAIDV

IN 1947, AND IS TO BE COMPLETED IN 1951.
IN A BRIEF SPEECH DURING THE CEREMONY BINGHAM SAID THIS PLAN WAS PART OF A GENERAL SCHEME TO DOUBLE FRANCE'S PREWAR ELECTRIC PRODUCTION BY 1952, THE END OF MARSHALL PLAN AID. THE PREWAR TOTAL WAS 20,000,000,000 KILOWATT HOURS ANNUALLY. THE NATIONAL PLANS IS FOR 43,000,000,000.
ME959AES

FRANCE'S WHOLE EMPIRE IS UNDER COMMUNIST PRESSURE. MOSCOW-TRAINED HO CHI-MINH IS LEADING THE ANTI-FRENCH FIGHTERS IN INDOCHINA. COMMUNIST-INSPIRED DISTURBANCES IN TWO FRENCH COLONIES ON THE AFRICAN IVORY COAST HAVE BEEN SUPPRESSED BY GUNFIRE, A BUSINESS UNPOPULAR AT HOME AND ABROAD.

ELSEWHERE IN WESTERN EUROPE THE COMMUNIST COLD GUERRILLA WARFARE HAS TAKEN ON OTHER FORMS. BERLIN AGAIN IS BEING TORMENTED BY TRAFFIC SLOWDOWNS. A HIGHLY-PLACED AMERICAN SOURCE HERE DESCRIBED THAT SITUATION AS "SERIOUS." EAST GERMANY'S COMMUNISTS HAVE STEPPED UP THEIR CAMPAIGN FOR A UNITED FATHERLAND. THEY WANT IT UNDER COMMUNIST DOMINATION.

IN ITALY LAND REFORM AGITATION HAS BROUGHT SEVERAL BLOOD-LETTING RIOTS. THE COMMUNISTS TOOK QUICK ADVANTAGE OF THE INCIDENTS TO TRY AND SHOW THEY ALONE WERE FRIENDS OF THE ITALIAN WORKING AND PEASANT CLASSES. TO DATE, HOWEVER, THEIR EFFORTS DO NOT APPEAR TO HAVE SERIOUSLY AFFECTED THE COUNTRY'S RECOVERY.

JR319AES

LATER IN THE AFTERNOON THE RUSSIANS SLOWED THE PACE SOMEWHAT AND GAVE LIP SERVICE TO INSPECTION. HOWEVER, THE RATE OF ENTRY CONTINUED TO RANGE FROM 15 TO 20 TRUCKS AN HOUR. WESTERN ALLIED TRANSPORT OFFICIALS SAID 10 AN HOUR WOULD BE SATISFACTORY.

AT ONE POINT DURING THE SLOWDOWN, MARKED BY A MINUTE EXAMINATION OF TRUCKS, CARGOES AND DOCUMENTS, THE AVERAGE WAS TWO TRUCKS AN HOUR.

AS THE NIGHT WORE ON, GERMAN CUSTOMS OFFICIALS REPORTED THE RUSSIANS HAD STEPPED UP THE RATE AT WHICH THEY WERE HANDLING BERLIN-BOUND TRAFFIC AT HELMSTEDT AT 25 OR 30 TRUCKS AN HOUR. THESE OFFICIALS SAID 50 TO 60 TRUCKS WERE STILL BACKED UP AT THE CHECKPOINT BUT EXPRESSED THE BELIEF THEY WOULD SOON BE CLEARED.

POLICE AT THE BRITISH-SOVIET ZONAL BORDER CHECKPOINT NEAR LUEBECK REPORTED TRAFFIC FOR BERLIN HAD PROCEEDED NORMALLY ALL DAY. ONLY ONE WESTBOUND TRUCK WITH PAPERS NOT IN ORDER WAS SENT BACK TO BERLIN, THEY SAID. HIGHWAY TRAFFIC AT LUEBECK AND OTHER SECONDARY CROSSINGS WAS NOT AFFECTED BY THE TWO-WEEK "LITTLE BLOCKADE."

THERE WAS NOTHING OFFICIAL TO GUARANTEE THAT THE TRAFFIC WILL CONTINUE TO GET A GREEN LIGHT. THE RUSSIANS LIFTED THE SLOW-DOWN FOR A FEW HOURS LAST MONDAY, THEN REIMPOSED IT.

AMERICAN OFFICIALS EXPRESSED BELIEF THERE MIGHT BE TWO MAIN REASONS FOR THE NEW ORDER:

1--THE WESTERN THREATS HAVE STRUCK A SENSITIVE CHORD.

2--THE RUSSIAN HIGH COMMAND FINALLY HAS FIGURED OUT, ABOUT 10 DAYS LATE, HOW TO ANSWER TWO WESTERN PROTESTS AGAINST THE SLOWDOWN--SOMETHING LIKE TRAFFIC NOW IS NORMAL AT THE BORDER, SO "WHAT ARE THESE PROTESTS ABOUT?"

TA/JK141PES

~~BERLIN--FIRST ADD FIRST LEAD BLOCKADE (ADD) X X X AN HOUR.~~

EAST GERMAN ECONOMIC AUTHORITIES TODAY NOTIFIED THE WESTERN ALLIES IN BERLIN THAT ALL ARGUMENTS OVER SHIPPING PAPERS AND OTHER TECHNICALITIES HAD BEEN SETTLED.

THESE TECHNICALITIES HAD BEEN USED BY THE SOVIET GUARDS AS THE BASIS FOR THE DELAYING OF THE BERLIN-BOUND TRAFFIC. THE WESTERN ALLIES HAD THREATENED A COUNTER BLOCKADE IF THE RUSSIANS PERSISTED.

EAST AND WEST GERMAN ECONOMIC AUTHORITIES, IT WAS LEARNED, HAD HELD SEVERAL CONFERENCES IN THE PAST TWO DAYS TO IRON OUT THE SO-CALLED TECHNICALITIES.

THOSE TRUCKS WHICH DID GET THROUGH HELMSTEDT TODAY CREPT ALONG THE ICY SUPERHIGHWAY. THERE WERE SO MANY DANGEROUS PATCHES, ONE PASSENGER CAR DRIVER TOLD THE GUARDS, IT TOOK HIM EIGHT HOURS TO DRIVE THE 100 MILES FROM BERLIN TO THE FRONTIER.

THE RUSSIANS REOPENED THE ROAD WITH A WARNING THAT DRIVERS WOULD PROCEED AT THEIR OWN RISK.

MAJ.GEN.MAXWELL D.TAYLOR, U.S. COMMANDANT IN BERLIN, CONFERRED BY TELEPHONE TODAY WITH U.S. HIGH COMMISSIONER JOHN J.MC CLOY, WHO HAD RETURNED TO FRANKFURT AFTER TWO WEEKS IN THE UNITED STATES. ASSOCIATES SAID TAYLOR WOULD VISIT FRANKFURT TUESDAY FOR A STAFF CONFERENCE WITH MC CLOY.

DN6AES

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~~ROME, FEB 4-(AP)-~~THE ITALIAN CHAMBER OF DEPUTIES TODAY VOTED 277 TO 153 TO ACCEPT A UNITED NATIONS TRUSTEESHIP OVER FORMER ITALIAN SOMALILAND.

COMMUNISTS AND THEIR LEFTIST SUPPORTERS OPPOSED THE TRUSTEESHIP, CHARGING THAT ITALIAN TROOPS WOULD BE KILLED IN A "DANGEROUS ADVENTURE."

THE SENATE MUST NEXT ACT ON THE MEASURE, WHICH GIVES ITALY A 10-YEAR ADMINISTRATION OVER HER FORMER COLONY.

FOREIGN MINISTER CARLO SFORZA SAID A SMALL SECURITY FORCE WILL LEAVE SOON FOR SOMALILAND BEFORE THE TERRITORY IS SWEPT BY ANNUAL HEAVY RAINS.

FH1005PES

~~ZURICH, SWITZERLAND, FEB.4-(AP)-THE SWISS~~ WORKERS' (COMMUNIST) PARTY ANNOUNCED TODAY THE EXPULSION OF OSKAR EDUARD WUERGLER, A PARTY OFFICIAL RECENTLY SENTENCED TO DEATH IN ABSENTIA IN FRANCE FOR WAR CRIMES.

WUERGLER, A 42-YEAR-OLD FORMER GERMAN SOLDIER OF SWISS NATIONALITY, WAS SENTENCED TO DEATH IN ABSENTIA BY A TRIBUNAL AT NANCY ON DEC.19 FOR HAVING ORDERED GERMAN TROOPS UNDER HIS COMMAND TO BURN THE VILLAGE OF REHAUPAL (VOSGES) IN 1944 AND TO SHOOT TEN OF THE INHABITANTS.

THE LIBERAL "NEUE ZUERCHER ZEITUNG" REPORTED LAST NIGHT THAT WUERGLER WAS ACTIVE AS PROPAGANDA CHIEF OF THE ZURICH CITY SECTION OF THE SWISS WORKERS' PARTY.

THE PARTY'S CENTRAL COMMITTEE HASTILY ANNOUNCED THIS MORNING THAT WUERGLER "HAD BEEN EXPELLED FROM THE PARTY EVEN BEFORE PUBLICATION OF THE NEUE ZUERCHER ZEITUNG REPORT."

QQ1134AES

~~ATHENS, GREECE, FEB 4-(AP)-~~MILITARY NEWS, PUBLISHED BY THE GREEK ARMY WILL SAY IN TOMORROW'S EDITION THERE ARE 65,000 ROMANIANS ENROLLED IN AN ANTI-COMMUNIST UNDERGROUND MOVEMENT IN ROMANIA.

THE WEEKLY PAPER DECLARES THE RESISTANCE MOVEMENT SET FIRE TO WAREHOUSES FILLED WITH GOODS DESTINED FOR RUSSIA IN BUCHAREST, JASSY AND CRAIOVA SIMULTANEOUSLY LAST MONTH. THE NEWSPAPER QUOTED "INDIRECT SOURCES."

THE ARTICLE SAYS THE UNDERGROUND MOVEMENT IS DIVIDED INTO TWO GROUPS, "THE T" ORGANIZATION WITH HEADQUARTERS IN BUCHAREST AND THE "BLACK CAPES" WHOSE STRENGTH IS SAID TO BE IN RURAL AREAS.

THE ARMY PAPER ALSO SAYS THERE IS INCREASING RESISTANCE TO PREMIER ENVER HOXHA'S COMMUNIST REGIME IN ALBANIA.

G1127AES

ATHENS, GREECE, FEB. 4-(AP)-EIGHT UNITED STATES AIR FORCE OFFICERS HAVE BEEN DECORATED BY THE GREEK GOVERNMENT FOR THEIR SERVICE IN A SUPPLY AND ADVISORY CAPACITY TO THE ROYAL HELLENIC AIR FORCE.

THE DECORATIONS WERE PRESENTED TO THE MEMBERS OF THE U.S. AIR FORCE GROUP IN GREECE BY PRIME MINISTER JOHN THEOTOKIS WHO ALSO HEADS THE GREEK ARMED FORCES MINISTRIES.

THE OFFICERS AND DECORATIONS INCLUDE:

COL. FRANK E. ROUSE, PULLMAN, WASHINGTON, AND MAJ. JAMES B. WEEKS, BALDWINSVILLE, N.Y., ROYAL ORDER OF THE PHOENIX.

LT. COL. GERALD W. CRABBE, KONAWA, OKLA., ROYAL ORDER OF GEORGE I.

LT. COL. JAMES W. PARSONS, OCEANSIDE, CALIF.; LT. COL. JOHN O. HALL, TARRYTOWN, N.Y.; LT. COL. CLETUS WRAY, TIPTONVILLE, TENN.; LT. COL. WILLIAM A. HOTMAN, FORT WORTH, TEX. AND MAJOR FRANK C. DRAKE, DAYTON, OHIO, ALL MEDALS FOR OUTSTANDING ACTS.

JB112PES

Frankfurt, Germany, Feb. 4--(AP)--The U.S. High Commission for Germany announced today the appointment of Robert R. Bowie, former Baltimore attorney and a professor at Harvard Law School, as its general counsel.

He succeeds Chester A. McLain, who resignod.

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Frankfurt, Germany, Feb. 4--(AP)--[redacted] The U.S. Army announced today that Cpl. Melvin E. Craigland was killed Thursday in an automobile accident near Augsburg, Germany.

He is survived by his mother, Mrs. Susie Williams, of (4311 East 10th St.) Kansas City, Mo.

#

frankfurt, germany, feb. 4--(ap)--a u.s. army court martial convicted two two american soldiers last night of complicity in the daylight robbery

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of the north german credit bank in bremerhaven, jan. 10.

eighty-eight thousand western zone marks (about $21,000) was stolen.

back the bremerhaven post commander, brig. gen. charles canham,

said pfc. allan cooper, 18, an american citizen living in london, was

sentenced to five years, and pvt. herbert friedenberg, 19, of (1370 sixth

ave.) new york city, was given eight years imprisonment.

most of the loot taken from the bank has been recovered. a german

was convicted at a previous trial of complicity in the robbery and was

sentenced to 14 years.

#

FEB 5 - 1950

BELGRADE, YUGOSLAVIA, FEB.4-(AP)-THE OFFICIAL YUGOSLAV GOVERNMENT BULLETIN DISCLOSED TODAY THE RECALL OF PETRIC JAKSA, THIS COUNTRY'S MINISTER TO ALBANIA. THE ALBANIAN MINISTER TO YUGOSLAVIA LEFT HERE IN JULY, 1948. ALBANIA IS IN THE PRO-COMINFORM BLOC WHICH IS OPPOSED TO PREMIER MARSHAL TITO'S REGIME HERE.

MJ1009AES

BELGRADE, YUGOSLAVIA, FEB. 4-(AP)-AN OFFICIAL YUGOSLAV GOVERNMENT SPOKESMAN TODAY CONFIRMED THE ARREST OF THE REV. JANEZ JANKO, ROMAN CATHOLIC VICAR GENERAL OF THE BELGRADE DIOCESE.

THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION SAID THE PRELATE IS BEING HELD BY YUGOSLAV AUTHORITIES ON CHARGES OF BLACKMARKETING, ILLEGALLY SELLING DOLLARS AND HIDING PRISONERS WANTED BY AUTHORITIES.

NO INDICATION WAS GIVEN OF WHEN OR WHERE HE WOULD BE TRIED.

ROMAN CATHOLIC AUTHORITIES HAVE DECLINED TO DISCUSS THE CASE BEYOND ACKNOWLEDGING THE ARREST WHICH THEY SAID TOOK PLACE SIX WEEKS AGO.

WJ1032PES

Madrid, Spain, Feb. 4--(AP)--Alfred Barth, [illegible] vice-president of the Chase National Bank, [illegible] arrived here by plane today from New York.

Barth was reported to have come to Madrid to complete negotiations for a $50,000,000 loan to the Spanish government. He declined to make a statement at the airport.

#

FEB 5 - 1950

the hague, the netherlands, feb. 4 - (ap) - the dutch are not waiting for santa claus or state socialism but are taking the initiative themselves in postwar recovery.

this appraisal of the industrious dutch was made today by arthur l. d ering, dean and director of the extension and research station of the u iversity of maine's department of agriculture.

deering is a member of a group representing the organization for european economic cooperation which has completed a fortnight's tour of the netherlands. the group expressed its satisfaction with the integration of research, education and extension work in the agricultural field here.

deering noted the quota for dutch immigrants in the united states is 3,150 annually and said he would like to see 30,000 young dutch farmers moving into maine alone.

#

FEB 5 - 1950

PRAGUE, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, FEB 4-(AP)-A YOUNG STUDENT WAS SENTENCED TO DEATH AND A ROMAN CATHOLIC PRIEST TO 17 YEARS IN PRISON YESTERDAY ON CHARGES OF PLOTTING TO OVERTHROW THE COMMUNIST-LED GOVERNMENT. PRISON SENTENCES UP TO 25 YEARS AND HEAVY FINES ALSO WENT TO 14 OTHERS. ONE WAS ACQUITTED. ALL WERE ACCUSED OF BEING MEMBERS OF AN UNDERGROUND TERRORIST BAND.

THE STATE COURT AT BRNO (BRUENN) SENTENCED 22-YEAR-OLD BOHUMIL HLAVIM TO DEATH. FATHER JOSEF PESKA, 52, WAS FINED 20,000 CROWNS ($400) BESIDES HIS 17-YEAR PRISON SENTENCE. MOST OF THE OTHERS TRIED WERE STUDENTS AND HOSPITAL EMPLOYES.

THE BRNO NEWSPAPER ROVNOST SAID THE GROUP MADE AN ARMED ATTACK ON THE STATE MENTAL HOSPITAL AT BRNO LAST YEAR TO SET FREE SOME POLITICAL PRISONERS WHO HAD FAKED INSANITY.

THE NEWSPAPER SAID THE ORGANIZATION WAS MADE UP OF "PEOPLE WITH DISTORTED RELIGIOUS EDUCATIONS WHO HATED THE PEOPLE'S DEMOCRATIC REGIME BECAUSE IT LEANED UPON THE SOVIET UNION."

M715AES

SOFIA, BULGARIA, FEB. 4-(AP)-NINE FORMER FLYING OFFICERS WERE SENTENCED TO FIVE TO 15 YEARS IN PRISON BY A SOFIA DISTRICT COURT FOR "ILLEGAL ACTIVITY," THE GOVERNMENT PRESS DEPARTMENT ANNOUNCED TONIGHT.

THE ANNOUNCEMENT SAID "THE DEFENDANTS FULLY CONFESSED." IT DID NOT SAY WHAT THE ILLEGAL ACTIVITY WAS.

JB1019PES

MOSCOW, FEB. 4-(AP)-THE COMMUNIST NEWSPAPER PRAVDA TODAY DESCRIBED LIEUT. GEN. WALTER BEDELL SMITH, FORMER U.S. AMBASSADOR TO MOSCOW, AS "A WELL PLUCKED CROW FROM AN OLD SPY'S NEST."

PRAVDA WAS COMMENTING ON SMITH'S SPEECH BEFORE THE ALL-AMERICAN CONFERENCE OF NATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS UNITED AGAINST COMMUNISM IN NEW YORK, SPONSORED BY THE AMERICAN LEGION.

THE FORMER AMBASSADOR SAID THE SOVIET "REGIME IS CEMENTED BY SECRET POLICE AND NAILED IN PLACE WITH BAYONETS."

PRAVDA SAID THE NEW YORK MEETING WAS A FASCIST GET-TOGETHER IN WHICH "THE SPEECHES WERE FASCIST, THE SHOUTING WAS NAZI AND THE WHOLE STYLE WAS BORROWED FROM HITLER'S ARCHIVES."

JT258PES

JERUSALEM, FEB 3-(AP)-A WELL INFORMED SOURCE SAID TODAY SOME PROGRESS WAS MADE IN PEACE TALKS LAST WEEK BETWEEN JORDAN AND ISRAEL, BUT THE SIGNING OF A TREATY IS NOT YET IN SIGHT.

JORDAN WAS REPORTED INSISTING ON A TERRITORIAL LINK BETWEEN JORDAN AND THE ISRAEL-HELD MEDITERRANEAN COAST.

THERE WAS NO AGREEMENT REPORTED ON BOUNDARIES INSIDE THE JERUSALEM AREA, WHERE JORDAN HOLDS THE OLD CITY AND SOME ADJACENT SECTIONS AND ISRAEL CONTROLS MOST OF THE MODERN CITY. JORDAN ALSO ADMINISTERS A LARGE PART OF EASTERN AND CENTRAL PALESTINE.

SPEEDY SIGNING OF A TREATY WAS BELIEVED UNLIKELY IN VIEW OF ELECTIONS SCHEDULED FOR JODAN IN APRIL. RELIABLE SOURCES HERE BELIEVE COMMON GROUND WILL EVENTUALLY BE REACHED, BUT THAT BOTH ISRAEL AND JORDAN WILL NOT ACCEPT INTERNATIONALIZATION OF JERUSALEM CALLED FOR BY THE UNITED NATIONS.

G1005AES

BANGKOK, THAILAND (SIAM), FEB.4-(AP)-LT.GEN. LUANG KACH SONGGRAM, PREMIER-MAKER OF THAILAND, DEMANDED FROM HIS EXILE IN HONG KONG TODAY THE "CRIMINAL PROSECUTION OF PERSONS RESPONSIBLE FOR MY DEPORTATION."

HE PRESUMABLY MEANT PREMIER PIBUL SONGGRAM--WHOM THE GENERAL PUT IN POWER THROUGH A COUP IN 1947. PIBUL ORDERED HIM OUT OF THE COUNTRY, ALLEGEDLY FOR PLOTTING REVOLT AGAINST THE GOVERNMENT.

IN A LETTER TO THE BANGKOG POST, AMERICAN-OWNED DAILY, THE GENERAL SAID HIS DEPORTATION WAS UNLAWFUL. HE ASKED THAT HIS FOUR ATTORNEYS HERE TAKE OVER HIS DEFENSE. HE SAID HE WOULD RETURN TO THAILAND IF GIVEN ASSURANCE BY THAILAND'S COURT OF SAFETY.

IN BANGKOK, 25 MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT FILED A MOTION FOR A GENERAL DEBATE ON THE CONDUCT OF THE PIBUL GOVERNMENT. THE GOVERNMENT REPORTED IT WAS WILLING TO DEBATE THE LUANG KACH CASE.

THE 25 SAID THEY FEARED THAILAND MIGHT DEVELOP A REPUTATION AS "A KINGDOM OF REVOLUTIONS." THE MOTION WOULD NOT INVOLVE A VOTE OF CONFIDENCE IN THE PIBUL GOVERNMENT.

DP849PCS

NEW DELHI, INDIA, FEB 4-(AP)-INDIA HAS PROTESTED STRONGLY TO PAKISTAN AGAINST VIOLENT INTER-COMMUNAL CLASHES IN THE KHULNA DISTRICT OF PAKISTAN'S EAST BENGAL.

THE VIOLENCE, AN INDIAN SPOKESMAN SAID, HAS BEEN MARKED BY DEATHS, RAPINGS, LOOTING AND FORCIBLE CONVERSIONS. BECAUSE OF "ATROCITIES," THE INFORMANT SAID, 10,000 HINDUS HAD LEFT THE AREA. HINDUS WERE CONTINUING TO LEAVE AT THE RATE OF 500 DAILY, HE SAID.

THE INDIAN GOVERNMENT HAD PROPOSED A JOINT INQUIRY INTO THE CLASHES, THE SPOKESMAN SAID, BUT HAD RECEIVED NO REPLY FROM PAKISTAN.

M717AES

SECOND NIGHT LEAD SHIP

SEOUL, KOREA, SUNDAY, FEB.5-(AP)-SOUTH KOREAN NAVY SOURCES SAID TODAY A RUSSIAN TANKER FOUND TOWING A LANDING CRAFT 15 MILES OFFSHORE WAS BELIEVED TO BE THE SAME VESSEL CHASED EARLIER FROM THE EAST COAST.

THEY IDENTIFIED THE TOWING SHIP AS THE PAMIR, A 6,000-TON TANKER BUILT IN GERMANY. A SIMILAR SHIP RAN TO THE OPEN SEA, HOISTED A RUSSIAN FLAG AND SAILED AWAY FRIDAY AFTER A KOREAN PATROL SHIP FIRED A WARNING SHOT ACROSS ITS BOW.

THE DEFENSE MINISTRY AT THE SAME TIME ANNOUNCED THAT THREE UNIDENTIFIED SHIPS HAD APPEARED OFF THE SOUTH KOREAN COAST. THEY SAILED TOWARD COMMUNIST NORTH KOREA WHEN SIGHTED.

THE NAVY SOURCES GAVE NO EXPLANATION OF WHAT A RUSSIAN SHIP WAS DOING WITH A LANDING CRAFT IN TOW OFF THE EAST COAST.

KOREAN GUERRILLAS FROM THE RED REGIME IN THE NORTH HAVE BEEN SLIPPING INTO THE AMERICAN-BACKED SOUTH KOREAN REPUBLIC, HOWEVER.

THE NAVY INFORMANTS SAID EIGHT SMALL, FISHING-TYPE CRAFT WERE CRADLED ABOARD THE RUSSIAN TANKER PAMIR. THE TANKER PASSED THE 38TH PARALLEL LATE SATURDAY. THE PARALLEL DIVIDES THE COMMUNIST NORTH FROM THE SOUTHERN REPUBLIC.

LATEST NAVY REPORTS OF THE SHIP SIGHTINGS SAID A KOREAN PATROL VESSEL FRIDAY SURPRISED A RUSSIAN SHIP STANDING ONLY ONE MILE OFF KURYONGPO, AN EAST COAST PORT 60 MILES NORTH OF THE SOUTHERN PORT OF PUSAN.

THE SHIP SPED TOWARD THE OPEN SEA, IGNORING THE PATROL SHIP'S WARNING FIRE. OUTSIDE SOUTHERN KOREA'S THREE-MILE TERRITORIAL LIMIT, THE SHIP BROKE OUT THE RUSSIAN FLAG. IT THEN SAILED SOUTH (CORRECT.)

LATER, WHAT WAS BELIEVED TO BE THE SAME SHIP WAS SIGHTED ABOUT 15 MILES OFF PUSAN. CLOSER INSPECTION BY KOREAN PATROL CRAFT SHOWED IT WAS THE PAMIR AND THAT IT HAD A 100-FOOT LONG LANDING CRAFT IN TOW. THE LANDING CRAFT WAS UNOCCUPIED.

THE RUSSIAN SHIP SAILED NORTH. KOREAN NAVAL OFFICIALS SAID THAT WHILE REPORTS WERE INCOMPLETE, THEY BELIEVED THE PAMIR WAS INVOLVED IN BOTH INCIDENTS. (THEY DID NOT CLARIFY,HOWEVER, WHETHER THE SHIP SIGHTED OFF KURYONGPO WAS TOWING A LANDING CRAFT. THAT WOULD TEND TO PROVE THE SAME SHIP WAS INVOLVED.)

THE TANKER AND ITS TOW WERE KEPT UNDER SURVEILLANCE UNTIL THEY PASSED THE 38TH PARALLEL.

SHORE PATROLS IN THE KURYONGPO AREA,WHERE A SMALL GROUP OF NORTH KOREAN COMMUNIST AGITATORS WERE LANDED SECRETLY SEVERAL MONTHS AGO, SAID THERE WAS NO EVIDENCE ANY MEN HAD LANDED FROM THE RUSSIAN SHIP.

(NO PICKUP)

DV1250ACS

NIGHT LEAD JOINT CHIEFS (250)

BY TOM LAUBERT

KYOTO, JAPAN, SUNDAY, FEB.5-(AP)-AIR FORCE GEN.HOYT VANDENBERG SAID TODAY HE WAS PLEASED WITH "THE COMBAT READINESS" OF AIR FORCE UNITS SEEN SO FAR ON THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF TOUR THROUGH THE ORIENT.

VANDENBERG SAID IN AN INTERVIEW THE U.S. AIR FORCE IN JAPAN WILL "CARRY ON ITS MODERNIZATION PROGRAM" IN WHICH NEWER PLANES ARE STEADILY REPLACING OLDER TYPES OF AIRCRAFT.

AMERICA'S TOP AIRMEN DECLINED TO COMMENT WHEN ASKED WHAT MIGHT BE THE IMPACT ON U.S. AIR POWER IN THE PACIFIC IF FORMOSA FELL TO THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS.

VANDENBERG SAID, HOWEVER, HE AND THE OTHER JOINT CHIEFS SUPPORTED PRESIDENT TRUMAN'S DECISION TO KEEP HANDS OFF THAT CHINESE NATIONALIST ISLAND STRONGHOLD.

VANDENBERG ALSO DECLINED TO ESTIMATE THE NUMBER OF AIRCRAFT THE RUSSIANS HAVE IN THE ASIATIC AREA FACING JAPAN. HE INDICATED HE WAS NOT TOO GREATLY CONCERNED.

THE AIR FORCE CHIEF OF STAFF WAS INTERVIEWED BRIEFLY BEFORE HE SET OUT FOR A ROUND OF GOLF WITH GEN. OMAR N.BRADLEY, CHAIRMAN OF THE JOINT CHIEFS, AND LT.GEN. GEORGE E.STRATEMEYER, COMMANDING GENERAL OF THE FAR EAST AIR FORCE.

VANDENBERG SAID HE WAS CONCERNED ABOUT HOUSING IN JAPAN FOR HIS AIRMEN. IT WAS "TAKING TOO LONG TO GET THE MEN'S FAMILIES OUT HERE." BRADLEY ALSO HAS SHOWN CONCERN FOR HOUSING. VANDENBERG ADDED HE WAS BEGINNING "PROCEEDINGS TO ALLEVIATE" THE HOUSING CONDITIONS.

VANDENBERG AND BRADLEY WILL FLY THIS AFTERNOON TO THE AIR BASE OF ITAZUKI, ON THE SOUTHERN ISLAND OF KYUSHU. THEY WILL FOLLOW ADM. FORREST P.SHERMAN, CHIEF OF NAVAL OPERATIONS, AND ARMY GEN. J.LAWTON COLLINS, WHO ALSO WILL GO ON TO THE NAVAL BASE AT SASEBO. THE FOUR WILL LEAVE MONDAY FOR OKINAWA, AIR BASE SOUTH OF JAPAN.

DP902PCS NM

TOKYO, SUNDAY, FEB 5-(AP)-W.WALTON BUTTERWORTH, ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE FOR FAR EASTERN AFFAIRS, HAD LUNCH TODAY WITH GENERAL AND MRS.MACARTHUR.

BUTTERWORTH IS EN ROUTE TO BANGKOK, THAILAND, FOR A CONFERENCE OF LEADING U.S.DIPLOMATS IN THE ORIENT. HE WAS ACCOMPANIED TO THE LUNCHEON BY WILLIAM J.SEBALD, CHIEF OF MACARTHUR'S DIPLOMATIC SECTION. SEBALD ALSO WILL ATTEND THE BANGKOK CONFERENCE.

NEITHER BUTTERWORTH NOR SEBALD WOULD INDICATE THE SCOPE OF SUBJECTS DISCUSSED WITH MACARTHUR. THE BANGKOK CONFERENCE WILL GO DEEPLY INTO THE COMMUNIST SURGE IN THE ORIENT.

EW856PCS

HE COMPLIMENTED THE 35TH COMBAT TEAM, COMMANDED BY COL. HENRY G. FISHER OF LOS ANGELES, ON ITS CONDITION AND PERFORMANCE.

"DON'T BE SATISFIED WITH ANYTHING EXCEPT TOP-NOTCH PERFORMANCES," HE TOLD THE TEAM.

THE OTHER THREE MEMBERS OF THE TOURING JOINT CHIEFS TOOK IT EASY DURING THE DAY. GEN. OMAR N. BRADLEY, CHAIRMAN, AIR GEN. HOYT VANDENBERG AND ADM. FORREST P. SHERMAN, CHIEF OF NAVAL OFFICERS, CONFERRED WITH OFFICERS STATIONED HERE AND WENT SOUVENIR HUNTING.

IT WAS THE FIRST REAL BREAK THEY HAVE HAD SINCE THEY BEGAN THEIR INSPECTIONS AND CONFERENCES WITH U.S. MILITARY COMMANDERS IN JAPAN JAN. 31.

TOMORROW THE JOINT CHIEFS EXPECT TO VISIT THE 25TH DIVISION HEADQUARTERS AT OSAKA.

THEY WILL LEAVE MONDAY FOR ITAZUKE AIR BASE ON THE SOUTHERN ISLAND OF KYUSHU. THEY ALSO WILL VISIT THE SASEBO NAVAL BASE THERE.

THEY ARE SCHEDULED TO LEAVE JAPAN MONDAY FOR OKINAWA, THE BIG AMERICAN AIR BASE SOUTH OF JAPAN.

LW1 24 2APS NM

London, Ont.

WHAT HAPPENED TO THE BRITISH SCHOONER LADY PREVOST AFTER IT WAS CAPTURED BY THE AMERICANS IN THE BATTLE OF LAKE ERIE DURING THE WAR OF 1812?

OFFICERS OF ITS MODERN COUNTERPART, H.M.C.S. PREVOST HERE, ARE SEEKING THE ANSWER.

THE LITTLE WARSHIP WAS TOWED INTO PUT-IN BAY ON BASS ISLAND AFTER BEING CRIPPLED IN THE BATTLE OF LAKE ERIE. AFTER SEVERAL YEARS UNDER THE UNITED STATES FLAG AT ERIE, PA., WAS SOLD AND FORGOTTEN.

LIEUT. L.J.C. WALKER, STAFF OFFICER AT DISTRICT NAVAL HEADQUARTERS, IS TRYING TO FIND THE FINAL RESTING PLACE OF THE LADY PREVOST OR RECOVER SOME OF HER EQUIPMENT AS HISTORIC RELICS.

HER FLAG IS KNOWN TO BE IN POSSESSION OF THE UNITED STATES NAVY AND RESTS AMONG ITS WAR TROPHIES. THE UNITED STATES ARCHIVES COULD GIVE LITTLE HELP TO WALKER CONCERNING THE FATE OF THE LADY PREVOST, FOR IN THEIR OFFICIAL RECORDS HER LIFE ENDS WITH A PENCILLED NOTATION, "SOLD." THAT IS ALL THEY KNOW.

WALKER HAS OBTAINED ORIGINAL DRAWINGS OF THE PREVOST FROM THE BRITISH ADMIRALTY. FROM THEM HE HOPES TO HAVE A REPLICA CONSTRUCTED.

THE LADY PREVOST WAS BUILT AT AMHERSTBURG IN 1810 FOR SERVICE ON LAKES ERIE AND ONTARIO AND WAS NAMED AFTER THE WIFE OF THE CANADIAN GOVERNOR-GENERAL, SIR GEORGE PREVOST.

SHE HAD A SINGLE DECK, WAS 70 FEET LONG WITH A DRAFT OF 11 FEET AND DISPLACED 230 TONS. SHE WAS ARMED WITH 13 GUNS--COMPOSED OF 10 SHORT

12-POUNDERS, TWO LONG SIX-POUNDERS AND ONE LONG NINE-POUNDER.

"SOME OF THESE GUNS MAY STILL BE IN EXISTENCE IN CENTERS ON THE SOUTH SHORE OF LAKE ERIE, OR HIDDEN AWAY IN SMALL MUSEUMS," WALKER SAID. "WE CERTAINLY WOULD LIKE TO OBTAIN ONE, OR AT LEAST LEARN WHAT FINALLY HAPPENED TO THE LADY PREVOST."

WHEN THE LADY PREVOST SAILED AS THIRD SHIP OF THE LINE UNDER COMMANDER R.H. BARCLAY, SHE HAD A COMPLEMENT OF 76 MEN, MANY OF WHOM WERE SOLDIERS DRAFTED FOR THE ACTION. THE BRITISH FLOTILLA, COMPOSED OF SHIPS DETROIT, QUEEN CHARLOTTE, LADY PREVOST, CHIPPAWA, HUNTER AND LITTLE BELT, ENGAGED THE U.S. FLEET UNDER CAPTAIN OLIVER HAZARD PERRY.

THE AMERICANS WON, BUT THE BATTLE WENT ON FOR MANY YEARS AFTERWARDS IN COURTS OF BOTH COUNTRIES FOR CHARGES ARISING FROM THE ENGAGEMENT.

RM210AES

SECOND LEAD ATOMIC

WASHINGTON, FEB 4-(AP)-SENATOR TYDINGS (D-MD) SAID TODAY THAT MORE WITNESSES WILL BE CALLED BEFORE CONGRESSIONAL INVESTIGATORS IN AN EFFORT TO "PREVENT A RECURRENCE" OF THE INSIDE DISCLOSURE OF TOP SECRETS.

TYDINGS SPOKE AS THE SENATE-HOUSE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMITTEE WAS CLOSETED WITH LT. GEN. LESLIE R.GROVES, WARTIME HEAD OF THE ATOMIC ENERGY PROJECT.

GROVES WAS BEING ASKED ABOUT THE CASE OF DR. KLAUS FUCHS, 38-YEAR-OLD GERMAN-BORN SCIENTIST ARRESTED IN LONDON AS A SUSPECTED ATOMIC SPY FOR THE RUSSIANS.

TYDINGS SAT IN ON THE SESSION FOR AN HOUR AND A HALF AND THEN CAME OUT AND TOLD WAITING REPORTERS:

A161WX

"THIS IS VERY SERIOUS BUT IT IS NO MORE SERIOUS TODAY THAN IT WAS YESTERDAY."

GROVES, HE SAID, HAS "SUPPLIED US WITH NEW DETAILS AND ADDITIONAL BACKGROUND." HE ADDED THAT A NUMBER OF ADDITIONAL WITNESSES WILL BE CALLED BUT HE DID NOT IDENTIFY THEM.

NO ADDITIONAL SUSPECTS HAVE EMERGED FROM GROVES' BACKGROUNDING THUS FAR, THE MARYLAND SENATOR SAID.

HE PREDICTED THE CLOSED-DOOR SESSION "MIGHT GO ON MOST OF THE DAY," BUT SENATOR RUSSELL (D-GA), WHO EMERGED A FEW MINUTES LATER, SAID HE THOUGHT GROVES HAD ABOUT COMPLETED HIS TESTIMONY AND ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS.

GROVES INDICATED TO REPORTERS BEFOREHAND THAT FUCHS MAY HAVE HAD ACCESS TO DATA ABOUT THE HYDROGEN SUPER-BOMB. SENATORS QUOTED FBI DIRECTOR J.EDGAR HOOVER YESTERDAY AS SAYING FUCHS HAD CONFESSED TO RELAYING ATOMIC AND HYDROGEN BOMB INFORMATION TO THE RUSSIANS.

FUCHS, WHO WORKED WITH A BRITISH MISSION ON DEVELOPMENT OF THE ATOM BOMB IN WARTIME HERE, WAS ARRESTED IN LONDON YESTERDAY, THE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION PLAYED AN IMPORTANT PART IN DEVELOPING INFORMATION LEADING TO HIS SEIZURE.

A133WX

GROVES NOTED THAT HE HAD SAID YESTERDAY IN CONNECTICUT THAT FUCHS HAD ACCESS TO "PRESENT AND PROPOSED" WEAPONS DATA WHILE IN THIS COUNTRY FROM 1943 TO 1946 AS A MEMBER OF A BRITISH MISSION.

WHEN A NEWSMAN ASKED WHETHER PROPOSED DEVELOPMENTS INCLUDED HYDROGEN BOMB DATA, GROVES SAID:

"NATURALLY WE WEREN'T'S ASLEEP ON HYDROGEN POSSIBILITIES AT THAT TIME."

GROVES WAS CALLED TO TESTIFY AS ALARMED CONGRESSMEN DEMANDED RIGID NEW MEASURES TO PROTECT AMERICA'S TOP MILITARY SECRETS.

FBI DIRECTOR J.EDGAR HOOVER, ETC., IN 4TH GRAF A2 (ELIMINATING NUMERALS "2, 3 AND 4" BEFORE THAT AND THE SUCCEEDING PARAGRAPHS.

AS WHAT MAY PROVE TO BE THE BIGGEST ATOMIC SPY CASE OF ALL UNFOLDED, SENATORS QUOTED FBI DIRECTOR J.EDGAR HOOVER AS REPORTING TO THEM THAT FUCHS ALLEGEDLY WAS PLANTED AS A PAID RUSSIAN SPY IN THE BRITISH ATOMIC SETUP.

THE SENATORS SAID ALSO THAT HOOVER TOLD THEM INNERMOST ATOMIC SECRETS AND SOME INFORMATION ABOUT THE HYDROGEN BOMB WERE KNOWN TO THE SCIENTIST SUSPECTED OF PASSING DATA ON TO MOSCOW.

GROVES RECALLED THE CASE OF ANOTHER BRITISH SCIENTIST, DR.ALAN NUNN MAY, WHO ALSO WAS ACCUSED OF VIOLATING BRITAIN'S OFFICIAL SECRETS ACT WHILE ENGAGED IN ATOMIC RESEARCH IN CANADA IN 1945. MAY WAS SENTENCED TO 10 YEARS IN PRISON BY A BRITISH COURT IN 1946 FOR SLIPPING SAMPLES OF URANIUM TO A RUSSIAN AGENT.

GROVES SAID THAT "BETWEEN MAY AND FUCHS--IF FUCHS IS GUILTY"--THE INFORMATION SUPPLIED TO THE SOVIET UNION MAY HAVE ADVANCED BY MORE THAN ONE YEAR THXQDATE OF RUSSIA'S ACHIEVEMENT OF AN ATOMIC EXPLOSION.

"I WOULD SAY THAT A YEAR WOULD BE THE VERY SMALLEST ADVANTAGE THEY GOT," GROVES ADDED.

GROVES SAID HE TOLD A SENATE COMMITTEE IN 1946 THAT THE RUSSIANS COULD DEVELOP AN ATOMIC BOMB IN FIVE TO SEVEN YEARS IF THEY GOT HELP, AND IN FROM 10 TO 15 YEARS WITHOUT HELP.

HE SAID IT NOW IS APPARENT THAT THEY GOT "A LOT MORE HELP THAN WAS CONTEMPLATED."

GROVES SAID FUCHS' CONDUCT, WHEN HE WAS IN THIS COUNTRY WITH THE BRITISH MISSION, "WAS SUCH AS NEVER TO AROUSE THE SUSPICION OF ANYONE CONNECTED WITH THE (ATOMIC) PROJECT."

ASKED WHETHER HE WAS SURPRISED TO LEARN OF FUCHS' ARREST, GROVES SAID:

"YOU ARE ALWAYS SURPRISED TO FIND OUT THAT ANYONE REGARDED AS A SOUND CITIZEN TURNS OUT TO BE SOMETHING ELSE."

AS FOR WHETHER HE REGARDS THE DEVELOPMENT AS A VERY SERIOUS MATTER, GROVES REMARKED:

"I COULDN'T SAY. IT'S HARD TO SAY."

GROVES SAID THIS GOVERNMENT ACCEPTED BRITISH CLEARANCE ON FUCHS AND THAT HIS BACKGROUND WAS NOT CHECKED FURTHER IN THIS COUNTRY DURING THE WAR.

"EVERY MEMBER OF THE BRITISH MISSION WAS VOUCHSAFED FOR BY THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT AS TO LOYALTY AND DISCRETION," GROVES ADDED.

THE GENERAL SAID THAT ONLY HE HAD UNLIMITED ACCESS TO VITAL ATOMIC SECRETS DURING THE WAR, BUT THAT FUCHS HAD WIDE ACCESS TO INFORMATION ABOUT THE A-BOMB.

more

3. A GROUP OF SENATORS DEMANDED THAT GREAT BRITAIN--AND ALL OTHER COUNTRIES--BE CUT OFF FROM ANY INFORMATION ABOUT H-BOMB DEVELOPMENTS.

4. SENATOR CONNALLY (D-TEX), CHAIRMAN OF THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE AND A MEMBER OF THE SENATE-HOUSE ATOMIC GROUP, FORECAST A DRASTIC TIGHTENING OF ATOMIC SECURITY REGULATIONS AT HOME AND ABROAD.

THE SENATE-HOUSE COMMITTEE MAY RECOMMEND SUCH AN OVERHAUL OF SECURITY RULES AFTER HEARING GROVES.

GROVES WAS CALLED UPON TO EXPLAIN HOW FUCHS, WHO HEADED THE BRITISH WARTIME ATOMIC MISSION TO THIS COUNTRY, GOT ACCESS TO TOP AMERICAN ATOMIC SECRETS.

IN A STATEMENT FROM HIS HOME AT NORWALK, CONN., GROVES SAID THAT FUCHS HELD "AN IMPORTANT AND RESPONSIBLE" POSITION AT LOS ALAMOS LABORATORY IN NEW MEXICO DURING THE WAR AND IN THAT POST HAD ACCESS TO "A GREAT DEAL OF INFORMATION" ON PENDING ATOMIC MATTERS AND PROPOSED DEVELOPMENTS.

THE STORY HOOVER UNFOLDED AT A THREE-HOUR CLOSED MEETING OF A SENATE APPROPRIATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE YESTERDAY BROUGHT ASTONISHMENT, DISMAY AND GRIM DETERMINATION TO THE MEN WHO HEARD HIM.

AS OUTLINED BY THE SENATORS PRESENT, HOOVER'S STORY WAS THIS:

FUCHS, A GERMAN BY BIRTH, BECAME A PAID MOSCOW AGENT AS EARLY AS 1939. A PHYSICIST, HE WENT TO ENGLAND AND APPLIED FOR AND RECEIVED CITIZENSHIP PAPERS IN 1942.

HE WORKED HIS WAY TO THE TOP OF THE BRITISH ATOMIC DELEGATION AND CAME TO THIS COUNTRY. CLEARED BY THE BRITISH SECURITY AGENCIES, HE WAS GIVEN UNQUESTIONED ACCESS TO AMERICAN ATOMIC SECRETS.

A3WX

HE WORKED WITH AMERICAN SCIENTISTS, VISITED MAJOR ATOMIC INSTALLATIONS AND EVEN WAS PRESENT AT THE ASSEMBLY OF A BOMB, APPARENTLY THE MOST VITAL SECRET OF ALL. HE TOOK PART IN ATOMIC MATTERS IN THIS COUNTRY FROM LATE 1943 UNTIL JUNE, 1946.

IN THE COURSE OF HIS OCCUPATION, FUCHS WAS ABLE TO PICK UP SOME INFORMATION ABOUT THE PROPOSED SUPER-DESTRUCTIVE HYDROGEN BOMB.

SENATORS QUOTED HOOVER AS SAYING FUCHS HAD CONFESSED TO PASSING ALONG ATOMIC AND HYDROGEN BOMB INFORMATION TO THE RUSSIANS. THE SCIENTIST FACES TRIAL IN BRITISH COURTS, BUT POSSIBLY ON A RELATIVELY MINOR CHARGE SO THAT STILL SECRET INFORMATION WILL NOT BE REVEALED IN TESTIMONY.

THE FBI PICKED UP FUCH'S TRAIL THROUGH INFORMATION IT GATHERED ABOUT THE CANADIAN ATOMIC SPY RING, WHICH WAS BROKEN FOUR YEARS AGO. THIS INFORMATION CAME WITHIN THE LAST SIX MONTHS AND WAS PASSED ALONG TO THE BRITISH, WHO ARRESTED FUCHS QUICKLY.

SENATORS SAID HOOVER MADE IT PLAIN THAT FUCHS GOT EXTREMELY VITAL ATOMIC INFORMATION.

A SCIENTIST WHO WORKED WITH HIM SAID THAT FUCHS GOT ENOUGH INFORMATION TO ADVANCE THE RUSSIAN ATOMIC TIME TABLE AT LEAST A YEAR.

DR.EARL LONG, PROFESSOR IN THE CHEMISTRY DEPARTMENT AT THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO'S INSTITUTE OF METALS, SAID:

"IF HE REALLY DID TRANSMIT INFORMATION, I SHOULD THINK THAT HIS KNOWLEDGE IS SUCH THAT COMPLETION OF AN ATOM BOMB COULD CONCEIVABLY HAVE BEEN ADVANCED BY ONE YEAR."

AMAZED LAWMAKERS, SOME OF WHOM SAID THEY WERE "BOWLED OVER" BY THE REVELATIONS, SPECULATED THAT THE RUSSIAN ATOMIC EXPLOSION MAY HAVE BEEN SPEEDED BY MONTHS THROUGH FUCHS' INFORMATION.

THEY SAID THEY HOPE THAT WHAT HE LEARNED AND REPORTEDLY PASSED ON ABOUT THE HYDROGEN BOMB WAS ONLY THEORETICAL, SINCE THIS COUNTRY IS ONLY NOW EMBARKING ON THE ACTUAL MAKING OF SUCH A BOMB.

HOOVER WAS REPORTED TO HAVE ASKED FOR MONEY TO HIRE 700 MORE EMPLOYES, INCLUDING SOME 300 ADDITIONAL FBI AGENTS, IN A STEP TO TIGHTEN AMERICAN SECURITY.

THE FUCHS CASE CUT LOOSE A TORRENT OF DEMANDS THAT THE UNITED STATES GO IT ENTIRELY ALONE IN DEVELOPMENT OF THE H-BOMB.

SENATOR BYRD (D-VA) TOLD A REPORTER HE IS "UNALTERABLY OPPOSED TO GIVING THE SECRET OF THE H-BOMB--OR THE BOMB ITSELF WHEN WE BUILD IT--TO BRITAIN OR ANYBODY ELSE."

SENATOR MCCLELLAN (D-ARK) SAID THAT THE SECRETS MUST BE KEPT AT HOME, DESPITE THIS COUNTRY'S DESIRE TO COOPERATE WITH BRITAIN IN MILITARY DEFENSE MATTERS.

A4 WX

SENATOR DOUGLAS (D-ILL) EXPRESSED BELIEF THAT THE FUCHS DISCLOSURES WILL MAKE IT EXTREMELY DIFFICULT FOR CONGRESS TO APPROVE ANY BROADENING OF BRITISH-AMERICAN PARTNERSHIP ON ATOMIC AND H-BOMB MATTERS.

SENATOR MUNDT (R-ND) SAID:

"THE FUCHS CASE IS GOING TO MEAN THAT IN FUTURE ATOMIC DEVELOPMENTS AND IN ANY ATOMIC SECRETS THERE WILL BE A BIG DEMAND THAT THEY REMAIN EXCLUSIVELY IN THE HANDS OF AMERICANS WHOSE LOYALTY HAS BEEN CHECKED."

MUNDT SAID THAT FUCHS, AS A MEMBER OF THE BRITISH ATOMIC MISSION TO THIS COUNTRY, WAS NOT CHECKED AT THE TIME BY THE FBI. BUT HOOVER'S MEN WENT TO WORK ON THE CASE QUICKLY, HE SAID, AFTER THEY GOT A TIP.

REP.WOOD (D-GA), CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE COMMITTEE ON UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITES, SAID HIS GROUP UNDOUBTEDLY WILL LOOK INTO THE FUCHS CASE.

REP.NIXON (R-CALIF), TOP-RANKING REPUBLICAN ON THAT COMMITTEE, SAID THAT RUSSIA MAY HAVE HAD "COMPLETE DATA" ABOUT THE ATOMIC BOMB BY THE END OF 1945. TO SUPPORT HIS STATEMENT, NIXON GAVE REPORTERS A PORTION OF WHAT HE CALLED A SECRET INTELLIGENCE REPORT HE SAID WAS AVAILABLE TO PRESIDENT TRUMAN IN 1945.

IN THE REPORT, IGOR GUZENKO, FORMER CODE CLERK IN THE RUSSIAN EMBASSY IN CANADA, CALLED THE ATOMIC BOMB "THE NUMBER ONE ESPIONAGE PROJECT FOR THE SOVIETS."

NIXON SAID HE WAS MAKING PUBLIC A PORTION OF THE SECRET INTELLIGENCE REPORT--PRESUMABLY FROM THE FBI--TO EMPHASIZE A DEMAND FOR FULL DISCLOSURE ABOUT THE FUCHS CASE.

GUZENKO DESERTED HIS POST AS CODE CLERK IN THE RUSSIAN EMBASSY AND HELPED CANADA BREAK AN ATOMIC SPY CASE THERE.

NIXON SAID EITHER THE HOUSE UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES COMMITTEE OR THE SENATE-HOUSE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMITTEE SHOULD MAKE ALL THE FACTS KNOWN.

ANOTHER MEMBER OF THE HOUSE UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES COMMITTEE, REP. VELDE (R-ILL), SAID IN A STATEMENT:

"IT IS MORE APPARENT THAN EVER BEFORE THAT RUSSIA WAS ABLE TO BUILD AN ATOMIC BOMB ALMOST ENTIRELY FROM THE INFORMATION HER AGENTS OPERATING IN THE UNITED STATES OBTAINED FROM OUR SCIENTISTS.

"IT IS REGRETTABLE, INDEED, THAT OUR OWN GOVERNMENT WAS NOT ABLE TO PROSECUTE THE RUSSIAN ESPIONAGE RING WHICH OPERATED IN THIS COUNTRY AT THE SAME TIME CANADA PROSECUTED A FEW WHO OPERATED THERE. THIS EVENT (THE FUCHS CASE) AGAIN CALLS ATTENTION TO THE AMERICAN PEOPLE OF THE MANY LAXITIES AND WEAKNESSES IN OUR INTERNAL SECURITY SET-UP."

FEB 5-1950

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FEB 5-1950

REP. HINSHAW (R-CALIF), A MEMBER OF THE JOINT ATOMIC GROUP, SAID IN A STATEMENT:

"IT SHOULD BE QUITE CLEAR BY NOW THAT RUSSIA ALREADY HAS 'INTERNATIONAL INSPECTION' OF ATOMIC ENERGY ACTIVITIES. HER AGENTS AND DEMOCRACIES' TRAITORS ROAM THE U.S. AND BRITAIN ALMOST AT WILL.

"THEREFORE, THE ONLY REASON RUSSIA COULD HAVE FOR GIVING US THE RIGHT TO FREELY INSPECT SOVIET TERRITORY AND THE ATOMIC ENERGY INSTALLATIONS THERE WOULD BE TO AVOID AN ATOMIC WAR AND ASSURE WORLD PEACE.

"IF THAT BE SO, THEN IT WOULD APPEAR EITHER THAT THE POLITBURO MAY FEAR INTERNAL CONSEQUENCES OF OUR FREE INSPECTION MORE THAN IT FEARS ATOMIC WAR, OR IT IS CONFIDENT OF ITS ULTIMATE CONQUEST OF THE REST OF THE WORLD AT ALL EVENTS."

SU14/SU1154AES

ATOMIC

WASHINGTON,FEB.4-(AP)-GRAVE-FACED LAWMAKERS ANXIOUS TO PLUG ANY FURTHER LEAKS IN ATOMIC SECURITY TODAY CALLED J.EDGAR HOOVER TO TESTIFY MONDAY AFTER HEARING FIRST-HAND THAT A TRUSTED BRITISH SCIENTIST--NOW AN ATOMIC SPY SUSPECT--[redacted] "MOST VITAL WEAPONS INFORMATION."

THE SENATE-HOUSE ATOMIC COMMITTEE ASKED THE TOP G-MAN TO TESTIFY IN CLOSED SESSION AS THEY SOUGHT TO LEARN FROM LT.GEN.LESLIE R.GROVES THE SIZE OF THE HOLE IN AMERICA'S ATOMIC TREASURE CHEST.

CHAIRMAN MCMAHON (D-CONN) RELATED TO REPORTERS THAT GROVES, WARTIME HEAD OF THE ATOMIC PROJECT, HAD TOLD THE CONGRESS MEMBERS THAT SCIENTIST KLAUS FUCHS HAD "ACCESS TO A WIDE AREA OF THE MOST VITAL WEAPONS INFORMATION." GROVES INDICATED THIS INCLUDED DATA ON THE PROPOSED HYDROGEN BOMB.

HOOVER ALREADY HAS TOLD A SENATE APPROPRIATIONS GROUP, ACCORDING TO SENATORS, THAT FUCHS BECAME A PAID MOSCOW AGENT IN 1939. HE WAS FILTERED INTO THE ENGLISH ATOMIC SETUP AFTER THE WAR BROKE OUT. THE PHYSICIST THEN WORKED HIS WAY UP TO BECOME A MEMBER OF THE BRITISH ATOMIC MISSION TO THIS COUNTRY.

FUCHS WAS ALSO PRESENT EVEN AT THE ASSEMBLY OF AN ATOMIC BOMB, ACCORDING TO THIS ACCOUNT.

GROVES TESTIFIED BEHIND CLOSED DOORS--CLOSED, ONE COMMITTEE MEMBER SAID, TO KEEP OTHER POSSIBLE SPIES FROM HEARING TIPS WHICH MIGHT CAUSE THEM TO SKIP THE COUNTRY.

MCMAHON ANNOUNCED THAT GROVES WILL TESTIFY AGAIN AT A PUBLIC HEARING MONDAY AFTERNOON, AFTER THE JOINT COMMITTEE HEARS HOOVER BEHIND CLOSED DOORS.

MCMAHON SAID GROVES TOLD THE ATOMIC COMMITTEE TODAY THAT:

(1) "HE HAD NO DOUBT AS TO FUCHS' OPPORTUNITY FOR KNOWING VITAL INFORMATION"; AND (2) THE BRITISH SCIENTIST WAS NEVER SUBJECTED TO AN AMERICAN SECURITY CHECK, HAVING ALREADY BEEN CLEARED BY HIS OWN GOVERNMENT.

FUCHS IS A NATURALIZED CITIZEN OF GREAT BRITAIN. HE WAS BORN IN GERMANY AND HIS FATHER NOW LIVES IN THE COMMUNIST ZONE OF THE FORMER ENEMY NATION.

THE 38-YEAR-OLD SCIENTIST WAS BROUGHT TO COURT FRIDAY IN ENGLAND TO FACE CHARGES OF BELAYING U.S. ATOMIC SECRETS TO THE SOVIET UNION. THE FBI SAID AT THE TIME THAT IT WAS THE SOURCE OF THE TIP WHICH RESULTED IN FUCHS' ARREST.

REP.DURHAM (D-NC), VICE CHAIRMAN OF THE CONGRESSIONAL ATOMIC GROUP, SAID TODAY'S SESSION DISCUSSED--WITHOUT REACHING A DECISION--WHETHER THE UNITED STATES CAN TAKE ANY ACTION AGAINST A FOREIGN SUBJECT WHO GIVES AWAY U.S. SECRETS.

HE POINTED OUT THAT UNDER AMERICAN LAW, AN OFFENSE LIKE THE ONE KLAUS IS ACCUSED OF WOULD CALL FOR THE DEATH PENALTY ON CONVICTION.

REP.HINSHAW (R-CALIF) SAID IT'S HIS BELIEF THAT SOVIET AGENTS "AND DEMOCRACIES' TRAITORS ROAM THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN ALMOST AT WILL."

MCMAHON SAID FUCHS WAS ONE OF SOME 20 BRITISH SCIENTISTS WHO WORKED AT THE LOS ALAMOS,N.M., ATOMIC PROJECT DURING THE WAR.

"I THINK IT IS FAIR TO SAY," HE ADDED, "THAT THEIR IDENTITY AS A GROUP WAS LOST AND THEY PARTICIPATED SIDE BY SIDE WITH OTHER WORKERS, BOTH NATIVE-BORN AMERICANS AND ALSO NATURALIZED AMERICANS."

THE SENATOR ALSO QUOTED THIS PASSAGE FROM A LETTER WRITTEN SOME TIME AGO BY DR.J.ROBERT OPPENHEIMER, TOP AMERICAN ATOMIC SCIENTIST WHO HEADED THE LOS ALAMOS PROJECT:

"MEMBERS OF THE UNITED KINGDOM MISSION AT LOS ALAMOS PLAYED AN INTEGRAL PART AND A VERY IMPORTANT AND RESPONSIBLE ONE IN THE ACTUAL WARTIME DEVELOPMENT OF ATOMIC WEAPONS.

"IT NEEDS TO BE EMPHASIZED THAT EVEN IN THOSE AREAS OF LABORATORY WORK IN WHICH THE MISSION PLAYED NO DIRECT PART, IT NEVERTHELESS HAD COMPLETE ACCESS TO ALL INFORMATION AND ALL REPORTS."

GROVES, TALKING TO REPORTERS, RECALLED THE CASE OF DR.ALAN NUNN MAY, BRITISH SCIENTIST CONVICTED IN 1946 OF SLIPPING SAMPLES OF URANIUM TO A RUSSIAN AGENT.

"BETWEEN MAY AND FUCHS--IF FUCHS IS GUILTY--" SAID GROVES, ENOUGH AMERICAN SECRETS MAY HAVE BEEN PASSED TO THE SOVIET UNION TO GIVE IT A SHORT-CUT OF AT LEAST A YEAR IN ATOMIC RESEARCH.

"I WOULD SAY THAT A YEAR WOULD BE THE VERY SMALLEST ADVANTAGE THEY GOT," HE SAID.

HE MENTIONED THAT HE HAD TESTIFIED IN 1946 THAT RUSSIA COULD BUILD AN A-BOMB IN FIVE TO SEVEN YEARS WITH HELP, OR 10 TO 15 YEARS WITHOUT HELP.

IT'S CLEAR NOW, HE ADDED, THAT THE RUSSIANS GOT "A LOT MORE HELP THAN WAS CONTEMPLATED."

EMERGING FROM THE COMMITTEE SESSION AFTER HEARING GROVES' TESTIMONY, SENATOR TYDINGS (D-MD) COMMENTED:

"THIS IS VERY SERIOUS, BUT IT'S NO MORE SERIOUS THAN IT WAS YESTERDAY."

V252PES

MCMAHON-ATOMIC

WASHINGTON,FEB 4-(AP)-HERE ARE DETAILS MADE PUBLIC TODAY BY SENATOR MCMAHON (D-CONN) ON TESTIMONY OF LT.GEN.LESLIE R.GROVES, ABOUT THE SPY CHARGES AGAINST DR.KLAUS FUCHS, A BRITISH SCIENTIST: (ABOUT 450)

--DASH--

"GENERAL GROVES DISCUSSED IN QUITE SOME DETAIL OUR WARTIME PARTNERSHIP THAT WAS ENTERED INTO AT QUEBEC WITH GREAT BRITAIN AND CANADA IN 1943.

"THAT WAS THE CONFERENCE BY MESSRS.ROOSEVELT AND CHURCHILL AND IT WAS THERE THAT THE PARTNERSHIP WAS WORKED OUT THAT LED TO A BRITISH SCIENTIFIC MISSION COMING TO THIS COUNTRY.

"THERE WERE SOME 20 SCIENTISTS IN THE GROUP AND THEY WENT TO LOS ALAMOS WHERE I THINK IT IS FAIR TO SAY THEIR IDENTITY AS A GROUP WAS LOST AND THEY PARTICIPATED SIDE BY SIDE WITH THE OTHER WORKERS,

BOTH NATIVE-BORN AMERICANS AND ALSO NATURALIZED AMERICANS."

MCMAHON NAMED A NUMBER OF GERMAN AND ITALIAN ATOMIC SCIENTISTS WHO ALSO WERE IN THE INNER GROUP.

"IN THIS MISSION WAS THIS FELLOW FUCHS AND IT WAS IN THAT CAPACITY THAT HE HAD ACCESS TO A WIDE AREA OF THE MOST VITAL WEAPONS INFORMATION.

"GENERAL GROVES RELATED THAT HE ACCEPTED THE CERTIFICATE OF CLEARANCE THAT WAS DELIVERED TO HIM FROM THE BRITISH AUTHORITIES AS TO THE LOYALTY OF THE MEMBERS OF THE MISSION. NO INVESTIGATION WAS MADE BY HIS SECURITY DIVISION OF THE MEMBERS OF THIS MISSION.

"THE PRACTICE WAS FOLLOWED IN THE MANHATTAN DISTRICT OF CHECKING UP ON SOME OF THE INDIVIDUALS IN THE PROJECT WHO WERE IN POSSESSION OF TOP SECRET INFORMATION. BUT FUCHS DID NOT COME UNDER SUCH SCRUTINY."

IN ANSWER TO A QUESTION, MCMAHON SAID HE DID NOT KNOW WHETHER ANY BRITISH SCIENTISTS HAD BEEN CHECKED BY U.S.ATOMIC SECURITY OFFICIALS.

"AS I SAID THE BRITISH LOST IDENTITY AND WERE SUBJECT TO THE SAME KIND OF CONTROL AND SUPERVISION AS ALL THE REST OF THE PEOPLE. YOU MUST REMEMBER THAT THE PROJECT HAD 125,000 PEOPLE IN IT AT THE PEAK AND IT WAS IMPOSSIBLE TO HAVE A COMPLETE CHECK ON ALL OF THE PEOPLE. IF THAT HAD BEEN DONE, YOU WOULD NEVER HAVE GOTTEN THE PROJECT DONE."

MCMAHON WAS ASKED HOW MANY WERE IN THE SO-CALLED INNER GROUP AND FOR REPLY HE QUOTED AN UNCLASSIFIED PARAGRAPH FROM A LETTER JULY 15, 1949 FROM DR.J.ROBERT OPPENHEIMER, WARTIME HEAD OF THE LOS ALAMOS, N.M., PROJECT THAT DEVELOPED AND EXPLODED THE FIRST A-BOMB.

THE SENATOR EXPLAINED THAT THIS LETTER WAS ASKED LAST YEAR AT THE TIME THE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE WAS REVIEWING BRITISH, CANADIAN AND U.S.ATOMIC RELATIONS.

THE OPPENHEIMER LETTER STATED:

"FROM THE ABOVE BRIEF SUMMARY IT WILL BE CLEAR THAT MEMBERS OF THE UNITED KINGDOM MISSION AT LOS ALAMOS PLAYED AN INTEGRAL PART AND A VERY IMPORTANT AND RESPONSIBLE ONE IN THE ACTUAL WARTIME DEVELOPMENT OF ATOMIC WEAPONS. IT NEEDS TO BE EMPHASIZED THAT EVEN IN THOSE AREAS X LABORATORY WORK IN WHICH THE MISSION PLAYED NO DIRECT PART, IT NEVERTHELESS HAD COMPLETE ACCESS TO ALL INFORMATION AND ALL REPORTS."

"GENERAL GROVES INDICATED THAT HE HAD NO DOUBTS AS TO FUCHS' OPPORTUNITY FOR KNOWING VITAL INFORMATION. (See correction)

"THE COMMITTEE PLANS TO HEAR FROM J.EDGAR HOOVER ON MONDAY AT A CLOSED SESSION AND WE MAY HEAR FROM GENERAL GROVES LATER IN OPEN SESSION AFTER WE REVIEW HIS TESTIMONY.

"WE HOPE TO GIVE YOU (REPORTERS) AND THE PEOPLE AS MUCH INFORMATION AS POSSIBLE AS WE GO ALONG WITHIN THE LIMITS OF SECURITY."

GG/LT326PES

C O R R E C T I O N

WASHINGTON--MCMAHON-ATOMIC TEXT (B93-94WX DAY) INSERT FOLLOWING AFTER FOURTH GRAF FROM END, BEGINNING: "FROM THE ABOVE BRIEF SUMMARY ETC X X X AND ALL REPORTS."

CONTINUING HIS DISCUSSION OF GROVES' TESTIMONY, MCMAHON SAID:

"GENERAL GROVES ETC.

(CLARIFYING SOURCE OF QUOTES)

THE AP

ES740PES NM

FEB 5 - 1950

COLD WAR (1,000)

BY JOHN M.HIGHTOWER

WASHINGTON, FEB 4--(AP)--THE UNITED STATES MOVED ON MANY FRONTS THIS WEEKEND TO STRENGTHEN KEY MILITARY AND POLITICAL POSITIONS AGAINST RUSSIAN PRESSURE IN THE COLD WAR WHICH STEADILY GREW HOTTER.

TOP OFFICIALS HERE REPORTED CONTINUING TODAY TO SEEK SOME FORMULA THAT WOULD LESSEN THE TENSIONS OF THE CONFLICT. BUT IN THE STATE AND DEFENSE DEPARTMENTS--PERHAPS THE WHITE HOUSE ITSELF--THERE APPEARS TO BE ALMOST NO OPTIMISM ABOUT THE CHANCES OF AN IMPROVEMENT IN THE WORLD SITUATION.

BY CONTRAST WITH SENATOR MCMAHON'S $50,000,000,000 (B) PROPOSAL FOR WINNING ATOMIC ARMS CONTROL, THE ACTUAL MOVES OF ADMINISTRATION OFFICIALS DISCLOSED THEY ARE MAINLY CONCERNED NOW WITH MATCHING AMERICAN POWER AGAINST RUSSIAN POWER AT EVERY POINT OF THE CONFLICT WHERE NEW STRENGTH CAN BE BROUGHT TO BEAR.

WHAT APPARENTLY CAUSES AMERICAN POLICY MAKERS MOST CONCERN IS THAT THE SOVIET-COMMUNISTS, HAVING SCORED THEIR TREMENDOUS TRIUMPHS IN CHINA, NOW ARE PRESSING ON IN SOUTHEAST ASIA.

MOREOVER, AS ECA ADMINISTRATOR PAUL HOFFMAN REPORTED YESTERDAY ON HIS RETURN FROM PARIS, ALL OFFICIAL INFORMATION INDICATES THAT THE WESTERN EUROPEAN COMMUNISTS ARE BEGINNING TO REGAIN CONFIDENCE IN MOSCOW'S LEADERSHIP AND GENERATE THE DRIVING POWER OF NEW OFFENSIVES.

OFFICIALS IN POSITION TO KNOW GLOOMILY CONCEDE THAT AT THE MOMENT RUSSIA IS ON THE OFFENSIVE OR IN POSITION TO STRIKE NEW BLOWS AT MANY SECTORS OF COMMUNISM'S EURASIAN FRONTIER.

THE WESTERN NATIONN ON THEIR PART HAVE LOST MUCH OF THE MOMENTUM WORKED UP BY THE EARLY SUCCESSES OF THE MARSHALL PLAN AND THE ATLANTIC TREATY. THEY ARE HOLDING STRONG POSITIONS IN EUROPE STILL-- EVEN IN GERMANY AND BERLIN--BUT THERE IS CONCERN FOR THE FUTURE AND THERE IS OBVIOUS WESTERN WEAKNESS IN DEALING WITH THE SITUATION IN ASIA.

DIPLOMATIC AUTHORITIES POINTED TODAY TO THE FOLLOWING PRESENT OR PROSPECTIVE STEPS BY THE AMERICAN GOVERNMENT AS INDICATING A GRAVE CONCERN WITH WHICH WASHINGTON LOOKS TO THE FUTURE AS WELL AS THE MEANS BEING EMPLOYED TO STRENGTHEN THE WESTERN POSITION:

A153WX

1. PRESIDENT TRUMAN ORDERED THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION TO GO AHEAD ON THE HYDROGEN BOMB BECAUSE HE CONSIDERS IT ESSENTIAL TO AMERICAN SECURITY IN THE ARMS RACE WITH RUSSIA.

DESPITE SOME SUGGESTIONS IN CONGRESS AND FROM AEC STAFF SCIENTISTS, HE DECIDED AGAINST A SPECIAL APPEAL TO THE RUSSIANS FOR AGREEMENT ON ATOMIC CONTROL. IN ADVANCE OF HIS ANNOUNCEMENTS LAST TUESDAY, THEN

HE RULED OUT ANY SPECIAL REPORT ON THE MATTER TO THE UNITED NATIONS.
THE REAL REASON BEHIND HIS DECISIONS IS THAT MR. TRUMAN AND SECRETARY OF STATE ACHESON BELIEVE THIS IS A TIME TO GIVE EVERY EVIDENCE OF STRENGTH AND DETERMINATION IN DEVELOPING STRENGTH AND TAKE NO ACTION WHICH COULD BE INTERPRETED BY THE RUSSIANS AS A SIGN OF WEAKNESS. IT IS A FUNDAMENTAL OF PRESENT AMERICAN FOREIGN POLICY MAKING THAT THE MEN IN THE KREMLIN SCORN THE APPEALS OF REASON OR COMPROMISE AND REACT ONLY TO REAL POLITICAL OR OTHER FORCE.

2. THE NAVY IS PLANNING TO STRENGTHEN ITS FORCES IN THE WESTERN PACIFIC TO OFFSET THE THREAT OF LARGE SCALE RUSSIAN SUBMARINE OPERATIONS.

EVEN THOUGH THE ADMINISTRATION HAS WRITTEN OFF FORMOSA SO FAR AS AMERICAN MILITARY PROTECTION IS CONCERNED, THERE IS CONSIDERABLE WORRY HERE OVER OTHER MOVES WHICH THE VICTORY-FLUSHED RUSSIAN AND CHINESE COMMUNISTS ARE BELIEVED ABOUT TO TAKE. WITH RESPECT TO SOUTHEAST ASIA, IN FACT, THE SITUATION APPEARS SOMEWHAT LIKE THAT OF THE PRE-PEARL HARBOR DAY OF A DECADE AGO WHEN THE JAPANESE WERE DRIVING SOUTH TOWARD SINGAPORE AND THE DUTCH EAST INDIES, USING INDO-CHINA AS A STRATEGIC POINT ENROUTE.

3. SINCE INDO-CHINA MAY WELL BE THE NEXT MAIN THEATER OF CONFLICT IN THE FAR EAST, THE STATE DEPARTMENT AND THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT ARE CONSIDERING MEASURES WHICH MIGHT STRENGTHEN THE NON-COMMUNIST FORCES THERE.

PROBABLY NEXT WEEK THE UNITED STATES WILL RECOGNIZE THE FRENCH-BACKED VIET NAM REGIME OF EMPEROR BAO DAI. THE RUSSIANS AND CHINESE REDS HAVE ALREADY RECOGNIZED THE COMMUNIST ADMINISTRATION OF HO CHI MINH. FRANCE PROTESTED TO RUSSIA THIS WEEK; BRITAIN AND AMERICA BACKED FRANCE. THE CLASH OF EAST-WEST POWER POLITICALLY IS NOWHERE MORE SHARPLY DEFINED THAN IN THESE EARLY SKIRMISHES OVER INDO-CHINA.

MILITARILY IF COMMUNIST HO WITH RUSSIAN-CHINESE SUPPORT BEGINS TO THROW HIS WEIGHT AROUND VIGOROUSLY, THE UNITED STATES MAY BE EXPECTED TO GIVE MILITARY SUPPORT IN THE FORM OF SUPPLIES AND POSSIBLY ADVISERS TO THE FRENCH FORCES, MORE THAN 150,000 MEN, IN INDO-CHINA.

4. SIMILARLY IN EUROPE, THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN AND FRANCE ARE CONFRONTED WITH THE POSSIBILITY OF STRONG MOSCOW-DIRECTED ACTION AGAINST ANOTHER COUNTRY--YUGOSLAVIA--WHICH IS EXTREMELY IMPORTANT TO THEM IN THE COLD WAR. IT SYMBOLIZES THE ABILITY OF A COMMUNIST LEADER TO DECLARE HIS INDEPENDENCE OF KREMLIN DECREES AND STILL SURVIVE.

THE ADMINISTRATION IS PREPARED TO CONSIDER FAVORABLY MILITARY ASSISTANCE IN THE FORM OF ARMS AND EQUIPMENT FOR MARSHALL TITO IF SOVIET-COMMUNIST FORCES ADD MILITARY PRESSURE TO THEIR ECONOMIC AND POLITICAL ASSAULT ON YUGOSLAVIA THIS SPRING.

5. BEST INFORMED AMERICAN OFFICIALS BELIEVE THAT REGARDLESS OF STRUGGLES FOR CONTROL IN COUNTRIES LIKE INDO-CHINA, BURMA, YUGOSLAVIA OR ELSEWHERE, RUSSIA'S PRIMARY LONG-RANGE OBJECTIVES MUST BE TO TRY TO TAKE OVER GERMANY AND JAPAN BECAUSE OF THEIR MILITARY POTENTIAL.

AMONG THE MOST IMPORTANT CURRENT DEVELOPMENTS, THEREFORE, ARE THE VISIT OF THE AMERICAN JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF TO JAPAN AND THE DECLARATION OF THE STATE DEPARTMENT THURSDAY THAT IT WAS CONSIDERING RETALIATION AS THE RUSSIANS PRACTICED NEW SQUEEZE TACTICS ON TRUCK TRAFFIC TO BERLIN.

THE FACT THAT DISPATCHES THIS MORNING TOLD OF THE RELEASE OF BACKLOGGED TRUCKS BY RUSSIAN AUTHORITIES WAS NOT TAKEN HERE AS A MATTER OF TOO GREAT SIGNIFICANCE. THE RUSSIANS HAVE REMINDED THE WESTERN POWERS AND THE GERMAN PEOPLE ALL OVER AGAIN OF THEIR ABILITY TO MAKE TROUBLE ALONG THE WESTERN ROUTES TO BERLIN. WESTERN RESPONSE HAS BEEN TO THREATEN RETALIATION AND WARN OF A REVIVAL OF THE AIRLIFT.

IT IS AGAINST THIS BACKGROUND OF MOVES ON THE CHECKERBOARD OF WORLD POWER THAT STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS UNDERTOOK THIS WEEK TO STUDY MCMAHON'S PROPOSAL AND OTHER SUGGESTIONS FROM CAPITOL HILL FOR TRYING TO GET TOGETHER WITH THE RUSSIANS ON ATOMIC CONTROL AND OTHER GREAT COLD WAR ISSUES.

CHAIRMAN TYDINGS OF THE SENATE ARMED SERVICES COMMITTEE SUMMED UP CONSIDERABLE ADMINISTRATION THINKING ON THE SITUATION WHEN HE TOLD REPORTERS LAST NIGHT THAT EVERYTHING POSSIBLE TO OPEN AVENUES OF AGREEMENT OUGHT TO BE DONE BUT THAT HE DID NOT SEE MUCH HOPE OF SUCCESS.

ONE POINT TO KEEP IN MIND IS THAT WHILE SOME MEMBERS OF CONGRESS QUESTIONED WHAT MAY BE RUSSIA'S LONG RANGE MOTIVES, STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS ACCEPT NOW AS BEYOND QUESTION THAT RUSSIA IS OUT TO EXTEND COMMUNIST DOMINATION OVER CONSTANTLY EXPANDING AREAS OF THE WORLD UNTIL ITS RULE IS COMPLETE.

OFFICIALS SAY THAT THE RUSSIANS MAY BE DEFEATED IN THIS PURPOSE BUT THAT A COMPROMISE SETTLEMENT OF SUCH AN ISSUE AS ATOMIC ENERGY WOULD FROM THEIR POINT OF VIEW BE MAINLYSPICE FOR

BUT THAT A COMPROMISE SETTLEMENT OF SUCH AN ISSUE AS ATOMIC ENERGY WOULD FROM THEIR POINT OF VIEW BE MAINLY A DEVICE FOR A BREATHING SPELL. FROM THE AMERICAN POINT OF VIEW IT IS SAID THIS MIGHT BE WORTH TRYING IF THERE WAS REASON TO THINK THAT THE BREATHING SPELL COULD BE STRETCHED OUT INTO LONG TERM PEACE BY STABILIZING RUSSIA'S POSITION IN THE WORLD.

HOWEVER, RESPONSIBLE AUTHORITIES DOUBT THAT THE RUSSIANS ARE IN A MOOD TO MAKE ANY CONCESSIONS OR PUT THEMSELVES OUT IN THE INTEREST OF REAL PEACE--AS COMPARED WITH A PROPAGANDA "PEACE OFFENSIVE"--AT A TIME WHEN THEY ARE RIDING HIGH IN ASIA AND APPARENTLY PLAN TO GET THEIR FORCES MOVING AGAIN IN EUROPE.

SU1232PES

MILITARY JUSTICE (110)

WASHINGTON, FEB 4-(AP)-LEGISLATION TO SET UP ONE MILITARY LAW FOR SOLDIERS, SAILORS AND AIRMEN ALIKE WAS BEFORE THE HOUSE AGAIN TODAY.

THE SENATE YESTERDAY APPROVED 62 TO 9 A HOUSE-PASSED BILL FOR A SINGLE CODE, BUT MADE SOME CHANGES REQUIRING HOUSE AGREEMENT.

THE SERVICES HAVE IMPORTANT VARIATIONS IN THEIR RULES FOR TRYING MILITARY OFFENDERS.

UNDER THIS BILL ENLISTED MEN CAN DEMAND THAT THEIR JUDGES INCLUDE ENLISTED MEN; ACCUSED PERSONS WOULD BE GUARANTEED COMPETENT LEGAL COUNSEL WHO COULD CROSS-EXAMINE WITNESSES AT PRE-TRIAL INVESTIGATIONS; AND GUILTY PLEAS WOULD BE PROHIBITED IN CASES INVOLVING DEATH SENTENCES.

SU804AES

FEB.4)

(ADVANCE)..WASHINGTON,FEB.4-(AP)-AN ALL-WOMAN MIBBLON FROM GERMANY IS ARRIVING THIS WEEKEND TO STUDY RURAL HOME ECONOMICS IN THE UNITED STATES, THE ECONOMIC COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION ANNOUNCED TODAY.

FOUR WOMAN TEACHERS ARE IN THE DELEGATION. THEY PLAN TO STUDY EFFICIENCY METHODS IN USE ON AMERICAN FARMS AND IN KITCHENS. THEY WILL SERVE AS THE NUCLEUS FOR A PROGRAM OF IMPROVING HOME ECONOMICS IN GERMANY.

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 7 P.M. EST TODAY FEBRUARY 4)

V547PES

(280) NAVAL EXERCISES

WASHINGTON, FEB.4-(AP)-THE WARSHIPS OF FOUR NORTH ATLANTIC POWERS WILL TEAM UP NEXT MONTH IN CARIBBEAN TRAINING EXERCISES.

THE VESSELS WILL BE PROVIDED BY THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN, CANADA AND THE NETHERLANDS.

WHILE THE FORCES ENGAGED WILL BE RELATIVELY SMALL, THEIR TEAMWORK MAY BE A FORERUNNER OF GREATER PEACETIME COOPERATION AMONG ATLANTIC PACT FLEETS.

THE CARIBBEAN EXERCISES WILL FOLLOW OPERATION PORTREX, THE U.S. MILITARY MANEUVERS SCHEDULED TO REACH THEIR CLIMAX IN THE PUERTO RICAN AREA EARLY IN MARCH.

CANADA AND THE UNITED KINGDOM WILL HAVE OBSERVERS AT PORTREX, IN WHICH 80,000 TROOPS WILL TEST U.S. ABILITY TO SIEZE A BEACHHEAD FOR STRATEGIC AIR OPERATIONS.

RUSSIA'S INTEREST IN THESE EXERCISES MAY BE INDICATED BY RECENT REPORTS OF RUSSIAN "FISHING SHIPS" MOVING THROUGH THE CARIBBEAN ON THEIR WAY FROM THE BALTIC TO VLADIVOSTOK VIA THE VIRGIN ISLANDS AND THE PANAMA CANAL.

IF WAR EVER COMES, SOME U.S. MILITARY OFFICIALS EXPECT LONG RANGE RUSSIAN SUBMARINES TO ATTACK THE VITAL REFINERIES IN THE DUTCH WEST INDIES, POSSIBLY WITH GUIDED MISSELS CARRYING ATOMIC WARHEADS.

THE SAME AUTHORITIES THINK RUSSIAN SUBS ALSO WOULD ATTACK SHIPPING THAT CARRIES OIL, BAUXITE (FOR ALUMINUM), AND SUGAR THROUGH THE CARIBBEAN.

THE FOUR-POWER NAVAL TRAINING EXERCISES ARE EXPECTED TO INCLUDE PRACTICE IN ANTI-SUBMARINE OPERATIONS.

THE DUTCH NOW HAVE FOUR VESSELS IN THE CARIBBEAN AREA--ONE AIRCRAFT CARRIER, A CRUISER, A FRIGATE, AND A GUNBOAT.

THE BRITISH WILL BE REPRESENTED BY THE CRUISER GLASGOW AND POSSIBLY BY ONE OF FOUR FRIGATES NORMALLY BASED ON BERMUDA.

CANADA WILL HAVE THE CARRIER MAGNIFICENT AND THE DESTROYER MICMAC IN THE CARIBBEAN AREA, AND THEY ARE EXPECTED TO TAKE PART IN THE MANEUVERS.

ES717PES

(300) TRUMAN

WASHINGTON, FEB 4-(AP)-PRESIDENT TRUMAN SAID TONIGHT THAT NO OTHER COUNTRY IN THE WORLD--PARTICULARLY THOSE "BEHIND THE IRON CURTAIN"--HAS THE FREEDOM OF EXPRESSION THAT IS AFFORDED IN THE UNITED STATES.

THE PRESIDENT, SPEAKING AT THE ANNUAL DINNER OF THE RADIO CORRESPONDENTS ASSOCIATION, CONTRASTED THE GATHERING WITH THE LACK OF NEWS OPPORTUNITIES AFFORDED BY RUSSIA AND HER SATELLITES.

MR.TRUMAN DID NOT MENTION SOVIET RUSSIA BY NAME IN HIS TALK, WHICH FOLLOWED AN EVENING OF ENTERTAINMENT IN WHICH BOB HOPE WAS MASTER OF CEREMONIES.

THE PRESIDENT POINTED OUT THAT THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE, VICE PRESIDENT BARKLEY, SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE RAYBURN AND CHIEF JUSTICE ALL WERE IN ATTENDANCE.

IN NO OTHER COUNTRY, HE SAID, PARTICULARLY THOSE BEHIND THE IRON CURTAIN, WOULD THERE BE SUCH AN OCCASION OR SUCH A GATHERING. NOWHERE ELSE, HE SAID, DOES THE HEAD OF STATE RECEIVE RADIO CORRESPONDENTS, NEWSPAPERMEN "AND EVEN COLUMNISTS" REGULARLY EACH WEEK TO ANSWER QUESTIONS THEY PUT TO HIM.

HE SAID HE DIDN'T BELIEVE THAT THIS PRIVILEGE WAS FULLY APPRECIATED.

MR.TRUMAN SAID THE UNITED STATES MUST NEVER FORGET ITS RESPONSIBILITY FOR KEEPING THE PEACE. THIS RESPONSIBILITY, HE SAID, THE REPORTERS AND RADIO CORRESPONDENTS SHARE WITH HIM. HE SAID THEY MUST ALWAYS STRIVE TO SEE THAT THE TRUTH IS TOLD, AND THAT HE HAS NO FEAR "WHEN HONEST MEN KNOW THE FACTS."

THE PRESIDENT TOOK OCCASION TO COMPLIMENT RADIO COMMENTATOR H.V. KALTENBORN, WHO HAD PARTICIPATED IN A QUIZ ACT ON THE PROGRAM. THE ACT FEATURED A PLAYBACK OF THE TALK MR.TRUMAN MADE LAST YEAR IN WHICH HE IMITATED A KALTENBORN 1948 ELECTION NIGHT BROADCAST PREDICTING THE PRESIDENT'S DEFEAT.

KALTENBORN TONIGHT MADE SPORT OF HIS OWN BROADCAST AND MR.TRUMAN SAID THAT HE WAS "HAPPY" THE COMMENTATOR HAD TAKEN THE RIBBING IN SUCH GOOD FASHION. THEN THE PRESIDENT ADDED, "I HAVE TO TAKE EVERYTHING THAT COMES MY WAY."

GG1235AES

TRUMAN-PEACE (170)

WASHINGTON, FEB.4-(AP)-THE MAN WHO ORDERED CONSTRUCTION OF THE TERRIBLE HYDROGEN BOMB SPOKE GRAVELY YESTERDAY OF THE CHANCES FOR GAINING WORLD PEACE.

"WE SOMETIMES THINK WE ARE APPROACHING A SOLUTION," PRESIDENT TRUMAN TOLD A GROUP OF BAPTIST MISSIONARIES, "AND THEN SOMETIMES WE ARE NOT SURE."

A TRANSCRIPT OF MR.TRUMAN'S REMARKS TO THE CHURCHMEN OF HIS OWN FAITH WHO CALLED AT HIS OFFICE, WAS RELEASED BY THE WHITE HOUSE. IT SAID IN PART:

"THE ONLY WAY WE WILL EVER ARRIVE AT PEACE IN THE WORLD IS TO SETTLE IT ON A MORAL CHRISTIAN BASIS. AND THAT IS WHAT I HAVE BEEN WORKING ON FOR FIVE YEARS OR MORE.

"WE SOMETIMES THINK WE ARE APPROACHING A SOLUTION AND THEN SOMETIMES WE ARE NOT SO SURE. X X X

"BUT YOU OUGHT TO ALWAYS BEAR IN MIND THAT THIS COUNTRY OF OURS HAS NO AGGRESSIVE AMBITIONS OF ANY SORT. OUR INTEREST IS THE PEACE AND WELFARE OF THE PEOPLE IN THE COUNTRIES WITH WHICH WE ARE ASSOCIATED. AND (THERE IS) NO DESIRE ON OUR PART TO TAKE THEM OVER EITHER GOVERNMENTALLY, FINANCIALLY, PHYSICALLY OR OTHERWISE."

ES653AES

(170)

NEW YORK, FEB. 4-(AP)-TECHNICALITIES WERE COMPLETED TODAY FOR MONDAY'S HEARING ON THE APPEAL OF THE FIVE LAWYERS AND ONE DEFENDANT WHO DREW JAIL SENTENCES FOR CONTEMPT WHEN THE RECENT TRIAL OF 11 COMMUNIST LEADERS CONCLUDED HERE.

A 90-PAGE BRIEF IN ARGUMENT AGAINST THE APPEAL WAS FILED IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT OF APPEALS BY U.S. ATTORNEY IRVING H. SAYPOL.

FIVE LAWYERS FOR THE COMMUNIST LEADERS AND ONE OF THE DEFENDANTS, EUGENE DENNIS, SECRETARY OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY, ALL APPEALED THEIR SENTENCES ON THE GROUND THAT THEY DESERVED A TRIAL.

OF THE ATTORNEYS, HARRY SACHER AND RICHARD GLADSTEIN WERE SENTENCED TO SERVE SIX MONTHS IN PRISON, GEORGE W. CROCKETT, JR., ABRAHAM J. ISSERMAN, FOUR MONTHS AND LOUIS F. MCCABE, 30 DAYS. DENNIS GOT A SIX MONTHS SENTENCE.

THE ANSWER TO THE APPEAL DECLARED THE FIRST PRINCIPAL QUESTION INVOLVED WAS WHETHER FEDERAL JUDGE HAROLD R. MEDINA, WHO CONDUCTED THE TRIAL, "WAS ENTITLED TO VIEW THE LONG SERIES OF ACTS OF MISBEHAVIOR IN OPEN COURT AS A UNIFIED PLAN BY THE APPELLANTS, ACTING JOINTLY TO OBSTRUCT THE ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE."

JB&HJ1030PES

FEB 5-1950

30.24- 8747

NEW YORK, FEB 4-(AP)-WARNING THAT RUSSIA MAY OUTSTRIP THE U.S. IN THE ATOMIC ENERGY RACE, A UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS PHYSICIST LAST NIGHT URGED AMERICAN SCIENTISTS TO JOIN MORE FULLY IN GOVERNMENT AND MILITARY RESEARCH.

DR.FREDERICK SEITZ SAID THE SPEED WITH WHICH RUSSIA DEVELOPED THE A-BOMB "IS AT LEAST FIVE TIMES GREATER THAN OUR RATE OF ADVANCE IN DEVELOPMENT OF ATOMIC ENERGY SINCE THE WAR."

THERE IS "GRAVE DANGER THAT THEY WILL PASS US WITHIN THE NEXT DECADE," HE TOLD THE AMERICAN PHYSICAL SOCIETY, WHICH INCLUDES MOST OF THE NATION'S TOP-FLIGHT PHYSICISTS.

NOTING A TREND OF MANY LEADING SCIENTISTS TO STEER CLEAR OF GOVERNMENT PROJECTS, HE SAID THIS "RETICENCE" MUST BE OVERCOME BECAUSE OF THE CURRENT INTERNATIONAL CRISIS.

MUCH OF THE RELUCTANCE TO DO MILITARY RESEARCH IS DUE TO CONCERN WITH MORAL AND ETHICAL ISSUES, HE SAID.

HE ADDED THAT MORAL SATISFACTIONS OF AVOIDING RESEARCH ON WEAPONS WOULD NOT MEAN ANYTHING IF WESTERN CIVILIZATION WERE OVERTHROWN.

AIMING A SHARP SLAP AT SOME GOVERNMENT POLICIES CONCERNING MILITARY RESEARCH, DR.SEITZ SAID MANY SCIENTISTS SHUN CONNECTION WITH SUCH WORK FOR THESE REASONS:

1. THEY FEAR FUNDAMENTAL RESEARCH WILL BE RETARDED BY OVEREMPHASIS ON THE MILITARY.

2. THEY FEAR HASTY CHARACTER ASSASSINATION ON "GROUNDS WHICH BEAR LITTLE RELATIONSHIP TO ACTUAL GUILT."

3. THEY ARE IMPATIENT WITH SECRECY COMPLICATIONS WHICH "INTERRUPT THE FREE FLOW OF INFORMATION THAT SHOULD BE WIDELY DISSEMINATED, AND PROVIDE A COMPLETELY FALSE SENSE OF SECURITY."

"WHILE IT IS EVIDENT THAT CONGRESS IS AWARE THAT A GRAVE CRISIS CONFRONTS US," DR.SEITZ SAID, "IT IS ALSO EVIDENT THAT AN APPRECIABLE COMPONENT OF CONGRESS IS NOT AWARE OF THE CONDITIONS WHICH MUST BE MET IF WE ARE TO OBTAIN THE MOST FROM OUR SCIENTIFIC FRATERNITY.

"THE CONTINUED PARTISAN ATTACKS ON TOP ADMINISTRATION OF THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION ON THE BASIS OF ISSUES WHICH APPEAR ABSURD TO THE MAJORITY OF SCIENTISTS HAS PROBABLY DONE AS MUCH TO IMPEDE THE PROGRESS OF THAT ORGANIZATIONS AS A NUMBER OF WELL-PLACED RUSSIAN AGENTS COULD."

DN744AES

NEW YORK, FEB 4-(AP)-IT WAS A GOOD DAY FOR LAUGHS AT THE SPY CONSPIRACY TRIAL OF VALENTIN A. GUBITCHEV AND JUDITH COPLON.

FBI AGENT JOHN F. MALLEY TESTIFIED YESTERDAY THAT AFTER A MEETING BETWEEN THE TWO DEFENDANTS FEB.18, 1949, HE SAW GUBITCHEV ENTER A BUILDING ALONE AND COME OUT CARRYING A BAG, CONTENTS UNKNOWN.

LATER AT A RECESS REPORTERS GATHERED AROUND THE RUSSIAN ENGINEER TO ASK WHAT WAS IN THE BAG.

"PUMPERNICKEL, CAKE AND BOLOGNA," SAID GUBITCHEV.

EARLIER, DEFENSE COUNSEL ABRAHAM L. POMERANTZ ASKED MALLEY IF THE DEFENDANTS ACTED "LIKE A BOY AND A GIRL GOING OUT TOGETHER?"

"YES," SAID MALLEY, THEN CORRECTED HIMSELF. IT WAS MORE, HE SAID, "LIKE A MAN AND A WOMAN GOING OUT TOGETHER."

WHY NOT SETTLE THE QUESTION, SUGGESTED FEDERAL JUDGE SYLVESTER J. RYAN, BY REFERRING TO THE PAIR AS "MALE AND FEMALE."

THE DEFENSE CONTENDS GUBITCHEV, SUSPENDED UNITED NATIONS AIDE, AND MISS COPLON, EX-JUSTICE DEPARTMENT EMPLOYE, WERE IN LOVE AT THE TIME.

THE TRIAL, IN WHICH THEY ARE ACCUSED OF CONSPIRING TO SEND U.S. SECRETS TO RUSSIA, IS IN ADJOURNMENT FOR THE WEEKEND.

M603AES

NEW YORK, FEB.4-(AP)-THE NEW YORK TIMES SAYS A SECRET CAMPAIGN IS GOING ON AMONG CHINESE-AMERICANS HERE TO SELL MAO TZE-TUNG'S "PEOPLE'S VICTORY BONDS."

THE TIMES SAID ONLY A FEW THOUSAND DOLLARS WORTH OF THE BONDS HAVE BEEN SOLD SO FAR. THE CAMPAIGN, IT SAID, IS BEING CARRIED ON BY CHINESE AND CHINESE-AMERICAN SUPPORTERS OF THE COMMUNIST-DOMINATED GOVERNMENT OF CHINA.

NATIONALIST SYMPATHIZERS IN THE CHINESE COMMUNITY--INCLUDING MOST OF THOSE WHO COULD AFFORD TO BUY THE BONDS--ARE ACTIVELY OPPOSING THE DRIVE, THE TIMES SAID.

THE NEWSPAPER SAID THAT IN ORDER TO GET AROUND REGULATIONS AGAINST THE SALE OF SUCH BONDS, THOSE WHO BUY ARE ASKED TO COMMISSION THE SELLERS TO SEND THEIR MONEY TO CHINA.

THERE, THE TIMES SAID, THE FORMAL SALE IS EFFECTED AND THE BONDS ARE HELD IN DEPOSIT BY A CANTON BANK.

FH1008PES

CHICAGO, FEB. 4-(AP)-THE REPUBLICAN VETERANS' LEAGUE BELIEVES THAT THE HOOVER REPORT AS A WHOLE IS A GOOD THING, BUT THAT PARTS OF THE VETERANS REPORT SHOULD BE CHANGED.

THE LEAGUE'S STAND WAS TAKEN HERE TODAY AT A MEETING OF REPRESENTATIVES OF ITS STATE VET GROUPS FROM CALIFORNIA, IOWA, PENNSYLVANIA, OHIO, AND ILLINOIS.

IN A RESOLUTION, THE VET WING OF THE G.O.P. STOOD BESIDE THE NATIONAL VETERANS GROUPS WHICH HAVE VOICED DISAPPROVAL OF THE PORTION OF THE HOOVER REPORT RELATING TO EX-SERVICEMEN.

THE RESOLUTION READ IN PART: "X X X THE REPUBLICAN VETERANS' LEAGUE SHARES THE EXPRESSIONS OF OTHER VETERANS ORGANIZATIONS WHICH HAVE STUDIED THE REPORT IN ITS ENTIRITY, AND BELIEVES THAT MINOR PORTIONS OF THE REPORT, RELATING TO VETERANS, SHOULD BE AMENDED TO MEET THEIR OBJECTIONS--BUT WITHOUT CASTING DISCREDIT ON THE REPORT AS A WHOLE."

RALPH LUSK, QUINCY, ILL., THE ILLINOIS STATE LEAGUE CHAIRMAN, SAID THAT THE VETERANS GROUP WAS FOR LEGISLATION THAT HELPED THE VETERAN, BUT NOT FOR LEGISLATION THAT HELPED THE VETERAN AT THE EXPENSE OF OTHER GROUPS. "THIS TYPE OF LEGISLATION MUST BE SCREENED VERY CLOSELY," HE SAID.

K633PCS NM

CHICAGO,FEB.4-(AP)-DR.ALBERTO LLERAS CAMARGO, SECRETARY GENERAL OF THE ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES, SAID TODAY THAT THE OAS MUST FUNCTION UNTIL A DEMOCRATIC WORLD ORGANIZATION EXISTS IN WHICH EACH NATION HAS AN EQUAL VOTE.

DR.LLERAS, FORMER PRESIDENT OF COLUMBIA AND PUBLISHER OF THE BOGOTA EL LIBERAL AND SEMANA SPOKE ON THE RELATION OF THE OAS AND ITS SECRETARIAT, THE PAN AMERICAN UNION, TO THE UNITED NATIONS.

IN AN ADDRESS PREPARED FOR DELIVERY TO THE PAN AMERICAN COUNCIL OF CHICAGO, DR.LLERAS SAID THAT THE LATIN AMERICAN COUNTRIES WERE SHOCKED AT THE SAN FRANCISCO CONFERENCE ON ORGANIZING THE U.N.

"ACCUSTOMED TO LIVING WITH THE WORLD'S MIGHTIEST POWER AS IN A NEIGHBORHOOD OF EQUALS, THEY NOW FOUND THEMSELVES REQUIRED," SAID DR. LLERAS, "TO SUBMIT TO A NEW CLASSIFICATION X X X EVERY STATE AS LABELED AS EITHER GREAT, MEDIUM, OR SMALL. IN THE LAST NAMED WERE MOST OF THE LATIN AMERICAN REPUBLICS. X X X"

NM K315PCS

~~TOYS~~ (330)

PHILADELPHIA,FEB.4-(AP)-TUESDAY IS "T" DAY FOR THOUSANDS OF EUROPEAN CHILDREN. "T" IS FOR TOYS.

ABOUT 900,000 TOYS COLLECTED BY THE AMERICAN LEGION FROM ALL OVER THE UNITED STATES WILL BE SHIPPED TO ROTTERDAM ABOARD THE U.S.LINES' FLAGSHIP, AMERICAN DEFENDER.

CARE (ALL CAPS) A RELIEF ORGANIZATION, WILL DISTRIBUTE THE TOYS TO CHILDREN OF THE NETHERLANDS, AUSTRIA, BERLIN AND WESTERN GERMANY.

IT IS THE FIRST SHIPMENT OF MANY. UNDERPRIVILEGED CHILDREN OF FRANCE, ITALY, GREAT BRITAIN, GREECE AND NORWAY WILL GET TOYS IN FUTURE SHIPMENTS.

ELEVEN-YEAR-OLD JUDITH ANN FAY OF WESTMONT,N.J., WILL START THE TRAINS, DOLLS, MINIATURE AUTOMOBILES AND OTHER CHILDREN'S TOYS FLOWING TO THE TOTS OF WESTERN EUROPE.

THE LITTLE NEW JERSEY GIRL WAS SELECTED FROM AMONG CHILDREN OF MEMBERS OF THE PHILADELPHIA AND CAMDEN (N.J.) CHAPTERS OF THE GOLD STAR WIVES OF AMERICA. SHE WAS NAMED "MOST REPRESENTATIVE OF AMERICAN WAR ORPHANS." HER FATHER, MAJOR CHARLES J.FAY, WAS KILLED IN THE BATTLE OF THE CORAL SEAS SIX YEARS AGO.

JUDITH HAS BEEN STAYING UP LATE PREPARING HER ONE MINUTE SPEECH TO BE BROADCAST OVER A NATIONAL NETWORK (ABC) WHICH WILL CARRY THE CEREMONIES.

A DISPLACED EUROPEAN CHILD, STILL TO BE NAMED, WILL SPEAK FOR FELLOW COUNTRYMEN.

MORE THAN 400 CHILDREN FROM THE PHILADELPHIA PUBLIC AND PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS WILL WITNESS THE SAILING. APPROXIMATELY 100 OF EUROPEAN DISPLACED CHILDREN, NOW RESIDENTS OF PHILADELPHIA, ALSO WILL BE PRESENT.

A HIGH SCHOOL BAND WILL PLAY THE ANTHEMS OF EUROPEAN NATIONS WHILE 52 GIRLS CARRY AMERICAN FLAGS, EACH BEARING THE NAME OF A MAN LOST IN WORLD WAR TWO.

GEORGE N.CRAIG, FIRST VETERAN OF THE WORLD WAR II TO BE ELECTED NATIONAL COMMANDER OF THE AMERICAN LEGION, AND RADIO COMMENTATOR DREW PEARSON, WILL SPEAK. PEARSON IS CREDITED WITH ORIGINATING THE "TIDE OF TOYS" PROJECT.

WEATHER PERMITTING, THE SHIP IS EXPECTED TO LEAVE FOR ROTTERDAM 30 MINUTES AFTER THE CEREMONY ENDS. ITS SAILING WILL BEGIN OVERSEAS TRANSPORTATION OF MORE THAN 3,000,000 TOYS.

THE NATIONWIDE "TIDE OF TOYS" PROGRAM WAS LAUNCHED ON DEC.26, WITH 17,400 AMERICAN LEGION POSTS SERVING AS COLLECTION CENTERS. LOCAL COLLECTION DRIVES, THROUGH WHICH CHILDREN IN THE U.S., WERE ASKED TO GIVE NEW PLAYTHINGS AS AN EXPRESSION OF FRIENDSHIP TO TOYLESS YOUNGSTERS ABROAD, ENDED JAN.20.

THE LARGEST SHIPMENT TO ARRIVE INTACT BROUGHT 30,000 TOYS FROM MIAMI, FLA. HARVEY SEEDS OF POST 29 OF THE LEGION SPONSORED THE MIAMI TOT DRIVE.

CHESTER, PA., TURNED IN 22,000 TOYS. OTHER MAJOR CONTRIBUTIONS CAME FROM KANSAS CITY, MO., 21,000; RICHMOND, VA., 15,000; TOLEDO, O., 15,000; LOWER MERION, PA., 12000; DES MOINES, IA., 11,000.

CALIFORNIA HAS PLEDGED 1,000,000 CONTRIBUTIONS WHILE WISCONSIN LEGIONNAIRES REPORT THEIR TOTAL WILL BE AT LEAST 250,000.

OTHER ESTIMATES OF INCOMPLETE RETURNS BY STATES INCLUDED:

VIRGINIA AND GEORGIA, 50,000 EACH; ILLINOIS, 200,000; OKLAHOMA, 40,000, AND OHIO, 125,000.

MNOST OF THE SHIPMENT CHECKED INTO THE WAREHOUSE TO DATE ORIGINATED IN SMALL TOWNS, WALTER E.ALESSANDRONI, OVERSEAS SHIPPING DIRECTOR OF THE TOYS, SAID.

ALESSANDRONI SAID SHIPMENTS HAD ARRIVED FROM SUCH COMMUNITIES AS ULYSSES,NEB.; CHICOPEE,GA.; LOOGOOTEE,IND.; STRAWBERRY POINT,IA., AND MILFORD,MASS.

EE-JH451PES

FEB 5 1950

~~NIGHT LEAD~~ (150)

~~SAN FRANCISCO~~, FEB.4-(AP)-NAVY HEADQUARTERS SAID TODAY IT WAS CONVINCED THAT WHAT WAS DESCRIBED AS A SUBMARINE OFF HUMBOLDT BAY YESTERDAY WAS A FISHING BOAT.

BUT 12TH DISTRICT HEADQUARTERS DID NOT QUESTION EARLIER REPORTS OF SUBMARINE ACTIVITY---APPARENTLY BY FOREIGN CRAFT---IN THE EUREKA AREA.

PLANS HAD BEEN MADE BY THE NAVY FOR AN AIR SEARCH OF THE SEA IN THAT VICINITY TODAY, BUT THESE WERE CALLED OFF. THE CEILING WAS VERY LOW AND VISIBILITY BAD.

A NAVY SPOKESMAN HERE SAID OFFICERS WERE CONVINCED THAT RAY MASON OF EUREKA ACTUALLY SAW A FISHING BOAT YESTERDAY, HUGGING THE LEE OF THE COAST AS IT PREPARED TO ENTER HUMBOLDT BAY. HE WAS REPORTED ABOUT 3 1/2 MILES FROM THE SPOT. COAST GUARD LOOKOUTS AT THE STATION AT THE ENTRANCE TO THE BAY SAW NO SIGN OF A SUBMARINE.

A SUBMARINE WAS REPORTED SEEN LAST WEEKEND IN THE VICINITY OF THE LANDING AIDS EXPERIMENTAL STATION AT EUREKA. ALTHOUGH THE UNDERWATER CRAFT HAD A RIGHT TO BE THERE, THE NAVY INDICATED IT WAS USUAL COURTESY OF FOREIGN NATIONS TO NOTIFY THE NAVY WHEN ITS WAR VESSELS WERE SENT SO CLOSE TO SHORE.

EW-SD729PCS

SAN FRANCISCO, FEB.4-(AP)-NAVY PLANES WERE ORDERED TO SEARCH THE WATERS OFF NORTHERN CALIFORNIA TODAY FOR A FOREIGN SUBMARINE.

THE TWELFTH NAVAL DISTRICT ANNOUNCED THE FLIGHTS AS IT RECEIVED, WITH SOME SKEPTICISM, A FOURTH REPORT THAT A U-BOAT HAD BEEN SEEN OFF EUREKA, CALIF.

THE NAVY DID NOT QUESTION THE PREVIOUS REPORTS--TWO BY FISHING BOAT CAPTAINS AND A THIRD BY A PRIVATE AIRPLANE PILOT. FROM THESE DESCRIPTIONS NAVY SPOKESMEN SAID THE MYSTERIOUS SUBMERSIBLE APPEARED TO BE A GERMAN CRAFTY, MANY OF WHICH ARE NOW IN POSSESSION OF THE RUSSIANS.

RAY MASON OF EUREKA SAID HE SAW A SUB SURFACE YESTERDAY ABOUT 600 YARDS FROM THE HUMBOLDT BAY LIFEBOAT STATION. A NAVY SPOKESMAN SAID THE NAVY WAS INCLINED TO QUESTION THE ACCURACY OF THE REPORT BECAUSE MASON WAS 3 1/4 MILES FROM WHERE HE SAID THE SUBMARINE EMERGED.

NAVY INVESTIGATORS TALKED TO PERSONNEL OF FISHING BOATS IN THE IMMEDIATE AREA AND TO PERSONNEL AT THE LIFEBOAT STATION. NONE HAD SEEN THE SUB, THE NAVY SPOKESMAN ADDED.

WEATHER PERMITTING, THE SEARCH PLANES WERE ORDERED TO TAKE OFF AT DAWN FROM ALAMEDA NAVAL AIR STATION ON SAN FRANCISCO BAY. ITS ABOUT A 250 MILE FLIGHT TO THE AREA WHERE THE UNDERSEA BOAT WAS REPORTED.

THE SUBMARINE WAS REPORTED SEEN LAST WEEK-END IN THE VICINITY OF THE LANDING AIDS EXPERIMENTAL STATION AT EUREKA. THE STATION IS DEVELOPING METHODS OF HELPING PLANES LAND IN FOG.

THE FISHING BOAT SKIPPERS, EARL MCCARTY AND LEONARD HARRISON, SAID THEY WATCHED THE CRAFT JANUARY 27 THROUGH BINOCULARS.

AIRPLANE PILOT AL CHISHOLM SAID HE WAS 800 FEET ABOVE THE OCEAN WHEN HE SAW THE SUB SUNDAY.

THE NAVY SAID THEMEN REPORTED THE CRAFT WAS FIVE OR SIX MILES OFFSHORE, OUTSIDE OF U.S.TERRITORIAL WATERS. ALTHOUGH THE UNDERWATER CRAFT HAD A RIGHT TO BE THERE, THE NAVY INDICATED IT WAS USUAL COURTESY OF FOREIGN NATIONS TO NOTIFY THE NAVY WHEN ITS WAR VESSELS WERE SENT SO CLOSE TO SHORE.

WD359APS

30.24- 8749

FEB 5-1950

SAN FRANCISCO,FEB.4-(AP)-JAMES R.ROBERTSON IS NO LONGER THE "FORGOTTEN MAN" OF THE HARRY BRIDGES PERJURY TRIAL.

ROBERTSON, 44, VICE PRESIDENT OF BRIDGES' CIO LONGSHORE UNION, DENIED FROM THE WITNESS STAND YESTERDAY THAT HE IS OR EVER WAS A COMMUNIST. HE DENIED HE EVER ATTENDED A COMMUNIST MEETING.

HE HAD SAT ALMOST UNNOTICED AND ALMOST COMPLETELY IGNORED SINCE THE TRIAL BEGAN NOVEMBER 14.

ROBERTSON AND HENRY SCHMIDT, THE UNION'S INTERNATIONAL REPRESENTATIVE, ARE CHARGED WITH CONSPIRACY TO DEFRAUD IN TESTIFYING FOR BRIDGES AT THE AUSTRALIAN-BORN LABOR LEADER'S CITIZENSHIP HEARING HERE IN 1945. BRIDGES IS CHARGED WITH CONSPIRACY TO DEFRAUD AND WITH PERJURY IN TELLING THE NATURALIZATION EXAMINER THAT HE HAD NEVER BEEN A COMMUNIST.

ROBERTSON TESTIFIED THAT HE WAS WAITING TO BE A SPECTATOR AT BRIDGES' NATURALIZATION, WHEN HE WAS PICKED AS A LAST-MINUTE SUBSTITUTE FOR A MAN WHO COULD NOT QUALIFY AS BRIDGES' SUPPORTING WITNESS.

"OF COURSE, I WAS PROUD TO STAND UP AND BE A WITNESS FOR BRIDGES," HE TESTIFIED. "OF COURSE, I HAD NO IDEA THIS (THE TRIAL WAS GOING TO HAPPEN."

AT THE NATURALIZATION HEARING,HE SAID, HE HAD VOUCHED FOR BRIDGES' LOYALTY TO THE UNITED STATES AND "MOST CERTAINLY" HAD RECOMMENDED HIM FOR CITIZENSHIP. HE TESTIFIED HE HAD HAD NO PREVIOUS CONVERSATION WITH ANYONE AS TO WHAT HE WAS GOING TO SAY.

HE ACKNOWLEDGED, UNDER CROSS-EXAMINATION, THAT HE WAS BORN AND CHRISTENED CHRISTOPHER COLUMBUS ROBERTSON, BUT CHANGED HIS NAME BECAUSE OF BOYHOOD JIBES.

BRIDGES IS EXPECTED TO TESTIFY NEXT WEEK.

DV610ACS NM

SAN FRANCISCO,FEB 4 (AP)-~~THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS~~ TODAY RENEWED THEIR PROPAGANDA ATTACKS ON THAILAND (SIAM) AND HONG KONG.

THE PEIPING RADIO, HEARD IN SAN FRANCISCO BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS, SAID THE DEMOCRATIC LEAGUE HAD SENT A MESSAGE TO CHINESE IN THAILAND DENOUNCING "THE THAILAND GOVERNMENT'S OPPRESSIVE ACTS AGAINST CHINESE NATIONALS RESIDING IN THAT COUNTRY."

THE DEMOCRATIC LEAGUE IS ONE OF THE MINORITY GROUPS THAT THE COMMUNISTS HAVE USED TO GIVE THEIR REGIME THE COLOR OF A COALITION.

THE LEAGUE MESSAGE, REITERATING RED CHARGES THAT CHINESE IN THAILAND HAVE BEEN IMPRISONED, BEATEN AND SLAIN, URGED THEM TO "STAND FIRM" AND DECLARED, "FINAL VICTORY WILL BE YOURS."

THAILAND HAS DENIED THE RED ACCUSATIONS.

ANOTHER PEIPING BROADCAST SAID THE CANTON TRADE UNION COUNCIL HAD PROTESTED STRONGLY AGAINST THE GOVERNMENT OF BRITISH HONG HONG KONG "FOR SERIOUSLY INJURING 30 HONG KONG WORKERS AND CAUSING INJURIES TO ANOTHER 70 TO 80 ON JAN.30."

HONG KONG POLICE ON THAT DATE BROKE UP A RIOT OF TRAMWAY STRIKERS, BUT HAVE STATED THAT INJURIES WERE MINOR, CONSISTING MOSTLY OF BRUISES FROM MISSILES THROWN BY THE RIOTERS.

THE CANTON PROTEST SAID, "THE BRUTAL AND SAVAGE ACTION OF THE HONG KONG GOVERNMENT DEMONSTRATES THAT IT IS INTENSIFYING PERSECUTION OF WORKERS AND COUNTRYMEN AND DEPRIVING THEIR RIGHTS TO FREE EXISTENCE."

GG1240PCS

TELESS YOUTH WHO HAS CROSSED
A HOME MAY GET HELP FROM CONGRESS.
NO COUNTRY HE CAN CALL HIS
S TO HAVE BEEN DEPORTED TO CHINA
GRANTED HIM A MONTH'S STAY.
EMPLOYED ACCOUNTANT, READ
TO FIND A HOME FOR THE YOUTH AND
ITED STATES.
STED. HE WROTE LETTERS TO U.S.

FORMED DE CORTE TODAY HE HAD OFFERED
S TO AUTHORIZE IMMIGRATION AND
TION AUTHORITIES SAY THEY HAD NO
S. BECAUSE HE WAS UNABLE TO

IS FATHER, WHO WAS BRITISH, DIED
WENT TO SCHOOL FOR 10 YEARS
WHICH ANY COUNTRY COULD

ISCO IN SEPTEMBER, 1949, AS A
ER TO NORTH CHINA BUT SUCCEEDED

A GOLD STAR MOTHER, HAS OFFERED
WAS INFORMED IN A LETTER FROM
A LETTER FROM MONSIGNOR
NEB., OFFERING TO ACCEPT

JB424PES NM

SAGINAW, MICH., FEB. 4-(AP)-A STATELE
THE PACIFIC THREE TIMES IN QUEST OF A HO
NICOLAS D. NICOLAIE, 19, WHO HAS NO
OWN, IS NOW IN SAN FRANCISCO. HE WAS TO
JAN. 29 BUT IMMIGRATION AUTHORITIES GRAN
R. PAT DE CORTE OF SAGINAW, AN UNEMPL
ABOUT NICOLAIE'S PLIGHT. HE SET OUT TO
PERMISSION FOR HIM TO STAY IN THE UNITED
DE CORTE GOT SAGINAW CLUBS INTERESTED
SENATORS AND REPRESENTATIVES.
REP. FRED L. CRAWFORD (R-MICH) INFORM
A BILL IN THE HOUSE OF REPREENTATIVES TO
NATURALIZATION OF NICOLAIE. IMMIGRATION
LEGAL WAY OF ADMITTING HIM TO THE U.S. B
OBTAIN A VISA FROM ANY COUNTRY.
NICOLAIE WAS BORN IN SHANGHAI. HIS F
IN 1933. HIS MOTHER IS POLISH. HE WENT
IN SHANGHAI. HE HAS NO DOCUMENTS ON WHI
GRANT HIM A VISA.
THE YOUTH FIRST CAME TO SAN FRANCISCO
STOWAWAY. HE WAS DEPORTED IN NOVEMBER T
IN RETURNING.
MRS. MARY LEWRY OF SAN FRANCISCO, A G
TO ADOPT THE YOUTH, DE CORTE SAID HE WAS
NICOLAIE. DE CORTE SAID HE ALSO HAD A L
NICHOLAS H. WEGNER (CQ) OF BOYSTOWN, NEB
NICOLAIE AT BOYSTOWN.

JB424PES NM

(WEEKLY OIL) (310)

BY RAY B. SKELTON

(ADVANCE)--HOUSTON,FEB.4-(AP)-GREAT BRITA

SECTIONS AGAINST AMERICAN OIL COMPANIES A

OILMEN AND CONGRESSMEN WANT TO KNOW HOW

OOPERATION ADMINISTRATION MONEY IS BEING USED TO EXPAND HER OWN OIL DUSTRY.

SEVERAL SENATORS HAVE INDICATED HEAVY SLASHINGS OF UNITED STATES UROPEAN RECOVERY FUNDS WIL BE IN ORDER IF THEY CONFIRM WHAT THEY US PECT.

THE ADMINISTRATION IS EXPECTED TO ASK CONGRESS SHORTLY FOR $3,100,000,000 (B) FOR THE RECOVERY PROGRAM.

IN DECEMBER BRITISH OFFICIALS ORDERED A BAN ON ALL FUEL OIL IMPORTS ROM AMERICAN COMPANIES AND A ONE-THIRD REDUCTION IN GASOLINE IMPORTS.

THE ORDER BECAME EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1.

INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND KENYA IMMEDIATELY MADE SIMILAR ANNOUNCEMENTS.

THE ANNOUNCEMENTS EXPLAINED IT WAS DESIRED THAT SUCH OIL FROM AMERICA COMPANIES BE REPLACED BY SURPLUS BRITISH RESERVES AS THEY BECOME AILABLE.

AMERICAN OILMEN DO NOT LIKE TO THINK OF BRITAIN CUTTING OFF A ARGE PORTION OF THEIR OVERSEAS MARKET AND THEN USING AMERICAN ECA ONEY TO AID IN REPLACING THE MARKET WITH HER OWN PETROLEUM RESERVES.

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NON-BELIEVERS

A FIFTH MAJOR IMPORTER OF FOREIGN OIL HAS ANNOUNCED CUTBACK PLANS BUT MPORTS OPPONENTS DO NOT SEEM TO BE IMPRESSED.

SOCONY-VACUUM OIL COMPANY, INC., PLANS A CUT OF 5000 BARRELS AILY. STANDARD OIL OF NEW JERSEY, SHELL, GULF AND TEXACO ALREADY AD RELEASED CUTBACK STATEMENTS.

MOST INDUSTRY SPOKESMEN WHO HAVE BLAMED IMPORTS FOR DOMESTIC ROUBLES THINK THE CUTS ARE NOT DEEP ENOUGH.

WILLIAN J. MURRAY, JR., CHAIRMAN OF THE TEXAS RAILROAD COMMISSION, AID 1950 RECEIPTS OF THE 11 MAJOR IMPORTERS, INCLUDING THOSE NNOUNCING CUTS, STILL WILL EXCEED LAST YEAR BY 20 PER CENT OR BOUT 106,000 BARRELS DAILY.

THE TEXAS INDEPENDENT PRODUCERS AND ROYALTY OWNERS ASSOCIATION ESCRIBED THE COMPANY ANNOUNCEMENTS AS "TOKEN REDUCTIONS." AN SSOCIATION OFFICIAL SAID ONLY ABOUT 41,000 BARRELS OF OIL DAILY WILL E AFFECTED. WITH IMPORTS STILL REMAINING OVER 700,000 BARRELS DAILY.

(END ADVANCE FOR AMS OF SUNDAY FEB. 5)

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30.24- 8751

BERLIN TRUCKS SLOWED AGAIN

But American Doubts Russian 'Little Blockade' Is Back

Berlin, Feb. 5 (AP)—Berlin-bound truck traffic was slowed down again tonight on the Soviet zone frontier. However, an American transport official said he did not consider this a re-establishment of the "little blockade."

Yesterday the Russians said they were dropping their two-week-old traffic restrictions. They said they were imposed to stop smuggling. Western officials believe it was their threat of economic reprisals that caused the Russians to call off tactics that choked highway traffic to Berlin.

After almost a day and a half of freedom from restrictions, the Berlin-bound traffic was reduced to six trucks an hour from 5 P.M. onward. Two hours later a backlog of 25 vehicles waited at the Soviet barrier across the superhighway at Helmstedt.

Await End Of Difficulties

Charles A. Dix, United States transport chief here, said he did not consider this proved re-establishment of the "little blockade."

"East German authorities have promised that various document difficulties will be eliminated by tomorrow, so I prefer to wait until then to see whether they make good." Dixon added. "If these difficulties are removed, then a normal winter rate of ten trucks an hour should be maintained at Helmstedt."

The Russians dropped their "little blockade" only six hours before telling the Western powers there had been no blockade—only an anti-smuggling drive at the frontier.

Russian Answers Protests

Formally answering two alleged protests of January 21 and January 26, Maj. Gen. Alexander Kotikov, the Soviet commandant, alleged that contraband had been slipping out of the Soviet zone in West German trucks. The three Western commandants will confer on Kotikov's reply this week.

Western observers thought the warning of Western reprisals had caused the Russians to halt the little blockade.

The Russians knew the Western powers already had drawn up a list of priority exports to be cut off from eastern Germany. The United States State Department had said countermeasures were under consideration.

The most critical material needed by the Soviet zone economy is steel. This is the first which will be embargoed if the going gets tough.

Matter Of Definitions

Meanwhile, some Western Allied officials admitted smuggled wares leave Berlin by truck, but said such goods were contraband by Soviet and not Western definition.

Said one official:

"We don't think it is illegal, for instance, for somebody who has moved to western Germany to want to ship along the furniture from his East German home. But the Russians call it smuggling.

"The same way with scrap metal and old machinery, the two categories the Russians are trying hardest to stop. Their zone is in very short supply of them. We don't have comparable restrictions."

CITES RUSSIAN H-BOMB GAINS

German Scientist Infers Soviet Progress On Hydrogen

Berlin, Feb. 5 (AP)—A German scientist writing for the Communist newspaper, *Neues Deutschland*, deduced today that Russia had made "important technical progress" toward a hydrogen bomb.

Prof. Robert Havemann, in an article titled "Mr. Truman's Great Theatrical Thunder," said it was "complete nonsense" for the United States to speak of having a monopoly in hydrogen research.

A teacher at Communist-controlled Berlin University and a member of the east German Volkskammer (Parliament), Professor Havemann did not claim special knowledge of atomic development inside Russia.

Control Reactions In Soviet

But he asserted: "News from the Soviet Union about the use of atomic energy for peaceful purposes has generally led to the assumption that in the Soviet Union already such nuclear reactions (fusion of heavy elements with hydrogen) are being controlled."

The German scientist said the American project for nuclear reaction from heaviest hydrogen (triton) "has the disadvantage of the exceptional rarity of triton and the laboriousness of its synthetic production."

But he argued that "hydrogen reactions with better prospects are the fusion of heavy nuclei with hydrogen, that is to say, the linking of hydrogen atoms in the so-called hydride—which are compounds of heavier elements, among others those of metals—with hydrogen."

Panic Called U.S. Aim

Dr. Havemann said the Russians apparently had been experimenting with this type of hydrogen reaction instead of the triton type.

The scientist concluded:

"The threat put into the world by the Americans about a superbomb is clearly aimed at creating panic among people who have weak nerves and are considered uninformed enough to swallow whole the propaganda bomb of the White House in Washington.

Bomb Hailed By Adenauer

Oberhausen, Germany, Feb. 5 (AP)—Konrad Adenauer, chancellor of the West German republic, today indorsed President Truman's decision to proceed with development of the hydrogen bomb.

The decision, he said in a speech, came as the Russians were applying pressure on the Western powers in Berlin. Adenauer declared it was of the "greatest importance" that the Western powers stay in Berlin. He said the bomb would help preserve peace.

Adenauer also referred to the Saar, which has been integrated economically with France. He said the solution to the Saar problem should rest with the Saarlanders themselves but did not indicate specifically whether he was proposing a plebiscite.

Adenauer addressed a meeting of his Christian Conservative Union (CDU) and its southern wing, the Christian Socialist Union.

Center Of World Tension

Adenauer said western Germany was in the center of world tension and added: "Therefore one must understand Germany's desire for the greatest possible security."

Without giving the source of his information, Adenauer said he expected the occupation statute, which outlines the western Allies' controls over western Germany, would be revised in favor of the Germans this summer or fall.

He also predicted that his Government would deal directly with foreign missions soon. Western Germany presently deals with them through the Allied High Commission.

Allies Unworried By Coup Rumor; It's An 'Old Story'

Berlin, Feb. 5 (AP)—Western Allied officials reacted coolly tonight to the proposal of Kurt Schumacher, Socialist leader, that they use tanks to guard West Berlin against a Communist youth rally next May 26, 27 and 28.

These officials said it was more probable they would throw West Berlin's streets open to the young Communist marchers, but would enforce "adequate security measures."

"Rumors of a *Putsch*, such as were given out at Bonn today by Dr. Schumacher, are an old story," one American source explained. "We do not intend to be stampeded by rumors nor provoked into irrational acts.

"At this time, the trend of thinking is to build no 'police wall' around West Berlin. Instead we might shake the Communists' fanaticism by showing them that things here are better than in the Russian sector."

German Minister Flies To U.S. For Trade Talks

Frankfurt, Germany, Feb. 5 (AP)—Franz Bluecher, West German Vice Chancellor, left by air today for the United States to discuss European trade questions.

Bluecher, who is West Germany's Minister for the European Recovery Program, said he hopes to discuss liberalization of European trade, the freeing of European currencies from controls and reform of European customs tariffs.

Bluecher said at Rhein Main Airport here that another of his aims it to further German export trade with the United States. Without such help, he said, Western Germany would be unable to overcome her trade difficulties.

Belgrade Says U.S. Papers, Vatican Join In Propaganda

Belgrade, Yugoslavia, Feb. 5 (AP). Yugoslavia's official press today accused the Vatican, *Time* magazine, the Chicago *Tribune* and the Hearst newspapers of conducting a coordinated campaign against this country, alleging anti-Catholic persecution.

The newspaper *Borba*, voice of Premier Marshal Tito's government denounced in particular an article written by *Time's* Paris correspondent, Andre Laguerre, after an eighteen-day visit to Belgrade viewing conditions in Yugoslavia.

Arrests Of Priests Cited

Borba said Laguerre wrote that the Catholic Church is persecuted, and that thousands of priests have been arrested and subjected to terror.

[The *Time* magazine article said that in the past five years the Communist regime in Yugoslavia has killed 350 to 400 priests and imprisoned an equal number. It said that it had killed one Catholic bishop and imprisoned two.]

Borba said Laguerre's report does "not deserve serious attention because we knew when he came to Belgrade how and what he was going to write," and that he came with "more or less finished articles . . . dictated by his chief" editor, Henry R. Luce.

Borba said that simultaneously with the publication of the *Time* article, *Osservatore Romano*, organ of the Vatican, and the Vatican radio began "invented" attacks charging church persecution in Yugoslavia.

The paper quoted—and denied—alleged reports from these two sources that 500 nuns here had been forced to leave their congregations and that Yugoslavia has been destroying Catholic churches with dynamite.

It linked the alleged campaign to an article in the Chicago *Tribune* a few weks ago which purportedly desribed Yugoslavia as a "dirty and lousy nation." *Borba* said this should not be surprising in view of the *Tribune's* "very sympathetic attitude toward Axis powers" during the war.

Tells Of Letter By Priest

It cited also a letter to the New York *Times* by a priest identified only as "Father Pandjic," complaining about suppression of the Catholic church in Yugoslavia and charging the regime was responsible for the death of 400 priests and 300,000 of the "faithful."

"These many-sided actions of anxious protectors of the church in Yugoslavia show that the writing of Laguerre in *Time*, the letter of Pandjic in the New York *Times*, as well as a campaign led by Vatican propaganda, is not casual," *Borba* said.

"Nor," it added, "can it be explained only by the fact that the vicar of the Catholic church in Belgrade was arrested because he sold dollars on the black market and hid persons wanted by the peoples' authorities.

Charges Criminal Acts

"One vicar is still far from 400 priests, 500 nuns and 300,000 of the faithful. It is not a question of persecuting the Catholic church but of the prosecution of criminal deeds and those who committed them."

This was an apparent reference to the arrest of the Rev. Janez Janko, Catholic Vicar General of the Belgrade diocese, which was confirmed yesterday by an official Yugoslav Government spokesman.

Borba leveled no specific accusations against the Hearst press. But it lumped all four—*Time* magazine, the Chicago *Tribune*, the Hearst newspapers and the Vatican—together in saying the campaign for "defense of religious freedom" has not been started "casually."

May Write What They See

Borba sandwiched into the article definitions upon which, it said, Government authorities appraise articles written about Yugoslavia by foreign correspondents here. *Borba* said the authorities do not object to criticism provided it is constructive.

"We do not feel that correspondents should be allowed to write only positive articles about Yugoslavia in superlatives," the newspaper said.

"Eyewitnesses may write about us but write what they see. If that, from their point of view, is negative, they may so write . . . we do not give them a formula by which to write."

[The Associated Press correspondent has not found a single case of outgoing censorship in the past twelve months, but there is fast and careful check on printed material.

[Authorities hold the trump card in that they can refuse extension of visas—usually issued for a three-month period—if they regard the writing of any correspondent as deliberately "false and tendentious."]

Czech Says H-Bomb Can't Save System

Prague, Czechoslovakia, Feb. 5 (AP)—Justice Minister Alexei Cepicka said today the possession of the hydrogen bomb would not save capitalism.

He told a conference of lay judges that since the threat of the atom bomb faded, the capitalists "thought up a new thing—the hydrogen super bomb."

"But not even this can save them, as their days are numbered," he said.

This was the first public reference to the hydrogen bomb made by any Czechoslovak Government official since President Truman gave approval for the development of the new weapon last week.

Cepicka, son-in-law of President Klement Gottwald, also told the conference:

"The watchfulness of our people will never again be deceived by Uncle Sam. He will find us prepared in every way."

Universal Military Service in Poland

Armed Forces To Be Built Along Soviet Lines

LONDON, Feb. 5 (AP).—The Polish Sejm (Parliament) has approved a new universal military service law to build the Polish armed forces along the lines of the Soviet Army, the official news agency Pap said today in a broadcast from Warsaw.

The reorganization follows the November appointment of former Soviet Marshal Konstantin Rokossovsky as Poland's Defense Minister and commander of its armies.

The new law makes all Polish citizens whatever their nationality, creed, education, origin or social status, subject to military service. It was passed yesterday.

Pap said the law is based on the Soviet Army's experience and introduces a new division of Polish military strength into land forces, air force, navy, anti-aircraft and interior forces.

The new law introduces three types of basic military service: The cadre, or basic framework, of a regular army unit, the territorial and the substitute military service. The broadcast did not explain the substitute military service.

An auxiliary military service has been reserved for women.

RED VANDALS PAINT U. S. CONSULATE WALLS

VENICE, Italy, Feb. 5 — (AP) Communists today painted on the U. S. Consulate here signs attacking an American diplomat connected with American arms aid for Italy.

The slogans were aimed at Joseph E. Jacobs, special assistant to U. S. Ambassador James C. Dunn. They read "down with Jacobs." Others said: "We want work and bread" and "down with the H-bomb."

The incident occurred when a group of about 50 Communists going to a meeting called by Venice's Communist mayor, Giovanni Jacinto, passed the consulate. They scrambled up to the consulate windows and stuck up a flag with the inscription "pace" (peace).

Police who usually guard the building were away at the time.

Archbishop Denounces Bomb

Liverpool, England, Feb. 5 (AP)—The Archbishop of York, Dr. Cyril Garbett, described the hydrogen bomb today as a "devilish weapon" which must be outlawed if civilization is to survive.

"Now that the race to make this super bomb has been started, it will only end either by its use in war, or by an international agreement to prohibit or control its manufacture," he said in a sermon. "It is the only alternative—destruction or agreement."

CHIANG RETURN TO POST URGED

Assemblymen Also Assail Li In Presidency Dispute

Taipei, Formosa, Feb. 5 (AP)—National assemblymen on Formosa petitioned Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek today to resume the presidency of Nationalist China.

"If you refuse, you will go against the wishes of the whole nation," they said in a telegram to Chiang at his Grass Mountain retreat near Taipei. "We want your leadership in the fight against the Reds. We earnestly hope you will announce this very day your resumption of the presidency."

Sharp Message To Li Tsung-jen

Simultaneously they addressed a sharply worded radiogram to acting President Li Tsung-jen in New York, saying they were "very indignant over the many wrongs done to the country and the constitution."

Li was urged to "state your position clearly."

Chiang "retired" from the presidency January 19, 1949, letting Li take over for a futile attempt to negotiate peace with the Communists.

Prolonged friction between the Chiang and Li factions reached a climax last December when Li flew to the United States for treatment of an ulcer.

Refuses To Step Down

As things stand, Chiang cannot resume his position as president unless Li reverts to his former post of vice president. This Li has consistently refused to do.

The Nationalist *China News* said in an editorial today:

"The time has come for a final showdown. Either Chiang or Li must assume the presidency. . . . A disunited Nationalist camp cannot expect to win support from Uncle Sam."

Saw Raiders Sink Boats

The paper said Li's absence and lack of action made impossible a needed major reshuffle of the Nationalist Government.

The official *Central Daily News* commented in similar vein Saturday.

The Nationalists, still fighting back from this island refuge, announced that in the past week their air force had sunk or damaged 332 Communist boats along the mainland coast. Five locomotives, 55 buildings and eight defense works also were listed as destroyed.

Raids Continue

A dispatch from Hainan, Nationalists' big island, said the latest raids this weekend sank 80 Communist invasion boats, set fire to a shipyard on the Luichow Peninsula, and inflicted heavy casualties on a Red army encampment.

(Dispatches from Hong Kong said two Nationalist Mustangs Sunday morning set afire a huge gasoline dump, a coal dump and strafed a train at Sumchun, a Chinese town only 40 yards from the border of British Hong Kong.)

Tightening internal security, the Nationalists announced execution Saturday of two naval officers for having attempted to take the gunboat Meisung to the Reds last October. Arrest of five Formosan businessmen for trying to stir up the aborigines also was reported.

The aborigines, living in the wild Formosan interior in varying degrees of savagery, are estimated to total about 140,000.

Formosa Executes 2 Officers

TAIPEI, Formosa, Feb. 5 (AP)—Two Nationalist Chinese naval officers were executed yesterday for having attempted to turn over the gunboat Meisung to the Communists. They were Lieut. Commdr. Mao Cha-fe, who commanded the craft, and Second Lieut. Chang Chi-chun.

Refuses To Fly Correspondents

Kyoto, Japan, Feb. 5 (AP)—Lieut. Gen. George Stratemeyer, Far East Air Force commander, declined today to take three American correspondents by air to Kyushu to cover the final phase of the joint chiefs of staff visit.

The joint chiefs are due to depart from Kyushu Monday for Okinawa. The correspondents, who followed the visitors to Kyoto by train, cannot reach Kyushu by that means before the takeoff.

FIRMER STAND IN ASIA HINTED

Visit Of Joint Chiefs Of Staff To Far East Brings Signs

TOKYO, Monday, Feb. 6 (AP)—The United States Joint Chiefs of Staff left for Okinawa today on a tour that may result in a stronger military attitude toward communism in Asia.

The Joint Chiefs ended a five-day stay in Japan by taking off from Itazuke Airfield on northern Honshu for the big island air base in the Ryukyus.

Secret conversations of the four top commanders with Gen. Douglas MacArthur and his chief planners left the impression in Tokyo that a tougher military attitude may result, backed by increased attention to military needs in this area and by a program of "digging in."

These were the prevalent impressions in Tokyo after three days of secret conversations among America's four top commanders and General MacArthur and his chief planners.

New Threat Becomes Issue

Only the participants know fully what went on at these conferences, but it is evident that the local occupation commanders urged a bolder display of force to save a situation they described as critical.

A main issue was the new threat to southeast Asia; posed by Chinese Communist armies on the border of French Indo-China. This is known to have been discussed.

Local commanders believe a new American defense line should be erected on the Indo-China border by supplying French forces.

It is known also that the joint chiefs were asked to increase American land, sea and air strength in the western Pacific.

Sherman Indicates Stand

The response of Admiral Forrest P. Sherman, Chief of Naval Operations, was indicated when he told a news conference a second aircraft carrier and some smaller warships would be assigned to the 7th Task Fleet because of Russia's expanding Pacific submarine program.

The question of Formosa also undoubtedly was discussed. General MacArthur is known to favor steps short of involvement in war to save that Nationalist island from the Communists.

General Omar N. Bradley, chairman of the Joint Chiefs, has termed Formosa of strategic importance to an enemy.

Any steps taken to follow the recommended policies would mean a notable new military toughness by America in this part of the world.

Know Of No Present Plans

General Bradley and Gen. Hoyt S. Vandenberg, Air Force chief, said they knew of no present plans to increase air and land forces, but their statements were so phrased as not to close the door finally to the possibility.

Gen. J. Lawton Collins, the Army chief of staff, said the ground forces were in the best shape since the demobilization of 1945-6.

In any case, there was evidence that the joint chiefs favored stabilizing the American position in the Orient along the present defense line running through Japan, Okinawa and the Philippines.

All the chiefs expressed concern over housing—an indication that they are prepared to keep American forces in position for a long time.

Naval Base Involved

It is believed they approved the suggestion of securing American control over the big Yokosuka naval base near Tokyo for an indefinite period. A Marine detachment may be sent there.

The Air Force likewise emphasized the necessity of retaining its present fields in Japan and on Okinawa. General Vandenberg was told that some Japanese fields required improvement to accommodate modern planes.

The Joint Chiefs ended a five-day stay in Japan by taking off from Itazuke Airfield on northern Honshu for Okinawa.

Although no one in Tokyo was willing to predict whether the chiefs' visit would result in a new policy, one officer expressed local sentiment when he said, "the Orient is no longer considered secondary."

Israeli Police Halt Communist Sitdown

Tel Aviv, Israel, Feb. 5 (AP) — Police ended a Communist sitdown strike today by ejecting twelve demonstrators from the Jewish Agency building in the heart of Tel Aviv.

The strike started two weeks ago. The demonstrators said they had been discriminated against in distribution of seed on communal farms. This was denied by settlement officials, who said the strike was political.

New Cabinet For Iraq Installed At Baghdad

Baghdad, Iraq, Feb. 5 (AP)—Syyid Tawfik Al Suwaidi heads a new Iraq cabinet installed today.

Prince Regent Abdul Ilah said the new government was pledged to work for better relations with Arab states, strengthening of the Arab League structure and a solution of the Palestine problem.

The seven-week-old government of Premier Ali Jawdat Al Ayubi, former Iraqi Ambassador to Washington, collapsed last Thursday when a majority of the cabinet turned down terms of an agreement reached between Egypt and Muzahim Amin El-Pachachi, foreign minister, the terms of the agreement never were disclosed.

However, *Liwa Al-Istiqlal*, organ of the strongly rightist and nationalist Independence party, had hinted that the agreement "ignored the will of the Iraqi people" for union with Syria.

Pakistan Ends Trade Ban On South Africa Today

KARACHI, Pakistan, Feb. 5 (AP).—The Foreign Ministry said today it will withdraw its trade ban on the Union of South Africa tomorrow. The ban was imposed by both Pakistan and India last Sept. 14 as a protest against alleged racial discrimination against their nationals in South Africa.

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The Indian government expressed regret over Pakistan's action in lifting the ban, saying this country is thereby abandoning an understanding for unity with India in the matter. India said that so long as discrimination and disabilities continue there can be no justification for removing the trade restrictions.

Pakistan replied that it believes "the spirit of conciliation shown by the government of Pakistan will go a long way toward securing a lasting settlement with South Africa which would satisfy the honor of Pakistanis and Indians in South Africa."

Egypt Plans To Lift Its Martial Law Soon

Cairo, Feb. 5 (AP)—The Council of Ministers decided today to lift the martial law that has been in force in Egypt since the outbreak of the Palestine war in May, 1948.

Parliamentary approval, required for the measure to become effective, is generally expected later this week.

BOLIVIA BARES PLOT BY REDS

Charges Moscow-Inspired Revolt Plan Also Aimed At Chile

La Paz, Bolivia, Feb. 5 (AP)—Police authorities said today they had uncovered a Communist plot directed at the governments of Bolivia and Chile. They said the plot was inspired by the Moscow-directed Cominform.

A large number of suspects are being rounded up, police said, and a large quantity of Communist literature has been seized.

Well-known Communist leaders of Brazil, Chile and Peru came to Bolivia to help local Communists direct the subversive movement, a police communiqué said.

Operations Plan Quoted

Emboldened by the success of widespread strikes in Chile recently, the communiqué said, the Bolivian plotters fashioned a plan of operations as follows:

1. Create unrest and agitation especially among factory workers.

2. Make simultaneous attacks against the transportation system, markets and electric and water plants.

3. Prevent foodstuffs and other vital necessities from reaching the capital.

Official sources said definite action was planned for tomorrow.

Shock Troops Reported

According to the communiqué, the plotters planned to promote a mass demonstration and had organized shock troops. These shock brigades were under orders to precipitate a clash with police and army troops in the hope that bloodshed among civilians would spark a popular uprising, the communiqué added.

Police authorities said they had evidence that José Pereira, a leader of the Revolutionary Leftist party, was engaged in the formation of a Communist party.

"Following the strategy employed in all countries under Russian influence," the communiqué said, "Pereira returned to Bolivia, after a trip to Paris where he was in contact with elements of the Russian Cominform, and began to form Communist cells."

ATOMIC GROUP MOVES TO TRY FUCHS IN U.S.

McMahon Doubts Plan To Extradite British Scientist Is Legal

Washington, Feb. 5 (AP)—Chairman McMahon (D., Conn.) said tonight the congressional atomic committee was exploring the possibility of American extradition of Dr. Klaus Fuchs, the British scientist suspected of passing atomic and hydrogen-bomb secrets to Russia.

The Connecticut Senator added, however, that preliminary study by the committee's lawyers had raised doubt as to whether any effort to force Fuchs to come to this country for possible trial would succeed.

Fuchs, 38, is a native of Germany but a British citizen. He was arrested in London Friday on charges of violating Britain's Official Secrets Act.

As a member of a British team of scientists who helped develop the atomic bomb in this country in 1943-46, Fuchs had access not only to secrets of that weapon but to data then available about the superpowerful hydrogen bomb which the United States now is attempting to build.

Hoover To Testify Again

Senators have quoted J. Edgar Hoover, FBI chief, as saying the evidence indicates that Fuchs passed both hydrogen and atomic bomb information to Russia.

Hoover already has told a Senate Appropriations subcommittee about the Fuchs case. Tomorrow he is scheduled to meet behind closed doors with the joint atomic committee. After hearing Hoover, the same committee will hold a public session to question Lieut. Gen. Leslie R. Groves, wartime director of the A-bomb project. The committee questioned Groves privately Saturday for more than two hours.

Groves, McMahon reported, said Fuchs was cleared by the British Government for A-bomb work in this country, and that the clearance never was double checked by Groves's army unit which had jurisdiction over the project at the time. He said the British vouchsafed loyalty and discretion of all members of their mission.

Says British Are Alert

The first word that the joint committee had discussed the possibility of extraditing Fuchs came from Representative Durham (D., N.C.), vice chairman of the group. Asked about it, McMahon put out this statement:

"Fuchs is a British subject and the British judicial processes seem to be working, and the British authorities seem to be on the alert.

"It is true that the matter of Fuchs' violation of our laws has been discussed in the joint committee. At my request, inquiries into the legal problems involved in his possible extradition have been made.

"I am informed by counsel for the committee that doubt exists in his mind as to whether or not the applicable extradition treaty between the United States and Great Britain would apply."

Still "Under Trial"

The treaty, a 1931 document, provides that extradition cannot take place if the person sought already has been "tried, discharged or punished, or is still under trial" in the country where charges have been filed.

Fuchs, of course, is "still under trial" in Britain. But the language of the treaty has not discouraged members of the committee.

Senator Ferguson (R., Mich.), not a member of the committee, said he hoped some way can be found to extradite Fuchs.

"It would only be a showing of good faith for Britain to turn him over to the United States," Ferguson said. "When spies come into this country from a friendly nation, that nation ought to be ready and willing to turn them over to us for prosecution."

The Atomic Energy Act, which went into effect in August 1946, provides the death penalty in the case of an offense committed "with intent to injure the United States or with intent to secure an advantage to any foreign nation."

Tydings Adds Comment

One of the charges against Fuchs is that in 1947 he passed on information which might be useful to an enemy nation.

Meanwhile, Senator Tydings (D., Md.) said he did not believe the Fuchs case would lead the United States to cut off relations in the atomic field with Britain and Canada.

"I think one thing that will come out of it is that the inspection of everybody connected with this matter will be more intense and complete," Tydings said in a radio address.

Tydings Comments On H-Bomb

Washington, Feb. 5 (AP)—Senator Tydings (D., Md.) said today the prospect of developing a superpowerful hydrogen bomb—both in this country and in Russia—should brighten chances for international control of such mass weapons.

The chairman of the Senate Armed Services Committee based the opinion on the instinct for self-preservation—hydrogen bombing would kill Russians "the same as anybody else," he commented.

And he pointed up the idea by a suggestion, all the more jolting for Tydings's casual use of figures, that it would take good evacuation plans well executed to save even "fifteen or twenty per cent" of the population of a hydrogen-bombed large city.

Plan In Discussion Stage

He said such plans for this country are in the discussion stage and urged speed on their development.

"Certainly, with so many of the men, women and children on the face of the earth threatened with incineration or total extinction, in the event of another world war, with the weapons now in the offing, it would seem to me that common sense . . . would impel all people to try to arrive at some solution for the control of these mass-killing weapons," Tydings said in a broadcast.

He went on:

"I should think that Russia would rather devote her energies and her plans toward creating a more prosperous country for the Russian people, raising their standards of living, than to waste their substance on such things as the hydrogen bomb if it could be laid aside with safety.

Kind Of Inspection Stressed

"Which it could be, if they would meet with us and agree not to produce it, not to build plants for producing it, and permit the kind of inspection necessary so we would know, as well as they, that all of us were keeping the faith and that no hydrogen bombs were in existence."

President Truman, in ordering work toward the H-bomb, said the United States was undertaking it in the interests of peace and security. He has called repeatedly for real international control of atomic weapons.

Tydings said the Russian idea of inspection, on the other hand, is "to take us around instead of our having the right to go where we wish" in the Soviet Union.

Could Wipe Out Large Cities

In calling for drafting of evacuation plans, Tydings said enemy planes carrying super-destructive hydrogen bombs could wipe out the entire population of large cities if they got through our defenses.

"That means that a plan must be worked whereby our police and firemen, our school teachers and other like officials can evacuate the school children and others without having confusion and riots which would defeat the whole plan.

"It would be impossible, of course, to evacuate everybody from a large city, but it would be foolish not to try to get everyone out you can. If you could get fifteen or twenty per cent of the people out, at least you would save that many from destruction."

Controls Are Needed

Tydings added that without some order, speed limits would be ignored and traffic lights would not be respected in time of grave emergency.

"There would be so many crack-ups and such confusion, in my opinion, that the roads would be choked," he said.

An hour or two, or a few hours at the most, would be all the warning time a city could expect in case of an attack, Tydings said.

He said the kind of evacuation plans he has in mind are being "considered and talked over by our high military authorities," but that "no formal plan has yet been adduced."

As for cost of producing the hydrogen bomb, Tydings said the best information he has is that it won't be excessively expensive.

Acheson May Face Quiz On Loyalty of His Aides

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5—(AP) In a backwash from the Alger Hiss case, Secretary of State Acheson may face sharp questioning by senators this week on the loyalty of State department officials.

Acheson is expected to be asked to testify by a Senate Appropriations Subcommittee on State department requests for funds in the new budget.

Acheson Faces Quiz

When he comes before the appropriations group, he will be faced with a lineup of Republicans—headed by Senator Bridges of New Hampshire—armed with questions about department policies from Spain to China.

Bridges told a reporter Acheson's statement that he would not turn his back on Hiss, despite the latter's perjury conviction, has aroused congressional curiosity about the present security of State department documents.

Some lawmakers already have demanded publicly that Acheson resign, a move that administration officials denied was under consideration.

Hiss was found guilty of lying in his denial that he passed department secrets before the war to Whittaker Chambers, former communist.

"Some people are wondering if there are any other officials like Hiss left in the department," Bridges said.

Acheson, who previously had told Congress that Hiss was a friend,

cited Christian principles in saying he would not desert him now.

To Review Foreign Policies

Acheson may be called on for a new defense of administration policies in China. Senator Knowland (R-Calif), chief critic of what he has called the administration's "bankrupt" Asia policies will be on hand with a full line of questions.

Chairman McCarran (D-Nev.) of the subcommittee has been a constant advocate of giving full diplomatic recognition to the Franco government of Spain.

Acheson has said this country would support a move to junk the United Nations ban against sending ambassadors to Madrid. Any questions likely will be directed at what this country might do to follow through in expansion of diplomattic relations.

The appropriations committee isn't a policy-making group, but it has a lot of say about how much money the department will have to carry out its policies.

The 1951 deadline will not affect the approximately 1,000,000 veterans who enlisted or reenlisted under the armed forces recruitment acts of 1945 and 1946 and those veterans who have been discharged since July 25, 1947, or who are still in service.

The Veterans Administration said that more than 15,000,000 veterans are eligible for training under the GI bill with the average amount of entitlement being 40 months.

The agency estimates the minimum cost of the remaining part of the training program at $16,000,000,000. It says that if 15,000,000 veterans each take 40 months of training at an average cost to the government of 100 dollars a month, the cost of the program could be $60,000,000,000.

But Gray said the best estimate indicates the cost of the project from its start to its end in 1956 may range between $25,000,000,000 and $30,000,000,000.

Veterans get subsistence payments of $65 to $95 in job training and $75 to $120 a month in school, in additional to tuition, free books and other benefits.

The Veterans Administration has asked for $2,690,000,000 for education and training in the fiscal year 1950-1951.

First Steps Readied in Gradual Shutdown of GI Education Plan

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5—(AP) The Veterans Administration is about to make a start on the six-year job of shutting down the veterans training and education program.

That part of the GI bill expires in 1956. Veterans Administrator Carl R. Gray, Jr., has informed Congress that a regulation coming out April 1 will say that—with certain exceptions—veterans may not enter the training program after July 25, 1951.

Furthermore, after that date:

1. Veterans may change courses of instruction "only for the most cogent reasons." Veterans now may change courses fairly easily, usually after seeking counseling and guidance service.

2. Once a veteran completes a course he will not be able to enroll in another even thought he may still have some school time left under the GI bill formula.

The new rules are intended to carry out terms of the veterans readjustment act specifying that a veteran must start his course within four years after the date of discharge or after July 25, 1947, the official termination of the war.

ASKS U.S. KEEP SPAIN POLICY

AFL Opposes Giving Full Recognition To Franco

Miami Beach, Fla., Feb. 5 (AP)—In a hotly worded statement leaders of the American Federation of Labor demanded today that the United States withhold full diplomatic recognition of Franco Spain.

The AFL's Executive Council said that by reversing United States policy and sending an ambassador to Spain, this country will be playing directly into the hands of Russia's propagandists.

Asking President Truman, the State Department and the foreign-policy committees of Congress to stand "loyally and firmly" by the present disapproving attitude of this Government toward Spain, the council said:

"At the very moment when millions of the common people are placing their faith in our country as the worthy defender of human freedom, let us not disappoint and discourage them."

Franco Called Dictator

Branding Franco as a dictator, the council said full United States recognition of Spain would have widespread moral implications and be seized upon by dictators in Latin America and elsewhere in the world as an encouragement.

The council's statement was prompted by recent indications from the State Department that it is willing to drop the mild sanctions against Franco voted by the United Nations in 1946. The United Nations then recommended that democratic nations withdraw recognition. This country recalled its ambassador and has since been represented in Madrid by subordinate officials.

But the AFL statement said the United States might as well recognize the new Communist regime in China as to recognize Franco. It said free labor groups all over the world condemn "every brand of totalitarian tyranny."

U.N. Action Held Inadequate

It agreed the 1946 action of the United Nations was "inadequate" but said "we hold that no one should, therefore, conclude our Government must now resort to an even more inadequate and weaker policy toward Franco."

The AFL council's statement said an ambassador could do nothing to "hasten political and economic reform in Spain" and on the contrary:

"By granting Franco such recognition we tend to remove all moral and economic pressure on his regime to get off the backs of the oppressed Spanish people.

"Such recognition only paves the way for extensive financial aid to a despicable despotism now in the throes of a crisis which, if not alleviated with outside aid, can only lead to its doom."

Spain Outlaws Labor Unions

The statement said free labor unions are outlawed in Spain and "their advocates imprisoned and even executed—the Spanish dictatorship has been murdering every year more than 50 persons merely for harboring ill will towards Generalissimo Franco."

Referring to the argument that Spain would make a strategic ally in the event of war with Russia, the council said democracy can never triumph "by relying on totalitarian regimes as allies."

"In our own country and abroad," the statement said, "the Communist demagogues can only be aided and provided with telling arguments against America as the consistent and reliable champion of world democracy."

Baruch Says Atom Curb Should Include H-Bomb

Spartanburg, S.C., Feb. 5 (AP)—Bernard M. Baruch said today his atomic-control plan should apply to the hydrogen bomb as well as the atom bomb.

Baruch made the statement in an interview during a week-end visit here with James F. Byrnes, former Secretary of State.

The adviser to presidents has asserted that no form of disarmament can be realized without a system of international control and punishment.

SEES 'COLD WAR' WEAPON

Dr. O. C. Carmichael Says It Is Western Idea of Democracy

BETHLEHEM, Pa., Feb. 5 (AP)—Dr. Oliver C. Carmichael, president of the Carnegie Foundation for the Advancement of Teaching, said today that America's greatest weapon in its "cold war" with Russia was the Western concept of democracy.

"The crucial need of our generation is for a restatement and clarification of the fundamentals of Western civilization," Dr. Carmichael told 181 graduates at Lehigh University's mid-year commencement exercises.

"The motivation of America in two world wars, which cost millions of lives and billions of treasure, was the preservation of the way of life which rests on these fundamentals," he added.

"Yet in the cold war since 1945 the Western nations have failed to furnish that positive and dynamic idealism which characterized the American Revolution of the eighteenth century.

"Instead, by word and by deed we have employed almost wholly negative, defensive tactics."

Atom Unit To Plan Navy Ship's Power

Idaho Falls, Idaho, Feb. 5 (AP)—Designs for an atomic reactor to propel a navy ship will be undertaken some time this year, the Atomic Energy Commission said in a report released in Idaho Falls.

The report was released by the commission's Idaho operations office dealing with atomic reactor developments at the Arco testing station.

Reactors being designed for the Arco station include an experimental breeder reactor, a materials testing reactor and the navy ship propulsion reactor, the report stated.

It said that among other projects, the Arco station will "help particularly in the development of reactors for the propulsion of aircraft."

The Atomic Energy Commission said that Arco experiments will point the way to "compact high radiation desnsity reactors of a sort which must ultimately be developed if aircraft are ever to be propelled by atomic energy."

"Reactors of the future developing from those being designed; or from others planned on the basis of expanding knowledge, may generate useful power, drive ships or airplanes, or breed extra fissionable material."

The report stated that the breeder reactor will test the idea of producing more fissionable material than it consumes. It will be one of the "hottest" reactors at Arco and will use molten metal as a cooling solution.

B-19 Returns Home As Pile Of Ingots

Los Angeles, Feb. 5 (AP)—Remember the B-19, ancestor of today's super bombers? Well, the old ship is back home again. She stands no longer as a proud queen of the skies but as a pile of aluminum ingots neatly stacked in the rear of an old bus.

First of America's great bombers, she cost the Government $3,500,000 to build at Douglas Aircraft. Only one B-19 was built. Values change, though. The smelting plant which rendered her carcass paid $4,000 for the B-19.

She first flew from Clover Field, Santa Monica, on June 27, 1941. "The Guardian Of A Hemisphere" they called her then. She weighed 100,000 pounds, had four 2,000 horsepower engines and a 212-foot wingspan.

Today, all that remains of this aerial dreadnought is the forward portion of her nose—a business man's concession to sentiment. It lies in a yard on the city's South Side.

When the B-19 outlived her usefulness, she was consigned to an air museum at Davis-Monthan Air Force Base, Ariz. She was forgotten until somebody ordered her scrapped.

Ralph Huffman, supervisor of the smelting firm, watched souvenir hunters carrying off pieces of the ship. He talked with men who knew her past.

So he bought back her nose section, sole remnant of a closed chapter in aviation history.

U.S. DIPLOMATS FREE TO LEAVE, CHINA REDS SAY

FEB 6 1950

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 5—(AP) The Chinese communists declared officially today that American diplomatic personnel were free to leave any time but most of them have made no move to do so.

The Peiping radio, heard in San Francisco by the Associated Press, broadcast a statement by a spokesman of the communist foreign ministry to the communist New China News Agency.

It said that, although the Department of State had attempted "to intimidate our people" by announcing plans Jan. 14 to withdraw all official personnel from China, "the action of the U. S. government has fallen astonishingly behind its statement."

Free to Leave, Reds Say

The spokesman declared, "the overwhelming majority of the former American diplomatic personnel in China have up till now shown no sign of moving.

"They have not applied to our government for exit permits, although our government is ready to permit them to leave at any time.

"This looks as though Washington has not really made any decision for the withdrawal of American official personnel."

The broadcast said the spokesman was asked about a Jan. 25 report that Secretary of State Acheson had said the communists were putting difficulties in the way of withdrawal.

"This is a complete fabrication," the spokesman was quoted as replying.

"Our government will not prevent any American official and his dependents from leaving China. On the contrary, from the experience that former U. S. consuls in Mukden and Tihwa engaged in espionage activities, we would rather like to hear that all American officials will leave China."

Accused of Espionage

The reds accused former Consul General Angus Ward of Mukden and former acting Consul Douglas MacKiernan of Tihwa of espionage. The State Department has scoffed

30.24- 8755

at the charges. Ward finally was ousted by the reds in December after being confined and after many months of vain efforts to leave. MacKiernan left Tihwa last September and last has been reported somewhere in the snowbound Himalayas on an arduous effort to get out via India.

The communist broadcast today said that Col. David L. Barrett, former deputy military attache in Peiping, left Peiping last Friday, and that James D. Van Putten, former head of the U. S. Information Service in Peiping, got permission to leave Jan. 27.

U.S. Zionists Oppose Plan For Jerusalem

New York, Feb. 5 (AP)—Daniel Frisch, president of the Zionist Organization of America, appealed today to the Jews of the United States to avert "the calamity of a closed door in Israel."

The national administrative council of the Z.O.A. then went on record as unalterably opposed to the modified internationalization plan for Jerusalem proposed by Roger Garreau, president of the United Nations trusteeship council now meeting in Geneva.

The council—ruling body of the Z.O.A. between conventions—said it was "expressing its unalterable opposition to any plan which under the guise of seeking to safeguard the holy places would establish a foreign control over the territory of the city which for ages has been and is again the capital of the state of Israel."

"We must have no illusions of security based on monopoly of a super weapon," the statement added.

No Peacetime Use

Dr. Hugh C. Wolfe, chairman of the federation and professor of physics at Cooper Union, said none of the scientists "have thought of any peacetime use of fissionable hydrogen."

The kind of energy that an H-bomb would release, he said, was "only the kind that would go into a bomb—a split-second and it's over with."

Urging establishment of the new commission, Wolfe said:

"As long as we stick to atomic energy as an isolated issue, we are not going to get anywhere.

"We must consider it also as a political question to be settled between the United States and Russia, with the possibility of economic concessions on our part in exchange for inspection concessions on theirs."

Varied Composition

The council proposed that the commission include scientists, political scientists, foreign-trade experts, persons versed in United Nations problems, and someone with military knowledge.

It emphasized, however, that the military representative should not be a "spokesman for the armed forces."

"Our objective must continue to be effective atomic control, including thorough-going inspection," the statement said.

"But we must consider alternative proposals; perhaps proposals without the far-reaching international ownership concept, perhaps proposals making greater concessions to national interests."

Scientists Call On Truman To Speed New Atom Study

New York, Feb. 5 (AP)—A group of atomic scientists today called on President Truman to set up a new commission to study atomic-energy policy—with emphasis on politics.

The Federation of American Scientists, representing 1,500 scientists, many of whom worked on the atomic bomb, urged that the President act "without delay."

It said the proposed commission should re-examine "the whole issue of our atomic policy" in an effort to develop "some real hope of breaking the present stubborn deadlock."

The federation's council also said in a statement at a news conference that the American people should know that "if we build H-bombs, the Russians will build them also."

Urges Guard For Stocks

The scientists said the first thing after any international agreement should be counting of all stockpiles by United Nations inspectors and putting a United Nations guard on them. Then, they said, atomic plants should be shut down.

With the guard system, they added, if a country suddenly broke the agreement and made war, other countries would still have their own atomic weapons within their borders.

Atomic plants could be shut down without inspection, the statement suggested, so that technological secrets of operation would not be made available to other nations.

london, feb. 5--(ap)--a man accused of spying for greece has been sentenced to death by an albanian court at Bozhig in the Korcha region, the albanian telegraphic agency said today.

A broadcast agency dispatch said three men who had been trained as spies at Florina in Greece were arrested as they crossed the Albanian border to recruit Albanians for sabotage.

Quazim Sina, their leader, was sentenced to be shot. one of his companions was given a 10 year prison term and the third man was acquitted.

FEB 6-1950

apw 105 01:55 mb/10a

A50
LONDON, FEB. 5-(AP)-POLICE LED OFF A HATLESS YOUNG MAN WHO TRIED TO TALK TO A CROWD IN TRAFALGAR SQUARE TODAY IMMEDIATELY AFTER IT HAD RECEIVED A BLESSING FROM CARDINAL GRIFFIN.
THE CARDINAL WAS MOVING TOWARD HIS AUTOMOBILE WHEN THE MAN SPRANG TO THE MICROPHONE THE CARDINAL HAD USED AND SHOUTED:
"THE REVOLUTION WILL COME IN SIX YEARS TIME---"
THE CROWD SHOUTED "NO COMMUNISTS HERE" AS THE POLICE CLOSED IN.
JB418PES

DEPUTY OSKAR LANGE TOLD THE SEYM POLAND'S ALLIANCE WITH RUSSIA "ENSURES OUR ARMED FORCES AN ADEQUATE LEVEL OF POLITICAL AND PROFESSIONAL TRAINING."
HE SAID THE "IMPERIALIST THREAT TO THE WORLD OF THE ATOM BOMB BURST LIKE A SOAP BUBBLE AND NOW THEY ARE TRYING ONCE AGAIN TO FRIGHTEN THE WORLD AND ENCOURAGE THEMSELVES WITH A HYDROGEN BOMB WHICH, NO DOUBT, WILL PROVE EQUALLY INEFFECTUAL. FREE NATIONS WILL NOT BE FRIGHTENED."
JB408PES

FEB 6-1950

SHEFFIELD, ENG. FEB. 5-(AP)-THE REV. F. G. THORPE, VICAR OF DORE, NEAR SHEFFIELD, CHARGED TODAY THAT SOCIALISM IS EMBRYONIC COMMUNISM.
HE SPOKE IN DEFIANCE OF HIS BISHOP'S ORDER NOT TO USE THE PULPIT FOR POLITICAL PURPOSES.
THE SHEFFIELD CLERGYMAN'S SUPERIOR, THE BISHOP OF DERBY, PARTY SENT A PROTEST TO
"THESE SOCIALISTS ARE," THE REV. THORPE SAID, "SOCIALISTIC." IT IS COMMUNISM IN THE INCUBATOR STAGE. IT IS COMMUNISM IN THE
AND I ASK THAT YOU FIGHT IT WITH ALL YOUR MIGHT.
"IF SOCIALISTS GET INTO POWER AT THE
TO CONTROL THE CHURCH. AND IF THEY
NINETY PERCENT WOULD FALL DOWN AND WORSHIP THEM."
HJ655PES

A139
(220)
PARIS, FEB. 5-(A[illegible]) PREMIER GEORGES BIDAULT SPENT TODAY LOOKING FOR FIVE MEMBERS OF PA[illegible]MENT TO TAKE THE CABINET JOBS LEFT VACANT BY THE RESIGNING SOCIALIS[illegible].

HE TOLD REPORTE[illegible] HE EXPECTED TO FINISH HIS CONSULTATIONS "SUCCESSFULLY TOMORROW MORNING."

THE POLITICAL CRISIS BEGAN FRIDAY NIGHT WHEN THE SOCIALISTS, INCLUDING VICE-PREMIER AND INTERIOR MINISTER JULES MOCH, QUIT THE COALITION CABINET WHICH HAS GOVERNED FRANCE FOR MORE THAN THREE MONTHS. THE SOCIALISTS WANTED A HIGHER COST-OF-LIVING BONUS FOR LOW-PAID WORKERS THAN THE OTHER PARTIES IN BIDAULT'S TEAM WERE WILLING TO GRANT.

LEON BLUM, SOCIALIST ELDER STATESMAN, MADE IT CLEAR NEXT DAY THAT THE SOCIALISTS WILL CONTINUE TO SUPPORT BIDAULT IN PARLIAMENT EVEN WITH THEIR MINISTERS OUT OF THE CABINET. IF THEY DO NOT, BIDAULT WILL HAVE TO QUIT, SINCE HE WOULD LACK THE CONFIDENCE OF A MAJORITY. THE DE GAULLISTS AND COMMUNISTS ALREADY OPPOSE HIM, AND MANY POLITICAL EXPERTS BELIEVE THE SOCIALIST [illegible]UPPORT SOON WILL BE WITHDRAWN.

BIDAULT MUST FILL THE VACANT POSTS W[illegible]H REPRESENTATIVES OF CENTER GROUPS--THE INDEPENDENTS AND THE RADICA[illegible]OCIALISTS (CONSERVATIVES)--AND HIS OWN LEFT-WING CATHOLIC POPULAR [illegible]BLICAN MOVEMENT (MRP).

TODAY HE CONFERRED FIRST WITH FORME[illegible]IER HENRI QUEUILLE, A RADICAL SOCIALIST WHO IS ALREADY IN TH[illegible]'NET AS VICE-PREMIER. THEN BIDAULT SAW CHARLES LUSSY, HEAD O[illegible] SOCIALIST GROUP IN THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY, AND FRANCOIS DELCOS[illegible]ER OF THE RADICAL SOCIALISTS.

SF958PES

A51
BERLIN, FEB. 5-(AP)-COMMUNIST DOCK WORKERS AT HAMBURG, IN THE BRITISH OCCUPATION ZONE, SAID TODAY THEY WILL "NEVER UNLOAD ANGLO-AMERICAN WAR MATERIALS," THE SOVIET-LICENSED NEWS AGENCY ADN REPORTED.

A RESOLUTION TO THIS EFFECT WAS PASSED AT A CLOSED MEETING OF HAMBURG'S COMMUNIST DOCK WORKERS, ADN SAID. IT FOLLOWED A TWO-HOUR SPEECH BY WEST GERMAN COMMUNIST LEADER MAX REIMANN. NON-COMMUNIST REPORTERS WERE REFUSED ADMISSION TO THE MEETING.

JB420PES

HE DECLARED NEO-FASCISM, PERMEATED BY COMMUNISM, WAS RAISING ITS HEAD IN GERMANY AND THAT A RECENT INCREASE IN GERMAN NATIONALISM IN THE WEST WAS INSPIRED BY COMMUNISTS.

TO COUNTER THIS THREAT, HE SAID HIS PARTY PROPOSED TO PRESENT IN THE WEST GERMAN PARLIAMENT A BILL AGAINST "ENEMIES OF THE REPUBLIC." IT WOULD PROVIDE MAXIMUM PUNISHMENT OF LIFE IMPRISONMENT FOR PLOTS AGAINST DEMOCRACY, ARMED AGGRESSION, DETACHING TERRITORY FROM THE REPUBLIC, ACTS AGAINST THE WEST GERMAN FLAG, VICTIMS OF NAZISM AND AGAINST RACES AND RELIGIONS.

HE SAID THE BILL'S REFERENCE TO TERRITORY OF THE REPUBLIC WOULD NOT APPLY TO THE DISPUTED SAAR.

EJ227PES

IF THEY FAIL TO DO SO, HE ADDED, IT WOULD BE "TANTAMOUNT TO GIVING UP BERLIN."

THOUGH HE DID NOT MENTION IT, A FACTOR TO BE RECKONED WITH WOULD BE THE ALMOST EQUALLY MILITANT SOCIALIST YOUTH ORGANIZATION WHOSE SQUADS HAVE SHOWN THEMSELVES ABOUT AS READY AS THE COMMUNISTS TO RESORT TO VIOLENCE.

THE WESTERN ALLIES AND THE WEST BERLIN GOVERNMENT HAVE NOT DECIDED WHETHER TO PERMIT THE DEMONSTRATORS TO OVERFLOW INTO WEST BERLIN. THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT HAS NOT ACTED ON THE REQUEST FOR THE OLYMPIC STADIUM.

SCHUMACHER SAID HE BELIEVED ADENAUER AND HIS GOVERNMENT WERE FULLY INFORMED OF THE PLOT.

FEB6-1950

(140)
BRUNSWICK, GERMANY, FEB. 5-(AP)-POLICE SAID TONIGHT THAT SEVERAL PERSONS WERE INJURED IN FISTFIGHTS AT NEARBY WOLFSBURG DURING AN ADDRESS BY FORMER MAJ. GEN. ERNST OTTO REMER. HE WAS SUPPRESSOR OF THE REBELLION ACCOMPANYING THE BOMB PLOT AGAINST HITLER IN JULY, 1944.

A SECTION OF THE AUDIENCE BEGAN JEERING WHEN REMER STRODE TO THE PLATFORM, THE POLICE SAID. REMER SUPPORTERS RETURNED THE TAUNTS, AND FIST FIGHTS BROKE OUT. POLICE EJECTED ABOUT 50 OF THE COMBATANTS.

REMER HAS BEEN INCREASINGLY ACTIVE IN POLITICS IN RECENT MONTHS. TONIGHT'S TALK WAS SPONSORED BY THE EXTREME RIGHTWING SOCIALIST REICHS PARTY.

WHEN THE DISTURBANCE WAS QUIETED, REMER DELIVERED HIS SPEECH. HE ATTACKED THE MODERATELY RIGHTWING WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT OF CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER.

"THOSE CREATURES WHO ARE MAKING GERMAN POLICY NOW SHOULD GET OUT AND BE REPLACED BY THOSE WHO FOLLOWED ORDERS DURING THE WAR, ACCORDING TO THEIR OATH," HE SAID.

HJ735PES

A140
(NY) BELGRADE, YUGOSLAVIA--FIRST ADD BORBA (A72) X X X AND TENDENTIOUS.")

--DASH--

BOTH THE NEW YORK TIMES AND THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE DECLINED COMMENT ON THE CHARGE.

SPOKESMEN FOR TIME MAGAZINE COULD NOT BE REACHED IMMEDIATELY.

SF959PES

A32
ATOMIC
MOSCOW, FEB. 5-(AP)-WESTERN DIPLOMATIC SOURCES DISCOUNTED HEAVILY TODAY THE POSSIBILITY OF TWO-WAY TALKS BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND RUSSIA ON ATOMIC ENERGY CONTROL.

THESE SOURCES SAID THE UNITED STATES HAS MADE IT PLAIN THAT IT BELIEVES THE UNITED NATIONS PROVIDES ADEQUATE MACHINERY FOR DISCUSSION OF ATOMIC ENERGY CONTROL AND THAT THE U.S. IS NOT PREPARED TO EXCLUDE OTHER GOVERNMENTS FROM SUCH DISCUSSIONS.

AMERICAN DIPLOMATIC SOURCES HAVE VOICED THE PERSONAL OPINION THAT THE HYDROGEN BOMB WILL NOT CHANGE PRESENT U.S. POLICY.

EJ301PES

FEB6-1950

30.24- 8757

FIRST LEAD BOMBING

HONG KONG, JAN. 5-(AP)-BRITISH POLICE SAID TWO CHINESE NATIONALIST PLANES APPARENTLY USED "ROCKETS" IN A RAID TODAY ON A COMMUNIST VILLAGE ONLY 40 YARDS FROM THE CROWN COLONY OF HONG KONG.

HONG KONG "NEW TERRITORIES" POLICE ORIGINALLY REPORTED THE ATTACKERS DROPPED TWO BOMBS ON THE VAILLAGE OF SUMCHUN. LATER THEY SAID "ROCKETS" APPEARED

DROPPED TWO BOMBS ON THE VAILLAGE OF SUMCHUN. LATER THEY SAID "ROCKETS" APPEARED TO HAVE BEEN USED, BUT DID NOT ELABORATE.

THEY REPORTED SEVEN WERE KILLED.

POLICE WERE INVESTIGATING TO DETERMINE WHETHER THE RAIDERS--A PAIR OF MUSTANGS--FLEW OVER BRITISH TERRITORY ON THEIR WAR MISSION.

SUMCHUN IS SEPARATED FROM THE BRITISH-LEASED "NEW TERRITORIES" BY A 40 YARD RAILROAD BRIDGE ACROSS THE SUMCHUN RIVER. HOWEVER, IT IS APPROXIMATELY 17 MILES FROM HONG KONG PROPER (VICTORIA ISLAND).

WHEN THE MUSTANGS APPEARED, HUNDREDS OF SUMCHUN VILLAGERS FLED ACROSS THE BRIDGE TO THE SAFETY OF BRITISH TERRITORY.

THE BRIDGE LINKS SUMCHUN WITH THE VILLAGE OF LO WU IN THE "NEW TERRITORIES." IT IS A TERMINAL OF THE KOWLOON-CANTON RAILWAY, THE ONLY RAIL LINK BETWEEN HONG KONG AND SOUTH CHINA. COMMUNIST AUTHORITIES WON'T LET THE RAILWAY RUN THROUGH FROM HONG KONG TO CANTON. SO NOW PASSENGERS FROM HONG KONG MUST GET OFF THE TRAIN AT LO WU, WALK ACROSS THE RAIL BRIDGE AND BOARD A SECOND TRAIN AT SUMCHUN.

JL340APS

A102FX

HONG KONG, FEB.5-(AP)-SIX SEAMEN WHO SIGNED ON THE AMERICAN FREIGHTER FLYING ARROW FOR THE ATTEMPTED RUN TO SHANGHAI IN JANUARY RETURNED TO HONG KONG TODAY WITH COMPLAINTS AGAINST THEIR TREATMENT.

THE MEN, A BRITON, A SPANIARD, A NORWEGIAN, A SINGHALESE AND TWO PORTUGUESE, SAID THEY HAD SIGNED TO MAKE THE TRIP ALL THE WAY TO THE UNITED STATES BUT WERE FORCED TO SIGN OFF AT YOKOHAMA.

THEY ALSO COMPLAINED TO SEAMEN'S HEADQUARTERS HERE THAT THEY GOT $2.50 U.S. DAILY EXTRA PAY WHILE IN DANGEROUS WATERS AND THAT THIS WAS LESS THAN THEY HAD BEEN LED TO EXPECT.

THE FLYING ARROW, AN ISBRANDTSEN SHIP, WAS SHELLED BY A NATIONALIST GUNBOAT OFF SHANGHAI AND FINALLY WAS DIVERTED TO TSINGTAO.

WD428PPS

A114

(NY) HONG KONG--FLYING ARROW SEAMEN (A102FX) XX TO TSINGTAO.

(IN NEW YORK H.J.ISBRANDTSEN, HEAD OF THE STEAMSHIP LINE, DECLINED COMMENT.)

PS805PES

FEB6-1950

A105FX

HONG KONG, FEB.5-(AP)-TWO CHINESE NATIONALIST MUSTANG FIGHTER-BOMBERS DESTROYED 1,000 DRUMS OF GASOLINE IN A FIVE-MINUTE RAID THIS MORNING ON THE COMMUNIST TOWN OF SUMCHUN, ONLY 40 YARDS FROM THE BORDER OF THIS BRITISH COLONY.

THE PLANES ALSO SET FIRE TO A NEARBY COAL DUMP AND STRAFED A TRAIN THAT WAS COMING FROM CANTON. THE GASOLINE AND COAL FIRES CONTINUED TO RAGE FOR MANY HOURS. A RUMOR THAT THE PLANES HAD USED ROCKETS INSTEAD OF BOMBS WAS LATER DISCOUNTED.

HONG KONG POLICE ESTIMATED AT LEAST SEVEN CHINESE WERE KILLED. HUNDREDS OF VILLAGERS FLED INTO HONG KONG TERRITORY.

LOSS OF THE GASOLINE, WHICH THE REDS ORIGINALLY HAD BOUGHT IN HONG KONG, WAS EXPECTED TO BE A BLOW TO THEIR PLANS FOR INVADING THE NATIONALIST ISLAND OF HAINAN.

JS430PPS NM

A104FX

HONG KONG, FEB.5-(AP)-THE FREIGHTER HIRAM RADIOED TODAY THAT IT WAS RETURNING TO HONG KONG WITH 100 WOUNDED CHINESE NATIONALIST SOLDIERS BECAUSE THE NATIONALISTS HAD REFUSED TO LET THEM LAND ON FORMOSA. NO REASON FOR THE RESUAL WAS GIVEN. THE HIRAM WAS CHARTERED BY THE TUNGWAH GROUP OF HOSPITALS TO REPATRIATE NATIONALIST WOUNDED WHO HAD FLED FROM RED CHINA INTO HONG KONG.

WD429PPS

103FX

HONG KONG, FEB.5-(AP)-THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS ANNOUNCED TODAY THAT THEY HAD AGREED TO ESTABLISH DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH PAKISTAN---ONE MONTH AFTER PAKISTAN EXTENDED RECOGNITION.

WD428PPS

FEB 6 - 1950

TAIPEI, FORMOSA, JAN. 5-(AP)-CHINESE NATIONALISTS ON HAINAN ISLAND TODAY REPORTED NEW AIR RAIDS ON THE SOUTH CHINA COAST WHERE THEY FEAR COMMUNISTS ARE MOUNTING AN INVASION OF THE ISLAND.

DISPATCHES SAID INCENDIARY BOMBS LEFT A RED SHIPBUILDING YARD IN FLAMES AT PEIHAI, NOT FAR FROM HAINAN. MANY CASUALTIES WERE CLAIMED IN A COMMUNIST ENCAMPMENT. EIGHTY BOATS WERE REPORTED SUNK OR DAMAGED.

NATIONALIST AIR FORCE HEADQUARTERS HERE SAID IN THE LAST WEEK THEIR PLANES PUT 332 BOATS OUT OF COMMISSION IN ADDITION TO DAMAGING ROLLING STOCK AND DEFENSE WORKS.

JL350APS NM

(NY) TAIPEI, FORMOSA -- CHINESE BUDGET (A18) INSERT AFTER FOURTH GRAPH BEGINNING "LI WAS" AND ENDING "CLEARLY."

LI, CONVALESCING IN NEW YORK CITY FROM AN OPERATION, COULD NOT BE REACHED FOR COMMENT.

CHIANG X X X 5TH GRAF.

JB456PES

TOKYO, MONDAY, FEB.6-(AP)-AMERICAN, BRITISH AND DUTCH AIR LINES ARE CONTINUING "CONSTANT EFFORTS" TO OPERATE INTO COMMUNIST CHINA, AN INFORMED SOURCE SAID TODAY. HE WAS NOT OPTIMISTIC ABOUT THE PROSPECTS.

THE SOURCE SAID PAN AMERICAN AIRWAYS, NORTHWEST AIRLINES, BRITISH OVERSEAS AIRWAYS CORP., HONG KONG AIRWAYS AND KLM, THE DUTCH AIRLINE, HAD SUGGESTED TO PEIPING A JOINT OPERATION INTO CHINA IF THE RED GOVERNMENT DISAPPROVES OF FLIGHTS BY INDIVIDUAL LINES.

THAT IS JUST ONE OF THE "DEALS WHICH ARE COOKING," HE SAID.
NNORTHWEST HAD A GO-AHEAD BY THE REDS TO FLY INTO CHINA LAST NOVEMBER, THE INFORMANT SAID, BUT CERTAIN COMMUNIST CONDITIONS MADE IT IMPOSSIBLE.
HE SAID HE PRESUMED THESE CONDITIONS HAD BEEN DISCLOSED TO THE U.S. STATE DEPARTMENT. HE SAID AMERICAN AIR LINES WOULD NOT OPERATE INTO RED CHINA WITHOUT THE DEPARTMENT'S APPROVAL.

JM1111PCS

A145FX
TOKYO, MONDAY, FEB.6-(AP)-JOHN J.MUCCIO, U.S. AMBASSADOR TO KOREA, CONFERRED WITH GENERAL MACARTHUR TODAY PREPARATORY TO LEAVING FOR AN AMERICAN DIPLOMATIC CONFERENCE NEXT WEEK AT BANGKOK, THAILAND (SIAM).
MUCCIO WILL LEAVE TOMORROW ACCOMPANIED BY WILLIAM J.SEBALD, HEAD OF MACARTHUR'S DIPLOMATIC SECTION.
W. WALTON BUTTERWORTH, ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE FOR FAR EASTERN AFFAIRS WHO LUNCHED WITH MACARTHUR YESTERDAY, LEAAVES FOR BANGKOK TODAY.

WR711PPS NM

EDITORS:
TOKYO--JOINT CHIEFS BUDGET (A10FX) INSERT AFTER EIGHTH GRAF, STARTING "THE RESPONSE X X X SUBMARINE PROGRAM.
THE JOINT CHIEFS GOT A REPORT ON KOREA FROM BRIG. GEN. WILLIAM L.ROBERTS, WHO COMMANDS THE MILITARY ADVISORY GROUP IN THE SOUTH KOREAN REPUBLIC. A RUSSIAN-SPONSORED COMMUNIST REGIME CONTROLS NORTH KOREA. THIS DIVIDED LAND HAS BEEN A COLD WAR HOT SPOT FOR MONTHS.
ROBERTS SAID HE DISCUSSED "THE FULL PICTURE OF KOREA AND POSSIBILITIES WHICH MIGHT RESULT" FROM DEVELOPMENTS IN OTHER COUNTRIES. HE CAME TO TOKYO TO CONFER WITH THE JOINT CHIEFS BECAUSE THEIR ITINERARY DOES NOT INCLUDE KOREA.
THE QUESTION X X X NINTH GRAF.

FT/WR646PPS

SOUTHEAST ASIA (550)
BY MILTON MARMOR
BANGKOK, THAILAND, FEB. 5-(AP)-A DETERIORATING SITUATION IN SOUTHEAST ASIA CONFRONTS AMERICAN DIPLOMATS WHO WILL SIT DOWN HERE FEB. 13 FOR THEIR MUCH-ADVERTISED POLICY CONFERENCE.
SOME PESSIMISTIC OBSERVERS SAY WHEN THE CONFEREES EXAMINE THEIR CARDS THEY WILL FIND THE WESTERN POWERS ARE HOLDING A LOSING HAND IN THE GAME WITH COMMUNISM IN THIS PART OF THE WORLD--UNLESS THE CARDS ARE PLAYED MORE SKILLFULLY IN THE FUTURE.
U.S. ROVING AMBASSADOR PHILIP JESSUP, AFTER A TOUR OF THE FAR EAST, WILL BRING THE LATEST INFORMATION AND IMPRESSIONS TO THE DIPLOMATIC ROUNDUP.
U.S. AMBASSADORS FROM KOREA, CEYLON, THE PHILIPPINES, AUSTRALIA, NEW ZEALAND AND INDIA AND MISSION CHIEFS FROM SAIGON, BATAVIA, SINGAPORE, RANGOON, PAKISTAN AND HONG KONG WILL ATTEND THE MEETING, WHICH IS EXPECTED TO
LAST FOUR DAYS.
FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS WILL BE REPORTED TO THE U.S. STATE DEPARTMENT TO HELP DETERMINE AMERICAN POLICY IN THE ORIENT.

BUT SOME SKILLED ONLOOKERS ALREADY SAY PRIVATELY THAT EVENTS ARE STACKED SO STRONGLY IN FAVOR OF COMMUNISM IN THIS AREA SOUTH OF CHINA THAT THE WESTERN POWERS WOULD DO WELL TO WRITE OFF THE AREA FOR THE TIME BEING AND PREPARE FOR THE DAY WHEN DEMOCRATIC INFLUENCES MIGHT STAND A CHANCE OF RETURNING.
MOST DIPLOMATS DO NOT ANTICIPATE A DIRECT CHINESE COMMUNIST ARMY INVASION OF SOUTHEAST ASIA. BUT HUGE COMMUNIST CHINESE FORCES ARE ON THE YUNNAN AND KWANGTUNG BORDERS OF BURMA AND INDOCHINA AND THESE OBSERVERS DO NOT CARE TO IGNORE THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH AN INVASION.
THE PEIPING RADIO'S ATTACKS ON THE FRENCH AND BAO DAI GOVERNMENT IN INDOCHINA AND ON PREMIER LUANG PIBUL SONGGRAM IN THAILAND (SIAM) COULD BE THE POLITICAL PREPARATION FOR MILITARY AGGRESSION. SOVIET RUSSIA'S JOINING MAO TZE-TUNG'S CHINESE IN RECOGNIZING MOSCOW-EDUCATED HO CHI-MINH'S REGIME IN INDOCHINA COULD FALL INTO THE SAME CATEGORY.
HO'S CHIEF NEED, HOWEVER, IS GUNS. HE IS REPORTED TO HAVE THOUSANDS OF POORLY ARMED MEN. YET HE HAS HELD OFF 120,000 TO 150,000 FRENCH TROOPS IN LARGE PARTS OF THE COUNTRY DURING THREE YEARS OF GUERRILLA WARFARE.
THE BEST INFORMED CIRCLES, THEREFORE, THINK THAT CHINESE COMMUNIST AID TO HO WOULD BE IN THE FORM OF INFILTRATION.
MORE INTRIGUING IS THE THEORY--WHICH MIGHT BECOME A REALITY BEFORE THE OUTSIDE WORLD IS AWARE BECAUSE OF THE SLIM COMMUNICATIONS--THAT THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS MAY MOVE DOWN IN FORCE THROUGH THE INLAND STATES OF LAOS AND CAMBODIA. THESE ARE TWO INDOCHINESE KINGDOMS UNDER FRENCH PROTECTION WHICH ARE NOT PART OF THE VIETNAM REPUBLIC OF HO.

A17
SUCH A MOVE WOULD CUT OFF THE FRENCH IN THE S-SHAPED COASTAL STATES OF TONKIN, ANNAM AND COCHIN-CHINA AND BRING THE COMMUNIST THREAT DIRECTLY TO THE BORDERS OF BRITISH MALAYA AND THAILAND.
SO FAR, POLITICAL DISTURBANCES IN THAILAND, LONG AN INDEPENDENT NATION, HAVE BEEN PURELY LOCAL. BUT THE SITUATION IS FLEXIBLE. PREMIER SONGGRAM IS BEING CRITICISED NOW FOR GETTING TOO FAR OUT ON AN ANTI-COMMUNIST, PRO-WESTERN LIMB. THERE ARE MORE THAN 3,000,000 CHINESE HERE WHO ARE WELL ORGANIZED AND POSSIBLY OPPORTUNISTICALLY INCLINED TOWARD COMMUNIST CHINA.
THAILAND HARDLY EXPECTS ANY POWERFUL MILITARY SUPPORT FROM THE WESTERN NATIONS. IN CERTAIN HIGH CIRCLES A NOTICEABLE ALOOFNESS TOWARD BRITAIN AND THE UNITED STATES HAS BEEN PERCEIVED RECENTLY.
INDOCHINA TO THE EAST IS ON THE APPARENT THRESHOLD OF DECISIVE EVENTS AFTER MORE THAN THREE YEARS OF BITTER CIVIL WAR; TO THE WEST IS THE ANARCHY OF BURMA, SO CONFUSED WITH FIVE OR SIX ARMIES ARRAIGNED AGAINST EACH OTHER THAT IT APPEARS A PUSHOVER FOR ANY STRONG FORCE.
SOUTH OF THAILAND IS MALAYA WHERE ANTI-BRITISH TERRORISTS, MOSTLY CHINESE COMMUNIST BANDS, ARE INCREASING THEIR ACTIVITIES.
VIEWING THIS SITUATION, ONE RANKING DIPLOMAT HAS PRIVATELY CHECKED OFF THIS PART OF THE WORLD AS LOST TO THE WEST--WITHOUT OPEN LARGE-SCALE FIGHTING. LONG-TIME ONLOOKERS SAY THE WESTERN POWERS IGNORED THIS PART OF THE WORLD TOO MUCH, AND NOW IT MAY BE TOO LATE.
EJ133PES

FEB 6-1950

NEW DELHI,INDIA,FEB 5-(AP)-FOR THE THIRD TIME SINCE HIS INSTALLATION 10 DAYS AGO, PRESIDENT RAJENDRE PRASAD RODE IN A RESPLENDENT PROCESSION TODAY TO RECEIVE RECOGNITION FROM THE OLD DELHI MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

HIS FIRST DRIVE IN THE STATE CARRIAGE, DRAWN BY SIX HORSES, WAS MADE JAN.26 TO UNFURL THE NATIONAL FLAG ON THE INAUGURATION DAY OF THE NEW REPUBLIC. FIVE DAYS LATER HE RODE IN STATE TO OPEN THE INDIAN PARLIAMENT.

TODAY'S HALF-MILE-LONG PROCESSION--THE MOST SPECTACULAR, AND IN THE PATTERN OF MOGHUL EMPERORS--WAS ESCORTED BY THE PRESIDENT'S MOUNTED BODYGUARD ON BOTH SIDES OF THE CARRIAGE, THE GWALIOR MOUNTED BAND, PLAYING INDIAN MUSIC, IN FRONT, AND 1,200 ARMY AIRFORCE MEN.

JK411PES

BY SIMON ALLAVERDI (220)

DAMASCUS, SYRIA, FEB. 5-(AP)-A NEW POLITICAL ORGANIZATION -- THE ARAB SOCIALIST PARTY -- OPPOSED TO FOREIGN INFLUENCES AND ZIONISM HAS BEEN FORMED IN SYRIA. AKRAM HAURANI, MINISTER OF NATIONAL DEFENSE, IS ITS HEAD.

THE PARTY GIVES PROMISE OF BECOMING A MAJOR VOICE IN SYRIA. ITS PLATFORM CALLS FOR RADICAL, SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC REFORMS, INCLUDING A REDISTRIBUTION OF LAND TO THE PEASANTS.

THE WIRY AND DYNAMIC HAURANI IS ONE OF SYRIA'S YOUNGEST POLITICIANS. HE IS A CLOSE FRIEND OF COL. ADIB EL SHISHEKLY, LEADER OF SYRIA'S LAST MILITARY COUP AND WIELDS GREAT INFLUENCE IN THE PRESENT GOVERNMENT.

HE IS CREDITED WITH LEADERSHIP OF A BLOC OF 25 INDEPENDENTS IN SYRIA'S CURRENT CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY WHICH WAS ELECTED LAST NOVEMBER TO DRAW UP A NEW CONSTITUTION.

HE IS SAID TO HAVE PLAYED AN IMPORTANT PART IN EL SHISHEKLY'S OUSTER LAST DECEMBER OF GEN. SAMI HENNAUI, COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF, WHO WAS ACCUSED OF BEING THE POWER BEHIND THE SCENES IN THE SYRIAN GOVERNMENT.

LAND OWNERSHIP IS DECLARED A SOCIAL FUNCTION, SUBJECT TO THE SUPERVISION OF THE STATE. THE PLATFORM ASKS THAT FEUDALISTIC OWNERSHIP BE ABOLISHED AND THE LAND BE REDISTRIBUTED ON THE BASIS OF ABILITY TO CULTIVATE IT.

THE PLATFORM SAYS IT IS INCUMBENT ON THE ARABS TO ACHIEVE ONE UNIFIED COUNTRY AND THAT FOREIGN POLICIES OF THE ARAB COUNTRIES MUST NOT BE SWAYED BY FOREIGN INFLUENCES.

IT CALLS FOR A STRUGGLE BY ALL AVAILABLE MEANS AGAINST ZIONISM, FOR THE RESTORATION OF PALESTINE INTO ARAB HANDS.

JB417PES

CAIRO, EGYPT, FEB.5-(AP)-FOREIGN MINISTER SALAH EL DIN BEY WILL SET OUT SOON ON A TOUR OF ARAB CAPITALS IN AN EFFORT TO TAKE THE DIPLOMATIC INITIATIVE IN THE MIDDLE EAST.

RESPONSIBLE SOURCES SAID SALAH EL DIN BEY'S MISSION TO SYRIA, LEBANON, IRAQ, JORDAN, YEMEN AND SAUDI ARABIA WILL BE TO REACH A BASIS FOR AGREEMENT ON THREE MAIN ISSUES NOW DIVIDING THE ARAB WORLD. THESE ARE:

1. PALESTINE. KING ABDULLAH OF JORDAN VIRTUALLY HAS ANNEXED EASTERN PALESTINE. HIS MAIN OPPONENT IS HIS OLD FOE, KING IBN SAUD OF SAUDI ARABIA. ANOTHER IRKSOME STRAIN IS THE PRESENCE OF ABOUT 900,000 ARAB REFUGEES FROM PALESTINE.

2. ARAB LEAGUE CHARTER. SOME ARAB COUNTRIES WANT TO AMEND THE ARAB LEAGUE PACT SO THAT UNANIMOUS DECISIONS IN THE LEAGUE COUNCIL WILL BE MANDATORY FOR ALL SEVEN MEMBERS. AT PRESENT THE COUNCIL CAN MAKE RECOMMENDATIONS ONLY.

3. ARAB MILITARY UNITY. THE SEVEN MEMBERS OF THE LEAGUE HAVE AGREED IN PRINCIPLE ON THE NECESSITY OF SETTING UP A UNITED MILITARY FRONT.

THE DIFFICULTY IS IN CARRYING OUT THE AGREEMENT REACHED IN PRINCIPLE.

BD436PES

AG

AMMAN, JORDAN, FEB. 5-(AP)-A THREE FOOT SNOWFALL COVERED AMMAN TODAY. ROADS WERE BLOCKED AND COMMUNICATION WITH OTHER CITIES IN JORDAN BROKEN. SHOPS, SCHOOLS AND GOVERNMENT OFFICES WERE CLOSED.

TELEPHONE LINES WERE CUT, A CABLE FROM JERUSALEM SAID SNOW FELL THERE BUT NOT AS DEEP AS IN AMMAN.

FEB 6-1950

EJ1251PES

FOLO AMMAN

TEHRAN, IRAN, FEB. 5-(AP)-A HIGH GOVERNMENT SOURCE SAID TODAY 10 CHILDREN HAVE FROZEN TO DEATH IN AHAR, A CITY IN NORTHWEST AZERBAIJAN PROVINCE.

THIS SOURCE SAID THE COLD AND SNOW ARE PROVING A HARDSHIP TO THOUSANDS OF REFUGEES WHO HAD COME TO TEHRAN FROM AZERBAIJAN A FEW MONTHS AGO AND WERE NOW BEING RETURNED.

BECAUSE OF THE SNOW THEY HAVE BEEN TRAPPED ALONG THE HIGHWAYS. ARMY PLANES ARE DROPPING THEM FOOD AND CAVALRY UNITS ARE TAKING SICK MEMBERS OF THE REFUGEE PARTIES TO NEARBY TOWNS FOR TREATMENT.

EJ1340PES

A56

CAIRO, EGYPT, FEB.5-(AP)-COLD WEATHER GRIPPED CAIRO TODAY.

THE TEMPERATURE NEVER CLIMBED ABOVE 37 DEGREES FAHRENHEIT. NORMAL TEMPERATURES FOR THIS SEASON RANGE FROM 45 DEGREES IN THE EARLY MORNING TO 60 IN THE AFTERNOON. FROST WAS REPORTED AT ALEXANDRIA.

--DASH--

JERUSALEM, FEB.5-(AP)-THE HOLY LAND IS EXPERIENCING THE COLDEST WINTER OLD INHABITANTS CAN RECALL.

SNOWFALL AND HEAVY STORMS WERE REPORTED FOR THE SECOND DAY IN SUCCESSION IN MANY AREAS OF PALESTINE. SEVERAL SETTLEMENTS IN THE NEGEV DESERT WERE REPORTED ISOLATED.

BD433PES

AS

NICOSIA, CYPRUS, FEB. 5-(AP)-SNOW BLANKETED ALL OF CYPRUS TODAY FOR THE FIRST TIME IN THE MEMORY OF MANY RESIDENTS OF THIS MEDITERRANEAN ISLAND.

TWO FEET COVERED NICOSIA, THE CAPITAL. ROADS WERE BLOCKED. TELEPHONE WIRES SNAPPED UNDER THE WEIGHT OF THE SNOW. THE AIRPORT HERE WAS UNUSABLE.

EJ1250PES

RANGOON,BURMA,FEB 5-(AP)-THE NEED OF A WORLD FOOD CENSUS, IN THE LIGHT OF INCREASING POPULATIONS, GREATER LIFE EXPECTANCY AND FALLING DEATH RATES, WAS STRESSED TODAY BY WILLIAM H.CUMMINGS, UNITED NATIONS FOOD EXPERT.

CUMMINGS IS REGIONAL REPRESENTATIVE OF NORRIS E.DODD, DIRECTOR GENERAL FOR ASIA AND THE FAR EAST OF THE FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION OF THE U.N. AND EXECUTIVE SECRETARY OF THE INTERNATIONAL RICE COMMISSION WHICH OPENS ITS SECOND ANNUAL CONFERENCE TOMORROW.

CUMMINGS SAID THAT UNTIL A WORLD FOOD CENSUS IS TAKEN IT WILL NOT BE POSSIBLE FULLY TO APPRAISE THE FOOD SITUATION. HE SAID "NOBODY WOULD KNOW" WHETHER THE WORLD FACES A FAMINE THREAT UNTIL THE CENSUS IS HELD.

CUMMINGS DEPLORED THE FACT THAT THE LACK OF AN OVERALL DIETARY SURVEY IN FAR EASTERN COUNTRIES MADE DIFFICULT THE TASK OF ASSESSING ASIAN NEEDS.

HE SAID GROWING WORLD POPULATIONS, INCREASED LIFE EXPECTANCY AND FALLING DEATH RATES PRESENTED A SITUATION WHICH "MUST BE TACKLED VIGOROUSLY AND FORTHRIGHTLY."

DELEGATES TO THE CONFERENCE TOMORROW WILL BE WELCOMED BY THE NEWLY APPOINTED BURMESE AGRICULTURE MINISTER, BO KHIN MAUNG GALE.

AFTER HEARING REPORTS BY DELEGATION HEADS, THE SOUTHEAST ASIA NUTRITIONS COMMITTEE AND RICE GROWERS, THE CONFERENCE WILL BREAK INTO GROUPS TO DISCUSS THE PROBLEMS FACING THE FAR EASTERN COUNTRIES IN THE DEVELOPMENT AND IMPROVEMENT OF FOOD PRODUCTION.

THE CONFERENCE, BEING HELD UNDER THE CHAIRMANSHIP OF THAI PRINCE SITHIPORN KRIDAKARA, IS EXPECTED TO CONTINUE UNTIL FEB.11.

JK417PES

BY ELTON C.FAY

(ADVANCE)-WASHINGTON,FEB 5-(AP)-TWICE SINCE HE HAS BEEN IN THE WHITE HOUSE THE FINAL, GRIM DECISION ON ATOMIC WARFARE HAS BEEN UP TO PRESIDENT TRUMAN.

ONLY A FEW MONTHS AFTER HE HAD SUCCEEDED TO THE PRESIDENCY IN 1945 HIS SCIENTIFIC AND MILITARY ADVISERS ASKED HIM TO SAY WHETHER THE ATOMIC BOMB SHOULD BE USED AGAINST JAPAN.

HIS ANSWER WAS YES.

LATER HE WROTE THAT "THE JAPANESE WERE GIVEN FAIR WARNING AND WERE OFFERED THE TERMS (OF SURRENDER) WHICH THEY FINALLY ACCEPTED, WELL IN ADVANCE OF THE DROPPING OF THE BOMB. I IMAGINE THE BOMB CAUSED THEM TO ACCEPT THE TERMS."

LAST TUESDAY IN A BRIEF BUT FATEFUL STATEMENT HE SAID:

"IT IS MY RESPONSIBILITY AS COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF OF THE ARMED FORCES TO SEE TO IT THAT OUR COUNTRY IS ABLE TO DEFEND ITSELF AGAINST ANY POSSIBLE AGGRESSOR." AND HE DIRECTED THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION TO GO FORWARD WITH ALL FORMS OF ATOMIC WEAPONS, INCLUDING THE SO-CALLED HYDROGEN OR SUPER-BOMB."

THE FACTORS WHICH LED HIM TO MAKE THESE TWO DECISIONS WERE MANY. SOME WERE OLD, UNRESOLVED PROBLEMS TRACING BACK TO THE DAYS OF SIMPLE WARFARE WHEN ONLY SOLDIERS WERE KILLED. SOME ARE NEW, ENMESHED IN THE RACE WITH RUSSIA FOR ATOMIC SUPREMACY. AMONG THEM ARE THESE:

1. CONVENTIONS GOVERNING WARFARE--THE TREATIES OF HAGUE AND GENEVA, SOME OF THEM DATING BACK TO THE EARLY PART OF THIS CENTURY AND RUNNING THROUGH 1929--WERE OUTMODED. THE WEAPONS AND BATTLEFIELD FORMALITIES THEY COVERED DID NOT FORESEE ATOMIC WEAPONS OR TOTAL WAR. THUS THERE WAS NO BASIC AGREEMENT FOR GUIDANCE IN MODERN WAR.

2. RUSSIAN OPPOSITION TO THE PROPOSAL FOR INTERNATIONAL CONTROL INSPECTION AS A PREREQUISITE TO ANY ATOMIC WEAPONS DISARMAMENT AGREEMENT BLOCKED, AND STILL BLOCKS, FORMULATION OF NEW RULES.

3. THE STARK NECESSITY FOR HAVING WEAPONS OF NATIONAL DEFENSE INFERIOR TO NONE.

4. THE FACT THAT THE MANTLE OF MILITARY LEADERSHIP FOR THE WESTERN NATIONS HAS FALLEN ON THE UNITED STATES REQUIRES THAT SHE MUST HAVE WEAPONS BEFITTING THAT ROLE.

5. THE ARGUMENT THAT SUPREMACY IN POSSESSION OF CAPABILITY OF SWIFT AND CONTINUING PRODUCTION OF PLUTONIUM OR HYDROGEN BOMBS WILL FORESTALL AN AGGRESSOR OR, AS IN THE CASE OF JAPAN, SPEED HIS SURRENDER IF HE MAKES WAR.

MR.TRUMAN SAID THE H-BOMB PROJECT "WILL BE CONSISTENT WITH THE OVER-ALL OBJECTIVES OF OUR PROGRAM FOR PEACE AND SECURITY."

THE GENERAL SUPPORT ACCORDED THE PRESIDENT'S DECISION HAS BEEN SEASONED WITH SUGGESTIONS, NOTABLY BY THE REPUBLICAN FOREIGN POLICY LEADER SEN.VANDENBERG OF MICHIGAN, THAT RENEWED EFFORTS BE MADE FOR ACCORD WITH RUSSIA ON OUTLAWING ATOMIC WEAPONS.

ON THAT POINT THE PRESIDENT SAID THIS COUNTRY STANDS CONSTANTLY READY FOR AGREEMENT ON THE BASIS OF ITS CONTROL PROPOSALS TO THE UNITED NATIONS.

FEB 6-1950

A137WX

MR.TRUMAN'S STATEMENT GAVE NO INDICATION OF THE SCIENTIFICALLY ESTIMATED POWER OF AN H-BOMB OR HOW IT WOULD BE USED IN A WAR.

BUT IF THE PROPOSED BOMB POSSESSES EVEN A PART OF THE DESTRUCTIVE FORCE CREDITED TO IT BY SOME SPEAKERS IT COULD BE OF VALUE ONLY FOR STRATEGIC ATTACK--THE DESTRUCTION OF MASSES OF PEOPLES AND WHOLE AREAS.

SEN.MCMAHON (D-CONN), CHAIRMAN OF THE JOINT CONGRESSIONAL ATOMIC COMMITTEE, SPOKE DARLY OF 50,000,000 PEOPLE BEING KILLED IN THE FIRST FEW MINUTES OF ATTACK ON THIS COUNTRY WITH H-BOMBS.

A WEAPON ABLE TO DO THIS WOULD BE OF LITTLE USE IN FRONT-LINE FIGHTING WHERE TROOPS ARE IN CLOSE CONTACT. IT WOULD KILL FRIEND AS WELL AS FOE.

THE PEOPLE OF THE UNITED STATES, WHICH FOR FOUR YEARS POSSESSED THE ONLY ATOMIC BOMBS IN THE WORLD, HAVE SHOWN MUCH GREATER ALARM OVER THE FEROCITY OF ATOMIC WARFARE THAN THE HAVE-NOT NATIONS.

IT HAS BEEN REFLECTED IN DEBATES IN CONGRESS, IN THE WARNINGS OF SOME OF THE SCIENTISTS WHO HELPED CREATE THE FIRST A-BOMBS, IN BOOKS AND PUBLICATIONS.

UNITED STATES MILITARY LEADERS THEMSELVES HAVE TAKEN COGNIZANCE OF THIS PUBLIC ATTITUDE AND, THROUGH THE EXPANDING CIVIL DEFENSE PROGRAMS, HAVE TAKEN STEPS TO MEET MASS HYSTERIA AND PANIC IF AN ATOMIC ATTACK COMES TO AMERICAN CITIES.

THE UNITED STATES FIRST FACED THE PROBLEM OF A MASS DESTRUCTION WEAPON IN WORLD WAR I--POISON GAS. BUT THE DECISION OF THIS GOVERNMENT THEN WAS EASIER. THE GERMANS BROUGHT IT INTO USE. THE UNITED STATES AND ITS ALLIES FOLLOWED UP, IN RETALIATION, ONLY AFTER THEIR MILITARY SCIENTISTS COULD BEGIN TURNING OUT TOXIC CHEMICALS.

AFTER THAT WAR, THE UNITED STATES DECLINED TO BECOME SIGNATORY TO A PACT OUTLAWING POISON GAS. HOWEVER, NEITHER NAZI GERMANY NOR THE ALLIES RESORTED TO IT IN WORLD WAR II, ALTHOUGH BOTH SIDES KEPT HUGE QUANTITIES IN FORWARD POSITIONS, READY FOR IMMEDIATE USE.

THE LIKELIHOOD OF RETALIATION AND THE FACT THAT, ACTUALLY, POISON GAS HAS DISADVANTAGES WHEN USED TACTICALLY ON A BATTLEFIELD WAS RESPONSIBLE FOR THIS.

TODAY THE THREAT OF STILL ANOTHER MASS DESTRUCTION WEAPON EXISTS AND, LIKE THE ATOMIC BOMB, IS NOT COVERED BY THE RULES OF CONVENTIONAL WARFARE.

IN THE SECRET LABORATORIES OF SEVERAL NATIONS IN WORLD WAR II WERE DEVELOPED THE FIRST STEPS FOR BACTERIOLOGICAL WARFARE.

THE UNITED STATES ITSELF INAUGURATED AN INTENSIVE DEFENSIVE-OFFENSIVE PROGRAM, TO BE READY IN EVENT ITS ENEMIES USE GERM WARFARE.

(END ADVANCE FOR AMS OF MONDAY, FEB. 6)

GG105AES

(THE MARYLAND LAWMAKER, A MEMBER OF THE ATOMIC COMMITTEE, SAID BRITISH SCIENTISTS "MADE AN ENORMOUS CONTRIBUTION" TO DEVELOPMENT OF THE A-BOMB AND THAT "IT'S JUST UNFORTUNATE THAT THERE'S ONE BAD EGG IN THE BASKET." HE ADDED: watch ADD x-address

"I CAN SEE NO POINT IN SEVERING OUR RELATIONS WITH BRITAIN AND CANADA BECAUSE OF THIS INCIDENT, BECAUSE IT MIGHT DELAY FOR MANY MONTHS AND MAYBE YEARS, THE FASHIONING X X X OF THE HYDROGEN BOMB. WE WANT TO MAKE IT SOON. WE DON'T WANT TO BE WITHOUT IT AND FIND TOO LATE THAT THE RUSSIANS HAVE IT."

THE ATOMIC ENERGY ACT FORBIDS THE SHARING OF SECRETS WITH ANY FOREIGN NATION. BUT THIS COUNTRY, BRITAIN AND CANADA HAVE BEEN HAVING DISCUSSIONS DEALING WITH THE POSSIBILITY OF RESUMING SOME EXCHANGE OF INFORMATION, EITHER WITHIN THE PRESENT LAW OR UNDER AN AMENDED VERSION.

TYDINGS CALLED THE FUCHS CASE "A TERRIBLY SERIOUS MATTER," BUT SAID THAT WHEN BRITAIN CLEARED FUCHS DURING THE WAR "THE FACTS SEEMED TO INDICATE THAT HE WAS TRUSTWORTHY."

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 7 P.M., EASTERN STANDARD TIME, TONIGHT, FEB. 5)

SU211PES

WASHINGTON, FEB.5-(AP)-INFORMED PERSONS TONIGHT QUOTED CHARLES LUCKMAN, FORMER PRESIDENT OF LEVER BROTHERS, AS SAYING HE HAS NOT BEEN OFFERED THE CHAIRMANSHIP OF THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION.

THESE SOURCES SAID THAT LUCKMAN, WHO ATTENDED A RADIO CORRESPONDENTS DINNER HERE SATURDAY NIGHT, HAD TOLD THEM HE HAD NOT TALKED TO ANYBODY ABOUT A GOVERNMENT JOB NOR HAD ANYBODY IN THE GOVERNMENT TALKED WITH HIM ABOUT ONE.

REPORTS HAD BEEN PREVALENT DURING THE DAY THAT LUCKMAN HAD BEEN TENDERED THE AEC POST AS SUCCESSOR TO DAVID E.LILIENTHAL, WHO IS TO RETIRE TO PRIVATE LIFE ON FEB. 15.

LUCKMAN, 40, HEADED A FOOD CONSERVATION COMMITTEE FOR THE GOVERNMENT IN 1947.

HE WITHDREW FROM HIS LEVER BROTHERS POSITION RECENTLY.

FEB6

FS143AES NM

ECA

(ADVANCE)..WASHINGTON,FEB.5-(AP)-A SLASH OF ONE-THIRD OR $1,033,000,000 IN MARSHALL PLAN FUNDS ASKED FOR EUROPE IN THE NEXT FISCAL YEAR WAS URGED TODAY BY SENATOR MCCARRAN (D-NEV).

MCCARRAN IS CHAIRMAN OF THE SO-CALLED CONGRESSIONAL "WATCH-DOG COMMITTEE" ON FOREIGN AID AND A MEMBER OF THE SENATE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE WHICH WILL HANDLE THE BIG MONEY BILL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR THAT BEGINS JULY 1.

PAUL HOFFMAN, ECA CHIEF, AND OTHER ADMINISTRATION OFFICIALS ALREADY HAVE STARTED THEIR DRIVE FOR A $3,100,000,000(B) FUND FOR THE NEW FISCAL YEAR. THIS WOULD BE A CUT OF $678,000,000 FROM THE PRESENT FUND AS THE PROGRAM TAPERS OFF TOWARD ITS SCHEDULED END IN 1952.

MCCARRAN SAID HE WILL VOTE TO HOLD THE 1950-51 FUND TO $2,067,000,000.

MCCARRAN'S STATEMENT JOINED HIM WITH A CHORUS OF LAWMAKERS WHO WANT A DEEPER CUT THAN THE ADMINISTRATION IS ASKING IN THE FUND INTENDED TO STRENGTHEN EUROPE AND WARD OFF COMMUNISM.

CHAIRMAN CONNALLY (D-TEX) OF THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE HAS URGED A CUT OF AT LEAST $1,000,000,000 BELOW THE PRESENT APPROPRIATION.

CHAIRMAN MCKELLAR (D-TENN) OF THE SENATE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE WOULD LIKE TO CUT AT LEAST ONE-FOURTH OFF WHAT HOFFMAN IS ASKING FOR NEXT FISCAL YEAR.

HOFFMAN, JUST BACK FROM EUROPE, HAS URGED CONGRESS TO WITHHOLD A DECISION UNTIL "ALL THE EVIDENCE IS IN."

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 7 P.M. EST TODAY, FEB.5)

W619PES NM

SAN FRCISCO, FEB.5-(AP)-CHINESE RED ARMY HEADQUARTERS REPORTED TODAY THAT THE NATIONALISTS HAD LOST 7,445,620 MEN--MOSTLY BY SURRENDER AND DESERTION--IN THREE AND ONE-HALF YEARS OF CIVIL WAR.

MAKING NO EXPLANATION OF THE IMPOSSIBLE EXACTNESS OF ALL ITS FIGURES, THE SPECIAL COMMUNIQUE FROM PEIPING SAID THAT IN THE SIX MONTHS ENDING DEC.31, THE NATIONALISTS HAD LOST 1,754,220 MEN.

THE COMMUNIQUE, BROADCAST FROM PEIPING AND HEARD BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS IN SAN FRANCISCO, BROKE DOWN THE SIX-MONTH LOSSES THIS WAY: CASUALTIES: 92,220; CAPTURED, 786,920; SURRENDERED, 215,070; REVOLTED AND DESERTED TO THE REDS, 637,980.

THIS ADDS UP TO ABOUT 22,000 FEWER THAN THE OVERALL FIGURE, BUT THE COMMUNIQUE MADE NO NOTE OF THE DISCREPANCY.

IT WENT ON TO GIVE EXACT FIGURES ON VAST QUANTITIES OF WAR MATERIAL ALLEGEDLY CAPTURED.

IT STATED THAT THE REDS CONTROL ALL OF THE MAINLAND EXCEPT TIBET, WITH A TOTAL POPULATION OF 460,530,000, AND THAT THE NATIONALISTS CONTROL ONLY TIBET, FORMOSA AND SOME OTHER ISLANDS WITH A TOTAL POPULATION OF 11,233,000.

WD101PES

1950

SAN FRANCISCO, FEB.5-(AP)-THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS WENT STRONGER THAN EVER TODAY IN A NEW PROPAGANDA ATTACK ON THE BRITISH.

THE THEME, WHICH THE REDS HAVE HIT UPON ONLY IN THE PAST COUPLE OF DAYS, WAS THAT THE BRITISH ARE HYPOCRITES AND IMPERIALISTS WHO OPPRESSED CHINESE AT THE SAME TIME THEY WERE SEEKING TO ESTABLISH DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH THE COMMUNIST REGIME.

BRITAIN OFFERED RECOGNITION JAN.6. AFTER A LONG DELAY, THE REDS SAID THEY WERE WILLING TO DISCUSS IT, BUT THAT IS AS FAR AS THEY HAVE GONE.

TODAY'S ATTACK WAS BROADCAST BY THE PEIPING RADIO AND HEARD BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS IN SAN FRANCISCO. IT WAS PEGGED ON A JAN.30 RIOT BY HONG KONG TRAMWAY STRIKERS. HONG KONG POLICE BROKE IT UP.

THE BROADCAST SAID THE PEIPING WORKERS CONGRESS HAD SENT A TELEGRAM (IT DID NOT SAY TO WHOM) DECLARING, "WE WARN THE CULPRITS OF THIS INCIDENT THAT THE WORKING CLASS OF THE VICTORIOUS PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA WILL BROOK NO SUPPRESSION OF OUR BROTHER WORKERS."

IT QUOTED THE HEAD OF THE RUG AND WOOL KNITTING UNION AS STATING, "ONLY SOME DAYS AGO BRITAIN EXPRESSED HER DESIRE TO ESTABLISH DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH THE PEOPLE'S CHINA. NOW THE HONG KONG POLICE SUPPRESS OUR BROTHER WORKERS WITH ARMED FORCE.

"THIS ELOQUENTLY REVEALS THE HYPOCRISY AND TRUE COLOURS OF IMPERIALISM."

THE PEIPING UNIVERSITY STUDENTS UNION WAS QUOTED AS CALLING THE HONG KONG AFFAIR AN "OUTRAGE."

HONG KONG AUTHORITIES HAVE SAID THAT ONLY A FEW MINOR INJURIES RESULTED FROM THE RIOT, NOT THE SCORES OF CRITICAL CASUALTIES TRUMPETED BY THE RED RADIO. HONG KONG DISPATCHES HAVE INTIMATED THAT THE DISORDER WAS RED-FOMENTED IN THE FIRST PLACE.

WD140PES

A69WX

EDITORS:

(WX) SAN FRANCISCO--AMERICAN DIPLOMATS (A43WX), FOLLOWING MAY BE INSERTED AFTER SIXTH GRAPH WHICH BEGINS "THIS LOOKS XXX" AND ENDS "XXX OFFICIAL PERSONNEL."

(IN WASHINGTON, THE STATE DEPARTMENT SAID THROUGH A SPOKESMAN IT WOULD HAVE NO COMMENT ON THE PEIPING BROADCAST BEFORE TOMORROW.)

THE BROADCAST XXX ETC., PICKING UP SEVENTH GRAPH.

VH528PES

ST.LOUIS, FEB 5-(AP)-VICE PRESIDENT ALBEN W.BARKLEY DECLARED TODAY THAT "THE GREATEST TRAGEDY THAT COULD BEFALL MANKIND TODAY WOULD BE THAT THE STATE OF ISRAEL SHOULD FAIL TO SURVIVE."

BARKLEY, SPEAKING AT A JEWISH COMMUNITY LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE, DECLARED THAT THE SUCCESS OF THE NEW JEWISH STATE "IS INDISPENSIBLE NOT ONLY TO THE PEACE OF THE MEDITERRANEAN BUT TO THE PEACE OF THE ENTIRE WORLD."

IT WAS THE VICE PRESIDENT'S FIRST VISIT TO ST.LOUIS SINCE HIS MARRIAGE TO THE FORMER MRS. JANE HADLEY HERE LAST FALL. MRS. BARKLEY DID NOT ACCOMPANY HIM.

"THE SURVIVAL OF ISRAEL IS NOT JUST A JEWISH PROBLEM," THE VICE PRESIDENT SAID. "IT IS A CHRISTIAN PROBLEM AS WELL, THE EFFECTS OF WHICH WILL TOUCH PROFOUNDLY UPON THE FUTURE PEACE AND WELL-BEING OF THW WORLD."

WS600PCS

NEW YORK, FEB.5-(AP)-ECONOMIST JAMES P. WARBURG SAID TODAY MORE THAN 150 LEADING CITIZENS HAVE ASKED PRESIDENT TRUMAN TO HELP MAKE THE UNITED NATIONS STRONG ENOUGH TO STOP THE ARMS RACE.

WARBURG MADE PUBLIC A LETTER HE SAID WAS MAILED TO THE PRESIDENT JAN.31, CARRYING THE SIGNATURES OF WRITERS, EDITORS, CLERGYMEN, LAWYERS, BANKERS AND OTHERS.

THE LETTER URGED THE PRESIDENT TO GIVE HIS "OFFICIAL SUPPORT" TO A PROGRAM STRENGTHENING THE U.N. AND TO EXPANSION OF ECONOMIC AND TECHNICAL AID TO BACKWARD COUNTRIES.

AUTHOR ROBERT E. SHERWOOD AND NORMAN COUSINS, EDITOR OF THE SATURDAY REVIEW OF LITERATURE, WERE AMONG THOSE WHO HELPED WARBURG DRAFT THE LETTER.

EW1126PES

UNITED NATIONS (500)
BY MAX HARRELSON

LAKE SUCCESS, FEB. 5-(AP)-THE RUSSIANS ARE EXPECTED TO CLAMP THEIR STRIKE-BOYCOTT ON ANOTHER MAJOR UNITED NATIONS COUNCIL THIS WEEK IN THE MIDST OF BEHIND-THE-SCENES EFFORTS TO BREAK THE EAST-WEST DEADLOCK OVER CHINA.

THERE STILL ARE NO SIGNS OF A SETTLEMENT THAT WILL BRING THE RUSSIANS BACK, BUT U.N. OFFICIALS HAVE LEARNED NOT TO OVERLOOK THE POSSIBILITY OF SOVIET SURPRISES.

THE NEW BOYCOTT IS EXPECTED TO HIT THE 18-NATION ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL WHICH OPENS ITS WINTER SESSION AT 11 A.M. (EST) TUESDAY. U.N. OFFICIALS WILL BE WATCHING THE MEETING CLOSELY FOR ANY HINT OF A SOVIET REVERSAL OF POLICY OR CHANGE OF PACE.

THE RUSSIANS HAVE INSISTED THEY WILL NOT TAKE PART IN ANY U.N. BODIES THAT LET CHINESE NATIONALIST REPRESENTATIVES SIT AS MEMBERS. THEY HAVE BOYCOTTED ALL 11 U.N. ORGANS THAT HAVE MET SO FAR THIS YEAR WITH NATIONALIST CHINESE PRESENT.

TWO OTHER MEETINGS ON TUESDAY ALSO ARE BEING WATCHED FOR DEVELOPMENTS BEARING ON THE STALEMATE. THESE ARE THE YEAR-AROUND LITTLE ASSEMBLY MEETING AT 10:30 A.M. AND THE SECURITY COUNCIL AT P.M.

NATIONALIST CHINA'S CHIEF DELEGATE, T.F.TSIANG, WILL BE READY TO DELIVER A NEW ATTACK ON RUSSIA IN THE LITTLE ASSEMBLY IF THAT BODY AGREES TO GO AHEAD WITH DEBATE ON TSIANG'S CHARGES OF RUSSIAN AGGRESSION. SOME DELEGATES, HOWEVER, WANT TO POSTPONE DISCUSSION IF POSSIBLE. RUSSIA HAS BOYCOTTED THE LITTLE ASSEMBLY SINCE ITS CREATION TWO YEARS AGO.

RUSSIA ALSO IS BOYCOTTING THE 11-NATION SECURITY COUNCIL, WHICH IS SCHEDULED TO TAKE UP THE OLD INDIA-PAKISTAN DISPUTE OVER POSSESSION OF THE PRINCELY STATE OF KASHMIR. ALTHOUGH THERE IS NO EVIDENCE THAT THE RUSSIANS ARE READY TO RETURN THAT POSSIBILITY IS NOT RULED OUT.

U.N. SECRETARY-GENERAL TRYGVE LIE HAS BEEN TRYING TO FIND A FORMULA THAT MIGHT BRING THE RUSSIANS BACK WITHOUT LOSS OF FACE. HE DECLINED TO SAY WHETHER HIS EFFORTS HAVE MADE ANY HEADWAY.

A7

THERE WAS SOME SPECULATION THAT THE RUSSIANS MIGHT RETURN TO THE SECURITY COUNCIL EITHER TUESDAY OR AT A LATER MEETING WITH A DEMAND THAT MOSCOW-TRAINED HO CHI-MINH'S ANTI-FRENCH REGIME IN INDOCHINA BE ADMITTED TO U.N. MEMBERSHIP.

THIS, HOWEVER, WAS WHOLLY WITHOUT CONFIRMATION. RUSSIA AND RED CHINA BOTH RECOGNIZE HO AS RULER OF INDOCHINA AND OPPOSE THE RIVAL FRENCH-SPONSORED GOVERNMENT OF EX-EMPEROR BAO DAI.

ANOTHER POSSIBLE DEVELOPMENT THIS WEEK: A MOVE BY THE NEW UNITED STATES OF INDONESIA FOR ADMISSION TO THE U.N. THE PATH FOR SUCH ACTION WAS CLEARED A WEEK AGO WHEN RUSSIA ANNOUNCED SHE WAS EXTENDING DIPLOMATIC RECOGNITION TO THE FORMER DUTCH EAST INDIES. THE WESTERN COUNTRIES SAY THEY ARE READY TO ADMIT INDONESIA IMMEDIATELY.

THE EXPECTED SOVIET BOYCOTT OF THE ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL WAS INDICATED BY SEVERAL FACTORS: THE CHINESE COMMUNIST REGIME LAID THE FOUNDATION FOR A WALKOUT LAST FRIDAY BY NAMING A DELEGATE TO THE COUNCIL. THIS WAS THE SAME PROCEDURE FOLLOWED IN THE SECURITY COUNCIL BEFORE RUSSIA WALKED OUT JAN. 13. POLAND ALREADY HAS INFORMED LIE THAT ITS DELEGATION WILL NOT TAKE PART IN THE ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL'S WORK AS LONG AS THE CHINESE NATIONALISTS REMAIN. RUSSIA CANCELLED STEAMSHIP RESERVATIONS FOR HER ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL EXPERTS WHO HAD PLANNED TO COME HERE FOR THE SESSION. CZECHOSLOVAKIA IS EXPECTED TO JOIN IN THE BOYCOTT.

ALTHOUGH SEVEN OF THE COUNCIL'S 18 MEMBERS ALREADY HAVE RECOGNIZED MAO TZE-TUNG'S RED CHINA, THERE APPEARS TO BE LITTLE CHANCE THAT THE COUNCIL WILL OUST THE CHINESE NATIONALISTS AT THIS TIME.

EJ1249PES

DUESSELDORF, FEB. 3-(AP)-WEST GERMANY'S STEEL OUTPUT CLIMBED IN JANUARY VIRTUALLY TO THE TOP PRODUCTION LEVEL PERMITTED BY THE ALLIES.

THE JANUARY PRODUCTION, GREATEST FOR ONE MONTH SINCE THE WAR, WAS 900,600 TONS, THE GERMANY STEEL AND IRON INSTITUTE ANNCUNCED TODAY.

THIS IS AT A RATE OF 10,807,200 TONS A YEAR. THE PERMITTED LEVEL IS 11,100,000 TONS.

BOTH ALLIED AND GERMAN OFFICIALS SAID THAT THE WEST GERMAN STEEL INDUSTRY WOULD BE PRODUCING AT THE FULL RATE OF 11,100,000 TONS BY THIS MONTH OR NEXT.

PIG IRON PRODUCTION ALSO HIT A POSTWAR HIGH OF 697,732 TONS IN JANUARY, COMPARED WITH 633,024 IN DECEMBER.

K1OOPES

SINGAPORE, FEB. 3-(AP)-RUBBER SOLD AT 32 1/16 MALAYAN CENTS, (7 1/2 CENTS U.S.) IN SINGAPORE TODAY, HIGHEST PRICE SINCE 1928.

BROKERS SAID INCREASED INTEREST IN RUBBER IN AMERICAN MARKETS RECENTLY AND REPORTS OF LARGE FUTURE RUBBER PURCHASES BY THE ECONOMIC COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION ACCOUNTED FOR THE PRICE ADVANCE.

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FEB 6 - 1950

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FEB. 5, 1950

30.24- 8765

Reds Have Exploded H-Bomb, Briton Says

Reports attributed to a London editor, Kenneth DeCourcy, that Soviet Russia has already exploded a hydrogen bomb, lack any authoritative connection or confirmation, so far as Associated Press inquiries show. British Government officials regard these reports with what is described as "cautious skepticism," notwithstanding confirmation of a previous DeCourcy prediction that Russia would explode an atomic bomb in 1949.

London, Feb. 6 (AP)—The British editor who correctly predicted that the Soviet Union whould set off an atomic blast in 1949 today said the Soviets already have made and exploded a hydrogen superbomb.

The editor is 40-year-old Kenneth DeCourcy, editor of the monthly *Intelligence Digest*, who claims to have sources of information on both sides of the Iron Curtain.

"There is now evidence of Russia having already made an H-bomb," DeCourcy asserted in a statement to the press.

"She has in fact made three and exploded one of them," the statement declared.

Location Not Given

DeCourcy did not say when or where the purported hydrogen bomb was tested.

DeCourcy in January, 1949, predicted that Russia would attempt an atomic explosion in 1949. President Truman in September revealed that there had been an atomic blast in Russia.

Last January 5, DeCourcy predicted the Rusians would attempt a second explosion, either January 7 or January 10, in blasting for an Asiatic irrigation project.

Later he said this explosion had occurred as predicted, but there has been no confirmation from any other source.

Predicts 11 More Blasts

DeCourcy, who claims to have an intelligence pipeline into Russia, said today the Soviet scientists will touch off a series of eleven more atomic blasts, starting March 3. He did not specify whether these would be hydrogen or atomic bombs.

He placed the site of the blasts as "latitude 40 degrees 20-30 minutes north, longitude 80 degrees 10-20 minutes east." This would be approximately at the border of the Soviet Asiatic republic of Kazakh and the Chinese province of Sinkiang.

Discusses January "Blast"

DeCourcy is now in Marrakesh, Morocco. His statement today was issued from his home at Gerard's Cross, Buckinghamshire.

Referring to the atomic explosion he earlier claimed took place January 7, DeCourcy's statement said:

"Since visiting the continent, I have been able to investigate certain information, and I find that the atomic fission not only took place as I warned but proved highly satisfactory to Russian experts.

"The facts of this are known in a wide circle and, most significantly, are not denied in moscow by certain highly placed persons there."

Believed Known In 3 Capitals

"Moreover," the statement continued, " I have reason to believe that the entire facts are well know in most important circles in London, Washington and Paris."

DeCourcy declared it was "not an accident" that President Truman's decision for the United States to proceed with work on the hydrogen bomb followed soon after DeCourcy's announcement of the second explosion.

DeCourcy said the Russian's explosions are in connection with the "highly secret Davidoff Project . . . a matter of first importance to the Atlantic powers, of which, nevertheless, the public is quite ignorant."

Project Described

The Davidoff Project, he said is a grandiose Russian plan to make hundreds of thousands of acres of desert land arable by leveling mountains and diverting rivers in the Kazakh area.

SAYS RUSSIANS TEST H-BOMB

British Editor Asserts Soviet Has Exploded One

London, Feb. 6 (AP)—Kenneth de Courcy, British editor of the monthly *Intelligence Digest*, declared today Russia has made and exploded the world's first hydrogen bomb.

De Courcy, who correctly predicted the Russians would set off their first atomic blast in 1949, said in a statement "there is now evidence of Russia already having made an H-bomb—she has in fact made three and exploded one of them."

He did not say when or where the purported super-bomb was tested, but added that "barring accidents or deliberate changes," the Russians planned to set off eleven more atomic blasts beginning at 2 A.M., on March 3 or 4.

Would Detect Blasts

He did not say whether these would be hydrogen or uranium bombs.

[American scientists said scientific instruments would detect such an explosion as de Courcy reports. Dr. Hans A. Bethe, of Cornell University, whose studies laid the foundation for work on a hydrogen bomb, said last Saturday the United States could detect a Russian hydrogen bomb blast. There has been no report that such an explosion was recorded.

[The reports by de Courcy are without confirmation or authoritative acceptance, Associated Press inquiries show. Foreign Office and other British Government sources regard the reports with "cautious skepticism."]

De Courcy is now in Marrakech, Morocco. His statement to the press, issued from his home in Gerrards Cross, Buckinghamshire, said he has fully confirmed that a second Russian atomic explosion occurred on January 7.

De Courcy predicted last January 5 the Russians would attempt a second explosion at midnight January 7 in Kazabistan, Russia. Later he said this explosion had occurred as predicted, but there has been no confirmation from any other source. De Courcy claims to have intelligence contacts in Russia as well as western Europe.

His statement said seismographs at Dublin and the Paris suburb of St. Maur showed "disturbances" at the time of the second blast.

No Tremors Registered

Officials of the St. Maur seismograph station said no tremors were registered there at the time fixed by de Courcy. A spokesman for the Dublin station said slight "earth waves" showed on its instruments but the distance or direction was not determined.

The seismograph at New Delhi, India, which would have been nearest to the presumed explosion, also failed to react at the time.

De Courcy has no known official connection with British Government intelligence. But he has a personal background of intelligence work for various British industrial and international affairs groups.

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Iraq, Egypt Reject Plan By Garreau on Jerusalem

By The Associated Press.

GENEVA, Feb. 6—Iraqi and Egyptian representatives told the United Nations Trusteeship Council today that the Arab world would never accept the "Garreau Plan" for limited internationalization in Jerusalem. They urged retention of the original General Assembly plan to internationalize the whole city.

Roger Garreau, president of the council, had proposed that the Holy Places in Jerusalem be internationalized and that a line be drawn between the remaining Arab and Jewish zones. The plan was offered as a compromise when both Israel and Jordan, occupying the New and Old cities respectively, rejected the General Assembly proposal.

"Jerusalem should not belong to Arabs or Jews, to Americans or British, but it should be the spiritual home for all mankind," said Mohammed Fadhel Jamali of Iraq. "Are we to sacrifice that noble concept adopted by the General Assembly of the United Nations and bow before violence and aggression?"

Egypt supported the Iraqi position.

West Germans Reprimanded By McCloy

Stuttgart, Germany, Feb. 6 (AP)—The United States High Commissioner for Germany today sharply reprimanded West German officials for criticizing the Western Allies.

He presented a program for Germany ruling out an army or air force and pledging that Nazism will not rise here again.

In a tough-talking major speech, Commissioner John J. McCloy informed the Germans that the United States intends to keep a firm grip on the occupied nation's political affairs.

This address was the most critical utterance by McCloy concerning the Germans since he assumed his post here last summer. McCloy has just returned from conferences in Washington.

9-Point Policy Given

McCloy outlined a nine-point policy for Germany, and at the same time warned West German leaders to stop agitating on such foreign issues as the dispute with France over the Saar. He told the Germans that they should get busy solving their many internal problems.

"We Americans are not here exclusively to feed the German people," McCloy declared. "Our main purpose is to help Germany achieve political recovery.

"That is my answer to those who occasionally say we have no right to mix in the political problems confronting this country."

It was significant that McCloy chose this city for a major policy statement. It was here three years ago that James F. Byrnes, former Secretary of State, made the first major American postwar declaration of policy.

Direct Reprimand

The Germans who have been looking to the United States to push other Western powers into relaxing controls in Germany, received a surprise.

In a direct reprimand to recent statements by West German officials who have blamed France and others for Germany's plight, McCloy said:

"There has been a recent tendency of certain spokesmen in this country to jump all the way from a denial of collective guilt to an assertion that other peoples and countries are responsible for Germany's postwar difficulties and problems.

"In all seriousness, I want you to know that such utterances do incalculable harm and set back the cause of Germany.

Nazi Outrages Cited

"They call to mind what people are now disposed to forget, that is the amazing docility and acquiescence of the greater part of the German population toward Nazi outrages."

The policy program:

1. Germany should be integrated into a free Europe.

2. The German people should, when they and their Government have demonstrated their readiness and responsibility, share fully in free Europe's economic benefits and correspondingly assume its obligations."

3. German security will best be protected by German participation in a closely knit western European community. That means there will be no German army or airforce."

4. The German people, subject to the foregoing considerations, should have the widest freedom to shape their future."

5. The United States aim is to "prevent any resurgence of ultra-nationalistic or anti-democratic forces which would be a threat to the peace of Europe."

6. All constructive efforts to help toward the goal of the unification of Germany on a democratic and federal basis will be made."

7. The city of Berlin, which has already found such a sympathetic response among the free people of the world, will continue to receive the aid and support of the people of the United States.

8. It is American policy to foster free trade practices through a program of decartelization and deconcentration of industry.

9. It is American policy that persons and organizations deprived of their property as a result of Nazi racial and political discrimination should either have their property returned to them or adequate compensation given.

McCloy expressed his concern over the revival of nationalist tendencies and stressed that one of the primary American purposes is to eradicate Nazism.

Point Is Repeated

His repetition of this point had particular significance in Stuttgart, where the German state president has been under fire for granting clemency to an estimated 10,000 Nazis.

McCloy's remarks on American determination to retain a grip on German policy affairs also struck at the German Minister President, Reinhold Maier, who has publicly criticized the American state representative in this area for interfering in de-Nazification affairs.

WEST GERMANY STOPS SENDING STEEL TO EAST

Says Russian Zone Fails To Fulfill Its Part Of Trade Agreement

Berlin, Feb. 6 (AP)—The West German Government has decided to stop all steel shipments to eastern Germany because the east zone has failed to fulfill a trade agreement American officials said today.

Simultaneously, the British declared that the recent Russian slowdown of highway traffic to Berlin was a smokescreen to hide East Germany's economic plight.

An American source said the West German decision was taken solely on the ground that the Soviet-occupied East zone was not fulfilling its contract obligations. The action would have been taken even if there had been no traffic restrictions by the Russians, he said.

Skirts The Facts

The East-West trade agreement signed last October, called for an exchange of $150,000,000 worth of goods between West Germany and the Soviet-occupied east zone, including 335,000 tons of iron and steel for the Soviet zone.

American officials said the east zone has been importing large quantities of iron and steel from the west zone but has sent only a trickle of the agricultural products, timber, mineral oils and other goods to the west.

British headquarters put out a statement asserting the Russian explanation for the truck slow-down only advanced "pretexts" and skirted the facts.

The Russians abruptly called off their two-weeks "little blockade" at Helmstedt on the frontier Saturday. Since then they have permitted trucks to clear the checkpoint with a minimum of delay for the inspection of papers.

To Combat Smuggling

Maj. Gen. Alexander Kotikov, Soviet commandant in Berlin, said in a reply to Western protests, timed to coincide with the lifting of the "blockade," that the rigid inspections delaying clearance had been adopted to combat smuggling.

"The only object of the repeated interferences," said the British statement, "has been clearly to try to shake confidence in western Berlin and to slow its recovery.

"The Soviet occupation authorities and the east-zone German authorities are perturbed at the contrast between the living conditions in the western sectors of Berlin and those in the eastern zone."

Tonight the Russians again delayed traffic at Helmstedt without explanation, slowing down the entry of Berlin-bound trucks to the point where a waiting line was established again. By midnight, with the entry rate cut to four or five trucks an hour, there was a line of fifteen trucks, the first such line since Saturday afternoon.

Berlin Red-Coup Prediction Minimized

Icy roads delay test of end of Berlin "little blockade." [Page 2.]

Berlin, Feb. 6 (AP)--West Berlin newspapers minimized today the warning by Kurt Schumacher, Socialist leader, that the city faced a Communist coup May 27.

Schumacher, opposition leader in the West German Republic's Parliament, recommended that Allied tanks be used to stop a reported coup he said the Reds plan to pull off during a rally of an anticipated 600,000 East German Communist youth at Whitsuntide.

The Western city press seemed to think the best antidote for possible Red demonstrations would be to arrange an important football game between Berlin and West German players. Then, they said, the people could choose between sports and politics.

Rumors "Old Story"

Western Allied officials also minimized Schumacher's report.

Declaring that "rumors of a *Putsch* are an old story," one American official here said the Allies "do not intend to be stampeded by rumors."

The source said "adequate security measures" would be taken but that West Berlin's streets probably would be thrown open to the young Communist merchers, rather than to tanks.

Protest Rally

East Berlin officials called for the rally to protest continued presence of Western occupation forces in Germany.

The Western Allies and the West Berlin Government have not announced yet whether the Communist demonstrators would be permitted to enter their part of the city.

Schumacher, who leads the opposition to Chancellor Konrad Adenauer's West German Government, said the marchers would include units of the Soviet zone's "people's police." They would go into action, he said, to "restore order" after the marching youths, armed with mountain climbers' poles five feet long, paralyzed traffic and caused disturbances.

Political Motive Seen

Some observers here pointed out that Schumacher's report might be a political action against Adenauer's West German Government. The opposition leader said he believed the Chancellor knew of the reported plot.

Fuchs's Interest In Left-Wing Politics Cited

Berlin, Feb. 6 (AP)—The British-controlled German newspaper *Die Welt* said today that Dr. Klaus Fuchs, naturalized British scientist accused of giving atomic secrets to Russia, had been interested in left-wing politics since boyhood.

The 38-year-old, German-born Fuchs master mind of the British Government's atomic effort, was jailed Friday in London on two charges of giving research secrets to a potential enemy.

Fuchs is scheduled for trial next Friday in London.

Family History Printed

Die Welt gave this history of the Fuchs family:

The father, Emil Fuchs, formerly was professor of theology at Kiel Pedagogical Academy. He had two sons, Klaus and Gerhard, and a daughter.

When Hitler seized power in 1933, the professor lost his position because he was a Socialist and a Quaker, and he was imprisoned for a month.

A promising mathematics and physics student, Klaus obtained a British scholarship to attend Oxford. His decision to emigrate from Nazi Germany stemmed entirely from his Left-wing political convictions, which he scorned to hide. There was no question of racial persecution; his family was accounted Aryan under the Nazi racial laws.

Brother-In-Law Imprisoned

Klaus's sister married a worker who was thrown into Torgau concentration camp in 1933 by the Nazis. After a long period, he escaped with the help of his wife, who provided him with civilian clothes for his flight.

Although her husband regained his liberty, her marriage collapsed, and she took her own life in grief.

The brother, Gerhard, was arrested by the Gestapo in 1937 for illegal activities and sentenced to long imprisonment.

Father Wrote 2 Books

Their father left Germany in 1943 for Switzerland. Although he was in his 70's, he completed two books while in temporary exile: "Leonhard Ragaz (Prospect of Our Time)" and "Christianity and Socialism."

After the war's end in 1945, Professor Fuchs returned to Germany and visited in Frankfurt and Berlin. He then received an invitation from the University of Leipzig, in the Soviet zone, where he now is professor of theology.

Icy Roads Delay Testing Of Slowdown Status

Berlin, Feb. 6 (AP)—The weather froze Berlin's highway traffic with western Germany today, delaying a conclusive test of whether the Soviet "little blockade" was ended.

The East-West Autobahn was so icy after daylight that only two or three Berlin-bound trucks an hour reached the Russian zone checkpoint at Helmstedt. They were cleared by the Soviet guards without undue delay and no pileup developed.

The Russians last night slowed down the frontier traffic after announcing they were dropping their two-week traffic restrictions. Frontier crossings were held to six trucks an hour and a backlog of 25 trucks developed. All had crossed, however, by morning.

Believed Ended

C. A. Dix, United States transport chief for Berlin, said all information indicated that the slowdown, which began January 22, was finished.

However, he said this could be verified only by seeing what happened when a normal volume of traffic again tried to cross the Soviet zone frontier, possibly tomorrow or Wednesday.

A German freight-car wheel slipped off the rail between the American and Soviet station on the frontier last night, causing delays up to 30 minutes in train schedules.

Rejection Expected

The three Western commandants of Berlin were expected to reject Soviet Maj. Gen. Alexander Kotikov's charges that "wild black marketing and smuggling" had characterized the city's commerce with western Germany.

These allegations were made by Kotikov in a letter Saturday to explain the Soviet cargo checks which delayed interzonal traffic.

An Allied official said a formal reply would take several days to be drawn up. If the "little blockade" was over in the meanwhile, the point of the East-West correspondence appeared to be gone.

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U. S. FLIERS IN GERMANY LAUNCH 'MANEUVER'

FRANKFURT, Germany, Feb. 6 (AP)—The U. S. Air Force started a four-day training exercise "Operation Readiness" today.

Officials emphasized it had no connection with preparations for a possible resumption of a Berlin airlift.

Officers told reporters the exercise was to test how quickly all men and equipment could be called into action.

Air Force Holds Secret Exercise At Frankfurt

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Frankfurt, Germany, Feb. 6 (AP)—Strict security measures were imposed on Frankfurt's Rhine-Main airbase today as the United States Air Force began a secret exercise officially called "operation readiness."

Air Force officers and public information officials declined to comment on the troop carrier and supply operations, apparently designed to test all men and equipment which could be needed on a moment's notice.

They declined to say whether the exercise was designed to sharpen up men who might be called to supply Berlin by airlift.

Armed guards patrolled hangar areas and stood sentry by installations.

Newsman Arrested

News of the exercise was revealed when a newsman was arrested when he entered a hangar. He was kept briefly in custody, then given a pass and permitted to leave the field.

Officers refused to talk about the operation and said it was "classified."

The operation will be conducted for four days. During that time a full-scale unannounced alert is expected to be called which will bring the entire facilities of this big former airlift base into operation.

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Czechs Exected To Try Many Benes Followers Very Soon

Prague, Czechoslovakia, Feb. 6 (AP). Highly reliable sources said tonight that the Czechoslovak Government will try a large group of followers of the late President Edouard Benes "in a very short while."

They will be charged with plotting the overthrow of the present regime, the informants said.

The purpose of the trial, according to these sources, will be to discredit the memory of the former President, still revered here by millions of Czechs as a national hero.

The reports were entirely unconfirmed, but came from persons in a position to know.

Gave Up Affiliations

Those to be tried, the informants said, are all former National Socialist members of parliament. Benes was leader of the National Socialists until 1935, when he became President and gave up all political affiliations.

The party was crushed by the Communists after their coup in February, 1948, and finally re-emerged as the Communist-line Socialist party.

The informants said the defendants will include Josef David, who was chairman of Parliament until the Communists took control of the legislative body, and several former women members.

Editor's Trial Expected

The same sources said Vilem Novy, former editor-in-chief of *Rude Pravo*, official organ of the Czech Communist party, also will be tried soon.

Novy was ousted from his post last year on charges of a "lack of Bolshevist vigilance." These charges were never explained further. A few days before his expulsion he suddenly resigned his post in Parliament because of "ill health."

The exact number of those to be tried was not disclosed, but it had been reported previously that at least fifteen high ranking former members of the National Socialist party have been arrested. Some were secretaries to Benes.

The controlled press has been waging an intensive campaign of abuse against Benes for several months now, charging that he was merely an agent of the British and Americans, when he headed the Czechoslovak Government-in-exile in London during the war.

BENES FOLLOWERS MAY FACE TRIAL

PRAGUE, Czechoslovakia, Feb. 6 —(AP) Highly reliable sources said tonight that the Czechoslovak government will try a large group of followers of the late President Eduard Benes "in a very short while."

They will be charged with plotting the overthrow of the present regime, the informants said.

The purpose of the trial, according to these sources, will be to discredit the memory of the former president, still revered here by millions of Czechs as a national hero.

The reports were entirely unconfirmed but came from persons in a position to know.

FRENCHMAN ADMITS POLISH SPY CHARGE

SZCZECIN, (Stettin) Poland, Feb. 6—(AP) Andre Robineau, former French consular secretary here, smilingly pleaded guilty today to spy charges which could mean his death.

Another Frenchman, Gaston Druet, and four Poles went on trial. Robineau's arrest last Nov. 18 set in train scores of arrests and expulsions of French nationals and employes from Poland and of Poles from France on spy charges.

Robineau, a debonair 25-year-old former member of the Free French navy operating from England during the war, told the court he served the French intelligence service "because I liked the job."

"I have done my duty as a soldier," he added.

His flippant answers so confused the court interpreter at one time that the president adjourned the session until another interpreter could be found.

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Spy Confession Made by French Aid in Poland

Robineau Cheerfully Tells Court He Did His Duty; 5 Others on Trial With Him

SZCZECIN (Stettin), Poland, Feb. 6 (AP).—Andre Simon Robineau, who served as French Consular secretary here, cheerfully pleaded guilty to day to spying.

Robineau and another Frenchman, Gaston Druet, went on trial before a district military court, charged with spying for a foreign power. Conviction could mean a death sentence.

Four Poles also went on trial with the two Frenchmen.

"I have done my duty as a soldier," Robineau told the court. He said he became involved in French intelligence work "because I like the job."

Most of his answers were so smilingly flippant that the translator became confused, and court had to be adjourned while a new translator was found.

Robineau's arrest Nov. 18 touched off a wave of arrests of Polish citizens in France which has resulted in severely strained relations between the two countries.

The 117-page indictment charges Robineau was sent to Poland as a French spy seeking military, economic and political information. He is alleged to have recruited Druet for his organization.

The four Poles also were alleged to have been recruited by Robineau.

The indictment said eighteen Poles were held in the Szczecin jail as witnesses for the prosecution. It was believed here some of them later may face similar charges.

Poles To Draft Women For Army In New Law

Warsaw, Poland, Feb. 6 (AP)—Women henceforth will be conscripted for Poland's armed forces for the first time in history under a new act approved today by the Diet (parliament).

The new measure changes completely many existing conditions of military service for both sexes.

Brig. Gen. J. Mieczyslaw Watrowski, who introduced the measure, said it corresponds to the realities of the "people's Poland" in defense needs and the "close alliance with Soviet Russia's endeavors to establish world peace."

14 Planes Raid Power Plant In Shanghai

Taipei, Formosa, Feb. 6 (AP)—Fourteen Nationalist bombers pounded Shanghai today in the heaviest air raid of the month.

The B-24 bombers, each carrying seven 500-pound bombs, attacked the Chapei power plant in Communist Shanghai. Damage was reported to be heavy.

The Communists put up heavy anti-aircraft fire but all planes returned to Formosa.

[Damage caused by two Nationalist planes which raided Shumchun, on the China-Hong Kong border, Saturday was estimated today at 6,000,000 Hong Kong dollars, about $1,000,000 United States.

Stock Piles Hit

[Communist stockpiles just over the border in China were hit. Gasoline drums and Diesel oil ignited in the raid still was burning today. The dump contained industrial chemicals, cotton, rubber and general cargo.]

Defense Ministry officials here predicted a Communist attack on Namoa Island shortly.

Namoa is one of the bases from which Nationalists carry on their blockade of China. It also is important as a supply point for material smuggled to the mainland for use by Nationalists guerrillas in the seaboard provinces of Fukien and Kwangtung.

The Defense Ministry says these guerrillas have been giving the Reds increasing trouble. Two Communist armies, the Ministry said, are being used against the guerrillas.

Aided By Secret Societies

A Ministry spokesman said the Nationalist guerrillas consist of regulars and provincial militia left behind to fight the Reds. The spokesman said they are being supported by the Big Haven and other secret societies.

Secret societies particularly in Kwangtung province, have always been powerful. They have traditionally controlled gambling, smuggling and other rackets, such as the protection of river shipping.

The nationalists found it easier to leave them more or less to their own devices. But the Reds tried to clean them up with the result, so the Defense Ministry spokesman said, they have taken up arms against the Communists.

Chiefs Of Staff Visit Air Base At Okinawa

Tokyo, Feb. 6 (AP)—The United States Joint Chiefs of Staff today looked over Okinawa, key airbase in the American defense line facing Communist-troubled Asia.

In Japan, the four top military commanders left this general impression after five days of secret strategy conferences with General MacArthur and his experts:

The United States may take a tougher stand against the spread of communism in the Orient and back it up with more attention to American military needs in this part of the world.

Two Hours From Japan

Gen. Omar N. Bradley, chairman of the Joint Chiefs; Army General J. Lawton Collins; Air Force General Hoyt S. Vandenberg and Admiral Forrest P. Sherman, chief of naval operations, left Japan this morning. Two hours after taking off from Itazuke Airfield on Kyushu, they landed at battle-famed Okinawa.

Three news correspondents who had hoped to accompany the Chiefs of Staff were refused permission by Lieut. Gen. George Stratemeyer, Far East Air Force commander, to fly to Kyushu. Stratemeyer gave no explanation for his refusal to allow the newsmen along.

Discussion Subjects

Some of the things local commanders probably will stress in talks with the Joint Chiefs are:

1. Communist control of Formosa—only 350 miles to the southwest—would be a serious menace to Okinawa and the American defense line that runs down the Aleutians through Japan to the Philippines.

2. The United States should retain control indefinitely of Okinawa—a conviction also held by MacArthur's experts.

3. Construction of typhoon-resistant baracks, homes, hangars and warehouses should be continued without interruption although the project may cost $800,000,000.

4. Assignment of more air and ground force equipment to Okinawa and possibly more manpower.

5. Hastening of the restoration of Okinawa's economy as a bulwark against Red infiltration.

No Inkling Of Decisions

There was no official inkling of what the Joint Chiefs might report to President Truman and national defense planners on their return to Washington via Guam, Kwajalein and Hawaii.

However, it was evident that high officers of MacArthur's command urged a bolder American attitude to save a situation they regard as critical.

Man Who Befriended Japs Hailed In Tokyo

Tokyo, Feb. 6 (AP)—Earl Finch, a farmer from Hattiesburg, Miss., arrived in Japan today on business.

But he found a round of social activity awaiting him that delayed his business activity.

During the war many Japanese-Americans trained near Finch's farm at Camp Shelby, Miss. He gave them the run of his place during their free hours and established recreation clubs for them. He visited their families and assisted them in all ways.

Later, Finch was named the godfather of the 442d Combat Team and the 100th Infantry Battalion. Both were composed of Japanese-Americans.

Veterans of these outfits now in Japan and relatives of other veterans arranged a dinner for Finch tonight at the Suburban Gajoen Hotel.

Says MacArthur Is in Accord

TOKYO, Feb. 6 (AP).—W. Walton Butterworth, Assistant Secretary of State for Far Eastern Affairs, said today General Douglas MacArthur "sees eye to eye with American officials concerned with Japan."

Before leaving tonight for Manila Mr. Butterworth said in a prepared statement that a talk with General MacArthur "indicated to me the close identity of ideas between the Supreme Commander and those concerned with Japan in Washington."

KOREAN REPORT IN ERROR

Seoul Navy Says Mystery Ship Did Not Raise Soviet Flag

SEOUL, Korea, Feb. 6 (AP)—Headquarters of the Korean Navy said today there was an error in a patrol boat captain's report that he had found a Russian ship idling a mile off the South Korean coast last Friday.

Navy headquarters said the ship was sighted on the high seas, not in Korean territorial waters. Furthermore, said the Navy, the ship did not break out the Russian flag as was first reported. The nationality of the ship was not ascertained.

The original report from the patrol craft that a warning shot was fired still stands. But the Navy said the shot went straight into the air and not across the bow of the strange ship.

The captain of the patrol craft is in the brig at Pusan. He is charged with damaging his ship while trying to anchor it at Pohang, a South Korean port.

JESSUP CAUTIONS REDS ON VIET NAM

Says U.S. Would Hold Aggression 'Very Grave Matter'

Singapore, Feb. 6 (AP)—Philip C. Jessup, United States roving ambassador, said today the United States would regard an armed aggression against Indo-China "as a very grave matter."

He said he believed Russia and Communist China were ready to go all-out in aiding Moscow-trained Ho Chi-minh's Viet Nam Republic in Indo-China with material aid and troops.

The ambassador is making a fact-finding tour of the Far East and will meet with United States diplomats in the area at a conference at Bangkok, Thailand, next Monday.

Three-Year Guerrilla War

Russia and Communist China have given official diplomatic recognition to Ho's Viet Nam Republic, which has been fighting a guerrilla war against the French for more than three years. France is backing the Viet Nam state headed by former Emperor Bao Dai. The United States and Britain have indicated that they soon will recognize Bao Dai.

Jessup said there was "urgent" need for action to save southeast Asia from communism. What kind of action this should be is under study, he said, but "quicker action may be necessary than the Point Four program" provides.

Technical Assistance

The Point Four program is the proposal outlined in President Truman's inaugural address a year ago for technical and financial assistance in the economic development of backward areas of the world.

Jessup said "I cannot subscribe to the defeatest attitude" of many trained observers in this area that southeast Asia might as well be written off to the Communists already.

"Stalin's program is clear, quite clear," he said. "Russia is encouraging nationalism in Asia only as a step toward the subjection of the people to the alien rule of Russian dictators."

RED 'FISHING BOATS' VISIT A-TEST AREA

HONOLULU, Feb. 6 — (AP) Two Russian "fishing vessels"—of the same type that visited Honolulu just before the 1948 atomic tests at Eniwetok—docked here today.

More atomic weapons tests are scheduled this year at the Eniwetok Island proving area.

The Trepang and Perlamutr, both 125-foot sailing schooners with auxiliary engines, arrived in harbor last night. Immigration officials refused to let the crews come ashore because their papers were not in order.

The same two ships, with another of their type, stopped in St. Thomas, Virgin Islands, last December before the U. S. Navy's maneuvers were held in the Caribbean.

No fishing gear was evident on the ships. R. Craig Smith of the Inter-Island Steamship Co., which is acting as agent for the ships, said that so far as he knew they carried no cargo.

The captain of the Trepang, who said his name was Vladimir Gerasimov, told a reporter the ships were part of reparations from Finland.

Wait-and-See Is India's Policy On Indo-China

Nehru Says His Countr Also Will Avoid Takin Stand Now About Tibe

NEW DELHI, Feb. 6 (AP)—Prim Minister Jawaharial Nehru told news conference today India wi adopt a wait-and-see attitud toward Indo-China and Tibet.

He said India will recogniz neither Communist-backed Ho Ch Minh's Viet Nam Republic i Indo-China, nor French-sponsore former Emperor Bao Dai's Vie Nam state. India will watch de velopments there and let the Indo Chinese people decide, he adde

He said India also does not wan to interfere in Tibet, but want Tibet's people to decide their own future. The Chinese Communist radio has been threatening to "liberate" Tibet.

Asked about India's attitude toward President Truman's decision to proceed with development of a hydrogen bomb, Mr. Nehru said:

"If you have come to the conclusion that the world is a pretty bad show, let the hydrogen bomb put an end to it. If you want to carry on the world with decency, obviously you will have to put an end to the hydrogen bomb."

The Prime Minister told his news conference that Pakistan's failure to respond to his proposal that the Moslem dominion and India sign a declaration banning war between them means Pakistan wants to "reserve the right to settle some question by force."

The declaration was proposed as a means of smoothing relations between the two countries which are disputing over the future of the northern border state of Kashmir and other issues.

Later, however, in laying th proposed declaration before Parliament, Mr. Nehru said Pakistan's Prime Minister, Liaquat Ali Kahn, had promised a "considered reply" to the suggestion.

Mr. Nehru told his news conference that Pakistan's propaganda on the Kashmir issue surprised him by "its amazing falsehood," and was exhausting "my patience." He said, however, that India will stand by the no-war declaration, whether Pakistan agrees to it or not, and will "not go to war unless we are attacked."

THEY'RE SKIING ON MT. CARMEL

Snow And Unprecedented Cold Wave Grip Middle East

Jerusalem, Feb. 6 (AP) — Biblical Mount Carmel, where the Prophet Elijah called down divine fire to thwart the idolatrous priests of Baal, today was covered with 2 to 3 feet of snow.

For the first time in history the mount was being used for skiing. The unprecedented cold wave gripping the Middle East brought a 36-hour snowfall in this area.

Business men in Haifa were unable to reach their homes atop Mount Carmel.

Storms From Istanbul To Cairo

The Middle East from Istanbul to Cairo shivered under the wintry storms which disrupted highway travel, paralyzed shipping and snuffed out lives.

Twelve Egyptian fishermen aboard the 85-ton fishing smack Rabha were three days overdue and believed lost in 65-mile-an-hour gales which whipped the Mediterranean off the Egyptian coast.

Six persons drowned in the Black Sea off Turkey when the 130-ton motorboat Saka capsized in heavy seas.

Snow Blankets All Of Turkey

An unprecedented snowfall blanketed all of Turkey. Thousands of persons were trapped without food, fuel or medicines. The Red Crescent, Moslem equivalent of the Red Cross, set up emergency service. Temperatures plummeted far below zero. Crop damage was extensive.

In Jerusalem, relief agents distributed thousands of blankets to ease the suffering of Jewish immigrants living in tents, wooden huts and transit camps. The Holy Land dug its way out from a record snowstorm.

A number of huts collapsed under the snow at the big Yemenite camp north of Tel Aviv.

3 Feet Of Snow In Jerusalem

More than 3 feet of snow fell in the Jerusalem area.

The white blanket spread throughout Palestine, including Tiberias in the Galilee sector, where many towns and villages are situated hundreds of feet below sea level.

The Israeli Parliament session scheduled for tomorrow had to be postponed as snow and frost brought highway traffic to a standstill.

Cairo's cold wave claimed two victims—Hassan, a sea lion from California, and Shehab, a tiger from the jungles of Ethiopia.

The city's zoo director said they perished during last night's near-freezing temperatures, coldest weather ever recorded in Cairo.

MIDDLE EAST HIT BY GALES, SNOW

JERUSALEM, Feb. 6—(AP) The Middle East from Istanbul to Cairo shivered today under wintry storms which disrupted highway travel, paralyzed shipping and snuffed out lives.

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Turkey Reports Storm One Of Worst In Years

Istanbul, Turkey, Feb. 6 (AP)—One of the worst winter storms in years paralyzed transport throughout Turkey, stopped Black Sea shipping and claimed at least six lives today.

Six persons were drowned when the 130-ton motorship Saka capsized in the storm-lashed Black Sea. Another vessel, the Yeshilpazar, was swept against the rocks at Inebolu and destroyed.

Snows blanketed virtually all Turkey, stalling trains and motor service and grounding aircraft in many areas.

Schools were closed and the Turkish relief organization, Red Crescent, set up emergency stations to care for thousands of persons trapped without food, fuel or medicines.

The storm, driven in by northern winds, has been raging since Thursday night.

Two Hurt In Crash Of Israel Plane

Tel Aviv, Israel, Feb. 6 (AP)—An Israel National Airlines plane crashed today at Lydda airport as it was attempting to take off for Rome. Two passengers were slightly injured.

The plane was carrying Aubrey Eban, Israel's permanent representative at the United Nations, and other officials bound for a Geneva meeting of the United Nations Trusteeship Council on proposals for internationalization of Jerusalem and for Palestine conciliation commission talks.

The takeoff had been attempted in a snowstorm and the plane failed to gain sufficient altitude. The craft was badly damaged.

Honor Mrs. Golda Myerson

TEL AVIV, Feb. 6 (AP).—Labor Minister Mrs. Golda Myerson was decorated today by the Women's National Institute of the United States as the "outstanding woman of Israel." The Institute awarded the former Milwaukee school teacher a bronze medallion at a ceremony attended by government officials and members of the American colony.

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Egypt and Saudi Arabia Study Plan to Aid Syria

CAIRO, Feb. 6 (AP).— Egypt and Saudi Arabia are reported considering a policy of economic aid to Syria as a means of forestalling Syrian-Iraqi unity.

The unity proposal, now a big issue in Middle Eastern diplomatic maneuverings, is linked with the ambitions of the Hashemite royal line for sway over a "Greater Syria" or "fertile crescent" area. Iraq's rulers and King Abdullah of Jordan are of the Hashemite family.

Syria's third coup d'etat of the year, last December, was staged to block the pro-unity elements in that country.

The Egyptian-Saudi Arabian talks, reported under way in Cairo, are said to deal with a plan for improving Syria's economic position, badly shaken in the political events of 1949.

JSSIA SAID TO IGNORE U.N.

Austin Says Soviet Does Not Carry Out Decisions

San Juan, Puerto Rico., Feb. 6 (AP)—Warren R. Austin, United States representative to the United Nations, told the joint session of the Puerto Rico Legislature today Russia does not carry out United Nations decisions.

"International co-operation through the United Nations requires two steps, not just one," Austin said in his speech. "It requires, first, participation in making the decision. This the Sovet Union usually does.

"But it requires in addition that the country carry out what the United Nations decides to do. This the Soviet Union usually does not do."

He said Russia is "far more isolationist than the United States ever was. And that reason is enough to make agreement exceedingly difficult."

Praises Governor

Austin and Mrs. Austin are on a tour of Caribbean countries. He told the legislature that he was here to make an informal report on United Nations work, on United States participation in the work, and on the prospects for peace.

He praised Governor Munoz-Marin for progress in what he called "Operation Bootstrap"—raising standards of living in the island since Austin visited the country as the member of a United States Senate mission in 1937.

"We are poignantly conscious of the fact that our negotiators have not reached agreement on effective means of international control of atomic energy," Austin said.

"Now the walkout of the Soviet Union has frustrated continuing efforts among the sponsoring powers. We know only too well the widespread uneasiness that has resulted. We are aware of the public's concern over the abuse of the veto and over all Soviet walkouts.

Cites Child-Aid Fund

"In my opinion, United States policy in the United Nations is an open-minded policy. On the question of atomic energy, for example, an overwhelming majority of the nations have expressed satisfaction with a control plan worked out by the United Nations Atomic Energy Commission. We support that plan. It is the only plan we know of that would maintain safeguards effective and enforceable against use for destructive purposes.

"At the same time, we have repeatedly expressed our willingness to consider any other effective and enforceable plan."

Illustrating his charge that Russia did not carry out United Nations decisions, he said he would not repeat political examples like the Soviet boycott of United Nations peace efforts in Greece and Korea, but cited the work of the United Nations International Children's Emergency Fund which has distributed help to millions of children throughout the world.

"The Soviet Union had a representative on the executive board which made the policy and operational decisions," Austin said. "Yet, while small nations like Iceland and Norway and New Zealand gave cod liver oil and hides for shoes when they couldn't give dollars, and while the United States gave $72 for every $28 contributed by all other countries combined, the Soviet Government made no contribution."

NEW SPY ARRESTS HINTED BY PROBER

FBI Reports Fuchs Was a Long-Time Communist Sympathizer

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6. — (AP) Hints of possible new arrests in the London atomic spy case were given today as the FBI reported that Dr. Klaus Fuchs, key figure in the international hubbub, was a long-time communist sympathizer.

On a tip from the FBI, Scotland Yard agents seized Fuchs in England last Friday and jailed him for allegedly leaking hydrogen bomb data and other vital atomic secrets to Moscow.

Chairman McMahon (D-Conn) of the Senate-House Atomic Committee told newsmen that "further ramifications" of the case are being worked on by the FBI in this country and by British intelligence agents in Britain.

New Arrests Hinted

"Does that mean others were involved, besides Fuchs?" a reporter asked.

McMahon replied:

"Sometimes common sense dictates that arrests not be made immediately."

Along with this indication that new arrests may be near, McMahon gave newsmen a broad summary of testimony by FBI Chief J. Edgar Hoover during a two-hour session with the joint congressional committee at mid-day.

On the basis of Hoover's disclosures, McMahon gave this account of data turned up by the FBI:

Favored Reds for Years

1. That the imprisoned Dr. Fuchs, top British atomic scientist, has been "definitely sympathetic to communist ideologies" since he was a young man.

2. That "no doubt" exists as to Fuchs' wide knowledge of the so-called hydrogen "hell" bomb — the projected weapon which reputedly would pack eight to 1,000 times the explosive fury of the old atom bomb.

3. That Fuchs has "transmitted highly secret information to Soviet Russia."

4. That Fuchs, who worked on atomic projects in the United States from 1943 to 1946, was not under suspicion until the FBI gave the British government a lead about his activities. McMahon said the British first questioned Fuchs in late December, 1949.

FBI Director Hoover's appearance before the senate-house committee today was his second trip to Capitol Hill in connection with the case.

Says Fuchs Confessed

He had previously been quoted as saying that Fuchs had confessed "in part" and that FBI evidence indicated the German-born British physicist had been a paid Soviet spy since 1939.

A reporter asked McMahon if the FBI had found it difficult to track down Fuchs' communist background.

"No," McMahon said.

"Then why didn't the British find out?" he was asked.

"I assume they didn't know it," he replied.

Fuchs came to this country in November, 1943 and worked in New York, Washington, and at the Los Alamos, N. M., laboratories. He remained here until June, 1946.

Awaiting trial in London, Fuchs is accused of two specific instances of violating the British Official Secrets Act—once by allegedly passing atomic secrets to Russian agents in the United States in 1945, again in England in 1947.

McMahon said the army did not advise the FBI that Fuchs had arrived in this country as a member of the British mission.

Reading from notes, McMahon told reporters:

"There can be no doubt after this morning's meeting (with Hoover) as to the general extent of Fuch's information and knowledge, both as to atomic weapons and so-called hydrogen weapons."

Meanwhile, Senator Sparkman (-Ala) said the hydrogen bomb threat must be solved through the United Nations and "not by unilateral action with decisions made behind closed doors."

Sparkman told a Senate Foreign Relations Subcommittee that Russia should be approached with "a simple plan" for international atomic controls which would protect both Russia and the United States from attack.

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Lehman Urges A 'Friendship' Policy in Asia

Backs Acheson and Warns Intervention Might Lose All of Orient to the Reds

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6 (AP).— Senator Herbert H. Lehman, Democrat, of New York, said today the United States must follow a policy of "friendship without gain" to win the people of Asia from Communism.

Senator Lehman told a reporter he is in complete agreement with Secretary of State Dean Acheson's views on American policy in China and Asia.

"I am pleased that the situation in China has been handled on high moral grounds," Senator Lehman said, "and that we don't trade our long-time advantage for what might appear to be a short-term advantage."

Senator Lehman said any intervention in China or Formosa by the United States would bring only a short-term advantage at best—with the danger of losing all Asia to Communism through bad reaction to such a move.

In an exchange of letters last week, Mr. Acheson wrote Senator Lehman that China's national independence and territorial integrity are threatened by Soviet Communism. But he said the United States should avoid any "hasty or ill-considered action" that might do "irreparable harm."

Some Republicans have called for the United States to give military aid to the Chinese Nationalist government on Formosa—and use the Navy if necessary—to keep the island out of Communist hands.

Senator Lehman said any such action would be a mistake. He said he does not think the United States arbitrarily could draw a line in Southeast Asia across which the Communists cannot advance.

He said the United States has more friends in Asia and behind the Iron Curtain than most people realize. "There is a great reservoir of friendship for us there," Senator Lehman said, "and we should continue every effort to let these people know what we are doing in the interests of peace."

Lehman Backs Air Force

Plan to Move Electronics Research to Rome, N. Y., Defended

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6 (AP).— The Air Force, supported by Senator Herbert H. Lehman, Democrat-Liberal, of New York, today defended a decision to transfer its electronics research laboratory from Eatontown, N. J., to Rome, N. Y.

Harold C. Stuart, assistant Secretary for Air, told a House Armed Services subcommittee that the decision to move to Griffiss Air Field at Rome was made in the "best interests" of the Air Force and national defense. "I understand," Senator Lehman said, "that the decision to bring these laboratories to Rome was made principally for reasons of national defense." He said he was convinced that the Air Force made its decision only after "careful, exhaustive consideration."

Far East Aid Seen Passing In House

Washington, Feb. 6 (AP)—Both Republican and Democratic leaders predicted today that the House would agree to continue economic aid to Korea and Formosa.

The one-package bill comes up for a vote tomorrow.

It provides $60,000,000 of economic aid to the Republic of South Korea between February 15 and the end of June. It also provides for spending in Formosa part of an unexpended balance of $103,000,000 from the China Aid Act of 1948.

Authority to aid Korea and Formosa expires February 15.

Backed By Vorys

Republican support quickly developed in the House. This was lacking earlier, when the House defeated a proposal to extend aid to Korea alone.

Representative Vorys (Ohio), a leader of GOP opposition to the aid-for-Korea-only proposal, got behind the new plan.

Both Secretary of State Acheson and Chairman Kee (D., W.Va.) of the House Foreign Affairs Committee, have emphasized that the legislation does not include military aid to Formosa.

In a letter made public over the week end, Acheson said this country, "on trial before the peoples of Asia," might do "irreparable harm" by taking "hasty or ill-considered action" in the Far East.

Replies To Lehman

Acheson wrote in answer to a letter from Senator Lehman (D. Lab., N.Y.), who had said he was deeply troubled "that no positive course suggests itself" in China. The Secretary replied:

"The heartening support which we receive in the international community is freely given because foreign peoples have faith in us and know whence any threat to their independence arises.

"This position of moral leadership places upon us a heavy responsibility.

"We must not destroy the faith which others have in us. And we shall surely destroy it if we permit possible momentary advantage to obscure the great moral principles to which we are dedicated."

NEW VOGELER PROTEST MADE

Acheson Tells Budapest Envoy Of Serious View By U.S.

Washington, Feb. 6 (AP)—Dean Acheson, Secretary of State, told Imre Horvath, the Hungarian Minister, today to impress on his Government that the United States takes a "very serious" view of the arrest and detention of Robert A. Vogeler.

The Hungarian diplomat called on Acheson at the State Department prior to leaving late this week for Budapest for consultations.

Horvath said after his fifteen-minute talk that Acheson brought up the case of Vogeler, an American citizen who has been held by Hungarian authorities for more than two months on charges of "espionage and sabotage."

"Mr. Acheson told me that I must say to my premier when I see him that the Vogeler matter is a very serious thing and that there is strong opinion here concerning him," he said.

Horvath said he replied that all he knew about the case was what he has read in the American newspapers.

Asked whether he will return after talking with his Government, Horvath nodded and said "I come back—I hope."

In protesting Vogeler's treatment the United States has indicated that it may break diplomatic relations unless the matter is settled to its satisfaction. Vogeler is a vice president of the European branch of the International Telephone and Telegraph Company.

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Disarmament Parley Urged To Counter H-Bomb Threat

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6 — (AP) President Truman was urged by a leading senator today to summon a world disarmament conference to cope with the threat of the hydrogen "hell" bomb.

Senator Tydings (D.-Md.), chairman of the Senate Armed Services committee, told the Senate that Mr. Truman should call upon the nations to disarm "all the way down to rifles."

Tydings said the United States should abandon "futile attempts" to deal only with the control of atomic weapons.

Asks Full Disarmament

"Disarmament must be on the land, air and sea," he said.

"I advocate that all nations disarm gradually over a period of years under continual inspection. That is the only way to outlaw the atomic bomb and the H-bomb.

"We must all come face to face with the grim reality that in the course of construction are weapons so gigantic and so destructive that not just one city but civilization itself is threatened with destruction," Tydings said.

Others Voice Protests

All through Congress, the discussion of the H-bomb reached peak intensity. In other developments:

1. Ely Culbertson, bridge expert and author of a plan for an international police force, told senators there is a strong "hidden" group in the United States which wants to go to war with Russia at once while America has the lead in atomic weapons.

He said the group includes teachers, ministers, liberals and others. He deplored the idea of preventive war, saying it would be a crime against humanity.

2. Senator Sparkman (D.-Ala.) said the hydrogen bomb threat must be solved through the United Nations and urged that Moscow be approached with a "simple plan" for international atomic controls to protect both the United States and Russia from attack.

Sparkman Calls for U.N. Hydrogen Bomb Solution

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6 (AP).—Senator John J. Sparkman, Democrat, of Alabama, said today that the hydrogen bomb threat must be solved through the United Nations and "not by unilateral action with decisions made behind closed doors."

He told a Senate Foreign Relations subcommittee that Russia should be approached with a "simple plan" of international atomic controls which will protect both Russia and the United States from attack.

He urged approval of a resolution backed by a group of eleven Senators to form a professional armed force among the Atlantic Pact nations. This air, sea and land force would be the nucleus for a world police force directed by the U. N.

H-BOMB WON'T DESTROY HUMANITY, WILSON SAYS

PITTSBURGH, Feb. 6 — (AP) Charles E. Wilson, president of General Electric Co., says neither the H-bomb nor any other bomb is going to destroy humanity.

"Society has always had the power to destroy," Wilson told the Engineers Society of Western Pennsylvania tonight. "But always it has used its power for good and growth, not death.

"The pattern is the same as we face the H-bomb. Although the house of man is often shaken, society has recovered and gone on its way to new triumphs."

Russ Capable Of A-Bombing, Symington Says

New York, Feb. 6 (AP)—W. Stuart Symington, Secretary of the Air Force, said last night that Russia has the capacity to drop atom bombs on any part of the United States.

Speaking at the annual dinner of the New York Baseball Writers Association, Symington declared:

"We all know international conditions are not healthy in this post-war cold-war period. Behind an Iron Curtain there has been an atomic explosion, in a country which today has the capacity to deliver bombs to any part of America, and we have no sure defense."

Legion Blames V. A. for Abuses In G.I. Training

Says Agency Didn't Set Up Standards for Vocational Schools; V.F.W. Concurs

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6 (AP).—The big veterans organizations said today the Veterans Administration is primarily responsible for such trade-school abuses as exist in the G. I. education program.

The V. A., in a report to the Senate Labor Committee, has said millions of dollars are being wasted on G. I. training by vocational and trade schools of questionable value. Carl R. Gray jr., V. A. administrator, said 5,600 of the 8,800 approved schools below college level and operating for profit have sprung up since the G. I. bill went into effect in 1944.

A spokesman for the American Legion declared the V. A., in contracting to pay for these training services, has failed to establish standards to guide state agencies in approving them for V. A. contracts.

"The V. A. has its neck out," the spokesman said. "It now says the only way to lick this thing is to curtail the whole program. We don't want the V. A. to alibi and then use that to cut the veterans off from his retirement."

The Veterans of Foreign Wars conceded that many profit-making private schools are below par and that many of the veterans themselves are "riding the gravy train." But it is not the veterans' fault, a V. F. W. spokesman declared.

"The V. A. entered into contracts initially that should never have been entered into," he said. "The V. A. is vulnerable on this, and it should have watched more carefully. Many of the same people who ran this sort of training after World War I are running it now (in V. A.). They had plenty of experience and should have been wiser about wasting years of young men's lives and millions of the taxpayers' money."

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Navy Bares Powerful New Rocket, For Use in Air-to-Air Combat

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6 — (AP) A powerful new aircraft rocket, nicknamed the "Mighty Mouse," has been developed by the Navy for air-to-air combat in any future war.

The Department of Defense took the wraps off the secret project today with the announcement that the rocket has been successfully test-fired over the California desert.

The department sketched this picture of the new weapon:

It has far greater speed and range than aircraft rockets developed during World War II.

It is small enough to be carried in quantity by its "mother" aircraft, yet fast and powerful enough to destroy any known plane with a direct hit.

It was built specifically for use on modern, high-speed planes against other aircraft.

"The new rockets may be fired singly or in salvo from the launcher, which is attached to the airplane's wings or to its fuselage," the department said. "They are aimed by aiming the aircraft (at the target)."

The department called it the "first successful air-to-air rocket."

The "Mighty Mouse" was designed for use with a new type airplane rocket launcher now under development by the Navy. The rocket operates with folding fins which reduce air resistance on the mother plane and increase the carrying capacity of the launcher.

"The folding fin principle has proved highly satisfactory in tests," the department's statement said.

"The fins, which give directional stability to the rocket after it is fired, fold together while in the launcher and immediately extend outward to their normal flight position when the rocket is fired."

The rocket was fired by a navy atack plane, the Douglas AD-Skyraider, at the naval ordnance test station at Inyokern, Calif., where it was developed during the past two years.

U. S. WHEAT TO GERMANY

$9,300,000 Allocation Approved as Marshall Plan Aid

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6 (AP)—Western Germany today received $9,300,000 to buy American wheat under the Marshall Plan. The spending approval was included in $17,873,000 of new Recovery Aid granted to five European countries by the Economic Cooperation Administration. In addition to the wheat purchases, Germany also received $338,000 to buy United States tung oil.

The other allocations included: Great Britain, $6,000,000 worth of crude oil and petroleum products from Latin America and the Middle East; Greece, $1,725,000 for fertilizer and rice from this country and Canada; France, $450,000 worth of United States industrial machinery, and Denmark, $60,000 for calves stomachs from the United States. The day's transactions brought total Marshall Plan aid commitments to $8,252,878,000.

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BAIL MOVE MADE FOR 'TOKYO ROSE'

Justice Douglas To Sign Order Permitting Release

Washington, Feb. 6 (AP)—Justice William O. Douglas, of the Supreme Court, sent word to the clerk of the high tribunal today that he will sign an order permitting release on $50,000 bail for "Tokyo Rose," who is under sentence for treason.

Douglas is recovering in Tucson, Ariz., from a riding accident.

Iva Togurl D'Aquino, known as "Tokyo Rose" was sentenced to ten years in prison and fined $10,000 in United States District Court in San Francisco last October 6. Her conviction resulted from propaganda broadcasts during the last war.

Document Mailed To Douglas

She is now in Federal Reformatory for Women at Alderson, W.Va.

The Supreme Court clerk mailed to Justice Douglas the proper document for him to sign.

Supreme Court attachés said the Court of Appeals at San Francisco, to which "Tokyo Rose" is appealing her conviction, would be the source for information when and if Douglas actually signs.

PELLEY WINS PAROLE, TO BE FREED FEB. 14

But Silver Shirt Leader Faces New Term In North Carolina

Washington, Feb. 6 (AP)—William Dudley Pelley, whose sedition conviction at Indianapolis was a sensation of the early days of World War II, will be released on parole February 14, the United States Parole Board said today.

However, North Carolina officials said they will attempt to imprison Pelley. Still hanging over him is a two-to-three year prison sentence in North Carolina. A superior court judgment held that Pelley violated terms of a suspended sentence given him in Asheville, N.C., in 1935. He was convicted of violating State laws governing securities dealings.

The judgment was affirmed in 1942 by the North Carolina Supreme Court, but the State made no effort to invoke the sentence then because Pelley was under indictment in Indiana. Solicitor William McLean, of Asheville, said today he would appeal through the State attorney general's office for Pelley's return.

The founder and leader of the Silver Shirts of America, Pelley, now 60, was convicted in August, 1942, of eleven counts of criminal sedition and given fifteen years.

Called Political Prisoner

He was accused of trying to incite mutiny in the armed forces and obstruct recruiting by spreading false propaganda to the effect that: This country was devoid of defenses, doomed to defeat, bankrupt and led by prejudiced and incompetent men.

Sent to the Federal penitentiary at Terre Haute, Ind., he became eligible for parole in August, 1947, when he had completed a third of his term.

When parole was denied, Pelley started a long series of court actions here and in Indiana designed to force his release. His contention was that his trial proved but one thing—that he was "a harsh and unremitting foe of communism." His friends circularized the country with pamphlets describing him as "our country's No. 1 political prisoner."

None of the court battles for Pelley's release had any success. The last was dismissed last month in the Federal District Court here.

Urged Segregation

The parole board, as is its custom, never gave any reason for refusing Pelley's parole. Its only comment on his forthcoming release was that it does not act on cases which are in litigation and that the dismissal of Pelley's suit against it in the local court had cleared the way for favorable reconsideration of his parole petition.

During the time that Pelley headed the Silver Shirts, the organization sponsored a plan for segregating Jews in one city in each state, and adoption of southern Negroes as "wards of the republic."

Pelley himself publicly called President Roosevelt a Jew and accused him of introducing agents of an "alien oligarchy" into the Government.

Pelley also published the magazine called *The Galilean* at Noblesville, Ind., and it was on the basis of his writings in this publication that the Government charged him with sedition.

2 Subs To Be Prepared For Atlantic Allies

Washington, Feb. 6 (AP)—The Navy today ordered two submarines made ready for delivery to Atlantic-pact allies.

Announcing this, the Defense Department said the submarines have been ordered to the Philadelphia naval shipyard for conversion, overhaul and refitting prior to transfer overseas under the mutual-defense-assistance program.

Their eventual destination was not announced.

The submarines are the Blower, now at San Diego, Cal., and the Bumper, scheduled to leave Pearl Harbor tomorrow. They are due to arrive at the Philadelphia shipyard about March 1.

The Defense Department said a number of naval aircraft to be supplied North Atlantic pact countries under the same program are being assembled at the Norfolk (Va.) naval air station.

France May Get Five Ships

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6 (AP).—France reportedly will receive five American destroyer escorts under the $1,000,000,000 aid program. Diplomatic officials said today the warships will be sent to France this year. The French government has requested also a medium-sized American aircraft carrier, these officials said. Approval of this request has been delayed, however, and will depend on whether Congress decides to appropriate funds for a second year of arms aid to Europe.

The bulk of France's share under this year's program is scheduled to be infantry equipment and armored weapons necessary to rebuild and modernize the French land forces.

Devaluation Lowers Foreign Goods Prices

Washington, Feb. 6 (AP)—The September currency devaluations by many foreign countries have tended to make United States purchases from abroad about 13.1 per cent cheaper, the World Monetary Fund reported today.

United States goods, on the other hand, have become about 16.1 per cent more expensive to foreign customers, the fund spokesman said in an analysis of the effects of devaluation on world trade.

Draper, Adler Withdraw McCullough Attachments

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Feb. 6.—Paul Draper, dancer, and Larry Adler, harmonica player, announced today that they are withdrawing the attachments placed against the property of Mrs. Hester R. McCullough, of Greenwich, in their $200,000 libel suit against her.

The entertainers filed suit against Mrs. McCullough more than a year ago charging her with having damaged their professional careers by alleging them to be Communist supporters in oral and written statements.

The letter was published in "Greenwich Time," and Mrs. McCullough subsequently reiterated her charges in a speech before the Greenwich Kiwanis Club. She is the wife of John T. McCullough, a contributing editor of "Time."

Date of the trial is expected to be assigned to the February term of the United States District Court here when it opens Feb. 14.

The New Haven law firm of Wiggin and Dana, representing Messrs. Adler and Draper, published a statement by their clients which said that the attachment of Mrs. McCullough's property and bank account was being withdrawn because: "We have discovered that this attachment has been considered unjust by many people."

Under Connecticut law a plaintiff in a civil suit is permitted to attach property of a defendant before judgment. x70

Reached at her Greenwich home, Mrs. McCullough said that the news was a surprise to her, but she was "glad that they have done it." She said the attachment had hampered her defense.

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Adler, Draper Withdraw Liens In Suit Against Mrs. McCullough

NEW HAVEN, Feb. 6. — (AP) Two New York entertainers, who have slammed a $200,000 libel suit against Mrs. Hestor R. McCullough of Greenwich, reported today they are withdrawing an attachment placed against her real estate and bank account.

Counsel for Paul Draper, a dancer, and Larry Adler, a harmonica player, made the announcement here. Notice of the action was filed with the clerk of the federal court at New Haven.

A Greenwich, Mrs. McCullough wife of an associate picture editor of Time magazine, said it was "news, good news to me," but reiterated she felt the attachment never should have been permitted in the first place.

Deny Red Charges

Draper and Adler, who filed the suit against Mrs. McCullough more than a year ago, said the attachment was "a legal detail which was arranged by our then attorney," and stressed "we had no knowledge of it at the time."

The entertainers complain that Mrs. McCullough damaged their personal and professional reputation by making statements that they had communist sympathies. They were originally represented by J. Kenneth Bradley of Westport, former Republican State chairman and currently a candidate for that party's nomination for governor.

Bradley withdrew last year and Draper and Adler hired the New Haven firm of Wiggin and Dana.

Connecticut is one of two states in the nation which permits a plaintiff in a civil suit to attach property of a defendant before judgment.

Mrs. McCullough has argued that the attaching of her bank account and property has hampered her in preparing a defense against the charges of Draper and Adler. Sympathizers from all over the national have made donations to a defense fund for her.

Not Holding Americans, China Red Radio Says

San Francisco, Feb. 6 (AP)—The Chinese Red radio says American diplomats are free to leave China but have made no move to do so.

A Peiping broadcast said the majority of former American diplomatic personnel in China had shown no sign of moving.

It was heard here by the Associated Press.

In Washington, the State Department said it had no immediate comment.

The Peiping radio said the Communist Government was ready to issue exit permits to Americans any time they called for them.

Acheson Statement Assailed

The State Department announced plans to withdraw Americans on January 14. The radio called a statement from United States Secretary of State Dean Acheson on January 25 that the Communists were making it difficult for Americans to depart, "a fabrication."

"Our Government will not prevent any American official and his dependents from leaving China," the broadcast said. "On the contrary, from the experience that former United States consul in Mukden and Tihwa engaged in espionage activities, we would rather like to hear that all American officials will leave China."

The Reds accused Consul General Angus Ward in Mukden of spying. Acting Consul Douglas Mackiernan, of Tihwa, also was accused of espionage.

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Harriman Or Wyatt May Head AEC

New York, Feb. 6 (AP)—The New York *Times* said today that W. Averell Harriman and Wilson Wyatt are being mentioned for the chairmanship of the United States Atomic Energy Commission.

A Washington (D.C.) dispatch to the *Times* said Harriman, special representative of the Economic Co-Operation Administration in Europe, is "prominently" mentioned as President Truman's possible choice for the post.

The chairmanship will become vacant February 15, when David E. Lilienthal's resignation is effective.

The *Times* said Wyatt, former mayor of Louisville, Ky., and Federal Housing Expediter, "is known to have received a powerful recommendation."

Harriman Reported Favored

"Although it was indicated . . . that President Truman had not made up his mind yet about the appointment, there appeared to be considerable evidence that Mr. Harriman is getting most serious consideration," the *Times* said.

The dispatch added: "It is not likely that the appointment of Mr. Harriman would create any problem in Senate confirmation."

Wyatt, too, is "getting consideration," the *Times* said, adding: "His appointment, however, might not get as great approval at the Capitol as Mr. Harriman's, it is believed."

Dr. Gross Mentioned

The *Times* said another recommendation for the chairmanship is Dr. Paul Gross, vice president of Duke University, whose name reportedly was put up by Senator Frank P. Graham D., N.C.). A chemist, Gross has served as a member of the board of directors of the Oak Ridge Institute of Nuclear Studies.

Mr. Truman, the *Times* said, may "also have to give thought soon to the appointment" of two commission members. It is rumored that both Lewis L. Strauss and Sumner T. Pike may resign before expiration of their terms on June 1, the dispatch said.

Reports were current yesterday that Charles Luckman, former president of Lever Brothers, had been tendered the AEC chairmanship.

Not Offered, Says Luckman

New York, Feb. 6 (AP)—Charles Luckman, recently resigned president of Lever Brothers, today spiked rumors that he has been offered the chairmanship of the Atomic Energy Commission.

"I know nothing about the offer or the job," he said.

Luckman has been mentioned for several Government posts since he left the $300,000-a-year Lever Brothers presidency.

TESTIFIES JUDITH ASKED FOR DATA

NEW YORK, Feb. 6 (AP)—Judith Coplon's former boss testified today she was so anxious to see a secret report on Russian agents she asked him three times for it.

Each time, he said, he refused to show it to her.

William E. Foley, chief of the Justice Department's internal security and foreign agents registration section, also testified about two "decoy" messages given to Miss Coplon.

Both dealt with alleged espionage activities of employes of Amtorg, Russian purchasing agency.

An FBI agent had testified earlier that he made up the messages, as part of a plan to get fake information into Miss Coplon's hands and see what she would do with it.

Foley testified that he did not know either decoy message was a fake. He said he handed her the second one with two other papers on March 3, the day before her arrest in New York with Russian engineer Valentin Guibtchev.

The government says Miss Coplon had one of the decoys in her purse when arrested.

Gubitchev and Miss Coplon are charged with conspiring to steal U. S. secrets for transmittal to Russia.

Foley also testified:

That he had never heard of Miss Coplon's being connected with any communist or subversive organization—but that surveys made by her had helped to put several organizations on the attorney general's "subversive" list.

That she objected strenuously when he transferred her from work involving security and complained the transfer was "a slight on her abilities."

A52
(220)
LONDON, FEB.6-(AP)-SPEAKERS IN DIVIDED EUROPE VOICED OPPOSING OPINIONS YESTERDAY ABOUT AMERICAN PLANS TO TRY AND DEVELOP THE HYDROGEN BOMB.

THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND'S SECOND-RANKING DIGNITARY, THE ARCHBISHOP OF YORK, CALLED THE BOMB A "DEVILISH WEAPON" WHICH MUST BE OUTLAWED IF CIVILIZATION WAS TO SURVIVE.

THE ARCHBISHOP, DR.CYRIL F.GARBETT, SAID THE "RACE TO MAKE THIS SUPER-BOMB X X X WILL ONLY END EITHER BY ITS USE IN WAR, OR BY AN INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENT TO PROHIBIT OR CONTROL ITS MANUFACTURE."

IN COMMUNIST EUROPE, CZECHOSLOVAK JUSTICE MINISTER ALEXEI CEPICKA SAID POSSESSION OF THE HYDROGEN BOMB WOULD NOT SAVE CAPITALISM. AMERICA, SAID THE CZECH OFFICIAL IN A SPEECH IN PRAGUE, "WILL FIND US PREPARED IN EVERY WAY."

WEST GERMANY'S CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER LAUDED PRESIDENT TRUMAN'S DECISION TO GO AHEAD WITH THE BOMB, WHICH THE GERMAN LEADER SAID WOULD HELP PRESERVE PEACE.

THE DECISION, ADENAUER SAID, CAME AS THE RUSSIANS WERE TRYING TO PUSH THE WESTERN POWERS OUT OF BERLIN. KEEPING THE WESTERN ALLIES THERE WAS OF "GREATEST IMPORTANCE," HE DECLARED.

BUT PROF. ROBERT HAVEMANN, A GERMAN SCIENTIST WRITING FOR THE BERLIN COMMUNIST NEWSPAPER NEUES DEUTSCHLAND, SAID TALK OF A U.S. MONOPOLY IN HYDROGEN RESEARCH WAS "COMPLETE NONSENSE."

THE SCIENTIST, A TEACHER AT COMMUNIST-CONTROLLED BERLIN UNIVERSITY AND A MEMBER OF THE EAST GERMAN PARLIAMENT (VOLKSKAMMER), SAID NEWS FROM RUSSIA INDICATED THE SOVIET UNION HAD MADE "IMPORTANT TECHNICAL PROGRESS" TOWARD DEVELOPMENT OF AN H-BOMB.

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A102 (230)
PARIS, TUESDAY, FEB. 7-(AP)-PREMIER GEORGES BIDAULT ANNOUNCED TODAY THE NAMES OF FIVE NEW MINISTERS SELECTED TO REPLACE FIVE SOCIALISTS WHO WITHDREW FROM HIS COALITION CABINET LAST WEEK.
THE SOCIALISTS WITHDREW BECAUSE THEY WANTED A HIGHER COST-OF-LIVING BONUS FOR LOW-PAID WORKERS THAN THE OTHER MEMBERS OF THE GOVERNMENT WERE WILLING TO GRANT. THEY HAVE INDICATED THEY WILL CONTINUE TO SUPPORT BIDAULT IN PARLIAMENT.
THE PREMIER ALSO ANNOUNCED THE NAME OF ONE SECRETARY OF STATE, IN FRANCE A KIND OF SUB-CABINET OFFICER.
THE NAMES WERE RELEASED BY BIDAULT AFTER A LONG SERIES OF CONFERENCES WITH VARIOUS POLITICAL LEADERS. WITH THE NEW CABINET LIST THE PREMIER WILL GO BEFORE PARLIAMENT TODAY TO STATE HIS POLICY, THEN ASK FOR A VOTE OF CONFIDENCE.

A78 London Gad xx ara.
THE DAVIDOFF PROJECT, HE SAID IS A GRANDIOSE RUSSIAN PLAN TO MAKE HUNDREDS OF THOUSANDS OF ACRES OF DESERT LAND ARABLE BY LEVELING MOUNTAINS AND DIVERTING RIVERS IN THE KAZAKH AREA.

THE SITE THERE DESCRIBED BY DE COURCY FOR THE MARCH SERIES OF EXPLOSIONS IS THE SAME PLACE WHERE HE HAS SAID THE SECOND RUSSIAN ATOMIC EXPLOSION TOOK PLACE JAN. 7. HE SAID THAT EXPLOSION WAS DETECTED FROM OUTSIDE THE IRON CURTAIN "BY AN ADVANCE METHOD OF WHICH THE RUSSIANS ARE BELIEVED TO HAVE NO KNOWLEDGE."

DE COURCY SAID SEISMOGRAPHS -- EARTH TREMOR RECORDERS -- IN DUBLIN AND PARIS REGISTERED "DISTURBANCES AT THE VERY TIME THE ATOMIC FISSION WAS EXPECTED."

HE ADDED THAT HE DID NOT RELY ON THIS FOR PROOF, HOWEVER, BECAUSE "SCIENTIFIC DETECTION BY THAT MEANS IS STILL AT AN EARLY STAGE AND MANY FACTORS HAVE TO BE TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT BEFORE ACCEPTING SUCH EVIDENCE."

THE SEISMOGRAPH AT NEW DELHI, THE ONE WHICH WOULD HAVE BEEN NEAREST THE PRESUMED SECOND EXPLOSION, FAILED TO REACT AT THE TIME.

DE COURCY'S MAGAZINE, CALLED "INTELLIGENCE DIGEST," DEALS WITH INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS. HE HAS A LONG PERSONAL BACKGROUND AS INTELLIGENCE ADVISOR TO INDUSTRIAL COMPANIES AND PRIVATE GROUPS STUDYING INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS. HE ALSO CLAIMS TO HAVE HIGHLY-PLACED INFORMATION SOURCES IN SEVERAL EASTERN EUROPEAN COUNTRIES.

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THE NEW GROUP INCLUDES TWO RADICAL SOCIALISTS (CONSERVATIVES), THREE MEMBERS OF BIDAULT'S OWN CATHOLIC POPULAR REPUBLICAN MOVEMENT (MRP), AND ONE INDEPENDENT. THEY ARE:

SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR-FORMER PREMIER HENRI QUEUILLE (RADICAL SOCIALIST).

SECRETARY OF LABOR-PAUL BACON (MRP).

SECRETARY OF COMMUNICATIONS-CHARLES BRUNE, RADICAL SOCIALIST MEMBER OF THE COUNCIL OF THE REPUBLIC, THE UPPER HOUSE OF PARLIAMENT.

SECRETARY OF PUBLIC WORKS, TRANSPORT AND MERCHANT MARINE-JACQUES CHESTELLAIN (INDEPENDENT).

SECRETARY OF COMMERCE-JEAN M.LOUVEL (MRP).

SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE INTERIOR-ANDRE COLIN (MRP).

THE CABINET NOW INCLUDES REPRESENTATIVES OF ONLY TWO OF THE THREE LARGE CENTRIST POLITICAL GROUPS WHICH HAVE BEEN GOVERNING FRANCE FOR ABOUT TWO AND A HALF YEARS. THE TWO REMAINING IN THE LINEUP ARE THE RADICAL SOCIALISTS AND MRP.

HOWEVER, MOST PARLIAMENTARY OBSERVERS BELIEVE THE LATEST ALIGNMENT IS ONLY A MAKESHIFT ARRANGEMENT THAT HAS BUT A SLIGHT CHANCE FOR PROLONGED POLITICAL LIFE.

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by carter l. davidson

paris, feb. 6 - (ap) - france's top policy makers drafted plans today on the future of the rich saar basin, preliminary to formal negotiations starting tomorrow between french and saar officials.

the policies mapped in the french foreign office today are expected to be written into four agreements which, according to reliable informants, will include:

1. a franco-saar agreement by which the saar's autonomous government will nationalize its coal mines and then give france the right to operate them.

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2. a convention gearing saar railways to those of france.

3. a policy in which frenchmen can do business as freely in the saar as in france, and giving saarlanders full rights to live and do business in france.

4. an administrative accord by which the saar will get even greater independence and the french high commissioner's status will be changed to that of an ambassador.

gilbert grandval, premier of the saar, is due in paris today for a present high commissioner for the

johannes hoffman, premier of the saar, attended today's policy meeting.

tonight for tomorrow's meetings. his delegation will confer with a french group headed by health minister pierre schneiter, who is deputizing for the ailing foreign minister, robert schuman.

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WITH STUTTGART

BONN, GERMANY, FEB. 6-(AP)-DR. KURT SCHUMACHER, LEADER OF THE SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC OPPOSITION TO THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT, SAID TONIGHT HIGH COMMISSIONER JOHN J. MCCLOY'S STUTTGART SPEECH SHOWED A "HARDENING" OF THE AMERICAN ATTITUDE.

HE SAID "IT IS UNDERSTANDABLE THAT THE AMERICANS ARE SHOCKED BY MEMBERS OF THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT. IT (THE GOVERNMENT) IS RUNNING OVER WITH INTERNATIONAL GOOD WILL, BUT ITS MEMBERS COVER UP THEIR OWN FAILURES BY ATTACKING THE ALLIES WHEN TALKING TO THEIR OWN FOLLOWERS."

SCHUMACHER SAID HE HOPED "THERE IS NOT IN THE BACKGROUND OF THE SPEECH A DESIRE TO REMOVE OR REDUCE GERMAN INFLUENCE ON PROBLEMS OF THEIR OWN COUNTRY."

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HAMBURG, GERMANY, FEB. 6-(AP)-THE U.S. DESTROYERS THE POWER AND STRIBLING DOCKED IN HAMBURG TODAY FOR A FOUR-DAY COURTESY VISIT

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BERLIN--FIRST ADD GERMAN COMMUNISTS (ORIGINAL-A51) X X X REPORTED PLOT.

THE COMMUNIST PRESS TODAY CLAIMED WEST BERLIN POLICE, "WITH CLUB ATTACKS AND MASS ARRESTS", HAD TRIED TO BREAK UP A SOCIALIST UNITY (COMMUNIST) PARTY MEETING YESTERDAY ON THE STREET BOUNDARY BETWEEN THE FRENCH AND SOVIET SECTORS.

TO SUPPORT THEIR CLAIM, COMMUNIST PAPERS PRINTED A PICTURE OF WESTERN POLICE TALKING WITH COMMUNIST SYMPATHIZERS WHO WERE NOT PERMITTED TO CROSS INTO THE FRENCH SECTOR.

THERE WERE NO CASUALTIES. THE WESTERN POLICE MADE NO ARRESTS.

THE COMMUNIST PRESS CLAIMED A CROWD OF 10,000 ATTENDED THE MEETING. LESS THAN 3,000 ACTUALLY ATTENDED.

THE MEETING WAS DEVOTED TO A FRENZIED ADDRESS OVER LOUDSPEAKERS BY HANS JEND RETSKY. WHO DESCRIBED WEST BERLIN TRADE UNIONISTS AS THIEVES AND SABOTEURS. HE WAS BOOED BY WEST BERLINERS IN THE VICINITY

THE MEETING WAS THE SECOND OF A SERIES OF STREET RALLIES ON THE WEST BERLIN BOUNDARY, INITIATED 10 DAYS AGO BY EAST ZONE PROPAGANDA CHIEF GERHART EISLER.

AT THE FIRST RALLY, WEST AND EAST BERLIN POLICE COOPERATED TO FORESTALL COMMUNISTS AND ANTI-COMMUNISTS FROM PROVOKING A SMALL RIOT. YESTERDAY'S INCIDENT WAS EVEN LESS UNRULY.

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(150)

FRANKFURT, GERMANY, FEB.6-(AP)-THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT HAS DECIDED TO STOP ALL STEEL SHIPMENTS TO COMMUNIST-CONTROLLED EASTERN GERMANY, AMERICAN OFFICIALS SAID TODAY.

THE WEST GERMANS MADE THE DECISION BECAUSE THE EAST ZONE REGIME FAILED TO DELIVER ADEQUATE QUANTITIES OF GOODS UNDER THE TRADE AGREEMENT SIGNED LAST OCTOBER, THE OFFICIALS SAID.

THIS AGREEMENT CALLED FOR AN EXCHANGE OF 600,000,000 MARKS ($150,000,000) WORTH OF TRADE BETWEEN THE AREAS OCCUPIED BY THE WESTERN ALLIES AND BY THE RUSSIANS.

THIS WOULD INCLUDE 335,000 TONS OF IRON AND STEEL FROM THE RUHR FOR THE RUSSIAN ZONE. IN RETURN, THE WESTERN ZONES WOULD GET AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS, TIMBER, MINERAL OILS AND OTHER PRODUCTS.

AMERICAN OFFICIALS SAID THE EAST ZONE HAS BEEN IMPORTING LARGE QUANTITIES OF STEEL FROM WESTERN GERMANY BUT ONLY A TRICKLE OF GOODS HAS BEEN SENT TO THE WEST IN RETURN.

"THE WEST GERMANS ARE PERFECTLY WITHIN THEIR RIGHTS UNDER THE TREATY IN STOPPING STEEL SHIPMENTS TO THE EAST," ONE AMERICAN OFFICIAL SAID.

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NIGHT LEAD MCCLOY

BY WES GALLAGHER

STUTTGART, GERMANY, FEB.6-(AP)-AMERICAN AUTHORITIES CRACKED DOWN ON THE GERMANS TODAY WITH SHARP REBUKES AND STERN WARNINGS.

HIGH COMMISSIONER JOHN J. MCCLOY FIRED BOTH BARRELS IN A MAJOR POLICY SPEECH HERE, THREE DAYS AFTER RETURNING FROM OFFICIAL CONFERENCES IN WASHINGTON.

HE TOLD THE GERMANS THEIR POLITICIANS WERE HARMING GERMANY WITH ANTI-ALLIED CRITICISMS, THAT THEY HAD BETTER QUIT AGITATING ON FOREIGN ISSUES AND GET DOWN TO BUSINESS ON THEIR SERIOUS INTERNAL PROBLEMS, THAT THERE WILL BE NO GERMAN ARMY OR AIR FORCE, THAT TOO MANY FORMER NAZIS ARE CREEPING BACK INTO IMPORTANT PLACES AND THAT THE PEOPLE ARE TOO APATHETIC TOWARD THEIR POLITICAL DUTIES.

"WE AMERICANS ARE NOT HERE EXCLUSIVELY TO FEED THE GERMAN PEOPLE," HE DECLARED. "OUR MAIN PURPOSE IS TO HELP GERMANY ACHIEVE POLITICAL RECOVERY.

"THAT IS MY ANSWER TO THOSE WHO OCCASIONALLY SAY THAT WE HAVE NO RIGHT TO MIX IN THE POLITICAL PROBLEMS CONFRONTING THIS COUNTRY."

IT WAS THE MOST CRITICAL SPEECH TO THE GERMANS HE HAS MADE SINCE HE BECAME HIGH COMMISSIONER LAST SUMMER. SIGNIFICANTLY IT WAS MADE AT

STUTTGART WHERE FORMER SECRETARY OF STATE JAMES F.BYRNES MADE THE MAJOR POLICY PRONOUNCEMENT THREE YEARS AGO FORESHADOWING CREATION OF A WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT.

AS MCCLOY SPOKE, FRANKFURT OFFICIALS DISCLOSED ANOTHER SHARP AMERICAN REBUKE. IT WAS DELIVERED TO WEST GERMANY'S EUROPEAN RECOVERY PROGRAM MINISTER, FRANZ BLUECHER, BY ROBERT M.HANES, U.S. ECONOMIC COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION HEAD IN GERMANY.

BLUECHER HAD CHALLENGED THE ACCURACY OF A REPORT FROM HANES' OFFICE THAT THE GERMAN 1949-50 ECONOMIC PROGRAM SPENT TOO MANY ERP DOLLARS FOR GOOD AND NOT ENOUGH FOR INDUSTRIAL RECOVERY.

"THAT REPORT IS CORRECT AND YOU KNOW IT," HANES TOLD BLUECHER YESTERDAY WHEN HE TOOK HIM TO TASK FOR HIS STATEMENT.

THE CRITICAL TONE OF MCCLOY'S SPEECH SURPRISED GERMAN POLITICAL CIRCLES IN BONN, THE WEST GERMAN CAPITAL. IT WAS DISILLUSIONING TO MANY GERMAN POLITICIANS WHO HAVE BEEN INCLINED TO LOOK ON THE UNITED STATES AS THE MOST AMENABLE OF THE ALLIED PARTNERS. THESE GERMANS HAVE BEEN HOPING THE AMERICANS WOULD PERSUADE THE BRITISH AND FRENCH TO EASE UP ON THE REINS.

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THE AUDIENCE OF 1,400 GERMANS CLAPPED LIGHTLY AT SPOTS DURING THE ADDRESS IN ENGLISH, THEN SAT COMPLETELY QUIET WHEN IT WAS REPEATED IN GERMAN.

STIFF AND SILENT ON THE STAGE WAS REINHOLD MAIER, MINISTER PRESIDENT OF THE STATE OF WUERTTEMBERG-BADEN, WHOSE PAROLES AND PARDONS OF SOME 10,000 CONVICTED NAZIS ARE UNDER PARLIAMENTARY INVESTIGATION. FOUR GERMANS, INCLUDING THREE DENAZIFICATION OFFICIALS, ARE UNDER ARREST IN CONNECTION WITH AN INVESTIGATION INTO ALLEGED BRIBERY.

MAIER RECENTLY PUBLICLY CRITICIZED MAJ.GEN.CHARLES P.GROSS FOR INTERFERENCE IN THE CASE, DECLARING GROSS "HAS NO AUTHORITY TO INTERFERE IN GERMAN INTERNAL AFFAIRS IN SUCH A MANNER."

LATER, AT A NEWS CONFERENCE, MCCLOY TOLD REPORTERS "I AM SHOCKED BY MAIER'S ATTACK ON GEN.GROSS. I THINK HE MADE A GRAVE MISTAKE."

IN HIS SPEECH, MCCLOY SAID THERE HAD BEEN A RECENT TENDENCY OF CERTAIN GERMAN SPOKESMEN "TO JUMP ALL THE WAY FROM A DENIAL OF COLLECTIVE GUILT" TO BLAMING OTHER PEOPLES FOR THEIR DIFFICULTIES.

"SUCH UTTERANCES DO INCALCULABLE HARM AND SET BACK THE CAUSE OF GERMANY," HE WARNED. "THEY CALL TO MIND WHAT PEOPLE ARE NOW DISPOSED TO FORGET, THAT IS THE AMAZING DOCILITY AND ACQUIESCENCE OF THE GREATER PART OF THE GERMAN POPULATION TOWARD NAZI OUTRAGES."

MCCLOY SAID HE WAS "CONCERNED OVER THE RE-EMERGENCE OF NATIONALIST GROUPS, THAT THERE WAS IN MY JUDGMENT STILL TOO MUCH TRADITIONALISM AND AUTHORITARIANISM IN GERMAN LIFE, THAT MANY UNDESIRABLE FORMER NAZIS AND NATIONALISTS WERE FINDING THEIR WAY BACK INTO IMPORTANT PLACES, THAT THERE STILL WERE TOO MANY REFORMS LONG OVERDUE, AND THAT TOO MANY GERMAN PEOPLE WERE APATHETIC OR NEGATIVE IN THEIR APPROACH TO THEIR POLITICAL RESPONSIBILITIES."

BUT HE SAID THERE "ARE EXCELLENT MEN TO BE FOUND IN PUBLIC LIFE, SINCERE IN THEIR DEVOTION TO FREEDOM," THAT GERMAN NEWSPAPERS ARE SHOWING AN INCREASING ALERTNESS TO GIVE THE PEOPLE THE FACTS, AND THAT THE MAJORITY OF GERMAN PEOPLE WANT PEACE AND WOULD DEPLORE REMILITARIZATION OF THE COUNTRY.

HE SAID, ALSO THAT FOR HIMSELF HE WAS PREPARED TO SAY THAT UNEMPLOYMENT WAS NOT EXCLUSIVELY A GERMAN PROBLEM. THERE ARE ABOUT 1,700,000 JOBLESS IN WEST GERMANY. GERMAN OFFICIALS BLAME MUCH OF IT ON THE INFLUX OF 9,000,000 REFUGEES FROM THE EAST.

A REFERENCE TO RECENT AGITATION ON THE SAAR ISSUE WITH FRANCE, MCCLOY SAID "AGITATION OF FOREIGN ISSUES, HOWEVER TEMPTING, CANNOT DISTRACT ATTENTION FROM VITAL DOMESTIC ISSUES AND FROM THE PRESSING NEED FOR DOMESTIC REFORMS."

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A214

MCCLOY'S MENTION OF A RECENT TENDENCY TO DENY GERMAN GUILT RECALLED THE JAN.22 SPEECH OF THOMAS DEHLER, MINISTER OF JUSTICE, WHO SAID IT WAS A MYTH THAT GERMANY IS AN AGGRESSOR NATION.

IN HIS SPEECH MCCLOY OUTLINED THIS AMERICAN POLICY:

GERMANY SHOULD BE INTEGRATED INTO A FREE EUROPE.

GERMAN SECURITY WILL BE BEST SERVED BY PARTICIPATION IN A CLOSELY KNIT WESTERN EUROPEAN COMMUNITY. "THAT MEANS THERE WILL BE NO GERMAN ARMY OR AIRFORCE."

PREVENT THE RESURGENT OF NATIONALISTIC OR ANTI-DEMOCRATIC FORCES.

HELP THE "UNIFICIATION OF GERMANY ON A DEMOCRATIC AND FEDERAL BASIS."

CONTINUE TO AID BERLIN.

FOSTER FREE TRADE PRACTICES THROUGH DECONCENTRATION OF INDUSTRY.

PERSONS DEPRIVED OF THEIR PROPERTY BY NAZI RACIAL DISCRIMINATION SHOULD BE COMPENSATED.

QQ333PES

Brunswick, Germany, Feb. 6--(AP)--Dr. Hjalmar Schacht, former prewar president of the Reichsbank and/economics minister under Hitler, said today he is distributing a semi-monthly letter of advice on finance and economic questions.

Schacht said in an interview he is sending the letter only to friends who have asked to receive it and makes no charge for the advice.

Oetze von Lobenthal, manager of Schacht's office here, said the let-

ters were sent to Schacht's friends in both Germany and foreign countries.

Schacht has been writing the letters since [redacted] last Aug. 19, von Lobenthal said. He described them as taking the theme that an overall Eur pean solution is needed for financial and economic questions.

Schacht was tried in the original International War Crimes Trial at Nuernberg but was acquitted in 1946. Subsequently he was tried and acquit ted in German denazification trials.

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The department made the comment in reporting that goals for 1949, the first year of the nati n's five year plan, had been exce ded.

Manufacturing was fulfil ed by 110 per cent, or 30 per cent over 1948 and transport by 107 per cent, or [redacted] 28 per cent above the previous year, the department said.

apl/mishevs 02100/tho/813p

ROBINEAU SAID HE CAME TO WARSAW TO VISIT HIS FATHER IN JULY, 1947 AND WAS PERSUADED BY THE FORMER FRENCH MILITARY ATTACHE, MAJ.ALFRED HUMM, AND RENE BARDET, FORMER VICE CONSUL HERE, TO TAKE UP SPY WORK.

HE SAID HE FIRST WORKED FOR THE FRENCH FIRM, BERITAS, AT GDYNSK, WHERE HE CLASSIFIED SHIPS AND CARGOES, OBTAINING MUCH SECRET INFORMATION.

LATER, HE SAID, HE WAS TRANSFERRED TO SZCZECIN WHERE HE COLLECTED MILITARY AND INDUSTRIAL INFORMATION.

JT838PES

THOSE TO BE TRIED, THE INFORMANTS SAID, ARE ALL FORMER NATIONAL SOCIALIST MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT. BENES WAS LEADER OF THE NATIONAL SOCIALISTS UNTIL 1935 WHEN HE BECAME PRESIDENT AND GAVE UP ALL POLITICAL AFFILIATIONS.

THE PARTY WAS CRUSHED BY THE COMMUNISTS AFTER THEIR COUP IN FEBRUARY, 1948, AND FINALLY REEMERGED AS THE COMMUNIST LINE SOCIALIST PARTY.

THE INFORMANTS SAID THE DEFENDANTS WILL INCLUDE JOSEF DAVID, WHO WAS CHAIRMAN OF PARLIAMENT UNTIL THE COMMUNISTS TOOK CONTROL OF THE LEGISLATIVE BODY, AND SEVERAL FORMER WOMEN MEMBERS.

THE SAME SOURCES SAID VILEM NOVY, FORMER EDITOR-IN-CHIEF OF RUDE PRAVO, OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE CZECH COMMUNIST PARTY, ALSO WILL BE TRIED SOON.

NOVY WAS OUSTED FXXXX

END RPT

IMGACPES

A93

MOSCOW, FEB. 6-(AP)-SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI Y.VISHINSKY TONIGHT GAVE A DINNER FOR CHOU EN-LAI, PREMIER AND FOREIGN MINISTER OF COMMUNIST CHINA.

AN OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENT SAID THE DINNER, A LARGE ONE, WAS HELD IN A "WARM AND FRIENDLY" ATMOSPHERE.

CHOU IS IN MOSCOW WITH CHINESE COMMUNIST LEADER MAO TZE-TUNG FOR RUSSO-CHINESE TREATY TALKS.

JT1037PES

Sofia, Bulgaria, Feb. 6--(ap)--The Bulgarian Press Department said tonight that "unemployment in the country is done away (with) forever."

MOSCOW, FEB.6-(AP)-THE COMMUNIST PARTY NEWSPAPER PRAVDA TODAY SAID UNITED STATES PRESSURE HAD FORCED FRANCE TO RATIFY ITS AGREEMENT RECOGNIZING THE VIETNAM GOVERNMENT IN INDOCHINA OF FORMER EMPEROR BAO DAI.

A DISPATCH FROM PRAVDA'S PARIS CORRESPONDENT SAID BAO DAI NOW WAS TURNING FROM THE FRENCH TO THE AMERICANS FOR SUPPORT.

THE NEWSPAPER SAID U.S. ROVING AMBASSADOR PHILIP C.JESSUP "DID NOT EVEN WAIT FOR FRENCH RATIFICATION BEFORE OFFICIALLY CONGRATULATING BAO DAI."

RATIFICATION OF THE FRENCH-BAO DAI AGREEMENT, THE DISPATCH SAID, HAS SEVERED THE PATH OF COOPERATION BETWEEN THE FRENCH GOVERNMENT AND VIETNAM.

--DASH--
JESSUP DURING A VISIT TO INDOCHINA ON JAN.27 DELIVERED TO BAO DAI A MESSAGE EXPRESSING THE "SATISFACTION OF THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT" AT BAO DAI'S TAKING THE LEADERSHIP OF VIETNAM. THE MESSAGE SAID SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN ACHESON HOPED "THE CLOSEST RELATIONS WILL BE ESTABLISHED" BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND VIETNAM.

THE NEXT DAY IN PARIS THE FRENCH NATIONAL ASSEMBLY APPROVED A TREATY SIGNED 10 MONTHS BEFORE, RECOGNIZING THE FORMER EMPEROR'S REGIME AND GIVING IT CONSIDERABLE DOMESTIC SOVEREIGNTY. U.S. RECOGNITION OF THE BAO DAI GOVERNMENT WAS EXPECTED TO FOLLOW THE FRENCH ASSEMBLY'S RATIFICATION.

SOVIET RUSSIA HAS RECOGNIZED THE GUERRILLA GOVERNMENT LED BY THE MOSCOW-TRAINED ANNAMITE LEADER, HO CHI-MINH, WHICH IS FIGHTING THE FRENCH AND THE BAO DAI REGIME.

MD631AES

NIGHT LEAD CHINESE (170)
BY SPENCER MOOSA

TAIPEI,FORMOSA,FEB.6-(AP)-FOURTEEN CHINESE NATIONALIST HEAVY BOMBERS RAIDED RED SHANGHAI TODAY AND THE AIR FORCE CREDITED THEM WITH WRECKING TWO POWER PLANTS AND DAMAGING A THIRD.

WILSON FIELDER, TIME MAGAZINE CORRESPONDENT WHO FLEW IN ONE OF THE B-24 BOMBERS, SAID HE SAW THE CHAPEI POWER PLANT 'SMACKED RIGHT ON THE NOSE" BY 500-POUND BOMBS, OF WHICH EACH PLANE HAD SEVEN.

THE AIR FORCE SAID THE CHAPEI AND WANTAO PLANTS WERE BOTH WRECKED. IT DID NOT MAKE CLEAR WHETHER THE THIRD PLANT HIT WAS THE AMERICAN-OWNED SHANGHAI POWER CO. THE NATIONALISTS HAVE AVOIDED IT IN REPEATED RAIDS BECAUSE THEY HAVE STANDING INSTRUCTIONS NOT TO DAMAGE AMERICAN PROPERTY.

FIELDER SAID COMMUNIST ANTIAIRCRAFT FIRE WAS MODERATELY HEAVY BUT NO PLANE WAS HIT.

ANTIAIRCRAFT FIRE ALSO WERE AIMED TODAY AT A PLANE LOAD OF CORRESPONDENTS ESCORTING MME.CHIANG KAI-SHEK ON A TRIP TO THE COASTAL WATERFRONT.

THE WIFE OF THE NATIONALIST CHINESE CHIEF, ACCOMPANIED BY THIS CORRESPONDENT AND OTHERS, VISITED QUEMOY (CHINMEN) ISLAND NEAR AMOY.

MME.CHIANG TOURED THE ISLAND, TALKED TO TROOPS AND INSPECTED FORTIFICATIONS WITHIN RANGE OF THREE COMMUNIST ISLANDS A COUPLE OF MILES TO THE WEST.

JM6A5PCS

A109
(NY) TAIPEI--NIGHT LEAD CHINESE (A79) INSERT AFTER 4TH GRAF BEGINNING "FIELDER SAID" AND ENDING "WAS HIT."

(IN NEW YORK, A SPOKESMAN FOR THE AMERICAN AND FOREIGN POWER CO., WHICH OWNS THE SHANGHAI POWER CO., SAID A CABLE FROM SHANGHAI INDICATED SOME MAJOR UNITS OF ITS PLANT "WERE SERIOUSLY DAMAGED BY DIRECT BOMB HITS."

(THE SPOKESMAN SAID FULL INFORMATION HAD BEEN PASSED ON TO THE STATE DEPARTMENT AND THAT "THE OBJECT OF THE BOMBING IS NOT CLEAR.

("MUNITIONS HAVE NEVER BEEN MANUFACTURED IN SHANGHAI," HE SAID, "AND THE POWER SUPPLIED BY THE COMPANY IS USED ENTIRELY FOR MANUFACTURING PURPOSES, TRANSPORTATION WATERWORKS, SEWAGE PUMPING AND OTHER DOMESTIC AND COMMERCIAL PURPOSES." X X X)

ANTIAIRCRAFT X X X 5TH GRAF.

PS1127PES

FEB7-1950

WITH CHINA

TAIPEI,FORMOSA,FEB 6 (AP)-MADAME CHIANG KAI-SHEK FLEW TODAY TO THE NATIONALIST ISLAND OF QUEMOY, 300 MILES NORTHEAST OF HONG KONG, AND ADDRESSED CHINESE TROOPS.

IT WAS MADAME CHIANG'S FIRST TRIP TO THE COMBAT AREA SINCE SHE RETURNED FROM THE UNITED STATES ON JAN.13.

SHE SPOKE IN AN AREA CONSIDERED DANGEROUS BECAUSE IT IS WITHIN RANGE OF THREE SMALL COMMUNIST HELD ISLANDS ONLY A COUPLE OF MILES AWAY. BUT NOTHING HAPPENED.

MADAME CHIANG TOLD THE NATIONALIST TROOPS ON QUEMOY THEIR JOB NOT ONLY WAS TO DEFEND THE ISLAND AGAINST THE COMMUNISTS BUT EVENTUALLY TO RECONQUER THE MAINLAND.

GG1237PCS NM

MEANWHILE ON THIS ISLAND BASTION, POLITICAL WIREPULLERS ARE TRYING TO GET GENERALISSIMO CHIANG KAI-SHEK TO RESUME THE PRESIDENCY OF NATIONALIST CHINA.

THEIR MANEUVERS APPEAR TO BE PARTLY AIMED AT FORCING ACTING PRESIDENT LI TSUNG-JEN, WHO IS IN THE UNITED STATES RECOVERING FROM AN OPERATION, TO RESIGN OR RETURN TO FORMOSA.

IF LI DELAYS A FINAL DECISION MUCH LONGER A MOTION OF IMPEACHMENT IS LIKELY TO BE BROUGHT AGAINST HIM BY CERTAIN MEMBERS OF THE CONTROL YUAN, WHICH HAS IMPEACHMENT POWERS.

IF LI IS IMPEACHED THE WAY WOULD BE OPEN FOR CHIANG TO RESUME THE PRESIDENCY LEGALLY. HE RETIRED A YEAR AGO IN FAVOR OF LI, WHO SOUGHT UNSUCCESSFULLY TO REACH A PEACE AGREEMENT WITH THE REDS.

LI AND CHIANG HAVE BEEN AT ODDS SINCE.

LW4LI435APS NM

TOKYO,FEB.6-(AP)-PETER KALISCHER, UNITED PRESS CORRESPONDENT, WAS STRUCK TODAY BY CAPT.WALTER PENNINO OF BOSTON, A PUBLIC INFORMATION OFFICER ON GENERAL MACARTHUR'S STAFF.

THE BLOWS WERE STRUCK IN AN ARGUMENT OVER A STORY THE NEWSMAN SENT YESTERDAY FROM KYOTO WHERE THREE NEWS SERVICE CORRESPONDENTS WERE LEFT BEHIND BY A PLANE CARRYING THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF.

PENNINO SAID HE PULLED OFF KALISCHER'S GLASSES AND STRUCK HIM SEVERAL TIMES.

THE ARMY CAPTAIN HAD EXPRESSED IRRITATION EARLIER AT CORRESPONDENTS' STORIES FROM KYOTO. HE SAID THEY FALSELY IMPLIED GENERAL MACARTHUR'S HEADQUARTERS DID NOT FAVOR THE NEWSMEN ACCOMPANYING THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF. PENNINO ARGUED THE CORRESPONDENTS OVERSLEPT AND MISSED THE FIRST OF TWO PLANES CARRYING THE JOINT CHIEFS AND THEN ATTEMPTED UNSUCCESSFULLY TO OBTAIN PASSAGE ON THE SECOND.

PENNINO SAID: "I TOOK EXCEPTION TO WHAT I CONSIDERED FAILURE TO TELL THE FULL STORY."

IN THE ENSUING ARGUMENT, HE SAID, KALISCHER INSULTED HIM AND HE HIT THE NEWSMAN.

PENNINO SAID LATER HE APOLOGIZED TO KALISCHER FOR STRIKING HIM BUT ADDED: "I AM NOT APOLOGIZING FOR GETTING THAT ANGRY."

THE ARMY OFFICER SAID KALISCHER RETURNED TO THE OFFICE LATER. HE ADDED: "HE IS WELCOME WHEN HE ACTS THE GENTLEMAN."

VR711ACS NM

NIGHT LEAD PRESS BOW (430)

TOKYO, TUESDAY, FEB 7-(AP)-PETER KALISCHER, UNITED PRESS CORRESPONDENT WHO WAS STRUCK BY AN ARMY PUBLIC INFORMATION OFFICER IN AN ARGUMENT YESTERDAY, SAID TODAY THE INCIDENT IS CLOSED.

CAPT. WALTER PENNINO OF BOSTON PULLED OFF KALISCHER'S GLASSES AND ADMITTEDLY HIT THE NEWSMAN SEVERAL TIMES AS THEY ARGUED OVER A NEWS DISPATCH. KALISCHER'S DISPATCH WAS FILED AT KYOTO, WHERE THREE NEWS SERVICE CORRESPONDENTS WERE LEFT BEHIND SUNDAY AS THE U.S. JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF FLEW TO KYUSHU.

PENNINO SAID THE CORRESPONDENT, FROM NEW YORK, FALSELY IMPLIED THAT GENERAL MACARTHUR'S HEADQUARTERS DID NOT APPROVE THE THREE NEWSMEN ACCOMPANYING THE JOINT CHIEFS. THE OFFICER CHARGED THE NEWSMEN OVERSLEPT AND MISSED THE FIRST OF TWO PLANES TAKING OFF FROM KYOTO.

KALISCHER REMARKED: "I DON'T KNOW HOW A BUNCH OF ARMY FATHEADS UP HERE IN TOKYO CAN SAY WHAT HAPPENED IN KYOTO."

PENNINO LEAPED FROM HIS CHAIR. "YOU CAN'T INSULT ME LIKE THAT," HE SHOUTED AND STRUCK KALISCHER.

THE CAPTAIN APOLOGIZED LATER AND SAID THE UNITED PRESS MAN "IS WELCOME WHEN HE ACTS THE GENTLEMAN."

KALISCHER SAID HE IS ACCEPTING PENNINO'S APOLOGY AND LETTING THE MATTER DROP. EARNEST (CORRECT) HOBERECHT, UNITED PRESS TOKYO BUREAU MANAGER, SAID CHARGES WILL NOT BE PRESSED.

TOM LAMBERT, ASSOCIATED PRESS CORRESPONDENT WHO WAS ONE OF THE THREE COVERING THE JOINT CHIEFS AT KYOTO, SAID THIS IS WHAT HAPPENED THERE:

THE CORRESPONDENTS WENT BY TRAIN TO KYOTO. GEN. OMAR BRADLEY, CHAIRMAN OF THE JOINT CHIEFS; ADM. FORREST P. SHERMAN, CHIEF OF NAVAL OPERATIONS, AND ARMY GEN. J. LAWTON COLLINS WENT IN THE JOINT CHIEFS' AIRPLANE, A CONSTELLATION. AIR FORCE GEN. HOYT S. VANDENBERG FOLLOWED WITH LT. GEN. GEORGE STRATEMEYER, FAR EAST AIR FORCE COMMANDER, IN STRATEMEYER'S C-54.

STRATEMEYER WAS ASKED IF THE NEWSMEN COULD GO IN HIS PLANE TO KYUSHU TO CONTINUE THEIR COVERAGE OF THE JOINT CHIEFS. HE DECLINED, SAYING "THOSE ARE MY ORDERS."

MACARTHUR'S HEADQUARTERS HAS A REGULATION THAT CORRESPONDENTS MAY NOT RIDE ON MILITARY AIRCRAFT. THE FAR EAST AIR FORCE IS UNDER MACARTHUR'S COMMAND.

A118FX

THE CORRESPONDENTS THEN APPEALED TO BRADLEY AND SHERMAN. BRADLEY SAID THEY COULD FLY IN THE JOINT CHIEFS' CONSTELLATION.

LAMBERT SAID THE NEWSMEN MISSED THE CONSTELLATION BECAUSE IT TOOK OFF EARLIER THAN SCHEDULED AND BECAUSE OF A SNARL IN TRANSPORTATION ARRANGEMENTS TO THE AIRFIELD. HE DENIED ANYONE OVERSLEPT.

THE CORRESPONDENTS ARRIVED A FEW MINUTES AFTER THE CONSTELLATION TOOK OFF WITH SHERMAN AND COLLINS.

STRATEMEYER LEFT IN HIS PLANE ABOUT THREE HOURS LATER WITH BRADLEY AND VANDENBERG AND STILL DECLINED THE NEWSMEN PERMISSION TO GO IN HIS PLANE, LAMBERT SAID.

HF913PPS NM

TOKYO, TUESDAY, FEB.7-(AP)-THE U.S. ARMY ANNOUNCED TODAY TWO SOLDIERS WERE GIVEN PRISON TERMS AND DISHONORABLE DISCHARGES FOR CRASHING A DINNER PARTY OF SWEDISH, SWISS, DANISH AND BELGIAN DIPLOMATS LAST DECEMBER.

A COURT MARTIAL CONVICTED PVT. LAWSON R. DAVIS, 22, LEXINGTON, N.C., AND PFC SANFORD E. SHACKELFORD, 19, NEWPORT, KY., OF ATTACKING AN OFFICER, AN ENLISTED MAN AND FOUR CIVILIANS AT TOKYO'S GAJOEN HOTEL DEC. 2. DAVIS WAS SENTENCED TO 10 YEARS, SHACKELFORD TO FIVE.

THE COURT WAS TOLD THE TWO SOLDIERS MADE ADVANCES TO WOMEN SITTING WITH MEMBERS OF THE SWEDISH DIPLOMATIC MISSION TO JAPAN. DAVIS AND SHACKELFORD WERE REPORTED TO HAVE STRUCK ANDERS OLAFSON, A SWEDISH MISSION OFFICIAL, AND JAMES LINDSTROM, A COMMERCIAL REPRESENTATIVE.

ARMY SGT. STEVE P. MAXWELL TRIED TO STOP THE SOLDIERS, BUT HIS HANDS AND ABDOMEN WERE CUT BY A STRAIGHT EDGE RAZOR WIELDED BY DAVIS, THE ARMY ANNOUNCEMENT SAID, ADDING:

MAX R. JOSS OF THE SWISS MISSION AND FRED L. HIGGINS, ANOTHER CIVILIAN TRIED TO INTERVENE. DAVIS CUT JOSS. SHACKELFORD HIT HIGGINS WITH A BOTTLE.

DAVIS ALSO PUT AN EIGHT INCH GASH IN THE RIGHT ARM OF CAPT. LEONARD F. GRIFFIN, WHO ORDERED THE TWO SOLDIERS TO STOP FIGHTING.

VR1236ACS

IN ADDITION TO THE LONG-STANDING PROBLEMS PRESENTED BY THE COMMUNISTS IN CHINA AND KOREA IS THE NEW RED THREAT TO SOUTHEAST ASIA ARISING FROM INDOCHINA.

MOSCOW-TRAINED HO CHI-MINH'S VIETNAM REGIME THERE WAS RECOGNIZED LAST WEEK BY RUSSIA AND COMMUNIST NORTH KOREA. THE CHINESE REDS, WHOSE TROOPS ARE TIGHT AGAINST THE INDOCHINA BORDER, ALSO HAVE RECOGNIZED HO.

MILITARY AUTHORITIES IN JAPAN FAVOR A NEW AMERICAN DEFENSE LINE ON THE INDOCHINA-CHINA BORDER BY SUPPLYING FRENCH FORCES FIGHTING HO'S NATIONALISTS.

IT IS KNOWN ALSO THAT THE JOINT CHIEFS WERE ASKED HERE TO BOLSTER AMERICAN LAND, SEA AND AIR POWER IN THE WESTERN PACIFIC.

CY117APS

PHILIPPINES (140)

BY FRANK L. WHITE

MANILA, TUESDAY, FEB. 7-(AP)-THE ASSISTANT U.S. SECRETARY OF STATE FOR FAR EASTERN AFFAIRS ARRIVED TODAY. RELIABLE SOURCES SAID HE WILL BE ASKED POINTBLANK FOR CONCRETE ASSURANCES OF ALL-OUT AMERICAN AID FOR DEFENSE OF THE PHILIPPINES.

THE ACTING PHILIPPINE FOREIGN SECRETARY, FELINO NERI, AND OTHER OFFICIALS SCHEDULED A CLOSED SESSION THURSDAY WITH THE AMERICAN, W. WALTON BUTTERWORTH.

INFORMED SOURCES SAID NERI WILL ASK BUTTERWORTH THESE SPECIFIC QUESTIONS:

1. WILL THE U.S. ACTUALLY DEFEND THE PHILIPPINES OR--AS IN 1941 --MERELY ENGAGE IN A DELAYING ACTION IN EVENT OF A HOT WAR?
2. WHAT MILITARY AID MAY THE PHILIPPINES EXPECT IN THE IMMEDIATE FUTURE IN VIEW OF THE POSSIBILITY NEARBY FORMOSA MAY SOON FALL UNDER CHINESE COMMUNIST CONTROLS?
3. WHAT IS THE EXACT MEANING OF SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN ACHESON'S RECENT PRONOUNCEMENTS ON THE U.S. POSITION IN THE ORIENT?
4. WHAT PLANS HAVE BEEN MADE FOR LONG RANGE CONTROL OF JAPAN TO PREVENT IT FROM AGAIN BECOMING A MILITARY THREAT?

FR1103PCS NM

A131FX

GUAM, TUESDAY, FEB 7-(AP)-THE U.S. JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF FLEW INTO GUAM LATE LAST NIGHT ON THEIR TOUR OF MILITARY INSTALLATIONS IN THE PACIFIC.

THE FOUR TOP COMMANDERS STARTED AN INSPECTION OF THIS IMPORTANT ISLAND THIS MORNING. GEN. OMAR BRADLEY, CHAIRMAN OF THE JOINT CHIEFS, SAID THE GROUP IS CONCERNED ABOUT THE WELFARE AND HOUSING OF PERSONNEL ON THIS TYPHOON-LASHED BASE.

HF1017PPS NM

BY TOM MASTERSON

SINGAPORE, [redacted], FEB.6-(AP)-PHILIP C. JESSUP, ROVING U.S. AMBASSADOR, SAID TODAY HE BELIEVES COMMUNIST CHINA AND THE SOVIET UNION ARE READY TO GIVE MATERIAL AND TROOP SUPPORT TO THE GUERRILLA REGIME OF MOSCOW-TRAINED HO CHI-MINH IN INDOCHINA.

JESSUP SAID THE UNITED STATES WOULD LOOK UPON "ANY ACTUAL ARMED AGRESSION" IN TROUBLED INDOCHINA AS "A VERBGUYOEMTTER.

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VU JESSUP SAID T

JESSUP SAID THE UNITED STATES WOULD LOOK UPON "ANY ACTUAL ARMED AGRESSION" IN TROUBLED INDOCHINA AS "A VERY GRAVE MATTER."

THE RECENT RECOGNITION BY MOSCOW AND PEIPING OF HO'S REGIME--THE FRENCH IN INDOCHINA SAY HO'S REGIME IS ALMOST WHOLLY COMMUNIST--HAS PINPOINTED THE NEW COLD WAR FRONT IN SOUTHEAST ASIA. THE FRENCH HAVE INSTALLED FORMER ANNAM EMPEROR BAO DAI IN A SEMI-INDEPENDENT GOVERNMENT, AND RECOGNITION OF THIS GOVERNMENT BY BRITAIN AND THE UNITED STATES SEEMS IMMINENT.

THE AMBASSADOR, NOW TOURING SOUTHEAST ASIA COUNTRIES, WILL TAKE OFF TUESDAY FOR A BRIEF VISIT IN RANGOON, BURMA, AND THEN WILL GO ON TO BANGKOK, SO-S)-,S,

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BANGKOK, TH

ILAND, WHERE AMERICAN DIPLOMATIC OFFICIALS GATHER FOR AN EXTRAORDINARY MEETING FEB.13.

JESSUP TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE HERE THERE IS URGENT NEED FOR ACTION IN SOUTHEAST ASIA TO STOP COMMUNISM'S ADVANCE.

OTHER THAN IMPLEMENTATION OF PRESIDENT TRUMAN'S "POINT FOUR" PLAN FOR AID TO UNDER-DEVELOPED AREAS, JESSUP SAID, "I AM NOT PREPARED TO SAY WHAT IS THE NATURE OR EXTENT OF THE ACTION WE MIGHT TAKE."

"WHAT KIND OF ACTION IS MOST DESIRABLE AND WHEN AND WHERE ARE STILL QUESTIONS FOR DECISION," JESSUP SAID. "WE ARE NOW STUDYING THAT."

HE DID SAY, HOWEVER, THAT SOME QUICKER ACTION THAN THE POINT FOUR PROGRAM MIGHT BE NECESSARY.

JESSUP DISAGREED WITH THOSE WHO SAY THAT SOUTHEAST ASIA CAN BE WRITTEN OFF AS LOST. HE CALLED THAT A "DEFEATIST ATTITUDE, ADDING:

A123

"I DON'T BELIEVE THAT IF ONE COUNTRY OUT HERE FALLS THE REST WILL, TOO. I DON'T BELIEVE YOU CAN TOT UP ALL THE DIFFICULTIES CONFRONTING VARIOUS GOVERNMENTS AND THEN ASSUME THAT NOT ONE OF THEM WILL STAND UP AGAINST COMMUNISM AND MAINTAIN INDEPENDENCE.

"STALIN'S PROGRAM IS QUITE CLEAR--RUSSIA ENCOURAGING NATIONALISM I ASIA ONLY AS A STEP TOWARD SUBJUGATION OF PEOPLE TO ALIEN RULE OF RUSSIAN DICTATORS."

LATER, IN A RADIO SPEECH, JESSUP TOLD MALAYANS POINT FOUR WAS "VER FAR FROM A PROGRAM OF DICTATION." HE SAID THAT WITHIN THE LIMITS OF AMERICAN RESOURCES IT IS AIMED MERELY AT HELPING COUNTRIES WORK OUT SOLUTIONS TO THEIR PROBLEMS IN THE WAYS WHICH SEEM BEST TO THEM."

WM110AES

B55 (Q)

TEL AVIV, ISRAEL, FEB.6-(AP)-AN ISRAEL NATIONAL AIRLINES PLANE CRASHED TODAY AT LYDDA AIRPORT AS IT WAS ATTEMPTING TO TAKE OFF FOR ROME. TWO PASSENGERS WERE SLIGHTLY INJURED.

THE PLANE WAS CARRYING AUBREY EBAN, ISRAEL'S PERMANENT REPRESENTATIVE AT THE UNITED NATIONS, AND OTHER OFFICIALS BOUND FOR A GENEVA MEETING OF THE U.N. TRUSTEESHIP COUNCIL ON PROPOSALS FOR INTERNATIONALIZATION OF JERUSALEM, AND FOR PALESTINE CONCILIATION COMMISSION TALKS.

THE TAKEOFF HAD BEEN ATTEMPTED IN A SNOWSTORM AND THE PLANE FAILED TO GAIN SUFFICIENT ALTITUDE. THE CRAFT WAS BADLY DAMAGED.

MK9AES

RANGOON, BURMA, FEB.6-(AP)-DELEGATES FROM 14 COUNTRIES TODAY ATTENDED THE OPENING HERE OF THE INTERNATIONAL RICE COMMISSION'S SECOND ANNUAL CONFERENCE.

THE COMMISSION CHAIRMAN, PRINCE SITHIPORN KRIDAKARA OF THAILAND (SIAM), TOLD THE COMMISSION IT MUST CONTINUE TO BE SPURRED TO ACTION BY THE RAPID INCREASE OF THE WORLD'S POPULATION.

THIS, HE SAID, HAD CREATED A GREAT NEED FOR FOOD CONSERVATION.

PRINCE SITHIPORN TOLD THE DELEGATES THEY MUST NOT BE DISCOURAGED BECAUSE RESULTS WERE SLOW IN COMING. THIS, HE SAID, WAS INEVITABLE IN AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH, WHICH WAS DEPENDENT UPON THE SEASONS OF NATURE.

FINAL RESULTS, HE DECLARED, WOULD PROVE OF INESTIMABLE VALUE TO THE HUMAN RACE, WHOSE FIRST REQUIREMENT IS FOOD.

WITH FLAGS OF THE UNITED NATIONS FORMING A BACKDROP, THE DELEGATES WERE WELCOMED BY BURMA'S NEWLY-APPOINTED MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE, BO KHIN MAUNG GALE.

TODAY'S SESSION ALSO INCLUDED STATEMENTS FROM HEADS OF DELEGATIONS AND REPORTS BY VARIOUS COMMITTEES ESTABLISHED BY THE COMMITTEE.

COUNTRIES REPRESENTED WERE AUSTRALIA, BURMA, CEYLON, FRANCE, INDIA, INDONESIA, ITALY, KOREA, THE NETHERLANDS, THE PHILIPPINES, PORTUGAL, THAILAND, THE UNITED KINGDOM AND THE UNITED STATES.

ALSO ATTENDING WERE OBSERVERS FROM THE WORLD HEALTH ORGANIZATION; THE U.N. ECONOMIC, SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL ORGANIZATION (UNESCO); GENERAL DOUGLAS MACARTHUR'S ALLIED OCCUPATION HEADQUARTERS IN JAPAN, AND THE U.N. ECONOMIC COMMISSION FOR ASIA AND THE FAR EAST (ECAFE).

MD550AES

rangoon--first add rice conference (b 30) x x x far east (excafe).

burmese agriculture minister bo khin maung gale told delegates that post-war rice exports alone have kept war torn burma from possible collapse

he said they not only helped the country pull through a critical period but also allowed her to contribute toward the problem of feeding a hungry

world.

the minister said burma is predominantly agricultural which has been a cause of her economic backwardness and a low standard of the living.

the burmese delegate to the conference tun myat said the burmese people feel confidence in their ability to work out a solution to their main problem--gorwing more food.

he said research in rice and other agricultural fields is being carried on despite lack of money and internal disturbances.

dr. jenkin w. jones of the united states told delegates the u.s. is prepared to give full assistantce in technical matters regarding both rice production and other technical studies undertaken by the conference.

jones spoke in the absence of chief u.s. delegate stanley andrews who did not get here until the close of today's session.

jones said his delegation feels rice production problems are chiefly the concern of southeast asian countries which produce and consume over 90 per cent of the world's rice output.

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BY KENNETH LIKES

JAKARTA, JAVA, U.S.I., FEB 6-(AP)-THE DUTCH ARMY BEGAN TODAY TO WITHDRAW FROM TASIKMALAJA AND GAROET, TWO OF THE TROUBLE SPOTS OF UNEASY WEST JAVA.

NETHERLANDS ARMY HEADQUARTERS HERE ANNOUNCED THE EVACUATION OF TWO BATTALIONS FROM TASIKMALAJA AND ONE FROM GAROET WILL BE COMPLETED IN A FEW DAYS. THE TROOPS ARE GOING TO DIVISIONAL HEADQUARTERS AT BANDOENG, LEAVING THE TWO CITIES COMPLETELY IN THE HANDS OF THE ARMY OF THE YOUNG UNITED STATES OF INDONESIA.

TASIKMALAJA AND GAROET ARE IN THE HEART OF A RICH RICE AND RUBBER REGION. THIS IS ALSO THE HEART OF THE DARUL ISLAM MOVEMENT, WHICH HAS BEEN WAGING A TERRORISTIC "HOLY WAR" AGAINST THE U.S.I. GOVERNMENT. THE MOVEMENT IS LED BY RABID MOSLEMS WVWANTT .-(3 -)) 8,$9,3'8- -, 8')-

BEEN WAGING A TERRORISTIC "HOLY WAR" AGAINST THE U.S.I. GOVERNMENT. THE MOVEMENT IS LED BY RABID MOSLEMS WHO WANT TO MAKE ALL INDONESIA AN ISLAMIC STATE. THEIR EFFORTS HAVE BEEN TERMED A GREAT DANGER TO THE U.S.I.

LAST AUGUST, DARUL ISLAM DECLARED ITSELF A STATE AND BEGAN A TERROR CAMPAIGN IN THE TASIKMALAJA-GAROET COUNTRY. SINCE THEN THOUSANDS OF REFUGEES HAVE FLED BURNED AND LOOTED VILLAGES. EVEN THE DUTCH ARMY FOUND IT NECESSARY TO LIMIT TRAVEL TO ARMORED CONVOYS IN THAT AREA.

NEITHER THE INDONESIANS NOR THE DUTCH HAVE YET MADE A STRONG EFFORT TO CHECK THE DARUL ISLAM MOVEMENT. STRONG EFFORT IS DIFFICULT FOR THE GOVERNMENT OF PREMIER MOHAMED HATTA BECAUSE OF THE DOMINANT POSITION OF MOSLEMS IN INDONESIA. HATTA RECENTLY ADMITTED HE WOULD NOT FIGHT THE IDEOLOGICAL AIMS OF DARUL ISLAM, BUT ONLY ATTEMPT TO CHECK VIOLENCE.

RECENTLY THERE HAVE BEEN REPORTS THAT FORCES OF DESERTERS FROM THE DUTCH AND INDONESIAN ARMIESNNJER R.P.P. (TURK) WESTERLING, WERE TIED IN WITH DARUL ISLAM. THIS WOULD REPRESENT A SERIOUS THREAT TO THE U.S.I. IT IS KNOWN THAT SOME GROUPS CLAIMING TO BE PART OF DARUL ISLAM JOINED WESTERLING, BUT WHETHER THE MAIN FORCE IS TIED IN IS NOT KNOWN. U.S.I. OFFICIALS DENIED THE LINK-UP, BUT SOME NEUTRAL OBSERVERS SAID THE DENIAL WAS A FORM OF WHISTLING IN THE DARK.

ALL WEST JAVA HAS A CASE OF ACUTE JITTERS SINCE WESTERLING MADE A DARING THRUST INTO THE CENTER OF BANDOENG TWO WEEKS AGO. SOME EXPRESS FEAR OF FULL SCALE WARFARE WHICH COULD RUIN THE HATTA GOVERNMENT. OTHERS, HOWEVER, SAY THE WORST IS OVER.

MOST NEUTRAL OBSERVERS ARE EXPECTING SERIOUS TROUBLE, BUT IT'S ANYBODY'S GUESS WHEN, WHERE OR IN WHAT FORM. THE 10 P.M. CURFEW REMAINS IN FORCE IN JAKARTA, AND POLICE AND ARMY UNITS CONTINUE TO PATROL THE EMPTY STREETS BY NIGHT.

ME957AES

FEB 7 - 1950

JERUSALEM, FEB.6-(AP)-A RECORD SNOWFALL AND COLD WAVE IN MOST OF ISRAEL TODAY DISRUPTED HIGHWAY TRAVEL AND TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMMUNICATIONS.

MORE THAN THREE FEET OF SNOW IN THE JERUSALEM AREA HALTED TRAFFIC AND FORCED SHOPS AND BUSINESS PLACES TO CLOSE.

THE WHITE BLANKET SPREAD HEAVILY THROUGHOUT THE HOLY LAND, INCLUDING TIBERIAS IN GALILEE, AND MANY TOWS AND VILLAGES SITUATED HUNDREDS OF FEET BELOW SEA LEVEL.

JERUSALEM WAS ALMOST THE DESERTED CITY IT WAS DURING THE ARAB-ISRAELI WARFARE OF 1948. FEW PEDESTRIANS VENTURED THROUGH THE SNOW, HIGH WINDS AND ICE.

SNOWDRIFTS SEVERAL FEET DEEP WERE REPORTED ON THE HIGHWAYS LEADING TO THE PLAIN OF SHARON. TEL AVIV ALSO WAS GRIPPED BY A COLD WAVE, REGISTERED A TWO-INCH SNOWFALL FOR THE FIRST TIME IN 22 YEARS.

SJ612AES

30.24- 8781

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tel aviv, israel, feb. 6-(ap)-an israel national airlines plane crashed today at lydda airport as it was [redacted] attempting to take off for rome. two passengers were slightly injured.

the plane was carrying [redacted] aubrey eban, israel's permanent representative at the united nations, and other officials bound for a geneva meeting of the u.n. trusteeship council on proposals [redacted] for internationalization of jerusalem, and for palestine conciliation commission talks.

the [redacted] takeoff had been attempted in a snowstorm and the plane failed to gain sufficient altitude. the craft was badly damaged.

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Jerusalem

Ben Yehuda Street in the Holy City, which exactly two years ago was the scene of violence in the Palestine War, today was used as a ski run for several hours. Jerusalem's heaviest snowfall within the memory of those living cut traffic to only essential vehicles delivering food, so the skiers had the hill in the center of the city to themselves.

Bulldozers were working through the night to clear the snow from the Jerusalem-Tel Aviv Highway, passable only to jeeps equipped with chains. Today's session of the Israeli Knesset (parliament) was postponed, but it was hoped the lawmakers could assemble tomorrow.

The radio station at Ramallah in Hashemite Jordan, after a day's silence, announced that several Arab refugees were killed when the walls of an old synagogue in the Old City of Jerusalem collapsed. The broadcast said the Old City, occupied by the Arab Legion since May, 1948, was cut off from all traffic and that cities in Arab Palestine were isolated by the snowfall.

cairo, egypt, feb. 6-(ap)-egypt and saudi arabia are reported embarked on a policy of economic aid to syria as a means of fores talling syrian-iraqi unity.

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the unity proposal, now a big issue in middle east diplomatic maneuverings, is linked with the ambitions of the hashemite royal line for sway over a "greater syria" or "fertile crescent" area. Iraq's rulers and king abdullah of jordan are of the hashemite family.

syria's third coup d'e tat of the year last december was staged to block the pro-unity elements in that country. iraq is now in the throes of a cabinet crisis over the unity issue.

the egyptian-saudi arabian talks are reported under way in cairo with the aim of improving syria's ec nomic position, badly shaken in the political events of 1949. The egyptian newspaper al misri said the talks a re aimed at te greater syria and fertile crescent schemes and said egypt and saudi arabia are in full agreement on a common policy for syrian economic recovery.

it is reported that egypt is considering exporting rice, sugar and oil to syria in a commercial agreement, in exchange for syrian wheat. saudi arabia already has agreed to lend syria the equivalent of $6,000,000.

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wr zusys 01010apr 928a

MIGHT LEAD FUCHS

OTTAWA, ONT., FEB. 6-(AP)-DR. KLAUS FUCHS, ACCUSED IN ENGLAND OF GIVING AWAY ATOMIC BOMB SECRETS, WAS INTERNED IN CANADA FOR SOME TIME DURING THE WORLD WAR, THE CANADIAN PRESS SAID TODAY.

THE 38-YEAR-OLD GERMAN-BORN SCIENTIST WAS ONE OF THE SCORES OF ALIENS GATHERED UP BY BRITISH OFFICIALS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE WAR AND SENT TO CANADA FOR SAFEKEEPING WHEN IT APPEARED ENGLAND MIGHT BE INVADED. MANY OF THESE WERE RELEASED AFTER THEIR CASES WERE STUDIED. FUCHS WAS RELEASED TO TAKE PART IN THE JOINT ALLIED EFFORT TO DEVELOP THE ATOMIC BOMB.

ROYAL CANADIAN MOUNTED POLICE AND OTHER OFFICIALS HERE REFUSED TO COMMENT ON FUCHS' INTERNMENT. BUT CANADIAN ATOMIC OFFICIALS SAID HE HAD NEVER VISITED THEIR CHALK RIVER INSTALLATIONS AND THEY WERE CONFIDENT HE KNEW NOTHING ABOUT CANADIAN DEVELOPMENTS.

DIE WELT, BRITISH-CONTROLLED BERLIN NEWSPAPER, SAID TODAY FLZ

CRZW

DIE WELT, BRITISH-CONTROLLED BERLIN NEWSPAPER, SAID TODAY FUCHS WAS A LEFT WINGER FROM CHILDHOOD.

THE PAPER SAID HIS DECISION TO EMIGRATE FROM NAZI GERMANY IN 1933 STEMMED ENTIRELY FROM HIS POLITICAL CONVICTIONS, WHICH HE SCORNED TO HIDE. HE OBTAINED A SCHOLARSHIP TO ATTEND OXFORD UNIVERSITY, AND BECAME A BRITISH CITIZEN.

JB521PES

OTTAWA, FEB.5-(AP)-LOUIS RASMINSKY, ALTERNATE CHAIRMAN OF THE FOREIGN EXCHANGE CONTROL BOARD, HAS BEEN APPOINTED EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR FOR CANADA ON THE INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT, IT WAS ANNOUNCED TONIGHT.

HE SUCCEEDS DONALD GORDON, WHO GAVE UP THE POST WHEN RETIRING

AS DEPUTY-GOVERNOR OF THE BANK OF CANADA TO BECOME PRESIDENT OF CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS.

RASMINSKY WAS ONE OF THE CANADIAN ADVISORS AT THE BRETTON WOODS CONFERENCE IN 1944 AND WAS CHAIRMAN OF THE DRAFTING COMMITTEE ON THE INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND. HE IS AN EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF THE FUND.

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(400) WIGHT LEAD CHRISTOFFEL

BY RICHARD POWERS

WASHINGTON,FEB.6-(AP)-THE GOVERNMENT'S KEY WITNESS TESTIFIED TODAY IN THE HAROLD CHRISTOFFEL PERJURY RETRIAL THAT THE DEFENDANT HAD BEEN A MEMBER OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY.

LOUIS F.BUDENZ, FORMER MANAGING EDITOR OF THE DAILY WORKERS AND NOW AN ASSISTANT PROFESSOR AT FORDHAM UNIVERSITY, ALSO SAID CHRISTOFFEL HAD STATED AT COMMUNIST MEETINGS THAT HE ATTENDED THEM AS A MEMBER OF THE PARTY.

BUDENZ RELATED THAT CHRISTOFFEL HAD SAID AT A MEETING OF COMMUNISTS IN 1940 THAT HE WOULD "DO WHAT HE COULD AS A COMMUNIST" TO BRING ABOUT A STRIKE AT THE MILWAUKEE PLANT OF THE ALLIS-CHALMERS CO. THE COMPANY WAS MAKING PARTS FOR AMERICAN WARSHIPS.

CHRISTOFFEL, FORMER PRESIDENT OF LOCAL 248 UAW-CIO AT THE ALLIS-CHALMERS COMPANY PLANT, WAS CONVICTED IN 1948 ON CHARGES HE LIED WHEN HE TOLD THE HOUSE LABOR COMMITTEE HE HAD NEVER BEEN A COMMUNIST.

THE SUPREME COURT, HOWEVER, LAST YEAR REVERSED THE CONVICTION ON A RULING IT HAD NOT BEEN PROVED HE HAD TESTIFIED BEFORE A MAJORITY OF THE COMMITTEE.

THE COMMITTEE WAS INVESTIGATING LABOR-MANAGEMENT RELATIONS AND COMMUNIST INFILTRATIONS INTO LABOR UNIONS.

BUDENZ SAID THE 1940 MEETING WAS AT THE MILWAUKEE HOME OF MRS. META BERGER, WHOM HE DESCRIBED AS A LEADER IN THE SOCIALIST PARTY AND THE WIDOW OF THE LATE REP.VICTOR BERGER OF WISCONSIN.

ALSO PRESENT, BUDENZ SAID, WAS EUGENE DENNIS, GENERAL SECRETARY OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY, AND "OTHER COMMUNISTS" WHICH HE SAID INCLUDED NED SPARKS, FRED BLAIR, AND SIGMUND EISENSCHER.

"DENNIS ASKED IF CONDITIONS AT ALLIS CHALMERS WERE RIGHT TO BRING ABOUT A WORK STOPPAGE OR STRIKE," BUDENZ SAID.

"CHRISTOFFEL SAID THE QUESTION OF A CLOSED SHOP COULD BE RAISED TO BRING ABOUT A SHUTDOWN. DENNIS SAID HE HAD BEEN INSTRUCTED TO GET A STRIKE AT ALLIS-CHALMERS AND CHRISTOFFEL SAID HE WOULD DO WHAT HE COULD TO BRING IT ABOUT."

A THREE-MONTHS STRIKE AT THE PLANT WAS CALLED IN THE SPRING OF 1941, PRIOR TO THE GERMAN ATTACK ON RUSSIA JUNE 22, 1941.

BUDENZ SAID HE AGAIN MET CHRISTOFFEL IN AUGUST, 1941, IN A HOTEL ROOM AT BUFFALO,N.Y. DURING A UAW-CIO CONVENTION. THE WITNESS SAID THIS TIME THEY MET IN THE ROOM OF ROY HUDSON, WHOM HE IDENTIFIED AS "A LABOR REPRESENTATIVE OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY."

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B34WX

BUDENZ ALSO TESTIFIED THAT HE SAW CHRISTOFFEL AT VARIOUS MEETINGS OF COMMUNISTS DURING 1937 AND 1938.

EARLIER IN THE DAY, GLENN M.CLARKE, FORMER SECRETARY-TREASURER OF THE MILWAUKEE COUNTY INDUSTRIAL UNION COUNCIL, IDENTIFIED VARIOUS RECORDS OF THE COUNCIL.

"YOU MADE THESE AVAILABLE AT THE SHERMAN HOTEL IN CHICAGO TO A MILWAUKEE SENTINEL REPORTER, HUGH SWOFFORD, DIDN'T YOU?" ROGGE ASKED.

CLARKE SAID HE HAD, THAT HE HAD RECEIVED NO MONEY FROM SWOFFORD, BUT THE LATTER HAD PAID FOR HIS HOTEL ROOM.

CLARKE DENIED THAT HE HAD "STOLEN" THE PAPERS TO SHOW TO SWOFFORD AND ADDED HE HAD AUTHORITY TO SHOW THEM.

THE PAPERS RELATED TO CHRISTOFFEL, WHO ALSO WAS PRESIDENT OF THE COUNCIL. RECORDS OF THE COUNCIL LATER WERE EXAMINED BY THE HOUSE LABOR COMMITTEE.

WASHINGTON,FEB.6-(AP)-REP.NORBLAD (R-ORE) SAID TODAY HE IS OPPOSED TO AMERICAN RECOGNITION OF COMMUNIST CHINA.

"I THOROUGHLY DETEST THE RELIGIOUS AND POLITICAL PHILOSOPHY OF COMMUNISM AND AM FIRMLY OF THE BELIEF THAT THE UNITED STATES SHOULD HAVE NO DEALINGS WITH THOSE ADHERING TO THOSE IDEOLOGIES," HE SAID.

NORBLAD MADE PUBLIC HIS VIEWS BY RELEASING A LETTER TO MAT MEEHAN, OF THE INTERNATIONAL LONGSHOREMEN'S AND WAREHOUSEMEN'S UNION OF PORTLAND,ORE.

MD1233AES

WASHINGTON, FEB.6-(AP)-A GROUP OF AMERICAN BUSINESS MEN FEAR A PROPOSAL FOR GOVERNMENT-BACKED INVESTMENTS ABROAD MAY INVOLVE THE U.S. IN "SOCIALISTIC VENTURES."

ON THE SAME GROUNDS, THEY OPPOSE THE CHARTER OF THE INTERNATIONAL TRADE ORGANIZATION WHICH IS YET TO BE RATIFIED BY THE SENATE.

THE UNITED STATES INTER-AMERICAN COUNCIL, PART OF THE INTER-AMERICAN COUNCIL OF COMMERCE AND PRODUCTION, A HEMISPHERIC CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, ANNOUNCED ITS STAND YESTERDAY. IT PLANS TO REPEAT ITS VIEWS AT AN INTERNATIONAL MEETING APRIL 23 AT SANTOS, BRAZIL.

THE COUNCIL CALLED "POINT FOUR" INVESTMENT GUARANTEES "BASICALLY UNSOUND AND OBJECTIONABLE," AND SAID THAT THE COUNTRIES WHERE THE U.S. INVESTMENTS ARE MADE SHOULD GUARANTEE THE LOANS, AND NOT THIS GOVERNMENT.

GUARANTEES OF INVESTMENTS ABROAD ARE PROPOSED AS PART OF PRESIDENT TRUMAN'S PROGRAM FOR HELPING WORLD UNDEVELOPED AREAS.

THE COUNCIL WARNED THAT THE U.S.WOULD RUN INTO TROUBLE IF IT HAD TO FORECLOSE ANY OF THE LOANS IT GUARANTEED, AND THEN TRY TO OPERATE THE FOREIGN INVESTMENT.

IT SAID RECIPIENT COUNTRIES MIGHT TRY TO PROTECT THEMSELVES AGAINST MAKING PAYMENTS, AND IF LOCAL CAPITAL IS INVOLVED ALONG WITH U.S. MONEY, "IT COULD TEND TOWARD SOCIALISTIC VENTURES."

NIGHT LEAD JAPANESE (180)

ALBANY, N.Y., FEB.6-(AP)-GOVERNOR DEWEY TODAY WELCOMED 14 MEMBERS OF THE JAPANESE DIET AND COMPLIMENTED THEM ON THEIR EFFORTS TO BUILD A FREE GOVERNMENT IN JAPAN.

THE GOVERNOR GREETED THE JAPANESE LAWMAKERS IN THE EXECUTIVE CHAMBERS.

ALSO PRESENT WERE LT.GOV.JOE R.HANLEY AND THE LEGISLATIVE LEADERS OF BOTH PARTIES.

IN REPLYING TO THE GOVERNOR, THE CHAIRMAN OF THE JAPANESE DELEGATION, TAKESHA YAMAZAKI, SAID "WE FEEL THAT WE HOLD THE KEY TO PEACE IN THE FAR EAST."

BY STUDYING DEMOCRATIC PROCESSES IN THE UNITED STATES, HE SAID, "WE HOPE TO GO BACK TO JAPAN AND DO OUR SHARE" TOWARD BUILDING A LASTING PEACE.

DEWEY TOLD THE GROUP HE HOPED THE VISIT WOULD BRING THE JAPANESE AND AMERICAN PEOPLE "CLOSER TOGETHER" IN BUILDING FOR THE FUTURE.

THE JAPANESE VISITED THE GOVERNOR BEFORE WATCHING TONIGHT'S SESSION OF THE LEGISLATURE.

THE GROUP IS SPENDING THE WEEK HERE TO OBSERVE NEW YORK STATE GOVERNMENT IN ACTION.

DEWEY GAVE EACH MEMBER OF THE DELEGATION A PORTFOLIO CONTAINING VARIOUS BOOKS AND PAMPHLETS RELATING TO THE STATE GOVERNMENT. THE JAPANESE CAME HERE YESTERDAY FROM BOSTON. TOMORROW, THEY WILL CONTINUE THEIR TOUR OF STATE BUILDINGS AND AGAIN WILL ATTEND A SESSION OF THE LEGISLATURE.

JM723PES

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WITH JAPANESE

ALBANY, N.Y., FEB.6-(AP)-CHIEF JUDGE JOHN T.LOUGHRAN OF THE STATE COURT OF APPEALS SAID TODAY HIS $28,500 SALARY WAS MORE THAN AMPLE.

VISITED BY 14 MEMBERS OF THE JAPANESE DIET, THE CHIEF JUDGE OF NEW YORK'S HIGHEST COURT WAS ASKED BY ONE OF THE LAWMAKERS WHETHER HIS SALARY WAS SUFFICIENT SO THAT HE DIDN'T HAVE TO TAKE BRIBES.

JUDGE LOUGHRAN REPLIED THAT HE WAS MORE THAN AMPLY PAID.

AN INTERPRETER WITH THE JAPANESE DELEGATION EXPLAINED THAT JUDGES IN THE FAR EAST FREQUENTLY WERE OFFERED BRIBES.

THE QUESTION WAS POSED BY SABURO SHIIKUMA, DEMOCRATIC MEMBER OF THE JAPANESE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

JM811PES

SAN FRANCISCO,FEB.6-(AP)-COMMUNISM IS MAKING TREMENDOUS INROADS INTO CHURCH CIRCLES IN EAST ASIA AND ON AMERICAN MONEY, THE REV.CARL MCINTIRE OF COLLINGSWOOD, N.J., SAID TODAY.

DR.MCINTIRE RETURNED TODAY FROM BANGKOK WHERE HE WENT TO PARTICIPATE IN--BUT WAS EXCLUDED FROM--AN EAST ASIA CONFERENCE CALLED BY THE WORLD COUNCIL OF CHURCHES AND THE INTERNATIONAL MISSIONARY COUNCIL. HE IS PRESIDENT OF THE INTERNATIONAL COUNCIL OF CHRISTIAN CHURCHES.

"IN EAST ASIA THERE IS A GREAT DEAL MORE PRO-COMMUNISM IN CHURCH CIRCLES THAN WE REALIZE," DR.MCINTIRE SAID IN AN INTERVIEW. "I THINK IT RESULTS LARGELY FROM THE INFLUENCE OF MODERNIST TEACHINGS BY MISSIONARIES, PRINCIPALLY FROM THE UNITED STATES.

"MONEY FROM AMERICANS--AMERICANS WHO BELIEVE IN OUR SYSTEM OF PRIVATE ENTERPRISE--IS BEING USED TO SUPPORT MISSIONARIES WHO ARE CARRYING ON PROPAGANDA AGAINST OUR WAY OF LIFE."

DR.MCINTIRE SAID HE WENT TO BANGKOK TO PRESENT THE INTERNATIONAL COUNCIL'S VIEWS.

BUT HE SAID, "THE WORLD COUNCIL EXCLUDED US ENTIRELY FROM ATTENDING EVEN THE PUBLIC SESSIONS OF THEIR CONFERENCE."

DR.MCINTIRE WILL RETURN THIS WEEK TO COLLINGSWOOD WHERE HE HAS BEEN PASTOR OF THE BIBLE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH FOR THE PAST 16 YEARS.

FR825PCS

NIGHT LEAD BRIDGES

SAN FRANCISCO, FEB.6-(AP)-THE SELECTIVE SERVICE DEFERMENT OF J.R. ROBERTSON, AND WHETHER HE DESERTED FROM THE NAVY IN 1924, OCCUPIED THE GOVERNMENT TODAY IN THE PERJURY TRIAL OF HARRY BRIDGES.

ROBERTSON, VICE PRESIDENT OF THE CIO LONGSHORE UNION, OF WHICH BRIDGES IS PRESIDENT, IS HIS CO-DEFENDANT IN THE TRIAL, ALONG WITH HARRY SCHMIDT, UNION INTERNATIONAL REPRESENTATIVE.

ROBERTSON, 45, DENIED EMPHATICALLY HE IS A COMMUNIST OR EVER HAD BEEN ONE.

BRIDGES WAS INDICTED FOR PERJURY ON THE GROUNDS HE SWORE FALSELY IN HIS 1945 CITIZENSHIP HEARING THAT HE WAS NOT OR EVER HAD BEEN, A COMMUNIST. ROBERTSON AND SCHMIDT, HIS WITNESSES AT THE HEARING, WERE INDICTED FOR CONSPIRACY.

F.JOSEPH DONOHUE, HEADING THE GOVERNMENT PROSECUTION STAFF, HAMMERED AWAY AT ROBERTSON'S CONTENTION THAT HE "BOUGHT MY WAY OUT OF THE NAVY" IN 1924 FOR $150. DONOHUE HAD ASKED HIM IF HE HADN'T DESERTED. HE SAID "NO," THAT HE GAVE THE MONEY TO A CHIEF PETTY OFFICER, WHO TOLD HIM THE PROCEDURE WAS PERFECTLY REGULAR.

DONOHUE PURSUED: "DID YOU THINK YOU COULD HAND MONEY TO AN OFFICER AND GET A DISCHARGE FROM THE NAVY?"

ROBERTSON APPEARED IRRITATED. "I DIDN'T KNOW ANYTHING ABOUT IT," HE SAID. "THAT'S WHAT I WAS TOLD; THAT'S WHAT I DID."

FR1020PCS

NEW YORK, FEB.6-(AP)-THE UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS BEGAN HEARING ARGUMENTS TODAY IN THE APPEAL OF ATTORNEYS SENTENCED FOR CONTEMPT IN THE CONSPIRACY TRIAL OF THE 11 COMMUNIST LEADERS.

THE COURT ALLOWED FILING OF BRIEFS BY SEVERAL GROUPS IN SUPPORT OF THE CONVICTED MEN--FIVE ATTORNEYS AND EUGENE DENNIS, ONE OF THE CONVICTED MEN WHO SERVED AS HIS OWN ATTORNEY IN THE CONSPIRACY TRIAL.

IN ALLOWING THE BRIEFS, PRESIDING FEDERAL JUDGE AUGUSTUS HAND SAID HE CONSIDERED THE BRIEFS "VERY FOOLISH."

THE SIX MEN WERE CITED FOR CONTEMPT BY FEDERAL JUDGE HAROLD R. MEDINA. THE MEN AND THEIR SENTENCES, WHICH THEY HAVE NOT BEGUN SERVING, WERE:

HARRY SACHER OF NEW YORK, RICHARD A. GLADSTEIN OF LOS ANGELES AND DENNIS, SIX MONTHS EACH; GEORGE W. CROCKETT, JR., OF DETROIT, AND ABRAHAM J. ISSERMAN, OF JERSEY CITY, FOUR MONTHS EACH; AND LOUIS F. MC CABE OF PHILADELPHIA, 30 DAYS.

PAUL ROSS OF NEW YORK ENTERED A BRIEF CLAIMING JUDGE MEDINA'S CERTIFICATE AND ORDER OF CONTEMPT WERE "INSUFFICIENT" AND DEPRIVED THE APPELLANTS OF "THEIR LIBERTY WITHOUT DUE PROCESS.

ROSS CLAIMED THE ATTORNEYS HAD FROM 15 TO 25 YEARS OF EXPERIENCE AND THAT MEDINA HAD SENTENCED THEM WITH THE BELIEF THERE WAS AN AGREEMENT AMONG THE SIX TO THWART THE ORDERLY ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

THE GOVERNMENT CONTENDS EACH ACT BY EACH MAN WAS SEPARATE AND DISTINCT.

SEVERAL BRIEFS WERE FILED ON BEHALF OF THE CONVICTED MEN BY GROUPS ACTING AS FRIENDS OF THE COURT.

THESE INCLUDED BRIEFS BY THE NATIONAL LAWYERS GUILD; THE CIO FOOD, TOBACCO, AGRICULTURE AND ALLIED WORKERS UNION; THE CIO INTERNATIONAL UNION OF MARINE COOKS AND STEWARDS, AND 22 MEMBERS OF THE UNITED AUTO WORKERS, FORD LOCAL 600, AND THE LOS ANGELES CHAPTER OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS CONGRESS.

A CITIZENS' BRIEF, SIGNED BY MORE THAN 600 PERSONS INCLUDING PROF. ALBERT EINSTEIN AND NOVELIST THOMAS MANN, ALSO WAS FILED ON THEIR BEHALF.

FM759PES

NEW YORK, FEB. 6-(AP)-FRANZ BLUECHER, VICE-CHANCELLOR OF THE WEST GERMAN FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, EXPRESSED DOUBT TODAY THAT SOVIET ZONE COMMUNISTS WILL SEEK TO TAKE OVER BERLIN.

THE GERMAN SOCIALIST LEADER, DR. KURT SCHUMACHER, HAS PREDICTED SUCH A MOVE ON MAY 28.

BLUECHER, ARRIVING HERE BY PLANE ON HIS WAY TO WASHINGTON, SAID "THE POPULATION OF WEST BERLIN WILL NEVER BE SEPARATED FROM WESTERN GERMANY BY A MERE DEMONSTRATION."

HE ADDED THAT A PUTSCH IS UNLIKELY "BECAUSE THE RUSSIANS ARE NOT TOYING WITH WAR."

BLUECHER PLANS TO CONFER WITH SECRETARY OF STATE ACHESON AND EUROPEAN COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION ADMINISTRATOR PAUL HOFFMAN. HE SAID HE WOULD DISCUSS THE POSSIBILITY OF INCREASING GERMAN EXPORTS TO THE U.S. AND OTHER DOLLAR AREAS.

JB257PES

FOLO LONDON DE COURCY
BY HOWARD W. BLAKESLEE
ASSOCIATED PRESS SCIENCE EDITOR

NEW YORK, FEB. 6-(AP)-IF RUSSIA ALREADY HAS EXPLODED A HYDROGEN BOMB, THE UNITED STATES WOULD KNOW IT WITH SCIENTIFIC TESTING INSTRUMENTS.

PROVIDED, THAT IS, THE RUSSIAN BOMB WAS REALLY A GOOD ONE, AND NOT A DUD.

KENNETH DE COURCY, BRITISH JOURNALIST WHO CORRECTLY FORECAST RUSSIA'S ATOM BOMB, SAID TODAY THAT RUSSIA ALREADY HAS MADE THREE HYDROGEN BOMBS AND EXPLODED ONE OF THEM.

DR. HANS A. BETHE OF CORNELL UNIVERSITY, THE MAN WHOSE STUDIES OF THE SUN LAID THE FOUNDATIONS FOR HYDROGEN BOMBS, SAID LAST SATURDAY THAT WE COULD DETECT A RUSSIAN HYDROGEN BOMB EXPLOSION.

BETHE SAID WE COULD DISTINGUISH IT FROM AN ATOM BOMB EXPLOSION, BUT FOR US TO DO THAT THE RUSSIAN H BOMB WOULD HAVE TO BE OF SIGNIFICANT POWER.

DETECTION OF AN ATOMIC EXPLOSION IN RUSSIA HAS BEEN CREDITED UNOFFICIALLY TO PICKING UP RADIOACTIVITY IN THE AIR CURRENTS WHICH SWEEP AROUND THE WORLD AND DISTRIBUTE THE TELLTALE PARTICLES EVERYWHERE.

THE CONCUSSION IN THE AIR MIGHT CONCEIVABLY BE DETECTED, ESPECIALLY IF A RUSSIAN H BOMB IS 1,000 TIMES MORE POWERFUL THAN AN A BOMB AS LEADING AMERICAN SCIENTISTS SAID OURS WOULD BE.

ALSO, IF THE RUSSIANS ARE USING THESE BOMBS FOR BLASTING, AS ANDREI VISHINSKY, SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER, SAID, THEN IT MIGHT BE POSSIBLE TO DETECT THE EARTH TREMORS.

EVER SINCE THE H BOMB ISSUE STARTED IN THE UNITED STATES TWO MONTHS AGO, SCIENTISTS HAVE BEEN SAYING IT WAS POSSIBLE RUSSIA ALREADY WAS ON THE WAY TOWARD MAKING THEM. THE PRINCIPLES WERE PUBLISHED WORLDWIDE BEFORE THE WAR, NOT AS BOMBS, BUT AS STAR PROCESSES.

THE SMYTH REPORT, IN AUGUST 1945, NAMED DEUTERIUM, WHICH IS DOUBLE-WEIGHT HYDROGEN, AS A POSSIBILITY FOR AN H BOMB.

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WW1145AES

NEW YORK, FEB 6-(AP)-A GROUP OF 150 PROMINENT CITIZENS HAVE ASKED PRESIDENT TRUMAN TO HELP MAKE THE UNITED NATIONS STRONG ENOUGH TO END THE WORLD ARMAMENTS RACE.

JAMES P.WARBURG, AUTHOR AND ECONOMIST, REVEALED YESTERDAY THE CONTENTS OF A LETTER TO THE PRESIDENT ASKING THAT THE ADMINISTRATION GIVE SUCH AN AIM "OFFICIAL SUPPORT."

THE LETTER ALSO ASKED HIM TO INCREASE THE ADMINISTRATION'S PRESENT PROGRAM OF ECONOMIC AND TECHNICAL AID TO NATIONS NEEDING INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT.

AIDING WARBURG IN THE DRAFTING OF THE LETTER WERE ROBERT E. SHERWOOD, AUTHOR AND PLAYWRIGHT; NEW YORK CITY COUNCILMAN STANLEY M.ISAACS; NORMAN COUSINS, EDITOR OF "THE SATURDAY REVIEW OF LITERATURE; HARRY W.SCHACTER, LOUISVILLE, KY., DEPARTMENT STORE EXECUTIVE; HENRY B.CABOT OF BOSTON; AND HUGH SATTERLEE, NEW YORK LAWYER.

THE LETTER NOTED THAT 22 SENATORS AND 104 REPRESENTATIVES HAD APPROVED A RESOLUTION GIVING THE U.N. SUFFICIENT AUTHORITY TO HALT AN INTERNATIONAL ARMS RACE. THE LETTER SAID IN PART:

"WE FEEL, MR.PRESIDENT, THAT YOU ARE MOVING FROM A POLICY, THE PRIMARY AIM OF WHICH WAS TO STOP RUSSIA, TOWARD A POLICY, THE PRIMARY AIM OF WHICH IS AFFIRMATIVE LEADERSHIP TOWARD PEACE.

"WE NOT ONLY APPLAUD THIS SHIFT IN EMPHASIS, WE URGE YOU TO ACCELERATE THE CHANGE. WE URGE YOU TO NARROW THE DISCREPANCY BETWEEN OUR AIMS AND THE AS YET INADEQUATE MEANS SUGGESTED FOR THEIR REALIZATION."

SIGNERS OF THE LETTER INCLUDED MORE THAN 150 EDUCATORS, CLERGYMEN, EDITORS, WRITERS, LAWYERS, BANKERS AND BUSINESS MEN. IT WAS MAILED TO THE WHITE HOUSE JAN. 31.

GAME1025AES

BY MAX HARRELSON

LAKE SUCCESS, FEB. 6-(AP)-THE BIG WESTERN POWERS AND CHINA TODAY URGED THE UNITED NATIONS ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL TO CURB THE SPECIAL PRIVILEGES ENJOYED BY THE COMMUNIST-DOMINATED WORLD FEDERATION OF TRADE UNIONS (WFTU) HERE.

WHILE AIMED SPECIFICALLY AT THE WFTU, THE MOVE ALSO WILL AFFECT THE RIGHTS OF THE AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR, THE INTERNATIONAL CHAMBER OF COMMERCE AND THE INTERNATIONAL COOPERATIVE ALLIANCE.

THE UNITED STATES, FRANCE, BRITAIN AND CHINA PROPOSED SPECIFICALLY THAT THE 18-NATION COUNCIL WITHDRAW THE RIGHT OF THE FOUR ORGANIZATIONS TO INITIATE BUSINESS ON THE COUNCIL'S AGENDA. THESE ARE THE ONLY SOCALLED NON-GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATIONS THAT HAVE THIS PRIVILEGE.

THE COUNCIL OPENS ITS 1950 WINTER SESSION HERE TOMORROW.

BRITISH DELEGATE G.T.CORLEY SMITH CRITICIZED BOTH THE WFTU AND THE AFL FOR ALLEGED ABUSE OF THEIR PRIVILEGES.

HE DEVOTED MOST OF HIS ATTACK ON THE WFTU, CHARGING IT WITH CONSTANTLY SUBMITTING PROPOSALS "COLDLY CALCULATED TO INTERFERE WITH THE WORK OF THE COUNCIL AND MAKE BAD BLOOD AMONG THE DELEGATES."

U.S. DELEGATE WALTER KOTSCHNIG AGREED THAT THE PRIVILEGES HAD BEEN ABUSED, "PARTICULARLY BY ONE ORGANIZATION--THE WFTU."

GEORGE FISCHER, A WFTU OBSERVER HERE, CHARGED BRITAIN WAS TRYING TO SUPPRESS THE RIGHTS OF AN ORGANIZATION WHICH HE SAID REPRESENTS 80,000,000 WORKERS.

MISS TONI SENDER, AFL REPRESENTATIVE, WAS PRESENT DURING THE DISCUSSION BUT SAID NOTHING.

JT1101PES

NIGHT LEAD U.N.

LAKE SUCCESS, FEB. 6-(AP)-THE 12TH SOVIET BLOC WALKOUT-STRIKE AGAINST NATIONALIST CHINA IN THE UNITED NATIONS IS EXPECTED TOMORROW AT THE OPENING WINTER SESSION OF THE ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL.

INFORMED SOURCES SAID SEMYON K.TSARAPKIN WOULD ATTEND THE COUNCIL MEETING, PROTEST AGAINST THE SEATING OF THE NATIONALIST CHINA DELEGATE P.C.CHANG AND WALK OUT AFTER HIS PROTEST IS DEFEATED.

FOUR WEEKS AGO TOMORROW RUSSIA'S JAKOB A.MALIK MADE HIS FIRST MARCH FROM THE SECURITY COUNCIL OVER THE CHINA QUESTION. SINCE THEN THE SOVIET BLOC HAS WALKED OUT OR STAYED AWAY FROM EVERY U.N. MEETING WHERE NATIONALIST CHINA WAS REPRESENTED.

JT1039PES

(Advance) Lake Success, Feb. 6-(ap)- Miss Cordelia Trimble, of Columbia, Mo., leaves New York today to direct child welfare work in the Ecuador earthquake area.

She is going as the representative of the United Nations International Children's Emergency Fund (UNICEF) which allocated $340,000 last autumn to take care of children made destitute by the disaster.

Her recent work was with the American Friends Service committee, distributing food and milk provided by UNICEF for 100,000 refugee children and mothers in souther Palestine. Before that she served with the International Refugee Organization in Germany and with the American Red Cross field service.

FEB 7-1950

(End advance for use at 7 a.m. est Monday, Feb. 6)

WASHINGTON, JAN 24-(AP)-A BRITISH GOVERNMENT REPRESENTATIVE TODAY LODGED AN OFFICIAL PROTEST WITH MARSHALL PLAN AUTHORITIES OVER ALLETED DISCRIMINATION AGAINST BRITISH ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT BY AN AMERICAN CITY.

THE OBJECTION WAS RAISED BY SIR CECIL WEIR, CHAIRMAN OF BRITAIN'S DOLLAR EXPORT BOARD, AT A CONFERENCE WITH WILLIAM C.FOSTER, ACTING ECONOMIC COOPERATION ADMINISTRATOR.

AN ECA SPOKESMAN SAID THE DISCUSSION CONCERNED REJECTION BY THE CITY OF SEATTLE,WASH., OF A LOW BID SUBMITTED BY AN ENGLISH COMPANY TO SUPPLY SEATTLE'S MUNICIPAL POWER SYSTEM WITH TRANSFORMERS.

THE BRITISH COMPANY, FERRANTI LTD., REPORTEDLY SUBMITTED A BID $200,000 UNDER THE LOWEST PROPOSAL OFFERED BY AMERICAN COMPANIES.

ECA WAS URGED THE BRITISH TO FIND AMERICAN MARKETS TO RELIEVE THE DOLLAR SHORTAGE.

SIR CECIL'S TALK WITH FOSTER,AN ECA OFFICIAL EXPLAINED, WAS DESIGNED

TO CLARIFY THE RECOVERY AGENCY'S POSITION IN THE MATTER. THE BRITISH OFFICIAL ALSO REPORTEDLY ASKED THE MARSHALL PLAN EXECUTIVE FOR HELP IN POSSIBLY REINSTATING THE BRITISH BID.

SOURCES WITHIN THE RECOVERY AGENCY SAID FOSTER EXPLAINED THAT ECA OFFICIALLY HAS NO CONNECTION WITH THE PURCHASING POLICIES OF ANY AMERICAN CITY OR BUSINESS INTERPRISE.

THE ACTING RECOVERY DIRECTOR, HOWEVER, IS UNDERSTOOD TO HAVE INFORMED THE BRITON THERE IS "A STRONG LIKELIHOOD" THAT BRITISH ELECTRICAL FIRMS WILL BE CONSIDERED IN FUTURE MUNICIPAL BUSINESS IN SEATTLE.

ECA SAID SEATTLE OFFICIALS STATED THAT THE BRITISH BID WAS TURNED DOWN BECAUSE THE FERRANTI EQUIPMENT DID NOT MEET SPECIFICATIONS.

"WE HAVE BEEN INFORMED THAT THE SEATTLE ACTION WAS IN NO WAY CONNECTED WITH A RELUCTANCE TO IMPORT SUCH EQUIPMENT FROM BRITAIN," A RECOVERY OFFICIAL SAID.

THE BRITISH BID REPORTEDLY WAS FOR $515,000 INCLUDING PAYMENT OF A 15 PER CENT DUTY ON THE TRANSFORMERS.

C O R R E C T I O N Jan 24

WASHINGTON--BRITISH PROTEST ON ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT (D103WX), FIRST GRAPH, PLEASE CHANGE YOUR COPY AT START TO READ "A BRITISH REPRESENTATIVE XXX" ETC. (DELETING WORD "GOVERNMENT"). ALSO FOLLOWING MAY BE INSERTED AT END OF SECOND GRAPH:

XXX ADMINISTRATION. THE DOLLAR EXPORT BOARD IS A NON-OFFICIAL GROUP OF EXPORTERS AND MANUFACTURERS AND MANUFACTURERS INTERESTED IN INCREASING EXPORTS.

THE AP

V633PES

FEB 7-1950

(350) CURRENCY UNION

BY CHARLES MOLONY

FEB 7-1950

WASHINGTON, JAN.25-(AP)-INFORMED SOURCES SAID TODAY PRESIDENT TRUMAN'S EDP COUNCIL ON FOREIGN FINANCIAL MATTERS WANTS THE PROPOSED EUROPEAN CURRENCY UNION PLAN SHAPED SO THAT:

1. THE U.S.DOLLAR WILL NOT BE PUT AT SUCH A DISADVANTAGE IN EXCHANGE RELATIONS THAT MARSHALL PLAN COUNTRIES WILL DISCRIMINATE AGAINST THE U.S.IN BUYING FARM PRODUCTS AND OTHER GOODS.

2. THE PLAN WILL NOT CONFLICT WITH THE WORLD MONETARY FUNDS AUTHORITY OVER CURRENCY EXCHANGE RATES AND PRACTICES OF ITS MEMBERS, OR WEAKEN THE OBLIGATIONS OF THOSE MEMBERS TO THE FUND.

THESE INFORMANTS SAID A MAJORITY OF THE PRESIDENT'S NATIONAL ADVISORY COUNCIL SO INSTRUCTED PAUL HOFFMAN, MARSHALL PLAN ADMINISTRATOR, BEFORE HE LEFT FOR PARIS TUESDAY TO TALK OVER THE CURRENCY UNION IDEA WITH REPRESENTATIVES OF EUROPE'S MARSHALL PLAN COUNTRIES.

EVEN IF THE COUNCIL'S STIPULATIONS ON THOSE POINTS ARE MET, HOWEVER, THERE STILL WILL BE OTHER PROBLEMS IN THE WAY OF THE PLAN: FOR EXAMPLE, HOW MUCH U.S. FINANCING WOULD BE ASKED, AND FOR HOW LONG?

THE U.S. IS NOT ALONE IN SETTING OUT RESERVATIONS AGAINST THE PLAN. OFFICIALS HERE SAID BRITAIN WILL RAISE SOME OBJECTIONS OF ITS OWN AT THE PARIS MEETING.

THE CURRENCY UNION PLAN IS BEING DISCUSSED BETWEEN HOFFMAN'S MARSHALL PLAN AGENCY AND THE EUROPEAN COUNTRIES THAT THE AGENCY IS AIDING FINANCIALLY. THE OBJECTIVE IS TO INCREASE TRADE AMONG THE EUROPEANS.

AT PRESENT THE PLAN IS VAGUE IN MANY RESPECTS.

HOWEVER, IT WOULD, IN GENERAL, PROVIDE FOR A MUTUAL CREDIT POOL ENABLING ONE EUROPEAN COUNTRY TO BUY GOODS FROM ANOTHER DURING PERIODS WHEN THE FIRST COUNTRY LACKS CURRENCY OF THE SECOND COUNTRY FOR USE IN PAYMENT.

HOFFMAN'S AGENCY GETS INTO IT THROUGH A SCHEME WHEREBY MARSHALL PLAN DOLLARS COULD BE USED IN SETTLING BALANCES AMONG CLEARING UNION COUNTRIES WHEN THE CREDIT QUOTAS OF THE UNION WERE EXCEEDED BY CERTAIN FIXED PERCENTAGES.

HOFFMAN IS A MEMBER OF THE PRESIDENT'S SIX-MAN COUNCIL WHICH WOULD HAVE A MAIN VOICE IN DETERMINING WHETHER THE U.S. APPROVES THE FINAL CURRENCY UNION DRAFT, AND CONSEQUENTLY WHETHER MARSHALL PLAN FUNDS CAN BE USED FOR THE PROPOSAL.

PARIS, JAN.25-(AP)-COTTON PURCHASES ACCOUNTED FOR ALMOST 15 PERCENT OF THE TOTAL VALUE OF GOODS SENT TO EUROPE UNDER THE MARSHALL PLAN IN 1949, THE ECONOMIC COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION (ECA) REPORTED TODAY.

COTTON WAS THE ITEM IN GREATEST DEMAND. ALLOCATIONS FOR COTTON PURCHASES ACCOUNTED FOR $75,900,000 OUT OF THE 1949 TOTAL MARSHALL PLAN ALLOCATIONS OF $3,977,600,000.

SECOND ON THE LIST WAS MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT VALUED AT $493,000,000. OTHER LEADERS WERE BREAD GRAINS, $427,300,000 AND PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS $420,400,000.

THE ECA REPORTED THAT SINCE THE START OF THE MARSHALL PLAN, ALLOCATIONS HAVE BEEN MADE FOR $8,022,400,000 THROUGH 1949. IN ADDITION, $120,013,000 HAS BEEN ALLOCATED THROUGH JAN 20, 1950.

DURING THE MONTH OF DECEMBER, 1949, ALLOCATIONS TOTALLED $413,800,000. OF THE AMOUNT, INDUSTRIAL ITEMS COVERED 49 PERCENT, FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ITEMS, 42 PERCENT; OCEAN FREIGHT SIX PERCENT, AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE THREE PERCENT.

(ADVANCE) LONDON, THURSDAY, JAN.26-(AP)-A GROUP OF EUROPEAN STATESMEN AND ECONOMISTS CAME OUT TODAY WITH A BROAD PLAN FOR FREE EXCHANGE OF EUROPEAN CURRENCIES BASED ON A MONETARY FUND.

FREE EXCHANGE OF CURRENCIES IS HELD MANDATORY FOR THE INTEGRATION OF WESTERN EUROPEAN ECONOMIES, FOR WHICH THE ORGANIZATION FOR EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COOPERATION (OEEC) IS AIMING.

THE PLAN, SUBMITTED TO THE CONSULTATIVE ASSEMBLY OF EUROPE (CAPS) FORMED AT STRASBOURG LAST SUMMER, WAS DRAWN UP BY THE NON-GOVERNMENTAL AND UNOFFICIAL ECONOMIC LEAGUE FOR EUROPEAN COOPERATION (ELEC). PAUL VAN ZEELAND, ONE-TIME PREMIER OF BELGIUM, IS HONORARY PRESIDENT OF THE LEAGUE.

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THE ELEC PLAN:

1-ESTABLISHMENT OF A EUROPEAN MONETARY FUND TO CONTROL THE CURRENCIES CLEARING BETWEEN THE PARTICIPATING COUNTRIES. THAT FUND WOULD BE CONSTITUTED PRINCIPALLY OF LOCAL CURRENCIES, BUT DOLLARS OR GOLD WOULD BE CONTRIBUTED BY MEMBER STATES AS A GUARANTEE FOR PAYMENTS THAT MIGHT BECOME DUE. SUMS RESERVED UNDER THE MARSHALL

PLAN FOR MONETARY STABILIZATION WOULD BE PAID INTO THE FUND TO ASSIST INTRA-EUROPEAN PAYMENTS.

2-A CLOSE COORDINATION OF THE MONETARY, BUDGETARY AND COMMERCIAL POLICIES OF THE PARTICIPATING COUNTRIES.

3-THE SETTING UP OF A COMMITTEE OF FINANCE MINISTERS TO MEET PERIODICALLY TO DISCUSS AND COORDINATE EUROPEAN MONETARY POLICIES AND HARMONIZE THE FINANCIAL POLICIES OF THE COUNTRIES CONCERNED.

THE PLAN, ITS AUTHORS SAY, "IS A COMPROMISE DESIGNED TO MEET THE SPECIAL POINTS OF VIEW OF THE STERLING AREA, THE FRENCH AND THE BELGIAN POSITIONS."

FEB 7-1950

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 7:01 P.M. EST TODAY, WEDNESDAY, JAN.25)

MJ540PES

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FEB. 6, 1950

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Europe Seeks More Funds To Hold Line Against Reds

CARL HARTMAN

PARIS, Feb. 7—(AP) Western Europe wants another $4,700,000,000 to $5,000,000,000 in American Marshall Plan aid over the next two years to hold the line against communism.

The funds were asked by European member areas surveyed at the half-way mark of the recovery program inspired 32 months ago by former Secretary of State George C. Marshall.

Congress will decide how much it gets.

Hearings Start Feb. 21

The 325-page report will be scanned by Congress before hearings on the appropriations for 1950-51, due to start Feb. 21.

The report's figures on needs for that fiscal year are roughly $3,000,000,000—not including military aid. President Truman has asked for $3,100,000,000, but Europeans fear this will be cut by an economy-minded Congress.

Senator Connally (D-Tex), chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations committee, said in Washington today he believed the economic Cooperation Administration was willing to cut spending for the year below the $3,100,000,000 figure. He made the statement after ECA Chief Paul Hoffman discussed Europe's economic situation with the senators.

For 1949-50, the total of Marshall aid was $3,778,000,000, plus about $400,000,000 in special assistance for Western Germany. Connally has proposed a slash of at least $1,000,000,000 from that figure.

The $8,257,000,000 already poured in, the report said, has removed the immediate threat of "bankruptcy and dissolution, with the political threats which would follow."

Distribution of Marshall Plan funds is in the hands of the organization for European Economic Cooperation (OEEC).

The experts agreed that:

"On this reckoning—the reckoning of life or death for Western Europe—the first two years of the European recovery program have been unreservedly successful.

Progress Reported

"The production effort is succeeding beyond expectations," with 1949 figures on everything from artichokes to zinc oxides up 25 per cent from 1947.

"Considerable progress has been made in x x x internal financial stability.

"x x x The habit of working together has been formed in all the OEEC countries."

Still to be solved, however, is the problem of how Europe can get the dollars to buy the American goods it needs after Marshall aid ends in 1952.

The experts who drafted the report calculated that the OEEC countries could "continue their recovery" if they get 75 per cent of the 1949-50 aid for 1950-51, and 50 per cent for 1951-52. This declining figure and the complete halt for mid-1952 were part of the original plan.

Written by a committee under the chairmanship of British Economist Eric Roll, the report keeps diplomatically silent on the widespread hope for longer range aid.

Import Cut Possible

"After the middle of 1952," it says, "western Europe will in any case have to balance its dollar accounts."

But the experts wonder whether this will have to be done by cutting down European imports from the United States. The report points out that, although the dollar gap has been narrowed considerably since the war, it will still be over $2,000,000,000 in 1951-52—a broad gulf to bridge all at once.

The dollar gap is the difference between what western Europe sells to America and the much larger amount that it has been buying—and paying for with Marshall funds.

Cut Flowers Wither

The United States has to work at making trade more of a two-way street, the report suggested. It touched on one of the constant complaints of Europeans who try to sell their goods in the United States—custom-house red tape.

"For example," the experts wrote, "cut flowers delivered by air are sometimes withered before they are released by customs."

Clay ashtrays, they pointed out, pay only fifteen per cent duty if they are found to be "household articles," 30 per cent if they are "smoking requisites" and 50 per cent if they are classified as "luxury earthenware." Carpets pay 25 to 30 per cent—unless they have fringes, in which case the rate goes up to 45 per cent.

Trade Greatly Expanded

The report was divided into four parts—"Progress to Date," "Plans for 1950-52," "The Policies of Full Recovery" and "The Course Ahead."

Highlights of progress at the halfway mark:

Thanks to United States aid and to their own efforts, western European countries have made "remarkable progress." The expansion of their economic activity is "probably without precedent" and much faster than after World War I. Trade has been greatly expanded, with 1949 prices stable or even falling slightly. Living standards have been improved, though they are still below prewar, and large-scale unemployment has been avoided in most countries.

Commenting on the report, Rober Marjolin, OEEC, general secretary, told a news conference American exports to Europe probably will decline after 1952.

"The necessary adjustments after the end of the Marshall plan will require a decrease in Europe's imports from America at least in some commodities," he said.

Citing coal as an example, he said the United States was a large coal exporter in the postwar years. Under the OEEC program, this will halt in 1952.

Large-scale American private investments overseas might enable Europe to maintain a higher level of purchases in America, he added.

Marjolin predicted Europe's dollar gap will be cut to 25 per cent of her dollar-area imports by the end of 1952.

He made an exception for Greece and western Germany. He said special conditions would necessitate additional extraordinary American aid there.

H-Bomb Feeds Russ Neurosis, Briton Says

London, Feb. 7 (AP)—A British Conservative candidate in the coming parliamentary elections said in a campaign speech last night that President Truman should have consulted with Britain and asked her advice before going ahead with the hydrogen bomb.

Lord Hinchinbrooke, once a private secretary to the late Prime Minister Stanley Baldwin, told his South Dorset constituency that "the H-bomb has the effect of feeding the Russian neurosis that they are going to be attacked."

He said he believed Britain would have advised America not to go ahead with the "production of this terrifying new weapon" without making a peace overture to Russia.

Withholds View

Laborite Prime Minister Clement Attlee, campaigning in Walthamstow, East London, declined to say whether he agreed with President Truman's decision to make the H-bomb. He told questioners:

"I am not an American and that is a question for an American to answer."

Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin, campaigning in Diss, Norfolk, also avoided mention of the H-bomb but declared the Marshall plan, coupled with British aid to Europe, had saved western Europe from the Communists.

Checked, He Says

"The Communists, who would have been where Hitler was never firmly established—at Calais and the Channel ports—were checked, and totalitarianism was held," Bevin said.

"Marshall aid was not charity," he added. "It was something that came out of the American people, voiced by a simple soldier, a typical American and a great statesman whose name will live with Lincoln."

In praising former United States Secretary of State George Marshall, Bevin said: "I loved Marshall, and I loved working with him." Someone in the audience heckled him, shouting, "He's a Tory."

"He's a soldier," Bevin retorted.

Bidault's Government Wins Support

Paris, Wednesday, Feb. 8 (AP)—The French National Assembly gave a vote of approval early today to Premier Georges Bidault's remodeled Cabinet. At the same time it indicated the new Government has little popularity.

The vote was 225 to 185. The Socialists, de Gaullists, and right-wing independents abstained.

Earlier, Socialists had refused to join the Communists against the Premier. If they had, he would have had to resign.

Others Ignore Premier's Plea

The Socialist decision to abstain in the voting came at an evening caucus. As the night went on other groups reported they too would abstain.

These abstentions were in the face of a pre-vote appeal by Bidault saying the worst of all policies is absence. No official figure was announced on abstentions, but it was estimated at about 175.

Bidault's new Cabinet is made up mostly of Radical Socialists (Moderates) and members of his own Popular Republican Movement (MRP). These two parties supported him tonight with a scattering of help from right wing groups.

In solid opposition were the Communists and their fellow travelers.

Cares Weigh Heavily

The premier told the Assembly the cares of Government weighed heavily on himself and his colleagues but he gave no indication he would abandon those cares even in the face of the implied rebuke rendered in the voting.

Bidault presented his remodeled Cabinet to the Assembly in a session that broke down into political haggling.

The Socialists indicated they will continue to support Bidault in Parliament, but will not share Cabinet responsibilities.

Bidault told the Assembly the policies of the remade Government would be the same as that of his old combination. Indirectly he asked Socialist support, saying "nothing in the Government's program would appear to justify a parliamentary isolation which, from all evidence, would have serious consequences."

Orders Bonus Payment

Meanwhile the Cabinet ordered payment of a 3,000 francs bonus (about $8.50) to all industrial workers earning 14,000 francs or less.

Those receiving from 14,000 to 18,000 francs will receive smaller amounts. The bonus, which will effect about 5,500,000 workmen, will be paid to those working in private and nationalized industries. It will not apply to agricultural and Government administrative workers.

The Socialists had demanded the 3,000 franc bonus be paid to all workers earning less than 20,000 francs but had indicated a willingness to compromise on 18,000.

The Government said the proposal put into effect today was as far as it could go.

France And Saar Open Pact Talks

Paris, Feb. 7 (AP)—France begins conversations today with top officials of the Saar on proposals to give France greater control over the coal mines in that territory in exchange for more freedom of government.

Johannes Hoffman, Premier of the Saar, which under French military occupation already has been given considerable autonomy, heads the Saar delegation.

The French delegation is headed by Health Minister Pierre Schneiter, who is acting as Foreign Minister during the illness of Robert Schuman.

Four Related Agreements

At a major policy meeting yesterday, attended by Gilbert Grandval, the present French high commissioner for the Saar, plans were drafted for negotiating a policy which would be written into four related agreements, according to informed sources.

The policies include:

An agreement by the Saar to nationalize its coal mines and give France the right to operate them.

A convention gearing Saar railways to those of France.

An agreement paving the way for Frenchmen to do business as freely in the Saar as in France and allowing Saarlanders full rights to live and do business in France.

An accord giving the Saar even greater independence and changing the status of the French high commissioner to that of ambassador.

Saar And France Open Negotiations

C.L. DAVIDSON

Paris, Feb. 7 (AP)—France and the Saar began talks today that both say they hope will lead to eventual independence for the coal-producing valley.

The Saar already has partial control of its internal affairs, but is linked economically to France by

agreement of the Allied powers.

A border area of 738 square miles at the southern tip of Luxembourg, it became a part of Germany by a plebiscite in 1935. It obtained semi-autonomy as a part of the French occupation zone after Germany's defeat in World War II.

On top of the agenda for the Paris meetings is the question of the Saar coal mines, now producing about 15,000,000 tons a year. About 9,000,000 tons of this are helping run French factories.

France wants a contract to mine the coal, subject to a final Allied peace treaty with Germany. The Saar agrees, but says France should pay taxes on the coal it takes out.

There have been reports France wants to lease the mines for 50 years.

Johannes Hoffman, Saar Premier, led a delegation of four Cabinet ministers and several economists to today's meeting.

They met with Pierre Schneiter, Acting Foreign Minister; Gilbert Grandval, France's High Commissioner for the Saar, and the Foreign Ministry's top negotiators.

M'Cloy 'Not Just Talking', Paper Tells Germans

Cold Water

Berlin, Feb. 17 (AP)—West Berlin police apparently planned today to throw cold water on the cold war.

The British-sector newspaper *Der Tag* said that police headquarters was ordering two trucks with armor-plated revolving turrets which can "fire" high-pressure water streams at street mobs.

Such water-hose trucks were last used by Berlin police during the pre-Hitler Weimar Republic.

Frankfurt, Feb. 7 (AP)—The newspaper Frankfurter *Rundschau* said today the importance of yesterday's critical speech by United States High Commissioner John J. McCloy "should not be underestimated by the German public—and especially not by our politicians."

In the sternest words he has used since he took office, McCloy told the Germans America intends to keep a tight rein on German political affairs and warned them against agitating foreign issues. He urged them to concentrate on Germany's internal problems.

"Without illusion and standing with both feet on the ground—that's how we judge McCloy's speech," said *Rundschau*.

"Weight" Emphasized

"The fact that this speech was McCloy's first action after his return from the United States gives it a weight which should not be underestimated by the German public—especially not by our politicians."

The nine-point American policy outlined by McCloy shows there has been no change in that policy since 1945, the newspaper said.

"Some of our politicians may regard McCloy's Stuttgart speech as 'just talking,' but we have another opinion," the editorial continued.

Berlin Truck Pace Returns To Normal

Berlin, Feb. 7 (AP)—Berlin truck traffic moved smoothly at a rate called normal and satisfactory by American officials, and for the present, at least, it looked today like the Russians had lifted their slowdown campaign.

C. A. Dix, United States transport official, said trucks were going through the Helmstedt checkpoint at the rate of one every six minutes, or ten an hour, which he said was satisfactory.

A British spokesman in Berlin said Soviet Army guards and East zone police still were examining truck cargoes and papers with thoroughness, but also with speed and dispatch. An American official said that this manner of handling truck traffic showed "the first encouraging sign we have seen in three weeks."

Erroneous Announcement

A German policeman had caused some excitement by announcing that the "little blockade" had been reimposed and that the backlog had risen to 260 trucks. This proved an error. The chief inspector of the German Customs Office said he was unable to understand how the policeman could issue such an announcement at the time.

By midafternoon there were only about 20 to 25 trucks waiting to be cleared at the checkpoint.

Earlier in the day, Soviet checkpoint guards had been holding the traffic to a slightly slower than normal pace, while the Russians accused the West of trying to warm up the cold war by complaints about a blockade.

West Accused in Berlin

East German Official Criticizes Embargo on Steel Shipments

BERLIN, Feb. 7 (AP).—Joseph Orloff, chief of the East German government's trade and supply department in Berlin, charged today that the West German government's action in stopping steel shipments to Eastern Germany was "part of the cold war."

It was announced yesterday that steel shipments were being stopped because Eastern Germany was falling down on its agreement.

Orloff said West German officials had tried to make the agreement unworkable by not approving prices agreed upon by West German merchants.

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West Germany's Jobless Increase to 1,900,000

BONN, Germany, Feb. 7 (AP).—West Germany had 1,900,000 unemployed at the end of January, it was announced officially today.

This was an increase of 342,000 over the previous month.

Seventeen per cent of the new job seekers were women.

Despite West Germany's expanding industrial production, unemployment has grown steadily since 1948. In December, 1948, there were only 859,000 jobless.

Anti-Riot Trucks for Berlin

BERLIN, Feb. 7 (AP).—The British-sector newspaper "Der Tag" said today that West Berlin police headquarters is ordering two trucks with armor-plated revolving turrets which can "fire" high-pressure water streams at street crowds. Such water-hose trucks were last used by Berlin police during the pre-Hitler Weimar Republic.

W. Germany Hands U.S. Recovery Pact

Frankfurt, Germany, Feb. 7 (AP)—West Germany today handed the United States a formal agreement to co-operate with other European nations in promoting general European recovery.

Dr. Konrad Adenauer, West German Chancellor, presented John J. McCloy, United States high commissioner, with Germany's ratification of an agreement with the Economic Co-operation Administration. This binds Germany to help achieve "through a joint recovery program, economic conditions in Europe essential to a lasting peace."

The agreement was signed last December 15, was ratified by Parliament, and signed on February 3 by Theodor Heuss, West German President.

PRODUCTION BOSSES RESHUFFLED BY TITO

BELGRADE, Yugoslavia, Feb. 7.—(AP) Premier-Marshal Tito, in a sweeping move, reshuffled Yugoslavia's production bosses today. His aim is to increase the output of material vital to this nation's foreign trade program.

The reorganization also is aimed at carrying out a program of decentralization of economic authority. Tito's advisors have decided this would pay dividends in exports.

Official decrees were published announcing the abolition of two major ministries and the substitution of six economic committees whose chairmen will have ministerial rank.

2d Frenchman Says He Spied on Poland

Tells Court Agents Were Recruited by Threats

SZCZECIN (Stettin), Poland, Feb. 7 (AP).—The second Frenchman in Poland's spy trial pleaded guilty today, and declared French intelligence chiefs in Poland used blackmail to recruit their agents.

The defendant, Gaston Drouet, told a military court here that when he tried to get out of the alleged spy ring, the French vice-consul at Gdansk, Rene Bardet, told him he "had gone too far."

Drouet is being tried with another Frenchman, former consular secretary Andre Robineau, and four Poles. Robineau pleaded guilty of espionage yesterday.

Drouet told the court almost all members of the French diplomatic service in Poland were engaged in intelligence. Among those he named were the late General Georges Teyssier, a former military attache, whom he declared to have been chief of all espionage in Poland.

In pleading guilty Drouet said he regretted his action. He said Bardet had promised him a visa for his German girl friend, to induce him to join th[illegible].

Stalin Still Gets Greetings

MOSCOW, Feb. 7 (AP).—Prime Minister Stalin had his birthday Dec. 21, more than a month and a half ago, but lists of congratulatory telegrams are still being printed by "Pravda." Every day the Communist party newspaper devotes two columns to list of organizations and institutions in the Soviet Union and elsewhere that sent greetings. Apparently thousands are still to be listed. Among the recent listings was one from leaders of the American Slav Congress.

Red Invasion Army Massed, China Says

Taipei, Formosa, Feb. 7 (AP)—The Nationalist Defense Ministry today said Red Gen. Chen Yi's 10th Army had been sent to southern Fukien province and was likely to mount the expected invasion attempt against Formosa.

At the same time the Chinese Navy said a gunboat of unknown nationality had been sighted off the mainland port of Swatow and was being watched closely.

[Hong Kong reported a South China Communist political and military committee had been formed to govern six unnamed provinces with a population of 140,000,000 inhabitants. The dispatch said Red Gen. Lin Piao had been named chairman of the committee.

[The Hong Kong *Ta Kung Pao*, a newspaper, said a similar regional government for East China's provinces had been set up at Shanghai.]

Jessup Delayed

Singapore, Feb. 7 (AP)—The departure of United States Roving Ambassador Philip C. Jessup, touring the Far East, was delayed 24 hours today when his plane developed engine trouble before taking off for Rangoon.

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CHINA FAMINE TOLL SOARS

Reds Put Total at 16,000,000 in East, North of Yangtze

HONG KONG, Feb. 7 (AP)—The Communist news agency, in a dispatch from Shanghai today, said that "in East China north of the Yangtze alone there are more than 16,000,000 famine victims."

Of this number 2,790,000 were said to have exhausted all food stocks and face starvation.

The same dispatch reported that the famine in eastern China also had spread south of the Yangtze. Conditions were painted as grave in southern Kiangsu and South Anhwei Provinces. These are in the populous areas of Shanghai and Nanking.

The news agency said that conditions were sure to become worse during the spring.

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1,000 KILLED IN RAID ON SHANGHAI, REDS SAY

TOKYO, Wednesday, Feb. 8 (AP)—The Chinese Communist radio today asserted 1,000 persons had been killed in Monday's Nationalist air raid on Shanghai. The Peiping broadcast said the raiders were twelve B-24 and two B-25 bombers accompanied by two P-51 and one P-38 fighters.

Koreans Get Aid Pact

Seoul, Feb. 7 (AP)—Forty thousand Koreans celebrated in Seoul Stadium today the signing January 26 of an agreement under which the United States will supply $10,000,000 worth of military equipment to the Korean Republic.

Dead Sea Has Snow; First In Modern Times

Amman, Hashemite Jordan, Feb. 7 (AP)—Snow covered the shores of the Dead Sea today for the first time in modern history. The Dead Sea, famed in Biblical history, is 1,400 feet below sea level.

The snow was 15 inches deep at the northern end of the sea, located in Arab Palestine, and 3 inches at the winter resort of Shouna.

U.N. Eritrea Group Meets

Cairo, Feb. 7 (AP)—The United Nations Commission on Eritrea met in Cairo today prior to flying to the former Italian Red Sea colony for an investigation. The group will make recommendations by June 15 on disposition of the colony, now under British administration.

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Bradley Leaves Policy To Truman

Pearl Harbor, Hawaii, Feb. 7 (AP). Gen. Omar N. Bradley emphasized today that any decision to take a firm position against communism in southeast Asia was up to President Truman.

The chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff and other members held a press conference shortly after their arrival from a tour of Pacific military installations.

Bradley was asked if it would be militarily wise to establish firm positions in southeast Asia, now under pressure from Communist China, as was done in Greece and Turkey.

Bradley said the question was in the realm "of the policy of government established by the President," while it was the job of the military "to express the military implications."

"Spending Into Bankruptcy"

"Political implications," he added, "may at times override military implications."

Bradley reiterated there was no conflict between the State Department and the military on the decision against sending military aid to Formosa, Chinese Nationalist island threatened by the Communists.

Bradley replied "personally I don't think so" when asked if he believed budget limitations had let American military strength drop dangerously low. He said trying to attain "absolute security would mean spending into bankruptcy."

Admiral Forrest P. Sherman, Chief of Navy Operations, said the Joint Chiefs are "concerned about the strength of the Pacific Fleet." He said the problem in the Pacific was to take the money available "and do the best we can with it."

Asked about Russian submarines in the Pacific, the Admiral replied that he had no knowlelge of how close to the Pacific Coast the submarines operate.

On Russian Submarine

"Of course," he continued, "their operations are a matter of concern because of the problem it would present in an emergency for us to maintain our sea communications.

"But this problem confronts the Navy everywhere. It points up the need for naval forces to concentrate on readiness to carry on anti-submarine warfare."

Sherman said the presence of two Russian fishing vessels in Hawaii at a time when atom bomb tests are being planned at Eniwetok "is nothing to get excited about." He said Russian ships go all over the world.

Bradley, Sherman, Air Force Gen. Hoyt S. Vandenberg and Army Gen. J. Lawton Collins agreed there was an urgent need for better housing for Pacific and Alaska personnel. They will take up the matter with the Secretary of Defense when they return.

Vandenberg said he was "horrified by conditions under which our personnel have to live." At some bases, he said, conditions "are worse than slums."

The Joint Chiefs of Staff will spend three days in Hawaii before flying to the mainland.

ANTI-RED UNION ON AGENDA

U. S. Diplomats Will Discuss Project for Southeast Asia

MANILA, Feb. 7 (AP)—A proposed anti-Communist Southeast Asia union "will be discussed along with other controversial proposals" at the conference of United States diplomats at Bangkok, Thailand, on Monday.

That was the word from W. Walton Butterworth, United States, State Department Far East expert, when he met newspaper men today. He is stopping over here en route to Bangkok after a visit to Japan.

The Southeast Asia union was proposed last year by President Elpidio Quirino as an anti-Communist rallying point.

Mr. Butterworth said he was willing to meet high Philippine officials during his stop-over but was not initiating any conferences. He expects to reach Bangkok Friday. United States diplomats from the Orient will assemble for discussions of Asian problems.

Chinese Freighter Held In Africa On U.S. Orders

Durban, South Africa, Feb. 7 (AP). The Chinese freighter Union Carrier was detained here on American orders today, just as she was about to sail for Montevideo, Uruguay, with 5,000 tons of sugar in her hold.

The detention followed United States State Department orders instructing American consuls in foreign ports to prevent the departure of Chinese Nationalist ships upon which mortgages are still outstanding. When the order was issued, it was described as a means to prevent the ships from falling into the hands of the Chinese Communists.

Soviet Skipper Protests Honolulu 'Iron Curtain'

HONOLULU, Feb. 7—(AP) The captain of a Russian sailing ship today complained there was an "iron curtain" around Honolulu.

"We have nothing aboard except ballast," said Vladimir Gerasimov, skipper of the three-masted schooner Trepang. "We are not spies."

U. S. immigration authorities don't care one way or another. They say 34 crewmen of the Trepang and the Perlamutr, both of which docked late Sunday, can't go ashore. Their papers aren't in order.

Russian sailing ships passed through here in March, 1948, just before secret atom bomb tests were to be held at Eniwetock.

Gerasimov said it was pure coincidence that the Trepang and the Perlamutr were here now just a short time in advance of more secret tests at Eniwetok.

U. S., BRITAIN ACT TO MEET RUSSIAN ADVANCE IN ASIA

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7. — (AP) The United States and Britain acted today to meet the communist advance in southeast Asia by recognizing French-backed Vietnam and two other new states in Indochina.

The United States granted unqualified recognition and hinted at American aid a few hours after London announced Britain's decision to accept the three governments as independent states within the French union.

May Launch New Cold War

The action set the stage for possible new cold war struggle in the Far East. Russia, communist China and several European Soviet bloc states only last week gave their formal support to the rebel regime headed by Ho Chi-minh, veteran Moscow revoutionary.

The State Department announced that President Truman is ready to name a minister to Vietnam and the other two governments, the kingdoms of Laos and Cambodia. A formal announcement said further that the U. S. is considering measures to "promote political stability and the growth of effective democratic institutions in Indochina."

"This government is considering what steps it may take at this time to further these objectives, and to assure, in collaboration with other like-minded nations, that this development shall not be hindered by internal dissension fostered from abroad," a statement said.

There was no direct indication what forms the steps might take, but Mr. Truman has command of a $75,000,000 fund voted by congress to advance American interests in "the general area of China."

Former Emperor Bao Dai heads the new Vietnam state, which has about 21 million of Indochina's total population. Laos has one million and Cambodia four million.

Russian Backing Seen

The accords giving the three associated states limited independence within the French Union have just been ratified by the French National Assembly. The Soviet bloc recognition of Ho Chi-minh made it evident that there will be communist backing, in the form of material aid and arms for the rebel regime which has been fighting the French in Indochina since the Japanese conquerors were expelled. Ambassador-at-Large Philip C. Jessup said yesterday at Singapore there is urgent need for action to save southeast Asia from communism and that the U. S. would regard armed aggression against Indochina as a "very grave matter."

The terms of the British announcement left doubt whether Britain was granting full "de jure" recognition or qualified "de facto" acceptance.

De facto recognition means only recognition that a regime is in fact the ruling power in a country, while de jure recognition is complete legal recognition.

The American announcement made it definite that the U. S. was giving the French-backed governments full support as it did nearby Indonesia last year. The State Department's announcement said that the U. S. consul general at Saigon was instructed to inform heads of all three governments that the U. S. looked forward to an exchange of diplomatic relations. It said the status of the Saigon consulate general will be raised to that of a legation and the minister who will be accredited to all three states will be appointed by the president.

Additional Fuchs Case Suspects May Escape, U.S. Officials Fear

Washington, Feb. 7 (AP)—Lawmakers today blamed ponderous British legal procedure for hampering FBI pursuit of further atomic leaks in the Klaus Fuchs case.

They expressed fear that the delay may enable some suspects to skip this country.

FBI Director J. Edgar Hoover was reported to have told senators that thus far he has been unable to get from the British full details of any confession that may have been made.

Fuchs, 38-year-old German-born scientist accused of passing along top atomic—and some hydrogen bomb—information to the Russians, is believed to have had accomplices here.

Suspects May Escape

But lawmakers said they were told that until the British Justice Department releases its records, the FBI may have to wait for leads—with the result that some suspects might get out of this country unmolested.

British authorities are understood to be keeping Fuchs completely incommunicado.

Hoover again goes to Capitol Hill today to talk behind closed doors with senators—this time with the Senate Appropriations Subcommittee to which he first divulged some of the FBI's activities last week.

Cites Quebec Agreement

Senator Bricker (R., Ohio) a member of the Congressional Atomic Committee, said the 1943 Quebec Agreement which the late President Roosevelt entered into with Great Britain and Canada should be made public.

The secret pact was regarded by Bricker and others as pertinent to the case. They feel it may have opened the way for foreign scientists to come to the United States to work on the A-bomb without United States security checks.

Senator Hickenlooper (R., Iowa) sought unsuccessfully to get the text of the agreement last year during the investigation of the Atomic Energy Commission.

Hoover was quoted by lawmakers as having told the Atomic Committee yesterday it was unfortunate the British arrested Fuchs as early as they did.

It was Hoover's position, these legislators said, that others might have been drawn into the net more easily if the arrest had been delayed.

Hoover made it plain, it was said, that the British had not refused to give additional information about the Fuchs case but just hadn't got around to it yet.

Receives Only Digest

Thus far, he was said to have received only a digest of the statement Fuchs made to British authorities and not the full statement.

Legislators said Hoover told them that the first information on Fuchs's activities came from captured German documents turned over to the FBI in an espionage case late last summer.

FBI agents also ran across the British scientist's trail as a result of a reference to him in a notebook kept by one of the suspects in the Canadian atomic spy ring, which was broken four years ago.

Gravity Stressed

What has been disclosed caused one committee member, who asked anonymity, to term it "the most incredible story I've ever heard." The seriousness of the situation, he said "cannot be overemphasized."

In ten years Fuchs rose from an internee in a Canadian concentration camp to a top atomic position in Great Britain.

He fled his German homeland, where he was regarded as a Communist sympathizer, in 1933 and went to Britain, where he obtained a scholarship to attend Oxford.

In 1940 he was sent to Canada as a German alien and interned. He was released in about six months. Some senators familiar with the case said they are inclined to believe published reports that Albert Einstein, the noted physicist now living in New Jersey, helped to get Fuchs released.

Came Here In 1943

Fuchs obtained his British citi-

zenship in 1942, worked on the British atomic project and came to this country in 1943 with a top team of British scientists who were given access to top-secret information at the Los Alamos (N.M.) A-bomb laboratory.

Chairman McMahon (D., Conn.) said flatly after the joint committee's closed door meeting with Hoover that Fuchs gave atomic information to the Soviets.

He disclosed that "further ramifications of this matter" are being worked on by the FBI and British intelligence units.

One senator said privately that Fuchs was cleared for access to atomic information both by Scotland Yard and British Military Intelligence, with the latter check made at the request of Lieut. Gen. Leslie R. Groves, wartime head of the A-bomb project.

In any event, McMahon stressed that Fuchs was not investigated by the FBI when he arrived here. The FBI, he said, was not in the "investigative picture" for atomic work from March, 1943, until January 1, 1947, when the present civilian commission took over.

Bricker said he would oppose any future international atomic agreement, such as is now under negotiation by the United States, Britain and Canada, unless there was an "absolute guarantee of security."

"This experience," he said, "has taught us there can be slips in security if we entrust certification to somebody else."

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STRAUSS RESIGNS AS AEC MEMBER; BACKED H-BOMB

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7 (AP)—Rear Admiral Lewis L. Strauss, resigned from the Atomic Energy Commission today with a broad hint that there had been conflict among AEC members over the development of the hydrogen superbomb.

In a letter to President Truman, Strauss said pointedly he had decided to leave now that the "issues" have been decided "as I had hoped and recommended."

Just a week ago, Mr. Truman gave the momentous order to add the H-bomb to the nation's arsenal, and congress generally applauded the decision to get the jump on Russia in development of the new atomic weapon.

Reports of AEC Split

There have been numerous reports of an AEC split on the super-bomb question, with Chairman David E. Lilienthal reputedly heading one faction urging caution while Strauss led the other side.

A congress member who declined to be quoted by name said Strauss fought "sometimes almost single-handed" to speed the H-bomb into reality.

Strauss is the fourth member to resign from the original five-man panel named by Mr. Truman in October, 1946, when the army's wartime control of atomic energy was shifted to civilian direction.

Chairman Lilienthal resigned some weeks ago, but has agreed to stay on until Feb. 15. Two others resigned earlier. Now, with Strauss about to leave, Sumner T. Pike will be the last of the original five.

In accepting Strauss' resignation, effective April 15, Mr. Truman wrote:

Praised by Truman

"I can understand why, after nine years in the public service, you feel the necessity to retire to private pursuits.

"Your service with the commission has been during a critical and formative period and your consels have been invaluable. You have made a contribution of utmost value in the development of the atomic energy program x x x."

Strauss' letter to the president declared:

"The issues involving national security which were my primary concern are now resolved as I had hoped and recommended. The moment, therefore, seems appropriate to ask you to accept my resignation x x x."

Both letters were made public by the White House.

World Can Resist H-Bomb, G.E. Chief Says

Pittsburgh, Feb. 7 (AP)—Charles E. Wilson, president of General Electric Company, says neither the H-bomb nor any other bomb is going to destroy humanity.

"Society has always had the power to destroy," Wilson told the Engineers Society of Western Pennsylvania last night. "But always it has used its power for good and growth, not death.

"The pattern is the same as we face the H-bomb. Although the house of man is often shaken, society has recovered and gone on its way to new triumphs."

Illinois Clerical Unit Backs Truman On H-Bomb; Vote Close

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Washington, Feb. 7 (AP)—President Truman had no alternative except to produce the hydrogen bomb, a group of Illinois Methodist ministers said today in answer to a questionnaire.

But the vote was close.

Thirty-one ministers said that they thought Mr. Truman had no other alternative. Twenty said it was a misguided step. Only three rated it a wise move, while five said it was sinful.

The ministers, headed by Bishop P. Ralph Magee, of Chicago, are here for a three-day seminar on the country's problems. The topic under discussion: "An Audit of Mid-Century America."

University Drafts Questionnaire

Professors of American University are helping to put on the seminar, and also drafted the questionnaire.

Although Mr. Truman got backing on his H-bomb decision, he did not win any ministerial popularity vote.

The preachers were asked:

"Of all living Americans, who do you think is best suited to serve as President of the United States?"

Only one of the ministers voted for Mr. Truman. He got three votes less than Herbert Hoover.

Leading a badly divided field was Harold Stassen with 14 votes, while Senator Taft (R., Ohio) was second with 11. Hoover was third, Gen. Dwight D. Eisenhower was fourth with 2, and Mr. Truman brought up the rear.

Gandhi Rated Greatest Man

On the question of the greatest man produced so far in the Twentieth Century, the ministers voted for Gandhi first. Second was Albert Schweitzer, the theologian, philosopher, musician, doctor and African missionary.

Not all the ministers voted on every subject, but of those who did vote, there was this verdict on euthanasia, or mercy killing:

"Sinful and never justified"—18.

"Humane and justified in some cases"—37.

None of the ministers thinks the United States foreign policy is "the wisest possible." But 42 said it is "fairly intelligent," and 17 said it is "completely inept and unwise."

Dr. Ellis Weitzman, of the American University psychology department, who helped draw up the questionnaire, said it would be repeated at the end of the three-day course.

"We're interested to see if they change their minds," he said. "In the past there have been some pretty good shifts, particularly in their opinions on foreign policy."

Connally Thinks ECA Agreeable To Fund Slash

Washington, Feb. 7 (AP)—Senator Connally (D., Texas) said today he believes that the Economic Cooperation Administration is willing to cut Marshall-plan spending below the $3,100,000,000 asked by President Truman.

The chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee made this statement after ECA Chief Paul Hoffman discussed Europe's economic situation with the senators. Hoffman was closeted with the committee more than two hours.

"I have an intimation that ECA will go below the $3,100,000,000 asked in the President's budget," Connally stated. He added that this was the impression he received from the talk with Hoffman.

Will Follow "Tough Policy"

Hoffman said he intends to follow a "tough policy" toward western Europe in line with the policy laid down for Germany by High Commissioner John J. McCloy.

Connally has already proposed that Congress slash at least $1,000,000,000 off the $3,776,000,000 voted last year for European aid.

He said Hoffman told the committee that "Western Europe still remains the No. 1 battlefield in the world struggle for freedom."

HOUSE DELAYS VOTE ON AID FOR KOREA

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7—(AP) After three hours wrangling over the administration's China policy, the House today put off until Thursday a final vote on a compromise bill for limited economic aid to Formosa and Korea.

Democrats and Republicans alike lit into the State Department's handling of Far Eastern affairs, with Secretary of State Acheson singled out for renewed attacks.

The aid measure itself appeared certain of passage. It is a substitute for the $60,000,000 Korean aid bill which the House rejected by a one-vote margin two weeks ago.

Under the new one-package bill the little republic of South Korea would be provided with $60,000,000 in economic assistance until next June 30 while a portion of a $103,000,000 China aid fund would be made available for similar purposes on the island of Formosa during the same period.

The Chinese Nationalist regime of Chiang Kai-shek is preparing for a last stand on the island of Formosa. The Truman administration has declined to back it militarily.

Rep. Cox (D-Ga) told the House he would vote for the aid measure but said "my lack of confidence in the State Department is complete."

Of China he said, "I think we ran out on an old friend."

Bill Lets Kravchenko Remain In The U.S.

Washington, Feb. 7 (AP)—Congress voted today to let Viktor A. Kravchenko, one-time Soviet Communist official and author of "I Chose Freedom," remain in the United States permanently.

House approval sent to President Truman a bill, already passed by the Senate, waiving immigration requirements for Kravchenko. The Russian-born Kravchenko first came to this country in 1943 with a Soviet purchasing commission. Deserting Russia in 1944, he became a political refugee.

Without the special legislation, immigration laws would have required Kravchenko's deportation to Russia.

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STASSEN WARNS OF FREEDOM ABUSE

It Gives No License For Treason, He Tells Educators

Morgantown, W.Va., Feb. 7 (AP)—Freedom of any kind is never a license to commit treason, Harold E. Stassen, President of the University of Pennsylvania, said in an address today.

"Academic freedom, nor other freedom," he declared, "must ever be considered a license to commit treason against your nation and against your people."

Questioned later, Stassen emphasized that his speech contained no political undertones. He campaigned for the Republican nomination for President in 1948.

Stassen said his references to treason were based on the current world situation, and he had a number of instances of betrayal at home and abroad in mind, rather than any specific case or individual.

Stassen's address on "Freedom and Education" weighed very heavily on the side of freedom over education.

Building Dedicated

The former naval commander appeared as the principal speaker when West Virginia University dedicated a new $1,500,000 classroom building and combined its eighty-third anniversary celebration into one program.

The Pennsylvania educator received from the university the honorary degree of doctor of laws.

Other participants in the program, attended by 7,000 persons in the university field house, included university president, Irvin Stewart; Gov. Okey L. Patteson and Dr. Thomas L. Harris, of Parkersburg, president of the university's board of governors.

Javits Urges 'United' Ireland

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7 (AP).—Representative Jacob K. Javits, Republican, of New York, introduced a bill today calling upon Congress to encourage a "peaceful, prosperous and united Ireland."

LEGION SHIPS TOYS TO EUROPE YOUTH

Gifts Of Good Will From U.S. Children Are Loaded

Philadelphia, Feb. 7 (AP)—A "tide of toys" started across the Atlantic today—a gift of good will and friendship from America's kids to Europe's toyless youngsters.

The 900,000 toys loaded aboard the S.S. American Defender are headed for Rotterdam.

There the 142 tons of playthings will be turned over to CARE, overseas relief agency, for distribution

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in Austria, France, Germany, Italy, Greece, Norway, Poland, Yugoslavia, the Netherlands, Scotland, Denmark and Ireland.

Move Against Prejudice

George N. Craig, national commander of the American Legion, told 500 youngsters—including 100 of Europe's displaced children—that "we only hope that this is the beginning of the kind of giving that will bring peoples everywhere closer together and rid the world of prejudice causing war."

"This 'tide of toys' will help stem the tide of communism," Craig said. "It is indeed fitting that the City of Brotherly Love—the birthplace of American independence — should see the start of this great program."

Craig made it clear that "this is only the start," pointing out "the Legion will deliver more than 3,000,000 toys to Europe before this is over."

Speaks For U.S. Children

The "bon voyage" took place in Pier 38, large enough to house two football fields.

It was here that 11-year-old Judith Ann Fay, of Westmont, N.J.—representing the children of America—spoke the words that sped the toys on their way.

"Everyone has a favorite toy," Judith said in a proud voice, "one they just hate to break or lose.

"I have my favorite doll, one that was given to me at the age of 5. This particular doll I shall always cherish because I cherish the memory of the person who gave it to me.

For Bond Of Friendship

"If these toys live forever with the children of Europe, or even help in some small way to strengthen the bond of friendship between us, then this friendship will live forever.

"This my dream and the dream of all the children of America."

Judith's father, Major Charles J. Fay, died in World War II, during the battle in the Coral Sea.

Another youngster followed Judith on the rostrum.

Czech Boy Replies

Red-faced and red-haired 11-year-old Walter Kovacs spoke humbly of his days in Czechoslovakia. You could hear the accent in his voice. You could almost feel the lump in his throat.

"I know how happy I was when I received toys from the American children," Walter said. "I want to say that the smallest toy makes a child very glad.

"I remember when my friend Michael received a little red, white and blue ball. We played with it so happily. Many times we talked about our little kind American friends across the big ocean.

"I know that these toys will make the friendship between the children of America and Europe stronger than ever."

CHINA ASKS UN FOR OBSERVERS IN FORMOSA CRISIS

LAKE SUCCESS, Feb. 7 (AP)—Nationalist China asked today for United Nations air and naval observers to watch for any direct Russian role in red China's expected assault on Chiang Kai-shek's Formosa island retreat.

The nationalists contended Russia should be kicked out of the UN or interfering in China, but said they realized a majority was not ready to go that far.

Walkout Campaign Continues

The Russians, meanwhile, carried on their walkout campaign to have the UN throw out the nationalist Chinese and seat communist Chinese in their places.

Besides calling for observers, Nationalist Delegate T. F. Tsiang urged the year-around little assembly to:

1—Ban military and economic aid to red China from any quarter.

2—Hand down a moral judgment against Russia on charges she helped Mao Tze-tung's Peiping reds in their conquest of the China mainland.

The nationalists thus asked the United Nations to do what the United States has refused to do—send a mission to Formosa or intervene in any way there.

Listen In Silence

The Little Assembly listened to Tsiang in silence. Shortly afterwards it adjourned to think over his 43-minute appeal. No date was set for the next meeting of this body, which has been boycotted by Russia and her satellites since its inception two years ago.

As Tsiang spoke, the Russian, Polish and Czechoslovak delegates in the Economic and Social Council walked out after failing on a 3 to 10 vote to oust the nationalist delegation.

Russia, Poland and Czechoslovakia voted for the ouster; the United States, China, Australia, Belgium, Brazil, Chile, Iran, Mexico, Peru and Canada voted against it; Britain, France, India, Pakistan, and Denmark abstained.

The council elected Hernan Santa Cruz of Chile, an outspoken foe of the Russians, chairman for 1950, and went on with its business.

In New York, meanwhile, Russia and Czechoslovakia walked out of a program committee meeting of the UN International Children's Emergency Fund (UNICEF) in protest against the continued presence of nationalist China's woman delegate there.

China Hits Russ On War 'Guilt'

Lake Success, Feb. 7 (AP)—Nationalist China struck back at Russia's diplomatic boycott today with a new demand that the United Nations find Russia guilty of playing a big part in the Chinese civil war.

Nationalist Chief Delegate T. F. Tsiang made his demand in the year-round Little Assembly.

Meanwhile, Russia walked out of another major Council in protest against Chinese Nationalist diplomats keeping their seats in the United Nations.

The new walkout was in the eighteen-nation Economic and Social Council at the opening of its winter session. This was the twelfth United Nations body affected by the general Soviet boycott. The delegates of Czechoslovakia and Poland strode out with the Russians.

Soviet Demand Beaten

The Soviet bloc delegates left the room after the Council refused to approve a Russian demand that the Chinese Nationalist delegation be replaced by representatives of Mao Tze-tung's Peiping Red regime.

The vote was 3 to 10, with 5 abstaining. Only the three Soviet bloc countries voted to oust the Nationalists. Britain, France, India Pakistan and Denmark abstained.

Voting against the Soviet proposal were the United States China, Australia, Belgium, Brazil Chile, Iran, Mexico, Peru and Canada.

Tsiang called on the United Nations to put naval and air observers on Formosa to watch for Russian intervention in any Chinese Red invasion attempts against Chiang Kai-shek's island refuge.

Asks Moral Judgment

Tsiang said Russia's actions in China would justify the expulsion of the Soviet Union from the United Nations, but said he realized the majority of the 59 united nations is not ready for such a drastic measure.

As a result, he said, he was merely "demanding that a simple moral judgment be pronounced against the Soviet Union."

"This is the least that the United Nations can do," Tsiang said.

The Russians and their satellites have boycotted the Little Assembly since its inception in January, 1948 and in the last four weeks have stayed away from or walked out of a dozen United Nations organs in specific protest against the continued presence of Chinese Nationalist delegates.

To Discuss Pakistan

The Security Council in an afternoon session takes up the India-Pakistan dispute over possession of the princely state of Kashmir.

Its program calls for Gen. A. G. L. McNaughton, former Canadian representative on the Council, to tell what progress he has made in trying to mediate the dispute.

Since Canada retired as a Security Council member December 31, there were predictions the Council would yield to his request to turn over the mediation task to some other United Nations member.

FIRST LEAD INDOCHINA (A124)

LONDON, FEB.7-(AP)-BRITAIN TODAY RECOGNIZED THE FRENCH-SPONSORED VIETNAM GOVERNMENT OF FORMER EMPEROR BAO DAI. THE BRITISH ALSO RECOGNIZED THE GOVERNMENTS IN THE INDOCHINESE STATES OF LAOS AND CAMBODIA.

FRANCE HAD BEEN PRESSING FOR SUCH RECOGNITION BY BOTH BRITAIN AND THE UNITED STATES SINCE RUSSIA AND SOME OF HER SATELLITE NATIONS LAST WEEK GAVE RECOGNITION TO THE RIVAL REGIME OF MOSCOW-TRAINED HO CHI-MINH. HO CLAIMS SWAY OVER A "VIETNAM REPUBLIC."

AN OFFICIAL BRITISH FOREIGN OFFICE STATEMENT NAMED BRITAIN'S PRESENT CONSUL GENERAL IN SAIGON, F.S.GIBBS, AS MINISTER TO VIETNAM.

RECOGNITION WAS COMPLICATED FOR THIS REASON: INDOCHINA COMPRISES THE STATES OF VIETNAM, LAOS AND CAMBODIA, WHICH HAVE BEEN GIVEN INDEPENDENT STATUS WITHIN THE FRENCH UNION.

THE STATES THEMSELVES COULD NOT BE RECOGNIZED INDIVIDUALLY, SINCE THEY DO NOT ENJOY INDEPENDENCE IN THEIR OWN RIGHT. THE ANSWER TO THIS PROBLEM WAS TO RECOGNIZE ALL THREE GOVERNMENTS OF THE STATES AS THE LEGAL GOVERNMENTS OF ASSOCIATE STATES WITHIN THE FRENCH UNION.

THE BRITISH DID NOT SAY SPECIFICALLY WHETHER THE RECOGNITION WAS FULL (DE JURE) OR QUALIFIED (DE FACTO.) OFFICIALS SAID THAT ACTUALLY THE RECOGNITION IS A NEW FORM.

IN PARIS A FRENCH FOREIGN MINISTRY SPOKESMAN PREDICTED UNITED STATES RECOGNITION WILL FOLLOW WITHIN A SHORT TIME.

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NIGHT LEAD INDOCHINA

BY ARTHUR GAVSHON

LONDON, FEB.7-(AP)-BRITAIN CAME TO THE DIPLOMATIC SUPPORT OF FRANCE IN INDOCHINA TODAY BY RECOGNIZING THE THREE PARIS-BACKED STATES OF FORMER EMPEROR BAO DAI'S VIETNAM, AND LAOS AND CAMBODIA.

THE UNITED STATES ALSO GRANTED RECOGNITION TO THE THREE INDOCHINESE STATES. EVEN BEFORE AMERICAN ACTION BECAME KNOWN, A SPOKESMAN AT THE FRENCH OFFICE IN PARIS SAID THE BRITISH MOVE IS "GRATIFYING PROOF OF THE SOLIDARITY OF THE WESTERN POWERS IN THE FAR EAST."

BRITAIN THUS MATCHED RUSSIA, WHO LAST WEEK RECOGNIZED ANOTHER VIETNAM IN INDOCHINA--THE VIETNAM REPUBLIC OF HO CHI-MINH, A COMMUNIST-EDUCATED REVOLUTIONARY WHO HAS BEEN FIGHTING THE FRENCH IN THE NAME OF NATIONALISTIC INDEPENDENCE SINCE THE JAPANESE OCCUPATION FOLDED UP.

THE SURPRISE RUSSIAN ACTION, COMING ON TOP OF COMMUNIST CHINA'S RECOGNITION OF HO'S JUNGLE GOVERNMENT, SEEMED TO SET THE STAGE FOR ANOTHER THEATER OF COLD WAR--A BATTLE FOR SOUTHEAST ASIA.

ONLY YESTERDAY U.S. ROVING AMBASSADOR PHILIP JESSUP, WHO IS ON A FACT-FINDING EXPEDITION, PREDICTED AT SINGAPORE THAT COMMUNIST MAO TZE-TUNG'S CHINESE REGIME AND RUSSIA WILL BACK HO WITH TROOPS AND MATERIAL AID. CHINESE REDS ARE ON THE NORTHERN BORDERS OF VIETNAM AND LAOS, IN A POSITION TO GIVE EITHER OPEN OR SECRET AID.

THE LONDON ANNOUNCEMENT SAID BRITAIN IS RECOGNIZING THE THREE STATES AS THE LEGALLY CONSTITUTED GOVERNMENTS OF "ASSOCIATE STATES WITHIN THE FRENCH UNION."

THE STATEMENT DID NOT SAY WHETHER THIS WAS FULL (DE JURE) OR QUALIFIED (DE FACTO) RECOGNITION. ACTUALLY, THE REFERENCE TO LEGALLY CONSTITUTED GOVERNMENTS APPEARED TO BE A FORM OF DE JURE RECOGNITION.

BRITAIN HAD PREVIOUSLY INDICATED HER READINESS TO EXTEND DE FACTO RECOGNITION, BUT THE FRENCH HAD URGED FULL RECOGNITION TO MATCH RUSSIA'S UNQUALIFIED RECOGNITION OF HO.

A182

VIETNAM IS A FEDERATION OF THE THREE INDOCHINESE STATES OF ANNAM, TONKIN AND COCHIN-CHINA AND CONTAINS ABOUT 21,000,000 OF INDOCHINA'S 25,000,000 PEOPLE. LAOS, WITH ABOUT 1,000,000 PEOPLE, AND CAMBODIA, WITH ABOUT 4,000,000, ARE SEPARATE FRENCH-PROTECTED KINGDOMS.

BY AN AGREEMENT RATIFIED ONLY LAST WEEK BY THE FRENCH PARLIAMENT, THEY ARE MEMBERS OF THE FRENCH UNION, HEADED BY THE FRENCH PRESIDENT. THIS IS A STATUS SIMILAR TO DOMINIONS WITHIN THE BRITISH COMMONWEALTH, THOUGH WITHOUT THE SAME DEGREE OF INDEPENDENCE.

THOUGH THE AGREEMENT GRANTED THEM SOVEREIGNTY AND INTERNAL SELF-GOVERNMENT, IT RETAINS FOREIGN AFFAIRS AND DEFENSE IN THE HANDS OF A JOINT FRENCH-INDOCHINESE COUNCIL WHICH WILL SIT IN PARIS.

VIETNAM WILL HAVE ITS OWN POLICE FORCE AND ARMY. BAO DAI HAS ABOUT 40,000 MEN IN HIS ARMY, BUT THE BULK OF THE 120,000 TO 150,000 DEFENSE FORCES ARE FRENCH. BAO DAI WILL HAVE HIS OWN CONSULAR REPRESENTATIVES IN SOME NEIGHBORING STATES, BUT HIS MOST IMPORTANT DIPLOMATIC REPRESENTATION WILL BE IN THE HANDS OF THE FRENCH. DIPLOMATS SENT TO VIETNAM WILL BE ACCREDITED FIRST TO FRENCH PRESIDENT VINCENT AURIOL.

THE BRITISH FOREIGN OFFICE SAID ITS FIRST MINISTER TO VIETNAM WILL BE F.S.GIBBS, THE PRESENT CONSUL GENERAL AT SAIGON, BAO DAI'S CAPITAL.

N230PES

A100 (160)

WITH BERLIN

LONDON, FEB. 7-(AP)-THE BRITISH FOREIGN OFFICE SAID TODAY WEST GERMANY'S REFUSAL TO EXPORT IRON AND STEEL TO EAST GERMANY "IS NO BLOCKADE."

THE EXPORT BAN WAS ANNOUNCED LAST NIGHT BY THE WEST GERMAN CHANCELLOR DR.KONRAD ADENAUER.

SOME OBSERVERS INTERPRETED THE ACTION AS A FIRST STEP IN A WESTERN POWER COUNTER-BLOCKADE OF EAST GERMANY IN RETALIATION FOR RUSSIA'S SLOWDOWN OF ROAD TRAFFIC IN AND OUT OF BERLIN.

THE WEST GERMAN IRON AND STEEL BAN WAS PROPOSED BY THE HIGH COMMISSIONS OF THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN AND FRANCE, THE SPOKESMAN SAID.

ITS PURPOSE, HE SAID IS TO RIGHT THE BALANCE OF TRADE BETWEEN EAST AND WEST GERMANY. AMERICAN OFFICIALS IN BERLIN SAID YESTERDAY THE EAST ZONE HAS BEEN IMPORTING LARGE QUANTITIES OF IRON AND STEEL FROM THE WEST BUT HAS SENT ONLY A TRICKLE OF GOODS IN RETURN. AN EAST-WEST TRADE AGREEMENT SIGNED LAST OCTOBER CALLS FOR A 600,000,000 MARKS ($150,000,000) EXCHANGE.

WEST GERMAN SUPPLIES NOT GOING TO EAST GERMANY HAVE "A READY ALTERNATIVE MARKET," THE BRITISH SPOKESMAN SAID. HE DID NOT IDENTIFY THE MARKET.

DISPATCHES FROM BONN QUOTED THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT AS SAYING THAT DELIVERIES OF RUHR STEEL AND IRON TO COMMUNIST CONTROLLED EAST GERMANY ALREADY HAVE BEEN STEOPPED.

KA1011AES

LONDON, WEDNESDAY, FEB. 8-(AP)-RUSSIA CAN NOW PRODUCE EVERYTHING NECESSARY TO BUILD A COMMUNIST SOCIETY DESPITE ANY AMERICAN TRADE BOYCOTT, THE MOSCOW RADIO SAID TODAY.

AN ENGLISH LANGUAGE BROADCAST HEARD BY THE SOVIET MONITOR HERE SAID AMERICAN IMPERIALISTS HAD INSPIRED A BOYCOTT OF TRADE WITH THE SOVIET UNION IN ORDER TO HAMPER POST-WAR RECONSTRUCTION.

"THIS POLICY," THE BROADCAST SAID, "CAN HAVE NO INFLUENCE ON THE ECONOMIC PROGRESS OF THE SOVIET UNION.

"THE SOCIALIST ECONOMY OF THE U.S.S.R. CAN NOW PRODUCE ANY KIND OF MACHINE, NO MATTER HOW INTRICATE, AND PRODUCE EVERYTHING NECESSARY FOR THE PROMOTION OF THE CONSTRUCTION OF COMMUNIST SOCIETY."

THE BROADCAST SAID SOVIET FOREIGN TRADE LAST YEAR WAS DOUBLE PRE-WAR, BUT IN THE UNITED STATES, IT CLAIMED, 1949 EXPORTS WERE 19 PER CENT LESS THAN IN 1948. IT SAID THIS WAS "ONE OF THE CAUSES PROMPTING THE MANIFESTATIONS OF CRISIS."

THE BROADCAST NOTED THAT IN THE YEAR ENDING LAST OCTOBER AMERICAN INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION DROPPED 22 PER CENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT ROSE TO 1,900,000.

"THE UNITED STATES' FOREIGN TRADE IS IN A PRECARIOUS POSITION," IT SAID. "BY THEIR SUICIDAL POLICY OF BOYCOTTING TRADE WITH THE U.S.S.R. THE RULING CIRCLES OF THE UNITED STATES ARE STILL FURTHER UNDERMINING THE FOUNDATIONS OF THEIR FOREIGN COMMERCE AND SPEEDING UP THE ADVENT OF THE CRISIS. BY REFUSING TO COOPERATE WITH THE U.S.S.R. AMERICAN IMPERIALISTS ONCE AGAIN EXPOSE THEIR AGGRESSIVE DESIGNS. THEY ARE AFRAID OF PEACEFUL COMPETITION BETWEEN THE TWO SYSTEMS--THAT OF SOCIALISM AND THAT OF CAPITALISM."

BQ1137PES

LONDON,WEDNESDAY,FEB.8-(AP)-CHINESE COMMUNIST LEADER MAO TZE-TUNG AND HIS FOREIGN MINISTER CHOU EN-LAI VISITED THE STALIN AUTOMOBILE PLANT IN MOSCOW YESTERDAY ACCORDING TO THE RUSSIAN NEWS AGENCY TASS.

"THE WORKERS IN THE PLANT MET THE GUESTS WITH PROLONGED APPLAUSE AND CHEERS IN HONOR OF MAO TZE-TUNG," THE AGENCY SAID IN A MOSCOW DISPATCH DISTRIBUTED IN LONDON.

MAO HAS BEEN IN THE SOVIET UNION SINCE DEC.16 AND CHOU SINCE JAN.21. THEY ARE PRESUMED TO BE NEGOTIATING A CHINESE-SOVIET FRIENDSHIP TREATY.

WB859PES

FEB 8-1950 30.24- 8797

A110

LONDON, FEB. 7-(AP)-INFORMED SOURCES REPORTED TODAY THAT BRITISH OFFICIALS IN NORTH AFRICA ARE DISCUSSING A TREATY OF DEFENSE AND FRIENDSHIP WITH INDEPENDENCE-SEEKING CIRENACIAN LEADERS.

CIRENAICA IS PART OF THE FORMER ITALIAN COLONY OF LIBIA. LAST FALL XLIBUNIBED JANTIONS 1950RAUNASSEMBLY VOTED TO GRANT INDEPENDXNKU TO ALW

CIRENAICA IS PART OF THE FORMER ITALIAN COLONY OF LIBIA. LAST FALL THE UNITED NATIONS GENERAL ASSEMBLY VOTED TO GRANT INDEPENDENCE TO ALL LIBIA BY JAN. 1, 1952. UNTIL THEN THE AREA IS UNDER CONTROL OF A U.N. COMMISSION.

THE CONTEMPLATED ARRANGEMENTS WITH CIRENAICA SEEM TO ENVISAGE BRITAIN DEVELOPING A NAVAL BASE AT ONE OF THAT COUNTRY'S PORTS--BENGHAZI OR TOBRUK. IN ADDITION SHE WOULD BE ALLOWED TO KEEP HER R.A.F. BASE AT EL ADEM WHICH HAS BECOME AN IMPORTANT LINK IN BRITAIN'S CHAIN OF MEDITERRANEAN DEFENSES.

A FOREIGN OFFICE SPOKESMAN SAID ONLY THAT BRITISH OFFICIALS IN CIRENAICA "ARE IN TOUCH" WITH LOCAL LEADERS ON MATTERS INVOLVING THE FUTURE OF CIRENAICAN-BRITISH CO-OPERATION.

RQ1041PES

A36 (140)

FOLO PARIS

LONDON, FEB.7-(AP)-A HIGH BRITISH TREASURY OFFICIAL PREDICTED TODAY THAT BRITAIN WOULD BE INDEPENDENT OF DOLLAR AID BY 1952 "IF U.S.BUSINESS ACTIVITY REMAINS AT A HIGH LEVEL."

BRITAIN, SAID DOUGLAS JAY, ECONOMIC SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY, IS LESS DEPENDENT ON MARSHALL AID TODAY THAN IT WAS TWO YEARS AGO.

THE REASON FOR THIS, HE TOLD A LABOR PARTY MEETING, WAS IN A HUGE SWITCH-OVER IN BRITAIN'S TRADITIONAL IMPORT ARRANGEMENTS.

IMPORTS THIS YEAR FROM DOLLAR COUNTRIES SHOULD BE ABOUT 40 PERCENT LESS IN VOLUME THAN IN 1947, HE SAID. ON THE OTHER HAND, IMPORTS FROM NON-DOLLAR COUNTRIES WILL BE UP BY 50 PERCENT.

M JAY SAID THAT RESULTS OF BRITAIN'S DEVALUATION OF THE POUND FROM $4.03 TO $3.280 HAD EXCEEDED EXPECTATIONS.

X 28

$4.03 TO $2.80 HAD EXCEEDED EXPECTATIONS.

HE ADDED THAT THE NATION'S BASIC DOLLAR POSITION HAD BEEN STRENGTHENED SINCE SEPTEMBER, WHEN THE CHEAPENING OF THE POUND WAS ORDERED.

BRITAIN'S BUDGET, HE ASSERTED, IS BALANCED WITH A SURPLUS SUFFICIENT TO PERMIT LARGE GOVERNMENT CONTRIBUTIONS TO PUBLIC WORKS PROGRAMS.

PS624PES

A124

LONDON,FEB.7-(AP)-THE CABINET FORMALLY APPROVED TODAY BRITISH RECOGNITION OF EMPEROR BAO DAI'S FRENCH-SPONSORED GOVERNMENT OF INDOCHINA.

DIPLOMATIC OFFICIALS WHO REPORTED THIS REFUSED TO SAY AT ONCE WHETHER BRITAIN WILL ACCORD FULL DIPLOMATIC (DE JURE) OR QUALIFIED (DE FACTO) RECOGNITION OF THE BAO DAI GOVERNMENT.

FRANCE HAS BEEN PRESSING BRITAIN TO GIVE FULL RECOGNITION TO BAO DAI SINCE RUSSIA AND SOME OF HER SATELLITES LAST WEEK GAVE SUCH RECOGNITION TO HO CHI-MINH'S RIVAL REGIME.

ML1113AES

MARSHALL AID-WITH WASHINGTON ECA

BY JOSEPH E.DYNAN

PARIS, FEB.8-(AP)-WESTERN EUROPE WANTS PRIVATE AMERICAN INVESTORS TO TAKE UP WHERE U.S. GOVERNMENT AID TAPERS OFF TOWARD THE END OF THE MARSHALL PLAN IN 1952.

IN A SURVEY OF THE PROGRESS OF THE MARSHALL PLAN AT THE HALF-WAY MARK, THE EUROPEAN MEMBER AREAS YESTERDAY DISCUSSED THEIR NEEDS FOR THE FINAL TWO YEARS OF THE AID PROGRAM. PRIVATE INVESTMENT IS NEEDED TO KEEP THEIR ECONOMIES STABLE AFTER U.S. AID STOPS, THE REPORT SAID.

THE REPORT ESTIMATES THESE COUNTRIES WILL NEED FROM $4,700,000,000 TO $5,000,000,000 (B) DURING THE FINAL TWO-YEAR PERIOD TO CARRY OUT THEIR PLANS. THIS COMPARES WITH $8,257,000,000 ALREADY GIVEN BY THE U.S. FOR THE FIRST TWO YEARS OF THE PLAN.

ROBERT MARJOLIN, SECRETARY-GENERAL OF THE ORGANIZATION FOR EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COOPERATION (OEEC), SAID IN A NEWS CONFERENCE YESTERDAY THE FIRST TWO YEARS OF THE MARSHALL PLAN HAD PROVED "UNRESERVEDLY SUCCESSFUL."

HE ASSERTED THAT EUROPE CAN PRIDEFULLY SAY IT HAS MADE GOOD USE OF AMERICAN AID SO FAR, WITH THE EXCEPTION OF GREECE AND WESTERN GERMANY WHICH HAVE NEEDED EXTRA SUMS TO KEEP THEM GOING.

MARJOLIN PREDICTED THAT WESTERN EUROPE WILL BE PAYING FOR THREE-FOURTHS OF ITS AMERICAN IMPORTS WITH ITS OWN EXPORTS AND SERVICES BY 1952.

HE SAID, HOWEVER, THAT THEY MAY HAVE TO CUT DOWN ON PLANNED IMPORTS FROM THE UNITED STATES IN ORDER TO CLOSE THE DOLLAR GAP UNLESS LARGE SCALE PRIVATE AMERICAN INVESTMENTS ARE MADE TO COVER THE PREDICTED 25 PER CENT DEFICIT BETWEEN IMPORTS AND EXPORTS. THE GAP IS EXPECTED TO AMOUNT TO OVER $2,000,000,000 (B) IN 1952.

THE SURVEY, COMPILED BY A COMMITTEE UNDER THE CHAIRMANSHIP OF BRITISH ECONOMIST ERIC ROLL, ESTIMATES THAT ABOUT $3,000,000,000--NOT INCLUDING MILITARY AID--WILL BE NEEDED FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 1950-51.

THIS SHOWS A CONSIDERABLE DROP FROM EXPENDITURES IN 1949-50, WHICH AMOUNTED TO $3,788,000,000, PLUS ABOUT $400,000,000 IN SPECIAL ASSISTANCE FOR WESTERN GERMANY.

THESE ESTIMATES ARE TO BE STUDIED IN CONGRESS BEFORE THE APPROPRIATIONS DEBATE STARTS FEB.21.

FEB 8-1950

A57

(IN WASHINGTON SOME SENATORS SAID TODAY THE OUTCOME OF THE BRITISH NATIONAL ELECTIONS FEB.23 WILL INFLUENCE STRONGLY THE AMOUNT OF MONEY CONGRESS WILL APPROVE FOR THE REST OF THE MARSHALL PLAN. REPUBLICAN SENATOR SMITH OF NEW JERSEY SAID THAT A VICTORY FOR WINSTON CHURCHILL'S CONSERVATIVES WOULD "MAKE IT MUCH EASIER" TO GET CONGRESSIONAL APPROVAL OF THE AMOUNT NEEDED. HE SAID SOME SENATORS HAVE NO CONFIDENCE IN THE ECONOMIC POLICIES OF THE PRESENT LABOR GOVERNMENT).

THE REPORT SAID THE TOTAL $8,257,000,000 ALREADY POURED INTO THE

PLAN HAS REMOVED THE IMMEDIATE THREAT OF "BANKRUPTCY AND DISSOLUTION, WITH THE POLITICAL THREATS WHICH WOULD FOLLOW."

COMMENTING ON THE REPORT, MARJOLIN SAID "THE NECESSARY ADJUSTMENTS AFTER THE END OF THE MARSHALL PLAN WILL REQUIRE A DECREASE IN EUROPE'S IMPORTS FROM AMERICA, AT LEAST IN SOME COMMODITIES."

BUT HE ADDED THAT "IF THERE ARE LARGE PRIVATE AMERICAN INVESTMENTS IN EUROPE IN THE NEXT FIVE OR TEN YEARS" MOST AMERICAN EXPORTS COULD BE MAINTAINED AT THEIR PRESENT LEVELS.

OTHERWISE, MARJOLIN SAID, THE DECREASE IN AMERICAN AID WOULD FORCE EUROPE TO MAKE ADJUSTMENTS WHICH WOULD LOWER THE IMPORTS FROM AMERICA.

PAUL G. HOFFMAN, ECA ADMINISTRATOR WHO IS IN WASHINGTON AFTER CONFERRING WITH EUROPEAN MINISTERS AT OEEC HEADQUARTERS IN PARIS, SAID THE SURVEY IS MORE OPTIMISTIC, IN SOME RESPECTS, THAN HE IS CONCERNING EUROPE'S ABILITY TO STAND ON ITS OWN FEET WHEN MARSHALL AID IS FINISHED.

HOFFMAN HAS EXPRESSED DISAPPOINTMENT AT THE SLOWNESS OF THE EUROPEAN MINISTERS TO AGREE FULLY ON SOME OF THE STEPS HE CONSIDERS VITAL TO RECOVERY. HE HAS URGED CREATION OF AN ALL-EUROPEAN CURRENCY POOL AND A MORE RAPID REMOVAL OF HISTORIC EUROPEAN TRADE BARRIERS WHICH ARE HAMPERING INTEGRATED TRADE.

EXPERTS WHO MADE UP THE REPORT SAID PART OF THE TRADE PROBLEM WAS UP TO THE UNITED STATES, WHICH THEY SAID MUST WORK AT MAKING TRADE WITH EUROPE MORE OF A TWO-WAY AFFAIR. EUROPEANS HAVE CONSTANTLY COMPLAINED THAT CUSTOMS RED TAPE MAKES IT DIFFICULT FOR THEM TO SELL THEIR GOODS TO THE UNITED STATES.

MARJOLIN AND A GROUP OF OEEC OFFICIALS ARE TO LEAVE IN A FEW DAYS FOR WASHINGTON TO ATTEND THE CONGRESSIONAL HEARINGS ON THE ECA APPROPRIATION. W.AVERELL HARRIMAN, CHIEF ECA ADMINISTRATOR IN EUROPE, WILL LEAVE FEB.15 FOR THE SAME PURPOSE, HIS OFFICE ANNOUNCED.

MD&MK637AES

FEB 8-1950

BY HARVEY HUDSON

PARIS, FEB.8-(AP)-PREMIER GEORGES BIDAULT'S REVAMPED CABINET WAS APPROVED TODAY BY A SHAKY VOTE IN THE FRENCH NATIONAL ASSEMBLY. BUT HIS COALITION GOVERNMENT APPEARED HEADED FOR TROUBLE AND POSSIBLE DOWNFALL.

ALTHOUGH THE CABINET WAS APPROVED 225 TO 185, SOCIALISTS, CONSERVATIVE FOLLOWERS OF GEN.CHARLES DE GAULLE AND RIGHTWING INDEPENDENTS ABSTAINED FROM VOTING. THIS INDICATED BIDAULT'S NEW GOVERNMENT HAD LITTLE POPULARITY.

HAD THE SOCIALISTS, ONE OF FRANCE'S MAJOR PARTIES, VOTED AGAINST BIDAULT HE WOULD HAVE HAD TO RESIGN, THUS BRINGING ON A NEW GOVERNMENT CRISIS. THE SOCIALISTS, HOWEVER, REFUSED TO JOIN THE COMMUNISTS IN OPPOSING THE PREMIER.

NEW PROBLEMS NOW FACE BIDAULT AS THE ASSEMBLY TODAY TAKES UP THE BILL TO RESTORE COLLECTIVE BARGAINING FOR LABOR WHICH HAS BEEN SUSPENDED SINCE THE START OF THE WAR.

ALTHOUGH THE SOCIALISTS HAVE DEMANDED THE RESTORATION, IT REMAINS TO BE SEEN WHETHER THEY WILL SUPPORT THE NEW CABINET HIS ATTEMPTS TO KEEP HIS GOVERNMENT IN POWER.

IT WAS ESTIMATED THAT ABOUT 175 MEMBERS OF THE ASSEMBLY IN ALL DECLINED TO VOTE, THUS PUTTING BIDAULT IN AN UNSTABLE POSITION.

MOST POLITICAL OBSERVERS BELIEVED HIS GOVERNMENT COULD NOT LAST LONG UNDER THE CIRCUMSTANCES.

MK642AES

PARIS, FEB.7-(AP)-PREMIER GEORGES BIDAULT TAKES HIS REVISED CABINET, MINUS THE SOCIALISTS WHO WITHDREW FROM FRANCE'S COALITION GOVERNMENT, BEFORE THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY TODAY FOR APPROVAL.

THE CABINET CONTAINS FIVE NEW MEMBERS DRAWN FROM BIDAULT'S OWN CATHOLIC POPULAR REPUBLICAN MOVEMENT (MRP) AND THE RADICAL SOCIALIST PARTY, A MODERATE GROUP. ONLY THE MRP AND THE RADICAL SOCIALISTS REMAIN IN THE CABINET.

THE NEW CABINET PUTS BIDAULT IN THE POSITION OF RUNNING THE GOVERNMENT WITHOUT THE AID OF THE LEFT-OF-CENTER SOCIALISTS WHO FORM ONE OF THE NATION'S MAJOR PARTIES. MOST OBSERVERS CONSIDER IT ONLY A MAKESHIFT ARRANGEMENT WITH BUT SMALL HOPE OF LONG SURVIVAL SINCE THE TWO-PARTY CABINET REPRESENTS LESS THAN HALF THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY.

THE FIVE SOCIALIST MINISTERS RESIGNED LAST WEEK OVER DISAGREEMENT ON THE PAYMENT OF BONUSES TO LOW-WAGE WORKERS. THE SOCIALISTS HAVE INDICATED THEY WILL CONTINUE TO SUPPORT THE BIDAULT GOVERNMENT IN PARLIAMENT. BUT OBSERVERS FEEL THE BACKING MIGHT BE WITHDRAWN ANY TIME.

BIDAULT IS NOT EXPECTED TO ASK THE ASSEMBLY FOR A FORMAL VOTE OF CONFIDENCE. BUT ACCEPTANCE OF HIS POLICY STATEMENT TODAY AND AN AGREEMENT TO GO ON TO NEW BUSINESS CAN BE INTERPRETED AS A VOTE OF SUPPORT FOR HIS REVISED CABINET.

OUT OF THE SOCIALISTS HANDS HAVE GONE THE KEY MINISTRIES CONCERNED WITH THE COUNTRY'S ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL AFFAIRS.

THE NEW APPOINTEES ARE:

FORMER PREMIER HENRI QUEUILLE, RADICAL SOCIALIST LEADER, MINISTER OF INTERIOR.

CHARLES BRUNE, A RADICAL SOCIALIST MEMBER OF THE COUNCIL OF THE REPUBLIC, THE UPPER HOUSE OF PARLIAMENT, MINISTER OF COMMUNICATIONS.

JACQUES CHESTELLAIN, INDEPENDENT, SECRETARY OF PUBLIC WORKS.

JEAN M. LOUVEL, MRP, SECRETARY OF COMMERCE.

PAUL BACON, MRP, SECRETARY OF LABOR.

ANDRE COLIN, MRP, SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE INTERIOR, A KIND OF SUB-CABINET OFFICE.

QUEUILLE TAKES OVER THE INTERIOR MINISTRY JOB, RUNNING THE COUNTRY'S POLICE FORCE, FROM SOCIALIST JULES MOCH, WHO WAS A PET HATE OF THE COMMUNISTS. HE FACES AN ANTICIPATED COMMUNIST-LED CAMPAIGN OF ALL-OUT LABOR AGITATION THROUGHOUT FRANCE.

MK637AES

FEB 8-1950

PARIS, FEB. 7(AP)-THE AUSTRIAN WIFE OF A COVICTED AMERICAN TRAITOR ARRIVED HERE TODAY ON HER WAY TO THE UNITED STATES TO SEE HER HUSBAND TO TRY TO GAIN HIS RELEASE FROM PRISON.

MRS.ROBERT BEST, WHO HAS NOT SEEN HER HUSBAND FOR FOUR YEARS, SAID SHE WOULD TAKE HER FIGHT DIRECTLY TO THE WHITE HOUSE.

"I'LL CAMP ON THE WHITE HOUSE STEPS UNTIL I GET TO SEE PRESIDENT TRUMAN," SHE SAID TODAY IN AN INTERVIEW.

HER HUSBAND, ROBERT BEST, AN AMERICAN CITIZEN, WAS CONVICTED OF

TREASON FOR BROADCASTING PROPANDA FOR THE GERMANS DURING THE WAR AND SENTENCED TO LIFE IMPRISONMENT.

MRS.BEST SAID SHE WAS NOT CERTAIN WHERE HER HUSBAND IS NOW AND THAT THE ONLY ADDRESS SHE HAD WAS "CARE OF UNITED STATES MARSHALL, FEDERAL BUILDING, BOSTON."

MRS.BEST SAID SHE HAD SAVED HER MONEY FOR SEVERAL YEARS, SOLD HER PIANO, SOLD MOST OF HER JEWELS AND RENTED OUT HER LUXURIOUS APARTMENT IN VIENNA TO GET PART OF THE MONEY FOR THE TRIP.

HER STEAMSHIP PASSAGE WAS PAID BY HER SISTER, MRS.LINDA BLAK, OF PORTAGEVILLE, N.Y., WHO WENT TO AMERICA TWO YEARS AGO AS A GI BRIDE. BEST BEST SAID THAT SHE WOULD GO FIRST TO SEE HER SISTER AND THEN TRY TO SEE HER HUSBAND IN PRISON.

"I HAVE A FEELING HE WILL BE SET FREE. HE JUST HAS TO BE," SHE SAI

MRS.BEST SAID THAT SHE HAD BEEN WAITING FOR A YEAR AND A HALF FOR HER VISA FOR THE UNITED STATES. THE VISA IS VALID FOR A TWO YEAR STAY.

RW240PES NM

FEB 8 - 1950

THE SAAR MINISTER OF JUSTICE, DR.HEINZ BRAUN, SAID IN AN INTERVIEW THE MAIN POINTS TO BE NEGOTIATED WERE AGREEMENTS COVERING THE COAL MINES, THE SAAR RAILWAYS, ADMINISTRATIVE PROBLEMS, PRIVATE BUSINESS LICENSES AND ECONOMIC EQUALITY.

B5 (Q)

UNDER THE ECONOMIC CONVENTION, THE PARIS TALKS WILL SETTLE FRENCH-SAAR RELATIONS UNDER THE MARSHALL PLAN. THE SAAR'S MARSHALL PLAN DOLLARS NOW COME OUT OF FRANCE'S ALLOCATIONS.

THE SAAR HOLDS THAT, SINCE ITS POPULATION OF 930,000 IS ABOUT ONE 46TH OF FRANCE'S, THE SAAR SHOULD GET ONE-46TH OF THE COUNTERPART FUNDS RELEASED UNDER THE MARSHALL PLAN. COUNTERPART FUNDS ARE THOSE POSTED BY COUNTRIES RECEIVING MARSHALL PLAN MONEY TO MATCH THE AMOUNT OF DOLLAR AID IN LOCAL CURRENCIES.

SO FAR, SAAR DELEGATES REPORT, THE SAAR HAS GOTTEN ONLY ABOUT 2,000,000,000 (B) FRANCS IN COUNTERPART MONEY, WHICH IS A THIRD OF THE ONE-46TH IT CLAIMS.

A NUMBER OF POLITICAL PROBLEMS ALSO ARE DUE TO GET AN AIRING. AMONG THEM IS THE POSSIBILITY THAT THE SAAR MAY BE INVITED TO BECOME AN ASSOCIATE MEMBER OF THE COUNCIL OF EUROPE, EMBRYO PARLIAMENT OF A UNITED STATES OF EUROPE.

FRANCE HAS MADE THE SAAR'S ADMISSION TO THE COUNCIL'S CONSULTATIVE ASSEMBLY (LOWER HOUSE) A CONDITION OF APPROVING WEST GERMANY'S ADMISSION.

THE INVITATIONS TO BOTH THE SAAR AND GERMANY WERE APPROVED BY THE COUNCIL'S COMMITTEE OF MINISTERS LAST NOVEMBER. FINAL ACTION IS DUE BY THE FULL CONSULTATIVE GROUP NEXT SUMMER.

ML420PES

A83

NAPLES, ITALY, FEB.7-(AP)-THE ITALIAN FEDERATION OF LABOR (FIL) VOTED OVERWHELMINGLY TODAY TO JOIN WITH THE FREE CONFEDERATION OF LABOR (LCGIL) IN FORMING AN ANTI-COMMUNIST, INDEPENDENT LABOR FRONT.

THE ACTION, AT THE END OF A TWO-DAY NATIONAL FIL CONGRESS, PAVES THE WAY FOR OFFICIAL UNION ACTION ON THE MERGER WHICH HAS BEEN IN THE DISCUSSION STAIE FOR MANY MONTHS.

FIL'S MEMBERSHIP IS ESTIMATED AT FROM 400,000 TO 500,000. LCGIL HAS OVER A MILLION MEMBERS AND THE COMBINED STRENGTH IS BELIEVED TO BE ABOUT 1,700,000.

ON THE OTHER HAND, THE COMMUNIST-LED CGIL CLAIMS 5,117,000 CARD HOLDERS ALTHOUGH THE FIGURE IS DISPUTED BY ANTI-COMMUNIST SECTORS.

MK812AES

A82

OSLO, NORWAY, FEB.7-(AP)-NORWAY'S FOREIGN MINISTER HALVARD LANGE SAYS THE U.S. DECISION TO BUILD THE H-BOMB HAS MADE MORE EVIDENT THAN EVER THE NEED FOR AN INTERNATIONAL SECURITY SYSTEM.

SPEAKING IN PARLIAMENT YESTERDAY, LANGE SAID PRESIDENT TRUMAN'S DECISION SHOWED THAT THE U.S. REALIZES IT MUST BE STRONG TO BE SAFE.

HE SAID THAT ONLY GROUPS OF STATES -- THE ATLANTIC PACT COUNTRIES -- HAD INITIATED THE MOVE TOWARD INTERNATIONAL SECURITY.

"HOWEVER," HE SAID, "IT IS IMPORTANT THAT WE ALWAYS ARE AWARE THAT THIS REGIONAL COOPERATION CONCERNING SECURITY PROBLEMS NEVER CAN BE MORE THAN A BASIS. A SECURITY POLICY CAN NEVER REPLACE CONSTRUCTIVE COOPERATION BETWEEN ALL STATES."

MK811AES

FEB 8 1950

A119
COPENHAGEN,DENMARK, WEDNESDAY, FEB. 8-(AP)-THE LIBERAL MORNING NEWSPAPER POLITIKEN SAID TODAY THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT HAS PROPOSED THE TERMINATION OF THE FORMAL STATE OF WAR WITH WESTERN GERMANY.
IN A LONDON DISPATCH THE NEWSPAPER SAID NOTES TO THIS EFFECT HAD BEEN SENT TO THE UNITED STATES, THE BRITISH DOMINIONS, FRANCE, BELGIUM, THE NETHERLANDS, LUXEMBOURG, NORWAY AND DENMARK.
"IT IS PROPOSED IN THESE NOTES THAT A CONFERENCE ON THIS TOPIC BE HELD IN LONDON DURING THE MONTH OF MARCH AMONG REPRESENTATIVES OF THE MENTIONED COUNTRIES," POLITIKEN ADDED.
(A BRITISH FOREIGN OFFICE SPOKESMAN IN LONDON SAID HE HAD NO KNOWLEDGE OF SUCH A MOVE.)
RQ1111PED

Copenhagen--second add state of war x x x Germany).

Politiken said top ranking British jurists have found a way of ending the state of war with western Germany without violating the alliance concluded between Britain and the Soviet Union in 1942.

In that alliance the British and Russian governments bind themselves not to conclude a separate peace with Germany.

FEB 8-1950

NIGHT LEAD GERMAN (480)
BY RICHARD K.O'MALLEY
FRANKFURT,GERMANY, FEB.7-(AP)-U.S. HIGH COMMISSIONER JOHN J. MCCLOY INDICATED TODAY THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT, SMARTING UNDER THE HEAVIEST AMERICAN CRITICISM SINCE THE WAR, IS READY TO PAY ATTENTION TO ITS DOMESTIC KNITTING.
MCCLOY HAD A THREE-HOUR CLOSED CONFERENCE, DESCRIBED AS FRIENDLY BUT SOMEWHAT STRAINED, WITH WEST GERMAN CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER. HE HINTED HE HAD RECEIVED ASSURANCE THAT THE GOVERNMENT WOULD TRY TO SOLVE ITS ECONOMIC AND UNEMPLOYMENT PROBLEMS INSTEAD OF PRESSING A PROPAGANDA CAMPAIGN ON FOREIGN AFFAIRS.
IN A SPEECH AT STUTTGART YESTERDAY, MCCLOY REBUKED GERMAN OFFICIALS AND TOLD THE GERMANS BLUNTLY THAT THE UNITED STATES INTENDS TO KEEP A CLOSE GRIP ON GERMAN POLITICAL AFFAIRS. HE EMPHASIZED THIS TO ADENAUER.
THE 74-YEAR-OLD PREMIER BRUSHED OFF GERMAN NEWSMEN WHO SOUGHT TO INTERVIEW HIM AFTER THE CONFERENCE. ASKED IF THE MEETING WAS CARRIED ON IN A FRIENDLY MANNER, ADENAUER SNAPPED:
"YOU SAW HOW HE WALKED TO THE DOOR WITH ME AND HOW WE SHOOK HANDS, DIDN'T YOU?"
MCCLOY SAID HE AND ADENAUER DISCUSSED PROPOSALS FOR GETTING MORE FOREIGN INVESTMENTS INTO GERMANY, HOW TO CAOPE WITH UNEMPLOYMENT, THE BERLIN SITUATION AND OTHER PROBLEMS.
ADENAUER'S CABINET MET IN BONN TO CONSIDER UNEMPLOYMENT, NEWLY REPORTED TO HAVE SOARED TO A POSTWAR PEAK OF 1,900,000. THIS WAS AN INCREASE OF 342,000,000 OVER THE PREVIOUS MONTH.
ADENAUER HANDED MCCLOY WEST GERMANY'S RATIFICATION OF AN AGREEMENT WITH THE ECONOMIC COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION BINDING THE NATION TO HELP ACHIEVE "THROUGH A JOINT RECOVERY PROGRAM, ECONOMIC CONDITIONS IN EUROPE ESSENTIAL TO A LASTING PEACE." IT WAS SIGNED BY PRESIDENT THEODOR HEUSS FEB.3.

FEB 8-1950

AS
MCCLOY TALKED WITH BOTH ADENAUER AND MAJ.GEN.MAXWELL D.TAYLOR, U.S. COMMANDER IN BERLIN, ON RUSSIA'S RECENT SLOWING DOWN OF TRUCK TRAFFIC BETWEEN WEST GERMANY AND BERLIN. TAYLOR FLEW TO FRANKFURT FOR THE TALKS.
THE SOVIET SLOWDOWN AT THE HELMSTEDT CHECKPOINT, ON THE ZONAL FRONTIER 100 MILES WEST OF BERLIN, ENDED SATURDAY. SOVIET GUARDS CONTINUED TO PASS TRAFFIC AT A NORMAL RATE THERE TONIGHT. THERE WAS NO BACKLOG OF TRUCKS ON EITHER SIDE OF THE BOUNDARY.
"THE FIRST ENCOURAGING SIGN WE HAVE SEEN IN THREE WEEKS" WAS THE WAY ONE AMERICAN OFFICIAL DESCRIBED THE TRAFFIC FLOW.
MCCLOY SAID ADENAUER WAS RELUCTANT TO TALK ABOUT THE STUTTGART SPEECH, BUT "HE WAS VERY DISTURBED OUT IT, VERY UPSET."
"HE SAID HE WAS ANXIOUS TO CONFORM TO CRITICISM AND WANTED TO KNOW IF WEST GERMANY'S ECONOMY WAS MOVING ALONG AS WE THOUGHT IT SHOULD," MCCLOY SAID. "HE SAID HE WOULD LIKE TO HEAR CRITICISMS FIRST HAND AND NOT SEE THEM INITIALLY IN THE PRESS."
BOTH MEN EXPRESSED REGRET AT THE STUTTGART D-NAZIFICATION INCIDENT INVOLVING DIFFERENCES BETWEEN AN AMERICAN AND A GERMAN OFFICIAL. REINHOLD MAIER, MINISTER-PRESIDENT (GOVERNOR) OF WUERTTEMBERG-BADEN, PUBLICLY ACCUSED THE U.S. STATE COMMISSIONER, MAJ.GEN.CHARLES P.GROSS, OF UNAUTHORIZED INTERFERENCE IN GERMAN AFFAIRS FOR CRITICIZING THE FREEING OF CONVICTED NAZIS.
MCCLOY LEFT NO DOUBT ABOUT THE AMERICAN POSITION IN STUTTGART, WHERE HE PUBLICLY CALLED MAIER TO TASK IN A NEWS CONFERENCE STATEMENT.
MEANWHILE, JOSEPH ORLOFF, CHIEF OF THE SOVIET ZONE GOVERNMENT'S TRADE AND SUPPLY DEPARTMENT IN BERLIN, CHARGED THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT'S ACTION IN STOPPING STEEL SHIPMENTS TO EASTERN GERMANY WAS "PART OF THE COLD WAR."
IT WAS ANNOUNCED YESTERDAY THAT STEEL SHIPMENTS WERE BEING STOPPED BECAUSE EASTERN GERMANY WAS FALLING DOWN ON ITS PART OF A TRADE AGREEMENT.
ORLOFF SAID WESTERN GERMAN OFFICIALS HAD TRIED TO MAKE THE AGREEMENT UNWORKABLE BY NOT APPROVING PRICES AGREED UPON BY WEST GERMAN MERCHANTS.
PS620PES

A109
FRANKFURT, GERMANY, FEB. 7-(AP)-MORE THAN 180,000 DISPLACED PERSONS FROM THE UNITED STATES ZONE OF GERMANY WERE RESETTLED OR REPATIRATED IN 1949, THE U.S.ARMY SAID TODAY.
THE NUMBER STILL BEING CARED FOR IN INTERNATIONAL REFUGEE ORGANIZATION (IRO) CENTERS IN THE ZONE AS OF JAN. 1 WAS 120,841, THE ANNOUNCEMENT SAID.
THOSE WHO RETURNED TO THEIR OWN COUNTRIES INCLUDED 1,220 POLES, 343 YUGOSLAVS AND 22 SOVIET RUSSIANS.
THOSE RESETTLING IN OTHER COUNTRIES INCLUDED 62,696 TO THE UNITED STATES, 36,124 TO AUSTRALIA, 31,195 TO ISRAEL AND 12,005 TO CANADA.
RQ1037PES

FEB 8-1950

30.24- 8801

BONN,GERMANY,FEB.7-(AP)-FOR THE FIRST TIME IN HISTORY, GERMANY WILL BE REPRESENTED ABROAD BY WOMEN IN THE CONSULAR SERVICE.

THEY WILL BE AMONG THE CONSULAR AND TRACE REPRESENTATIVES TO BE APOINTED BY WEST GERMAN TO 40 FOREIGN COUNTRIES WIHIN THE NEXT 12 MONTHS.

THE FEDERAL REPUBLIC'S FOREIGN AFFAIRS ARE HANDLED BY THE THREE WESTERN OCCUPATION POWERS, BUT THE GERMANS HAVE BEEN INVITED TO SEND REPRESENTATIVES TO COUNTRIES WITH WHICH THEY ARE TRADING. NONE WILL BE SENT TO SOVIET-DOMINATED NATIONS.

LAST WEEK THE ALLIES INVITED THE GERMANS TO SEND CONSULS GENERAL TO LONDON, PARIS AND WASHINGTON IMMEDIATELY. THEIR NAMES HAVE NOT YET BEEN ANNOUNCED.

THIS NEW CONSULAR SERVICE IS BEING ORGANIZED BY DR.WILHELM HAAS.

"WE'LL MAKE SURE THERE ARE NO NAZIS AMONG THE PEOPLE WE SEND ABROAD," HE SAID IN AN INTERVIEW TODAY.

HE SAID THE VICE CONSULS WILL BE MOSTLY WOMEN AND MANY HIGHER POSTS IN THE SERVICE WOULD BE FILLED BY WOMEN.

THE NEXT APPOINTMENTS, HAAS SAID, WILL BE MADE TO CANADA, AUSTRALIA, TURKEY AND ALL WEST EUROPEAN COUNTRIES. HE SAID IT WAS HOPED TO INCLUDE SPAIN AND PORTUGAL. LATER, REPRESENTATIVES WOULD BE SENT TO JAPAN AND SOUTH AMERICA.

A SHADOW "FOREIGN OFFICE" UNDER PERSONAL CONTROL OF FEDERAL CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER IS EXPECTED TO BE IN OPERATION BY APRIL 1, HAAS SAID. CALLED THE CENTRAL SERVICE OFFICE IT WILL HAVE ADMINISTRATIVE, CONSULAR, COMMERCIAL AND CULTURAL DIVISIONS. IT ALSO WILL HAVE AN OFFICE FOR LIAISON WITH THE ALLIED HIGH COMMISSION.

"THE CHANCELLOR THEN WOULD BE RESPONSIBLE FOR FOREIGN AFFAIRS OF THE REPUBLIC SO FAR AS GERMANS ARE ALLOWED TO HANDLE FOREIGN RELATIONS," HAAS SAID.

THE NEW GERMAN REPRESENTATIVES ABROAD WOULD HAVE NO DIPLOMATIC FUNCTIONS, HAAS EXPLAINED. THEY WOULD BE CONFINED TO CONSULAR, AND COMMERCIAL DUTIES. HE SAID HARDLY MORE THAN 10 PER CENT OF THE PERSONNEL WOULD BE FORMER GERMAN FOREIGN OFFICE OFFICIALS.

THE CONSOLS WOULD BE EXPECTED TO PROMOTE CULTURAL RELATIONS BETWEEN WEST GERMANY AND THE COUNTRIES TO WHICH THEY WERE ACCREDITED. THIS WOULD INCLUDE STRENGTHENING RELATIONS BETWEEN SCIENTISTS, ARTISTS, CHURCHES AND LABOR UNIONS.

HAAS SAID THE CONSULATE IN THE UNITED STATES WOULD BE LOCATED IN NEW YORK, NOT WASHINGTON. IT WILL HAVE A STAFF OF BETWEEN 30 AND 40, NEARLY ALL OF WHOM WOULD COME FROM GERMANY.

ML453PES

A163

BERLIN--FIRST ADD FIRST LEAD BERLIN (A156) X X X BLOCKADE.

ALLIED AND GERMAN OFFICIALS SAID THE RUSSIANS ARE NOW MOVING THE TRUCK TRAFFIC THROUGH HELMSTEDT CHECKPOINT AT THE RATE OF ONE EVERY SIX MINUTES. THIS PACE OF TEN TRUCKS AN HOUR, MAINTAINED SINCE EARLY THIS MORNING, IS CALLED "SATISFACTORY" BY AMERICAN OFFICIALS.

GERMAN CUSTOMS OFFICE OFFICIALS AT HELMSTEDT SAID THE ONLY TIEUP OF THE DAY WAS DURING THE MORNING HOURS WHEN 80 TO 100 WEST BOUND TRUCKS, MOSTLY EMPTY, WERE LINED UP ON THE RUSSIAN SIDE OF THE ZONAL BORDER. THIS LINEUP WAS VIRTUALLY ELIMINATED BY A LATER SPEEDUP.

WEEKEND TRAFFIC HAD ZIPPED UNHINDERED THROUGH THE HELMSTEDT CHECKPOINT, 100 MILES WEST OF HERE. BUT TODAY ABOUT EIGHT TRUCKS AN HOUR WERE CLEARING IN EACH DIRECTION ON THE EAST-WEST SUPER-HIGHWAY AS SOVIET GUARDS TIGHTENED INSPECTIONS. BY MIDMORNING THE QUEUE WAITING TO GET INTO BERLIN COMPRISED ABOUT 40 TRUCKS.

AMERICAN OFFICIALS SAY THE REASONABLE CLEARANCE RATE FOR BERLIN-BOUND WINTER TRUCK CARGOES IS ABOUT TEN AN HOUR.

THE OFFICIAL SOVIET ARMY NEWSPAPER TAEGLICHE RUNDSCHAU SAID IN A FRONT-PAGE EDITORIAL THAT "WESTERN REACTIONARY FORCES ARE CONSTANTLY MAKING NEW ATTEMPTS TO WARM UP THE COLD WAR IN BERLIN AGAIN."

"THERE IS PLOTTING OF INCIDENTS AND SPREADING OF DISQUIET TO CREATE AN ARTIFICIALLY NEW 'BERLIN PYMVMM'," THE NEWSPAPER

CREATE AN ARTIFICIALLY NEW 'BERLIN PROBLEM'," THE NEWSPAPER SAID. IT CALLED THE RECENT PARTIAL BLOCKADE A "FAIRY TALE" INVENTED BY WESTERN OFFICIALS TO CAUSE TROUBLE.

THE NEW SLOWDOWN TODAY WAS NOT NEARLY AS TOUGH AS AT THE HEIGHT OF THE PARTIAL BLOCKADE, WHEN AS FEW AS TWO TRUCKS AN HOUR WERE ALLOWED TO CRAWL PAST THE RUSSIAN AUTOBAHN BARRIER.

SOVIET COMMANDANT MAJ.GEN. ALEXANDER KOTIKOV HAD TOLD WESTERN OFFICIALS EARLIER THE DELAYS WERE CAUSED BY RIGID INSPECTIONS ADOPTED TO COMBAT SMUGGLING.

MK/SJ649AES

NIGHT LEAD TRAFFIC

BERLIN, FEB. 7--(AP)---THE HELMSTEDT FRONTIER CROSSING ON THE AUTOBAHN TO BERLIN WAS CLEARED OF ALL WAITING TRUCKS AT 7 P.M. TONIGHT.

EARLIER, A WEST GERMAN POLICEMAN AT HELMSTEDT HAD CAUSED A FLURRY OF CONCERN BY REPORTING FALSELY THAT THE RUSSIANS WERE REIMPOSING THEIR "LITTLE BLOCKADE," AND THAT 260 TRUCKS WERE JAMMED UP AT THE BORDER EARLY IN THE AFTERNOON.

XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX THE GERMAN CHIEF INSPECTOR AT HELMSTEDT SAID, HOWEVER, THAT NO MORE THAN 60 TRUCKS ACCUMULATED ON THE WESTERN

SIDE OF THE FRONTIER AT ANY TIME DURING THE DAY AND THAT THE RUSSIANS PASSED THEM THROUGH AT A RATE OF 10 TO 14 AN HOUR. C.A. DIX, U.S. TRANSPORT OFFICIAL HERE, SAID THE RATE WAS SATISFACTORY.

AFTER TWO WEEKS OF FLUCTUATING SLOW-DOWN TACTICS, THE RUSSIANS SUDDENLY STARTED LETTING TRAFFIC MOVE AT A NORMAL PACE SUNDAY. THEY SAID THEY WERE OBLIGED TO MAKE CAREFUL EXAMINATIONS OF CARGOS TO STOP SMUGGLING.

APR REEDYS 1835 1930 CCC 245P

A113

DUESSELDORF, GERMANY, FEB. 7-(AP)-THE COMMUNIST PARTY'S PURGE OF TITOISM WITHIN ITS RANKS IN WEST GERMANY CLAIMED FOURE MORE VICTIMS TODAY.

THREE PARTY OFFICIALS WERE REMOVED FROM OFFICE AND A COMMUNIST NEWSPAPER EDITOR WAS THROWN OUT OF THE PARTY, ACCORDING TO AN ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE PARTY'S NEWSPAPER, FREIES VOLK.

SCORES OF OTHER COMMUNIST PARTY OFFICIALS HAVE BEEN OUSTED IN RECENT MONTHS IN THE GERMAN PARTY'S PURGE OF "TITOISTIC" ELEMENTS.

IN THE COMMUNIST PARTY JARGON, TITOISM MEANS FAILURE TO BOW TO MOSCOW'S STRICT DIRECTION AND AN ATTEMPT TO PRACTICE NATIONAL TYPE OF COMMUNISM LIKE THAT OF YUGOSLAVIA'S MARSHAL TITO.

KA-ML1032AES

FEB 8-1950

NIGHT LEAD TITOISM

DUESSELDORF, GERMANY, FEB. 7--(AP)---THE COMMUNIST PARTY NEWSPAPER FREIES VOLK SAID TODAY THREE PARTY OFFICIALS WERE REMOVED FROM OFFICE AND A NEWSPAPER EDITOR THROWN OUT OF THE PARTY IN A RENEWED PURGE OF "TITOISTS," IN WESTERN GERMAN.

SCORES OF OTHER PARTY LEADERS HAVE BEEN OUSTED IN RECENT MONTHS IN AN EFFORT TO GET RID OF "TITOISTIC ELEMENTS" IN WESTERN GERMANY. ANY PARTY MEMBER WHO FAILS TO FOLLOW THE KREMLIN'S STRICT POLICY LINE OR VEERS TOWARD A NATIONALISTIC CONCEPTION OF COMMUNISM USUALLY IS CALLED A TITOIST--A FOLLOWER OF MARSHAL TITO OF YUGOSLAVIA.

FEB 8-1950

THE BRITISH-CONTROLLED NEWSPAPER DIE WELT REPORTED SEVERAL WEEKS AGO THAT MAX REIMANN, WEST GERMAN COMMUNIST CHIEF, HIMSELF WAS SUSPECTED OF BEING A TITOIST AND WAS ABOUT TO BE BOOTED OUT OF THE PARTY. COMMUNIST SPOKESMEN SCOFFED AT THE REPORT. PARTY LEADERS IN THE RUHR ESPECIALLY HAVE BEEN ACCUSED OF POLITICAL COWARDICE AND OF COMPROMISING WITH WESTERN IDEOLOGY.

TOO LENIENT WITH TITOISTS

CCC 1125A

PRAGUE, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, FEB.7-(AP)-A LARGE GROUP OF FOLLOWERS OF THE LATE PRESIDENT EDUARD BENES IS REPORTED COMING UP FOR TRIAL ON CHARGES OF PLOTTING TO OVERTHROW THE PRESENT COMMUNIST-LED GOVERNMENT.

THE REPORTS WERE UNCONFIRMED OFFICIALLY BUT CAME FROM PERSONS IN A POSITION TO KNOW. THEY SAID THE TRIAL WOULD COME IN A VERY SHORT TIME.

THOSE TO BE TRIED, ACCORDING TO THE INFORMANTS, ARE ALL FORMER NATIONAL SOCIALIST PARTY MEMBERS OF THE FORMER PARLIAMENT.

THE TRIAL WILL BE AIMED, SAID THE SOURCES, AT DISCREDITING THE MEMORY OF THE FORMER PRESIDENT, WHO DIED AFTER THE COMMUNIST COUP IN THAT COUNTRY TWO YEARS AGO. HE STILL IS REVERED AS A NATIONAL HERO BY MILLIONS OF CZECHS.

BENES WAS LEADER OF THE NATIONAL SOCIALISTS UNTIL HE BECAME PRESIDENT IN 1935 AND GAVE UP HIS POLITICAL AFFILIATIONS.

HIS PARTY WAS CRUSHED AFTER THE COMMUNISTS SEIZED POWER AND WAS REORGANIZED AS A COMMUNIST-LINE SOCIALIST PARTY.

MK325AES

30.24- 8803

PRAGUE, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, FEB.8-(AP)-THE U.S. EMBASSY ANNOUNCED TODAY IT HAD RECEIVED REPORTS THAT TWO AMERICAN MORMON MISSIONARIES "DISAPPEARED" IN THE PROVINCE OF MORAVIA JAN.28 AND HAVE NOT BEEN HEARD FROM SINCE.

THE EMBASSY SAID IT HAD ASKED THE CZECHOSLOVAKIAN FOREIGN MINISTRY TO SUPPLY INFORMATION "CONCERNING THE WELFARE AND WHEREABOUTS" OF MISSIONARIES STANLEY E.ABBOTT AND C.ALDON JOHNSON.

WHILE THE EMBASSY ANNOUNCEMENT MADE NO MENTION OF ARRESTS, RELIABLE WESTERN DIPLOMATIC SOURCES SAID THE TWO MEN HAD BEEN ARRESTED BY CZECH POLICE NEAR OLOMOUC ON UNSPECIFIED CHARGES.

THESE SOURCES SAID THE MISSIONARIES HAD BEEN INCOMMUNICADO AND THAT ALL EFFORTS OF AMERICAN AUTHORITIES TO SEE THEM HAVE FAILED.

WALLACE TORONTO, HEAD OF THE MORMON CHURCH IN CZECHOSLOVAKIA, SAID ABBOT, 23, CAME FROM LEHIGH, UTAH, AND THAT JOHNSON, 22, WAS A RESIDENT OF IDAHO FALLS, IDAHO.

BOTH WERE UNMARRIED AND HAD BEEN IN CZECHOSLOVAKIA A LITTLE OVER TWO YEARS.

THE MORMON CHURCH HAS BEEN MEETING WITH DIFFICULTIES FROM THE CZECH GOVERNMENT SINCE LAST MAY. SINCE THEN 13 OF ITS MISSIONARIES HAVE BEEN ORDERED EXPELLED FROM THE COUNTRY ON CHARGES OF "ENDANGERING THE SAFETY AND SECURITY OF THE STATE."

TORONTO SAID HE COULD ADD NOTHING TO THE BRIEF EMBASSY ANNOUNCEMENT.

OLOMOUC, SECOND LARGEST CITY IN MORAVIA, IS ABOUT 200 MILES SOUTHEAST OF PRAGUE.

THE EMBASSY ANNOUNCEMENT SAID:

"THE AMERICAN EMBASSY IN PRAGUE HAS REQUESTED THE FOREIGN OFFICE TO PROVIDE INFORMATION CONCERNING THE WELFARE AND WHEREABOUTS OF MR.STANLEY E.ABBOTT AND MR.C.ALDON JOHNSON, TWO MORMON MISSIONARIES, WHO REPORTEDLY DISAPPEARED IN THE VICINITY OF OLOMOUC ON OR ABOUT JAN.28,1950."

MD619AES

PRAGUE, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, FEB.7-(AP)-CZECHOSLOVAKIA AND THE ALLIED HIGH COMMISSION OF GERMANY HAVE AGREED TO THE EMIGRATION OF 20,000 OF THE 200,000 PERSONS OF GERMAN BLOOD REMAINING IN THIS COUNTRY, IT WAS ANNOUNCED TODAY.

THE MOVEMENT OF EMIGRANTS TO WESTERN GERMANY WILL BEGIN THE FIRST TWO WEEKS OF MARCH AND WILL CONTINUE AT A RATE OF ABOUT 400 A WEEK FOR ABOUT A YEAR, MARTIN S.BOWE,JR., OF THE ALLIED HIGH COMMISSION ANNOUNCED.

CZECHOSLOVAKIA EXPELLED ABOUT 3,000,000 SUDETEN GERMANS AFTER THE WAR. ABOUT 50,000 ADULTS OF THE REMAINING 200,000 HAVE APPLIED FOR PERMISSION TO ENTER GERMANY, BUT CZECHOSLOVAKIA HAS FROWNED ON LETTING SKILLED ARTISANS OR OTHERS USEFUL TO PRODUCTION LEAVE THE COUNTRY.

BOWE SAID THE AGREEMENT, SIGNED JAN.31 AT THE REQUEST OF THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT, PROVIDES THAT GERMANS WILL BE ALLOWED TO LEAVE REGARDLESS OF THEIR TYPE OF WORK OR POSITION IN THE COMMUNITY. THE 20,000 WILL BE CHOSEN FROM THOSE ALREADY HAVING RELATIVES ESTABLISHED IN WESTERN GERMANY.

THE IMMIGRANTS WILL BE ALLOWED TO TAKE WITH THEM THEIR PERSONAL BELONGINGS, HOUSEHOLD GOODS AND TOOLS OF THEIR TRADE. THE REST OF THEIR PROPERTY WILL HAVE TO BE LEFT BEHIND PENDING THE PROBLEMATICAL CONCLUSION OF A CURRENCY AGREEMENT BETWEEN WESTERN GERMANY AND CZECHOSLOVAKIA.

ML331PES

WARSAW, POLAND, FEB.7-(AP)-WOMEN ARE TO BE DRAFTED INTO THE POLISH ARMY FOR THE FIRST TIME IN HISTORY.

THE POLISH DIET (PARLIAMENT) YESTERDAY PASSED A CONSCRIPTION ACT CALLING FOR MILITARY TRAINING OF WOMEN IN GROUND FORCES, AIR FORCE, NAVY AND ANTI-AIRCRAFT UNITS.

BRIG. GEN. J. MIECZYSLAW WATROWSKI, FORMER CHIEF OF THE POLITICAL SECTION OF THE MINISTRY OF NATIONAL DEFENSE, SAID THE BILL CORRESPONDS TO THE DEFENSE NEEDS OF THE "PEOPLE'S POLAND" AND THE "CLOSE ALLIANCE WITH SOVIET RUSSIA'S ENDEAVORS TO ESTABLISH WORLD PEACE."

MK323AES

Belgrade 1000 xx rank.

THE TWO MINISTRIES ABOLISHED WERE ELECTRICAL ECONOMY AND THE MINISTRY OF MINING. IN THEIR PLACE WERE SUBSTITUTED COMMITTEES FOR ELECTRICAL ECONOMY, COAL, NON-FERROUS METALS, GENERAL METALLURGY, PETROLEUM AND "EXTRACTIVE" INDUSTRY.

ON EACH COMMITTEE WILL SIT REPRESENTATIVES OF THE YUGOSLAV REPUBLICS. THIS SYTEM IS DESIGNED TO GIVE THE SEPARATE REPUBLICS OF THE FEDERATION A GREATER SAY IN ADMINISTERING THEIR OWN AFFAIRS. PREVIOUSLY THEY HAD BEEN DIRECTED CHIEFLY BY THE CENTRALIZED AUTHORITY IN BELGRADE.

INFORMATION MINISTER VLADIMIR DEDIJER RECENTLY TOLD REPORTERS A STUDY OF PRODUCTION ~~OUTPUT HAD DISCLOSED A GREATER RATE OF~~ ACHIEVEMENT WHEN IT WAS SUBJECT TO LOCAL CONTROL, AND AS A RESULT, YUGOSLAVIA PLANNED TO TURN INCREASINGLY TO LOCAL AUTHORITIES IN MEETING THE NATION'S PRODUCTION TARGETS.

ML422PES

VIENNA, AUSTRIA, FEB.7-(AP)-THREE AMERICAN SOLDIERS HAVE BEEN ARRESTED IN CONNECTION WITH THE $20,000 ROBBERY OF AN U.S. ARMY WAREHOUSE JAN. 5, THE ARMY ANNOUNCED TONIGHT.

THE ROBBERY TOOK PLACE IN WELS, IN THE AMERICAN OCCUPATION ZONE.

THE SOLDIERS WERE IDENTIFIED BY THE ARMY AS CPL. JOHN FERGUSON OF CAMBRIDGE MASS., PFC. MAILLARD D. DETY OF (E. BRISTOL ROAD) FLINT, MICH., AND PRIVATE ROBERT DICKMAN OF BOSTON, MASS.

THREE AUSTRIANS HAVE ALSO BEEN ARRESTED.

AN OFFICIAL ARMY STATEMENT SAID THE THREE SOLDIERS ILLEGALLY OBTAINED AN ARMY TRUCK FROM A MOTOR POOL AND DROVE IT INTO THE WAREHOUSE. THEY LOADED IT WITH UPHOLSTERY MATERIAL, DRAPERIES, CURTAIN MATERIAL AND ARMY UNIFORM TROUSERS, AND THEN DROVE IT TO THE HOME OF ONE OF THE AUSTRIANS.

KS/JB959PES

VIENNA, FEB. 7-(AP)-LT. GEN. GEOFFREY KEYES, AMERICAN HIGH COMMISSIONER TO AUSTRIA SINCE MAY, 1947, LEFT BY PLANE TODAY FOR A SERIES OF CONFERENCES IN WASHINGTON.

OFFICIALS HERE EMPHASIZED THE TRIP WAS PURELY ROUTINE IN NATURE.

GENERAL KEYES WAS LAST IN THE UNITED STATES IN APRIL, 1946, JUST BEFORE ASSUMING COMMAND OF THE U.S. THIRD ARMY IN GERMANY.

ON HIS TRIP HE WILL BE ACCOMPANIED BY HIS WIFE, WHO WILL VISIT HER BROTHER, NOW SERIOUSLY ILL IN NEW YORK CITY.

SJ651AES

budapest, hungary, feb. 7-(ap)-hungary accused italy today of protecting former fascist and nazi officers, instead of respecting international agreements.

FEB 8 - 1950

an official hungarian note accused italy of permitting "fascist war criminals, SS (nazi elite guard) officiers and other enemies of democratic hunfary" to infest the hungarian academy in rome, property of the hungarian government.

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NIGHT LEAD POLISH (220)
BY ORMONDE GODFREY
SZCZECIN (STETTIN), POLAND, FEB. 7-(AP)-GASTON DROUET, 46-YEAR-OLD FRENCH RADIO TECHNICIAN, CONFESSED TODAY TO A CHARGE OF ESPIONAGE AND TESTIFIED NEARLY ALL MEMBERS OF FRENCH DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR STAFFS IN POLAND WERE SPIES.
DROUET WAS THE SECOND FRENCHMAN TO CONFESS IN COURT IN THE SPY TRIAL OF TWO FRENCHMEN AND SIX POLES. YESTERDAY ANDRE ROBINEAU, 25-YEAR-OLD FORMER FRENCH CONSULAR SECRETARY HERE, SAID HE HAD ENGAGED IN SPYING "BECAUSE I LIKED THE JOB."
ROBINEAU'S ARREST LAST NOVEMBER RESULTED IN A SERIES OF PROTEST NOTES BETWEEN FRANCE AND POLAND, AND THE ARREST AND EXPULSION OF SCORES OF FRENCHMEN IN POLAND AND POLES IN FRANCE.
DROUET SAID HE HAD BEEN PROMISED A VISA TO TAKE HIS GERMAN GIRL FRIEND TO FRANCE IF HE WOULD ENGAGE IN INTELLIGENCE, BUT THE PROMISE WAS NOT KEPT AND WHEN HE TRIED TO QUIT THE WORK HE FOUND HE WAS TOO DEEPLY INVOLVED.
AMONG FRENCH DIPLOMATS AND CONSULAR OFFICIALS HE NAMED AS BEING ENGAGED IN INTELLIGENCE WORK WERE THE LATE GEN. GEORGES TEYSSIER, FORMER MILITARY ATTACHE WHO DROUET SAID WAS IN CHARGE OF ALL ESPIONAGE IN POLAND; MAJ. ALFRED HUMM, A FORMER ASSISTANT TO TEYSSIER, AND AYMAR DE BRESSIN DE MERE AND FERNAND RENAUD, TWO MEMBERS OF THE EMBASSY STAFF EXPELLED LAST NOVEMBER.
THE WITNESS SAID RENE BARDET, FORMER VICE CONSUL AT GDANSK, INDUCED HIM TO ENGAGE IN INTELLIGENCE WORK FOR PAY. DROUET SAID HE WAS TOLD TO COLLECT INFORMATION ABOUT RUSSIAN TROOPS IN POMERANIA, AMONG OTHER CHORES.
JB847PES

A127
MOSCOW, FEB.7-(AP)-PETER NIKOLAYEVICH POSPELOV, MEMBER OF THE CENTRAL COMMITTEE OF THE ALL UNION COMMUNIST PARTY, HAS BEEN NAMED DIRECTOR OF THE MARX-ENGELS-LENIN INSTITUTE. POSPELOV, WHO HAS BEEN NOMINATED A CANDIDATE FOR THE SUPREME SOVIET IN NEXT MONTH'S BALLOTTING, FOR THE PAST TWO YEARS HAS DELIVERED THE ADDRESS ON THE JAN.21 OBSERVANCE OF THE ANNIVERSARY OF LENIN'S DEATH.
ML1120AES

FEB 8 - 1950

MACAO (330)
BY FRED HAMPSON
HONG KONG, FEB.8-(AP)-THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS HAVE ACCUSED PORTUGUESE MACAO OF INTERVENING IN THEIR CIVIL WAR WITH THE NATIONALISTS, PRO-RED NEWSPAPERS SAID TODAY. THEY QUOTED THE REDS AS WARNING SUCH ACTION "WILL NOT BE TOLERATED."
THE TINY PORTUGUESE COLONY IS ON THE SOUTH CHINA COAST 40 MILES SOUTHWEST OF THIS BRITISH COLONY. MACAO IS VIRTUALLY SURROUNDED BY CHINESE RED FORCES WHO COULD STEP IN AND GRAB IT AT ANY TIME.
YEH CHIEN-YING, CHAIRMAN OF THE KWANGTUNG PEOPLES (COMMUNIST) GOVERNMENT WITH HEADQUARTERS IN CANTON, WAS SAID TO HAVE CHARGED MACAO AUTHIRITES HELPED NATIONALIST WARSHIPS ESCAPE COMMUNIST CAPTURE.
THE NEWSPAPERS TAKUNGPAO AND WENWEIPAO PUBLISHED THIS ACCOUNT:
YEH SAID RED ARMY UNITS IN SOUTHERN KWANGTUNG PROVINCE LAST NOV. 5. DISCOVERED FOUR NATIONALIST DESTROYERS, THREE GUNBOATS AND SIX PATROL BOATS ANCHORED IN CHINESE WATERS NEAR MACAO.
SHORE ARTILLERY WAS TRAINED ON THE VESSELS. THEY WERE ORDERED NOT TO MOVE. THE NATIONALIST CRAFT, HOWEVER, ENGAGED THE SHORE BATTERIES IN A GUN DUEL AND BEGAN TO MOVE TOWARD MACAO WATERS.
TWO PORTUGUESE WARSHIPS BEGAN TO "SCRUTINIZE THE COMMUNIST POSITIONS IN A HOSTILE MANNER."
RED SHORE GUNS CRIPPLED THE NATIONALIST DESTROYER TSINGYUAN, WHICH RAN UP THE WHITE FLAG.
COMMUNIST OFFICERS WERE ENROUTE TO THE DESTROYER TO ACCEPT THE SURRENDER WHEN SMALL PORTUGUESE BOATS BEGAN "TAKING WOUNDED AND OTHER PERSONNEL AND GUNS FROM THE TSINGYUAN."
BEFORE THE BOARDING PARTY REACHED THE DESTROYER, LARGE PORTUGUESE MOTORCRAFT "INVADED CHINESE TERRITORY WATERS AND TOWED THE TSINGYUAN TO MACAO WATERS."
YEH SAID THESE SAME NATIONALIST SHIPS LATER INVADED THE MOUTH OF THE PEARL RIVER IN HOSTILE ACTIONS, OPERATING IN EFFECT FROM MACAO WATERS.
YEH ASSERTED MACAO AUTHORITIES MAADE NO EFFORT TO DISARM AND DETAIN THE NATIONALIST WARSHIPS IN VIOLATION OF INTERNATIONAL OBLIGATIONS.
HE CHARGED ABUSE OF THE "EXISTING SPECIAL STATUS OF MACAO," ADDING:
"THE CHINESE PEOPLE CANNOT TOLERATE SUCH HOSTILE ACTIONS. X X X THE PEOPLES (COMMUNIST) ARMY RESERVES THE RIGHT TO TAKE ACTION ON THIS MATTER."
WR355APS

30.24- 8805

NIGHT LEAD CHINESE
BY SPENCER MOOSA

TAIPEI, FORMOSA, FEB.7-(AP)-THE RED CONQUEROR OF SHANGHAI TODAY WAS REPORTED TO HAVE MOVED POWERFUL FORCES INTO FUKIEN PROVINCE OPPOSITE FORMOSA POSSIBLY TO MOUNT AN INVASION OF THIS ISLAND FORTRESS.

THE DEFENSE MINISTRY SAID COMMUNIST GEN.CHEN YI SENT HIS VETERAN 10TH ARMY GROUP INTO FUKIEN TO STAMP OUT NATIONALIST GUERRILLAS.

INDEPENDENT QUARTERS THOUGHT THAT WAS TOO MUCH LIKE USING CANNON TO KILL GNATS. THEY BELIEVED IT MORE LIKELY PREPARATIONS WERE UNDER WAY FOR THE PREDICTED COMMUNIST INVASION OF FORMOSA.

ONE OF THE FIRST TASKS FOR CHEN'S SEASONED TROOPS MAY BE CLEANING OUT QUEMOY (CHINMEN) ISLAND, 120 MILES WEST OF FORMOSA.

THE COMMUNISTS WERE BLOODILY REPULSED LAST OCTOBER IN ONE ATTEMPT TO SEIZE QUEMOY, WHICH COMMANDS THE APPROACHES TO NEARBY AMOY.

ALL PRESENT INDICATIONS ARE THE GARRISON WILL PUT UP A HARD BATTLE AGAIN WHEN THE REDS TRY A SECOND TIME.

(TRAVELERS FROM SHANGHAI ARRIVING AT HONG KONG TODAY SAID A CHINESE NATIONALIST BOMBING RAID CAUSED HEAVY DAMAGE TO BRITISH PROPERTY IN THAT BIG CHINESE PORT JAN.25.

(THEY REPORTED ONE WAREHOUSE OF THE BRITISH-AMERICAN TOBACCO CO., WAS DESTROYED.

(THEY SAID A SHELL OIL DEPOT OUTSIDE THE CITY WAS VIRTUALLY DESTROYED. THEY DID NOT KNOW WHETHER THIS WAS THE MAIN SHELL TANK FAM, WHICH IS ONE OF THE MOST EXTENSIVE OIL INSTALLATIONS IN CHINA. SHANGHAI OFFICIALS SAID 400 BUILDINGS WERE DESTROYED AND 70 PERSONS WERE KILLED.)

FR624PCS

HONG KONG, WEDNESDAY, FEB.8-(AP)-PRO-RED NEWSPAPERS SAID TODAY THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS HAVE ACCUSED THE PORTUGUESE COLONY OF MACAO OF INTERVENING IN CHINA'S CIVIL WAR AND HAVE WARNED "SUCH ACTION WILL NOT BE TOLERATED."

MACAO IS ON THE SOUTH CHINA COAST. IT IS VIRTUALLY SURROUNDED BY CHINESE RED FORCES WHO COULD OCCUPY THE COLONY WITH EASE.

DISPATCHES TO THE PRO-RED HONG KONG NEWSPAPERS TA KUNG PAO AND WEN WEI PAO SAID THE CHARGES AGAINST MACAO WERE MADE BY YEH CHIEN-YING, CHAIRMAN OF THE KWANGTUNG PEOPLES (COMMUNIST) GOVERNMENT WHOSE HEADQUARTERS ARE IN CANTON.

YEH ACCUSED PORTUGUESE AUTHORITIES OF HELPING CHINESE NATIONALIST GUNBOATS ESCAPE CAPTURE BY THE REDS, THESE ACCOUNTS SAID.

CK1025PPS NM

HONG KONG, FEB.8-(AP)-FAMINE IS SWEEPING EAST CHINA NORTH OF THE YANGTZE RIVER WITH AT LEAST 16,000,000 (M) PERSONS FEELING THE PINCH.

MTHEUCOMMUNIST NEWS AGENCY YESTERDAY TOLD OF THE FOOD CRISIS. DROUTH, FLOODS AND DISRUPTIONS TO FARMING CAUSED BY THE CIVIL WAR ARE BLAMED.

OF THE 16,000,000 SOME 2,790,000 WERE SAID BY THE NEWS AGENCY TO BE FACING STARVATION.

CONDITIONS IN SOUTHERN KIANGSU AND SOUTH ANHWEI PROVINCES WERE DESCRIBED AS GRAVE. POPULOUS SHANGHAI AND NANKING ARE IN KIANGSU. ANHWEI IS THE ADJOINING PROVINCE.

WORSENING CONDITIONS ARE EXPECTED IN THE SPRING.

RURAL CHINESE IN THE FOOD SHORT AREAS WERE SAID TO BE DRIFTING INTO THE CITIES, WHERE THE COMMUNISTS ARE MAKING GREATER EFFORTS TO ALLEVIATE CONDITIONS.

THE SHANGHAI LIBERATION DAILY PUBLISHED A REPORT 1,000,000 (M) OF THE 5,300,000 (M) INHABITANTS OF THE SUHSIEN AREA, 150 MILES NORTHWEST OF NANKING, WERE STARVING.

WD358APS

XCHINESE (300)
BY SPENCER MOOSA

TAIPEI, FORMOSA, FEB. 8-(AP)-BEAUTIFUL OLD PEIPING AND NINE OTHER CHINESE CITIES WITH POPULATIONS RUNNING INTO MANY MILLIONS WERE WARNED TODAY TO EXPECT NATIONALIST BOMBERS IN THE IMMEDIATE FUTURE.

NATIONALIST RADIO STATIONS BROADCAST THE WARNINGS. LEAFLETS WERE DROPPED ON SHANGHAI AND NANKING BY MASSED RAIDING PLANES WHICH STRUCK SHANGHAI FOR THE SECOND DAY IN A ROW. TEN SMALL SHIPS IN THE WHANGPOO RIVER WERE SAID TO HAVE BEEN DESTROYED.

(THE COMMUNIST RADIO SAID MONDAY'S RAID ON SHANGHAI KILLED 1,000 PEOPLE AND DISRUPTED POWER AND WATER SUPPLIES.)

THE NATIONALIST AIR RAID LIST INCLUDED TIENTSIN, NANKING, SHANGHAI, HANKOW, TSINGTAO, HANGCHOW, FOOCHOW, AMOY, PEIPING AND CANTON.

INHABITANTS WERE ADVISED TO MOVE AWAY FROM POWER PLANTS, SHIPYARDS, WHARVES, RAILROAD STATIONS, WAREHOUSES, FACTORIES, BARRACKS AND OTHER "MILITARY OBJECTIVES."

COMMUNIST HOLDINGS ON THE CHU SAN ISLANDS, 100 MILES SOUTHEAST OF SHANGHAI, WERE HIT IN THE LATEST NATIONALIST RAID.

DISPATCHES FROM HAINAN ISLAND, OFF THE SOUTH CHINA COAST, SAID NATIONALIST WARPLANES BASED THERE SANK SCORES OF COMMUNIST CRAFT IN ASSAULTS OFF THE MAINLAND TUESDAY.

HERE IN THE NATIONALIST CAPITAL DEMANDS FOR THE IMPEACHMENT OF ACTING PRESIDENT LI TSUNG-JEN ARE EXPECTED TO BE MADE SUNDAY AT A MEETING OF THE CONTROL YUAN. LI IS IN THE UNITED STATES RECOVERING FROM AN OPERATION.

MEMBERS OF THE YUAN, WHICH HAS IMPEACHMENT POWERS, PROTEST LI'S FAILURE TO RESIGN OR RETURN HOME. ANY MOTION FOR HIS IMPEACHMENT MUST BE SIGNED BY 40 MEMBERS. THE MOTION MUST THEN BE PASSED BY A MAJORITY AND THEN REFERRED TO THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY FOR ENDORSEMENT. IT WOULD BE DIFFICULT TO GATHER HERE IN FORMOSA A QUORUM OF THE ASSEMBLY -- 1,523 OUT OF ITS TOTAL OF 3,045 MEMBERS.

LI'S RESIGNATION OR IMPEACHMENT WOULD LEAVE THE WAY OPEN FOR CHIANG KAI-SHEK TO RESUME THE PRESIDENCY. CHIANG "RETIRED" FROM THE POST A YEAR AGO.

X408APS

A95FX

TOKYO, FEB. 7-(AP)-A PEIPING RADIO BROADCAST TODAY SAID CHINA'S COMMUNISTS SUPPORTED RUSSIA'S DEMAND THAT JAPANESE EMPEROR HIROHITO BE TRIED AS A WAR CRIMINAL.

THE BROADCAST SAID THAT HIROHITO AND OTHER JAPANESE RESPONSIBLE FOR ALLEGED BACTERIOLOGICAL WARFARE SHOULD FACE WAR CRIMES CHARGES.

(THE RUSSIANS HAVE PLACED SEVERAL JAPANESE ON TRIAL ON CHARGES OF CONDUCTING BACTERIAL WARFARE IN NORTH CHINA.)

THE RUSSIAN AMBASSADOR TO WASHINGTON LAST WEEK CALLED FOR THE TRIAL OF THE EMPEROR AS A WAR CRIMINAL.

LW622APS NM

B113KX (Q)
NY FOR N.E.
PEARL HARBOR,FEB.7-(AP)-THE BODY OF SEAMAN PAUL L.WISEMAN, SON OF PERLEY C.WISEMAN, 95 DECATUR ST., PORTSMOUTH, N.H., WAS FOUND FLOATING IN PEARL HARBOR YESTERDAY. CAUSE OF DEATH WAS TENTATIVELY GIVEN AS ACCIDENTAL DROWNING. HE WAS ATTACHED TO THE REPAIR SHIP KERMIT ROOSEVELT.
VR1206ACS NM

PRECEDE GUAM DAY
HONOLULU, FEB 7-(AP)-THE U.S. JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF ARRIVED BY PLANE TODAY ON A RETURN LAP OF THEIR STRATEGIC SURVEY IN THE PACIFIC.
THE MILITARY CHIEFS, HEADED BY GEN.OMAR N.BRADLEY, WILL SPEND THREE DAYS IN HAWAII. THEY WILL CONFER WITH ADM. ARTHUR W.RADFORD, COMMANDER OF THE PACIFIC FLEET.
BRADLEY, ARMY GEN.J.LAWTON COLLINS, AIR FORCE GEN. HOYT S. VANDENBERG, AND ADM. FORREST P. SHERMAN, CHIEF OF NAVAL OPERATIONS, CAME HERE FROM KWAJALEIN. THEY ALSO VISITED OKINAWA AND GUAM AFTER EXTENSIVE CONFERENCES WITH GENERAL MACARTHUR AND HIS STAFF IN JAPAN.
P558PCS

A57FX
GUAM, FEB. 7-(AP)-THE U.S. JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF INSPECTED GUAM TODAY ON THEIR TOUR OF THE WESTERN AND CENTRAL PACIFIC.
GEN. OMAR BRADLEY, CHAIRMAN OF THE GROUP, SAID THE CHIEF CONCERN IS FOR WELFARE AND HOUSING OF PERSONNEL ON THIS TYPHOON-LASHED ISLAND WHICH HE DESCRIBED AS AN IMPORTANT U.S. BASE.
HE FLEW IN LATE LAST NIGHT FROM OKINAWA WITH ARMY GEN. J. LAWTON COLLINS, AIR FORCE GEN. HOYT S. VANDENBERG AND ADM. FORREST P. SHERMAN, CHIEF OF NAVAL OPERATIONS.
(IN TOKYO IT WAS ANNOUNCED THEY FLEW TO KWAJALEIN THIS AFTERNOON ON THE WAY HOME FROM A TOUR OF WEST PACIFIC DEFENSES.)
LW340APS

CANBERRA, AUSTRALIA, WEDNESDAY, FEB.8-(AP)- AUSTRALIA FOLLOWED BRITAIN AND THE UNITED STATES TODAY IN RECOGNIZING THE FRENCH-SUPPORTED STATES OF VIETNAM, LAOS AND CAMBODIA IN INDOCHINA.
BRITAIN AND THE UNITED STATES GAVE THEIR FORMAL RECOGNITION TO THE BAO DAI GOVERNMENT IN VIETNAM AND THE TWO INDOCHINESE KINGDOMS LAST NIGHT AS A COUNTER-MEASURE AGAINST RUSSIA'S RECOGNITION OF THE COMMUNIST-LED REBEL REGIME VFO CHI-MINH IN VIETNAM.
AUSTRALIA'S MINISTER FOR EXTERNAL AFFAIRS PERCY C. SPENDER SAID IN A STATEMENT ANNOUNCING THE RECOGNITION THAT IT SHOULD ENCOURAGE MODERATE NATIONALIST LEADERS IN INDOCHINA
WHO DID NOT WISH THEIR COUNTRY TO BECOME A SATELLITE OF MOSCOW OR PEIPING.
KS1243PESB109WX

TEL AVIV,ISRAEL,FEB.7-(AP)-ISRAELIS BEGAN DIGGING THEIR WAY OUT OF THEIR HOMES TODAY AFTER A TWO-DAY BLIZZARD WHICH CRIPPLED TRAFFIC,

CLOSED SHOPS AND CAUSED AT LEAST FOUR DEATHS.
THE NATIONWIDE STORM CAUSED HEAVY DAMAGE TO THE WINTER CITRUS CROP AND WROUGHT HAVOC IN THE IMMIGRANT CAMPS. FOUR MEN WERE KILLED IN THE YEMENITE CAMP AT HADERA, NORTH OF TEL AVIV, WHEN THE WALLS OF A DINING HALL COLLAPSED UNDER THE WEIGHT OF THE SNOW.
CHILDREN WERE MOVED OUT OF TENT COLONIES TO SAFER SHELTERS AND RELIEF AGENCIES DISTRIBUTED THOUSANDS OF BLANKETS.
COMMUNICATIONS HAVE BEEN PARTLY RESTORED IN THE GALILEE SETTLEMENTS WHICH WERE ISOLATED BY THE 48-HOUR SNOW FALL. LIGHT AND TELEPHONE LINES WERE STILL DOWN IN MANY SECTORS OF THE COUNTRY.
REPORTS FROM NEIGHBORING LEBANON SAID SNOWS AND FREEZING WINDS ARE SWEEPING THAT COUNTRY, SCATTERING TENTS AND CUTTING OFF COMMUNICATIONS.
ML322PES

NEW DELHI, INDIA, FEB.7-(AP)-PHILADELPHIA'S MAYOR BERNARD SAMUEL HAS SENT GREETINGS AND CONGRATULATIONS TO PRIME MINISTER JAWAHARLAL NEHRU, WHO WAS MADE HONORARY MAYOR OF THE CITY.
THE LETTER CONVEYING THE HONOR WAS DELIVERED TO NEHRU PERSONALLY BY MRS. CRYSTAL BIRD FAUSET AND MRS. SOPHIA YARNALL JACOBS, BOTH OFFICERS OF THE WORLD AFFAIRS COUNCIL IN PHILADELPHIA.
SJ822AES

NEW DELHI, INDIA, FEB.7-(AP)-INDIA HAS DECIDED TO LIMIT HER FOOD GRAIN IMPORTS THIS YEAR TO 1,500,000 TONS TO SAVE FOREIGN EXCHANGE, FOOD MINISTER JAIRAMDAS DAULATRAM SAID TODAY.
DAULATRAM SAID INDIA IS NEGOTIATING WITH AUSTRALIA FOR 500,000 TONS OF WHEAT AND HAD CONCLUDED AN AGREEMENT WITH ARGENTINA FOR 390,000 METRIC TONS OF WHEAT IN EXCHANGE FOR JUTE PRODUCTS.
HE ADDED THAT THE COUNTRY WOULD IMPORT MORE THAN 100,000 TONS OF RICE THIS YEAR.
THE DECISION TO LIMIT IMPORTS WAS BASED ON THE FACT THAT INDIA SPENT $60,000,000 AND £69,000,000 ($194,200,000) FOR FOOD GRAINS FROM JANUARY TO NOVEMBER LAST YEAR. HER IMPORTS THEN AMOUNTED TO 3,700,000 TONS.
SJ818AES

RANGOON, BURMA, FEB.8-(AP)-THE BRITISH CRUISER KENYA, FIRST BRITISH WARSHIP TO ENTER BURMESE WATERS SINCE BURMA BECAME INDEPENDENT TWO YEARS AGO, ARRIVED TODAY CARRYING HOLY BUDDHIST RELICS FROM CEYLON.
THE 2,000-YEAR-OLD RELICS WERE PRESENTED BY CEYLON FOR AN EXPOSITION HERE. DEVOUT BURMESE BUDDHISTS PROSTRATED THEMSELVES ON THE WATERFRONT AS PRESIDENT SAO SHWE THAIK AND PRIME MINISTER THAKIN NU RECEIVED THE RELICS FROM CEYLONESE CUSTODIANS.
THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT LOANED THE KENYA TO BRING THE RELICS TO THIS COUNTRY. THE SHIP'S OFFICERS AND MEN WILL ATTEND A LUNCHEON LATER TODAY AT THE CITY HALL.
MK605AES

RANGOON, BURMA, FEB.7-(AP)-TWO SPECIAL COMMITTEES ON TECHNICAL PROBLEMS BEGAN TALKS TODAY IN THE SECOND ANNUAL CONFERENCE OF THE INTERNATIONAL RICE COMMISSION MEETING HERE.

THE COMMITTEES ARE TO CONDUCT DISCUSSIONS FOR THREE DAYS, AFTER WHICH THE FULL COMMISSION WILL HOLD A PLENARY SESSION FRIDAY TO BRING THE CONFERENCE TO A CLOSE.

APPOINTED YESTERDAY AT THE I.R.C.'S FIRST MEETING WAS A COMMITTEE ON RICE PRODUCTION, STORAGE AND PROCESSING, HEADED BY U. KHIN, IRC VICE-CHAIRMAN AND SENIOR DOUTY DIRECTOR OF BURMA

KHIN, IRC VICE-CHIIRMAN AND SENIOR DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF BURMA'S AGRICULTURE DEPARTMENT.

ANOTHER COMMITTEE APPOINTED YESTERDAY WAS FOR THE DISCUSSION OF STATISTICS, TERMINOLOGY AND INTERNAL DISTRIBUTION, HEADED BY NARARAJ CHAMNONG, CHIEF DELEGATE FROM THAILAND, (SIAM).

SJ821AES

CHINA

(ADVANCE)-WASHINGTON,FEB.8-(AP)-THE CHINESE NATIONALISTS OWE THE U.S. EXPORT-IMPORT BANK $37,000,000 (M), AND THE POSSIBILITY OF COLLECTING, SAYS BANK PRESIDENT HERBERT E.GASTON, IS "PRETTY MUCH OF A POLITICAL GUESS."

GASTON'S TESTIMONY CONCERNING THE UNPAID TRADE LOANS WAS MADE PUBLIC TODAY BY THE HOUSE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE.

THESE LOANS, HOUSE MEMBERS POINTED OUT, ARE NOT INCLUDED IN THE $2,000,000,000 OF AID WHICH THE U.S. HAS GIVEN CHINA.

THE HOUSE IS DUE TO VOTE THURSDAY ON FURTHER AID TO THE NATIONALISTS, NOW HOLED UP ON FORMOSA.

THIS BILL ALSO INCLUDES AID FOR KOREA. A PREVIOUS KOREAN AID MEASURE WAS REJECTED BY A ONE-VOTE MARGIN.

UNDER THE NEW ONEPACKAGE BILL--EXPECTED TO PASS EASILY--THE REPUBLIC OF SOUTH KOREA WOULD BE PROVIDED WITH $60,000,000 IN ECONOMIC AID UNTIL NEXT JUNE 30 WHILE A PORTION OF A $103,000,000 CHINA FUND WOULD BE MADE AVAILABLE FOR SIMILAR PURPOSES ON THE ISLAND OF FORMOSA DURING THE SAME PERIOD.

THE CHINESE DEBT TO THE EXPORT-IMPORT BANK COVERS STRAIGHT LOANS FOR TRADING PURPOSES.

GASTON TOLD THE COMMITTEE THAT $33,000,000 WAS BORROWED BY THE NATIONALIST GOVERNMENT ITSELF, AND $4,000,000 BY THE UNIVERSAL TRADING COMPANY AND YUNGLI CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES.

REP.GARY (D-VA) ASKED GASTON ABOUT THE POSSIBILITY OF LOSS.

"PRETTY MUCH OF A POLITICAL GUESS," GASTON REPLIED.

"IT DEPENDS," HE SAID, "ON WHAT RELATIONS MAY LATER BE SET UP BETWEEN THIS GOVERNMENT AND THE EXISTING GOVERNMENT OF CHINA. THESE LOANS OUGHT TO COMMEND THEMSELVES, I SHOULD THINK, TO A SUCCESSOR GOVERNMENT, HAVING BEEN MADE FOR PRODUCTIVE PURPOSES."

EVEN IF THE LOANS WERE WRITTEN OFF, HE ADDED, THE LOSS WOULD BE MORE THAN OFFSET BY THE BANK'S ACCUMULATED EARNING SURPLUS OF $180,000,000.

GARY REMARKED THAT IF A SUCCESSOR GOVERNMENT IN CHINA WAS OTHER THAN COMMUNIST, THE PROSPECT FOR RECOVERY MIGHT BE BETTER.

RICHARD N.JOHNSON, ASSISTANT TREASURER, REPLIED:

"IN THAT RESPECT, WHEN THE IRON CURTAIN MOVED WESTWARD OVER CZECHOSLOVAKIA, WE HAD SOMETHING LIKE $10,000,000 TO $20,000,000 THERE, AND EVERY PENNY OF THAT AMOUNT HAS BEEN PAID OFF 100 PER CENT. CZECHOSLOVAKIA DOES NOT OWE US A NICKEL."

THE BANK'S TOTAL LOSSES--EXCLUDING THE CHINA SITUATION--HAVE BEEN UNDER $300,000 UP TO LAST JUNE 30, OR LESS THAN ONE PER CENT OF THE $4,000,000,000 (B) TOTAL AUTHORIZED BORROWINGS.

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 7 A.M. EASTERN STANDARD TIME TODAY WEDNESDAY FEB. 8)

MD329AES

(500) NIGHT LEAD CHRISTOFFEL

BY RICHARD P.POWERS

WASHINGTON,FEB.7-(AP)-A SECOND ADMITTED FORMER COMMUNIST TOLD A FEDERAL DISTRICT COURT JURY TODAY THAT HAROLD CHRISTOFFEL HAD ASSOCIATED WITH NUMEROUS COMMUNISTS, INCLUDING EUGENE DENNIS, GENERAL SECRETARY OF THE PARTY.

CHRISTOFFEL IS BEING RETRIED ON CHARGES THAT HE PERJURED HIMSELF WHEN HE TESTIFIED UNDER OATH BEFORE A CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE HE HAD NEVER BEEN A COMMUNIST NOR HAD HE EVER PARTICIPATED IN THE PARTY'S ACTIVITIES.

FARRELL SCHNERING OF MILWAUKEE, WHO SAID HE BELONGED TO THE PARTY BETWEEN 1930 AND 1935, RELATED THAT HE HAD SEEN CHRISTOFFEL AT COMMUNIST HEADQUARTERS IN MILWAUKEE AND AT OTHER COMMUNIST MEETINGS.

YESTERDAY LOUIS F.BUDENZ, ONE-TIME MANAGING EDITOR OF THE DAILY WORKER, TOLD THE JURY THE MILWAUKEE DEFENDANT HAD BEEN A COMMUNIST. BUDENZ, NOW AN ASSISTANT PROFESSOR AT FORDHAM UNIVERSITY, ALSO STATED HE HAD SEEN CHRISTOFFEL AT VARIOUS COMMUNIST MEETINGS.

A BRIEF FLURRY OCCURRED AT THE OPENING OF TODAY'S SHORT SESSION WHEN JOHN S.PRATT, CHIEF GOVERNMENT PROSECUTOR, AT A PRIVATE "BENCH CONFERENCE" WITH JUDGE F.DICKINSON LETTS PROTESTED DISTRIBUTION IN THE COURT ROOM OF A PRESS STATEMENT BY THE "CHRISTOFFEL DEFENSE COMMITTEE."

LETTS CALLED O.JOHN ROGGE OF DEFENSE COUNSEL AND OTHER ATTORNEYS FOR BOTH SIDES TO THE BENCH FOR A QUICK HUDDLE.

AT THE DIRECTION OF LETTS, COURT ATTACHES PICKED UP LOOSE COPIES OF THE STATEMENT AT THE PRESS TABLE, INCLUDING COPIES IN THE POSSESSION OF NEWSMEN.

LATER, IN A CONFERENCE IN THE JUDGE'S CHAMBERS, LETTS MADE THE COPIES AVAILABLE TO THE REPORTERS. LETTS SAID HIS ONLY AIM WAS TO KEEP ANYTHING THAT MIGHT BE "PROPAGANDA" FROM FALLING INTO THE HANDS OF THE JURY.

THE STATEMENT IS ONE OF A SERIES BROUGHT TO THE COURT ROOM BY THE CHRISTOFFEL DEFENSE COMMITTEE. THIS ONE INCLUDED A STATEMENT ATTRIBUTED TO ROGGE COMMENTING ON PRIOR WITNESSES CALLED BY THE GOVERNMENT.

CHRISTOFFEL TESTIFIED BEFORE THE HOUSE LABOR COMMITTEE MARCH 1, 1947. THE COMMITTEE WAS INVESTIGATING COMMUNIST INFILTRATION INTO LABOR UNIONS AND OTHER LABOR MATTERS.

AS A RESULT OF THIS TESTIMONY, CHRISTOFFEL WAS CONFICTED ON PERJURY CHARGES IN 1948. THE SUPREME COURT LATER TOSSED OUT THIS CONVICTION AND RULED THAT IT HAD NOT BEEN PROVEN THAT A COMMITTEE QUORUM HAD BEEN PRESENT. LAST WEEK THE GOVERNMENT PRESENTED 14 PRESENT OR FORMER

MEMBERS OF THE 25-MAN COMMITTEE WHO TESTIFIED THEY WERE PRESENT AND HEARD CHRISTOFFEL TESTIFY.

SCHNERING TOLD THE JURY HE MET DENNIS AT THE MILWAUKEE HEADQUARTERS OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY IN 1935 AND ADDED:

"I HAVE SEEN CHRISTOFFEL IN THE MILWAUKEE COMMUNIST HEADQUARTERS IN COMPANY WITH EUGENE DENNIS AT LEAST TWO TIMES."

B23WX

CHRISTOFFEL, A FORMER PRESIDENT OF LOCAL 248 UAW-CIO AT THE ALLIS-CHALMERS COMPANY PLANT IN MILWAUKEE, ALSO WAS SEEN WITH FRED BLAIR AND OTHER COMMUNISTS AT THE NEW YORK COFFEE POT IN MILWAUKEE, SCHNERING SAID.

CHRISTOFFEL IS CHARGED IN ONE COURT OF THE INDICTMENT WITH FALSELY STATING HE DID NOT KNOW FRED BLAIR.

ASKED BY FRANK PATTON, ASSISTANT GOVERNMENT PROSECUTOR, WHETHER HE KNEW A PERSON KNOWN AS ANNE SABLJAK, SCHNERING SAID SHE WAS ALSO KNOWN AS ANNE STEWART AND IS THE WIFE OF CHRISTOFFEL. SCHNERING SAID SHE WAS A MEMBER OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY.

BUDENZ WAS RECALLED TO THE STAND BY ROGGE AND STATED THAT CHRISTOFFEL "WOULD BE CLASSED AS AN UNDERCOVER COMMUNIST OR A SECRET COMMUNIST."

V618PES

MARSHALL PLAN

BY CARL HARTMAN

(ADVANCE) PARIS, FEB.7-(QP)-WESTERN EUROPE WANTS ANOTHER $4,700,000,000 TO $5,000,000,000 IN AMERICAN MARSHALL PLAN AID OVER THE NEXT TWO YEARS TO HOLD THE LINE AGAINST COMMUNISM.

THE FUNDS WERE ASKED BY EUROPEAN MEMBER AREAS SURVEYED AT THE HALF-WAY MARK OF THE RECOVERY PROGRAM INSPIRED 32 MONTHS AGO BY FORMER SECRETARY OF STATE GEORGE C. MARSHALL.

CONGRESS WILL DECIDE HOW MUCH IT GETS.

THE 325-PAGE REPORT WILL BE SCANNED BY CONGRESS BEFORE HEARINGS ON THE APPROPRIATIONS FOR 1950-51, DUE TO START FEB. 21.

THE REPORT'S FIGURES ON NEEDS FOR THAT FISCAL YEAR IS ROUGHLY $3,000,000,000--NOT INCLUDING MILITARY AID. PRESIDENT TRUMAN HAS ASKED FOR $3,100,000,000, BUT EUROPEAN FEAR THIS WILL BE CUT BY AN ECONOMY MINDED CONGRESS.

SENATOR CONNALLY (D-TEX), CHAIRMAN OF THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE, SAID IN WASHINGTON TODAY HE BELIEVED THE ECONOMIC COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION WAS WILLING TO CUT SPENDING FOR THE YEAR BELOW THE $3,100,000,000 FIGURE. HE MADE THE STATEMENT AFTER ECA CHIEF PAUL HOFFMAN DISCUSSED EUROPE'S ECONOMIC SITUATION WITH THE SENATORS.

FOR 1949-50, THE TOTAL OF MARSHALL AID WAS $3,778,000,000, PLUS ABOUT $400,000,000 INSPECIAL ASSISTANCE FOR WESTERN GERMANY. CONNALLY HAS PROPOSED A SLASH OF AT LEAST $1,000,000,000 FROM THAT FIGURE.

THE $8,257,000,000 ALREADY POURED IN, THE REPORT SAID, HAS REMOVED THE IMMEDIATE THREAT OF "BANKRUPTCY AND DISSOLUTION, WITH THE POLITICAL THREATS WHICH WOULD FOLLOW."

DISTRIBUTION OF MARSHALL PLAN FUNDS IS IN THE HANDS OF THE ORGANIZATION FOR EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COOPERATION (OEEC).

THE EXPERTS AGREED THAT:

"ON THIS RECKONING--THE RECKONING OF LIFE OR DEATH FOR WESTERN EUROPE--THE FIRST TWO YEARS OF THE EUROPEAN RECOVERY PROGRAM HAVE BEEN UNRESERVEDLY SUCCESSFUL.

"THE PRODUCTION EFFORT IS SUCCEEDING BEYOND EXPECTATIONS," WITH 1949 FIGURES ON EVERYTHING FROM ARTICHOKES TO ZINC OXIDES UP 25 PER CENT FROM 1947.

"CONSIDERABLE PROGRESS HAS BEEN MADE IN X X X INTERNAL FINANCIAL STABILITY.

"X X X THE HABIT OF WORKING TOGETHER HAS BEEN FORMED IN ALL THE OEEC COUNTRIES."

STILL TO BE SOLVED, HOWEVER, IS THE PROBLEM OF HOW EUROPE CAN GET THE DOLLARS TO BUY THE AMERICAN GOODS IT NEEDS AFTER MARSHALL AID ENDS IN 1952.

A189

THE EXPERTS WHO DRAFTED THE REPORT CALCULATED THAT THE OEEC COUNTRIES COULD "CONTINUE THEIR RECOVERY" IF THEY GET 75 PER CENT OF THAT FOR 1950-51, AND 50 PER CENT FOR 1951-52. THIS DECLINING FIGURE AND THE COMPLETE HALT FOR MID-1952 WERE PART OF THE ORIGINAL PLAN.

WRITTEN BY A COMMITTEE UNDER THE CHAIRMANSHIP OF BRITISH ECONOMIST ERIC ROLL, THE REPORT KEEPS DIPLOMATICALLY SILENT ON THE WIDESPREAD EUROPEAN HOPE FOR LONGER RANGE AID.

"AFTER THE MIDDLE OF 1952," IT SAYS, "WESTERN EUROPE WILL IN ANY CASE HAVE TO BALANCE ITS DOLLAR ACCOUNTS."

BUT THE EXPERTS WONDER WHETHER THIS WILL HAVE TO BE DONE BY CUTTING DOWN EUROPEAN IMPORTS FROM THE UNITED STATES. THE REPORT POINTS OUT THAT, ALTHOUGH THE DOLLAR GAP HAS BEEN NARROWED CONSIDERABLY SINCE THE WAR, IT WILL STILL BE OVER $2,000,000,000 IN 1951-52--A BROAD GULF TO BRIDGE ALL AT ONCE.

THE DOLLAR GAP IS THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN WHAT WESTERN EUROPE SELLS TO AMERICA AND THE MUCH LARGER AMOUNT THAT IT HAS BEEN BUYING--AND PAYING FOR WITH MARSHALL FUNDS.

THE UNITED STATES HAS TO WORK AT MAKING TRADE MORE OF A TWO-WAY STREET, THE REPORT SUGGESTED. IT TOUCHED ON ONE OF THE CONSTANT COMPLAINTS OF EUROPEANS WHO TRY TO SELL THEIR GOODS IN THE UNITED STATES--CUSTOM HOUSE RED TAPE.

"FOR EXAMPLE," THE EXPERTS WROTE, "CUT FLOWERS DELIVERED BY AIR ARE SOMETIMES WITHERED BEFORE THEY ARE RELEASED BY CUSTOMS."

CLAY ASHTRAYS, THEY POINTED OUT, PAY ONLY 15 PER CENT DUTY IF THEY ARE FOUND TO BE "HOUSEHOLD ARTICLES," 30 PER CENT IF THEY ARE "SMOKING REQUISITES" AND 50 PER CENT IF THEY AR CLASSIFIED AS "LUXURY EARTHENWARE." CARPETS PAY 25 TO 30 PER CENT--UNLESS THEY HAVE FRINGES, IN WHICH CASE THE RATE GOES UP TO 45 PER CENT.

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 6 PM EASTERN STANDARD TIME TODAY, TUESDAY, JAN.7)

MJ/N307PES

A58WX

(280) WITH PARIS MARSHALL PLAN

BY STERLING F.GREEN

WASHINGTON, FEB.7-(AP)-THE END OF THE EUROPEAN RECOVERY PROGRAM WILL LEAVE EUROPE WITH A DOLLAR DEFICIT POSSIBLY AS HIGH AS $2,000,000,000 (B) A YEAR, A TOP EUROPEAN OFFICER OF THE MARSHALL PLAN ESTIMATED TODAY.

BUT THE DEFICIT CAN BE REDUCED TO ZERO IF AMERICAN HELP CONTINUES AND IF EUROPE FOLLOWS THROUGH FORCEFULLY ON THE PRESENT DRIVE TO REMOVE TRADE BARRIERS, ROBERT LINTOTT TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE.

LINTOTT IS DEPUTY SECRETARY-GENERAL OF THE ORGANIZATION FOR EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COOPERATION (OEEC), THE 17-NATION COUNCIL OF THE MARSHALL PLAN

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COUNTRIES. HE MET REPORTERS IN CONNECTION WITH THE ISSUANCE IN PARIS OF OEEC'S SECOND ANNUAL REPORT.

PAUL G.HOFFMAN, ECONOMIC COOPERATION ADMINISTRATOR, AGREED WITH LINTOTT'S ESTIMATE AS BEING "AS GOOD AS ANYBODY'S GUESS."

IT REPRESENTS A BILLION-DOLLAR IMPROVEMENT IN THE OUTLOOK FOR EUROPE, HOFFMAN SAID. LAST YEAR'S REPORT FORECAST A DEFICIT OF $1,000,000,000 TO $3,000,000,000 IN THE YEAR FOLLOWING JUNE, 1952, WHEN AMERICAN GRANTS ARE CUT OFF.

BUT HOFFMAN SAID THE OEEC REPORT IS IN SOME RESPECTS MORE OPTIMISTIC THAN HE IS ABOUT EUROPE'S ABILITY TO STAND ON ITS OWN FEET TWO AND A HALF YEARS HENCE.

HOWEVER, SENATOR CONNALLY (D-TEX), CHAIRMAN OF THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE, SAID HE BELIEVES HOFFMAN'S AGENCY WILL AGREE TO A CUT IN MARSHALL PLAN SPENDING BELOW THE $3,100,000,000 ASKED BY PRESIDENT TRUMAN FOR NEXT YEAR.

CONNALLY TOLD NEWSMEN HE GOT THIS "INTIMATION" TODAY WHEN HOFFMAN HELD A TWO-HOUR CONFERENCE WITH THE COMMITTEE.

HOFFMAN, NEWLY RETURNED FROM THE PARIS CONFERENCE OF FOREIGN MINISTERS AT OEEC HEADQUARTERS, HAS MADE NO SECRET OF HIS DISAPPOINTMENT AT THEIR SLOWNESS IN AGREEING ON STEPS HE CONSIDERS VITAL TO RECOVERY.

FOREMOST AMONG THESE ARE THE CREATION OF AN ALL-EUROPEAN CURRENCY POOL AND THE MORE RAPID REMOVAL OF IMPORT CONTROLS WHICH HAMPER TRADE.

AB751PES

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, FEB. 7 (AP)--FEEDING THE WORLD'S EXPANDING POPULATION WILL BECOME INCREASINGLY DIFFICULT UNLESS "COURAGEOUS AND IMAGINATIVE MEANS ARE ADOPTED, "THE DEPUTY DIRECTOR-GENERAL OF THE UNITED NATIONS FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION SAID TODAY.

LESS FOOD STILL IS BEING PRODUCED FOR EACH INDIVIDUAL IN THE WORLD THAN BEFORE THE WAR, SIR HUBERT BROADLEY SAID IN A SPEECH PREPARED FOR A LUNCHEON MEETINGOF THE LANDLADIES CLUB HERE.

WORLD FOOD SUPPLIES IN TERMS OF CALORIES HAS RISEN ONE PER CENT, HE SAID, BUT THE POPULATION HAS INCREASED EIGHT PER CENT.

BROADLEY DECLARED THAT WHEN THE FAO EMPHASIZES THE DANGERS AHEAD "WE ARE LABELLED WITH THE NEO-MALTHUSIANS AND TOLD THAT WE ARE TOO DEFEATIST, THAT WE TOO ACCEPT THE IMPOSSIBILITY OF ACHIEVING A CONTENTED WELL-FED WORLD."

THAT IS NOT TRUE, HE SAID, ADDING THAT "WE CAN AND DO CONTEMPLATE A WORLD WITH ENOUGH FOOD FOR EVERYBODY."

IT WILL REQUIRE "BLOOD AND TOIL, TEARS AND SWEAT" TO PROVIDE THE EXTRA FOOD NEEDED, THE OFFICIAL SAID.

FOR ONE THING, BROADLEY SUGGESTED, EACH FIELD AND INDIVIDUAL FARM CAN PRODUCE MORE FOOD THROUGH IMPROVEMENTS.

THE WORLD HAS LEST VAST TRACTS OF FERTILE LAND THROUGH BAD CULTIVATION AND SOIL EROSION. MOST OF THE LOST ACRES CAN BE RESTORED AND SIMILAR LOSSES PREVENTED IN THE FUTURE, HE SAID.

HE ADDED THAT THERE ARE MILLIONS OF ACRES IN TEMPERATE AND TROPICAL REGIONS WHICH HAVE NOT PRODUCED FOOD BUT WHICH COULD BE BROUGHT UNDER CULTIVATION.

BUT, HE SAID, FAO'S INCOME LIMITS ITS ACTIVIES.

"WE ARE HOPING THAT EXTRA RESOURCES WILL BECOME AVAILABLE DURING 1950 AS PART OF THAT GREAT CONCEPTION OF PRESIDENT TRUMAN'S FOR GIVING TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE TO UNDERDEVELOPED COUNTRIES," HE DECLARED.

THE UNITED NATIONS HAS RECOMMENDED THAT OUT OF THE ADDITIONAL RESOURCES WHICH A TECHNICAL FUND WOULD PROVIDE, FAO SHOULD RECEIVE 29 PER CENT TO EXPAND THE ACTIVITIES IT NOW IS UNDERTAKING.

BROADLEY SAID THE PRESENT STATE OF AFFAIRS IS "STILL SO SERIOUS THAT FAR-REACHING AND DETERMINED MEASURES ARE STILL DESPERATELY NEEDED." BUT HE PRAISED THE WORK OF THE INTERNATIONAL EMERGENCY FOOD COMMITTEE AND THE GREAT AND "SELF-SACRIFICING PART" PLAYED BY THE UNITED STATES.

(END ADVANCE TO BE HELD FOR RELEASE EXPECTED ABOUT 1 P.M., EASTERN STANDARD TIME, TODAY, TUESDAY, FEB. 7)

CZ333AES

FEB 8-1950

VOGELER

WASHINGTON, FEB 7 (AP)--SECRETARY OF STATE ACHESON HAS SENT WORD TO THE PREMIER OF HUNGARY THAT THE UNITED STATES REGARDS AS "VERY SERIOUS" THAT COUNTRY'S ARREST AND DETENTION OF AN AMERICAN CITIZEN, ROBERT A. VOGELER.

ACHESON SENT THAT PERSONAL MESSAGE YESTERDAY THROUGH THE HUNGARIAN MINISTER, WHO IS LEAVING FOR BUDAPEST THIS WEEK.

"MR. ACHESON TOLD ME," THE MINISTER, IMRE HORVATH, SAID AFTER A 15 MINUTE INTERVIEW, "THAT I MUST SAY TO MY PREMIER WHEN I SEE HIM THAT THE VOGELER MATTER IS A VERY SERIOUS THING AND THAT THERE IS STRONG OPINION HERE CONCERNING HIM."

VOGELER, VICE PRESIDENT OF THE EUROPEAN BRANCH OF THE INTERNATIONAL TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH CO. HAS BEEN HELD BY HUNGARIAN AUTHORITIES FOR MORE THAN TWO MONTHS ON CHARGES OF "ESPIONAGE AND SABOTAGE."

LAST MONTH, THE STATE DEPARTMENT ORDERED HUNGARY TO CLOSE ITS CONSULATES IN NEW YORK AND CLEVELAND IN RETALIATION FOR VOGELER'S IMPRISONMENT.

CZ402AES

(400) NIGHT LEAD ATOMIC

WASHINGTON, FEB.7-(AP)-FBI CHIEF J. EDGAR HOOVER WAS REPORTED TO HAVE TOLD SENATORS TODAY THERE ARE ABOUT 540,000 COMMUNISTS AND FELLOW-TRAVELERS NOW IN THE UNITED STATES.

OF THIS NUMBER, ABOUT ONE-TENTH WERE DESCRIBED AS CARD-CARRYING MEMBERS OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY.

COMMENTING ON HOOVER'S REPORTED DISCLOSURE, SENATOR CAPEHART (R-IND) TOLD A REPORTER:

"I AM FLABBERGASTED. IT IS THE MOST ALARMING THING I HAVE HEARD IN A LONG TIME. JUST THINK WHAT A POWERFUL 'FIFTH COLUMN' THAT WOULD MAKE IF WE EVER GOT INTO A WAR."

MEANWHILE, SENATORS INDICATED STRONG APPROVAL OF HOOVER'S REPORTED REQUEST FOR 300 NEW FBI AGENTS TO HELP TIGHTEN SECURITY LINES AROUND THE NATION'S ATOMIC SECRETS.

FOR THE THIRD TIME IN FIVE DAYS, HOOVER TALKED WITH SENATORS BEHIND CLOSED DOORS ABOUT DEVELOPMENTS IN THE LONDON ATOMIC ESPIONAGE CASE INVOLVING DR.KLAUS FUCHS, 38, A TOP BRITISH SCIENTIST, WHO IS ACCUSED OF PASSING AMERICAN HYDROGEN BOMB DATA TO MOSCOW.

HOOVER IS SAID TO HAVE PRESENTED THE FIGURES ON COMMUNISTS IN

THIS COUNTRY TO SUPPORT HIS REQUEST TO A SENATE APPROPRIATIONS SUB-COMMITTEE FOR FUNDS TO HIRE 700 MORE EMPLOYES, INCLUDING 300 NEW FBI OPERATIVES.

A COMMITTEE MEMBER, WHO WITHHELD USE OF HIS NAME, SAID THAT UNDER THE CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE FUCHS CASE, HOOVER CAN GET "JUST ABOUT ANYTHING HE WANTS."

HOOVER WAS CLOSETED WITH THE COMMITTEE FOR MORE THAN TWO HOURS.

SENATOR FERGUSON (R-MICH) TOLD NEWSMEN LATER THAT FBI RECORDS SHOW THERE ARE 1,250 CARD-CARRYING COMMUNISTS IN HIS STATE OF MICHIGAN OR ABOUT 12,500 COMMUNISTS AND FELLOW-TRAVELERS.

COMMITTEE MEMBERS WERE UNUSUALLY CLOSE-MOUTHED ABOUT THE FUCHS CASE AFTER HOOVER'S LATEST APPEARANCE. TWO OF THE LAWMAKERS SAID THE FBI CHIEF APPARENTLY WAS ANNOYED BECAUSE THE GIST OF WHAT HE TOLD THE COMMITTEE AT A SECRET SESSION LAST WEEK TURNED UP IN THE NEWSPAPERS.

THEY SAID BOTH HOOVER AND SENATOR MCCARRAN (D-NEV), SUBCOMMITTEE CHAIRMAN, EMPHASIZED THAT EVERYTHING SAID ABOUT THE FUCHS CASE WAS STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL.

"BUT YOU DON'T HAVE TO WORRY," ONE MEMBER TOLD NEWSMEN, "BECAUSE EVERYTHING OF ANY IMPORTANCE ABOUT THE CASE LEAKED OUT THE OTHER DAY."

ONE INFORMANT SAID IT WAS ALLEGED THAT FUCHS HAD BEEN IN CONTACT WITH SOVIET AGENTS IN ENGLAND ON A TWICE-A-MONTH BASIS.

THE INFORMANT SAID FUCHS, WHO WORKED ON U.S. ATOMIC PROJECTS FROM 1943 TO 1946, ALSO CONTACTED FOREIGN AGENTS IN THIS COUNTRY ON A SOMEWHAT LESSER SCALE. THE GERMAN-BORN SCIENTIST WAS A MEMBER OF THE OFFICIAL BRITISH ATOMIC MISSION WHICH HELPED DEVELOP THE A-BOMB IN THE UNITED STATES. HE BECAME A BRITISH CITIZEN IN 1942.

VH735PES

FIRST LEAD ECA

WASHINGTON,FEB.7-(AP)-SENATOR CONNALLY (D-TEX) SAID TODAY HE BELIEVES THE ECONOMIC COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION IS WILLING TO CUT MARSHALL PLAN SPENDING BELOW THE $3,100,000,000(B) ASKED BY PRESIDENT TRUMAN.

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE MADE THIS STATEMENT AFTER ECA CHIEF PAUL HOFFMAN DISCUSSED EUROPE'S ECONOMIC SITUATION WITH THE SENATORS. HOFFMAN WAS CLOSETED WITH THE COMMITTEE MORE THAN TWO HOURS.

"I HAVE AN INTIMATION THAT ECA WILL GO BELOW THE $3,100,000,000(B) ASKED IN THE PRESIDENT'S BUDGET," CONNALLY TOLD REPORTERS. HE ADDED THIS WAS THE IMPRESSION HE RECEIVED FROM THE TALK WITH HOFFMAN.

HOFFMAN TOLD NEWSMEN HE INTENDS TO FOLLOW A "TOUGH POLICY" TOWARD WESTERN EUROPE IN LINE WITH THE POLICY LAID DOWN FOR GERMANY BY HIGH COMMISSIONER JOHN J.MCCLOY.

CONNALLY ALREADY HAS PROPOSED THAT CONGRESS SLASH AT LEAST $1,000,000,000(B) OFF THE $3,776,000,000 VOTED LAST YEAR FOR EUROPEAN AID.

CONNALLY SAID HOFFMAN TOLD THE COMMITTEE THAT "WESTERN EUROPE STILL REMAINS THE NO.1 BATTLEFIELD IN THE WORLD STRUGGLE FOR FREEDOM."

FR135PES

A142WX

WASHINGTON, FEB.7-(AP)-FRANZ BLUECHER, VICE CHANCELLOR OF THE WEST GERMAN REPUBLIC, TODAY OUTLINED THE ECONOMIC SITUATION IN WESTERN BERLIN TO TOP STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS.

BLUECHER, THE HIGHEST RANKING GERMAN TO VISIT THE UNITED STATES SINCE THE END OF THE WAR, IS REPORTED SEEKING ADDITIONAL ECONOMIC AID FOR THE WESTERN SECTORS OF THE CITY.

HE STARTED HIS ROUND OF CONFERENCES BY TALKING TO COL.HENRY BYROADE, HEAD OF THE DEPARTMENT'S BUREAU OF GERMAN-AUSTRIAN AFFAIRS; PERRY LAUKHUFF, HEAD OF THE GERMAN DESK; AND OTHER STATE DEPARTMENT GERMAN EXPERTS.

ALTHOUGH BLUECHER IS HERE ON A "UNOFFICIAL VISIT," HE IS DUE TO TALK WITH SECRETARY OF STATE ACHESON THIS AFTERNOON (3 P.M., EST.)

AB1232PES

(180) UNITED NATIONS

WASHINGTON, FEB.7-(AP)-SENATORS FERGUSON (R-MICH) AND GRAHAM (D-NC) INTRODUCED A RESOLUTION TODAY CALLING ON THE UNITED STATES TO JOIN WITH OTHER NATIONS IN MOVES TO STRENGTHEN THE UNITED NATIONS.

THE FERGUSON-GRAHAM PLAN PROPOSES REMOVAL OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL VETO POWER IN SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES AND ADMISSION OF NEW MEMBERS. THE PLAN ALSO PROPOSES TO:

(1) OPEN THE U.N. MEMBERSHIP TO ALL QUALIFIED STATES;

(2) ELIMINATE RESERVATIONS TO GIVE THE INTERNATIONAL COURT OF JUSTICE COMPULSORY JURISDICTION IN LEGAL DISPUTES;

(3) RENEW EFFORTS TO BUILD UP A UN POLICE FORCE;

(4) GIVE THE U.N. ADMINISTRATION OF CERTAIN DISPUTED AREAS;

(5) GIVE THE U.N. INDEPENDENT SOURCES OF REVENUE IN ADDITION TO MEMBER CONTRIBUTIONS;

(6) HAVE THE INTERNATIONAL LAW COMMISSION PREPARE AN INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL CODE AND STATUTE FOR AN INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL COURT; AND

(7) GIVE TECHNICAL AID TO UNDER-DEVELOPED AREAS OF THE WORLD THROUGH THE U.N.

THIS RESOLUTION IS EXPECTED TO BE SENT TO A SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE WHICH IS STUDYING SEVERAL PROPOSALS FOR STRENGTHENING THE UNITED NATIONS.

VH531PES

FIRST LEAD TOKYO ROSE

WASHINGTON, FEB.7-(AP)-JUSTICE WILLIAM O.DOUGLAS SAID TODAY HE THINKS IT IS DEBATABLE WHETHER A PROPER TRIAL WAS GIVEN "TOKYO ROSE," CONVICTED OF TREASON FOR WARTIME JAPANESE PROPAGANDA BROADCASTS.

HE EXPLAINED IN A STATEMENT THAT THIS IS THE REASON HE DECIDED THE WOMAN--WHOSE REAL NAME IS IVA TOGURI D'AQUINO--SHOULD BE RELEASED ON BAIL PENDING ACTION ON HER APPEAL. HIS STATEMENT WAS ISSUED THROUGH THE OFFICE OF THE CLERK OF THE SUPREME COURT.

THE CLERK SAID YESTERDAY HE HAD RECEIVED WORD THAT DOUGLAS WOULD SIGN AN ORDER PERMITTING MRS.D'AQUINO'S RELEASE ON $50,000 BAIL. THE CLERK MAILED THE PROPER DOCUMENTS TO DOUGLAS WHO IS AT PHOENIX, ARIZ., RECOVERING FROM A RIDING ACCIDENT.

IN HIS STATEMENT, DOUGLAS EMPHASIZED THAT HE WAS NOT PASSING JUDGMENT ON THE MATTERS RAISED IN MRS.D'AQUINO'S APPEAL BUT ONLY SAYING THEY WERE FAIRLY DEBATABLE AND ENTITLED TO A HEARING.

HE ADDED THE COMMENT THAT "AN APPELLANT, THOUGH GUILTY BEYOND QUESTION, MAY HAVE BEEN DENIED THE KIND OF A TRIAL THAT EVEN A TRAITOR TO OUR COUNTRY IS ENTITLED TO UNDER THE CONSTITUTION AND

LAWS. THOSE ARE SITUATIONS WHERE BAIL PENDING APPEAL SHOULD BE GRANTED."

"TOKYO ROSE" WAS CONVICTED OF TREASON LAST OCTOBER AND WAS SENTENCED IN FEDERAL COURT IN SAN FRANCISCO TO 10 YEARS IN PRISON AND FINED $10,000. SHE IS NOW IN THE FEDERAL REFORMATORY AT ALDERSON,W.VA.

THE U.S. CIRCUIT COURT IN SAN FRANCISCO REFUSED TO ALLOW HER RELEASE ON BAIL PENDING ITS DECISION ON AN APPEAL SHE HAS FILED THERE. THE STATEMENT BY DOUGLAS SAID HE FELT THE CIRCUIT COURT WAS WRONG AND CITED HIS AUTHORITY UNDER THE FEDERAL RULES OF CRIMINAL PROCEEDURE TO GRANT HER RELEASE ON BAIL.

(NO PICKUP)

GG224PES

(100) CHINA

WASHINGTON,FEB.7-(AP)-THE LEGISLATURE OF NATIONALIST CHINA TODAY ACCUSED RUSSIA OF "IMPERIALIST AGGRESSION" AGAINST CHINA IN VIOLATION OF TREATIES AND IN "CYNICAL DISREGARD" OF THE UNITED NATIONS CHARTER.

THE STATEMENT OF THE LEGISLATURE, KNOWN AS THE CONTROL YUAN, WAS TRANSMITTED TO THE U.S. CONGRESS BY CHINA'S AMBASSADOR, V.K.WELLINGTON KOO.

THE YUAN APPEALED TO CONGRESS FOR "SYMPATHETIC AID" AND SAID THE SOVIET UNION'S "POLICY OF AGGRESSION" IS AIDED BY THE "SOVIET-CREATED PUPPET CHINESE COMMUNIST REGIME."

MD1219AES

GREENWICH, CONN., FEB.7-(AP)-LARRY ADLER, THE HARMONICA VIRTUOSO, SWORE TODAY THAT HE NEVER "KNOWINGLY SUPPORTED ANY COMMUNIST FRONT ORGANIZATIONS."

ADLER MADE THE STATEMENT AT A PRE-TRIAL HEARING HELD HERE IN AN EFFORT TO NARROW THE ISSUES IN HIS $100,000 LIBEL SUIT AGAINST MRS. HESTER R.MCCULLOUGH OF GREENWICH WHICH IS TO BE TRIED IN FEDERAL COURT AT NEW HAVEN.

DANCER PAUL DRAPER, WHO JOINED ADLER IN SUING MRS.MCCULLOUGH FOR AN EQUAL AMOUNT, TESTIFIED AT A PRE-TRIAL HEARING LAST NOVEMBER, WHEN ADLER WAS IN EUROPE. DRAPER DID NTT APPEAR HERE TODAY.

ONE OF MRS.MCCULLOUGH'S LAWYERS, MACDONALD (SMALL D) DEWITT (CAPS D W) DREW FROM ADLER ADMISSIONS THAT ORGANIZATIONS HE HAD SUPPORTED HAD BEEN LISTED BY VARIOUS OFFICIAL AGENCIES AS "PRO-COMMUNIST."

HE DENIED, HOWEVER, AS HE HAD UNDER EARLIER QUESTIONING BY ANOTHER DEFENSE ATTORNEY, C.DRISCOLL GRIMES, THAT HE HAD EVER SUPPORTED ANY ORGANIZATION WITH THE KNOWLEDGE THAT IT WAS A "COMMUNIST FRONT."

"I HAVE SUPPORTED THE RIGHTS OF PEOPLE--IF THEY HAPPEN TO BE COMMUNISTS IT WOULDN'T MAKE ANY DIFFERENCE," DECLARED ADLER.

ADLER AND DRAPER, IN THEIR SUIT FILED IN JANUARY, 1949, CHARGED THAT MRS.MCCULLOUGH, WIFE OF AN ASSOCIATE PICTURE EDITOR OF TIME MAGAZINE, DAMAGED THEIR PERSONAL AND PROFESSIONAL REPUTATION WITH ORAL AND PRINTED STATEMENTS THAT THEY HELD COMMUNIST SYMPATHIES.

AT THE TIME, MRS.MCCULLOUGH WAS PROTESTING AGAINST THEIR SCHEDULED APPEARANCE AT A CONCERT HERE.

NO DATE HAS BEEN SET FOR TRIAL OF THE SUIT, BUT MRS. MCCULLOUGH HAS PETITIONED THE FEDERAL COURT TO SET A DATE WHEN THE NEXT TERM OPENS, FEBRUARY 14.

FS930PES

A17NR

WITH WASHINGTON ATOMIC

PRINCETON,N.J.,FEB 7-(AP)-ALBERT EINSTEIN'S SECRETARY SAID TODAY SHE KNEW NOTHING OF ATOM SCIENTIST KLAUS FUCHS, KEY FIGURE IN THE BRITISH SPY PROBE.

WASHINGTON REPORTS SAID THE FAMED PHYSICIST HAD OBTAINED THE FORMER GERMAN SCIENTIST'S RELEASE FROM A CANADIAN INTERNMENT CAMP IN 1940.

EINSTEIN'S SECRETARY AND HOUSEKEEPER, HELEN DUKAS, SAID SHE COULD FIND NO RECORD OF ANY SUCH APPEAL ON BEHALF OF FUCHS, NOW ACCUSED OF PASSING ALONG TOP ATOMIC SECRETS TO THE RUSSIANS.

"I REMEMBER NOTHING WHATSOEVER ABOUT THE CASE," SHE SAID. "I CANNOT FIND ANY MENTION OF HIM OR REFERENCES TO HIS NAME IN DR.EINSTEIN'S CORRESPONDENCE FILE."

Q509PES

A120KX (TOP) (WX F)

SECOND NIGHT LEAD BRIDGES (130)

BY KATHERINE PINKHAM

SAN FRANCISCO, FEB.7-(AP)-HARRY BRIDGES TESTIFIED TODAY THAT RANK AND FILE LONGSHOREMEN--NOT COMMUNISTS--PLANNED AND CARRIED OUT THE WEST COAST'S BITTER 1934 STRIKE.

THIS WAS A POINTED EFFORT TO REFUTE PROSECUTION TESTIMONY THAT THE LONG AND COSTLY 1934 STRIKE WAS COMMUNIST-DIRECTED.

BRIDGES IS PRESIDENT OF THE CIO INTERNATIONAL LONGSHOREMEN'S AND WAREHOUSEMEN'S UNION. HE IS DEFENDING HIMSELF AGAINST A FEDERAL CHARGE THAT HE LIED TO OBTAIN CITIZENSHIP IN 1945. HE SWORE THEN THAT HE WAS NOT A COMMUNIST. THE GOVERNMENT CHARGES THAT HE WAS.

BRIDGES OUTLINED THE 1934 STRIKE PREPARATIONS, THE COMMITTEE ORGANIZATION AND STRATEGY MEETINGS. HE SAID LOCALS WERE FORMED UP AND DOWN THE COAST, AND A RANK AND FILE REFERENDUM WAS TAKEN, AUTHORIZING A STRIKE IF DEMANDS WERE NOT MET. THAT STRIKE LED TO FORMATION OF THE ILWU.

THE QUESTION OF COMMUNIST AFFILIATION NEVER CAME UP TODAY, AT HIS FIRST SESSION ON THE WITNESS STAND. DEFENSE LAWYER VINCENT HALLINAN DEVOTED IT ALL TO RECORDING BRIDGES' BACKGROUND.

HALLINAN LED BRIDGES THROUGH A DETAILED ACCOUNT OF HIS LIFE AS A CHILD IN HIS NATIVE AUSTRALIA, HIS YEARS AS A SEAMAN ON SQUARE RIGGERS AND STEAMERS AND EXPERIENCES ON THE WATERFRONTS. WATERFRONT STRIKES IN THE UNITED STATES SINCE 1920 WERE PARTICULARLY EMPHASIZED.

BRIDGES, ONE OF THE COUNTRY'S MOST CONTROVERSIAL LABOR LEADERS, APPEARED ENTIRELY RELAXED.

P6PCS

(ADVANCE)..NEW HAVEN, FEB.7-(AP)-THE REV. LUTHER A.WEIGLE, ITS PRESIDENT, SAYS THAT THE YALE-IN-CHINA ASSOCIATION WILL CONTINUE ITS MEDICAL AND EDUCATIONAL WORK IN CHINA "WITHOUT INTERFERING IN ANY WAY IN THE POLITICAL AFFAIRS" OF THAT COUNTRY.

DR.WEIGLE, DEAN EMERITUS OF THE YALE DIVINITY SCHOOL, STATED THE ASSOCIATION'S FUTURE POLICY IN A LETTER TO DR. DWIGHT R.RUGH, REPRESENTATIVE IN CHINA OF THE ORGANIZATION'S BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

IN DISCLOSING THE LETTER TODAY, DR.WEIGLE SAID THAT THE STATEMENT OF POLICY WAS AIMED AT GUIDING DR.RUGH IN HIS RELATIONS WITH

THE NEW CHINESE GOVERNMENT.

"I WISH TO AFFIRM AT THIS TIME," DR.WEIGLE WROTE, "THAT WE HOPE TO CONTINUE TO THE BEST OF OUR ABILITY THE SERVICE WHICH THE YALE-IN-CHINA ASSOCIATION HAS RENDERED TO THE PEOPLE OF CHINA SINCE THE FOUNDING OF YALE-IN-CHINA IN 1901 X X X

"WE WISH TO CONTINUE THIS SERVICE, NOW AND HEREAFTER, AS IN THE PAST, WITHOUT INTERFERING IN ANY WAY IN THE POLITICAL AFFAIRS OF CHINA," HE ADDED.

"ABOVE ALL," HE CONCLUDED, "WE WOULD PAY TRIBUTE TO THE CHINESE PEOPLE AND EXPRESS TO THEM OUR DETERMINATION TO BE OF ALL POSSIBLE ASSISTANCE AS THEY MOVE FORWARD VIGOROUSLY AND COURAGEOUSLY TO MEET THE PROBLEMS THAT LIE AHEAD."

REUBEN A.HOLDEN, SECRETARY OF THE ASSOCIATION, REPORTED AT THE SAME TIME THAT THE EDUCATIONAL AND MEDICAL WORK OF THE FIVE INSTITUTIONS SUPPORT BY YALE-IN-CHINA "HAS SO FAR PROGRESSED QUITE NORMALLY."

LS715PES

NIGHT LEAD JAPANESE

ALBANY, N.Y., FEB.7-(AP)-TOURING JAPANESE LAWMAKERS SPENT ALMOST THREE HOURS TODAY LEARNING HOW NEW YORK STATE'S EDUCATION SYSTEM WORKS.

THEIR INSTRUCTOR WAS STATE EDUCATION COMMISSIONER FRANCIS T. SPAULDING.

THE VISITORS ARE 14 MEMBERS OF THE JAPANESE DIET. THEY ARE SPENDING THE WEEK IN ALBANY, OBSERVING THE STATE GOVERNMENT IN ACTION.

SPAULDING TOLD THE JAPANESE THE STATE'S EDUCATIONAL SYSTEM WAS OF A "DEMOCRATIC NATURE."

HE EXPLAINED THAT THE MAJOR RESPONSIBILITY FOR DIRECTION OF SCHOOLS RESTED WITH LOCAL SCHOOL BOARDS.

THE JAPANESE SAID THEY WERE DEEPLY CONCERNED WITH THE PROBLEM OF FREE EDUCATION IN BUILDING A DEMOCRATIC JAPAN.

THEY QUESTIONED SPAULDING AT LENGTH ON THE SYSTEM OF STATE FINANCIAL AID TO EDUCATION.

THE VISITORS ALSO TOURED THE STATE MUSEUM AND LIBRARY IN THE EDUCATION BUILDING.

TOMORROW, THEY WILL VISIT THE LEGISLATURE FOR A SECOND TIME AND SPEND THE AFTERNOON ON A SIGHTSEEING TOUR OF THE ALBANY AREA.

TOMORROW NIGHT, THEY WILL ATTEND A COLLEGE BASKETBALL GAME BETWEEN SIENA COLLEGE OF NEARBY LOUDONVILLE, AND AMERICAN UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON, D.C.

LS732PES

LOS ANGELES,FEB.7-(AP)-ENDING A 24-HOUR FIGHT TO HAVE ITS RECOMMENDATION FOR LENIENCY RECOGNIZED, A FEDERAL JURY LAST NIGHT CONVICTED THREE MEN AND A CORPORATION OF CONSPIRING TO VIOLATE THE U.S. NEUTRALITY ACT BY SMUGGLING PLANES TO PALESTINE.

THE JURY HAD BROUGHT IN THE SAME VERDICT SUNDAY NIGHT, BUT U.S. JUDGE PEIRSON M.HALL REFUSED TO CONSIDER THE RECOMMENDATION AS PART OF THE VERDICT.

ONE JUROR, MARSHALL CHLAVIN, THEN REVERSED HIS VOTE AND HALL SENT THE JURY BACK FOR FURTHER DELIBERATION.

AT 9:15 P.M. LAST NIGHT HE CALLED BACK THE JURORS AND EXPLAINED THERE HAD BEEN A MISUNDERSTANDING. THE RESPONSIBILITY OF ADMINISTERING PUNISHMENT WAS HIS, HE SAID, AS HE HAD POINTED OUT SUNDAY NIGHT. BUT HE SAID HE CERTAINLY WOULD GIVE CONSIDERATION TO WHATEVER RECOMMENDATION THE JURY MIGHT MAKE.

THE JURY THEN RETIRED AND MINUTES LATER BROUGHT BACK A VERDICT OF CONVICTION--WITH THE SAME RECOMMENDATION FOR LENIENCY. JUDGE HALL ACCEPTED THE VERDICT.

CONVICTED WERE ADOLPH W.SCHWIMMER, PRESIDENT OF SERVICE AIRWAYS OF NEW YORK; RAY SELK, OF LOS ANGELES, AND LEON GARDNER OF NORTH HOLLYWOOD.

IN THE ORIGINAL SUNDAY NIGHT VERDICT, THE JURY ACQUITTED THREE OTHER MEN: HERMAN M.GREENSPUN, LAS VEGAS; WILLIAM SOSNOW, NEW YORK, AND SAM R.LEWIS, LOS ANGELES.

VR540ACS NM

SAN FRANCISCO, FEB7-(AP)-LESTER BOWLES PEARSON, CANADA'S SECRETARY OF STATE FOR EXTERNAL AFFAIRS, ARRIVED TODAY BY PLANE FROM THE FAR EAST.

PEARSON IS EN ROUTE HOME FROM THE COMMONWEALTH CONFERENCE OF FOREIGN MINISTERS AT COLOMBO, CEYLON. HE ALSO VISITED INDIA, BURMA, HONGKONG AND TOKYO.

HE SAID HE HAD MANY LONG TALKS WITH GENERAL DOUGLAS MACARTHUR IN TOKYO, AND SAID HE SHARED "THE ADMIRATION FOR GENERAL MACARTHUR'S WORK."

CONCERNING THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS, PEARSON SAID THEY ARE TREATING CANADIAN DIPLOMATS AT NANKING AND SHANGHAI "CORRECTLY."

"I HAD NO DIFFICULTY PUTTING THROUGH A CALL FROM HONGKONG TO OUR MAN IN SHANGHAI," HE SAID.

ASKED WHAT HIS FEELINGS WERE WHEN ONE OF HIS PLANE'S FOUR ENGINES FAILED A HALF HOUR OUT OF THE GOLDEN GATE, THE CANADIAN FOREIGN MINISTER SAID:

"LOSING ONE IN FOUR DOESN'T MEAN MUCH, THE FORMER RCAF FIGHTER PILOT EXPLAINED.

PEARSON SAID HE WILL RETURN SHORTLY TO CANADA WHERE "I HAVE TO REPORT TO PARLIAMENT, YOU KNOW."

FR00913PCS

NIGHT LEAD COMMUNISTS (230)

NEW YORK,FEB.7-(AP)-FIVE LAWYERS AND ONE DEFENDANT IN THE COMMUNIST CONSPIRACY TRIAL TODAY WON A NEW POSTPONEMENT OF THE DATE ON WHICH THEY MUST BEGIN JAIL SENTENCES FOR CONTEMPT OF COURT.

THE U.S. CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS GRANTED THE DELAY IN RESERVING JUDGMENT ON THE APPEALS OF THE SIX FROM CONTEMPT SENTENCES IMPOSED AT THE END OF THE CONSPIRACY TRIAL LAST FALL.

THE SENTENCES NOW ARE SCHEDULED TO BEGIN MAY 2, ONE DAY AFTER THE ATTORNEYS ARE TO FILE BRIEFS IN THE APPEAL OF 11 COMMUNIST LEADERS FROM THEIR CONVICTION ON CHARGES OF CONSPIRING TO ADVOCATE OVERTHROW OF THE U.S. GOVENMENT BY FORCE.

THOSE INVOLVED IN THE CONTEMPT CASE ARE EUGENE DENNIS, WHO ACTED AS HIS OWN LAWYER; AND ATTORNEYS HARRY SACHER AND ABRAHAM J.ISSERMAN,

NEW YORK; RICHARD GLADSTEIN OF LOS ANGELES, GEORGE W.CROCKETT,JR., OF DETROIT AND LOUIS F.MCCABE OF PHILADELPHIA. SAN FRANCISCO

THEIR SENTENCES RANGE FROM 30 DAYS TO SIX MONTHS.

DEFENDING THE SENTENCES BEFORE THE COURT OF APPEALS TODAY, IRVING S.SHAPIRO OF THE JUSTICE DEPARTMENT SAID "NO JUDGE IN THIS COUNTRY EVER HAD TO ENDURE WHAT JUDGE MEDINA ENDURED" FROM THE DEFENSE DURING THE LONG CONSPIRACY TRIAL.

"CHALLENGING THE COURT'S INTEGRITY WHENEVER THERE IS AN ADVERSE RULING OUGHT NOT TO BE ENDURED," SHAPIRO DECLARED.

MEDINA, IN CITING THE LAWYERS AND DENNIS FOR CONTEMPT, ACCUSED THEM OF ENTERING INTO AN AGREEMENT TO OBXTCTKUSTICE.

THE DEFENSE LAW

THEM OF ENTERING INTO AN AGREEMENT TO OBSTRUCT JUSTICE.

THE DEFENSE LAWYERS ARGUED YESTERDAY THAT IF THERE HAD BEEN SUCH AN AGREEMENT MEDINA COULD NOT POSSIBLY HAVE KNOWN ABOUT IT AND THUS COULD NOT IMPOSE SENTENCES ON THE BASIS OF IT.

ML343PES

NIGHT LEAD COPLON-GUBITCHEV (240)

NEW YORK, FEB.7-(AP)-A GOVERNMENT WITNESS TESTIFIED TODAY THAT JUDITH COPLON ONCE SOUGHT TO ENTER THE SERVICE OF THIS COUNTRY'S SUPER-SECRET CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY.

WILLIAM E. FOLEY, MISS COPLON'S FORMER BOSS IN THE JUSTICE DEPARTMENT, GAVE THE TESTIMONY IN THE FEDERAL COURT TRIAL OF THE EX-GOVERNMENT GIRL AND VALENTIN A. GUBITCHEV, A RUSSIAN, ON SPY CONSPIRACY CHARGES.

BROOKLYN-BORN MISS COPLON ALREADY HAS BEEN CONVICTED OF REMOVING SECRET GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENTS FROM THE JUSTICE DEPARTMENT OFFICES FOR THE RUSSIANS' BENEFIT.

"I KNEW SHE WANTED TO GET INTO THE CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY," FOLEY SAID. "SHE DISCUSSED THE MATTER WITH ME."

THE CIA IS THE GOVERNMENT UNIT THAT KEEPS THE PRESIDENT AND OTHER TOP LEVEL OFFICIALS INFORMED ON WHAT IS HAPPENING ABROAD.

FOLEY TESTIFIED EARLIER THAT MISS COPLON TRIED ON THREE OCCASIONS TO SEE A TOP SECRET FBI REPORT DEALING WITH SOVIET AGENTS.

CROSS-EXAMINED BY MISS COPLON'S LAWYER, ARCHIBALD PALMER, FOLEY SAID HE ONCE GAVE MISS COPLON A RIDE HOME FROM A THEATER BECAUSE IT WAS RAINING. HE DENIED THEY EVER WENT OUT TOGETHER SOCIALLY.

FOLEY WAS CROSS-EXAMINED AT LENGTH ABOUT A DECOY MEMORANDUM PREPARED BY THE FBI AND GIVEN TO MISS COPLON.

HE SAID HE SUSPECTED THE MEMO MIGHT NOT BE GENUINE BUT ADDED:

"WHAT I KNEW IS ONE THING. WHAT I BELIEVED OR SUSPECTED IS ANOTHER MATTER."

THE DEFENSE CONTENDS THE MEMO WAS GIVEN TO MISS COPLON IN AN EFFORT TO TRAP HER. FBI AGENTS HAVE TESTIFIED THAT A COPY OF IT WAS IN HER HANDBAG WHEN SHE AND GUBITCHEV WERE ARRESTED IN NEW YORK LAST MARCH 4.

KS1053PES

BY LEO BRANHAM

(ADVANCE FOR USE AT 8:30 P.M. TODAY, TUESDAY, FEB.7)

(ADVANCE)..NEW YORK, FEB.7-(AP)-JAPAN IS AGAIN BECOMING THE "WORKSHOP OF THE FAR EAST," FORMER UNDER-SECRETARY OF WAR WILLIAM H.DRAPER, JR., DECLARED TONIGHT.

BUT, HE POINTED OUT, THERE ARE TWO IMPORTANT CHANGES FROM PREWAR TIMES.

TODAY, "ARMAMENTS AND A MILITARY CLIQUE TO THREATEN TO PEACE OF THE ORIENT" ARE MISSING FROM THE NIPPONESE SCENE.

DRAPER, NOW VICE PRESIDENT OF DILLON, READ & CO., WALL STREET INVESTMENT BANKERS, RETURNED RECENTLY FROM A TWO-MONTH BUSINESS TRIP TO JAPAN.

ADDRESSING THE FOREIGN POLICY ASSOCIATION TONIGHT, HE SAID:

"THE JAPANESE PEOPLE ARE WINNING THROUGH AFTER A PERIOD OF HARDSHIP AND THREATENED STARVATION. THEIR WILL TO LIVE, TO WORK HARD AND LONG ON A LOW STANDARD OF LIVING IS SLOWLY SALVAGING THEIR NATION FROM THE DESPAIR AND ECONOMIC COLLAPSE THAT FOLLOWED DEFEAT."

DRAPER SAID JAPAN, DURING THE PAST TWO YEARS, HAD DOUBLED HER INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION AND TRIPLED HER EXPORTS TO A 1949 TOTAL OF NEARLY $600,000,000.

HE SAID JAPAN, WITH HER NATIONAL BUDGET BALANCED AND HER CURRENCY STABILIZED AT 360 YEN TO THE U.S. DOLLAR, HAS "LAID THE BASIS FOR A SOUND INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL ECONOMY."

DRAPER, WHO HAD HIGH PRAISE FOR GEN. DOUGLAS MACARTHUR, PRONOUNCED THE ALLIED OCCUPATION OF JAPAN AN "OUTSTANDING SUCCESS." IT HAD, HE SAID, "ELICITED ALMOST UNBELIEVABLE COOPERATION FROM THE EMPEROR, THE JAPANESE GOVERNMENT AND THE JAPANESE PEOPLE. ITS PRESTIGE HAS NEVER BEEN HIGHER."

BUT, HE ARGUED, "NOW IS THE TIME TO END IT."

"ONLY AFTER A TREATY OF PEACE, WHEN SHE IS AGAIN HER OWN MASTER, CAN JAPAN BARGAIN EFFECTIVELY AND IN HER OWN RIGHT FOR AMERICAN AND OTHER FOREIGN SKILLS, MACHINES AND PATENT RIGHTS SHE SO BADLY NEEDS AND DESIRES.

"THE OCCUPATION NOW PERMITS, THEORETICALLY AT LEAST, FOREIGN INVESTMENTS TO BE MADE IN JAPAN. BUT NEGOTIATIONS MUST BE CARRIED ON NOT ONLY WITH THE INDUSTRIAL COMPANIES DIRECTLY CONCERNED, BUT WITH TWO BUREAUCRACIES AS WELL, THE JAPANESE GOVERNMENT AND THE STAFF OF THE SUPREME COMMANDER."

DRAPER ADDED, HOWEVER, THAT "POLICY IS GRADUALLY RESPONDING TO JAPANESE DESIRES AND TO NECESSITY." HE PREDICTED "REAL PROGRESS IN REALISTICALLY ENCOURAGING" FOREIGN INVESTMENTS IN JAPAN COULD BE EXPECTED WITHIN THE NEXT FEW MONTHS.

HE SAID HE DID NOT ADVOCATE NOR EXPECT LARGE INVESTMENTS BY THE AMERICAN PUBLIC IN JAPANESE SECURITIES OR IN JAPANESE COMPANIES. "BUT I DO ADVOCATE," HE CONTINUED," THAT LARGE AMERICAN INDUSTRIAL COMPANIES WITH WORLDWIDE BUSINESS, LOOK CAREFULLY INTO THE FUTURE POSSIBILITIES OF JAPAN.

"AMERICAN KNOW-HOW AND MANAGEMENT COMBINED WITH JAPANESE INDSTRIAL SKILLS, WILLINGNESS TO WORK AND ABILITY TO FOLLOW INTELLIGENT INDUSTRIAL LEADERSHIP CAN BRING GREAT MUTUAL BENEFIT TO BOTH COUNTRIES."

LS708PES

U.N.

BY A.I. GOLDBERG

FEB 8-1950

LAKE SUCCESS, FEB 8-(AP)-FRANCE REFUSED TO VOTE FOR OR AGAINST A PROPOSAL TO KICK THE CHINESE NATIONALISTS OUT OF THE UNITED NATIONS ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL YESTERDAY.

AND THAT HAD U.N. DIPLOMATS GUESSING TODAY WHETHER THE FRENCH ARE VEERING TOWARD RECOGNITION OR TOLERANCE OF RED CHINA.

RUSSIA DEMANDED THE NATIONALIST OUSTER AND WALKED OUT-FOLLOWED BY POLAND AND CZECHOSLOVAKIA--WHEN THE VOTE WENT AGAINST THEM AND NATIONALIST CHINA STAYED.

FEW HAD EXPECTED FRANCE TO AVOID A CHANCE TO VOTE AGAINST THE RUSSIANS. FRANCE HAS NOT RECOGNIZED THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS AND UP TO NOW HAS VOTED FOR THE NATIONALISTS EVERY TIME THE QUESTION OF KEEPING THEM IN THE U.N. CAME UP IN THE PAST FOUR WEEKS.

FURTHERMORE, RUSSIA HAS RECOGNIZED THE VIETNAM "PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC" OF HO CHI-MINH, ENEMY OF FRANCE WHO IS FIGHTING A JUNGLE WAR AGAINST FRENCH TROOPS IN INDOCHINA.

THE FRENCH HAVE INSTALLED BAO DAI, FORMER EMPEROR OF ANNAM, AS LEADER OF THE VIETNAM REPUBLIC WITHIN THE FRENCH UNION (EMPIRE).

BRITAIN, WHICH RECOGNIZES THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS, AND THE UNITED STATES, WHICH DOESN'T, CAME THROUGH YESTERDAY FOR FRANCE WITH ANNOUNCEMENTS FROM LONDON AND WASHINGTON RECOGNIZING BAO DAI AS RULER OF VIETNAM. THUS, THREE BIG POWERS WERE RANGED AGAINST MOSCOW IN THE CURRENT PARIS-MOSCOW FEUD OVER VIETNAM.

BUT FRANCE DESERTED ITS CHINESE NATIONALIST SUPPORT IN YESTERDAY'S VOTE. GEORGES BORIS, THE ECONOMIST WHO IS THE FRENCH DELEGATE TO THE COUNCIL, EXPLAINS IT IN THESE WORDS:

"I WAS FOLLOWING MY GOVERNMENT'S INSTRUCTIONS. THAT, OF COURSE, IS MY FORMAL ANSWER. IF I HAD EXPLAINED MY VOTE TO THE COUNCIL, IT WOULD HAVE GONE LIKE THIS:

"THE VALIDITY OF THE POWERS OF A CHINESE GOVERNMENT NOW IS IN QUESTION. IT IS A QUESTION MY GOVERNMENT IS STUDYING. WE HAVE NO DECISION ON IT YET. THEREFORE, WE ABSTAIN ON THE VOTE.

"IT IS NOT A SIMPLE QUESTION. WE DO NOT CONSIDER THE AMOUNT OF TERRITORY GOVERNED BY ONE REGIME OR THE OTHER. IT IS A QUESTION OF GOVERNMENTAL POWER.

"I WOULD ALSO HAVE POINTED TO THE STATEMENT OF INDIA'S DELEGATE (WHO ALSO ABSTAINED) THAT THE ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL IS NOT REALLY THE PLACE TO DECIDE THE CREDENTIALS OF A GOVERNMENT."

INDIA HAS ALSO RECOGNIZED THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS AND ONCE VOTED, WITH RUSSIA AND YUGOSLAVIA IN THE SECURITY COUNCIL, TO OUST THE NATIONALISTS.

M741AES

FEB 8-1950

U.N. (280)

BY A.I. GOLDBERG

LAKE SUCCESS, FEB. 7-(AP)-THE UNITED NATIONS FACES THE PROBABILITY OF ANOTHER SOVIET BLOC WALKOUT TODAY.

OFFICIALS WERE CERTAIN BEFOREHAND THAT RUSSIA AND TWO SATELLITES WILL REFUSE TO STAY IN THE 18-NATION ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL AS LONG AS A CHINESE NATIONALIST IS SEATED THERE.

THE COUNCIL OPENS ITS WINTER SESSION (ABOUT 11 A.M. EST) TO ELECT OFFICERS AND DECIDE WHAT ITS WORK WILL BE IN THE COMING MONTH OR SIX WEEKS.

JUST FOUR WEEKS AGO, RUSSIA'S JAKOB A. MALIK WALKED OUT OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL OVER THE CHINA REPRESENTATION QUESTION.

ELEVEN OTHER U.N. ORGANS HAVE BEEN BOYCOTTED BY SOVIET BLOC WALK-OUT-STRIKES IN LESS THAN A MONTH.

POLAND AND CZECHOSLOVAKIA ARE THE SOVIET SATELLITE MEMBERS OF THE COUNCIL.

THE LITTLE ASSEMBLY, BOYCOTTED BY THE RUSSIANS AND THEIR SYMPATHIZERS SINCE IT FIRST MET IN JANUARY, 1948, TO KEEP U.N. WORK GOING ALL YEAR AROUND, MEETS (ABOUT 10:30 A.M. EST) TO DISCUSS THE BEST WAY TO STAKE OUT BOUNDARIES IN FORMER ITALIAN COLONIES IN AFRICA.

IT IS THE LITTLE ASSEMBLY'S FIRST SESSION SINCE ITS 1950 ORGANIZATION MEETING IN JANUARY. T.F. TSIANG, CHIEF NATIONALIST CHINESE DELEGATE, HAS READY FOR IT A FIVE-PAGE INDICTMENT ACCUSING RUSSIA OF HELPING THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS TO POWER.

THE SECURITY COUNCIL IN AN AFTERNOON SESSION (ABOUT 3 P.M. EST) TAKES UP THE INDIA-PAKISTAN DISPUTE OVER POSSESSION OF THE PRINCELY STATE OF KASHMIR.

ITS PROGRAM CALLS FOR GEN. A.G.L. MCNAUGHTMIRMER

ITS PROGRAM CALLS FOR GEN. A.G.L. MCNAUGHTON, FORMER CANADIAN REPRESENTATIVE ON THE COUNCIL, TO TELL WHAT PROGRESS HE HAS MADE IN TRYING TO MEDIATE THE DISPUTE. SINCE CANADA RETIRED AS A SECURITY COUNCIL MEMBER DEC. 31, THERE WERE PREDICTIONS THE COUNCIL WOULD YIELD TO HIS REQUEST TO TURN OVER THE MEDIATION TASK TO SOME OTHER U.N. MEMBER.

SJ435AES

FEB 8-1950

LAKE SUCCESS, FEB.7-(AP)-THE UNITED NATIONS SECURITY COUNCIL MET WITHOUT RUSSIA TODAY TO CONSIDER THE INDIA-PAKISTAN DISPUTE OVER KASHMIR. RUSSIA IS BOYCOTTING THE COUNCIL IN PROTEST AGAINST THE CONTINUED PRESENCE OF CHINESE NATIONALIST DIPLOMATS.

THE COUNCIL'S FEBRUARY PRESIDENT, CARLOS BLANCO OF CUBA, EXPRESSED THE APPRECIATION OF THE MEMBERS FOR THE WORK OF THE JANUARY PRESIDENT, NATIONALIST CHINA'S T.F.TSIANG. HE SAID TSIANG DEMONSTRATED GREAT QUALITIES OF STATESMANSHIP DURING HIS TIME. TSIANG THANKED BLANCO FOR HIS REMARKS.

IT WAS NGMTANG'S PRESIDENCY THAT SOVIET DEPUTY FOREIGN MINISTER JAKOB A.MALIK STAGED HIS TWO WALKOUTS--JAN.10 AND JAN.13. THE COUNCIL MET JAN.17 FOR THE FIRST TIME WITHOUT RUSSIA.

LS711PES

30.24- 8815

THE RUSSIANS NOW HAVE STAYED AWAY FROM OR WALKED OUT OF 12 U.N. BODIES IN FOUR WEEKS OVER THE CINA QUESTION. T

U.N. BODIES IN FOUR WEEKS OVER THE CHINA QUESTION. THE BOYCOTT COVERS THE THREE MAIN COUNCILS OF THE U.N.--TRUSTEESHIP, ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL, AND SECURITY.

THE LITTLE ASSEMBLY WAS INSTRUCTED BY THE REGULAR ASSEMBLY LAST FALL TO KEEP IN TOUCH WITH THE CHINESE ISSUE UNTIL THE BIG ASSEMBLY MEETS AGAIN.

TSIANG CONTENDED CHIANG'S FORCES ARE SUPREMELY CONFIDENT THEY CAN HOLD FORMOSA AGAINST THE PEIPING COMMUNISTS ALONE.

IT WOULD BE SERIOUS, HE TOLD THE LITTLE ASSEMBLY, IF SOVIET NAVAL UNITS OR SOVIET WAR PLANES TOOK PART IN THE BATTLE AGAINST FORMOSA. HE CONTENDED THE PRESENCE OF OBSERVERS WOULD DISCOURAGE SUCH HELP.

THE U.N. COULD DRAW ON MEMBER COUNTRIES FOR AIR AND NAVAL OBSERVERS.

TSIANG TOLD THE DELEGATES NATIONALIST FORCES HAVE BEATEN OFF COMMUNIST ATTEMPTS TO TAKE SMALL ISLANDS NEAR THE CHINESE MAINLAND. HE SAID NATIONALIST MORALE IS BETTER THAN IT WAS A YEAR AGO, OR EVEN SIX MONTHS AGO.

"ALL INDICATIONS POINT TO THE ECONOMIC COLLAPSE OF COMMUNIST CHINA," TSIANG SAID, "TO THE QUICK DISILLUSIONMENT WITH THE COMMUNISTS ON THE PART OF ALL CLASSES OF THE POPULATION AND TO THE INTENSE DESIRE TO ESCAPE FROM THE COMMUNIST DICTATORSHIP."

IN NEW YORK, MEANWHILE, RUSSIA AND CZECHOSLOVAKIA WALKED OUT OF A PROGRAM COMMITTEE MEETING OF THE U.N. INTERNATIONAL CHILDREN'S EMERGENCY FUND (UNICEF) IN PROTEST AGAINST THE CONTINUED PRESENCE OF NATIONALIST CHINA'S WOMAN DELEGATE THERE. POLAND'S DELEGATE WAS REPORTED ILL AND UNABLE TO SHOW UP.

EDITORS:

LAKE SUCCESS--NIGHT LEAD U.N. (A195) INSERT AFTER THIRD GRAPH BEGINNING "THE RUSSIANS" AND ENDING "THEIR PLACES."

YUGOSLAV DELEGATE ALES BEBLER RAISED THE CHINA QUESTION AGAIN IN THE SOVIET-BOYCOTTED SECURITY COUNCIL LATE IN THE DAY.

HE DEMANDED THAT THE COUNCIL CIRCULATE AS OFFICIAL DOCUMENTS THE TWO RECENT TELEGRAMS FROM PEIPING TO THE U.N. NAMING RED CHINA DELEGATES TO THE U.N.

THE COUNCIL'S FEBRUARY PRESIDENT, CARLOS BLANCO OF CUBA, RULED THE CHINESE QUESTION HAD BEEN DECIDED BY THE COUNCIL AND THAT THE ISSUE WAS NOT BEFORE DELEGATES AT THIS TIME.

THE COUNCIL, MEETING ON THE INDIA-PAKISTAN CONFLICT OVER POSSESSION OF KASHMIR STATE, ADJOURNED UNTIL TOMORROW.

ALTOGETHER, THE CHINA QUESTION CAME UP IN FOUR U.N. MEETINGS DURING THE DAY; THE SOVIET BLOC WALKED OUT ON TWO AND MAINTAINED ITS BOYCOTT ON THE OTHER TWO.

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FEB 8 1950

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End Feb. 7, 1950

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FEB 9 - 1950

BELGIUM TO VOTE ON ENDING EXILE OF KING LEOPOLD

BRUSSELS, Belgium, Feb. 8. — (AP) The Chamber of Representatives decided today to ask the people if they want King Leopold III to return from his post-war exile.

His opponents have warned that the referendum "might destroy Belgium" in a violent division between right and left, between the Flemish-speaking (Dutch) of the north and the French-speaking Walloons of the south and east.

With only three members absent, the chamber voted 117 to 92 to conduct the advisory referendum before the end of March. There were no abstentions. The Senate already has approved the calling of a referendum and Regent Prince Charles, brother of the king, has only to ratify the measure to make it effective.

Ends Stormy Debate

The vote concluded a stormy debate of nearly a month. At the heighth of the contest Paul-Henri Spaak, former Socialist premier, dramatically warned that the referendum would split Belgium in two. The 48-year-old monarch, from his exile in Switzerland, promised he would not return to the throne unless he gets 55 per cent of the votes.

Spaak pointed to the historic divisions in the country, with the Flemish, who also are largely rural, favoring the king, and the Walloons, who also dominate industrial areas, opposing him.

Spaak said a referendum would mean one side or the other imposing its will on the other. He raised the question whether the Walloons would accept a king imposed by the Flemish.

He said the king should either abdicate before the referendum, or refuse to return to the throne unless he gets at least 60 per cent of the vote. If the king is forced to abdicate by getting less than 55 per cent, Spaak said, his heir, 19-year-old Prince Baudouin, could not with dignity succeed him.

Capitulated to Germans

The "royal question" has split Belgium since May 28, 1940, when Leopoled, as commander of the Belgium army, decided to capitulate to the invading Germans. He then chose to stay as "a prisoner of the Germans," refusing the advice of his ministers to accompany them into an exile government.

Critics said he capitulated too hastily. They also questioned his role as a prisoner in a castle.

Criticsim increased when he married a commoner, Miss Marie Lilian Baels, whom he made the Princess De Rethy.

The king's first wife died in an automobile accident in 1935.

Deported to Germany in 1944 and liberated by American forces in 1945, Leopold decided to stay in exile while the violent campaign by Communists, Socialists and Liberals raged against him.

The parliament voted in 1944 that he could not return without its permission.

Spaak Resigned

In the general election of last June 26, the strongly Catholic Social Christian party, campaigning on a platform to hold a popular plebiscite on the royal issue, failed to win an absolute majority but emerged as the largest single party with 104 members of the chamber.

Spaak, who had headed a Socialist-Social Christian coalition government, resigned and refused to join the new government. Social Christian Gaston Eyskens finally formed a Social Christian cabinet with the aid of the Liberals who have 30 members in the chamber.

Eleven of the Liberals voted with all Social Christians today. The plebiscite was opposed by all 66 Socialists, all 12 Communists and a few Walloon and Brussels Liberals.

The bill calls for a vote within 40 days after publication of the law on the question: "Are you of the opinion that King Leopold III should resume the use of his constitutional powers?"

About 5,600,000 of Belgium's 8,400,000 population are eligible to vote.

Whatever the results, the vote will not automatically bring the king back or force him to abdicate. It will be up to parliament to decide to bring him back or for the king to decide to abdicate.

Belgium Recognizes Bao Dai

BRUSSELS, Feb. 8 (AP).—The Belgian government announced today it has extended recognition to the French-supported Bao Dai government of Viet Nam in Indo-China.

British Scientists Map Plans To Use Atom Engines in Ships

LONDON, Feb. 8 (AP)—British scientists were officially reported tonight ready with plans for putting atomic engines in the nation's ships and power plants. A supply ministry spokesman said the cabinet will be asked to study these projects within the next two months.

The spokesman estimated it will take two years to build the atomic engines. He gave this picture of the projects:

The ship's engine will take the form of a miniature atomic pile—small enough to go into the engine room of a destroyer.

Produce Electricity

The engine to produce electricity for Britain's factories and homes will also use atomic power. It will turn out steam to drive gigantic power-producing turbines.

Disclosure of Britain's plans for the industrial application of atomic energy came on the eve of American-British-Canadian talks on the release of atomic research secrets.

Top level scientists represting the three countries will go into conference tomorrow at Harwell, Britain's atomic city.

Their talks will take into account President Truman's Sept. 23 announcement that an atomic explosion has taken place in Russia.

Two Projects Underway

The supply ministry spokesman said research on projects for harnessing atom-power to industry is being done by teams of scientists at Harwell. Royal Navy experts have eben trying to adapt warships to take miniature atomic piles.

Harwell is where Dr. Klaus Fuchs worked. The German-born scientist was arrested last week on charges of divulging atomic secrets He is due to appear in a London police court Friday.

No British government spokesman can be induced to discuse the Fuchs case officially. Most British informants say, however, they are concerned over the political consequences of the Fuchs affair. The British fear public and congressional pressure may force the U.S. to abandon proposals for swapping atomic secrets, sharing atomic bombs and so on with this country.

London Chides Anti-Laborite Australians For Ordering End of Gasoline Ration Today

LONDON, Feb. 8 (AP)—The British Labor Government publicly rebuked the new anti-Laborite Government of Australia today for having derationed gasoline, thereby risking more outgo from the sterling area's common pool of dollars.

Prime Minister R. G. Menzies announced in Canberra this morning that rationing would stop tomorrow. He said Britain "would have liked us to reach a different conclusion."

Almost at once Prime Minister Attlee's office declared the need for dollar economies remained "urgent" throughout the sterling area, which includes Australia, a member of the British Commonwealth.

"The concern of the Government of the United Kingdom has been to limit the amount of dollars spent by the sterling area as a whole, in accordance with arrangements made at the meeting of Commonwealth finance ministers in July last," Mr. Attlee's office said in a written statement.

"The danger is that if one member of the sterling area relaxes its efforts in this respect others may be tempted to follow suit."

Australia acted at the height of Britain's general election campaign. No party in the campaign, however, has suggested that Britain, herself, could safely deration gasoline at this juncture.

When Mr. Menzies' Opposition whipped Labor in the Australian elections last Dec. 10, there was speculation here that his policies might influence voters in Britain's elections.

Britain has a tight gasoline ration and this is a sore point with many people.

Mr. Attlee's statement said Britain, as banker for the sterling area, had been in consultation with Australia about the de-rationing plan.

The British Government added that Britain herself could not deration gasoline "without grave interference with supplies of vital foodstuffs or raw materials."

U.S. Treads Nazi Path, Moscow Says

London, Feb. 8 (AP) — Moscow radio, commenting on President Truman's decision to make the hydrogen super-bomb, said today the United States is following "the path pursued by the vanquished Nazis."

At the same time, however, the broadcast in English heard here spoke of the possibility of "peaceful competition" between the Soviet and capitalist systems and held out an implied invitation to the United States to step up trade with Russia.

Opposition Cited

The broadcast said there was "widespread opposition in the United States" to the H-bomb project.

It accused the Truman Administration of pushing the country into an "unbridled arms drive" but said the "forces of peace now have every possibility to subdue the forces of war."

Accusing the United States "ruling circles" of creating an anti-Soviet trade boycott, the broadcast said Russia can build up her economy in spite of it.

Sofia Picks Foreign Office Aide

LONDON, Feb. 8 (AP) — Jivko Jivkov was appointed today to be Bulgaria's Joint (associate) Minister of Foreign Affairs, the Sofia Radio said in a broadcast, heard here, citing a decree of the Presidium of the National Assembly. In the Bulgarian Cabinet revision of Jan. 19, Vice Premier Vladimir Poptomov was named Foreign Minister.

Bidault's Cabinet Wins Approval

Paris, Feb. 8 (AP) — Premier Georges Bidault's revamped Cabinet was approved today by a shaky vote in the French National Assembly. But his coalition Government appeared headed for trouble and possible downfall.

Although the Cabinet was approved, 225 to 185, Socialists, Conservative followers of Gen. Charles de Gaulle and Right-wing independents abstained from voting. This indicated that Bidault's new Government had little popularity.

Had the Socialists, one of France's major parties, voted against Bidault he would have had to resign, thus bringing on a new Government crisis. The Socialists, however, refused to join the Communists in opposing the Premier.

Labor Bargaining Debated

New problems now face Bidault as the Assembly today takes up the bill to restore collective bargaining for labor, which has been suspended since the start of the war.

Although the Socialists have demanded the restoration, it remains to be seen whether they will support the new Cabinet's attempts to keep the Bidault Government in power.

It was estimated that about 175 members of the Assembly declined to vote, thus putting Bidault in an unstable position.

Most political observers believed his Government could not last long under the circumstances.

TOP PORTUGUESE RED LEAPS TO HIS DEATH

LISBON, Portugal, Feb. 8—(AP) Police reported today that a leader of Portugal's outlawed Communist party killed himself by jumping from a third floor window at police headquarters to escape questioning.

The man, Jose Moreria, was one of four men and two women arrested recently in a state police drive to crush remnants of the underground communist organization.

A police communique called Moreria one of the most dangerous underground Red leaders in Portugal. It said a policeman assigned to guard Moreria—who had threatened to kill himself rather than reveal party secrets—would be tried for negligence.

EASTERN GERMANS VOTE DRAFT FOR NEW RED GESTAPO

BERLIN, Feb. 8. — (AP) Eastern Germany rolled the calendar back to 1933 tonight, creating a new Red Gestapo and drafting the young into a regimented organization like the old Hitler youth.

The Volkskammer (people's chamber) enacted both laws without a word of dissent. No one has voiced a "nay" in that hand-picked non-elective body since it was set up last October as a parliament for the communist republic in the Soviet zone.

The bill for a new ministry of state security to direct a secret political force with unlimited authority to arrest and imprison is modeled after Russia's own secret police, the MVD.

It may embrace a vast network of informers as in the days of Hitler's Gestapo. The communist press said the measure was necessary to direct "defensive espionage" in all walks of life because the East German state is endangered by "saboteurs of Anglo-American imperialism."

A bill introduced by Karl Steinhoff, Interior Minister, boosted to ministry status a former police section of the Interior Ministry assigned to "protection of the people's economy."

This section is to function in each of the five states under Soviet domination.

Youths To Be Spies

"It is necessary to make this change for the security of the people," Steinhoff told the Volkskammer. He declared "enemy American agents" had endangered order in the Russian zone.

Must Join Unit

Henceforth, a boy or girl in the Soviet zone must be a member of the Free German Youth (RDJ) or will not be able to take part in sports, picnics, hikes, travels, certain school work and even in the choice of a profession.

By the language of the act, the youth also would be encouraged to become a gigantic internal spy ring, just as the Hitler Jugend was taught to tattle even on parents if they were anti-Nazi.

The law "authorizes Democratic youth to develop its initiative in the fight against bureaucracy, sabotage and the deficiencies of labor"—terms which the communists employ in attacks on their political opposition.

Spade-bearded Walter Ulbricht, deputy prime minister, told the chamber the youth organization, now about 3,000,000 strong, would have as its "sacred duty" the deepening of Soviet-German friendship and anti-Americanism.

"We are convinced that the tanks and guns the Americans are bringing to western Germany will be turned against them some day, just as it was in the case of China," he said.

Leaders Purged

Adoption of the measures coincided with reports from west Berlin sources that the communists had heightened a purge of minority party members who observe a nominal cooperation with the communists.

The reports said Christian Democrat and Liberal Democrat holders of government jobs in Saxony, Brandenburg and Sachsen-Anhalt had been ousted, and that key members of these parties were rumored to have been arrested.

Meanwhile, the Autobahn between Berlin and Western Germany remained an uncertain truck supply line. After letting truck traffic glide by the Helmstedt checkpoint at a normal or nearly normal rate for three days, the Russians again choked down the flow to an average of six trucks an hour today. Later they let it jump up to eight or 12 an hour.

By evening more than 50 trucks were stalled on each side of the frontier and drivers were being compelled to wait eight to 10 hours to go through the little blockade.

But Charles A. Dix, U. S. transport chief here, said he was more concerned at Russian refusal to clear any truck shipments of scrap metal from Berlin and at their tardiness in granting permission for West Berlin to export pharmaceuticals, fine optics and certain types of electrical goods. These delays, he said, play hob with business in West Berlin.

Added Troubles Seen In Berlin Traffic Row

Berlin, Feb. 8 (AP)—New storms were brewing today for Berlin's troubled trade with the West as minor delays again held up trucks on the Soviet Zone frontier at Helmstedt.

By 11 A.M. 70 trucks were waiting to proceed to Berlin, while another 70 awaited clearance westward.

The Russians allowed eight to ten trucks an hour through in each direction yesterday, but this morning they cut the rate to six or seven.

Charles A. Dix, United States transport chief in Berlin, said such variations were "not too important."

Scrap Metals Issue

He said he was more concerned about severe Soviet restrictions on the classes of goods permitted to cross through their zone.

For more than a month the Russians have flatly refused to clear exports of ferrous and nonferrous scrap metals from West Berlin.

They contend that these were smuggled by black marketeers from the Russian zone. Allied officials said it was not the smuggling which bothered the Russians but the acute shortage of metals in their zone.

Dix disclosed today that the Russians also have objected to West Berlin's export of drugs, certain types of electrical equipment and fine optics.

"After a week or so of delay, exporters may get a Russian permit for such goods to move west, but meanwhile contracts are thrown into confusion," Dix said.

Reprisal Expected

Allied economic officials look for some kind of Soviet reprisal for western Germany's shutdown of steel to the Russian zone this week.

The West's most exposed position is Berlin, so whatever blow comes is expected from here.

The official Soviet Army newspaper *Taegliche Rundschau* angrily charged today that West German Chancellor Konrad Adenauer's "clique" had "sabotaged" internal German trade by issuing the steel order at the suggestions of the Allied high commission.

The paper predicted "the army of West German unemployed will increase."

Security Ministry Set Up

BERLIN, Feb. 8 (AP)—The People's Chamber of Eastern Germany, without a dissenting vote, passed today a bill creating a new Ministry of State Security to direct a secret political force with unlimited authority to arrest and imprison.

Under another law enacted today, a boy or girl in the Soviet zone must be a member of the Free German Youth or will not be able to take part in sports, picnics, hikes, travels, certain school work and even in the choice of a profession.

Nazism Rebirth Reported By U.S. Agents

Frankfurt, Germany, Feb. 8 (AP). American agents disclosed today they are investigating a secret Nazi underground organization agitating for a new brand of Hitlerism in Germany.

The size of the underground group is unknown but one Allied official called it "certainly dangerous."

"It must be watched," he added. "On the other hand, it's importance should not be overemphasized."

Base In Munich

Calling itself the "Katakombe Scheinwerfer" (Catacomb Reflector), the underground movement has its headquarters somewhere in Munich, birthplace of Hitler's Nazi organization, American officials said. It publishes a secretly distributed newspaper glorifying nazism and brands all Germans who opposed Hitler as traitors.

American agents said they are making a full investigation to uncover its strength and leadership, how it is financed and how it distributes its illegal literature.

Officials said the group apparently is in touch with underground Fascist groups in Austria, Italy and possibly in Argentina.

A recent pamphlet declared: "The fundamental principles of National Socialism were right and led to unique successes."

GERMANS CHARGE ATTACK

Fishermen Say Plane in North Sea Fired on Vessels

HAMBURG, Germany, Feb. 8 (AP)—A four-engine mystery plane was reported today to have machine-gunned German fishermen in the North Sea for the second time in a week.

American and British authorities are checking the report. Three crewmen of the small fishing boat Hanne told German police that they were strafed Monday when they landed on the forbidden island of Helgoland. They said they landed because their boat had sprung a leak.

The crewmen said they believed their attacker was a four-engined British Lancaster bomber, bearing the identification WS 418. They said the plane made seven passes at them.

Last week five German skippers reported that they had been strafed by a four-engine bomber.

A joint commission investigating the reports saw thirteen bullet holes in five fishing craft.

BEVIN CALLS ROBERTSON

German Affairs to Be Discussed With High Commissioner

BONN, Germany, Feb. 8 (AP) — British High Commissioner Sir Brian Robertson has been recalled suddenly to London for talks with Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin on German affairs, informed sources said tonight.

Events on which he is expected to report include:

Russian imposed restrictions on highway traffic to Berlin, which the Western allies have said they regard as serious.

The hardening American policy toward Western Germany as revealed in an important policy speech by United States High Commissioner John J. McCloy Monday.

CZECHS HOLD 2 MISSIONARIES

American Officials Refused Data On Mormons

Prague, Czechoslovakia, Feb. 8 (AP)—Two young American Mormon missionaries have been arrested by Czechoslovakia police in Moravia on unspecified charges and all efforts by American officials to see them have failed, diplomatic sources said today.

The missionaries are Stanley E. Abbott, 23, of Lehi, Utah, and C. Aldon Johnson, 22, of Idaho Falls, Idaho.

The Mormon Church—officially the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints—announced Abbott and Johnson disappeared under mysterious circumstances January 28 while traveling through Moravia to visit church members living near the Polish border. The church has been meeting with difficulties from Czechoslovakia's Communist Government since last May.

Confident Of Release

[Church authorities at Salt Lake City expressed confidence the two will be released soon. David O. McKay, second counselor of the church's first presidency, said he was informed from Prague that they "are being held temporarily" by the Czechs.]

The United States Embassy announced it "has requested the Foreign Office to provide information concerning the welfare and whereabouts" of the missing missionaries. A Czech Foreign Office spokesman declared he knew nothing about them.

The diplomatic sources said their information was that Abbott and Johnson were arrested in Olomouc, Moravia's second largest city, through which they probably would have passed on their way to two towns near the border, Bruntal and Opava. Olomouc lies about 200 miles southeast of Prague.

Expected To Be Back

Wallace Toronto, head of the Mormon Church here, said the two missionaries were last reported seen on Friday night, January 27, when they left their mission house in Prostejov, in central Moravia, for their regular weekly visits to church members in the border

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areas.

Abbott and Johnson told friends that they expected to be back the following night in order to hold regular Sunday morning church services, Toronto said. He was informed of their disappearance when they failed to show up Sunday.

Both had worked in Czechoslovakia about two and a half years. Neither is married.

Only 250 Converts

The Mormon Church ran missions in Olomouc and nearby Prerov until last January 1. The missions were closed at that time because of a shortage of missionaries, but men from the Prostejov Mission kept up weekly "circuit" trips to outlying parts of Moravia.

The Mormons have only 250 converts in Czechoslovakia, but at one time had 39 missionaries in this country. This has been cut by leaves and expulsions to eighteen.

Thirteen Mormon missionaries have been ordered out by the Czechoslovak Government in the last nine months.

PRAGUE, Feb. 8 (AP)—The controlled press reported today that another group of underground "terrorists" had been jailed for plotting to assassinate public officials and overthrow the country's Communist-led regime.

The Communist paper Rude Pravo said the group—it did not give the number of those arrested—went on trial yesterday in Jihlava, in Moravia, eighty miles east of Prague. The paper said the plotters were mostly business men.

Last week a 22-year-old student was sentenced to death and fourteen others were imprisoned on charges of plotting at Brno to overthrow the Government.

Yugoslavia Changes Production Setup

Belgrade, Yugoslavia, Feb. 8 (AP). Yugoslavia has reshuffled her Communist production bosses and abolished two major ministries in a move to increase industrial output and boost foreign trade.

In measures aimed at decentralizing economic authority, the Government has replaced the ministries of electrical economy and mining with committees in each of the country's six republics. The committee heads will have ministerial rank.

Premier-Marshal Tito's advisors decided that spreading control of industry would create greater efficiency and bolster the export pro-

gram so vital to Yugoslavia in its fight against the Moscow-led Com inform.

The official decree announcin the reorganization yesterday sai the new committees replacing th abolished ministries would contro electrical economy, coal, non-fer rous metals, general metallurgy, petroleum and the "extractive" industry.

Bulgaria Protests Tito Oustings

SOFIA, Bulgaria, Feb. 8 (AP)—Bulgaria has protested the expulsion from Yugoslavia of two Bulgarian diplomats. The Press Department said today the Embassy in Belgrade had "most energetically protested" the ousting of Embassy Secretary Georgi Panchev and attaché Zdravko Zelenogradsky. Marshal Tito's regime ordered them out in reprisal for the expulsion from Sofia of two Yugoslav diplomats.

Poles Doom 2 in Briton's Death

WARSAW, Feb. 8 (AP).—A district military court today sentenced two Poles to death for the murder a year ago of a British diplomat, Arthur Carteret Maule. Robbery was the motive. Another defendant was sentenced to life imprisonment and another to fifteen years in jail. The four were convicted also of committing fourteen other armed robberies in the Warsaw district since 1945.

Greece Ends Martial Law

Athens, Feb. 8 (AP)—Premier John Theotokis said today martial law has been ended all over Greece. He said the country is "now 100 per cent ready for elections." They will be held February 19. Martial law was imposed during the fighting with Communist guerrillas.

Russ-China Red Talks Seen Drawing Near Conclusion

Moscow, Feb. 8 (AP)—Soviet negotiations with the leaders of the Chinese Communists apparently are coming to a head, and many foreign diplomats here express belief an announcement is near which will show a great measure of agreement.

While Soviet and Chinese experts worked out details of the talks, which have kept Mao Tze-tung, Chinese Communist leader, in Moscow since December 16, Mao and his Premier-Foreign Minister, Chou En-lai, have been acquainting themselves with Soviet airplane and automobile production.

The two leaders, accompanied by other members of the Chinese delegation here to negotiate a Chinese-Soviet friendship pact, have visited one of the country's airplane plants and the Stalin auto plant, the nation's biggest automobile and truck factory.

Continuing Visits

Accompanied by high-ranking Russian officials, the group is expected to continue a round of visits before returning home.

They have yet to see the Soviet collective farms and state farms which are believed to be of considerable interest to them.

According to the news agency Tass, the workers at the plants where the Chinese leaders visited greeted them with "prolonged applause and cheers."

Chou has been in the Soviet Union since January 21.

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RUSSIAN ENIGMA—War Calculations Analyzed

[Edmund Stevens, staff correspondent of the Christian Science Monitor, recently left Moscow after more than ten years of close observation of Russian affairs from both sides of the Iron Curtain. Fresh from a three-year assignment in the Russian capital, he has tried to answer the most anxious questions of Westerners concerning the enigma that is the Soviet Union today. This is the first of a series of articles digesting his findings. The editors of the Christian Science Monitor made Stevens's material available to the Associated Press.]

New York, Feb. 7 (AP)—The leaders of the Kremlin are bent on eventual war with the West, if they can get away with it, says an American reporter who recently left Moscow.

But Edmund Stevens, back from a three-year assignment as correspondent for the *Christian Science Monitor* in Russia, says he is convinced today more than ever that "the world's future depends on understanding between the United States and the Soviet Union."

Soviet aims and policies have, since the war, become plain for all to see—expansion through superimposing the Communist system, Stevens writes. But the foremost question today is this: Do the Soviet leaders, who have an atom bomb now, want war?

No—And Yes

The answer, the correspondent says, is "no—and yes." For the immediate future, he said, the answer is no. But in the long view, with the shifting of world power in the Kremlin's favor, the answer is yes. The Communist leaders always have predicted the inevitable bloody clash of capitalism and communism.

Stevens says the Kremlin leaders want to avoid war now while preparing militarily and economically and while running calculated war risks such as the Berlin blockade. But he adds that there is a margin of hope for peace in the realization by the Kremlin that it would be difficult to sell the Soviet people on a war of aggression.

To beat Soviet propaganda, Stevens writes, the West must put its own economic house in order. While avoiding outright appeasement, it must explore every possibility for genuine agreement.

"Voice" Broadcasts

The West, he says, should miss no opportunity to go over the heads of the Soviet leaders, directly to the Russian people. The Voice of America has made "a splendid beginning" on these lines, as indicated by the frantic Russian jamming of the broadcasts, he says, adding:

"Even today, what filters through the wall of interference is a far more powerful weapon than the atom bomb—a weapon for peace that reaches men's minds and creates, instead of destroying."

As matters stood in 1949, Stevens calculated that the eventual armed clash of the two systems would come in the long run. But the West must remember, he adds, that "despite doctrinaire aims and outlook, the Soviet leaders are fully capable of changing their minds." He recalls that Stalin himself proclaimed that "the logic of things is the strongest of all logic."

Men Of Decision

Who are these leaders who boldly balance the pros and cons of world holocaust? The most powerful today, under Stalin, says Stevens, is a man who knows nothing of the West from first-hand experience, a man who is young enough to have grown up intellectually under Stalin's complete domination.

He is Georgi Malenkov, whose recent rise at Stalin's right hand has been meteoric. Lacking mass appeal, he dislikes the limelight and prefers to pull wires behind scenes. But he occupies today the same strategic post that Stalin held in relation to the declining Lenin.

Quiet Purge Tactics

Malenkov has used this position to carry out a quiet purge of possible opponents, always carefully consolidating himself before making a new advance. At home his policy meant tightening up against unreliables, including renewed discrimination against Jews.

Abroad it meant tightening control of Cominform countries, ruthless elimination of Titoism, arbitrary imposition of the Soviet economic and police pattern on the satellite states.

But his caution, says Stevens, is reflected in the lifting of the Berlin blockade when he thought it had gone as far as it safely could, and in the fact that the campaign against Yugoslavia's Tito stopped short of armed invasion.

For a time Malenkov apparently ranked about even with Lavrenty P. Beria, the power behind the secret police, but Beria did not appear to Stevens to be aspiring any higher. Vice Premier V. M. Molotov appears to be in partial eclipse, the writer says, and more in decline than ever in Stalin's increasing retirement.

Still No. 2 Man

[Nevertheless, the best indications filtering through Moscow censorship are that Molotov still is the No. 2 man, Stalin's right hand, at least for the public's benefit.]

In passing, Stevens mentions Lazar Kaganovich, the only Jew on the Politburo, reputed to be a party trouble shooter in matters concerning agriculture and heavy industry. Kaganovich manages to hold his own, but then he is reputed to be the brother of Stalin's third wife.

These leaders are apart from the Soviet people, who know little of what goes on in the Kremlin. Stevens writes that the great Soviet blood purge of the thirties, among other things, disclosed "the utter physical dependence of the all-powerful Kremlin rulers on their NKVD (secret police, now the MVD) bodyguard. Stalin and his retinue no longer appeared in public unless all within gunshot had been carefully checked for security. The Kremlin itself was an armed camp, bristling with tommy gunners, ever on the alert to repel

RUSSIAN ENIGMA---*Discontent, Fear Noted*

[Edmund Stevens, staff correspondent of the Christian Science Monitor, has observed Soviet affairs for ten years and only recently left Moscow after a three-year assignment in the Russian capital. This is the second of four articles digesting his reports on the Soviet Union, as published by the Christian Science Monitor in 40 installments, and giving his answers to many questions being asked outside Russia. The editors of the Monitor made Stevens material available to the Associated Press.]

New York, Feb. 8 (AP)—In Russia today there are "legions of thinking, intelligent people who chafe under the omnipotent police state and long with their whole beings for freedom," reports a trained American observer who recently left the Soviet Union.

"In coming years, the strongest, most determined foes of the police state are likely to develop east of the iron curtain, where not even forcible indoctrination can neutralize the lessons of immediate knowledge and experience," writes Edmund Stevens, who has just completed a three-year assignment as Moscow correspondent of *The Christian Science Monitor*.

"West Must Distinguish"

From his observations in the Soviet capital, Stevens warns:

"It is essential that the West learn to distinguish between the police state and the Soviet people, for if the former are implacable foes, the latter, unless stupidly antagonized, are potential friends and allies, and it is they who eventually will decide their country's destiny."

Only a relatively small number of Russians are members of the Communist party, which rules with iron discipline. From among the masses, says Stevens:

". . . Thousands upon thousands of people in all walks of life have at some time sustained some deep personal hurt from the police regime. Each new purge or "ideological campaign" adds new contingents of malcontents.

Endless Chain

"While all open criticism of the regime is effectively prevented and the ears and eyes of the MVD (secret police) are omnipresent, such is human nature that every individual has at least one person he fully trusts, and thus an endless chain extends, even though it lacks organized form."

Stevens divides today's Russians into three groups: Those about 25 or under, youngsters who grew up under Stalin and are susceptible to indoctrination; those between 25 and 35, who he says show gradual frustration in the police state, and those over 35, whose disillusionment breeds either cynical resignation or intense inner rebellion.

Most Apathetic

The cynics are among the party staff, the majority of the citizenry are apathetic, "but many at the least sign of hope would gravitate toward the third (rebellion)," the writer reports.

There are two kinds of Soviet citizen. The elite are the select group of party members, risen from 2,000,000 after the purge of the thirties to more than 5,000,000 now, with the recruitment of youngsters who grew up under Stalin. The other Soviet citizen is a member of the great conglomerate mass of Russian peoples.

Of the elite, the top caste includes the ruling Politburo, the military leaders, factory directors, celebrities of letters and the stage and screen and the like. Many of them have their *dachas*—country houses—in what is called the "forbidden zone" guarded constantly by the MVD.

Cream Of Society

"These privileged groups comprise the cream of Soviet society," writes Stevens. "Not that the Russians have even a remote counterpart of Western social life.

"For leading citizens of a revolutionary new society, their behavior patterns are surprisingly conservative and conventional. Indeed, they are more restricted and inhibited than their counterparts in Western 'bourgeois' countries."

This elite group is well fed, well paid, well housed. They live well, if nervously, under the constant vigilance of the secret police who watch both them and those who would dare approach them.

Now, how about the other side? Stevens describes it thus:

So far as the peasant is concerned, the Soviet Government has evolved techniques of squeezing him far more thoroughly than Czarist landlords did. Save in a few pampered areas, "the peasant has yet to reap most of the benefits enjoyed by the urban intellectual and working class. The money the peasantry collected from high-food prices in wartime was canceled by the currency reform. Their obligations to the state in kind and money have been upped from year to year. Consumer goods abundant in the cities have yet to reach most rural areas, and prices to the peasant are higher."

Labor Picture

And what of labor?

"The serflike bondage of the 'free' Soviet citizen to his job is one element of an unrelaxing economic stranglehold upon the masses. Equally important is the total state control of the production of food and consumer goods, a control constantly used to coerce and cajole, reward and punish, in the interests of the Communist party line."

Under this Soviet system, the worker is bound to his job "as fast as ever a galley slave was chained to his oar." Under the eye of the MVD, vast forced labor groups operate in important state enterprises. Use of female labor is on a scale unparalleled in any other modern economy, and the women have equality in the toughest of manual labor.

Not Like Western Unions

The trade unions have nothing in common with trade unionism as the West knows it. Provisions supposedly safeguarding workers, says Stevens, have "about as much meaning and application as the civil liberties guaranteed in the Soviet Constitution."

The strike weapon is utterly outlawed, and the real purpose of the trade union is to aid the government in getting as much labor as humanly possible out of Soviet workers.

"Under the Soviet system, the people have become the property of the state, along with land, industry and other forms of national wealth," Stevens writes.

Thus the state dictates what an individual thinks, reads, eats, wears, where he lives, where and how he works, whom he can marry.

Can Be Confined

The state assumes the right of calling him for a third degree, of searching his home, or of completely shutting him up by the simple expedient of arrest and confinement, with no appeal.

In this state the Soviet citizen is trapped, and "the methods of the police state are nowhere so revealed as in the treatment of Soviet citizens who apply for permission to go abroad," Stevens says.

The story of the Soviet wives of foreigners is well known. Except for the lucky few who got out during the war and the immediate postwar honeymoon period between East and West, all of them are still there.

The Soviet wife of a foreigner is nagged and pressed to a degree that few have the moral stamina to resist. Sooner or later most file for divorce.

Foreigners Shadowed

The foreigner in the Soviet Union is constantly shadowed by the MVD, none more than the foreign diplomats. The foreign press is subject to arbitrary and capricious censorship from which there is no appeal.

Often, writes Stevens, censors deliberately distort the meaning of a correspondent's cables. It is commonly assumed that the correspondent's telephone is connected to a central listening post. Even his servants often spy upon him.

"The most embittered, disillusioned members of the Moscow diplomatic colony," Stevens says, "invariably are those who first came full of sympathy and admiration for the Soviet Union, full of friendly eagerness to get to know the country and its people."

potence, he says, is this: It's pro ceedings are open to foreign correspondents and diplomats. Its duty, largely, is unanimous approval of an annual budget. Russia's next parliamentary elections are scheduled for March 12.

"When the constitution establishing the present parliamentary system was written," says Stevens, "Stalin and his assistants may well have honestly envisaged the gradual introduction of democratic features.

"The police state, however, operates and evolves according to an inner logic of its own that not even Stalin can alter. In a sense, not even he can control the Frankenstein he helped to fashion. And the police state eyes even the least hint of genuine freedom and democracy with abhorrence and dread."

sudden attack."

Form Of Democracy

This is scarcely a picture of democracy, but Stevens writes:

"In fostering the form, if not the substance, of democracy, Soviet Russia is probably the votingest country in the world."

Those near-100 per cent vote turnouts in elections of the single "ticket of the bloc of party and nonparty Bolsheviks" are explained by Stevens as the result of yeoman door-to-door work by party bellpushers who rout out the voters and get them to the polls, while the party goes through all the motions of a political campaign.

What the Russians finally elect, Stevens says, is what a Russian described to him as "the world's dullest Parliament"—the Supreme Soviet of the U.S.S.R.

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CHINA REDS TOLD TO PREPARE FOR NEW AIR ATTACKS

Spencer Moosa

TAIPEI, Formosa, Feb. 8 —(AP) The Chinese Nationalists today warned teeming populations in the Red capital of Peiping and nine other cities to get ready for air raids.

The warnings blared from Nationalist radio stations—move away from power plants, ship yard, wharves, railroad stations, warehouses, factories, barracks and other military targets.

The air force dropped warning leaflets over two of the marked cities, Shanghai and Nanking, which already have felt the bombers' wrath.

Peiping Spared

Historic Peiping, ancient capital of China with its venerable buildings and temples, so far has been spared.

The Nationalists have been lenthening the air field on Chushan, main blockade base 100 miles south of Shanghai, to handle heavy bombers. It is about 750 air miles from Chushan to Peiping.

The northern cities of Tientsin and Tsingtao, also on the bomber list, probably will be hit from Chushan.

The other cities told to expect the bombers are the ports of Hangchow, Foochow, Amoy and Canton and the central city of Hankow. All five have been raided repeatedly.

Continue Bombings

The Nationalists kept up their air bombardment of the mainland as the warnings flowed out over the air waves.

The air force said Shanghai was attacked Tuesday for the second day in a row and 10 small ships in the Whangpoo river there were destroyed. Other raids were staged on Communist footholds in the small islands surrounding Chushan.

Dispatches from Hainan, big Nationalist island off the south coast, said warplanes from there sank scores of small Communist craft in raids on the nearby mainland.

Chinese Seize Panamanian Ship

TAIPEI, Formosa, Feb. 8 (AP)—Detention of the 500-ton Panamanian steamer Swallow was revealed here today about two weeks after she had been sized by a Nationalist China warship. The Swallow was intercepted while trying to enter the Communist port of Amoy on the China coast. She was forced to sail to Kaohsiung (Takao) in southwest Formosa.

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HONG KONG STRIKE ENDS

Company to Discuss Pay Rise, Trolley Workers Are Told

HONG KONG, Thursday, Feb. 9 (AP) — The long street railway strike, which once erupted into Communist-directed rioting, ended in Hong Kong today. ¥ 3 A

At one point in the dispute, leaders at Chinese worker meetings had sent messages to Peiping urging China's Communist leader, Mao Tze-tung, to intervene.

Representatives of the Tramway Workers Union told the members company officials had agreed to "discuss wage increases" as soon as the street cars began moving again. The workers demanded the equivalent of $15 a month in wage increases when they began their strike.

Reds Foresee Hard Fight

TOKYO, Feb. 8 (AP).—The Peking radio said today that the "liberation" of Formosa, Nationalist stronghold off the China coast, will not be easy and will call for the expenditure of "tremendous amounts" of men and material.

The Communist radio did not say if or when Formosa would be attacked.

The Red appraisal of the Formosa problem was outlined at a meeting of the East China Military Government Commission in Shanghai Jan. 29. Deputy chairman Su Yu made the appraisal.

Yemen Has New Quarrel With Britain

Cairo, Feb. 8 (AP)—The "Forbidden Kingdom" of Yemen has a new quarrel with Britain. A Yemenese spokesman said the South Arabian kingdom is investigating reports that American and British oilmen have been exploring the Shebuwa area on the Yemen-Aden Protectorate border for possible petroleum reserves. Britain controls Aden Protectorate.

Middle East Storm Refugees Given Aid

Amman, Hashemite Jordan, Feb. 8 (AP)—Authorities today dealt out blankets and coal to refugees suffering under the worst snow and cold conditions recorded here in modern times.

Reports from Jerusalem said ten refugees were killed when an old house in the ancient quarter of the city collapsed. Two refugees died at Nablus.

Telephone lines on both sides of the Jordan River are out of commission and roads are blocked. Fifteen inches of snow fell at the northern end of the Dead Sea.

The Amman Public Works Department announced 600 men are working to clear the main highway between Amman and Jerusalem.

Refugees living in tents were removed to schools and other buildings and some of them face a shortage of food.

Israel Will Draft Women Into Army

Year on Farms Follows Year of Service for All 18 to 29

JERUSALEM, Feb. 8 (AP).—The Israeli Parliament voted today to make unmarried women between eighteen and twenty-nine subject to military service. The women would be trained for twelve months in basic military instruction or for army office work; for twelve more months they would be liable for service in agriculture and emergency works, including the building up of new settlements in frontier areas.

Married women, expectant mothers and women opposed to military service for religious reasons will be exempted.

ARGENTINE COPS UNDERCOVER 'PLOT'

BUENOS AIRES, Argentina, Feb. 8.—(AP) Federal police announced tonight the discovery of a plot, declared directed from abroad, to sow discord and confusion in Argentina.

The announcement, read to reporters by Assistant Chief Miguel Gamboa, did not specify who was responsible or exactly what the purported plot involved. However, it said arrests have been made in Buenos Aires, Rosario and the small community of Gualeguachu, on the Uruguayan border.

2 Americans Held

Two Americans were arrested Feb. 2 at Gualeguachu, but police declined to confirm that they were held or to connect their names with the reported plot. The Americans arrested are Arthur Oppen of Decatur, Ill., and his nephew Elmer George Oppen. Seven Argentines also have been reported held.

A British citizens, Frank Kirton of Buenos Aires, arrested at the same time as the Oppens, was released this morning without an explanation for his detention.

Kirton said, however, police told him he was not picked up because of a quizzical telegram of congratulations on the birth of a daughter, though the telegram complicated things.

"Congratulations safe arrival 3 1-2 kilos (7 1-2 pounds) dynamite," the telegram had said.

More News Today

Kirton's brother, John Kirton, reported it was sent to Kirton by the wife of an American diplomat in Rio De Janeiro after the child was born Jan. 22.

Gambo said the police announcement was authorized by Federal Judge Miguel J. Rivas Arguello, who is investigating the plot. He said nothing more could be reported now, but there might be another statement tomorrow.

There was nothing to indicate that the alleged plot might have been connected, as rumored, with a trip of President and Mrs. Juan D. Peron to Rosario in the presidential yacht Tecuara Feb. 2.

The U. S. embassy declined to say what was being done to obtain the release of the Oppens.

ACHESON OPPOSES NEW PEACE APPEAL

Anti-Red Strategy Will Be Based on Policy of Power, He Asserts

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8—(AP) In a sweeping statement of the U. S. foreign policy for the H-bomb age, Secretary of State Acheson today rejected all suggestions for new American peace appeals to Russia. Instead, he based this country's anti-communist strategy squarely on a policy of power.

Four years of experience, Acheson told a news conference, "have brought us the realization" that progress toward peace simply by making agreements with the Russians is impossible.

But the Soviet government is "realistic," he said, and adjusts its policies when compelled by facts to do so. Therefore, he declared, American basic policy is:

"To build situations which will extend the area of possible agreement, that is, to create strength instead of the weakness which exists in many quarters."

Agreements Useless

Acheson declared that "agreements reached with the Soviet government are useful when those agreements register facts or a situation which exists and x x x are not useful when they are merely agreements which do not register the existing facts."

To make his policy declaration, Acheson chose his regular Wednesday news conference, a device which he frequently prefers to any other. He simply walked into the conference and after one or two preliminaries began talking informally about the public debate which has been going on for weeks both before and after President Truman's decision to manufacture the hydrogen bomb.

The State department gave permission to quote Acheson's words directly and issued a text of his 3,000-word statement.

He took as his starting point speeches made in the Senate within the past week by Chairman McMahon (D-Conn) of the Joint Atomic Energy committee and Chairman Tydings (D-Md) of the Senate Armed Services committee.

McMahon, seeking some radically new way to get a Russian-American agreement on a plan for international control of atomic energy, including the hydrogen bomb, proposed a $50,000,000,000 five-year program of global economic aid with benefits to Russia as well as other nations. Tydings on a different tack urged that President Truman call a disarmament conference.

Their formal Senate speeches climaxed a great wave of demands and sugestions which have come from public leaders and scientists during the past several months. Proposals had included a special Truman emissary to the Kremlin, a Truman-Stalin-Attlee meeting, and an appeal to Russia prior to a decision to make the H-bomb. During most of the hubbub, the administration has been silent except for Mr. Truman's announcement last week that work on the hydrogen bomb will continue.

Today Acheson set out to give the administration's answer. He began by agreeing with the goals of world peace toward which McMahon and Tydings directed their proposals and rejecting the steps which those two Senate leaders recommended. He ended up answering reporters' questions which brought out that he does not have in mind any new approach to Russia and that the so-called Baruch proposal for international control of atomic energy is still as good a plan, in Acheson's view, as could be devised.

He also said that contrary to some suggestions he does not think it would be necessary to set up a new group of distinguished private citizens to review this country's atomic control policies in the international field.

The import of Acheson's argument was that much of what has been said was beside the point. He said.

Must Develop Strength

After declaring that agreements for the sake of agreements mean nothing in dealing with the Russians; that the Russians will respond only to strength; and that the United States is concerned to develop strength in weak spots in the non-communist world, Acheson declared:

"Now many people are troubled, and rightly troubled, because of the possibility that there may be developed a new and very terrible weapon. That is a proper and sober response to this very serious fact.

"But I wish to draw your attention to the other fact, that the existence of this possibility does not change the facts which I have just been discussing with you.

"The fact that the results of war may be even more terrible in the future than they have been in the past does not change the facts that I have been discussing as to the difficulty of the road toward peace and the nature and direction of that road.

"All it means, but one of the great things it means, is that we must be even more calm and even more steady than we have been in the past, because the responsibilities and the consequences of not being calm and not being steady are even more terrible than they were bofore."

Acheson then described what he called the process of self criticism in the United States and other democracies and said it can go on only in an atmosphere of freedom. But he warned against excessive criticism.

"I think that we should be careful," he said, "to see that our self examination and self criticism does not go to the point where it becomes self reproach. Because that attitude of mind is one which is necessary. We must examine ourselves but we must not get into the state of merely reproaching ourselves, because action is required and action is essential along the line that I have been discussing."

FEB9-1950

Text of Secretary Acheson's Statement on Soviet

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8 (AP)—Following is the text, transcribed by the State Department, of extemporaneous remarks by Secretary of State Dean Acheson at his news conference today on Russia, the atomic bomb and other subjects:

I should like to talk informally this morning on some thoughts which have come to me as a result of studying carefully two very arresting speeches which were made in the Senate within the past week.

The first thing that I should like to draw to your attention, although you already know it, is that these speeches reflect probably the most basic urge of the American people and the most basic objective of American foreign policy, which is the pursuit of peace. I stress that because I think we have to sit down every once in a while and consider how essential peace is to the existence and the workings of a democracy.

You hear Bismarck or Clausewitz or whoever it was quoted as saying that war is primarily the translation of policy into another field. That is not true with a democracy. War cannot accomplish the purposes of a democracy. It can only make the accomplishment of that democracy more difficult and therefore, with a democracy war can be resorted to only when it becomes necessary to protect the physical side of the state or system of states to which it occurs.

Pearl Harbor Is Cited

That, of course, is what happened at the time of Pearl Harbor. There was a physical attack on the forces and territory of the United States and the only chance that the United States had was either to fight back or yield.

I think we can see, as the results of the last war become more clear to us, that the positive furthering of purposes was not accomplished by the war. All it did was to protect us against the physical destruction of our state and the system of states to which we belong. So I want to stress that these speeches come out of that fundamental urge of the American people and the American Government, of all branches of the American Government, on the Hill and here in the executive branches and throughout the country of all of our people.

I think it is fair to say in thinking about these speeches that they represent more the goal toward which we are striving than they represent instructions as to how to reach that goal. They deal with the end rather than the means toward the end. If we could reach our goal by agreement, of course, that would be highly desirable and the simplest and easiest way to do it. But I think four years of experience have brought us the realization that that is not possible.

U. N. Resolutions Noted

I wish to draw to your attention at this time a resolution which was adopted by fifty-three nations at the last meeting of the [United Nations] General Assembly. That resolution gave the items which the General Assembly thought were necessary for the achievement of peace, and the last two of them have to do with disarmament of conventional arms and the control of atomic energy.

You can easily look at those two items I mention because those are two of the matters discussed in both of the speeches to which I refer. And yet that resolution with those two items in it was voted against by the Soviet Union and by its satellite states, which indicates how difficult it is to even get agreement upon an objective as clearly desirable as those items would seem to be.

The General Assembly resolution cited by Mr. Acheson follows:

ESSENTIALS OF PEACE

RESOLUTION ADOPTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE UNITED NATIONS AT ITS 261ST PLENARY MEETING ON 1 DECEMBER 1949

(Adopted on the report of the First Committee [A1150].)

The General Assembly

1. Declares that the charter of the United Nations, the most solemn pact of peace in history, lays down basic principles necessary for an enduring peace; that disregard of these principles is primarily responsible for the continuance of international tension; and that it is urgently necessary for all members to act in accordance with these principles in the spirit of cooperation on which the United Nations was founded; calls upon every nation

2. To refrain from threatening or using force contrary to the charter;

3. To refrain from any threats or acts, direct or indirect, aimed at impairing the freedom, independence or integrity of any state, or at fomenting civil strife and subverting the will of the people in any state;

4. To carry out in good faith its international agreements;

5. To afford all United Nations bodies full cooperation and free access in the performance of the tasks assigned to them under the charter;

6. To promote, in recognition of the paramount importance of preserving the dignity and worth of the human person, full freedom for the peaceful expression of political opposition, full opportunity for the exercise of religious freedom and full respect for all the other fundamental rights expressed in the universal declaration of human rights;

7. To promote nationally and through international cooperation, efforts to achieve and sustain higher standards of living for all peoples;

8. To remove the barriers which deny to peoples the free exchange of information and ideas essential to international understanding and peace; calls upon every member

9. To participate fully in all the work of the United Nations; calls upon the five permanent members of the Security Council

10. To broaden progressively their cooperation and to exercise restraint in the use of the veto in order to make the Security Council a more effective instrument for maintaining peace; calls upon every nation

11. To settle international disputes by peaceful means and to cooperate in supporting United Nations efforts to resolve outstanding problems;

12. To cooperate to attain the effective international regulation of conventional armaments; and

13. To agree to the exercise of national sovereignty jointly with other nations to the extent necessary to attain international control of atomic energy which would make effective the prohibition of atomic weapons and assure the use of atomic energy for peaceful purposes only.

Soviet Determination Cited

In considering how we go down this road toward the achievement of peace, I think what we have to do is to understand first of all the nature of the Rus ian Government with which we have to deal, and the nature of the world within which we have to deal with it, and I am sure that it is clear to you that the outstanding characteristic of the Soviet Government is its purposefulness. It is determined to reach certain results which it wants very much to reach.

Now, in part the Soviet Government is ideological and in part, it is imperialistic, but in whole it is incompatible with the present achievement of a world situation which is based on peace and the maintenance of national independence and freedom.

What we have also observed over the last few years is that the Soviet Government is highly realistic and we have seen time after time that it can adjust itself to facts when facts exist. We have seen also that agreements reached with the Soviet Government are useful when those agreements register facts or a situation which exists and that they are not useful when they are merely agreements which do not register the existing facts.

You have had a great many illustrations of that. You have seen it, for instance, in the Berlin situation. We had all sorts of agreements with the Soviet Government as to our right to be in Berlin, the purposes for which we were in Berlin, and our right of transit through the Soviet area to and from Berlin.

All those matters were clear but when it suited the purpose of the Soviet Government to interfere by force with our access to Berlin, it did not hesitate to use that force. You saw also that when we took vigorous action with our allies and when through the airlift and the powerful forward policy which we adopted in Germany, it became not to the advantage of Soviet foreign policy to continue its obstruction, it stopped its obstruction. So you see it is not a matter of agreement but a matter of registering the existence of a situation.

Accords on Greece Fail

You saw the same sort of thing in Greece. We had all kinds of agreements through the United Nations and otherwise that you do not interfere with the integrity of one of the members of the United Nations or of any sovereign nation. Yet when it suited the purposes of the Soviet Government and its satellites to foment internal rebellion in Greece and armed conflict in Greece they did not hesitate to do that.

It was not a question of agreement. We argued, we went to the United Nations, we created commissions, we did everything that we possibly could to bring about agreement in regard to Greece but the Greek situation only became solved when the most vigorous action by the United States and the Greek Government and the Greek people resulted in the suppression of this internal revolution and the restoration of Greek economy.

You saw the same thing in Turkey. All sorts of pressure was brought to bear on Turkey in regard to the Straits. But when that situation was dealt with vigorously Soviet policy adjusted itself to it.

Now you see the same exhibition on the other side in regard to Soviet policy in China. There, unhappily, the best efforts of everybody did not produce strength but produced weakness. As I pointed out at the press club the other day, as soon as that weakness is produced you see the workings of Soviet imperialism in China. It goes even so far that the Soviet Union and its satellite states voted against a simple resolution in the United Nations to respect the integrity of China.

Thus what I want to stress here is that agreements with the Soviet Union are useful when those agreements register or record an existing situation or fact, but otherwise they are not of much use.

Stronger Germany Sought

So it has been our basic policy to build situations which will extend the area of possible agreement; that is, to create strength instead of the weakness which exists in many quarters. It has, therefore, been our policy in Germany to try and restore the economy of Germany, to try and get the German people in a situation where they look forward with hope to becoming again an important part of the Western European community. That has always been the purpose of the occupation in Japan so far as the Asiatic side of the world is concerned.

In another area the whole purpose of the economic recovery program in Western Europe is to create strength instead of weakness in that area. That is the purpose of the arms program, that is the purpose of the Point Four program. Those are illustrations of the way in which in various parts of the world we are trying to extend the area of possible agreement with the Soviet Union by creating situations so strong that they can be recognized and out of them can grow agreement.

Now this road is a very long one and a very difficult one. It takes purpose, continuity of purpose, perseverance, sacrifice and it takes, more than almost anything else, very steady nerves. You not only have to consider the nature of the Soviet Government but you have to consider the nature of the world within which we have to deal with the Soviet Government.

I don't need to go over again with you the fact that growing out of the last war and other conditions before the war and between the wars there have been created all over the world these situations of weakness. Every time one of those situations exists, and they exist in Asia and they exist in Europe, it is not only an invitation but an irresistible invitation for the Soviet Government to fish in those troubled waters.

Weakness Held a Danger

To ask them not to fish and to say we will have an agreement that you won't fish is like trying to deal with a force of nature. You can't argue with a river, it is going to flow. You can dam it up, you can put it to useful purposes, you can deflect it, but you can't argue with it.

Therefore, we go to work, as I said, to change those situations of weakness so that they won't create opportunities for fishing and opportunities for trouble. But so far as agreement per agreement is concerned, I think we have discovered that even the simplest thing growing out of the war, which is to make peace, perhaps not with your enemies, but at least with your friends, has become impossible.

We have tried for years to get a treaty with Austria; it hasn't been possible. We made no progress on getting a treaty with Germany. We can't even get a forum with the Soviet Union to discuss a treaty with Japan. So, as I say, the avenue to pursue, the road toward reaching the goals which are referred to in these speeches is this long and difficult one.

Now, many people are troubled, and rightly troubled, because of the possibility that there may be developed a new and very terrible weapon. That is a proper and sober response to this very serious fact.

But I wish to draw your attention to the other fact, that the existence of this possibility does not change the facts which I have just been discussing with you. The fact that the results of war may be even more terrible in the future than they have been in the past does not change the facts that I have been discussing as to the difficulty of the road toward peace and the nature and direction of that road. All it means, but one of the great things it means, is that we must be even more calm and even more steady than we have been in the past, because the responsibilities and the consequences of not being calm and not being steady are even more terrible than they were before.

Criticism Is Welcomed

Another thing that I should like to mention to you this morning, a thought that comes to me from considering these two speeches, has to do with another very fine quality of the American people perhaps even more than other people. It is a quality of all free people but particularly of Americans, and that is that we are continually examining ourselves, we are continually criticizing ourselves, we are continually looking over the course we are following and asking whether we have overlooked something, whether we have made mistakes in the past, whether the course is proper and right.

That is an excellent quality. It is a quality which comes only from freedom and I'd like to suggest to you that we will be much nearer peace when the exercise of that quality is possible in the Soviet Union.

Now in the Soviet Union if anyone tries to examine the course of the Government or if people should say "Are we really right about this matter of communism? Is it really sound?" what happens to them? They go to the uranium mines or they go to the salt mines or they just disappear.

When the time comes that the Russian people can examine themselves and criticize themselves and examine the course of their Government and criticize that Government, then we will be very much closer to these two goals that were discussed in the Senate.

Not by way of criticism in any way, I think that we should be

careful to see that our self-examination and self-criticism does not go to the point where it becomes self-reproach. Because that attitude of mind is one which is apt to bring paralysis in the field of action where action is necessary. We must examine ourselves, but we must not get into the state of merely reproaching ourselves, because action is required and action is essential along the lines that I have been discussing.

So I would like to conclude these remarks by stressing again that it is a good thing to examine our course, it is a good thing to look at every possibility which comes up. We must continue to do that, we must remember always that the road to peace is long and difficult in the world as it is today. But we must never waiver in pursuing that goal, we must never for a moment doubt the possibility of achieving it.

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F.D.R. Always Confident Russia Would Co-Operate For Peace

Washington, Feb. 8 (AP)—The sharp change in the United States Government's policy toward Russia since the war was underscored today with the publication of excerpts from the late President Roosevelt's news conferences spanning the last four years of his life.

Time after time, Franklin D. Roosevelt expressed the belief that Russia would co-operate for peace.

Now that hope has waned. Today Dean Acheson, Secretary of State, took the stand that the only thing which will make an impression on the Soviets is power.

F.D.R.'s Confidence In Russia

On February 17, 1942, Mr. Roosevelt scoffed when a reporter mentioned:

"Arguments that are made against loans to Russia, on the theory that it is dangerous to make loans to them—they will become too powerful after the war."

A year and a half later the President was asked whether he was "confident of Russia's willingness to co-operate with us in maintaining peace."

"I always have been, personally," Mr. Roosevelt said.

Returning from the Yalta conference six weeks before he died, the President predicted "the United Nations will evolve into the best method ever devised for stopping war."

The "Big Three" At Yalta

It was at Yalta that he, Prime Minister Churchill of Britain and Soviet Premier Stalin bargained on veto powers giving big nations control of the United Nations Security Council.

The collection of news conference excerpts was put together by Samuel I. Rosenman, of New York, who stood by Mr. Roosevelt's side for years as legal adviser and helper on speeches. Now he is including them in the final four volumes of the late President's major papers, to be published next week.

They supply revealing glimpses of history in the making from the time Mr. Roosevelt began his unprecedented third term January 20, 1941, until he died April 12, 1945.

Not Always Exactly Accurate

They show how Mr. Roosevelt enjoyed bantering and sparring with the reporters he faced twice a week. There was the New Year's day in 1943, for instance, when he offered to set up a hangover clinic.

But there were hard, sharp repeated jabs at columnists, commentators and publishers. He accused them of inaccuracies.

Yet Mr. Roosevelt himself wasn't always exactly accurate. Soon after Pearl Harbor, he dismissed as R-O-T reports that Frank Knox, the late Secretary of the Navy, hadn't disclosed the size of actual American losses. The late President has been defended for this, on the ground that covering up was justified because it would have been unwise to let the Japanese know how seriously they had crippled the fleet.

As War Clouds Gathered

Anyone leafing back through the news conferences of the strained months of 1941 scarcely can escape a feeling now that it was a dead certainty that sooner or later we would get into the war on a shooting basis.

It wasn't so clear at the time.

President Roosevelt certainly wasn't predicting we were going to war.

After he and Churchill drew up the Atlantic Charter in the Summer of 1941, newsmen asked whether we were "any closer to entering the war actually."

"I should say no," the President assured them.

A few days later, in an off-the-record remark, he said Churchill thought the war could be won without our getting in.

The Destroyer Greer Incident

In September, 1941, Mr. Roosevelt shrugged off as hypothetical a question about a shooting war, based on two torpedo attacks that missed the United States Destroyer Greer.

In contrast, he talked in those 1941 conferences about:

Boosting defense production.

Speeding up lend-lease.

Getting older men and women into the defense effort.

Lowering the draft age.

Setting up a civilian defense system.

Arming merchant ships.

Patrolling with warships "as far on the waters of the seven seas as may be necessary for the defense of the American hemisphere."

But, just before Pearl Harbor, Mr. Roosevelt ate Thanksgiving dinner with patients at the Warm Springs (Ga.) Infantile Paralysis Foundation. He said in a little speech that American soldiers might be in a shooting war before another Thanksgiving came around.

A few days later they were.

Activity Of Red Underground Seen At Peak

Washington, Feb. 8 (AP)—Russian undercover activity in the United States was reported today at an all-time high.

The report came from a lawmaker familiar with evidence on the Klaus Fuchs case which FBI Director J. Edgar Hoover has been placing before Congress.

Hoover, seeking enough funds for at least 300 more G-men, was said to have told a Senate Appropriations subcommittee there are 540,000 Communists and fellow travelers in this country, 54,000 of them card-carrying party members.

Trial Set Friday

He also is understood to have said that Fuchs, the British scientist now under arrest in London for passing atomic secrets to Russia, had many opportunities to carry out his operations here.

Fuchs comes up for trial Friday, charged with two violations of the Official Secrets Act. Officials here say these involve two specific leaks of atomic information to Russia.

The German-born 38-year-old scientist stayed in this country from 1943 to 1946 as a member of a top British atomic team.

Extradition Sought

Senator Ferguson (R., Mich.) disclosed last night that he is asking Attorney General McGrath to try to extradite Fuchs from Britain for trial before an American court.

Such a move already has been explored by the Senate-House Atomic Energy Committee. The committee's lawyers have expressed doubt that applicable treaties between the two nations would permit extradition.

Chairman McCarran (D., Nev.) of the appropriations group declined to confirm that Hoover had estimated the number of Communists in the United States, as reported by other lawmakers.

But he said that an investigation conducted by a Judiciary subcommittee which he also heads "confirms the figures."

Indo-China Aid May Come From Asia Fund

Washington, Feb. 8 (AP)—Officials said today that President Truman may draw on a special $75,000,000 Far Eastern fund to help newly recognized Indo-Chinese governments fight Communist expansion.

A promise of American aid to the new governments of Viet Nam, Laos and Cambodia was held out by the State Department yesterday in announcing United States recognition of those French-supported regimes.

This action followed British recognition by a few hours and came within a matter of days after France had ratified agreements establishing the three states as independent political units within the French Union.

Not Expected So Soon

Recognition by this country had been foreseen, but not so quickly. The speed apparently was prompted by Russia's recognition of the Indo-Chinese regime of Communist Ho Chi-minh last week.

This Soviet move, following a similar step by the Chinese Communist Government, was generally interpreted here as meaning that Indo-China may be the object of the next Communist drive in Asia.

Australia today joined the United States and Britain in recognizing the three French-backed regimes in Indo-China.

To Meet Challenge

In its recognition statement, the United States declared its intention to meet the challenge in this new cold-war battleground.

Expressing hope that the new French-backed governments will maintain effective democratic institutions, the statement said:

"This Government is considering what steps it may take at this time to further these objectives and to assure, in collaboration with other like-minded nations, that this development shall not be hindered by internal dissension fostered from abroad."

Money In Fund

Any steps that the United States takes will cost money. The money most readily available to the President is that in the $75,000,000 fund which Congress voted last fall for use in opposing communism in the general area of China. So far as is known, none of the money has been spent.

The Indo-Chinese are expected to need both economic and military help. But the military help, if that is decided upon by Washington, probably would be used to strengthen French troops there.

YANKS WILL GET $1 FOR EVERY DAY SPENT IN PRISON

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8 — (AP) All Americans who were prisoners of war in Germany and Japan will get $1 for every day they spent in prison, under a ruling by the war claims commission today.

The ruling stated that all prisoner of war camps in Germany and Japan were sub-standard. The war claims act provides for the $1-a-day payment for days during which a POW did not get food of the "quality and quantity" established by the Geneva convention of 1929.

The commission has not ruled yet on POW's who were held in other countries, but it is generally believed that they too will rate the $1 a day for all time spent in enemy hands.

75,000 Claims Filed

More than 75,000 claims have been received by the commission, out of an expected total of 120,000.

Daniel F. Cleary, commission chairman, said he hopes payments will begin around the first of March. If all POW's put in claims, he said, the total cost will be about $108,000,000.

He said the average length of confinement for POW's in the hands of the Japanese was 1,110 days; for those held by the Germans, 400 days. So far, he said, the average claim is running around $800.

Cleary hopes to get more money to hire claims' adjudicators. If he doesn't get it, he said, the commission will be able to process only 5,000-8,000 claims between now and July 1.

U. S. RESTS PERJURY CASE

Christoffel Asks for Directed Acquittal in Retrial

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8 (AP)—Defense counsel asked for a directed verdict of acquittal in the Harold Christoffel perjury retrial late today shortly after the Government rested its case.

Federal District Judge F. Dickinson Letts is expected to rule Thursday on the motion by O. John Rogge that the case not be given to the jury and that the judge free Christoffel.

John S. Pratt, chief Government prosecutor, rested his case after nearly seven days of testimony intended to prove that the former Milwaukee union official lied to a Congressional committee.

Christoffel is charged with falsely telling the House Labor Committee that he had never been a Communist.

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Second 'Toy' Ship Leaves For Europe

Philadelphia, Feb. 8 (AP)—Another "tide of toys" from America's children moves to the children of Europe today aboard the S.S. Robert Maersk.

Today's cargo—the second in as many days, is bound for England, France, Italy, Greece and Norway.

The first shipment of about 1,000,000 toys headed for the continent yesterday aboard the United States Lines flagship American Defender. More than 500 Philadelphia schoolchildren were among those present to bid bon voyage to the gifts.

"Spirit Of Peace Still Lives"

George N. Craig, national commander of the American Legion, which is sponsoring the campaign, said the gifts are being sent with "the assurance of a child's toy and a child's word that the spirit of peace and fellowship, introduced by another Child 2,000 years ago, still lives."

The American Defender will call at Rotterdam and Antwerp, from which ports the toys will be distributed to children in the Netherlands, Austria, Berlin and the three western zones of Germany.

terfront strike on the west coast.

"Democratically - minded longshoremen," he said, established policy, and he, himself, proposed the motion which provided that two working longshoremen from each dock (a total of about 50) should be elected to sit with an executive committee of about 25 to settle policy and run the strike.

Second Day on Stand

Bridges, president of the CIO longshoremen's union, is being tried on charges that he swore under oath, at his 1945 citizenship hearing that he was not and never had been a communist. The government says this was false.

Bridges, on the witness stand for the second day conceded that the longshoremen accepted offers of financial and other aid by the Communist party.

He said "we weren't fancy. We'd take money from anywhere we could get it. We even got some from the waterfront employers. x x x We didn't turn down any source at all, including the Communist party, the Socialist party, the Workers' party and the Proletarian party. The money was gratefully received and was spent so we could eat."

Reds Printed Bulletin

He said the communists offered to print the strike bulletin—"but we wrote it." All left-wing groups were out-doing each other, he said, in an attempt to show how much they were doing to help the union.

Bridges said "the role of the communists was blown up purposely to create hysteria."

Later he testified "I'm not going to try at this late stage to take away any credit due them. It would be ingratitude to try to kiss it off now and say they didn't do anything."

French are veering toward recognition or tolerance of Red China.

Russia demanded the Nationalist ouster and walked out—followed by Poland and Czechoslovakia—when the vote went against them and Nationalist China stayed.

Had Backed Nationalists

Few had expected France to avoid a chance to vote against the Russians. France has not recognized the Chinese Communists and up to now has voted for the Nationalists every time the question of keeping them in the United Nations came up in the past four weeks.

Furthermore, Russia has recognized the Viet Nam "people's republic" of Ho Chi-minh, enemy of France who is fighting a jungle war against French troops in Indo-China.

The French have installed Bao Dai, former Emperor of Annam, as leader of the Viet Nam Republic within the French Union (Empire).

3-To-1 Split On Viet Nam

Britain, which recognizes the Chinese Communists, and the United States, which doesn't, came through for France with announcements from London and Washington recognizing Bao Dai as ruler of Viet Nam. Thus, three big powers were ranged against Moscow in the current Paris-Moscow feud over Viet Nam.

Georges Boris, French delegate to the Social Council, said:

"The validity of the powers of a Chinese government now is in question. It is a question my Government is studying. We have no decision on it yet. Therefore, we abstain on the vote."

WAS NEVER A RED, BRIDGES SWEARS AT PERJURY TRIAL

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 8 (AP)—Harry Bridges swore today he never was a member of the Communist party, that he never paid dues to the party, that he never signed an application to join.

The testimony in his perjury trial came late in the day after he had declared that communists had helped finance but had not dominated or controlled the critical 1934 wa-

France Refuses To Vote In U.N. On China Seat

Lake Success, Feb. 8 (AP)—France has refused to vote for or against a proposal to kick the Chinese Nationalists out of the United Nations Economic and Social Council.

And that had United Nations diplomats guessing today whether the

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LONDON, THURSDAY, FEB. 9-(AP)-THE MOSCOW RADIO SAID TODAY THE LATEST ECONOMIC REPORT BY WESTERN EUROPEAN COUNTRIES SHOWS THE COMPLETE FAILURE OF THE MARSHALL PLAN.

AN ENGLISH-LANGUAGE BROADCAST HEARD HERE CLAIMED THE REPORT ON EUROPE'S ECONOMY, MADE TUESDAY BY THE ORGANIZATION OF EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COOPERATION (OEEC), "MAKES A NUMBER OF CONFESSIONS WHICH POINT TO THE COMPLETE FAILURE OF THE MARSHALL PLAN AND THE DISASTROUS INFLUENCE OF THE LATTER ON EVERY ASPECT OF LIFE IN THE COUNTRIES OF WESTERN EUROPE."

THE OEEC, THE EUROPEAN ADMINISTRATIVE BODY WHICH DISTRIBUTES MARSHALL PLAN MONEY AMONG EUROPEAN NATIONS, SAID IN ITS ANNUAL REPORT TUESDAY THAT "THE FIRST TWO YEARS OF THE EUROPEAN RECOVERY PROGRAM HAVE BEEN UNRESERVEDLY SUCCESSFUL."

AFTER LISTING GAINS ACHIEVED THROUGH OPERATION OF THE PLAN THE REPORT CONCLUDED THAT STILL REMAINING IS THE PROBLEM OF HOW EUROPE WILL SOLVE HER DOLLAR SHORTAGE AFTER THE PLAN ENDS IN 1952.

TODAY'S RUSSIAN BROADCAST, HEARD HERE BY THE SOVIET MONITOR, SAID THE REPORT MADE CLEAR THAT IN MARSHALL PLAN COUNTRIES "FARM PRODUCTION IS STILL BELOW PREWAR AND INDUSTRIAL OUTPUT AND WORKERS LIVING STANDARDS ARE FALLING."

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IT QUOTED THE REPORT AS SAYING WESTERN EUROPE'S ECONOMY WOULD COLLAPSE UNLESS THE DOLLAR DEFICIT WERE SOLVED.

LONDON, THURSDAY, FEB.9-(AP)-THE LONDON DAILY MAIL HINTED TODAY THAT DR.KLAUS FUCHS, GERMAN-BORN SCIENTIST ACCUSED OF LEAKING ATOMIC SECRETS TO RUSSIA, HAD BEEN ALLOWED TO MAKE TRIPS OUTSIDE PRISON TO VISIT HIS LAWYER.

FUCHS, A NATURALIZED BRITON WHO WAS A LEADING MEMBER OF THE BRITISH RESEARCH TEAM THAT WORKED IN THE UNITED STATES DURING WARTIME DEVELOPMENT OF THE ATOMIC BOMB, IS IN BRIXTON PRISON AWAITING TRIAL ON TWO CHARGES OF VIOLATING THE OFFICIAL SECRETS ACT. F.B. I. DIRECTOR J. EDGAR HOOVER HAS SAID THE CHARGES INVOLVE GIVING A-BOMB SECRETS TO THE RUSSIANS.

THE DAILY MAIL STORY SAID FUCHS HAD HAD TALKS WITH J.THOMPSON HALSALL, LONDON SOLICITOR WHO WILL REPRESENT HIM AT A COURT HEARING FRIDAY.

"IT IS UNDERSTOOD," THE NEWSPAPER SAID, "THAT THESE INTERVIEWS DID NOT TAKE PLACE IN THE PRISON."

SOMETIMES A MAN FACING TRIAL IN BRITAIN IS ALLOWED TO TRAVEL FROM HIS JAIL CELL TO HIS SOLICITOR'S OFFICE AND BACK UNDER GUARD. THE MAIL DID NOT SAY WHETHER THIS WAS THE PROCEDURE FOLLOWED IN THE FUCHS CASE.

WW1 221 AES

(200)

LONDON, FEB.8-(AP)-THE FOREIGN OFFICE WITHDREW A CHARGE TODAY THAT THE RUSSIAN-SPONSORED EAST GERMAN STATE HAS BREACHED ITS TRADE PACT WITH WEST GERMANY.

THE ALLEGED BREACH WAS PUT FORWARD BY A BRITISH SPOKESMAN YESTERDAY AS A MAIN REASON FOR THE WEST GERMAN MOVE TO HALT FUTURE IRON AND STEEL SUPPLIES TO THE RUSSIAN ZONE.

UNDER AN OCTOBER, 1949, TRADE PACT THE EAST AND WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENTS AGREED NEITHER SIDE SHOULD EXCEED A 15,000,000 MARKS (ABOUT $4,000,000) TRADING DEFICIT.

THE FOREIGN OFFICE SPOKESMAN TOLD REPORTERS TODAY THE EAST GERMAN STATE IN FACT "HAS NOT EXCEEDED THAT LIMIT."

HE ASSERTED, HOWEVER, THAT THERE HAS BEEN "A PERSISTENT TRADE SWING" IN FAVOR OF THE EAST ZONE SINCE THE AGREEMENT WAS SIGNED.

LATEST AVAILABLE FIGURES SHOW THE RUSSIAN ZONE OWES WEST GERMANY SOMETHING LIKE 11,000,000 MARKS (ABOUT $2,750,000) WORTH OF GOODS.

BUT OFFICIAL SOURCES NOTED THAT THE WEST GERMANS HAVE TURNED DOWN SOME GOODS LIKE SUGAR OFFERED BY THE EAST GERMAN STATE ON THE GROUNDS THAT THE PEOPLE OF EAST GERMANY DON'T GET ENOUGH OF IT THEMSELVES.

SUGAR IS ONE OF THE ITEMS WHICH EAST GERMANY CONTRACTED TO SUPPLY TO WEST GERMANY.

WEST GERMAN CHANCELLOR DR. KONRAD ADENAUER ANNOUNCED MONDAY IRON AND STEEL SHIPMENTS TO THE RUSSIAN ZONE WERE TO STOP.

LS432PES

A98

(120)

LONDON, FEB 8-(AP)-A UNITED STATES NAVY FLOTILLA WILL SHOW THE FLAG IN OIL-RICH SAUDI ARABIA AT THE END OF FEBRUARY, NAVY HEADQUARTERS IN LONDON ANNOUNCED TODAY.

A NAVY SPOKESMAN DESCRIBED THE FOUR-DAY CALL AT THE RED SEA PORT OF JIDDA IN KING IBN SAUD'S DESERT KINGDOM AS A "COURTESY VISIT."

THE FLOTILLA WILL INCLUDE THE CRUISER ROANOKE AND THE DESTROYERS G.K. MACKENZIE AND E.G. SMALL. IT WILL BE COMMANDED BY ADM. RICHARD L. CONOLLY, COMMANDER OF U.S. NAVAL FORCES IN THE EASTERN ATLANTIC AND MEDITERRANEAN.

NO ARRANGEMENTS HAVE BEEN MADE FOR A FORMAL VISIT BY ADM. CONOLLY WITH KING IBN SAUD, THE SPOKESMAN SAID.

NAVAL SOURCES POINTED OUT, HOWEVER, THAT THE ADMIRAL SELDOM COMMANDS SUCH A VISIT UNLESS A FORMAL CALL ON A HEAD OF STATE IS EXPECTED. THE U.S. HAS LARGE INTERESTS IN SAUDI ARABIAN OIL.

ME944AES

B70 (Q)

KX (APW)

LONDON, FEB.8-(AP)-THE BOARD OF TRADE SAID TODAY JAPANESE GRAY CLOTH MAY BE SHIPPED TO THE UNITED KINGDOM FROM BRITISH COLONIES FOR PROCESS AND RE-EXPORT TO THOSE COLONIES.

PERMISSION TO DO THIS WILL BE GIVEN TO COLONIAL FIRMS WHICH HOLD LICENSES TO IMPORT JAPANESE CLOTH.

THE ARRANGEMENT WILL PERMIT THE COLONIES TO HAVE FINISHED CLOTH WHICH THEY OTHERWISE WOULD NOT BE ABLE TO GET.

IT ALSO WILL HELP HOME MANUFACTURERS WHO NOW ARE HANDICAPPED BY A GENERAL SHORTAGE OF MATERIALS.

LS1118PES

FEB 9 - 1950

30.24 - 8825

SOUTHAMPTON, ENG., FEB. 8-(AP)-JOHN W. KENNY, CHIEF OF MISSION HERE FOR THE EUROPEAN COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION, SAILED IN THE QUEEN MARY TODAY FOR THE UNITED STATES.

HE AND SEVERAL OTHER CHIEFS OF MISSIONS ARE TO APPEAR BEFORE THE SENATE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE CONSIDERING THE 1950-1951 OVERSEAS AID BUDGET.

A72

NIGHT LEAD ASSEMBLY (120)

PARIS, FEB.8-(AP)-THE FRENCH NATIONAL ASSEMBLY TONIGHT APPROVED LEGISLATION TO RESTORE COLLECTIVE BARGAINING TO THE NATION'S LABOR UNIONS FOR THE FIRST TIME SINCE BEFORE THE WAR. THE VOTE WAS 451 TO 0.

THE COMMUNISTS JOINED SOCIALISTS, MEMBERS OF PREMIER GEORGES BIDAULT'S POPULAR REPUBLICAN MOVEMENT (MRP) AND SOME MODERATES IN SUPPORTING THE MEASURE. THE BILL WILL BECOME A LAW IN A DAY OR SO UPON ITS PUBLICATION IN THE OFFICIAL JOURNAL.

THIS WAS THE SECOND TIME THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY HAD ADOPTED THE MEASURE. IN EFFECT THE DEPUTIES, BY THEIR ACTION TONIGHT, OVERRODE SOME AMENDMENTS MADE BY PARLIAMENT'S UPPER HOUSE, THE COUNCIL OF THE REPUBLIC, TO THE ORIGINAL BILL.

THE LAW WILL REMOVE OFFICIAL CEILINGS AND CONTROLS PLACED ON WAGES ON THE EVE OF WORLD WAR II. IT ALSO CALLS FOR COMPULSORY CONCILIATION ATTEMPTS IN LABOR DISPUTES BUT LEAVES ARBITRATION OPTIONAL.

BD R0804PES

paris, feb. 8--(ap)--western europe wants private american investors to take up where u. s. government aid tapers off toward the end of the marshall plan in 1952.

in a survey of the progress of the marshall plan at the half-way mark the european member areas discussed their needs for the next two years during which the plan operates and what must be done when it ends to keep

their economies stable.

the report estimates these countries will need from $4,700,000,000 to $5,000,000,000 during this final two-year period to carry out their plans.

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robert marjolin, secretary-general of the organization for european economic cooperation (OEEC), said in a news conference yesterday the first two years of the marshall plan had proved "unreservedly successful."

he asserted that europe can pridefully say it has made good use of american aid so far, with the exception of greece and western germany which have needed extra sums to keep them going.

marjolin predicted that western europe will be paying for three-fourths of its american imports with its own exports and services by 1952.

he said, however, that they may have to cut down on imports from the united states in order to close the dollar gap unless large scale private american investments are made to cover the predicted 25 per cent deficit between imports and exports. the gap is expected to amount to over $2,000,000,000 in 1952.

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the survey, compiled by a committee under the chairmanship of british economist eric roll, estimates that about $3,000,000,000 -- NOT including military aid -- will be needed for the fiscal year 1950-51. this shows a considerable drop from expenditures in 1949-50, which amounted to $3,778,000,000, plus about $400,000,000 in special assistance for western germany.

these estimates are to be studied in congress before the appropriations debate starts feb. 21.

(in washington some senators said today the outcome of the british national elections feb. 23 will influence strongly the amount of money congress will approve for the rest of the marshall plan. they indicated that a victory for winston churchill's conservatives would "make it much easier" to get congressional approval of the amount needed, since some of them have NO confidence in the economic policies of

30.24- 8827

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the present labor government).

the report said the total $8,257,000,000 already poured into the plan has removed the immediate threat of "bankruptcy and dissolution, with the political threats which would follow."

commenting on the report marjolin said "the necessary adjustments after the end of the marshall plan will require a decrease in europe's imports from america at least in some commodities."

he cited coal as a specific example, since, under the oeec program the large exports of coal from the united states will halt.

but he added that "if there are large private american investments in europe in the next five or ten years" most american exports could be maintained at their present levels.

otherwise, marjolin said, the decrease in american aid would force europe to make adjustments which would lower the imports from america.

paul g. hoffman, ECA administrator who is in washington after conferring with foreign ministers at OEEC headquarters in paris, said

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the survey is more optimistic in some respects than he is concerning europe's ability to stand on its own feet when marshall aid is finished.

hoffman has expressed disappointment in the slowness of the foreign ministers to agree fully on some of the steps he considers vital to recovery. he has urged creation of an all-european currency pool and a more rapid removal of/european trade barriers which are hampering integrated trade.

experts who made up the report said part of the trade problem was up to the united states, which they said must work at making trade with europe more of a two-way affair. europeans have constantly complained that customs red tape makes it difficult for them to sell there goods

to the united states.

marjolin and a group of OEEC officials are to leave in a few days for washington to attend the congressional hearings on the marshall plan.

w. averell harriman, chief u. s. administrator in europe, will leave feb. 15 for the same purpose, his office announced.

strasbourg,france,feb.8-(ap)-iceland today became the 13th member of the council of europe.

the council is an unofficial parliament of european states working for the eventual unity of the continent. the countries are britain,france,belgium,the netherlands,luxembourg, norway,sweden,denmark,italy,ireland,greece and turkey.

its headquarters are at strasbourg.

A179
ROME, FEB.8-(AP)-THE ITALIAN SENATE TODAY COMPLETED PARLIAMENTARY APPROVAL OF ITALY'S UNITED NATIONS TRUSTEESHIP IN SOMALILAND.
IT VOTED 164 TO 93 TO ACCEPT ADMINISTRATION OF ITALY'S FORMER AFRICAN COLONY FOR TEN YEARS, AFTER WHICH SOMALILAND WILL BE GIVEN INDEPENDENCE.
THE CHAMBER OF DEPUTIES ON SATURDAY VOTED 277 TO 153 TO ACCEPT THE MANDATE.
LUIGI EINAUDI, PRESIDENT OF THE REPUBLIC, NOW MUST SIGN THE TRUSTEESHIP LAW BEFORE ITALIAN TROOPS SAIL FROM SICILY TO RELIEVE THE BRITISH GARRISON WHICH HAS OCCUPIED SOMALILAND SINCE THE WAR.
RP145PES

A80
NIGHT LEAD SOMALI
ROME, FEB. 8-(AP)-PRESIDENT LUIGI EINAUDI TONIGHT SIGNED AN AGREEMENT WITH THE UNITED NATIONS UNDER WHICH ITALY WILL HAVE A 10-YEAR TRUSTEESHIP OVER HER PRE-WAR COLONY OF SOMALILAND IN EAST AFRICA. SOMALILAND WILL GAIN HER INDEPENDENCE AT THE END OF THAT PERIOD.
TWO TROOPSHIPS SAILED FROM SICILIY WITH SOLDIERS TONIGHT TO TAKE OVER FROM BRITISH TROOPS WHO HAVE GARRISONED THE TERRITORY SINCE THE END OF THE WAR.
THE AGREEMENT HAS BEEN APPROVED BY THE ITALIAN SENATE AND CHAMBER OF DEPUTIES.
RQ937PES

Geneva, Switzerland, Feb. 8 -(ap)- Syria today urged the united nations trusteeship council to internationalize the entire jerusalem region, melding ~~jewish~~ arab and israel zones in one administration.

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Ahmad Shukairy, syrian observer, said this action could be enforced by political and economic sanctions if necessary.

The continued existence of the jerusalem problem, he said, means " the gradual death of the united nations." In the middle east he declared, the problem was " a floating mine awaiting explosion".

The syrian delegate added his voice to those of egypt and iraq in opposing proposals of council president roger garreau which would permit ~~immigrants~~ arab and ~~israel~~ israel zones but would carve out the holy places for international control.

rsm 2.05p apr 130

FEB 9-1950 30.24= 8829

A123 (120)

BRUSSELS, BELGIUM, FEB.8-(AP)-THE BELGIAN HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES VOTED TODAY TO ASK THE PEOPLE OF THIS COUNTRY WHETHER THEY WANT KING LEOPOLD TO RETURN TO HIS THRONE. THE REFERENDUM WILL BE LATE IN MARCH.

BY A VOTE OF 117 TO 92 THE HOUSE APPROVED AN "ADVISORY REFERENDUM BILL" ON THE QUESTION OF RESTORATION OF LEOPOLD, WHO HAS BEEN IN EXILE SINCE THE WAR. THE BILL ALREADY HAD SENATE APPROVAL.

THE BILL NOW GOES TO REGENT PRINCE CHARLES, THE KING'S BROTHER, FOR FINAL SIGNATURE.

THE QUESTION BEFORE THE VOTERS WILL BE THIS: "ARE YOU OF THE OPINION THAT KING LEOPOLD III SHOULD RESUME THE USE OF HIS CONSTITUTIONAL POWERS?"

THE FINAL VOTE ENDED A STORMY DEBATE WHICH BEGAN JAN.

OPINION THAT KING LEOPOLD III SHOULD RESUME THE USE OF HIS CONSTITUTIONAL POWERS?"

THE FINAL VOTE ENDED A STORMY DEBATE WHICH BEGAN JAN.10. IT REACHED ITS PEAK A WEEK AGO WHEN FORMER PREMIER PAUL-HENRI SPAAK, THE SOCIALIST LEADER, TOLD THE HOUSE SUCH A REFERENDUM WOULD SPLIT BELGIUM IN TWO. SPAAK HAD URGED DEFEAT OF THE BILL.

WW1104AES

B19 (Q)

NA (120)

FRANKFURT, GERMANY, FEB. 8-(AP)-DR.HERMANN B.WELLS, PRESIDENT OF THE UNIVERSITY OF INDIANA, SAID TODAY "LIBERALIZING GERMAN EDUCATION IS LIKE NURTURING A DELICATE, SENSITIVE PLANT."

"THE OPERATIONS REQUIRE SKILL AND PATIENCE," HE SAID. "BOTH PRODUCTS USUALLY TAKE A LONG TIME TO MATURE."

WELLS COMMENTED INFORMALLY WHILE HERE AS CHAIRMAN OF THE AMERICAN COUNCIL OF EDUCATION'S COMMISSION ON OCCUPIED AREAS. THIS GROUP ADVISES THE HIGH COMMISSION ON EDUCATION POLICIES.

WELLS SAID TOO MANY AMERICANS EXPECT GERMAN EDUCATION TO BE LIBERALIZED "OVER THE WEEKEND."

"THE MAJORITY OF US," HE SAID, "DO NOT TAKE INTO ACCOUNT THE FACT THAT GERMAN EDUCATORS HAVE BEEN ISOLATED FROM KNOWLEDGE OF EDUCATIONAL PROGRESS FOR AT LEAST 15 YEARS." X X X

WD557PES

B61 (Q)

-17-

(260)

FRANKFURT, GERMANY, FEB.8-(AP)-U.S. HIGH COMMISSIONER JOHN J.MCCLOY'S SPEECH EXPRESSING BLUNT CRITICISMS OF WESTERN GERMANY WAS BASED IN PART ON A SECRET STATE DEPARTMENT DIRECTIVE OUTLINING AMERICAN POLICY IN GERMANY, U.S. OFFICIALS HERE SAID TODAY.

THE DIRECTIVE WAS SENT TO MCCLOY LATE LAST YEAR BY U.S. SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN ACHESON. BUT ITS CONTENTS HAVE NEVER BEEN MADE PUBLIC.

AMERICAN OFFICIALS HERE SAID MCCLOY'S DECLARATION OF AMERICAN POLICY IN HIS MONDAY SPEECH PARAPHRASED THE HIGH POINTS OF THE DIRECTIVE. WASHINGTON REPORTS ALSO SAID THE SPEECH REFLECTED THE VIEWS OF ACHESON.

THESE REPORTS SAID HIS SHARP REBUKES TO THE GERMANS WERE CAUSED BY CONCERN THAT HE FOUND IN THE UNITED STATES ABOUT GERMAN DEVELOPMENTS. MCCLOY WARNED GERMAN POLITICIANS THAT THEIR ANTI-ALLIED TALK IS HARMING GERMANY ABROAD AND THAT AMERICA INTENDS TO KEEP A TIGHT REIN ON GERMAN POLITICAL AFFAIRS.

MCCLOY TOLD HIS AUDIENCE: "I THINK YOU ARE ENTITLED TO KNOW CERTAIN LINES OF AMERICAN POLICY TODAY." THEY HE WENT ON TO LIST "THE LEADING PRINCIPLES OF OUR POLICY" IN GERMANY.

THESE WERE:

THE GERMAN PEOPLE SHOULD BE ENABLED TO DEVELOP THEIR POLITICAL INDEPENDENCE ALONG DEMOCRATIC LINES AND THEY SHOULD BE INTEGRATED INTO A FREE EUROPE.

THE GERMANY PEOPLE AND GOVERNMENT SHOULD TAKE AN INCREASINGLY ACTIVE PART IN THE POLITICAL AND ECONOMIC ORGANIZATION OF EUROPE.

THE GERMAN PEOPLE SHOULD HAVE THE WIDEST FREEDOM TO SHAPE THEIR FUTURE SUBJECT TO CERTAIN RESTRICTIONS.

FULL SUPPORT WILL BE GIVEN TO DEMOCRATIC FORCES IN GERMANY AND TO THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE WEST GERMAN REPUBLIC.

BERLIN WILL CONTINUE TO RECEIVE AID AND SUPPORT FROM THE UNITED STATES.

JM851AES

BERLIN--FIRST ADD NIGHT LEAD GERMAN (A6) X X X IN WEST BERLIN.

IN WESTERN GERMANY, AMERICAN ARMED FORCES DEPLOYED IN A MANEUVER DESIGNED TO BRUSH UP READINESS FOR ANY EMERGENCY.

THE FIRST BATTALION OF THE 18TH INFANTRY REGIMENT WAS CONVOYED TO THE NEUBIBERG AIR BASE IN BAVARIA, THEN AIRLIFTED TO RHINE-MAIN, THE BIG AIR FIELD OUTSIDE FRANKFURT.

THE TROOPS CARRIED MORTAR EQUIPMENT, FULL COMBAT GEAR, AMMUNITION AND FUEL AND WATER SUPPLIES FOR 36 HOURS IN THE FIELD.

THEY THREW UP A DEFENSE LINE AROUND RHINE-MAIN WITHIN TWO HOURS AFTER LEAVING NEUBIBERG. THEY USED C-54S, THE SAME TYPE OF FOUR-ENGINED TRANSPORTS THAT FORMED THE AIRLIFT FLEET WHICH BROKE THE RUSSIAN BLOCKADE OF BERLIN LAST YEAR.

THE VOICE OF ANTI-COMMUNIST DEFIANCE WELLED UP IN WEST BERLIN. SOCIALISTS STAGED AN OUTDOOR RALLY ON THE BORDER OF THE RUSSIAN SECTOR. MAYOR ERNST REUTER DECLARED OVER LOUDSPEAKERS THAT COMMUNISM NEVER WOULD WIN HERE.

DESPITE SNOW AND BITING COLD, A CROWD OF 5,000 ATTENDED.

MANY WERE FROM THE EAST SECTOR, JUST ACROSS THE STREET. WESTERN CITY POLICE STOOD BY TO QUELL POSSIBLE DISORDER. THE COMMUNISTS LINED UP THEIR PARTY ACTIVISTS ON THE OTHER SIDE IN CASE NOSE-PUNCHING DEVELOPED.

HOWEVER, THERE WERE ONLY SHOUTED INSULTS.

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JB349PES

A78

BONN, GERMANY, FEB. 8-(AP)-THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT CALLED TOP GERMAN BANKERS IN TODAY FOR A CONFERENCE ON WAYS TO FINANCE WORK FOR THE REPUBLIC'S 1,900,000 UNEMPLOYED.

DISAPPOINTED IN ITS EFFORT TO GET MONEY FROM ABROAD, THE GOVERNMENT IS DESPERATELY SEEKING FUNDS INSIDE THE REPUBLIC.

THE MEETINGS BETWEEN CABINET MINISTERS AND THE BANKERS WERE HELD ON THE EVE OF A FULL-DRESS DEBATE ON UNEMPLOYMENT IN PARLIAMENT, TOMORROW.

RQ935PES

A83

BONN, GERMANY, FEB. 8-(AP)-FOREIGNERS IN WEST GERMANY WERE TOLD TODAY THEY WILL HAVE TO LIVE ON THE GERMAN ECONOMY AS OF NEXT JULY 1.

THE ALLIED HIGH COMMISSION SAID THAT FROM THAT DATE ONLY MEMBERS OF THE OCCUPYING FORCES AND AGENCIES WORKING FOR THOSE FORCES WOULD BE ENTITLED TO FACILITIES REQUISITIONED FROM THE GERMANS.

MEMBERS OF ALLIED BUSINESS FIRMS, NEWSPAPER CORRESPONDENTS AND OTHERS ACCREDITED TO THE THREE OCCUPYING POWERS HAVE ENJOYED THE SAME RESIDENTIAL AND OTHER FACILITIES AS THE OCCUPATION ARMIES AND CONTROL COMMISSIONS.

RQ943PES

BELGRADE, YUGOSLAVIA,FEB.8-(AP)-YUGOSLAVIA HAS RESHUFFLED HER COMMUNIST PRODUCTION BOSSES AND ABOLISHED TWO MAJOR MINISTRIES IN A BROAD MOVE TO INCREASE INDUSTRIAL OUTPUT AND BOOST FOREIGN TRADE.

IN MEASURES AIMED AT DECENTRALIZING ECONOMIC AUTHORITY THE GOVERNMENT HAS REPLACED THE MINISTRIES OF ELECTRICAL ECONOMY AND MINING WITH COMMITTEES IN EACH OF THE COUNTRY'S SIX REPUBLICS. THE COMMITTEE HEADS WILL HAVE MINISTERIAL RANK.

PREMIER-MARSHAL TITO'S ADVISORS HAVE DECIDED THAT SPREADING OUT THI CONTROL OF INDUSTRY WOULD CREATE GREATER EFFICIENCY AND WOULD BOLSTER THE EXPORT PROGRAM SO VITAL TO YUGOSLAVIA IN ITS FIGHT AGAINST THE MOSCOW-LED COMINFORM.

THE OFFICIAL DECREE ANNOUNCING THE REORGANIZATION YESTERDAY SAID THE NEW COMMITTEES REPLACING THE ABOLISHED MINISTRIES WOULD CONTROL ELECTRICAL ECONOMY, COAL, NON-FERROUS METALS, GENERAL METALLURGY, PETROLEUM AND THE "EXTRACTIVE" INDUSTRY.

A177 (200)

BJ1030AES

SZCZECIN (STETTIN) POLAND, FEB.8-(AP)-THREE POLES PLEADED GUILTY IN A REGIONAL MILITARY COURT TODAY TO SPYING FOR FRANCE.

THE DEFENDANTS WHO CONFESSED ARE AMONG SIX POLES AND TWO FRENCHMEN CHARGED WITH ATTEMPTING TO GATHER MILITARY INFORMATION FOR FRANCE. THEY ARE ZBIGNIEW BLAUSTEIN, KAZIMIERZ RACHTAN AND STEFAN PIELACKI.

THE THREE TOLD THE CROWDED COURT THEY HAD FOLLOWED INSTRUCTIONS OF ANDRE SIMON ROBINEAU, 25-YEAR OLD FORMER FRENCH CONSULAR SECRETARY WHO MONDAY CONFESSED TO SPYING "BECAUSE I LIKED THE JOB".

BLAUSTEIN TESTIFIED THAT ROBINEAU ORDERED THE BUILDING OF A RADIO STATION IN THE APARTMENT OF PIELACKI "TO COMMUNICATE SECRETLY WITH INTELLIGENCE HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE."

BLAUSTEIN ADMITTED HANDING ROBINEAU MAPS, STOLEN FROM ADMINISTRATION OFFICES, WHICH HAD SHOWN LOCATIONS OF MILITIA AND SECURITY POLICE HEADQUARTERS, AREAS HELD BY RUSSIAN FORCES, ANTI-AIRCRAFT BATTERIES, DOCKS, HARBOR INSTALLATIONS AND INDUSTRIAL PLANTS.

THE DEFENDANT SAID HE HAD WORKED FOR THE GERMAN TODT CONSTRUCTION ORGANIZATION WHICH HELPED BUILD THE SIEGFRIED LINE.

THE PROSECUTOR RETORTED: "IT IS INTERESTING THAT YOU ALWAYS WORK FOR FASCIST ORGANIZATIONS, FIRST TODT AND NOW THE FRENCH INTELLIGENCE."

ROBINEAU'S DETENTION LAST OCTOBER SET OFF WHOLESALE ARRESTS AND EXPULSIONS OF FRENCHMEN FROM POLAND AND POLES FROM FRANCE AND RESULTED IN AN EXCHANGE OF SHARP DIPLOMATIC PROTESTS.

RP142PES

A73

PRAGUE, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, FEB. 8-(AP)-THE HEADS OF TWO CZECHOSLOVAK ROMAN CATHOLIC MONASTERIES HAVE BEEN ARRESTED, RELIABLE SOURCES SAID TONIGHT. THE SOURCES ADDED THAT THE ARRESTS APPARENTLY HAD BEEN MADE BECAUSE THE CHURCH LEADERS REFUSED TO SIGN OATHS OF ALLEGIANCE TO THE COMMUNIST-LED GOVERNMENT.

THE INFORMANTS SAID POLICE WENT TO THE MONASTERY NOVA RISEN LAST FRIDAY AND ARRESTED ABBOT BOHUSLOAV. ABOUT THE SAME TIME THE ABBOT OF ZELIV, DR.TAHOVSKY, WAS TAKEN INTO CUSTODY.

RQ906PES

A49

SOFIA, BULGARIA, FEB.8-(AP)-BULGARIA TODAY RECOGNIZED THE ~~VIETNAM~~ REGIME OF HO CHI-MINH AS THE LEGAL GOVERNMENT OF INDO-CHINA AND DECIDED TO ESTABLISH DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS.

BD740PES

VIET MINH

FEB 9 - 1950

A24

30.24- 8831

PRAGUE, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, FEB.8-(AP)-THE CONTROLLED PRESS REPORTED TODAY THAT ANOTHER GROUP OF UNDERGROUND "TERRORISTS" HAD BEEN JAILED FOR PLOTTING TO ASSASSINATE PUBLIC OFFICIALS AND OVERTHROW THE COUNTRY'S COMMUNIST-LED REGIME.

THE COMMUNIST PAPER RUDE PRAVO SAID THE GROUP--IT DID NOT GIVE THE NUMBER OF THOSE ARRESTED--WENT ON TRIAL YESTERDAY IN JIHLAVA IN MORAVIA, 80 MILES EAST OF PRAGUE.

IT WAS THE SECOND ANTI-STATE GROUP TO GO ON TRIAL IN A WEEK. LAST WEEK A 22-YEAR-OLD STUDENT WAS SENTENCED TO DEATH AND 14 OTHERS WERE IMPRISONED ON CHARGES OF PLOTTING AT BRNO TO OVERTHROW THE GOVERNMENT.

RUDE PRAVO SAID THE GROUP AT JOHLAVA PLANNED "EXTENSIVE TERRORIST ACTIONS. INCLUDING THE MURDERS OF PUBLIC FIGURES, ESPIONAGE, SABOTAGE OF THE NATIONAL ECONOMY AND WORKED FOR THE OVERTHROW OF THE PEOPLES DEMOCRATIC REGIME AND THE RESTORATION OF CAPITALISM."

THE PLOTTERS WERE MOSTLY BUSINESSMEN, THE PAPER SAID.

MD352AES

ATHENS, FEB. 8--(AP)--HARRY GRETSKI, NEW YORK BUSINESS MAN, SAID TODAY HE HAS CONCLUDED NEGOTIATIONS FOR BARTER TRADE OF APPROXIMATELY $2,500,000 WORTH OF GREEK AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS TO PRIVATE ISRAELI FIRMS.

GRETSKE, WHO IS FLYING TO TEL AVIV THURSDAY, SAID THE GREEKS WOULD SHIP GRAPES, WINE, DRIED FRUIT, OLIVES, OLIVE OIL, RAISINS, AND TOBACCO IN RETURN FOR FINISHED INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTS.

THE GREEK END OF DEAL WAS HANDLED BY THE HELLENIC EXPORT CO. FOR AGRICULTURE WHICH WAS FOUNDED BY THE AGRICULTURAL BANK OF GREECE WHICH MAKES THE GOVERNMENT'S OFFICIAL FARM LOANS.

PRIVATE BUSINESSES REPRESENTED BY GRETSKE IN ISRAEL WILL HANDLE THAT END.

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FEB9-1950

moscow, feb. 8--(ap)--chinese communist leader mao tze-tung and his foreign minister chou en-lai have been acquainting themselves with soviet airplane and automobile production as their stay draws to a close.

the two leaders, accompanied by other members of the chinese delegation here to negotiate a chinese-soviet friendship pact, have visited one of the country's airplane plants and the stalin auto plant, the nation's biggest automobile and truck factory.

accompanied by high-ranking russian officials, the group is expected to continue a round of visits before returning home.

they have yet to see the soviet collective farms and state farms which are believed to be of considerable interest to them.

according to the news agency tass the workers at the plants where the chinese leaders visited greeted them with "prolonged applause and cheers."

mao has been in the soviet union since dec. 16 and chou since jan. 21.

FEB9-1950

B75 Q

B75KX (MAO) Q
--17--
FOLLOW MOSCOW (B56) (180)
HONG KONG,FEB.8-(AP)-A COMPLETELY UNCONFIRMED REPORT CIRCULATED IN HONG KONG TODAY THAT CHINESE COMMUNIST LEADERS MAO TZE-TUNG AND CHOU EN-LAI WERE BEING DETAINED IN MOSCOW ON KREMLIN ORDERS THROUGH VARIOUS DELAYING TACTICS.
ONE OFFICIAL IN A FOREIGN LEGATION SAID HE KNEW OF "SOME SORT OF INTELLIGENCE REPORT THAT MAO PRACTICALLY WAS UNDER HOUSE ARREST IN MOSCOW" APPARENTLY BECAUSE THE KREMLIN WAS "AFRAID HE WILL TURN INTO A TITO IF HE GETS BACK TO PEIPING."
THIS MAN WAS ASKED WHETHER HE BELIEVED THE REPORT. HE REPLIED "I THINK THERE IS A 50-50 CHANCE IT IS TRUE. WE'VE HEARD THAT THIS BELIEF IS GAINING GROUND IN FOREIGN CAPITALS."
THE CHINESE MANAGER OF THE HONG KONG BRANCH OF A SHANGHAI BANK SAID SOME RESPONSIBLE CHINESE FEEL MAO AND CHOU ARE BEING KEPT IN MOSCOW WHILE AN ALL-OUT-FOR-RUSSIA CLIQUE IN THE CHINESE COMMUNIST PARTY, HEADED BY LIU SHAO-CHI, GRADUALLY IS TAKING OVER IN PEIPING.
RUSSIA REPORTED TO BE MAKING SUCH HEAVY DEMANDS ON THE CHINESE MANY OBSERVERS SAY MAO WOULD NOT ACCEPT. FOR THAT REASON A STRONGER PRO-SOVIET LEADER IN PEIPING WOULD BE FAVORED BY RUSSIA. LIU HAS BEEN RUNNING THINGS IN PEIPING DURING MAO'S ABSENCE.
B859ACSNM

TO

B68KX Q
TOKYO,FEB.8-(AP)-A JAPANESE SHIP TONIGHT WILL RETURN 2,203 WAR PRISONERS FROM SIBERIA.
THE JAPANESE PRISONERS WILL BE LANDED AT THE WESTERN PORT OF MAIZURU. THEY ARE THE SECOND BATCH OF WAR PRISONERS TO BE REPATRIATED THIS WINTER BY RUSSIA.
THE RUSSIANS ONCE ANNOUNCED THEY HAD NO MORE JAPANESE PRISONERS -- EXCEPT 10,000 WAR CRIMINALS WHO WOULD NOT BE RETURNED. SINCE THEN, UNDER PRESSURE OF THE UNITED STATES AND THE UNITED KINGDOM, THEY HAVE REPATRIATED ABOUT 5,000 MORE.
THE WESTERN POWERS SAY THE RUSSIANS HAVE SOME 370,000 UNACCOUNTED FOR WAR PRISONERS. THE RUSSIANS REFUSE TO DISCUSS IT.
B329PCS

B28 (Q) (260)
PRECEDE LONDON DAY
CANBERRA, AUSTRALIA, FEB.8-(AP)-GASOLINE RATIONING ENDS TOMORROW IN AUSTRALIA, WHICH CAST OUT HER SOCIALIST LABOR GOVERNMENT DEC. 10, AND BRITAIN'S LABOR GOVERNMENT DOESN'T LIKE IT. THE DOLLAR PROBLEM IS THE REASON.
BRITAIN IS THE INTERNATIONAL BANKER FOR THIS BRITISH COMMONWEALTH COUNTRY AND OTHER NATIONS MAKING UP THE DOLLAR-SHORT STERLING BLOC. BRITAIN HAS STRICT GASOLINE RATIONING AND EXPECTS TO KEEP IT, THOUGH THIS IS A SORE POINT WITH MANY BRITONS. SHE ALSO HAS A GENERAL ELECTION COMING UP FEB. 23.
PRIME MINISTER ROBERT GORDON MENZIES, LEADER OF THE LIBERAL-COUNTRY PARTY COALITION THAT DEFEATED AUSTRALIA'S LABOR GOVERNMENT TWO MONTHS AGO, ANNOUNCED IN A BROADCAST TODAY THAT THE RATIONING WILL END TOMORROW. THE RATION HAS BEEN THE AMOUNT NECESSARY FOR 180 MILES OF DRIVING A MONTH.
THE IMPORTATION OF ADDITIONAL GASOLINE AND THE END OF RATIONING WERE AMONG THE DEMANDS ON WHICH THE WINNING COALITION CAMPAIGNED. THE RESTRICTIONS HAD BEEN USED BY PRIME MINISTER JOSEPH B. CHIFLEY'S LABOR REGIME TO SAVE MONEY THAT WOULD HAVE GONE TO AMERICAN AND OTHER DOLLAR-AREA COUNTRIES.
BRITAIN "WOULD HAVE LIKED US TO REACH A DIFFERENT CONCLUSION," PRIME MINISTER MENZIES SAID IN HIS BROADCAST.
"WE ARE CLEAR THAT IN AUSTRALIA ANY ATTEMPT AT DOLLAR SAVING BY PETROL (GASOLINE) RATIONING IS FALSE ECONOMY," HE SAID, CITING THE GROWTH OF THE POPULATION AND WHAT HE TERMED A STRAIN ON RAILROADS.
SOON AFTER THE BROADCAST, THE LONDON OFFICE OF PRIME MINISTER ATTLEE ISSUED A STATEMENT DECLARING THE NEED FOR DOLLAR ECONOMIES REMAINS URGENT THROUGHOUT THE STERLING AREA.
IT SAID "THE DANGER IS THAT, IF ONE MEMBER OF THE STERLING AREA RELAXES IN THIS RESPECT, OTHERS MAY BE TEMPTED TO FOLLOW SUIT."
KS716PES

A33FX (BJT)
QPMS BUDGET
JOINT CHIEFS (310)
BY LEIF ERICKSON
PEARL HARBOR, FEB. 8-(AP)-THE TOURING U.S. JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF TODAY BEGAN A FIRST-HAND SURVEY OF THE MILITARY PICTURE IN HAWAII. THEY ARE ON THEIR WAY HOME FROM JAPAN, OKINAWA, GUAM AND KWAJALEIN.
THE FOUR TOP COMMANDERS FLEW IN YESTERDAY FOR THREE DAYS OF CONFERENCES WITH HAWAII'S MILITARY CHIEFS AND INSPECTION OF INSTALLATIONS.
GEN. OMAR BRADLEY WAS ASKED AT A NEWS CONFERENCE IF IT WOULD BE WISE ESTABLISH A SOUTHEAST ASIA HOLDING LINE AGAINST COMMUNISM AS WAS DONE WITH MILITARY AID IN GREECE AND TURKEY.
A DECISION ON ANY SUCH POLICY IS UP TO PRESIDENT TRUMAN, SAID THE CHAIRMAN OF THE JOINT CHIEFS. THE JOINT CHIEFS' JOB IS TO ADVISE ON THE "MILITARY IMPLICATIONS."
ASKED WHAT ARE THESE IMPLICATIONS IN SOUTHEAST ASIA, BRADLEY REPLIED WITH A QUIET SMILE: "I WON'T TELL YOU."
HE ADDED THAT "POLITICAL IMPLICATIONS MAY AT TIMES OVERRIDE MILITARY IMPLICATIONS."
ADDRESSING THE HONOLULU CHAMBER OF COMMERCE LATER, BRADLEY SAID THE U.S. IS MAINTAINING AS STRONG A DEFENSE ESTABLISHMENT AS IT CAN AFFORD. TRYING TO ACHIEVE ABSOLUTE SECURITY, HE SAID, WOULD SPEND THE NATION INTO BANKRUPTCY. HE ADDED:
"THIS WOULD ACCOMPLISH WHAT OUR COLD WAR OPPONENT WOULD LIKE TO SEE ACCOMPLISHED."
TO AN AUDIENCE INTERESTED IN MILITARY PAYROLLS, BRADLEY SAID HAWAII HAS BEEN STRIPPED OF MILITARY FORCES BECAUSE "OUR FRONTIER, OUR OUTPOSTS HAVE BEEN SHOVED FAR TO THE WESTWARD."
THE JOINT CHIEFS HAVE BEEN ASKED, HE SAID, WHY THERE IS NO AIR FORCE COMBAT UNIT IN HAWAII. HE REPLIED WITH THESE QUESTIONS:
"I ASK YOU, WHERE WOULD WE TAKE IT FROM TO BRING HERE? FROM JAPAN? FROM GERMANY? FROM OUR RESERVE FORCE AT HOME?"
ADM. FORREST P. SHERMAN, CHIEF OF NAVAL OPERATIONS, TOLD REPORTERS THE JOINT CHIEFS ARE "CONCERNED ABOUT THE STRENGTH OF THE PACIFIC FLEET."
THE PROBLEM, HE SAID, IS TO TAKE THE AVAILABLE MONEY AND "DO THE BEST WE CAN WITH IT."
HE SAID HE DID NOT KNOW HOW FAR TOWARD THE U.S. RUSSIAN SUBMARINES ARE OPERATING IN THE PACIFIC.
CY139ARS NM

FEB 9 - 1950

30.24- 8833

tel aviv, israel, feb. 8-(ap)-israel today warned all foreign aircraft to flym only in the specified airlanes over haifa or lydda, unless they have special ~~xxxxx~~ permission to go elsewhere

the government announcement warned that the israeli airforce has been ordered to shoot down any foreign military aircraft flying over the nation and to force down any civil plane on an unauthorized flight to land at either haifa or lydda airports.

~~the~~ a government spokesman said ~~there~~ no incidents have been reported, but added that the announcement is a reminder to all foreign planes.

allens 01320 apr th 138p

B88 (Q)
RANGOON, BURMA, FEB.8-(AP)-PHILIP C.JESSUP, PRESIDENT TRUMAN'S ROVING AMBASSADOR, ARRIVED IN RANGOON TODAY FROM SINGAPORE FOR TWO DAYS OF TALKS WITH BURMA'S LEADERS AND OFFICIALS OF THE U.S. EMBASSY.
HE CONFERRED AT ONCE WITH PREMIER THAKIN NU. TOMORROW HE IS TO SEE ACTING FOREIGN MINISTER SAO HKUN HKIO AND THE CHIEF JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT, E.MAUNG. HE ALSO MET THE CITY'S INDIAN AND CHINESE LEADERS INFORMALLY.
JESSUP'S ARRIVAL HAD BEEN DELAYED 24 HOURS.
QQ11AES

FEB 9 - 1950

B87 (Q)
RANGOON, BURMA, FEB.8-(AP)-DELEGATES TO THE INTERNATIONAL RICE COMMISSION CONFERENCE WERE URGED TODAY TO MAKE A WIDE SURVEY OF FERTILIZERS TO FIND THE TYPE MOST LIKELY TO BETTER ASIA'S GRADE OF RICE.
THE I.R.C. COMMITTEE FOR RICE PRODUCTION, STORAGE AND PROCESSING RECOMMENDED THAT A GROUP OF SURVEYORS BE APPOINTED TO FIND THE BEST POSSIBLE COMBINATION OF FERTILIZERS FOR RICE OUTPUT.
THE COMMITTEE ALSO URGED A CAMPAIGN AGAINST INSECTS AND PLANT DISEASES WHICH HAVE HAMPERED RICE PRODUCTION.
MEANWHILE, THE COMMITTEE FOR RICE STATISTICS TERMINOLOGY AND INTERNAL DISTRIBUTION DISCUSSED METHODS FOR DEVELOPING MARKETING AND PURCHASING COOPERATIVES.
DELEGATES FROM 14 COUNTRIES ARE ATTENDING THE IRC'S SECOND ANNUAL CONFERENCE.
QQ1057AES

FEB 9 - 1950

Cairo, Egypt, Feb. 8 -(ap)- A Hashemite Jordan spokesman today denied charges by a former arab legion officer that british control of the legion was responsible for the failure of the arabs in palestine.

Col. Abdullah Tel, top arab legion officer during the palestine war who is now living in cairo as a political refugee made the charges recently. He also charged that the british commanders of the arab legion acted under secret british orders.

Bahaa Addin Tukan, Jordan's minister to egypt ~~xxxx~~ declared Tel's statements are untrue and "purposely twisted".

The minister threw further light on Tel's split with King Abdullah of Hashemite Jordan.

He said Tel's liberty in Jordan was never restricted. Tel resigned from the legion only after he had been turned down on a demand for "excentional" promotion contrary to army regulation, the minister declared.

FEB 9 - 1950

Tukan made the state ent after returning to cairo from amman consultations with king abdullah and jordan political leaders.

He said Tel was a subordinate official who had no direct dealings with the king. He denied britain controls the legion, the strongest force pitted against the israeli in the palestine war. Tukan stated british officers are filling only posts for which trained jordan officers are not available.

He said british troops now on southern jordan soil at aqaba gulf are there on the invitation of jordan because his country feared israeli forces in the vicinity.

These forces, numbering several thousands will be withdrawn as soon as jordan no longer feels the need for their presence, Tukan said.

Tel, two weeks ago charged that the legion, asting under british orders, had refused to open a diversionary action at jerusalem to divert the jewish pressure on egyptiah troops in the sout ern negev towards the end of the war.

Tukan countered that Tel himself in a report submitted at that tim advised against reopening the fighting at jerusalem.

Tel was the officer whose legion troops seized the old walled city of jerusalem in 1948 and held it against the israelis who occupy the new city.

FEB 9 - 1950

rsm 1.50 p cairo 1600 series

A36
(140)
BUENOS AIRES, ARGENTINA, FEB.8-(AP)-APPARENTLY ARGENTINE POLICE DIDN'T THINK THE CONGRATULATORY TELEGRAM ENGLISHMAN FRANK KIRTON GOT ON THE BIRTH OF HIS DAUGHTER WAS VERY FUNNY.
KIRTON DOESN'T EITHER, NOW. HE'S BEEN HELD INCOMMUNICADO IN AN ARGENTINE JAIL SINCE FEB.2, CHARGED WITH "CRIMES AGAINST THE SECURITY OF THE STATE."
RUMORS HAVE BEEN FLYING SINCE THEN THAT HE WAS INVOLVED IN A PLOT AGAINST PRESIDENT JUAN D.PERON AND MRS.PERON.
KIRTON'S BROTHER JOHN SAYS IT'S ALL A MISTAKE. THE POLICE JUST DON'T UNDERSTAND THE AMERICAN SENSE OF HUMOR, HE EXPLAINED.
ACVORDING TO THE BROTHER, A CABLE CAME FROM THE WIFE OF AN AMERICAN DIPLOMAT IN RIO DE JANEIRO, BRAZIL, CONGRATULATING KIRTON ON THE BIRTH OF A DAUGHTER WEIGHING SEVEN AND ONE-HALF POUNDS (THREE AND ONE-HALF KILOS) JAN.22.
IT SAID: "CONGRATULATIONS SAFE ARRIVAL THREE AND ONE-HALF KILOS DYNAMITE."
BROTHER JOHN SAID ARGENTINE POLICE APPARENTLY TOOK THE DYNAMITE REFERENCE AT FACE VALUE AND JAILED KIRTON PENDING INVESTIGATION.
JM453AES

FEB 9-1950

30.24- 8835

A131 (110)

FIRST LEAD KIRTON

BUENOS AIRES, FEB.8-(AP)-FRANK KIRTON, BRITON ARRESTED FEB.2 BY ARGENTINE OFFICIALS ON CHARGES OF "CRIMES AGAINST THE SECURITY OF THE STATE," HAS BEEN RELEASED, THE BRITISH EMBASSY ANNOUNCED TODAY.

ARGENTINE POLICE REFUSED TO GIVE DETAILS OR EVEN CONFIRM THAT KIRTON HAD BEEN HELD INCOMMUNICADO.

U.S. CONSULAR OFFICIALS HAD NO NEWS TO REPORT ON TWO AMERICANS, ARTHUR THEODORE OPPEN AND HIS NEPHEW, ELMER GEORGE OPPEN, WHO HAVE BEEN HELD INCOMMUNICADO SINCE FEB.2 ON THE SAME CHARGES. THE TWO WERE ARRESTED AT GUALEGUAYACHU NEAR THE URUGUAYAN BORDER.

KIRTON'S BROTHER, JOHN, SAID EARLIER TODAY THAT THE BRITON WAS ARRESTED BECAUSE OF A MISUNDERSTANDING OVER A CONGRATULATORY TELEGRAM HE GOT ON THE BIRTH OF HIS DAUGHTER.

ACCORDING TO THE BROTHER XXX FIFTH GRAF (A36)

WW1122AES

A126WX

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A126WX (300)

WASHINGTON,FEB 8-'AP)-GREAT BRITAIN HAS ASSURED THE UNITED STATES THAT DESPITE NEW BRITISH RESTRICTIONS AMERICAN OIL COMPANIES WILL BE ALLOWED TO SELL AT LEAST 9,000,000 TONS OF OIL ANNUALLY IN THE UNITED KINGDOM.

THIS ASSURANCE WAS INCLUDED IN A COMPROMISE PROPOSAL SUBMITTED TO THE STATE DEPARTMENT WHICH HAD OBJECTED TO BRITAIN'S ORIGINAL SUDDEN RESTRICTIONS ON AMERICAN COMPANIES.

THE NEW BRITISH OFFER, GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS REPORTED, PROMISES TO LIMIT THE CUTBACK IN AMERICAN OIL SHIPMENTS TO 4,000,000 TONS ANNUALLY DURING THE LIFE OF THE MARSHALL PLAN, OR UNTIL JUNE 30, 1952.

STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS HAVE RELAYED THE BRITISH COUNTER PROPOSAL TO THE AMERICAN OIL COMPANIES CONCERNED. THEY SAID IT IS TOO EARLY TO SAY WHETHER THIS WILL ALLAY THE CONCERN THE FIRMS HAVE EXPRESSED OVER THE NEW REGULATION.

ANOTHER FEATURE IN THE ORIGINAL BRITISH PROPOSAL WOULD PREVENT AMERICAN OIL COMPANIES FROM CONVERTING INTO DOLLARS ANY STERLING THEY EARN AS PROFITS BY SALES IN THE UNITED KINGDOM.

THIS RESTRICTION IS SOFTENED SOMEWHAT BY A CLAUSE WHICH WOULD ALLOW AMERICAN COMPANIES TO CONVERT INTO DOLLARS AN EQUIVALENT AMOUNT OF STERLING WHEN THEY SPEND DOLLARS IN BRITAIN TO PURCHASE BRITISH EQUIPMENT. See Sub W

STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS SAID THIS PROVISION WOULD HAVE TO BE CLARIFIED CONSIDERABLY BEFORE ANY SERIOUS DISCUSSION OF THE BRITISH PROPOSAL COULD BEGIN. THERE HAVE BEEN INFORMAL TALKS SINCE LAST DECEMBER WHEN THE BRITISH ANNOUNCED THAT AMERICAN OIL COMPANIES WOULD NO LONGER BE PERMITTED TO IMPORT FUEL OIL EXCEPT FROM BRITISH SOURCES AND THAT IMPORTS OF DOLLAR GASOLINE ALSO WERE TO BE REDUCED BY 25 PER CENT.

UPON REQUEST BY THE STATE DEPARTMENT, THE BRITISH HAVE AGREED TO POSTPONE THESE RESTRICTIONS UNTIL FEB. 15. IN THE MEANTIME, SECRETARY ACHESON HAS EXPRESSED CONCERN AT THE LACK OF PRIOR CONSULTATIONS WITH AMERICAN COMPANIES AND HAS URGED THAT THE BRITISH REVISE THE REGULATION SO THAT AMERICAN COMPANIES CAN CONTINUE IN BUSINESS.

A147WX

EDITORS

WASHINGTON--BRITISH OIL (A126) THE FOLLOWING MAY BE SUBBED FOR SIXTH GRAF BEGINNING "THIS RESTRICTION X X X BRITISH EQUIPMENT."

THIS RESTRICTION IS MODIFIED SOMEWHAT BY A CLAUSE WHICH WOULD ALLOW AMERICAN COMPANIES TO CONVERT THEIR STERLING INTO DOLLARS FOR USE IN THE PURCHASE OF BRITISH EQUIPMENT.

STATE DEPARTMENT ETC,-SEVENTH GRAF

THE AP

MD135AES

A150WX

FIRST LEAD UN-ATLANTIC UNION(330)

WASHINGTON,FEB.8-(AP)-FORMER SUPREME COURT JUSTICE OWEN J.ROBERTS TOLD SENATORS TODAY THAT RUSSIA SOLVED THE SECRET OF THE ATOMIC BOMB FROM FOUR TO SEVEN YEARS EARLIER THAN THIS GOVERNMENT HAD THOUGHT POSSIBLE.

ROBERTS TOLD A SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE THAT IN 1947 A CABINET MEMBER TOLD HIM THE RUSSIANS COULD NOT MAKE A BOMB "FOR FROM SEVEN TO 10 YEARS."

THE RETIRED JURIST ARGUED THAT DEVELOPMENT OF THE HYDROGEN BOMB HAS MADE IT IMPERATIVE THAT THE UNITED STATES LEAD A MOVE TOWARD A FEDERAL UNION OF THE ATLANTIC POWERS.

THIS UNION WOULD BE SO POWERFUL ECONOMICALLY, POLITICALLY AND MILITARILY THAT IT WOULD BE ABLE TO HALT THE ADVANCE OF COMMUNISM, HE SAID.

ROBERTS SAID "AN INDUSTRIALIST AND PATRIOT" WHOSE COMPANY SUPPLIED MATERIALS TO THE MANHATTAN PROJECT IN DEVELOPMENT OF THE ATOMIC BOMB TOLD HIM TIN THE SPRING OF 1947 THAT RUSSIA WOULD HAVE THE ATOMIC BOMB BY 1950. PRESIDENT TRUMAN ANNOUNCED LAST FALL THAT THERE HAD BEEN AN ATOMIC EXPLOSION IN RUSSIA.

ROBERTS SAID HIS FRIEND TOLD HIM:

"EVERYBODY KNOWS THE SCIENTIFIC PRINCIPLES INVOLVED. WE ARE COUNTING ON RUSSIA'S LACK OF ENGINEERING SKILL AND INDUSTRIAL KNOW-HOW. WE ARE IN ERROR. I KNOW WHAT THE RUSSIANS CAN DO WITH TECHNICAL AID FROM GERMANS AND CZECHS."

ROBERTS SAID THIS MAN INSISTED HE COULD COMPLETE AN ATOMIC BOMB PLANT IN TWO YEARS HIMSELF "WITH NO OUTSIDE AID AND NO INSIDE KNOWLEDGE."

ROBERTS SAID HE WAS SO IMPRESSED HE TOOK THE FRIEND TO A CABINET OFFICER. AND HE ADDED: "THAT CABINET OFFICER, AFTER INQUIRY IN OFFICIAL CIRCLES, TOLD US WE NEED NOT BE ALARMED; THAT THE RUSSIANS COULD NOT MAKE A BOMB FOR FROM SEVEN TO 10 YEARS."

"T

COULD NOT MAKE A BOMB FOR FROM SEVEN TO 10 YEARS."

"THE HYDROGEN BOMB ONLY MAKES THE PROBLEM (OF ATLANTIC UNION) MORE URGENT," HE SAID.

THE JURIST SAID DIPLOMATS HAVE TOLD HIM THAT IF RUSSIA PULLS OUT OF THE UNITED NATIONS "HALF THE OTHER NATIONS WILL PULL OUT" AND REMAIN IN A NEUTRAL POSITION.

ROBERTS SAID WORLD FEDERATION -- WHICH IS HIS EVENTUAL HOPE -- IS NOT PRACTICAL AT THIS TIME. HE ARGUED A START MUST BE MADE TOWARD A FEDERAL UNION BY NATIONS WITH MUCH THE SAME BACKGROUND.

"I WOULD OPPOSE A WORLD FEDERATION NOW," HE SAID. "YOU CAN IMAGINE A UNION WHICH WOULD INCLUDE RUSSIA. I DON'T WANT TO FEDERATE CHEEK BY JOWL WITH A NATION THAT PRACTICES SLAVERY."

FEB 9-1950

TESTIFYING BEFORE A SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE, THE RETIRED JURIST GAVE FULL SUPPORT TO A RESOLUTION WHICH WOULD URGE PRESIDENT TRUMAN TO CALL A CONFERENCE OF THE PACT MEMBERS AS THE FIRST STEP TOWARD SUCH A UNION.

"UNLESS WE BEGIN NOW TO MAKE EXPLORATION POSSIBLE," HE SAID, "THE HYDROGEN BOMB MAY HAVE WIPED OUT TIME."

ROBERTS PRESENTED HIS PREPARED STATEMENT AS PRESIDENT OF THE ATLANTIC UNION COMMITTEE, AN ORGANIZATION WHICH HAS BEEN WAGING A STRONG CAMPAIGN FOR A UNION OF THE ATLANTIC DEMOCRACIES.

ROBERTS SAID THE PROPOSED UNION, SET UP WITHIN THE FRAMEWORK OF THE UNITED NATIONS, WOULD STRENGTHEN THE INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION.

ANOTHER PLAN DIRECTED TOWARD THAT END WAS PRESENTED YESTERDAY BY SENATORS FERGUSON (R-MICH) AND GRAHAM (D-NC). THEIR PROPOSAL WOULD ABOLISH THE U.N. SECURITY COUNCIL VETO POWER IN QUESTIONS INVOLVING SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES AND ADMISSION OF NEW MEMBERS. IT ALSO WOULD STRENGTHEN THE U.N. IN OTHER WAYS.

BUT ROBERTS SAID "A FEDERAL UNION OF ATLANTIC DEMOCRACIES, WITH A COMMON FOREIGN POLICY, A COMMON CURRENCY, A COMMON DEFENSE FORCE, WITH FREE MOVEMENT OF PEOPLE AND GOODS, IS THE SUREST, CHEAPEST, STRONGEST WAY TO STOP WAR, STOP COMMUNISM, CREATE PROSPERITY, EXTEND FREEDOM."

SENATOR KEFAUVER (D-TENN), AUTHOR OF THE RESOLUTION ROBERTS IS SUPPORTING, SAID IN A PREPARED STATEMENT THAT THE UNITED STATES MUST GIVE THE WORLD "AN IDEA AND A LARGER PLAN" FOR PEACE.

HE INSISTED THE AMERICAN PEOPLE ARE NOT SATISFIED TO "MERELY HOLD OUR OWN IN EUROPE WHILE WE ARE LOSING SO MUCH IN ASIA."

"THE PEOPLE ARE APT TO TIRE OF OUR COLD WAR EFFORTS," HE ARGUED, "UNLESS WE PRESENT AN IDEA AND A DEFINITE PLAN WHICH AROUSES THE IMAGINATION OF THE PEOPLE OF OUR OWN COUNTRY AS WELL AS THAT OF THE FREE PEOPLES ALL OVER THE WORLD."

ROBERTS TOLD THE SUBCOMMITTEE THAT "SOVIET REGIMENTED PRODUCTION FOR WAR CAN RAPIDLY BRING THE KREMLIN TO THE POINT WHERE IT WILL FEEL PREPARED TO TRANSFORM THE COLD WAR INTO A BOMBING WAR."

WHILE RUSSIA AND HER SATELLITES ARE UNITED, ROBERTS ARGUED, THE WESTERN POWERS ARE DIVIDED, WITH THE UNITED STATES SHOULDERING THE RESPONSIBILITY FOR FREEDOM RATHER THAN SHARING IT WITH HER FRIENDS.

"THERE IS A WAY OUT," HE SAID. "THAT IS THE WAY OF PARTNERSHIP AND UNITY, THE WAY OF SHARING RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE DEFENSE OF FREEDOM--THE WAY OF ATLANTIC UNION."

MD512AES

A204WX (BUDGET)
(600) AMS BUDGET
NIGHT LEAD ATLANTIC UNION-ATOMIC
BY ROGER D.GREENE

WASHINGTON, FEB.8-(AP)-ONE OF AMERICA'S TOP ATOMIC SCIENTISTS TOLD CONGRESS TODAY THERE IS A REAL DANGER OF SOVIET TRAMP STEAMERS DELIVERING A-BOMBS INTO U.S. HARBORS.

THE WARNING CAME FROM DR.HAROLD C.UREY, NOBEL PRIZE-WINNING ATOMIC PHYSICIST, ALONG WITH AN ADMONITION THAT DEFENSES AGAINST SUCH A THREAT SHOULD BE ERECTED "SOON."

TESTIFYING BEFORE A SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE, DR. UREY SAID HE DOES NOT BELIEVE RUSSIA HAS YET DEVELOPED THE HYDROGEN SUPER-BOMB -- THE SO-CALLED "HELL" BOMB WHICH PRESIDENT TRUMAN LAST WEEK ORDERED DEVELOPED BY AMERICAN SCIENTISTS.

BUT HE URGED THE NATION'S DEFENSE LEADERS TO BE ON GUARD AGAINST THREE POSSIBLE DANGERS:

1. THAT RUSSIA PROBABLY WILL HAVE ENOUGH A-BOMBS BY THE END OF 1950 TO BE "A GREAT THREAT."

2. THAT RUSSIA COULD "ISOLATE" THE UNITED STATES BY MINING AMERICAN HARBORS WITH ATOMIC BOMBS SLIPPED IN BY TRAMP SHIPS.

3. THAT RUSSIA WILL MAKE "A SERIOUS MOVE TO ALIENATE THE WESTERN EUROPEAN NATIONS" FROM THE UNITED STATES WITHIN THE YEAR.

DR.UREY MADE THESE POINTS IN ADVOCATING AN IMMEDIATE CONVENTION OF ATLANTIC POWERS TO WORK TOWARD A FEDERAL UNION OF ATLANTIC DEMOCRACIES-WITH THE AIM OF BUILDING UP "OVERWHELMING STRENGTH" ON THE SIDE OF THE WESTERN ALLIES AGAINST RUSSIA AND HER SATELLITES.

HE SAID HE HOPES SCIENTISTS WILL BE UNABLE TO EXPLODE A HYDROGEN BOMB, BUT FEARS THEY WILL DISCOVER THE SECRET.

"IF THE HYDROGEN BOMB IS DEVELOPED TO ITS MAXIMUM EFFICIENCY, THERE WILL BE NO PLACE TO HIDE," HE SAID.

DR.UREY HIMSELF PLAYED A KEY ROLE IN RESEARCH LEADING UP TO THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE WARTIME ATOMIC BOMB AND POSSIBLY ITS EVENTUAL SUCCESSOR, THE DREAD H-BOMB. HE WON THE 1934 NOBEL SCIENCE PRIZE FOR DISCOVERING AND ISOLATING HEAVY HYDROGEN, REPUTEDLY ONE OF THE BASIC INGREDIENTS OF THE PROJECTED HYDROGEN WEAPON.

FORMER U.S. SUPREME COURT JUSTICE OWEN J.ROBERTS TOLD THE SENATE GROUP THAT THE THREAT OF THE H-BOMB MAKES IT IMPERATIVE FOR ATLANTIC PACT NATIONS TO UNITE IN A FEDERAL UNION BEFORE IT IS TOO LATE.

ROBERTS JOINED DR. UREY IN SUPPORT OF A RESOLUTION BY SENATOR KEFAUVER (D-TENN) URGING PRESIDENT TRUMAN TO SUMMON A CONFERENCE OF THE PACT MEMBERS AS THE FIRST STEP TOWARD UNION.

"UNLESS WE BEGIN NOW TO MAKE EXPLORATION POSSIBLE, THE HYDROGEN BOMB MAY HAVE WIPED OUT TIME," ROBERTS SAID.

"A FEDERAL UNION OF ATLANTIC DEMOCRACIES, WITH A COMMON FOREIGN POLICY, A COMMON CURRENCY, A COMMON DEFENSE FORCE, WITH FREE MOVEMENT OF PEOPLE AND GOODS, IS THE SUREST, CHEAPEST, STRONGEST WAY TO STOP WAR, STOP COMMUNISM."

BUT SENATOR MCMAHON (D-CONN), CHAIRMAN OF THE JOINT CONGRESSIONAL ATOMIC COMMITTEE, ARGUED THAT AN ATTACK ON THE UNITED STATES WOULD "STRIKE OUT THE KEYSTONE" OF AN ATLANTIC UNION AND IT WOULD COLLAPSE.

JUSTICE ROBERTS, WHO IS PRESIDENT OF THE ATLANTIC UNION COMMITTEE, DISAGREED. HE SAID THE PROPOSED UNION, SET UP WITHIN THE FRAMEWORK OF THE UNITED NATIONS, WOULD VASTLY STRENGTHEN THE UN, AND HE DECLARED

"THE HYDROGEN BOMB ONLY MAKES THE PROBLEM (OF ATLANTIC UNION) MORE URGENT."

THE RETIRED JURIST SAID DIPLOMATS HAVE TOLD HIM THAT IF RUSSIA PULLS OUT OF THE UNITED NATIONS, "HALF THE OTHER NATIONS WILL PULL OUT AND CLIMB A TREE" TO FIND A NEUTRAL POSITION.

ROBERTS WARNED THAT "SOVIET REGIMENTED PRODUCTION FOR WAR CAN RAPIDLY BRING THE KREMLIN TO THE POINT WHERE IT WILL FEEL PREPARED TO TRANSFORM THE COLD WAR INTO A BOMBING WAR."

BUT HE SAID THE FEDERAL UNION OF DEMOCRACIES WOULD BE SO POWERFUL--ECONOMICALLY, POLITICALLY AND MILITARILY -- THAT IT WOULD HALT THE ADVANCE OF COMMUNISM AND GIVE STRENGTH TO WESTERN EUROPEAN NATIONS WHICH NOW TREMBLE IN THE SHADOW OF THE U.S.S.R.

ROBERTS SAID WORLD FEDERATION, HIS EVENTUAL HOPE, IS NOT PRACTICAL IN THE CURRENT INTERNATIONAL SITUATION.

"YOU CAN IMAGINE A UNION WHICH WOULD INCLUDE RUSSIA," HE TOLD THE LAWMAKERS. "I DON'T WANT TO FEDERATE CHEEK BY JOWL WITH A NATION THAT PRACTICES SLAVERY."

AB339PES

FEB 9-1950

FEB 9-1950 30 24- 8837

NIGHT LEAD WEBSTER (250)

WASHINGTON,FEB 8-(AP)-WILLIAM WEBSTER, BOSTON UTILITIES EXECUTIVE AND GOVERNMENT CONSULTANT ON ATOMIC ENERGY, WAS NOMINATED BY PRESIDENT TRUMAN TODAY TO HEAD THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT'S STAFF OF SCIENTIFIC ADVISORS.

IN THE POST OF CHAIRMAN OF THE DEFENSE ESTABLISHMENT'S RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT BOARD HE SUCCEEDS DR.KARL T.COMPTON.

DR.COMPTON, ATOMIC PHYSICIST AND FORMER PRESIDENT OF MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, RESIGNED NOV. 3 FOR REASONS OF HEALTH. HE HAD BEEN CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD FOR A YEAR.

THE RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT BOARD, REPORTING DIRECTLY TO THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE, HAS OVER-ALL SUPERVISION OF SCIENTIFIC PROJECTS AFFECTING THE NATION'S MILITARY SITUATION. UNDER ITS CIVILIAN CHAIRMAN THE BOARD HAS TWO REPRESENTATIVES EACH FROM THE ARMY, NAVY AND AIR FORCE.

WEBSTER, 49, IS A 1920 GRADUATE OF THE U.S. NAVAL ACADEMY. HE SERVED IN THE NAVY FROM 1917 TO 1928, AS A NAVAL CONSTRUCTOR FOR THE LAST SIX YEARS OF THAT PERIOD. HE WON B.S. AND M.S. DEGREES FROM MIT IN 1924.

HE WAS BORN IN BEL AIR,MD., DEC. 6,1900.

WEBSTER HAS BEEN PROMINENT IN THE NEW ENGLAND ELECTRIC UTILITIES INDUSTRY SINCE 1928. SINCE 1935 HE HAS BEEN VICE PRESIDENT OF NARRAGANSETT ELECTRIC CO. HIS HOME IS IN WELLESLEY,MASS., AND HIS OFFICE IN BOSTON.

FROM 1942 TO 1945 HE WAS MANAGEMENT CONSULTANT TO THE OFFICE OF PRICE ADMINISTRATION, AND FROM 1943 TO 1946 HE WAS A CONSULTANT TO THE NATIONAL DEFENSE RESOURCES BOARD.

MORE RECENTLY HE HAS BEEN A CONSULTANT TO THE RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT BOARD, DIRECTOR AND CHAIRMAN OF THE NEW ENGLAND ATOMIC ENERGY COUNCIL AND AN ADVISER TO THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION.

HY912PES

A130BX

FIRST LEAD WORLD FEDERALIST VOTE

AUGUSTA, ME., FEB 8-(AP)-THE MAINE LEGISLATURE TONIGHT STOOD PAT IN ITS SUPPORT OF THE WORLD FEDERALIST MOVEMENT DESPITE A CHARGE IN THE SENATE THAT "IT STINKS OF COMMUNIST GOVERNMENT."

THE UPPER BRANCH VOTED 18-10 TO RESCIND MAINE'S SUPPORT OF THE MOVEMENT BUT THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OVERTURNED THE SENATE'S ACTION ON A 58-57 VOTE.

THE SENATE VOTE CAME AFTER SEN. CLEVELAND SLEEPER, JR., (R-ROCKLAND) MADE THE CHARGE OF COMMUNISM.

"SOME SOURCES BEHIND THE WORLD FEDERALIST MOVEMENT HAVE BEEN FOUND TO BE NON-AMERICAN, COMMUNIST IN TONE AND DIRECTLY OPPOSED TO ANYTHING WE CALL AMERICAN," SLEEPER SAID.

HOUSE SPEAKER NATHANIEL M.HASKELL (R-PORTLAND) BROKE A 57-57 TIE VOTE AND RULED THAT A MOTION TO POSTPONE INDEFINITELY A MEMORIAL TO CONGRESS HAD CARRIED.

LAST YEAR THE LEGISLATURE ADOPTED A MEMORIAL URGING CONGRESS TO CALL A CONVENTION TO AUTHORIZE THE UNITED STATES TO NEGOTIATE WITH OTHER NATIONS FOR FORMATION OF A LIMITED WORLD FEDERAL GOVERNMENT.

(NO PICKUP).

SM1235AES NM

B98WX (120)

WASHINGTON,FEB.8-(AP)-SEVEN PRESS SERVICE AND NEWSPAPER CORRESPONDENTS WILL FLY FROM HERE TOMORROW MORNING TO OBSERVE THE JOINT U.S.-CANADIAN MILITARY MANEUVERS ON THE ALASKAN BORDER.

A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS WILL BE INCLUDED IN THE GROUP WHICH WILL TRAVEL IN AN AIR FORCE TRANSPORT TO WHITEHORSE, Y.T., BY WAY OF GREAT FALLS,MONT.

ABOUT 5,200 AIR FORCE AND ARMY PERSONNEL WILL TAKE PART IN THE WAR GAMES--THE FIRST JOINT TROOP TRAINING EXERCISES OF ITS KIND EVER HELD BY THE TWO COUNTRIES.

LT.GEN.STEPHEN J.CHAMBERLAIN, FIFTH ARMY COMMANDER, WILL HAVE OVER-ALL COMMAND OF THE MANEUVERS.

MD118AES

FEB 9-1950

A82WX

WASHINGTON,FEB 8-(AP)-EARL JAMES MCGRATH, U.S. COMMISSIONER OF EDUCATION, SAID TONIGHT THAT COMMUNISTS HAVE SURRENDERED THE RIGHT TO TEACH IN THIS COUNTRY.

MC GRATH, IN HIS ANNUAL REPORT TO THE FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY, APPROVED THE NATIONAL EDUCATION ASSOCIATION'S RECOMMENDATION LAST JULY THAT COMMUNISTS BE BARRED FROM THE TEACHING PROFESSION. HE COUPLED HIS APPROVAL WITH A WARNING THAT IN COMBATTING COMMUNISM "WE MUST NOT CREATE OUR OWN KIND OF POLICE STATE."

THE EDUCATION COMMISSIONER ALSO CALLED FOR QUICK PASSAGE OF LEGISLATION FOR FEDERAL AID TO EDUCATION.

"NO ALARMIST STATE OF MIND IS REQUIRED TO PREDICT THAT THE EDUCATIONAL SYSTEM OF THE COUNTRY WILL FALL INTO SHOCKING DISORDER AND INEFFECTIVENESS IF STEPS ARE NOT TAKEN NOW TO SECURE AN ADEQUATE SUPPLY OF TEACHERS AND SCHOOL BUILDINGS," MC GRATH SAID.

HY&RZ940PESNM

A116BX

AUGUSTA, ME., FEB 8-(AP)-THE MAINE SENATE TONIGHT REJECTED A MEMORIAL ASKING CONGRESS TO INVESTIGATE THE U.S. STATE DEPARTMENT AND URGING PRESIDENT TRUMAN TO REQUEST THE RESIGNATION OF SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN ACHESON.

THE SENATE VOTED 28 TO 1 FOR A MOTION TO POSTPONE ACTION INDEFINITELY. THE MEMORIAL HAD RECEIVED HOUSE APPROVAL EARLIER.

THE MOTION TO POSTPONE, ENDING THE LEGISLATURE'S CONSIDERATION OF THE MEMORIAL, WAS MADE BY SEN. ROBERT N.HASKELL (R-BANGOR) MAJORITY FLOOR LEADER.

THE MEMORIAL, PRESENTED BY REP. BENJAMIN C.BUBAR (R-BLAINE), CHARGED THAT ACHESON HAS LOST THE PEOPLE'S CONFIDENCE IN VOICING HIS CONTINUED FRIENDSHIP FOR ALGER HISS, FORMER STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIAL CONVICTED OF PERJURY IN DENYING HE GAVE SECRET STATE DEPARTMENT PAPERS TO A PRE-WAR COMMUNIST SPY RING.

SM1129PES NM

359NR
(190)
ATLANTIC CITY,N.J.,FEB.8-(AP)-U.S. SENATOR HARRY F.BYRD (D-VA) SAID TODAY WITHOUT FREE ENTERPRISE "OUR MILITARY FORCES--WITH OR WITHOUT A BOMBS AND H BOMBS--WOULD BE IMPOTENT."

IN AN ADDRESS TO THE NATIONAL AUTOMOBILE DEALERS ASSOCIATION. BYRD SAID "IT IS VITAL FOR US TO KEEP THIS COUNTRY ECONOMICALLY SOUND."

HE SAID:

"DEPRIVED OF OUR FREE ENTERPRISE SYSTEM AND OUR FORM OF GOVERNMENT, THE UNITED STATES WOULD BE A SAMPSON SHORN OF HIS LOCKS. OUR MILITARY FORCES--WITH OR WITHOUT A BOMBS AND H BOMBS--WOULD BE IMPOTENT.

"OUR DEMOCRATIC INSTITUTIONS WOULD BE WITHOUT MEANING OR USEFULNESS. OUR ECONOMY WOULD BE DESTROYED. WE WOULD BE READY FOR SUBJUGATION."

HE REITERATED CHARGES THAT FEDERAL SPENDING IS LEADING THE COUNTRY TOWARD SOCIALISM.

"THE OMINOUS PART OF THIS POST-WAR DEFICIT SPENDING IS THAT WE ARE UNABLE TO BALANCE THE BUDGET IN TIME OF GREATEST PROSPERITY," BYRD SAID. "IF WE CANNOT BALANCE THE BUDGET NOW, WHEN CAN WE?".

BYRD RECOMMENDED A BUDGET OF $36,000,000,000(B) FOR THE COMING FISCAL YEAR, A FIGURE HE SAID IS MORE THAN $6,000,000,000(B) LESS THAN PROPOSED BY PRESIDENT TRUMAN.

"IF THE NATION IS NOT SHOCKED BY THE PRESIDENT'S SPENDING RECOMMENDATIONS TO THE CURRENT SESSION OF CONGRESS, IT IS BECAUSE WE ARE STUPEFIED BY OVER-INDULGENCE IN DEBT AND DEFICIT SPENDING," HE SAID.

JB1016PES NM

191
NIGHT LEAD COPLON (220)

NEW YORK, FEB. 8-(AP)-A WITNESS SAID TODAY THAT JUDITH COPLON'S FORMER JUSTICE DEPARTMENT BOSS HID HIS KEYS IN A NEW PLACE FOR FEAR THE GIRL WOULD PRY INTO HIS LOCKED FILE OF SECRET PAPERS.

THE WITNESS, MRS.MARGARET MC KINNEY, TESTIFIED FOR THE GOVERNMENT AT THE SPY CONSPIRACY TRIAL OF MISS COPLON AND VALENTIN GUBITCHEV.

SHE SAID WILLIAM E.FOLEY WAS ANNOYED WHEN MISS COPLON LEARNED WHERE HE HID HIS KEYS SO HE SWITCHED THEM TO A NEW HIDING PLACE.

FOLEY WAS MISS COPLON'S BOSS IN THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE, WHERE SHE WORKED BEFORE HER ARREST LAST MARCH 4 WITH GUBITCHEV.

MRS.MC KINNEY, FOLEY'S SECRETARY, SAID SHE WAS THE ONE WHO TOLD MISS COPLON WHERE THE KEYS WERE KEPT.

"SHE ASKED ME IF I WOULD MIND TELLING HER WHERE MR.FOLEY KEEPS THE KEYS," MRS. MCKINNEY TESTIFIED.

THE BRUNETTE, 28-YEAR-OLD MISS COPLON TOLD HER, MRS.MC KINNEY SAID, THAT SHE MIGHT HAVE OCCASION TO LOOK AT THE FILES SOMETIME AND NEEDED TO KNOW WHETHERE THE KEYS WERE.

"WHAT WAS IN THE FILES?" ASKED FEDERAL JUDGE SYLVESTER J.RYAN.

"THE WORK OF THE INTERNAL SECURITY AGENCY," REPLIED THE WITNESS.

ON CROSS EXAMINATION, MRS. MC KINNEY DENIED SHE DISLIKED MISS COPLON ALTHOUGH THE GIRL ONCE "TOLD ME I WAS TOO FAT."

THE WITNESS ALSO ADMITTED THAT, AS FAR AS SHE KNEW, JUDY NEVER TOOK ANYTHING OUT OF THE LOCKED FILE CABINET.

MISS COPLON AND GUBITCHEV, A 35-YEAR-OLD FORMER RUSSIAN ENGINEER WITH THE UNITED NATIONS, ARE ACCUSED OF CONSPIRING TO TRANSMIT GOVERNMENT SECRETS TO THE SOVIET.

R0102PES

FEB9-1950

MOMOVOOVOMVM

327 (200)

NEW YORK, FEB.8-(AP)-PRESIDENT CARLOS P. ROMULO OF THE U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY TOLD AMERICAN BANKERS TODAY THAT ANOTHER WORLD WAR WOULD "ALMOST CERTAINLY BE FOUGHT WITH ATOMIC, BIOLOGICAL AND HYDROGEN WEAPONS."

SUCH A WAR, HE SAID, WOULD NOT MERELY KILL GROUPS OF PEOPLE; IT WOULD KILL ALL LIFE.

"A NEW WAR, WAGED WITH NEW WEAPONS NOW WITHIN THE GRASP OF THE GREAT POWERS, IS JUST ANOTHER NAME FOR GLOBAL SUICIDE," HE ADDED.

THE FILIPINO DIPLOMAT SPOKE TO AN AMERICAN BANKERS ASSOCIATION GROUP AT A WALDORF-ASTORIA LUNCHEON. HE TOLD THEM SUICIDAL WAR NOT ONLY WAS TRAGIC BUT POINTLESS.

"A NEW WAR, FOUGHT WITH WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION, CANNOT SOLVE ANY OF THE GRAVE POLITICAL, SOCIAL OR ECONOMIC PROBLEMS THAT AFFLICT MAN. IT CAN ONLY MAIM OR EXTERMINATE MAN HIMSELF. THAT WOULD BE LIKE CHOPPING OFF A MAN'S HEAD TO CURE HIS HEADACHE," HE SAID.

ROMULO SAID THE ONLY ALTERNATIVE WAS THE PRINCIPLE AND PRACTICE OF CO-EXISTENCE, ON WHICH HE DECLARED THE UNITED NATIONS STOOD.

"WE OF THE UNITED NATIONS," HE SAID, "BELIEVE THAT THERE IS ROOM ENOUGH IN THE WORLD FOR ALL NATIONS TO LIVE TOGETHER IN PEACE."

HE CALLED ONCE MORE FOR A COMPROMISE IN THE RUSSIAN AND AMERICAN PROPOSALS FOR CONTROL OF ATOMIC WEAPONS. "A NEW AND SUPREME EFFORT MUST BE MADE TO ACHIEVE A PEACEFUL SOLUTION OF THE CONFLICT" X XX

KS709PES

FEB9-1950

B90

FX (300) (SPECIAL TRANSMISION)

(ADVANCE FOR USE AT 7 A.M. EASTERN STANDARD TIME, THURSDAY FEB. 9)

(ADVANCE) NEW YORK, FEB. 9-(AP)-CARLOS P. ROMULO, PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED NATIONS GENERAL ASSEMBLY, SAID TODAY MENTAL DISEASE IS A SCOURGE OF MANKIND "COMPARABLE TO THE WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION."

"YEAR IN AND YEAR OUT," HE SAID, "IT PRODUCES A HUMAN DEVASTATION FAR GREATER THAN THAT CAUSED BY THE ATOMIC BOMB DROPPED ON HIROSHIMA."

ROMULO'S SPEECH, PREPARED FOR DELIVERY AT 2 P.M., EST, WAS THE FEATURE OF THE DEDICATION OF THE CREEDMOOR INSTITUTE FOR PSYCHOBIOLOGIC STUDIES.

THE INSTITUTE CONDUCTS RESEARCH IN THE TREATMENT OF MENTAL DISORDERS WITH HORMONES AND CHEMICALS.--IT NOW OCCUPIES A 62-ROOM BUILDING IN QUEENS VILLAGE, LONG ISLAND.

ROMULO SAID, "HERE A GROUP OF SCIENTISTS OF AS DIVERSE ORIGINS AS THE UNITED NATIONS, HAS BANDED TOGETHER IN A COOPERATIVE EFFORT WHICH SETS AN IDEAL EXAMPLE IN THIS FIELD."

AMONG THOSE HE REFERRED TO WERE DR. JOHAN H. W. VAN OPHUIJSEN, DUTCH-BORN DIRECTOR OF THE INSTITUTE, AND DR. CO TUI, PHILIPPINE-BORN OF CHINESE ANCESTRY, HEAD OF THE DEPARTMENT OF BIOLOGIC RESEARCH.

"THEIR EFFORTS," HE SAID, "HAVE HELPED TO DEMONSTRATE THAT IT IS POSSIBLE TO TREAT SUCCESSFULLY CERTAIN MENTAL DISORDERS WITH CHEMICALS AND HORMONES. X X X

"I SEE THESE SCIENTIFIC EFFORTS PARALLELING OUR WORK IN THE UNITED NATIONS, AN ORGANIZATION FOUNDED FOR THE PRESERVATION AND ADVANCEMENT OF MANKIND."

ROMULO SAID, "IN EVERY COUNTRY OF THE WORLD, MENTAL DISEASES

ARE A SCOURGE OF MAJOR PROPORTIONS, BUT NO COUNTRY IS YET COMPLETELY EQUIPPED TO DEAL WITH IT."

HE CITED THE UNITED STATES AS THE NATION BEST EQUIPPED IN THIS RESPECT, BUT EVEN HERE THERE ARE ONLY 5,000 PSYCHIATRISTS FOR A POPULATION OF SOME 160,000,000.

"INDIA HAS ONLY 80 FOR ITS 350,000,000 PEOPLE," ROMULO SAID, "AND CHINA HAS 10 FOR 450,000,000 POPULATION."

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 7 A.M. EST THURSDAY FEB. 9)

JR150AES

A94

LAKE SUCCESS, FEB. 3-(AP)-THE SECURITY COUNCIL COUNTRIES DECIDED TODAY--WITH RUSSIA ABSENT ON A BOYCOTT--THAT THE QUESTION OF SEATING ANY COUNTRY IN THE UNITED NATIONS SHOULD BE RULED ON ONLY BY THE U.N GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

THE COUNCIL'S COMMITTEE OF EXPERTS MADE THE DECISION.

RUSSIAN MOVES TO OUST THE CHINESE NATIONALISTS FROM THE SECURITY COUNCIL AND OTHER U.N.BODIES, AND SUBSEQUENT RUSSIAN BLOC WALKOUTS, SPURRED THE STUDY. THE EXPERTS AGREED THAT THE QUESTION WAS SO BIG THAT ONLY THE 59-NATION ASSEMBLY ITSELF COULD MAKE THE DECISION.

RQ1033PES

FEB 9 - 1950

B26 (Q) (100)

BY FRED KRIEG

LAKE SUCCESS, FEB. 8-(AP)-DONG SUNG KIM, SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVE OF THE REPUBLIC OF KOREA, SAID TODAY THAT WITHOUT CONTINUED AMERICAN AID "KOREA CANNOT GO ON."

"WE ARE FIGHTING HARD IN THE COLD WAR. "WE ARE IN THE FRONT LINE. WE HAVE NEVER LOST OUR NATIONALIST SPIRIT AND WE WILL FIGHT COMMUNISM TO THE END. WE ARE A CONSERVATIVE PEOPLE AND ARE NOT SWAYED BY NEW IDEOLOGIES."

THE STATE DEPARTMENT IS ASKING CONGRESS FOR $90,000,000 CONTINUED AID FOR KOREA.

KIM COMPLETED A TWO-MONTH KOREAN GOOD WILL MISSION TO LATIN AMERICA LAST WEEK PREPARATORY TO INCREASING DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH THAT AREA. HE IS HERE NOW PROMOTING KOREA'S APPLICATION FOR MEMBERSHIP ON THE UNITED NATIONS EDUCATIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL ORGANIZATION

KS701PESB27 (Q)

LAKE SUCCESS, FEB. 8-(AP)-KOREA AND THE UNITED STATES OF INDONESIA WERE APPROVED TODAY BY THE ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL FOR MEMBERSHIP IN THE UNITED NATIONS EDUCATIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL ORGANIZATION (UNESCO).

KOREA WAS SPONSORED BY AUSTRALIA; THE U.S.I. BY INDIA. THE APPLICATIONS STILL REQUIRE APPROVAL BY UNESCO.

KS703PES

FEB 9 - 1950

30.24- 8839

End of Feb. 8, 1950

30.24- 8841

BRITISH ATOM SPY TRIAL DUE TODAY

Research Group Head Accused Of Disclosing Secrets

London, Feb. 9 (AP)—The mastermind of Britain's atomic research goes before London's chief magistrate tomorrow to answer charges that he gave his knowledge to potential enemies.

He is German-born Dr. Klaus Emil Julius Fuchs, head of the theoretical physics division at Harwell, Britain's atomic city.

One of the two counts accuses him of passing atomic secrets to someone in the United States five months before the first atomic bomb was exploded—that is, in February, 1945. The other charges that he did the same thing in Britain two years later.

Followed Probe Of Espionage

The charges do not say who got the secrets, but the arrest of Fuchs followed an investigation by the United States Federal Bureau of Investigation into Soviet espionage.

The prisoner's father, Prof. Emil Fuchs, 75, protested his son's innocence in an interview in Germany today.

A professor of theology at Leipzig University, in the Soviet zone, he declared the accused man is no Communist "but a freedom-loving opponent of nazism."

He described his accused son as having "the brain of a giant but the naïve soul of a child."

Security Checkup Expected

The arrest of Fuchs last week touched off Britain's biggest spy scare since 1946, when Dr. Alan Nunn May was sent to prison for ten years on conviction of violating the Official Secrets Act in another atomic case. It is expected to herald a nation-wide security checkup of all persons in contact with Fuchs.

Part of the evidence in Fuchs's case is likely to be heard in secret, official sources said. This probably will occur when names of other suspects are mentioned.

Fuchs, a quiet bachelor of 38, was arested by British secret police February 2. He reserved his defense when he appeared in court next day. He will face Chief Magistrate Sir Laurence Dunne in a small, third-story courtroom in Bow street tomorow.

Went To Britain In 1933

Fuchs has been one of several hundred German scientists working for the United States and Britain. Most of these scientists began helping the Western powers after the defeat of Hitler. But Fuchs came here in 1933. His father declared he fled because a secret Nazi students' body was out to kill him for opposing Hitler.

Meanwhile a parley of high American, British and Canadian scientists has been called to review the East-West race for supremacy in atomic research.

Official sources said that, although the Fuchs case doesn't appear on the conference agenda, its implications are bound to be studied by the experts.

SOVIET PLANE OUTPUT EYED

Air Force Rated Tactically As Strong As Any Group

FEB 9 1950

London, Feb. 9 (AP)—Russia's air force probably is tactically as strong as any group of air forces in the world and she and her satellites are making 40,000 to 50,000 planes a year, a British expert said today.

The United States turned out 47,815 military aircraft in 1945, the last year of World War II. It exceeded the rate earlier in the struggle, but has since dropped to a comparative trickle.

The British expert is Asher Lee, former wing commander in air intelligence during the war. He made his appraisals in a newly published book, "The Soviet Air Force."

Twelve Air Armies

Lee said Russia now has about 12,000 operational military planes, with twelve air armies of about 1,000 plane each, and the production of 40,000 to 50,000 planes a year "would enable the Soviet air force to maintain about fifteen air armies, each with a strength of 1,000 to 1,500 aircraft."

The United States Air Force says it had 17,600 planes January 31, of which 9,100 were ready for use and 8,500 in storage. These figures do not inculde the Air National Guard, the Air Reserve, the Civil Air Patrol or the Navy.

"In the realm of tactical air warfare, she (Russia) probably is at least as strong as any other air force or group of air forces in the world," Lee wrote.

Of Limited Range

He added that, though tactically strong, Russian bombers were of limited range and could not bomb American cities except from bases within 1,000 miles of the United States.

He wrote that the Soviet Air Force has no long-range bombers capable of carrying the atomic bomb more than 1,000 miles and, therefore, could not strike Washington or New York unless it could get bases in Greenland.

In a speech in Washington today, John F. Victory, executive secretary of the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics, said Russia was ahead of the United States in both aircraft production and number of military planes in service, but the United States feels it has the better planes.

"We think we still have supremacy in the air," said Victory, "because of the superior performance and military effectiveness of our aircraft."

Russian Air Force Held Tactical Equal Of Any

FEB 9 1950

London, Feb. 9 (AP)—A British expert says the Soviet Air Force is as strong tactically today as any in the world, but it would still be unable to carry the atom bomb to Washington or New York without advanced bases.

Asher Lee, wing commander in air intelligence during the war, made the statement in a book entitled "The Soviet Air Force" published today.

Russia, he said, has about 12,000 operational military planes—two air armies of about 1,000 planes each attached to each of six Soviet Army headquarters.

Production Noted

The Soviet Union, the Soviet zone of Germany and other countries under Russian domination together are manufacturing 40,000 to 50,000 planes a year, said Lee, which "would enable the Soviet Air Force to maintain about fifteen air armies."

"In the realm of tactical air warfare she (the Soviet Union) probably is at least as strong as any other air force or group of air forces in the world," wrote Lee.

Lee in 1946 wrote a book called "The German Air Force." A foreword to this by United States Air Forces General Carl Spaatz said Lee knew more about the German Air Force than most men. Last year the London *Daily Telegraph* said Lee was engaged in a special study of the Russian Air Force, but Z. M. Macbride, Chief Information Minister of the British Air Ministry, said at the time Lee had no access to official information about the Soviet Air Force since leaving the service in 1945.

A-Bomb Delivery

On delivery of the atom bomb, Lee had this to say:

"The Soviet Air Force has no long-range bomber which will carry the atom bomb more than 1,000 miles from base."

He added that Russia's longest-range bomber, the TU-70, copied from the United States B-29, could go that far and Russia had a copy of the B-36 in the prototype stage.

Lost Submarine's Skipper Convicted

Severe Reprimand Ordered in Truculent Crash

CHATHAM, England, Feb. 9 (AP). — A British naval court martial tonight convicted Lieutenant Charles P. Bowers in negligently endangering his submarine, the Truculent, which collided with a Swedish tanker Jan. 12 and sank with a loss of sixty-four lives. He was sentenced to be severely reprimanded.

The court acquitted Lieutenant Bowers on a more serious charge —that of negligently or by default losing his ship.

Lieutenant Bowers, who commanded submarines in action against the Japanese, pleaded not guilty. He was charged with altering the Truculent's course when the rules of the road at sea required the submarine to maintain her course, failing to reduce the submarine's speed promptly and failing to make a sound signal.

The Truculent's twenty-eight-year-old commander was among fifteen saved when the submarine, with seventy-nine men aboard, was rammed in the Thames Estuary by the 643-ton tanker Divina.

Lieutenant J. N. Humphrey-Baker, navigating officer of the Truculent, told the court neither he nor Lieutenant Bowers knew what the lights displayed by the Divina meant. They consulted a seaman's manual without finding the answer. Not until the Navy's inquiry, the witness added, did he discover they meant the ship was carrying an inflammable cargo.

Red-Front Groups Petition U.S. Adviser

Rome, Feb. 9 (AP)—Joseph Jacobs, United States arms aid advisor, said today some 70 Communist front groups have sent him resolutions against "war mongering" since he arrived here a week and a half ago.

Jacobs, advisor to United States Ambassador James C. Dunn, said the resolutions, all of which contained Communist "peace slogans," were signed by Red-sponsored women's and youth organizations.

Allies Prepare For Red Rally In W. Zone

Berlin, Feb. 9 (AP)—American, British and French military commanders here are reported agreed on how to handle an influx of 500,000 Communist youths from eastern Germany late in May.

Informed sources said today the three commandants, who conferred but issued no announcement, agreed to invite the Communist youths to see what West Berlin is like—but under Western rules. This would forbid marching, flag waving, political demonstrations or disorders.

The United States High Commissioner for Germany, John J. McCloy, will be here tomorrow to confer with Maj. Gen. Maxwell D. Taylor, American commandant, on the growing political tension in this divided city, sparked by the Communist East German Government's muscle flexing and Soviet harassment of Western traffic to and from Berlin.

Meeting May 28

The Communist youths are due to meet in West Berlin during the week before Whitsunday, which is May 28.

The muscle flexing of the East zone Communists was demonstrated last night by East Berlin police chief, Waldemar Schmidt, at a meeting of 500 of his leading officers.

According to the Soviet Army newspaper *Taeglische Rundschau*, here is what Schmidt told his men:

"The unity of Berlin can be achieved only on a democratic basis. The illegal organization, the Stumm police (Johannes Stumm is the West Berlin police chief) is not willing to safeguard the democratization of Berlin.

"No Doubt Left"

"We people's police must therefore make all preparations to enable us to guarantee public safety in the German capital. There is no doubt left any more about the outcome of the fight for Berlin, and Stumm and his baton guard will not hinder this determination."

Contrary to published reports, Schmidt did not mention the youth rally in this talk to his police, according to the *Rundschau* account—the only one available.

The muscle flexing is also demonstrated by the creation in East Germany of a regimented youth organization and a "Red Gestapo" along lines of the organizations of Hitler days.

Belgrade Makes No Bid For Arms, Envoy Says

Belgrade, Yugoslavia, Feb. 9 (AP). Yugoslavia has made no application for United States arms aid or defense equipment, Ambassador George Allen said today. He was commenting on reports reaching here that the United States State and Defense departments had such aid under consideration.

However, Allen refused to comment on another report from the United States that the President's Security Council has agreed to give sympathetic consideration to any such Yugoslav request that might be received.

FEB 9 1950

MAY 29 BERLIN GUARD MAPPED

Allies Prepare For Emergency During Communist Rally

Berlin, Feb. 9 (AP)—Western Allied leaders tonight laid plans to meet any emergency which may arise May 29 with the influx into Berlin of 500,000 Communist youth from East Germany.

The mammoth meeting of the Communist youth might be the springboard for some attempt on the part of the Communists to wrest control of all the divided city.

The West has forbidden parades and demonstrations in the Western sectors—but May 29 is the first anniversary of the East German "People's Congress" which set up the Soviet-dominated People's Republic in the East zone. This could provide the excuse for Communist propaganda which might be engineered out of the control of the West German police.

Unity Likely Keynote

Coincidentally, today, as a year ago, the Communists once again are shouting about German unity, and this apparently is to be the keynote of the youth rally.

The American, British and French commandants met tonight to discuss the forthcoming event. They made no announcement. But informed sources said they agreed generally to allow the Communist youth in West Berlin by invitation of the Western authorities, to see what it is like. But, the informant said, there will be ground rules—no marching, no flag-waving, no political demonstrations, no inspired disorders.

The United States High Commissioner for Germany, John J. McCloy, will be in Berlin tomorrow to meet with Maj. Gen. Maxwell D. Taylor, United States commandant. With McCloy will be his deputy, Maj. Gen. George P. Hays.

Among the subjects to be discussed will be the growing political tension in this city and the recent Russian baby blockade against Western truck traffic.

To Be House Guests

The forthcoming Communist youth rally has West Berliners jittery. They do not know what orders these people will have when they come into the Western area.

Both British Maj. Gen. G. K. Bourne and United States General Taylor are reported confident they can forestall any violence by permitting an open-door policy—allowing the Communist youth to come along in—coupled with a big-stick policy for keeping order.

Hope For Western Ban

One of the details of the plan under discussion includes the opening of 10,000 West Berlin homes to the East Berliners for a night or two of lodging. With West Berlin's superior food and superior living conditions, this may have an effect on some. Willy Brandt, Socialist party leader, said he is willing to take two Communist youths into his own home.

"When they leave, they won't be Communists any longer," Brandt said.

A spokesman for General Taylor said an announcement on specific policy may be expected soon.

The East German Communists are making the most of the youth rally. Their statements seem to indicate they hope the Western authorities will try to keep the young Communists out.

The West Berlin police chief, Johannes Stumm, said his police will see that "order is not disturbed."

The east sector police chief, Waldemar Schmidt, was quoted in the Soviet army newspaper *Taeglische Rundschau* as telling his staff:

"The illegal Stumm police are not willing to safeguard the democratization of Berlin. We, the people's police, must therefore make all preparations to be able to guarantee public safety in the German capital."

Stumm's statement had referred to the youth rally specifically. Schmidt's did not. But his reference to action "in the German capital" indicates at least a wishful thought for the unification of all Berlin under Communist control.

Schmidt's force, integrated with the Soviet zone police, had been under Paul Markgraf, but he disappeared six months ago, possibly purged, and has not been heard from since.

Tonight the East German Volkskammer (People's Chamber or lower house of the hand-picked parliament) adopted a budget of 13,586,200,000 marks, of which 825,300,000 is for police.

Western Germans Outline $850 Million Credit Plan

URSULA SCHAEFER

Bonn, Germany, Feb. 9—(AP) The West German government announced today a credit program of 3,400,000,000 marks ($850,000,000) to ease its huge unemployment load.

Most of the money will be spent on housing, which will help cut down another major state problem. The rest will be allocated to finance long-term export contracts, railway projects, small businesses, communications and jobs for refugees.

There are 1,900,000 men and women out of work in West Germany, the most at any time since the war. That is out of a total population of about 45,000,000.

Million Jobs

Government financial experts said they expect the new program to provide jobs for about 1,000,000.

Chancellor Konrad Adenauer said the government is arranging for credits with the official federal bank (bank Deutscher Laender) and the reconstruction bank (Wiederaufbaubank).

Adenauer told the Bundestag, the lower house of parliament:

"We are of the opinion that, by these measures and by the money coming from European recovery counterpart funds, a very great decrease in unemployment will take place."

Counterpart funds are the domestic currencies with which nations receiving Marshall Plan aid match their allocations from the United States.

Housing Gets Most

Adenauer said the marks will be allocated this way: 2,500,000,000 for housing; 200,000,000 for railway projects; 300,000,000 to finance long-term export contracts; 50,000,000 for federal communication projects; 300,000,000 to "create an economic basis for refugees from the east," 50,000,000 as credits for small businesses.

This is how allied experts break down the unemployed groups:

1. The regular influx into the manpower pool of persons coming of working age (35 per cent).
2. Returning prisoners of war (25 per cent).
3. Refugees, both legal and illegal (25 per cent).
4. Women whose reduced economic status forces them to seek employment (15 per cent).

Of the persons without jobs, 1,440,000 are drawing some form of unemployment compensation.

Partisans Reported In Czechoslovakia

Vienna, Austria, Feb. 9 (AP)—The independent newspaper *Die Presse* said today two Partisan bands are operating in Communist Czechoslovakia.

The paper said one group, known as the "White Partisans," is active in the northern areas of Slovakia. Another Partisan group, *Die Presse* said, is operating along the provincial border between Slovakia and Moravia.

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20 Reported Held In Church Purge

Prague, Czechoslovakia, Feb. 9 (AP)—Reliable informants said today about twenty Czechs who attended an American Mormon mission in a central Moravia town were arrested last Thursday and held four days while police ransacked their apartments.

The reported arrests came five days after two American Mormon missionaries disappeared while traveling through Moravia on their regular weekly visit to church members.

The two were C. Aldon Johnson, 22, of Idaho Falls, Idaho, and Stanley E. Abbott, 23, of Lehi, Utah. They are unmarried.

Reliable reports say they have been jailed by Czech police in Olomouc, central Moravia.

Receive No Reply

The United States Embassy has received no reply from the Foreign Ministry on a request for information concerning the missionaries' "welfare and whereabouts."

The twenty reported arrested at Protejov, where Abbott and Johnson had been stationed.

The police also entered the missionaries' apartment in Protejov on January 28, the day the two vanished. The police took away their cameras and other valuables and sealed the rooms.

The Mormon church has been the target of a campaign by the Communist-led Government. Thirteen of its missionaries have been ordered expelled since last May on charges of "endangering the security of the state." SEE PAGE

Granddaughter Ousted, Prague Honors Novelist

Prague, Czechoslovakia, Feb. 9 (AP)—The 72-year-old granddaughter of Czechoslovakia's greatest woman novelist has been ordered out of her one-room apartment—while Communist officials led the nation in celebrating the one hundred and thirtieth anniversary of her grandmother's birth.

Milena Maudrova-Nemcova, granddaughter of Bozena Nemcova, said today she was ordered out of her room to make way for a shock worker (above-quota producer). The order came from the apartment section of the regional national committee, one of the governmental bodies ruling the nation's districts.

Mrs. Maudrova-Nemcova, a widow, says she has no place to go now. Only recently she has been appearing, by invitation of Communist officials, at celebrations in honor of her grandmother.

Romanian Reds Revise Party Setup

Bucharest, Feb. 9 (AP)—Romanian Communists today announced a shakeup in party organization to make it conform to the Soviet model and enable it to exercise greater control over the Government.

A resolution published in *Scanteia*, official organ of the Romanian Workers (Communist) party, sharply criticized the party's organization bureau for admitting "hostile class elements" to party ranks.

The paper said party leaders had decided to set up a new organization bureau and to establish departments to supervise execution of party directives in industry, commerce, agriculture and health. This was interpreted as establishment of a "party super-government."

The resolution, adopted at a meeting of the Central Committee, criticized the old Organization Bureau for taking actions without prior approval of the committee or the Politburo.

Greece ECA Chief Ill

Athens, Feb. 9 (AP)—Paul R Porter, Economic Co-operation Administrator in Greece, is ill with pneumonia and his scheduled trip to Washington this week end has been canceled. Kenneth Iverson, deputy chief of operations, will make the trip instead, to represent the mission in talks in the United States capital.

Odium Sprang From Podium, Czech Admits

Prague, Feb. 9 (AP)—When the 100-man Czech Philharmonic Symphony Orchestra played for a Communist party congress last May they were told they would have to give the performance without charge.

Recently they heard reports that their director, Vaclav Neumann, had been paid for those concerts. Harmony went out the window.

At a regular meeting of the orchestra—all are members of a Communist-dominated union—musicians demanded an explanation.

Eight members, a reliable informant said, arose, denounced the Communist party and turned in their cards.

At the next meeting of the orchestra, the informant said, a Communist union officer admitted Neumann had been paid, but he begged forgiveness, saying it was all a mistake.

Seven musicians joined up again. One is still mad.

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Greece Requires No Visas

Athens, Feb. 9 (AP)—Greece announced today that Americans will no longer be required to obtain visas for travel here. This is in accord with practice of nations cooperating in the European Recovery Program.

INDIA TO GET ATOMIC PILE

Nehru Says Nation Will Have First Factory in a Year

NEW DELHI, India, Feb. 9 (AP)—Prime Minister Jawaharlal Nehru said today that India would produce her own atomic energy "in a reasonable time."

Speaking in Parliament, he said the Government already had taken steps to process atomic raw materials, presumably uranium ores, and planned to have a small atomic pile producing energy within a few years. He said that a factory for processing the raw material probably would be in operation within a year.

The lack of adequately trained personnel, the Prime Minister said, was hampering India's atomic research much more than lack of finances. India is in touch with "numerous foreign scientists," he added, and some Indians are being trained abroad on atomic energy.

30.24- 8843

CHINA EXTENDS ITS BLOCKADE

New Order Covers All Red-Held Continental Coast

Taipei, Formosa, Feb. 9 (AP)—The Chinese Nationalist Government tonight proclaimed extension of its blockade to cover the entire continental coast of Communist China.

Extension of the port closure—it is not officially called a blockade because the Nationalists claim sovereignty over the mainland—is effective at midnight Saturday.

The new closed stretch runs from Tienpai, 190 miles southwest of Hong Kong, to the Indo-China border. The original closure order of last summer covers the remainder of the coast north to the Korean border.

Actually, the Nationalists have been able to enforce it only as far north as the approach to Shanghai.

American-Owned Plant Hit

The new action foreshadows an even more determined attempt to throttle the economy of the Communist regime.

Efforts in this direction were seen in the newly stepped-up air war, particularly attacks against Shanghai's power plants.

The Nationalist air headquarters announced that Shanghai was hit again Wednesday for the third successive day. It said the American-owned Shanghai Power Company plant and the Chinese-owned Kiangnan dockyards were damaged heavily.

American Aid Charged

[The Peiping radio broadcast an angry diatribe against the bombings. Blaming "the American imperialists" it said, "we will certainly seek retribution within this year." The broadcast charged that American and Japanese pilots were aiding the Nationalists. It offered no evidence.]

The Nationalists have warned in advance that they intend heavy raids on military objectives in ten of China's largest cities. They showered leaflets on Shanghai Wednesday.

Twenty Junks Sunk

Naval headquarters announced Nationalist warships had sunk eleven troop-laden Communist junks trying to land on a small island between the mainland and Chusan Island, 100 miles south of Shanghai.

Nationalist press reports credited the air force with sinking twenty more junks off the south coast near Hainan Island, killing an estimated 800 Red soldiers.

(In an effort to circumvent the Nationalist blockade, the communists reported arrival in Canton of the first train from Shanghai. Since Canton has a rail link with the British colony of Hong Kong, this provides a backdoor to the blockaded ports. Tonnage that can be moved by that route is problematical, however.)

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Shanghai Dock Hit In Third Air Raid

Taipei, Formosa, Feb. 9 (AP)—Nationalist heavy bombers smashed the American-owned power plant and the Kiangnan dockyards in Red Shanghai today.

It was the third straight day of raids for Shanghai and the first of the mass attacks the Nationalists warned ten Chinese cities to expect.

Two ships received direct hits. One was a 5,000-ton freighter and the other a 3,000-ton vessel, an official announcement said.

Other Cities On List

Untouched but still on the Nationalist list of cities to be bombed are ancient Peiping; the Communist capital, Nanking; Tientsin, Hangchow, Hankow, Canton, Foochow, Amoy and Tsingtao. Peiping, with its old temples, is the heart of Chinese culture.

Ground warfare by mainland guerrillas also was stepped up by the Nationalists. Scores of Communist invasion junks on Liuchow peninsula, in the south, were reported sunk by planes from Hainan Island and Nationalist warships.

More activity was reported from guerrillas in southeastern Fukien and Kwangtung provinces and western Sikang province. The latter is on the border of Tibet. Aborigines were said to be helping the Nationalists in Sikang.

Seoul, Feb. 9 (AP)—A Korean Government spokesman asserted today that Russia has leased port areas on the east coast of Communist North Korea.

The Office of Public Information said large-scale harbor construction was in progress at Wonsan, Chungjin and Sungjin.

The statement added that "many Soviet naval officers and soldiers are stationed at these harbors."

Air Base Reported Used

The announcement recalled that Russia claimed she had withdrawn her occupation forces from North Korea by Christmas of 1948.

Unofficial reports, some from confidential sources, have reached South Korea that the Russian Navy has taken over a former Japanese naval airbase near Wonsan.

Ship repair facilities are said to be under construction there. A near-by oil refinery may be processing crude oil from Russian-controled Sakhalin Island for the Soviet Navy.

Koreans are said to be barred from both Wonsan and Chungjin.

Heavy shipping activity was reported at Najin and Unggin, both well up the coast on the Japan Sea and not far from Russia's Siberian port of Vladivostok.

Port Arthur Lease Cited

These reports, although based on unofficial information, appear to be consistent with the theory that Russia secretly acquired North Korea leases similar to the Port Arthur least in Manchuria when Kim Il Sung, Premier of North Korea visited Moscow last March.

Moscow newspapers reported three parts of that agreement. One covered barter trade, another provided that Russia would send technicians to North Korea, and the third provided that Russia would lend the North Koreans 210,000,000 rubles (about $40,000,000).

South Koreans assume the agreement also contained a military section. It is known here that Russia has provided North Korea with some military equipment, including tanks and a few airplanes for the army and that Russian officers help to train and advise the personnel.

Korean Says Russia Leases North Ports

FEB 9 1950

WM. R. MOORE

STAND AT INDO-CHINA HELD U.S. ANTI-RED AID

HONOLULU, Feb. 9 (AP)—A United States decision apparently has been made to contain communism in Asia at the border of Indo-China, a reliable and well-informed source said today.

The indication came during the Joint Chiefs of Staff visit. They are returning to the United States after a far East survey.

Gen. Omar N. Bradley, chairman of the Joint Chiefs, and the three other members declined to discuss directly any part of the Southeast Asia policy. General Bradley said that such decisions were up to President Truman.

But strong impressions were obtained on why, militarily, it was wise to try to stop the Communist spread southward in Asia.

Admiral Forrest P. Sherman, Chief of Naval Operations and one of the touring chiefs, would not discuss policy directly. But he said:

"The more unsettled Southeast Asia becomes, the more certain the need for the United States to retain complete naval control of all the Pacific Ocean."

Full control would be necessary in any emergency in Asia, he added, to maintain communications to United States positions and to United States friends.

Saigon Receives Truman Recognition Note

Saigon, Viet Nam, Indo-China, Feb. 9 (AP)—A formal note from President Truman recognizing the French-backed state of Viet Nam, headed by former Emperor Bao Dai, was received today.

The note was delivered to Bao Dai by Edmund Gullion, new American consul general, who arrived by plane from Washington.

In his message, the President expressed the hope there will be an exchange of diplomatic representatives between the United States and the Viet Nam state. It is believed Gullion may become ambassador or minister, if and when an American embassy or legation is opened here.

IRAQ, EGYPT TO KEEP 'HANDS OFF' IN SYRIA

BAGHDAD, Iraq, Feb. 9—(AP) Iraq and Egypt have signed an agreement to keep out of Syrian affairs for the next five years, foreign minister Muzahlim Amin El Pachachi said today.

El Pachachi told reporters that terms of the agreement, hitherto kept secret, specified that Iraq and Egypt exert efforts to restore a constitutional government in Syria.

The seven-weeks old government of Iraq Premier Ali Jawdat Al Ayubi collapsed last Thursday when a majority of the cabinet turned down terms of the agreement reached between Egypt and El Pachachi.

Some cabinet members contended El Pachachi had not obtained a guarantee from Egypt that the present Syrian government would be allowed a free course to represent the will of the Syrian people.

A new cabinet was installed Sunday.

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Artistic Classes Live In Luxury In Intellectual Strait Jacket

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[How does it feel to be an important person in Russia? How does the "other half" live? Edmund Stevens, staff correspondent of the Christian Science Monitor, just back from a three-year tour of duty in Moscow, has found that Soviet intellectuals live a good life, if their stomachs are strong. This is the third of four articles digesting material written by Stevens about present-day Russia. The material was made available to the Associated Press by the editors of the Monitor.]

New York, Feb. 9 (AP)—Soviet writers, musicians, artists and scientists live well, so long as they consent to wear an intellectual strait jacket, an American reporter has found.

These intellectuals share the top rung of the social ladder with the leading politicians, says Edmund Stevens, who covered Moscow for the last three years for the *Christian Science Monitor*.

Stevens found that Soviet morality is predicated on the idea that anything promoting communism is moral. Thus, he observes, the cultural strait jacket and intellectual turnabouts are no more startling than the assumed right of the Government to distort or withhold the truth, break agreements, subdue alien peoples and outstrip the czars in imperialism.

Have Cars, Country Homes

The artists, writers and scientists have cars—like Stalin they seem to prefer the American to the Soviet models. They have town flats in addition to country homes, despite the critical housing situation. They are the pampered social lions of the Soviet scene.

They do much better than doctors, lawyers or other professional men, who earn the ruble equivalent of $194 to $582 monthly. They soar above the white-collar people, who earn the equivalent of $97 to $194 a month, enough for a sufficient but monotonous living. They are miles above the lowest layer of the social scale, mostly unskilled workers who barely get by.

Many Pitfalls

But, Stevens reports, the pitfalls are many and the road is treacherous. The intellectual must be nimble enough to catch and ride the current party drift. Stevens describes the scene something like this:

Denouncing Americans is the surest key to literary success, even for a writer of children's books, and "no Soviet play or novel nowadays is complete without American diplomats, newspaper men, engineers or business men who are at the same time spies and provocateurs."

Stevens adds in passing that the Soviet case against Americans is helped along greatly "by the irresponsible statements of certain United States public figures, including members of Congress, urging immediate armed action against the Soviet Union, including use of atom bombs. To the Soviet public, this sounds like corroboration of *Pravda*."

Simonov Does Well

Konstantin Simonov, the author whose dramas belabor the United States incessantly, has an open bank account on which he can draw at will, and other anti-American, and thus successful, writers do almost as well.

But as an example of what can happen, last March Tamara Motylova, leading Soviet female literary critic, was fired from Gorky Institute's faculty and had her doctor's degree revoked. Her offense: she urged Soviet literature to be critical of Soviet surroundings, and she referred favorably to the German-Jewish author Lion Feuch-

twanger. This branded her a "bourgeois cosmopolite."

Prize Book Meets Trouble

Soviet writers once celebrated now are in oblivion. The usual reason: too much realism. A Stalin Prize book by no less a figure than Alexander Fadayev, head of the writers union, was found two years after its publication to have pictured a Soviet general as a bit of a stuffed shirt. The Agitprop (propaganda and agitation) ordered Fadayev to revise the book, and he openly confessed the "justice" of the criticism.

Often Soviet playwrights or novelists make their bad, or anti-Communist, characters altogether too plausible, while the Communist characters do not seem to come to life. Agitprop gets upset about this. In one such case the *Literary Gazette*, hatchet sheet of Soviet letters, had just finished highly praising such a work. The Agitprop organ, *Culture and Life*, blasted both the play and the *Gazette*. The *Gazette* promptly admitted it was wrong.

Newspaper Life

Newspaper writers lead a monotonous life. *Pravda* is the nationwide model and other papers seem like carbon copies, echoing and re-echoing through the country.

"The overall Soviet practice of doctoring facts to fit the party line determines the nature of Soviet news coverage," Stevens says. The press is regarded as a propaganda weapon, not as a means of informing the people. The public is told only what the Government wants it to know. It was never told of the Berlin blockade, but was given the impression the airlift was some sort of Western publicity stunt which failed. But when the blockade was lifted the startled public found a brilliant Soviet victory being served up by the press.

One Rule For Press

The cardinal rule for newspapers, says Stevens, is "never print anything that reflects the slightest credit on the West, particularly the United States. . . . Play up everything unfavorable to the West."

Stevens reviews the plight of Soviet composers forced to confess publicly that their music has been tainted with Western ideas. Dmitri Shostakovitch and others bowed and confessed. Serge Prokofiev did not. He did try to write music which might pass Communist inspection, but it was howled down by *Culture and Life*. Today, says Stevens, the once gay Prokofiev, outstanding among modern composers, is a frustrated, sullen and broken man.

The story is the same in the Soviet film industry, which Stevens says has been in the strait jacket since 1946. It frequently stumbles despite efforts to toe the party line. As for American films, Charlie Chaplin, almost alone, commands Soviet approval, but Chaplin's "The Great Dictator" never was released publicly in Russia.

Scientific Theories

And the story is the same in science. Scientific isolation is the order of the day. The natural sciences are enmeshed in the party line. Trofim Lysenko, apostle of "Michurinist" biology, lays down the law, although Stevens says he is "regarded as something of a quack by serious biologists." The Lysenko and the party line now is that acquired characteristics can be passed on in heredity, the Mendelian law to the contrary notwithstanding. Many a Soviet scientist has confessed he sinned in not believing this from the start.

Stevens also reviews the list of Soviet claims that the Russians were first with virtually all the world's inventions. This, says Stevens, is done to "destroy the residue of an old sense of inferiority" on the part of the Russians.

Role Of Religion

Religion is a phase of Russian culture which seldom gets into the news, but Stevens says it still is a potent factor. This was illustrated by the Soviet suppression of the 1937 census, Stevens writes, when the papers charged that counter-revolutionary wreckers found their way into the Census Bureau and doctored the figures.

"According to the grapevine," Stevens adds, "the trouble was that the query on religious beliefs included in the census questionnaire had disclosed an alarmingly high proportion of believers. At any event, in 1939 a new census was taken with this question omitted."

Atheism Counseled

Atheism is counseled by Soviet communism, and its attitude toward organized religion is well known, although it has from time to time tolerated the operation of the Russian Orthodox Church. The pattern for the campaign against the churches in the satellite states, says Stevens, was blueprinted earlier in a similar campaign in the absorbed Baltic countries.

So far as the Jewish faith goes, Jewry is apparently being subjected to renewed discrimination in Russia, partly out of fear of Zionism and its spiritual pull on the Jews in Russia. Of late, Stevens says, Jews have found themselves denied jobs because of their religion, discriminated against, and singled out in a press campaign against what the writers chose to call "mongrel cosmopolites."

TRUMAN SUPPORTS ACHESON ON U. S. A-BOMB POLICY

President Refuses to Make New Appeal for Peace with Soviet

BLAMES RUSSIANS

FEB 9 1950

Accord Would Be Possible with Red Cooperation, He Asserts

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9—(AP) President Truman turned thumbs down today on any new appeal to Russia or any change in U. S. policy in an effort to clamp world controls on the A-bomb and H-bomb.

He said the United States is standing on its present peace policies and with one little bit of cooperation from Soviet Russia we would get the job done.

He told a news conference that he sees no reason for changing American policy for international control of atomic energy and other armaments in the light of recent developments.

Supports Acheson

There isn't any use of getting steamed up over this, he added, because we are working all the time to get peace in the world. He fully approved Secretary of State Acheson's statement yesterday ruling out any dramatic new approach to Russia as has been suggested in Congress.

Acheson said the only way to get peace was to create strength in place of weakness in threatened areas throughout the world. He also saw no need for forming a government-appointed group of private citizens to study the problems raised by the hydrogen bomb.

The foreign policy discussion took up most of the President's news conference. At times he appeared nettled at the line of questioning.

Interspersed were queries on coal and politics, but they were dismissed with brief retorts. The President said:

1—He has no power—and is not asking for it—to seize the coal mines to halt the strike in the bituminous fields. This was in reply to a proposal by UMW locals in Illinois that he seize the mines and put the profits from their operations in the treasury.

The President said he had seizure powers in wartime, but they are not in force now.

Reads GOP Policy

2—He read the Republican party's 1950 campaign statement with interest, but thinks the Republican record speaks for itself better than any platform they can write.

The GOP listed "liberty against socialism" as the major issue. Mr. Truman was asked which one he was for. He laughed and replied he didn't understand that very well.

The foreign policy discussion came after the House had passed and sent to the Senate an emergency $732,485,550 appropriation, including funds for a speeded-up construction program by the Atomic Energy commission. House members said it has no connection with the hydrogen bomb project.

As each question bearing on foreign policy was asked the president fell back on Acheson's statement of yesterday and advised reporters to read it. He said Acheson discussed it with him and the two were in complete agreement.

The first question asked dealt with the proposal by a group of 1,500 American scientists. The group, in New York last Monday, suggested a new approach to international control of atomic energy, it envisioned the possibility of the U. S. making economic concessions in exchange for atomic inspection concessions by the Russians.

Read Acheson's statement, Mr. Truman said.

Silent On McMahon

What about the speech of Senator McMahon (D-Conn), chairman of the joint Senate-House Atomic Energy committee, suggesting some new "soul searching" on the question?

The Acheson statement covers that ground, Mr. Truman replied.

He added that a reading of history would show that the United States program for peace is a continuing one and has been ever since it requested united nations control of atomic energy and armaments. Our policy hasn't changed, he added, and there is no use getting all steamed up over it.

The president spoke sharply to columnist Doris Fleeson at one point when she posed the question:

"You think public discussion of this problem does no good?"

Mr. Truman flushed slightly and told Miss Fleeson: Don't start putaing words in my month. Public discussion helps every situation.

Asked if we are still standing on the Baruch plan for international control, ownership and inspection of atomic energy plants, the president replied that is just as good now as it ever was — in fact, it is more useful now because at first we were giving away something. This was an apparent reference to America's former monopoly on atomic know-how.

Rules Out Suchman

He said nobody knows how Russia feels except in the United Nations where she votes "no" every time. He added the U. S. has never used the veto power and is attempting to get international control of atomic energy and a peace in the world that will be good for everybody.

As for general disarmament, he said that if control of atomic energy is achieved, there won't be any trouble about other arms.

The president said he had not decided on anyone to succeed David E. Lilienthal as chairman of the Atomic Energy commission. In reply to a question, he said he had not considered Charles Luckman, who recently resigned as president of Lever Brothers.

Discussion of the A-bomb and the projected hydrogen superbomb continued on capital hill.

Dr. Vannevar Bush, atomic scientist, said there is no "trick way" to defent the country against either Weapon.

Expert Says Russ Lead U.S. In Plane Output

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Soviet Air Force equal to any, British expert writes. [Page 2.]

Washington, Feb. 9 (AP) — An American aviation expert said today that Russia is ahead of the United States both in aircraft production and in the number of military planes it has in service.

However, said John F. Victory, executive secretary of the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics, this country isn't disturbed by that situation because it feels that it has the better planes.

"We think we still have supremacy in the air," he said, "because of the superior performance and military effectiveness of our aircraft."

"Hard-Pressed Runner"

Victory said that neither the United States nor Russia has a practical military plane of supersonic speed. American planes can go faster than sound now only when unarmed, he stated, adding:

"We see ourselves in the position of a runner in a race who knows he is being hard pressed."

Victory, first employé of the NACA when it was founded in 1915 as the nation's chief agency for basic air research, addressed the Cosmopolitan Club.

"Struggle In Laboratory"

"The struggle for the survival of civilization is now under way in the research laboratories of our land," he said. "There the outcome of our present campaign to hold communism in check and prevent another world war is being decided."

He said the atomic bomb "is solely an offensive weapon, of no value without a means of delivering it to its target."

"So," he added, "air power becomes the key to the problem of preserving our own security as well as preserving world peace."

"Concentrated On Russ Secret"

That's one reason, he indicated, why Russian progress in developing a supersonic atom-carrying craft "is a secret on which our intelligence resources are concentrated."

Victory suggested a "new realism" in planning manpower mobilization in any future war. He said the United States "flirted with scientific suicide" in the recent war by putting science students in uniform.

"We must begin thinking in terms of job assignment instead of in terms of job deferment," he said.

Air Force Has 17,600 Planes

The United States Air Force says it had 17,600 airplanes on January 31 this year. Of these 9,100 were active and 8,500 in storage.

These figures do not include planes of the Air National Guard, the Air Reserve, the Civil Air Patrol, or the Navy.

Of the Air Force planes, 8,100 are combat aircraft—bombers, fighters, reconnaisance planes or search and rescue aircraft. The remainder, 9,500, are utility planes—transports, trainers, communications planes, and former combat types now used for other purposes.

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30.24- 8845

NO 'TRICK WAY' TO STOP BOMBS

Senate Group Hears Atomic Expert On Defense

Washington, Feb. 9 (AP)—Dr. Vannevar Bush, atomic scientist, said today there is no "trick way" to defend the United States against attack by A-bombs or the projected hydrogen super bomb.

"There is no defense against a bomb, as such," Dr. Bush asserted, after testifying at a secret two-hour session before the Senate Armed Services Committee.

By that, he explained he meant there is no method worked out by American scientists so far to detonate atomic weapons carried by enemy planes before the bombs have been dropped.

Hedges On Statement

Dr. Bush quickly hedged that flat statement, however, by saying defenses against any new weapons develop so quickly that it is dangerous to make forecasts on what may emerge from defense laboratories in the future.

But at present, he said, the only way to defend against an atomic bomb is to "stop the airplane or other carrier before it gets to the target—bomb the place that is manufacturing the bombs."

Dr. Bush was one of the nation's top scientist advising military leaders during World War II. He served as director of the Office of Scientific Research and Development and as adviser to the Joint Chiefs of Staff.

Pictures What To Expect

Behind closed doors, Dr. Bush talked at length with members of the Armed Services Committee, giving them a broad picture of what might be expected in future warfare.

Senators were close-mouthed about his testimony, but Senator Tydings (D., Md.) said later that Dr. Bush declared there is no "complete defense" against atomic or hydrogen bombs.

"Dr. Bush gave us a very concise account of modern warfare and what has been and is being done," Tydings said.

The Maryland Senator said Dr. Bush urged "more research and development" toward building up national defense, but Tydings gave no details.

Coincidentally, Senator Bricker (R., Ohio) dropped a hint that United States scientists may have been working on the H-bomb far longer than generally supposed. It was just a week ago Tuesday that President Truman gave the go-ahead order for development of the so-called "hell" bomb.

But Bricker, a member of the Joint Congression Atomic Committee, commented:

"Dr. Bush told us about the hydrogen bomb three years ago—about as much as has been made public recently."

One To Four Years

Estimates on how long it would take to build the H-bomb have ranged from one to four or five years. Scientists say it would be eight to 1,000 times more devastating than the wartime A-bomb and theoretically would have no limit to its destructive fury if it could be made big enough.

The urgency of defense planning against modern warfare was emphasized anew today in a Federal report entitled "Damage From Atomic Explosion."

Sketching a grim picture of the havoc to be expected under atomic attack, the report suggested dispersal of potential war plants away from likely target areas.

Caves Or Mines Suggested

It said the most vital industries might have to bury themselves deep in steel-doored caves or mines.

The report, prepared by the National Security Resources Board, made no mention of the hydrogen bomb.

It said, however, that even under A-bomb attack the damage within a half-mile radius of the explosion would be "so severe as to make protection of above-ground facilities impractical within that area."

U. S. to Press for Showdown On Relations With Bulgaria

FEB 9 1950

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9—(AP) The United States shortly will seek a showdown with Bulgaria over whether that Russian satellite state intends to force a break in diplomatic relations with this country.

The immediate issue is the status of the American minister, Donald R. Heath, whose recall the Bulgarian government demanded in a note to Washington three weeks ago.

The American government responded 24 hours later, on Jan. 20, with a declaration that unless Bulgaria withdrew its demand this country would sever relations with Bulgaria.

The American note, though it had the ring of an ultimatum, imposed no time limit. This omission was deliberate on the part of the State department. It was recognized here that the Bulgarians were being put in a tough spot and might wish to seek some way of avoiding a complete break with the United States.

Must Clear With Kremlin

Also officials now say frankly that Bulgarian leaders undoubtedly have had to clear the whole business with Moscow and this may be the primary reason for the long delay.

But three weeks is a long time when the ability of an American minister to perform his official duties is in question. Therefore, Secretary of State Acheson has decided that the present situation cannot continue indefinitely.

Several courses of action are open to this government, including the dispatch of a new note to Sofia or a local move by Heath to determine whether the Bulgarian foreign office still regards him as being personally unacceptable.

Officials plainly indicated today that one of those moves will be made within a few days.

One curious aspect of the case is that the Bulgarian government has never made public in its own country the demand for Heath's recall nor has it pressed the usual press and radio propaganda campaign against him in the last three weeks.

The Bulgarians issued their charges against the American envoy during the trial of former Vice Premier Traicho Kostov with who—Heath was accused of plotting against the security of the Bulgarian communist government.

The United States government however has repeatedly denied that Heath was guilty or that he ever had more than the most casual contact with Kostov.

Heath, who has not been directly informed by the Bulgarians that he is unacceptable, now is in the ackward position of representing a government which has been notified that no business will be done with him.

It is this circumstance, plus the fact that the United States intends to stick to a firm policy in dealing with the eastern European states, that convinces officials here they must now take a further step in the case.

U.S. Suggests Underground Atom Bomb Defense Centers

FEB 9 1950

Washington, Feb. 9 (AP)—The Government suggested today that civil defense control centers and the most vital industrial plants built from now on might be placed underground to obtain a high degree of protection against the atomic bomb.

It made this suggestion in a report sent by John R. Steelman, presidential assistant, to the governors of the states for guidance in the development of state and local plans for civil defense.

"Studies of European experience and possibilities in this country indicate that for the most vital industrial facilities underground construction is entirely practical," the report said. "Also, control facilities for civil defense could be placed underground to good advantage."

Space Available In Mines

Approximately 320,000,000 square feet of floor space is available in mines of suitable type in the United States, the report said, much of it within reasonable distance of transportation and labor supply. Digging other sites elsewhere would be "more costly but by no means prohibitive."

"There may be tunnels or caves near cities that can be used for control centers, emergency operating rooms, or for storage of medical supplies," the report said. "They must be in good condition and in a suitably stable geologic formation. The entrance doors must be protected against blast by barricades (walls in front of doors to reduce blast effect) and should be of heavy steel construction."

The report was prepared jointly by the Atomic Energy Commission and the Defense Department. It was based on a study of damage to be expected from the aerial explosioin of a "nominal" atomic bomb releasing energy equivalent to about 20,000 tons of T.N.T. Much of the data was obtained by surveys of damage done by the atomic bombs dropped at Hiroshima and Nagasaki, Japan.

Suggestions Listed

The report did not estimate effects of the proposed hydrogen bomb, which some American physicists say could destroy New York or any other large city.

Other suggestions in the report included:

1. That less vital new defense plants could obtain primary protection from a "nominal" atom bomb by being placed 3 miles or more away from any other vital installation that might invite attack.

2. That earthquake and wind-resistant designs should be used in planning new multistory buildings of reinforced concrete or steel frame construction.

3. That plans for locating shelters in strong fireproof buildings having reinforced concrete or steel frames should be given first priority.

Shelter Areas In Buildings

"The use of shelter areas in buildings appears to be the most feasible scheme unless adequate warning can be assured," the report said. "Even with adequate warning the practical problem of finding space for shelters in a congested city would be difficult.

"At least two means of exit are essential for safety," it cautioned. "Since general evacuation will probably be necessary, an important requirement is a means of leaving the building without depending on elevators, which might be inoperative.

"Around the shelter area, a 12-inch-thick reinforced concrete wall well tied into the outer structure would, in most cases, be adequate to resist blast at a distance of ½ mile."

The report said basements of homes would offer reasonable protection against a distant detonation, but that care should be taken to provide escapes to be used in case the house catches on fire.

Atomic-Defense Advice Given Builders

FEB 9 1950

Washington, Feb. 9 (AP)—The Federal Government today handed the nation a primer in construction problems of the atomic age.

It issued a report entitled "Damage from Atomic Explosion and Design of Protective Structures," dealing in matter-of-fact language with requirements for buildings which might have to undergo the force of a nearby A-bomb blast.

The best advice it could offer builders was to erect important structures as far from strategic areas as possible, or put them underground.

It called for dispersal of potential war plants and said the most vital industries might have to bury themselves deep in caves or mines.

Governors To Get Report

The report was prepared by the National Security Resources Board, for use by civil-defense planners, and will be distributed to governors of all the states.

The findings are based on studies made largely in Hiroshima. It included no reference to later, more powerful A-bombs, nor did it mention the hydrogen bomb.

Surveys made in Japan, it said, showed that heavily framed steel and reinforced concrete buildings offered the greatest resistance to atomic blast. Those which offered the weakest showing were shedtype structures with light frames.

Frame Buildings Stand Blast

As for housing, the report said well-constructed frame buildings stand up well against blast, but are vulnerable to fire.

It cautioned builders against all-brick walls that support floor beams and roofs.

Experts who compiled the report made their recommendations on the "assumption" that damage within a half mile of the point immediately below an aerial explosion would be

"so severe as to make protection of above-ground facilities impractical within that area."

Destruction Area Increased

A bomb with twice the destructive force of the Hiroshima weapon would increase this area of virtually complete destruction about 60 per cent, the report said. But outside this area, "a great deal can be done to minimize the damage" from air blast, earth shock, atomic rays and heat.

It directed attention to building codes adopted in eleven western states under which buildings must be strong enought to resist horzontal forces varying from two to sixteen per cent of their vertical loads.

It said large new structures should be fire resistant and strengthened against blast and ground shock.

Soft structural-grade steel was recommended for reinforcing, because it bends without snapping as easily as hard steel.

Tunnels, Caves Suggested

The report estimated that this country has about 320,000,000 square feet of floor space available to vital industries in mines, many of which are reasonably near labor supply and transportation.

"There may be tunnels or caves near cities," it added, "that can be used for control centers, emergency operating rooms, or for storage of medical supplies. They must be in good condition and in a suitably stable geologic formation.

Bomb-shelter locations in commercial buildings should be given "first priority," it said, with shelters spotted on the lower floors or halls.

Around the shelter should be a 12-inch reinforced concrete wall fastened securely to the building's outer structure. "In most cases," the report says, this will be "adequate to resist blast at one half mile" from the ground center of the explosion.

HOUSE APPROVES AID PROGRAM FOR KOREA, FORMOSA

FEB 9 1950

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9 — (AP) The House approved a multi-million dollar economic aid program for Korea and Formosa today in a move designed to strengthen anti-communist defenses in the Orient.

The House action, on a roll call vote of 240 to 134, was a sharp reversal of its stand two weeks ago when it rejected the administration's plea to continue the Korean aid by a one vote margin.

The earlier vote was considered a reflection of dissatisfaction in Congress with the administration's far eastern policy, especially its refusal to grant military backing to the Chinese Nationalists on Formosa. This new bill wrapped up economic aid to Formosa with help for Korea and this was believed to have gained it some votes.

$60,000,000 For Korea

The new measure would provide $60,000,000 in economic help for the little far eastern republic of Korea as a supplement to a similar amount Congress approved last year. It also would make available for use on Formosa a part of a $103,000,000 China aid fund which the Economic Cooperation Administration is now holding.

Both programs are to last only until next June 30, but the State department already has said it intends to ask for additional funds to held build up southern Korea against communist pressure from the Red-dominated northern half.

The combined bill now goes to the Senate where speedy approval is expected. The Senate already has passed a Korean aid bill of its own an dis considering the Formosa question in a separate bill.

Although the House measure does not specify how much of the $103,000,000 China aid fund is to be spent on Formosa, Chairman Kee (D-West Va) of the Foreign Affairs committee said the outlay probably will not exceed $10,00,0000.

No Long Term Aid

The State department, meanwhile told Congress that the administration has decided that any long term assistance to Formosa must depend in part on the proven abiilty of the Nationalist to defend the Island.

It said also that the Nationalists must make a "clear showing' 'that they can restore economic and political stability there before any large scale U. S. aid will be given.

The department at the same time reiterated its opposition to proposals to set up a separate regime on the Island, either under allied administration or through a United Nations plebiscite.

Any such move to set up a "non-Chinese" government there, it said, would be "widely interpreted throughout Asia" as a violation of this country's pledge to respect the territorial integrity of China.

It expresse these views in a statement sent to the House Foreign Affairs committee in answer to questions raised by Rep. Lodge (R-Conn) regarding the background of the hands-off Formosa policy announced by President Truman last month.

Lodge termed the department's answers "evasive."

U. S. Fund to Deter Reds Dwindling in Far East

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9 — (AP) With China in communist hands, the U. S. has a comparatively petty sum at hand to stop the further spread of communism through the far east.

Through Feb. 15 this year, $252,640,000 is being used for various purposes in the far east.

On Feb. 15 the authorizations for $150,000,000 of this runs out unless Congress votes before then to extend the programs.

Here is how the sums stand:

$60,000,000 Marshall Aid

$60,000,000 for Marshall Plan aid in Korea. This is good only through Feb. 15, and most of it has been used.

$90,000,000 of unexpended sums voted for the aid of anti-communist China, is good only through Feb. 15. The only organized part of China now left in anti-communist hands is Formosa.

$75,000,000 voted under the military aid program for use in the Philippines, Korea and Iran. Good through June.

For the far east the State Department says it is thinking differently than it does about Europe. It plans to deal with each nation separately rather than to try to set up an overall agency for the area as it has in Europe.

Plan Other Moves

It also plans some diplomatic moves which it hopes will strengthen resistance to communism. Here are the various parts of the program.

French Indochina — The U. S. plans to recognize the new government of Viet-Nam as soon as the French assembly ratifies agreements which recognize Viet Nam as a free state within the French union.

Korea—There is $60,000,000 worth of economic aid on tap for the southern half of Korea. Most of it used, and it was authorized only through Feb. 15. The State department plans to ask for another $90,000,000 for the nation and Korea is getting some military aid on the side.

Dutch Aid Indonesia

Indonesia—Here the State department expects two other sources of money to help. It will "support" Indonesian bids for loans from the Export-Import Bank (a U. S. agency) and the International Bank (a United Nations agency largely supported by the U. S.). The Dutch are helping out on some military equipment. And the U. S. may give added help.

The Philippines—More help here is up in the air until the Philippines government can show that it is ready to use it to better advantage than the hundreds of millions voted the islands since World War II.

Japan—The U. S. will go on helping this nation through the "occupation funds" which are voted for the U. S. Army.

With this help to spread around, the State department hopes to make at least a start on getting some degree of stability among the non-communist governments on the long border where the Chinese communists now raise new worries for their Pacific neighbors.

SENATE VOTES BUILDING FUND

FEB 9 1950

Much Of $503,000,000 Would Go For Housing Service Men

Washington, Feb. 9 (AP) — The Senate today voted to authorize $503,000,000 for military construction, much of it for housing service men and their families. The bill now goes to the House.

The senators trimmed off $2,000 from the bill's maximum average cost of the houses, leaving it at $14,750, including site development. It refused attempts to whittle this further. None of the houses could cost more than $16,500 under the adopted amendment.

Highest In Illinois

Senator Douglas (D., Ill.) tried in vain to hold the average cost below the final figure but the Senate upheld Senator Tydings (D., Md.), who expressed fear that it would not be adequate.

Although Douglas failed to get all he wanted, he estimated the amendment as adopted would save about $11,000,000.

The bill would double the housing cost limits for construction outside the United States and in Alaska.

Tydings said the Air Force had run into the highest housing costs in Illinois, at Chanute Field and Scott Air Force Base.

Awards were made at Chanute, he said, for 48 units at a cost of $20,000 a unit, including $2,350 for site development. But the Air Force twice rejected bids for housing at Scott Field, Tydings said, because it considered them "prohibitive."

Offers Co-Operation

He said in the first bidding at Scott Field last June, the low offer was $25,865 a unit. A second letting, after basements had been eliminated from the specifications, brought a low bid of $24,507. In both cases, site development was included.

The Air Force still wants to build housing at Scott Field, Tydings said, and would be delighted to have Douglas's help in getting lower bids.

Douglas replied he would be glad to co-operate and added:

"If there are contractor rings in Illinois who are holding up the Government for excessive prices, I do not want them to exist and flourish."

In another housing development the Senate Banking Committee shelved President Truman's "middle-income" program for two weeks pending a study of its impact on the national economy. The committee voted to defer any action on the bill until at least February 23.

U.S. Invites Japs To Establish Agencies

FEB 9 1950

Washington, Feb. 9 (AP)—Disregarding Russian obections, the United States today invited the Japanese Government to open official agencies in four American cities.

Announcement of the action was made by the State Department and by Gen. Douglas MacArthur's headquarters at Tokyo. It is another step toward restoring Japan's freedom of action.

The agencies will be in New York, San Francisco, Los Angeles and Honolulu. They will be staffed by Japanese officials, who will be authorized to promote trade and handle citizenship and property affairs of Japanese nationals, but will lack diplomatic or consular status.

Concurrence Asked

The United States asked the thirteen-nation Far Eastern Commission in December to concur in the arrangement. A majority of the commission, which sets overall occupation policies for Japan, favored the proposal, but Russia vetoed it. Thereupon, officals said today, the United States decided to go ahead on its own as the country responsible for the occupation and for supporting the Japanese economy.

"The department hopes other countries will issue similar invitations through General MacArthur to the Japanese Government and that the two-way trade between Japan and those other countries may be thereby stimulated," an announcement said.

Press Officer Michael J. McDermott told reporters that the "other countries" refered to included Nationalist China.

Crommelin Fumes At 'Dictatorship'

Reno, Nev., Feb. 9 (AP)—The Navy's Capt. John G. Crommelin lashed out again last night at what he called "an embryo dictatorship masquerading under the holy name of unification."

Crommelin, speaking at a Reno Chamber of Commerce dinner, declared the basic cause for disagreement among the armed services "is a clash between the democratic philosophy of Navy and Marine Corps personnel together with the rank and file of the Army and Air Force on the one hand, as opposed on the other hand to the Prussian high-command philosophy of the small, select cadre of United States Army general staff corps officers who are now in the saddle in Washington."

There is a close similarity between the present organization in the Department of Defense and that of the German Army high command, Crommelin said.

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Nourse Says Economic Council Never Conferred With Truman

New York, Feb. 9 (AP)—Dr. Edwin G. Nourse, writing today in *Collier's* magazine, said President Truman's Council of Economic Advisers never had a chance to discuss its findings with the President.

In an article entitled "Why I Had to Step Aside," the 66-year-old economist who resigned as chairman of the council last fall, also said the other council members "wanted to advance philosophies or causes for which they had a personal enthusiasm." This, Dr. Nourse said, was contrary to his belief that the council should operate as a professional and nonpolitical agency.

Serving on the council with Dr. Nourse were Leon H. Keyserling and Dr. John D. Clark.

First Showdown In 1949

Although he noted that the President's course often substantially paralleled council recommendations, Dr. Nourse in the *Collier's* article added:

"On no occasion did the council have so much as a single hour's time in which we could sit down with the President to answer any question that arose in his mind, clarify data or examine alternative courses and probable consequences.

"We learned of his final policy decisions through an assistant or an assistant to an assistant on the White House staff."

The first real showdown between political and economic interpretations of the council's role came in February, 1949, the article related. This occurred when the council was asked to appear before the Joint Committee on the Economic Report.

Opposed Politics

Dr. Nourse said he was away from Washington at the time, but cil could not "discharge its function effectively and without embarrassment either to the Chief Executive or to council members if it is drawn out of the executive office into the political atmosphere of Capitol Hill."

But the other members of the council acepted the invitation, the article continued, and the presentation before the committee "stressed the imminence of inflationary dangers," Dr. Nourse commented:

"This made the council not a little ridiculous, since, by that time the problem to be faced was the onset of recession. . . . Instead of appearing publicly in support of presidential policy already made obsolete by the march of events, all members of the council should have been diligently weighing the significance of the latest recessionary developments and privately advising the President as to revisions of policy that would square with the new facts."

Red Cross Executive Decorated

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9 (AP)—Glen A. Whisler, assistant manager of American Red Cross eastern area headquarters, today received the Philippine Legion of Honor, degree of officer, for his help in rebuilding the Philippine Red Cross after the second World War. He was decorated by the Philippine Minister Plenipotentiary, Emilio Abello, in a ceremony at Red Cross national headquarters. Mr. Whisler lives in Alexandria, Va.. He is a native of Findlay, Ohio.

Probe Irks Ruler With 110 Wives

FEB 9 1950

Lake Success, N.Y., Feb. 9 (AP)—The aged and infirm Fon of Bikom is all burned up by the ruckus over his 110 wives.

He's lost 40 of them since his multiple matrimony first was called to the attention of the United Nations two years ago.

Some of the wives are indignant, too.

That's what a special United Nations mission reported today after traveling by foot and on horseback to a little African village to visit the 80-year-old tribal chief in the British Camaroons.

Church Group Complained

The mission visited the Camaroons while on a general inspection trip through West African territories now under the United Nations trusteeship system.

The United Nations has been looking into the Fon's domestic affairs since a British Catholic organization, St. Joan's Social and Spiritual Alliance, complained he was polygamous in a big way.

The Fon, described as weak and ailing, was particularly irked over a newspaper article cited in the alliance's complaint saying a maiden was taken by force to be the Fon's wife—one of many.

Says He Resents Libel

The Fon told he mission he resented this "libel" against him and said he intends to take legal action. He said all his wives had entered his compound of their own free will and that he is not prepared to accept any new wives except under this same condition.

After the issue first came up, he offered all his wives a chance to leave. Forty left.

The Fon said that his own role as ruler, "custodian of the tribal lands, rainmaker, ad link between the dead, the living and unborn," demands that local customs of polygamy be retained.

Wives Say They Are Happy

He said he must have his wives to care for his compound according to custom. He agreed, however, that changes will come eventually when his people have adopted modern ways.

As for the wives, a group of them handed the mission a petition saying "we, the Fon's wives, live happily with the Fon according to our native law and custom."

The mission concluded that the Fon was conforming to the accepted standard in his part of the world and said it would be inadvisable to intervene directly and prohibit polygamy "so long as the mass of the people remain attached to it."

London, ~~MARCH~~ Friday, Feb. 10--(AP)—Tass said early today that Communist China has agreed to a recent Soviet proposal that Emperor Hirohito and four former Japanese generals be ~~charged~~ tried on charges they waged germ warfare.

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KX (APW)
LONDON, FRIDAY, FEB. 10-(AP)-PRESIDENT NIKOLAI SHVERNIK OF THE SOVIET UNION HAS GIVEN A RECEPTION IN HONOR OF CHINESE COMMUNIST LEADER MAO TZE-TUNG, THE MOSCOW RADIO SAID EARLY TODAY.
MAO AND OTHER RED CHINESE LEADERS ARE IN MOSCOW FOR RUSSO-CHINESE TREATY TALKS.

the broadcast,recorded here by the soviet radio

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monitor,said deputy premiers v.m.molotov and anastase i. mikoyan,

both members of the politburo,attended, as well as deputy premiers n.a. bulganin,k.e.voroshilov,v.a.malyshev,a.f.tevosyan,a.i.yefremov m.g.pervukhin and n.s.khruchs.

also present, it said,was foreign minister andrei

y. vishin ky and his deputy andrei gromyko,marshal v.d.sokolovsky,

n.v. roshchin,soviet ambassador to the chinese people's republic,

s.i.vavilov,president of the soviet academy of sciences, and many

other soviet leaders.

The broadcast, recorded here by the Soviet radio monitor, said Deputy Premiers V. M. Molotov and Anastase I. ~~KK~~ Mikoyan, both members of the Russian

Communist Party's Politburo, attended the reception.

The reception took place in the Kremlin, the radio said. The hour was not disclosed.

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Others present included Chou En-Lai, Mao's premier and foreign minister; Wang Chia-Hsiang, Chinese Communist ambas ador to Russia; S. Azyzov, chairman of the Sinkiang Provincial government; the envoys in Moscow from Czechoslovakia, Northern Korea, Bulgaria, Romania, and Hungary; the Mongolian People's Republic (Outer Mongolia), and Albania; the head of a diplomatic mission from East Germany; the Polish charge d'affaires; and heads of trade delegations --all foreign trade ministers of their respective countries--from Czechoslovakia, Romania, Hungary and East Germany.

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LONDON, FRIDAY, FEB 10-(AP)-CHINESE COMMUNIST LEADER MAO TZE-TUNG WAS GIVEN A BIG KREMLIN RECEPTION LAST NIGHT THAT MAY MEAN THE END OF HIS LONG MOSCOW VISIT IS NEAR.

THE MOSCOW RADIO REPORTED SOVIET PRESIDENT NIKOLAI SHVERNIK GAVE THE PARTY.

MAO HAS BEEN IN MOSCOW SINCE DEC. 16. HE TOLD RUSSIAN REPORTERS HE IS NEGOTIATING FOR TRADE CREDITS. CHOU EN-LAI, HIS PREMIER AND FOREIGN MINISTER, JOINED HIM JAN. 21. THIS FACT AND THE LENGTH OF MAO'S STAY HAVE PROMPTED SPECULATION ABROAD THAT HARD BARGAINING HAS BEEN GOING ON FOR CREDITS AND POSSIBLY TREATIES OF FRIENDSHIP AND ALLIANCE.

BOTH MAO AND CHOU WERE AT THE RECEPTION. SO WAS DEPUTY PREMIER V.M. MOLOTOV, OTHER SOVIET MINISTERS AND TRADE OFFICIALS OF RUSSIA AND OTHER SATELLITE STATES. PRIME MINISTER STALIN WAS NOT ANNOUNCED ON THE GUEST LIST.

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FEB9 1950

London, Feb. 9--(AP)--Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin reiterated tonight Britain's approval of the American plan for international control of atomic energy.

Addressing some 200 of his constituents at a political meeting in Southeast London's dock area, Bevin asked:

"What can be the objection on the part of America, Russia, the U.S. or any other country to throwing our doors open and allowing inspection right through our countries to demonstrate that we have not only signed an agreement but are carrying it out honorably?"

Bevin said Russian refusal to permit periodic international inspection of atomic facilities to make sure no atom plants are being used for warlike purposes is the fundamental disagreement between Russia and the five

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other powers on the United Nations Atomic Energy Commission. He continued:

"The first step was taken by the British Labor cabinet by sending the prime minister to America to discuss international control of atomic energy. From that day to this, our policy has been to try to get international agreement.

"But international agreement means international trust, and international trust means the establishment of conditions upon which trust can be based. Therefore, we are asked--and quite properly--and we are ready to give open inspection as to what we are doing if every other country will do the same x x x.

"That is our policy. It is a difficult one, but I am convinced that it will win through in the end."

Bevin said that international agreement had not been found possible because of "what I call Communist imperialism--a strange combination, but that is what it is--it is expansionist and seeks to dominate the world and control it."

Preceding Bevin, Lord Strabolgi, a Labor peer, said Britain's recognition of Communist China was "a brave act" which showed "great wisdom and longsightedness."

He added that his personal experiences in China had taught him there was a "great fund of goodwill among the teeming millions" for Britain because of the work of British missionaries and the "good reputation" of British traders.

Strabolgi said British recognition of Red China was an answer to a claims the government is/subservient tool of the American State Department.

Bevin, who sat on the stage during Strabolgi's speech, did not mention China.

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FEB 9 1950

LONDON, FEB 9-(AP)-ITALY LOST ITS SUIT TODAY TO RECOVER THE $4,200,000 BRITISH FORTUNE OF THE LATE KING VITTORIO EMANUELE III.

THE FORTUNE NOW PRESUMABLY WILL GO TO THE LATE KING'S FIVE HEIRS HIS WIDOW, EX-QUEEN HELEN, NOW LIVING IN EGYPT; HIS SON, UMBERTO, THE LAST KING OF ITALY WHO NOW LIVES IN PORTUGAL; AND HIS THREE DAUGHTERS, JOLANDA CALVI DEI BERGOLO, EMANUELE'S ELDEST DAUGHTER; GIOVANNA, FORMER QUEEN OF BULGARIA, NOW LIVING IN EGYPT WITH HER MOTHER, AND MARIA, NOW LIVING IN SOUTHERN FRANCE.

ITALY HAD SUED HAMBROS BANK, REPRESENTING THE HEIRS, AND THE BRITISH CUSTODIAN OF ENEMY PROPERTY.

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THE REPUBLIC CLAIMED THAT UNDER PROVISIONS OF A 1947 ANGLO-ITALIAN FINANCIAL AGREEMENT THE TRANSFER OF THE LATE KING'S BRITISH FORTUNE BY THE PROPERTY CUSTODIAN TO HAMBROS BANK WAS WRONG.

JUSTICE SIR HARRY VAISEY, WHO READ THE OPINION, SAID THE CASE TURNED ON WHETHER THE 1947 AGREEMENT FORMED "PART OF OUR MUNICIPAL OR DOMESTIC LAW" ENFORCEABLE IN COURT. HE HELD THAT IT DID NOT.

GERALD UPJOHN, ATTORNEY FOR HAMBROS BANK, TOLD THE COURT THE HEIRS WILL SUE ITALY FOR DAMAGES FOR "HOLDING UP THE DISTRIBUTION OF THIS FUND FOR MANY MONTHS." SAID UPJOHN:

"THEY HAVE CAUSED THE HEIRS, WHO ARE IN EXILE, GREAT HARDSHIP."

HE DID NOT SAY WHERE THE DAMAGE SUIT WILL BE FILED EXCEPT THAT IT WILL BE "IN OTHER COURTS, NOT IN THIS COUNTRY."

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THE U.S. B-29, HOWEVER, HAS A RADIUS ACTION OF MORE THAN 2,000 MILES. IN APRIL, 1948, TWO B-29S FLEW NON-STOP FROM HAWAII TO FLORIDA, A DISTANCE OF 4,500 MILES, CARRYING NORMAL COMBAT LOADS. MOREOVER, AMERICAN B-29S AIMING AT DISTANT TARGETS CAN REFUEL IN THE AIR.

LEE GAVE NO FURTHER EXPLANATION ON THE SOVIET TU-70 RANGE, BUT THE IMPLICATION WAS THAT THE SOVIET COPY OF THE B-29 COULDN'T EQUAL THE AMERICAN PLANE'S PERFORMANCE.

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LEE SAID THE STRENGTH OF THE SOVIET AIR FORCE LIES IN ITS EXTRAORDINARY TECHNICAL PROGRESS IN THE LAST FIVE YEARS AND IN THE AIRMINDEDNESS OF THE GOVERNMENT AND THE PEOPLE.

"ITS WEAKNESSES," HE SAID, "ARE A LACK OF RESERVES AND DEPTH, INEXPERIENCE IN OPERATING MODERN WEAPONS AND EQUIPMENT, ESPECIALLY RADAR."

THE BOOK SAID RUSSIA'S BEST GUIDED MISSILE IS A ROCKET WITH A SPEED OF 3,500 MILES AN HOUR AND A RANGE OF 300 TO 400 MILES.

JANE'S "ALL THE WORLD'S AIRCRAFT," A RECOGNIZED AUTHORITY ON MILITARY AND CIVIL AVIATION, GIVES NO DETAILS ON RUSSIAN NUMERICAL AIR STRENGTH IN THE 1949-50 EDITION. IT MENTIONED THE TU-70 AS A COPY OF THE AMERICAN B-29 BUT SAID NO DATA IS AVAILABLE ON ITS PERFORMANCE. JANE'S ALSO DESCRIBES TWO RUSSIAN JET AIRCRAFT WHICH IT SAID MAY BE CAPABLE OF LUGGING AN ATOM BOMB. ONE OF THESE, IT SAID, WAS THE GERMAN-DESIGNED JUNKERS 287 ON WHICH NO PERFORMANCE FIGURES WERE GIVEN. THE OTHER, JANE'S SAID, WAS THE ILYUSHIN MEDIUM BOMBER WHICH COULD CARRY 5,000 POUNDS OF BOMBS 1,000 TO 1,500 MILES.

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LONDON, FEB. 9-(AP)-TOP AMERICAN, BRITISH AND CANADIAN SCIENTISTS MET TODAY AT BRITAIN'S ATOMIC CITY, HARWELL, TO REVIEW THE EAST-WEST RACE FOR SUPREMACY IN ATOM RESEARCH.

THE TALKS OPENED AMID ELABORATE SECRECY PRECAUTIONS.

RELIABLE INFORMANTS SAID THAT WHILE THE CASE OF DR. KLAUS FUCHS, BRITISH SCIENTIST ACCUSED OF GIVING AWAY ATOM SECRETS, HAD NO PLACE ON THE CONFERENCE AGENDA, IT WAS CERTAIN THE IMPLICATIONS OF THE CHARGES WOULD BE DISCUSSED.

OFFICIAL SOURCES SAID THAT THE SCIENTISTS WOULD GIVE MUCH CONSIDERATION TO THE ACHIEVEMENT BY RUSSIA OF AN ATOMIC EXPLOSION.

BASIC PURPOSE OF THE HARWELL CONFERENCE IS TO CONSIDER WHAT FURTHER ATOMIC INFORMATION CAN BE RELEASED FROM THE TOP SECRET CATEGORY.

INFORMANTS SAID THE SCIENTISTS WOULD MAKE THEIR DECISIONS AFTER TAKING INTO ACCOUNT WHAT PROGRESS OTHER COUNTRIES LIKE RUSSIA HAVE MADE IN ATOMIC RESEARCH. AMERICA, BRITAIN AND CANADA USE A UNIFORM SYSTEM TO DETERMINE WHAT RESEARCH INFORMATION MAY BE RELEASED.

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LONDON, FRIDAY, FEB.10-(AP)-TASS SAID EARLY TODAY THAT COMMUNIST CHINA HAS AGREED TO A RECENT SOVIET PROPOSAL THAT EMPEROR HIROHITO AND FOUR FORMER JAPANESE GENERALS BE TRIED ON CHARGES THEY WAGED GERM WARFARE.

SF10PES

FEB9 1950

A29

PARIS, FEB.9-(AP)-FRENCH TRADE UNIONS WILL SOON BE PERMITTED TO ENGAGE IN COLLECTIVE BARGAINING WITH EMPLOYERS FOR THE FIRST TIME SINCE THE OUTBREAK OF WAR IN 1939.

BY A VOTE OF 451 TO 0, THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY LAST NIGHT PASSED A BILL RESTORING THE RIGHT TO BARGAIN COLLECTIVELY. THE LAW WILL REMOVE OFFICIAL CEILINGS AND CONTROLS PLACED ON WAGES JUST BEFORE THE OUTBREAK OF WAR. THE NEW LAW REQUIRES COMPULSORY CONCILIATION ATTEMPTS IN LABOR DISPUTES BUT LEAVES ARBITRATION OPTIONAL.

MD428AES

FEB9 1950

B38 Q

PARIS, FEB.9-(AP)-PORT AUTHORITIES IN MARSEILLE CRACKED DOWN TODAY ON COMMUNIST CONTROL OF HIRING AND FIRING OF LONGSHOREMEN IN THEIR DETERMINATION TO ASSURE FREE MOVEMENT OF SUPPLIES TO FIGHTING FRENCHMEN IN INDOCHINA.

SHIPOWNERS WERE AUTHORIZED TO HIRE ANYBODY AVAILABLE TO HELP LOAD SHIPS, REGARDLESS OF WHETHER THEY HELD UNION CARDS. HERETOFORE THE COMMUNIST CONGROLLED GENERAL LABOR FEDERATION (CGT) HAS CONTROLLED THE "HIRING HALLS." THAT MEANT THAT ONLY DOCKERS APPROVED BY THE CGT COULD GET JOBS.

RB716PES

B71 (Q)

PARIS,FEB.9-(AP)-THE FRENCH FOREIGN MINISTRY SAID TODAY LUXEMBOURG HAS EXTENDED RECOGNITION TO THE FRENCH SUPPORTED GOVERNMENT OF VIETNAM AND TO THE STATES OF LAOS AND CAMBODIA. ALL THREE STATES IN INDOCHINA ARE WITHIN THE FRENCH UNION.

N915AES

ROME, FEB. 9-(AP)-COMMUNIST-LED LABOR UNIONS STAGED A 15 MINUTE WORK STOPPAGE THROUGHOUT ITALY TODAY IN MEMORY OF SIX WORKERS KILLED IN CLASHES WITH POLICE JAN 9.

AT MODENA, THE PO VALLEY INDUSTRIAL TOWN WHERE THE SIX DIED, THE WORK STOPPAGE LASTED TWO HOURS. WORKERS PARADED IN A DEMONSTRATION AND DEPOSITED FLOWERS AT THE GATE OF AN IRON FOUNDRY WHERE THE CLASHES OCCURRED.

THE PARADE WAS LED BY GIUSEPPE DI VITTORIO, SECRETARY-GENERAL OF THE COMMUNIST-DOMINATED ITALIAN CONFEDERATION OF LABOR (CGIL), WHICH ORDERED TODAY'S NATIONWIDE ACTION. LATER DI VITTORIO ADDRESSED THE WORKERS.

THERE WERE NO REPORTED ACTS OF VIOLENCE DURING THE 15-MINUTES WORK STOPPAGE WHICH WAS HARDLY NOTICED BY THE PUBLIC. TRAINS AND TRAMS AND BUSSES STOPPED FOR ONLY FIVE MINUTES UNDER THE UNION'S ORDER.

EZ929AES

VATICAN CITY, FEB.9-(AP)-MOSCOW HAS SPAWNED A NEW ORGANIZATION--THE "ORGINFORM"--TO COORDINATE THE COMINFORM'S FIGHT AGAINST THE CATHOLIC CHURCH, THE ITALIAN CATHOLIC ACTION WEEKLY COLLAGAMENTO SAID TODAY.

COMINFORM MEANS COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL INFORMATION BUREAU. ORGINFORM APPARENTLY IS THE SHORT FORM FOR AN INFORMATION BUREAU OF COMMUNIST ORGANIZATIONS.

THE NEWSPAPER SAID THE BUREAU WAS SET UP AT WARSAW. IT SAID VASILI GORELOV, 60, FORMER RUSSIAN PRIEST WHO DESERTED THE CHURCH AFTER THE BOLSHEVIK REVOLUTION TO JOIN THE SOVIET SECRET POLICE, IS AT THE HEAD OF THE NEW GROUP.

FOUR SPECIALIZED SCHOOLS ARE TO BE SET UP TO INSTRUCT "MISSIONARIES" FOR VARIOUS COUNTRIES, INCLUDING ITALY, FRANCE, SPAIN, BELGIUM, SOUTH AMERICA, SCANDINAVIA, THE NETHERLANDS, GERMANY, ENGLAND, AUSTRIA, AND SWITZERLAND, THE PAPER SAID.

ONE BRANCH, IT ADDED, WILL BE DEVOTED TO TRAINING SUCH WORKERS FOR DUTY IN THE UNITED STATES.

N1248PES

FEB9 1950

A24

NIGHT LEAD GERMAN RAILWAYS

BERLIN,FEB.9-(AP)-A BRITISH TRANSPORT OFFICIAL SAID TONIGHT SEVERAL RAILWAY CARLOADS OF BROWN COAL AND GRAIN FROM EAST GERMANY, CONSIGNED TO WEST BERLIN, HAVE ARRIVED HERE AFTER THEY WERE DELAYED BY THE RUSSIANS TO MAKE A CLOSE INSPECTION OF THE SHIPPING PAPERS.

THE SPOKESMAN TERMED THE DELAY "ONE OF THOSE THINGS THAT ARE LIABLE TO HAPPEN HERE ANY DAY. WE DON'T TAKE THEM SERIOUSLY."

THE EASTERN ZONE DELIVERS A LIMITED AMOUNT OF GRAIN AND BROWN COAL TO WESTERN BERLIN IN ACCORDANCE WITH A TRADE AGREEMENT BETWEEN EAST GERMANY AND THE FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF WEST GERMANY.

-DASH-

(EDITORS: MAY BE INCORPORATED IN BERLIN NIGHT LEAD GERMAN)

MJ526PES

A193

BERLIN, FEB 9-(AP)-WESTERN ALLIED AND GERMAN SOURCES SAID TONIGHT RAIL TRAFFIC IS NORMAL BETWEEN BERLIN AND THE WEST.

THE WEST GERMAN CUSTOMS OFFICE AT HELMSTEDT--CHECK POINT ON THE MOTOR HIGHWAY TO BERLIN--DESCRIBED AS UNTRUE A REPORT THAT THE RUSSIANS HAD EXTENDED THEIR HECKLING TACTICS TO RAIL SHIPMENTS.

OFFICIALS SAID A GERMAN WESTBOUND MAIL TRAIN FROM BERLIN WAS DELAYED FOR TWO HOURS YESTERDAY BUT THAT THIS WAS A "PURELY TECHNICAL AFFAIR DUE TO THE SINGLE TRACK LINE IN THE SOVIET ZONE."

G254PES

FEB9 1950

FRANKFURT, FEB. 9-(AP)-KLAUS FUCHS, BRITAIN'S TOP ATOM SCIENTIST ARRESTED FOR PASSING ATOMIC SECRETS TO A FOREIGN POWER," HAS THE BRAIN OF A GIANT, BUT THE NAIVE SOUL OF A CHILD," HIS FATHER SAID TODAY. INTERVIEWED BY TELEPHONE, 75-YEAR-OLD PROFESSOR EMIL FUCHS SAID IN A TREMBLING VOICE:

"I AM CONVINCED MY SON IS NOT GUILTY OF THE CHARGES AGAINST HIM. I HAVE NEVER SAID THAT MY SON WAS A COMMUNIST. HE WAS A FREEDOM-LOVING OPPONENT OF NAZISM."

KLAUS FUCHS IS DUE TO GO ON TRIAL IN BOW STREET COURT, LONDON, TOMORROW ON TWO CHARGES THAT HE SUPPLIED ANGLO-AMERICAN ATOM SECRETS TO A FOREIGN NATION IN 1945 AND 1947.

HIS AGING FATHER IS A PROFESSOR OF THEOLOGY AT LEIPZIG UNIVERSITY, DEEP IN THE RUSSIAN ZONE OF GERMANY.

PROF. FUCHS SAID HE WOULD LIKE TO INTERCEDE IN HIS SON'S DEFENSE AT TOMORROW'S LONDON TRIAL.

"BUT YOU SEE I AM HELPLESS," HE SAID.

"I SHOULD LIKE SO MUCH TO GO TO ENGLAND TO TESTIFY BEFORE THE COURT ON MY SON'S RECORD. DO YOU THINK ANYBODY COULD HELP ME?" HE ASKED.

"IT IS AN INFAMOUS LIE THAT I EVER SAID THAT MY SON WAS A COMMUNIST," THE THEOLOGY PROFESSOR SAID. "I NEVER TALKED BY PHONE WITH ANYBODY FROM BERLIN." SUCH A REPORT HAS BEEN PUBLISHED.

THE SCIENTIST, PROF. FUCHS SAID, FLED TO ENGLAND AFTER A SECRET NAZI STUDENTS' ORGANIZATION CONDEMNED HIM TO DEATH BECAUSE HE OPPOSED HITLER."

PROF. FUCHS HIMSELF WAS IN ENGLAND AND THE UNITED STATES LAST YEAR, HE SAID. HE SAID HE STAYED FOR NINE MONTHS IN THE UNITED STATES AND THEN WENT TO ENGLAND, WHERE HE STAYED WITH HIS SON.

"I LAST SAW HIM ON AUG. 12, 1949 AT HIS HOME," PROF. FUCHS SAID. "HE SUGGESTED THAT I SHOULD GIVE UP MY WORK IN LEIPZIG AND STAY WITH HIM. BUT I DECIDED I SHOULD RETURN TO MY WORK HERE."

THE FATHER SAID HE, HIMSELF, WAS IMPRISONED FOR A SHORT TIME BY THE NAZIS IN 1933 "BECAUSE I SAID A FEW THINGS AGAINST HITLER." LATER, HE SAID HE WAS FREED AFTER A LEADER OF THE ANTI-HITLER RESISTANCE MOVEMENT CAME TO HIS SUPPORT.

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MORE

IN LONDON THE PRESS SECTION OF THE U.S. EMBASSY SAID NOBODY FROM THE EMBASSY WILL BE PRESENT IN COURT TOMORROW IN ANY OFFICIAL CAPACITY WHEN FUCHS' TRIAL BEGINS. HOWEVER, IT SEEMED PROBABLE AMERICAN OBSERVERS WOULD BE ON HAND.

SOME BRITISH NEWSPAPERS HAVE REPORTED THAT FBI MEN WHO COOPERATED WITH THE BRITISH SECRET POLICE ON THE CASE WILL BE PRESENT, BUT THE EMBASSY SAID AS FAR AS IT KNEW NO FBI MEN WOULD BE THERE.

A SPOKESMAN FOR THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC PROSECUTIONS DESCRIBED AS "UTTER NONSENSE" A REPORT BY THE LONDON DAILY MAIL HINTING THAT FUCHS HAD BEEN ALLOWED TO MAKE TRIPS OUT OF JAIL TO CONSULT WITH HIS ATTORNEY.

MJ1058AES

FEB9 1950

A172

FRANKFURT, GERMANY, FEB 9-(AP)-WEST GERMAN COMMUNISTS WERE EXHORTED BY THEIR PARTY HEADQUARTERS TODAY TO MAKE MORE USE OF THE POLITICALLY TRAINED GERMAN WAR PRISONERS SENT HOME FOR RUSSIA.

"WE HAVE FAILED BY FAR TO EXPLOIT ALL OUR POSSIBILITIES FOR UTILIZING FORMER PRISONERS OF WAR," SAID THE INFORMATION BULLETIN ISSUED BY PARTY HEADQUARTERS HERE.

"THOUSANDS HAVE RETURNED FROM RUSSIA WHERE THEY HAD OPPORTUNITY TO TRAIN THEMSELVES. X X X WE HAVE NOT USED PROPER JUDGMENT IN USING THIS HELP WHICH THE SOVIET UNION GAVE OUR PARTY."

MOST GERMAN WAR PRISONERS ARE SUBJECTED TO INTENSIVE COMMUNIST INDOCTRINATION BEFORE THEY ARE FREED BY THE RUSSIANS.

G113PES

frankfurt, germany, feb. 9-(ap)-pfc joseph w. bailey, 19, of sardis, ga., was charged today with the knife murder of a german university student.

a u.s. army staff advocate said bailey has admitted "lunging at" 22-year-old eberhardt greifenhagen with a knife, after the german attacked him from the rear. the attack took place at marburg.

x 17

authorities said the incident occurred after a german girl called out to greifenhagen that bailey was annoying her.

bailey will be tried by an army court martial.

FEB9 1950

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AND LIBERAL DEMOCRAT PARTIES WHO
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A13

AS THE BILLS WERE PASSED, WEST GERMAN
INTENSIFIED PURGE AMONG EAST GERMAN MINOR
FAILING TO COOPERATE SUFFICIENTLY WITH TH
MEMBERS OF THE CHRISTIAN DEMOCRAT AND
HELD PUBLIC POSTS IN SAXONY, BRANDENBURG
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SOVIET ZONE, WERE UNDER HEAVY PRESSURE,

FEB9 1950

DS THE COMMUNIST-CONTROLLED
VOLKSKAMMER (PEOPLE'S CHAMBER) YESTERDAY
TO ROLL THE CALENDAR BACK TO 1933.
ONE BILL CREATES A NEW MINISTRY OF STA
SPECIAL SECRET POLICE FORCE OUTSIDE THE M
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PEOPLE'S CHAMBER, THE LEGISLATIVE BODY FO
AFTER DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER WALTER ULBRIC
WOULD HAVE AS ITS "SACRED DUTY" THE "DEEP
SHIP AND ANTI-AMERICANISM."
THE NEW POLICE BILL WAS INTRODUCED BY
MINISTER KARL STEINHOFF, WHO SAID IT WAS
AMERICAN AGENTS" HAD THREATENED PEACE AND
THE FORCE, MODELED AFTER RUSSIA'S OWN
EMBRACE A VAST NETWORK OF INFORMERS SIMIL

A13

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THE LIBERAL DEMOCRATS, ONLY OTHER WES
SOVIET ZONE, WERE UNDER HEAVY PRESSURE,

LESS DRAMATIC THAN THE CDU'S.

NEXT GOAL IS TO GUARANTEE AN UNDISPUTED COMMUNIST TRIUMPH IN EAST GERMAN ELECTIONS THIS YEAR.

MANY CDU MEMBERS AGREE THAT THEIR PARTY IS FINISHED IN THE SOVIET ZONE.

"ALL WE CAN DO NOW IS ECHO THE COMMUNISTS. OR GO TO JAIL," THEY SAY.

CDU OPPOSITION TO A COMMUNIST-PICKED SINGLE-LIST OF CANDIDATES FOR NEXT OCTOBER'S ELECTION HAS BEEN SHATTERED BY RECENT DEVELOPMENTS.

BEGUN LAST MONTH WITH "MASS DEMONSTRATIONS," A COMMUNIST PURGE HAS ELIMINATED THREE FINANCE MINISTERS AND TWO SOCIAL WELFARE MINISTERS FROM STATE GOVERNMENTS.

IN THE GROWING HUNT FOR "ENEMIES OF THE PEOPLE," DOZENS OF MINOR COUNTY AND MUNICIPAL OFFICIALS HAVE BEEN CAUGHT. DISMISSAL WAS THEIR LIGHTEST PUNISHMENT. CRIMINAL PROSECUTIONS ARE PENDING AGAINST THE MOST IMPORTANT.

CRIMINALITY, AS MEASURED BY COMMUNISTS, IS WHETHER A NON-COMMUNIST OFFICIAL IS RELUCTANT TO SPONSOR THE ODER-NEISSE FRONTIER WITH POLAND, UNQUALIFIED COOPERATION WITH THE COMMUNIST PROGRAM, AND ETERNAL FRIENDSHIP WITH THE SOVIET UNION.

BERLIN'S HIGHWAY TRADE WITH WESTERN GERMANY MOVED SMOOTHLY ACROSS THE SOVIET ZONE FRONTIER THIS MORNING, CONTRASTING WITH MINOR DELAYS YESTERDAY AND A PARTIAL BLOCKADE OFF AND ON SINCE JAN.22.

THE BRITISH OFFICIALLY REPORTED A BACKLOG OF ONLY 13 BERLIN-BOUND TRUCKS AWAITED CLEARANCE AT THE FRONTIER AT 9 A.M. LOCAL TIME.

SINCE MIDNIGHT, 123 TRUCKS HAD RECEIVED PERMISSION TO PASS THE RUSSIAN HIGHWAY BARRIER -- A BETTER THAN NORMIIMHUTE OP 13 AN HOUR.

THE COMMUNIST CENTRAL ORGAN, NEUES DEUTSCHLAND, SAID THE CLEARANCE RATE FOR TRUCKS WOULD INCREASE MARCH 1 WHEN NEW INSPECTION SHEDS WOULD BE READY FOR USE ON THE AUTOBAHN.

AT THE SAME TIME THE RED ARMY NEWSPAPER TAEGLICHE RUNDSCHAU REPORTED THAT 127 EAST GERMAN AGENTS OF "AMERICAN IMPERIALISTS" HAD BEEN CAUGHT IN ACTS OF SABOTAGE. THIS REPORT HAS BEEN TERMED BY WESTERN OFFICIALS A SOVIET SMOKESCREEN TO HIDE DISCONTENT IN THE EAST GERMAN ZONE.

POLITICAL TENSION IN DIVIDED BERLIN WAS ACCENTUATED YESTERDAY WHEN SOCIALISTS STAGED AN ANTI-COMMUNIST RALLY IN WEST BERLIN, JUST AT THE BORDER OF THE RUSSIAN SECTOR.

A CROWD OF 5,000, INCLUDING MANY FROM THE EASTERN SECTOR JUST ACROSS THE STREET, ATTENDED DESPITE SNOW AND BITING COLD TO HEAR WEST BERLIN'S MAYOR ERNST REUTER DECLARE THAT COMMUNISM WOULD NEVER WIN HERE.

ON THE OTHER SIDE OF THE BORDER LINE COMMUNIST PARTY ACTIVISTS LINE UP AND INSULTS WERE SHOUTED BACK AND FORTH. WEST BERLIN POLICE STOOD BY TO PREVENT VIOLENCE.

IN WESTERN GERMANY, AMERICAN OCCUPATION FORCES STAGED WAR GAMES TO KEEP THEMSELVES IN TOP SHAPE FOR ALL EMERGENCIES.

AFTER BEING CONVOYED TO NEUBIBERG AIR BASE IN BAVARIA THE FIRST BATTALION OF THE 18TH INFANTRY REGIMENT WAS FLOWN IN BIG FOUR-ENGINED TRANSPORTS--SIMILAR TO THOSE USED DURING THE RUSSIAN BLOCKADE OF BERLIN--TO RHINE-MAIN AIR BASE OUTSIDE FRANKFURT.

CARRYING FULL COMBAT GEAR INCLUDING MORTAR EQUIPMENT, AMMUNITION AND FUEL AND WATER SUPPLIES FOR 36 HOURS IN THE FIELD, THEY THREW UP A DEFENSE LINE AROUND THE FIELD TWO HOURS AFTER LEAVING NEUBIBURG.

MD315AES

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SECOND NIGHT LEAD WEST GERMAN

BONN, GERMANY, FRIDAY, FEB 10-(AP)-LEFTIST SOCIALISTS EARLY TODAY BLOCKED, AT LEAST TEMPORARILY, A 3,400,000,000 MARK $850,000,000) WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT PROGRAM TO RELIEVE UNEMPLOYMENT.

THEY DID SO TO KEEP THE CONSERVATIVE GOVERNMENT FROM GETTING CREDIT FOR PROVIDING WORK FOR WEST GERMANY'S ESTIMATED 1,900,000 JOBLESS. THE COUNTRY HAS AN ESTIMATED POPULATION OF 45,000,000.

THE SOCIALISTS MADE THEIR SUCCESSFUL PARLIAMENTARY MOVE AFTER MANY CONSERVATIVE DEPUTIES HAD LEFT THE CHAMBER WEARY AFTER 10 HOURS' DEBATE.

"IT WAS A VICTORY OF LAZINESS," SAID WEST GERMANY'S 73-YEAR OLD CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER. HE WAS PLAINLY ANGRY AT THE TURN OF EVENTS.

THE UPSET CAME ABOUT THIS WAY:

LAST WEEK THE SOCIALISTS CALLED ON THE GOVERNMENT TO SUBMIT A PROGRAM FOR DEALING WITH THE UNEMPLOYMENT CRISIS. THE GOVERNMENT OFFERED ITS PLAN YESTERDAY BEFORE THE ORIGINAL SOCIALIST DEMAND WAS FORMALLY VOTED UPON.

BY OUTSITTING THE GOVERNMENT SUPPORTERS UNTIL EARLY THIS MORNING, THE SOCIALISTS FORCED A VOTE ON THEIR ORIGINAL MOTION INSTEAD OF ON THE GOVERNMENT'S PROGRAM.

THIS MEANS THE GOVERNMENT MUST RESUBMIT ITS PROGRAM OR OFFER ANOTHER.

THE PLAN CALLED FOR AN INTERNAL LOAN OF 3,;OOPPPPPHMTOVPOVVWOV.VMMOUT

THIS MEANS THE GOVERNMENT MUST RESUBMIT ITS PROGRAM OR OFFER ANOTHER.

THE PLAN CALLED FOR AN INTERNAL LOAN OF 3,400,000,000 MARKS TO PROVIDE WORK.

MOST OF THE MONEY WOULD HAVE BEEN SPENT ON HOUSING, THUS HELPING TO SOLVE TWO MAJOR PROBLEMS AT ONCE. THE REST WOULD HAVE GONE TO FINANCE LONG-TERM EXPORT CONTRACTS, RAILWAY PROJECTS, SMALL BUSINESSES, COMMUNICATIONS AND JOBS FOR REFUGEES.

GOVERNMENT FINANCIAL EXPERTS SAID THEY EXPECTED IT TO PROVIDE WORK FOR 1,000,000 PERSONS.

ADENAUER SAID THE GOVERNMENT WOULD HAVE ARRANGED THE CREDITS WITH THE OFFICIAL FEDERAL BANK (BANK DEUTSCHER LAENDER) AND THE RECONSTRUCTION BANK (WIEDERAUFBAUBANK)

THIS IS HOW X X X 10TH GRAF PVS

DY1055PES

FEB9 1950

BONN,GERMANY,FEB.9-(AP)-RELIABLE FINANCIAL SOURCES SAID TODAY THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT HAS DRAWN UP A 1,000,000,000 MARK ($238,000,000) PLAN FOR REDUCING UNEMPLOYMENT.

ITS GOAL IS TO BRING THE NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED TO ABOUT 900,000. UNEMPLOYMENT IN WESTERN GERMANY HIT A POSTWAR PEAK OF 1,900,000 LAST MONTH.

GOVERNMENT LEADERS CALLED IN TOP BANKERS FOR TALKS ON THE PROBLEM LAST NIGHT. THEY DISCUSSED THE POSSIBILITY OF RAISING FUNDS WITHIN GERMANY TO FINANCE THE PROGRAM. THE WESTERN ALLIES HAVE BEEN CRITICAL OF THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT'S LACK OF ACTION IN TACKLING THE UNEMPLOYMENT PROBLEM.

AMONG THE BANKERS CONSULTED WERE HERMAN ABS AND DR. ROBERT PFERDMENGES OF COLOGNE. ABS, A FORMER WARTIME BANKER FOR THE NAZIS, CONFERRED IN NEW YORK LAST YEAR ON THE MATTER OF FROZEN GERMAN

CREDITS. HE IS A DIRECTOR OF THE GERMAN RECONSTRUCTION LOAN ASSOCIATION. DR. PFERDMENGES HEADS WEST GERMANY'S MOST POWERFUL PRIVATE BANK.

THE PLAN ENVISAGES THE USE OF SHORT TERM CREDITS TO BOLSTER THE BUILDING INDUSTRY, RAILWAYS AND POSTOFFICE. THESE CREDITS WOULD COME FROM ANTICIPATED MARSHALL PLAN FUNDS AND BIG INDUSTRY.

IN ADDITION, THE FEDERAL RAILWAY IS EXPECTED TO FLOAT A PUBLIC BOND ISSUE OF ABOUT 10,000,000 MARKS ($2,380,000) TO FINANCE JOB PROJECTS.

EFFORTS WOULD BE MADE TO RELIEVE UNEMPLOYMENT IN AREAS HARDEST HIT--SUCH AS BAVARIA AND SCHLESWIG-HOLSTEIN WHERE HUGE CONCENTRATIONS OF REFUGEES HAVE SWOLLEN JOBLESS LISTS.

EZ908AES

FEB 9 1950

stuttgart, germany, feb. 9-(ap)-warrant officer john bernard hughes,49, somerville, mass., was found dead yesterday in a gas-filled room above his billet in ludwigsburg , the u.s. army announced today. no verdict on the case has been pronounced.

hughes, a veteran of morethan 20 years in the army, is survived by his wife, edna.

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vienna, austria, feb. 10—(ap)—the u.s. army announced today that two american soldiers have confessed they kidnapped an austrian citizen for a soviet-directed agency last november.

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the soldiers, the army reported, said they were paid 7,000 schillings ($250) for the abduction. the army identified them as sgt. john frankey of brockton, mass., and corp. paul abel of bolivar, mo.

the men, both members of a military police battalion, said they abducted the 39-year-old oswald eder in the british sector of vienna and took him in an army jeep to a rendezvous point in the soviet zone of austria.

they said they voluntarily gave themselves up "because of the recent expose of the soviet-controlled abduction ring in austria convinced us we would be caught sooner or later."

the army said a preliminary investigation had failed to disclose the soldiers had other [illegible] abduction.

soldiers.

the army jan. 10 announced it had smashed a soviet-sponsored kidnapping ring engaged in spiriting displaced persons out of the american zone of austria and turning them over to russian authorities.

eder was described as a native of romania who acquired first german,

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then austrian citizenship. at the time of his disappearance he was employed as a night watchman in a vienna radio manufacturing plant.

col. w. k. ~~h~~ liebel, american provost marshal in vienna, said abel and brankey would be tried but that the list of charges to be filed against them has NOT been completed yet.

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abel told army investigators he made his

liebel said the group that ~~[illegible]~~ contacted the two soldiers included russian officers and austrian civilians employed by the russians.

abel told army investigators he made his first contact with the ~~[illegible]~~ kidnapping ring when he sold a stolen radio in the soviet sector of vienna.

the man who bought the radio told him there were ways to make easier and bigger money. he arranged a meeting between abel and members of the ring in a public bar in the soviet sector.

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abel was told he could make "some easy money" if he would agree to kidnap people wanted by the russians. the soldier agreed and ~~[illegible]~~ recruited frankey to help him, he told the army.

the kidnapping of eder was planned after the two soldiers met

members of the ring several times in the russian sector.

eder was picked up at his home while his wife was out of the house. the soldiers drove him to the agreed meeting place, along the main highway to the american airforce base at tulln, outside vienna in the russian zone.

they were paid the 7,000 schillings immediately.

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mrs. eder reported her husband's disappearance the next day. u.s. army criminal investigators ~~[illegible]~~ immediately began an inquiry.

in last month's expose of the kidnapping ring the army charged that at least four displaced persons or refugees were lured or abducted out of the american zone of austria.

in return for each man turned over to soviet authorities,

the army said the kidnappers were given a month's progtection in smuggling cigarettes from hungary into vienna through the russian occupation zone.

twelve men were arrested, but the army admitted the ring leader had escaped and probably was hiding somehwhere in the russian zone.

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124WX(X) PRAGUE ADD MORMONS (A149-152) UNDER DASH

DASH

THE STATE DEPARTMENT IN WASHINGTON SAID THE EMBASSY IN PRAGUE ASKED FOR INFORMATION ABOUT THE MISSING MISSONARIES IN A FORMAL NOTE WHICH EXPRESSED CONFIDENCE THAT AN INVESTIGATION WILL RESULT IN THEIR PROMPT RELEASE.

THE NOTE WAS DELIVERED YESTERDAY AFTER THE EMBASSY HAD TWICE ASKED THE FOREIGN OFFICE TO ACT. THE NOTE SAID THAT 11 DAYS HAVE ELAPSED SINCE THE DISAPPEARANCE OF THE TWO.

ON THE ASSUMPTION THAT THEY HAVE BEEN ARRESTED, IT ASKED THAT ARRANGEMENTS BE MADE FOR AN AMERICAN CONSULAR OFFICER TO VISIT THE MISSIONARIES IN JAIL. INFORMATION ALSO WAS ASKED ON THE NATURE OF ANY CHARGES AGAINST THE TWO.

"THE DEDICATION OF MORMON MISSIONARIES EXCLUSIVELY TO THE PROPORTION OF THEIR RELIGIOUS BELIEF HAS BEEN DEMONSTRATED DURING MANY YEARS AND IS WIDELY KNOWN," SAID THE NOTE. "THE EMBASSY IS CONFIDENT THEREFORE THAT AN INVESTIGATION OF THE PRESENT CASE WILL RESULT IN A PROMPT RELEASE OF MESSRS.ABBOT AND JOHNSON IF THEY SHOULD HAVE BEEN TAKEN INTO CUSTODY."

FR239PES

vienna, austria, feb. 9-(ap)-the independent newspaper die presse said today two partisan bands are operating in czechoslovakia.

the paper said one group, known as the "white partisans", is active in the northern areas of slovakia. another partisan group, die presse said, is operating along the provincial border between slovakia and moravia.

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hampes 01050 apr th 903a

SOFIA, BULGARIA, FEB.9-(AP)-FINANCE MINISTER CYRIL LAZAROV TOOK THE WRAPS OFF BULGARIA'S 1950 BUDGET TODAY. HE SAID ONLY SEVEN PER CENT WOULD BE SPENT ON NATIONAL DEFENSE.

LAZAROV PRESENTED A COMBINED STATE AND PEOPLE'S COUNCILS (MUNICIPAL AND COUNTY DISTRICTS) BUDGET AMOUNTING TO 211,366,000,000 (B) LEVAS. A U.S. DOLLAR IS WORTH ABOUT 280 LEVAS.

HE SAID 65 PER CENT OF EXPENDITURES -- 132,166,000,000 LEVAS-- WERE ALLOCATED FOR "THE FINANCIAL NATIONAL ECONOMY AND SOCIAL AND CULTURAL ENTERPRISES." THIS, HE SAID, REFLECTED THE GENERAL LINE OF THE BULGARIAN COMMUNIST PARTY AND GOVERNMENT "FOR BUILDING UP THE ECONOMIC AND CULTURAL FIELDS OF SOCIALISM."

B956AES

PRAGUE, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, FEB.9-(AP)-RELIABLE SOURCES REPORT THAT TH HEADS OF TWO ROMAN CATHOLIC MONASTERIES HAVE BEEN ARRESTED, APPARENTL BECAUSE THEY REFUSED TO SIGN OATHS OF ALLEGIANCE TO THE COMMUNIST-LED GOVERNMENT.

THE INFORMANTS SAID THE ARRESTED ABBOTS HEADED MONASTERIES IN NOVA RISEN AND ZELIV, IN BOHEMIA. UNDER THE NEW CHURCH CONTROL LAW, THE OATH TO THE GOVERNMENT IS REQUIRED BEFORE PRIESTS CAN RECEIVE STATE SALARIES.

MD424AES

bucharest, romania, feb. 9 -(ap)- An Roman catholic priest of italian nationality has left bucharest after being told his residence permit would not be renewed next year.

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It was announced that the priest, Rev. antonio Mantica who had been serving the italian church,has been replaced by a romanian

30.24- 8857

catholic priest.

this is the second departure this month of a [redacted] priest of foreign nationality. recently rev. jean barrel, provincial superior of the assumptionists fathers and sisters in romania who is a frenchman was given 24 hours to leave the country.

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There are now two french catholic priests here. It is understood the french legation at bucharest has obtained a temporary extension of their residence permits.

#

belgrade, yugoslavia, feb. 9-(ap)-three yugoslavs, charged with forming a fascist "terroristic federation" aimed at toppling tito's regime, declared today they only wanted to organize a legal political party.

the three-man trial with 12 others all charged with trying to overthrow the government and spread hatred of communism, pleaded innocent as the trial went into its second day.

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the first defendant, pavle bunjevic, a building engineer, told the court he wanted the group armed only in case yugoslavia was occupied by russia. he

said he broke with the party on political issues.

the second defendant, petar cerovic, 26, a student, told much the same story. he also testified that his task was to promote opposition [redacted] among belgrade university students.

third to take the stand, [redacted]-batric filipovic, a doctor's aide-pleaded innocent but admitted under questioning that he had written the promotion material for the federation.

FEB 9 1950

night lead trial

by alex singleton

belgrade, yugoslavia, feb. 9-(ap)-a young, handsome defendant in yugoslavia's current terroristic trial bluntly defended his

actions today "because the communist party is not appointed by the good lord to rule alone".

batric filipovic, 30, a doctor's aide and one of 15 defendants on trial made the statement during the second day of a trial on prosecutio charges that they organized an "illegal, fascistic, terroristic federation of yugoslav nations."

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like all other eight defendants who have testified so far, filipovic acknowled ed membership in the organization, but pleaded innocent to charges of plotting to overthrow marshal tito.

the men have said they just want to organize a regular opposition party such as exists in western states.

to charges that they were armed the men replied that this was only done to bolster guerrilla resist nce in case of a russian invasion.

the other seven defendants will per probably be heard tomorro with a verdict likely saturday.

FEB 9 1950

belgrade, yugoslavia, feb. 9-(ap)-yugoslavia's voting lists were closed tonight for the first general election since 1945.

the balloting will be march 26 with the results certain -- return to power of marshal tito and his communist government.

so far there has been little/opposition despite a new law permitting any candidate to file for election to parliament if he can collect 100 endorsing signatures.

the belgrade radio today issued a proclamation reporting the "accomplishments" of the people's front in the five years it has held offices and also citing the anti-yugoslav resolution of the russian-led cominform. it said results of the election will show the people united behind tito and the communist party "more than ever before."

FEB 9 1950

WITH CHINESE

HONG KONG, FEB. 9-(AP)-CHINESE NEWS DISPATCHES FROM HOIHOW, HAINAN ISLAND, TODAY SAID NATIONALIST WARPLANES YESTERDAY SANK 20 OF 50 COMMUNIST JUNKS HEADED FOR HAINAN AND KILLED AN ESTIMATED 1,800 REDS.

THE INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER SING TAO JIH PAO SAID 400 WOUNDED RED SOLDIERS WHO RECENTLY WERE HOSPITALIZED IN CANTON SAID THEY WERE HURT IN ABORTIVE "TEST INVASIONS" OF HAINAN ISLAND.

THE SOLDIERS WERE QUOTED FURTHER AS SAYIN APPROXIMATELY 50,000 GUERRILLAS PARTICIPATED IN THE INVASION WHICH WAS BROKEN UP BY CONCENTRATED NATIONALIST FIRE.

NATIONALIST CHINESE HEADQUARTERS ON HAINAN AND AT TAIPEI, FORMOSA, HAVE MADE NO MENTION OF THESE INVASION ATTEMPTS REFERRED TO BY THE RED SOLDIERS. HOWEVER, FREQUENT DISPATCHES FROM HAINAN HAVE MENTIONED AIR RAIDS AGAINST CONCENTRATIONS OF JUNKS ASSEMBLED FOR THE EXPECTED INVASION OF NATIONALIST HAINAN, WHICH IS JUST 10 MILES OFF LIUCHOW PENINSULA.

X7APS NM

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EVEN AS THEY FOUGHT HARDER TO REGAIN THEIR LOST EMPIRE, THE NATIONALISTS HERE TIGHTENED THEIR BELT FOR ECONOMIC STORMS AHEAD. THE GOVERNMENT PRUNED DOWN FOREIGN AND OVERSEAS AFFAIRS MINISTRIES BY COMBINING THEM. THE MONGOLIAN AND TIBETAN COMMISSIONS WERE PLACED UNDER THE MINISTRY OF INTERIOR.

NATIONALIST OFFICIALS HIDING IN BRITISH HONG KONG AND PORTUGUESE MACAO WERE ORDERED TO COME TO FORMOSA OR FACE DISMISSAL AND THE "CENSURE OF PUBLIC OPINION." A SPOKESMAN FOR PREMIER YEN HSI-SHAN SAID THE ORDER WOULD GIVE THE ABSENT OFFICIALS AN OPPORTUNITY TO PROVE THEIR PROTESTATIONS OF PATRIOTISM AND LOYALTY TO THE NATIONALISTS.

TODAY'S SHANGHAI BOMBERS, WHICH TOOK OFF FROM FORMOSA AND THE CHU SAN ISLANDS, 100 MILES SOUTHEAST OF SHANGHAI, ALSO DROPPED LEAFLETS.

THE LEAFLETS DENOUNCED CHINESE COMMUNIST LEADER MAO TZE-TUNG AS A BANDIT AND TRAITOR. THEY SAID HE WAS SELLING HIS COUNTRY TO RUSSIA AN PLANNED TO MOVE 5,000,000 (M) CHINESE TO SIBERIA AS RUSSIAN SLAVE LABOR.

X432APS NM AST

TOKYO, FEB 9 (AP)-ACCIDENTAL DISCHARGE OF A .45 CALIBRE PISTOL KILLED ONE SOLDIER AND CRITICALLY WOUNDED ANOTHER IN A 24TH INFANTRY REGIMENT ARMS ROOM AT OSAKA MONDAY, OCCUPATION HEADQUARTERS ANNOUNCED TODAY.

THE DEAD SOLDIER WAS PFC WILLIAM FLOOD, 25, SON OF MRS.SUSAN FLOOD OF 711 WOOD ST., WILMINGTON, N.C. THE BULLET PASSED THROUGH HIS CHEST AND LODGED IN THE CHEST OF PFC GEORGE DOZIER, 18, SON OF MRS.PINY BAILEY DOZIER OF 236 ROYAL ST., HATTIESBURG, MISS.

THE ARMY SAID THE GUN WAS HELD BY PFC JAMES CLARK OF NEWPORT NEWS, VA., WHO WAS CHECKING IT TO SEE IF IT WAS EMPTY.

GG239PCS NM

B33KX (Q)

TOKYO, FEB.9-(AP)-GENERAL MACARTHUR SAID TODAY THE UNITED STATES IS AUTHORIZING JAPANESE OVERSEAS AGENCIES IN FOUR AMERICAN CITIES -- NEW YORK, SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES AND HONOLULU.

THESE AGENCIES WILL PROMOTE TRADE AND HANDLE CITIZENSHIP AND PROPERTY PROBLEMS OF JAPANESE NATIONALS.

JAPANESE OFFICIALS WHO WILL STAFF THE AGENCIES WILL HAVE NO DIPLOMATIC OR CONSULAR STATUS.

DATE FOR ESTABLISHMENT OF THE OFFICES WAS NOT ANNOUNCED.

VR428ACS NM

GENERAL STRIKE THREAT (200)

TOKYO, FEB. 9-(AP)-GOVERNMENT WORKERS ARE THREATENING A GENERAL STRIKE IN JAPAN.

REFUSAL OF PRIME MINISTER SHIGERU YOSHIDA'S GOVERNMENT TO GRANT WAGE INCREASES PRECIPITATED IT.

A NATIONAL "STRUGGLE COMMITTEE" REPRESENTING 35 NON-COMMUNIST UNIONS HAS RECOMMENDED THE STRIKE. THE UNIONS HAVE A MEMBERSHIP OF MORE THAN 3,000,000 (M).

THE OCCUPATION LABOR OFFICIALS HAVE ADVISE
GENERAL S

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OF MORE THAN 3,000,000 (M).

OCCUPATION LABOR OFFICIALS HAVE ADVISED THE COMMITTEE THAT A GENERAL STRIKE WOULD BE "A DANGEROUS TACTIC." THEY ADDED IT IS AGAINST THE LAW FOR PUBLIC EMPLOYES TO STRIKE.

THERE IS LITTLE DOUBT THAT GENERAL MACARTHUR WOULD PREVENT A GENERAL STRIKE WHICH WOULD TIE UP JAPAN'S STILL WOBBLY ECONOMY. HE HALTED THE ONLY OTHER THREATENED GENERAL STRIKE UNDER THE OCCUPATION IN FEBRUARY TWO YEARS AGO.

THE STRIKE RECOMMENDATION WAS PROMPTED BY THE YOSHIDA CABINET'S REFUSAL TO ACCEPT A NATIONAL PERSONNEL BOARD RECOMMENDATION THAT GOVERNMENT WORKERS GET A 25 PERCENT INCREASE IN THEIR BASE WAGE. THAT WAGE NOW IS ABOUT $17.50 A MONTH.

UNION SPOKESMEN SAY THE YOSHIDA GOVERNMENT'S ACTION IS A VIOLATION OF THE PRINCIPLES URGED BY GENERAL MACARTHUR IN A LETTER TO THE PREMIER IN JULY 1948.

IN THAT LETTER THE GENERAL TOLD YOSHIDA THAT DENYING GOVERNMENT WORKERS THE RIGHT TO STRIKE MADE IT "INCUMBENT UPON GOVERNMENT TO PROVIDE ADEQUATE SAFEGUARDS TO THE WELFARE AND INTERESTS OF SUCH EMPLOYES."

X425APS

SEOUL, FRIDAY, FEB.10-(AP)-THE UNITED NATIONS COMMISSION ON KOREA WILL DECIDE WITHIN 10 DAYS WHETHER TO PLANT SPECIAL OBSERVERS TO WATCH FOR ANY INVASION FROM THE COMMUNIST NORTH, CHAIRMAN KAFIM GULEK OF TURKEY SAID TODAY.

KAFIM TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE THE DECISION WOULD BE REACHED AFTER HEARING VIEWS OF OFFICIALS OF THE U.S.-BACKED REPUBLIC OF SOUTH KOREA THIS WEEKEND AND AFTER FURTHER TRIPS TO THE 38TH PARALLEL, WHICH DIVIDES THE NORTH AND SOUTH.

JS1014PPS NM

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FULL CONTROL WOULD BE NECESSARY IN ANY EMERGENCY IN ASIA, HE ADDED, TO MAINTAIN COMMUNICATIONS TO U.S.POSITIONS AND TO U.S.FRIENDS.

BRITISH AND U.S.RECOGNITION OF BAO DAI'S REGIME IN INDOCHINA IMPLIES THESE TWO POWERS ARE DETERMINED TO HELP THE FRENCH TO PREVENT A CHINESE COMMUNIST INVASION OF THAT SOUTHEAST ASIA COUNTRY.

THIS RECOGNITION MADE SHARP THE CLEAVAGE WITH SOVIET RUSSIA AND COMMUNIST CHINA, WHICH HAVE RECOGNIZED THE RIVAL REGIME OF MOSCOW-TRAINED HO CHI-MINH.

THE INFORMANT SAID THE APPARENT HOPE NOW IS THAT FRENCH TROOPS, WITH THE HELP OF MILITARY SUPPLIES FROM THE U.S., CAN KEEP BACK AN INVASION OF INDOCHINA BY THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS.

WD858PPS

HONOLULU,FEB.9-(AP)-PRESIDENT ELPIDIO QUIRINO DECLARED TODAY THAT THE PHILIPPINES WAS NOT INTERESTED IN STOPPING COMMUNISM IN ASIA.

QUIRINO, ONE OF THE EARLY ADVOCATES OF A PACIFIC ALLIANCE TO STOP COMMUNISM, DECLARED IN AN INTERVIEW:

"LET CHINA GO COMMUNIST. LET JAPAN GO COMMUNIST. WE DON'T CARE. WE WILL RESPECT WHATEVER FORM OF GOVERNMENT ANY OF OUR FAR EASTERN NEIGHBORS CHOOSE TO HAVE."

ASKED SPECIFICALLY IF THE PHILIPPINES, IN THE INTEREST OF PACIFIC DEFENSE, WOULD JOIN OTHER COMMUNIST-THREATENED SOUTHEAST NATIONS TO COMBAT COMMUNISM, THE PRESIDENT REPLIED:

"WE ARE NOT ANTI-COMMUNIST. WE ARE NON-COMMUNIST."

QUIRINO REITERATED THAT THE PHILIPPINES HAD THE RECOGNITION OF THE COMMUNIST REGIME IN CHINA "UNDER ADVISEMENT." HE ALSO SAID RECOGNITION OF THE ANTI-COMMUNIST BAO DAI REGIME OF INDOCHINA WAS "UNDER ADVISEMENT."

"WE AREN'T GOING TO BE BOTHERED BY THE COMPLEXION OF ANY GOVERNMENT IN THE ORIENT," QUIRINO ADDED. "WHAT WE IN THE PHILIPPINES ARE INTERESTED IN IS OUR ECONOMIC PROSPERITY AND OUR HAPPINESS. WE ARE HAPPY UNDER OUR PRESENT SYSTEM OF GOVERNMENT. WE DON'T CARE ABOUT THE OTHERS.

"GIVEN PROSPERITY, THE SEED OF COMMUNISM WILL NOT GROW IN THE PHILIPPINES."

QUIRINO IS RETURNING TO THE PHILIPPINES FROM THE UNITED STATES WHERE HE UNDERWENT AN OPERATION.

CK1054PPS NM

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BY FRANK L. WHITE

MANILA,FEB.9-(AP)-SENATOR CAMILO OSIAS CHARGED FROM THE FLOOR TODAY THAT THE UNITED STATES HAS FAILED TO DEVELOP ITS DEFENSE BASES IN THE PHILIPPINES AND FALLEN DOWN ON ITS PROMISE OF ARMS TO THE REPUBLIC.

OSIAS IS A MEMBER OF THE MINORITY NACIONALISTA PARTY HEADED BY FORMER JAPANESE PUPPET PRESIDENT JOSE P. LAUREL.

HIS PARTY LED THE FIGHT AGAINST AGREEMENT TO PERMIT AMERICAN BASES IN THE PHILIPPINES.

OSIAS SAID THE U.S. AIR FORCE HERE CONSISTED OF A SMALL FIGHTER GROUP AT CLARK FIELD "WITH A SUMMER RESORT AT BAGUIO," HIGH IN THE COOL MOUNTAINS.

THE NAVAL INSTALLATIONS, HE SAID, CONSISTED OF A "STOREHOUSE" AT SANGLEY POINT AND A "NAVAL RESERVATION WITHOUT EQUIPMENT AND WITHOUT FACILITIES FOR NAVAL OPERATIONS" AT OLONGAPO (SUBIC BAY).

OF THE FACTT THERE ARE NO AMERICAN GROUND FORCES IN THE PHILIPPINES, OSIAS SAID "THIS MAY BE INTERPRETED TO MEAN THE UNITED

OF THE FACT THERE ARE NO AMERICAN GROUND FORCES IN THE PHILIPPINES, OSIAS SAID "THIS MAY BE INTERPRETED TO MEAN THE UNITED STATES DOES NOT INTEND TO DEFEND THE SHORELINE OF THIS COUNTRY."

OSIAS CHARGED THAT MOST OF THE ARMS FURNISHED THE ISLANDS BY THE U.S. WERE "DETERIORATED AND BATTLE-WORN, INSUFFICIENT AND INADEQUATE EVEN TO COPE SUCCESSFULLY WITH INTERNAL DISORDER."

B925AGSNM

SYDNEY, AUSTRALIA, FEB.9-(AP)-GASOLINE RATIONING ENDED IN AUSTRALIA TODAY BUT MOTORISTS TOOK IT CALMLY. THERE WAS NO RUSH ON SERVICE STATIONS IN SYDNEY.

WITH THE END OF RATIONING, 716 PERSONS LOST THEIR JOBS IN THE ADMINISTERING OFFICES.

WW632AES

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CANBERRA, AUSTRALIA, FEB. 9-(AP)-PRIME MINISTER ROBERT G.MENZIES DENIED TODAY HIS GOVERNMENT WOULD SEEK AN AMERICAN LOAN TO FINANCE GASOLINE PURCHASES.

HIS ANNOUNCEMENT YESTERDAY THAT AUSTRALIA IS TAKING GASOLINE OFF THE RATION LIST BROUGHT A PUBLIC REBUKE FROM THE BRITISH LABOR GOVERNMENT FOR FURTHER DRAINING THE EMPIRE'S DOLLAR POOL.

MENZIES COMMENTED THAT LABOR'S OBJECTION IN BRITAIN WAS AN ELABORATION OF WHAT HE HAD ALREADY SAID THAT "THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT WOULD HAVE LIKED AUSTRALIA TO REACH A DIFFERENT CONCLUSION."

THE ANTI-LABOR PRIME MINISTER SAID: "I WON'T ESTIMATE HOW MANY EXTRA DOLLARS ARE INVOLVED BUT THEY WILL ONLY BE A VERY SMALL FRACTION OF OUR TOTAL DOLLAR OUTLAY." HE ADDED: ×28

"I DON'T THINK THE EXTRA CONSUMPTION WILL BE VERY SPECTACULAR. THE GOVERNMENT IS COMPLETELY SATISFIED THE SUPPLY POSITION IS ADEQUATE AND WE WON'T DIP INTO DEFENSE STOCKS. I DON'T ANTICIPATE ANY PANIC BUYING BECAUSE THE GOVERNMENT'S OBJECTIVE HAS BEEN TO RESTORE COMPLETE NORMALITY."

ENDING GASOLINE RATIONING WAS ONE OF MENZIES' CAMPAIGN PROMISES.

THE PREVIOUS LABOR GOVERNMENT, DEFEATED BY MENZIES' COALITION, HAD ORDERED RESTRICTION OF GASOLINE SALES TO SAVE MONEY WHICH WOULD HAVE GONE TO THE UNITED STATES AND OTHER DOLLAR-AREA COUNTRIES.

MENZIES SAID THAT "IN AUSTRALIA ANY ATTEMPT AT DOLLAR SAVING BY PETROL (GASOLINE) RATIONING IS FALSE ECONOMY."

KA305PES

TEHRAN, IRAN, FEB 9-(AP)-THE SHAH OPENED IRAN'S 16TH PARLIAMENT TODAY WITH A DECLARATION OF HIS GOVERNMENT'S FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC POLICY AIMS.

IN FOREIGN RELATIONS, THE RULER TOLD THE JOINT MEETING OF DEPUTIES IRAN INTENDS TO STRENGTHEN HER TIES WITH HER NEIGHBORS ON THE BASIS OF MUTUAL RESPECT. THE COUNTRY ALSO WILL STAND FIRMLY BEHIND THE UNITED NATIONS, HE SAID. RUSSIA IS IRAN'S NEIGHBOR.

COMMENTING ON IRAN'S INTERNAL POLICY, THE SHAH SAID THIS COUNTRY'S SEVEN-YEAR PLAN " IS OUR ONLY WAY FOR IMPROVEMENTS AND REFORMS, AND WE ARE GOING TO PUT THE PLAN INTO FORCE."

THE SHAH SAID THAT WITH COOPERATION THE GOVERNMENT COULD BRING THE PLAN TO FULFILLMENT BEFORE THE SEVEN-YEAR TARGET DATE.

G1257PES

B37 Q

RANGOON, BURMA, FEB.9-(AP)-PARLIAMENT APPROVED TODAY LEGISLATION MAKING CURRENCY HOARDING A CRIMINAL OFFENSE. THE MEASURE IS DIRECTED AT THE HIDING OF SMALL SILVER COINS, FOR WHICH THERE IS A LARGE BLACK MARKET.

RB714PES

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B34 Q

RANGOON, BURMA, FEB.9-(AP)-AUTHORITATIVE SOURCES SAID TODAY BURMA'S FIRST GENERAL ELECTIONS--SCHEDULED FOR MAY 4--MAY BE POSTPONED A YEAR BECAUSE OF INTERNAL STRIFE.

THE INFORMANTS SAID THE ELECTIONS SUPERVISORY COMMISSION WILL RECOMMEND THE DELAY TO THE BURMESE PARLIAMENT NEXT WEEK.

RB708PES

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B35 1

RANGOON, BURMA, FEB.9-(AP)-SOME 800,000 TONS OF BURMESE RICE WILL BE AVAILABLE FOR EXPORT THIS YEAR, AGRICULTURE MINISTER KHIN MAUNG GALE ANNOUNCED TODAY.

MAUNG GALE TOLD PARLIAMENT THE BALANCE OF THE RICE HARVEST--SOME 2,200,000 TONS--WILL BE KEPT FOR BURMEE NEDS.

2,200,000 TONS--WILL BE KEPT FOR BURMESE NEEDS. FEB9 1950

RB710PES

MIDEAST STORMS (300)

BY LARRY ALLEN

TEL AVIV,ISRAEL, FEB.9-(AP)-SNOWSTORMS AND A COLD WAVE WHICH STUNNED THE MIDDLE EAST THIS WEEK APPEARED RECEDING TODAY, LEAVING CROP DAMAGE RUNNING INTO MILLIONS OF DOLLARS.

SIXTEEN DEATHS HAVE BEEN REPORTED IN ISRAEL AND ARAB PALESTINE SINCE A BLIZZARD SUNDAY STARTED A STRETCH OF FREEZING WEATHER UNMATCHED IN MANY AREAS SINCE 1870. ALL THE VICTIMS WERE REFUGEES.

THE COLD WAVE EXTENDED SOUTHWARD FROM TURKEY TO EGYPT AND FAR EASTWARD FROM THE MEDITERRANEAN, SWEEPING A REGION WHERE CENTRAL HEATING IS A RARITY EXCEPT IN HOTELS AND PUBLIC BUILDINGS. THE PEOPLE FOUND THEIR LIGHT TOPCOATS AND RAINCOATS FLIMSY PROTECTION AGAINST THE BLASTS.

BUT CHILDREN AND YOUTHS GENERALLY HAD A GOOD TIME. THEY BORROWED SLEDS AND SKIS FROM EUROPEAN RESIDENTS, WHO HAD BROUGHT THEM HERE WITHOUT KNOWING THEY NORMALLY WOULD BE OF LITTLE VALUE, OR USED HOME-MADE JOBS. THERE WAS SKIING ON MOUNT CARMEL. SNOW FELL TUESDAY ON THE SHORES OF THE DEAD SEA, 1,400 FEET BELOW SEA LEVEL, FOR THE FIRST TIME IN MODERN HISTORY.

BRIGHT SUNSHINE NOW HAS MELTED THE SNOW IN LOW LYING DISTRICTS, BUT A WHITE BLANKET STILL CLINGS TO THE HILLS OF THE JERUSALEM AREA AND UPPER GALILEE.

TRANSPORT AND COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS RETURNED TO NORMAL. AFTER A 48-HOUR HALT, WORK RESUMED AT THE PORTS OF TEL AVIV AND HAIFA. IMMIGRANT SHIPS UNLOADED PASSENGERS. SCHOOLS REOPENED. GOVERNMENT OFFICES AGAIN TOOK UP FULL SCHEDULES.

THE STORM RUINED BIG BANANA PLANTATIONS IN THE JORDAN VALLEY. THE FRUIT TURNED BLACK ON HUNDREDS OF ACRES. DAMAGE TO THE BANANA CROP ALONE WAS ESTIMATED AT $1,000,000.

FIELD CROPS AND CITRUS GROVES ALSO WERE HARD HIT.

IN THE TIBERIAS DISTRICT, WHERE STORMS STILL RAGED IN THE NIGHT, A PROSPECTIVE BANANA CROP OF 1,300 TONS WAS CUT TO 200 TONS. SCHOOL CHILDREN WERE MOBILIZED TO WRAP THE FRUIT IN SACKS OF PAPER.

KING ABDULLAH OF HASHEMITE JORDAN, TRAVELING FROM HIS WINTER HOME AT SHUNEH TO INSPECT STORM DAMAGE AT AMMAN, HIS CAPITAL, HAD TO STOP ENROUTE. HIS MOTOR PROCESSION BOGGED DOWN IN SNOWDRIFTS ON THE JERICHO-AMMAN ROAD.

N&G236PES

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Cairo, Egypt, Feb. 9--(AP)--War and Marine Minister Mustafa Nosrat Bey said tonight that [illegible] government representatives will meet an Israeli delegation Feb. 26, the first anniversary of the conclusion of the Egyptian-Israeli Armistice in the Palestine war.

Nosrat did not say where the meeting will be held or what will be discussed but said it will be in the presence of a United Nations representative.

The minister said there have been no provocative actions by the Jews during the armistice. He emphasized that the armistice agreement will remain in force.

The armistice was concluded on Rhodes at negotiations conducted by Dr. Ralph J. Bunche, acting U.N. conciliator for Palestine. It was the first of a series of agreements between Israel and Arab countries. Its terms do not specify any period of expiration.

--DASH-- FEB 9

THE QUESTION OF IRAQ-SYRIAN UNION IS A STORMY ONE WHICH HAS BEEN BITTERLY OPPOSED BY EGYPT.

EGYPT AND SAUDI ARABIA ARE REPORTED EMBARKED ON A POLICY OF ECONOMIC AID TO SYRIA TO FORESTALL ANY CHANCES OF SYRIAN-IRAQI UNITY.

THE UNITY PROPOSAL, NOW A BIG ISSUE IN MIDDLE EAST DIPLOMATIC MANEUVERINGS, IS LINKED WITH THE AMBITIONS OF THE HASHEMITE JORDAN ROYAL LINE FOR SWAY OVER A "GREATER SYRIA" AREA. IRAQ'S RULERS AND KING ABDULLAH OF JORDAN ARE OF THE HASHEMITE FAMILY.

B518PES

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BRITISH AND AMERICAN RECOGNITION OF BAO DAI, POLITICAL OBSERVERS HERE BELIEVE, WILL MORE THAN OFFSET THE RECENT RECOGNITION BY RUSSIA OF THE RIVAL REBEL HO CHI-MINH REGIME, A NATIONALIST GROUP FIGHTING BOTH BAO DAI AND THE FRENCH.

FRENCH HIGH COMMISSIONER LEON PIGNON PREPARED TO LEAVE FOR PARIS TO CONFER WITH PREMIER GEORGES BIDAULT ON THE SITUATION IN INDOCHINA. IT IS UNDERSTOOD HE INTENDS TO DISCUSS THE POSSIBILITY OF A CHINESE COMMUNIST ATTACK FROM THE NORTH.

B529PES

INDOCHINA

BY SEYMOUR TOPPING

SAIGON, VIETNAM, INDOCHINA, FEB.9-(AP)-CLEARCUT LINES IN THE STRUGGLE TO KEEP INDOCHINA OUT OF THE COMMUNIST CAMP HAVE BEEN DRAWN BY BRITISH AND AMERICAN RECOGNITION OF FORMER EMPEROR BAO DAI'S FRENCH-BACKED VIETNAM REPUBLIC.

THE ANGLO-AMERICAN ACTION THIS WEEK MEANS TO THE INDOCHINESE THAT THE WESTERN DEMOCRACIES ARE SOLIDLY BACKING BAO DAI AGAINST HIS COMMUNIST RIVAL, HO CHI-MINH, WHOSE NATIONALISTIC REGIME HAS BEEN RECOGNIZED BY THE SOVIET UNION AND RED CHINA.

CONSIDERABLE POPULAR SUPPORT IS EXPECTED TO SWING TO BAO DAI AS A RESULT.

BAO DAI AND HO CHI-MINH HAVE, IN EFFECT, BEEN FIGHTING FOR LEADERSHIP OF THE STRONG UNIVERSAL DRIVE FOR INDOCHINESE INDEPENDENCE. THE REGIME WHICH WINS THE SUPPORT OF THE SOVEREIGNTY-CONSCIOUS INDOCHINESE SEEMS CERTAIN EVENTUALLY OF ASSUMING POWER OVER THIS RICH, STRATEGIC COUNTRY--WHOSE POPULATION OF 25,000,000 IS SPREAD OVER AN AREA SLIGHTLY LARGER THAN TEXAS.

BAO DAI, KNOWN DURING POSTWAR EXILE AS A "PLAYBOY EMPEROR", STARTED ONLY A YEAR AGO TO MAKE A SERIOUS BID FOR POPULAR SUPPORT AS A NATIONALIST. THE FRENCH LAST MONTH BEGAN ACTUAL TRANSFER OF INTERNAL POWERS TO HIS PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT THAT WILL MAKE VIETNAM AN AUTONOMOUS STATE WITHIN THE FRENCH UNION.

ACCORDING TO THE FRANCO-VIETNAM AGREEMENT NEGOTIATED LAST MARCH THE FRENCH WILL GIVE VIETNAM A MEASURE OF INDEPENDENCE WHICH DOES NOT INCLUDE COMPLETE SOVEREIGNTY IN DIPLOMATIC AND MILITARY AFFAIRS. BUT THE VIETNAMESE SAY THEY HAVE BEEN GIVEN NON-OFFICIAL ASSURANCE THAT THIS AGREEMENT IS A PROGRESSIVE STEP TOWARD FORESEEABLE FULL INDEPENDENCE.

ONE REASON FOR THE CONCESSION BY THE FRENCH, WHO HAVE BEEN FIGHTING BITTER GUERRILLA WAR SINCE 1946 AGAINST HO, IS THE HOPE THAT POPULAR NATIONALIST SUPPORT CAN BE ATTRACTED AWAY FROM THE MOSCOW-TRAINED LEADER. NATIONALIST SENTIMENT IN INDOCHINA RUNS HEAVILY IN HO'S FAVOR, ALTHOUGH THE MAJORITY OF THE POPULATION APPEARS TO BE STILL SITTING ON THE FENCE AS TO WHICH REGIME TO RECOGNIZE.

BOTH BAO DAI AND HO CLAIM AUTHORITY OVER THE COASTAL STATES OF TONKIN, ANNAM AND COCHIN CHINA WHICH MAKE UP THE VIETNAM REPUBLIC.

A11

INFORMED SOURCES HERE ESTIMATE THAT ABOUT 20 PER CENT OF HO CHI-MINH ADHERENTS ARE OUT-AND-OUT COMMUNISTS. REGULAR VIETMINH TROOPS NUMBER ABOUT 80,000 AND HOLD LARGE AREAS IN THE MOUNTAINS OF TONKIN AND ANNAM. THEIR GUERRILLA AGENTS, HOWEVER, ARE PRACTICALLY EVERYWHERE IN VIETNAM AND GRENADE-THROWING TERRORISTS ARE ACTIVE EVEN IN SAIGON.

THE FRENCH GARRISON THE COUNTRY WITH ROUGHLY 130,000 TROOPS, INCLUDING FRENCH-OFFICERED ANNAMESE SOLDIERS, THE FOREIGN LEGION AND FRENCH AND FRENCH COLONIAL DETACHMENTS.

POLITICAL OBSERVERS BELIEVE THE BRITISH-AMERICAN RECOGNITION OF BAO DAI WILL MORE THAN OFFSET THE RECENT RECOGNITION ACCORDED BY MOSCOW TO HO CHI-MINH'S RIVAL REGIME. THE EXTREME DIFFICULTY OF ESTABLISHING NORMAL DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH THE HO CHI-MINH REGIME MAY MAKE THE SOVIET BLOC MOVE AN EMPTY GESTURE.

KNOWN DIPLOMATIC COMMUNICATIONS TO HO CHI-MINH HAVE BEEN CHANNELED THROUGH VIETMINH AGENTS IN BANGKOK, THAILAND, WHER

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KNOWN DIPLOMATIC COMMUNICATIONS TO HO CHI-MINH HAVE BEEN CHANNELED THROUGH VIETMINH AGENTS IN BANGKOK, THAILAND, WHERE THE SOVIET UNION HAS A LARGE DIPLOMATIC MISSION. TO GET ACTUAL ENVOYS TO HO CHI-MINH HEADQUARTERS WOULD REQUIRE SOME FANCY CLOAK AND DAGGER DIPLOMACY.

THE LOCATION OF HO'S HEADQUARTERS IS A SECRET. IT IS PROBABLY IN THE MOUNTAINOUS REGIONS ON TONKIN, WHICH BORDERS ON RED CHINA, OR IN ANNAM.

WHEELS ARE ALREADY TURNING SMOOTHLY TO ESTABLISH WESTERN DIPLOMATIC CONTACT WITH BAO DAI. THE BRITISH ADVISED HIM OF THEIR RECOGNITION BY TELEGRAPH.

THE AMERICAN CONSUL IN SAIGON, GEORGE ABBOTT, FLIES TODAY TO DALAT, 150 MILES NORTHEAST OF HERE, TO HAND BAO DAI THE U.S. LETTER OF RECOGNITION. HE WILL THEN PROCEED TO THE AUTONOMOUS KINGDOMS OF CAMBODIA AND LAOS ON SIMILAR MISSIONS.

WW/DN/MD303AES

NIGHT LEAD PLOT (140)

BUENOS AIRES, FEB.9-(AP)-THE ARGENTINE GOVERNMENT DECIDED TODAY IT HAD BEEN TOO HASTY IN ANNOUNCING A "FOREIGN PLOT" TO SOW DISSENSION IN THE COUNTRY.

FEDERAL JUDGE RIVAS ARGUELLO ORDERED THE RELEASE OF EVERYONE ARRESTED IN CONNECTION WITH THE CHARGES, INCLUDING THREE AMERICANS, ONE BRITON AND 20 ARGENTINES. THE MAN ON WHOSE EVIDENCE THEY HAD BEEN HELD WAS ARRESTED.

THE ORIGINAL ACCUSER WAS IDENTIFIED AS ERNESTO JOSE VENANCIO CROSCH, 38, AN ARGENTINE MECHANIC.

THE JUDGE CALLED IN REPORTERS AND ANNOUNCED THE FREEING OF ALL THOSE CHARGED. HE GAVE NO DETAILS OF WHAT THE "PLOT" WAS SUPPOSED TO BE.

THE INCIDENTS STARTED FEB.2. FEDERAL POLICE ARRESTED FRANK KIRTON, BRITISH EXECUTIVE OF A COFFEE FIRM, AND THREE AMERICANS, ARTHUR OPPEN OF DECATUR, ILL.; HIS NEPHEW, ULMER GEORGE OPPEN, AND THE LATTER'S FATHER, GEORGE ELMER OPPEN, 62, WHO CAME HERE FROM MANITOWOC, WIS.

AMONG THE ARGENTINES ARRESTED WERE THE LEADERS OF THE RADICAL PARTY, THE PRINCIPAL OPPOSITION TO PRESIDENT JUAN D. PERON.

DY1033PES

FIRST LEAD PLOT (A54) (200)
BY FRANK STROZIER
BUENOS AIRES,ARGENTINA,FEB 9-(AP)-TWO AMERICANS HELD INCOMMUNICADO EIGHT DAYS BY ARGENTINE FEDERAL POLICE WERE RELEASED TODAY ON ORDER OF JUDGE MUGUEL RIVAS ARGUELLO.
THE JUDGE YESTERDAY AUTHORIZED A FEDERAL POLICE STATEMENT THAT A FOREIGN-DIRECTED PLOT TO STIR UP TROUBLE IN ARGENTINA HAD BEEN DISCOVERED.
THE JUDGE'S OFFICE INFORMED THE UNITED STATES EMBASSY THAT THE TWO AMERICAN PRISONERS HAD BEEN RELEASED BEFORE DAWN BUT IT GAVE NO INFORMATION AS TO WHY THEY HAD BEEN DETAINED.
THE PRISONERS WERE ARTHUR OPPEN OF DECATUR,ILL., AND HIS NEPHEW, ELMER GEORGE OPPEN. BOTH WERE ARRESTED FEB.2. THE FORMER HAS LIVED IN ARGENTINA FOR THE PAST 35 YEARS. HIS NEPHEW WAS BORN IN ARGENTINA BUT IS A U.S. CITIZEN.
THE TWO AMERICANS AND A BRITISH SUBJECT, FRANK KIRTON WERE SAID UNOFFICIALLY TO HAVE BEEN HELD ON CHARGES OF ACTIVITIES AGAINST THE SECURITY OF THE STATE. KIRTON WAS RELEASED YESTERDAY. POLICE WOULD NOT CONFIRM THEIR ARREST OR THAT CHARGES HAD BEEN MADE AGAINST THEM.
IN A STATEMENT READ TO NEWSMEN YESTERDAY, MIGUEL GAMBOA, ASSISTANT CHIEF OF THE FEDERAL POLICE, SAID ARRESTS HAD BEEN MADE IN CONNECTION WITH A PLOT DISCOVERED IN BUENOS AIRES, ROSARIO (ARGENTINA'S SECOND LARGEST CITY) AND GUALEGUACHU, A TOWN NEAR THE URUGUAYAN BORDER.
THE STATEMENT DID NOT SPECIFY WHO WAS DIRECTING THE PLOT FROM ABROAD NOR HOW IT WAS EXPECTED TO WORK.
(NO PICKUP)
JK1219PES

FEB9 1950

A54 (150)
BUENOS AIRES, ARGENTINA, FE.9-(AP)-THE FEDERAL POLICE SAY THEY HAVE DISCOVERED A FOREIGN-DIRECTED PLOT TO STIR UP TROUBLE IN ARGENTINA.
IN A STATEMENT READ TO NEWSMEN, MIGUEL GAMBOA, ASSISTANT CHIEF OF THE FEDERAL POLICE, SAID ARRESTS HAVE BEEN MADE IN CONNECTION WITH THE PLOT IN BUENOS AIRES, IN ROSARIO, WHICH IS ARGENTINA'S SECOND LARGEST CITY, AND THE TOWN OF GUALEGUACHU NEAR THE URUGUAYAN BORDER.
THE STATEMENT, AUTHORIZED BY FEDERAL JUDGE MIGUEL J. RIVAS ARGUELLO, DID NOT SPECIFY WHO WAS DIRECTING THE PLOT FROM ABROAD NOR HOW IT WAS EXPECTED TO WORK.
NOR DID GAMBOA SAYS WHETHER TWO U.S. CITIZENS AND AT LEAST SEVEN ARGENTINIANS ARRESTED IN GUALEGUACHU WERE CONNECTED WITH THE PLOT.
THE TWO AMERICANS IN JAIL ARE ARTHUR OPPEN OF DECATUR, ILL., AND HIS NEPHEW, ELMER GEORGE OPPEN, BOTH OF WHOM WERE ARRESTED FEB.2. U.S. EMBASSY OFFICIALS DECLINED TO REVEAL WHAT IS BEING DONE TO OBTAIN THEIR RELEASE.
THE POLICE CHIEF WOULD ANSWER NO QUESTIONS CONCERNING THE PLOT AFTER READING THE STATEMENT.
WW508AES

FEB9 1950

WASHINGTON, FEB.9-(AP)-A MEMBER OF THE CONGRESSIONAL JOINT ATOMIC ENERGY COMMITTEE WARNED TODAY THAT THERE IS NOW NO PERMANENT SECURITY FOR AMERICANS, RUSSIANS OR THE PEOPLE OF ANY NATION "IN THIS MAD RACE OF ATOMIC ARMAMENT."
REP.HOLIFIELD (D-CALIF) TOLD THE HOUSE THAT IN THE DECISION TO DEVELOP THE H-BOMB "WE ARE ONLY BUYING TIME. HOW LONG A PERIOD OF TIME, WE CANNOT JUDGE.
"WE CANNOT CONTROL EITHER THE TIME OR THE PLACE OF TOTALITARIAN AGGRESSION," HE SAID IN A SPEECH WHICH HE DESCRIBED AS A REPORT TO THE NATION.
"WE, AS A PEACE-LOVING PEOPLE, ARE CAUGHT IN A TRAP," HE SAID ADDING THAT "WE ARE FORCED BY CIRCUMSTANCES, APPARENTLY BEYOND OUR CONTROL, TO UNDERTAKE THE GREATEST PEACETIME ARMAMENT PROGRAM IN HISTORY."
HE URGED THAT "DURING THE PERIOD OF TIME WHICH WE ARE BUYING AT SUCH GREAT PRICE, WE SHOULD MAKE EVERY EFFORT POSSIBLE TO ESTABLISH WORLD PEACE THROUGH STRENGTHENING THE UNITED NATIONS.
"AND WE SHOULD MAKE ECONOMIC AND MILITARY AID AVAILABLE TO EVERY NATION WHICH WILL SUBSCRIBE TO THE PRINCIPLES OF THE UNITED NATIONS CHARTER."
"WE MUST ALWAYS HAVE BEFORE US THE GOAL OF PEACE THROUGH FRIENDSHIP AND STRENGTH. THIS INVESTMENT MAY BE OUR LAST CHANCE," HE CONTINUED.
HOLIFIELD PREDICTED THAT THE BIRTHDATE OF THE H-BOMB MAY NOT BE FAR IN THE FUTURE. HE SAID PRESIDENT TRUMAN DID NOT LIGHTLY MAKE THE DECISION ORDERING CONTINUED DEVELOPMENT OF THE TERRIBLE NEW WEAPON.
TERMING THE PRESIDENT'S ORDER INEVITABLE, IN HIS OPINION, HOLIFIELD SAID IT DID NOT REST ON THE JUDGMENT OF ONE MAN.
"A DECISION HAS BEEN MADE, RELUCTANTLY, AFTER INTENSIVE STUDY OF A WIDE RANGE OF FACTORS, AND AFTER MONTHS OF SOUL-SEARCHING BY THE GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS AND THE SCIENTISTS INVOLVED IN THE HYDROGEN-ATOMIC PROJECT," HE SAID.
HOLIFIELD SAID THE RUSSIAN ATOMIC EXPLOSION LAST SEPTEMBER ENDED UNITED STATES MONOPOLY OF THE ATOMIC BOMB, AND IT "ALSO ENDED THE FANCIED SECURITY AND SUPERIORITY WHICH MANY AMERICANS WERE HUGGING TO THEIR BUSOMS."
HE WARNED AGAINST A REPETITION OF SUCH A FEELING OF SECURITY IN CONNECTION WITH THE H-BOMB.
ES126AES

FEB9 1950

(200) FORMOSA
WASHINGTON, FEB.9-(AP)-THE STATE DEPARTMENT TOLD CONGRESS TODAY THE ADMINISTRATION HAS DECIDED THAT ANY LONG RANGE AMERICAN AID TO FORMOSA MUST DEPEND IN PART ON A SHOW ON ABILITY BY THE CHINESE NATIONALIST TO DEFEND THE ISLAND.
BEFORE THERE ARE GRANTS TO INCREASE FORMOSA'S PERMANENT WEALTH, THE NATIONALISTS MUST MAKE A "CLEAR SHOWING" ALSO THAT THEY CAN RESTORE ECONOMIC AND POLITICAL STABILITY, THE DEPARTMENT SAID.
THE POSITION WAS STATED IN REPLY TO QUESTIONS SUBMITTED BY REPRESENTATIVE LODGE (R-MASS) IN A RESOLUTION ASKING A DETAILED EXPLANATION OF THE ADMINISTRATION'S FORMOSA POLICY. THE REPLIES WERE SENT TO CHAIRMAN KEE (D-WVA) OF THE FOREIGN AFFAIRS COMMITTEE AND WERE MADE PUBLIC BY THE COMMITTEE AND THE STATE DEPARTMENT.
UP TO DECEMBER 31, ECA AID TO FORMOSA HAS TOTALED APPROXIMATELY $18,500,000 (M), LODGE WAS TOLD, EXCLUSIVE OF COUNTERPART FUNDS IN LOCAL CURRENCY MADE AVAILABLE BY THE NATIONALISTS.
MEANTIME, HOWEVER, A $17,000,000 (M) PROGRAM FOR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT HAS BEEN SUSPENDED. THE STATE DEPARTMENT SAID THIS WAS DUE TO "CONFUSION" IN THE ADMINISTRATION OF FORMOSA AND INFLATIONARY PRESSURES RESULTING FROM THE INFLUX OF REFUGEES FROM COMMUNIST-CONQUERED AREAS ON THE MAIN LAND.
VH508PES

(330) WORLD GOVERNMENT

WASHINGTON,FEB.9-(AP)-SENATOR TAYLOR OF IDAHO--WHO ONCE OPPOSED THE ADMINISTRATION'S TOUGH POLICY TOWARD RUSSIA--TODAY OFFERED THE SENATE HIS OWN PLAN FOR ENDING THE COLD WAR WITH THE SOVIET.

TAYLOR BOLTED THE DEMOCRATIC RANKS TWO YEARS AGO TO RUN FOR VICE PRESIDENT ON HENRY A.WALLACE'S PROGRESSIVE PARTY TICKET. HE WAS BITTERLY OPPOSED TO PRESIDENT TRUMAN'S COLD-WAR MOVES.

NOW TAYLOR WANTS MR.TRUMAN TO CALL A GENERAL CONFERENCE OF THE UNITED NATIONS TO ADOPT A CONSTITUTION FOR A "TRUE WORLD GOVERNMENT."

HE PLACED HIS PROPOSAL BEFORE A SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE WHICH IS STUDYING SEVERAL RESOLUTIONS DESIGNED TO STRENGTHEN THE U.N.

IF THE GENERAL U.N. CONFERENCE SHOULD NOT BE CALLED WITHIN A YEAR AFTER HIS RESOLUTION IS APPROVED, TAYLOR PROPOSES THE PRESIDENT "SHOULD THEN CALL A WORLD CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION OF DELEGATES ELECTED DIRECTLY BY THE PEOPLE FOR THE PURPOSE OF ADOPTING A WORLD GOVERNMENT CONSTITUTION."

TAYLOR, A LONG TIME ADVOCATE OF WORLD GOVERNMENT, ACTED WITHOUT THE SUPPORT OF OTHER SENATORS.

FORMER SUPREME COURT JUSTICE OWEN J.ROBERTS TOLD THE SUBCOMMITTEE YESTERDAY HE IS OPPOSED AT THIS TIME TO ANY MOVES TOWARD A WORLD FEDERATION.

ROBERTS, WHO IS CHAIRMAN OF THE ATLANTIC UNION COMMITTEE, SAID THE ONLY FEDERATION WITH A CHANCE FOR SUCCESS AT THIS TIME WOULD BE A UNION OF THE ATLANTIC DEMOCRACIES.

"I WOULD OPPOSE A WORLD FEDERATION AT THIS TIME," ROBERTS SAID. AND, REFERRING TO RUSSIA, HE ADDED: "I COULD NOT AGREE TO FEDERATE CHEEK BY JOWL WITH A NATION WHICH PRACTICES SLAVERY."

ROBERTS SAID THE DEVELOPMENT OF A HYDROGEN BOMB WILL MAKE IT IMPERATIVE FOR THE UNITED STATES TO SEEK AN ATLANTIC UNION.

DR.HAROLD C.UREY, ONE-TIME ATOMIC SCIENTIST, TESTIFIED THAT THE ONLY WAY LEFT TO MEET THE ATOMIC THREAT IS TO EXTEND LAW AND ORDER THROUGH AN EXPANDED CENTRAL GOVERNMENT.

A UNION OF ATLANTIC POWERS, HE ARGUED, WOULD GIVE THE WESTERN NATIONS A BALANCE OF POWER--ECONOMIC, MILITARY AND POLITICAL--IN THE COLD WAR WITH RUSSIA. AND HE SAID THIS WOULD DISCOURAGE AGGRESSIVE MOVES BY THE SOVIET.

CLARENCE K.STREIT OF MISSOULA,MO., AUTHOR OF THE BOOK "UNION NOW," ALSO GAVE HIS SUPPORT TO THE ATLANTIC UNION PROPOSAL SPONSORED BY SENATOR KEFAUVER (D-TENN) AND MORE THAN 20 OTHER SENATORS.

MD425AES

B123WX

WASHINGTON,FEB.9-(AP)-RUSSIA CONTINUED TODAY ITS BOYCOTT OF THE FAR EASTERN COMMISSION.

THREE WEEKS AGO THE SOVIETS DEMANDED THAT THE NATIONALIST CHINA REPRESENTATIVES TO THE COMMISSION BE UNSEATED. THEY SAID THEY WOULD ATTEND NO FURTHER MEETINGS UNTIL THIS WAS DONE.

THE COMMISSION HAS TAKEN NO ACTION ON THE RUSSIAN DEMAND, BUT CONTINUES TO HOLD ITS REGULAR THURSDAY SESSIONS AT WHICH POLICY DIRECTIVES FOR JAPAN ARE CONSIDERED.

FR236PES

FEB 9 1950

WASHINGTON,FEB 9-(AP)-AMERICAN GOVERNMENT REPRESENTATIVES HAVE ASKED CZECHOSLOVAKIAN AUTHORITIES FOR PERMISSION TO VISIT TWO MORMON MISSIONARIES, IF THEY ARE HELD IN CUSTODY, THE STATE DEPARTMENT TOLD REP. GRANGER (D-UTAH) TODAY.

THE U.S.EMBASSY AT PRAGUE DISCLOSED YESTERDAY THAT STANLEY E. ABBOTT, 23, OF LEHI, UTAH, AND C.ALDON JOHNSON, 22, OF IDAHO FALLS, IDAHO, DISAPPEARED FROM OLOMOUC, IN MORAVIA, 10 DAYS AGO.

GRANGER WAS TOLD IT IS BELIEVED, BUT NOT CONFIRMED, THAT THE YOUNG MEN ARE BEING HELD IN CUSTODY AT OLOMOUC.

THE STATE DEPARTMENT SENT HIM A COPY OF THE NOTE FROM THE PRAGUE CONSULATE TO THE CZECH FOREIGN OFFICE. IT SAID IN PART:

"THE DEDICATION OF THE MORMON MISSIONARIES EXCLUSIVELY TO THE PROPAGANDIZING OF THEIR RELIGIOUS BELIEFS HAS BEEN DEMONSTRATED DURING MANY YEARS AND IS WIDELY KNOWN. THE EMBASSY IS CONFIDENT, THEREFORE, THAT AN INVESTIGATION OF THE PRESENT CASE WILL RESULT IN THE PROMPT RELEASE OF MESSRS. ABBOTT AND JOHNSON, IF THEY SHOULD HAVE BEEN TAKEN INTO CUSTODY."

HY1036PES

GERMAN (150)

WASHINGTON,FEB 9-(AP)-FRANZ BLUECHER, WEST GERMAN VICE CHANCELLOR, SAID TODAY HIS GOVERNMENT "RECOGNIZES THE NEED" OF FRANCE TO HAVE ACCESS TO THE COAL AND INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTS OF THE SAAR.

HE TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE THAT A SETTLEMENT OF THE QUESTION OF FUTURE OWNERSHIP OF THE SAAR SHOULD BE "DISCUSSED AT THE RIGHT MOMENT AND WITH GREAT CALM."

"THERE IS NO GERMAN WHO WOULD NOT BE READY TO SEE TO IT THAT FRANCE GETS THE NECESSARY PRODUCTS FROM THE SAAR," HE SAID.

BLUECHER'S NEWS CONFERENCE WAS THE FIRST HELD BY ANY GERMAN OFFICIAL HERE SINCE THE END OF THE WAR.

IN REPLY TO QUESTIONS, HE ALSO:

1. MADE IT PLAIN THAT HE THOUGHT THE WESTERN POWERS SHOULD MAINTAIN OCCUPATION FORCES IN WESTERN GERMANY EVEN IF THE RUSSIANS REMOVE THEIR TROOPS FROM EASTERN GERMANY.

2. SAID THAT WESTERN GERMANY WOULD NEED ADDITIONAL FINANCIAL AID, PRESUMABLY FROM THE UNITED STATES, AFTER THE MARSHALL PLAN ENDS.

HY731PES

FEB 9 1950

WASHINGTON,FEB.9-(AP)-AN AGREEMENT TO LET JAPANESE TRADE REPRESENTATIVES COME TO THIS COUNTRY PROBABLY WILL BE MADE SOON, GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS SAID TODAY.

NEGOTIATIONS IN TOKYO BETWEEN AMERICAN OCCUPATION AUTHORITIES AND THE JAPANESE GOVERNMENT ON THE MATTER ARE VIRTUALLY COMPLETED, THE OFFICIALS INDICATED.

UNDER THE PROPOSED AGREEMENT, JAPANESE COMMERCIAL EXPERTS WILL BE ALLOWED TO COME TO THE UNITED STATES AS A PART OF A FURTHER AMERICAN EFFORT TO REBUILD JAPAN'S OVERSEAS BUSINESS.

PRESENT INDICATIONS ARE THAT JAPANESE TRADE OFFICES WILL BE OPENED IN NEW YORK, CHICAGO, LOS ANGELES AND SAN FRANCISCO, WITH OTHERS TO BE ADDED LATER.

OFFICIALS HERE SAID THE JAPANESE TRADE REPRESENTATIVES WOULD BE ALLOWED TO DEAL DIRECTLY WITH AMERICAN TRADE CIRCLES, BOTH AS TO IMPORTS FROM JAPAN AND EXPORTS TO THAT COUNTRY.

SUCH TRADE MATTERS WITH JAPAN NOW ARE HANDLED IN THE U.S.BY REPRESENTATIVES OF THE OCCUPATION AUTHORITIES. THEY ARE IN NEW YORK.

FR1114AES

B8WX
95
WASHINGTON,FEB.9-(AP)-PRESIDENT TRUMAN SAID TODAY THAT THE QUESTION OF SENDING AN ECONOMIC MISSION TO STUDY THE PHILIPPINE ECONOMY IS UNDER CONSIDERATION.

HE MADE THIS STATEMENT WHEN HE WAS ASKED ABOUT IT AT A NEWS CONFERENCE. HE SAID HE DISCUSSED THE MATTER WITH PRESIDENT QUIRINO OF THE PHILIPPINES A FEW DAYS AGO.

LT457PES

FEB9 1950

B97WX Q
WASHINGTON,FEB.9-(AP)-SECRETARY OF STATE ACHESON TODAY WELCOMED DR.ALI SASTROAMIDJOJO, INDONESIA'S NEWLY-ARRIVED AMBASSADOR TO THE UNITED STATES.

THE ENVOY PRESENTED HIS CREDENTIALS TO THE SECRETARY BEFORE PAYING A FORMAL CALL ON PRESIDENT TRUMAN IN THE NEXT FEW DAYS.

HE TOLD REPORTERS THE FIRST STAGE OF NEGOTIATIONS FOR AMERICAN AID TO THE NEW INDONESIAN GOVERNMENT HAS BEEN COMPLETED, BUT THE AMOUNT SOUGHT HAS NOT BEEN DISCLOSED. A $100,000,000(M) APPLICATION WAS FILED WITH THE BANK BY THE NETHERLANDS BEFORE THE TRANSFER OF SOVEREIGNTY.

FR1157AES

B21WX Q
O(570)
NIGHT LEAD CHRISTOFFEL
BY RICHARD POWERS

FEB9 1950

WASHINGTON,FEB 9-(AP)-AN IMPASSE BETWEEN THE HOUSE AND FEDERAL DISTRICT COURT TODAY RAISED THE POSSIBILITY THAT THE HAROLD CHRISTOFFEL PERJURY RETRIAL MIGHT BE DISMISSED IF THE HOUSE DOES NOT BACK DOWN.

HOWEVER, TONIGHT THERE WAS AN INDICATION A JUDICIARY SUBCOMMITTEE WOULD RECOMMEND THAT THE HOUSE MAKE IT CLEAR IT IS NOT SETTING A PRECEDENT BUT ACT TO PERMIT MINUTES OF ITS LABOR COMMITTEE FOR MARCH 1,1947 TO BE TURNED OVER TO DEFENSE COUNSEL FOR THE ONE-TIME MILWAUKEE LABOR LEADER.

THIS CAME AFTER AN INFORMAL HUDDLE OF HOUSE LEADERS. IT WAS AGREED THE SUBCOMMITTEE WOULD MEET FORMALLY TOMORROW TO MAKE ITS RECOMMENDATION. THE HOUSE, HOWEVER, IS IN RECESS UNTIL MONDAY AND MUST MAKE THE FINAL DECISION ITSELF.

CHRISTOFFEL IS CHARGED WITH LYING WHEN HE TOLD THE COMMITTEE ON MARCH 1,1947, THAT HE NEVER HAD BEEN A COMMUNIST AND NEVER HAD COMMUNIST CONNECTIONS.

O.JOHN ROGGE, DEFENSE ATTORNEY, TOLD THE JURY TODAY THAT HE COULD NOT PROCEED "WITH THE DEFENSE IF THE COMMITTEE RECORDS ARE NOT PRODUCED."

LATER ROGGE TOLD REPORTERS HE WILL ASK FOR DISMISSAL OF THE CASE AND FREEING OF CHRISTOFFEL IF THE HOUSE, WHICH HAS POSSESSION OF THE COMMITTEE RECORDS, DOES NOT PERMIT THEM TO GO TO COURT.

THE HOUSE HAS ADOPTED TWO RESOLUTIONS REFUSING TO PERMIT RALPH R. ROBERTS, CLERK OF THE HOUSE, TO PRODUCE THE LABOR COMMITTEE'S MINUTES BOOK IN COURT AS ORDERED IN TWO SUBPOENAS SIGNED BY JUDGE F.DICKINSON LETTS.

LETTS SAID STERNLY THAT THE MINUTES BOOK "MUST BE HERE IN THIS COURT ROOM AND BE AVAILABLE IF NEEDED" WHEN TOLD OF THE LATEST FRUITLESS EFFORTS TO GET THE DOCUMENT.

HE MADE THIS COMMENT AFTER JOHN S.PRATT, CHIEF GOVERNMENT PROSECUTOR, SAID HE HAD BEEN INFORMED DURING A COURT RECESS THAT THE RECORDS WOULD BE MADE AVAILABLE TO DEFENSE COUNSEL AT THE LABOR COMMITTEE'S OFFICE.

"THAT IS NOT SATISFACTORY," ROGGE SHOUTED, "I WANT THOSE RECORDS HERE IN COURT AS EVIDENCE."

EARLIER IN THE DAY THE JUDGE HAD DENIED A DEFENSE MOTION FOR A DIRECTED VERDICT OF ACQUITTAL AFTER ROGGE HAD ARGUED THAT THE EVIDENCE SO FAR PRODUCED FAILED TO MAKE A CASE AGAINST THE DEFENDANT.

THEN ROBERTS, HOUSE CLERK, RELATED TO THE COURT THAT THE HOUSE LATE YESTERDAY ADOPTED A RESOLUTION REFERRING THE MATTER OF THE MINUTES TO THE HOUSE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE--BUT SPECIFICALLY INSTRUCTING ROBERTS NOT TO TAKE ANY DOCUMENTS TO COURT.

LETTS TOLD ROBERTS TO TELL THE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE "IT IS THE OPINION OF THE COURT THAT THE CASE CANNOT PROCEED TO A FINAL CONCLUSION UNTIL THE HOUSE TELLS US WHETHER WE CAN HAVE THIS IMPORTANT EVIDENCE."

LETTS SAID IT WAS "DIFFICULT TO UNDERSTAND THEIR RELUCTANCE" AND ADDED "TO PREVENT THE DEFENSE FROM HAVING ACCESS TO THIS WOULD NOT BE JUSTICE TO THIS DEFENDANT. I MAY HAVE TO ADJOURN THIS TRIAL UNTIL THE HOUSE TAKE SOME ACTION."

PRATT SAID THE PROSECUTION "HAS NO OBJECTION WHATSOEVER" TO THE DEFENSE HAVING THE DOCUMENT.

ROGGE SAID THE MINUTES BOOK IS IMPORTANT IN HIS ATTEMPT TO PROVE HIS CONTENTION THAT A QUORUM OF THE 25-MAN LABOR COMMITTEE WAS NOT ACTUALLY PRESENT TO SEE CHRISTOFFEL SWORN AND TO HEAR HIM TESTIFY.

FEB9 1950

B25WX
THE PROSECUTION ALREADY HAS TESTIMONEY BEFORE THE JURY FROM 14 MEMBERS OF THAT COMMITTEE THAT THEY WERE PRESENT AND HEARD CHRISTOFFEL MAKE THE ALLEGED PERJURIOUS STATEMENTS.

ROGGE CONTENDS THAT ONLY A FEW MEMBERS ATTENDED AN EXECUTIVE SESSION ON THE COMMITTEE IMMEDIATELY AFTER CHRISTOFFEL TESTIFIED AND THAT THIS WILL BE BORNE OUT BY THE COMMITTEE MINUTES.

THE COMMITTEE HAD BEEN INVESTIGATING COMMUNIST INFILTRATION INTO LABOR UNIONS.

CHRISTOFFEL IS A FORMER PRESIDENT OF LOCAL 248 UAW-CIO AT THE ALLIS-CHALMERS COMPANY PLANT.

LETTS RECESSED THE TRIAL EARLY THIS AFTERNOON UNTIL FRIDAY MORNING. ROGGE TOLD REPORTERS, HOWEVER, HE WILL NOT CALL ANY DEFENSE WITNESSES UNTIL THE COMMITTEE'S MINUTES ARE PRODUCED.

THE GOVERNMENT RESTED LATE YESTERDAY.

REP. WALTER (D-PA), CHAIRMAN OF A HOUSE JUDICIARY SUBCOMMITTEE, TOLD REPORTERS HIS GROUP HAD STUDIED THE QUESTION OF RELEASE OF THE LABOR COMMITTEE'S MINUTES BOOK THIS MORNING BUT HAD TAKEN NO ACTION.

VETERAN HOUSE MEMBERS SAID THERE IS NO PRECEDENT FOR THE HOUSE TO YIELD TO A COURT DEMAND FOR MINUTES OF AN EXECUTIVE SESSION OF A

COMMITTEE.

SPEAKER SAM RAYBURN TOLD NEWSMEN THE NEXT STEP IS UP TO THE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE. IF IT VOTES TO RELEASE THE MINUTES, RAYBURN SAID, THEN IT WILL BE UP TO THE HOUSE TO DECIDE WHAT IT WANTS TO DO ABOUT IT.

WALTER SAID HE HAS NO DESIRE TO KEEP ANY OF THE EVIDENCE FROM THE DEFENSE BUT ADDED "IT IS THE PRINCIPLE OF THE THING."

"WE ARE CONCERNED," WALTER SAID, "ABOUT SETTING A PRECEDENT. THE HOUSE DOES NOT WANT TO BE IN A POSITION WHERE IT CAN BE HARASSED CONSTANTLY BY COURTS IN CASES WHERE HOUSE DOCUMENTS ARE CONCERNED."

LT/VH631PES

PITTSBURGH,FEB.9-(AP)-THE SPOKESMAN FOR A BRITISH "PRODUCTIVITY TEAM" STUDYING DIESEL ENGINE PLANTS IN AMERICA SAID TODAY THE TOUR IS GIVING THE ENGLISHMEN MORE THAN TECHNICAL INFORMATION.

COLONEL IAN MARRIOTT, LEADER OF 14 BRITISHERS WHO TOURED THE H.K.PORTER COMPANY WORKS, DECLARED:

"THE TECHNICAL KNOW-HOW WE'RE GETTING IN YOUR COUNTRY IS VERY VALUABLE BUT WE'RE CARRYING BACK MUCH MORE--THE ENRICHED EXPERIENCE FROM ASSOCIATING WITH YOU PEOPLE."

COLONEL MARRIOTT, MANAGING DIRECTOR OF W.G.BAGNALL, LTD., LASHED AT SOCIALIZATION OF SOME INDUSTRIES IN ENGLAND. HE SAID HE, FOR ONE, WOULD GET OUT OF HIS COMPANY IF IT WERE EVER TAKEN OVER BY THE GOVERNMENT.

FEB9 1950

BM1004PES

RICHMOND, VA., FEB.9-(AP)-THE BAPTIST FOREIGN MISSION BOARD ANNOUNCED TODAY THE APPOINTMENT OF THE REV. DWIGHT L.BAKER AND MRS. BAKER OF MIAMI, TEXAS, AS MISSIONARIES TO NAZARETH, ISRAEL. THEY WILL WORK AMONG ARABS.

THE REV. BAKER IS PASTOR OF THE FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH OF MIAMI.

THREE NEW MEMBERS WERE ELECTED TO FILL VACANCIES OCCURRING ON THE BOARD SINCE THE LAST MEETING. THEY INCLUDE DR. ROBERT E. HUMPHREYS OF OWENSBORO, KY.

RB825PES

SAN FRANCISCO,FEB 9 (AP)-THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS TODAY OFFICIALLY SUPPORTED RUSSIA'S BELATED PROPAGANDA DEMAND FOR TRIAL OF EMPEROR HIROHITO OF JAPAN AS A WAR CRIMINAL.

THE UNITED STATES HAS DESCRIBED THE RUSSIAN DEMAND AS A SMOKE SCREEN INTENDED TO COVER SOVIET FAILURE TO REPATRIATE OR EXPLAIN THE FATE OF MORE THAN 370,000 JAPANESE PRISONERS OF WAR.

THE PEIPING RADIO, HEARD IN SAN FRANCISCO BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS, SAID LI KE-NUNG, RED VICE MINISTER OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS, HAD NOTIFIED RUSSIA THAT RED CHINA APPROVED OF TRYING HIROHITO.

GG236PCS

NIGHT LEAD BRIDGES (320)

BY KATHERINE PINKHAM

SAN FRANCISCO,FEB.9-(AP)-LONGSHORE UNION LEADER HARRY BRIDGES TESTIFIED TODAY THAT HE NEVER KNOWINGLY HAD ATTENDED ANY CLOSED MEETING OF COMMUNISTS. THEN HE CONCEDED:

"OF COURSE, SOMETIMES OFFICERS OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY WOULD COME TO SEE ME AT MY OFFICE -- MY OFFICE WAS OPEN TO THEM. IT'S NO SECRET THAT ANY TIME I THOUGHT, IN MY OFFICIAL CAPACITY, I HAD TO MEET WITH ANYONE OR CONFER WITH ANYONE, I'VE DONE IT.

"I PROBABLY WILL CONTINUE TO, UNLESS IT'S ILLEGAL OR SOMETHING -- MAYBE IT'S NOT POLITICALLY WISE."

FEB9 1950

BRIDGES REITERATED HIS DENIAL HE EVER WAS A MEMBER OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY. HE IS ON TRIAL ON A PERJURY CHARGE. THE GOVERNMENT SAYS HE LIED WHEN HE STATED, TO OBTAIN CITIZENSHIP IN 1945, THAT HE WAS NOT A COMMUNIST.

TWO OF HIS UNION AIDES--J.R.ROBERTSON AND HENRY SCHMIDT--ARE CHARGED WITH CONSPIRACY IN BACKING UP HIS OATH.

THE TRIAL RECESSED UNTIL TUESDAY. BRIDGES, PRESIDENT OF THE CIO INTERNATIONAL LONGSHOREMEN'S AND WAREHOUSEMEN'S UNION, IS EXPECTED TO RESUME THIS TESTIMONY THEN.

IN THIS, HIS THIRD DAY AS A WITNESS, BRIDGES DENIED IN DETAIL THAT HE ATTENDED COMMUNIST PARTY MEETINGS IN 1936, AS CHARGED BY THE GOVERNMENT.

HE DENIED THAT HE ATTENDED A COMMUNIST PARTY CONVENTION IN NEW YORK IN LATE JUNE, 1936. HE LABELLED PROSECUTION TESTIMONY THAT HE HAD ATTENDED SUCH A MEETING "UNTRUE X X X RIDICULOUS."

"WERE YOU EVER AT ANY MEETING WHEN NOBODY BUT COMMUNISTS WERE SUPPOSED TO BE PRESENT?" ASKED DEFENSE ATTORNEY VINCENT HALLINAN.

"NO," SAID BRIDGES. "THAT IS, NOT ANY MEETING UNDER ANY UNDERSTANDING IT WAS A CLOSED MEETING."

BRIDGES ALSO ADDED FURTHER DENIALS TO PROSECUTION WITNESSES' STATEMENTS THAT COMMUNIST PARTY LEADERS WERE POLICY MAKERS IN THE LONG AND BLOODY 1934 PACIFIC COAST LONGSHOREMEN'S STRIKE.

THE LONGSHORE UNION CHIEFTAIN DEALT WITH GOVERNMENT TESTIMONY THAT HE HAD ATTENDED A COMMUNIST PARTY LEADERS' MEETING IN SAN DIEGO IN 1935, AND AT LONG BEACH, CALIF., AND GRANTS PASS, ORE., IN 1936.

AT THE SAN DIEGO AND LONG BEACH MEETINGS, THE PROSECUTION WITNESSES HAD SAID, THE COMMUNIST LEADERS HAD INSTRUCTED BRIDGES AND OTHER LONGSHORE UNION CONVENTION DELEGATES WHAT TO DO.

"WHY THAT'S SO RIDICULOUS ANY MEMBER OF OUR UNION WOULD SPLIT A HORSE-LAUGH OVER IT," BRIDGES SAID. HE ADDED THAT WHEN THE DELEGATES WENT TO A CONVENTION THEY HAD RANK-AND-FILE INSTRUCTIONS AND "NO COMMUNIST COULD INSTRUCT US."

FR1017PCS NM

FEB9 1950

PRECEDE WASHINGTON FDR (220)

NEW YORK,FEB 9-(AP)-A FORMER PRESIDENTIAL ADVISER SAID TODAY THAT IF PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT STILL WERE IN THE WHITE HOUSE HE WOULD HAVE ENGAGED IN "MORE DIRECT CONTACT WITH THE RUSSIANS THAN PRESIDENT TRUMAN HAS."

SAMUEL ROSENMAN, ONE-TIME ADVISER TO BOTH MR.ROOSEVELT AND PRESIDENT TRUMAN, TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE THAT:

"THE ONLY DIFFERENCE WOULD BE THAT HE (ROOSEVELT) WOULD PERSIST IN PERSONAL CONFERENCES, PERSONAL RELATIONSHIPS WITH THE RUSSIAN LEADERS."

THE CONFERENCE WAS CALLED IN CONNECTION WITH THE FORTHCOMING PUBLICATION OF "THE PUBLIC PAPERS AND ADDRESSES OF FRANKLIN D.ROOSEVELT."

more

THE MAJOR ROOSEVELT PAPERS FOR THE WAR YEARS AND THE MONTHS JUST BEFORE WERE EDITED BY ROSENMAN WHO RETURNED TO PRIVATE LAW PRACTICE IN 1946.

THE VOLUMES, ROSENMAN SAID, SHOW AMONG OTHER THINGS MR.ROOSEVELT'S "PATIENT, TOLERANT SEARCH FOR INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AND PERMANENT PEACE."

ALTHOUGH THE LATE PRESIDENT MADE UP HIS MIND "WE WERE GOING TO GET ALONG WITH RUSSIA," ROSENMAN SAID THAT BEFORE HIS DEATH MR.ROOSEVELT "WAS BECOMING QUITE SUSPICIOUS" AND "WAS DISTURBED BY SOME OF THE EPISODES."

THE "EPISODES," HE SAID, INCLUDED THE POLISH SETTLEMENT AND RUSSIAN CLAIMS THAT THE WESTERN ALLIES WERE SEEKING A SEPARATE PEACE WITH GERMANY.

THE PAPERS, INCLUDING PARTIAL TRANSCRIPTS OF NEWS CONFERENCES, ARE BEING PUBLISHED (HARPER AND BROTHERS) IN FOUR VOLUMES.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT, ETC., PICKING UP FIRST GRAF OF PREVIOUS (B23WX) UNDER WASHINGTON DATE AND DELETING FIFTH GRAF, BEGINNING XXX "THE MAJOR" AND ENDING XXX "VOLUMES."

JK230PES

NEW YORK, FEB.9-(AP)-THE 14-MAN DELEGATION FROM THE JAPANESE DIET (PARLIAMENT) CURRENTLY TOURING THE UNITED STATES WILL ARRIVE TOMORROW FOR A FIVE-DAY VISIT.

ON THE SCHEDULE IS A CONFERENCE SUNDAY WITH JOHN FOSTER DULLES, FORMER HEAD OF THE COMMITTEE FOR A JUST AND DURABLE PEACE, A CHURCH-SPONSORED GROUP.

THE JAPANESE REPRESENTATIVES WILL DISCUSS WITH HIM HOW CHURCHES MAY CONTRIBUTE TO EFFORTS FOR WORLD PEACE.

THE UNITED STATES MISSION TO THE UNITED NATIONS WILL CONDUCT THE DIET MEMBERS ON A TOUR OF THE UN HEADQUARTERS AT LAKE SUCCESS TUESDAY.

ARRIVING BY PLANE FROM ALBANY, THE VISITORS WILL BE QUARTERED AT THE ASTOR HOTEL IN THE CENTER OF THE CITY.

OTHER PLANS INCLUDE:

A VISIT TOMORROW AFTERNOON TO THE OFFICES OF THE READER'S DIGESTN WHICH PUBLISHES A JAPANESE EDITION. THIS WILL BE FOLLOWED BY A PRESS CONFERENCE.

A SIGHTSEEING TOUR OF THE CITY MONDAY, INCLUDING A CALL AT THE MAYOR'S HOME AND A BOAT TRIVTSTHE STATUE OF LIBERTY.

LUNCH TUESDAY WITH JOSEPH ROBINSON, FORMER CHARIRMAN OF THE DECONTROL REVIEW BOARD WHICH SUPERVISED THE BREAKING-UP OF JAPANESE INDUSTRIES.

THE GROUP WILL LEAVE WEDNESDAY FOR WASHINGTON.

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RB819PES

NIGHT LEAD COPLON (130)

NEW YORK, FEB 9-(AP)-AN FBI MAN TODAY DESCRIBED A 60-MILE-AN-HOUR CHASE AFTER JUDITH COPLON AND VALENTIN A. GUBITCHEV BEFORE THEIR ARREST LAST MARCH 4.

A FLAT TIRE ENDED IT FOR THE PURSUERS, TESTIFIED SPECIAL AGENT BREWER WILSON.

BY THE TIME HE AND HIS COLLEAGUES GOT BACK IN THE RUNNING, SAID WILSON ANOTHER BATCH OF AGENTS ALREADY HAD ARRESTED THE FORMER GOVERNMENT GIRL AND HER RUSSIAN COMPANION.

WILSON TESTIFIED AT THE SPY CONSPIRACY TRIAL OF THE 28-YEAR-OLD BRUNETTE AND GUBITCHEV, 33-YEAR-OLD FORMER UNITED NATIONS ENGINEER. THEY ARE ACCUSED OF CONSPIRING TO TRANSIT GOVERNMENT SECRETS TO RUSSIA.

WILSON SAID HE AND HIS AGENTS WERE IN WASHINGTON HEIGHTS IN UPPER MANHATTAN ON THE WATCH FOR MISS COPLON AND GUBITCHEV.

INFORMED THAT THE PAIR HAD BOARDED A BUS ON 42ND STREET, WILSON SID HIS MEN PILED INTO A CAR AND DROVE A MILE A MINUTE DOWN NEW YORK CITY'S ELEVATED WEST SIDE HIGHWAY IN AN EFFORT TO CATCH THE BUS.

THEN A TIRE WENT FLAT.

MISS COPLON'S ATTORNEY, ARCHIBALD PALMER, JUMPED ON WILSON IN A CROSS EXAMINATION THAT FINALLY LED FEDERAL JUDGE SYLVESTER J. RYAN TO REMARK TO THE LAWYER:

"I THINK YOU ARE FORTUNATE TO HAVE ON THE BENCH A MAN WHO HAS KNOWN YOU FOR 30 YEARS."

DY925PES

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BY FRED KRIEG

LAKE SUCCESS, FEB.9-(AP)-WILLARD L.THORP, ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE FOR ECONOMIC AFFAIRS, SAID TODAY THAT COUNTRIES RECEIVING TECHNICAL AID FROM THE UNITED NATIONS SHOULD BE REQUIRED TO ASSUME A COMPENSATING RESPONSIBILITY.

THORP SPOKE IN THE ECONOMIC COMMITTEE OF THE 18-NATION ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL ON A CHILEAN RESOLUTION TO PERMIT CERTAIN NON-MEMBERS OF THE U.N. TO RECEIVE SUCH ASSISTANCE.

THE AMENDMENT SPECIFICALLY WOULD EMBRACE ASSOCIATE MEMBERS OF THE ECONOMIC COMMISSION FOR ASIA AND THE FAR EAST (ECAFE). THESE ARE CEYLON, INDONESIA, NEPAL AND THE (SEOUL) REPUBLIC OF KOREA.

THE U.N. NOW CONDUCTS A TECHNICAL AID PROGRAM ON A LIMITED SCALE FROM ITS REGULAR BUDGET. AN EXPANDED PROGRAM OF AID TO UNDER-DEVELOPED COUNTRIES BASED ON VOLUNTARY CONTRIBUTIONS FROM PARTICIPATING GOVERNMENTS IS EXPECTED TO BECOME EFFECTIVE THIS YEAR.

FULL MEMBERSHIP IN THE U.N. IS REQUIRED FOR PARTICIPATION IN ITS LIMITED PROGRAM. MEMBERSHIP IN ANY SPECIALIZED AGENCY WOULD QUALIFY A COUNTRY TO TAKE PART IN THE EXPANDED PROGRAM. CEYLON NOW IS A MEMBER OF SEVERAL SPECIALIZED AGENCIES, AND INDONESIA AND KOREA HAVE RECEIVED PRELIMINARY APPROVAL FOR MEMBERSHIP IN THE EDUCATIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL ORGANIZATION.

THORP SAID IT IS IMPORTANT TO "KEEP A CERTAIN VALUE" ON JOINING U.N. ORGANIZATIONS AND THAT IN DOING SO THEY SHOULD "ASSUME SOME RESPONSIBILITY."

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RB706PES

LAKE SUCCESS, FEB.9-(AP)-A MARATHON SPEECH RECORD WAS SET TODAY IN THE UNITED NATIONS SECURITY COUNCIL BY SIR MOHAMMED ZAFRULLAH KHAN, FOREIGN MINISTER OF PAKISTAN.

ARGUING IN THE INDIA-PAKISTAN DISPUTE OVER POSSESSION OF KASHMIR STATE, HE TALKED A TOTAL OF 6 HOURS AND 22 MINUTES IN THREE AFTERNOON SESSIONS STARTING TUESDAY AND ENDING TONIGHT.

ZAFRULLAH KHAN WAS HOLDER OF THE OLD RECORD--5 HOURS, 23 MINUTES AT TWO SESSIONS ON KASHMIR IN JANUARY, 1948.

INDIA'S M.C. SETALVAD HOLD THE ONE-DAY RECORD WITH A SPEECH

LASTING 4:15 ON THE SAME SUBJECT IN 1948.

ZAFRULLAH KHAN TOLD THE COUNCIL PAKISTAN IS READY TO ACCEPT A VOTE BY THE POPULATION OF KASHMIR ON WHETHER IT SHOULD JOIN HIS COUNTRY OR INDIA.

HE APPLAUDED THE CHOICE MONTHS AGO OF U.S. FLEET ADMIRAL CHESTER W.NIMITZ TO SUPERVISE THE VOTE.

SIR BENEGAL N.RAU, INDIA, PLANS TO ANSWER ZAFRULLAH KHAN IN THE COUNCIL TOMORROW.

RB703PES

(ADVANCE) NEW YORK, FEB. 9-(AP)-CARLOS P. ROMULO, PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED NATIONS GENERAL ASSEMBLY, SAID TODAY MENTAL DISEASE IS A SCOURGE OF MANKIND "COMPARABLE TO THE WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION."

"YEAR IN AND YEAR OUT," HE SAID, "IT PRODUCES A HUMAN DEVASTATION FAR GREATER THAN THAT CAUSED BY THE ATOMIC BOMB DROPPED ON HIROSHIMA."

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ROMULO'S SPEECH, PREPARED FOR DELIVERY AT 4 P.M., EST, WAS THE FEATURE OF THE DEDICATION OF THE CREEDMOOR INSTITUTE FOR PSYCHOBIOLOGIC STUDIES.

THE INSTITUTE CONDUCTS RESEARCH IN THE TREATMENT OF MENTAL DISORDERS WITH HORMONES AND CHEMICALS. IT NOW OCCUPIES A 62-ROOM BUILDING IN QUEENS VILLAGE, LONG ISLAND.

ROMULO SAID, "HERE A GROUP OF SCIENTISTS OF AS DIVERSE ORIGINS AS THE UNITED NATIONS, HAS BANDED TOGETHER IN A COOPERATIVE EFFORT WHICH SETS AN IDEAL EXAMPLE IN THIS FIELD."

AMONG THOSE HE REFERRED TO WERE DR. JOHAN H. W. VAN OPHUIJSEN, DUTCH-BORN DIRECTOR OF THE INSTITUTE, AND DR. CO TUI, PHILIPPINE-BORN OF CHINESE ANCESTRY, HEAD OF THE DEPARTMENT OF BIOLOGIC RESEARCH.

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"THEIR EFFORTS," HE SAID, "HAVE HELPED TO DEMONSTRATE THAT IT IS POSSIBLE TO TREAT SUCCESSFULLY CERTAIN MENTAL DISORDERS WITH CHEMICALS AND HORMONES. X X X

"I SEE THESE SCIENTIFIC EFFORTS PARALLELING OUR WORK IN THE UNITED NATIONS, AN ORGANIZATION FOUNDED FOR THE PRESERVATION AND ADVANCEMENT OF MANKIND."

ROMULO SAID, "IN EVERY COUNTRY OF THE WORLD, MENTAL DISEASES ARE A SCOURGE OF MAJOR PROPORTIONS, BUT NO COUNTRY IS YET COMPLETELY EQUIPPED TO DEAL WITH IT."

HE CITED THE UNITED STATES AS THE NATION BEST EQUIPPED IN THIS RESPECT, BUT EVEN HERE THERE ARE ONLY 5,000 PSYCHIATRISTS FOR A POPULATION OF SOME 150,000,000.

"INDIA HAS ONLY 80 FOR ITS 350,000,000 PEOPLE," ROMULO SAID, "AND CHINA HAS 10 FOR 450,000,000 POPULATION."

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 7 A.M. EST THURSDAY FEB. 9)

JR150AES

(430) BRITISH OIL

WASHINGTON,FEB.12-(AP)-A BRITISH OFFER TO SOFTEN PROPOSED RESTRICTIONS ON AMERICAN OIL SALES IN BRITAIN WAS REPORTED TODAY TO BE UNSATISFACTORY TO THE STATE DEPARTMENT. BUT OFFICIALS SAID IT MAY OPEN THE WAY TO A COMPROMISE SOLUTION.

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THE OFFICIALS WHO REPORTED THIS SAID THEY WILL CONFER WITH REPRESENTATIVES OF EIGHT MAJOR AMERICAN OIL COMPANIES TOMORROW TO GET THEIR OFFICIAL REACTION TO THE BRITISH PLAN.

ADVANCE INDICATIONS ARE THAT THE REVISED BRITISH OFFER WILL BE REJECTED BY THE AMERICAN COMPANIES ON THE GROUNDS THAT IT STILL DISCRIMINATES AGAINST AMERICAN COMPETITION.

IN AN EFFORT TO SAVE SCARCE DOLLARS, THE BRITISH HAD PROPOSED

LIMITING AMERICAN OIL COMPANIES TO A SALE OF 9,000,000 TONS OF PETROLEUM ANNUALLY--IF THEIR PRODUCTS COME FROM SOURCES WHERE THEY MUST PAY IN DOLLARS.

THIS WOULD AMOUNT TO CUTTING BACK THE SALE OF DOLLAR OIL IN BRITAIN BY 4,000,000 TONS. AMERICAN COMPANIES HAVE BEEN MARKETING ABOUT 13,000,000 TONS ANNUALLY OF THE 43,000,000 TON DEMAND IN THE UNITED KINGDOM.

THE BRITISH ARE REPORTED TO HAVE ASSURED AMERICAN COMPANIES THEY CAN STILL MAINTAIN THEIR MARKET FOR THE ADDITIONAL 4,000,000 TONS--PROVIDED THEY BUY THE OIL FROM BRITISTH

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THE BRITISH ARE REPORTED TO HAVE ASSURED AMERICAN COMPANIES THEY CAN STILL MAINTAIN THEIR MARKET FOR THE ADDITIONAL 4,000,000 TONS--PROVIDED THEY BUY THE OIL FROM BRITISH COMPANIES. THE STERLING EARNED FROM SUCH SALES, HOWEVER, COULD NOT BE CONVERTED INTO DOLLARS UPON REQUEST AS IS THE CASE WITH THE POUNDS EARNED FROM SELLING THE 9,000,000 TONS.

IN ADDITION, THE BRITISH HAVE SUGGESTED A COMPLICATED "INCENTIVE SCHEME" WHICH WOULD PERMIT LIMITED CONVERSION OF STERLING PROFITS IF AMERICAN OIL COMPANIES BUY BRITISH EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES WITH THEIR OWN DOLLARS.

AN OFFICIAL IN TOUCH WITH THE SITUATION SAID THE NEW BRITISH PROPOSAL SHOWED "A LOT OF GOODWILL" IN AN EFFORT TO WORK OUT A SETTLEMENT BUT FELL SHORT OF MEETING AMERICAN DEMANDS.

ONE OFFICIAL QUESTIONED THE NEED FOR THE 4,000,000 CUTBACK SINCE, HE SAID, THE BRITISH MUST SPEND DOLLARS TO PRODUCE THIS AMOUNT.

A POSSIBLE SOLUTION, HE SAID, WOULD BE FOR THE BRITISH TO DETERMINE EXACTLY HOW MUCH IT WOULD COST THEM IN DOLLARS TO PRODUCE THIS 4,000,000 TONS OF OIL AND THEN TELL AMERICAN OIL COMPANIES THAT THEY COULD STILL SHIP THE 4,000,000 TO THE BRITISH IF THEY CONSENTED TO TAKE DOLLARS ONLY FOR THIS AMOUNT. THE REMAINDER WOULD BE PAID IN UNCONVERTIBLE STERLING.

THIS WOULD LEAVE BRITISH OIL COMPANIES WITH AN EXCESS PRODUCTION OF ABOUT 4,000,000 TONS IF THEY GO THROUGH WITH PRESENT EXPANSION PLANS. BUT AMERICAN OFFICIALS SAY THAT THIS WOULD BE "JUST TOO BAD" SINCE THE BRITISH HAVE PROMISED TO BE GUIDED ONLY BY COMPETITIVE FACTORS IN OIL SALES AND NOT BY A DESIRE TO PROTECT BRITISH COMPANIES.

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AMERICAN OIL COMPANIES INVOLVED IN THE BRITISH PROBLEM ARE STANDARD OF NEW JERSEY; STANDARD OIL OF CALIFORNIA, CAL-TECH, GULF OIL CO., SOCONY VACUUM, ARABIAN-AMERICAN, CREOLE OIL CO AND ANGLO-AMERICAN OIL CO., BRITISH SUBSIDIARY OF STANDARD OF N.J.

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End Feb. 9, 1950

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Fuchs Admits Giving Reds Secrets 7 Years; Then His Faith in Russia Wavered

FEB 10 1950

FUCHS CONFESSES 7 YEARS OF ATOM SPYING FOR REDS

Scientist Freely Admits His Guilt, British Court Told (N)

TRIAL DATE SET

Prosecutor Bares 'Jekyll and Hyde' Life of Accused

E. CURTIS

LONDON, Feb. 10—(AP) A brilliant German-born British scientist with a Jekyll and Hyde personality, Dr. Klaus Fuchs, has confessed he betrayed American and British atomic secrets to Soviet Russia for seven years, a crown prosecutor said in court today.

Soviet development of the hydrogen super-bomb may have been speeded by these disclosures. Senator Tydings (D-Md) estimated in Washington today the secrets would give Russia a life of a year or more.

Accused Calm, Silent

The thin, bespectacled Fuchs, 38, a leftist refugee from Nazidom who became a trusted top man at Britain's Harwell atomic plant, sat calmly and mute at a 1-2-hour preliminary hearing that ended with an order for his trial at the Feb. 28 sessions of the criminal court at London's historic Old Bailey.

Described in Bow Street court as a 1932 recruit of the German Communist Party, Fuchs was officially charged with giving away atom secrets of value to a potential enemy in two occasions—once in the United States in 1945 and once in England in 1947. Conviction would carry penalty up to 14 years at hard labor.

Prosecutor T. Christmas Humphreys said Fuchs has confessed the charges—and more. He and prosecution witnesses related that Fuchs admitted having contacts with Russian agents in New York, Boston, Los Alamos and London since early in 1942. Fuchs was a member of the British team of atom experts who worked in the United States from 1943 through 1946.

Too Vital to be Revealed

Humphreys read portions of the amazing story he said was dictated by Fuchs. The prosecution indicated the secrets concerned are so vital the full text never will be made public.

The section read, however, disclosed the story of a brilliant mind split between Fuchs' ties in England and his belief that communism would one day give Russia world domination.

"I used my Marxian philosophy to conceal my thoughts, which had to be separated into two compartments," the statement said. "x x x Looking back now, the best way is to call it controlled schizophrenia (split personality.")

Fuchs was quoted as saying he gave information to the Soviet Embassy here and in 1946 received "a symbolic payment" of £100 ($400 at the time). He also got some expense money.

The arrest of Fuchs Feb. 2 culminated weeks of work by United States and British agents. His revelations jarred Anglo-American relations in the atomic field at a time when Britain, is asking the United States to raise some of its curtain of secrecy.

Dramatic Court Scene

About 60 newsmen crowded into the mahogany-panelled courtroom for the hearing before Chief Magistrate Sir Laurance Dunne. Dunne hunched in a high, leather-backed chair, interrupted four or five times with questions in a matter of fact voice.

Fuchs, seated in the prisoner's dock, uttered no plea. He showed little emotion. His jaw muscles twitched occasionally. Behind thick spectacles, his eyes were impassive.

"He has nothing to say at this stage and will call no evidence at this court," his attorney, J. Thompson Halsall, told the magistrate.

There was no mention at the hearing of the hydrogen bomb, which the United States in developing with the expectation it will be up to 1,000 times more powerful that the A-bomb. However, Lt. Gen. Leslie Groves, wartime head of the Manhattan Atomic Project, has indicated Fuchs may have known some of the new weapon's secrets. Groves said members of the British mission had knowledge of "present and proposed" U. S. atom weapons.

Called "Jekyll and Hyde"

Humphreys described Fuchs as "one of the finest theoretical physicists living" and at the same time "a political fanatic on the payroll of a foreign power."

"He produced in himself a classic example of that immortal duality of English literature—A Jekyll and Hyde," the prosecutor said. "As Jekyll, he was a normal citizen in the use of his magnificent brain in the cause of science. As Hyde, he was betraying, week by week, his oath of allegiance, his vows of security and the friendship of his friends."

Fuchs was born near Frankfurt in 1911, the son of a Theological professor and Quaker, Prof. Emil Fuchs. He fled to England in 1933 to study, a political refugee from Hitler's Nazis. He was interned in Canada after the opening of World War II, but was screened and freed in 1942 to help Britain's atomic research. That opened the way for work throughout Britain and the United States.

The scientist took the oath of allegiance when he was naturalized as a British citizen in 1942, and signed security pledges twice, in 1942 and in 1944.

But, said the prosecutor, these pledges "meant nothing to a man whose mind was irrevocably wedded to communist principles."

The statement indicated but did not entirely explain the circumstances leading to the arrest. It said Fuchs received information there was some evidence against him in New York and, when he was advised that his father was accepting a post at Leipzig University—in the Soviet zone—thought it proper to notify British authorities in case they wanted to end his assignment at Harwell. This gave authorities an excuse to question him thoroughly.

Humphreys said the investigation showed Fuchs became a communist in Germany just before Hitler's seizure of power, but never had joined the Communist Party in Britain.

Britain.

Vital Secrets Involved

Only a part of the statement was read publicly in court. So vital are the secrets concerned that the director of prosecutions said he was virtually certain the full text never would be made known to the public.

Fuchs, a refugee from Nazidom who became a trusted custodian of the life-or-death secrets of British and American nuclear research, was a member of the German Communist party since 1932, Humphreys said. He headed research at Harwell, Britain's atom plant.

He added that as a Communist, Fuchs would have no misgivings about violating an oath of allegiance he took to the British Crown.

William James Skardon, security officer at Harwell, testified Fuchs never joined the British Communist party. Skardon testified:

"It is certain that he (Fuchs) still believes in communism, but not as practiced in Russia today, and in this form he thinks it is something to fight against."

Among Atom Masterminds

When Fuchs began to have these misgivings about Soviet communism, his contacts with Russian agents slowed down, his statement said.

Defendant Described As Fanatic In Pay Of Alien Power (D)

FEB 10 1950

London, Feb. 10 (AP)—Dr. Klaus Fuchs has confessed that for seven years he continuously betrayed British-American atomic secrets to Russia, the prosecution told a British court today. The brilliant scientist, plagued by a Jekyll-Hyde personality, thought he was helping Russia toward a goal of world dominion, the prosecutor said.

The secrets he is said to have confessed turning over may speed Russian development of the hydrogen superbomb.

The Bow Street Court ordered Fuchs held without bail for formal trial in Old Bailey Criminal Court at the session beginning February 28 on two charges of violating the Official Secrets Acts. He faces a maximum of fourteen years imprisonment if convicted. He is 38.

Prosecutor T. Christmas Humphreys read a statement he said Fuchs signed, confessing continuous contact with Russians from 1942 to 1949 in the United States and

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Fuchs, who ranks among the masterminds of atomic research, accepted £100 (then $400) in 1946, shortly after he returned here from the United States, "as symbolic payment signifying his subservience to the cause (of world communism)," a Crown witness said.

Fuchs merely blinked behind his spectacles as Humphreys labeled him a "political fanatic on the pay roll of a foreign power."

The prosecution produced a statement it said was signed by Fuchs, describing himself as a "schizophrenic" (split personality) who divided his mind into two compartments. One permitted him to carry on agreeable contacts with those around him at the Harwell atom plant. The other established him as a person completely independent of the forces of society.

In the United States there were indications that he had access to the most vital information, including probably the hydrogen bomb. Moreover, it was said in Washington, such secrets as he may have passed on could have sped Russia's achievement to an atomic explosion

Visited Oak Ridge

During the war Fuchs visited the Oak Ridge (Tenn.) atomic energy plant and the laboratory at Los Alamos, N.M., where the world's first atom bomb was produced.

At the hearing before Magistrate Laurence Dunne, Skardon testified Fuchs had signed a statement when he was questioned at the Harwell plant on his arrest last week.

In the statement, Fuchs was said to have asserted that when he learned the kind of work he was to do in Britain, "I decided to inform Russia and I established contact through another member of the Communist party."

"Since that time, I have had continuous contact with persons completely unknown to me except that they would give information to the Russians," the statement said.

"Complete Confidence"

"At this time, I had complete confidence in the Russian policy and I had no hesitation in giving all the information I had.

"I believed deliberately the Western Allies allowed Germany and Russia to fight each other to the death.

"In the postwar period, I had doubts about Russian policy. Eventually I came to the point when I knew I disapproved of many of the actions of Russian policy. I still believed that Russia would build a new world and that I would take part in it.

"Security-Minded"

"During this time, I was not sure I could give all the information I had. However, it became more and more evident that Russia would spread her influence over Europe. I had to decide whether I could continue to hand over information without being sure I was doing right. I decided I could not do so."

The prosecutor said Fuchs was a Communist and at the same time one of the greatest living atomic scientists. He successfully fooled his associates into thinking him a "security-minded person," a retired RAF officer, Wing Commander Henry Arnold, testified. Arnold was security officer at Harwell.

Arnold testified Fuchs told him just before the arrest that he had passed on information to the Russians.

"Did you say, as security officer at the establishment, that it was technical information about the result of atomic research which might be of the greatest value to an enemy?" the prosecutor asked.

"Definitely," Arnold replied.

Michael W. Perris, deputy controller of atomic energy technical policy for the Ministry of Supply, which controls the research, testified Fuchs made a detailed statement in his presence. He said this concerned the nature of the information passed on to Russia. This information would be of value to a potential enemy, he said.

The witness said the giving of information to Russia fell into four periods: The first between 1942 and December, 1943; the second between December, 1943, and August, 1944, when Fuchs was in New York as a member of the British Atomic Energy Diffusion Commission; the third from August, 1944, to the Summer of 1946, when Fuchs was in a position to watch American activities in New Mexico, and the final period, from 1946 to 1949.

Perrin said Fuchs made brief contacts at intervals of one or two months, to deliver the documents involved. Toward the end of his activities, when he began, apparently, to have doubts about Russia, he gave less and less at longer intervals, the witness said.

On the witness stand Perrin quoted Fuchs as saying that one contact with a Russian agent was made at Boston, Mass., in February, 1945.

There was no elaboration of the circumstances.

The statement that he started making reports to the Russians in Boston was volunteered, Perrin added, as Fuchs was questioned at the war office.

The periodic and systematic contacts with Russian agents started at a somewhat later date, Fuchs's statement said.

by the prosecutor today at his hearing on two charges of violating Britain's Official Secrets Act:

[The prosecutor said he would skip the first pages and begin with the time in 1942 when the German-born scientist was released from wartime internment to do atomic research at Birmingham University.]

"I accepted it without knowing at first what work I was to do, but do not think it would have made any difference to my subsequent actions.

"When I learned about the purpose of the work, I decided to inform Russia and I established contact through another member of the Communist party.

"Continuous Contact"

"Since that time I have had continuous contact with persons completely unknown to me except that they would give information to the Russians.

"At this time I had complete confidence in Russian policy and I had no hesitation in giving all the information I had.

"I believed deliberately the Western Allies allowed Germany and Russia to fight each other to the death.

"I tried to concentrate on giving information on the results of my own work."

"Two Compartments"

The alleged statement said as his work went on he began to make friends and had to conceal his thoughts from them.

"I used my Marxian philosophy to conceal my thoughts which had to be separated into two compartments. One side was the man I wanted to be. I could be free and easy and happy with other people without fear of disclosing myself because I knew the other compartment would step in if I reached a danger point.

"It appeared to me at the time that I had become a free man because I had succeeded in the other compartmnt in establishing myself completely independent of the surrounding forces of society.

"Looking back now the best way is to call it controlled schizophrenia.

"I Had Doubts"

"In the postwar period I had doubts about Russian policy. Eventually I came to the point when I knew I disapproved of many of the actions of Russian policy. I still believed that Russia would build a new world and that I would take part in it.

"During this time I was not sure I could give all the information I had. (Fuchs had by then joined the staff at the British Government's atomic laboratory in Harwell.)

"However, it became more and more evident that Russia would spread her influence over Europe. I had to decide whether I could continue to hand over information without being sure I was doing right. I decided I could not do so.

Didn't Keep Date

"I did not come to one rendezvous because I was ill at the time and I decided not to go to the following one."

The purported statement said Fuchs learned soon after this that his father might take a university post in the Eastern zone of Germany although he disapproved of "many things" there.

"But I could not bring myself to stop my father from going there. But this made me face at least some of the facts about myself.

"I did not have the courage to fight it out for myself and therefore took it out of my hands by informing the authorities that my father was going to the Eastern zone.

More Convinced

"A few months passed and I became more and more convinced I had to leave Harwell. I was then confronted (by British investigators) with the fact that there was evidence I had given away information in New York.

"I first denied the allegations against me. Then it became clear to me that in leaving Harwell I should deal a grave blow to Harwell and to the work I had loved and also I would leave suspicion against friends I loved and on people who thought I was their friend.

"I realized that there were certain standards of moral behavior which you cannot disregard.

"Made By Circumstance"

"I found I myself was made by circumstance. I know I cannot go back on that and all I can do now is to try and repair the damage I have done. The first thing is to make sure Harwell will suffer as little as possible.

"Before I joined the project most of the English people I made personal contact with were Left-Wing and affected by a similar philosophy.

"Since coming to Harwell I have met English people of all kinds and I have come to see in many of them a deep-rooted firmness which enabled them to live a decent life."

Partial Text Of Fuchs's 'Confession' Released

FEB 10 1950

London, Feb. 10 (AP)—Following is a partial text of an alleged confession of Dr. Klaus Fuchs, read

A-Scientists Meet Under Close Guard

Harwell, England, Feb. 10 (AP)—A police guard three layers deep kept watch over a meeting of American, British and Canidian scientists at the Government's Atomic Laboratory here today.

The scientists are discussing what further information on atomic energy should be made public.

War Department police were posted around the laboratory grounds, around the building itself and at the door of the conference room.

All notes and blotters used at the meeting yesterday—first of the four-day conference—were burned by the police last night to guard against the leakage of any information.

No Reaction in Moscow

LONDON, Feb. 10 (AP).—Moscow failed to react noticeably to President Truman's announcement that the United States was going ahead with the hydrogen bomb, Sir David Kelly, British Ambassador to Russia, said today. He arrived by air from Moscow for a leave.

Petain, In Prison, Is Well, Wife Says

FEB 10 1950

Paris, Feb. 10 (AP)—Madame Henri Petain, wife of France's most famous prisoner, said today that her 94-year-old husband was in good health in his cell on the Isle d'Yeu.

"I get the impression, despite this," she said, "the Government has felt it should think about his funeral."

Madame Petain added drily that she thought the Marshal would almost surely outlive the Government of Premier Georges Bidault.

Marshal Petain, defender of Verdun in World War I, was imprisoned for the rest of his life after World War II for collaboration with the Nazis. He headed the French Government set up in Vichy during the occupation.

Wants Burial At Verdun

Madame Petain denied reports, published in France, that she wanted the general buried, after his death, on the Isle d'Yeu.

"I know that, on the contrary, the marshal has always expressed the desire to rest at Douaumont in the midst of his soldiers," she declared. Douaumont was one of the Verdun forts where Petain won glory 34 years ago.

Other reports, which French newspapers attributed to "a very sure source," said the Government had been studying the possibility of moving Marshal Petain to his property at Villeneuveloubet in the south of France. Madame Petain, they said, had insisted the move should not take place on the grounds that the old man was too feeble to make the journey.

Madame Petain denied this, too.

Berlin Barge Stoppage Expected (N)

T.A. REEDY

Berlin, Feb. 10 (AP)—A hitch in Soviet-controlled barge traffic to Berlin is coming up next, but it looks like a legitimate case, a British spokesman said today.

The northwest German radio announced the Russians intend to stop barge traffic to Berlin from Magdeburg, 70 miles southwest of Berlin. This is a secondary route in the intricate system of canals.

The British investigated. Their spokesman said the Russians intend to close the locks on the Rotensee for about ten days for repairs. He pointed out that most of the barge supplies enter the Berlin orbit by way of Hamburg, in the north.

Trucks Not Delayed

The Soviet-controlled railways handle the bulk of the supplies for West Berlin, under American, British and French occupation. They carry in from 9,000 to 12,000 tons a day. Barges and trucks supplement this flow.

The Russians permitted Berlin-bound truck traffic to flow readily this afternoon through their frontier checkpoint at Helmstedt, on the main highway 100 miles west

30.24- 8873

of this city.

Soviet and East German guards cleared trucks at a rate approaching twenty an hour, which is double the figure Western Allied authorities consider normal and satisfactory. A backlog of 100 trucks was reduced swiftly.

Countermeasures Ready

Trucks traveling from Berlin to West Germany went through even faster. In one hour, the rate reached 24.

John J. McCloy, United States High Commissioner, told a Berlin news conference the Western Allies have countermeasures ready for use if the Russians continue their harassment tactics. He did not go into detail.

West Germany recently shut off shipments of steel to East Germany on grounds the east zone lagged too far behind in delivery of materials to West Germany under a 1949 trade agreement. East Germany must import between 80 and 90 per cent of its steel.

McCloy said the steel embargo could not be called a reprisal for the recent Soviet slowdown of truck traffic, but he added pointedly:

"The Soviet arm-twisting tactics of the last few weeks would not make one overtolerant of Soviet sensibilities."

Minimizes Communist Rally

McCloy minimized the importance of a rally of 500,000 Communist youth planned by the Soviet zone for Berlin in the last week of May.

"This is not something to get tensed up about, but to watch and make our plans accordingly," he said. He told correspondents that, after the rally, "West Berlin will still be here and so will we."

The west Berlin press reported today Communism had been rebuffed in an election of student councils in various eastern universities this week.

The rebuff was reported to have come in the form of spoiled ballots. The candidates were pledged to the Communist "National Front," German-Soviet friendship and the Oder-Neisse River line as Germany's eastern border.

Only 20 In 107 Valid

The British-licensed *Telegraf Am Abend* said 2,355 students in the East Berlin University voted for the National Front ticket and 2,798 spoiled their ballots to indicate their opposition. The newspaper said the same tactics at Halle University, deep in the Soviet zone, resulted in only twenty valid ballots out of 107 cast.

The *Kurier*, published in the French sector, said up to 88 per cent of the ballots were mutilated in some schools.

Gerhart Eisler, chief of Soviet zone information office, said the vote for the National Front was overwhelming, but official figures will not be available for a few days.

McCloy Predicts Reprisals To Blockade

FEB 10 1950

Berlin, Feb. 10 (AP)—John J. McCloy, United States high commissioner, said today the Allies will impose countermeasures against East Germany if the Russians continue their "slow-down" blockade on Berlin highway trade.

McCloy said he would not describe as a "reprisal" the embargo on steel exports to the Eastern zone, announced February 6 by the West German Government, but he added:

"The arm-twisting tactics of the last few weeks would not make one overtolerant to Soviet sensibilities."

Shipments Cut Off

A previous announcement said steel shipments were being cut off because the East zone has failed to fulfill its part of the trade agreement providing for the steel deliveries.

This afternoon Soviet guards permitted Berlin-bound truck traffic to surge through the Helmstedt checkpoint 100 miles west of here. A backlog of almost 100 trucks was cut to 25.

Trucks traveling from Berlin to West Germany went through the check point even faster, and in one hourly period hit a peak of 24.

Earlier, Soviet and East German guards were reported again using delaying tactics, but this afternoon they were clearing trucks at a rate of almost twenty an hour—double the figure Western Allied authorities feel is satisfactory.

McCloy declined at a press conference here to say what reprisals Allied powers might invoke.

The High Commissioner said there was a "smell of propaganda" about plans for a rally of 500,000 Communist youths in Berlin May 28. At least three days of rallies are planned for the Whitsunday (May 28) week end.

"This is not something to get tensed up about, but to watch and make our plans accordingly," he said, adding:

"By June 1 West Berlin will still be here and so will we."

Some German sources had predicted East German Communists would attempt to seize control of West Berlin during the youth rally.

McCloy charged the Russians were "making a great effort to regiment youth in eastern Germany."

Bonn Names Farm Expert (N) As First Envoy To U.S.

B. CURRY

Frankfurt, Germany, Feb. 10 (AP). West Germany has nominated Dr. Hans Schlange-Schoeningen, 63-year-old farm expert whom Hitler once denounced as an "agrarian Bolshevist," as its first envoy to the United States.

The United States State Department announced today it has no objection to the appointment.

The West German Government was invited by the Allies last week to send envoys immediately to Washington, London and Paris. The United States High Commission has forwarded the nomination of Schlange-Schoeningen to the State Department.

Lives In British Zone

As the first postwar German accredited to the United States, he will have the title of consul general. He will have no diplomatic duties but will confine his activities to commercial and consular matters, including the promotion of cultural relations.

A farmer by birth, Schlange-Schoeningen now lives in the rural section of the British occupation zone. He specializes in wheat and sugar-beet growing and hog, sheep and cattle breeding.

He is a member of the right-wing Christian Democratic party, West Germany's dominant political group.

In the pre-Nazi German Reichstag, he was a deputy of the rightist German nationalist "People's party" and later of the strong right-wing "Peasants' party." In 1931 he became minister for the East German provinces under Chancellor Henrich Bruening.

Hitler denounced him as an "agrarian Bolshevist" for his resettlement and homestead building program. When Hitler became chancellor, Schlange-Schoeningen retired from politics to his big estate on the Oder River, near Stettin. This estate is now held by the Russians.

One Son Soviet Prisoner

Schlange-Schoeningen says he was a member of the group which plotted to kill Hitler with a bomb in 1944. The plot was carried out by army officers, but failed.

Schlange-Schoeningen has four children. His eldest son is a farmer in West Germany. Another son and his daughter live in Brazil. The youngest son is a prisoner of war in Russia.

Two U.S. Soldiers Confess (N) Kidnapping For Russians

G. K. HODENFIELD

Vienna, Feb. 10 (AP)—Two American GI's have confessed a kidnap-for-profit deal with Russian agents, the United States Army announced today.

The two snatched an Austrian last November 11—Armistice Day—and handed him over to the agents for $250, the announcement said, adding that profit was the sole motive and indicating politics never entered the soldiers' minds.

The two soldiers will be tried by a general court martial within a few weeks. The Army identified them as Sergt. John Frankey, 29, Madison, Wis., and Corporal Paul Abel, 26, Bolivar, Mo.

A Happy-Go-Lucky Sort

If convicted the two face dishonorable discharges from the Army and long prison terms at hard labor.

Frankey is known to members of his battalion as a happy-go-lucky sort who likes fun. He and Abel, the Army said, got a jeep for holiday use, apparently just because it was Armistice Day, and used it to transport the victim, Oswald Eder, from his home to the hands of the Russian agents.

Numerous Charges Expected

The Army recently announced it had smashed a Soviet-sponsored kidnap-ring which had been spiriting displaced persons out of the American zone of Austria and handing them over to the Russians for pay. Eder, employed as a night watchman in a Vienna radio manufacturing plant, was described as a native Romanian who held German and then Austrian citizenship.

Rather than risk the chance of becoming further involved in the kidnap ring—in view of the army expose—the two soldiers gave themselves up, an army officer said. He said they felt they would be caught sooner or later anyway.

The full list of charges to be filed against the two men has not yet been completed but there are indications the counts will be numerous and detailed.

The confession statement said that they abducted 39-year-old Eder in the British sector of Vienna and took him in the jeep to a rendezvous in the Soviet sector, where they were paid 7,000 shillings ($250) for their services.

Both men served overseas in the Army Air Force during the war. Frankey was a first sergeant with the 8th Air Force in England and Abel was with an ordnance outfit in the Mediterranean.

In Difficulties Before

Army investigators said Abel made the initial contact with the smuggling ring while selling a stolen radio. The purchaser told him bigger money could be made if he would agree to kidnap persons wanted by the Russians. Abel agreed and recruited Frankey to help him according to the army report.

Abel had been in difficulties with army authorities once before and was sentenced to six months at hard labor.

According to army records, Abel was born in Bolivar, Mo., where his mother and father still live.

Frankey was born at Madison, Wis. He enlisted at Brockton, Mass. His mother was listed as Mrs. Frances E. Powers of New York.

He attended the University of Wisconsin in 1938 and 1939, studying physical education, and was later employed by the Wisconsin State Health Department as physical instructor.

2 GI's Confess Kidnapping For Russ

FEB 10 1950

Vienna, Austria, Feb. 10 (AP)—The United States Army announced today that two American soldiers have confessed they kidnapped an Austrian citizen for a Soviet-directed agency last November.

The soldiers, the Army reported, said they were paid 7,000 schillings ($250) for the abduction. The Army identified them as Sergt. John Frankey, 29, of Brockton, Mass., and Corporal Paul Abel, 26, of Bolivar, Mo.

The men, both members of a military police battalion, said they abducted 39-year-old Oswald Eder in the British sector of Vienna and took him in an army jeep to a rendezvous point in the Soviet zone of Austria.

Gave Selves Up

Officers quoted the two as saying they voluntarily gave themselves up "because the recent exposé of the Soviet-controlled abduction ring in Austria convinced us we would be caught sooner or later."

The Army said a preliminary investigation had failed to disclose the soldiers had any other than a monetary motive for the abduction.

The Army on January 10 announced it had smashed a Soviet-sponsored kidnapping ring engaged in spiriting displaced persons out of the American zone of Austria and turning them over to Russian authorities.

Native Of Romania

Eder was described as a native of Romania who acquired first German, then Austrian citizenship. At the time of his disappearance he was employed as a night watchman in a Vienna radio manufacturing plant.

FEB 10 1950

U.S. Envoy Speeds Slavs' Fund Plea

Belgrade, Yugoslavia, Feb. 10 (AP)—United States Ambassador George Allen passed on to Washington today Yugoslavia's appeal for quick action on three pending requests for dollar aid amounting to $36,000,000.

The money is split up like this: Twenty-five million dollars from the World Bank, $5,000,000 from the Export-Import Bank and $6,000,000 from the World Monetary Fund.

The request for action was initiated by Foreign Minister Edvard Kardelj two days ago during a visit by Allen to the Foreign Office to discuss Yugoslav-American affairs.

Yugoslavia needs the cash to buy machinery for increased output of raw materials to meet its growing number of trade obligations with the West.

was later released and expelled from the country.

Open Proceedings Promised

Later, Davis said he had seen the Hungarian deputy premier, Matyas Rakosi, about Vogeler's defense and was told by Rakosi that he could have all the Hungarian attorneys he wants. Rakosi told Davis the question of an American attorney appearing in a Hungarian court would have to be "considered" and said he could give no assurance it would be permitted.

Davis said he had been assured "the proceedings will be open to the public so that the world can see that the trial is a fair one."

FEB 10 1950

Hungary Sets Vogeler Trial

Budapest, Feb. 10 (AP)—Robert A. Vogeler, an American business man held incommunicado for thirteen weeks, will go on trial February 17 on charges of sabotage and spying, the Hungarian Ministry of Justice announced today.

The Ministry said Edgar Sanders, a British subject and aide of Vogeler's, and five Hungarian nationals—alleged accomplices will be tried by a Budapest court at the same time.

A Government announcement December 24, described Vogeler and Sanders as professional spies and said "all the accused confessed under the weight of evidence."

Executive Of I.T.& T.

Vogeler, a former resident of La Grange (Ill.), is a vice president of the International Telephone and Telegraph Company and that company's representative in Central Europe. He was arrested last November 18 after he left his Budapest hotel to return to his home in Vienna.

As a result of Vogeler's arrest, the United States ordered the two Hungarian consulates in New York and Cleveland closed and banned travel of Americans to Hungary. Britain broke off negotiations for a trade agreement between the two countries in retaliation for Sanders's arrest.

The Hungarian Government refused to permit the American minister, Nathaniel P. Davis, to interview either Vogeler or Israel Jacobson, an American Jewish welfare agency director here, who

Nationalists Attack Train

Hong Kong, Feb. 10 (AP)—Strafed by Nationalist planes near the Hong Kong border, 450 Chinese train passengers got off and hiked the remaining 75 miles to Canton rather than risk a new attack, eyewitnesses reported today.

Two fighters attacked the train Thursday near Shumchun, killing two and wounding six passengers. The train soon started again, but some passengers who returned to Hong Kong said 450 of the 500 aboard chose to walk for safety's sake.

U.S. Aid Fulfills Pledge To Philippines

Manila, Feb. 10 (AP)—The United States Embassy today issued a statement declaring that $163,500,000 worth of supplies and equipment issued to the Philippines more than fulfilled its commitments under the 1947 agreement between the two countries.

The statement was in answer to charges on the Philippines Senate floor by anti-administration Senator Camilo Osias that the United States had failed to develop its military bases in the islands and to fulfill its promises of military aid to Philippines armed forces.

BRAZIL SEEKS 3 SUSPECTS

Asks Extradition From Bolivia on Alleged Plot Charge

RIO DE JANEIRO, Feb. 10 (AP)—Brazil today asked extradition from Bolivia of three men held in La Paz in an alleged Communist plot to overthrow the Bolivian Government.

The three are Agildo Barata, former Rio de Janeiro alderman; Joao Amazonas and Jose Crispim, both former Communist Deputies in the Brazilian Parliament. The Communist party now is outlawed in Brazil.

The Bolivian police captured the three near the border and said they had found much propaganda material, including documents declaring that a Communist revolt in Brazil was imminent.

The Brazilian police said that the Bolivian authorities had informed them that the documents referred to the imminence of revolt all over Latin America, and that the Brazilian Government would be "overthrown this year." The Brazilian police alleged that the men had been directing plots from the Bolivian border against Chile and Peru also.

U.S. APPROVES 100 MILLION AID INDONESIA

FEB 10 1950

Grants Recovery Loan As Part Of Scheme To Check Communism

Washington, Feb. 10 (AP)—The United States Government today agreed to lend up to $100,000,000 to the new United States of Indonesia.

The loan credit, biggest in months, fits in with the United States policy of trying to stop communism by strengthening local Nationalist regimes over the world. The money is to be used by Indonesia to finance purchases in this country of industrial material and equipment for reconstruction of the Indonesian economy.

The United States loan commitment was made by the Government's Export-Import Bank and announced by the bank's chairman, Herbert E. Gaston.

Actual advances of funds will be made as Indonesia presents the bank with specific needs.

Machinery Orders To Lag

Gaston said funds to buy railroad cars, trucks and the like may begin flowing in a matter of weeks but that longer times would be required for such items as heavy machinery, where deliveries lag months behind placing of orders.

Indonesia, an independent nation of 75,000,000, is faced with a major task of restoring production to an economy not yet recovered from wartime Japanese occupation.

The United States State Department helped work out the agreement by which Holland granted independence, under the Dutch crown, to its former Pacific possession last December 27. The department also backed the $100,000,000 loan commitment for rehabilitation of the new republic.

The United States funds will go principally to repair of war-destroyed and damaged port, railway, highway and processing facilities, replacement of damaged or destroyed transportation equipment, and for equipment and materials to produce and process agricultural products.

Plans Development

Gaston and Dr. D. Sumitro, an economic expert of the Indonesian Republic here, said Indonesia was embarked on a four or five-year development program requiring $600,000,000 to $700,000,000 in foreign capital goods.

They said Indonesia would need about $250,000,000 to $300,000,000 in productive equipment from this country, and a sizable part of those needs would be met out of the Export-Import Bank's advances.

On the money Indonesia draws, it is to pay 3½ per cent interest annually and pay off the principal in twenty years. Payments on principal are to start five years from the time the money is used.

The amount is the largest since the Export-Import Bank agreed to lend Israel $100,000,000 months ago. Israel has obtained a number of advances since, but still has about $6,500,000 available on the credit total.

Predicts Progress

Indonesia's minister of economy, Djuanda, flew to the United States recently to submit comprehensive plans for Indonesian rehabilitation and development. The Export-Import Bank has reviewed these plans in the last few weeks.

Gaston said that although Indonesia had great problems, "the material and human resources of Indonesia offer every prospect of successful progress."

He pointed out that before the war, Indonesia produced more than a third of the world's natural rubber, almost a fifth of its tin and tea, a fourth of its palm oil and cocoanut products, four fifths of its pepper, and large quantities of other essential commodities, including oil, coffee, sugar, sisal and kapok.

U.S. SHIP TO RUN CHINA BLOCKADE

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 10—(AP) The skipper of the Flying Trader said today he's going to take his ship back to communist China no matter what the United States says.

Alexander C. Hager, 61-year-old master of the ship which was here loading cargo bound for China, told a reporter: "I am still working for Hans Isbrandtsen, and not President Truman or Secretary of State Acheson."

The vessel is owned by the Isbrandtsen Lines and is a sister ship of the Flying Arrow. The Flying Arrow was shelled by the Chinese nationalists off Shanghai last month.

The short, burly Hager told of slipping through the nationalists blockade of Shanghai last October and said he is going back to Shanghai on this next trip to the Far East.

Hager, a convoy veteran of the wartime landings at Normandy, New Guinea and the Philippines, said he has no fear of running the nationalist gantlet.

"That's the way all the Isbrandtsen skippers feel," he said.

"They know that Hans Isbrandtsen, the owner, will back them up."

When the Flying Arrow case brought the issu to a head, the U. S. government warned American ships not to try and get into Shanghai. Nationalists gunboats patrol the mouth of the Yangtze river on which the port is located.

The Flying Trader is scheduled to leave for the Far East by way of the Suez Canal. She will touch at a number of Red held China ports.

SENATOR SNUBS SOVIET WRITER

McMahon Stops Conference Attended By Tass Woman

FEB 10 1950

Washington, Feb. 10 (AP)—Senator McMahon (D., Conn.), chairman of the Senate-House Atomic Energy Committee, cut short a news conference today because a correspondent for Tass, the Russian news agency, was present.

McMahon, being questioned about a closed-door meeting with members of the Atomic Energy Commission, was asked how much money would be needed to develop a hydrogen bomb.

"If I knew I wouldn't tell you," McMahon retorted. "We have a representative here who transmits every word I say directly to the Soviet Union. That's the kind of system we run."

With that reply, McMahon walked out of the room.

McMahon obviously was referring to Tass representative Jean Montgomery who was seated with other reporters at the conference table. She made no reply to McMahon's remark.

McMahon Walks Out Of Room

Newsmen later asked the senator whether the presence of a Tass representative will mean the end of news conference discussions of atomic energy developments. McMahon replied:

"No, but I just couldn't resist that remark. I'm tired of making it any easier for them than I have to."

It was the second time that McMahon has cut short his answers. He was talking informally with newsmen off the Senate floor earlier this week when one reporter, Rob F. Hall, identified himself as representing the *Daily Worker*, the New York Communist newspaper.

McMahon cut off a reply he had started to give, and walked out of the room.

Some members of Congress and other officials occasionally give newsmen "background" information, either on an off-the-record basis or for use without attribution.

Can Attend News Conferences

Representatives of Tass and the *Daily Worker* have the same accreditation as virtually all other Washington reporters.

This entitles them to attend news conferences by President Truman, Dean Acheson, Secretary of State, and other Government officials; to seats in the Senate and House press galleries and at the press table at all congressional commit-

U.S. Betrayed Chinese, Senator Wherry Says

Los Angeles, Feb. 10 (AP)—Senator Wherry (R., Neb.) said today that the United States is "losing the cold war," but "there still is time to reverse the Red tide in the Pacific."

He contended that President Truman was party to "secret deals" through which, he said, China "was betrayed into the grip of communism."

He said this country now should supply the Chinese Nationalists with military equipment to help them hold Formosa.

"Formosa," Wherry said, "is the last citadel of freedom-loving people in China."

Brannan Plan Assailed

The Senate minority leader's criticism of Administration foreign policy was made in a speech prepared for delivery at a Republican Lincoln Day meeting.

"In its conduct of foreign affairs, the Administration has broken faith with the Republican party and the nation," he said.

Wherry blamed the Administration for what he termed "the armament race, back-breaking taxes, inflation and deficit spending."

"And worst of all," he said, "is the Brannan plan—a plan to Sovietize the farmers. It is a swindle."

Work For Government

He referred to the Administration-backed farm program proposed by Secretary of Agriculture Brannan.

Under this plan, Wherry said, farmers would work for the Government. They would be paid a "production subsidy, and the American taxpayer would pick up the check."

The Republican Senator said that "wrangling and backbiting have raged in the national defense establishment" since the end of the war, and that "our defenses in Alaska are woefully weak in the light of modern warfare."

He said that "most of our troubles . . . stem from a leadership that is tainted by a concept of Government which does not square with the American heritage.

tee hearings open to the public.

The Defense Department said no Tass or *Daily Worker* reporter has asked for accreditation to the Pentagon since the unification law went into effect after the war. However, that accreditation is useful only for entering the building after regular hours—from 8 A.M. until 6 P.M. Mondays through Fridays.

Reporters for Tass, but not for the *Daily Worker*, were accredited as war correspondents during World War II.

M'Mahon Backs Plan To Develop H-Bomb

Washington, Feb. 10 (AP)—Senator McMahon (D., Conn.) today approved the Atomic Energy Commission's plans for development of the hydrogen superbomb.

McMahon also said that as far as money is concerned there is no immediate problem in carrying out President Truman's order to the AEC to continue developing the bomb.

The commission's plans for work on the weapon were outlined to the Joint Congressional Atomic Energy Committee behind closed doors.

Fuchs Data Aids Russ

McMahon, the committee chairman, said later that the AEC outline is "satisfactory to me." He said he was speaking only for himself, since the committee took no formal action.

Before the committee meeting, Senator Tydings (D., Md.) said that information Russia got from Dr. Klaus Fuchs, a British atomic scientist, may speed Soviet development of the H-bomb by a year or more.

Tydings, a member of the Joint Atomic Energy Committee and chairman of the Armed Services Committee, said he is satisfied that Fuchs gave the Russians "accurate theoretical information, as well as some practical data" about the H-bomb.

"If They Are Able"

"The information he has given them probably will advance their development of a hydrogen bomb a year or more—if they are able to make such a bomb," Tydings said.

The Senator said he thinks the odds are in favor of the United States being able to produce an H-bomb, although he said scientists have voiced some doubts.

Concerning Fuchs, McMahon said the joint committee's inquiry into that case is not finished.

No Copy Of Confession

"There is nothing we can do at the present time," he said, adding that Fuchs's alleged confession that he has peddled atomic secrets to Russia for seven years is not in the committee's hands yet.

He said the group wants to see the full text to learn, if possible, what data Fuchs "stole and gave away."

McMahon said FBI Director J. Edgar Hoover has promised to keep him fully advised on developments.

The Senator also said closed-door civilian defense hearings will begin Wednesday. Public hearings in the effort to see what can be done in this country in event of an atomic attack may begin March 1.

AEC Still Accepts British Clearance

Washington, Feb. 10 (AP)—The Atomic Energy Commission said tonight that it still accepts British security clearance for scientists coming to this country for limited atomic work.

That does not include the more vital aspects, such as new weapons developed in the past three years, a commission official said.

The commission was asked whether it accepted British security clearance since Dr. Klaus Fuchs, German-born British scientist, has confessed, British officials said in court, to giving American and British atomic secrets to the Russians.

"There has been no change in our arrangements with the British," the AEC official said.

"We have assurances that the clearance is comparatively the same as given our own people," he added.

Clearance is given visiting scientists for work only in the comparatively limited area in which the United States, Great Britain and Canada operate together on atomic research.

SAYS LEFTISTS HOLD U.S. JOBS

McCarthy Tells Of 57 Communists In State Department

Salt Lake City, Utah, Feb. 10 (AP). Senator McCarthy (R., Wis.) said tonight that under certain conditions, he would give Dean Acheson, Secretary of State, the names of "57 card-carrying Communists" in the State Department.

He said he would give Acheson the names if he telephoned him, and if "Acheson would show his sincerity by having a presidential order revoked, at least insofar as the 57 are concerned. The order prohibits Government departments from turning over loyalty records to congresional committees."

"Not Known" By Department

In Washington today, Lincoln White, press officer of the State Department, said of McCarthy's charge:

"We know of no Communist member in the department and if we find any they will be summarily discharged."

McCarthy said:

"It would be a waste of effort to give Acheson the names, then have him deny they are Communists and we can not get the records."

He added that "there are some very high-type people in the State Department and they are infinitely disturbed about this whole thing."

McCarthy declared the Presiloyalty board screened about 3,000 persons in the State Department. It described 289 of them as "bad risks," he said.

Says 207 Are Still In Units

He declared 207 of these are still in the department and that this group includes "57 card-carrying Communists."

The Wisconsin Senator said the sources of his information were varied, that he would not reveal them. In this connection, he added, "the House Un-American Activities Committee should get credit for the initial work."

McCarthy will address a Lincoln Day dinner at Reno, Nev., tomorrow night. He also has a speech scheduled at Las Vegas, Nev.

CHRISTOFFEL CASE DEADLOCK ENDS

House To Show No Minutes Were Kept Of Hearing

Washington, Feb. 10 (AP)—A dismissal threat hanging over the Harold Christoffel perjury retrial diminished today when an impass between the House and Federal District Court started to dissolve.

Meanwhile, the trial was recessed until Monday.

Christoffel is a former Milwaukee labor leader, accused of lying to the House Labor Committee on March 1, 1947, when he said he wasn't a Communist and never had Communist connections. The committee at the time was investigating alleged Communist infiltration of labor unions.

The House and the court deadlocked over whether the records of a closed-door committee session that followed Christoffel's testimony that day should be produced at the trial.

No Records Were Kept

The defense demanded the committee's minutes book. Judge F. Dickinson Letts twice issued subpoenas for it. And twice the House balked at producing any records.

Judge Letts insisted the minutes book "must be here in this court." Some quarters said the case against Christoffel might be dismissed unless the House relented.

But the situation changed over night.

House officials now say they cannot produce minutes of that executive session because none were kept. A Judiciary subcommittee handling the problem agreed this morning on a resolution stating just that.

Would Satisfy Judge

The House may adopt the resolution Monday and send it to Judge Letts. Letts indicated in court this morning that such action would satisfy him, and that a certified copy of the record of the open hearing at which Christoffel testified would be satisfactory.

But O. John Rogge, defense attorney, was not satisfied. He talked of taking the case as high as the Supreme Court.

Rogge maintains that regardless of testimony to the contrary, the necessary quorum of 13 committee members wasn't present to hear Christoffel. He argues that the minutes will help him prove only a few members attended the executive session that immediately followed.

Wants To Question Hartley

Rogge said he wants to question former Republican Representative Fred Hartley, of New Jersey, chairman of the labor committee in 1947, W. Manly Sheppard, who was committee clerk, and Bingham W. Mathias, who was minority clerk.

"I want to examine them," he told Judge Letts, "with the minutes book in court. . . . I know there were minutes of the executive session. I also want to examine Mr. Hartley on other points.

North Carolina Wants Pelley Upon Release

Asheville, N.C., Feb. 10 (AP)—North Carolina authorities want William Dudley Pelley when the former Silver Shirt leader is released on parole from the Federal Penitentiary at Terre Haute, Ind.

Solicitor W. K. McLean said today penitentiary officials had been asked to hold Pelley for return to North Carolina.

Pelley, 60-year-old former Asheville publisher, is scheduled to be released Tuesday on parole. He is serving a sentence imposed upon him during World War II for sedition.

Pelley was convicted here in 1935 of violating securities laws and was fined and given a suspended prison sentence. A Superior Court judge ruled in 1939 he had violated terms of the suspended sentence. But North Carolina waived its claim at that time because Pelley then was under indictment at Noblesville, Ind., on sedition charges.

Maragon Trial Postponed

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10 (AP).—The perjury trial of John Maragon, who claimed friends in the White House, was postponed today until April 17. It had been set for Feb. 20. The defense asked for the delay, and government prosecutors did not oppose it. Mr. Maragon is accused of lying to the Senate committee that investigated five percenters about his financial and business affairs.

Mrs. McCullough's Defense In Suit Hit by Draper, Adler

NEW HAVEN, Feb. 10—(AP) Counsel for entertainers Paul Draper and Larry Adler in their $200,000 libel suit against Mrs. Hester McCullough asked Federal Judge Carroll C. Hinks today to strike out her special defense.

The Greenwich woman, in combatting the action, filed an answer containing a purported history of the communist party in the United States and its penetration into various phases of American life, particularly the entertainment industry, through the use of so-called "communist front" organizations.

The plaintiffs' lawyer, Frederick H. Wiggin, contended much of this material would be excluded by the rules of evidence at the trial. He protested that her defense was "full of epithets" and appeared to be an "effort to create an atmosphere which ought not to be created."

Attorney C. Driscoll Grimes, representing Mrs. McCullough, argued that "matters of truth" in libel cases must be pleaded in detail. He contended that the defense had a right to include "facts of public knowledge" about the communist party.

Draper a tap dancer, and his harmonica-playing partner, Adler, filed suit against Mrs. McCullough in January, 1949, after she had published statements protesting against their booking for a Greenwich concert. They charged that she had libeled them by accusing them of pro-communist sympathies.

Her defense listed several organizations which she claimed were "communist fronts" with which the entertainers had been associated.

Judge Hincks reserved decision after hearing the arguments. He has been asked by Mrs. McCullough to set a date for the trial when the February court term opens next Tuesday.

Martin-Built Rocket Hits 51-Mile Altitude

Washington, Feb. 10 (AP)—The Navy said today that a Viking rocket fired yesterday at White Sands, N.M., reached an altitude of 51 miles.

A navy officer said it could have climbed higher, but the ascent was cut off from ground controls when the rocket began veering slightly off the proving ground.

Four Tons Of Fuel

The rocket, built by the Glenn L. Martin Company, of Baltimore, was fired at 4.45 P.M. yesterday in the third in a series of ten firings under the direction of the Naval Research Laboratory.

The Viking is 48 feet long and 32 inches in diameter. The Navy said it is designed for upper atmosphere research.

On its flight yesterday, the rocket carried instruments weighing 528 pounds and fuel—liquid oxygen and alcohol — weighing 8,000 pounds.

Vibrations Recorded

The Viking carried instruments to record vibration of its motor and nose section, performance of its power plant, temperatures and pressure, the spectrum of the sun in the ultraviolet region, cosmic radiation and X-radiation.

The Navy Department said recordings received by radio from the rocket were excellent and that the upper atmosphere research was satisfactory.

It said it does not know whether the remains of the rocket and its recording instruments have yet been found.

Soviet Industry More Diversified, Better Equipped Than Before War

[How about Russian industry? Is it working? Will it collapse? Some of the answers to these questions are furnished by Edmund Stevens, staff correspondent of the Christian Science Monitor, who has just concluded a three-year tour of duty in Moscow. This is the last of four articles digested from a series of 40 installments written by Stevens after leaving Russia. The material was made available to the Associated Press by the editors of the Monitor.]

New York, Feb. 10 (AP) — Soviet industrialization has rolled ahead with gathering momentum since the war, and Soviet industry today is far more diversified and better equipped technically than ever before, says Edmund Stevens, until recently the *Christian Science Monitor's* Moscow correspondent.

Any realistic approach to understanding Russia must be based upon recognition that the Soviet Union is a going concern and no mere visionary attempt at Utopia, Stevens warns. The Soviet system, he said, will not collapse because of unworkability.

"The lower efficiency standards of Soviet performance are to some extent neutralized by the fact that under the Soviet co-ordinated economic planning, some of the waste and duplication of competitive economy are eliminated," his report points out.

Regimented Labor Pool

The unlimited pool of regimented labor, plus elimination of unemployment and crisis of overproduction, has given the Soviet centralized control system an edge on the free economy of capitalism, the reporter asserted.

Today Soviet industry is continuing an eastward shift begun during the war. In the light of wartime lessons, cities of industry are springing up beyond the urals in Siberia —cities like Asbest (for asbestos), Magnitogorsk, iron and steel; Miass, automotive industry; Krasnoturinsk, aluminum, and hosts of other mining and industrial towns.

But today it is impossible to find out just how Soviet industry is doing. Stevens concedes the Russians scored impressive postwar gains in the reconstruction of war-devastated areas, in lifting industrial and agricultural production beyond the prewar peak. But the only published material on production is in percentages of plan-fulfillment or percentages of gains over previous years.

Basic Figures Secret

Since the basic figures on which these percentages are calculated are a close secret, the publication of the percentages simply serves to mystify the reader. Not only are the Russians secretive about production of war potential, but they are coy about even such peacetime consumer goods figures as galoshes and sausages.

There have been recently, however, frank public admissions from high officials indicating that the Soviet Union is running short of oil. This, says Stevens, explains why the Soviet Government "casts a roving and covetous eye on foreign sources of oil" and was chagrined when its oil-concessions deal with neighboring Iran fell through.

Soviet oil consumption, with rising automotive production, bids fair to soar in the immediate future. But even now, says Stevens, the supply "is barely abreast of the demands and the scarcity of lubricants, in particular, has led to extensive efforts to save and refine motor oil."

[Only last week the Soviet newspaper *Pravda* lashed the oil industry as among those lagging behind its 1949 goal.]

Probable Oil Reserves

Vast uncharted oil reserves probably exist somewhere beneath the U.S.S.R. subsoil, but prospecting has still to locate them. Some new strikes have been made, but meanwhile no effort is spared to get utmost production from the existing fields.

On the consumer-goods front, Soviet trade, says Stevens, suffers from waste and inefficiency which "stems directly from the absence in the Government trade system of the commercial competitive element."

"No Soviet Government trade organization can go bankrupt, no matter how mismanaged, unless the Government as a whole goes bankrupt," says Stevens. "Moreover, by eliminating the profit motive from trade, the Soviet trade system tends to deprive management and sales personnel of the main incentive toward greater effort and efficiency."

For instance, stores are stocked without regard for consumer demand.

"Grafting Is Common"

"Besides bad management," the reporter continues, "petty grafting is fairly common in Soviet retail trade. One of the favorite practices, judging by press reports, is for a store manager to mark up certain highly saleable items just a fraction above the authorized retail price. He then splits the difference with his bookkeeper and sales force."

Occasionally, there are large-scale scandals. The press inveighs constantly against all this. Meanwhile, the open market operates in consumer goods, tolerated, though a vestige of capitalism, because it is operated by the law of supply and demand. When the time is ripe, says Stevens, the Government, through tax and price-regulation devices, will "push to the wall the last vestiges of private trade" and liquidate the open market.

Expanding Steadily

Stevens gives a picture like this:

Domestic production of consumer goods is expanding steadily, but much still must be imported, with Czechoslovakia a prime supplier. Moscow stores offer a wide choice of Czech dresses, priced at approximately 350 rubles ($70); rayon stockings at up to 75 rubles ($13.60) a pair (nylons still were not on the market); men's suits starting at 600 rubles ($113); men's shirts at 60 rubles ($11.30); leather shoes up to 400 rubles ($75.20).

Top prices are paid cheerfully by the higher-income groups. But they are steep for the white collar worker, earning from $97 to $198 a month, and still steeper for the great mass of low-paid people.

A Soviet-made vacuum cleaner costs 1,200 rubles ($226); electric refrigerators, the equivalent of $555 and $1,360. Radios range from the $47 table model to the $1,880 consoles.

Astronomical Price

The Zis automobile is a good car, says Stevens, though at an astronomical price. The Zis 110, a copy of the American Packard—Stalin's favorite make—is virtually a custom-made model and "a high class automobile in every respect," says Stevens. One of the mass production cars is the trim four-cylinder Pobyeda (Victory), 1,600 of which serve as Moscow taxis. Released in March, 1947, by the Moltov plant at Gorky, it costs 18,000 rubles ($3,600). There also is an M-1, Soviet version of the 1933 Ford, for this "low-price" market.

As far as most consumers are concerned, all these goods are just showroom samples of better days to come. You cannot, says Stevens, set up a bulky refrigerator, even if you could afford it, in a cramped communal kitchen. The two square yards of rug space you would get in the communal house would not warrant a vacuum cleaner.

U.N. AID ASKED TO HALT RAIDS ON SHANGHAI

U.S. And Foreign Colony Leaders Protest Bombing By Nationalists

F. W. CARPENTER (N)

Lake Success, N.Y., Feb. 10 (AP). The United States Government and foreign colony leaders from seventeen non-Communist countries in Red Shanghai protested today against Nationalist China air-bombings.

They called on Chang Kai-shek's Formosa-Island-based Government to spare lives and property in the world's fourth largest city, and asked the United Nations to have Chiang call off his bombers.

No Rusisans were listed among the heads of alien civic and religious organizations joining in the appeal to the United Nations.

Plea Sent To Trygve Lie

The State Department anonunced in Washington it had dispatched to the China Nationalists a demand for cessation of "deliberate" bomb attacks on American-owned installations in Shanghai, and for assurances that no more would take place.

Shanghai foreign colony leaders sent their plea to Trygve Lie, United Nations secretary general, begging the United Nations to stop raids and avert a calamity.

The United Nations will circulate the plea to the 59 members as a nongovernmental document. It will do nothing more about the appeal unless a member country wants to press the issue here.

Since the United States was protesting on Formosa about the time the plea arrived here, some United

Nations officials speculated the United States might want to take up the document. There was no immediate comment from the United States delegation.

Protests Based On Monday Raid

These developments came as Lie told his weekly news conference that persistent negotiation and conciliation in the United Nations was the best way to prevent a third world war.

Lie said efforts to break the stalemate in the United Nations over the China case so far had been fruitless. He said he will keep trying.

The protests were based on a Nationalist China raid last Monday noon. The State Department said the American-owned Shanghai Power Company and the Standard-Vacuum Oil Company installations at Shanghai were damaged.

The appeal to Lie, sent through the United Nations Information Center in Shanghai, said hundreds of people were killed in that raid, lights were knocked out in a large part of the city and water was short everywhere.

It noted the Nationalists had dropped leaflets warning of the raids to come but said it is impossible for many of the city's 5,000,000 inhabitants to leave their homes and improvise living quarters elsewhere.

Immediate U.N. Action Urged

If the bombing continues, the plea said, it can only bring "the disaster of widespread unemployment, starvation, epidemics and death. Hundreds of thousands more will be involved in the other threatened cities" including Peiping, the Red capital. The plea added:

"We protest this sacrifice of human lives and we appeal to the United Nations in the name of all the principles for which the organization stands to take immediate action, namely to approach the proper authorities to forestall the calamity which faces these defenseless, suffering human beings and allow them freedom to live."

The United Nations Information Center reported the appeal was signed by British, Dutch, Swiss, Canadian, Australian, New Zealand, Danish, German, Iranian, Indian, Italian French, Swedish, Norwegian, American, Pakistani and Belgian residents' associations; also the Shanghai Chambers of Commerce and clubs of the same nationalities, the Church World Service, Rotary, the Jewish Community, American Joint Distribution of Catholic Welfare, Protestant, Catholic, Jewish and Moslem religious heads and "many others." 4 add.

Nationalist Raid On Shanghai Protested (D)

Lake Success, Feb. 10 (AP)—The United States State Department and civic and religious leaders of seventeen Nationalities in Red Shanghai protested today against bombings by Nationalist China warplanes.

The foreigners under bombings in Shanghai reported heavy casualties among civilians last Monday. The protested against such sacrificing of human lives and appealed to the United Nations to intervene.

Secretary of State Acheson protested to the Nationalist Government on Formosa through the American charge d'affaires at Taipei. Acheson said the attacks were made deliberately on American power plant property in Shanghai.

Ask U.N. Action

The appeal asking the United Nations to take immediate action with the Nationalists was circulated here as a communication from non-governmental organizations. It goes to all the 59 national delegations as an informative memorandum which may be taken up if any country decides to press for recognition of it as an official document.

The Russians, who would be most likely to pursue such a complaint here, are boycotting all thirteen United Nations organs that have met so far this year in their campaign to unseat the Nationalist delegation and seat the Chinese Reds.

Yugoslavia continues in attendance on organs where it is represented and is keeping the anti-Nationalist campaign alive.

Leaders in Shanghai's foreign colony said destruction of power and other vital installations were making the city uninhabitable. (AP)

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FUCHS FIRST WAS ASSIGNED TO WORK AT BIRMINGHAM UNIVERSITY ON ATOMIC RESEARCH. THE PROSECUTOR SAID FUCHS RELATED IN HIS STATEMENT:

"WHEN I LEARNED ABOUT THE PURPOSE OF THE WORK, I DECIDED TO INFORM RUSSIA AND ESTABLISH CONTACT THROUGH ANOTHER MEMBER OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY. 000-LDN-(Fuchs-Klaus) Espionage in Britain

"SINCE THAT TIME I HAVE HAD CONTINUOUS CONTACT WITH PERSONS COMPLETELY UNKNOWN TO ME EXCEPT THAT THEY WOULD GIVE INFORMATION TO THE RUSSIANS.

"AT THIS TIME I HAD COMPLETE CONFIDENCE IN RUSSIAN POLICY AND I HAD NO HESITATION IN GIVING ALL THE INFORMATION I HAD."

BUT LATER, THE STATEMENT SAID, FUCHS BEGAN TO DISAPPROVE OF "MANY OF THE ACTIONS OF RUSSIAN POLICY." FUCHS HAD NOW JOINED THE HARWELL RESEARCH ESTABLISHMENT AND THE STATEMENT SAID "DURING THIS TIME I WAS NOT SURE I COULD GIVE ALL THE INFORMATION I HAD."

THE DOCUMENT SAID ILLNESS KEPT FUCHS AWAY FROM ONE RENDEZVOUS WITH AN AGENT, ADDING "AND I DECIDED NOT TO GO TO THE FOLLOWING ONE."

THE PROSECUTOR SAID FUCHS STILL HAD BELIEVED HE MIGHT HAVE SOME SAY IN A SOVIET-DOMINATED WORLD AND HELP TO SET THINGS RIGHT.

"THE LEFT WING COMPARTMENT OF HIS SPLIT MIND CONTINUED IN THE SERVICE OF THE RUSSIANS," HUMPHREYS SAID.

HE SAID FUCHS ADMITTED SENDING HIS INFORMATION "TO THE SOVIET UNION, AND NOT TO SOME VAGUE FOREIGN POWER."

WHEN FUCHS WAS FIRST QUESTIONED AT HIS THREE-ROOM PREFABRICATED HOUSE AT HARWELL, HUMPHREYS SAID, HE DENIED ANY ESPIONAGE.

"BUT IT WAS OBVIOUS THAT HE WAS MOVING TOWARD A MENTAL CRISIS AND, IN HIS OWN WORDS, HE 'SUDDENLY DECIDED TO ANSWER ANY QUESTION.'"

KEY WITNESSES FOR THE PROSECUTION WERE WILLIAM JAMES SKARDON, A BRITISH SECURITY SERVICE OFFICER, AND MICHAEL WILLCOS PERRIN, DEPUTY CONTROLLER OF ATOMIC ENERGY IN BRITAIN.

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SKARDON TOLD OF HIS VISITS TO HARWELL TO MEET FUCHS, AND OF FINALLY TAKING FUCHS' DICTATION OF THE STATEMENT READ IN COURT.

IN HIS TALKS WITH FUCHS, SKARDON SAID THE SCIENTIST TOLD HIM:

"THIS ILLEGAL ASSOCIATION COMMENCED ON HIS OWN INITIATIVE, NO APPROACH HAVING BEEN MADE TO HIM. HE, HIMSELF, SPOKE TO AN INTERMEDIARY TO ARRANGE HIS FIRST RENDEZVOUS. THEREAFTER, FUTURE INTERVIEWS WERE ARRANGED AT THE CURRENT MEETING WITH AN ALTERNATIVE ARRANGEMENT TO MEET ANY EVENTUALITY."

SKARDON SAID FUCHS RELATED THAT THE "CONTACTS SOMETIMES WERE CERTAINLY RUSSIANS, BUT OTHERS WERE OF UNKNOWN NATIONALITY."

"HE SAID THERE WERE PREARRANGED RENDEZVOUS AND RECOGNITION SIGNALS TO BE EXCHANGED AND THAT THE ASSOCIATION CONTINUED DURING 1944 IN NEW YORK, FOR A PERIOD AT LOS ALAMOS AND IN LONDON AGAIN ON HIS RETURN TO ENGLAND."

HUMPHREYS ADKED SKARDON: "WITH REFERENCE TO THE PERIOD AT LOS ALAMOS, THAT IS THE SECOND CHARGE--FOR A PERIOD IN THE UNITED STATES IN 1945?"

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HUMPHREYS ASKED SKARDON: "WITH REFERENCE TO THE PERIOD AT LOS ALAMOS, THAT IS THE SECOND CHARGE--FOR A PERIOD IN THE UNITED STATES IN 1945?"

"YES," REPLIED SKARDON.

SKARDON SAID FUCHS' MEETINGS WITH AGENTS WERE GENERALLY SHORT "AND CONSISTED OF HIS PASSING DOCUMENTARY INFORMATION TO THE OTHER PARTY AND ARRANGING THE NEXT RENDEZVOUS.

"FOR THE LAST TWO YEARS OF HIS ASSOCIATION WITH THE RUSSIANS,

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THERE WAS A GRADUAL REDUCTION IN THE FLOW OF INFORMATION WHICH HE IMPARTED SINCE HE BEGINNING TO HAVE DOUBTS AS TO THE PROPRIETY OF HIS ACTIONS."

SKARDON WENT ON:

COMMUNISM BUT NOT AS PRACTICED IN RUSSIA TODAY."

"IN THIS FORM HE THINKS IT IS SOMETHING TO FIGHT AGAINST," SAID SKARDON. "HE SAID HE HAD NEVER BEEN A MEMBER OF THE BRITISH COMMUNIST PARTY."

THE SECURITY OFFICER THEN RELATED THAT FUCHS DISCLOSED RECEIVING £100 FROM A CONTACT MAN IN AN EARLY MEETING.

"HE EXPLAINED THAT HE DISCUSSED WITH A FRIEND, WHO KNEW HIM, AND WHO SAID HE THOUGHT MAY HAVE TAKEN THIS MONEY MERELY AS A TOKEN PAYMENT."

MAY, A BRITISH ATOMIC SCIENTIST, WAS SENTENCED IN 1946 TO 10 YEARS HARD LABOR FOR PASSING URANIUM SAMPLES TO A RUSSIAN AGENT.

DR. FUCHS, AFTER THINKING IT OVER, ACCEPTED THE SUM OF £100, REGARDING THIS AS A SYMBOLIC PAYMENT SIGNIFYING HIS SUBSERVIENCE TO THE CAUSE," SAID SKARDON.

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THE MAGISTRATE ASKED SKARDON TO DETAIL FUCHS' MEETING WITH AGENTS.

"THE FIRST WAS AT A PRIVATE HOUSE IN LONDON, WHERE HE MET A MAN WHOM HE BELIEVED TO BE RUSSIAN EARLY IN 1942," SAID SKARDON.

"HE SAID THAT AFTER THAT FIRST MEETING THERE WERE MEETINGS AT INTERVALS OF TWO TO THREE MONTHS FOR ABOUT SIX MONTHS BEFORE HE WENT TO NEW YORK IN DECEMBER, 1943.

ZIN NEW YORK, THREE OR FOUR MEETINGS TOOK PLACE FOLLOWING THE FIRST, WHICH HAD BEEN ARRANGED BEFORE HE LEFT ENGLAND.

"THERE WERE FURTHER MEETINGS BETWEEN THE TIME THAT HE WENT TO LOS ALAMOS IN AUGUST, 1944, AND HIS RETURN TO ENGLAND IN 1946."

SKARDON ADDED "THERE WAS ONLY ONE PERSON AT EVERY CONTACT."

THE SECURITY OFFICER SAID THAT, AFTER RETURNING TO ENGLAND, FUCHS RESUMED HIS MEETINGS EARLY IN 1947 "AND THEREAFTER MEETINGS TOOK PLACE ROUGHLY AT TWO-MONTHLY INTERVALS IN LONDON, ALWAYS WITH THE SAME MAN."

PERRIN TESTIFIED HE MET FUCHS AND SKARDON AT THE WAR OFFICE JAN. 30, AND THAT FUCHS GAVE HIM THE PARTICULARS OF THE TECHNICAL DATA HE HAD PASSED TO THE RUSSIANS.

PERRIN SAID FUCHS GROUPED THE INFORMATION UNDER FOUR HEADINGS; FROM 1942 UNTIL DECEMBER, 1943, WHEN FUCHS WAS WORKING IN BRITAIN; FROM DECEMBER, 1943, UNTIL AUGUST, 1944, WHILE HE WAS IN NEW YORK AS A MEMBER OF THE BRITISHATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION; FROM AUGUST,1944, UNTIL THE SUMMER OF 1946, WHILE HE WAS A MEMER OF A BRITISH ATOMIC ENERGY TEAM AT LOS ALAMOS; AND FROM THEN UNTIL FEBRUARY, 1949, WHEN HE WAS WORKING AT THE HARWELL PLANT IN ENGLAND.

PERRIN SAID IT WAS WHILE FUCHS WAS ASSIGNED TO THE LOS ALAMOS PROJECT THAT HE MET A RUSSIAN AGENT IN BOSTON AND GAVE HIM INFORMATION.

IT WAS DURING THAT PERIOD AT LOS ALAMOS THAT THE ACTUAL ATOM BOMB WAS BEING DEVELOPED. THE FIRST ATOMIC EXPLOSION IN HISTORY WAS SET OFF IN THE NEW MEXICO DESERT JULY 16,1945. THE ATOM BOMB WAS DROPPED ON HIROSHIMA AUG. 6,1945.

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THE SCIENTIST'S ATTORNEY, HALSALL, ASKED SKARDON IF IT WOULD BE FAIR TO SAY FUCHS "HAS HELPED YOU AND BEEN COMPLETELY COOPERATIVE IN EVERY WAY" SINCE THE SCIENTIST DECIDED TO TALK JAN. 24. SKARDON REPLIED "YES."

ONLY THAT AND THE REFERENCES BY THE PROSECUTOR TO FUCHS' JEKYLL AND HYDE COMPLEX AND "CONTROLLED SCHIZOPHRENIA" GAVE ANY INDICATION OF WHAT LINE THE DEFENSE WOULD TAKE.

UNDER THE LAW, SCHIZOPHRENIA IS A FORM OF INSANITY, OPENING THE POSSIBILITY THAT FUCHS MIGHT PLEAD UNBALANCE OF MIND OR TEMPORARY INSANITY.

THERE ALSO WAS THE POSSIBILITY FUCHS MIGHT POINT TO THE COOPERATION HE HAS GIVEN THE SECURITY FORCES AND ASK CONSIDERATION.

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HUMPHREYS, IN HIS OPENING STATEMENT, DECLARED THAT FUCHS RECEIVED MONEY FROM RUSSIAN AGENTS AFTER HE BEGAN GIVING THEM ATOMIC RESEARCH SECRETS IN 1942 (CQ).

FUCHS, DESCRIBED AS A BRILLIANT PHYSICIST, WAS INTERNED IN ENGLAND IN 1940 BUT WAS RELEASED IN 1942 TO AID IN BRITISH A-BOMB RESEARCH. HE WAS GIVEN NATURALIZATION PAPERS AND CAME TO THE UNITED STATES IN 1943 WITH A BRITISH RESEARCH TEAM TO WORK WITH AMERICANS ON THE ATOM BOMB. Add - LDN - (Fuchs - Day) VVV Sand.

AT VARIOUS TIMES DURING THE WAR HE VISITED BOTH THE OAK RIDGE, TENN., URANIUM PLANT AND THE LABORATORY AT LOS ALAMOS, N. MEX., WHERE THE WORLD'S FIRST ATOMIC BOMB WAS PRODUCED AND EXPLODED.

TESTIMONY THAT FUCHS CONFESSED WAS GIVEN AT THE PRELIMINARY HEARING BEFORE CHIEF MAGISTRATE LAURENCE DUNNE BY SECURITY OFFICER WILLIAM JAMES SKARDON. FUCHS WAS QUESTIONED BY SKARDON AT HARWELL ATOMIC RESEARCH ESTABLISHMENT WHERE FUCHS WAS EMPLOYED AS CHIEF THEORETICAL PHYSICIST.

"HE (FUCHS) SAID THAT HE WAS ENGAGED IN ESPIONAGE FROM MID-1942 UNTIL ABOUT A YEAR AGO," SKARDON TESTIFIED. "THERE WAS A CONTINUOUS PASSING OF INFORMATION RELATING TO ATOMIC ENERGY AT IRREGULAR BUT FREQUENT MEETINGS. X X X HE SAID HIS CONTACTS WERE SOMETIMES CERTAINLY RUSSIANS BUT OTHERS WERE OF UNKNOWN NATIONALITIES. HE HAD REALIZED HE WAS CARRYING HIS LIFE IN HIS HANDS, BUT HE HAD DONE THIS FROM THE TIME OF HIS UNDERGROUND DAYS IN GERMANY."

"HE SAID THERE WERE PREARRANGED RENDEZVOUS AND RECOGNITION SIGNALS," SKARDON CONTINUED, "AND STATED THAT THE ASSOCIATION CONTINUED DURING 1944 IN NEW YORK AND FOR A PERIOD AT LOS ALAMOS AND IN LONDON AGAIN UPON HIS RETURN TO ENGLAND."

"GENERALLY THE MEETINGS WERE OF SHORT DURATION AND CONSISTED OF HIS PASSING DOCUMENTARY INFORMATION AND OF THE OTHER PARTY ARRANGING THE NEXT RENDEZVOUS," SKARDON SAID.

HUMPHREYS THEN ASKED SKARDON ABOUT THE QUESTION OF EXPENSE AND ABOUT REWARDS FUCHS RECEIVED FOR HIS ALLEGED SPYING.

"IN THE EARLY DAYS OF THE RELATIONSHIP," SAID SKARDON, "HE ACCEPTED EXPENSES AND ADMITTED TAKING THE SUM OF £100 ($280) SHORTLY AFTER HIS RETURN TO ENGLAND IN 1946."

SKARDON SAID FUCHS DESCRIBED THE MONEY "AS A SYMBOLIC PAYMENT SIGNIFYING HIS SUBSERVIENCE TO THE CAUSE."

AS HE WAS ORDERED HELD FOR TRIAL WITHOUT BAIL FUCHS SHOWED NO SIGN OF EMOTION. IT WAS OBVIOUS THAT BOTH HE AND HIS ATTORNEY, J. THOMPSON HALSALL, WERE CONVINCED IN ADVANCE THAT COMMITMENT FOR TRIAL WAS INEVITABLE.

HUMPHREYS ASSERTED IN HIS OPENING STATEMENT THAT FUCHS WAS "IRREVOCABLY WEDDED TO COMMUNIST PRINCIPLES."

THE PROSECUTOR TOLD THE COURT FUCHS HAD SIGNED A STATEMENT ACKNOWLEDGING HE GAVE INFORMATION TO THE SOVIET EMBASSY HERE.

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ON ONE OCCASION HE RECEIVED 100 POUNDS $280) FOR THE INFORMATION HE GAVE, HUMPHREYS QUOTED FUCHS AS CONFESSION.

HUMPHREYS DECLARED THAT FUCHS SAID IN ONE OF HIS STATEMENTS TO BRITISH POLICE:

"WHEN I LEARNED ABOUT THE PURPOSE OF THE WORK (PRESUMABLY ATOMIC RESEARCH) I DECIDED TO INFORM RUSSIA AND ESTABLISH CONTACT THROUGH ANOTHER MEMBER OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY."

HUMPHREYS DECLARED THAT FUCHS BEGAN ATOMIC RESEARCH WORK IN BRITAIN IN 1942 AFTER BEING RELEASED FROM A BRITISH INTERNMENT CAMP. HE ADDED: "FROM THEN ON THERE WAS A CONTINUOUS PASSING OF INFORMATION RELATING TO ATOMIC ENERGY AT FREQUENT INTERVALS."

"HIS STATEMENT SAID HE HAD HAD CONTINUOUS CONTACT WITH PERSONS COMPLETELY UNKNOWN TO HIM," HUMPHREYS

COMPLETELY UNKNOWN TO HIM," HUMPHREYS SAID, "AND WHATEVER INFORMATION HE GAVE WAS COMMUNICATED TO THE RUSSIAN AUTHORITIES."

THE REVELATIONS, HUMPHREYS SAID, WERE "OF THE HIGHEST VALUE TO A POTENTIAL ENEMY."

HUMPHREYS SAID THREE WITNESSES WOULD BE CALLED TO BEAR OUT HIS OPENING STATEMENT OF CHARGES. AFTER THEY WERE HEARD, HE SAID, CHIEF MAGISTRATE LAURENCE DUNNE WOULD BE ASKED TO COMMIT FUCHS FOR TRIAL.

IF CONVICTED ON BOTH COUNTS HE FACES A TERM OF 14 YEARS IN PRISON.

FUCHS WAS A LEADING BRITISH ATOMIC RESEARCHER DURING THE WAR AND BECAME HEAD OF THE THEORETICAL PHYSICS BRANCH AT HARWELL, BRITAIN'S ONLY ATOMIC RESEARCH STATION AFTER THE END OF HOSTILITIES.

HUMPHREYS SAID THAT FUCHS BEGAN GIVING THE RUSSIANS INFORMATION ABOUT ATOMIC RESEARCH SHORTLY AFTER HE WAS RECRUITED BY THE GOVERNMENT FOR WORK ON THE BOMB IN 1942. THE PROSECUTOR SAID THAT FUCHS JOINED THE COMMUNIST PARTY IN 1932, A YEAR BEFORE HE FLED FROM HITLER TO ENGLAND.

THEN GERMANY INVADED FRANCE IN 1940 FUCHS WAS INTERNED HERE BY BRITISH AUTHORITIES.

IN 1943 FUCHS WENT TO AMERICA WITH A BRITISH ATOMIC TEAM. F.B.I. OFFICIALS SAID THAT HE HAD ACCESS TO PRACTICALLY EVERY IMPORTANT SECRET PERTAINING TO THE ATOMIC BOMB.

HUMPHREYS GAVE THIS ACCOUNT OF FUCHS' INTRODUCTION TO ATOMIC RESEARCH IN ENGLAND:

"IN 1942 ATOMIC RESEARCH WAS BEING INTENSIFIED IN MORE THAN ONE COUNTRY AND CERTAINLY IN ENGLAND.

"THE VERY FINEST BRAINS AVAILABLE WERE NEEDED TO ASSIST IN RESEARCH AND SUCH BRAINS AS DR. FUCHS POSSESSED WERE VERY RARE INDEED.

"HE WAS KNOWN AND PROVED TO BE ONE OF THE FINEST THEORETICAL PHYSICISTS LIVING AND UNDOUBTEDLY HAS DONE CONSIDERABLE WORK FOR BRITISH ATOMIC RESEARCH."

HUMPHREYS SAID FUCHS TOLD POLICE THE 100 POUNDS HE ACCEPTED WAS A "SYMBOLIC PAYMENT" WHICH HE CONCEDED DEFINITELY ASSOCIATED HIM WITH AN EFFORT TO PASS ON INFORMATION TO RUSSIA.

FUCHS SAID, ACCORDING TO THE PROSECUTOR, THAT HE WAS ABLE TO CONDUCT HIMSELF IN THIS MANNER BY DELIBERATELY SPLITTING HIS MIND INTO TWO COMPARTMENTS. ONE COMPARTMENT CONTROLLED HIS NORMAL RELATIONS WITH HIS BRITISH COLLEGUES, MANY OF WHOM REGARDED HIM AS A PLEASANT FELLOW AND A LOYAL FRIEND.

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THE OTHER COMPARTMENT WAS DEVOTED TO HIS UNDERCOVER ACTIVITIES FOR RUSSIA.

FUCHS REPORTEDLY CALLED HIS STATE OF MIND A SITUATION OF "SCHIZOPHRENIA" (SPLIT PERSONALITY).

THE STATEMENT SAID THERE WAS NO DOUBT IN FUCHS' MIND THAT THE INFORMATION HE WAS PASSING ON WAS REACHING RUSSIA.

AT THE BEGINNING, HOWEVER, IT SAID HE WAS UNACQUAINTED PERSONALLY WITH THE PERSONS WITH WHOM HE MADE CONTACTS.

LATER HE GOT TO KNOW THEM VERY WELL.

PORTIONS OF THE STATEMENT WERE NOT READ IN OPEN COURT.

OMITTED WAS THE BEGINNING, WHICH DESCRIBED FUCHS' EARLY LIFE IN GERMANY.

HUMPHREYS SAID THAT THIS PORTION OF THE STATEMENT LEFT NO DOUBT THAT FUCHS WAS THOROUGHLY AND IRREVOCABLY CONVINCED OF THE CORRECTNESS OF MARXIAN COMMUNISM AND THAT IT HAD A WORLD MISSION.

THE STATEMENT WAS FIVE OR SIX TYPEWRITTEN SHEETS IN LENGTH. ONE LONG PORTION WHICH WAS NOT READ PRESUMABLY REFERRED TO THE NATURE OF THE INFORMATION HE HAD COMMUNICATED TO THE RUSSIANS.

HUMPHREYS SAID HE BELIEVED NO GOOD PURPOSE WOULD BE SERVED IN READING THIS PORTION TO THE OPEN COURT AND THE MAGISTRATE AGREED.

HUMPHREYS DECLARED FUCHS HAD TAKEN AN OATH OF ALLEGIANCE TO BRITAIN AND "ALWAYS IMPRESSED HIS SUPERIORS AS BEING A SECURITY-MINDED PERSON."

"BUT IT IS NOWS

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MINDED PERSON."

/BUT IT IS NOW CLEAR," SAID HUMPHREYS, "THAT SUCH AN OATH OF ALLEGIANCE MEANT NOTHING TO THE MAN WHOSE MIND WAS IRREVOCABLY WELDED TO COMMUNIST PRINCIPLES."

"IN THE STATEMENT WHICH HE HAS MADE, DR. FUCHS SAID THAT SHORTLY AFTER HIS RELEASE FROM INTERNMENT HE WAS ASKED TO HELP A PROFESSOR AT BIRMINGHAM UNIVERSITY IN WAR WORK," THE PROSECUTOR ADDED. "HE ACCEPTED IT KNOWING NOTHING AT FIRST ABOUT WHAT THE WORK WAS.

"THE STATEMENT WENT ON: WHEN I LEARNED ABOUT THE PURPOSE OF THE WORK I DECIDED TO INFORM RUSSIA AND ESTABLISH CONTACT THROUGH ANOTHER MEMBER OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY."

FUCKS' STATEMENT AS READ MADE NO MENTION OF THE HYDROGEN BOMB, NOR DID IT GIVE ANY INDICATION OF THE TYPE OF INFORMATION HE HAD GIVEN THE RUSSIANS ABOUT AMERICAN ATOMIC RESEARCH.

FUCHS FIRST CAME TO THE ATTENTION OF SECURITY AUTHORITIES WHEN HE APPROACHED A SECURITY OFFICER AT HARWELL.

HIS 75-YEAR-OLD FATHER IN GERMANY HAD BEEN OFFERED A SEAT AT LEIPZIG UNIVERSITY IN THE RUSSIAN ZONE.

THE FUCHS STATEMENT SAID IN VIEW OF THE DELICACY OF HIS WORK HE ASKED SECURITY OFFICERS AT HARWELL WHETHER HE SHOULD RESIGN SINCE HIS FATHER WAS BEING TRANSFERRED TO THE RUSSIAN ZONE.

THIS DISCLOSURE GAVE AUTHORITIES IN GERMANY AN EXCUSE TO QUESTION THE FATHER THOROUGHLY.

WHEN FUCHS LATER WAS QUESTIONED ABOUT HIS OWN ACTIVITIES, HUMPHREYS SAID HE AT FIRST DENIED ANY ACTS OF IMPROPRIETY.

"BUT," SAID HUMPHREYS, "IT WAS OBVIOUS THAT HE WAS MOVING TOWARD A MENTAL CRISIS AND IN HIS OWN WORDS HE 'SUDDENLY DECIDED TO ANSWER ANY QUESTION.'"

HUMPHREYS SAID FUCHS DEVELOPED DOUBTS ABOUT THE CORRECTNESS OF SOME ASPECTS OF THE COMMUNIST DOGMA.

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"BUT THE LEFT-WING COMPARTMENT OF HIS SPLIT MIND," HUMPHREYS SAID, "CONTINUED IN THE SERVICE OF THE RUSSIANS."

HENRY ARNOLD, A SECURITY OFFICER AT THE HARWELL ATOMIC RESEARCH ESTABLISHMENT, TESTIFIED WHEN THE PROSECUTOR CONCLUDED HIS STATEMENT.

IT WAS ARNOLD WHOM FUCHS HAD APPROACHED FIRST ABOUT HIS FATHER'S TRANSFER. ARNOLD SAID HE INTRODUCED FUCHS TO SECURITY SERVICE OFFICER SKARDON.

SKARDON, ON THE WITNESS STAND NEXT, TESTIFIED THAT FUCHS REGARDED HIS OATH OF ALLEGIANCE "A SERIOUS MATTER, BUT HE CLAIMED THE FREEDOM TO ACT IN ACCORDANCE WITH HIS CONSCIENCE, SHOULD CIRCUMSTANCES ARISE IN THIS COUNTRY COMPARABLE TO THOSE WHICH EXISTED IN GERMANY IN 1932 AND 1933, WHEN HE WOULD FEEL FREE TO ACT ON THE LOYALTY WHICH HE OWED TO HUMANITY GENERALLY."

SKARDON TOLD THE PROSECUTOR HE MADE CLEAR TO FUCHS HE WAS SUSPECTED OF GIVING INFORMATION TO SOVIET RUSSIA.

"HE SEEMED SURPRISED," SKARDON SAID, "AND SMILED AND SAID 'I DON'T THINK SO.'"

SKARDON THEN SAID HE TOLD FUCHS AUTHORITIES HAD PRECISE INFORMATION CONCERNING HIM.

"I DON'T UNDERSTAND," THE WITNESS QUOTED FUCHS AS SAYING. "PERHAPS YOU WILL TELL ME WHAT THE EVIDENCE IS. I HAVE NOT DONE ANY SUCH THINGS."

LATER, SKARDON, TESTIFIED, FUCHS DECIDED TO "TELL EVERYTHING."

HE WAS ONE OF THE TOP RANKING BRITISH SCIENTISTS WHO WORKED IN AMERICA DURING THE WAR IN DEVELOPING THE ATOM BOMB.

HUMPHREYS SAID HE WOULD CALL THREE WITNESSES TO WHOM "THE ACCUSED MADE STATEMENTS ORALLY WHICH AMOUNT TO A CONFESSION" OF GUILT TO TWO CHARGES OF BETRAYING OFFICIAL SECRETS.

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AFTER THESE WITNESSES HAVE BEEN HEARD, HUMPHREYS SAID, HE WOULD ASK CHIEF MAGISTRATE LAURENCE DUNNE TO COMMIT FUCHS FOR TRIAL AT OLD BAILEY CRIMINAL COURT. THIS IS THE CENTRAL LONDON COVT FOR THE TRI

OLD BAILEY CRIMINAL COURT. THIS IS THE CENTRAL LONDON COURT FOR THE TRIAL OF MAJOR CRIMINAL CASES.

FUCHS, DRESSED IN A BROWN SUIT, SAT CALMLY IN THE PRISONER'S DOCK WHILE HUMPHREYS OUTLINED THE CROWN'S CASE AGAINST HIM. BEHIND HIS THICK SPECTACLES HIS EYES WERE IMPASSIVE.

HUMPHREYS SAID CHARGES AGAINST FUCHS RELATE THAT ON A DAY IN 1947 HE DIVULGED ATOMIC INFORMATION WHICH MIGHT BE USEFUL TO A POTENTIAL ENEMY.

"THAT OFFENSE TOOK PLACE IN ENGLAND," SAID HUMPHREYS.

THE PROSECUTOR CONTINUED THAT THE SECOND CHARGE CLAIMED A SIMILAR OFFENSE IN THE UNITED STATES IN 1945.

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HE SAID STATEMENTS WHICH THE CROWN REGARDS AS A CONFESSION WERE MADE BY FUCHS TO AN OFFICER OF THE BRITISH SECURITY SERVICE AND TO POLICE AFTER HIS ARREST FEB. 2.

"TO MR. SCOTT, AN OFFICER OF THE SECURITY SERVICE, HE MADE A STATEMENT IN WRITING," HUMPHREYS SAID. "I SHALL PRODUCE IT AND I CLAIM IT AMOUNTS TO A VIRTUAL CONFESSION OF THE CHARGES."

"HE ALSO MADE A STATEMENT TO POLICE AFTER HIS ARREST LAST WEEK," HUMPHREYS SAID. "I CONTEND THAT THIS STATEMENT IS A COMPLETE CONFESSION."

"AS FAR AS THE CONTENTS OF THE STATEMENTS ARE CAPABLE OF VERIFICATION, I BELIEVE THEM TO BE TRUE," HE ADDED.

A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE AMERICAN EMBASSY WAS IN COURT TO OBSERVE THE PROCEEDINGS. LORD PORTAL, ONE OF BRITAIN'S WARTIME AIR LEADERS, CAME INTO THE COURT A FEW MINUTES BEFORE THE HEARING BEGAN.

ONLY A FEW OF THE CURIOUS WERE ON HAND OUTSIDE THE COURTROOM WHEN THE TRIAL STARTED. USUALLY WHEN A TRIAL CATCHES THE PUBLIC FANCY MANY LONDONERS QUEUE IN THE STREETS ALL NIGHT TO BE SURE OF GETTING A COURTROOM SEAT.

FUCHS' CASE WAS PAGE-ONE IN THE BRITISH PRESS ONLY WHEN HE WAS ARRESTED LAST FRIDAY. SINCE THEN THERE HAS BEEN LITTLE PUBLIC COMMENT HERE.

HUMPHREYS SAID THE OATH OF ALLEGIANCE TO BRITAIN, TAKEN BY THE SCIENTIST WHEN HE WAS NATURALIZED IN 1942, "MEANT NOTHING TO THE MAN WHOSE MIND WAS IRREVOCABLY WEDDED TO COMMUNIST PRINCIPLES."

IF CONVICTED, FUCHS MAY BE SENTENCED TO A MAXIMUM OF SEVEN YEARS HARD LABOR ON EACH OF THE TWO CHARGES AGAINST HIM, MAKING A TOP TOTAL OF 14 YEARS.

THE FIRST CHARGE SAID FUCHS, WHOSE FULL NAME IS KLAUS EMIL JULIUS FUCHS, "ON A DAY IN FEBRUARY, 1945, IN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA X X X COMMUNICATED TO A PERSON UNKNOWN INFORMATION RELATING TO ATOMIC RESEARCH X X X WHICH MIGHT BE DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY USEFUL TO AN ENEMY."

THE SECOND CHARGE SAID FUCHS, "FOR A PURPOSE PREJUDICIAL TO THE SAFETY OR INTERESTS OF THE STATE, ON A DAY IN 1947 COMMUNICATED TO A PERSON UNKNOWN INFORMATION RELATING TO ATOMIC RESEARCH WHICH MIGHT BE DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY USEFUL TO AN ENEMY."

FUCHS WAS ARRESTED LAST FRIDAY BY SCOTLAND YARD INSPECTOR LEONARD BURT, COMMANDER OF A SPECIAL SECTION, WHILE HE WAS AT SHELL MEX HOUSE IN LONDON, HEADQUARTERS OF THE MINISTRY OF SUPPLY FOR WHICH HE WORKED.

THE ARREST CAME AFTER A TIP FROM THE U.S. FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION, WHOSE OFFICIALS SAID THEY HAD BEEN ON THE LONG TRAIL OF ATOM LEAKS TO RUSSIA SINCE THE ATOM SPY CASE IN CANADA SHOCKED THE WESTERN WORLD FOUR YEARS AGO.

THEY SAID THEY FIRST GOT A LEAD ON FUCHS SIX MONTHS AGO, TRANSMITTED IT TO BRITAIN AND HAD BEEN WORKING JOINTLY WITH BRITAIN SINCE THEN ON THE CASE.

THE QUIET, 38-YEAR-OLD BACHELOR HAS BEEN CALLED BRITAIN'S TOP BRAIN IN ATOMIC ENERGY PROJECTS. HE WAS HEAD OF THE THORETICAL DIVISION OF THE ATOMIC ENERGY RESEARCH ESTABLISHMENT AT BRITAIN'S ONLY BIG ATOM PLANT AT HARWELL, 50 MILES SOUTHWEST OF LONDON. HE HAD WORKED FREELY ON THE WARTIME ATOM BOMB PROJECT IN AMERICA FROM 1943 TO 1946.

THE GERMAN-BORN PHYSICIST CAME TO ENGLAND AS A STUDENT IN 1933 AND LATER BECAME A PHYSICS INSTRUCTOR. HE WAS NATURALIZED AS A BRITISH CITIZEN JULY 30, 1942.

HIS FATHER, EMIL FUCHS, WHO IS THEOLOGY PROFESSOR AT LEIPZIG UNIVERSITY IN THE RUSSIAN ZONE OF GERMANY, SAID HIS SON ESCAPED FROM GERMANY BECAUSE A SECRET STUDENT ORGANIZATION HAD SENTENCED HIM TO DEATH FOR HIS ANTI-HITLER IDEAS.

THE FATHER DENIED PREVIOUS REPORTS THAT QUOTED HIM AS SAYING HIS SON WAS A COMMUNIST.

"I AM CONVINCED MY SON IS NOT GUILTY OF THE CHARGES AGAINST HIM," THE FATHER SAID, ADDING THAT HE WOULD LIKE TO GO TO ENGLAND TO TESTIFY FOR HIS SON.

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FUCHS' TRIAL HAS TOUCHED OFF THE BIGGEST SPY SCARE IN BRITAIN SINCE DR. ALAN NUNN MAY, ALSO A BRITISH SCIENTIST, WAS IMPRISONED FOR 10 YEARS IN 1946. HE WAS CONVICTED OF HAVING PASSED ON ATOM INFORMATION TO THE RUSSIANS WHILE HE WORKED ON ATOMIC RESEARCH IN CANADA IN 1945.

THE ARREST OF THE TALL, SALLOW, BALDING MAN WHO SPEAKS ENGLISH WITH A BROKEN ACCENT ROCKED OFFICIAL CIRCLES IN WASHINGTON AND LONDON.

BUT GOVERNMENT AUTHORITIES IN LONDON THREW DOWN A TIGHT SHUTTER ON THE ENTIRE CASE AFTER FUCHS' ARREST WAS ANNOUNCED.

DEBATE BLOSSOMED IN WASHINGTON WHERE SENATORS ALREADY WERE HEATEDLY DEBATING NEW DECISIONS TO SPEED UP THE ATOM RACE WITH RUSSIA AND TO DEVELOP THE HYDROGEN SUPERBOMB. THE JOINT CONGRESSIONAL ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION IMMEDIATELY CALLED A SPECIAL HEARING WHEN THEY HEARD OF THE ARREST.

THEY SUMMONED LT. GEN. LESLIE R. GROVES, RETIRED WARTIME HEAD OF THE U.S. ATOM BOMB PROJECT, TO TELL WHAT HE KNEW ABOUT FUCHS.

AFTER ONE HEARING BEHIND CLOSED DOORS, MEMBERS OF THE COMMISSION SAID FUCHS HAD ACCESS TO A "WIDE AREA OF THE MOST VITAL WEAPONS INFORMATION DURING WORK BY HIM IN THE UNITED STATES."

A71
SEN. MCMAHON (D-CONN), HEAD OF THE COMMISSION, SAID THIS COULD BE TAKEN TO MEAN THAT FUCHS ALSO HAD INFORMATION ON THE PROJECTED HYDROGEN BOMB.

F.B.I. CHIEF J. EDGAR HOOVER WAS QUOTED AS SAYING AT A SENATE APPROPRIATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE HEARING THAT FUCHS HAD CONFESSED TO PASSING INFORMATION ON BOTH THE ATOM BOMB AND THE HYDROGEN BOMB TO THE RUSSIANS. HOOVER WAS SAID TO HAVE TOLD THE COMMITTEE FUCHS WAS PLANTED IN ENGLAND BY THE RUSSIANS AS EARLY AS 1938.

GROVES SAID AFTER THE HEARING THAT "IF FUCHS IS GUILTY" THE INFORMATION GIVEN TO RUSSIA MAY HAVE ADVANCED BY MORE THAN A YEAR THE DATE OF THE SOVIET'S ABILITY TO PRODUCE AN ATOMIC EXPLOSION.

A LOUD CRY WENT UP FROM SEVERAL SENATORS FOR MORE RIGID SECURITY MEASURES IN AMERICA. SOME SENATORS DEMANDED THAT AMERICAN ATOMIC INFORMATION OF ALL KINDS BE CUT OFF IMMEDIATELY FROM ENGLAND AND ALL OTHER FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

FUCHS CAME TO THE UNITED STATES WITH A GROUP OF ABOUT 20 OTHER BRITISH SCIENTISTS IN DECEMBER, 1943. HE WORKED IN NEW YORK, WASHINGTON, AND AT THE ATOMIC ENERGY PLANT AT OAK RIDGE, TENN., AND THE BIG LOS ALAMOS, N.M., PLANT WHERE THE FIRST ATOM BOMB WAS PRODUCED AND TESTED.

GROVES TESTIFIED IN WASHINGTON THAT FUCHS HAD AN "IMPORTANT AND RESPONSIBLE POSITION" AT LOS ALAMOS.

"IN THIS POSITION," SAID GROVES IN A STATEMENT ISSUED FROM HIS NORWALK, CONN., HOME, "HE (FUCHS) WAS NECESSARILY AFFORDED ACCESS TO A GREAT DEAL OF INFORMATION BOTH AS TO OUR DEVELOPMENT AND FUTURE POSSIBILITIES AND PROPOSED DEVELOPMENTS. LIKE ALL OTHER MEMBERS OF THE BRITISH MISSION, HIS RESPONSIBILITY, DISCRETION AND LOYALTY WERE VOUCHED FOR BY HIS OWN GOVERNMENT."

MLKSKVZS

ID U.S. MILITARY OFFICIALS HAD NOT CHECKED

D
FOR BY HIS OWN GOVERNMENT."

GROVES SAID U.S. MILITARY OFFICIALS HAD NOT CHECKED ANY OF THE BRITISH SCIENTISTS WHO CAME TO WORK WITH THE AMERICANS DURING THE WAR, SINCE THEY FELT THAT THE BRITISH CHECKS WERE SUFFICIENT.

FUCHS WAS SAID TO HAVE VISITED CANADA AND MEXICO ON HIS FIRST VISIT TO AMERICA. HE RETURNED TO BRITAIN IN JUNE, 1946.

HIS NEXT VISIT TO WASHINGTON WAS IN 1947 WHEN HE ATTENDED THE U.S.-BRITISH-CANADIAN CONFERENCE ON SECURITY OF ATOMIC ENERGY INFORMATION. IN 1948 HE TOOK PART IN ANOTHER THREE-POWER SECURITY CONFERENCE AT HARWELL.

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THESE CONFERENCES HAD BEEN CALLED TO DISCUSS BRITISH AND CANADIAN DEMANDS THAT THE UNITED STATES SHARE HER ATOM SECRETS WITH THEM. THE UNITED STATES HAD SHUT OFF ATOMIC BOMB INFORMATION IN 1946 AFTER THE CANADIAN ATOM SPY CASE CAME TO LIGHT.

FUCHS, WHO WAS LISTED ON THE MINISTRY OF SUPPLY PAYROLL AS A DEPUTY CHIEF OFFICER IN RESEARCH ESTABLISHMENTS, LIVED ON THE HARWELL ATOM PLANT GROUNDS IN A THREE-ROOM, ONE-STORY PREFABRICATED HOUSE.

THE 23 CIVIL SERVANTS WHO HOLD JOBS SIMILAR TO THAT OF FUCHS DRAW SALARIES OF FROM £1,600 TO $1,800 ($4,480 TO $5,040).

ASSOCIATES OF THE YOUNG SCIENTIST EXPRESSED THE SAME ASTONISHMENT AS DID THE REST OF THE WORLD WHEN THEY HEARD OF HIS ARREST. SOME SAID HIS ABSENCE MIGHT SLOW UP WORK AT HARWELL.

HIS NEIGHBORS SAID HE SEEMED "VERY PLEASANT, BUT QUIET AND RESERVED." THEY SAID THEY SAW LITTLE OF HIM EXCEPT TO PASS THE TIME OF DAY.

HIS 75-YEAR-OLD FATHER IN GERMANY SAID HE "HAS THE BRAIN OF A GIANT, BUT THE NAIVE SOUL OF A CHILD."

AT HIS PRELIMINARY HEARING A WEEK AGO IN A TINY THIRD-FLOOR COURTROOM AT BOW STREET COURTHOUSE IN LONDON, FUCHS HARDLY SPOKE. THE HEARING LASTED ONLY 15 MINUTES AND FUCHS WAS HELD FOR TRIAL. HE DID NOT ASK FOR BAIL AND WAS TAKEN TO BLEAK OLD BRIXTON PRISON TO AWAIT TODAY'S HEARING. HE WAS NOT REQUIRED, UNDER BRITISH LAW, TO PLEAD AT THE PRELIMINARY HEARING.

JR727AES

LONDON, FEB. 10-(AP)-A NEWSIE SELLING HIS PAPERS IN THE CENTER OF LONDON IGNORED THE FUCHS CASE TODAY. THE CRUDELY PRINTED POSTER AT HIS SIDE READ:

"DANNY KAYE SENSATION"

DR. KLAUS FUCHS' PURPORTED CONFESSION AS AN ATOM SPY WAS SPLASHED ALL OVER PAGE ONE OF THE BRITISH PRESS. INSIDE PAGES CARRIED BRIEF ITEMS ABOUT DANNY KAYE'S CONTRACT WITH WARNER BROTHERS BEING CANCELLED BY MUTUAL AGREEMENT.

THE HOLLYWOOD COMEDIAN IS A FAVORITE HERE AND THE NEWSIE SIE HE WAS SELLING PLENTY OF PAPERS.

K1115AES

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WITH WASHINGTON ATOMIC

LONDON, FEB. 10-(AP)-BRITISH FOREIGN SECRETARY ERNEST BEVIN SAID LAST NIGHT THAT "COMMUNIST IMPERIALISM" IS BLOCKING INTERNATIONAL CONTROL OF ATOMIC ENERGY.

BEVIN TOLD A POLITICAL MEETING IN SOUTHEAST LONDON THAT DISAGREEMENT BETWEEN RUSSIA AND THE FIVE OTHER POWERS ON THE UNITED NATIONS ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION STEMMED FROM SOVIET REFUSAL TO PERMIT EFFECTIVE INTERNATIONAL INSPECTION OF HER ATOMIC FACILITIES.

THE INSPECTIONS WOULD ASSURE THAT FACILITIES WERE NOT USED FOR WAR PURPOSES. BEVIN REITERATED THAT BRITAIN APPROVES THE AMERICAN PLAN FOR INTERNATIONAL ATOMIC CONTROL AND INSPECTIONS.

BEVIN TERMED THE RUSSIAN REFUSAL A MANIFESTATION OF "COMMUNIST IMPERIALISM," WHICH HE SAID IS EXPANSIONIST AND SEEKS TO DOMINATE THE WORLD AND TO CONTROL IT."

BRITISH POLICY, BEVIN SAID, WAS "TO TRY TO GET INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENT." BRITAIN, HE CONTINUED, IS "READY TO GIVE OPEN INSPECTION AS TO WHAT WE ARE DOING IF EVERY OTHER COUNTRY WILL DO THE SAME."

THE FOREIGN SECRETARY SAID THIS WAS A "DIFFICULT" POLICY BUT THAT HE WAS "CONVINCED THAT IT WILL WIN THROUGH IN THE END."

JR45SAES

YORK, ENG., FEB. 10-(AP)-THE ARCHBISHOP OF YORK DEMANDED TODAY THAT BRITAIN TRY AGAIN FOR AN INTERNATIONAL A-BOMB AGREEMENT "BEFORE THE HOUR OF DOOM BEGINS TO STRIKE."

INITIATIVE SHOULD BE TAKEN "ON THE HIGHEST LEVEL" BY WHATEVER GOVERNMENT RULES HERE AFTER THE FEB. 23 GENERAL ELECTION, ARCHBISHOP DR. CYRIL F. GARBETT SAID IN A ROTARY CLUB ADDRESS.

"WE HAVE MORE TO LOSE AND TO GAIN THAN THE U.S." HE SAID. "THERE MUST BE NO DELAY.

"UNLESS THE DEADLOCK X X X IS BROKEN X X X THE STRAIN WILL BECOME UNENDURABLE. FEAR, FATE OR THE IMPOSSIBILITY OF KEEPING UP IN THE (ARMAMENTS) RACE WILL DRIVE SOME NATION TO USE ITS BOMBS TREACHEROUSLY AND SUDDENLY IN THE HOPE OF VICTORY. RETALIATION WILL FOLLOW, AND THE WORLD WILL SOON BE COVERED WITH RUINS, WITH THE CORPSES OF THE MILLIONS SLAIN AND WITH TENS OF MILLIONS OF TERRIFIED MEN AND WOMEN, DESTITUTE AND STARVING."

K1132AES

MADAME PETAIN, 72, IS SPENDING A FEW DAYS IN PARIS FOR TREATMENT OF RHEUMATISM. WITHIN A FEW DAYS SHE WILL RETURN TO THE ISLE D'YEU TO KEEP UP HER VIGIL OUTSIDE HER HUSBAND'S PRISON.

EVERY DAY SHE DRAGS HERSELF, DESPITE HER CRIPPLING AILMENT, UP A FLIGHT OF 30 STEEP STEPS TO VISIT THE MARSHAL.

SHE SAID TODAY THAT PETAIN WAS FINE "ALTHOUGH BOTHERED AT TIMES BY HIS FAILING MEMORY." SHE SAID HE SOMETIMES READS ENGLISH AND HIS FAVORITE BOOK AT THE MOMENT IS AN ENGLISH TRANSLATION OF FRENCH AUTHOR JACQUES BAINVILLE'S "LIFE OF NAPOLEON."

MADAME PETAIN SAID THE MARSHAL HAS REFUSED TO WRITE HIS MEMOIRS, AND THAT SHE HERSELF HAS ALSO REFUSED TO PUT THE STORY OF HIS LIFE ON PAPER. add-Paris/Petain/xyy +this, too

"TO HAVE LIVED ALL THAT ONCE IS ENOUGH," SHE SAID. "WHY SHOULD MAKE MYSELF RELIVE IT IN RECOUNTING MY MEMORIES?"

DY752PES

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BERN, SWITZERLAND, FEB. 10-(AP)-COL.JAKOV BUGSTER, THE SWISS ARMY'S CHIEF AUDITOR, SAID TODAY CHARGES OF SABOTAGE PROBABLY WILL RESULT FROM FAULTY CONSTRUCTION OF SOME KEY SWISS MILITARY INSTALLATIONS IN THE ALPS.

BUGSTER TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE COMPLAINTS HAVE BEEN FILED AGAINST 30 PERSONS, INCLUDING SOME OFFICERS, AS THE RESULT OF A THREE-YEAR INVESTIGATION OF SWITZERLAND'S FAMED ALPINE REDOUBT. CLOSED TRIALS ARE EXPECTED TO BE HELD NEXT SUMMER.

THE PROBE WAS STARTED AFTER DISCOVERY THAT SOME DEFENSE BUNKERS DISINTEGRATED UNDER A VERY SHORT SPELL OF GUNFIRE, THE OFFICER SAID. CONCRETE AND STONE INSTALLATIONS IN FRONT OF THE ALPINE FORTIFICATIONS KEYSTONE OF THE NATION'S DEFENSE, WERE FOUND TO BE FAULTY AND HENCE EASY MARKS FOR ARTILLERY IN CERTAIN AREAS, HE SAID.

THE INQUIRY REVEALED THAT A POOR GRADE OF LIMESTONE WAS USED AT SOME PLACES BECAUSE THE MATERIAL WAS AVAILABLE NEARBY.

SOME CONCRETE BUNKERS TESTED BY GUNFIRE SHOWED HOLES A YARD WIDE, WHILE IN OTHERS THE HOLE WAS ONLY NINE INCHES ACROSS.

CHARGES IN ADDITION TO SABOTAGE WHICH MAY BE ENTERED IN THE CASE INCLUDE THE ENDANGERING OF LIFE THROUGH VIOLATION OF BUILDING RULES AND THE VIOLATION OF DELIVERY ORDERS.

WS1012PES

THE YOUTH RALLY, HE ASSERTED, IS "JUST ANOTHER ABUSE OF THE MIND AND CHARACTER OF THE GERMAN YOUTH.

"WE SAW IT HAPPEN ALSO DURING HITLER," HE DECLARED.

MC CLOY, WHO ARRIVED BY SPECIAL TRAIN FROM WEST GERMANY THIS MORNING, CROSSED THE SOVIET ZONE FRONTIER WITHOUT DELAY. HE PLANNED TO RETURN TONIGHT. add- Berlin - (McCloy) xxx Germany

HE PREDICTED THAT EUROPEAN RECOVERY AID FOR WEST BERLIN WOULD "HAVE AN IMPACT SOON." AND WOULD REDUCE THE PRESENT STAGGERING NUMBER OF 300,000 UNEMPLOYED.

(NO PICKUP)

JR737AES

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FOLO PRAGUE (A108)

LONDON, FEB.10-(AP)-A SPOKESMAN FOR THE BRITISH COUNCIL SAID TODAY THE CHARGES MADE AGAINST IT BY BRITISH STUDENTS IN PRAGUE WERE "IN THE USUAL VAGUE TERMS NOT SUPPORTED BY ANY KIND OF EVIDENCE."

HE ADDED THAT "THE CZECHOSLOVAK GOVERNMENT ITSELF HAS NOT COMPLAINED AGAINST THE COUNCIL."

JM1159PES

A83

NIGHT LEAD GERMAN (260)

BONN, GERMANY, FEB. 10-(AP)-THE WEST GERMAN PARLIAMENT VOTED TODAY TO TRIM THE RECENTLY INCREASED PRICES OF GASOLINE AND FUEL OIL AND APPROVED THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT'S PROPOSAL TO END RATIONING OF GASOLINE.

THE ACTION WAS TAKEN AS A PARADE OF 3,000 TRUCKS DEMONSTRATING AGAINST FUEL PRICES TANGLED TRAFFIC IN THE CAPITAL'S NARROW STREETS. SOME DRIVERS OF HEAVY TRUCKS TRIED TO CRASH A POLICE BARRIER AROUND THE PARLIAMENT BUILDING TO DELIVER A PROTEST, BUT A POLICE CORDON HEADED THEM OFF.

PARLIAMENT DECIDED TO CUT THE EQUIVALENT OF SIX CENTS OFF GASOLINE'S PRICE, NOW ABOUT 70 CENTS A GALLON. IT WAS BOOSTED TO THAT RECENTLY FROM 40 CENTS.

ECONOMICS MINISTER LUDWIG ERHARD TOLD NEWSMEN HE HOPED THE WESTERN ALLIES WILL GIVE PERMISSION SOON FOR DE-RATIONING. HE SAID HE IS PRESENTING THEM A NEW PLAN TOMORROW.

THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCED LAST MONTH THAT GASOLINE WOULD GO OFF THE RATION LIST FEB. 1. BUT THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN AND FRANCE ASKED THAT ACTION BE HELD UP UNTIL THEY HAD TIME TO STUDY ITS EFFECTS ON WEST GERMANY'S NEED FOR EXTERNAL FINANCIAL AID. TALKS BETWEEN ALLIED AND GERMAN EXPERTS HAVE BEEN GOING ON SINCE.

OVER COMMUNIST OPPOSITION, THE PARLIAMENT VOTED 105,000,000 MARKS ($25,000,000) TODAY TO HELP WEST BERLIN, WHICH HAS BEEN CAUGHT IN AN ECONOMIC SQUEEZE BECAUSE OF ITS POSITION AS AN ISOLATED ISLAND IN THE HEART OF THE RUSSIAN ZONE.

THE MEASURE PROVIDES FOR CHANNELLING EUROPEAN RECOVERY FUNDS AND GERMAN FEDERAL FUNDS FOR RECONSTRUCTION OF THE WEST BERLIN POWER STATION, WHICH WAS STRIPPED BY THE RUSSIANS IN THE EARLY DAYS OF THE OCCUPATION. IT ALSO UNDERWRITES THE TRADE OF THE WESTERN SECTORS OF BERLIN. PAYMENT IS GUARANTEED FOR GOODS MANUFACTURED FOR EXPORT WHERE "RISKS RESULTING FROM THE POLITICAL SITUATION" MIGHT BE INVOLVED.

WS1003PES

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FIRST LEAD WEST GERMAN

BONN, GERMANY, FEB.10-(AP)-WEST GERMANY'S PARLIAMENT, AGAINST VIGOROUS COMMUNIST OPPOSITION, VOTED 105,000,000 DEUTSCHEMARKS ($25,000,000) TODAY TO AID WESTERN BERLIN.

THE BILL PROVIDES FOR CHANNELLING EUROPEAN RECOVERY FUNDS AND GERMAN FEDERAL FUNDS FOR RECONSTRUCTION OF THE WEST BERLIN POWER STATION, WHICH HAD BEEN STRIPPED BY THE RUSSIANS IN THE EARLY DAYS OF THE OCCUPATION.

THE MEASURE ALSO UNDERWRITES THE TRADE OF THE WESTERN SECTORS OF BERLIN. IT GUARANTEES PAYMENT FOR GOODS MANUFACTURED IN BERLIN FOR EXPORT, WHERE "RISKS RESULTING FROM THE POLITICAL SITUATION" MIGHT BE INVOLVED.

WESTERN BERLIN HAS BEEN CAUGHT IN AN ECONOMIC SQUEEZE BECAUSE OF ITS POSITION AS AN ISOLATED ISLAND IN THE HEART OF RUSSIAN-OCCUPIED TERRITORY, SUBJECT TO CONSTANT HARASSMENT OF ITS TRAFFIC BY THE RUSSIANS.

THE COMMUNISTS, OPPOSING THE BILL, CHARGED WESTERN BERLIN'S PLIGHT WAS INEVITABLE UNDER THE WESTERN POLICIES, AND STRESSED THAT ONLY GERMAN UNITY AS OUTLINED BY THE COMMUNISTS COULD HELP THE CITY.

POLITICAL BICKERING STALLED THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT PLAN TO SPEND 3,400,000,000 (B) MARKS ($850,000,000) TO PROVIDE JOBS FOR 1,000,000 UNEMPLOYED IN THE FEDERAL REPUBLIC.

LEFTIST SOCIALISTS WON PARLIAMENTARY ADOPTION OF THEIR PREVIOUS RESOLUTION CALLING ON CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER'S GOVERNMENT FOR A PROGRAM TO DEAL WITH THE 1,900,000 JOBLESS IN WEST GERMANY, WHOSE ESTIMATED POPULATION IS 95,000,000.

ADENAUER SUBMITTED HIS PLAN TO PARLIAMENT YESTERDAY. HE SOUGHT TO HAVE IT APPROVED BEFORE THE SOCIALIST DEMAND WAS VOTED ON TO KEEP THE SOCIALISTS FROM SHARING IN THE CREDIT FOR THE PROGRAM.

A NUMBER OF GOVERNMENT SUPPORTERS, HOWEVER, LEFT THE PARLIAMENTARY CHAMBER DURING THE 10 HOURS OF DEBATE THAT FOLLOWED. SOCIALISTS WHO OUTSAT THE GOVERNMENT FORCES THEN SECURED A FAVORABLE VOTE ON THEIR ORIGINAL MOTION, INSTEAD OF ON ADENAUER'S PLAN.

THE GOVERNMENT NOW MUST RESUBMIT ITS PROGRAM OR OFFER ANOTHER.

ADENAUER'S PLAN CALLED FOR INTERNAL LOANS, CHIEFLY FOR CONSTRUCTION TO RELIEVE WEST GERMANY'S ACUTE HOUSING SHORTAGE. GOVERNMENT FINANCING ALSO WOULD AID LONG-TERM EXPORT CONTRACTS, RAILWAY PROJECTS, SMALL BUSINESS, COMMUNICATIONS AND JOBLESS REFUGEES.

THE COMMUNIST REGIME IN EAST GERMANY LAST NIGHT HELD OUT ITS OWN LURE TO WEST GERMANY'S UNEMPLOYED, AND TO THE BONN REPUBLIC'S INDUSTRIALISTS AS WELL.

ACTING PRIME MINISTER WALTER ULBRICHT TOLD HIS VOLKSKAMMER (PEOPLE'S CHAMBER) IN BERLIN THAT EAST GERMANY NOW HAS "A CERTAIN LACK OF QUALITY WORKERS."

BUT ULBRICHT SAID HE COULD NOT PROMISE "THAT WE CAN FIND PLACES FOR WEST GERMAN UNEMPLOYED HERE, SINCE THERE ARE GREAT DIFFICULTIES OF ACCOMODATION."

ULBRICHT PLEDGED HIS GOVERNMENT WOULD "CONSIDER THE DELIVERY POSSIBILITIES OF WEST GERMAN FACTORIES" IN ITS NEGOTIATIONS FOR A TRADE PACT WITH COMMUNIST CHINA.

HE SAID HE HAD ALREADY REQUESTED HIS MINISTER OF FOREIGN TRADE TO OPEN TALKS WITH THE CHINESE REDS.

M805AES

FEB 10 1950

FRANKFURT, GERMANY, FEB.10-(AP)-DR.HANS SCHLANGE-SCHOENINGEN, WHO CLAIMS HE ONCE PLOTTED TO BOMB ADOLF HITLER, HAS BEEN NOMINATED AS GERMANY'S FIRST POSTWAR ENVOY TO THE UNITED STATES, AMERICAN OFFICIALS DISCLOSED TODAY.

THE GREYING, 63-YEAR-OLD AGRICULTURAL EXPERT WAS PROPOSED BY THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT, THE OFFICIALS SAID. THE GOVERNMENT WAS INVITED BY THE ALLIES LAST WEEK TO SEND ENVOYS IMMEDIATELY TO WASHINGTON, PARIS AND LONDON.

AMERICAN OFFICIALS SAID THE U.S. HIGH COMMISSION HAS FORWARDED THE NOMINATION TO THE STATE DEPARTMENT FOR CONSIDERATION.

SCHLANGE-SCHOENINGEN WOULD HAVE THE TITLE OF CONSUL-GENERAL. HE WILL HAVE NO DIPLOMATIC FUNCTIONS. HIS DUTIES WILL BE CONFINED TO CONSULAR AND COMMERCIAL ACTIVITIES. THIS WILL INCLUDE THE PROMOTION OF CULTURAL RELATIONS BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND WEST GERMANY.

BJ1018AES

BUCHAREST, ROMANIA, FEB. 10-(AP)-EUGENE DENNIS, U.S.COMMUNIST LEADER, HAS AN ARTICLE IN THE ISSUE OF THE COMINFORM BULLETIN WHICH WAS PUBLISHED TODAY. IT SAYS THE NEXT 50 YEARS WILL BE DECISIVE IN BRINGING COMMUNISM TO THE UNITED STATES, AND THAT A WAR BETWEEN THE AMERICANS AND RUSSIANS WOULD "SPELL RUIN" FOR AMERICA.

(DENNIS IS FREE ON BAIL IN THE UNITED STATES PENDING APPEAL FROM A SENTENCE OF FIVE YEARS IN PRISON AND $10,000 FINE, IMPOSED ON HIS CONVICTION OF CONSPIRING TO ADVOCATE THE OVERTHROW OF THE U.S. GOVERNMENT BY FORCE.)

ED1003AES

FEB 10 1950

ATHENS, GREECE, FEB.10-(AP)-THE GREEK ARMY ANNOUNCED TODAY IT HAD WIPED OUT A SMALL BAND OF COMMUNIST GUERRILLAS NORTHEAST OF LARISA WHO FIRED ON AMERICAN OFFICERS AND MEN FOUR TIMES DURING THE FAST MONTH.

THE REMNANTS OF THE GUERRILLA ARMY HAD BEEN HIDING IN PEAKS OF THE LOWER OLYMPUS MOUNTAINS. THE AMERICANS WERE TRAVELLING OR HUNTING IN THE AREA WHEN FIRED ON.

THE GENERAL STAFF SAID 15 GUERRILLAS WERE EITHER KILLED OR CAPTURED IN THE OPERATION.

CAPT.WAYNE L.HORR OF AUBURN, N.Y., SAID HE WAS FIRED ON BY TRACER BULLETS WHILE DUCK HUNTING. HIS COMPANION WAS LIEUT.GEORGE KOST OF THE U.S. NAVY WHOSE HOME IS (6047 SOUTH MCVICKERS AVE.) IN CHICAGO. THEY SAID THEY WERE "PINNED DOWN BY FIRE FROM THE MOUNTAIN."

TWO WEEKS AGO LIEUT.COL.RYAN W.KING OF SPARTA, WIS., REPORTED HE WAS SHOT AT WHILE HUNTING IN THE SAME AREA WITH CAPT.GEORGE A.COOK OF LOWER LAKE, CALIF.

QQ1031AES

FEB 10 1950

PRAGUE, FEB. 10-(AP)-WALLACE TORONTO, HEAD OF THE MORMON CHURCH HERE, SAID TODAY HE HAD "REASON TO BELIEVE" THAT TWO AMERICAN MORMON MISSIONARIES WHO DISAPPEARED JAN. 28 IN MORAVIA HAVE BEEN ARRESTED BY CZECH POLICE.

TORONTO SAID HE BELIEVED THE TWO MEN -- STANLEY F. ABBOTT, 23, OF LEHI, UTAH, AND C. ALDON JOHNSON, 22, OF IDAHO FALLS, IDAHO -- ARE BEING DETAINED IN OLOMOUC, IN CENTRAL MORAVIA.

TORONTO SAID HE WAS NOT FREE TO DISCLOSE WHAT INFORMATION HE HAD TO INDICATE THAT THE MEN WERE IN POLICE CUSTODY. HE SAID HE ALSO COULD NOT SPECULATE ON THE REASON FOR THEIR ARREST.

OLOMOUC IS NEAR THE TOWN OF PROSTEJOV, WHERE THE TWO MISSING MISSIONARIES WERE STATIONED.

THEY DISAPPEARED JAN. 28 AFTER LEAVING PROSTEJOV TO VISIT HKCH MEMBERS LIVING NEAR THE POLISH BORDER.

UNIMPEACHABLE SOURCES PREVIOUSLY SAID THAT THE TWO MEN WERE IN CUSTODY IN OLOMOUC.

ON JAN. 28 CZECH POLICE SEARCHED THE APARTMENT OCCUPIED BY JOHNSON AND ABBOTT IN PROSTEJOV. THEY TOOK AWAY SOME OF THEIR PERSONAL BELONGINGS, INCLUDING CAMERAS, AND THEN SEALED THE ROOMS.

RELIABLE SOURCES ALSO REPORTED YESTERDAY THAT ABOUT 20 CZECHS WHO ATTENDED A MEETING OF THE MORMON MISSION IN PROSTEJOV ON FEB. 2 WERE ARRESTED AND HELD FOUR DAYS WHILE THEIR ROOMS WERE SEARCHED.

THE AMERICAN EMBASSY HAS ASKED THE CZECH FOREIGN OFFICE FOR INFORMATION CONCERNING THE WELFARE AND WHEREABOUTS OF THE MISSING MISSIONARIES BUT HAS NOT YET RECEIVED A REPLY TO ITS NOTE.

JB301AES

BUDAPEST, HUNGARY, FEB 10-(AP)-THE MINISTRY OF JUSTICE ANNOUNCED TODAY THAT AMERICAN BUSINESSMAN ROBERT E. VOGELER WOULD BE TRIED FEB.17 ON CHARGES OF ESPIONAGE AND SABOTAGE.

VOGELER, EUROPEAN REPRESENTATIVE OF THE INTERNATIONAL TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH CO., HAS BEEN HELD INCOMMUNICADO SINCE HIS ARREST LAST NOV.18.

THE MINISTRY ANNOUNCED EDGAR SANDERS, BRITISH SUBJECT AND LOCAL I. T. & T. REPRESENTATIVE, AND FIVE HUNGARIAN NATIONALS ALSO WOULD BE TRIED WITH VOGELER BEFORE A BUDAPEST COURT OF JUSTICE.

THE GOVERNMENT HAS ANNOUNCED THAT VOGELER AND SANDERS HAVE CONFESSED THEIR GUILT.

THE U.S. STATE DEPARTMENT ORDERED HUNGARY'S CONSULATES IN NEW YORK AND CLEVELAND CLOSED AFTER THE GOVERNMENT HERE REFUSED TO LET AMERICAN MINISTER NATHANIEL P. DAVIS INTERVIEW VOGELER AND ANOTHER AMERICAN ARRESTED HERE.

THE LATTER, JEWISH WELFARE AGENCY DIRECTOR ISRAEL JACOBSON, LATER WAS RELEASED AND EXPELLED FROM THE COUNTRY.

VOGELER PROBABLY WILL BE DEFENDED BY A HUNGARIAN ATTORNEY APPOINTED BY THE HUNGARIAN GOVERNMENT. A REQUEST HAS BEEN MADE THAT HE BE ALLOWED TO USE AN AMERICAN ATTORNEY ALSO. DEPUTY PREMIER MATYAS RAKOSI SAID THIS WOULD HAVE TO BE "CONSIDERED" BY THE GOVERNMENT AND THAT HE COULD GIVE NO ASSURANCE IT WOULD BE PERMITTED.

M549AES

PRAGUE, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, FEB.10-(AP)-THE CZECH RADIO SAID TONIGHT THAT ALL BRITISH STUDENTS STUDYING AT PRAGUE'S CHARLES UNIVERSITY HAD SIGNED A PROCLAMATION SUPPORTING DR.ARNA RIDES IN CONDEMNING THE BRITISH COUNCIL AS A TOOL OF THE "HOSTILE" POLICY OF THE BRITISH FOREIGN OFFICE.

THE RADIO SAID THE STUDENTS, WHO ARE HERE ON SCHOLARSHIP, EXPRESSED APPROVAL OF DR.RIDE'S ACTION IN QUITTING HER JOB AS MEDICAL ADVISOR TO THE BRITISH COUNCIL, A CULTURAL GROUP, AND ASKING THE COMMUNIST-LED GOVERNMENT TO LET HER REMAIN HERE AND CONTINUE HER WORK IN BEHALF OF THIS COUNTRY.

THE RADIO DID NOT SAY HOW MANY STUDENTS WERE INVOLVED. DR.RIDES RESIGNED FROM THE BRITISH COUNCIL LAST SATURDAY. SHE SAID THAT SHE WAS DOING SO BECAUSE SHE HAD BECOME CONVINCED THAT "THE FUTURE CERTAINLY LIES ON THIS SIDE."

REGINALD CLOSE, DIRECTOR OF THE BRITISH COUNCIL, SAID THAT "NO BRITISH STUDENT HERE IS OUR RESPONSIBILITY," AND THAT NONE OF THE BRITISH STUDENTS AT CHARLES UNIVERSITY HAS ANYTHING TO DO WITH THE COUNCIL. HE ESTIMATED THAT THERE ARE ABOUT A DOZEN BRITISH STUDENTS STUDYING HERE.

JM112APES

BY ALEX H. SINGLETON

BELGRADE, YUGOSLAVIA, FEB 10-(AP)-YUGOSLAVIA COMPLETED TODAY THE PROSECUTION OF 15 PERSONS, INCLUDING STUDENTS AND PEASANTS, ON CHARGES OF ORGANIZING A "TERRORISTIC BAND" TO OVERTHROW PREMIER MARSHAL TITO'S GOVERNMENT.

ALL PLEADED INNOCENT. THEY SAID THEY WERE EITHER PROMOTING A LEGAL POLITICAL PARTY IN OPPOSITION TO THE PRESENT GOVERNMENT OR WERE DRAWN INTO THE ORGANIZATION THROUGH FRIENDSHIPS WITH THOSE ACCUSED OF THE "PLOT."

THE PROSECUTION AND DEFENSE WILL SUM UP TOMORROW. A VERDICT FROM THE THREE-MAN PEOPLE'S COURT WILL BE GIVEN EITHER SUNDAY OR MONDAY. UNLIKE THE PROCEDURE IN WESTERN COURTS, THE DEFENDANTS ARE REQUIRED TO TELL THEIR STORIES BEFORE THE PROSECUTION PRESENTS ITS EVIDENCE.

SO FAR, ON THE BASIS OF THE EVIDENCE, THERE HAS APPEARED LITTLE TESTIMONY TO SUPPORT THE PROSECUTION'S CHARGES THE GROUP HAD GONE VERY FAR IN ITS ALLEGED PLANS TO FORM AN INDEPENDENT KINGDOM LINKING THE YUGOSLAV REPUBLICS OF SERBIA, CROATIA AND SLOVENIA.

EVEN ON THE BASIS OF THE PROSECUTION'S OWN TESTIMONY, THE GROUP'S ALLEGED ORGANIZATIONAL PLANS NEVER GOT BEYOND THE GROUNDWORK STAGE.

THE LAST TWO DEFENDANTS APPEARED BEFORE THE COURT THIS AFTERNOON. ONE WAS MIODRAG MAKSIMOVIC, 23, BESPECTACLED STUDENT OF PHILOSOPHY. THE OTHER WAS MIROSLAV ARSIC,28, A STUDENT OF ECONOMICS. THEY FOLLOWED THE OTHERS IN PLEADING INNOCENT.

IN SOME RESPECTS, THIS TRIAL HAS PROVED UNUSUAL. IN MOST OTHER CASES WHICH HAVE ATTRACTED WIDESPREAD ATTENTION, THE DEFENDANTS HAVE COME INTO COURT WITH PLEAS OF GUILTY.

DY915PES

BUCHAREST, ROMANIA, FEB. 10-(AP)-THE OFFICIAL ROMANIAN NEWS AGENCY SAID TODAY THE COUNTRY HAD PASSED ITS 1949 ECONOMIC TARGET BY EIGHT PER CENT.

THE AGENCY SAID 1949'S TARGET FIGURES WERE A 40 PER CENT INCREASE OF 1948 PRODUCTION. THE COMMUNIQUE GAVE NO EXACT PRODUCTION FIGURES, BUT MERELY PERCENTAGE INCREASES.

THESE WERE:

MINING AND SALT EXTRACTION, 2 PER CENT; COAL 7.9 PER CENT; ELECTRIC ENERGY, 7.1 PER CENT; METALLURGY, 11.7 PER CENT; MACHINE CONSTRUCTION, 15.1 PER CENT; ELECTROTECHNICAL, 22.5 PER CENT; CHEMICAL 2.4 PER CENT; TIMBER AND FURNITURE 18 PER CENT; CELLULOSE AND PAPER 2.5 PER CENT; TEXTILE 2.7 PER CENT; LEATHER 22.5 PER CENT; GLASS AND POTTERY 20.4 PER CENT; FOOD 5.5 PER CENT.

THE AGENCY SAID THAT OIL AND GAS PRODUCTION WAS SIX PER CENT UNDER THE TARGET AND BUILDING MATERIALS ONE PER CENT UNDER.

FIGURES FOR AGRICULTURE WERE NOT COMPLETE. THE COMMUNIQUE SAID THERE HAD BEEN A 36 PER CENT INCREASE IN SPRING CROPS. LIVESTOCK WAS UP: PIGS, 14 PER CENT; OXEN AND COWS, 4 PER CENT; HORSES, 4 PER CENT; DOMESTIC BIRDS, 42 PER CENT.

VS1027PES

VIENNA--FIRST ADD SOLDIERS X X X MANUFACTURING PLANT.

COL. W.K. LIEBEL, AMERICAN PROVOST MARSHAL IN VIENNA, SAID ABEL AND FRANKEY WOULD BE TRIED BUT THAT THE LIST OF CHARGES TO BE FILED AGAINST THEM HAS NOT BEEN COMPLETED YET.

LIEBEL SAID THE GROUP THAT INSTRUCTED THE TWO SOLDIERS INCLUDED RUSSIAN OFFICERS AND AUSTRIAN CIVILIANS EMPLOYED BY THE RUSSIANS.

ARMY INVESTIGATORS SAID ABEL TOLD THEM HE MADE HIS FIRST CONTACT WITH THE KIDNAPING RING WHEN HE SOLD A STOLEN RADIO IN THE SOVIET SECTOR OF VIENNA.

THE MAN WHO BOUGHT THE RADIO TOLD HIM THERE WERE WAYS TO MAKE EASIER AND BIGGER MONEY. HE ARRANGED A MEETING BETWEEN ABEL AND MEMBERS OF THE RING IN A PUBLIC BAR IN THE SOVIET SECTOR.

ABEL WAS TOLD HE COULD MAKE "SOME EASY MONEY" IF HE WOULD AGREE TO KIDNAP PEOPLE WANTED BY THE RUSSIANS. THE SOLDIER AGREED AND RECRUITED FRANKEY TO HELP HIM, HE TOLD THE ARMY.

THE KIDNAPING OF EDER WAS PLANNED AFTER THE TWO SOLDIERS MET MEMBERS OF THE RING SEVERAL TIMES IN THE RUSSIAN SECTOR.

EDER WAS PICKED UP AT HIS HOME WHILE HIS WIFE WAS OUT OF THE HOUSE. THE SOLDIERS SAID THEY DROVE HIM TO THE AGREED MEETING PLACE, ALONG THE MAIN HIGHWAY TO THE AMERICAN AIRFORCE BASE AT TULLN, OUTSIDE VIENNA IN THE RUSSIAN ZONE.

THEY WERE PAID THE 7,000 SCHILLINGS IMMEDIATELY.

MRS. EDER REPORTED HER HUSBAND'S DISAPPEARANCE THE NEXT DAY. U.S. ARMY CRIMINAL INVESTIGATORS IMMEDIATELY BEGAN AN INQUIRY.

IN LAST MONTH'S EXPOSE OF THE KIDNAPING RING THE ARMY CHARGED THAT AT LEAST FOUR DISPLACED PERSONS OR REFUGEES WERE LURED OR ABDUCTED OUT OF THE AMERICAN ZONE OF AUSTRIA.

IN RETURN FOR EACH MAN TURNED OVER TO SOVIET AUTHORITIES, THE ARMY SAID THE KIDNAPERS WERE GIVEN A MONTH'S PROTECTION IN SMUGGLING CIGARETTES FROM HUNGARY INTO VIENNA THROUGH THE RUSSIAN OCCUPATION ZONE.

TWELVE MEN WERE ARRESTED, BUT THE ARMY ADMITTED THE RING LEADER HAD ESCAPED AND PROBABLY WAS HIDING SOMEWHERE IN THE RUSSIAN ZONE.

COL. LIEBEL SAID ABEL AND FRANKEY CONTACTED AN AMERICAN ARMY AGENT SEVERAL WEEKS AGO AND SAID THEY WERE INVOLVED IN THE RUSSIAN KIDNAPING RING.

"AT FIRST WE DIDN'T QUITE BELIEVE IT," LIEBEL SAID. "NOW, HOWEVER, WE HAVE DEFINITE PROOF IN ADDITION TO THEIR CONFESSION THAT THEY DID ABDUCT EDER. THERE IS NO INDICATION THEY WERE INVOLVED IN ANY OTHER KIDNAPINGS. THEY COULD HAVE BEEN, HOWEVER, FOR THEY WERE IN SOLIDLY WITH THE RING."

JR747AES

30.24- 8885

COPENHAGEN, DENMARK, FEB 10-(AP)-PROF. NILS BOHR, DANISH ATOM PHYSICIST AND NOBEL PRIZE WINNER, LEFT COPENHAGEN TODAY ABOARD THE JUTLANDIA. HE WILL ARRIVE IN NEW YORK FEBRUARY 21. HE WILL ATTEND SCIENTIFIC MEETINGS AT PRINCETON UNIVERSITY AND STUDY THE LATEST PROGRESS IN NUCLEAR PHYSICS. BOHR IS ACCOMPANIED BY HIS WIFE. THEY PLAN TO RETURN TO DENMARK IN EARLY APRIL.

MEDSIAES

HELSINKI, FINLAND, FEB 10-(AP)-A REPORT THAT THE SOVIET UNION INTENDS TO CANCEL HER FRIENDSHIP PACT WITH FINLAND CAUSED MUCH SPECULATION HERE TODAY.

FEB 10 1950

THE REPORT, EMANATING FROM THE AMERICAN COLUMNIST, MARQUIS CHILDS, WAS NEWS TO POLITICAL CIRCLES HERE, AND PREMIER KARL A.FAGERHOLM SAID HIS GOVERNMENT "HAS NO INFORMATION WHATSOEVER ABOUT RUSSIA WANTING TO CANCEL HER PACT."

HOWEVER, FAGERHOLM ADDED: "BUT OF COURSE IT IS IMPOSSIBLE FOR US TO KNOW WHAT OPINIONS ARE PREVAILING AMONG THE LEADERS IN MOSCOW."

POLITICAL OBSERVERS SEEM AGREED THAT FINLAND WOULD BE GREATLY DISTURBED BY SUCH A DEVELOPMENT. THE PACT, SIGNED IN APRIL, 1945, AT FIRST HAD BEEN REGARDED HERE WITH SOME MISGIVINGS, BUT IT HAS NOW COME TO BE CONSIDERED AS AN INDICATION OF RUSSIA'S APPROVAL OF FINLAND'S WISH TO BE NEUTRAL IN THE EAST-WEST QUARREL.

ME1114AES

NIGHT LEAD RUSSIAN
BY EDDY GILMORE

MOSCOW, FEB.10-(AP)-THE FAST MOVING CHINESE-SOVIET NEGOTIATIONS PROGRESSED A STEP FURTHER TONIGHT AS NIKOLAI SHVERNIK, SOVIET PRESIDENT, RECEIVED CHOU EN-LAI, FOREIGN MINISTER OF THE CHINESE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC, AT THE KREMLIN.

A.F.GORKIN, SECRETARY OF THE PRESIDIUM OF THE SUPREME SOVIET OF WHICH SHVERNIK IS CHAIRMAN, WAS ALSO PRESENT ON THE SOVIET SIDE.

CHOU WAS ACCOMPANIED BY THE CHINESE AMBASSADOR TO THE SOVIET UNION, WANG CHIA-HSIANG.

JM1119PES

MOSCOW, FEB 10-(AP)-A LARGE KREMLIN RECEPTION LAST NIGHT HONORING COMMUNIST CHINA'S LEADER MAO TZE-TUNG MADE THE FRONT PAGES OF ALL MOSCOW NEWSPAPERS THIS MORNING.

FEB 10 1950

THE BIG SOCIAL FUNCTION FOR THE VISITOR FROM PEIPING, HERE SINCE DEC.16 TO NEGOTIATE TRADE AND FRIENDSHIP PACTS WITH THE RUSSIANS, WAS GIVEN BY SOVIET PRESIDENT NIKOLAI SHVERNIK.

COMMUNIST CHINESE FOREIGN MINISTER CHOU EN-LAI, WHO JOINED MAO HERE JAN.21, ATTENDED THE RECEPTION, AS DID SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI Y. VISHINSKY.

(PRIME MINISTER STALIN WAS NOT AMONG THE GUESTS LISTED ON A MOSCOW RADIO BROADCAST HEARD IN LONDON.)

OTHERS LISTED AS ATTENDING INCLUDED DEPUTY PREMIER V. M. MOLOTOV, POLITBURO MEMBERS A. I. MIKOYAN, N.A. BULGANIN, MARSHAL K. E. VOROSHILOV, AND N. S. KHRUSHCHEV; VARIOUS SOVIET MINISTERS, PROMINENT RUSSIAN SCIENTISTS, WRITERS, ACTORS, ACTRESS, SINGERS, POETS, DRAMATISTS, NEWSMEN AND WORKERS; AND HEADS OF THE TRADE DELEGATIONS FROM CZECHOSLOVAKIA, ROMANIA, HUNGARY AND THE EAST GERMAN REPUBLIC.

THE RECEPTION WAS CONSIDERED AN INDICATION THAT THE VISIT OF MAO AND CHOU IS ABOUT TO END, AND SOME SORT OF ANNOUNCEMENT ON SOVIET-CHINESE AGREEMENT IS TO BE EXPECTED SOON. THESE RECEPTIONS IN RUSSIA GENERALLY ARE HELD TO SPEED THE PARTING GUESTS.

QQ1040AES

RANGOON, BURMA, FEB.10-(AP)-THE INTERNATIONAL RICE CONFERENCE BEGAN WINDING UP ITS BUSINESS TODAY IN PREPARATION FOR TOMORROW'S CLOSING SESSION.

INDIAN DELEGATE UPENDRANATH BARMAN PROPOSED THAT THE NEXT I.R.C. SESSION BE HELD IN 1952 TO ALLOW MEMBER GOVERNMENTS TIME TO CARRY OUT RECOMMENDATIONS BROUGHT UP AT THE PRESENT MEETING.

THE PROPOSAL WILL BE CONSIDERED AT TOMORROW'S FINAL MEETING WHEN DELEGATES WILL ELECT A VICE CHAIRMAN AND DESIGNATE THE MEETING PLACE FOR THE NEXT SESSION.

FEB 10 1950

TODAY'S SESSION ADOPTED A RESOLUTION ON NUTRITION WHICH APPROVED RECOMMENDATIONS FOR NUTRITIONAL IMPROVEMENT OF RICE.

EGYPT'S DELEGATE, G.H.IBRAHIM, OUTLINED MEASURES HIS COUNTRY IS TAKING TO IMPROVE RICE ACREAGE AND WARD OFF PLANT PESTS AND MALARIA.

IBRAHIM SAID EGYPTIAN EXPERTS ARE STILL EXPERIMENTING WITH METHODS TO DISCOVER ENOUGH WATER FOR EGYPT'S RICH RICELANDS.

QQ1110AES

SAIGON, VIETNAM, FEB. 10-(AP)-SIX PERSONS WERE INJURED AND A GOVERNMENT BUILDING WAS BURNED LAST NIGHT IN AN UPRISING OF A TERRORIST BAND SAID TO BE FOLLOWERS OF REBEL HO CHI-MINH.

NINE GRENADES WERE THROWN IN DIFFERENT QUARTERS OF THE CITY. FRENCH TROOPS OPENED UP MORTAR FIRE ON THE TERRORISTS.

THE HO GOVERNMENT HAS BEEN RECOGNIZED BY COMMUNIST CHINA, THE SOVIET UNION AND SOVIET SATELLITES.

FRENCH SOURCES SAID HO'S FOLLOWERS ARE TRYING TO FRIGHTEN INDO-CHINESE AND PREVENT ANY LARGESCALE SUPPORT OF THE FRENCH SPONSORED GOVERNMENT OF BAO DAI.

MEANWHILE, THE VIETMINH RADIO, MOUTHPIECE OF HO'S REGIME, HINTED THAT COMMUNISM'S ULTIMATE AIM IS TO [redacted] BRITISH-HELD HONG KONG AND MALAYA.

IN A BROADCAST TO THE VIETNAMESE, THE RADIO SAID "INDOCHINA IS THE KEYSTONE OF THE IMPERALIST BARRIER INTENDED TO HALT THE FORCES OF LIBERATION ON THE DAY THEY WILL SWEEP THROUGH ASIA AGAINST HONG KONG AND SINGAPORE."

THE BROADCAST ALSO SAID THE UNITED STATES CANNOT DEFEND THE PHILIPPINES AGAINST REBELS ACTIVE THERE.

AT PNOM PENH, THE KING OF CAMBODIA RECEIVED A MESSAGE FROM PRESIDENT TRUMAN, URGING THAT THE TWO COUNTRIES EXCHANGE DIPLOMATIC REPRESENTATIVES. A SIMILAR U.S. MESSAGE WAS SENT YESTERDAY TO BAO DAI.

THE UNITED STATES HAS RECOGNIZED THE TWO COUNTRIES, AS WELL AS THE STATE OF LAOS IN NORTHWESTERN INDOCHINA, AS INDEPENDENT MEMBERS OF THE FRENCH UNION.

ML1245PES

tel aviv, israel, feb. 10-(ap)-israel said today she is ready to talk peace with any of her arab neighbors, but added she knows nothing of reported egyptian overtures.

FEB 10 1950

a foreign ministry spokesman, commenting on cairo press reports that egypt would open peace talks with israel on feb. 26, said the government had received no such notice from egypt of that or any other date.

the dispatches quoted war minister mustafa nosrat bey as saying delegates of the two countries would meet at an unspecified place on feb. 26, that is the first anniversary of the conclusion of the egyptian-israeli armistice in the palestine war.

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CHINESE (240)

TAIPEI, FORMOSA, FEB. 10-(AP)-THE NATIONALIST CHINESE DEFENSE MINISTRY TODAY SAID UNITS OF SIX RED ARMIES HAD BEEN MASSED ON LIUCHOW PENINSULA AND ON THE SOUTH CHINA MAINLAND FOR AN ATTACK ON HAINAN ISLAND.

AT THE SAME TIME THE MINISTRY SAID A GREAT NUMBER OF CHINESE JUNKS WERE BEING GATHERED FOR THE INVASION.

THE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS HERE SAID IT HAD NOW PAID ALL INTEREST AND PRINCIPAL DUE UP TO THE END OF THE YEAR ON MORTGAGED NATIONALIST SHIPS WHICH THE UNITED STATES WISHES TO IMPOUND.

A SPOKESMAN SAID THE MONEY HAD BEEN SENT TO THE NATIONALIST EMBASSY AT WASHINGTON FOR PAYMENT. HE SAID HE HOPED THE U.S. STATE DEPARTMENT WOULD RESCIND ITS FORECLOSURE ORDER.

THE UNITED STATES PREVIOUSLY HAD ORDERED THE SEIZURE OF CHINESE SHIPS PURCHASED FROM THE UNITED STATES.

MEANWHILE CHINESE HERE CLAIM THEY HAVE DEFEATED THE MENACING SPECTER OF INFLATION.

THEY POINT TO THEIR RESTRAINT FROM PRINTING PRESS MONEY AS ONE INDICATION OF VICTORY OVER THIS BOGEY WHICH HASTENED THEIR DOWNFALL ON THE MAINLAND.

THEY SAY THE NOTE ISSUE HAS BEEN KEPT BELOW THE $200,000,000 (M) MARK IN FORMOSA FOR WHICH THERE IS GOLD BACKING. (THIS AMOUNT IS EQUAL TO ABOUT $22,000,000 (M) AT THE PRESENT RATE OF EXCHANGE.)

AUTHORITIES HERE ESTIMATE THE TOTAL EARNING POWER OF FORMOSAS' INHABITANTS AT $300,000,000 (M) A YEAR. THEY PLAN TO DRAIN OFF ABOUT $50,000,000 (M) A YEAR IN TAXES BUT IT MAY BE FIVE OR SIX MONTHS BEFORE THIS CAN BE PUT INTO EFFECT.

X649APS

TOKYO, SATURDAY, FEB 11-(AP)-PRIME MINISTER SHIGERU YOSHIDA'S ALREADY COMFORTABLE MAJORITY IN JAPAN'S DIET (PARLIAMENT) WAS INCREASED WHEN 28 DEMOCRATIC PARTY MEMBERS JOINED HIS DEMOCRATIC-LIBERALS.

THE DEMOCRATS (CONSERVATIVE) SPLIT A YEAR AGO OVER THE ISSUE OF JOINING WITH YOSHIDA'S DOMINANT PARTY. THE MOVE HAD BEEN PENDING SINCE.

YOSHIDA ACQUIRES 23 MEMBERS IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND FIVE IN THE UPPER HOUSE OF COUNCILLORS. THIS GIVES THE DEMOCRATIC-LIBERALS 288 SEATS IN THE 466-MEMBER LOWER HOUSE AND 60 SEATS IN THE 250-MEMBER UPPER HOUSE.

YOSHIDA HAS PLENTY OF SUPPORT IN THE UPPER HOUSE, HOWEVER, BECAUSE THE GREEN WIND SOCIETY, THE SECOND LARGEST PARTY, BACKS HIM. FORTY-THREE DEMOCRATS IN THE LOWER HOUSE AND 37 IN THE UPPER REFUSED TO JOIN THE DEMOCRATIC-LIBERALS.

HF1005PPS NM

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PANAMA, PANAMA, FEB.10-(AP)-THE PANAMANIAN GOVERNMENT TODAY WARNED THAT SHIPS FLYING ITS FLAG WILL RECEVE "NO PROTECTION WHATSOEVER" IF THEY TRY TO RUN THE NATIONALIST CHINESE BLOCKADE ON COMMUNIST-HELD PORTS OF CHINA.

A COMMUNIQUE FROM THE FOREIGN MINISTRY SAID MASTERS, OPERATORS OR OWNERS OF PANAMANIAN-REGISTERED SHIPS "ALONE BEAR THE RESPONSIBILITY OF LOSS OF LIFE OCCURRING WHILE RUNNING THE BLOCKADE."

THE COMMUNIQUE SAID THE GOVERNMENT OFFERED NO PROTECTION, "EITHER IN FACT OR THROUGH DIPLOMATIC CHANNELS FOR ANY MISHAP THAT MAY BEFALL" DURING BLOCKADE-RUNNING OPERATIONS.

THE FOREIGN MINISTRY SAID ITS STATEMENT WAS PROMPTED BY INQUIRIES FROM SHIPPING COMPANIES REGISTERED HERE.

MK548AES NM

BY ROY ESSOYAN

HONOLULU,FEB.10-(AP)-PRESIDENT ELPIDIO QUIRINO, ASSERTING THE PHILIPPINES DOESN'T CARE IF CHINA AND JAPAN BOTH GO COMMUNIST, FLEW OFF TOWARD MANILA TODAY.

QUIRINO, ONE OF THE ORIGINAL PROPONENTS OF A PACIFIC PACT TO STOP THE COMMUNISTS, IS RETURNING HOME AFTER UNDERGOING AN OPERATION IN THE UNITED STATES.

"LET CHINA GO COMMUNIST," HE SAID LAST NIGHT IN AN INTERVIEW SHORTLY BEFORE HE LEFT. "LET JAPAN GO COMMUNIST. WE DON'T CARE. WE WILL RESPECT WHATEVER FORM OF GOVERNMENT ANY OF OUR FAR EASTERN NEIGHBORS CHOOSE TO HAVE."

THAT DIDN'T SOUND LIKE THE QUIRINO WHO LAST YEAR TALKED WITH GENERALISSIMO CHIANG KAI-SHEK ON THE POSSIBILITIES OF A PACT IN THE PACIFIC SIMILAR TO THE ONE IN THE ATLANTIC.

WHEN THE UNITED STATES SHOWED A COOL ATTITUDE TOWARD THE IDEA, QUIRINO TONED DOWN HIS PLANS. HE SUGGESTED A PACT FOR CULTURAL AND ECONOMIC PURPOSES.

QUIRINO SAID IN THE INTERVIEW HE STILL WAS INTERESTED IN A PACIFIC PACT ALONG THOSE LINES. BUT HE WASN'T INTERESTED IN A MILITARY UNION.

SOME FILIPINO SOURCES HERE SAID THEY THOUGHT QUIRINO'S LATEST REMARKS WERE INTENDED PRIMARILY FOR HOME CONSUMPTION. HE IS HEADING HOME TO A LOT OF CRITICISM FROM POLITICIANS WHO ASSERT THAT THE U.S. HASN'T LIVED UP TO ITS MILITARY COMMITMENTS TO THE YOUNG REPUBLIC. THIS CRITICISM COMES FROM THE OPPOSITION NACIONALISTA PARTY.

QUIRINO CONFERRED HERE WITH GEN.OMAR N.BRADLEY, CHAIRMAN OF THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF WHO ARE HERE AFTER TOURING THE PACIFIC.

VR602ACS NM

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RIO DE JANEIRO, FEB.10-(AP)-FOREIGN MINISTER RAUL FERNANDES TODAY CAUTIONED A SENATE COMMITTEE AGAINST HAVING BRAZIL ADOPT TOO HARSH A POLICY ON THE LIBERATION OF FROZEN AXIS ASSETS.

A BILL NOW PENDING IN THE SENATE WOULD DEAL LIBERALLY WITH OWNERS OF GERMAN AND JAPANESE ASSETS AND ALSO WOULD BENEFIT NON-RESIDENT GERMANS AND JAPANESE WHOSE ASSETS HAVE BEEN CONFISCATED. BEFORE JAPANESE ASSETS WOULD BE CLEARED A PEACE TREATY WITH JAPAN WOULD HAVE TO BE SIGNED.

MANY BELIEVE THE ACCORD WITH ITALY, REACHED LAST OCTOBER, WAS GENEROUS.

FERNANDES SAID CONFISCATION OF FROM ONE TO THREE HUNDRED MILLION CRUZEIROS ($5 TO $15 MILLIONS U.S.) WOULD LIQUIDATE GERMANIC PROPERTY IN BRAZIL AND THE ACTION WOULD HARM GERMAN IMMIGRANTS WHO LONG HAVE LIVED IN COMMUNION WITH BRAZILIANS AS A GOOD, HARD-WORKING PEOPLE.

ALSO INVOLVED ARE THE INTERESTS OF LARGE NUMBERS OF JAPANESE IMMIGRANTS WHO, FOR THE MAIN PART, RESIDE IN THE STATE OF SAO PAULO. MANY OF THESE HAVE LARGE RICE AND COFFEE PRODUCTION INTERESTS THERE.

QQ1058AES

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by john a. morsо

San Juan, Puerto Rico, feb. 10-(ap)-the 1,630-ton u.s. destroy

ludlow docked here today 18 hours late and on her last teacup of water,

after a stormy voyage from new york with 236 naval reservists from the

northeastern states.

The "Lucky Lud" was gasping as she tied up to the pier. her

water tanks were empty, her engines [illegible] useless. A strong wind forced

her to tie up at the wrong dock as the engines began failing.

Tired, bathless, shaveless & [illegible] sailors dropped over the rail in

the hot sun.

the ship's [illegible] troubles began shortly after she left new york.

rough seas and rain walloped her for two days. At one time she had

a 49-degree roll which resulted in a pile of [illegible] smashed crockery.

Fully 95 per cent of the men were seasick. It was impossible to

serve regular meals. Later, the water-making machinery failed and

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the ship went on strict rations.

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Cmdr. Edward F. andrews, the skipper , of (747 kimball ave.) westfield, n.j., and the chief engineer, thomas anderson of smithfield, utah, slowed up the ship for an attempt at repairs, but this proved futile.

The ship was ordered by commodore edward v. boenarz of freeport, n.y., to leave the task force and limp in to port here.

the reservis ts aboard the ludlow [redacted] mostly were making their first sea trip and were relying [redacted] on their classroom work to run her.

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NIGHT LEAD KOREA-FORMOSA

BY ROGER D.GREENE

WASHINGTON,FEB 10-(AP)-IN LESS THAN SEVEN MINUTES, THE SENATE TODAY GAVE FINAL APPROVAL TO AN $88,000,000 PROGRAM FOR NON-MILITARY AID TO SOUTH KOREA AND FORMOSA IN THE FAR PACIFIC.

THE MEASURE PASSED THE HOUSE YESTERDAY, 240 TO 134. IT NOW GOES TO THE WHITE HOUSE.

[illegible] CONGRESS THUS PROVIDED FURTHER U.S. MILLIONS TO HELP CHECK COMMUNISM IN THE ORIENT, THESE DEVELOPMENTS OCCURRED:

1. THE STATE DEPARTMENT ANNOUNCED THAT THE UNITED STATES HAS PROTESTED TO GEN.CHIANG KAI-SHEK'S CHINESE NATIONALIST REGIME AGAINST "DELIBERATE" BOMBING ATTACKS ON AMERICAN-OWNED PROPERTY IN SHANGHAI. THE AIR RAIDS WERE LAUNCHED FROM FORMOSA.

2. AT LAKE SUCCESS, N.Y., ORGANIZATIONS REPRESENTING NATIONALS OF 16 COUNTRIS IN RED SHANGHAI CALLED ON THE UNITED NATIONS TO HALT BOMBINGS BY CHINESE NATIONALIST WARPLANES.

GEN.CHIANG'S FORMOSA-BASED GOVERNMENT HAS WARNED THAT AIR RAIDS WILL CONTINUE AGAINST SHANGHAI AND OTHER CHINA MAINLAND CITIES INCLUDING ANCIENT PEIPING, THE CAPITAL.

FORMOSA, NOW GIRDING AGAINST AN EXPECTED COMMUNIST INVASION, LIES 100 MILES OFF THE CHINESE MAINLAND.

THE APPEAL TO THE UNITED NATIONS SAID CONTINUED DAMAGE TO SHANGHAI'S POWER AND OTHER VITAL FUNCTIONS WOULD MAKE THE CITY UNINHABITABLE. IT SAID HEAVY CASUALTIES HAVE ALREADY BEEN INFLICTED AMONG CIVILIANS IN A BOMBING ASSAULT MONDAY AND THAT "CALAMITY FACES X X X DEFENSELESS SUFFERING HUMAN BEINGS."

IN WASHINGTON, THE STATE DEPARTMENT SAID THE U.S. PROTEST TO FORMOSA DEMANDED "PROMPT AND CATEGORICAL ASSURANCES" AGAINST RENEWED ATTACKS ON [redacted] AMERICAN PROPERTY IN SHANGHAI.

THE AMERICAN-OWNED SHANGHAI POWER COMPANY AND STANDARD-VACUUM OIL COMPANY PROPERTY AT SHANGHAI WERE REPORTED DAMAGED IN LAST MONDAY'S RAIDS. SINCE THEN, DISPATCHES HAVE REPORTED OTHER ATTACKS AND QUOTED CHINESE COMMUNISTS AS CHARGING THAT AMERICAN AND JAPANESE PILOTS TOOK PART IN THE RAIDS.

LINCOLN WHITE, STATE DEPARTMENT PRESS OFFICER, TOLD NEWSMEN HOWEVER THAT "POSITIVELY NO AMERICAN PILOTS" ARE SERVING WITH THE NATIONALISTS. HE ALSO DECLARED THAT "AS FAR AS WE HAVE HEARD THERE ARE NO JAPANESE FLIERS IN THE EMPLOY OF THE NATIONALIST GOVERNMENT."

CONGRESSIONAL APPROVAL OF FUNDS FOR FORMOSA-KOREA ECONOMIC AID WAS SEALED IN THE SENATE WITHOUT DEBATE. VICE PRESIDENT BARKLEY ANNOUNCED THE MEASURE PASSED BY VOICE VOTE.

THE SENATE MET AT NOON AND ADJOURNED AT 12:25 P.M.

THE PROGRAM AUTHORIZES $60,000,000 FOR THE LITTLE WAR-BORN REPUBLIC OF SOUTH KOREA--NEXT DOOR TO COMMUNIST-HELD NORTHERN KOREA--AND $28,000,000 FOR THE CHINESE NATIONALIST DEFENDERS OF FORMOSA. THE MONEY WOULD BE SPENT OVER THE NEXT FIVE MONTHS.

CHAIRMAN CONNALLY (D-TEX) OF THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE ANNOUNCED LAST NIGHT THAT THE CHAMBER'S ACTION TODAY WOULD BE DIRECTED TO A SEPARATE FORMOSA-AID BILL. IT HAD ALREADY VOTED ECONOMIC AID TO KOREA.

BUT WITH THE CONSENT OF SENATOR KNOWLAND (R-CALIF), ACTING GOP FLOOR LEADER, CONNALLY DECIDED TO GO AHEAD ON THE HOUSE-APPROVED "ONE PACKAGE" BILL WHICH COMBINED AID TO BOTH KOREA AND FORMOSA.

CONNALLY'S MOVE SPEEDED UP ACTION ON THE AID MEASURES BY ELIMINATING THE NEED FOR A SENATE-HOUSE CONFERENCE TO STRAIGHTEN OUT DIFFERENCES IN SEPARATE BILLS.

THE STATE DEPARTMENT'S NOTE TO GEN. CHIANG'S FORMOSA REGIME SAID THE AMERICAN GOVERNMENT VIEWED WITH "VERY SERIOUS CONCERN" THE "INCREASING NUMBER OF ATTACKS" ON U.S. PROPERTY AND DENSELY POPULATED AREAS IN SHANGHAI.

GG/AR317PES

NEW YORK, FEB.10-(AP)-LT.GEN.LESLIE R.GROVES SAID TONIGHT THAT TO PROTECT AMERICA'S ATOMIC SECRETS THE GOVERNMENT SHOULD SPARE NO EXPENSE TO INVESTIGATE THOSE WHO MAY BE ENGAGED IN TOP SECRET WORK.

THE RETIRED HEAD OF THE "MANHATTAN DISTRICT" ATOMIC BOMB PROJECT SAID:

"IT IS EXPENSIVE TO INVESTIGATE ANYONE. SOMETIMES IT COSTS $2,500 TO INVESTIGATE A PERSON, EVEN A STENOGRAPHER WORKING ON TOP SECRET DATA. BUT IT IS AN EXPENSE THAT MUST BE MET."

GROVES WAS INTERVIEWED ON NBC'S "WE THE PEOPLE" RADIO-TELEVISION SHOW.

HE SAID HE DID NOT KNOW HOW MUCH RUSSIA KNEW ABOUT THE H'DROGEN BOMB.

GROVES WAS ASKED WHETHER HE BELIEVES RUSSIA WOULD HESITATE ABOUT USING THE H-BOMB, PRESUMING THEY HAVE THE SECRET.

"I'VE NEVER SEEN ANY SIGNS OF THE MEN IN THE KREMLIN HESITATING ABOUT USING ANYTHING," GROVES REPLIED.

JM111APES

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NEW YORK, FEB.10-(AP)-TO SHUN DEVELOPMENT OF THE HYDROGEN BOMB, SAYS GEN. DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER, WOULD BE LIKE "STICKING OUR HEADS IN THE SAND."

YOU CAN'T ABOLISH SCIENTIFIC KNOWLEDGE, HE SAID LAST NIGHT, BY BLINDING YOURSELF TO IT.

AND "AT THIS TIME, FACED AS WE ARE WITH A GODLESS OPPONENT," HE ADDED, IT'S NO TIME TO RUN FROM REALITY.

"I CAN'T GO ALONG WITH THOSE WHO BELIEVE WE SHOULD HIDE THE HORROR OF THE H-BOMB IN IGNORANCE," HE SAID. "I CAN SEE NO GOOD IN IGNORANCE."

THE GENERAL, NOW PRESIDENT OF COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY, SAID ALL INVENTIONS CAN BE PUT TO EITHER "GOOD OR EVIL" USE.

"IT IS UP TO THE MORAL FIBER OF MANKIND TO DECIDE TO WHICH USE AN INVENTION IS PUT," HE TOLD THE 10 ANNUAL DINNER OF THE MOLES SOCIETY.

THE SOCIETY, AN ORGANIZATION OF HEAVY CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERS, PRESENTED ITS 1950 NON-MEMBER AWARD TO FORMER PRESIDENT HERBERT HOOVER FOR HIS LONG PUBLIC SERVICE.

MR. HOOVER, WHO WAS CITED FOR HIS REPORT ON GOVERNMENT REORGANIZATION AND ECONOMIES, SAID BIG GOVERNMENT WAS OUTDOING WALL STREET AS A NATIONAL BOGEYMAN.

HE SAID IT "SEEMS AT TIMES THAT THE LAWMAKERS HAVE NOT YET HEARD" OF THE BASIC ECONOMIC FACT THAT LIVING STANDARDS GO UP WHEN WASTE IS ELIMINATED AND PRODUCTION COSTS LOWERED.

THE LAWMAKERS, HE SAID, "ARE BUSY INCREASING WASTE AND PUSHING COSTS UP BY A VARIETY OF DEVICES."

EISENHOWER PRAISED HOOVER AS A "SYMBOL OF ALL THAT HAS MADE AMERICA GREAT."

REFERRING TO THE HOOVER COMMISSION RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ECONOMIES IN GOVERNMENT, THE GENERAL SAID:

"CERTAINLY WHEN IT COMES TO THINKING OF SAVING WASTED DOLLARS, WE ALL CAN AGREE, WHETHER WE ARE REPUBLICANS, DEMOCRATS, OR JUST AN OLD SOLDIER LIKE MYSELF."

THE SOCIETY PRESENTED ITS 1950 MEMBER AWARD TO R. E. DOUGHERTY, RETIRED ENGINEERING VICE PRESIDENT OF THE NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD.

CARLETON S. PROCTOR, PRESIDENT OF THE MOLES, PRESENTED A BRONZE PLAQUE TO HOOVER.

PROCTOR SAID THE HOOVER COMMISSION REPORT SHOWED THAT THE "MOUNTING TAX BURDEN ON BUSINESS AND INDUSTRY MUST BE RADICALLY CORRECTED, ELSE A CONDITION OF SOCIALISM THROUGH TAXATION WILL SURELY RESULT."

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PROCTOR ADDED:

"TODAY'S STARRY-EYED POLITICAL PHILOSOPHY THAT WE WILL ALL BE RICHER IF WE JUST SIT ON OUR HANDS AND SPEND TO BEAT HELL, AND THAT OUR GOVERNMENT WILL THEN UNDERWRITE ALL THE LIVING PROBLEMS OF 150,000,000 (M) PEOPLE, LEADS STRAIGHT TO THE DAY WHEN OUR NATIONAL WELFARE WILL HAVE BEEN SQUANDERED BY AN ARMY OF PRESSURE GROUPS AND GOVERNMENT PAY-ROLLERS PREACHING SECURITY THROUGH THE OMNIPOTENCE OF POLITICIANS AND TAX COLLECTORS."

DOUGHTERTY WAS PRAISED FOR HIS ENGINEERING FEATS WITH THE NEW YORK CENTRAL BEFORE HIS RETIREMENT LAST YEAR.

SJ711AES

(ADVANCE)...ROCHESTER, N.Y., FEB. 10-(AP)-THE NEW REPUBLIC OF INDIA SOONULLLA A MAJOR PART IN WORLD AFFAIRS, SWAMI NIKHILANANDA, A MEMBER OF THE RAMAKRISHNA ORDER OF HINDU MONKS, PREDICTED TODAY.

NIKHILANANDA MADE THE PREDICTION IN A PREPARED ADDRESS AT TE UNIVERSITY OF ROCHESTER'S CENTENNIAL STUDENTS' CONFERENCE ON HUMAN RIGHTS.

"THE ATTAINMENT OF INDIA'S POLITICAL FREEDOM IS ONE OF THE MAJOR HAPPENINGS OF OUR TIME," SAID NIKHILANANDA.

"THE MANNER OF ITS ATTAINMENT HAS IMPRESSED THE OUTSIDE WORLD. IT IS BEING RECOGNIZED THAT INDIA WILL SOON PLAY AN IMPORTANT ROLE IN THE CULTURAL, POLITICAL, AND ECONOMIC LIFE OF THE SOUTHEAST ASIA AND WILL INFLUENCE, TO A CONSIDERABLE EXTENT, THE COURSE OF WORLD EVENTS."

NIKHILANANDA PREDICTED THAT "CENTURIES WILL PERHAPS BE TRAVERSED IN A DECADE" AS INDIA PASSES THROUGH ITS "VAST SOCIAL REVOLUTION."

"IT WILL BE READILY SEEN THAT INDIA HAS EMBARKED UPON A GIGANTIC EXPERIMENT," HE SAID. "A MATURE DEMOCRATIC CONSTITUTION HAS BEEN FRAMED FOR PEOPLE WHO ARE PERHAPS IMMATURE AND UNDEMOCRATIC JUDGING BY MODERN POLITICAL STANDARDS.

"THE INDIAN PEOPLE CHERISH HIGH AMBITIONS, THOUGH THEY ARE CONSCIOUS OF MANY OBSTACLES. THEIR COUNTRY X X X IS NOW BLEEDING FROM AN UNNATURAL PARTITION. ITS ECONOMY HAS BEEN DISRUPTED. X X X

"MILLIONS OF PEOPLE HAVE BEEN DISPLACED FROM THEIR ANCESTRAL HOMEU. RELIGIOUS PASSION RUNS HIGH. THERE ARE IN INDIA 37,000,000 (M) MOSLEMS, WHO, LIVING SIDE BY SIDE WITH 246,000,000 (M) HINDUS, HAVE YET TO PROVE THAT PATRIOTISM CAN RISE ABOVE RELIGIOUS LOYALTIES."

NIKHILANANDA SAID THAT "THE STANDARD OF LIVING IS TERRIBLY LOW" AND THAT ONLY 21.2 PER CENT OF THE MALE POPULATION AND 5.3 PER CENT OF THE FEMALE POPULATION IS LITERATE.

"ONE THING, HOWEVER, CAN BE SAID WITH CERTAINTY," HE CONCLUDED, "WHATEVER PICTURE FINALLY EMERGES FROM THE SHIFTING SCENE OF THE INDIAN WORLD, OR WHICHEVER PARTY CONTROLS THE GOVERNMENT, INDIA HAS UNALTERABLY COMMITTED HERSELF TO UPHOLD AT ANY COST JUSTICE, PEACE AND HUMAN RIGHTS."

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(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 7 P.M., EST, TODAY, FRIDAY, FEB. 10)

JR1234AES

FAIRFIELD,CALIF.,FEB 10 (AP)-THE CHIEFS OF STAFF OF THE UNITED STATES RETURNED TODAY FROM A SURVEY OF THE ORIENT.

THE BIG CONSTELLATION PLANE OF THE MILITARY AIR TRANSPORT SERVICE, LANDED AT THE FAIRFIELD-SUISUN AIRBASE AT ABOUT 8:15 A.M. (11:15 A.M. EST) ON A FLIGHT FROM HONOLULU.

THE CHIEFS OF STAFF WERE TO CONTINUE TO WASHINGTON, D.C., AFTER BREAKFAST AT THE BASE.

THE PARTY INCLUDED GEN.OMAR N.BRADLEY, CHAIRMAN OF THE JOINT CHIEFS; ADMIRAL FORREST P.SHERMAN, CHIEF OF NAVAL OPERATIONS; GEN.J. LAWTON COLLINS, ARMY CHIEF, AND GEN.HOYT VANDENBERG, AIR FORCE CHIEF OF STAFF.

GG1130ACS NM

CHICAGO,FEB 10-(AP)-A PRESBYTERIAN COLLEGE PRESIDENT TODAY CALLED UPON CHRISTIANS TO BRING "CHRISTIAN JUDGMENTS TO BEAR" ON THE QUESTION OF MASS BOMBINGS OF CIVILIANS.

THE SPEAKER, DR.CHARLES J.TURCK, PRESIDENT OF MACALESTER COLLEGE, ST.PAUL,MINN., ADDRESSED THE OPENING SESSION OF THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE NATIONAL COUNCIL OF PRESBYTERIAN MEN.

HE SAID: "IN THE LIGHT OF GOVERNMENTAL APPROVAL OF THE USE OF THE HYDROGEN BOMB, IT IS VITAL THAT CHRISTIAN JUDGMENTS SHOULD BE BROUGHT TO BEAR ON THE QUESTION OF THE MORAL RIGHT TO BOMB CIVILIANS.

"WE ARE TOLD THAT THE HYDROGEN BOMB WOULD DESTROY AN AREA 232 PER CENT GREATER THAN THE AREA DESTROYED BY THE ATOM BOMB ON HIROSHIMA. WHILE WE RECOGNIZE THE DIFFICULTY OF GETTING RUSSIA TO ACCEPT THE CHRISTIAN POINT OF VIEW, AND WE RECOGNIZE THE NEED FOR ADEQUATE DEFENSE, X X NEVERTHELESS WE MUST EXPRESS TO THE WORLD OUR CONVICTIONS THAT THE WHOLE QUESTION OF ARMAMENTS MUST BE EXAMINED IN THE LIGHT OF CHRISTIAN PRINCIPLES."

A MINISTER, DR.W.SHERMAN SKINNER, OF THE EAST LIBERTY PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, PITTSBURGH, TOLD DELEGATES TO THE THREE DAY MEETING THAT, "WE HAVE BEEN GIVING A LOT OF UNCERTAIN OR NEGATIVE ANSWERS" TO THE "CHALLENGE OF CHRIST."

HE SAID, "COMMUNISM IS TODAY DETERMINING MUCH OF OUR LIFE, BECAUSE WE DECIDE EVERYTHING BY REACTION AGAINST IT. X X X GREAT THINGS ARE NOT ACHIEVED BY BEING MERELY AGAINST OTHER THINGS.

"LET US STOP SAYING MERELY THAT COMMUNISM IS NOT THE WAY, LET EVERYONE TURN AROUND AFTER CHRIST AND SAY 'WE HAVE TO FIND THIS WAY, THE HIGH WAY'."

AB439PCS

SAN-FRANCISCO, FEB.10-(AP)-SOME 80 PICKETS APPEARED TONIGHT IN FRONT OF THE SAN FRANCISCO PRESS CLUB WHERE FEDERAL JUDGE HAROLD MEDINA OF NEW YORK WAS SPEAKING.

THE JUDGE, WHO PRESIDED AT THE TRIAL OF 11 TOP COMMUNISTS LAST YEAR, ENTERED THE CLUB WITH A POLICE ESCORT. THE PICKETS--CARRYING SIGNS AND AN AMERICAN FLAG--BOOED HIM. NO OTHER UNTOWARD INCIDENTS WERE REPORTED.

THE SAN FRANCISCO CIVIL RIGHTS CONGRESS SAID IT WAS PICKETING THE CLUB IN PROTEST AGAINST MEDINA'S CONTEMPT OF COURT SENTENCES AGAINST THE COMMUNISTS' DEFENSE ATTORNEYS.

SOME OF THE SIGNS READ: "BARRING ATTORNEYS IS DANGEROUS" AND "WHO WILL BE NEXT?"

JUDGE MEDCINA'S ADDRESS WAS ONE OF THE REGULAR OFF-THE-RECORD TALKS AT THE CLUB'S TRADITIONAL FRIDAY NIGHT "GANG DINNER."

THE PICKETS DISTRIBUTED A PAMPHLET WHICH CHARGED JUDGE MEDINA AS "THE MAN MOST DIRECTLY RESPONSIBLE" FOR THE CONVICTION OF THE U.S.COMMUNIST PARTY LEADERS.

THE PAMPHLET ASSERTED THAT THE CONTEMPT CONVICTIONS OF THE DEFENSE ATTORNEYS IN THAT CASE "HAS HAD ITS EFFECT IN SAN FRANCISCO, WHERE JUDGE HARRIS (FEDERAL JUDGE GEORGE HARRIS) HAS CITED ATTORNEYS IN THE BRIDGES CASE ON THE SAME COUNT."

LONGSHORE LEADER HARRY BRIDGES IS ON TRIAL CHARGED WITH PERJURY IESTIFYING AT HIS 1945 NATURALIZATION HEARING THAT HE HAD NEVER BEEN A COMMUNIST PARTY MEMBER. HIS ATTORNEY, VINCENT HALLINAN, AND JAMES MAC INNIS WERE CITED FOR CONTEMPT AFTER STORMY COURTROOM EXCHANGES WITH THE JUDGE.

FR1121PCS

BY ROBERT L. GOWE

NEW YORK, FEB.10-(AP)-THE GREATEST CONCERN OF THE JAPANESE PEOPLE IS TO AVOID INVOLVEMENT IN ANOTHER WAR BUT IF IT SHOULD COME "WE RELY ON THE DEMOCRATIC NATIONS TO GIVE US LEADERSHIP," THE FOURTEEN TOURING JAPANESE DIET MEMBERS TOLD A NEWS-CONFERENCE TODAY.

TAKESHI YAMAZAKI, 53-YEAR-OLD MEMBER OF THE JAPANESE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND CHAIRMAN OF THE NEWS CONFERENCE HELD AT THE HOTEL ASTOR, SPEAKING OF THE FUTURE OF U.S.-JAPANESE RELATIONS, SAID:

"THE JAPANESE PEOPLE MAINLY WANT THE UNITED STATES TO RECOGNIZE THE NEW JAPAN. WE ARE ONLY A SMALL ISLAND COUNTRY BUT WE FEEL THAT WE CAN BE USED AS A STABILIZING INFLUENCE IN THE FAR EAST.

"WE WANT TO DO EVERYTHING POSSIBLE TO HAVE THE UNITED STATES RECOGNIZE US AS A DEMOCRATIC COUNTRY AND APPRECIATE THE EFFORT WE ARE MAKING TO DEMOCRATIZE OUR INSTITUTIONS."

HE SAID THAT THEY HOPED THAT THERE WOULD BE SOME SORT OF WORKING ARRANGEMENT EVOLVED XETWEENAANANTEZALLECUNTRIES" AND

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HE SAID THAT THEY HOPED THAT THERE WOULD BE SOME SORT OF WORKING ARRANGEMENT EVOLVED BETWEEN JAPAN AND THE "ALLIED COUNTRIES" AND PLEDGED THAT JAPAN WOULD "DO ITS SHARE" TO MAKE A SUCCESS OF ANY SUCH ARRANGEMENT.

TAKIZO MATSUMOTO, MEMBER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES WHO ATTENDED CALIFORNIA SCHOOLS AND ALSO TOOK A ONE YEAR'S BUSINESS COURSE AT HARVARD UNIVERSITY, ACTED AS INTERPRETER FOR THE GROUP. HE POINTED OUT, IN RELAYING A REPLY TO A QUESTION ABOUT JAPAN'S STATUS IN A FUTURE WAR, THAT THE JAPANESE CONSTITUTION DENOUNCED WAR. "TO KEEP OUT OF WAR IS THE GREATEST CONCERN OF THE JAPANESE PEOPLE," HE ADDED.

INEJIRO ASANUMA, 51-YEAR-OLD DIET MEMBER, SAID "WE RELY ON PEACE-LOVING PEOPLE AND THEIR EFFORTS TO PREVENT ANOTHER CATASTROPHE. IF THE WORLD IS DEFINITELY DIVIDED INTO TWO AND THERE IS ANOTHER WAR WE RELY UPON THE DEMOCRATIC NATIONS TO GIVE US LEADERSHIP."

HE SAID THE JAPANESE NATION WANTED DESPERATELY TO WIN BACK THE CONFIDENCE OF THE WORLD AND THAT THEY FELT THAT IN GEN.DOUGLAS MACARTHUR THE UNITED STATES HAD SENT OUT THE BEST POSSIBLE LEADER TO BRING DEMOCRATIZATION TO THEIR HOMELAND.

QUESTIONED ABOUT THE JAPANESE WAR PRISONERS BACK FROM SIBERIA, SABURO SHIIKUMA SAID THAT ONLY A FEW OF THOSE HAD BEEN SUFFICIENTLY INDOCTRINATED BY THE COMMUNISTS TO REMAIN REDS IN JAPAN. TO GET A CHANCE TO RETURN HOME THEY ALL HAD TO ACCEPT INDOCTRINATION WHILE IN RUSSIA, HE SAID.

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FROM THEIR ESTIMATES, SHIIKUMA SAID IT WAS BELIEVED THERE ARE STILL 370,000 JAPANESE PRISONERS UNACCOUNTED FOR BY THE RUSSIANS. HE SAID IT IS THEIR BELIEF THAT MANY OF THEM DIED AND THOSE WHO WERE STILL LIVING WERE WORKING AS LABORERS IN MINES AND OTHER INDUSTRIES.

THE RUSSIAN STORIES OF BACTERIOLOGICAL WARFARE WERE DISMISSED BY THE DIET MEMBERS AS "JUST A SMOKESCREEN" TO OBCETQE PRISONERS-OF-WAR ISSUE.

SHIIKUMA TOLD THE CONFERENCE THAT THE STRENGTH OF THE JAPANESE COMMUNIST PARTY WAS ESTIMATED AT 180,000 CARD-CARRIERS BUT POINTED OUT THEY GOT 2,000,000 VOTES AT THE LAST ELECTION. HOWEVER, HE SAID THE COMINFORM'S ATTEMPT TO IMPOSE ITS WILL ON THE JAPANESE PARTY WOULD BACKFIRE.

WW718PES

NEW YORK, FEB. 10-(AP)-THE TIMES TODAY GAVE EDITORIAL PRAISE TO PRESIDENT QUIRINO'S POLITICAL OPPOSITION FOR HAVING CALLED UNITED STATES DEFENSES IN THE PHILIPPINES INADEQUATE.

THE TIMES HELD THE OPINION THAT QUIRINO'S MAJORITY FACTIONS IN THE GOVERNMENT "WILL READILY AGREE TO STRONGER MEASURES" AND, IN FACT, "HAVE SUGGESTED SUCH MEASURES IN THE PAST." THEY HAVE BEEN "UNDERSTANDABLY RELUCTANT TO PUSH THE ISSUE," SAID THE EDITORIAL, "LEST THEY BE SEEN AS URGING AMERICAN POSITIONS THAT MIGHT ULTIMATELY COMPROMISE PHILIPPINE SOVEREIGNTY AND POLITICAL INTEGRITY."

HOWEVER, THE NEWSPAPER ADDED: "WHEN THE QUESTION IS RAISED BY THE OPPOSITION, WITH THE DEMAND THAT AMERICAN POSITIONS BE MADE STRONGER, THE LOCAL ISSUES CAN FADE INTO THE BACKGROUND AND A UNITED PHILIPPINES AND THE UNITED STATES CAN MOVE TOWARD A REALISTIC APPRAISAL OF THE SITUATION."

AS MATTERS NOW STAND, SAID THE TIMES, "THERE IS GOOD FAITH ON BOTH SIDES IN THE PHILIPPINE CASE AND BOTH CAN PROFIT FROM IT. X X X THE UNITED STATES IS COMMITTED TO DEFEND THE PHILIPPINES. X X X PRESENT INSTALLATIONS ARE INADEQUATE TO MEET THAT OBLIGATION. THAT IS RECOGNIZED HERE AND OBVIOUSLY NOW IS BEING RECOGNIZED IN THE PHILIPPINES.

"AT THE SAME TIME THE UNITED STATES DOES NOT WISH OR PROPOSE TO ESTABLISH ANY POSITIONS THAT WOULD BE A DEROGATION OF PHILIPPINE INDEPENDENCE AND SOVEREIGNTY. THAT HAS BEEN SOLEMNLY AVOWED AND THE AVOWAL MEANS JUST WHAT IT SAYS, REGARDLESS OF THE FULMINATIONS OF THE COMMUNIST "DISGUISED IMPERIALISM" LINE.

"WITH THAT BASIC AGREEMENT, THERE SHOULD BE NO GREAT OBSTACLE TO X X X PROVIDING DEFENSE THAT IS ADEQUATE X X X THE IMPORTANT THING TO BE REMEMBERED IS THAT DEFENSE IS A JOINT PROPOSITION. WE WILL TAKE POSITIONS IN THE PHILIPPINES ONLY BECAUSE THE FILIPINOS NEED US AND WANT US THERE. THE INITIATIVE CAN AND SHOULD COME FROM THEM AND WE WILL RESPOND TO IT."

EZ943AES

HAGER, A NATIVE OF LAKEVIEW, LONG ISLAND,N.Y.,SAID THE NATIONALISTS HELD HIM UP THREE DAYS AT THE MOUTH OF THE YANGTZE EARLY LAST OCTOBER.

THEN, WHILE THEY ESCORTED TWO ISBRANDTSEN VESSELS TO A NATIONALIST ARMY BASE 40 MILES AWAY, HAGER SNEAKED UP THE RIVER TO SHANGHAI.

IT TOOK 12 DAYS TO UNLOAD, HAGER SAID, WITH STEVEDORES WORKING AT NIGHT ONLY BECAUSE OF BOMBING.

THE FLYING TRADER SOUGHT TO SLIP UN-NOTICED DOWN THE RIVER AGAIN BUT NATIONALIST RADAR SPOTTED IT ABOUT 12 MILES FROM THE RIVER MOUTH.

THE CHINESE SENT A SHELL BETWEEN THE SHIP'S MASTS, HAGER SAID, AND HE STOPPED. AT DAYLIGHT, THEY LET HIM PROCEED WHEN HAGER TOLD THEM HE WAS ENROUTE TO KOREA. ACTUALLY, HIS NEXT PORT WAS VLADIVOSTOK, RUSSIA. add - Manila - Chinese blockade / + + + China PORTS.

HAGER SAID THE REDS TREATED HIM FINE.

HE ALSO SAID THAT SHANGHAI SHOPS ARE FULL OF GOODS BUT NOBODY HAS ANY MONEY TO BUY THEM.

GASOPES

FEB 10 1950

ST.LOUIS, FEB. 10-(AP)-THREE GERMAN ENGINEERS TOURING THE UNITED STATES SAID TONIGHT THEY ARE IMPRESSED WITH THE SCIENTIFIC SUPERIORITY AND "CLEANLINESS AND ORDERLINESS OF AMERICAN POWER PLANTS."

CONDUCTED ON A TOUR OF THE UNION ELECTRIC COMPANY'S PLANT AT NEARBY VENICE, ILL., THEY WERE AWED BY THE SIZE OF BOILERS AND FURNACES IN THE STEAM GENERATING PLANT.

AUTOMATIC CONTROL OF SUCH PLANTS IS MORE ADVANCED THAN IN GERMANY, THEY SAID.

THE GERMANS ARE MAX STEGEMANN, DIRECTOR OF THE MUNICIPAL ELECTRIC WORKS AT HAMBURG; LUDWIG STENNEMANN, DIRECTOR OF THE MUNICIPAL ELECTRIC WORKS AT LEMBECK IN THE RUHR VALLEY, AND FRITZ GAEDE, HEAD OF THE PUBLIC UTILITIES SECTION OF DUESSELDORF.

EB1237ACS NM

WASHINGTON,FEB 10-(AP)-PRESIDENTS PHILIP MURRAY OF THE CIO AND WILLIAM GREEN OF AFL APPEALED TO PRESIDENT TRUMAN TODAY TO ASK BRITAIN TO STOP SUPPLYING ARABIC COUNTRIES WITH "INSTRUMENTS OF AGGRESSIVE WARFARE OBVIOUSLY DESIGNED FOR USE AGAINST ISRAEL."

THE TWO LABOR LEADERS PRESENTED THEIR APPEAL IN PERSON.

LATER, THEY ISSUED A STATEMENT EXPRESSING CONCERN OVER REPORTS INDICATING THAT BRITAIN IS SUPPLYING ARMS TO EGYPT, TRANSJORDAN, IRAW AND OTHER ARAB COUNTRIES.

THEY SAID THEY ARE CONVINCED THAT THE OBJECT IS "A SECOND WAR AGAINST THE STATE OF ISRAEL."

MURRAY AND GREEN SAID THEY ALSO ASKED THE PRESIDENT TO PERMIT THE SALE OF ARMS TO ISRAEL TO MEET THE INCREASING THREAT TO ITS SECURITY.

THEY ASKED MR.TRUMAN FOR ADDITIONAL FINANCIAL SUPPORT FOR ISRAEL, SAYING THE $100,000,000 LOAN FROM THE EXPORT-IMPORT BANK IS NOW VIRTUALLY EXHAUSTED.

THEY SAID THEY VOICED TO THE PRESIDENT THEIR HOPE FOR CONTINUED AMERICAN SUPPORT TO HELP ACHIEVE A JUST AND PERMANENT PEACE SETTLEMENT BETWEEN ISRAEL AND THE ARAB COUNTRIES.

HY935PES NM

FEB 10 1950

NEW YORK, FEB. 10-(AP)-MEMBERS OF THE JAPANESE DIET, BARRED FROM A MEETING OF THE BOSTON CITY COUNCIL TWO WEEKS AGO, HAVE ACCEPTED AN INVITATION TO VISIT THE HOME OF MRS. THEODORE ROOSEVELT, JR., AT OYSTER BAY.

THE JAPANESE---INCLUDING 10 DIET MEMBERS AND FOUR OF THE DIET'S SECRETARIAT---ARRIVED TODAY FROM ALBANY, N.Y., FOR A FIVE-DAY VISIT. THEY ARE TOURING A NUMBER OF UNITED STATES CITIES TO OBSERVE THE PROCESSES OF DEMOCRACY SO THAT DEMOCRATIC EDUCATION IN JAPAN CAN BE ACCELERATED.

MRS. ROOSEVELT, DAUGHTER-IN-LAW OF THE LATE PRESIDENT THEODORE ROOSEVELT, ISSUED HER INVITATION WHEN SHE LEARNED OF THE BOSTON INCIDENT.

THE ARMY ANNOUNCED TODAY THAT THE GROUP WILL GO TO THE ROOSEVELT HOME NEXT TUESDAY, ARRIVING AT 5:30 P.M. (EST) FOR TEA AND REMAINING AN HOUR.

THE ARMY HAS ARRANGED A FULL PROGRAM FOR THEIR STAY IN NEW YORK, WITH RECEPTIONS MONDAY AT CITY HALL AND GRACIE MANSION, THE MAYOR'S OFFICIAL RESIDENCE, AND SCHEDULED VISITS TO THE UNITED NATIONS AND OTHER POINTS OF INTEREST IN THE CITY.

EZ1202PES

FEB 10 1950

NIGHT LEAD COPLON

NEW YORK, FEB 10-(AP)-LAWYERS FOR JUDITH COPLON AND VALENTIN A. GUBITCHEV FORGOT THEIR ARGUMENT WITH THE U.S. GOVERNMENT FOR THE MOMENT TODAY AND FELL UPON ONE ANOTHER.

"YOU ARE MAKING AN ASS OF YOURSELF," ATTORNEY ABRAHAM L. POMERANTZ, LAWYER FOR GUBITCHEV, TOLD THE OTHER LAWYER AT ONE POINT.

RETORTED MISS COPLON'S ATTORNEY, ARCHIBALD PALMER:

"AS FAR AS I AM CONCERNED, YOU ARE THE FRONT AND THE REAR."

THE BRUNETTE MISS COPLON URGED PLAINTIVELY:

"WILL YOU PLEASE STOP THIS, IT'S STUPID."

FEDERAL JUDGE SYLVESTER J. RYAN, WHO HAD DISMISSED THE JURY UNTIL NEXT TUESDAY BEFORE THE WRANGLING BEGAN, FINALLY WALKED OUT, LEAVING THE ARENA TO THE TWO LEGAL GLADIATORS.

MISS COPLON, FORMER JUSTICE DEPARTMENT EMPLOYE, AND GUBITCHEV, RUSSIAN-BORN FORMER UNITED NATIONS ENGINEER, ARE ON TRIAL ON SPY CONSPIRACY CHARGES.

THEY ARE ACCUSED OF PLOTTING TO TRANSMIT GOVERNMENT SECRETS TO THE SOVIET.

POMERANTZ OPENED THE SET-TO BY COMPLAINING THAT FBI WITNESSES WERE CONSUMING TOO MUCH TIME REPEATING DETAILS ABOUT THEIR ARREST OF MISS COPLON AND GUBITCHEV LAST MARCH 4.

HE SAID HE WAS WILLING TO CONCEDE THAT FBI AGENTS TRAILED THE COUPLE AND MADE THE ARREST.

"WE CAN SIT HERE FOR WEEKS AND LISTEN TO THIS CUMULATIVE EVIDENCE," SAID POMERANTZ. "THERE HAS NEVER BEEN ANY DISPUTE AS FAR AS I AND MR. GUBITCHEV ARE CONCERNED."

PALMER BROKE IN, TERMING POMERANTZ'S STATEMENT "SILLY," AND TOLD THE COURT:

"I CHALLENGE HIS GOOD FAITH."

PALMER SAID 95 PER CENT OF THE FBI TESTIMONY AFFECTS MISS COPLON AND THAT FBI AGENTS "TWISTED AND TURNED" THE FACTS TO HIS CLIENT'S DISFAVOR.

"I DO NOT INTEND TO JOIN IN ANY SUCH SILLY STATEMENTS MADE," ADDED PALMER OF POMERANTZ' CONCESSIONS TO THE FBI. "JUST WHY DID HE (POMERANTZ) BECOME THIS KINDLY SAMARITAN COMING DOWN FROM JERUSALEM TO BIND UP THE WOUNDS?"

AS JUDGE RYAN WALKED OUT, PALMER TRIED POURING A LITTLE OIL ON THE TROUBLED WATERS.

"THERE IS NO ILL FEELING ON MY PART," HE TOLD THE DIGNIFIED POMERANTZ.

"MY GOD, NO," REPLIED POMERANTZ. "GOD SAVE ME FROM MY FRIENDS."

THE DAY'S ONLY WITNESS WAS FBI AGENT MARTIN F. CAREY, WHO TESTIFIED ABOUT TRAILING MISS COPLON AND GUBITCHEV THE DAY OF THEIR ARREST.

DY911PES

FEB 10 1950

WASHINGTON,FEB.10-(AP)-SENATOR MAGNUSON (D-WASH) URGED THE STATE DEPARTMENT TODAY TO INCLUDE SEATTLE IN THE LIST OF CITIES IN WHICH JAPANESE OFFICES WILL BE SET UP TO ENCOURAGE TRADE BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND JAPAN.

MAGNUSON MADE PUBLIC A LETTER IN WHICH HE TOLD THE DEPARTMENT THAT ITS PROPOSAL TO ESTABLISH SUCH OFFICES IN SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES AND HONOLULU WOULD GIVE MERCHANTS OF THOSE CITIES A DISTINCT ADVANTAGE OVER THOSE IN SEATTLE.

MAGNUSON SAID THE DEPARTMENT ASSURED HIM HIS REQUEST WOULD BE FORWARDED TO THE SUPREME ALLIED COMMAND IN JAPAN.

LATER REP.MITCHELL (D-WASH) ALSO MADE PUBLIC A LETTER TO THE STATE DEPARTMENT URGING THE SEATTLE OFFICE.

MITCHELL SAID THE LONG ESTABLISHED TRADE RELATIONS BETWEN SEATTLE AND JAPAN JUSTIFIED SUCH ACTION.

GG821PES

WASHINGTON,FEB.10-(AP)-THE AIR FORCE REITERATED TODAY IT WILL CLOSE MARKS AIR FORCE BASE AT NOME,ALASKA.

AIR SECRETARY SYMINGTON REJECTED REQUESTS BY DELEGATE BARTLETT AND GOV.ERNEST GRUENING OF ALASKA FOR RECONSIDERATION OF THE PLAN TO ABANDON THE BASE.

THE SECRETARY NOTIFIED BARTLETT OF HIS DECISION. SYMINGTON SAID PERSONNEL AT MARKS FIELD NOW IS LIMITED TO THOSE REQUIRED TO OPERATE AN AIRWAY STATION AND AN INDOCTRINATION SCHOOL.

"THESE FORCES," HE CONTINUED, "HAVE LITTLE OR NO COMBAT CAPABILITY AND THEIR WITHDRAWAL WILL HAVE NO APPRECIABLE EFFECT ON THE DEFENSE OF ALASKA."

HE SAID THE PERSONNEL WITHDRAWN FROM MARKS WILL BE SENT TO OTHER ALASKAN AIR FORCE BASES.

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BJWX

THE CLOSING OF THE FIELD, HE SAID, IS NECESSARY BECAUSE OF FUND LIMITATIONS "AND (BECAUSE OF) THE IMPORTANCE WE ATTACH TO THE TRAINING OFFERED BY THE ARCTIC INDOCTRINATION SCHOOL, ANOTHER LOCATION HAS BEEN SELECTED FOR THE SCHOOL WHICH WILL GREATLY ENHANCE THE VALUE OF INSTRUCTION RECEIVED."

SYMINGTON SAID THE AIR FORCE INTENDS TO TERMINATE ITS LEASE WITH THE CIVIL AERONAUTICS ADMINISTRATION FOR THE FIELD AND PERMIT ITS OPERATION BY CIVIL AGENCIES. IF AN EMERGENCY ARISES, HE CONTINUED, THE AIR FORCE COULD TAKE IT BACK.

HE SAID THE INDOCTRINATION SCHOOL WILL NOT BE MOVED UNTIL NEXT JULY AND THE FIELD FINALLY SHUT DOWN NOV.1.

"THE ACTION" BARTLETT TOLD REPORTERS, "MEANS THE WITHDRAWAL OF OUR MILITARY POWER 550 MILES TO THE EAST. TO PEOPLE EVERYWHERE THIS WILL SEEM A CONFESSION OF WEAKNESS ON OUR PART. WE CAN ILL AFFORD THAT NOW.

"SIBERIA IS ONLY A FEW MINUTES FROM NOME BY AIR. WE NOW TURN OUR BACKS ON THE POTENTIAL ENEMY--AND FLY AWAY."

FR410PES

THE APPEAL WAS MADE IN A PETITION FROM CIVIC AND RELIGIOUS ORGANIZATIONS TO THE UNITED NATIONS INFORMATION OFFICE IN SHANGHAI. IT WAS RELAYED TO U.N. HEADQUARTERS AS AN ADVISORY NOTE.

THE FORMOSA-BASED NATIONALIST GOVERNMENT HAS WARNED OF FURTHER BOMBINGS ON SHANGHAI AND OTHER CHINA MAINLAND CITIES INCLUDING ANCIENT PEIPING, THE RED CAPITAL. and I suggest protest reads very much like this.

THE PETITION SAID HEAVY CASUALTIES RESULTED AMONG CIVILIANS FROM NOONTIME BOMBINGS MONDAY IN THE POWER PLANT AREA OF SHANGHAI, AND CONCLUDED:

"WE PROTEST THIS SACRIFICE OF HUMAN LIVES AND WE APPEAL TO THE UNITED NATIONS IN THE NAME OF ALL THE PRINCIPLES FOR WHICH THE ORGANIZATION STANDS TO TAKE IMMEDIATE ACTION, NAMELY TO APPROACH THE PROPER AUTHORITIES TO FORESTALL THE CALAMITY WHICH FACES THESE DEFENSELESS SUFFERING HUMAN BEINGS AND TO ALLOW THEM FREEDOM TO LIVE."

THE ADVISORY NOTE SAID THE U.N. OFFICE IN SHANGHAI HAD BEEN APPROACHED BY A DELEGATION OF SHANGHAI RESIDENTS FROM THESE 17 COUNTRIES: BRITAIN, HOLLAND, SWITZERLAND, CANADA, AUSTRALIA, NEW ZEALAND, DENMARK, GERMANY, IRAN, INDIA, ITALY, FRANCE, SWEDEN, NORWAY, THE UNITED STATES, PAKISTAN AND BELGIUM.

ML1249PES

FEB 10 1950

NEW YORK, FEB 10-(AP)-A FEDERAL JUDGE RULED TODAY THAT IT IS CONSTITUTIONAL TO DEPORT AN ALIEN BECAUSE OF PAST MEMBERSHIP IN A SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION.

THE 82-PAGE OPINION WAS HANDED DOWN BY JUDGE VINCENT L.LEIBELL WHO DISMISSED A WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS OBTAINED BY PETER MARISIADES, GREEK NEWSPAPERMAN.

MARISIADES, CURRENTLY OUT ON $5,000 BAIL, WAS ORDERED REMANDED TO ELLIS ISLAND FOR DEPORTATION. HE IS CHARGED BY IMMIGRATION AUTHORITIES WITH HAVING BEEN A MEMBER OF AN ORGANIZATION ADVOCATING THE FORCIBLE OVERTHROW OF THE U.S. GOVERNMENT.

MARISIADES OBTAINED THE WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS LAST JULY, CLAIMING HE HAD BEEN ARRESTED AND ILLEGALLY DETAINED AT ELLIS ISLAND. HE SAID THAT ALTHOUGH HE AT ONE TIME HAD BEEN A MEMBER OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY, HE WAS DROPPED FROM THE RANKS IN 1939. DURING THE PERIOD HE WAS A MEMBER, MARISIADES CONTENDED, THE PARTY DID NOT TEACH OR ADVOCATE THE VIOLENT OVERTHROW OF THE GOVERNMENT.

NOTING THAT THE U.S. SUPREME COURT IN DIVIDED OPINIONS HAS HELD THAT FREE SPEECH CANNOT BE STOPPED UNTIL THERE IS A "CLEAR AND PRESENT DANGER" OF SERIOUS HARM TO THE GOVERNMENT, JUDGE LEIBELL SAID:

"THE RECORD IN THIS DEPORTATION PROCEEDING SHOWS THAT THE COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, DURING THE PERIOD IN WHICH THE PETITIONER, PETER MARISIADES, WAS A MEMBER, ORGANIZER, DIVISION EXECUTIVE AND SECRETARY OF ITS GREEK BUREAU, ADVISED, ADVOCATED AND TAUGHT THE OVERTHROW OF THE GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA BY FORCE AND VIOLENCE AND DISTRIBUTED PRINTED MATTER WHICH SO ADVOCATED."

ME521PES

LAKE SUCCESS FIRST ADD PROTEST SHANGHAI BOMBING (A205) XXX OTHERS."

THE TEXT OF THE TEXT OF THE APPEAL SAID:

"LEAFLETS WERE DROPPED BY PLANES ON FEBRUARY 5, INVITING THE RESIDENTS TO EVACUATE THE NEIGHBORHOOD OF THE DOCKYARDS, THE POWER PLANTS, THE RAILWAY STATIONS, FACTORIES, WAREHOUSES AND CAMPS IN SHANGHAI AND OTHER CITIES BECAUSE OF POSSIBLE DAMAGE AND INJURY FROM BOMBING.

"ON FEBRUARY 6 AT NOON THIS THREAT WAS PUT INTO EFFECT IN SHANGHAI, WHERE ALL THE POWER PLANTS WERE BOMBED. AS A RESULT THERE WERE HEAVY CIVILIAN CASUALTIES AND INDUSTRIAL POWER AND PART OF THE DOMESTIC ELECTRICITY REQUIREMENTS WERE PUT OUT OF ACTION. A LARGE SECTION OF THE CITY IS NOW WITHOUT LIGHT AND WATER IS IN SHORT SUPPLY.

"THE COMPLETE DESTRUCTION OF ALL PUBLIC UTILITIES AND THE CONTINUED BOMBING OF DENSELY POPULATED AREAS WILL MEAN FURTHER HEAVY LOSS OF LIFE. IT IS IMPOSSIBLE FOR MILLIONS TO LEAVE THEIR HOMES AND IMPROVISE LIVING QUARTERS ELSEWHERE.

"OF ALL THE THREATENED CITIES IN CHINA, SHANGHAI IS THE BIGGEST AND IS INDEED THE FOURTH BIGGEST OF THE WORLD WITH A POPULATION OF NEARLY 5,000,000 PEOPLE. ITS UTILITIES, AND PARTICULARLY THE POWER PLANTS, ARE THE VERY LIFE OF THE POPULATION, NOT ONLY FOR THE LIVELIHOOD OF THE PEOPLE BUT ALSO FOR THEIR VERY EXISTENCE, FOR WITHOUT POWER THERE IS ONLY ONE QUARTER OF THE REQUIREMENTS OF WATER.

"THE BOMBING OF FEBRUARY 6 HAS IMPERILLED THE LIVES OF THOUSANDS OF PEOPLE AND HAS TAKEN THE LIVES OF HUNDREDS. IF IT CONTINUES IT CAN ONLY BRING THE DISASTER OF WIDESPREAD UNEMPLOYMENT, STARVATION, EPIDEMICS AND DEATH. HUNDREDS OF THOUSANDS MORE WILL BE INVOLVED IN THE OTHER THREATENED CITIES.

"WE PROTEST THIS SACRIFICE OF HUMAN LIVES AND WE APPEAL TO THE UNITED NATIONS IN THE NAME OF ALL THE PRINCIPLES FOR WHICH THE ORGANIZATION STANDS TO TAKE IMMEDIATE ACTION, NAMELY TO APPROACH THE PROPER AUTHORITIES TO FORESTALL THE CALAMITY WHICH FACES THESE DEFENSELESS, SUFFERING HUMAN BEINGS AND TO ALLOW THEM FREEDOM TO LIVE."

(END TEXT)

WW708PES

FEB 10 1950

LAKE SUCCESS, FEB. 10-(AP)-SIR BENEGAL N. RAU OF INDIA AND SIR MOHAMMED ZAFRULLAH KHAN OF PAKISTAN COMPLETED LONG STATEMENTS ON THE KASHMIR CASE BEFORE THE SECURITY COUNCIL TODAY.

THE COUNCIL ADJOURNED AT 5:10 P.M. (EST) WITHOUT SETTING A DATE FOR ITS NEXT SESSION.

THE FEBRUARY PRESIDENT, CARLOS BLANCO OF CUBA, SAID A WEEK'S RECESS WOULD BE TAKEN SO DELEGATES COULD DISCUSS THE CASE PRIVATELY AND TRY TO FIND A WAY TO BREAK THE STALEMATE OVER POSSESSION OF THE PRINCELY STATE.

RAU TOLD THE COUNCIL AGAIN THE BULK OF THE INDIAN OCCUPATION ARMY CANNOT WITHDRAW FROM KASHMIR UNTIL THE AZAD (FREE) KASHMIR FORCE WAS DISBANDED AND DISARMED. ZAFRULLAH KHAN SAID PAKISTAN IS PREPARED TO ACCEPT COUNCIL RESOLUTIONS FOR MEDIATION BUT INDIA INSISTS ON HER OWN POSITION.

JR1239PES

MIGHT LEAD RUSSIANS

LAKE SUCCESS, FEB.10-(AP)-RUSSIA CHARGED--AND THE UNITED NATIONS DENIED--TODAY THAT THE FBI IS USING CERTAIN U.N. OFFICIALS AS SOURCES OF INFORMATION.

SOVIET DELEGATE JAKOB A.MALIK WROTE SECRETARY-GENERAL TRYGVE LIE IMPLYING THAT BYRON PRICE, WAR-TIME CHIEF U.S. CENSOR AND NOW ASSISTANT U.N. SECRETARY-GENERAL, WAS ONE OF THE FBI SOURCES.

A SPOKESMAN FOR LIE ANSWERED:

"NO RESPONSIBLE OFFICIAL OF THE SECRETARIAT IS 'USED' BY THE FBIFOR OBTAINING INFORMATION CONCERNING THE INTERNAL AFFAIRS OF THE SECRETARIAT AS ALLEGED IN MR. MALIK'S LETTER.

"THE SECRETARY-GENERAL DOES NOT ASSUME THAT MENTION OF MR. BYRON PRICE IN MR. MALIK'S LETTER IMPLIES ANY CRITICISM. THE SECRETARY-GENERAL HAS FULL CONFIDENCE IN MR. PRICE."

MALIK ALSO ACCUSED THE FBI OF ILLEGALLY TAPPING THE TELEPHONE CONVERSATIONS OF U.N. SECRETARIAT PERSONNEL. LIE RECENTLY SAID HE KNEW OF NO WIRE-TAPPING AT THE U.N.

IN WASHINGTON, THE FBI HAD NO COMMENT.

BYROM PRICE WAS AWAY FROM HIS OFFICE BECAUSE OF ILLNESS. REACHED BY PHONE HE SAID:

"THE STATEMENT ON BEHALF OF MR. LIE COVERS THE MATTER."

MALIK, IN HIS LETTER, MADE PUBLIC BY A RUSSIAN OFFICIAL, CONTENDED IT HAD BEEN PROVED AT THE NEW YORK ESPIONAGE TRIAL OF VALENTINE GUBITCHEV, CO-DEFENDANT WITH JUDITH COPLON, THAT THE FBI HAD TAPPED TELEPHONE CONVERSATIONS OF GUBITCHEV AND OTHER U.N. EMPLOYEES.

HE ALSO WROTE THE TRIAL SHOWED THE FILE OF A CERTAIN U.N. EMPLOYE THE FBI WAS INTERESTED IN WAS "CHARGED TO THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY GENERAL OF THE UNITED NATIONS, BYRON PRICE."

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PRICE HEADS THE ADMINISTRATIVE AND FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT OF THE U.N. AND HAS AUTHORITY OVER THE PERSONNEL SECTION.

MALIK'S LETTER DID NOT ASK FOR ANY ACTION BUT SAHE HE "RECKONED" LIE WOULD PAY DUE ATTENT

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MALIK'S LETTER DID NOT ASK FOR ANY ACTION BUT SAID HE "RECKONED" LIE WOULD PAY DUE ATTENTION TO THE FACTS.

LIE'S SPOKESMAN SAID THE SECRETARY GENERAL IS CHECKING THE RECORDS OF THE GUBITCHEV-COPLON TRIAL TO SEE WHAT THEY CONTAIN CONCERNING MALIK'S CHARGES.

DY721PES

RUSSIAN

LAKE SUCCESS, FEB. 10-(AP)-RUSSIA CHARGED TODAY THE FBI ILLEGALLY TAPPED TELEPHONE CONVERSATIONS OF MEMBERS OF THE UNITED NATIONS SECRETARIAT AND OBTAINED INFORMATION ON ITS EMPLOYES FROM BYRON PRICE, THE WAR-TIME CHIEF U.S. CENSOR WHO NOW IS ASSISTANT SECRETARY GENERAL HERE.

THE CHARGE WAS MADE IN A LETTER FROM SOVIET DEPUTY FOREIGN MINISTER JAKOB A. MALIK TO TRYGVE LIE, U.N. SECRETARY-GENERAL. LIE RECENTLY SAID HE KNEW OF NO WIRE-TAPPING AT THE U.N.

THE RUSSIANS CURRENTLY ARE ON A WALKOUT-STRIKE FROM 13 U.N. BODIES IN PROTEST AGAINST NATIONALIST CHINA REPRESENTATION HERE.

COPIES OF MALIK'S LETTER WERHF EFT IN THE PRESS AREA BY S. ROSSADIN, SECOND SECRETARY OF THE SOVIET DELEGATION.

U.N. OFFICIALS SAID LIE MIGHT HAVE COMMENT LATER. PRICE IS ABSENT FROM HIS OFFICE BECAUSE OF ILLNESS.

MALIK WROTE LIE THAT ONE FBI REPORT BROUGHT OUT IN THE NEW YORK SPY TRIAL OF VALENTIN GUBITCHEV, SUSPENDED SOVIET EMPLOYE OF THE U.N., CONTAINED EVIDENCE THAT THE FILE OF A CERTAIN U.N. EMPLOYE THE FBI WAS INTERESTED IN WAS "CHARGED TO THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY-GENERAL OF THE UNITED NATIONS, BYRON PRICE."

PRICE HEADS THE ADMINISTRATIVE AND FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT OF THE U.N. AND HAS AUTHORITY OVER THE PERSONNEL SECTION.

MALIK ALSO CONTENDED IT WAS PROVED BY TRIAL DOCUMENTS THAT THE FBI HAD TAPPED TELEPHONE CONVERSATIONS OF GUBITCHEV AND OF OTHER U.N. EMPLOYES. MALIK ADDED:

"ALL THIS CANNOT BUT LEAD TO THE CONCLUSION THAT THE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION NOT ONLY CARRIES OUT THE PRACTICE OF ILLEGAL INTERCEPTION BY MEANS OF WIRETAPPING OF THE TELEPHONE CONVERSATIONS OF THE EMPLOYES OF THE UNITED NATIONS SECRETARIAT, BUT IS ALSO IN CONTACT WITH CERTAIN RESPONSIBLE OFFICIALS OF THE UNITED NATIONS SECRETARIAT, WHOM IT USES FOR OBTAINING INFORMATION CONCERNING THE INTERNAL AFFAIRS OF THE SECRETARIAT AND ALSO FOR OBTAINING DATA ON THE UNITED NATIONS EMPLOYES."

MALIK DID NOT ASK FOR ACTION EXCEPT TO SAY HE "RECKONED" LIE WOULD BECOME INTERESTED IN THE LETTER AND WOULD PAY DUE ATTENTION TO FACTS.

HE SENTNTLEALTENTEFTXE SOVIET EMBASSY OF JAN. 8, 1950, TO THE STATE DEPARTMENT CLAIMI

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HE SENT TO LIE ALSO THE NOTE OF THE SOVIET EMBASSY OF JAN. 8, 1950, TO THE STATE DEPARTMENT CLAIMING DIPLOMATIC IMMUNITY FOR GUBITCHEV.

K315PES

END of Feb. 10 1950

30.24- 8895

British Furor Over 'Shooting' At Navy Leader Soon Quieted

London, Feb. 11 (AP)—The British director of naval intelligence raised a furor today—soon quieted by Scotland Yard and Uxbridge police—with a report that gunmen had shot at him from a speeding car.

What Rear Admiral Longley-Cook thought were bullets which smashed his windshield was only a stone, police authorities suggested. Moreover, the owner of the mysterious car "has been seen" and "everything is all right," they reported.

Admiral Longley-Cook created the sensation in the midst of a nation-wide counter-espionage checkup touched off by the Fuchs atom spy case. He reported that two bullets from an American-made sedan crashed through his windshield about 10 A.M. as he and Mrs. Longley-Cook were driving on the main street of Uxbridge, on London's northwestern outskirts.

Gives Chase For 9 Miles

He said he gave chase for 9 miles before losing the speeding car at Acton, just west of London.

A former gunnery advisor to the Admiralty, he said the windshield "certainly looked to me as if a small bullet or two went through it."

"I cannot imagine any motive for the attack," he said, "but one never knows."

He could not be reached for comment tonight. The Admiralty took the position that the whole thing was a police matter.

Scotland Yard and the Uxbridge police, however, gave the case their undivided attention as soon as he reported the incident.

It was not known whether Admiral Longley-Cook was engaged directly in Britain's counter-espionage drive, but it was assumed he would be in charge of security for any atomic developments related to the Admiralty.

"Everything Is All Right"

Only last week it was announced that plans may be presented to the Cabinet in about two months for atomic machinery to drive warships, including destroyers.

After investigators had examined the Admiral's car, police at Uxbridge said "there are definitely no bullet holes in the windshield." A spokesman speculated the windshield might have been shattered by a stone thrown up from the road by the car he had chased.

Later, a police inspector at Uxbridge said the car had been traced by the license number obtained by the Admiral and "everything is all right."

Longley-Cook has been in charge of naval intelligence for two years. He went to sea in World War I at the age of 15 and saw action in the Dardanelles. In World War II he captained cruisers in action in the Mediterranean, Pacific and Arctic, and was decorated for his part in planning the invasions of Sicily and Normandy.

None Being Overlooked

Shocked by the disclosures made in the case of Dr. Klaus Fuchs, German-born scientist, estimated by Senator Tydings (D., Md.) in the United States to have advanced Russia by a year or more in progress toward the hydrogen bomb, Britain was checking on the past history of every worker connected with atom research. No top scientist, maintenance man, even scrubwoman was being overlooked.

Several engaged in research were understood to be of German background. Fuchs himself is a 38-year-old scientist described in court as a Communist, who came to England in 1933. He was interned at the beginning of the war, but was released when it was found he had no Nazi sympathies. In 1942 he was enlisted in atomic research.

The big screening presumably began late last month, immediate after authorities obtained Fuchs purported confession that he turned over Anglo-American secrets to Russian agents because he was a believer in Communism.

Fuchs Back In Prison

Crown Prosecutor Christmas Humphreys described these secrets yesterday as "of the highest value to a potential enemy."

Fuchs was back in bleak Brixton prison today, sitting out the long hours before his trial in Old Bailey criminal court at the session beginning February 28.

The bespectacled Fuchs, who came to be regarded as a genius in atomic theory, appeared to have laid the groundwork for a plea of temporary insanity after outsmarting Scotland Yard and the FBI for seven years.

In his own words, the purported confession described Fuchs as a victim of "controlled schizophrenia."

Marxian Philosophy Used

Schizophrenia is one of the principal forms of insanity. In popular language, a schizophrenic suffers from a dual mind, or Jekyll-Hyde personality. Dr. Jekyll is the famed Robert Louis Stevenson character of fiction, who carried on as a friendly and highly respected man but sometimes turned into the sinister and grotesque Mr. Hyde.

Fuchs said he used his Marxian philosophy to put his Communist loyalties and beliefs into a secret compartment of his mind, while carrying on his free and easy social contacts and normal work.

He thus won the respect and friendship of many of the greatest minds in British science, untroubled by any tell-tale signs that would arouse suspicion or even any twinges of conscience.

Before he was discovered, his purported confession said, he had gnawing doubts about Russia, had ceased his contacts with Russian agents and was debating within himself whether he ought not to give up his work at Harwell, Britain's atomic research center.

Views Of 'Attack' On Intelligence Aide Differ

London, Feb. 11 (AP)—The Director of British Naval Intelligence said today the windshield on his car was shattered by two bullets fired by gunmen. But Scotland Yard said the windshield was not broken by bullets. Police said a stone may have smashed it.

Rear Admiral Eric Longley-Cook told police two bullets from a moving car struck his windshield while he was driving on the outskirts of London.

The statements came while Scotland Yard and military intelligence operatives pressed a great counterespionage drive touched off by the atom case involving Klaus Fuchs.

Chased 9 Miles

Longley-Cook said he had chased the car for 9 miles but failed to catch it.

The Criminal Investigation Department of the Police Bureau at Uxbridge, where the incident took place, confirmed Scotland Yard's statement. A spokesman said.

"The are definitely no bullet holes in the windshield."

He speculated that a stone may have been thrown up from the road when the car that Longley-Cook chased passed him.

Fuchs, a German-born scientist, confessed to giving valuable atomic secrets to Russia for a seven-year period, a court prosecutor said. He is being held for trial on charges of violating the Official Secrets Acts.

Atomic Engines

Various branches of the military intelligence participated in the investigations which led to the arrest of Fuchs. A spokesman for Prime Minister Attlee said he could not speculate whether Longley-Cook had played any role in such investigations.

The Rear Admiral, as director of Naval Intelligence, is in charge of security for Britain's latest announced atomic project—the building of atomic-energy engines for ships.

Longley-Cook said: "I cannot imagine any motive for the attack." He added thoughtfully: "But one never knows."

Despite any absence of official information there was immediate speculation that the big atomic security cleanup and the Longly-Cook incident might be connected.

Informed sources said Scotland Yard and MI5—military intelligence—are checking all the way from top-ranking scientists down to the charwomen at Harwell, the nation's atomic research center 50 miles west of London.

The incident followed by only a few hours a shooting in which a bullet narrowly missed Lord Moynihan, chairman of Britain's Liberal party.

A bullet went through the windshield of Moynihan's car last night while he was driving through Epping Forest on the East Side of London.

A spokesman for the Ministry of Supply disclosed last Wednesday Britain is planning the construction of atomic energy engines for ships.

The spokesman did not say whether it was a naval project, but said the atomic engine would be small enough to be carried by a destroyer.

Widespread Spy Hunt Reported In Britain

London, Feb. 11 (AP)—The arrest of Atomic Scientist Klaus Fuchs was reported today to have intensified one of the greatest counter-espionage and security checkups in Great Britain's history.

Fuchs, Britain's top-ranking atomic expert, was committed yesterday for trial February 28 after a Crown prosecutor said the scientist confessed he gave American and British atomic secrets to Russia.

The nation's famed security services, Scotland Yard and military intelligence's MI-5 branch, were silent as always about the checkup under way, but informed sources said agents were investigating the past of everyone connected with atomic research in Britain.

Even Scrubwomen Checked

The inquiries covered not only the highest ranking scientists, but even menial workers such as scrubwomen at Harwell, the nation's atomic research center, 50 miles west of London.

The recheck appears to have been started well before Fuchs was arrested.

No one beneath the highest levels of the Government knows even the approximate number of persons engaged in atomic-research work in Britain, but the figure must be in the thousands, including secretarial and maintenance workers.

Some Are Germans

Some scientists, like Fuchs, are Germans. Reliable sources indicated reinvestigation of them would have high priority.

It is likely that Scotland Yard's special branch dealing with counterespionage and MI-5 were engaged in the work.

The Fuchs case faded out of the British press again today. Newspapers reported the hearing fully yesterday, but the law of the land prevents them from publishing any comment—of their own or by other people—on any case that remains in the hands of the courts.

Document Study Reported

The London *Daily Mail*, in an article dealing with security measures, said eight military intelligence agents were poring over documents in Government offices at Whitehall.

It said officials of the United States Federal Bureau of Investigation would be told the results of the inquiry, and that persons working in radar and rocket research in England will be checked soon.

Britain, Israel In Accord Over Blocked Funds

Latter Allowed to Spend $8,400,000 in '50 From War-Services Accounts

LONDON, Sunday, Feb. 12 (AP).—The British Treasury announced today an Anglo-Israel agreement giving Israel the right to spend £3,000,000 ($8,400,000) this year from her £30,000,000 blocked sterling account.

In addition, the pact allows Israel to use an additional £4,000,000 as a working balance in carrying on her trade and to draw up to £435,000 a month to pay for oil supplies from the sterling area.

The Treasury statement said the agreement was reached in talks here which ended Friday. The pact covers the whole of 1950. The negotiators agreed to the release of an additional £500,000 for November and December of last year. A previous agreement expired in November.

Israel's blocked sterling is part of more than £3,000,000,000 Great Britain owes her Commonwealth and other countries for war-time supplies and services.

She has been releasing part of the sterling held for these debts each year since the war. Some government critics have complained that the rate at which the debts are being canceled is endangering Britain's economy.

Britain and Israel are also conferring on settlement of claims and counterclaims resulting from the ending of Britain's League of Nations mandate over Palestine.

No results of these talks have been announced.

EAST GERMAN AIDE MISSING

Dertinger Reported To Be Under Arrest Or Convalescing

Berlin, Feb. 11 (AP)—Georg Dertinger, the East German Foreign Minister who tried hard to please the Russians, was on the missing list tonight.

The bespectacled 48-year-old Christian Democrat was reported either under house arrest by Communist police or recuperating in mysterious seclusion from a heart attack.

Gerhart Eisler, press chief of the East German Communist republic, insisted: "Dertinger falls into the same category as Grotewohl's 'suicide.' Both are alive and happy as long as they don't have to read *Die Welt*." He refused to say more.

Die Welt is the British-controlled newspaper that reported Dertinger's house arrest. Grotewahl is the East German Prime Minister who has been on a mysterious sick leave for a month. The West Berlin press at one time reported he was a suicide.

3 Aides Reported Seized

The Foreign Ministry was taken over temporarily by Dertinger's deputy, Communist Anto Ackermann.

Three non-Communist members of Dertinger's official staff, including a blond secretary, his personal assistant and his chief of protocol, also were reported by *Die Welt* to be under arrest on charges of being agents for American and British intelligence. The Ministry files were reported being ransacked for evidence of espionage.

Dertinger's last-known official mission was to call on Gen. Vassily Chuikov, Soviet chief of East Germany, and Russian Ambassador Vladimir Semionov at Soviet headquarters last Monday. Political sources speculated that he was upbraided for leaks on secret talks he had recently with Andrei Vishinsky, Soviet Foreign Minister.

He was absent from the Volkskammer, or People's Chamber, when that eastern zone parliament met Wednesday and Thursday. Officials explained at the time that he had had a heart attack.

Report Breakdown

Some sources in his party refused to put credence in the story of his arrest. They insisted he had had a physical breakdown from purging the Christian Democratic Union of 2,000 officials recently.

Dertinger's record of unswerving obedience to the Russians since 1945 caused sonice outsiders to believe he may come back to his place after patching up or explaining any difficulties.

Once a salesman, then a newspaper reporter, Dertinger has said he belonged to the anti-Nazi resistance in Germany from 1935 onward.

He was a political unknown when he helped organize the Christian Democratic Union, one of the opposition splinter parties in the Russian zone.

The Dertinger-directed purge of the Christian Democrat ranks was a result of Communist complaints that some of the party were refusing to support Russia, communism and the Oder-Neisse frontier with Poland.

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E. German Aide Held By Reds, Paper Says

Berlin, Feb. 11 (AP)—The British-controlled newspaper *Die Welt* said today that East Germany's Foreign Minister, George Dertinger, is held by Communist police under house arrest.

Dertinger's arrest, *Die Welt* said, followed police seizure this week of his personal office assistant, his chief of protocol and his girl secretary as "agents for the American and British secret service."

Absent Twice

A member of the Christian Democrat party, Dertinger has orally supported the Communist line of the East German Government to the limit. When he was absent from two sessions this week of the *Volkskammer* (East German Parliament), officials said he was ill from a heart attack.

Die Welt said Communist Walter Ulbricht, the acting Prime Minister of the Soviet zone regime, was directing the investigation of Dertinger and his staff.

All documents in the files of Dertinger's office and at the homes of his aides under arrest had been seized, it added.

Suspicion Of Neglect

Die Welt said Dertinger's arrest occurred three days ago on suspicion of "neglecting his responsibility as a minister."

The paper said East German Government circles, nevertheless, expected him to resume his political career and to continue to bring pressure on his Christian Democratic Union to follow the Communist line.

The West Berlin *Tagesspiegel* reported Gen. Vassilly Chuikov, Soviet chief of East Germany, had lodged the gravest complaint against Dertinger. The paper said Chuikov accused him of letting news leak out of Dertinger's talks this winter with Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Y. Vishinsky.

Mysterious Leave

Dertinger is the second Cabinet Minister to come under a reported cloud since the East German Government was formed by Soviet decree last October. Prime Minister Otto Grotewohl, a Socialist turned Communist, has been on a mysterious sick leave for more than a month.

Until Communist agents began ransacking Dertinger's office, he had been touted in political circles as a likely successor to Otto Nuschke as chairman of the East German Christian Democrat party.

Nuschke reportedly incurred Communist disfavor by lukewarm support of the plan to have only a single list of Red-selected candidates in the zone-wide election next October.

In recent weeks, Dertinger had carried out Communist orders to purge all "neutrals"—those not actively supporting the Red line—from the CDU ranks in the five states of the Russian zone.

He personally took over the chairmanship of the CDU state committee in Saxony after ousting Prof. Hugo Hickman, who also was forced to resign as vice president of the Volkskammer.

A founder of the CDU five years ago in the Russian zone, Dertinger consistently has championed the orientation of Germany toward Moscow.

Berlin, Feb. 11 (AP)—The Western powers accused Russia today of imposing an embargo on shipments of scrap metal from Berlin to Western Germany.

A letter from the three Western Allied commandants of Berlin told Maj. Gen. Alexander Kotikov, chief Soviet officer here, that the Soviet-directed Reichsbahn (railway) on January 21 had forbidden all scrap shipments by rail except those to eastern European countries.

"We are not prepared to accept this situation," the letter said, adding that the commandants expect "that shipments of scrap metal, duly authorized by the proper authorities, will continue as before to have free passage to Western Germany."

Formal Complaint

The formal Allied complaint said the Soviet action indicated "an intention on the part of the Soviet authorities to impose an outright embargo on shipments of scrap metal from Berlin to western Germany."

It was the second Allied protest within a month against confiscation of Berlin scrap bound for West Germany.

An earlier complaint against impounding of eleven truckloads of scrap brought a flat rejection from Kotikov. He said the material had been "stolen" from enterprises in East Germany.

1949 Agreement Cited

The Allied letter sent yesterday termed the latest Soviet action a "clear violation" of the Paris agreement of June, 1949, ending the Russians' major blockade of Berlin.

That agreement, the commandants said, "laid an obligation on the four participating powers to restore fully the normal movements of goods between Berlin and the Western zones."

The West German Government, at Allied suggestion, embargoed steel exports to the Russian zone February 6. The Bonn Government said East Germany had not fulfilled its part of the trade agreement which provided for the steel shipments.

Allied officials were not prepared to say today whether the steel embargo might be relaxed if the Russians eliminated the ban on Berlin scrap shipments.

The scrap issue thus became the biggest East-West dispute in Berlin at the moment. Berlin's highway traffic across the Soviet-zone frontier appeared to be straightened out temporarily and there were no official hindrances today.

Retaliation Denied

Joseph Orlopp, East German trade commissioner, denied at a press conference today that his Government would retaliate for the Bonn Republic's steel embargo.

Orlopp said the Russian zone would overfulfill its 1950 economic plan "with or without Western steel and with or without trade with western Germany."

He predicted that the Soviet Union and eastern European countries would make steel available to the East Germans, who had expected 285,000 tons but got only 90,000 tons before the West suspended the one-year trade pact.

SCRAP METAL DISPUTE RISES

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Allies Charge Russians With Halting Shipments

Berlin, Feb. 11 (AP)—Russia and the Western powers exchanged new accusations of bad faith in Berlin tonight. Each side charged the other with an illegal embargo on interzonal German trade. Both thickened the fog of cold war.

The United States, Britain and French commandants complained that the Russians were stopping scrap metal shipments from West Berlin to western Germany in violation of their pledge at the Paris foreign conference last spring to restore normal movement of goods.

"We are not prepared to accept this situation and expect that shipments of scrap metal duly authorized by proper authorities will continue, as before, to have free passage to western Germany," the three declared in a note.

Allies' Second Protest

It was the Allies' second protest on the subject on a month. They appeared liable to get the same answer from Soviet Maj. Gen. Alexander Kotikov as before: the scrap was contraband "stolen" from eastern Germany.

An Allied background statement to the press asserted the Soviet scrap embargo was an aftermath of "exorbitant reparation deliveries" to Russia in the last four years.

The statement said the Russians not only had taken several million tons of scrap, but they are now forcing Soviet-controlled east Germany to export large tonnages to Poland and Czechoslovakia.

The Communist eastern government is confiscating all private scrap supplies for state-owned metal industries, it added, after failing to obtain permission to cut exports to the Soviet sphere.

Sum Up Soviet Grievance

The statement insisted the legal origin of west Berlin scrap could be easily proved "in individual cases," despite General Kotikov's blanket charge of theft.

Some west Berlin factories have scrap as a regular by-product. It is common knowledge, however, that large-scale collectors draw on sources beyond the western Allied sectors. This is regarded as legitimate business by West Berliners.

Russia's own grievance against the Allies was summed up by Trade Commissioner Joseph Orlopp and Information Chief Gerhart Eisler of the east German government.

Eisler told a news conference that the west German republic's recent embargo on steel exports to the eastern zone was a "new blockade attempt, on Anglo-American initiative, with the support of Adenauers who love the hydrogen bomb." (Dr. Konrad Adenauer is west Germany's chancellor.)

Drive Against "Smugglers"

Orlopp said that east Germany ha dobtained only 90,000 tons of the 285,000 tons of steel expected from the Ruhr before the trade pact signed by east and west Germany last autumn was suspended February 6.

Russia and her followers, according to Orlopp, will be asked to make good the steel deficiency. He predicted that east Germany's 1950 economic plan would be overfulfilled, regardless of the west's action.

Orlopp said east Germany would "take no counter-measures." But Eisler added that a drive against "smugglers" would be sharpened.

Orlopp admitted that Russian zone had lagged nearly 15,000,000 west marks (about $3,500,000) behind in deliveries to western Germany.

Western Allies Accuse Russ Of Embargo On Berlin Scrap

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Dresden To Observe 'Hate America' Day

Berlin, Feb. 11 (AP)—Monday will be "Hate America" day in Dresden.

Under Communist auspices, the Russian zone city will mourn the fifth anniversary of its bombing by United States planes on February 13, 1945.

Communist President Wilhelm Pieck, of the East German Republic, wrote a letter to Dresden's mayor. It attacked the "senseless destruction" by American bombers and warned against "the Anglo-American warmongers who prepare a new war."

The official Soviet Army newspaper, *Taegliche Rundschau*, told its readers that the Anglo-American Air Force attacked Dresden because it had already been allotted to Russian occupation by the Yalta conference.

3 CZECHS GET DEATH, 2 LIFE

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Accused Of Plot To Kill Leaders, Oust Government

Prague, Czechoslovakia, Feb. 11 (AP)—A Moravian state court at Jihlava today sentenced three men to death on charges of plotting to assassinate prominent leaders and overthrow the government.

Two other defendants were sentenced to life terms and eighteen were sentenced to from four to 25 years. Only one had pleaded guilty.

Of Humble Standing

Who the 23 planned to assassinate was not disclosed. Their humble standing, however, scarcely marked them as serious threats to Czechoslovakia's Communist-led regime. Nearly all were workers.

The controlled radio said tonight the men had "been in constant touch with a foreign agent."

But it was reported elsewhere that the most substantial evidence against them only concerned the dynamiting of an electric generator and other industrial objects.

The trial was the biggest of a series running almost continuously in the last several months.

25 More To Be Tried

About 25 more of the same group are to go on trial in the same court Tuesday.

Only last week a 22-year-old student, alleged leader of a band which plotted to overthrow the government, was sentenced to death at Brno, and fourteen others, including a Catholic priest and three women nurses at a mental institution, were sentenced to prison terms ranging from one to 25 years.

The defendants sentenced today were accused of being members of an "underground band of terrorists and murders" who helped Czechs escape the country and collected military, political and economic information. Whether they were alleged to have sent information abroad was not divulged at the trial.

Sculptor Sentenced

The state charged that they took oaths of allegiance to their leader, Karel Vesely, a 33-year-old leather worker, and "pledged themselves to murder their fellows in case of any betrayal."

Those sentenced to death were Vesely, Jan Tucek, 34, a textile business man, and Frantisek Rod, 48, a tool machine operator.

The two sentenced to life imprisonment were Vavrinec Schwarz, 43, a worker, and Stanislav Barta, 40, a tool machine operator.

Those sentenced to shorter prison terms included a sculptor and two members of a district national committee at Jihlava. These committees are Communist-dominated local government bodies.

New Anti-American Line

The controlled press today took a new anti-American line by giving publicity to the fifth anniversary of the bombing of this city on February 14, 1945, when it was occupied by the Nazis. The date of the bombing had been ignored in previous years.

But today Vaclav Vacek, Communist Lord Mayor of Prague, told the official news agency that 5,200 persons were killed or seriously injured by the bombing, "which brought harm to the Czech population but not to the Nazis."

He said American authorities explained that the bombing was accidental. He said this could hardly be, since the raid was repeated on March 10, 1945, "at a time when, thanks to the Soviet people and their heroic army, there was no doubt about the end of the war and about the end of the Nazi occupation of our country."

A "Hate America" Day

The American planes, returning from another mission, dropped their bombs on February 14, 1945, and American authorities said it was accidental. Several industrial sites were hit on March 19, 1945, in what apparently was an intentional bombing.

[Dresden, in the Soviet zone of Germany, also prepared to observe a "hate America" day on the February 13 anniversary of the United States bombing of that city. The official Soviet Army newspaper in Berlin told its readers the Americans bombed Dresden because it already had been allotted to the Russian occupation zone. Wilhelm Pieck, Communist president of eastern Germany, in a letter Saturday to Dresden's mayor, called the bombing a "senseless destruction."]

3 To Die, 2 Get Life In Prague Spy Trial

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Prague, Czechoslovakia, Feb. 11 (AP)—A Moravian state court today sentenced three men to death for plotting to overthrow the nation's Communist-led regime.

Two others were sentenced to life imprisonment. Eighteen defendants received prison terms ranging from four to 25 years.

All were convicted at Jihlava, 70 miles southeast of Prague, of being members of an "underground band of terrorists and murderers" which allegedly plotted to assassinate public officials, helped Czechs escape the country and collected military, political and economic information for anti-state purposes.

20 More To Face Trial

More than twenty others, alleged members of the same organization, are to go on trial Tuesday in the court at Jihlava.

The Government prosecutor had asked the death penalty for fourteen of the 23 defendants. Only one of them pleaded guilty to all charges, the others pleading innocent to all counts of the indictment or to part of them.

The convictions are subject to appeal to the Czech Supreme Court at Prague.

Largest Group Sentenced

The 23 men sentenced today made up the largest group of defendants announced for a trial in Moravia since the Communists came to power almost two years ago.

Those sentenced to death were:

KAREL VESELY, 33, leather goods worker.

JAN TUCEK, 34, textile dealer.

FRANTISEK ROD, 48, tool machine operator.

Others sentenced included a sculptor, several workers, and two members of the Communist-dominated Jihlava District Committee which controls the region's government.

Doesn't Name Foreign State

The Government-controlled press said the group "intended to send abroad reports about our military situation" but did not say for which foreign country the information was intended.

The trial was one of a series held throughout Czechoslovakia in the past several months. In Brno, Moravia's largest city, fifteen persons allegedly led by a 22-year-old student were convicted of plotting the overthrow of the present Communist-led Government.

Prague Reds Step Up Anti-U.S. Campaign

Prague, Czechoslovakia, Feb. 11 (AP)—The controlled Czech press stepped up its "Hate America" campaign today by giving wide publicity to the fifth anniversary of the bombing of Nazi-occupied Prague by American airmen.

The United States Air Force said at the time the bombing was accidental. The date of the bombing, February 14, 1945, had been almost completely ignored on previous anniversaries. Now, apparently the date is being used by Communist leaders to fan a press campaign of abuse against the United States.

The official news agency quoted Vaclav Vacek, Communist lord mayor of Prague, as saying: "About 5,200 persons were killed or seriously injured by the American bombing five years ago which brought harm to the Czech population but not to the Nazis."

Referring to the American statement that the bombing was accidental, Vacek said:

"But the citizens of Prague did not believe this, because the bombing raid was repeated on March 10, 1945."

Czechs Fly To Peiping

Prague, Czechoslovakia, Feb. 11 (AP)—A Czechoslovak trade delegation left by plane last night for Peiping to negotiate a commercial treaty with the Chinese Communist government.

Belgium Realigns Its Defense Forces

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3 Army Commands Set Up in Reorganization

BRUSSELS, Feb. 11 (AP)—The Ministry of National Defense announced today a complete reorganization of the Belgian Army.

The new organization is spearheaded by an Intervention Forces Command under General J. Piron, who led Belgian Free Forces created in Britain during the war. This force will include troops now in Germany and new trainees who are prepared to fight outside Belgian territory under the five-power Brussels alliance agreement.

Other divisions of the Belgian ground forces include a Territorial Forces Command guarding against fifth columns and sudden paratroop attacks, and the Base Command in charge of supplies to all fighting forces.

The Defense Ministry declined to give any indication concerning the separate strength of the three commands. The total strength of the combined Belgian ground forces for 1950 will aggregate 62,850 men.

Swedish Spy Trial Started

Stockholm, Feb. 11 (AP)—A member of a prominent Swedish family is on trial behind closed doors on charges of espionage—accused of offering data on Sweden's vital power plants to a representative of an unidentified foreign country, a court official said today.

District Attorney Werner Rhyninger identified the man as Goesta Mittag Leffler, 59. He has pleaded innocent in proceedings before a Stockholm magistrate's court. He faces a six-year prison term if convicted.

Rhyninger told this story:

Leffler had asked 4,000 kroner (about $800) for a map of Swedish power plants and detailed accounts of their capacity and production. The offer went to an official in a foreign legation but was turned down twice. The official decided to report the offer to the Swedish defense staff when he got the impression Leffler might try to sell the material elsewhere.

Rhyninger refused to disclose the name or nationality of the foreign legation official.

The legation official testified yesterday that Leffler had pointed out his material would prove of great value in event of war since attacks on marked power plants would create chaos.

In bolstering his plea of innocent, Leffler said existing publications contain similar material.

The police searched Leffler's home, Rhyninger said, and found the accounts mentioned by the legation official, with the exception of a map which Leffler declared he had torn up. (AP)

Red China Makes Bid To Swiss

Bern, Switzerland, Feb. 11 (AP)—The Government of Communist China advised the Swiss Government today it was ready to negotiate an exchange of diplomatic missions. Switzerland notified the Chinese Communist regime on January 17 it was prepared to establish diplomatic relations.

Final Pleas Slated At Slays' Trial

Belgrade, Feb. 11 (AP)—Final arguments are scheduled today in the trial of fifteen persons accused of plotting to overthrow Premier Marshal Tito's government.

Both prosecution and defense appeals are to be made to the three-man people's court in the case in which all of the accused have pleaded innocent.

The defendants, who include students and peasants, have been charged with organizing a "terroristic band" with plans to form an independent kingdom linking three of the six Yugoslav republics—Serbia, Croatia and Slovenia.

They testified they were either trying to promote a legal political party to oppose the present regime or were drawn into the group through their friendship with leaders in the alleged "plot."

A verdict is expected tomorrow or Monday.

U.S. Spies Infest World, Rakosi Says

Budapest, Feb. 11 (AP)—Deputy Premier Matyas Rakosi has accused the United States of maintaining "the greatest spying organization in the world."

"Their spies swarm all over the world and, of course, also in Hungary," he told the central leadership of the Hungary Workers' (Communist) party yesterday. The text of the speech was released today.

Names Vogeler As Spy

Rakosi accused Robert Vogeler, American businessman, of being a member of this band of spies. He spoke a few hours after the Hungarian Government announced that Vogeler, European representative of the International Telephone and Telegraph Company, would go on trial February 17 charged with sabotage and espionage.

To be tried with him are his British assistant, Edgar Sanders, and five Hungarians. Vogeler has been held incommunicado since his arrest last November 18, but the Government claims that he has confessed his guilt.

In retaliation for Vogeler's arrest the United States ordered the closing of Hungarian consulates in New York and Cleveland.

"Severe Punishment" Promised

Without mentioning any of the defendants by name, Rakosi said:

"Those gentlemen who are spying in Hungary on orders of American, British and other chiefs will receive severe punishment according to Hungarian law."

Rakosi added:

"The American imperialists and also official circles do not deny that they maintain the greatest spying organization in the world.

"A senator of the United States proposed last Autumn to raise the amount spent for spying organizations to $1,000,000. Their spies swarm all over the world and, of course, also in Hungary. They are regarded by the United States as the vanguard of their arm paring a new world war."

War Not Aim Of U.S. Policy, Jessup Says

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Bangkok, Thailand (Siam), Feb. 11 (AP)—The United States is "not directing its foreign policy toward war," Roving Ambassador Philip C. Jessup said today.

The American envoy reiterated that the United States is not trying to set up a military alliance among the nations of the Far East. But, he added, if one were established by Asian nations on their own initiative, the United States would view it with sympathetic interest.

Jessup, here for a conference of American diplomats beginning Monday, made his remarks at a news conference.

Would "Surprise" Jessup

A Siamese reporter asked whether it is within the scope of the conference to go so far as to recommend to the State Department that the United States withdraw from Southeast Asia or go to war with Russia.

Jessup replied:

"It is outside the scope of the conference to recommend war. The United States is not directing its foreign policy toward war and no one would be as surprised as I if recommendations to go to war were forthcoming."

To Make Recommendations

Taking part in the news conference with Jessup were W. Walton Butterworth, Assistant Secretary of State for Far Eastern Affairs, and Edwin F. Stanton, United States Ambassador to Thailand. They met American, British, French, Chinese and Siamese newsmen.

Jessup and Butterworth arrived yesterday with chiefs of American mission for "an exchange of information, views and opinion" on a consultative basis with a view to making recommendations to the State Department.

Jessup emphasized the diplomatic parley will not make decisions. He said no announcement of its findings will be made here.

Red Troops To Fight For Ho, Chinese On Formosa Charge

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Taipei, Formosa, Feb. 11 (AP)—The Chinese Nationalist officially charged today that the Communists had decided to give full but secret troop support to Ho Chi Minh's anti-French forces in Indo-China.

The statement by the Defense Ministry said numbers of Chinese Communist troops already had switched uniforms and joined Ho's Army. These Chinese, it said, were helping troops of Ho's so-called republic of Viet Nam in an attack on the northern Indo-China town of Langson.

Attack French Regime

Although there was no way of determining whether the charge was factual or circulated as propaganda, the ministry asserted its information came from intelligence sources in which it placed absolute trust. It said the Red decision was taken at a secret conference in Canton at which Liu Shao-chi presided. Liu is the pro-Soviet No. 2 political figure in Communist China and is top man during Mao Tze-tung's current visit to Moscow.

The Chinese Communist radio lent color to the Nationalist allegations with new propaganda blasts against the French in Indo-China.

[One broadcast heard in San Francisco by the Associated Press said a party of Chinese residents of Indo-China had met the Communist army at the border and "described the terrible conditions under which Chinese are living in French-occupied Viet Nam."

[Another charged that, "with the connivance of French authorities," 6,000 Chinese Nationalists troops who had fled into Indo-China sallied back into China and fought a two-day battle before they were captured.]

There were signs that the Nationalists intended to continue their bombing of Shanghai despite enraged howls of the Communists and protests from foreigners living there.

Power Plant Nerve Center

The American Government's demand for cessation of attacks on American property, such as the American-owned power plant, may be another matter. On that point, top Nationalist officials declined comment.

The power plant, damaged this week, is a major nerve center of Shanghai. Residents of Shanghai have said many times that the city could not live without it, for water, sewage disposal and transportation are all almost completely dependent on it.

During the Pacific war, Japanese and Allied bombers alike skipped it, and the Nationalist raiders also had deliberately avoided it until this week.

SHIP SEIZURE IN JAPAN

Occupation Court Acts on Chinese Nationalist Holdings

TOKYO, Feb. 11 (AP)—An Occupation court today ordered nine Chinese Nationalist ships seized in Japanese ports for default of mortgage payments due the United States.

The State Department recently acted to retain title to such ships after a number of them went over to the Chinese Communists.

The United States Maritime Commission filed claims on five of the ships with the Occupation's Civil Court, which deals with admiralty and maritime matters. The Export-Import Bank holds mortgages on the other four.

The mortgages on the eight Liberty ships and one Victory ship total $3,500,000. The Chinese Nationalist Governent in Formosa has asked that the United States cease impounding the ships. It claims all mortgage payments have been met through 1949.

2 Soviet Craft Enter Area of U.S. Maneuvers

Caribbean Visitors Carry Radio and Radar Devices; 2 Others at Honolulu

SAN JUAN, P. R., Feb. 11 (AP).—Two Russian fishing vessels equipped with radio and radar devices have entered waters where the United States plans its largest post-war maneuvers.

They are the 328-ton sister schooners Kometa and Osminog and are similar to ships which visited the Caribbean area last year when the United States Navy was staging smaller but important maneuvers.

The schooners arrived at St. Thomas, Virgin Islands, last Sunday and sailed for Panama Tuesday. Their officers said they were bound for Panama, but Puerto Ricans said they had heard the Russians mention Vladivostok, Siberia. They said they recognized sailors who passed through this area last year.

The vessels were built in Finland as war reparations. The Russians say they are mother ships for smaller fishing craft. They are Marconi-rigged and refrigerated.

Admiral Daniel E. Barbey, commandant of the 10th Naval District with headquarters here, declined comment on the vessels other than to say that the situation is well in hand.

More than 80,000 soldiers, sailors, marines and Air Force men are converging here for the maneuvers, which are to begin this month.

[Two other Russian "fishing vessels" docked at Honolulu last Monday. They were described as being of the same type that showed up just before the 1948 atomic tests at Eniwetok. More atomic tests are scheduled for this year at the Eniwetok Island proving area in the Pacific.

[The new arrivals were the Trepang and the Perlamutr, 125-foot sailing schooners with auxiliary engines. Immigration officials refused to let the crews go ashore because, the officials said, their papers were not in order. Captain Vladimir Gerasimov, of the Trepang, complained Tuesday that there is an "iron curtain" around Honolulu. He said the vessels had nothing on board except ballast and added: "We are not spies. No fishing gear was evident.]

TRUMAN GETS JOINT CHIEFS' ASIA REPORT

FEB 11 1950

High Defense Officials At White House Talk On Pacific Struggle

Washington, Feb. 11 (AP)—With battle lines shaping for the second round of the cold war in Asia, President Truman received today a first-hand report from his big-four military leaders on America's main defenses in the Pacific and Far East.

An extraordinary White House conference, brought about by the return last night of the Joint Chiefs of Staff from a ten-day trip through the Pacific, coincided with evidence in several other quarters that both the United States and Russia were stepping up their actions and interests in the struggle for Asia.

At least some indication of what Gen. Omar Bradley and the other members of the four-man military high command told Mr. Truman will be given in a news conference here Monday. Meanwhile, the lips of the group of high-ranking officials who attended today's session were closed.

High Officials Present

That it had far-reaching diplomatic as well as military significance was indicated by the fact that James Webb, Under Secretary of State, attended the conference with Louis A. Johnson, Defense Secretary; Stephen Early, Defense Under Secretary, and the heads of the Army, Navy and Air departments.

The joint chiefs had visited Japan, Okinawa, Guam and Hawaii, the main military positions upon which America's total power in the Asiatic-Far Eastern area rests. Presumably, they had explored with Gen. Douglas MacArthur, as commander in Japan, such questions as the adequacy of American forces assigned to the area, the strategic situation created by the Communist

conquest of China and the prospects for Japanese security and the maintenance of American troops in Japan following a peace treaty.

While the meeting of the joint chiefs and the President focused attention on the Far Eastern situation here, other developments emphasized to an ever greater degree the lines of conflict in that area of the global struggle.

Await End Of Moscow Talks

They were:

1. State Department officials studied reports from Moscow suggesting that the two-month conference between Russian and Chinese Commnuist leaders may be about at an end.

2. President Truman's roving ambassador, Philip Jessup, was preparing in Bangkok, Siam, for the opening Monday of a conference with top American diplomats in the Far East. Jessup, a designer of present United States policy in Asia, is expected to share Washington's future plans with the ambassadors and collect ideas on what they think ought to be done.

[In Bangkok today, Jessup parried most questions about the meeting's subject matter.

[A Siamese reporter asked if the parley might go as far as to recommend that the United States either withdraw from southeast Asia or go to war with Russia.

[Jessup replied, "It is outside the scope of the conference to recommend war. The United States is not directing its foreign policy toward war, and no one would be as surprised as I if recommendations to go to war were forthcoming."

[Jessup also said the United States was not concerned with trying to set up a military alliance among nations of the Far East, but that if one were established by the countries' own initiative, it would be viewed with sympathetic interest.]

3. American Government officials were expecting an appeal shortly from the newly recognized state of Viet Nam for American aid.

View Of Cold-War Planners

Actually most of the cold-war planners here seem to feel that in the present stage of the fight in the Far East, the struggle is mainly of a neconomic and political nature, with military power playing an important but, for the moment, supporting and protective role. Officials leaving the White House conference made clear that they had decided to reserve until the Monday news conference whatever information they plan to release on the trip of the Joint Chiefs of Staff.

Johnson put all the emphasis on the problem of unification of the armed services, saying that the joint chiefs would disclose a grand story on Pacific unification.

U.S. ATOMIC BID TO SOVIETS BY U.N. PREDICTED

Connally Expects Move To Reach Agreement On Weapons

Washington, Feb. 11 (AP)—Chairman Connally (D., Texas) of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee said today the United States "at an appropriate time" may try to reach agreement with Russia on control of atomic weapons.

This move probably would be made through the United Nations, he said, and not as a direct peace bid from the United States to the Soviet Government.

The veteran Texan said he understood the State Department now is reviewing the entire sweep of American foreign policy.

Connally made it clear that he strongly supports the policy of confronting Russia with power which has been taken by President Truman and Dean Acheson, Secretary of State.

In Touch With Acheson

But he insisted their decision to make no new offers to Russia on control of atomic and hydrogen weapons has not closed the door to international agreement.

Acheson said that agreements as such mean nothing to the Russians; that they adjust themselves only to strength, and that the United States' concern is to create strength in weak spots of the non-Communist world.

Connally, who has been in touch with Secretary Acheson in the last few days, authorized this statement:

"The President's directive to the Atomic Energy Commission to proceed with the building of the hydrogen bomb in no way closes the door to international agreement for the control of the hydrogen bomb, the atomic bomb and other weapons of mass destruction.

"The United States alone cannot determine international policy.

Bricker Urges Agreement

"At an appropriate time, the United States may, through the United Nations, make another attempt to secure an international agreement which would be effective and would provide measures for guaranteeing proper controls.

"Some stubborn nations may come to realize the importance of an agreement from their own standpoint. Meantime the United States must pursue that policy which it deems in the itnerest of national security and adequate national defense. These are the most vital of national interests."

Senator Bricker (R., Ohio), a member of the Senate-House Atomic Committee, said he thought every effort should be made to reach agreement with Russia on control of the hydrogen and atomic bombs.

"I admit it doesn't look favorable," Bricker said before leaving for a trip to Illinois. But he added this nation might be the loser in any atomic arms race with a dictatorship such as Russia. For this reason among others he thought the try should be made.

McMahon Studies Restatement

President Truman indirectly turned thumbs down at his weekly news conference on the proposals by Senators McMahon (D., Conn.) and Tydings (D., Md.) for a new approach to an understanding with Russia. The President said this Government will stand on the Baruch plan for international control and inspection of atomic weapons. The Russians have rejected this proposal.

Both McMahon and Tydings have indicated they do not consider the issue closed by the President's statement.

It is known that McMahon is carefully studying a restatement of his proposal. It is that the United States spend $50,000,000,000 over the next five years in a giant world peace offensive.

It is reported that McMahon has refused to accept the issue as closed "because of its grave importance" to world peace.

George Backs Truman Stand

Tydings recently suggested that this Government should try to get Russia and other nations to agree to a program of gradual disarmament in atomic, hydrogen and other weapons. There are reports he may have something more to say about his plan later.

Bricker said the United States cannot back down on its position of insisting on international controls and inspection of atomic developments.

This agreement must be reached, he said, "because I'm afraid we can't fight another war without becoming totalitarian ourselves."

Earlier in the day, Senator George (D., Ga.) said he approved of the President's stand against any new approach to the Russians.

"I'd go one step further," he said, "and start drawing back in our foreign spending."

Lawmakers Seek More Data On Fuchs's Acts

Washington, Feb. 11 (AP)—Security-minded congressmen looked to England today for more information on the American activities of Klaus Fuchs.

Particularly they want to know what information the nuclear physicist is accused of giving to Russian agents, and who those agents were. As a member of a wartime British atomic team, Fuchs worked in United States atomic-energy laboratories at Oak Ridge, Tenn., and Los Alamos, N.M.

Prosecution witnesses told a London court yesterday that the 38-year-old German-born scientist had confessed to being a paid Russian spy. Fuchs was bound over for a trial to start February 28.

Told Of Activity In U.S.

In his confession, the court was told, Fuchs said that he gave information to Soviet agents twice during the 1943-46 period he was in the United States.

Chairman McMahon (D., Conn.) told a news conference yesterday that the Senate-House Atomic Energy Committee is interested in knowing exactly what Fuchs "stole and gave away."

He said the committee knows generally what was in the reported confession, but acknowledged there was some detailed information which had not yet been made available.

Senator Tydings (D., Md.), committee member, has said Fuchs's disclosures to the Soviets may advance Russian development of the projected hydrogen bomb by a year or more.

Cuts Conference Short

McMahon's news conference was cut short after a reporter asked for estimates on the cost of the H-bomb.

"I wouldn't tell you if I could," the Senator answered. "There is a representative here of a news agency that transmits everything I say to Russia."

The conference was attended by accredited members of the Senate press gallery, including Jean Montgomery, representative of the Soviet news agency, Tass.

In another atomic development, Senate Democratic Leader Lucas, of Illinois, today called for "careful consideration" of proposals for a new study of international control of atomic energy.

Fresh Approach Studied

Lucas said in a speech prepared for broadcast in Illinois that some scientists have asked for a fresh approach to the international atomic-control proposals, and that commentators have urged President Truman to appoint a group of experts to study the problem.

"I believe the time has come to give careful consideration to all these ideas," Lucas said, "because they offer us a chance for another start, another effort to save our civilization while we still have time to do so."

The Atomic Energy Commission said that it still accepts British security clearance for scientists coming to this country for limited atomic work. That does not include the more vital projects, a commission official said.

Halt 'Indiscriminate Foreign Spending', George Demands

Washington, Feb. 11 (AP)—Chairman George (D., Ga.) of the Senate Finance Committee today called for a halt in "indiscriminate foreign spending" which he said is driving this nation toward bankruptcy.

The veteran lawmaker, also a member of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, said this country must cut down on its overseas-aid ventures.

"We must pull back in our aid abroad," he said, "and strengthen the military defenses and economy at home."

Russ "Aim To Weaken U.S."

George said the Russians' cold-war policies are designed to weaken the American economy.

"Our own economy is the keystone of the opposition to communism," George said, "and if that is lost—then everything is lost."

George's statement indicated a coolness to the President's Point 4 program to give technical and economic aid to underdeveloped areas of the world. That program may be approved by the House Foreign Affairs Committee next week.

"I think we should give our help only in those areas where there is a reasonable chance of success," George said. "I don't think it should go into countries where the Communists may move in and reap the benefits."

Korea-Formosa Aid Wins

Apparently George did not classify aid to Korea and Formosa as "indiscriminate" help for these non-Communist areas. He offered no opposition when the Korea-Formosa aid bill cleared the Senate with only seven minutes of debate.

This measure, already approved by the House, authorized $60,000,000 for the Republic of Korea with the Reconstruction Finance Corporation to advance $30,000,000 to get the program rolling.

The Korean National Assembly had cabled Congress that "we, together with our entire people, sincerely pledge to reciprocate this great help by doubling our efforts in our economic rehabilitation and our united fight against communism."

China Funds Kept Open

The legislation also cleared the way for a possible $28,000,000 aid program for Formosa, where the Chinese Nationalist Government retreated before the Communist advance on the China mainland.

The Senate-House votes extended to June 30 the deadline for using about $103,000,000 left over from China aid voted last year. The Administration has earmarked $28,000,000 of this money for tentative use in Formosa, although officials say that probably not more than $10,000,000 will be spent before June 30.

Further aid was provided for the Far East by the Export-Import Bank, which authorized a $100,000,000 credit for Indonesia. The three new anti-Communist states of Indo-China were reported next in line for United States dollar assistance.

LEGION ASKED TO APOLOGIZE FOR CARTOON

Caricature Of Hoover Is Described As 'Scurrilous'

FEB 11 1950

Washington, Feb. 11 (AP)—The chairman of the Citizens Committee for the Hoover Report today demanded an apology from the American Legion for a cartoon of former President Herbert Hoover.

Dr. Robert L. Johnson, head of the private group backing the Hoover Commission's Government streamlining proposals, described the cartoon as "scurrilous."

He said the Legion distributed it as part of its campaign against the bipartisan commission's suggestions for reorganizing the Veterans Administration—including a proposal to place Veterans Administration hospitals under a unified Government medical setup.

A Letter To Commander

In a letter to George N. Craig, national Legion commander, Johnson said:

"This cartoon is a savage caricature of Mr. Hoover. It shows him in a room in which hospital beds are filled by merchant mariners, army wives, members of the armed forces, and other Federal employés while a veteran on crutches is saying: 'Wonder where I can find a bed?' Mr. Hoover is depicted as saying: 'They all look alike in pajamas.'

"I consider this cartoon scurrilous. Its implications are entirely incorrect. The Hoover commission never, for one moment, made a single recommendation to deprive the veteran of medical care. Mr. Hoover never made the statement you attribute to him, nor does it represent his point of view or that of the bipartisan Hoover commission."

Not Taking Sides

Johnson said "I have no quarrel with the right of veterans' organizations to disagree with recommendations of the Hoover Commission." He added:

"I cannot believe, however, that the American Legion is speaking for the nation's veterans when it sanctions a vicious personal attack on a former President of the United States. . . . In the interest of fair play, I urge you to issue a public apology to Mr. Hoover and the commission."

On Capitol Hill a Senate committee took note of the mounting controversy over the Veterans Administration reorganization proposals by issuing a report which summarized the points in dispute.

BIKINI GROUP PROSPERING

Former Residents Doing Fine In Their New Homes

FEB 11 1950

Lake Success, N.Y., Feb. 11 (AP)—The United States reported tonight the former residents of the Bikini atomic-bomb rehearsal area are doing fine in their new homes on the little island of Kili.

This information is contained in a voluminous annual Navy Department report to the United Nations on conditions in the former Japanese-mandated islands in the Pacific.

The islands now are administered by the United States under the United Nations trusteeship system.

The report follows up a special United States announcement last year that the Bikini group finally had been located on Kili after being moved first to Rongerik atoll and later to Kwajalein. Kili, like the others, is in the Marshall Islands. It is about one third of a square mile in area, one eighth the size of Bikini.

Eniwetok Is "Closed Area"

The United States said frequent checks during the last year showed the people have made rapid adjustment to their new home, which was described as "much richer and more productive" than Bikini.

The group originally evacuated from Bikini consisted of 167 persons, but there have been some additions. The United States lists the population of Kili now as 184.

Last year's report told the United Nations 137 persons were transferred from nearby Eniwetok to Ujeland atoll to make way for further atomic tests. The new report makes no mention of Eniwetok or the atom tests to take place there this year.

Immigration Barred

Eniwetok is the only island in the entire trust territory barred to the United Nations visiting mission which will check on conditions of the 53,900 inhabitants this spring.

The United States has exercised its rights under its so-called strategic area trusteeship agreement and designated Eniwetok as a "closed area."

Altogether the trust territory extends over approximately 3,000,000 square miles, only 687 square miles of this is land. It includes the Marshall Islands, the Carolines and the Marianas.

The United States still bars immigration into the territory—even by American citizens—but there were some indications in the annual report that the territory is being opened gradually to outside commercial activity.

Two Major Moves

Two major moves appear to show this trend:

1. A decision to invite outside fishing interests to launch off-shore fishing enterprises. (Nobody has yet accepted the invitation, the report said.)

2. An invitation to commercial shipping lines to inaugurate ocean-going freight and passenger service in the territory.

The report said economic and social conditions were improving generally throughout the territory. It also announced preliminary steps are being taken toward local self-government in some areas.

The report will be discussed by the United Nations Trusteeship Council next summer, along with the report of the visiting mission.

Dr. Bunche Hopeful Cold War Will End

FEB 11 1950

Calls Peaceful Solution by No Means Impossible

ROCHESTER, Feb. 11 (AP).—Dr. Ralph J. Bunche said today that a peaceful solution to the cold war is "by no means an impossibility." Dr. Bunche, who served as United Nations mediator in Palestine, spoke at the University of Rochester Centennial Students' Conference on Human Rights.

Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt, speaking at the same session, traced the history of the United Nations human rights declaration. She said part of the slowness in its becoming effective can be traced to the fact that it is not legally binding on any of the nations accepting it.

Its acceptance by forty-eight nations, however, lends to the declaration "great moral weight which is slowly making itself felt in many quarters," said Mrs. Roosevelt, who is chairman of the Commission on Human Rights."

Dr. Bunche, now acting assistant Secretary-General of the U. N. department of trusteeship and information from non-self-governing territories, said: "There is no situation in international relations, not even the present rift between East and West, that cannot be solved peacefully." He said that "chief among the underlying sources of conflict among peoples are dangerous nationalistic attitudes and racial and religicus bigotries."

The greatest failure of the U. N. so far, he said, is the lack of agreement over atom and hydrogen bombs and national armaments.

Gold Star Wives Hit Equal Rights

ATLANTIC CITY, Feb. 11 (AP).—The Gold Star Wives of America resolved in a regional convention here today that equal rights for women would "wreck American family life."

The organization, consisting of widows of servicemen killed in the Second World War, denounced a proposed constitutional amendment which recently passed the Senate.

WOULD NULLIFY LAWS

If it passes the House of Representatives, and is then ratified by 36 State legislatures, it would provide "equality of rights" between the sexes, nullifying various State laws which now bar women from jury duty and various jobs.

(A new Atlantic City ordinance which forbids women to work as bartenders would presumably go by the boards.)

"Women's place is still in the home," said Mrs. Marie Jordan, of Annandale, Va., founder of the group, "with the man of the family in the driver's seat . . .

'GIVE JOBS TO MEN'

"If there is one thing that is going to keep the family together it is that all available jobs be given to the men."

The meeting was attended by about 100 women from the New England and Middle Atlantic States.

Mrs. Ruth Berry, of Philadelphia, and Mrs. Mary Galotta, of Lowell, Mass., presided.

57 Reds Hold High U.S. Posts, Senator Says

FEB 11 1950

Salt Lake City, Feb. 11 (AP)—Senator McCarthy (R., Wis.) hopped across the nation by air yesterday, leaving a trail of accusations that the State Department is employing Communists, many of whom hold influential positions.

He declined to reveal any names, but said under certain conditions he would give Secretary of State Acheson the names of "57 card-carrying Communists" in the State Department.

In Washington the Senator's charges brought from State Department press officer Lincoln White the assertion that "we know of no Communist member in the department and if we find any they will be summarily discharged."

Spoke At Wheeling

McCarthy will address a Lincoln Day banquet tonight in Reno.

The Wisconsin Senator made his first charge Thursday night in a Republican Lincoln Day dinner in Wheeling, W.Va. He waved a paper and said:

"I have here in my hand a list of 205 that were known to the Secretary of State as being members of he Communist party, and who, nevertheless, are still working and shaping the policy in the State Department."

Will Repeat Story

In Denver he scoffed at White's denial of his charges. He said he had a complete list of 207 "bad risks" still working in the State Department and if Secretary Acheson wanted to call him later in Salt Lake City he'd read the list.

He asserted he intended to "tell this story over and over until the public gets so tired of it the Administration will have to clean up the mess."

When he reached Salt Lake City he told the terms under which he would give Acheson the names.

Asks Order Repeal

He said he'd do it if the Secretary telephone him and if "Acheson would show his sincerity by having a presidential order revoked, at least in so far as the 57 (whom he says are card-carrying Communists) are concerned. The order prohibits Government departments from turning over loyalty records to congressional committees."

"It would be a waste of effort to give Acheson the names, then have him deny they are Communists and we cannot get the records," McCarthy said.

McCarthy said the President's loyalty board screened about 3,000 persons in the State Department. It described 289 of them as "bad risks," he said, and 207 are still in the department.

Hold Influential Posts

He asserted that this group includes the "57 card-carrying Communists." He declared that most of the 57 are above "the 5,300 bracket" and hold influential positions.

He said the sources of his information were varied and he would not reveal them. But he added that "the House Un-American Activities Committee should get credit for the initial work."

McCarthy is a member of the District of Columbia and the Expenditures in the Executive Department committees.

Besides his address tonight in Reno, he has another speech scheduled at Las Vegas, Nev.

30.24- 8901

LONDON, FEB. 11-(AP)-THE CONSERVATIVE NEWSPAPER DAILY MAIL SAID TODAY THAT BRITISH SECURITY POLICE ARE CHECKING INTO THE PAST OF EVERYBODY CONNECTED WITH ATOMIC RESEARCH IN BRITAIN.

THE REPORTED PROBE, WHICH WAS NOT CONFIRMED OFFICIALLY, WAS SAID TO HAVE STEMMED FROM THE ARREST OF GERMAN-BORN 38-YEAR-OLD KLAUS FUCHS, BRITAIN'S TOP-RANKING ATOMIC EXPERT.

FUCHS WAS COMMITTED YESTERDAY BY A LONDON MAGISTRATE TO TRIAL IN THE FEB. 28 HIGH COURT SESSION AFTER A CROWN PROSECUTOR SAID THE SCIENTIST CONFESSED HE GAVE AMERICAN AND BRITISH ATOMIC SECRETS TO RUSSIA.

THE MAIL SAID DETECTIVES WERE LOOKING INTO THE LIFE HISTORIES OF EVEVERYONE "FROM TOP-RANKING SCIENTISTS TO THE LOWEST PAID CLEANERS" AT THE ATOM RESEARCH LABORATORIES AT HARWELL, WHERE FUCHS HEADED THE EHORETICAL PHYSICS DIVISION.

THE NEWSPAPER REPORT SAID EIGHT MEMBERS OF BRITAIN'S SPECIAL MILITARY INTELLIGENCE SECTION, MI-5, CHARGED WITH GUARDING THE NATION'S SECRETS, WERE PORING OVER DOCUMENTS IN GOVERNMENT OFFICES AT WHITEHALL.

IT SAID OFFICIALS OF THE U.S. FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION WOULD BE TOLD THE RESULTS OF THE INQUIRY.

PERSONS WORKING ON RADAR AND ROCKET RESEARCH IN ENGLAND ALSO WILL BE CHECKED SOON, THE PAPER SAID.

GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS COULD NOT BE REACHED IMMEDIATELY FOR COMMENT ON THE REPORT.

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FEB 11 1950

Paris, Feb. 11--(ap)--Gen. Charles De Gaulle said tonight that France is menaced by communism and called on the French people to unite behind him to meet the danger.

De Gaulle, leader of the Rally of the French People, spoke to a crowd of his followers in the Sports Palace. He said:

"We cannot hide the danger which [redacted] weighs on France.

"The nation wishes to live, but the great area of Soviet Russia, henceforth doubled by China, and strengthened by the satellites which must necessarily be included, raises its menace toward us."

He said the French Union finds itself in immediate contact with this menace since communism's western frontier is only a short distance from the [redacted] Rhine and its southeast frontier is face to face with French outposts in Indochina.

To meet this [redacted] challenge, De Gaulle said, "we must have national unity, organized solidarity of a people menaced as we are—action of a nation capable of taking care of itself no matter what happens."

De Gaulle said the present government could not command such solidarity and that new elections are necessary. That is a claim he has been repeating for two years. De Gaulle contends new elections will bring him back to power.

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FEB 11 1950

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PARIS, FEB. 11-(AP)-TOP EXPERTS OF THE PAPER INDUSTRY OF SIX WEST EUROPEAN NATIONS SAIL FOR THE UNITED STATES NEXT WEEK TO STUDY PAPER AND PAPERBOARD PACKAGING METHODS.

FEB 11 1950

THE VISIT IS ONE OF SEVERAL ARRANGED BY THE MARSHALL PLAN TO ACQUAINT EUROPEANS WITH AMERICAN INDUSTRIAL METHODS. THE PAPER INDUSTRY TECHNICIANS WILL VISIT THE KIMBERLEY-CLARK MILLS AT NIAGARA FALLS, THE WEYERHAUSER TIMBER MILLS IN LONGVIEW, WASHINGTON, THE INSTITUTE OF PAPER CHEMISTRY AT APPLETON, WISCONSIN, AND THE FOREST PRODUCTS LABORATORY IN MADISON, WISCONSIN.

THE 35 DELEGATES ARE FROM AUSTRIA, BELGIUM, DENMARK, FRANCE, GERMANY, ITALY, THE NETHERLANDS, NORWAY, SWEDEN, SWITZERLAND, TURKEY AND BRITAIN.

WB1014AES

YOUNG COMMUNIST DATE
IN BERLIN POISES WEST
ON TROUBLE POWSWDERKEG (510)

FEB 11 1950

BY TOM REEDY

(ADVANCE) BERLIN, FEB. 13-(AP)-A HALF MILLION YOUNG COMMUNISTS HAVE AN APPOINTMENT IN BERLIN THIS MAY.

THE WEST VIEWS THE SCHEDULED RED YOUTH RALLY AS ONE OF THE MOST POTENT EXPLOSIVE SITUATIONS EVER PLANNED BY THE COMMUNISTS IN THEIR NEVER-ENDING PUTSCH TO EXPAND IN GERMANY.

THE QUESTION NOW BEING PONDERED BY THE WEST BERLIN CITY GOVERNMENT AND THE WESTERN ALLIES IS SIMPLY THIS: WHAT WILL HAPPEN WITH A HALF MILLION YOUNG FANATICS IN THIS TOWN?

THE ANSWER CAN BE TROUBLE. THE PROBLEM IS HOW TO AVOID IT.

COMMUNIST PLANS FOR THE GIANT YOUTH CONGRESS ALREADY HAVE BEEN ANNOUNCED. RALLIES, SPORTS CARNIVALS AND A CLIMACTIC TORCHLIGHT PARADE ARE SCHEDULED FOR MAY 26, 27 AND 28. OSTENSIBLY THESE ACTIVITIES ARE TO BE HELD IN THE SOVIET SECTOR, BUT THERE IS NO GUARANTEE. IN FACT, COMMUNIST SPOKESMEN HINT STRONGLY THEY WOULD LIKE TO EXTEND THE RALLY INTO THE WEST SECTORS.

SINCE DECEMBER, ALLIED INTELLIGENCE HAS BEEN CONSIDERING ALL THE ANGLES. A NEW FACTOR CREPT IN WHEN COMMUNIST PRESS AGENT GERHART EISLER SAID THE RALLY WOULD LIKE TO USE THE BRITISH SECTOR'S OLYMPIC STADIUM FOR A SPORTS CARNIVAL. AN OFFICIAL REQUEST WAS MADE FOR ITS USE.

THE WEST THUS FINDS ITSELF IN THIS POSITION:

SHALL THE STADIUM BE LOANED TO THE COMMUNISTS FOR A SPORTS CARNIVAL THAT IS FRANKLY POLITICAL? OR SHALL THE REQUEST BE DENIED ON THE GROUND THAT WEST BERLIN WANTS NOTHING TO DO WITH A COMMUNIST ACTIVITY?

THERE ARE DIVERSE OPINIONS IN ALLIED CIRCLES. SOME OFFICIALS SAY IT WOULD BE BETTER TO INVITE THE COMMUNIST YOUTH RATHER THAN GIVE THEIR PROPAGANDA MACHINE NEW FUEL FOR CHARGES THAT IT REALLY IS THE WEST THAT IS SPLITTING BERLIN AND GERMANY. OTHERS ARGUE YOU CAN'T DO THAT TO WEST BERLINERS WHO WANT NO PART OF COMMUNISM AND HAVE FOUGHT COURAGEOUSLY AGAINST IT.

ANOTHER PRACTICAL PROBLEM RAISED IN THESE DISCUSSIONS INVOLVES THE YOUNG SOCIALISTS, WHO ARE ABOUT AS MILITANT IN THEIR BELIEFS AS THE YOUNG COMMUNISTS. THEY CANNOT BE EXPECTED TO STAND BY AND WATCH YOUTH THEY CONSIDER OUTRIGHT ENEMIES WITHOUT SOME REACTION.

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B15 (SEGC) (AGENCIES OUT)

THE CONVERSATIONS ALSO HAVE DELVED INTO THE QUESTION OF WHETHER TO PERMIT BIG BANDS OF THE VISITING COMMUNISTS TO INVADE THE WEST SECTORS. AUTHORITIES SAY THEY CANNOT AFFORD TO OVERLOOK THE POSSIBILITY THAT THE BIG TORCHLIGHT PARADE ON UNTER DEN LINDEN MIGHT SUDDENLY SWING THROUGH THE BRANDENBURG GATE TO THE WEST.

THIS WOULD BE A POLITICAL DEMONSTRATION FOR WHICH NO PERMIT HAD BEEN GRANTED. ORDINARILY THE POLICE STOP THAT SORT OF THING. BUT THE PROSPECT OF SEVERAL THOUSAND POLICEMEN TRYING TO STOP A HALF MILLION MARCHING YOUTH IS AN UNHAPPY ONE AT LEAST.

THE "LET'S INVITE THEM TO SEE WHAT WEST BERLIN IS LIKE" THEORY IS GROWING IN BOTH AMERICAN AND BRITISH OFFICIAL CIRCLES, BUT THE DECISION MAY NOT BE MADE HERE. SOME THINK IT IS IMPORTANT ENOUGH FOR STATE DEPARTMENT AND FOREIGN OFFICE ACTION.

UNOFFICIALLY, MAJ.GEN. G.K. BOURNE, BRITISH COMMANDER, LEANS TOWARD THE INVITATION IDEA AT THE MOMENT, ALTHOUGH HE HAS REACHED NO HARD AND FAST DECISION.

"IT MIGHT BE WELL FOR THEM TO SEE WHAT WEST BERLIN IS LIKE," HE COMMENTED. "IT MIGHT TURN OUT TO BE AN ADVANTAGE IN THE LONG RUN. SOME OF THEM MIGHT WANT TO STAY."

IF THE COMMUNIST YOUTH DO COME TO THE WEST, PROPAGANDA CHIEF EISLER WILL HAVE TO LEARN ABOUT IT SECOND HAND. AS A FUGITIVE FROM A U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE WARRANT, EISLER DOES NOT DARE STEP OUT OF THE RUSSIAN SECTOR OR THE RUSSIAN ZONE.

(END ADVANCE FOR PMS OF MONDAY, FEB. 13. MOVED FEB. 9)

SJ338AES

MUNICH, GERMANY, FEB.11-(AP)-EIGHT GERMANS, ALLEGEDLY MEMBERS OF THE "LEBENBORN" ORGANIZATION, ACCUSED OF OPERATING THE NAZIS' "CHILD-BREEDING FARMS," WILL GO ON TRIAL TUESDAY ON DENAZIFICATION CHARGES.

THE "LEBENBORN" ORGANIZATION WAS DEDICATED NOT ONLY TO INCREASING THE GERMAN ARYAN BIRTHRATE BUT IN "GERMANIZING" RACIALLY SUITABLE CHILDREN TORN FROM THEIR HOMES IN OTHER COUNTRIES.

THE PROSECUTION'S CHARGE SAID SEVEN CHILDREN FROM THE CZECH VILLAGE OF LIDICE WERE SENT TO A LEBENBORN HOME IN PUSCHKA, IN EAST GERMAN TERRITORY NOW OCCUPIED BY POLAND.

THE NAZIS WIPED OUT LIDICE IN REVENGE FOR THE ASSASSINATION OF "HANGMAN" REINHARD HEYDRICH, NAZI PROTECTOR OF BOHEMIA AND MORAVIA. THE MALE POPULATION WAS SHOT AND THE WOMEN AND CHILDREN SCATTERED TO VARIOUS CAMPS AND HOMES.

THE CHIEF DEFENDANT IN THE DENAZIFICATION TRIAL IS FORMER SS COLONEL MAX SOLLMANN, 45, WHO WAS APPOINTED CHIEF OF THE LEBENBORN IN 1940.

THE PROSECUTION CHARGES THAT ABOUT HALF THE CHILDREN BORN IN THE BREEDING FARMS WERE ILLEGITIMATE.

"WOMEN WHO FULFILLED THE HIGH BIOLOGICAL DEMANDS OF THE SS COULD DELIVER SECRETLY AND DISCREETLY," THE CHARGE SAID.

IF THE MOTHER WISHED, THE LEBENBORN TOOK HER BABY AND GAVE IT TO A "FAITHFUL" SS FAMILY WHICH ACTED AS "STEP-PARENTS."

THE LEBENBORN UNDERTOOK TO "FURTHER THE BIRTH-WILLINGNESS (OF THE POPULATION), INCLUDING ILLEGIMATE CHILDREN, BUT ON CONDITION THEY WOULD BE BROUGHT UP AS GOOD MEMBERS OF THE NAZI ORGANIZATION," THE CHARGE SAID.

JM104

BONN, GERMANY, FEB 11-(AP)-GASOLINE PRICES HAVE BEEN CUT BY THE WEST GERMAN PARLIAMENT, WHICH ALSO HAS PROPOSED AN END TO GASOLINE RATIONING.

THE ACTION YESTERDAY TOOK PLACE AS THE CAPITAL'S NARROW STREETS WERE JAMMED BY A PARADE OF 3,000 TRUCKS, DEMONSTRATING AGAINST A RECENT BOOST IN GASOLINE PRICES FROM 40 CENTS TO 70 CENTS a gallon. PARLIAMENT VOTED TO CUT THE PRICE BY SIX CENTS.

THE TRUCK DEMONSTRATION WAS WARDED OFF BY A POLICE CORDON BEFORE IT COULD REACH THE PARLIAMENT TO DELIVER A PROTECT.

THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN AND FRANCE BALKED ONE PROPOSAL LAST MONTH BY THE BONN GOVERNMENT TO END GASOLINE RATIONING.

SINCE THEN TALKS HAVE BEEN GOING ON BETWEEN ALLIED EXPERTS AND GERMAN OFFICIALS. ECONOMICS MINISTER LUDWIG ERHARD SAID AFTER THE PARLIAMENTARY ACTION THAT HE HOPED THE ALLIED AUTHORITIES WOULD GIVE THEIR PERMISSION SOON FOR THE DERATIONING.

M410AES

HAMBURG,FEB.11-(AP)-WESTERN GERMANY IS PLANNING A SHIPBUILDING PROGRAM OF MORE THAN 500,000 TONS, SHIPPING CIRCLES HERE REVEALED TODAY.

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THEY EXPECT TO BUILD 390,000 TONS OF OCEAN GOING VESSELS, INCLUDING SOME FOR THE SOUTH AMERICAN TRADE, AND 120,000 TONS OF COASTAL VESSELS.

THE PETERSBERG AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE WESTERN OCCUPATION POWERS AND WEST GERMANY LIMITS THE SHIPS TO 7,200 TONS AND A SPEED OF 12 KNOTS.

CREDITS OF 150,000,000 DEUTSCHESMARKS WERE GRANTED BY THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT LAST NIGHT TO LAUNCH THE PROGRAM.

THE PROGRAM HAS THE DOUBLE-BARRELLED AIM OF BUILDING UP WEST GERMANY'S DEPLETED POSTWAR MERCHANT MARINE AND PROVIDING EMPLOYMENT.

SHIPPING MEN SAID THE PROGRAM PROBABLY WOULD PROVIDE 20,000 JOBS IN NORTH GERMAN SHIPYARDS.

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MJ043PES

HE SAID EAST GERMAN GOODS WERE AVAILABLE TO MAKE UP THIS SLACK, "EXCEPT THE CONDITIONS IMPOSED BY THE WEST GERMAN ADMINISTRATION DON'T ALLOW IT." 300 Berlin (Int-German) trade

HE DECLARED EAST GERMAN TEXTILE MACHINERY HAD BEEN PUT ON A PROHIBITED LIST SO WEST GERMANS WOULD HAVE TO BUY AMERICAN MODELS.

EISLER HAD A SHAKY MOMENT AT THE NEWS CONFERENCE AFTER SAYING GERMAN TECHNICIANS AT SECRET MILITARY WORK IN THE UNITED STATES SHOULD "PUT TOO MUCH SALT IN THE SOUP"--MEANING COMMIT SABOTAGE.

WHEN HE DENOUNCED THE UNITED STATES FOR NOT RETURNING THESE MEN, HE WAS REMINDED THAT COMMUNIST NEWSPAPERS HAVE FREQUENTLY REPORTED THE PRESENCE OF GERMAN SCIENTISTS IN RUSSIA.

THE PROPAGANDA SHROUDING BERLIN ALMOST HID THE FACT THAT THE "LITTLE BLOCKADE" WAS ON THE SHELF.

BERLIN-BOUND TRUCKS FROM WEST GERMANY MET NO DELAY AT THE SOVIET ZONE FRONTIER.

K/BP1216PES

NIGHT LEAD POLISH

FEB 11 1950

BY ORMONDE GODFREY

A polish prosecutor

SZCZECIN (STETTIN), POLAND, FEB. 11--(AP)---THE PROSECUTION AND SABOTAGE TODAY CHARGED THAT FRANCE ORGANIZED A GIGANTIC SPY NETWORK IN POLAND

AS PART OF PREPARATIONS FOR A NEW WAR.

LONG JAIL SENTENCES WERE DEMANDED FOR TWO FRENCHMEN, ANDRE ROBINEAU AND GASTON DROUET, DEATH SENTENCES FOR TWO POLES, ~~STEFAN~~ PIELACKI AND BRONISLAW KLICZAK, LIFE IMPRISONMENT FOR ~~ZBIGNIEW~~ ~~BLAUSTEIN~~ AND A LONG SENTENCE FOR ~~ANOTHER~~ POLE.

THE TWO FRENCHMEN AND FOUR POLES ARE ON TRIAL BEFORE A MILITARY COURT ON CHARGES OF ESPIONAGE. The verdict is to come Tuesday.

LT. COL. KAZIMIRZ GOLCSEWSKI, THE PROSECUTOR, SAID THE SPY NETWORK WAS BROKEN UP NOV. 18 WITH THE ARREST OF ROBINEAU, FORMER SECRETARY OF THE FRENCH CONSULATE HERE. DROUET IS A RADIO TECHNICIAN WHO WORKED AT SLUPSK (STOLP).

RENE BARDET, FORMER FRENCH VICE CONSUL AT GDANSK, THE PROSECUOR PROSECUTOR DECLARED, OBTAINED PLANS OF THE SHIPYARD AT ~~LOCKO~~ ELOLAG (ELBING) AND ORGANIZED A FIRE AND EXPLOSION THERE.

THE PROSECUTOR SAID THE FRENCH REACTED TO THE BREAKING UP OF THE ESPIONAGE RING DIRECTED FROM THE EMBASSY IN WARSAW BY ARRESTING AND DEPORTING SCORES OF POLISH NATIONALS, ENGAGING IN ECONOMIC REPRISALS AND .

Szczecin (stettin) Poland, Feb. 11 -(ap)- The polish special prosecutor today demanded long jail sentences for two frenchmen charged with spying.

Summing up the case against the frenchmen prosecutor Lt. Vol. Kazimirz Golczewski told the military court france is planning war against poland.

He asked severe sentences for andre simon robineau, former secretary in the french consulate here and gaston drouet, ax radio technician.

The prosecutor demanded death sentences for two poles -- stefan pielacki and bronislaw--also accused of espionage in a french directed plot. He asked a life sentence for Zbigniew Blaustein and a long sentence for Kazimierz Rachtan, two other polish defendants.

golczewski said that the french intelligence in north poland was "liquidated" in november last year. The arrest of the

two frenchmen set off a series of arrests of poles in france accused of spying and an exchange of sharp notes of protests between the french and polish governments.

Moscow, Feb. 11--(AP)--The Literary G[illegible] said today that Russian explorers had played an important role in exploration of Tibet and that the Tibetans had met them with "constant friendship."

The Gazette announced republication of a book written by M. V. Petsov in the last half of the 19th century on extensive journey he made into Tibet.

(Communist china has declared its intention to make Tibet part of the chinese communist republic. The soviet press has supported the chinese reds' claim to Tibet.)

FEB 11 1950

(390) NIGHT LEAD JERUSALEM

GENEVA, SWITZERLAND, FEB.11-(AP)-ISRAEL AND HASHEMITE JORDAN WERE INVITED TODAY TO JOIN THE UNITED NATIONS TRUSTEESHIP COUNCIL IN DISCUSSIONS ON A STATUTE TO INTERNATIONALIZE JERUSALEM.

DEVELOPMENTS ASSURED THAT THE VATICAN ALSO WILL BE REPRESENTED.

COUNCIL DELEGATES HAD EXPRESSED HOPE THE VATICAN WOULD PARTICIPATE BUT WITHHELD A FORMAL INVITATION UNTIL THE VATICAN ITSELF INDICATED WHETHER IT WANTED TO.

THE ANSWER WAS QUICK IN COMING. A COMMUNIQUE ISSUED AT VATICAN CITY SAID THAT "IF OFFICIALLY INVITED, THE HOLY SEE WOULD GLADLY PARTICIPATE IN THE DISCUSSION, AS THEY ARE THE CENTER OF ATTENTION FOR ALL CATHOLICS, AND UPON WHICH THE POPE OFTEN HAS EXPRESSED HIS OPINION FOR A SOLUTION."

THE VATICAN OFFERED TO SEND EITHER OBSERVERS OR OFFICIAL REPRESENTATIVES.

ISRAEL OCCUPIES THE NEW CITY OF JERUSALEM AND HAS DECLARED IT ISRAEL'S CAPITAL. JORDAN OCCUPIES THE OLD TOWN. THEY HAVE BEEN ADMINISTERING THE CITY UNDER A TRUCE. THE U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY LATE LAST YEAR CALLED FOR THE TRUSTEESHIP COUNCIL TO IMPOSE INTERNATIONAL RULE OVER THE ENTIRE AREA, INCLUDING THE HOLY SHRINES OF THE CHRISTIAN, MOSLEM AND JEWISH FAITHS.

ARAB NATIONS, CATHOLIC LATIN AMERICAN COUNTRIES AND THE SOVIET BLOC BANDED TO VOTE FOR THE INTERNATIONAL STATUTE DESPITE STATEMENTS BY THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN AND OTHERS THAT IT WOULD NOT WORK OUT.

ROGER GARREAU, OF FRANCE, CHAIRMAN OF THE COUNCIL, HAS SINCE PROPOSED A COMPROMISE WHICH WOULD IMPOSE ACTUAL INTERNATIONAL RULE ONLY OVER THE RELIGIOUS PLACES.

AN ISRAELI SPOKESMAN SAID HIS GOVERNMENT ALWAYS IS WILLING TO HELP SOLVE THE JERUSALEM QUESTION, DESPITE ITS FIRM STAND AGAINST INTERNATIONAL RULE, BUT THAT FORMAL ACCEPTANCE MUST COME FROM TEL AVIV.

JORDAN, WHICH ALSO OPPOSES INTERNATIONAL RULE, HAS DEALT DIRECTLY WITH ISRAEL, IGNORING AN ARAB LEAGUE BOYCOTT OF DIRECT NEGOTIATIONS.

A CAIRO ANNOUNCEMENT YESTERDAY THAT EGYPT AND ISRAEL ARE NOW READY FOR DIRECT PEACE NEGOTIATIONS SURPRISED OFFICIALS OF THE U.N. PALESTINE CONCILIATION COMMISSION AND BOTH ARAB AND JEWISH DELEGATES.

COMMISSION MEMBERS HAVE BEEN TRYING FOR NEARLY A YEAR TO GET ARABS AND ISRAELI TO SIT AT THE SAME CONCILIATION TABLE. THE ISRAELI ALWAYS WERE WILLING AND ISRAELI DELEGATE GIDEON RAPHAEL SAID SO GAIN TODAY.

ARAB NATIONS ALWAYS REFUSED AND EGYPT'S DELEGATE ABDEL CHAFI EL LABBANE WENT SO FAR AS TO SAY THERE WAS "ABSOLUTELY NO TRUTH" IN THE REPORTS.

THE ANNOUNCEMENT CAME, HOWEVER, FROM THE EGYPTIAN MINISTER OF WAR MUSTAFA NOSRAT BEY. HE DID NOT SAY WHERE THE TALKS WILL TAKE PLACE. THE EGYPTIAN GOVERNMENT WAS REVAMPED RECENTLY AS THE RESULT OF A WAFD PARTY VICTORY.

JM1036PES

GENEVA, SWITZERLAND, FEB 11-(AP)-THE UNITED NATIONS TRUSTEESHIP COUNCIL VOTED TODAY TO INVITE ISRAEL AND THE HASHEMITE KINGDOM OF JORDAN TO TAKE PART WITHOUT VOTE IN THE COUNCIL'S DELICATE TASK OF COMPLETING A STATUTE FOR THE INTERNATIONALIZATION JERUSALEM.

THE INVITATION WAS VOTED WITHOUT OPPOSITION, BUT THE CHINESE AND IRAQI DELEGATES ABSTAINED ON THE GROUND THAT OTHER GOVERNMENTS ALSO SHOULD BE INVITED. A PROPOSAL TO INVITE THE VATICAN TO SEND A REPRESENTATIVE, FIRST ADVANCED BY THE IRAQI DELEGATE, WAS WITHDRAWN.

THE REACTION OF ISRAEL AND JORDAN COULD NOT BE DETERMINED. AN ISRAELI SPOKESMAN SAID HIS GOVERNMENT ALREADY HAD EXPRESSED A WILLINGNESS TO TAKE PART IN ANY CONSTRUCTIVE APPROACH TO THE JERUSALEM PROBLEM. HE ADDED, HOWEVER, THAT THE ANSWER TO THE INVITATION WILL HAVE TO COME FROM TEL AVIV.

ISRAEL OCCUPIES MOST OF THE MODERN CITY OF JERUSALEM AND JORDAN MOST OF THE OLD CITY. BOTH GOVERNMENTS HAVE EXPRESSED OPPOSITION TO INTERNATIONALIZATION OF THE CITY.

THE VATICAN MADE KNOWN IN A COMMUNIQUE THAT IT WOULD "GLADLY PARTICIPATE" IN ANY UNITED NATIONS DISCUSSIONS ON JERUSALEM IF AN OFFICIAL INVITATION WAS EXTENDED. THE COMMUNIQUE SAID THE VATICAN COULD SEND EITHER OBSERVERS OR OFFICIAL REPRESENTATIVES.

FD1021AES

BERN, SWITZERLAND, FEB.11-(AP)-SOME OF SWITZERLAND'S FAMED ALPINE DEFENSE FORTIFICATIONS HAVE BEEN FOUND FAULTY, AND SWISS ARMY OFFICIALS SAY SABOTAGE CHARGES MAY RESULT.

THE ARMY'S CHIEF AUDITOR, COL. JAKOV EUGSTER, SAID YESTERDAY COMPLAINTS HAVE BEEN FILED AGAINST 30 PERSONS INCLUDING SOME OFFICERS. CLOSED TRIALS ARE EXPECTED EARLY NEXT SUMMER.

AUTHORITIES BEGAN AN EXTENSIVE PROBE THREE YEARS AGO AFTER THEY FOUND THAT SOME CONCRETE AND STONE BUNKERS IN THE KEYSTONE OF THE NATION'S DEFENSE RING WOULD NOT STAND UP UNDER ARTILLERY FIRE.

EUGSTER SAID POOR GRADES OF LIMESTONE WERE USED IN SOME PLACES BECAUSE IT WAS AVAILABLE NEARBY.

LS552AES

MENTAL EXAMINATION OF LEFFLER DELAYED COURT PROCEEDINGS. THE TRIAL, WHICH OPENED YESTERDAY, WILL PROBABLY CONTINUE UNTIL TUESDAY. THE VERDICT WILL BE ANNOUNCED LATER NEXT WEEK.

LEFFLER IS A FORMER SWEDISH CAVALRY OFFICER. HE IS A NEPHEW OF THE LATE MATHEMATICIAN, GOESTA MITTAG-LEFFLER, WHO HAS BEEN CALLED SWEDEN'S EINSTEIN. 400 Stockholm (Sat) xxx wp

AN ADVENTURER, LEFFLER ENLISTED IN THE SCOTS GREYS DURING WORLD WAR 1. HE LATER WENT TO THE UNITED STATES. HE ONCE SERVED AS AN ASSISTANT SWEDISH CONSUL GENERAL IN SAN FRANCISCO. HE SPENT ABOUT 10 YEARS ON SOUTH PACIFIC ISLANDS BEFORE RETURNING TO SWEDEN.

WD249PES

FEB 11 1950

ATHENS, GREECE, FEB 11-(AP)-THE FOREIGN MINISTRY ANNOUNCED TODAY THAT GREECE HAS RECOGNIZED THE FRENCH-SPONSORED INDOCHINESE STATES OF VIETNAM, LAOS AND CAMBODIA.

THE FOREIGN MINISTRY NOTIFIED THE FRENCH EMBASSY OF THE ACTION.

THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN TOOK SIMILAR ACTION TUESDAY. RUSSIA AND SEVERAL OF HER SATELLITE STATES HAVE RECOGNIZED THE RIVAL REBEL VIETNAM REGIME HEADED BY MOSCOW-TRAINED HO CHI-MINH.

MT708PES

MOSCOW, FEB.11-(AP)-IZVESTIA PUBLISHED TODAY A SUGGESTION FROM THE UNITED STATES THAT PRESIDENT TRUMAN NEGOTIATE HIGH LEVEL TALKS WITH THE SOVIET UNION ON CONTROL OF ATOMIC ENERGY.

THE GOVERNMENT NEWSPAPER PUBLISHED A TASS DISPATCH FROM NEW YORK WHICH QUOTED A LETTER IT SAID WAS SIGNED BY A NUMBER OF WELL KNOWN AMERICANS, INCLUDING PROF. FREDERICK L. SCHUMAN OF WILLIAMS COLLEGE.

(PROF. SCHUMAN SAID THAT HE HAD SIGNED VARIOUS STATEMENTS IN FAVOR OF RESUMING ATOMIC CONTROL TALKS WITH THE RUSSIANS, BUT EMPHASIZED HE NEVER HAD SIGNED ANY ENDORSEMENT OF SOVIET PROPOSALS IN THAT REGARD.

(MR. TRUMAN'S POSITION IS THAT THE UNITED NATIONS AFFORDS AN AVENUE FOR RESUMPTION OF ATOMIC ENERGY CONTROL TALKS. CURRENTLY THE SOVIET UNION IS BOYCOTTING U.N. SESSIONS BECAUSE NO ACTION HAS BEEN TAKEN ON A SOVIET DEMAND THAT DELEGATES FROM NATIONALIST CHINA BE REPLACED BY THOSE FROM COMMUNIST CHINA.)

WB1156PES

FEB 11 1950

MOSCOW, FEB 11-(AP)-THE SOVIET NEWS AGENCY TASS SAID TODAY THAT THE MOVE IN BELGIUM TO PUT EXILED KING LEOPOLD III BACK ON THE THRONE WAS BEING SUPPORTED AND DIRECTED FROM WASHINGTON.

THE GOVERNMENT ORGAN IZVESTIA PUBLISHED A TASS DISPATCH FROM BRUSSELS DECLARING THAT BELGIAN RIGHTIST CIRCLES "WITH THE SUPPORT OF WASHINGTON ARE TRYING TO ACCELERATE A DECISION ON THE QUESTION."

(THE BELGIAN CHAMBER OF REPRESENTATIVES, OVER BITTER OPPOSITION FROM THE SOCIALISTS, LIBERALS AND COMMUNISTS, VOTED FEB.8 TO HOLD A REFERENDUM OF BELGIUM'S MORE THAN 5,000,000 VOTERS BEFORE APRIL 1 TO DECIDE IF LEOPOLD SHOULD RETURN FROM EXILE IN SWITZERLAND.)

(OPPONENTS OF THE 48-YEAR-OLD MONARCH'S RETURN CONTEND HE SHOULD HAVE FOLLOWED HIS GOVERNMENT-IN-EXILE TO LONDON WHEN BELGIUM WAS OVERRUN BY THE NAZIS IN 1940. HE WAS CAPTURED BY THE GERMANS AND HELD BY THEM UNTIL LIBERATED BY AMERICAN FORCES IN 1945.

(IN EXILE SINCE THEN, THE KING HAS SAID HE WOULD NOT RETURN UNLESS 55 PER CENT OF THE VOTES IN ANY REFERENDUM WERE IN FAVOR OF HIS RETURN.)

THE TASS DISPATCH SAID BELGIAN FOREIGN MINISTER PAUL VAN ZEELAND IS "CLOSELY TIED UP WITH WASHINGTON FINANCIAL CIRCLES."

LEFTIST CIRCLES IN BRUSSELS, ACCORDING TO TASS, SAID THE AMERICANS PREFER TO HAVE AN "EVEN MORE LOYAL HELPER IN THE PERSON OF LEOPOLD III."

M731AES

tehran, iran, feb. 11 - (ap) - a high government source said today about 100 tudeh party (communist) leaders and important party members have been sent to prisons in various parts of south iran. the prisoners were convicted by military courts during the past year.

the source said that recent tudeh underground propaganda, the distribution of leaflets and publications and other communist activities all were directed by the prisoners from tehran jails.

the prisoners not only had connections with the outside world, the source said, but were preaching marxist ideology among other prisoners. they also incited the other prisoners to disobedience, disorder and sabotage, the source added. #

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30.24- 8907

madras,india,feb.11-(ap)-indian police today shot and killed 19 communist convicts at salem prison, according to press reports reaching here.

salem is the capital of salem district about 250 miles inland from madras on the road to mysore.

the reports said a group of more than 70 communist prisoners, armed with window panes and lathes, defied their jailors and beat up three of them.

police, fearing the situation would get out of control,fired on the rioters. eighteen were killed immediately and another died on the way to the hospital.

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EDITORS- Note-> Feb. 10-1950

BANGKOK--TO COVER DEVELOPMENTS, FOLLOWING MAY BE INSERTED IN BANGKOK AMS BUDGET (MOVED LAST NIGHT, A122 ET SEQ). AFTER NINTH GRAPH, "WHILE INDOCHINA XXX BY THE AMERICANS."

MEETING REPORTERS IN BANGKOK TODAY, JESSUP PARRIED MOST QUESTIONS ABOUT THE MEETING'S SUBJECT MATTER.

A SIAMESE REPORTER ASKED IF THE PARLEY MIGHT GO SO FAR AS TO RECOMMEND THAT THE UNITED STATES EITHER WITHDRAW FROM SOUTHEAST ASIA OR GO TO WAR WITH RUSSIA.

JESSUP REPLIED, "IT IS OUTSIDE THE SCOPE OF THE CONFERENCE TO RECOMMEND WAR. THE UNITED STATES IS NOT DIRECTING ITS FOREIGN POLICY TOWARDS WAR, AND NO ONE WOULD BE AS SURPRISED AS I IF RECOMMENDATIONS TO GO WAR WERE FORTHCOMING."

JESSUP ALSO SAID THE UNITED STATES WAS NOT CONCERNED WITH TRYING TO SET UP A MILITARY ALLIANCE AMONG NATIONS OF THE FAR EAST, BUT THAT IF ONE WERE ESTABLISHED BY THE COUNTRIES' OWN INITIATIVE, IT WOULD BE VIEWED WITH SYMPATHETIC INTEREST.

BESIDES JESSUP XXX TENTH GRAPH

THE AP

GG227PCS NM

FEB 11 1950

HONG KONG,FEB.11-(AP)-THE U.S.AIRCRAFT CARRIER BOXER,ACCOMPANIED BY TWO DESTROYERS,ARRIVED HERE TODAY FROM JAPAN FOR A FIVE DAY VISIT.

BRITISH FLAG OFFICER W.G.ANDREWS,SECOND IN COMMAND OF THE BRITISH FAR EASTERN FLEET, WENT ABOARD THE BOXER TO VISIT REAR ADM.WALTER F. BOONE AND CAPT.JOHN B.MOSS.

THE BOXER AND HER TWO DESTROYER ESCORTS WERE RECENTLY ADDED TO THE U.S.SEVENTH TASK FLEET IN ASIATIC WATERS.

DV648ACS

BANGKOK--FIRST ADD JESSUP (A124) XXX MADE HERE.

JESSUP INDICATED THE QUESTION OF WHETHER THE U.S.SHOULD RECOGNIZE COMMUNIST CHINA WOULD BE AMONG THE PROBLEMS DISCUSSED. BUT HE PARRIED MOST QUESTIONS BY SAYING THE AGENDA OF THE CONFERENCE IS NOT YET DETERMINED.

JESSUP SAID THE U.S.RECOGNIZED THE BAO DAI VIETNAM, REGIME IN INDOCHINA BECAUSE THE U.S. IS CONVINCED IT IS INDEPENDENT AND SHOULD BE RECOGNIZED AS SUCH.

HE ADDED THAT FRENCH SUPPORTED BAO DAI FACES INTERNAL PROBLEMS. UNITY HAS NOT BEEN ACHIEVED, HE SAID, BUT THE INTERNAL STRUGGLE IS ONE FOR THE GOVERNMENT OF VIETNAM.

JESSUP CALLED HO CHI-MINH'S RIVAL VIETNAM, WHICH HAS BEEN FIGHTING THE FRENCH FOR OVER THREE YEARS, A COMMUNIST MOVEMENT.

HE DECLINED TO DISCUSS POSSIBLE AMERICAN AID TO BAO DAI.

THIS MORNING JESSUP, BUTTERWORTH AND STANTON SIGNED THE ROYAL BOOK IN THE GRAND PALACE, THEN PAID A COURTESY CALL ON THAI PREMIER PIBUL SONGGRAM.

GG106PCS

BY DOUGLAS LACKERSTEEN

RANGOON, BURMA, FEB. 11-(AP)-THE INTERNATIONAL RICE COMMISSION'S CONFERENCE ENDED HERE TODAYW WITH THE WARNING THAT SOUTHEAST ASIA, WITH ITS RAPIDLY EXPANDING POPULATION, MUST PRODUCE MORE FOOD --MAINLY RICE.

CONFERENCE DELEGATES FROM 19 NATIONS AGREED THAT INCREASED PRODUCTION WOULD BE POSSIBLE ONLY IF GREATER ACREAGES ARE FOUND AND FARMERS ARE PROTECTED FROM THEIR DEADLIEST FOE -- THE DEATH-DEALING MALARIA MOSQUITO.

THEY ALSO AGREED THAT THERE MUST BE MORE ABUNDANT TECHNICAL AID THROUGH FUNDS OF THE FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION (FAO) OF THE UNITED NATIONS, IF PRESIDENTTMANNTUFOUR AID TO UNDERDEVELOPED AREAS IS ADOPTED.

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THE CONFERENCE RECOMMENDED A TRAINING CENTER TO PROVIDE FARMERS WITH THE KNOW-HOW TO COAX THE UTMOST FROM THE LAND.

PRINCE SITHIPORN KRIDAKARA, THAILAND'S 77-YEAR-OLD FORMER MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE, WAS RE-ELECTED CHAIRMAN OF THE COMMISSION. CHIEF BURMESE DELEGATE, U.KHIN, AND DR. STANLEY ANDREWS, HEAD OF THE UNITED STATES DELEGATION, WERE ELECTED FIRST AND SECOND VICE

CHAIRMAN, RESPECTIVELY.

KRIDAKARA, TERMINATING THE SIX-DAY SESSION, EMPHASIZED THE COMMISSION'S DESIRE TO IMPROVE THE WELL-BEING OF THE FARMER. HE SAID THIS WOULD BE POSSIBLE ONLY THROUGH INCREASED RICE PRODUCTION WHICH COULD BE ACCOMPLISHED IF THE MEMBER GOVERNMENTS FULLY COOPERATED BY ACCEPTING AND IMPLEMENTING THE COMMISSION'S RECOMMENDATIONS.

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HE URGED THE DELEGATES TO SEEK THE COOPERATION OF THEIR GOVERNMENTS IN BANISHING MALNUTRITION FROM SOUTHEAST ASIA.

THE EXPERTS IN DIETETICS AND RICE BREEDING MET DAILY TO PLAN THE "VITAMINZATION" OF FAR EASTERN COUNTRIES, THROUGH IMPROVED RICE STRAINS, WEED-KILLERS, INCREASED RICE YIELDS AND HIGHER QUALITY FOOD FOR NEEDY POPULATIONS.

THE MAIN CONFERENCE WAS PRECEDED BY MEETINGS OF THE SOUTHEAST ASIA NUTRITION COMMITTEE AND RICE BREEDERS, MEETING IN SEPARATE GROUPS TO COMPLETE REPORTS FOR THE PARENT MEETING.

THE NUTRITIONISTS MADE RECOMMENDATIONS WHEREBY PROTEIN-GIVING SUBSTITUTES WOULD BE PROVIDED FOR RICE EATERS IN LANDS LACKING MILK, FISH AND POULTRY.

THE RICE GROWERS FORWARDED SUGGESTIONS FOR IMPROVING RICE GRAINS BUT SUSPENDED DECISION PENDING EVIDENCE OF MECHANICAL FARMING IN RAIN-SOAKED COUNTRIES.

THE DELEGATES WELCOMED THE FAO ANNOUNCEMENT OF A CATALOGUE OF GENETIC STOCKS WHEREBY WORLD BREEDERS CAN OBTAIN FROM THE FAO NAMES OF THE BEST BREEDS AND WHERE THEY MAY BE FOUND TO MEET THEIR NEEDS.

THE CONFERENCE SELECTED BANDOENG, INDONESIA, FOR ITS THIRD ANNUAL MEETING NEXT MONTH, AFTER THE CHIEF INDONESIAN DELEGATE, SUKARDI TJITROPAJITUO, EXPRESSED CONFIDENCE LAW AND ORDER SOON WOULD BE RESTORED IN HIS COUNTRY.

WW149PES

CHINESE 2nd

BY SPENCER MOOSA

TAIPEI, FORMOSA, FEB. 11-(AP)-NATIONALIST CHINA TODAY CHARGED THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS HAVE AGREED TO SEND HEAVY TROOP SUPPORT TO MOSCOW-TRAINED HO CHI-MINH'S VIETNAM REBELS IN INDOCHINA.

THE NATIONALIST DEFENSE MINISTRY SAID THE DECISION WAS MADE AT A SECRET CONFERENCE IN CANTON. DATE OF THE ALLEGED MEETING WAS NOT MENTIONED.

THE MINISTRY ASSERTED LIU SHAO-CHI, ACTING CHINESE RED LEADER WHILE MAO TZE-TUNG IS IN MOSCOW NEGOTIATING A TREATY WITH RUSSIA, PRESIDED AT THE CANTON MEETING. LIU IS CONSIDERED ONE OF THE MOST PRO-RUSSIAN CHINESE COMMUNISTS.

THERE IS NO WAY TO TELLING WHETHER THE MINISTRY'S CHARGES ARE BASED ON FACT OR ARE BEING CIRCULATED FOR PROPAGANDA PURPOSES. THE MINISTRY SAID ITS INFORMATION CAME FROM TRUSTWORTHY INTELLIGENCE SOURCES.

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THE MINISTRY ALSO ASSERTED:

CHINESE COMMUNIST TROOPS ALREADY ARE FIGHTING IN INDOCHINA WITH HO'S FORCES AGAINST THE FRENCH AND TROOPS OF FRENCH-SUPPORTED BAO DAI'S RIVAL VIETNAM STATE. CHINESE RED TROOPS ARE PARTICIPATING IN A CURRENT HO ASSAULT ON LANGSON ABOUT 10 MILES FROM THE CHINESE FRONTIER. PART OF THE RED 44TH ARMY IS MOVING TOWARDS THE BORDER FROM THE PEIHAI AREA OF SOUTHWEST CHINA.

THE DEFENSE MINISTRY HAS CHARGED BEFORE THAT TROOPS FROM RED CHINA HAVE GONE INTO INDOCHINA BUT THIS HAS BEEN DENIED BY THE FRENCH.

HO'S REGIME WAS RECOGNIZED BY RUSSIA AND COMMUNIST CHINA LAST MONTH. THIS WEEK THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN RECOGNIZED BAO DAI'S FRENCH-SPONSORED VIETNAM. THERE HAS BEEN MUCH SPECULATION ON THE POSSIBILITY OF A RED PUSH IN INDOCHINA AS THE BEGINNING OF A SOUTHEAST ASIA OFFENSIVE.

JL4APS NM

~~VIETNAM (1-20)~~

SAIGON, FEB 11-(AP)-ANTI-FRENCH TERRORISTS EXPLODED THREE HAND GRENADES IN FRONT OF SAIGON'S LARGEST MOTION PICTURE THEATER LATE LAST NIGHT, INJURING THREE PERSONS, ONE OF THEM SERIOUSLY.

THIS WAS ANOTHER IN A SERIES OF RECENT ATTACKS IN VARIOUS SECTIONS OF SAIGON AND HANOI. AUTHORITIES PREDICTED THE FOLLOWERS OF PRO-COMMUNIST REBEL HO CHI-MINH WILL WEEK TO CONTINUE THESE ATTACKS THROUGH THE PRE-LENTEN CARNIVAL SEASON.

RELIABLE SOURCES IN HANOI, NORTHERN INDOCHINA, REPORTED THAT THE FRENCH MILITARY POST AT PHOLOU IN NORTHWESTERN TONKIN WAS ATTACKED YESTERDAY BY A LARGE NUMBER OF REBEL GUERILLAS.

FRENCH AIRCRAFT CAME TO THE AID OF THE FORT, FORCING THE ATTACKERS TO WITHDRAW. THESE SOURCES SAID THERE HAD BEEN LOSSES ON BOTH SIDES BUT WERE UNABLE TO GIVE FIGURES.

MT1022AES

JAKARTA, U.S.I., FEB 11-(AP)-INDONESIA'S PREMIER MOHAMED HATTA SAID TODAY A $100,000,000 (M) U.S. LOAN ANNOUNCED LAST NIGHT FOR HIS GOVERNMENT IS ONE-FIFTH OF WHAT HE HOPES TO BORROW ABROAD TO FINANCE HIS COUNTRY'S RECOVERY.

HATTA SAID HE HAD PLANS FOR A FIVE OR SIX-YEAR DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM FOR THE ISLANDS REQUIRING $500,000,000 IN FOREIGN LOANS.

THE U.S. LOAN, ANNOUNCED IN WASHINGTON YESTERDAY BY EXPORT-IMPORT BANK CHAIRMAN HERBERT E. GASTON, IS FOR PURCHASES OF U.S. INDUSTRIAL MATERIAL AND RECONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT.

OBSERVERS HERE VIEWED THE LOAN AS AN IMPRESSIVE ARGUMENT FOR HATTA TO ADVANCE WHEN HE PUTS HIS ECONOMIC PLANS BEFORE INDONESIA'S PARLIAMENT. THE PARLIAMENT OPENS ITS FIRST SESSION WEDNESDAY.

OTHER SOURCES LOOKED ON THE LOAN AS A U.S. MOVE TO OFFSET EFFECTS OF THE RUSSIAN RECOGNITION TWO WEEKS AGO OF THE NEW INDONESIAN GOVERNMENT.

M439AES

FEB 11 1950

JAKARTA, JAVA., U.S.I. FEB. 11-(AP)-ON THE EVE OF A THREATENED COUP BY REBEL LEADER R.P.P. (TURK) WESTERLING THE DUTCH ARMY COMMANDER TONIGHT WARNED HIS TROOPS AGAINST DESERTING TO THE WESTERLING FORCES.

WESTERLING, A FORMER DUTCH ARMY OFFICER, IS LEADING A PRIVATE ARMY COMPOSED LARGELY OF INDONESIAN DESERTERS FROM THE DUTCH ARMY. HE HAS SENT AN ULTIMATUM TO THE INDONESIAN GOVERNMENT DEMANDING RECOGNITION OF HIS WEST JAVA FORCES BY FEB. 12.

SOME INDONESIAN OFFICIALS EXPRESSED FEAR TOMORROW THE OUTLAW LEADER MAY CARRY OUT HIS THREATS CALLING FOR MASS DESERTIONS OF INDONESIANS FROM THE DUTCH ARMY AND A GENERAL UPRISING.

AS A PRECAUTIONARY MOVE, DUTCH COMMANDER GE,.BUURMAN VAN VEEDE SPOKE OVER THE NATIONAL RADIO NETWORK CAUTIONING HIS TROOPS TO STAND STEADY.

GEN.VAN VEEDE IS COOPERATING WITH INDONESIAN AUTHORITIES TO PREVENT THE RECURRENCE OF A WESTERLING RAID ON BANDOENG RECENTLY IN WHICH INDONESIAN DESERTERS FROM THE DUTCH ARMY PLAYED A MAJOR ROLE.

VAN VEEDE DEMANDED OF HIS TROOPS THAT THEY REMAIN UNITED AND WELL DISCIPLINED DURING THE TRANSITION PERIOD IN WHICH THE NEW INDONESIAN ARMY IS BEING ORGANIZED AND THE DUTCH PERSONNEL ARE PREPARING TO RETURN TO HOLLAND.

ALTHOUGH THE BIG MAJORITY OF HIS TROOPS STRICTLY OBEYED ORDERS, HE SAID, "I REGRET THAT IN THE LAST FEW WEEKS SOME OF YOU KLUNG INTO THE WINDS MY EXPLICIT ORDERS."

HE SAID THOSE WHO HAD DISOBEYED HAD BEEN DISCIPLINED "AND I WILL NOT HESITATE TO SHARPEN THESE MEASURES ON THE SLIGHTEST PROVOCATION."

APPARENTLY WARNING AGAINST COMMUNISV, VAN VEEDE SAID THAT ANY ENCOURAGEMENT GIVEN RENEGADE FORCES "WILL BE SEIZED UPON BY SUPPORTERS OF EXISTING IDEOLOGIEX TO REALIZE THEIR DISASTROUS INTENTIONS."

FEB 11 1950

FD1019AES

TOKYO, SUNDAY, FEB.12-(AP)-A SPOKESMAN FOR THE CHINESE MISSION DENIED TODAY "DISHONORABLE RUMORS" THAT CHIANG KAI-SHEK AND OTHER NATIONALISTS LEADERS WERE LOOKING FOR "REFUGE IN JAPAN."

FOR THE PAST SEVERAL WEEKS, JAPAN HAS BEEN ALIVE WITH RUMORS THAT CHIANG HAD SENT AGENTS HERE FROM THE NATIONALIST REDOUBT OF FORMOSA TO BUY A HOUSE. ONE REPORT EVEN SAID A HOUSE HAD BEEN BOUGHT AT A BEACH RESORT ABOUT 60 MILES SOUTH OF TOKYO.

THE SPOKESMAN, WHO WOULD NOT BE IDENTIFIED BY NAME, SAID HE HAD BEEN INSTRUCTED BY CHIANG TO INVESTIGATE THE RUMORS. HE ADDED THAT HE "WILL TRY TO SECURE CRIMINAL INDICTMENT AGAINST THOSE SPREADING DISHONORABLE RUMORS REGARDING THE HEAD OF THE CHINESE STATE."

ACTUALLY, CHIANG IS NOT THE HEAD OF THE NATIONALIST GOVERNMENT, HE IS NOW DIRECTING THE RESISTANCE FROM FORMOSA. ACTING PRESIDENT LI TSUNG-JEN, NOW IN THE UNITED STATES FOR MEDICAL TREATMENT, IS THE LEGAL HEAD OF THE STAATE.

THE SPOKESMAN ALSO DENIED AN OLDER RUMOR THAT THE NATIONALISTS WERE RECRUITING JAPANESE SOLDIERS AND AIRMEN TO AID IN THE FIGHT AGAINST THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS.

WR1117PPS NM

TOKYO, FEB.11-(AP)-SERGEANT JAMES J.DIAMOND, 26, SIOUX FALLS, S.D., HAS BEEN GIVEN LIFE ON A CHARGE OF MURDERING A JAPANESE GIRL THE ARMY SAID TODAY.

DIAMOND WAS CONVICTED BY A COURT-MARTIAL OF SHOOTING TAEKO GOTO WITH A PISTOL WHILE THEY WERE IN AN AUTOMOBILE ON A TOKYO STREET LAST MONTH. HIS SENTENCE IS SUBJECT TO REVIEW BY THE COMMANDING GENERAL OF THE ARMY HEADQUARTERS AND SERVICE GROUP.

DV407ACS

CIUDAD TRUJILLO, DOMINICAN REPUBLIC, FEB 11-(AP)-THE DOMINICAN REPUBLIC PRESENTED ITS HIGHEST DECORATION LAST NIGHT TO AMBASSADOR WARREN R. AUSTIN, U.S. REPRESENTATIVE TO THE UNITED NATIONS.

FOREIGN MINISTER VIRGILIO DIAZ ORDONEZ PRESENTED THE GRAND CROSS OF THE ORDER OF JUAN PABLO DUARTE TO AUSTIN DURING A RECEPTION ATTENDED BY PRESIDENT RAFAEL TRUJILLO.

AUSTIN IS MAKING A GOOD-WILL TOUR OF THE CARIBBEAN AREA.

FEB 11 1950

M435AES

ASIA AID

BY EDWARD E.BOMAR

WASHINGTON, FEB.11-(AP)-WITH INDONESIA SET FOR A NEW $100,000,000 U.S. CREDIT, INDOCHINA WAS CHALKED UP TODAY AS THE NEXT COMMUNIST-THREATENED ASIATIC REGION IN LINE FOR AMERICAN DOLLAR HELP.

DIPLOMATIC AUTHORITIES LOOK FOR THE NEW VIETNAM REGIME HEADED BY FORMER EMPEROR BAO DAI TO BE DEALT A SHARE SOON OF THE $75,000,000 (M) FAR EASTERN ARMS FUND WHICH PRESIDENT TRUMAN HAS AT HIS DISPOSAL.

VIETNAM AND THE TWO SMALLER FRENCH-SPONSORED STATES OF CAMBODIA AND LAOS IN INDOCHINA ALSO ARE ELIGIBLE FOR UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT LOANS SUCH AS THE BIG CREDIT WHICH THE EXPORT-IMPORT BANK YESTERDAY AUTHORIZED FOR INDONESIA.

HERBERT GASTON, BANK CHAIRMAN, SAID VIETNAM'S NEEDS WILL "CERTAINLY" BE INVESTIGATED IF AN INQUIRY IS MADE.

SUCH A LOAN, WHICH MAY BE USED ONLY FOR ECONOMIC PURPOSES, MIGHT REQUIRE MONTHS TO NEGOTIATE. MEANTIME INDOCHINA IS UNDER DIRECT PRESSURE BOTH FROM THE ADVANCING CHINESE COMMUNISTS ON ITS NORTHERN FRONTIER AND BY THE INTERNAL REBELLION OF HO CHI-MINH, MOSCOW-TRAINED REVOLUTIONARY.

THE $75,000,000(M) FUND WHICH CONGRESS VOTED LAST YEAR MAY BE USED IMMEDIATELY BY MR. TRUMAN TO SUPPORT ANTI-COMMUNIST FORCES ANYWHERE IN THE "GENERAL AREA OF CHINA," WITHOUT A FORMAL ACCOUNTING.

INDONESIA AS WELL AS INDOCHINA IS REPORTED IN LINE FOR SEVERAL MILLIONS FROM THE FAR EASTERN ARMS FUND.

THE GOVERNMENT LOAN TO INDONESIA WAS THE LARGEST MADE TO ANY COUNTRY BY THE BANK SINCE LAST YEAR'S LOAN OF THE SAME SIZE TO ISRAEL.

THE INDONESIAN FUNDS ARE EARMARKED LARGELY FOR MOTOR TRUCKS, RAILROAD ROLLING STOCK, STRUCTURAL STEEL, ROAD MACHINERY AND OTHER MATERIALS NEEDED TO GET THE FORMER DUTCH EAST INDIES BACK INTO FULL PRODUCTION AS A MAJOR SUPPLIER OF MANY RAW MATERIALS.

THE LOAN WAS NEGOTIATED BY THE INDONESIAN ECONOMICS MINISTER, DR. D.DJUANDA, WHO WAS DUE TO START BACK TO BATAVIA THIS WEEKEND.

INDOCHINA IN PREWAR DAYS WAS ONE OF THE WORLD'S PRINCIPAL RICE-PRODUCING AREAS. AMERICAN AND FRENCH POLICY IS TO TRY TO RESTORE STABILITY AND GET THE COUNTRY BACK INTO FULL PRODUCTION, AS WELL AS TO KEEP IT OUT OF COMMUNIST CONTROL.

FEB 11 1950

ES257AES

H-BOMB (3OOT

BY FRANK E.CAREY

ASSOCIATED PRESS SCIENCE REPORTER

FEB 11 1950

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, FEB.11-(AP)-IT'S WITHIN REASON TO SPECULATE THAT THIS NATION--AND RUSSIA TOO--ALREADY HAVE MADE AND TESTED HYDROGEN BOMBS OF EXPERIMENTAL VARIETY.

BOTH NATIONS MAY WELL HAVE USED AT LEAST ONE OLD-STYLE URANIUM OR PLUTONIUM BOMB AS A "BOOSTER" CHARGE TO DETONATE A SMALL AMOUNT OF HYDROGEN MATERIAL--JUST TO SEE IF THE LATTER WOULD WORK.

SUCH A BOMB WOULD BE A "SMALL" HYDROGEN BOMB IN THE SENSE THAT THE HYDROGEN PART OF IT WAS SMALL. THE URANIUM OR PLUTONIUM "BOOSTER" WOULD BE ITS SAME OLD TERRIFIC SELF.

THE THEORY THAT THE U.S. AND THE RUSSIANS MAY ALREADY HAVE TESTED SUCH A "SMALL" HYDROGEN BOMB WOULD NOT NECESSARILY CONFLICT WITH THE VIEW OF ATOMIC SCIENTIST HAROLD C. UREY.

HE SAYS HE DOESN'T BELIEVE THE RUSSIANS HAVE DEVELOPED AN H-BOMB. HE SAYS HE HOPES SCIENTISTS WILL BE UNABLE TO EXPLODE SUCH A BOMB AND ADDS THAT IF ONE IS DEVELOPED IT MAY BE TOO LARGE TO DELIVER BY AIRPLANE.

BUT UREY APPEARED TO BE SPEAKING OF AN H-BOMB OF BIG SIZE AND MAXIMUM EFFICIENCY.

HIS VIEWS WOULD NOT NECESSARILY RULE OUT THE POSSIBILITY THAT THE U.S. AND THE REDS HAVE ALREADY TESTED HYDROGEN MATERIAL ON A SMALL SCALE TO DETERMINE WHETHER A BIG BOMB WAS POSSIBLE OF ACHIEVEMENT.

FROM PUBLISHED INFORMATION RELEASED BY THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION ON WEAPONS RESEARCH--WITHOUT ANY MENTION OF HYDROGEN BOMBS--THE FOLLOWING DEDUCTIONS SEEM WITHIN THE RANGE OF POSSIBILITY:

1. THAT THE U.S. MAY HAVE TESTED A HYDROGEN BOMB OR BOMBS DURING THE SECRET TESTS AT ENIWETOK ATOLL IN THE PACIFIC DURING THE SPRING OF 1948.

2. THAT AMERICAN SCIENTISTS MAY HAVE TESTED--AND MAY STILL BE TESTING ROUTINELY--SUCH BOMBS ON SOMETHING LIKE A LABORATORY SCALE AT LOS ALAMOS, NEW MEXICO.

AS FOR RUSSIA, THE ANNOUNCEMENT BY PRESIDENT TRUMAN IN SEPTEMBER THAT EVIDENCE HAD BEEN OBTAINED OF AN "ATOMIC EXPLOSION" IN THE SOVIET WOULD CERTAINLY LEAVE OPEN THE POSSIBILITY THAT THE REDS MAY HAVE BEEN EXPERIMENTING WITH A HYDROGEN BOMB.

THE TERM "ATOMIC EXPLOSION" WOULD NOT RULE OUT THE POSSIBILITY THAT THE EXPLOSION WAS DUE TO THE COMBINED EFFECT OF A URANIUM OR PLUTONIUM BOMB--PLUS HYDROGEN MATERIAL ENCASING THE "BOOSTER" CHARGE.

YOU CAN CALL THE OLDER TYPE BOMB AN A-BOMB, AND YOU CAN CALL A HYDROGEN BOMB AN H-BOMB, BUT BOTH WOULD BE ATOMIC BOMBS. BOTH WOULD RELEASE ATOMIC ENERGY--OR, MORE CORRECTLY, NUCLEAR ENERGY.

THE REASONING BEHIND THE SPECULATION THAT THE U.S. AND THE RUSSIANS MAY HAVE TESTED TINY AMOUNTS OF HYDROGEN MATERIAL, WITH OLD-STYLE ATOMIC BOMBS PROVIDING A "BOOSTER"--IS THIS:

1. THE BEST GUESS ABOUT MEANS TO DETONATE ANY TYPE OF POSSIBLE HYDROGEN EXPLOSIVE IS THAT IT WOULD ENTAIL THE PRIMARY EXPLOSION OF AN ORTHODOX ATOMIC BOMB TO PROVIDE THE NECESSARY TEMPERATURE FOR THE HYDROGEN REACTION.

2. SINCE VARIOUS UNOFFICIAL VIEWS HAVE BEEN EXPRESSED THAT THERE WOULD BE NO "CRITICAL SIZE" LIMITATION ON A HYDROGEN BOMB, IT MIGHT REASONABLY BE DEDUCED THAT YOU COULD USE AS LITTLE (CAPS) HYDROGEN MATERIAL AS YOU'D WANT AS WELL AS AS MUCH (CAPS) AS YOU'D WANT.

IF THIS REASONING IS CORRECT, IT CONCEIVABLY WOULD BE POSSIBLE TO ENCASE YOUR "BOOSTER" CHARGE OF URANIUM OR PLUTONIUM WITH A SMALL AMOUNT OF HYDROGEN MATERIAL--JUST TO SEE IF THE FIRST BOMB WOULD TOUCH OFF A REACTION IN THE HYDROGEN. THIS WOULD SEEM TO BE A NECESSARY PRELIMINARY TO LAUNCHING ON ANY FULL-SCALE EFFORTS TOWARD TRYING TO DEVELOP A HYDROGEN WEAPON OF CONSIDERABLE SIZE.

EVEN A SMALL INCREASE IN EXPLOSIVE ENERGY RELEASE OVER AND ABOVE THE KNOWN CAPABILITIES OF THE BUILT-IN ORTHODOX BOMB WOULD DEMONSTRATE THAT THE HYDROGEN HAD ADDED TO THE BOMB'S WALLOP.

SOME TIME AFTER THE ENIWETOK TESTS, THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION ANNOUNCED THAT TESTS OF ATOMIC WEAPONS THERE HAD DEMONSTRATED A "SUBSTANTIAL GAIN IN (EXPLOSIVE) ENERGY RELEASE." THE AEC DID NOT SAY HOW THIS GAIN WAS MEASURED, BUT PRESUMABLY IT WAS BY MEANS OF SENSITIVE INSTRUMENTS OR BY COMPARISON WITH EFFECTS OF PREVIOUSLY EXPLODED BOMBS.

THERE HAS BEEN SOME UNOFFICIAL SPECULATION THAT AT ENIWETOK THE AEC HAD PROOF-TESTED SOME MEANS OF GETTING GREATER EFFICIENCY OUT OF THE URANIUM OR PLUTONIUM USED IN THE ORIGINAL BOMBS DROPPED ON JAPAN.

BUT, IN THE LIGHT OF PRESENT KNOWLEDGE--NAMELY, THAT THE U.S. HAS AT LEAST BEEN TRYING TO DEVELOP A HYDROGEN BOMB--IT WOULD SEEM WITHIN THE RANGE OF POSSIBILITY THAT THE EXTRA ENERGY GAINED AT ENIWETOK WAS DUE TO THE USE OF HYDROGEN.

PRESIDENT TRUMAN, IN HIS ANNOUNCEMENT CONCERNING THE HYDROGEN BOMB, SAID HE HAD DIRECTED THE AEC TO "CONTINUE" ITS WORK ON ALL FORMS OF ATOMIC WEAPONS, "INCLUDING THE SO-CALLED HYDROGEN OR SUPER-BOMB."

IT MIGHT WELL BE THAT EVEN IF HYDROGEN WERE USED IN THE ENIWETOK-TESTED BOMBS, AMERICAN SCIENTISTS DO NOT CONSIDER THAT A HYDROGEN WEAPON IS PERFECTLY DEVELOPED AS YET.

ENIWETOK MAY HAVE PROVIDED AN ENCOURAGING SPUR TO FURTHER RESEARCH.

AND THIS RESEARCH MAY WELL HAVE BEEN GOING ON BEFORE AND EVER SINCE ENIWETOK AT THE AEC'S LOS ALAMOS STATION.

IN ITS RECENT REPORT TO CONGRESS, THE AEC DISCLOSED THAT AS FAR BACK AS 1944--EVEN BEFORE THE FIRST ATOMIC BOMB WAS EXPLODED--SCIENTISTS OF THE MANHATTAN PROJECT HAD DEVELOPED A DEVICE TO "STIMULATE AN ATOMIC BOMB."

FEB 11 1950

A1 39 WX

THIS SO-CALLED "CRITICAL ASSEMBLY" EMPLOYED A PIECE OF URANIUM WHICH WAS ALLOWED TO DROP THROUGH A HOLE IN A "LARGER QUANTITY" OF URANIUM.

THE EXPERIMENT, DESIGNED TO PROMOTE KNOWLEDGE OF ATOMIC EXPLOSIONS, WAS DESCRIBED BY THE AEC AS "HAZARDOUS BECAUSE OF THE POSSIBILITY OF A SMALL NUCLEAR EXPLOSION.

THIS AT LEAST HINTS AT THE POSSIBILITY OF PRODUCING AN EXPLOSION WITH ATOMIC MATERIALS WHICH WOULD NOT BE OF BOMB PROPORTIONS.

IF THAT IS SO, IT IS THEN CONCEIVABLE THAT AMERICAN SCIENTISTS MAY HAVE WORKED OUT A SYSTEM OF PURPOSELY PRODUCING SUCH A "SMALL" EXPLOSION TO ACTIVATE SOME HYDROGEN MATERIAL ON A KIND OF LABORATORY SCALE.

IF SUCH A SYSTEM HAS BEEN DEVELOPED, IT'S A GOOD BET THAT IT'S A LABORATORY EXPERIMENT DONE ON REMOTE CONTROL CONDITIONS. AT LOS ALAMOS, THEY HAVE MEANS OF WORKING AT A MINIMUM OF A FIFTH OF A MILE FROM POTENTIALLY-HAZARDOUS JOBS. TELEVISION GIVES THE BOYS THEIR "EYES" AND THEY HAVE VARIOUS MECHANISMS FOR REMOTE CONTROL OPERATIONS.

(END ADVANCE FOR AMS OF SUNDAY, FEB. 12--NOTE DATE)

SU&FR1233PES

FEB 11 1950

30.24 - 8911

JOINT CHIEFS(230)

WASHINGTON,FEB.11-(AP)-SECRETARY OF DEFENSE LOUIS JOHNSON SAID TODAY THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF WILL DISCLOSE MONDAY "A GRAND STORY ON UNIFICATION" OF AMERICAN DEFENSE IN THE PACIFIC.

JOHNSON TOLD NEWSMEN THAT THE JOINT CHIEFS, JUST BACK FROM A PACIFIC TOUR, INCIDENTALLY EFFECTED SAVINGS OF $6,000,000(M) TO $10,000,000 BY ON-THE-SPOT ACTIONS CONSOLIDATING ACTIVITIES AT ISLAND INSTALLATIONS.

THE DEFENSE SECRETARY MADE THIS BRIEF ANNOUNCEMENT AT THE WHITE HOUSE AFTER THE JOINT CHIEFS REPORTED TO PRESIDENT TRUMAN ON THEIR 10-DAY INSPECTION VISIT TO JAPAN, OKINAWA, GUAM AND HAWAII.

THE JOINT CHIEFS RETURNED LAST NIGHT AND REPORTED FIRST THIS MORNING TO JOHNSON. THEY SPENT MORE THAN AN HOUR WITH THE PRESIDENT AT THE WHITE HOUSE. THEIR PRELIMINARY REPORT IS KNOWN TO STRESS THE COMBAT EFFICIENCY OF AMERICAN FORCES IN THE PACIFIC, THEN MORALE AND LIVING CONDITIONS.

THE JOINT CHIEFS WILL HOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE MONDAY. OFFICIALS SAID A LARGE PART OF THEIR REPORT TO THE PRESIDENT WAS CONFIDENTIAL.

GEN.OMAR BRADLEY, CHAIRMAN OF THE JOINT CHIEFS, WOULD NOT TALK ABOUT THEIR REPORT. HE MERELY TOLD REPORTERS:

"WE HAD AN INTERESTING TRIP."

SITTING IN ON THE WHITE HOUSE CONFERENCE WITH THE MILITARY HIGH COMMAND WERE JOHNSON, DEPUTY SECRETARY OF DEFENSE STEPHEN T.EARLY, SECRETARY OF THE ARMY GORDON GRAY, SECRETARY OF AIR W.STUART SYMINGTON, DAN A.KIMBALL, UNDERSECRETARY OF THE NAVY, AND JAMES E.WEBB, UNDERSECRETARY OF STATE.

FR1253PES

FEB 11 1950

AEC-FELLOWSHIPS (170)

WASHINGTON,FEB 11-(AP)-THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION TODAY ANNOUNCED A NEW PROGRAM OF ADVANCED SCIENCE SCHOLARSHIPS INTENDED TO TRAIN STUDENTS FOR EVENTUAL EMPLOYMENT BY THE NATION'S ATOMIC PROJECT.

THE AGENCY SAID THE NEW FELLOWSHIPS IN BIOLOGICAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCES ARE THE FIRST REQUIRING RESEARCH PROJECTS SO CLOSELY RELATED TO ATOMIC ENERGY THAT GRADUATES WILL BE ELIGIBLE FOR WORK WITH THE COMMISSION.

THE ANNOUNCEMENT SAID THE AEC DOES NOT GUARANTEE SUCH EMPLOYMENT, HOWEVER.

"EACH FELLOW WILL BE REQUIRED TO HAVE EITHER A FULL SECURITY CLEARANCE AS PROVIDED BY THE ATOMIC ENERGY ACT OF 1946 OR 'FELLOWSHIP APPROVAL" AS TO LOYALTY AS REQUIRED BY THE INDEPENDENT OFFICES APPROPRIATIONS ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 1950," THE AGENCY SAID.

"BOTH ARE GRANTED BY THE AEC AFTER INVESTIGATION OF THE CANDIDATE BY THE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION.

"FELLOWS REQUIRING ACCESS TO SECRET DATA OR SECRET AREAS WILL BE REQUIRED TO HAVE FULL AEC SECURITY CLEARANCE; ALL OTHER FELLOWS WILL BE REQUIRED TO HAVE 'FELLOWSHIP APPROVAL.'"

THE "FELLOWSHIP APPROVAL" PROVISION WAS ENACTED BY CONGRESS AS AN AMENDMENT TO AN ATOMIC MONEY BILL, AFTER A TEMPEST WAS STIRRED LAST YEAR BY DISCLOSURE THAT A FELLOWSHIP HOLDER WAS AN ADMITTED COMMUNIST.

THE AEC SAID APPLICATIONS FOR THE NEW FELLOWSHIPS MUST BE FILED BY NEXT MARCH 4.

HY726PES

FEB 11 1950

(350) POINT FOUR

BY BARNEY LIVINGSTONE

WASHINGTON, FEB.11-(AP)-THE HOUSE FOREIGN AFFAIRS COMMITTEE MAY START PRESIDENT TRUMAN'S "POINT FOUR" PROGRAM ON ITS WAY TOWARD HOUSE ACTION NEXT WEEK.

A KEY PART OF THE ADMINISTRATION'S PROGRAM FOR CONTAINING WORLD COMMUNISM, THE "POINT FOUR" BILL WOULD PROVIDE AMERICAN KNOW-HOW IN DEVELOPING ECONOMICALLY BACKWARD AREAS AMONG THE NON-COMMUNIST NATIONS

THE FOREIGN AFFAIRS COMMITTEE HAS SPENT THE PAST SEVERAL WEEKS POLISHING UP THE MEASURE, ENTITLED THE INTERNATIONAL TECHNICAL COOPERATION ACT.

CHAIRMAN KEE (D-WVA) SAID TODAY HE IS CONFIDENT THE COMMITTEE WILL SEND A FAVORABLE REPORT TO THE HOUSE TUESDAY. BUT IT IS NO SECRET THAT THE MEASURE HAS REPUBLICAN OPPOSITION.

KEE PLANS TO SEEK QUICK CLEARANCE FROM THE RULES COMMITTEE FOR CONSIDERATION OF THE BILL BY THE HOUSE.

WITH THURSDAY'S COMFORTABLE KOREAN AID VICTORY UNDER THEIR BELT, DEMOCRATIC LEADERS WERE REASONABLY CERTAIN OF EVENTUAL PASSAGE FOR THE POINT FOUR BILL.

BESIDES TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE, THE PRESIDENT'S POINT FOUR PROGRAM WOULD PROVIDE EXPORT-IMPORT BANK GUARANTEES FOR PRIVATE AMERICAN CAPITAL INVESTED ABROAD AGAINST EXPROPRIATION OR OTHER RISKS "PECULIAR TO SUCH INVESTMENT."

A BILL TO ENCOURAGE SUCH INVESTMENT ALREADY HAS BEEN APPROVED BY THE HOUSE BANKING COMMITTEE AND IS WAITING AN OKAY FROM THE RULES COMMITTEE.

COMPARED WITH MARSHALL PLAN AID RELATVELY LITTLE MONEY IS

COMPARED WITH MARSHALL PLAN AID RELATIVELY LITTLE MONEY IS INVOLVED IN THE PROPOSED TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE. ABOUT $35,000,000(M) WOULD BE PUT UP BY THE UNITED STATES, AND $10,000,000 BY OTHER FOREIGN AGENCIES SUCH AS THE COMMITTEE FOR INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS.

THE MAJOR EFFORT UNDER THE PROGRAM WOULD BE DIRECTED TOWARD LIFTING GENERAL EDUCATIONAL AND HEALTH STANDARDS--BOTH FROM THE ECONOMIC POINT OF VIEW AND TO ELIMINATE CONDITIONS REGARDED AS FAVORABLE TO COMMUNISM.

PRIORITY WOULD BE GIVEN TO THOSE AREAS WHICH HAVE THE LOWEST STANDARDS OF LIVING--PARTS OF LATIN AMERICA, THE MIDDLE EAST, THE FAR EAST AND AREAS IN THE PACIFIC.

THE NAME "POINT FOUR" COMES FROM PRESIDENT TRUMAN'S INAUGURAL SPEECH OUTLINING THE FOUR MAIN COURSES OF U.S. FOREIGN POLICY. THE FOURTH WAS FOR AID TO THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE ECONOMICALLY UNDERDEVELOPED AREAS BY MAKING AVAILABLE AMERICAN TECHNICAL RESOURCES AND FOSTERING AMERICAN PRIVATE INVESTMENT.

ES622AES NM

FEB 11 1950

(340) CONGRESS ROUNDUP

BY ROBERT M.FARRINGTON

WASHINGTON, FEB.11-(AP)-LAWMAKERS WANT TO KNOW JUST WHAT AMERICAN ATOMIC SECRETS A BRITISH SCIENTIST IS ACCUSED OF GIVING RUSSIA--AND WHO WERE THE KREMLIN'S AGENTS IN THE U.S.

PROSECUTION WITNESSES TOLD A LONDON COURT THAT KLAUS FUCHS HAD CONFESSED TO BEING A RED SPY SINCE 1942. FUCHS, ONE OF HIS COUNTRY'S TOP SCIENTISTS, WAS ADMITTED TO THE INNER CIRCLE OF ATOMIC KNOW-HOW HERE AND VISITED THE MOST CLOSELY GUARDED INSTALLATIONS.

CROWN ATTORNEYS HAVE ANNOUNCED THAT THE SECRETS THEY BELIEVE FUCHS GAVE RUSSIA WILL NOT BE REVEALED TO THE REST OF THE WORLD.

SENATOR MCMAHON (D-CONN) CHAIRMAN OF THE JOINT ATOMIC ENERGY COMMITTEE SAID YESTERDAY THE GROUP WANTS DETAILS ON WHAT FUCHS "STOLE AND GAVE AWAY."

MEANWHILE, SENATOR LUCAS (D-ILL) RECOMMENDED "CAREFUL CONSIDERATION" TO A NEW STUDY OF INTERNATIONAL ATOMIC CONTROL.

OTHER SUBJECTS UNDER DISCUSSION ON CAPITOL HILL INCLUDED:

FOREIGN AID--SENATOR GEORGE (D-GA) CALLED FOR A HALT IN "INDISCRIMINATE FOREIGN SPENDING" AND SAID THE U.S. MUST CUT DOWN ON OVERSEAS AID VENTURES. HE DID NOT SPECIFY.

AS HE SPOKE AGREEMENT HAD BEEN REACHED, OR WAS CLOSE, ON THE FOLLOWING AID TO THE FAR EAST: INDONESIA, $100,000,000; INDOCHINA, A SHARE IN A $75,000,000 ARMS FUND; KOREA, $60,000,000; FORMOSA, $28,-000,000.

IN ADDITION, THE HOUSE FOREIGN AFFAIRS COMMITTEE WAS REPORTED READY TO APPROVE A BILL TO GIVE U.S. TECHNICAL AID TO UNDEVELOPED AREAS OF THE WORLD. THIS WAS ESTIMATED TO COST $35,000,000.

POTATOES--WHAT LOOKED LIKE A TRIAL RUN OF THE CONTROVERSIAL BRANNAN PLAN WAS SUGGESTED BY SENATOR THOMAS (D-OKLA) CHAIRMAN OF THE AGRICULTURE COMMITTEE.

THOMAS PROPOSED REMOVING PRICE SUPPORTS FROM POTATOES, ALLOWING THEM TO REACH MARKET LEVELS, AND GUARANTEEING GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS TO FARMERS OF 75 PERCENT OF PARITY, A LEGAL STANDARD ESTABLISHED AS FAIR TO CONSUMERS AND GROWERS ALIKE. HE SAID THIS WAS NOT THE BRANNAN PLAN BECAUSE IT DOES NOT GUARANTEE 100 PERCENT OF PARITY.

CONGRESS WAS STIRRED UP RECENTLY OVER PLANS TO DESTROY 50,000,000 BUSHELS OF SURPLUS POTATOES, BOUGHT BY THE GOVERNMET TO KEEP EARM PR

BUSHELS OF SURPLUS POTATOES, BOUGHT BY THE GOVERNMENT TO KEEP FARM PRICES UP. SOME ARE BEING SOLD NOW FOR NOMINAL SUMS AFTER BEING DYED TO PREVENT HUMAN CONSUMPTION.

FS517AFS NM

-95-

PRECEDE SALT LAKE CITY (A6)

WASHINGTON,FEB.11-(AP)-SENATOR MCCARTHY TODAY RENEWED HIS CHARGE THERE ARE AT LEAST 57 COMMUNISTS IN THE STATE DEPARTMENT. HE CALLED ON PRESIDENT TRUMAN TO GET RID OF THEM.

"FAILURE ON YOUR PART WILL LABEL THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY AS BEING THE BED-FELLOW OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNISM," MCCARTHY WROTE THE PRESIDENT.

MCCARTHY'S LETTER WAS RELEASED HERE BY HIS OFFICE, WHICH SAID THE SENATOR MAILED IT FROM RENO, NEV. HE WENT THERE TO MAKE A LINCOLN DAY SPEECH.

MCCARTHY ASKED THE PRESIDENT TO DEMAND THAT SECRETARY OF STATE ACHESON "GIVE YOU AND THE PROPER CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE THE NAMES AND COMPLETE REPORT ON ALL THOSE WHO WERE PLACED IN THE (STATE) DEPARTMENT BY ALGER HISS, AND ALL THOSE WHO ARE STILL WORKING IN THE STATE DEPARTMENT WHO WERE LISTED BY YOUR (LOYALTY) BOARD AS BAD SECURITY RISKS BECAUSE OF THEIR COMMUNIST CONNECTIONS."

A4WX

HISS, FORMER STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIAL, RECENTLY WAS CONVICTED OF PERJURY. THE CHARGE WAS THAT HE LIED WHEN HE SAID HE HAD NOT TURNED OVER STATE DEPARTMENT DOCUMENTS TO A COURIER FOR RUSSIA.

MCCARTHY HOPPED ACROSS THE COUNTRY YESTERDAY BY AIR, LEAVING A TRAIL OF ACCUSATIONS THAT MANY COMMUNISTS HOLD INFLUENTIAL POSITIONS IN THE STATE DEPARTMENT.

(HE DECLINED ETC., 2ND GRAF A6SK SALT LAKE DATE)

V413PES

NIGHT LEAD

RENO, NEV., FEB. 11-(AP)-THE AMERICAN PEOPLE STILL ARE NUMB FROM THE WAR, BUT A FIRE HAS BEEN STARTED THAT WILL DRIVE "TWISTED-MINDED INTELLECTUALS" FROM THE NATIONAL SCENE, SENATOR JOE MCCARTHY (R-WIS) TOLD NEVADA REPUBLICANS TONIGHT.

"AND THE SPARK WHICH STARTED THE FIRE CAME FROM SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN ACHESON HIMSELF," MCCARTHY TOLD A LINCOLN DAY DINNER.

MCCARTHY HAS CHARGED THAT AT LEAST 57 CARD-CARRYING COMMUNISTS ARE EMPLOYED IN ACHESON'S STATE DEPARTMENT.

EARLIER TODAY, THE SENATOR TELEGRAPHED PRESIDENT TRUMAN SUGGESTING THAT THE PRESIDENT ASK THE STATE DEPARTMENT FOR THE NAMES OF EMPLOYES WHO ARE COMMUNISTS. MCCARTHY SAID HE WOULD MAKE THINGS "SO POLITICALLY INEXPEDIENT" FOR THE PRESIDENT HE WOULD "JUST HAVE TO CLEAN OUT THE STATE DEPARTMENT."

WHEN ACHESON REFERRED TO THE SERMON ON THE MOUNT IN CONNECTION WITH CONNECTION WITH ALGER HISS, IT WAS SUCH "BLASPHEMY," SAID MCCARTHY, THAT IT STARTED A FIRE THAT "IN TIME WILL DRIVE FROM THE NATIONAL SCENE THE TWISTED-MINDED INTELLECTUALS WHO HAVE SOLD OUT 620,000,000 (M) PEOPLE TO THE COMMUNISTS IN THE LAST SIX YEARS."

THE UNITED STATES COULD HAVE BEEN A "BEACON IN THE DESERT OF DESTRUCTION" AFTER THE WAR, BUT WE FAILED "MISERABLY AND TRAGICALLY TO ARISE TO THE OPPORTUNITY," MCCARTHY SAID.

THE UNITED STATES IS IMPOTENT, HE ADDED, NOT BECAUSE OF FOREIGNERS INVADING ITS SHORES OR BECAUSE OF MINORITY GROUPS, "BUT RATHER BECAUSE OF THE TRAITOROUS ACTIONS OF THOSE WHO HAVE BEEN TREATED SO WELL BY THIS NATION.

"THIS IS GLARINGLY TRUE IN THE STATE DEPARTMENT. THERE THE BRIGHT YOUNG MEN WHO WERE BORN WITH SILVER SPOONS IN THEIR MOUTHS ARE THE ONES WHO HAVE BEEN THE MOST TRAITOROUS," THE SENATOR DECLARED.

CONGRESS CAN NOT DO ANYTHING ABOUT THIS SITUATION BECAUSE "140,000,000 (M) AMERICAN PEOPLE HAVEN'T THE MORAL INDIGNATION TO COMBAT IT," BUTMCCARTHY ADDED THAT SUCH INDIGNATION IS NOT DEAD, MERELY TEMPORARILY DORMANT.

LW1133PPS NM

ONIGHT LEAD MCCARTHY (PRECEDE WASHINGTON A3WX)
(480)

RENO, NEV., FEB 11-(AP)-SENATOR MCCARTHY (R-WIS.) TODAY TELEGRAPHED PRESIDENT TRUMAN SUGGESTING THAT HE ASK THE STATE DEPARTMENT FOR NAMES OF ITS EMPLOYES WHO ARE "COMMUNISTS."

THE SENATOR ASKED THE PRESIDENT TO DO THIS IN A TELEGRAM SENT AFTER HIS ARRIVAL HERE FOR A LINCOLN DAY SPEECH.

THE WISCONSIN REPUBLICAN TOLD REPORTERS HE WAS GOING TO MAKE THINGS "SO POLITICALLY INEXPEIENT" FOR THE PRESIDENT THAT HE "WILL JUST HAVE TO CLEAN OUT THE STATE DEPARTMENT."

MCCARTHY IN A SPEECH LAST THURSDAY NIGHT AT WHEELING,W.VA., DECLARED HE HAD A LIST OF 205 PERSONS WORKING IN THE STATE DEPARTMENT WHO WERE KNOWN BY THE SECRETARY OF STATE TO BE MEMBERS OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY.

IN WASHINGTON, STATE DEPARTMENT PRESS OFFICER LINCOLN WHITE SAID "WE KNOW OF NO COMMUNIST MEMBERS IN THE DEPARTMENT AND IF WE FIND ANY THEY WILL BE SUMMARILY DISCHARGED."

.::-4586 TODAY REFERRED TO THE PRSIDENTIAL BOARD APPOINTED SOME MONTHS AGO TO SCREEN STATE DEPARTMENT EMPLOYES.

"WHILE THE RECORDS ARE NOT AVAILABLE TO ME, I KNOW ABSOLUTELY THAT OF ONE GROUP OF APPROXIMATELY 300 CERTIFIED TO THE SECRETARY FOR DISCHARGE, HE ACTUALLY DISCHARGED ONLY APPROXIMATELY 80," MCCARTHY SAID IN HIS MESSAGE.

"I UNDERSTAND THAT THIS WAS DONE AFTER A LENGTHY CONSULTATION WITH ALGER HISS," THE SENATOR SAID.

(HISS, FORMER STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIAL, RECENTLY WAS FOUND GUILTY IN NEW YORK OF PERJURY IN DENYING HE GAVE STATE DEPARTMENT SECRETS TO A PREWAR SPY RING.)

"I WOULD SUGGEST THEREFORE, MR.PRESIDENT, THAT YOU SIMPLY PICK UP YOUR PHONE AND ASK MR.ACHESON (SECRETARY OF STATE) HOW MANY OF THOSE WHOM YOUR BOARD LABELED AS DANGEROUS HE FAILED TO DISCHARGE," MCCARTHY SAID IN HIS TELEGRAM.

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"THE DAY THE HOUSE UNAMERICAN ACTIVITIES COMMITTEE EXPOSED ALGER HISS AS AN IMPORTANT LINK IN AN INTERNATIONAL COMMUNIST SPY RING, YOU SIGNED AN ORDER FORBIDDING THE STATE DEPARTMENT'S GIVING TO THE CONGRESS ANY INFORMATION IN REGARD TO THE DISLOYALTY OR THE COMMUNISTIC CONNECTIONS OF ANY ONE IN THAT DEPARTMENT."

MCCARTHY SAID THAT "DESPITE THIS STATE DEPARTMENT BLACKOUT WE HAVE BEEN ABLE TO COMPILE A LIST OF 57 COMMUNISTS IN THE STATE DEPARTMENT." HE PREVIOUSLY REFERRED TO THIS AS A LIST OF "CARD-CARRYING COMMUNISTS."

HE TOLD THE PRESIDENT THAT "THIS LIST IS AVAILABLE TO YOU," AND ADDED:

"BUT YOU CAN GET A MUCH LONGER LIST BY ORDERING SECRETARY ACHESON TO GIVE YOU A LIST OF THOSE WHOM YOUR OWN BOARD LISTED AS DISLOYAL, AND WHO ARE STILL WORKING IN THE STATE DEPARTMENT."

THE SENATOR SAID HE BELIEVED THAT "THE MINIMUM WHICH CAN BE EXPECTED OF YOU IN THIS CASE "IS TO "DEMAND THAT ACHESON GIVE YOU AND THE PROPER CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE THE NAMES AND A COMPLETE REPORT ON ALL THOSE WHO WERE PLACED IN THE DEPARTMENT BY ALGER HISS."

MCCARTHY ALSO DEMANDED THAT THE PRESIDENT REVOKE THE ORDER "IN WHICH YOU PROVIDED THAT UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES COULD A CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE OBTAIN ANY INFORMATION OR HELP FROM THE EXECUTIVE DEPRTMENT IN EXPOSING COMMUNISTS."

MC CARTHY TOLD REPORTERS THAT HE DOES NOT BELIEVE PRESIDENT TRUMAN WOULD "KNOWINGLY SUPPORT" A COMMUNIST IN HIS ADMINISTRATION.

"THE PRESIDENT IS A POLITICIAN, HOWEVER," SAID MC CARTHY, "AND HE ACTS ON POLITICAL EXPEDIENCY.

"I INTEND TO MAKE THINGS SO POLITICALLY INEXPEDIENT ON THIS COMMUNIST ISSUE THAT HE WILL JUST HAVE TO CLEAN OUT THE STATE DEPRTMENT."

ASKED WHY HE WOULD NOT MAKE THE LIST OF 57 COMMUNISTS PUBLIC, MC CARTHY REPLIED TO REPORTERS:

"YOU COULDN'T PUBLISH THEM, ANYWAY."

"AND BESIDES, I WOULD PROBABLY HAVE 57 LAW SUITS ON MY HANDS, AND SINCE I CAN'T GET TO THE STATE DEPARTMENT RECORDS, I MIGHT NOT BE ABLE TO PROVE THAT SOME OF THESE PEOPLE ARE ACTUAL COMMUNISTS."

THE NAMES ARE AVAILABLE "TO ANY BODY WHO WANTS TO DO A LITTLE DIGGING ON THE HILL" (CAPITOL HILL IN WASHINGTON), HE ADDED.

DURING THE CONVERSATION WITH REPORTERS, MC CARTHY MENTIONED FOUR NAMES OF STATE DPARTMENT EMPLOYES OR FORMER EMPLOYES WHOM HE SAID ARE ON HIS LIST OF 57 COMMUNISTS.

"I MIGHT MENTION THESE AND SOME OTHERS DURING MY TALK TONIGHT," HE SAID.

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IN RELEASING THE REPORT, THE SENATE EXPENDITURES COMMITTEE SAID IT WAS NOT TAKING SIDES IN THE ARGUMENT, BUT MERELY PRESENTING A "FACTUAL" ANALYSIS FOR THE INFORMATION OF CONGRESS.

THE LEADING VETERANS' ORGANIZATIONS, THE COMMITTEE SAID, "ARE CONDUCTING A ZEALOUS NATION-WIDE CAMPAIGN" IN OPPOSITION TO FIVE OF THE HOOVER COMMISSION'S PROPOSALS. THEY ARE:

1. CREATION OF A GOVERNMENT CORPORATION TO HANDLE THE VETERANS' LIFE INSURANCE PROGRAM WITHIN THE FRAMEWORK OF THE VA. THE COMMISSION SAID THAT WOULD MAKE FOR MORE EFFICIENT OPERATION. THE SENATE COMMITTEE QUOTED THE VETERANS' ORGANIZATIONS AS SAYING THAT SUCH A STEP WOULD "DISMEMBER THE VETERANS ADMINISTRATION." THE COMMITTEE ALSO QUOTED CARL GRAY, THE VA ADMINISTRATOR, AS SAYING:
"THE PRESENT INTEGRATED SYSTEM RESULTS IN ECONOMY WHICH WOULD BE LESSENED BY A SEPARATION OF ANY PART OF THESE SERVICES."

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2. CONSOLIDATION OF FEDERAL HOSPITALS IN A UNITED MEDICAL ADMINISTRATION. THE HOOVER COMMISSION SAID THE GOVERNMENT'S EXPANDED MEDICAL PROGRAM HAS NO OVERALL PLAN. THE VETERANS ORGANIZATIONS PROTESTED THAT UNDER CONSOLIDATION A VETERAN'S ADMISSION "WOULD HINGE ON THE AVAILABILITY OF BEDS NOT OCCUPIED BY NON-VETERANS." GRAY SAID IT "WOULD LIMIT THE USE BY VETERANS OF THE NATION'S HOSPITAL PLAN ESTABLISHED FOR THEM."

3. CONSOLIDATION OF FEDERAL HOSPITAL CONSTRUCTION UNDER THE INTERIOR DEPARTMENT. THE COMMISSION SAID SUCH A STEP WOULD ELIMIMINATE INTER-AGENCY COMPETITION FOR FUNDS, LABOR AND MATERIALS. THE VETERANS' GROUPS OBJECTED THAT IT WOULD DESTROY RELATIONS BETWEEN THE BUILDERS OF HOSPITALS AND THOSE RESPONSIBLE FOR MAINTENANCE. GRAY SAID IT WOULD BE "PREJUDICIAL TO THE MEDICAL CARE OF VETERANS."

4. REVOCATION OF THE ABSOLUTE JOB PREFERENCE OF FEDERAL EMPLOYE-VETERANS IN CASES WHERE AN AGENCY'S PERSONNEL IS REDUCED. THE COMMISSION SAID VETERANS SHOULD HAVE SOME PREFERENCE, BUT IT IS UNJUST AS SET UP NOW. THE AMERICAN LEGION PROTESTED THAT THE PROPOSAL WOULD

DESTROY "THE ENTIRE PRINCIPLE OF VETERANS' PREFERENCE IN CIVIL SERVICE." GRAY MADE NO COMMENT.

5. TRANSFER OF THE VETERANS HOME LOAN GUARANTEE PROGRAM TO THE HOUSING AND HOME FINANCE AGENCY. THE COMMISSION SAID THE VA IS INEXPERIENCED IN THAT FIELD AND DOES NOT HAVE THE SPECIALIZED KNOWLEDGE REQUIRED. THE VETERANS' ORGANIZATIONS CONTEND THAT THE TRANSFER WOULD "VIOLATE THE PRINCIPLE OF THE G.I. BILL OF RIGHTS." GRAY SAID: "THIS RECOMMENDATION IS CONTRARY TO THE LONG-ESTABLISHED POLICY OF CONGRESS THAT VETERANS' PROGRAMS SHOULD BE ADMINISTERED BY A SINGLE AGENCY."

GG841PES

LAKE SUCCESS, FEB.11-(AP)-A SPOKESMAN FOR U.N. SECRETARY GENERAL TRYGVE LIE HAS DENIED RUSSIAN CHARGES THAT THE FBI IS USING CERTAIN U.N. OFFICIALS TO OBTAIN INFORMATION.

THE CHARGES WERE MADE BY SOVIET DELEGATE JAKOB A.MALIK, WHO IMPLIED IN A LETTER TO LIE THAT ASSISTANT U.N. SECRETARY GENERAL BYRON PRICE, WARTIME CHIEF U.S. CENSOR, WAS ONE OF THE FBI SOURCES.

DECLARING THAT LIE HAS FULL CONFIDENCE IN PRICE, THE U.N. SPOKESMAN SAID "NO RESPONSIBLE OFFICIAL OF THE SECRETARIAT IS 'USED' BY THE FBI FOR OBTAINING INFORMATION CONCERNING THE INTERNAL AFFAIRS OF THE SECRETARIAT AS ALLEGED IN MR.MALIK'S LETTER."

PRICE TOLD TO NEWSMEN TO TELEPHONE THAT "THE STATEMENT ON BEHALF OF MR.LIE COVERS THE MATTER."

THE SPOKESMAN SAID LIE IS STUDYING THE RECORDS OF THE ESPIONAGE TRIAL IN NEW YORK OF VALENTIN GUBITCHEV AND JIDITH COPLON TO CHECK MALIK'S STATEMENT THAT TESTIMONY HAD PROVED THE FBI HAD TAPPED TELEPHONE CONVERSATIONS OF GUBITCHEV AND OTHER U.N. EMPLOYES.

MD635AES

NEW YORK, FEB 11-(AP)-REAR ADMIRAL RALPH E. JENNINGS LEFT FOR OSLO TODAY WHERE HE BECOMES CHIEF OF THE MILITARY ASSISTANCE ADVISORY GROUP IN NORWAY.

JENNINGS, WHO COMMANDED THE AIRCRAFT CARRIERS YORKTOWN AND COPAHEE IN THE WAR WITH JAPAN, SAID THERE WILL BE ABOUT 20 REPRESENTATIVES OF THE THREE U.S. MILITARY SERVICES AT THE OFFICE IN OSLO.

HE WAS ONE OF 325 PASSENGERS SAILING FOR GOTHENBURG AND COPENHAGEN ON THE SWEDISH AMERICAN LINER STOCKHOLM.

JENNINGS SAID SHIPMENTS FROM THE UNITED STATES WOULD BE ARRIVING IN NORWAY IN THE "NOT TOO DISTANT FUTURE."

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NEW YORK, FEB 11-(AP)-THE GOVERNMENT SHOULD SPARE NO EXPENSE, SAYS LT. GEN. LESLIE R. GROVES, TO PROTECT AMERICAN ATOMIC SECRETS.

"IT IS EXPENSIVE TO INVESTIGATE ANYONE," GROVES SAID LAST NIGHT. "SOMETIMES IT COSTS $2,500 TO INVESTIGATE A PERSON, EVEN A STENOGRAPHER WORKING ON TOP SECRET DATA. BUT IT IS AN EXPENSE THAT MUST BE MET."

THE RETIRED HEAD OF THE "MANHATTAN DISTRICT" ATOMIC BOMB PROJECT DURING THE WAR WAS INTERVIEWED ON THE NATIONAL BROADCASTING COMPANY'S "WE THE PEOPLE" RADIO-TELEVISION SHOW.

M733AES

NEW YORK, FEB 11-(AP)-THE SPY TRIAL LAWYERS FOR JUDITH COPLON AND VALENTIN A. GUBITCHEV HAVE THREE DAYS TO COOL OFF FROM THEIR NAME CALLING MATCH IN FEDERAL COURT YESTERDAY.

THE TWO MEN CALLED OFF THEIR MAJOR CONTEST WITH THE GOVERNMENT AND THE FBI TO GO AFTER EACH OTHER WITH VIM AND VIGOR.

"YOU ARE MAKING AN ASS OF YOURSELF," GUBITCHEV'S LAWYER, ABRAHAM L. POMERANTZ, TOLD MISS COPLON'S LAWYER, ARCHIBALD PALMER.

"AS FAR AS I AM CONCERNED, YOU ARE THE FRONT AND THE REAR," PALMER SHOT BACK.

IT IS NOT THE FIRST TIME PALMER HAS BEEN COMPARED TO A DONKEY IN THE CASE. DURING THE PRE-TRIAL HEARINGS JUDGE SYLVESTER RYAN ONCE TOLD HIM TO "STOP MAKING AN ASS" OF HIMSELF.

BOTH THE BRUNETTE MISS COPLON AND THE STOCKY RUSSIAN GUBITCHEV HAD TO MOVE IN TO HELP BREAK UP THE WORD BATTLE.

"WILL YOU PLEASE STOP THIS, IT'S SO STUPID," MISS COPLON URGED. GUBITCHEV TOOK POMERANTZ BY THE ARM AND FIRMLY STEERED HIM AWAY.

THE TWO DEFENDANTS ARE ACCUSED OF PLOTTING TO SEND U.S. SECRETS TO RUSSIA.

MISS COPLON, 28, IS A FORMER JUSTICE DEPARTMENT ANALYST ALREADY CONVICTED OF STEALING SECRETS IN AN EARLIER TRIAL. GUBITCHEV IS A SUSPENDED UNITED NATIONS ENGINEER.

YESTERDAY'S ARGUMENT BEGAN WHEN POMERANTZ SAID HE WAS WILLING TO SKIP HAVING A SERIES OF FBI AGENTS REPEAT MUCH THE SAME TESTIMONY ON HOW THE DEFENDANTS WERE SHADOWED.

"THERE HAS NEVER BEEN ANY DISPUTE (ABOUT THIS) AS FAR AS I AND MR. GUBITCHEV ARE CONCERNED," POMERANTZ REMARKED.

PALMER INSTANTLY JUMPED ON THE REMARK, CALLING IT "SILLY" AND SAYING "THE MORE WITNESSES THERE ARE THE MORE RIDICULOUS THIS CASE GETS."

THE JURY WAS OUT OF THE ROOM, AND JUDGE RYAN QUICKLY FOLLOWED THEM. PALMER WISHED HIM A PLEASANT WEEKEND AS HE LEFT AND ADDED "THERE IS NO ILL FEELING ON MY PART."

"NO, GOD, NO," MUTTERED POMERANTZ. "GOD SAVE ME FROM MY FRIENDS."

"I HAVE NEVER BEEN YOUR FRIEND," PALMER SHOT BACK.

AT THIS POINT MISS COPLON AND GUBITCHEV MOVED IN AND MORE OR LESS ENDED THE QUARREL, WITH GUBITCHEV MARCHING POMERANTZ OUT.

THE TRIAL WAS ADJOURNED UNTIL TUESDAY.

M635AES

FEB 11 1950

BY HOWARD W.BLAKESLEE (700)
ASSOCIATED PRESS SCIENCE EDITOR

(ADVANCE) NEW YORK, FEB.11-(AP)-WHAT ARE SCIENTIFIC SECRETS, AND WHY SHOULD WESTERN SCIENTISTS, OF ALL PEOPLE, GIVE THEM TO RUSSIA?

THE ANSWER IS THAT SOME SCIENTISTS HAVE AN EMOTIONAL ACHILLES HEEL.

THESE SCIENTISTS ARE NOT QUEER, THEY ARE NOT LONG-HAIRED, THEY ARE NOT TRAITORS IN THE ORDINARY SENSE. USUALLY THEY DON'T TAKE OR CARE FOR MONEY.

BUT THEY ARE IDEALISTS. THEY ARE PARTICULARLY THE IDEALISTS WHO LIKE TO DREAM THAT THEY PERSONALLY CAN LEND A HAND AT MAKING A PARADISE ON EARTH.

SCIENCE CONTAINS A HIGHER PROPORTION OF IDEALISTS AND DREAMERS THAN

MOST OTHER PROFESSIONS. THIS IS WHY SOME SCIENTISTS HAVE BEEN ATTRACTED BY RUSSIA'S IDEOLOGY.

THE PURPORTED CONFESSION OF KLAUS FUCHS PICUTRES THIS SCIENTIFIC STATE OF MIND. HE IS DESCRIBED AS A SPLIT PERSONALITY, WHEN HE GAVE AMERICAN BOMB SECRETS TO RUSSIA.

AMONG AMERICAN SCIENTISTS THERE ARE WORRIES THAT SOME MAY STILL BE FOUND WHO GAVE RUSSIA FREE INFORMATION.

THERE IS ANOTHER, LITTLE-KNOWN, SIDE TO SCIENTIFIC LOYALTY AMONG AMERICANS, BOTH NATIVE AND NATURALIZED. LED BY A GROUP OF NATURALIZED SCIENTISTS, THE AMERICAN A-BOMB PHYSICISTS SET UP A VOLUNTARY CENSORSHIP, WHEN THEY FIRST DISCOVERED THE POSSIBILITY OF THE BOMB.

THAT WAS IN 1939. CENSORSHIP GOT SO TIGHT THAT YOU COULD GET MORE INFORMATION ABOUT THE BOMBS IN TALKING WITH GERMAN REFUGEES, THAN WITH YOUR OWN PERSONAL FRIENDS AMONG THE SCIENTISTS.

IN 1939 THE AMERICAN SCIENTISTS WENT TO THE GOVERNMENT TRYING TO ROUSE INTEREST IN THE BOMB POSSIBILITY. WHEN THIS FAILED, THEY WENT TO PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT AND HE ORDERED A GOVERNMENT COMMITTEE SET UP. THERE WAS NO GOVERNMENT CENSORSHIP THEN, BUT THE SCIENTISTS CLAMPED DOWN A SECRECY THAT HAMPERED EVEN FELLOW-SCIENTISTS.

THE SCIENTIFIC CENSORSHIP LASTED UNTIL LATE IN 1942, WHEN THE ARMY TOOK OVER. THEN THE MEN WHO HAD INVENTED THE SECRETS AND WHO HAD KEPT THEM, FOUND THEMSELVES INVESTIGATED, SOMETIMES THEIR LOYALTY PRIED INTO AND EVEN CHALLENGED. A FEW GRIPED, BUT THEY OBEYED ORDERS AND TO THIS DAY THE AMERICAN RECORD IS CLEAR.

STRICTLY SPEAKING THERE ARE NO SUCH THINGS AS SCIENTIFIC SECRETS, THAT CAN BE KEPT LONG. THEY DIFFER FROM ORDINARY SECRETS.

ORDINARY SECRETS ARE EVENTS, LIKE ROOSEVELT'S FLIGHT TO NORTH AFRICA, THAT HAPPEN ONLY ONCE, OR A FEW TIMES. BUT IF THE PRESIDENT WAS REQUIRED TO FLY TO AFRICA ONCE A WEEK ALL THROUGH HIS TERM OF OFFICE, NOT ONLY ROOSEVELT, BUT TRUMAN TOO, AND ALL FUTURE PRESIDENTS, THERE WOULD BE NO CHANCE OF CONCEALMENT.

SCIENTIFIC SECRETS ARE LIKE THAT. THE INFORMATION WHICH REVEALS THEM IS BEFORE YOUR EYES DAY AND NIGHT. SCIENTIFIC SECRETS ARE DISCOVERY OF THESE COMMONPLACE THINGS. FOR OTHER NATIONS TO GET THEM QUICKLY, IT IS ONLY NECESSARY TO KNOW THAOWVICVXN;?"-;,?42':9;346.M

HFAM

DISCOVERY OF THESE COMMONPLACE THINGS. FOR OTHER NATIONS TO GET THEM QUICKLY, IT IS ONLY NECESSARY TO KNOW THAT WE MADE SUCH A DISCOVERY.

AN EXAMPLE IS THE SECRET TRIGGER OF OUR A-BOMB. IT IS KNOWN THROUGHOUT THE WORLD THAT THIS TRIGGER IS A NEUTRON, BUT JUST HOW WE WORK IT IS CLOSELY GUARDED. ONE OF THE POSSIBLE PLACES TO FIND THE TRIGGER IS IN THE AIR WHERE COSMIC RAYS CONTINUOUSLY PRODUCE NEUTRONS. IF THE RUSSIANS HAD NOT KNOWN ABOUT THE COSMIC RAY TRIGGER, THEIR FIRST BOMB MIGHT HAVE BEEN PREMATURELY DETAONATED BY THIS NATURAL MECHANISM, WITH PROBABLE GREAT LOSS OF LIFE. BUT ONE ACCIDENT WOULD HAVE BEEN ENOUGH FOR THEM TO LEARN.

THE RUSSIANS REALLY DID DISCOVER ANOTHER OF THE POSSIBLE "SECRET" TRIGGERS. THIS IS SPONTANEOUS SPLITTING OF ATOMS WHICH RELEASES NEUTRONS. RUSSIANS SAY THEY MADE THIS DISCOVERY FIRST. AMERICANS, WHO ALSO MADE IT, CREDIT THE RUSSIANS WITH INDEPENDENT DISCOVERY, BUT SAY WE WERE EVEN WITH THEM.

THERE ARE HUNDREDS OF SCIENTIFIC SECRETS OF THIS SORT. LEARNING ANY OF THESE FROM LEAKS CERTAINLY WILL SAVE TIME. HOW MUCH IS ANYBODY'S GUESS.

H-BOMB SECRETS ARE IN THE SAME CLASS. THIS BOMB POSSIBILITY WAS FIRST PROPOSED IN 1915 BY DR.WILLIAM D.HARKINS, UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO.

THE SUN IS THE H-BOMB SCIENTIFIC LABORATORY. WHAT HAPPENS THERE CAN BE SEEN AND CALCULATED. THE INFORMATION CAN BE TESTED IN LABORATORIES. THIS IS HOW THE H-BOMB BECAME A POSSIBILITY. IF THESE AND OTHER "BITS OF THE SUN" BOMBS ARE POSSIBLE, NO NATIONS THAT WANT TO KNOW WILL MISS DISCOVERING HOW.

AGAIN, LEAKS FROM THE UNITED STATES MIGHT BE A GREAT TIME-SAVER. THERE IS ANOTHER POSSIBILITY, SELDOM STRESSED. RUSSIA COULD BE AHEAD OF US.

THE REAL SECRETS ARE NOT STRICTLY SCIENTIFIC. WE USE A QUEER GUN TO SET OFF THE A-BOMB. SCIENTISTS OF OTHER NATIONS CANNOT GUESS ACCURATELY HOW TO DUPLICATE THIS GUN. THERE ARE HUNDREDS OF SECRETS OF THIS KIND. RUSSIA PROBABLY HAS SOME OF HER OWN.

(END ADVANCE FOR AMS OF SUNDAY, FEB.12)

JM1149PES

NEW YORK, FEB 11-(AP)-PETER HARISIADES, 47, A GREEK-BORN NEWSPAPERMAN, TODAY FACED DEPOTATION AFTER 34 YEARS IN THE UNITED STATES BECAUSE HE WAS A COMMUNIST 11 YEARS AGO.

FEDERAL JUDGE VINCENT L. LEIBELL RULED THE DEPORTATION WAS CONSTITUTIONAL YESTERDAY IN DISMISSING HARISIADES' WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS TO STOP THE PROCEEDINGS.

THE DEFENSE ATTORNEY IMMEDIATELY SAID THE PRECEDENT-SETTING OPINION WILL BE APPEALED.

IN MAKING HIS DECISION, JUDGE LEIBELL SAID HE HAD TO ANSWER TWO QUESTIONS:

1. WHETHER THE AMERICAN COMMUNIST PARTY ADVOCATED THE FORCIBLE OVERTHROW OF THE GOVERNMENT DURING HARISIADES' ADMITTED MEMBERSHIP FROM 1929 TO 1939.

2. WHETHER HARISIADES COULD BE DEPORTED ON CONSTITUTIONAL GROUNDS EVEN THOUGH 10 YEARS HAD ELAPSED SINCE HIS MEMBERSHIP.

IN ANSWERING "YES" TO THE SECOND QUESTION, JUDGE LEIBELL HANDED DOWN THE FIRST COURT OPINION ON AN AMENDMENT TO THE SMITH ACT ALLOWING DEPORTATION OF ALIENS FOR PAST MEMBERSHIP IN SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATIONS.

THE AMENDMENT HAS HAD FREQUENT COURT COMMENT, BUT JUDGE LEIBELL SAID IT NOW PROBABLY WILL BE TESTED FULLY BEFORE THE CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS AND POSSIBILY THE SUPREME COURT ITSELF.

IN ANSWERING "YES" TO THE FIRST QUESTION, THE JUDGE ATTACKED EARLIER COURT RULINGS THAT HELD THE VIOLENT TEACHING OF THE COMMUNISTS TO BE "HYPOTHETICAL."

"THE RIGHT OF FREEDOM OF SPEECH IS NOT SO ABSOLUTE THAT IT CANNOT BE RESTRICTED BY STATUTE IN THE INTERESTS OF PUBLIC SAFETY," THE JUDGE SAID.

ANOTHER PART OF THE SMITH ACT--MAKING IT ILLEGAL TO TEACH OR ADVOCATE THE OVERTHROW OF THE GOVERNMENT--WAS USED IN THE RECENT CONSPIRACY TRIAL OF THE 11 NATIONAL COMMUNIST LEADERS. IT ALSO FACES A TEST ON APPEAL.

M6A5AES

PATERSON, N.J., FEB 11-(AP)-SENATOR WILLIAM F.KNOWLAND (R-CAL) SAID TONIGHT THE DEMOCRATS WERE "SPOON FEEDING" THE AMERICAN PEOPLE WITH NEWS INSTEAD OF KEEPING THEM WELL INFORMED.

KNOWLAND, IN AN ADDRESS BEFORE A PASSAIC COUNTY REPUBLICAN MEETING, SAID THE CHINESE SITUATION WAS AN EXAMPLE, AND OUTLINED THIS FIVE POINT PROGRAM FOR PUTTING A STOP TO COMMUNIST AGGRESSION:

1. DON'T RECOGNIZE THE COMMUNIST REGIME IN CHINA BECAUSE IT WOULD BE SIMILAR TO THE APPEASEMENT POLICY AT MUNICH.

2. MAKE GENERAL DOUGLAS MACARTHUR AS COORDINATOR OF U.S. FAR EAST AFFAIRS.

3. HELP THE CHINESE NATIONALIST ARMY ON FORMOSA BY SENDING A MILITARY COMMISSION AS WE DID IN GREECE AND KOREA.

4. REORGANIZE OUR FAR EASTERN DIVISION OF THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE BECAUSE OF ITS ALGER HISS INFLUENCE.

5. DEMAND THAT THE COMMUNIST REGIME IN CHINA PERMIT ALL AMERICAN NATIONALS TO LEAVE AT ONCE AND SET UP A NAVAL BLOCKADE OF THE CHINESE COAST IF THE REDS REFUSE.

KNOWLAND DIVIDED NATIONAL SECUTIRY INTO THE FIRST FOUR LETTERS OF THE ALPHABET--ATOM BOMB, BUDGET, CHINA AND DEFENSE.

HE CRITICIZED THE RUSSIANS FOR FAILING TO HELP SET UP CONTROLS FOR THE ATOM BOMB AND CALLED THEIR REFUSAL A THREAT TO ANOTHER WORLD WAR.

THE CALIFORNIA CONGRESSMAN SAID THE PRESENT ADMINISTRATION COULD SLICE $5 BILLION OF "FAT" OFF THE PROPOSED BUDGET OF $43 BILLIONS IF THE COLD WAR SETTLES DOWN.

KNOWLAND SAID WE TRAILED IN THREE OF FOUR FIELDS NEEDED FOR DEFENSE--NATURAL RESOURCES, POPULATION AND LAND AREA. THE ONLY FIELD IN WHICH WE ARE AHEAD OF THE RUSSIANS IS IN OUR INDUSTRIAL KNOW-HOW, ACCORDING TO KNOWLAND.

DM141AES NM

NIGHT LEAD HOFFMAN (250)

PHILADELPHIA, FEB 11-(AP)-MARSHALL PLAN BOSS PAUL G.HOFFMAN SURVEYED THE FIRST HALF OF THE 20TH CENTURY TODAY AND OBSERVED THAT "IN SPIRITUAL MATTERS WE MAY HAVE MADE THE MOST...OR THE LEAST...PROGRESS."

ADDRESSING THE UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA'S MIDYEAR GRADUATES, THE ECONOMIC COOPERATION ADMINISTRATOR SAID THE UNITED STATES HAS MADE GREAT STRIDES IN "INCREASED EFFICIENCY OF PRODUCTION" AND "INTELLECTUALLY (IN OPENING) THE DOOR TO A RICHER LIFE FOR MILLIONS."

BUT, HE WARNED, "THESE GAINS ARE NOT SECURE. OUR FREE SOCIETY AND ALL FREE SOCIETIES ARE TODAY UNDER GREATER THREAT THAN AT ANY TIME IN MY LIFETIME."

HE ISSUED THIS CHALLENGE TO THE GRADUATES:

"THE BEST HOPE OF MY GENERATION IS THAT THE PROGRESS WE HAVE MADE WILL GIVE YOU THE OPPORTUNITY TO PROGRESS MUCH FURTHER AND FASTER THAN WE HAVE BEEN ABLE TO DO.

"I DO BELIEVE THE POTENTIALITIES THAT LIE AHEAD ARE LIMITLESS."

HOFFMAN POINTED OUT THAT SPIRITUAL PROGRESS IS HARD TO GAUGE BUT STATED THAT "SURELY IT CAN BE COUNTED AS A SPIRITUAL GAIN THAT WE HAVE PASSED FROM A SMUG DISREGARD FOR SOCIAL CONDITIONS TO A LIVELY AWARENESS OF OUR RESPONSIBILITIES TOWARD OUR FELLOW MEN..."

THE ECA DIRECTOR SAID THE MARSHALL PLAN HAS BEEN HELPFUL, BUT "OUR NEXT TWO YEARS WILL BE PERHAPS THE MOST DIFFICULT OF THE PROGRAM. THE ROOTS OF EUROPE'S DIFFICULTIES GO DEEP AND FAR.

"MANY OF THEM WILL BE YOURS TO SOLVE SINCE THE NEXT 50 YEARS WILL BELONG TO YOU."

HOFFMAN, WHO WAS AWARDED THE HONORARY DEGREE OF DOCTOR OF LAWS, SAID "IT IS IMPOSSIBLE TO EXAGGERATE THE THREAT COMMUNISM HOLDS FOR FREEDOM ANYWHERE."

AND, HE CONCLUDED:

"...BUT, THERE IS HOPE. AS I SEE IT, THAT HOPE LIES IN THE UNITED STATES...

"IT MAY WELL BE THAT THE ATOMIC AGE WILL BE THE GOLDEN AGE OF WHICH MEN HAVE DREAMED FOR CENTURIES."

L802PES

(ADVANCE) PHILADELPHIA,FEB.11-(AP)-PAUL G.HOFFMAN, ECONOMIC COOPERATION ADMINISTRATOR, TOSSED A CHALLENGE AT AMERICA'S YOUTH TODAY.

THE MARSHALL PLAN DIRECTOR FIRST WARNED THAT "IT IS IMPOSSIBLE TO EXAGGERATE THE THREAT COMMUNISM HOLDS FOR FREEDOM ANYWHERE."

AND THEN HE SAID THAT "HOPE LIES IN THE UNITED STATES" AND THAT "IT MAY WELL BE THAT THE ATOMIC AGE WILL BE THE GOLDEN AGE OF WHICH MEN HAVE DREAMED FOR CENTURIES."

HOFFMAN SPOKE AT MIDYEAR COMMENCEMENT EXERCISES AT THE UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA. FOR PENN'S GRADUATING CLASS, HE REVIEWED IN A PREPARED ADDRESS THE FIRST HALF OF THE 20TH CENTURY AND CONCLUDED:

"THE BEST HOPE OF MY GENERATION IS THAT THE PROGRESS WE HAVE MADE WILL GIVE YOU THE OPPORTUNITY TO PROGRESS MUCH FURTHER AND FASTER THAN WE HAVE BEEN ABLE TO DO.

"I DO BELIEVE THE POTENTIALITIES THAT LIE AHEAD ARE LIMITLESS."

HOFFMAN, IN HIS REVIEW OF THE HALF CENTURY SAID THAT ALTHOUGH "TERRIBLE THINGS HAVE HAPPENED IN THESE PAST 50 YEARS," THERE HAS BEEN MUCH ADVANCEMENT.

"BETWEEN 1900 AND 1950," HE SAID, "WE STEADILY INCREASED EFFICIENCY OF PRODUCTION. WE USED MORE AND MORE MACHINE POWER. X X X THE AUTOMOBILE PUT OUR PEOPLE ON WHEELS. THE AIRPLANE HAS NOW GIVEN WINGS. X X X

"INTELLECTUALLY THE ENHANCEMENT OF EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES HAS OPENED THE DOOR TO A RICHER LIFE FOR MILLIONS."

HOFFMAN ADDED:

"THE TRAGEDY OF THE MOMENT IS THAT THESE GAINS ARE NOT SECURE. OUR FREE SOCIETY AND ALL FREE SOCIETIES ARE TODAY UNDER GREATER THREAT THAN AT ANY TIME IN MY LIFETIME. X X X BUT THERE IS HOPE. AS I SEE IT, THAT HOPE LIES IN THE UNITED STATES."

IN THE HALF-CENTURY, HOFFMAN SAID:

"IN SPIRITUAL MATTERS WE MAY HAVE MADE THE MOST...OR THE LEAST... PROGRESS.

"NOTHING IS HARDER TO GAUGE BECAUSE IT IS AT ONCE THE MOST IMPORTANT AND MOST INTIMATE PART OF ANY INDIVIDUAL. BUT SURELY IT CAN BE COUNTED AS A SPIRITUAL GAIN THAT WE HAVE PASSED FROM A SMUG DISREGARD FOR

SOCIAL CONDITIONS TO A LIVELY AWARENESS OF OUR RESPONSIBILITIES TOWARD OUR FELLOW MEN AND A DETERMINATION TO IMPROVE THE CONDITIONS OF LIFE FOR EVERYONE.

"OUR ACCEPTANCE OF THE BROTHERHOOD OF MAN HAS TAKEN ON ADDED SUBSTANCE. BACK IN THE EARLY PART OF THE CENTURY IT WAS RARE INDEED FOR ANY ONE TO EVEN ADVANCE AN ARGUMENT THAT THERE SHOULD BE EQUALITY OF WORK OPPORTUNITY FOR ALL, REGARDLESS OF RACE, CREED OR COLOR.

"TODAY, WHA

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OF WORK OPPORTUNITY FOR ALL, REGARDLESS OF RACE, CREED OR COLOR.

"TODAY, WHATEVER OUR PRACTICES MAY BE, WE, AT LEAST, CONCEDE THE VALIDITY OF THAT DOCTRINE."

ECA HAS HELPED, HOFFMAN SAID, BUT "OUR NEXT TWO YEARS WILL BE PERHAPS THE MOST DIFFICULT OF THE PROGRAM. THE ROOTS OF EUROPE'S PRESENT DIFFICULTIES GO DEEP AND FAR.

"MANY OF THEM WILL BE YOURS TO SOLVE SINCE THE NEXT 50 YEARS WILL BELONG TO YOU."

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 10:30 A.M., EASTERN STANDARD TIME, TODAY, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 11)

G947AES

FLYING TRADER

PHILADELPHIA, FEB. 11-(AP)-PRESIDENT TRUMAN, SECRETARY OF STATE ACHESON AND CHINESE NATIONALIST GUNS WILL NOT PREVENT THE FLYING TRADER FROM GOING TO COMMUNIST CHINA, SAYS THE SKIPPER OF THE VESSEL.

CAPT.ALEXANDER C.HAGER, 61, TOLD NEWSMEN YESTERDAY SHORTLY BEFORE IT SLIPPED OUT OF THE PORT HERE BOUND FOR SHANGHAI:

"I AM STILL WORKING FOR HANS ISBRANDTSEN, AND NOT PRESIDENT TRUMAN OR SECRETARY OF STATE ACHESON."

THE FLYING TRADER IS OWNED BY ISBRANDTSEN LINES. IT IS A SISTER SHIP OF THE FLYING ARROW, SHELLED BY THE CHINESE NATIONALISTS OFF SHANGHAI LAST MONTH.

HAGER SAID HE HAS NO FEAR OF THE NATIONALIST GUNS, ADDING:

"THAT'S THE WAY ALL THE ISBRANDTSEN SKIPPERS FEEL. THEY KNOW THAN HANS ISBRANDTSEN WILL BACK THEM UP."

THE CHINESE NATIONALISTS HAVE SET UP A BLOCKADE AROUND CHINA'S MAIN PORTS. AND THE U.S.GOVERNMENT HAS WARNED AMERICAN SHIPS THEY SAIL IN BLOCKADED WATERS AT THEIR OWN PERIL.

NQ324AES

R148AM

ALBUQUERQUE, N.M., FEB. 11-(AP)-THREE PERSONS WERE KILLED TONIGHT ~~IN THE CRASH OF A TWIN-ENGINE BEECHCRAFT~~ UNDER CONTRACT TO THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION.

AEC SECURITY OFFICIALS IMMEDIATELY TOOK OVER THE CASE AND CHANNELLED ALL INFORMATION THROUGH THE REGIONAL OFFICE AT LOS ALAMOS. NAMES OF THE VICTIMS, ALL CIVILIANS, WERE WITHHELD PENDING NOTIFICATION OF RELATIVES.

STATE POLICE WERE ORDERED AWAY FROM THE SCENE OF THE CRASH BY AEC SECURITY POLICE.

THE PLANE CRASHED ABOUT SIX MILES WEST OF ALBUQUERQUE AFTER FLYING HERE FROM TUCUMCARI.

BB1207AMS NM

DENVER, FEB 11-(AP)-RUSSIA NOW POSSESSES MOST OF THE UNITED STATES' SECRETS OF ATOMIC ENERGY AND THE HYDROGEN BOMB, SEN.EUGENE MILLIKIN (R-COLO) TOLD THE DENVER POST TONIGHT IN A COPYRIGHTED INTERVIEW.

MILLIKIN IS A MEMBER OF THE JOINT SENATE-HOUSE COMMITTEE ON ATOMIC ENERGY. HE IS THE RANKING REPUBLICAN MEMBER OF THE SENATE FINANCE COMMITTEE.

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THE POST SAID:

"MILLIKIN REFUSED TO DISCLOSE THE SOURCE OF THE INFORMATION ON WHICH HIS STATEMENTS ARE BASED, BUT IT IS GENERALLY KNOWN IN WASHINGTON THAT HE AND OTHER MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE ON ATOMIC ENERGY HAVE ACCESS TO RESTRICTED AND HIGH CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION ON THESE MATTERS."

MILLIKIN WAS IN DENVER TO ADDRESS A LINCOLN DAY DINNER.

HE WAS QUOTED BY THE POST AS SAYING:

"IT IS GENERALLY ADMITTED IN WASHINGTON THAT SECRETS OF ATOMIC ENERGY DEVELOPMENT AND SECRETS IN OTHER FIELDS OF SCIENCE--BOTH IN THEORY AND IN TECHNOLOGY--HAVE BEEN PASSED ON TO THE RUSSIANS. THIS APPLIES BOTH TO THE ATOM AND HYDROGEN BOMBS."

R1213AMS NM

SAN FRANCISCO,FEB.11-(AP)-THE SAN FRANCISCO PRESS CLUB WAS PICKETED LAST NIGHT WHILE FEDERAL JUDGE HAROLD MEDINA ADDRESSED THE TRADITIONAL "FRIDAY NIGHT GANG DINNER" INSIDE.

ABOUT 80 PICKETS PARADED PEACEABLY IN FRONT OF THE ENTRANCE. THE SAN FRANCISCO CIVIL RIGHTS CONGRESS SAID IT WAS A PROTEST AGAINST JUDGE MEDINA'S CONTEMPT OF COURT SENTENCES AGAINST ATTORNEYS DEFENDING 11 TOP U.S.COMMUNISTS IN NEW YORK LAST YEAR.

CARRYING SIGNS AND AN AMERICAN FLAG, THE PICKETS BOOED THE JUDGE WHEN HE ARRIVED AT THE CLUB WITH A POLICE ESCORT. A PAMPHLET WAS DISTRIBUTED CONDEMNING THE JUDGE FOR THE CONVICTION OF THE REDS AFTER A NINE-MONTH TRIAL AND FOR CITING THEIR LAWYERS FOR CONTEMPT.

MEDINA'S ADDRESS WAS ONE OF THE CLUB'S OFF-THE-RECORD TALKS.

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Envoys Revive Talk in Moscow Of Atom Control

Possibility of Bringing About World-Wide Agreement Is a Main Topic in Russia

By EDDY GILMORE

Moscow, Feb. 12 (AP)—Talk of the possibilities of achieving world-wide atomic control has been revived in Moscow's diplomatic circles.

Within the last two days it has become the main topic of conversation among many foreign envoys in the Soviet capital. They feel there is something in the air and perhaps a new chance of achieving some kind of agreement.

Most of them are convinced that new efforts are being made or are about to be made in that direction.

May Be Washington Link

[The fact that the Moscow diplomatic colony is interestedly discussing possible agreement on atomic controls may be a backwash from several recent proposals in Washington congressional quarters that a new approach be made to Moscow.

[Following President Truman's order to American scientists to proceed with work on a hydrogen bomb, Senator McMahon (D., Conn.), chairman of the Joint Congressional Committee on Atomic Energy, called for a $50,000,000,000 global economic aid program, in which the Soviet Union would benefit, in return for a satisfactory disarmament pact. Senator Tydings (D., Md.) proposed that President Truman sound out the possibility of calling a world disarmament conference.

Acheson Stand Recalled

[Last week Dean Acheson, United States Secretary of State, said four years of experience with the Soviet Union had taught that agreements which did not recognize facts were of no value. The best way of reaching agreement, he said, was to create "areas of strength." Acheson stated that the Soviet Union had shown it was capable of adjusting itself to such facts of strength. His remarks were indorsed later by President Truman.

[Saturday, Senator Connally (D., Texas) said the United States might "at some appropriate time" renew efforts for an international atomic control agreement through the United Nations.

[The American Association for the United Nations on Saturday said work on a hydrogen bomb necessitated that an immediate fresh effort be made to break the deadlock on atomic control.

Censorship Action Scanned

[The fact that this dispatch passed Soviet censorship might be significant in either of two ways. It could indicate official Soviet receptiveness to new proposals, though not necessarily. It also could indicate simply that the Soviet Union is willing to keep the question agitated.]

When United States Ambassador Alan G. Kirk appears at a diplomatic function, which is fairly often, it is never long before he is the center of a huddle.

"What's new on the atomic control question?" he is asked.

Kirk usually suggests that his colleagues continue to read the papers, listen to the radio and digest the United States information bulletin for the American side of the question. He then begins talking about plans for his vacation that starts February 25.

"Buzz-Buzz" In His Wake

His colleagues look disappointed. When he moves away to another group a "buzz-buzz" rises in his wake. Every envoy seems to have a theory, and rumors are as thick as Moscow snow.

Izvestia, the Soviet Government newspaper, yesterday published a New York dispatch saying a group of prominent Americans had addressed a letter to President Truman suggesting he take up the atomic-control question on a high level in Russia.

Today Moscow papers published prominently a letter from Jacob A. Malik, Soviet delegate to the United Nations, to Trygve Lie, secretary general. This dispatch reported Malik explained that the real reason control talks in the atomic committee had been broken off was the position taken by the United States, Britain, France and Canada on the question of the Chinese delegation.

Might Continue Talks

This dispatch left the inference that the Russians might be ready to continue atomic talks if they could get their way on having China represented by a Communist delegation instead of the Nationalist delegation. Soviet delegates have absented themselves from several United Nations bodies because of the Chinese question.

Several diplomats believe the Russians also would be ready to listen to a suggestion for two-power talks between Russia and the United States.

Foreign diplomats here discount that possibility, however, in view of repeated insistence by President Truman and the State Department that no direct two-power talks involving the interests of other powers would be considered.

Diplomats Seek Information

At any rate, foreign diplomats here are being asked questions by their home capitals and they are alert for any information they can send back.

Izvestia said today the "attempt to raise a new hysterical campaign about atomic armaments" in the United States "once more demonstrates that the Anglo-Americans are not able to carry out their aggressive policy without some sort of blackmail on an international scale, be it simply atomic blackmail or super-atomic blackmail."

By "super-atomic," *Izvestia* presumably was referring to the hydrogen bomb.

"This new provocative campaign," the paper continued, "is not frightening anyone, but does show once more who is interested in the absence or abolition of atomic armaments."

East Germans To Be Polled On Politics By Communists

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Berlin, Feb. 12 (AP)—The Communists are going to build a master card-index file showing the political history of every one of the adults of the 17,000,000 population in eastern Germany, it was announced today.

The mammoth political dossier may be valuable to the new Communist Gestapo, authorized by the Volkskammer (People's Chamber) last week, in keeping a tab on all eastern Germans.

It also would be useful in conducting periodic purges of "unreliables" from party and governing jobs in eastern Germany.

Announced In Newspaper

Herbert Warnke, state Secretary of the Interior Ministry in the East German Communist republic, announced the task is an interview in *National Zeitung*, the Soviet zone newspaper published for former members of the Nazi party.

The purpose of the interview was to assure former Nazis they are welcome in the "National Front"—a coalition of all parties tolerated in the eastern zone—if they follow Communist leadership.

Warnke said the gigantic file will be obtained by issuing a new questionnaire to the entire population. He declared:

"Everyone must answer the new 'personal sheet' truthfully."

"We must know," he added, "the beginning and the end of a person's membership in political parties and organizations. It is immaterial whether it is the SPD (Socialist), KPD (Communist), CDU (Christian Democrat), LDP (Liberal Democrat) or NSDAP (Nazi)."

The new political census replaces a former questionnaire which Germans were required to fill out by all four occupying powers immediately after the war. The old questionnaire only sought to establish whether a person had been a member of the Nazi party, and for how long. The new sheet pins down all the other political faiths which a German may have entertained.

Western observers considered the move one of the most far-reaching yet taken by the East German Communist Government to entrench itself in power and guard itself against even incipient opposition.

May Have To Explain

Germans who call themselves Communists today may have to explain why they were Christian Democrats or Liberal Democrats a few years ago.

The Communists often accuse some persons with such political antecedents of being opportunists. Although members of these parties profess to collaborate with the Communists they often are accused of being "bourgeois" at heart. Rarely do the Communists drop a few crumbs to them from the political table.

The Christian Democrats have been a special target lately. Some Germans in the west estimate that at least 2,000 members have been purged from the eastern party recently on grounds that they were too lukewarm toward Russia.

Minister Under Arrest

Only yesterday *Die Welt*, the British-controlled newspaper in Berlin, reported that Georg Bertinger, Foreign Minister in the East Communist Government, was under house arrest. It was Dertinger, a Christian Democrat, who carried out the purge of CDU ranks.

There has been speculation that even Otto Nuschke, CDU chairman, was slated for demotion from his post as deputy prime minister.

The Soviet army newspaper *Taegliche Rundschau* seemed today to be putting a prop under him, however. It printed, without any obvious reason, an article on his trip to Bulgaria several weeks ago, along with his picture.

'HATE AMERICA' DAY SPONSORED BY REDS

LONDON, Feb. 12. — (AP) Spurred by communist propaganda, the people of Dresden have been asked to celebrate a "hate America" day tomorrow—the fifth anniversary of the city's wartime bombing by British and American planes.

Available information here indicates that the bombing was made in close collaboration with the Russians, who now hold the city as part of the Soviet zone of occupied Germany.

Royal Air Force records for the Feb. 13-15 air raids are unavailable but news accounts point to the fact the raids were intended to assist the army of Soviet Marshal Georgi Zhukov, which was marching west.

Wilhelm Pieck, Communist president, of the East German Republic, wrote to the mayor of Dresden inveighing against the "senseless destruction" by American bombers and "the Anglo-Americans who prepare a new war."

Police And Communists Clash

Toulon, France, Feb. 12 (AP)—Police clashed with demonstrators following a Communist meeting today. Ten policemen were injured with clubs or stones. Two were in serious condition.

Austrian Communists Likely To Demonstrate

Vienna, Feb. 12 (AP)—Austria expects a Communist demonstration next week, the Government said today.

The occasion would be the report by Chancellor Leopold Figl to Parliament on progress of negotiations for an Austrian peace treaty which would end occupation of the country by Britain, France, Russia and the United States.

Figl is expected to make a bitter attack on the Soviet Union on the charge it is stalling the peace treaty.

Ernst Discher, Communist deputy, has indicated the Austrian Communist party will rally its members in some sort of protest demonstration against the Government when Figl makes his report.

Government sources were positive the police would be fully capable of handling any Communist demonstration.

Cardinal Urged To Protest Bomb

Prague, Czechoslovakia, Feb. 12 (AP)—Josef Plojhar, Health Minister, said today that Francis Cardinal Spellman should tell President Truman to halt development of the hydrogen bomb.

Plojhar has been suspended as a priest by the Catholic church because of his acceptance of a post in the Communist-led Government.

[Plojhar has been a member of the Communist controlled regime since its leaders took over the government in the bloodless coup of February, 1948. The following May his Bishop ordered him to choose between the Government and the Church. The priest elected to continue in his official post and was stripped of his priestly functions by the Czech bishops about a year ago.]

In an article in the newspaper *Lidova Demokracie*, Plojhar protested the death of several Italian workers at recent demonstrations in Modena.

Ousted Jewish Relief Aid Leaves Prague for Paris

PRAGUE, Feb. 12 (AP).—Henry Levy, of New York City, expelled director of the American Joint Distribution Committee, departed for Paris today after completing arrangements with the Czech government for the disposal of about $400,000 in committee funds.

Under the agreement, the money, held by the committee in the Czechoslovak National Bank, will be distributed among the nation's Jews in monthly payments for the next two to three years, through two local Jewish organizations.

It will go to support Jewish students studying in Czech universities, care for aged and indigent Jews, upkeep of youth and old-age housing settlements and the continuation of the A. J. D. C.'s medical program.

Mr. Levy had been ordered to leave the country by Jan. 31 after winding up the committee's affairs. He ha dbeen granted an extension to complete financial talks with the Czech Ministry of Finance and representatives of the National Bank.

MALAYA PLANS 'BANDIT' DRIVE

Propaganda Campaign Enlists Civilians To Fight Terrorists

Singapore, Feb. 12 (AP)—Tens of thousands of Malayan civilians were being mobilized today for an intended knockout blow to Chinese Communist bands.

Officials said more than 100,000 citizens will take the offensive in "Anti-Bandit Month" against the handful of jungle bands who for more than a year and a half have plagued the country with terrorist tactics. Just when they will go into action is known only to Sir Henry Guerney, British High Commissioner.

Many Enlist In Effort

The purpose of the operation is to make Malaya's plantations, towns, villages and jungle paths safe from southeast Asian communism.

Already the campaign seems to have been largely effective in enlisting the ordinary man to take up arms against the strife, crime and murder that has kept Malaya in tension for eighteen months.

The way the campaign was conducted to secure the enrollment is a story in itself.

Special Postal Stamps

The radio carried the call to arms from Penang in the north to Singapore in the south, filling the air with appeals in English, Malay, Chinese and Indian dialects. Community leaders, employers, clerical workers, miners, planters and laborers made the broadcasts.

Malay rulers called on the people to do their bit. Newspapers, printed in all languages, carried stories on "Anti-Bandit Month." Appeals were flashed on cinema screens.

Letters, circulating through the country bore reminder stamps and 250,000 posters went up.

Even before enrollment began, reaction was spontaneous from doctors, clerks, ricksha pushers and riders, paddy planters and waitresses who poured into recruitment centers in all nine states. ADD

Iraq Revolt Attempt By Police Head Foiled

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Baghdad Government Says Forces Did Not Support Coup By Official Slated For Ouster

Baghdad, Iraq, Feb. 12 (AP)—Ali Khalid, director general of Iraqi police, attempted to overthrow the Government today but was arrested within two hours, reliable sources reported. There was no bloodshed.

A communiqué said "his movement was foiled immediately. He has been arrested in preparation for his trial."

The communiqué said the Cabinet had decided to transfer Ali Khalid from his post, and "under the influence of this decision he began using force to disturb the peace and order."

Tried To Seize Centers

The announcement added that he succeeded in enlisting "no support from his forces."

The communiqué was issued by the Acting Director General of Propaganda.

Reliable sources said Ali Khalid attempted before dawn to seize important centers in Baghdad, but was foiled by immediate action by the Government. The whole thing was over within two hours, they added, and complete quiet was restored.

A new Cabinet headed by Seyyid Tawfik al Suwaidi was installed only a week ago today after the downfall of the Government of Premier Ali Jawdat al Ayubi in a split over an agreement with Egypt.

The agreement, negotiated by al Ayubi's Foreign Minister, Muzahim Amin el Pachachi, was disclosed last Thursday to have provided that both governments would use their efforts to restore a constitutional government in neighboring Syria where there has been a succession of coups in the last year.

Critics of the agreement said it did not bind Egypt to give the present Syrian Government a free hand in representing the will of the Syrian people.

Aid Program Reported

Some Iraqi leaders want Syria to join Iraq. Egypt and Saudi Arabia have been reported preparing a program of economic aid to the present Syrian Government to forestall such a union.

Al Suwaidi brought into his new Government this week several members of the government that was overthrown in 1948 as a result of bloody riots of protest against a friendship pact negotiated with Britain. The agreement permitted Britain to keep military bases in Iraq to which nationalist groups objected.

Envoys Pay Honor To Slain Monarch

Bangkok, Thailand, Feb. 12 (AP)—American diplomats who will open policy talks tomorrow paid their respects today to the golden urn containing the remains of Ananda Mahidol, the Thailand king who was mysteriously shot to death June 9, 1947.

Ambassador Philip C. Jessup placed a wreath at the urn while the others bowed.

In sweltering weather that soon blotched their jackets with perspiration, the Americans then visited the throne room where Ananda's brother, Phumiphon Mahidol, is to be crowned in April.

They also went to the temple of the Emerald Buddha, Buddhist holy of holies, where they conformed with custom by removing their shoes and kneeling.

Myron M. Cowen, Ambassador to the Philippines, flew to Saigon for the day for a last-minute fillin on the serious Indo-China problem.

ASIAN PARLEY OPENS TODAY AT BANGKOK

Russell Brines

BANGKOK, Thailand (Siam), Feb. 12—(AP) Seventeen American diplomats will begin a secret three-day conference Monday on the tumultuous problems of Asia.

They will seek means of strengthening United States policies in an area which is already half red and half undecided.

President Truman's personal representative, Ambassador Philip C. Jessup, will hear reports from diplomats whose combined territory embraces more than half the world's population.

Jessup has indicated the subjects will range from border tension in Afghanistan to a Japanese peace treaty. The basic problem will be communism's march.

Jessup indicated to correspondents Saturday that the American approach to the red threat would be political and economic. However, a week ago the American joint chiefs of staff were told by top American officers in Japan that United States military strength should be used to bulwark a north-south line, preferably along the north border of Indochina. AJD

Atom Sub Is Factor In Arms Race

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Washington, Feb. 12 (AP)—A race between the United States and Russia to be the first to build an atomic-powered submarine is a possibility that may complicate efforts to produce the hydrogen bomb, informed lawmakers said today.

This question is known to have been discussed by the Senate-House Atomic Energy Committee. Indications are that members generally favor giving the naval development every possible priority short of stopping actual work on the H-bomb project.

Their argument is that the H-bomb may take a long time to perfect. In fact, some scientists have said that it may never be perfected, although most of them apparently think it will be.

Question Of Which Phase

Because development of the H-bomb will draw on atomic weapon-making resources, some legislators say they regard as critical the question of which phase will command top efforts.

Legislators believe that a nuclear-engine submarine might well revolutionize naval warfare. Similarly, atomic power plants for planes would change sky warfare. Both are known to be under study.

The advantage of a nuclear-engine submarine would lie in the fact that it would have an almost unlimited range of action, could go deeper in the ocean and stay down longer than even the most modern type of submersible.

The supposition among lawmakers is that if such a submarine were built, it would contain its own relatively small atomic pile, eliminating much heavy fuel and machinery.

German Models For Russia

The newest of submarines, which American military officials say the Russains have built in quantity from captured German models, already present a threat providing for problems in adequate defense.

Dr. Vannevar Bush, a top wartime military consultant, was reported to have told members of the Senate Armed Services Committee last week that torpedoes with homing fuses now can be fired at a maximum range of about 7 miles.

Lawmakers said that whether nuclear-powered submersibles could launch either atomic or hydrogen bombs is a question that remains under debate.

The Atomic Energy Commission already has announced that work is under way at the University of Chicago Argonne Laboratory and at the Westinghouse laboratory near Pittsburgh on development of a land-based prototype of an atomic pile suitable for ship propulsion.

1952 Timetable Set

The commission said last November that actual construction of such a pile at Arco, Idaho, "should be under way by 1952."

There are signs that since then this timetable may have been speeded up under pressure from legislators and others.

In a report last October, the Senate-House committee expressed "disappointment" that the commission hadn't made more speed in this field.

It said that if a submarine power plant could be developed "it may affect naval operations as profoundly as the atomic bomb has affected strategy in general."

NEW FIGHT LOOMS ON FEDERAL FUNDS FOR GI SCHOOLING

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11. — (AP) Congress and the Administration have joined battle over veterans' education. The Veterans Administration says "billions of dollars" are at stake.

The main issue boils down to this:

Are all World War Two veterans entitled to full GI bill education benefits regardless of their need for them and regardless of whether they now are "readjusted" to civilian life?

The full title of the bill is "Servicemen's Readjustment Act." As originally passed in June, 1944, it limited education to one year per veteran except for those who could show that their education had been "interrupted or interfered with" as a result of going into uniform.

Amended In 1945

But amendments to the bill in December, 1945, opened the doors to all veterans—one year plus length of service, up to a top of four years.

President Truman, Budget Director Frank Pace, Jr., and Carl Gray, head of VA, plus some congressmen, are agreed:

1—That the need for education benefits is drawing to a close.

2—That the original intent of the GI bill did not contemplate free switching from one course to another at whim of the veteran who, says VA, is often influenced by lack of employment.

"The education part of the GI bill was not intended to be a substitute for unemployment compensation," a VA official said in an interview.

(The subsistence allowance for a married veteran ($120 a month for 25 hours a week of schooling) is more than the 75 cent-an-hour wage floor in the minimum wage act.)

But Senator Taft (R-Ohio) introduced a bill, which passed the Senate last session, that would allow veterans to switch freely from one course to another. It would prohibit VA from making any regulation "designed to deny (a veteran) such course or courses as he may desire during the full period of his entitlement."

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Voted By Senate

Taft's bill went through the Senate unanimously. It is endorsed by major veterans organizations and private school associations.

In the House, Rep. Heague (D-Tex) introduced a companion bill. It has been reported from the House Veterans' committee, but with one important amendment. The Teague bill would only allow changes from one course to another "in the same general field."

But even with this amendment, the Teague bill is not given a good chance of passing the House. One reason is that last week VA sent to the Senate a requested report on the current status of the whole education program.

This report highlights what VA calls "abuses" in the program, especially in courses below college level and in profit schools.

Reports On Cost

VA says the probable total cost of the education program is between $25,000,000,000 and $30,000,000,000 and that passage of the Taft

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bill would double the current annual cost $3,300,000,000 for the 12 months ending July 1). Gray has said the education program could cost $60,000,000,000 before it's finished if 15,000,000 veterans took 40 months' training each.

Backers of the Taft bill poohpooh the $60,000,000,000 figure. They say it could be reached only if every single veteran took every month's training he could get and that that couldn't possibly happen.

The cut-off date for entering GI bill training is July 25, 1951, for all but a handful of veterans. The report says VA will issue a regulation in April this year strictly enforcing this deadline.

SENATOR NAMES 4 WITH 'RED LINKS'

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McCarthy Continues Attack on State Department Personnel

RENO, Feb. 12—(AP) Sen. McCarthy (R-Wis.) who claims the State Department has at least 57 card-carring communists on its payroll, has named names — four of them.

But after he had memtioned four names in a speech here, following references to "traitorous actions" by government employes, McCarthy said he was not calling any of the four a traitor or a communist.

Instead, he said, he should have called them "specific cases of people with communist connections."

Hits "Traitorous Actions"

During a Lincoln Day talk at a dinner of Nevada Republicans last night, McCarthy said this country had failed to grasp its opportunities to become a world leader at the end of the war.

This, he said, was "because of the traitorous actions of those who have been treated so well by this nation.

"It has not been the less fortunate, or members of minority groups who have been traitorous to this nation x x x but rather those who have had all the benefits that the wealthiest nation on earth has had to offer x x x the finest homes, the finest college education and the finest jobs in government we can give," McCarthy said.

"This is glaringly true in the State Department. There the bright young men who were born with silver spoons in their mouths are the ones who have been most traitorous.

"Now I know it is very easy for anyone to condemn a particular bureau or department in general terms. Therefore, I would like to cite some specific cases.

Names Names

"When Chiang-Kai-shek was fighting our war, the State Department had in China a young man named John W. Service. He sent back to Washington reports urging that 'communism was the only hope of China.'

"Two days after Dean Acheson took over as under-secretary of state, this man, John Service, who had previously urged that communism was the only hope of China, was not only reinstated in the State Department, but promoted x x x and finally, under Acheson, placed in charge of all placements and promotions.

"Today, this man Service is on his way to represent the State Department and Acheson in Calcutta — by far and away the most important listening post in the Far East."

(State Department records show no John W. Service, but John Stewart Service now is reported enroute to Calcutta as consul. He has been named at congressional hearings as favoring the United States dealing with communist China.)

Then McCarthy brought up the name of Gustave Duran and continued:

"Duran was made assistant to the assistant secretary of state in charge of Latin American affairs. He was taken into the State Department from his job as a lieutenant colonel in the communist international brigade.

"Finally after intense congressional pressures and criticism he resigned in 1946 from the State Department. And where do you think he is now?

"He took over a high-salaried job as chief of the cultural activities section in the office of the assistant secretary general of the United Nations."

Denies He's Red

(At Old Westbury, N. Y., Duran said that "I am not now, nor ever have been, a communist or a communist sympathizer."

(Duran, a Spanish-born naturalized citizen, said today he was a lieutenant colonel not in the international brigade but in "the legal Spanish republican army, commanding about 50,000 men, all of them Spaniards.")

McCarthy next mentioned Mrs. Mary Jane Keeney, saying she was "with the Board of Economic Warfare in the State Department."

He said Mrs. Keeney "was named in an FBI report and in a house committee report as a courier for the Communist Party while working for the government.

"And where do you think Mrs. Mary Jane Keeney is?" he asked. "She is now an editor in the United Nation document bureau.

(Mrs. Keeney, 51, is employed in the documents center at the UN, the section which types and distributes press releases, texts of resolutions, and other such material.

(Last July 25 a report by the House Un-American Activities Committee said she once acted as a courier for the Communist Party while working for the U. S. government in France.

(She denied she had acted as a communist courier and said under oath that "I am not and never have been a member of the communist party.")

Tells of Dr. Shapley

McCarthy's fourth name was that of Dr. Harlow Shapley, whom he identified as "former director of the Harvard Observatory.

McCarthy said Shapley headed a peace Congress branded by President Truman as a "tool of Russia." He said the astronomer later was sent by Secretary of State Acheson to be his representative on the United Nations Economic and Social Council.

(Shapley has been head of the Harvard Observatory since 1921 and still is. He was chairman of a peace conference in New York in March, 1949, sponsored by the National Council of the Arts, Sciences and Professions. It was attended by delegations from eastern Europe and was described by the State Department as a sounding board for Russian propaganda.

(Shapley said in New York that McCarthy's charges were "a complete absurdity and a slanderous lie. It is an irresponsible slander of a type that brings disgrace to the Senate of which he is a member."

(He said he had "never held a State department position.")

After the talk, a reporter asked McCarthy if, as the text of his speech indicated, he had called these four people traitors.

"I did not," he said. "And you will notice I didn't call them communists, either."

He added:

"I don't care if these people sue me. It might give me a platform from which to expose them."

Reminded that he had called the four people "specific cases," he was asked: "Specific cases of what?"

"Well, I should have had a line in there saying they were specific cases of people with communistic connections," he replied.

TWO STATES TO REVIVE AIR ALERT SYSTEM

FEB 12 1950

Washington And Oregon Cautioned Against Hysteria In Reactivation

Seattle, Wash., Feb. 12 (AP)—Wartime air-raid warning systems will be reactivated in Washington and Oregon, but the public has been cautioned against hysteria or "undue concern."

Washington's Gov. Arthur B. Langlie and Oregon's Gov. Douglas McKay issued orders yesterday setting up the air-raid networks again in the two states. They said their action was taken at the request of Louis Johnson, Secretary of Defense.

In making the announcement at Olympia, Wash., Langlie said "the Government has asked us to do this because of the possibilities of conflict."

Called Good Insurance

McKay warned at Salem, Ore., against public hysteria and said reestablishment of the system "is nothing more spectacular than a good insurance policy."

Chief James A. Pryde, of the Washington State patrol, who will be in charge of reorganizing the State's air raid network, also called for no "undue concern" and said: "We are merely going to be on the alert."

Ready In 60 Days

The Oregon State civil defense agency reported some 6,000 volunteers are expected to be ready within 60 days to man observation posts and aircraft position plotting centers. Pryde said 10,000 volunteers will be on duty in Washington within a few weeks.

Warning systems in the two Pacific Northwest states will operate under the western air defense force with headquarters at Hamilton Air Force Base, Cal.

Doctors To Testify On Accused GI's Sanity

Washington, Feb. 12 (AP) — The Air Force said today that testimony on the sanity of Private Stanley F. Edelbaum, 20, will be taken here beginning Tuesday as an outgrowth of a charge that he strangled to death a Hungarian woman in Paris last May.

Edelbaum, whose home is in Brooklyn, was brought here last week after his court martial in Weisbaden, Germany, had been adjourned in January in order to hear further testimony.

Ten members of the court arrived yesterday by plane to hear from three physicians who previously examined Edelbaum and now are back practicing in this country.

The doctors' testimony is expected to require two or three days. Following that the court will adjourn to Paris.

The Air Force said Edelbaum, formerly a member of the Air Force band at Weisbaden, is accused of slaying Elizabeth Borik.

Legion Head, at Lincoln Tomb, Bids 'Traitors' Quit High Office

FEB 12 1950

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 12 (AP). —Homage to Abraham Lincoln on his 141st birthday today centered in this shrine city where he lived and is buried.

One of the major ceremonies was the American Legion's annual pilgrimage to the tomb in Oak Ridge Cemetery, where wreaths were placed by patriotic groups and representatives of President Truman.

Speaking at the tomb, George N. Craig, of Brazil, Ind., national Legion commander, declared that Lincoln's example remains strong today "in a world haunted by Communism, in our nation threatened by intolerable ideologies."

"There are those in our government's highest offices today who are enemies of our American way of life," Mr. Craig said. "The immediate resignation of such traitors to American principles should be demanded by the American people. There is no room in America for our camp of patriots and the camp of betrayers."

Governor Adlai E. Stevenson, speaking on the same program, said that Lincoln's courage and idealism offers a "timely lesson for us who doubt our beliefs and believe our doubts."

Other tomb pilgrimages were conducted by the Veterans of Foreign Wars, Jewish War Veterans and the Young Republican organization. Harold E. Stassen, president of the University of Pennsylvania, who spoke to the Young Republicans last night, joined in their pilgrimage.

The Lincoln tributes here will end tomorrow with a program by the Abraham Lincoln Asscciation and a trek to the tomb by Sangamon County lawyers.

Plane With Secret Atom Data Crashes

3 Killed in New Mexico as Craft Hits Tableland

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., Feb. 12 (AP).—A small plane carrying secret atomic information crashed west of Albuquerque last night, killing two security inspectors and the pilot.

The Atomic Energy Commission's Los Alamos office identified the dead as Inspectors Warren G. Fleshman, twenty-nine, of Watonda, Okla., and Robert Francis Purcell, thirty-one, of Denver, and the pilot, Hugh H. Williams jr., thirty-two, of Albuquerque.

The two-engine Beechcraft plane was owned by Carco Flying Service and was under contract to the Atomic Energy Commission. Carco operates between Albuquerque and Los Alamos, site of A. E. C.'s laboratory. The plane crashed into a tableland five miles west of the Albuquerque West Mesa Airport, its base.

Elmo Morgan, assistant to the Los Alamos director, said the plane carried "classified information," but its nature was not detailed. There was no atomic material aboard, he added. He explained that inspectors are sent along with all "classified" dispatches. He said there was nothing to indicate there was anyng unusual about the crash.

Einstein

FEB 13 1950

New York, Feb. 12 (AP)—Prof. Albert Einstein said today that if the H-bomb is developed, "annihilation of any life on earth" is "within the range of technical possibilities."

It could be done, he said, through "radioactive poisoning of the atmosphere."

Einstein called the present armaments race between the United States and Russia "a disastrous illusion" and called for peace moves to "do away with mutual fear and distrust."

He said a "supranational" body would be necessary to carry out nonviolent aims and that international control of weapons would be only "of secondary use as a police measure."

On Mrs. Roosevelt's Program

"It may be wise not to overestimate its importance," he said. "The times of prohibition come to mind and give one pause."

Einstein's statement was part of Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt's first television show over the National Broadcasting Company television network.

He did not appear personally, but a specially made film of the famed mathematician, in which he made his statement, was shown on the telecast.

Other guests of Mrs. Roosevelt included Dr. J. Robert Oppenheimer, director of the Institute for Advanced Study at Princeton; David Lilienthal, retiring chairman of the Atomic Energy Commission, and Senator Brien McMahon (D., Conn.), chairman of the joint Senate-House Committee on Atomic Energy.

Cites "Inevitable Consequences"

Einstein said the fact that the United States first produced the atomic bomb had fostered the illusion that this country could achieve security through military superiority.

"This mechanistic, technical-military psychological attitude had inevitable consequences," he said. "Every single act in foreign policy is governed exclusively by one viewpoint."

The policy, he said, led to establishment of military bases around the world and arming and economic strengthening of potential allies.

Within the country, he added, it caused "concentration of tremendous financial power in the hands of the military, militarization of the youth, close supervision of the loyalty of the citizens . . . intimidation of people of independent political thinking."

"Hysterical Character"

Einstein said the armament race now "assumes hysterical character," and "every step appears as the unavoidable consequence of the preceding one."

"In the end," he added, "there beckons more and more clearly general annihilation."

Saying that "it is impossible to achieve peace as long as every single action is taken with a possible future conflict in view," Einstein called for "solemn renunciation of violence."

"Such renunciation, however, can only be effective if at the same time a supranational judicial and executive body is set up, empowered to decide questions of immediate concern to the security of the nations," he said.

Says Declaration Would Help

"Even a declaration of the nations to collaborate loyally in the realization of such a 'restricted world covenant' would considerably reduce the imminent danger of war."

Senator McMahon referred to his speech February 2 in which he proposed that this country put $10,000,000,000 a year—two thirds of the present military budget—into a "Crusade for Peace."

He repeated his proposal that "every other country, including Russia . . . take two thirds of their armament expenditure, put them in the common pot, if you please, and go about trying to uplift men instead of destroying them."

Asks Effective Guarantee

"I ask of Russia, however, that we get an effective guarantee that we would have disarmament, real disarmament," he added.

McMahon said he believed if the people of the world knew the scientific facts about atomic energy and its promises for good, they would "bring the weight of their moral force and opinion to join with ours."

This, he said, would create "a great force that would impinge upon even the Kremlin and would be successful perhaps in seeing to it that they did not turn to it (atomic energy) for destruction."

Lilienthal, in responding to an introduction by Mrs. Roosevelt said that although there is a dark side to the atom, there is a bright side and "we are not as aware of that as we might well be.

Role Of Uranium

"In a discussion of this kind, there is always one actor who hasn't much to say, but he is the chief actor—the cylinder of uranium.

"This dark metal represents a whole new source of energy to do man's work. This cylinder which weighs perhaps two or three pounds, represents the equivalent in energy of thousands of tons of coal."

Toward the close of the program, Mrs. Roosevelt presented Lilienthal with a silver serving tray on behalf of "the people of the United States who will regret your resignation" as chairman of the Atomic Energy Commission.

"Great problems face us all," she concluded. "The moral issues involved are enough to try our souls.

"May God grant us all the wisdom to find the true path to peace through co-operation with the other nations of the world."

EX-BIKINI RESIDENTS DOING FINE IN NEW HOME

LAKE SUCCESS, Feb. 12—(AP) The United States reported tonight the former residents of the Bikini atomic bomb rehearsal area are doing fine in their new homes on the little island of Kili.

This information is contained in a voluminous Navy Department report to the United Nations on conditions in the former Japanese-mandated islands in the Pacific.

The islands now are administered by the United States under the UN trusteeship system.

The U. S. said frequent checks during the past year showed the people have made rapid adjustment to their new home, which was described as "much richer and more productive,, than Bikini.

Mrs. F.D.R., Wainwright To Aid Philippine Drive

FEB 13 1950

New York, Feb. 12 (AP)—Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt and Gen. Jonathan Wainwright will sponsor a $2,000,000 campaign to aid Philippine civilian and military war casualties, the American Filipino Medical Aid Association said today.

David P. Reyno, executive secretary of the organization, said the campaign will be launched officially at the Upper Mid-West Hospital Association Convention in Minneapolis on May 15.

Reyno said three tons of medical supplies already had been received at international headquarters.

FEB 13 1950

WITH MOSCOW (260)

LONDON, FEB.12-(AP)-A RUSSIAN LETTER TO UNITED NATIONS SECRETARY-GENERAL TRYGVE LIE, MADE PUBLIC TODAY BY TASS, BLAMED THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN, FRANCE AND CANADA FOR RUSSIA'S MID-JANUARY WALK-OUT FROM THE U.N. ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION.

THE LETTER WAS WRITTEN BY JAKOB A. MALIK, SOVIET PERMANENT DELEGATE TO U.N., THE OFFICIAL SOVIET NEWS AGENCY SAID.

(U.N. OFFICIALS AT LAKE SUCCESS SAID A RUSSIAN LETTER HAD BEEN RECEIVED BUT THAT THE ENGLISH TEXT WOULD NOT BE READY FOR DISTRIBUTION UNTIL TOMORROW.)

A STATEMENT BY THE OTHER FOUR POWERS JAN. 19 BLAMING RUSSIA FOR BREAKDOWN OF ATOMIC CONTROL DISCUSSIONS "DOES NOT GIVE A CORRECT PICTURE OF THE SITUATION CREATED," MALIK'S LETTER SAID. "THE ASSERTION IN THE STATEMENT X X X THAT IMPORTANT AND SERIOUS CONSULTATIONS ON THE ATOMIC QUESTION 'HAVE BEEN BROKEN OFF AS A RESULT OF THE POSITION TAKEN BY THE REPRESENTATIVE OF THE SOVIET UNION' IS INCORRECT AND DISTORTS THE STAND OF THE SOVIET DELEGATION ON THESE QUESTIONS."

MALIK'S LETTER, AS REPORTED BY TASS, SAID THAT RUSSIA'S REPRESENTATIVE HAD LEFT THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION JAN. 19 BECAUSE THE REPRESENTATIVES OF THE OTHER FOUR POWERS HAD TURNED DOWN SOVIET SUGGESTIONS THAT NATIONALIST CHINA'S REPRESENTATIVE OFF THE COMMISSION AS A RESULT OF THE POSITION TAKEN FOR HIS COUNTRY, NOW ALMOST TOTALLY COMMUNIST REGIME.

THE LETTER ADDS THAT THE ATOMIC CONSULTATIONS WERE DISCONTINUED "AS THE PESULT OF THE STAND TAKEN BY THE REPRESENTATIVES OF THE AFOREMENTIONED FOUR COUNTRIES, WHO HAVE REFUSED TO EXCLUDE FROM THE COMPOSITION OF THE CONSULTATIVE CONFERENCE ON THE ATOMIC QUESTION A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE KUOMINTANG GROUP, WHO, DESPITE OFFICIAL STATEMENTS AND DEMANDS OF THE CENTRAL PEOPLE'S GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF CHINA, TRIES TO PROLONG HIS UNLAWFUL ATTENDANCE OF THE ABOVE-MENTIONED CONSULTATIVE CONFERENCE X X X."

HA939PES

LONDON, MONDAY, FEB.13-(AP)-ALBANIA HAS RECOGNIZED THE REBEL VIETMINH REGIME IN INDOCHINA HEADED BY MOSCOW-TRAINED HO CHI-MINH, TASS SAID TODAY.

THE OFFICIAL SOVIET NEWS AGENCY, IN A DISPATCH FROM TIRANA, ALBANIA, DISTRIBUTED HERE, SAID NOTIFICATION HAD BEEN SENT TO HO'S FOREIGN MINISTER.

HA1051PES VIETMINH

THE LONDON DAILY MAIL OF FEB.16, 1945, REPORTED THAT A SENIOR RAF OFFICER HAD BEEN WITH SOVIET COMMANDERS ESTABLISHING CLOSER LIAISON FOR AIR ASSAULTS. ON THE SAME DAY THE DAILY EXPRESS SAID THAT DRESDEN HAD BEEN USED AS A RAIL-AND-ROAD JUNCTION TO PUMP GERMAN TROOPS INTO THE COUNTERATTACKS AGAINST ZHUKOV'S ARMY.

THE TELEGRAPH SAID THAT WHILE NO OFFICIAL COMMENT WAS MADE IN MOSCOW, IT COULD BE TAKEN FOR GRANTED THAT THE RAIDS "DO NOT PASS UNAPPRECIATED, ESPECIALLY BY RED ARMY MEN, WHO CAN SEE CLEARLY THE GLOW OF DESTRUCTION BROUGHT TO IMPORTANT GERMAN WAR BASES IN THE PATH OF THEIR ADVANCE."

ROME, FEB. 12-(AP)-ANSA NEWS AGENCY REPORTED TODAY THAT POLICE HAD USED TEAR GAS TO REPEL A CROWD OF ANGRY FARM WORKERS WHO YESTERDAY INVADED THE TOWN HALL AT CERIGNOLA.

THE AGENCY REPORTED ONE POLICEMAN WAS HURT AND EIGHT DEMONSTRATORS WERE ARRESTED. THE FARM WORKERS LATER VOTED TO STRIKE IN PROTEST.

CERIGNOLA IS IN SOUTHERN ITALY, NEAR THE ADRIATIC COAST.

GIUSEPPE DI VITTORIO, CHIEF OF ITALY'S COMMUNIST-LED GENERAL LABOR CONFEDERATION, DENIED THE WORKERS HAD INVADED THE TOWN HALL.

CB728AES

BRUSSELS, FEB.12-(AP)-RELIABLE SOURCES SAID TONIGHT THAT BELGIANS WILL DECLARE ON MARCH 19 WHETHER THEY WANT KING LEOPOLD TO REASSUME THE THRONE.

THESE SOURCES SAID REGENT PRINCE CHARLES, BROTHER OF THE KING, HAS SIGNED THE REFERENDUM LAW APPROVED BY PARLIAMENT. THE DECREE FIXING THE DATE OF THE REFERENDUM WILL BE PUBLISHED TUESDAY IN THE GOVERNMENT'S OFFICIAL JOURNAL.

THE REFERENDUM IS AN ADVISORY ONE. AFTER THE VOTES ARE COUNTED IT WILL BE UP TO PARLIAMENT TO DECIDE WHETHER TO BRING THE KING BACK OR FOR THE KING TO DECIDE TO ABDICATE.

SOCIALISTS, COMMUNISTS AND MOST LIBERALS ARE AGAINST HIS RETURN TO THE THRONE. THE SOCIAL CHRISTIANS (PREDOMINANTLY CATHOLIC) WANT THE KING BACK. HE HAS BEEN A SELF EXILE IN SWITZERLAND SINCE 1945.

WW432PES

BERLIN, MONDAY, FEB. 13-(AP)-RUSSIAN ZONE FRONTIER GUARDS WERE CLEARING AN AVERAGE OF 10 BERLIN-BOUND TRUCKS AN HOUR EARLY TODAY--A RATE WHICH AMERICAN OFFICIALS HAVE DESCRIBED AS NORMAL FOR WINTER HIGHWAY TRAFFIC.

RUSSIAN-CONTROLLED EAST GERMAN POLICE APPLIED THE SAME RATE THROUGHOUT MOST OF THE WEEKEND ON HIGHWAY TRAFFIC TO AND FROM BERLIN AFTER HAVING PERMITTED AN EVEN HIGHER VOLUME EARLIER.

THERE WERE SMALL BACKLOGS OF 30 TRUCKS ON THE WESTERN SIDE OF THE RUSSIAN-BRITISH ZONAL CHECKPOING AT HELMSTEDT AND 20 ON THE EASTERN SIDE.

ALLIED OFFICIALS SAID SUCH BACKLOTS WERE NOT SOMETHING TO BE CONCERNED ABOUT, AS LONG AS THE FLOW OF TRAFFIC IS KEPT AT THE NORMAL LEVEL.

ALLIED RAIL OFFICERS REPORTED THAT ALL BERLIN TRAINS ARE RUNNING WITHOUT DELAY ACROSS THE RUSSIAN ZONAL FRONTIER. THE ONLY INTERRUPTION OF TRAIN SCHEDULES DURING THE RECENT "LITTLE BLOCKADE" CAME JAN.23, THE DAY THE DELAYING ACTION STARTED. THEN AN AMERICAN TRAIN WAS STALLED FOR ALMOST SEVEN HOURS BECAUSE OF A RUSSIAN COMPLAINT THERE WERE THREE NON-AMERICAN PASSENGERS ABOARD. HOWEVER, THEY WERE NOT REMOVED AND THE TRAIN PROCEEDED.

HJ1215AES

BERLIN, FEB. 12-(AP)-EAST GERMANY'S COMMUNIST-LED GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCED TODAY ITS POLICE ARE INVESTIGATING THE POLITICAL HISTORY OF EVERY GERMAN IN THE SOVIET ZONE.

THE GIGANTIC TASK OF BUILDING A NEW FILE ON THE 20,000,000 PERSONS IN THE AREA IS STARTING WITH THE ISSUANCE OF A NEW QUESTIONNAIRE.

HERBERT WARNKE, STATE SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR MINISTRY, IN AN INTERVIEW WITH THE SOVIET ZONE NEWSPAPER NATIONAL ZEITUNG, SAID EAST GERMANS WOULD BE REQUIRED TO DISCLOSE ALL POLITICAL PARTIES AND ORGANIZATIONS TO WHICH THEY HAD BELONGED, AND THE DATES.

A QUESTIONNAIRE WHICH THE FOUR OCCUPYING POWERS PREVIOUSLY HAD REQUIRED OF ALL GERMANS SOUGHT TO ESTABLISH ONLY WHETHER THE PERSON HAD BEEN A NAZI, AND FOR HOW LONG.

CB740AES

BELGRADE, YUGOSLAVIA, FEB.12-(AP)-THE PROSECUTION TODAY ASKED STIFF PENALTIES AGAINST 18 MEN CHARGED WITH TRYING TO OVERTHROW THE GOVERNMENT OF PREMIER MARSHAL TITO.

THE VERDICT BY A THREE-MEMBER PEOPLE'S COURT IS EXPECTED TOMORROW.

THE PROSECUTION HAS CHARGED THE DEFENDANTS WITH CREATING AN ORGANIZATION WITH "THE ULTIMATE AIM OF OVERTHROWING THE PRESENT REGIME". IT SAID THEY WERE "ENCOURAGED BY THE SLANDEROUS ATTACKS" BY THE RUSSIAN-LED COMINFORM ON THIS COUNTRY.

THE DEFENDANTS HAVE SAID THEY WERE ONLY TRYING TO FORM A LEGAL OPPOSITION PARTY TO WORK AGAINST COMMUNISM IN YUGOSLAVIA. THEY SAID THEY HAD NO INTENTION OF USING ARMED FORCE TO ACHEIVE THIS END.

THE TRIAL BEGAN LAST WEDNESDAY.

WB634PES

HE INCIDENT OCCURRED DURING A GENERAL STRIKE IN THE NORTH ITALIAN CITY JAN.9.) Prague Radio Modena.

IN HIS ARTICLE, PLOJHAR SAID:

"THE CARDINAL (SPELLMAN) IS SILENT. HE IS SILENT AT A TIME WHEN APOCALYPTIC WEAPONS ARE BEING PRODUCED AND WHEN HE SHOULD BE THE FIRST TO SPEAK AND, ACCORDING TO THE EXAMPLE OF ST.JOHN THE BAPTIST, HAVE COURAGE TO TELL EVEN PRESIDENT TRUMAN: YOU MAY NOT.

"LET US NOT BE SURPRISED THAT HE IS SILENT. FOREMOST WORRIES OF CARDINAL SPELLMAN ARE NOT TO DEFEND THE LAWS OF GOD BUT TO HELP IN SAVING THE DYING WORLD OF CAPITALISM.

"HE CONSIDERS THAT TO FIGHT AGAINST THE SOVIET UNION IS MORE IMPORTANT THAN TO DEFEND HUMANITY FROM THE EFFECTS OF THE SUPERBOMB."

(CARDINAL SPELLMAN WAS NOT AVAILABLE IMMEDIATELY FOR COMMENT.)

HA854PES

FEB 12 1950

MOSCOW, FEB.12-(AP)-THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT NEWSPAPER IZVESTIA TODAY ATTACKED ROVING UNITED STATES AMBASSADOR PHILIP C.JESSUP. IT SAID HE WAS TRYING TO ACTIVATE REACTIONARY ELEMENTS IN ASIA FOR A STRUGGLE AGAINST THE ASIAN PEOPLES.

ON THE EVE OF THE OPENING OF A CONFERENCE OF AMERICAN DIPLOMATS IN BANGKOK, THAILAND, WHICH JESSUP IS ATTENDING, IZVESTIA SAID INEVITABLE FAILURE AWAITS U.S. POLICY IN SOUTHWEST ASIA.

JESSUP WAS PICTURED BY THE NEWSPAPER AS CONFERRING IN TOKYO WITH GEN.MACARTHUR ON THE REVIVAL OF JAPANESE MILITARISM TO CRUSH LIBERATION MOVEMENTS IN ASIA BY ARMED FORCE AS WELL AS "RESSURECTING JAPANESE IMPERIALISM."

INZVESTIA SAID JESSUP HAD PROMISED, WHILE VISTING FORMOSA, TO GIVE HELP TO GENERALISSIMO CHIANG KAI-SHEK.

IT DECLARED HIS VISITS IN SINGAPORE AND WITH BAO DAI, FRENCH-BACKED RULER OF THE INDOCHINA STATE OF VIETNAM, WERE PART OF THE SAME EFFORTS TO STOP LIBERATION MOVEMENTS IN ASIA.

THE EDITORIAL SAID THE ROOT OF PLANS BEING WORKED OUT BY JESSUP IS AN EFFORT FOR THE AMERICANS TO BASE THEIR "AGGRESSIVE ASIAN POLICIES ON THE JAPANESE MILTARISTS WHO ARE HATED BY ALL ASIAN PEOPLES."

IT DECLARED THAT IN ORDER TO DO THIS THE UNITED STATES IS OPENLY ENCOURAGING JAPANESE "REVENGISM" (SIC) AND MAKING IT THE PUBLICLY PROCLAIMED AMERICAN POLICY.

THIS, SAID IZVESTIA, WILL LEAD THE UNITED STATES TO AN UNAVOIDABLE CRASH IN THE ORIENT.

--DASH--

IN BANGJOK YESTERDAY AMBASSADOR JESSUP TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE THE UNITED STATES "IS NOT DIRECTING ITS

FEB 12 1950

IN BANGKOK YESTERDAY AMBASSADOR JESSUP TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE THE UNITED STATES "IS NOT DIRECTING ITS FOREIGN POLICY TOWARDS WAR."

HE DECLARED THE U.S. WAS NOT TRYING TO SET UP A MILITARY ALLIANCE AMONG THE NATIONS OF THE FAR EAST, BUT THAT IF THOSE COUNTRIES WERE TO ESTABLISH SUCH AN ALLIANCE ON THEIR OWN INITIATIVE THE UNITED STATES WOULD VIEW IT WITH SYMPATHETIC INTEREST.

JM717PES

TAIPEI, FORMOSA, FEB. 12-(AP)-THE CHINESE NATIONALISTS MADE CLEAR TODAY THEIR INTENTIONS TO KEEP ON BOMBING RED SHANGHAI DESPITE AMERICAN AND OTHER PROTESTS. SPENCER MOOSA

TWO LEADING NEWSPAPERS UPHELD THE ATTACKS, AND IT IS QUITE SAFE TO ASSUME THAT THEY SOUNDED OUT OFFICIAL OPINION BEFORE DOING SO.

ONE OF THEM, HSIN SHENG PAO, QUOTED AN UNIDENTIFIED AUTHORITY AS STATING THE UNITED STATES SHOULD NOT HAVE PROTESTED LAST WEEK'S RAID ON THE AMERICAN-OWNED SHANGHAI POWER COMPANY PLANT.

"THE PLANT HAS FALLEN TO THE COMMUNISTS AND IS BEING USED BY THEM," THIS AUTHORITY SAID. "IT WAS BOMBED AS COMMUNIST PROPERTY, AND THE GOVERNMENT WILL BE IN A POSITION TO REJECT THE AMERICAN PROTEST.

THE OFFICIAL CENTRAL DAILY NEWS SAID,

"THE PLANT HAS BEEN USED BY THE COMMUNISTS IN THEIR WAR EFFORT. THE COMMUNISTS ARE DOING EVERYTHING POSSIBLE TO OUST AMERICAN BUSINESS INTERESTS FROM CHINA. THE REDS MUST HAVE DERIVED PLEASURE FROM THE AMERICAN PROTEST AGAINST ATTACKS ON NOMINALLY-AMERICAN PROPERTY."

THE COMMUNISTS HAVE VOWED "VENGENANCE" FOR THE SHANGHAI RAIDS, AND TAIPEI IS TAKING SERIOUSLY THE POSSIBILITY OF AIR RAIDS ON THIS NATIONALIST CAPITAL.

THE REDS HAVE NO AIR FORCE, BUT THE NATIONALISTS BELIEVE THAT THE SOVIET UNION MAY SUPPLY PLANES AND PILOTS.

TAIPEI HAD A TWO-HOUR PRACTICE ALERT SATURDAY NIGHT TO STUDY PROBLEMS OF BLACKOUT, TRAFFIC CONTROL AND EVACUATION.

THE NATIONALIST CONTROL YUAN, A TOP GOVERNING BODY, MET TODAY AND DECIDED TO SEND ANOTHER MESSAGE TO ACTING PRESIDENT LI TSUNG-JEN, DEMANDING THAT HE EITHER RETURN HOME OR RESIGN. LI IS IN NEW YORK RECUPERATING FROM AN OPERATION.

THE CONTROL YUAN MEETING ALSO FEATURED SLASHING ATTACKS ON PREMIER YEN HSI-SHAN AND HIS CABINET. MEMBERS URGED ITS REORGANIZATION, SAYING, "THERE ARE TOO MANY SLOGANS AND TOO LITTLE ACTION."

WD1111APS

A RUSSIAN WOMAN VOLUNTEERED IN KUALA LUMPUR TO DO ANYTHING EXCEPT OFFICE WORK. A 70-YEAR-OLD GOVERNMENT SCHOOLMASTER CAME OUT OF RETIREMENT TO JOIN UP. ANOTHER ASKED THAT HE BE SENT INTO THE JUNGLE, BUT ONLY IN THE EVENINGS. Singapore Radio Tale

THE HUGE VOLUNTEER CIVILIAN ARMY WILL WORK BEHIND THE LINES, RELIEVING THOUSANDS OF UNIFORMED POLICE AND TROOPS WHO WILL GO INTO THE JUNGLES TO CLEAN OUT THE BANDITS.

THIS HOME GUARD OF EVERY COMMUNITY, EVERY WALK OF LIFE, WILL MAN OFFICES, TELEPHONE EXCHANGES, POLICE ROAD BLOCKS, ACT AS INTERPRETERS AND ADDRESS THE PUBLIC IN OUTLYING DISTRICTS WHERE PEASANTS HAVE BEEN THE VICTIMS OF THE COMMUNIST OUTLAWS.

THE GOVERNMENT HAS RELEASED EUROPEAN HEADS OF DEPARTMENTS TO ACT AS ORGANIZERS. SOME OF THE DEPARTMENTS ARE STRIPPED OF WORKERS TO THE POINT OF CLOSING.

FEB 12 1950

THE CHIEF SECRETARY OF THE MALAY FEDERATION, SIR ALEC NEBOULT, SAID:

"I REALIZE THAT 'ANTI-BANDIT MONTH' WILL CAUSE DISORGANIZATION THROUGH THE CLOSING DOWN OF SOME DEPARTMENTS, BUT IT IS THE GOVERNMENT'S VIEW THIS WILL BE A CHEAP PRICE TO PAY IF, AS A RESULT OF THIS SPECIAL EFFORT DURING THE MONTH, A CONSIDERABLE MEASURE OF SUCCESS AGAINST THE BANDITS IS POSSIBLE."

G119PES

30.24- 8925

BY FRANK L. WHITE

MANILA, MONDAY, FEB.13-(AP)-THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN ARE PLANNING JOINT NAVAL MANEUVERS IN PHILIPPINE WATERS STARTING MARCH 3, IT WAS REPORTED TODAY.

THE SOURCE IS THE COLLECTOR OF CUSTOMS AT THE PORT OF MANILA WHO SAID HE HAS BEEN SO INFORMED. THERE WAS NO COMMENT FROM AMERICAN OR BRITISH OFFICIAL SOURCES.

THE AIRCRAFT CARRIER BOXER AND OTHER U.S. NAVAL UNITS ARE SCHEDULED TO BE IN THIS AREA AT THAT TIME. THE BOXER AND SEVERAL OTHER WARSHIPS RECENTLY HAVE BEEN ASSIGNED TO BOLSTER AMERICAN NAVAL STRENGTH IN THE FAR EAST.

THE JOINT MANEUVERS REPORT AROUSED INTEREST HERE BECAUSE SOME QUARTERS PREDICT THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS MAY ATTEMPT AN INVASION OF FORMOSA ABOUT THAT TIME. THE REDS HAVE THIS CHINESE NATIONALIST ISLAND ON THEIR "LIBERATION" TIMETABLE FOR THIS YEAR. FORMOSA IS ONLY ABOUT 70 MILES FROM THE NORTHERNMOST PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

THE CUSTOMS COLLECTOR SAID ARRANGEMENTS HAVE BEEN MADE TO EXTEND

THE CUSTOMS COLLECTOR SAID ARRANGEMENTS HAVE BEEN MADE TO EXTEND THE COURTESIES OF MANILA'S PORT TO THE BRITISH FAR EASTERN FLEET. IT IS COMMANDED BY VADM. SIR PATRICK BRIND, WHO REPORTEDLY WILL FLY HIS FLAG ON THE FRIGATE ALERT.

OTHER BRITISH SHIPS LISTED AS INTENDING TO CALL AT MANILA EITHER BEFORE OR AFTER THE EXERCISES ARE:

THE LIGHT FLEET AIRCRAFT CARRIER TRIUMPH, CRUISERS KENYA AND JAMAICA, DESTROYERS COSSACK, COMAR, COCKADE, CONSORT AND CONSTANCE, FRIGATES CARDIGAN BAY AND WHITESAND BAY, SUPPLY SHIP FORT CHARLOTTE AND AN OILER OF THE RANGER CLASS.

THE U.S. MAINTAINS NAVAL BASES IN THE PHILIPPINES AT SANGLEY POINT ON MANILA BAY AND AT OLONGAPO ON SUBIC BAY ON THE WEST SIDE OF BATAAN PENINSULA.

JS925PPS NM

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QUESTIONED ABOUT COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN HO'S REGIME, NGUYEN SAID FOUR OF 27 GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS ARE FORMER COMMUNIST PARTY MEMBERS. SINCE THE PARTY WAS DISSOLVED FOUR YEARS AGO THEY HAVE BEEN MEMBERS OF A MARXIST STUDY GROUP, HE SAID.

ROVING U.S.AMBASSADOR PHILIP C.JESSUP, HERE FOR A CONFERENCE OF AMERICAN DIPLOMATS, LABELLED HO'S VIETNAMESE A COMMUNIST MOVEMENT.

NGUYEN CALLED BAO DAI A "TRAITOR AND PUPPET" AND SAID HO'S REGIME WOULD NOT DEAL WITH HIM.

FT749PPS NM

BY MILTON MARMOR

BANGKOK, THAILAND, FEB. 12(AP)-MOSCOW-TRAINED HO CHI-MINH'S VIETNAMESE WILL FIGHT CHINESE COMMUNIST TROOPS--OR ANY OTHERS--IF THEY INVADE INDOCHINA, HO'S THAILAND REPRESENTATIV

THE INVADE INDOCHINA, HO'S THAILAND REPRESENTATIVE SAID TODAY.

NGUYEN DUC QUY TOL

THEY INVADE INDOCHINA, HO'S THAILAND REPRESENTATIVE SAID TODAY.

NGUYEN DUC QUY TOLD INTERVIEWERS HO'S VIETNAM WOULD WELCOME MILITARY AID FROM ANY SOURCE BUT "WE DO NOT WANT FOREIGN TROOPS."

HO'S FORCES HAVE BEEN FIGHTING THE FRENCH IN INDOCHINA SINCE 1946.

HO'S VIETNAM REGIME IS RECOGNIZED BY COMMUNIST CHINA, THE SOVIET UNION AND SEVERAL SOVIET SATELLITES. THE CHINESE NATIONALISTS HAVE CHARGED THAT CHINESE RED TROOPS CROSSED THE BORDER INTO INDOCHINA BUT THE FRENCH DENIED THIS.

THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN HAVE RECOGNIZED A RIVAL, FRENCH-SPONSORED VIETNAM STATE HEADED BY BAO DAI.

THERE HAS BEEN MUCH SPECULATION THAT RUSSIAN AND CHINESE RED RECOGNITION OF HO'S REGIME SIGNALS THE BEGINNING OF A COMMUNIST THRUST INTO SOUTHEAST ASIA.

Bangkok ADD X Snapping

THE DIPLOMATIC CONFERENCE IS SCHEDULED IN A PLAIN ROOM IN THE DRAB AMERICAN EMBASSY IN THIS BUSTLING, SWEATY CAPITAL OF THAILAND.

U.S.MARINES GUARD THE LOKKED GATES, AND IT IS EXPECTED THAT ONLY FRAGMENTS OF THE CONVERSATIONS WILL BE SIPHONED TO THE CORRESPONDENTS WHO HAVE COME TO BANGKOK FROM MANY PARTS OF THE WORLD.

JESSUP HAS WARNED THAT NO POLICY DECISIONS OR ANNOUNCEMENTS WILL BE MADE BUT THAT THE RESULTS WILL BE PRESENTED TO WASHINGTON PLANNERS. THERE IT MAY BE CORRELATED WITH WHAT THE CHIEFS OF STAFF LEARNED ON THEIR RECENT VISIT TO JAPAN, OKINAWA, GUAM AND HAWAII.

THE HOST OF CRITICAL PROBLEMS FACING THE BANGKOK SESSIONS CAN ONLY BE SUGGESTED IN OUTLINE:

FIRST, HOW CAN THE COMMUNIST TIDE BE STOPPED? THE CHINESE COMMUNIST REGIME IS EYEING SOUTHEAST ASIA WITH FRANK COVETOUSNESS. THIS REGION, WITH RICHES ENOUGH TO CHANGE WORLD HISTORY, IS MADE UP OF NATIONS WITH LITTLE MILITARY OR POLITICAL STRENGTH AND NO COHESIVE UNITY WITH THEIR NEIGHBORS.

SECOND, HOW MUCH ECONOMIC AID CAN THE UNITED STATES AFFORD FOR THESE COUNTRIES? SEVERAL PROUD NEW NATIONS ARE EXPECTING AMERICAN BACKING.

THIRD, HOW CAN THE POLITICAL ASPIRATIONS OF THESE MILLIONS OF PEOPLE BE ENCOURAGED AND GUIDED WITHOUT DELIVERING THEM TO THE COMMUNISTS?

FINALLY, WHAT IS TO BE THE AMERICAN POSITION IN THE CHANGING ORIENT?

THE UNITED STATES, FOR INSTANCE, HAS LONG WANTED A UNIFIED POLITICAL ARRANGEMENT AMONG ORIENTAL STATES, YET NONE HAS APPEARED.

THE UNITED STATES ALSO MUST CONSIDER THE DEPENDENT POSITION OF JPAN, STILL AN UNWANTED APPLICANT TO THE ASIAN FAMILY.

IT IS PERHAPS SIGNIFICANT THAT CHARGE D'AFFAIRES ROBERT STRONG FROM TAIPEI IS THE ONLY CONFEREE WHO HAS SPENT ANY TIME IN RED CHINA. THIS POSSIBLY INDICATES AMERICANS NEED NO FURTHER EXPLANATION OF CHINESE RED MOTIVES AND METHODS.

IN ANY CASE, AMERICA'S TRADITIONAL PRACTICE OF BUILDING HER FAR EASTERN POLICY AROUND CHINA HAS CHANGED. SOUTHEAST ASIA IS NOW THE FOCAL POINT.

WD1153APS

FEB 12 1950

SAIGON, FEB. 12-(AP)-ANTI-FRENCH GUERRILLAS LAST NIGHT DIRECTED MORTAR AND AUTOMATIC WEAPON FIRE AGAINST THE HARBOR OF SAIGON. THE FRENCH LINER CHAMPOLLION, DOCKED THERE, WAS NOT HIT.

SEVERAL HAND GRENADES ALSO WERE THROWN DURING THE NIGHT AT SCATTERED POINTS IN SAOGON AND THE SURROUNDING AREA.

AN OFFICIAL FRENCH SOURCE SAID A GUERRILLA FORCE OF 800 TO 1,000 ATTACKED A FRENCH POSITION ON THE RED RIVER ABOUT 20 MILES FROM LAOKAY. THE SOURCE SAID THE GUERRILLAS WERE DRIVEN BACK AFTER A FIGHT IN WHICH 150 GUERRILLAS WERE KILLED. THE FRENCH LOSSES WERE LISTED AS THREE KILLED AND 20 WOUNDED.
GH910AES

FEB 12 1950

FIRST LEAD MANEUVERS
BY CLARKE BEACH
WHITEHORSE, Y.T., FEB. 12-(AP)-THE MOCK WAR IN THE SUB ARCTIC STARTS THIS MIDNIGHT.
CANADIANS WILL LEAD OFF. AT THE STROKE OF TWELVE THEY'LL SEND A CRACK BATTALION ROLLING UP THE ALASKA HIGHWAY TO THROW OUT THE AGGRESSOR, WHO HAS INVADED ALASKA.
AMERICAN AND CANADIAN FIGHTER PLANES WILL SAIL INTO THE NORTHERN LIGHTS AND GUARD THE SKIES. THOUSANDS MORE CANADIAN AND AMERICAN ALLIED TROOPS ARE POLISHING THEIR RIFLES IN SNOW COVERED TENTS, READY TO FOLLOW THEM TOWARD THE ARCTIC CIRCLE.
IT'S THE START OF THE BIGGEST JOINT ARMY-AIR FORCE CANADIAN AND AMERICAN MID-WINTER MANEUVERS EVER UNDERTAKEN IN HE FAR
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IT'S THE START OF THE BIGGEST JOINT ARMY-AIR FORCE CANADIAN AND AMERICAN MID-WINTER MANEUVERS EVER UNDERTAKEN IN THE FAR NORTH. MORE THAN 5,200 MEN ARE IN THE FIGHT.
THE TEMPERATURE IS ONLY 10 BELOW ZERO--VERY WARM FOR WHITEHORSE. A FINE, HARD SNOW IS FALLING, WHICH YOU DON'T GET WHEN THE WEATHER IS REALLY COLD. BUT THE MERCURY IS FALLING AND IS EXPECTED TO REGISTER 20-BELOW AT THE START OF THE ATTACK.
AROUND NORTHWAY, WHERE THE ENEMY HAS HIS NEAREST BASE 365 MILES UP THE ALASKA HIGHWAY, IT'S MUCH COLDER. THERE IT'S OFTEN 60 BELOW. THE TROOPS MAY TASTE SOME REAL ARCTIC COLD BEFORE THIS LITTLE WAR IS OVER. THAT WILL BE ALL RIGHT WITH BRIG. GEN.G.C. STEWART, FIELD COMMANDER OF THE MANEUVERS.
THE MAIN PURPOSE OF THE WHOLE OPERATION IS TO TEST MEN AND EQUIPMENT UNDER ARCTIC CONDITIONS.
THE MANEUVER ISN'T A TEST OF DEFENSES IN THIS AREA. THE PLACE WAS PICKED JUST AS A SUITABLE GROUND FOR EXERCISES OF THIS KIND. MAJ. GEN. H.M.S. PENHALE, ONE OF THE CANADIAN OFFICERS IN GENERAL COMMAND, POINTED OUT TODAY "THERE ARE NO STRATEGIC IMPLICATIONS IN THE OPERATION."
EXPERTS IN THE ARMY DEPARTMENT IN WASHINGTON EXPLAINED TO THIS CORRESPONDENT LAST WEEK THAT THE PROBLEMS OF LARGE-SCALE MILITARY OPERATIONS IN THIS COUNTRY ARE SO COMPLEX THAT IT IS UNLIKELY AN ENEMY WOULD EVER ATTEMPT TO DO WHAT THE OPPOSING FORCES IN THIS MANEUVER ARE TRYING TO DO.
THE PROBLEMS OF SUPPLY AND TRANSPORTATION ARE MORE THAN MODERN ARMIES CAN HANDLE.
THE SCENARIO OF THIS MANEUVER, CALLED EXERCISE SWEETBRIAR, RUNS LIKE THIS:

A NATION WHICH IS CALLED AGGRESSOR HAS SEIZED ALL OF ALASKA. AND HE IS PREPARING TO INVADE CANADA AND THE UNITED STATES. HE'S PLANNING TO PLUNGE DOWN THE ICY, SNOW-BANKED ALASKA HIGHWAY. HIS ATTACK FORCES ARE AT NORTHWAY, WHERE THERE IS AN AIR STRIP. CANADA AND THE UNITED STATES HAVE JOINED FORCES TO DRIVE THE AGGRESSOR OUT OF ALASKA.
WHAT THE THEORETICAL ENEMY IS PLOTTING TONIGHT NOBODY DOWN HERE KNOWS. SPIES ARE WORKING ON BOTH SIDES. ANY RUSE OR DIRTY TACTICS ARE ALL RIGHT WITH THE UMPIRES. EACH SIDE WILL EVEN USE PSYCHOLOGICAL WARFARE AGAINST THE OTHER, TRYING TO MAKE EACH OTHER TROOPS DESERT OR SURRENDER.
THEY CAUGHT TWO AGGRESSOR SPIES DOWN HERE LAST WEEK. NONE OF THE ALLIED SPIES HAVE BEEN CAUGHT.
MORE THAN 5,200 MEN HAVE POURED IN BY AIR AND OVER THE FROZEN ALASKAN HIGHWAY. WHITEHORSE, POPULATION 3,500, HAS SELDOM SEEN SO MUCH EXCITEMENT OR SO MANY PEOPLE SINCE THE GOLD RUSH OF THE 1390'S.
THIS WAS A FRONTIER METROPOLIS IN THOSE DAYS. ROBERT W.SERVICE WROTE A LOT OF HIS POEMS HERE ABOUT DAN MCGREW AND THE MEN FROM THE CREEKS. HE WORKED IN A BANK HERE AT THE TIME, AND THE BANK IS STILL RUNNING. TO THE NORTH IS THE DAWSON TRAIL HE WROTE ABOUT, AND LAKE LEDERGE, WHERE SAM MCGEE WAS CREMATED.
LAST NIGHT THE CANADIAN BOYS IN THEIR BERETS AND COLORFUL UNIFORMS PALLED AROUND WITH THEIR AMERICAN ALLIES IN THE RESTAURANTS AND MOVIES. THERE ARE NO BARS HERE THESE DAYS, BUT THE MEN CAN BUY BEER.
IT WAS 12 BELOW ZERO YESTERDAY WHEN EIGHT OF US NEWSPAPER CORRESPONDENTS LANDED HERE IN AN AIR FORCE PLANE, AND THAT'S WARM FOR WHITEHORSE. IT WAS 55 BELOW ZERO HERE A FEW DAYS AGO.
THE CANADIAN FORCES ARE IN BARRACKS AND TENTS JUST OUTSIDE OF TOWN. MOST OF THE AMERICANS ARE AT CAMP MCCREA, ABOUT TEN MILES AWAY. SOME ARE IN RENOVATED WAR-TIME BARRACKS. MOST ARE IN JAMESWAY SHELTERS, A NEW KIND OF TENT FOR THE ARCTIC, WHICH IS REMARKABLY COMFORTABLE. THEY ARE WELL HEATED WITH OIL STOVES, MADE OF TWO LAYERS OF QUILTED FABRIC, WITH FIBER GLASS FOR INSULATION STUFFED BETWEEN THE LAYERS. THE MATERIAL IS STRETCHED OVER SEMICIRCULAR FRAMES, LOOKING LIKE A QUONSET HUT.
PREPARATIONS FOR THESE MANEUVERS HAVE BEEN GOING ON FOR A YEAR. LAST SUMMER A LOT OF THE MATERIAL WAS STORED HERE. THE MEN HAVE BEEN ASSEMBLING FOR MONTHS. A BATTALION OF 750 MEN WAS FLOWN IN FROM CAMP CARSON, COL. THE MEN WERE FLOWN IN FULLY ARMED AND EQUIPPED, READY FOR BATTLE. THEIR FLIGHT WAS 2,600 MILES--SAID TO BE THE LONGEST AIRLIFT OF FULLY ARMED MEN EVER ACCOMPLISHED.

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TWO THOUSAND MORE MEN FROM CAMP CARSON CAME UP IN CONVOYS ON THE ALASKAN HIGHWAY, A TRIP OF 3,000 MILES.
THE CANADIANS HAVE BEEN TROOPING IN FROM MANY PARTS OF THE COUNTRY. CANADIAN JET FIGHTERS MADE A 3,000 MILE FLIGHT, IN STAGES, FROM ST. HUBERT, QUEBEC.
FOR THE PAST WEEK THE FORCES HAVE BEEN ENGAGING IN ARCTIC TRAINING. ONE STUNT WAS A 12-MILE MARCH ON SNOW SHOES AND SKIS WHEN THE TEMPERATURE WAS MORE THAN 50 BELOW.
THERE WERE MORE FROSTBITTEN FEET ON THAT EXERCISE THAN THE DOCTORS HERE HAD ANTICIPATED. LIEUT.COL.R.M.COATS, SURGEON OF THE ALLIED FORCES, SAYS THAT EIGHTEEN MEN WERE FROSTBITTEN AND WILL BE HOSPITALIZED FOR A MONTH OR TWO. THE REASON, HE SAYS, WAS THAT THE MEN FAILED TO TAKE PROPER PRECAUTIONS TO KEEP THEIR FEET DRY AND WARM. HE IS CONVINCED THAT THEIR UNIFORMS AND EQUIPMENT ARE ADEQUATE.
THE EXERCISES ARE UNDER THE COMMAND OF LIEUT.GEN.STEPHEN J. CHAMBERLAIN, COMMANDING GENERAL OF THE U.S. FIFTH ARMY.
RS121PPS NM

FOREIGN POLICY (500)
BY JACK BELL

WASHINGTON, FEB 12-(AP)-SENATOR SMITH (R-NJ) URGED THE STATE DEPARTMENT TODAY TO FIND NEW WEAPONS TO FIGHT THE WAR OF WORDS AGAINST COMMUNISM.

"WE'RE GETTING LICKED EVERY DAY" BY RUSSIA, HE SAID.

SMITH, A MEMBER OF THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE, TOLD A REPORTER HE THINKS THE ADMINISTRATION IS OVERLOOKING THE VALUE OF SPREADING THE STORY OF DEMOCRACY, PARTICULARLY IN ASIA.

"THE RUSSIANS ARE CALLING US IMPERIALISTS AND ECONOMIC ROYALISTS AND GETTING AWAY WITH IT IN SUCH PLACES AS CHINA," HE SAID. "WE ARE WOEFULLY WEAK ON COUNTER PROPAGANDA. IN FACT, WE'RE GETTING LICKED EVERY DAY IN THIS COLD WAR OF WORDS."

AS AN EXAMPLE, SMITH SAID HE THINKS THE $29,000,000 ALLOTTED BY CONGRESS TO THE 'VOICE OF AMERICA' FOREIGN-BEAMED BROADCASTS OUGHT TO BE TRIPLED, AT LEAST. HE SAID THAT IF THE STATE DEPARTMENT LOOKS AROUND, IT CAN FIND MANY OTHER WAYS OF GETTING AMERICAN VIEWS TO THE AREAS THREATENED BY COMMUNIST EXPANSION.

SMITH'S SUGGESTION CAME AS CLOAKROOM DISCUSSION INDICATED LAWMAKERS ARE DIVIDED OVER THE EFFECTIVENESS OF AN ANTI-COMMUNIST STRATEGY OF POWER WHILE WITHHOLDING PEACE APPEALS AS LAID DOWN BY SECRETARY OF STATE ACHESON LAST WEEK IN ANSWER TO SENATE SPEECHES BY SENATORS MCMAHON (D-CONN) AND TYDINGS (D-MD).

MC MAHON PROPOSED A NEW ATTEMPT TO REACH AGREEMENT ON ATOMIC CONTROLS AND OTHER VEXING PROBLEMS BY HOLDING OUT AS BAIT A FIVE-YEAR, $50,000,000,000 (B) AID PLAN IN WHICH THE RUSSIANS COULD PARTICIPATE. TYDINGS CALLED FOR A WORLD DISARMAMENT CONFERENCE.

ACHESON DIDN'T FORMALLY REJECT THEIR IDEAS. BUT HE INDICATED CLEARLY HE DOESN'T THINK THE RUSSIANS WOULD KEEP ANY AGREEMENTS THEY DIDN'T FEEL WERE CONVENIENT TO THEIR PURPOSES.

THERE WASN'T MUCH ARGUMENT IN CONGRESS OVER THE LATTER POINT.

SENATOR EDWIN C. JOHNSON (D-COLO) SAID HE THINKS ACHESON WAS ONLY BEING "REALISTIC" ON THAT POINT.

"I'M GLAD TO SEE THAT THE SECRETARY AND THE STATE DEPARTMENT FINALLY HAVE COME AROUND TO THAT VIEW," JOHNSON SAID. "IT HAS BEEN A VIEW THAT I THINK HAS BEEN PREVALENT IN CONGRESS FOR A LONG TIME."

THE COLORADO SENATOR SAID HE THINKS ABOUT THE ONLY COURSE LEFT TO THIS COUNTRY IS TO BUILD UP ITS DEFENSES TO THE POINT WHERE NO NATION WOULD RISK ATTACKING THE UNITED STATES. IT'S FOR THAT REASON, HE SAID, THAT HE IS SUCH A STRONG ADVOCATE OF SPEEDING WORK ON THE HYDROGEN BOMB.

SENATOR KNOWLAND (R-CALIF) SAID HE FOUND NOTHING VERY CONSTRUCTIVE, SO FAR AS THE FUTURE IS CONCERNED, IN ACHESON'S STATEMENT.

A4WX

HE NOTED THE SECRETARY HAD SAID THIS COUNTRY MUST SHORE UP THE WEAK SPOTS IN THE AREAS OUTSIDE COMMUNIST CONTROL BECAUSE THE KREMLIN WOULD FISH IN ANY TROUBLED WATERS IT COULD FIND.

"I WONDER HOW HE SQUARES THAT THEORY WITH WHAT HAS HAPPENED IN CHINA, WHICH THE ADMINISTRATION LET GO BY DEFAULT TO THE COMMUNISTS," KNOWLAND SAID.

SENATOR KEFAUVER (D-TENN) SAID HE THINKS THERE ARE A LOT OF THINGS THAT COULD BE DONE WITHOUT WAITING FOR AGREEMENT WITH RUSSIA. HE IS AN ADVOCATE OF A POLITICAL UNION WITH THE NORTH ATLANTIC PACT COUNTRIES.

"ONE OF THE FIRST THINGS WE SHOULD DO IS SET ABOUT GETTING OUR BIGGEST ALLY, GREAT BRITAIN, IN LINE WITH US," THE TENNESSEE SENATOR SAID. "NOW THE BRITISH ARE GOING OFF IN ONE DIRECTION ON FOREIGN POLICY WHILE WE FOLLOW ANOTHER."

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SAID. "NOW THE BRITISH ARE GOING OFF IN ONE DIRECTION ON FOREIGN POLICY WHILE WE FOLLOW ANOTHER."

SENATOR GEORGE (D-GA) SAID HE THINKS THE UNITED STATES MAY BE PAYING TOO MUCH ATTENTION TO FAR CORNERS OF THE WORLD AND NOT ENOUGH TO CONDITIONS IN OUR OWN BACK YARD.

"WE MUST REMAIN STRONG AND IN ORDER TO DO THAT WE MUST GIVE MORE ATTENTION TO THE PROBLEMS AT HOME AND IN THIS HEMISPHERE, RATHER THAN SPREADING OURSELVES ALL OVER THE WORLD," HE SAID.

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BIWX

(320) KOSCIUSZKO

WASHINGTON,FEB.12-(AP)-SENATOR LUCAS (D-ILL) HELD OUT HOPE TO SOVIET-ENSLAVED PEOPLES TODAY THAT ECONOMIC REBUILDING AND MILITARY UNITY IN THE WEST ONE DAY WILL BRING BACK THEIR LIBERTY.

THE SENATE DEMOCRATIC LEADER SPOKE IN LAFAYETTE PARK HERE AT COMMEMORATIVE CEREMONIES ON THE 204TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE BIRTH OF GEN.THADDEUS KOSCIUSZKO, POLISH PATRIOT AND HERO OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTIONARY WAR.

HE LIKENED POLAND'S PRESENT SITUATION TO THAT OF KOSCIUSZKO'S TIME, SAYING THE NATION ONCE AGAIN "LIES HELPLESS IN THE GRIP OF A FOREIGN POWER."

THE SENATOR ENUMERATED MEASURES TAKEN BY THE WESTERN DEMOCRACIES SINCE THE WAR TO REBUILD A PEACEFUL WORLD, BEGINNING WITH THE UNITED NATIONS AND GOING THROUGH THE MARSHALL PLAN; ACTIVE MOVES TO BLOCK THE SPREAD OF COMMUNISM IN SUCH AREAS AS GREECE, TURKEY AND KOREA; CREATION OF THE NORTH ATLANTIC PACT; ARMS AID TO MEMBERS OF THAT DEFENSE ALLIANCE, AND STRENGTHENING OF OUR OWN FORCES.

ALL THESE, HE SAID, ARE MEASURES WHICH "THAT FINE STRAGEGIST KOSCIUSZKO WOULD HAVE APPROVED.

SOME PERSONS MAY ASK, LUCAS SAID, WHAT ALL THIS HAS TO DO WITH RESTORING LIBERTY IN POLAND. HE ANSWERED:

"BY THESE PROGRAMS OF UNITED ACTION, WE OF THE WESTERN WORLD ARE PROVING THAT OUR CONCEPT OF GOVERNMENT CAN ACT IN THE FACE OF NEED AND AT THE SAME TIME PRESERVE AND EXTEND MAN'S INDIVIDUAL RIGHTS AND LIBERTIES.

"CONFRONTED WITH HISTORY'S MOST HIGHLY ORGANIZED TOTALITARIAN DICTATORSHIP, WE ARE PROVING THAT WE CAN MEET FORCE WITH FIRMNESS AS, SIMULTANEOUSLY, WE TAKS THE LEAD IN WORKING FOR PEACE."

ULTIMATELY, HE WENT ON, SOVIET LEADERS WILL REALIZE THAT FORCE IS HOPELESS AND THAT THEIR WAR MACHINE "IS MORE LIKELY TO DEVOUR THEM THAN TO DESTROY THEIR OPPONENTS."

"THEN PEACE WILL COME," LUCAS SAID. "THEN THE FREEDOM-LOVING PEOPLE OF POLAND AND OTHER CAPTIVE NATIONS WILL WIN THEIR LIBERTY."

MEMBERS OF POLISH-AMERICAN CIVIC AND CULTURAL ORGANIZATIONS IN THE VICINITY OF WASHINGTON TOOK PART IN THE CEREMONIES HERE AT THE FOOT OF THE KOSCIUSZKO STATUE IN THE PARK.

IT WAS PART OF A NATIONWIDE OBSERVANCE SPONSORED BY THE POLISH-AMERICAN CONGRESS WHICH REPRESENTS SOME 6,000,000 AMERICANS OF POLISH EXTRACTION.--~~THE CONGRESS' ANNOUNCED AIMS ARE DEFENSE~~ OF AMERICAN DEMOCRATIC PRINCIPLES AND RESTORATION OF A FREE POLAND.

MD505PES

FEB 12 1950

AP SPECIAL WASHINGTON SERVICE (220)

(ADVANCE)..WASHINGTON,FEB.12-(AP)-SENATOR MARTIN OF PENNSYLVANIA, LONGTIME REPUBLICAN STALWART, SAID TODAY HE LIKES "OLD HARRY" TRUMAN BUT THAT HE'D LIKE HIM A LOT MORE IF HE'D "CONFESS ERROR ONCE IN A WHILE."

MARTIN'S REFERENCE WAS IN A SPEECH IN WHICH HE CRITICIZED THE DEMOCRATIC ADMINISTRATION FOR ITS "RED HERRING" ATTITUDE TOWARD COMMUNISTS.

AN INDICATION OF THIS, SAID MARTIN, WAS PRESIDENT TRUMAN'S REMARK IN 1948 THAT AT POTSDAM THREE YEARS EARLIER "I GOT VERY WELL ACQUAINTED WITH JOE STALIN AND I LIKE OLD JOE."

MARTIN ADDED IN HIS ADDRESS, PREPARED FOR BROADCAST:

"I HAVE A CONFESSION TO MAKE. I LIKE OLD HARRY. I BELIEVE THAT DEEP DOWN HE'S A DECENT FELLOW. BUT LET ME ADD THIS. I'D LIKE OLD HARRY A LOT BETTER IF HE WOULD JUST CONFESS ERROR ONCE IN A WHILE."

AMONG THE "ERRORS" WHICH MARTIN SAID HE WISHED MR.TRUMAN WOULD ADMIT TO WERE THAT HE WAS "WRONG" WHEN HE TERMED THE ALGER HISS INVESTIGATION BY CONGRESS A "RED HERRING" AND THAT HE WAS "WRONG ABOUT JOE STALIN."

ALGER HISS, FORMER STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIAL, WAS CONVICTED RECENTLY OF HAVING LIED WHEN HE SAID HE HAD NOT PASSED CERTAIN STATE DEPARTMENT PAPERS TO A COMMUNIST AGENT.

MARTIN SAID HE HAD RECEIVED "MANY DEMANDS" FROM CONSTITUENTS FOR THE IMPEACHMENT OF SECRETARY OF STATE ACHESON BECAUSE OF ACHESON'S REMARK THAT "I DO NOT INTEND TO TURN MY BACK ON ALGER HISS."

MARTIN SAID "I AM SURE HE (ACHESON) IS NOT A COMMUNIST," BUT ADDED THAT "I DO BELIEVE HE MADE A BAD AND INDECENT BLUNDER X X X."

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 7 P.M., EST, TODAY, SUNDAY.FEB.12)

V434PES

FEB 12 1950

PROVIDENCE, R.I., FEB.12-(AP)-REP. JOHN M. VORYS (R-OHIO), A RANKING REPUBLICAN MEMBER OF THE HOUSE FOREIGN AFFAIRS COMMITTEE, SAID TONIGHT HE WILL TURN "A DEAF EAR" TO SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN ACHESON "UNTIL HE ANSWERS SOME OF THE QUESTIONS THAT ARE ON MY MIND."

VORYS, WHO DESCRIBED HIMSELF AS A CLOSE PERSONAL FRIEND OF ACHESON, SHARPLY CRITICISED THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR MAKING A STATEMENT PLEDGING HIS CONTINUED ALLEGIANCE TO ALGER HISS, FORMER STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIAL FOUND GUILTY OF PERJURY IN CONNECTION WITH INVESTIGATION OF COMMUNIST ACTIVITIES.

ACHESON SHOULD HAVE REMEMBERED, VORYS TOLD A RHODE ISLAND REPUBLICAN LINCOLN DAY DINNER AUDIENCE, THAT HIS WORDS ARE SCRUTINIZED THROUGHOUT THE WORLD FOR INDICATION OF THE POLICY OF THE UNITED STATES.

VORYS SAID ACHESON SHOULD HAVE RECALLED THE WORDS OF LINCOLN WHEN THE CIVIL WAR PRESIDENT WAS ASKED TO SPEAK THE NIGHT BEFORE HIS GETTYSBURG ADDRESS--"IN MY POSITION, IT IS SOMEWHAT IMPORTANT THAT X X X THAT I SHALL NOT SAY ANY FOOLISH THINGS. IT VERY OFTEN HAPPENS THAT THE ONLY WAY TO HELP IT IS TO SAY NOTHING AT ALL."

WB108AES

TUCSON,ARIZ.,FEB.12-(AP)-MARGARET SANGER SLEE, NOTED AUTHORITY ON BIRTH CONTROL, TWICE WAS REFUSED PERMISSION TO VISIT JAPAN, SHE DISCLOSED TODAY AT HER HOME HERE.

MRS.SLEE SAID THAT IN JUNE LAST YEAR SHE WAS INVITED BY MRS.SHIZUE KATO, FORMER MEMBER OF THE JAPANESE DIET UNDER U.S. OCCUPATION FORCES, TO VISIT TOKYO AS CONSULTANT IN ORGANIZING A GROUP TO PROMOTE BIRTH CONTROL AMONG THE POORER PEOPLE OF THE CITY. A RECENT JAPANESE LAW PERMITS BOTH BIRTH CONTROL AND STERILIZATION.

LATER, MRS.SLEE CONTINUED, SHE RECEIVED MANY INVITATIONS TO VISIT JAPAN, INCLUDING PERSONAL INVITATIONS FROM THE JAPANESE MINISTER OF WELFARE AND THE HEAD OF A TOKYO NEWSPAPER.

IN AUGUST, MRS.SLEE SAID, SHE APPLIED TO THE PACIFIC MILITARY PERMIT BRANCH IN WASHINGTON FOR PERMISSION TO VISIT TOKYO. ON AUG.30 SHE LEARNED FROM A CAPT.GEORGE A.HENDRICKS THAT HER APPLICATION HAD BEEN DENIED.

IN SEPTEMBER, SHE REQUESTED THAT THE DENIAL BE REVIEWED. ON NOVEMBER 20 SHE WAS TOLD THAT A CABLE HAD BEEN SENT TO THE THEATER COMMANDER (GEN.DOUGLAS MACARTHUR) AND ON THE FOLLOWING DAY SHE HEARD THAT HE HAD REFUSED TO REVIEW THE APPLICATION.

"I DON'T BELIEVE THE REFUSAL IS CONSISTENT WITH A STATEMENT GENERAL MACARTHUR RELEASED TO THE PRESS ON JULY 6, 1949," MRS.SLEE COMMENTED. "HE SAID THAT UNITED STATES OFFICIALS WOULD KEEP HANDS OFF THE NEW JAPANESE LAW ON BIRTH CONTROL--THAT IT DID NOT COME WITHIN THE SCOPE OF THE OCCUPATION."

VR1242ACS NM

TOKYO SAYS RE MARGARET SANGER SLEE: "PURSUING BUT THIS SEEMS TO HAVE BEEN HANDLED BY MACARTHUR PERSONALLY AND WE ENCOUNTERING USUAL PALACE GUARD RED TAPE." SUGGEST WASHN UPFOLO DAYSIDE. (THIS CROSSED YR MSG-KX)

FRISCO VIA KX

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FEB 12 1950

BALTIMORE,FEB.12-(AP)-PULITZER PRIZE WINNER WILLIAM L. LAURENCE TODAY DESCRIBED THE HYDROGEN BOMB AS "SOMETHING SEVERAL MILLION TIMES MORE POWERFUL THAN THE ATOMIC BOMB X X X A PHYSICAL MONSTROSITY."

LAURENCE, NEW YORK TIMES SCIENCE WRITER, SPOKE AT A SUNDAY SERIES ON ATOMIC ENERGY SPONSORED BY THE ENOCH PRATT LIBRARY.

"THE GREATEST AND PROBABLY THE MOST OMINOUS, TERRIFYING AND FRIGHTENING ASPECT IS THE RADIO ACTIVITY THIS TYPE OF MISSLE CAN GIVE OFF," HE SAID.

30.24- 8929

"SOME RADIO ACTIVE SUBSTANCES WILL LAST HUNDREDS OR THOUSANDS OF YEARS. BOMBED CITIES WILL BE UNINHABITABLE FOR POSSIBLY THOUSANDS OF YEARS."

THE UNITED STATES AND RUSSIA, HE SAID, COULD ANNIHILATE EACH OTHER IN H-BOMB WARFARE.

LAURENCE COMPARED THE H-BOMB AS THE SUN IN MINIATURE.

"THE SUN IS ACTUALLY AN ENORMOUS HYDROGEN BOMB IN SPACE, AND WE WILL CREATE ON EARTH A MINIATURE REPLICA OF THE SUN," HE EXPLAINED.

M1105PES NM

FEB 12 1950

NEW YORK, FEB.12-(AP)-MORRIS L.ERNST SAID TODAY HE HAD BEEN RETAINED AS COUNSEL FOR ROBERT A.VOGELER, AN AMERICAN CITIZEN HELD BY THE HUNGARIAN GOVERNMENT ON CHARGES OF ESPIONAGE AND SABOTAGE.

THE NEW YORK LAWYER SAID HE PLANNED TO BE IN HUNGARY BY FRIDAY, THE DATE SET FOR VOGELER'S TRIAL.

LAST WEEK SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN ACHESON TOLD THE HUNGARIAN MINISTER IN WASHINGTON THAT THE U.S. GOVERNMENT TAKES A "VERY SERIOUS" VIEW OF THE ARREST OF VOGELER, 38-YEAR-OLD VICE PRESIDENT OF THE EUROPEAN BRANCH OF THE INTERNATIONAL TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY.

VOGELER WAS ARRESTED NOV. 18 AFTER HE LEFT HIS BUDAPEST HOTEL TO RETURN TO HIS HOME IN VIENNA. HE HAS BEEN HELD IN PRISON INCOMMUNICADO SINCE HIS ARREST.

ERNST SAID HE WAS RETAINED BY MRS. VOGELER, VOGELER'S FATHER AND HIS EMPLOYER.

RECENTLY NATHANIEL P.DAVIS, AMERICAN MINISTER TO HUNGARY, QUOTED HUNGARIAN DEPUTY PREMIER MATYAS RAKOSI AS SAYING THE QUESTION OF WETHER AN AMERICAN ATTORNEY COULD APPEARE FOR HIM "WILL HAVE TO BE CONSIDERED--I CAN GIVE YOU NO ASSURANCES."

HA911PES

FEB 12 1950

NEW YORK, FEB. 12-(AP)-THE AMERICAN PEOPLE WANTED THE JAPANESE "AND ALL PEOPLES OF THE WORLD," TO JOIN IN THE FIGHT TO ACHIEVE A LASTING PEACE, FORMER U.S. SENATOR JOHN FOSTER DULLES TOLD THE FOURTEEN TOURING JAPANESE DIET MEMBERS TODAY.

AT AN INFORMAL CONFERENCE SPONSORED BY THE FEDERAL COUNCIL OF CHURCHES THE JAPANESE PARLIAMENTARIANS WERE TOLD THAT BY DR. WALTER W. VAN KIRK, AN OFFICIAL OF THE COUNCIL, THAT THE CHURCH ORGANIZATION BELIEVED IN THE "SPIRITUAL INTEGRITY" OF THE JAPANESE PEOPLE AND THEIR REAL DESIRE FOR PEACE. of christ in America

IN THEIR FIRST CHANCE TO ASK SOME QUESTIONS THEMSELVES SINCE THEY CAME TO NEW YORK, THE DIET MEMBERS SHOWED AN AVID INTEREST IN THE HYDROGEN BOMB AND WHAT IT MIGHT MEAN TO THE FUTURE OF THE WORLD-AND JAPAN.

DULLES SAID THAT THEIR DELEGATION SHOULD UNDERSTAND THE EFFORTS THAT HAVE BEEN MADE BY THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT TO ACHIEVE A SYSTEM OF INSPECTION AND CONTROL OF ATOMIC AND "OTHER WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION."

THE FORMER SENATOR AND CHURCHMAN IN DEALING WITH A QUESTION AS TO WHAT JAPAN'S POSITION SHOULD BE IN ANY FUTURE CONFLICT SAID THAT RENUNCIATION OF WAR IN JAPAN'S NEW CONSTITUTION WAS SIMILAR TO THE SAME PLEDGE OF THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT. HE ADDED, "I HOPE IT WILL HAVE A BETTER FATE."

BUT DULLES POINTED OUT THAT THIS RENUNCIATION OF WAR, EXPRESSED NOW IN THE UNITED NATIONS CHARTER, "DOESN'T AFFECT THE INHERENT RIGHT OF SELF-DEFENSE."

"I HOPE AND BELIEVE," HE WENT ON, "THAT THERE WILL BE NO OCCASION FOR THE EXERCISE OF THIS RIGHT OF SELF-DEFENSE. I ALSO THINK THERE'S BEEN SOME EXAGGERATION OF THE RISK OF IMMINENT WAR."

DULLES SAID THE SOVIET UNION TAUGHT THE USE OF VIOLENCE BUT SOUGHT MORE TO WIN ITS WAY BY "CLASS WAR" THAN "OPEN MILITARY ACTION." "I HOPE AND I BELIEVE THAT THE JAPANESE PEOPLE WILL BECOME SO SOLIDIFIED IN THEIR ADHERENCE TO DEMOCRATIC PRINCIPLES THAT THE DANGER OF A CLASS WAR WILL BE VERY LITTLE," HE SAID.

THE SOVIET UNION TOOK AN EXTREME POSITION ON THE QUESTION OF SOVEREIGNTY DULLES DECLARED AND THEREFORE WOULD NOT AGREE TO LET UNITED NATIONS REPRESENTATIVES INTO THE RUSSIA OR THE SATELLITE COUNTRIES "FOR ANY PURPOSE WHATSOEVER." HE REFERRED TO THE FAILURE OF UN COMMISSIONS TO GET INTO NORTHERN KOREA AND BALKAN COUNTRIES.

"THEREFORE," DULLES ASSERTED, "IT IS EXTREMELY DIFFICULT TO SECURE ANY AGREEMENT ON INSPECTION OR THE LIMITATION OF ATOMIC WEAPONS."

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HE SAID THE JAPANESE DELEGATION COULD "REST ASSURED" THAT THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT AND THE PEOPLE "WOULD TRY EVERY POSSIBLE MEANS TO LIMIT THESE TERRIBLE WEAPONS OF WAR."

THE FACT THAT JAPAN HAD BEEN DEFEATED AND SUFFERED GREATLY IN WAR MAY MEAN THAT PERHAPS "YOU MAY BE BETTER ABLE TO FIND THE ROAD TO PEACE THAN THE VICTORS," HE SAID.

HE EXHORTED THEM TO FORGET THE "DIVISIONS OF THE PAST" AND JOIN TOGETHER TO SEEK PEACE..."OR WE SHALL ALL BE VANQUISHED UNLESS WE ARE ALL VICTORS."

TAKESHI YAMAZAKI, REPLYING FOR THE DELEGATION THROUGH INTERPRETER TAKIZO MATSUMOTO, SAID THE JAPANESE PEOPLE HAD INDEED SUFFERED AND FOR THAT REASON HAD "EAL FOR PEACE." HE SAID THEY HOPED THERE WOULD BE A SPIRITUAL REVIVAL AMONG THE JAPANESE PEOPLE AND SAID THAT FILMS AND RELIGION WERE TWO EXPRESSIONS OF DEMOCRACY THAT COULD MEAN MUCH IN JAPAN.

HE POINTED OUT THAT HE HAD TOLD HOLLYWOOD FILM MAKERS THAT THEY SHOULD SEND ONLY THE BEST TYPE OF FILMS TO HIS COUNTRY.

HE SAID THE DELEGATION HAD BOTH IN BOSTON, AND IN NEW YORK TODAY, VISITED THE CHURCHES IN THEIR EFFORT TO FIND THEIR IMPACT ON AMERICAN LIFE.

THE MEMBERS OF THE DIET ARRIVED IN NEW YORK ON FRIDAY. AFTER ATTENDING A NEWS-CONFERENCE THEY WERE ENTERTAINED BY DAVID SHOLTZ, FORMER GOVERNOR OF FLORIDA, AT COCKTAIL PARTY. ON SATURDAY THEY VISITED RADIO CITY MUSIC HALL.

ON MONDAY THEY WILL BE THE GUESTS OF MAYOR WILLIAM O'DWYER AND WILL VISIT THE CITY HALL.

HJ714PES

BREMEN, GERMANY, FEB. 10-(AP)-THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT TODAY NOTIFIED A NUMBER OF EASTERN EUROPEAN TRADE REPRESENTATIVES IN NORTHERN GERMANY THAT THEY MUST CLOSE THEIR OFFICES AND RETURN HOME.

THE BALTIC UNION OF SHIP BROKERS WAS INFORMED IT WOULD HAVE TO CLOSE ITS OFFICES IN BREMEN, HAMBURG AND LUEBECK. THE AGENCY HANDLED GRAIN IMPORTS MOSTLY FROM POLAND TO GERMANY.

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Date Of Dresden Raid Used For Propaganda

Berlin, Feb. 13 (AP)—Communist leaders whipped up a bitter hate campaign against the United States and Britain in Soviet-occupied East Germany today.

It was the fifth anniversary of the destructive bombing of Dresden, ancient center of German culture, by fleets of American and British planes.

Royal Air Force records of the February 13-15 air-raids were not made public, but news accounts indicated then that the raids were intended to assist the army of Soviet Marshal Georgi Zhukov, advancing from the East.

Minute Of Silence

In the ruins of the old Saxon capital today, all street traffic was ordered stopped for one minute of silence at noon.

Communist organizations in all other towns and villages of the Russian zone sponsored "Remember Dresden" observance.

The Soviet Army's official newspaper, *Taegliche Rundschau*, told the 20,000,000 East Germans, "Destroyed Dresden reminds you—fight against the imperialistic robber."

Dresden's mayor wrote in the chief Communist party organ, *Neues Deutschland*, that the Anglo-American raids killed 35,000 civilians but had "not been a military necessity."

"We Shall Remember"

Mayor Walter Weidauer added:

"For this dreadful deed, we shall remember the American and English warmongers again and again. We wish tirelessly to recall this horrible destructive work to all Germans who have been bought by Wall Street and have become traitors to our German fatherland."

Soviet officials in East Germany indicated they feared no backfire from the hate campaign, since the Western powers apparently had no documentary proof that Russia wanted Dresden bombed at the time it was hit.

Soviet publications recently have claimed that the Anglo-American air forces tried to wipe out several East German cities because they had been marked for Russian occupation by the Yalta conference in January, 1945, and were about to be captured intact by the Red Army.

Communist editorials today drew a pathetic picture of Dresden on February 13, 1945, describing it as overflowing with refugees and wounded imagining they would be spared air attack because of the city's cultural significance.

"For this dreadful deed, we shall remember the American and English warmongers again and again. We wish tirelessly to recall this horrible destructive work to all Germans who have been bought by Wall Street and have become traitors to our German fatherland."

East Germany's communist president, Wilhelm Pieck, officially described today as the "fifth anniversary of the senseless destruction of one of the most beautiful cities of Germany by American bombers."

Reds Use 'Bombing of Dresden' To Stir Hatred Against Allies

BERLIN, Feb. 13—(AP) The allied bombing of Dresden five years ago was piped up by communist leaders today to arouse hatred among East Germans for the United States and Britain.

Dresden's mayor, Walter Weidauer, wrote in the chief communist party organ, Neues Deutschland, that the raids on the Soviet zone city killed 35,000 civilians but had "not been a military necessity."

The British foreign office said in London the planes had bombed Dresden to support advancing Russian troops.

"At the Yalta conference, it was decided that the western allies would give all possible tactical support to the advancing Russian forces," a foreign office spokesman said. "Dresden was the main communications center for the defending German armies.

"When speaking of bombing, the German people should remember the German bombing of Warsaw on Sept. 1, 1939, which started the whole chain of events."

Communist organizations in towns and villages of the Russian zone marked the fifth anniversary of the bombing of the old Saxon capital by sponsoring "remember Dresen" observances.

All street traffic in Dresden was ordered to stop for one minute of silence at noon.

But the day was observed mainly by saturating East Germany with a communist-inscribed hate campaign against the United States and Britain.

Recalling the Dresden bombing, Mayor Weidauer wrote:

"For this dreadful deed, we shall remember the American and English warmongers again and again. We wish tirelessly to recall this horrible destructive work to all Germans who have been bought by Wall Street and have become traitors to our German fatherland."

East Germany's communist president, Wilhelm Pieck, officially described today as the "fifth anniversary of the senseless destruction of one of the most beautiful cities of Germany by American bombers."

Russians Delay Trucks From West To Berlin

Berlin, *Tuesday*, Feb. 14 (AP)—The Russians slowed down trucks bound for Berlin without warning last night.

By midnight there were between 30 and 40 trucks stalled at the Soviet checkpoint in Helmstedt. German customs men said the Russians had offered no explanation. Only three or four trucks an hour were allowed to pass.

Truck traffic in the opposite direction, from Berlin to the west, was normal.

There had been no delays over the week end. Traffic was handled at the rate or about ten trucks an hour which is considered satisfactory.

FATHER OF DR. FUCHS DOUBTS CONFESSION

FRANKFORT, Germany, Feb. 13 (AP)—The 75-year-old father of Dr. Klaus Fuchs, British scientist accused of passing atomic secrets to Russia, said today he could not "completely believe" his son's purported confession.

"There are things in it that are just impossible," Prof. Emil Fuchs, Professor of Theology in Leipzig University in the Russian zone of Germany, told The Associated Press by telephone.

He declined to elaborate as to which parts of the document he doubted. The alleged confession to selling and giving atom secrets to Russia was read last week in a London court.

"I believe it would be better to discuss this in court," he said.

$35,000,000 Sugar to Germany

FRANKFURT, Feb. 13 (AP).—The Economic Co-operation Administration has authorized an expenditure of more than $35,000,000 in the past two weeks for sugar for West Germany. The E. C. A. reported today that $21,260,000 worth would be purchased in the United States, Puerto Rico and Hawaii with European recovery plan funds. Additionally $15,504,000 worth will be bought in Formosa and Latin America with Garioa funds (Government and Relief in Occupied Areas).

Bevin Hears Russ Report From Envoy

London, Feb. 13 (AP)—Sir David Kelly, British Ambassador in Moscow, reported to Foreign Secretary Bevin today. His report presumably dealt with the long talks between Premier Stalin and Mao Tze-tung, the Chinese Communist leader.

The Moscow talks between the Kremlin and Mao are entering their ninth week. Western diplomats here are speculating that Mao and the Russians are bargaining hard over the revision of the Sino-Russian treaty of friendship of 1945, and over a new trade pact.

FRENCH SHIPS NEARING PREWAR TONNAGE LEVEL

PARIS—(AP) The French Merchant Marine, which lost 408 vessels totalling 1,715,515 tons during the war, has almost reached its pre-war carrying capacity.

Officials figures just issued show that the French merchant fleet has 657 vessels with a total of 2,709,786 tons. In addition 14 new ships are now under construction or repair in French yards. This should boost the figure by another 108,716 tons shortly.

PARIS, Feb. 13 (AP)—France has protested to the Chinese Nationalist Government against the bombing of French non-military property in Shanghai, the Foreign Ministry announced today. The first warning was transmitted to Taipei last Tuesday, the Ministry said.

Churchill Blamed

BERLIN, Feb. 13 (AP).—In a speech to an outdoor rally of 100,000 Dresdeners, Alexander Abusch charged today that Winston Churchill ordered the bombing of Dresden to hamper the Soviet advance on Berlin.

Abusch, a member of the World Peace Committee, said the Western powers wanted to be first in Berlin with their troops "at any cost."

Gerhart Eisler, East German information chief, played the same theme. He asserted the raids of British and American bombers in the last days of World War II were "deliberately aimed at destroying that part of Germany which was to be occupied by the Soviet Army."

YUGOS SENTENCE 15 FOR OPPOSING TITO

Terms Ranging from 2 to 20 Years Given Group for Aiding Cominform

BELGRADE, Feb. 13—(AP) Fifteen students, workers and peasants were sentenced to terms of 20 to two years today after a trial in which they were accused of seeking to overthrow Marshal Tito's communist government.

In the five-day trial the defendants were charged by the prosecution to have been encouraged by Cominform attacks on Yugoslavia to organize a band with the aim of restoring a capitalistic regime by arms if necessary.

The defendants claimed, however, they were only seeking to organize a legal opposition party called "Federation of Yugoslav Nations."

Pavle Bunjevic, 38-year-old mustached construction engineer who received the longest sentence, said the organization sought arms only to take to the woods and resist in case of a Russian or Cominform invasion.

Dragoljub Clintic, 22-year-old philosophy student, who drew a five-year sentence denied the organization was Fascist, exclaiming, "between us and Fascism is an ocean of blood."

15 Get Terms In Slav 'Plot'

Belgrade, Yugoslavia, Feb. 13 (AP)—Fifteen members of an alleged terrorist band were sentenced today to prison terms ranging from two to twenty years on a charge of plotting to overthrow the Government of Premier-Marshal Tito.

The court identified their organization as the "Federation of Yugoslav Nations."

A three-judge People's Court, which has been trying the group since last Wednesday, delivered the finding in a tiny courtroom which was crowded to capacity.

The defendants had denied they were Fascist agents," as charged by the state. The defense claimed the accused tried only to organize a legal opposition party to work against Yugoslavia's National Communist Government.

HELSINKI PROBES MYSTERY BLAST

Parliament Building Damaged on Eve of Naming of New President

HELSINKI, Finland, (Tuesday), Feb. 14—(AP) An explosion occurred on the staircase of the Finnish parliament building early this morning. It blew out all the windows of the principal meeting room, but no casualties were reported.

Police immediately surrounded the structure and kept back the crowds who came running despite the hour one a.m. (6 p.m., EST).

A hole as big as two fists had been smashed in a massive door of the building. Police surmised the explosion might have been the work of boys.

Dr. Urho Kekonen, speaker of parliament, said:

"It is very difficult to think that the incident has any political bearing. It is also difficult to understand against whom a demonstration like this is directed and who should be interested in causing such an occurence in the political sense."

Finland's 300-man electoral college was scheduled to meet in the parliament building tomorrow to name a new president. Juho Paasikivi, the country's 85-year-old anti-communist statesman, is virtually certain of re-election.

There was no indication that the explosion was connected with the meeting of the electoral college.

Paasikivi won 172 electoral votes in the general election held January 16 and 17 against 128 for the two opposition candidates. In previous elections, however, the electoral college has not always followed the popular voting.

Russian Dignitaries Take Chinese Leader to Ballet

MOSCOW, Feb. 13 (AP).—Mao Tse-Tung, leader of the Chinese Communist state, took time out from his negotiations with Soviet leaders today to visit a collective farm and attend the ballet.

Mao arrived in Moscow in mid-December to attend the celebration of Prime Minister Stalin's seventieth birthday, and remained for the announced purpose of negotiating a Chinese - Russian friendship treaty.

He was escorted to the ballet by Deputy Premiers V. M. Molotov, K. Voroshilov and A. I. Mikoyan and Foreign Minister Andrei Y. Vishinsky.

There was much speculation in Taipei whether the air force did the bombing on its own initiative, leaving the explanations to the foreign office. A complaint against bombing of the American Baptist Hospital at Ningpo last October drew the reply that the air force was under orders to avoid all American property.

The nationalist press says the power plant was legitimately bombed because the reds had taken it over and it remained only nominally American property.

Dispatches from Hainan, big nationalist island off the south coast, said a number of bombers had been transferred there. The number was not inticated. While some nationalist reports gave the impression a red invasion of Hainan was imminent others disputed this.

One nationalist military source said red threats to Hainan were camouflage for an intended attack on Indochina.

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Chinese Say U. S. Property Useful To Red Army Subject to Bombing

TAIPEI, Formosa, Feb. 13—(AP) The Chinese nationalist foreign minister stated tonight that the air force had been ordered to avoid American property in red China, but that this exemption did not apply to property useful for Communist military purposes.

This informal comment was given to the Associated Press by George Yeh in response to a Washington protest against the bombing last week of the American-owned Shanghai Power Company plant. Yeh said his formal reply was still under consideration.

The power plant was raided Feb. 6 and 8. From all accounts it was damaged badly. Normally it supplies 80 per cent of Shanghai's electricity.

(A communist dispatch received in Hong Kong boasted that the plant was restored to service two hours after the Feb. 6 bombing, but did not say how fully. Apparently restoration was incomplete, for the dispatch mentioned workers toiling "throughout the night.")

1943 Start Of U.S. Cited

Manila, Feb. 13 (AP)—A high Philippines source today said the United States has been considering the hydrogen bomb since 1943 and was well ahead of any other nation if a race for its manufacture develops.

The authority, who asked that he not be named, said his information came from authoritative American sources. He did not name his American authority.

The informant recently returned from the United States. While there he conferred with top Government officials in Washington.

U.S. Diplomats Open Talks In Thailand

Bangkok, Thailand, Feb. 13 (AP)—American diplomats today began discussing means of saving Southeast Asia from communism amid reports from pessimistic Americans here who say it is already too late.

There will be no indication until a partial agenda is announced tonight whether this basic problem was discussed first among the many facing conferees.

Neither has there been any indication yet whether Philip C. Jessup, roving United States ambassador, is presenting plans for a new Far Eastern policy as reported from Washington or soliciting information upon which to formulate one.

Pessimistic Note

Strong pessimism about the situation was apparent among American officials and business men here. Business men generally agree that Thailand will go Communist if Indo-China falls. They say this is expectable in from ten months to two years.

The business men agree with American military leaders in Tokyo that Indo-China is the key to the situation. If Indo-China falls, they say, there would be no important opposition to Communism in this area.

General MacArthur's officers told the United States Joint Chiefs of Staff an American line should be drawn at the Indo-China-Chinese border beyond which Communist troops would not be permitted. American military observers here, however, indicated this probably would not be effective.

Ho Chances Held Good

They say Moscow-trained Ho Chi-minh, leader of the Viet Nam state recognized by Russia and Red China, has plenty of manpower but needs materials, which are now plentifully available in the hands of the nearby Red Chinese. They say Ho has a good chance of winning by making the French withdraw from Viet Nam because it is too costly to continue the Indo-China fighting.

The meeting is being held in the United States Embassy. New arrivals included Ambassador David Key from Burma, Minister Designate Edmund A. Gullion to the French-sponsored state of Viet Nam in Indo-China, and William A. Gibson, former consul in Hanoi, Indo-China, and now special assistant to Jessup.

ASIA QUESTION IS 'WIDE OPEN'

American Diplomats To Meet Again Today On Far East

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Bangkok, Thailand, Feb. 13 (AP). The Bangkok conference of American diplomats is "wide open" for suggestions on future policy toward the Communist-threatened Far East, highly competent sources declared tonight after twelve hours of secret meeting.

These sources said that roving Ambassador Philip C. Jessup did not bring out any formulated State Department plans from Washington, but was soliciting information from all the score of American heads of missions to Far Eastern countries.

Breaking up at 11 P.M., and planning another session at 9 A.M. tomorrow, the principals in the three-day conference were noncommittal in the extreme.

The informant said communism or its threat was the thread tying together all the variegated nations under consideration, but that the diplomats had not yet indicated how they regarded their own areas.

Announcement By Jessup

Many American business men and officials on the outside pessimistically said, however, that it was too late to save southeast Asia from communism.

Jessup issued a terse announcement that the heads of missions had reported "on political aspects of the situation of each of the countries to which they are accredited."

Some participants indicated that economics would be a basic point of discussions. Both President Truman's "Point 4" program for aid to under-developed areas and some form of Marshall plan aid were expected to be considered during the next two days.

Business men and other Americans well informed on Asiatic questions persisted in the opinion that Indo-China was the hottest spot at present under the Communist threat. They generally agreed that if Indo-China should fall to the Communists, Thailand would go Communist in ten months to two years.

Ho In Favorable Spot

There are rival regimes in Indo-China, one led by the Emperor Bao Dai under French sponsorship, the other by Ho Chi-minh, a Moscow-trained Communist. Britain and the United States have recognized Bao Dai; Russia, Communist China and other Soviet-bloc nations have recognized Ho.

Most observers here say Ho has a good chance of winning out, especially now that the Chinese Reds are at Indo-China's border.

Occupation officers in Japan recently told the American Chiefs of Staff a line should be drawn at the border, beyond which Communist troops would not be permitted. The view of Bangkok is that this probably would not be effective.

Johannesburg Natives Stone Police in Rioting

JOHANNESBURG, South Africa, Feb. 13 (AP).—Police and natives fought tonight in the Johannesburg area in oneof the city's worst riots in years.

A hundred natives attacked police and stoned cars and a railway station. Both sides exchanged gunfire. There was no immediate report of any casualties.

The trouble began when a flying squad of police tried to arrest a native. He resisted, and residents from the New Clare Location, a native area, came to his assistance.

Police were forced to withdraw, but one of their sergeants was isolated. Three natives smuggled him into a house. Strong police reinforcements then opened fire on the rioters and used tear gas to bring the sergeant back out safely.

Java Rebel Zero Hour Passes Without Action

Jakarta, Java, Feb. 13 (AP)—The zero hour for a threatened rebellion against the infant United States of Idonesia passed peacefully today, but the nervous nation kept up its guard.

The former Dutch Army Commando, R. P. P. (Turk) Westerling, had issued an ultimatum to the young Government demanding recognition of his private army in West Java by February 12. His troops seized key points in Bandoeng and then withdrew.

The Army continued to reinforce sandbag emplacements around its headquarters and over Government centers here. The 10 P.M. curfew is unrelaxed. Roadblocks in Jakarta and on West Java highways remained heavily manned.

Still Seeking Westerling

The manhunt still is under way for Westerling, who, with a following, is holed up in a secret mountain headquarters.

The Government, meanwhile, was having other troubles. Jakarta's three leading Indonesian-language dailies assailed the Government of Premier Mohamed Hatta in connection with the announcement of a $100,000,000 loan from the United States.

U. S. SPINDLES FOR BURMA

4 Americans in Rangoon Install $3,000,000 Textile Equipment

RANGOON, Feb. 13 (AP) -The Burmese Government has installed American machinery worth $3,000,000 in a state spinning and weaving factory to supply the nation's textile needs. The equipment was installed by American technicians the Government had placed under short-term contract. The Americans are to train Burmese workers in United States methods of spinning, blending and weaving.

The Americans are R. Caron of Pawtucket, R. I.; J. Stock of Lawrence, Mass.; E. Cranshaw of Manchester, N. H., and F. J. Came of New York City. Mr. Came said the factory presently employes 200 workers. He said that tests showed the factory's 20,000 spindles were capable of producing 45,000 pounds of cotton a week. He said the Americans are being paid by the Burmese Government, but their salaries are guaranteed by their home companies.

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India Votes Expulsion Of Moslems From Assam

NEW DELHI, Feb. 13 (AP).—The Indian Parliament today empowered the government to expel "undesirable" immigrants from Assam, India's eastern gateway.

The measure is intended to expel 500,000 Moslems who, since the partition of the Indian subcontinent thirty months ago, have migrated from East Pakistan. It also applies to immigrants from China and Burma. Assam borders on Burma.

Members of Parliament expressed fear that the large-scale Moslem migration might be part of a Pakistani "conspiracy" to

convert Assam into a Moslem majority state. Assam's 3,000,000 Hindus now outnumber the Moslems by little more than 1,000,000.

Transport Minister N. G. Ayyangar, who sponsored the bill, said he felt the influx of immigrants was not planned. However, he added, it has disturbed Assam's economy.

Police in India Prevent Fatal Beating by Tribe

By The Associated Press.

CALCUTTA, India, Feb. 13—Police fought a pitched battle today with tribesmen wielding bows and arrows and intent upon beating a fellow villager to death for violating tribal law. At least two tribesmen were killed.

More than 7,000 natives from a Bihar village had gathered to witness the execution of the defendant, found guilty of keeping his daughter-in-law as a concubine. Conviction calls for beating the offender to death and seizing all his property.

Police fired into the ranks of the tribesmen and finally dispersed them.

Viet Nam Rebel Leader Expected to Visit Moscow

SAIGON, Indo-China, Feb. 13 (AP).—Ho Chi Minh, leader of the rebel forces in Indo-China, will soon visit Moscow, French sources predicted today.

The Soviet Union recently recognized Ho's government, which is a rival to the French-supported government of former Emperor Bao Dai recognized by America and Great Britain. Some French said they believe Ho is presently in China.

The French Army has launched a large-scale military operation about sixty miles southeast of Hanoi aimed at driving Ho's forces from the area, which has about 500,000 people, French sources said. They gave no details of the forces involved, but said the offensive was going well.

Ho's forces, keeping up their recent wave of hit-and-run attacks, ambushed a French convoy of fifty trucks and cars twenty-four miles northeast of Saigon, killing six persons and wounding ten.

Jordan Cabinet Rejects Proposal On Jerusalem

Amman, Hashemite Jordan, Feb. 13 (AP)—The Jordan Cabinet decided today to reject the Garreau plan for internationalization of Jerusalem.

The plan, which the Cabinet has been studying for the past two days, was put forward by Roger Garreau, president of the United Nations Trusteeship Council. It would split the Holy City into three zones—Arab, Jewish and international.

Two months ago when the United Nations decided to internationalize Jerusalem, King Abdullah declared the people of Jordan never would accept such a move.

The Jordan Government has forwarded its rejection of the plan to the Trusteeship Council, now meeting in Geneva.

M'Arthur to Control Navy In His Area in Emergency

FEB 13 1950

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13 (AP)—The military high command made clear today that General Douglas MacArthur will control operations of all U. S. forces in the western Pacific—including the fleet — in case of war.

MacArthur, 70-year-old commander of this country's Far East military headquarters in Tokyo, has also been given peacetime control over operations of U. S. Naval vessels in Japanese waters. Outside those waters, which were not publicly defined at once, western Pacific naval operations will continue in peacetime under Admiral Arthur W. Radford's Pacific Fleet headquarters.

Setup Readjusted

This "readjustment" in the command setup to "reaffirm and clarify" the relationship between MacArthur's Far East command and naval forces in that part of the world was disclosed at a news conference of the joint chiefs of staff, who returned last Friday from a 10-day trip to the Far East.

Admiral Forrest P. Sherman, chief of naval operations, told a questioner at the same conference that he believes the Pacific fleet is so equipped and deployed that it could cope with any Russian submarine attack.

He confirmed that the Russians have about 270 submarines, not counting their midget subs, and said that a little more than one fourth of them are in the Far East, as they have been for a number of years.

These submarines and other Russian naval vessels based on the maritime provinces and on Dairen certainly cannot be disregarded when considering the security of the Pacific and U. S. communications in that ocean, Sherman declared.

To Keep Pacific Fleet Strong

"It is our plan," he added, "to keep the Pacific fleet as strong as we can within the total forces we have. As you know, we have made minor adjustments in that direction."

The chief of naval operations reported also that he had found morale in the Pacific fleet "surprisingly good, gratifyingly good." This finding contrasted sharply with the situation described in a letter handed secretly to reporters by Captain John G. Crommelin last fall, shortly before a house committee resumed investigation of navy charges that the Air Forces' long range B-36 bomber was being overemphasized in defense policies.

In that letter Vice Admiral Gerald F. Bogan, commander of the First Task Fleet in the Pacific, complained that navy morale had fallen "almost to despondency" because of a widespread belief that the country was being "sold a false bill of goods."

The study is being made by the National Security Council, which embraces the State Department, the Defense Department and other Government agencies.

Officials said that the purpose of the review, the latest in a series to keep President Truman and the Cabinet informed of "where we stand," is not expected to produce changes in the direction of major foreign policy.

May Answer Some Questions

It may, however, lead to some answers of questions raised by the argument over the projected hydrogen bomb, its possible uses and its impact on world affairs.

Open questions are said to include: Whether the United States is more powerful in relation to Russia as the result of the H-bomb possibilities, how long it may be expected to hold any edge it has, what effect the possible new weapon will have on this nation's strategic planning, and how the bomb should be used.

The question of use is regarded as one of the most difficult. It involves the determination of whether as a matter of high policy the United States should reserve such a weapon for use in retaliation only or whether it should use the H-bomb like any other weapon as soon as that became strategically desirable following the start of a war.

Headed By President

The National Security Council pulls together mainly the thinking of the State and Defense Department planners. President Truman is its chairman. The body has occasionally produced a sharp clash of interest between Secretary of Defense Johnson and Secretary of State Acheson.

In the present study, signs of a lack of any radical changes spring mainly from recent statements by Acheson. There has been no evidence of any break between Acheson and Johnson over world issues thrown into new relief by the H-bomb development.

Instead, breaks have come between the Administration as a whole and congressional leaders, particularly Senator McMahon (D., Conn.), chairman of the Senate-House Atomic Energy Committee, and Senator Tydings (D., Md.), chairman of the Senate Armed Services Committee. Both have advocated dramatic new attempts by the United States to reach agreement with Russia on atomic controls.

Lucas Recalls Proposals

Their suggestions have been turned down by the Administration. However, Senator Lucas (D., Ill.) Democratic leader, has recalled proposals from American scientists for a new approach to the question of atomic controls, and suggestions that President Truman appoint a group of experts to study the matter. Lucas said:

"I believe the time has come to give careful consideration to all of these ideas, because they offer us the chance for another start, another effort to save our civilization while we still have the time to do so."

A dispatch from Moscow said that talk of the possibilities of achieving world-wide atomic control has been revived in Moscow's diplomatic circles.

Security Council Is Taking New Overall Look At Foreign Policy

FEB 13 1950

Washington, Feb. 13 (AP)—The Truman Administration was reported today to be taking a new, overall look at American foreign policy to determine just where the United States now stands in the conflict with Russia.

SOVIET GIVEN BID ON ATOMIC TALKS

FEB 13 1950

U.S. Promises 'Sympathetic' Hearing in UN for Any Proposal

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13—(AP) The State Department invited Russia today to resume talks on atomic energy and promised a "sympathetic" hearing in the United Nations if the Soviets have any new proposal to put forward.

John D. Hickerson, assistant secretary, gave this mollifying response to a charge by Russia's Jacob A. Malik that the western powers were to blame for the action of Soviet delegates in quitting UN atomic discussions last month.

Reaffirms U. S. Support

Reaffirming American support for the UN General Assembly plan fo rigid international inspection and control of all atomic development, Hickerson told newsmen nevertheless that "we don't think for one moment all human ingenuity was necessarily exhausted in that plan." He added:

"If there are other proposals we are prepared to examine them sympathetically in an earnest and sincere effort to reach an effective agreement to control atomic energy and to eliminate atomic weapons."

This was a general restatement of the American official position but the timing and emphasis suggested a cautious new approach to the long atomic deadlock. A weekend Moscow dispatch—passed by the Soviet censor—reported that talk of the possibilities of achieving worldwide atomic control has been reviewed by diplomatic circles in the Soviet capital.

Hickerson is in charge of UN affairs in the State Department and was American representative at a meeting of a six power UN atomic energy conference when the Soviets walked out after failing to unseat nationalist China. Malik, in a letter to Secretary General Trygve Lie, declared he was "obliged" to leave when his demand to seat a representative of communist China was turned down by the U. S., Britain, France and Canada.

Raps Russia's Stand

Hickerson's response at a news conference was that "the Soviet Union and the Soviet Union alone" is responsible for blocking agreement thus far along the lines of the general assembly control plan. He said that the official record of what too place at the January 19 meeting answered Malik. He said the Russians walked out because of a "wholly extraneous and irrelevant" issue.

In respone to a question, Hickerson said that "we are ready at any time to sit down and talk with the Russians on atomic energy," making it plain that he meant in the United Nations group.

President Truman has said the United States will stick by the general assembly plan until a better one is put forward, Hickerson noted. Then he added his comment that any other proposals would be examined sympathetically.

CLAYTON WARNS OF ARMS TREATY WITH REDS NOW

FEB 13 1950

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13 — (AP) Will Clayton, former undersecretary of state cautioned today against an arms agreement with Russia at this time and said the western powers could never fully trust the Soviet.

Clayton told senators that any arms pact between this country and Russia would be "unfortunate because it would only lull the United States into a false sense of security."

Warns of War Peril

Declaring that a third world war is inevitable unless the U. S. makes a complete, radical change in its policy, Clayton said the solution is for this country to take the lead in forming a union of the Atlantic powers.

"Such a union would be so powerful and prosperous that the pull on all non-Communist countries and on the Russian satellite countries themselves would be so much greater from the west than from the east that such countries would in time gravitate to the west," Clayton told a Senate Foreign Relations subcommittee.

"Russia would be compelled to return to her pre-war boundaries."

Clayton is vice-president of the Atlantic Union committee, which advocates a federation among the North Atlantic powers. He gave his views to a sub-committee which is studying proposals for strengthening the United Nations.

Urges Atlantic Union

Clayton said an Atlantic Union—which would have a single currency, no trade barriers and a single foreign policy—would give the western powers a "preponderance of strength" in the cold war.

He said Russia will not start a shooting war unless her leaders think they can win. So long as both sides continue to build up their strength "to see which can be better prepared, war is inevitable in time," he said.

Support for an alternate proposal came from other witnesses, including Senator Ferguson (R.-Mich.). Ferguson is one of the sponsors of

a proposal to restrict the veto power in the UN, strengthen the world court and establish a police force to keep world peace.

Ferguson said if this country would take the lead in such a move, it would be welcomed by "the peace-loving nations of the world, whose faith and hopes have been shaken by the events of the past five years."

Russ Hold 'Lead' In Missile Race

Washington, Feb. 13 (AP)—Senator Johnson (D., Texas), of the Senate Armed Services Committee, said today that Russia is at least two years ahead of the United States in the development of guided missiles.

Johnson told a news conference that the United States may be ahead of other nations in developing the atomic and hydrogen bombs.

"But I'm afraid we are behind Russia in the ability to deliver our explosives in battle," he said, adding: "The three services each has a missile program of its own, but, as yet, no really worthwhile guided missile.

"False Impression"

"Publicity about some of our rocket research has created a largely false impression that we have missiles which would be used in defense of this country. As of now, we have none."

Johnson criticised the armed services in charging that the bulk of defense spending, five years after World War II, "is still going for weapons originally designed to help us win that war."

The missile program, he said, is only an "obscure item" in the defense budget.

"We must not tie our future security to our past successes," Johnson added.

Urges Merger Of "Brains"

He proposed that the three services combine their "best scientific brains" in a research program.

The lag in guided-missile development, Johnson said, will mean that "much of the effectiveness and usefulness" of the hydrogen bomb, when developed, would be nullified.

"If a guided-missile warfare should begin within the next two or three years," he said, "we, at our present rate, would be very feeble participants. For a push-button war, we have neither the push nor the button."

Ready To Discuss Atom With Reds, U.S. Aide Says

Other atomic energy news on Page 2.

Washington, Feb. 13 (AP)—Assistant Secretary of State John D. Hickerson said today the United States is ready "at any time to sit down and talk" with Russia on the control of atomic energy.

But such talks would be in the United Nations and not a two-nation matter, he emphasized.

Hickerson made this response to a charge by Russia's Jacob A. Malik that the United States and other Western powers are responsible for the Soviet walkout from the United Nations Atomic Energy Commission. The Russian delegate quit this and other Untied Nations agencies over a demand for expulsion of the Chinese Nationalist representatives.

Hickerson declared at a news conference that the "Soviet Union and the Soviet Union alone is blocking the agreement."

Refers To U.N.

In saying the United States is ready to discuss the subject "at any time" he made plain he was referring to discussions within the United Nations."

Hickerson was United States representative on the six-power atomic conference of the Big Five nations and Canada, when Malik walked out of the group. The Russian left when the commission refused to act on Russia's demand that the Chinese Nationalist delegate be replaced by a representative of the new Chinese Communist regime.

Hickerson went over the United States position in response to questions about a letter Malik wrote to United Nations Secretary General Trygve Lie blaming the West for collapse of the talks.

He declared the United Nations official record of what took place is the answer to Malik. He said the issue raised by Malik was "wholly irrelevant" and added that Russia showed little regard for the General Assembly's resolution directing the commission to explore all avenues in a search for an agreement on controls.

Hickerson said that although the United States is continuing to back the inspection and control plan supported by the General Assembly, "we are prepared to examine sym-

pathetically any proposals aimed at reaching sincere agreement and elliminating atomic weapons."

Plan Called "Inadequate"

Russia, he noted, has made no new atomic proposals since its plan submitted June 11, 1947. This plan for international control "everyone else considers woefully inadequate" Hickerson declared. He said it permits only periodic inspections of atomic facilities which individual nations acknowledge they have.

On the point of Russia's proposal that all atomic weapons be destroyed, Hickerson said that if effective international control is established, there would be "automatic destruction of atomic weapons."

Hickerson stated the United States stand as some lawmakers said there is a better-than-even chance that American scientists will produce an effective H-bomb.

State Department officials said there was no conflict in what Hickerson said and Secretary Acheson's declaration of last week that agreements with Russia must be based on strength and backed by force. The atomic-control plans under discussion by the United Nations are based on the idea of enforcement by the United Nations.

WARNS U. S. TRAILS IN MISSILES RACE

Senator Says Russians Far Ahead; Demands Review of Program

FEB 13 1950

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13 — (AP) Senator Lyndon B. Johnson (D.-Tex.) today demanded an immediate review of the nation's guided missiles program because, he said, Russia is far ahead in developing these weapons for push-button warfare.

Declaring that United States is lagging at least two years behind the Soviets, Johnson told a news conference:

"If guided missile warfare should begin within the next two or three years, we—at our present rate—would be very feeble participants.

"For a push-button war, we have neither the push nor the button."

Behind Russia, He Says

The Texas senator, a member of the Senate Armed Services committee, said the United States may be ahead in developing A-bombs and the projected new hydrogen bomb, but he commented:

"I'm afraid we are behind Russia in the ability to deliver our explosives in battle.

"Publicity about some of our rocket research has created a largely false impression that we have weapons which would be used in defense of this country. As of now, we have none.

"Our missile program is a minor, almost obscure item in the defense budget. Each of the three (armed) services has a missile program of its own—but as yet no really worthwhile guided missile."

The senator said the whole program of rocket research should be reviewed at once either by the Secretary of Defense "or if necessary by Congress."

He said the bulk of the military establishment's multi-billion-dollar defense spending at this time, five years after World War II, is "still going for weapons originally designed to help us win that war."

"We must not tie our future security to our past successes," Johnson said.

The Texas lawmaker declared that the three services should pool their "best scientific brains" in a common research program to work out guided missile problems together—not separately.

Under present circumstances, he continued, this country's lag in keep up with Russia in the guided missiles field will mean that "much of the effectiveness and usefulness" of the hydrogen bomb, when it is developed, would be nullified.

Congress last October approved a $30,000,000 start on a program to develop inter-continental rockets, possibly armed with atomic warheads, and other weapons.

Secrecy Shrouds Program

Close secrecy has masked the progress of American scientists in developing long-range rockets, and as so far as is known the U. S. record is held by the comparatively small "WAC corporal" which soared to a height of 250 miles when launched from a German V-2 at an altitude of 114 miles.

Meanwhile, as Congress continued to debate the east-west atomic arms race, a well-informed source said President Truman may name Gordon E. Dean as acting chairman of the Atomic Energy Commission to succeed David E. Lilienthal.

Lilienthal will step out of office on Wednesday, ending a government career which began with the Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) in 1933.

Dean is a former law partner of Chairman McMahon (D.-Conn.) of the Senate-House Atomic committee. He has been a member of the AEC for several months.

Nourse Challenged On Views Of Truman's Economic Council

FEB 13 1950

Washington, Feb. 13 (AP) — John D. Clark, a member of the President's Council of Economic Advisers, said today Dr. Edwin G. Nourse, former chairman, had given an erroneous picture of President Truman's relations with the group.

The dispute within the council which led to the resignation of Dr. Nourse last November, burst forth at a Senate Judiciary Committee hearing on an anti-monopoly bill.

It began when Senator Donnell (R., Mo.) cited a *Collier's* Magazine article in which Dr. Nourse said the council never had a chance to discuss its findings with President Truman.

Tells Of Conferences

Asked if he agreed, Clark said the description given by Dr. Nourse of the attitude of the President toward the work of the council was "erroneous." Clark then told of the drafting of the President's 1950 economic report to Congress, prepared by the council.

Clark said the council's proposed draft was worked over by the President's personal staff and then the council members were called in for a discussion session from 3 P.M. until 2.15 A.M. with no time out for dinner.

A revised draft then was considered again by the President's staff, Clark continued, and then President Truman himself sat in with his staff and the council at another meeting lasting 2¼ hours.

Asked For Comments

At that meeting, Clark said, Mr. Truman read the revised draft "word by word" to the council and asked for comments.

Donnell asked if Clark knew of any conference of similar length that the council had held with the President while Dr. Nourse was chairman.

"No, there never was anything like that," Clark replied. "Dr. Nourse was never able to get the affairs of the council handled that way."

The anti-monopoly bill before the subcommittee was passed by the House last August. It would prevent a corporaion from acquiring the physical assets of a competitor if the merger would tend to create a monopoly.

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M'CARTHY ASKED TO NAME 'REDS'

Spokesman Raps Accusations Made Against State Department

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13. — (AP) The State Department demanded today that Sen. McCarthy (R-Wis) "as a loyal American" turn over the names of the 57 card-carrying communists he charges are on the department's payroll.

Deputy Undersecretary John E. Puerifoy disclosed that he had wired McCarthy to hand over the list or publish them.

Skeptical of Charge

Peurifoy told a news conference that as far as he can learn McCarthy's accusations "are without foundation in fact."

"I doubt very much if any of these 57 are in the department. If I can find a single one, he'd be fired by sundown," Peurifoy added.

Peurifoy, who has been in charge of the department's security program three years, said the department relies largely on the FBI for its security checks.

"I know of no higher authority in the field," he asserted.

Peurifoy told McCarthy, who was in Reno, Nev., Saturday:

"It would seem to me that if you have this information, as a loyal American you owe it to your country to inform the officials responsible for any such characters existing in the government."

McCarthy, in a series of speeches across the country last week, charged that the State Department harbors communists and communist sympathizers who are helping shape foreign policy.

Tells of Loyal Checks

Peurifoy said that out of 16,075 checked by the FBI, "No employe has been found disloyal."

Peurifoy reported that two employes were dropped as "security risks" but not necessarily disloyal.

In addition, he said, "security questions" have been raised about 202 employes who have left the State Department since January 1, 1947, either through resignation or reduction in force.

"This does not mean that these employes were security risks or that a security risk determination had been made," Peurifoy emphasized.

Peurifoy noted that McCarthy has named four persons as examples of "specific cases of people with communist connections."

In rebuttal, Peurifoy said that John S. Service is the only one of those named by McCarthy who is now employed by the State Department. Service has been cleared, he said, and his case has been reviewed twice, March, 1946 and January 18, 1949.

Gustave Duran, the second mentioned, "voluntarily resigned" from the State Department October 4, 1946.

The third, Mrs. Mary Jane Keeney, resigned June 21, 1946.

Peurifoy said Dr. Harlow Shapley, director of the Harvard Observatory, never had been a State Department employe.

U. S. Arctic Air Rescue Teams To Use Piasecki Helicopters

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14 — (AP) The Air Force disclosed today it will equip Arctic air rescue teams with big twin-motor helicopters able to land on any flat surface.

The new mercy ship is the Piasecki H-21, developed from the "flying banana" type long used by the Navy, Marines and Coast Guard. The Air Force version has a much more powerful engine, an all-purpose landing gear and can carry up to 27 persons in its 20-foot cabin.

The helicopter was selected in a design contest among four manufacturers. Inflatable pontoons with built-in skis which surround each of the three wheels permit it to land no water and land as well as snow or ice.

The relicopters will be assigned to the Air Rescue service, which does search and rescue for the armed forces.

The H-21 is 54 feet long and has 44-foot rotors. It can cruise at 104 miles an hour or hit a top speed of 135 m.p.h. It has regular seats for ten persons and can accommodate 12 litters. As a troop transport it can carry 20 men, but 27 persons can be lifted by seating them on the floor.

It has a power hoist for bringing survivors aboard in areas where a landing cannot be made.

Builders of the new craft is the Piasecki Helicopter corporation of Morton, Pa. The Air Force did not say how many H-21s it has ordered, but the number is about 20.

Other models were entered in the competition by Sikorsky Aircraft of Bridgeport, Conn., Bell Aircraft, Buffalo, N. Y., and McDonnell Aircraft, St. Louis.

E. C. A. NAMES BONN AIDE

Jean Cattier, New York Banker, to Be Financial Chief

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13 (AP)—Jean Cattier, New York investment banker, today was named financial chief of Marshall Plan operations in Western Germany.

His appointment was announced by the Economic Cooperation Administration. The agency said Mr. Cattier also would serve as financial adviser to John J. McCloy, United States High Commissioner for Western Germany.

Mr. Cattier is a partner of the New York investment house of White, Weld & Co. He is expected to assume his new position about March 1.

The Economic Cooperation Administration said that in his new post Mr. Cattier would "be responsible for advising the ECA mission chief and the United States High Commissioner on all questions of internal financial policy" for Western Germany.

The new ECA official is a native of Belgium but became a United States citizen in 1942. He served in the United States Army in World War II, entering service as a private in 1942 and reaching the rank of major.

Dean May Become Acting AEC Chief

Washington, Feb. 13 (AP)—Well-informed sources said today President Truman may name Gordon E. Dean as acting chairman of the Atomic Energy Commission, succeeding David E. Lilienthal.

An Administration official said the President had not yet picked a permanent head for the nation's atomic work.

Lilienthal will step out of office Wednesday, ending a career of Government service which began with the TVA in 1933.

Dean, a former law partner of Chairman McMahon (D., Conn.) of the Senate-House Atomic Committee, has been a member of the commission only a few months.

Factors Involved

A member of the Senate-House committee, who asked to remain anonymous, said it is his understanding that the expected choice of Dean is intended to give President Truman more time to find the man he wants for one of the most important posts in Government.

However, friends said they hoped Dean will have an opportunity to demonstrate such ability to handle the post that his appointment might be made permanent.

Ex-P.W. Who Lost Leg At Jap Mine Gets First Check Today

Washington, Feb. 13 (AP)—"I wouldn't go through it again for $40,000,000," says Frank H. Bigelow.

Bigelow, who walks almost as well with his artificial leg as he did with two good ones, picks up a check for $1,198 at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning from Daniel F. Cleary, War Claims Commission chairman.

He is the first of 120,000 former prisoners of war and their survivors to get paid $1 for each prison-camp day under the War Claims Act.

He started his 1,198 days on Corregidor, last American stronghold in the Philippines to fall.

Amputation With Cleaver

In 1943 the Japanese took him to work in the coal mines at Omota, just 30 miles from Nagasaki on the Japanese island of Kyushu.

A heavy piece of rock fell on his leg one day in the mines and the Japs sewed it up without cleaning. After the poison got working, an American doctor, also a prisoner, did the amputation. He used a meat cleaver, a meat saw and two American razor blades, all he had.

Bigelow did not even notice the A-bomb when it dropped on Nagasaki August 9, 1945.

"There were too many other bombs dropping around us," he said in an interview.

He is now part owner of a Rockville (Md.) taxi company. The 29-year-old navy veteran was discharged as a chief yeoman in February, 1947. He will use his check to complete payment on the two cabs he and his brother operate.

Substandard Finding

About 200 other former prisoners of war will get their $1-a-day payments this week and next. Thereafter, checks will go out at a 50-a-day rate. Altogether the commission expects to pay former prisoners (both American and Philippine Island military forces) and their survivors $108,000,000.

Payments are starting almost a month ahead of schedule. Cleary says the main reason for beating his own schedule was a commission ruling last week which found all prison camps run by the Germans and Japanese to have been substandard. Under the War Claims Act the $1-a-day payment can be made only for days during which prisoners did not get food of the quality and quantity established by the 1929 Geneva convention.

The same ruling is expected to be applied soon to all other prison camps, but the evidence is not yet complete.

PRESIDENT ASKS END TO 'ABUSES' IN GI SCHOOLING

Calls on Congress to Clamp Down on Inferior Training

CITES SOARING COSTS

More Than 900,000 Will Be Taking Courses by '51, Survey Shows

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13—(AP) President Truman today handed congress a catalog of abuses under this year's $2,754,000,000 GI education program and urged the legislators to clamp down.

Pointing to skyrocketing numbers of veterans attending trade and vocational schools, Mr. Truman asked new legislation to prevent inferior training.

With an estimated 850,000 veterans taking such courses—and 5,635 private trade and vocational schools for them set up in five and a half years—Mr. Truman told congress he was concerned lest the GI education plan "be blemished by the belated growth of certain kinds" of such training which wouldn't be much help to the veteran.

Cites Mounting Costs

The president submitted a report of the Veterans Administration and the Budget Bureau which estimated that more than 900,000 GI's would be taking the trade courses by 1951 and that the national budget for next fiscal year probably must be increased to handle it if the trend swings higher.

The report said that $761,000,000 already had been added to the estimated cost of the GI schooling program for the present fiscal year ending June 30 because of unforeseen increases in the enrollment for trade, vocational and other schools below college level.

On Capitol Hill, Taber of New York, top ranking Republican on the House Appropriations committee, recently said that hearings had indicated the whole training program needs a careful checking.

He declined to make an estimate of how much might be saved from the $2,754,000,000 outlay but he hinted at a billion dollars.

The National Federation of Private School associations, meanwhile, has issued a report of its own complaining of abuses by the Veterans administration.

The report said that private enterprise schools would welcome a full congressional investigation.

The Veterans administration said that the "startling growth" in trade courses had accompanied a sharp drop in veterans' enrollment in colleges. The report made these points:

Voices "Serious Concern"

1. Enough poor quality training is in evidence "to warrant serious concern."

2. The states—which under the law have the say-so about approving schools and courses—lack uniform standards.

The agency said that courses for barbers ran from 11 weeks in some states to two years in others.

Some states allot two years and three months to turn out an auto mechanic at government expense, while others make it 20 weeks. Radio and television mechanic courses vary from 14 weeks in some states to 111 in others.

3. Some states approve schools which others would rate completely unsatisfactory.

4. Some schools are lax. They fail to require proper attendance, with students allowed to check in and leave at once. They don't record student progress, and don't provide competent teachers.

5. The subsistence allowance for the student veteran (up to $120 a month) apparently accounts for increased enrollment in some areas.

The most rapid growth in establishment of new training schools is in areas temporarily hit by high unemployment, the report said. It cited advertisements emphasizing the financial benefits to the veteran:

"You can work on a full-time job and still draw full subsistence pay."

"Learn tailoring—special offer today $100 suit free to veteran students."

6. Thousands of veterans have enrolled in courses in which the field is overcrowded.

7. Millions of dollars are lost through excessive tuition ments.

8. The government has overpaid $199,638,013 to veterans in subsistence allowances because the schools or the veterans have failed to notify VA when training is completed or interrupted. Of this amount $159,433,867 has been recovered, but it goes on at a rate of $1,300,000 a month.

E. R. Black to Visit Europe

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13 (AP).—Eugene R. Black, president of the World Bank, announced today he will visit Canada next week and go to England and France in April for a "short trip."

4,000 Watched, Mundt Says

Detroit, Feb. 13 (AP)—Senator Mundt (R., S.D.) said tonight he had been informed there are 4,000 Communists under close surveillance in the United States.

"I understand," he said in an interview, "that these would be picked up within 24 hours if war broke out."

Mundt said a congressional committee had estimated that altogether there are between 50,000 and 70,000 active Communists in the United States. The Senator said he did not know what disposition the Government would make of the most dangerous Communists after they were picked up in event of war.

Foes Need Organization

In a speech at suburban Wyandotte tonight, Senator Mundt declared communism "has pushed its tentacles out in every civilized country and associated itself with socialism, nazism and fascism."

Opponents of communism, he said, must "develop some kind of cohesive, working organization to protect the way of life of the people who believe in freedom."

"This can be done," he said, "by an educational program, community action, by becoming alert to subversive elements, and by projecting the dividends of freedom to more and more people in every community."

She said she was told a cable had been sent to the theater commander (Gen. Douglas MacArthur) and he declined to review her application.

Inconsistency Hit

"I don't believe the refusal is consistent with a statement General MacArthur released to the press on July 6, 1949," Mrs. Slee said. "He said that United States officials would keep hands off the new Japanese law on birth-control—that it did not come within the scope of occupation."

A recent law permits both birth control and sterilization.

Mrs. Slee said she had received many invitations to enter Japan, including a personal invitation from the Japanese Minister of Welfare.

BOMB THREAT CAUSES NAVAL STATION SCARE

ALAMEDA, Calif., Feb. 13—(AP) A telephoned threat that the naval air station would be blown up brought a full security alert at some naval installations in this area today.

Paul Newcomb, operator of the Oakland fire department's alarm center, said he heard someone on the telephone say last night that "the naval air station will be blown up after 4 a.m."

A full security alert was placed on the Alameda station, the reserve air unit at Oakland airport, the naval supply center in Oakland, and the Moffett naval air station at Sunnyvale, 30 miles south of San Francisco.

The alert was lifted about noon.

"It was just one of those things you couldn't ignore," a navy spokesman said.

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Twice Denied Japan Entry, Birth Control Advocate Says

Tucson, Ariz., Feb. 13 (AP)—A noted authority on birth control says she twice has been denied permission to enter Japan.

Margaret Sanger Slee said yesterday she applied for permission last August and was turned down. In September she asked that the denial be reviewed.

PELLEY TO FIGHT EXTRADITION MOVE

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Feb. 13—(AP) Attorneys for William Dudley Pelley said tonight they will fight extradition of the former "Silver Shirts" leader to North Carolina.

Pelley, convicted of sedition in a wartime trial, is to be paroled tomorrow from federal prison in Terre Haute. Officers from Buncombe County, North Carolina, are waiting to return him to that state.

The 59-year-old Pelley is accused of violating a suspended sentence given him in 1935 on a charge of violating the North Carolina securities law.

George A. Henry, Indianapolis attorney, and T. Emmet McKenzie, Washington, D. C., attorney, said they have retained N. George Nassar, local lawyer, to fight Pelley's extradition.

Henry and McKenzie said they would resist the extradition on these two grounds:

1. Although on parole, Pelley will be under custody of the warden of the federal prison, thus rendering void any attempts to prosecute him by the state of North Carolina.

2. They claimed to have a copy of a letter written at the time of Pelley's conviction in North Carolina by the judge of Duncombe County. The judge, not named, is alleged to have written to the U. S. attorney for the western district of North Carolina, suggesting that Peley's state and federal sentences be served concurrently.

The lawyers will attempt to prove that Pelley's federal sentence thus makes up for his North Carolina sentence, and that he should be freed.

He said, furthermore, that Einstein had nothing to do with developing the atom bomb.

His Theory Used

Einstein is generally rated among scientists as the greatest theoretical physicist since Newton. Although he did not work on the atom bomb itself, his special relativity theory, which took the view that mass and energy are equivalent, formed the basis for the bomb.

The United States embarked on the A-bomb project after Einstein wrote a letter to President Roosevelt during the war saying that such a bomb was possible and warning that the Germans might succeed in developing one.

Rankin had printed in the congressional record excerpts from a report prepared for him by the House Un-American Activities Committee.

It listed alleged communist front groups with which Einstein was associated.

Committee spokesmen said the report was prepared for Rankin at the latter's request and was based on information in the committee's file. It was not made public by the committee.

Calls Einstein "Faker"

"One of the greatest fakers the world ever knew is Albert Einstein, who should have been deported for his communistic activities years ago," Rankin said in a statement he put in the record along with the report.

"He has been engaged in communistic activities in this country for a long time . . . he had no more to do with the development of the atomic bomb than if there hadn't been such a thing. American scientists developed the atom bomb x x x and old faker Einstein had nothing to do with it."

Rankin said the committee report listed Einstein as having been associated with the Congress of American Soviet Friendship, the American Committee for Protection of the Foreign Born, and the Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee.

Einstein Warns Of Bomb Peril

FEB 13 1950

New York, Feb. 13 (AP)—Dr. Albert Einstein warns mankind to stop fighting—or disappear from the face of the earth.

Development and use of the hydrogen bomb, he says, possibly could cause "annihilation of any life on earth" through radioactive poisoning of the atmosphere.

The man who gave science the theoretical knowledge needed to make the H-bomb presented this two-point formula yesterday for saving the peoples of the world from "general annihilation":

1. A ban on violence among nations, "not only with respect to means of mass destruction."

2. Creation of a "supranational judicial and executive body [superior to any country] to decide questions of immediate concern to the security of the nations."

On Mrs. Roosevelt's Show

Dr. Einstein's views were given in the first of a series of television shows conducted by Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt. The scientist's statement was broadcast from a transcription.

Dr. Einstein said the present arms race between the United States and Russia has developed a "hysterical character."

"Every step," he said, "appears as the unavoidable consequence of the preceding one. In the end, there beckons more and more clearly general annihilation."

A "supranational" body is necessary to carry out nonviolent aims, he declared, and international control of weapons would be only "of secondary use as a police measure."

Rankin Assails Einstein; Calls Scientest 'Old Faker'

Should Have Been Deported Long Ago, Lawmaker Says

FEB 13 1950

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13 — (AP) Rep. Rankin (D-Miss) today called Albert Einstein an "old faker" with a record of communist-front activity and said he should have been deported long ago.

"The bunk that he (Einstein) now is spreading" about world government "is simply carrying out the communist line," Rankin said.

Einstein last night warned mankind to stop fighting or disappear from the face of the earth under the impact of modern weapons.

He proposed a ban on violence among nations and creation of a "supra-national judicial and executive body (superior to any country) to decide questions of immediate concern to the security of nations.

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H-BOMB SEEN END OF WORLD

Civilization Couldn't Recover, Scientist Says

FEB 13 1950

New York, Feb. 13 (AP)—One of the world's top chemists said tonight that an H-bomb war would mean "death, devastation and the complete destruction of civilization."

Human, animal and plant life never could recover, added Dr. Linus Pauling, director of chemistry for the California Institute of Technology.

His prepared address was for a "rally against the H-bomb" sponsored by the National Council of the Arts, Sciences and Professions at Carnegie Hall.

Called Sounding Board

A year ago the council sponsored the controversial Waldorf-Astoria Hotel "peace conference," attended by some Iron Curtain country delegates. The State Department called that meeting a sounding board for Soviet propaganda.

Other speakers for the Carnegie Hall rally were Dr. Harlow Shapley, director of the Harvard observatory and chairman of the 1949 "peace conference," and Dr. Philip Morrison, atomic physicist of Cornell University.

Dr. Pauling went even further in his address than did Prof. Albert Einstein yesterday.

Einstein told a television audience that annihilation of life on earth was possible through radioactive poisoning of the atmosphere.

Whole Atmosphere Radioactive

Said Dr. Pauling of the aftermath of a hydrogen bomb war:

"The atmosphere over the whole earth would be filled with radioactive products of nuclear reactions.

"No human being, no animal, no plant over the surface of the earth would in future years be safe from the insidious action of these great quantities of radioactive materials.

"Even though, by centuries of effort, the physical destruction caused by these hydrogen bombs might conceivably be repaired, the biological effects never could be averted."

Dr. Pauling criticized Dr. Harold Urey and other scientists who he said see force as a solution to the cold war.

"Harold, you are wrong," the chemist said. "Force is not the solution. I do not know the solution; but I know that you are wrong. I know that war must be averted."

Wants Public Hearings

Dr. Pauling suggested that Congress hold extended public hearings on the H-bomb, that Senator McMahon's proposal to divert arms monies for human welfare be considered and that the United States susidize a multimillion-dollar research program into war prevention through the National Academy of Science.

"And—most important of all—the United States and Russia must engage in two-power negotiations," added Dr. Pauling.

He did not enlarge on the long-range effects of hydrogen bombing. But other scientists have expressed fears that radioactivity in the atmosphere might cause cancer.

Billion Might Be Killed

Some scientists also assume that radioactive dust would cause changes in heredity that will continue for centuries and be more bad than good.

In the first phase of an atomic war, Dr. Pauling speculated that a billion people might be killed by 40 or so hydrogen bombs.

"The question of an atomic war is not an ordinary political question. It is of equal concern to the left-winger, the right-winger and the man in the middle of the road," he said.

"The hydrogen bomb would not discriminate—it would kill them all.

"This problem of an atomic war must not be confused with minor problems, such as communism vs. capitalism. It is a problem that overwhelms them—and if it can be solved, they, too, can be solved.

"Our leaders must abandon the policy of continued incitement of the East and West against one another, the policy of continued preparation for war, the policy of planning to rule the world by force."

GROTEWOHL IS SEEN AS RED CAPTIVE

By RICHARD K. O'MALLEY
AP Newsfeatures

FEB 1950

BERLIN—Otto Grotewohl, owl-eyed prime minister of Communist East Germany, is a man no longer understood by his old friends.

They can't reconcile the kindly, straightforward Social Democrat they knew with the Grotewohl who suddenly became a deep ally of the Russians and the Communists at the expense of his own party.

For his history was one of Socialism, not Communism. The two are violently opposed, yet Grotewohl was highly instrumental in the forced Socialist-Communist merger in 1946.

Actually it was not a merger, but a swallowing up of the Socialists by the Communists.

Grotewohl's personal background shows nothing outwardly which would have led him to forsake the party he suffered for under the Nazis.

He was the son of middle class parents, and was born March 11, 1894, in Braunschweig in what is now the British zone. He studied at Leibniz academy and at a Berlin political college. Later he was a student guest at Berlin university.

He became a printer by trade, but apparently never followed it closely. After World War I, he got a job as an insurance company clerk. His interest in politics waxed and he successfully sought a place on the Braunschweig city council. Later he became a member of the state parliament, and finally was sent to the German Reichstag as a Social Democrat member.

He became Braunschweig minister of interior and education in the Weimar republic, later minister of justice.

In 1933 the lanky, serious Grotewohl was elected chairman of the Braunschweig Social Democrats.

Then the Nazis came into power, jailed him for seven months, but a people's court acquitted him of a charge of illegal political activity.

Grotewohl seems to have kept his political connections, for after the abortive Hitler bomb plot at Munich in 1939, Gestapo men grabbed him. Once again he went free, but after the second bomb plot, in 1944, Grotewohl went into hiding to avoid arrest again.

After World War II Grotewohl took up his political career again. He helped revive the Social Democrat party and was made chairman of its central committee in June, 1945.

Then, without any warning to his friends, he suddenly collaborated with veteran Communist Wilhelm Pieck, now east German president, for the merger of the east zone Socialists with the Communists.

The Communists showed they trusted him and named him to the powerful politburo of the Socialist Unity Communist party.

Then came the political payoff and Grotewohl was named prime minister in a show-of-hands election in east Berlin when the Communists took over.

Last November it was reported that Grotewohl had been taken to a hospital for treatment of influenza, which later developed into pneumonia. West Berlin newspapers insisted it was the beginning of the end for Grotewohl, and that his illness was purely political.

The east government denied this, and after treatment, Grotewohl was shown in a news photo as taking part in a public ceremony.

President Pieck then announced Grotewohl would take a rest cure in a Soviet Union health resort. Ulbricht, chief deputy, took his job.

The west put its finger to the side of its nose and nodded.

"Exit Otto," they said. "Once he gets to Russia he'll get the Dimitrov treatment." (George Dimitrov, Communist premier of Bulgaria, went to Russia for medical care and died there.)

A former secretary of Grotewohl recalls one conversation with him.

"He told me once he would never go to Russia, no matter how many times they asked him. And now look."

The latest word from him in the east press was that Berlin Communists had sent a good health message to him at Moscow.

One west Berlin Social Democrat commented:

"I don't ever remember Moscow as being designated as a Soviet health resort."

Unit In U.S. To Seek West Germany Markets

New York, Feb. 13 (AP)—A trade association to find United States markets for German products and relay information to German industries will be established here by April, Franz Bluecher, Vice Chancellor of western Germany, said today.

Initial steps toward setting up the organization were taken after conferences with American bankers and industrialists, he said in an interview. The group would be composed chiefly of Americans with knowledge of United States markets, assisted by West German representatives, he added.

Lee Pencil Interests Japs

New York, Feb. 13 (AP)—Fourteen members of the Japanese Parliament made an officially escorted tour of New York today. Members of the group appeared most impressed when shown, in Grant's Tomb, a pencil described as the one Robert E. Lee used to sign the surrender terms that ended the Civil War.

'Ike' Warns Of 'Creeping Paralysis From Within'

New York, Feb. 13 (AP)—Gen. Dwight D. Eisenhower said today that "in spite of all the terrifying things we read about bombs, freedom is in no more danger from without than it is from creeping paralysis from within."

Eisenhower addressed the American Institute of Mining and Metallurgical Engineering.

He expressed confidence that this country will maintain its freedom so long as "every project is measured in terms of how it will affect the basic rights of man."

London, Tuesday, Feb. 14—(AP)—The Moscow Radio today quoted a Soviet Negro woman as saying that [redacted] members of her race in the United States lack even basic rights, while in [redacted] the [redacted] "their life is a happy one."

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The radio broadcast, heard here, identified the woman as Anota Abash,

"whose ancestors lived in South America." She is a doctor's assistant. She made a political speech in the village of Atyuksha in [redacted] of the Caucasus. [redacted] will elect a new Supreme Soviet (parliament) March 12.

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The woman said Negroes live in several villages of the [redacted] and include collective farmers, schoolteachers, doctors and agronomists.

"All of us [redacted] Negroes and the Russians live as friends and strive together so that our lives shall be still more rich and cultured," she said. "But in the United States, 14,000,000 members of my race are actually deprived of the most elementary rights of man."

The broadcast did not say whether she had ever been to the [redacted] or how long her family had been in russia.

LONDON, FEB. 13-(AP)-"THE OBJECT OF RUSSIAN POLICY IS TO GET CONTROL OF EUROPE," BRITISH FOREIGN SECRETARY ERNEST BEVIN TOLD A POLITICAL RALLY LAST NIGHT.

SPEAKING AT AN ELECTION RALLY, BEVIN DEFENDED BRITISH ARMAMENT EXPENDITURES AND THE PRESENCE OF AMERICAN BOMBERS IN BRITAIN, SAYING: "IT IS OUR DUTY TO SEE TO THE SAFETY OF THESE ISLANDS."

THE FOREIGN SECRETARY SAID THE WESTERN ALLIES WERE "READY TO SETTLE THESE PROBLEMS WITH RUSSIA DIRECTLY IF SHE IS WILLING TO NEGOTIATE" BUT THAT THE SOVIETS HAD REFUSED TO LET A SYSTEM OF FOUR-POWER CONFERENCES WORK.

BRITAIN, HE SAID, "NEARLY WENT RIGHT OUT WITH HITLER" IN 1939 AND 1940.

"WE HAVE HAD ENOUGH OF IT," HE DECLARED, "AND I AM TAKING NO CHANCES."

JR/MD703AES

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WITH BERLIN (A58)

LONDON, FEB.13-(AP)-THE FOREIGN OFFICE SAID TODAY BRITISH AND AMERICAN PLANES BOMBED DRESDEN FIVE YEARS AGO TO GIVE SUPPORT TO ADVANCING RUSSIAN TROOPS.

A SPOKESMAN WAS COMMENTING ON THE CAMPAIGN OF HATE AGAINST THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN IN THE "REMEMBER DRESDEN" OBSERVANCES BEING SPONSORED THROUGHOUT THE RUSSIAN ZONE OF EASTERN GERMANY.

"AT THE YALTA CONFERENCE, IT WAS DECIDED THAT THE WESTERN ALLIES WOULD GIVE ALL POSSIBLE TACTICAL SUPPORT TO THE ADVANCING RUSSIAN FORCES," THE SPOKESMAN SAID. "DRESDEN WAS THE MAIN COMMUNICATIONS CENTER FOR THE DEFENDING GERMAN ARMIES.

"WHEN SPEAKING OF BOMBING, THE GERMAN PEOPLE SHOULD REMEMBER THE GERMAN BOMBING OF WARSAW ON SEPT 1, 1939, WHICH STARTED THE WHOLE CHAIN OF EVENTS."

SJ729AES

LONDONDON, FEB.13-(AP)-ATOM SCIENTISTS OF THREE GOVERNMENTS DECIDED TODAY AGAINST ANY PUBLIC STATEMENT ON A TOP SECRET HUDDLE AT BRITAIN'S ATOMIC LABORATORY IN HARWELL.

THE SCIENTISTS, REPRESENTING THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN AND CANADA, WOUND UP A FOUR-DAY CONFERENCE YESTERDAY ON WHAT NEW ATOMIC INFORMATION SHOULD BE RELEASED AND WHAT SHOULD BE WITHHELD.

THEIR RECOMMENDATIONS WILL BE MADE TO THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSIONS OF THE THREE NATIONS CONCERNED.

THE CONFERENCE WAS THE FOURTH OF A PERIODICAL SERIES. THE LAST ONE WAS HELD AT CHALK RIVER, ONTARIO, JUST BEFORE PRESIDENT TRUMAN SAID IN SEPTEMBER THAT AN ATOMIC BLAST HAD OCCURRED IN RUSSIA.

SINCE THEN THE UNITED STATES HAS DECIDED TO GO AHEAD WITH WORK ON A HYDROGEN SUPER-BOMB.

A THREE LAYER CORDON OF MILITARY POLICE GUARDED THE SCIENTISTS DURING THEIR SESSIONS AT HARWELL, WHICH FOLLOWED BY ONLY A WEEK THE ARREST OF DR. KLAUS FUCHS, MASTER MIND OF BRITISH ATOMIC RESEARCH, ON A CHARGE OF SPYING FOR RUSSIA.

ALL NOTES USED BY THE SCIENTISTS GATHERED UP AND BURNED EACH NIGHT.

WW1150AES

LONDON, TUESDAY, FEB 14-(AP)-A TASS DISPATCH SAID TODAY THE UNITED STATES HAS TOLD JAPAN SECRETLY TO REORGANIZE HER POLICE INTO AN ARMED FORCE OF 500,000.

THE REPORT, WHICH THE OFFICIAL SOVIET NEWS AGENCY PICKED UP IN PRAGUE, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, WAS CREDITED TO A WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENT OF THE LEFT-WING TELEPRESS AGENCY. THE TASS DISPATCH WAS DISTRIBUTED HERE.

THE STORY AS GIVEN BY TASS WAS THAT BRIG. GEN. COURTNEY WHITNEY, WHO IS IN THE GOVERNMENT SECTION OF GEN. DOUGLAS MCARTHUR'S GENERAL HEADQUARTERS IN TOKYO, HANDED TO THE JAPANESE A SECRET MEMORANDUM OF REORGANIZATION. NO DATE WAS GIVEN.

TASS SAID THE PLAN HAD BEEN DRAWN UP BY GEN. MACARTHUR AND WASHINGTON MILITARY EXPERTS FOR THE "REMILITARIZATION OF JAPAN."

"THE NEW JAPANESE POLICE (FORCE) IS TO BECOME THE CORE OF A FUTURE ARMY AND IS TO TRAIN FUTURE OFFICERS," THE DISPATCH SAID.

IN THE FIRST HALF OF THIS YEAR, THE SOVIET AGENCY SAID, 300,000 TO 400,000 MEN WILL BE CALLED UP FOR SERVICE IN THE POLICE--MORE THAN DOUBLE THE PRESENT STRENGTH OF THE JAPANESE STATE POLICE AND RAILWAY AND PORT GUARDS COMBINED.

IT SAID THE POLICE WILL BE TRAINED BY U.S. ARMY OFFICERS, MAINLY IN BIG INDUSTRIAL TOWNS AND PORTS, AND WILL BE EQUIPPED WITH THE "SANE WEAPONS AS AMERICAN POLICE"

DY1201AES

ST. HELES, ENGLAND, FEB.13-(AP)-ATTORNEY GENERAL SIR HARTLEY SHAWCROSS URGED TODAY RENEWED ATTEMPTS FOR AN AGREEMENT WITH RUSSIA ON CONTROL OF ATOMIC WEAPONS.

"I DO NOT BELIEVE THAT WAR IS INEVITABLE," SHAWCROSS TOLD A LABOR PARTY WOMEN'S CAMPAIGN RALLY. "I BELIEVE STATESMANSHIP CAN STILL AVOID IT.

"WHATEVER GOVERNMENT IS RETURNED TO POWER, WE MUST PERSIST IN EVERY POSSIBLE EFFORT TO SECURE UNDERSTANDING AND AGREEMENT WITH OTHER COUNTRIES AND TO SUPPORT THE UNITED NATIONS.

"WE HAVE HAD BITTER AND VIOLENT REBUFFS AND DISAPPOINTMENTS. THEY MUST NOT DETER US.

"WITH PATIENCE AND RESOLUTION WE MUST CONTINUE TO SEEK AGREEMENT OR ARBITRATION ON INTERNATIONAL DIFFERENCES, TO SECURE AN EFFECTIVE SYSTEM OF INTERNATIONAL CONTROL AND PROHIBITION OVER THESE FOUL WEAPONS, THIS BURDEN OF ARMAMENTS."

CALLING ATTENTION TO THE HYDROGEN BOMB, SHAWCROSS SAID THE ONLY COMFORT OFFERED BY SCIENTISTS IS THE STATEMENT "THAT, IN THEIR VIEW, ONE BOMB WOULD NOT SET THE WHOLE OF THE ATMOSPHERE ABLAZE," HE ADDED.

"THE TRUTH IS THAT MODERN SCIENCE--AND TO WHAT BASE USES IT IS BEING PUT--CAN NOW DESTROY THE WHOLE WORLD AND ALL ANIMAL AND VEGETABLE LIFE WITHIN IT."

BJ1022AES

PARIS, FEB. 13-(AP)-MAO TZE-TUNG MAY NOT HAVE PLANNED IT THAT WAY, BUT HE'S GIVEN THE CHINESE NATIONALIST EMBASSY HERE A NEW LEASE ON LIFE.

BOTH FRENCH AND CHINESE OFFICIALS HERE AGREED TODAY THAT DIPLOMATIC RECOGNITION OF THE CHINESE COMMUNIST REGIME AT PEIPING BY FRANCE IS OUT OF THE QUESTION FOR THE FORESEEABLE FUTURE.

WELL-INFORMED FRENCH QUARTERS SAID THAT TWO WEEKS AGO FRANCE WAS READY TO FOLLOW BRITAIN'S LEAD IN RECOGNIZING MAO'S GOVERNMENT.

THEN MAO, ALONG WITH SOVIET RUSSIA, RECOGNIZED HO CHI-MINH'S REBELLING GUERRILLAS AS THE LEGAL GOVERNMENT OF INDOCHINA. FRANCE AND HO CHI-MINH HAVE BEEN WAGING JUNGLE WARFARE FOR ROUGHLY THREE YEARS. FRANCE HAD JUST RATIFIED A TREATY WITH EMPEROR BAO-DAI AS THE LEGAL GOVERNMENT OF VIETNAM, COVERING MOST OF INDOCHINA.

"THAT WAS A KICK IN THE PANTS," DECLARED A FRENCH OFFICIAL. "WE'RE CERTAINLY NOT GOING TO RECOGNIZE MAO TZE-TUNG NOW."

K308PES

PARIS, FEB.13-(AP)-WALTER H.C.LAVES, DEPUTY DIRECTOR-GENERAL OF THE UNITED NATIONS EDUCATIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL ORGANIZATION (UNESCO), RESIGNED TODAY AT A MEETING OF THE ORGANIZATION'S EXECUTIVE BOARD.

THE RESIGNATION WILL TAKE EFFECT AFTER THE UNESCO GENERAL CONFERENCE IN FLORENCE, ITALY, BEGINNING MAY 22. LAVES WAS THE TOP-RANKING AMERICAN MEMBER OF UNESCO'S STAFF. BEFORE 1946, HE WAS HEAD OF THE SOCIAL SCIENCES DEPARTMENT AT THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO.

LS806AES

FEB 13 1950

Paris, Feb. 13—(AP)—The pro-Communist newspaper Ce Soir published today the photograph of a man it identified as Otto Skorzeny, fugitive for[illegible] wartime German SS (Elite Guard) officer.[illegible]

Skorzeny [illegible] "rescued" Mussolini, [illegible] on Hitler's orders, from his place of detention after his fascist regime had toppled. [illegible] and took him to Germany.

Ce Soir said Skorzeny now lives in Argentina and was passing through Paris on a business trip when the picture was made. The Interior Ministry declined to confirm or deny that Skorzeny is in Paris but noted he is not [illegible] on any war criminals list.

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Skorzeny is reported to have been ordered to attempt to kill Gen. Dwight D. Eisenhower during the Battle of the Bulge in 1944.

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ROME, FEB 13-(AP)-RUSSIA HAS AGREED TO REPATRIATE MORE THAN 100 FORMER ITALIAN WAR PRISONERS, INCLUDING 15 ALLEGED WAR CRIMINALS, THE ITALIAN FOREIGN MINISTRY SAID TODAY.

THE AGREEMEN WAS REACHED AFTER SEVEN MONTHS OF NEGOTIATIONS.

"A NUMBER OF RUSSIANS NOW IN ITALY WHO HAVE EXPRESSED A DESIRE TO RETURN HOME ALSO WILL BE REPATRIATED," THE MINISTRY ADDED.

THE ITALIAN REPATRIATES INCLUDE TEN FORMER OFFICIALS OF MUSSOLINI'S LAST-DITCH REGIME CAPTURED BY SOVIET TROOPS IN BUCHAREST AND SOFIA; 15 ALLEGED MILITARY WAR CRIMINALS NOW IN A KIEV CONCENTRATION CAMP, AND SOME 100 FORMER SOLDIERS.

ME912AES

Rome, Tues[illegible], Feb. 14--(AP)--The [illegible] Communist newspaper L'Unita said today Dino Grandi, who was foreign minister and ambassador to London under Mussolini, is in Rome on a "business trip."

The paper said Grandi had returned from South America and is transacting business with an Italian firm with Latin American subsidiaries.

Grandi escaped to Portugal after the overthrow of Mussolini in July, 1943. Some investigators say the former foreign minister engineered this coup. A fascist court at Verona in 1944 sentenced him to death for his [illegible] alleged part in the affair.

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In December, 1947, an Italian court cleared Grandi in absentia of charges of having committed fascist crimes.

A Buenos Aires paper reported last March a member of its staff had interviewed Grandi in Buenos Aires. The paper said he was living in Argentina under an assumed name.

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TRIESTE, FREE TERRITORY, TUESDAY, FEB.14-(AP)-A TWO-DAY GENERAL STRIKE BEGAN IN THIS FORMER ITALIAN CITY EARLY TODAY.

IT WAS CALLED BY BOTH NON-COMMUNIST AND PRO-COMMUNIST TRADE UNION LEADERS TO BACK UP DEMANDS BY INDUSTRIAL WORKERS FOR A 60-LIRE (10 CENTS) A DAY COST OF LIVING BONUS. THE INDUSTRIAL WORKERS HAVE BEEN ON STRIKE SINCE FEB.1.

THE NEW WALKOUT AFFECTS 35,000 WORKERS, IT IS ESTIMATED. NEARLY ALL SHOPS WILL BE CLOSED. RAILWAY WORKERS WILL STRIKE FOR TWO HOURS.

THE ALLIED (BRITISH-AMERICAN) MILITARY GOVERNMENT IN TRIESTE SAID IT "WILL CONTINUE TO INSURE NORMAL FUNCTIONS OF GOVERNMENT."

WB756PES

GENEVA, SWITZERLAND, FEB.13-(AP)-RUANDA-URUNDI IS OVERRUN WITH COWS AND THE UNITED NATIONS IS WORRIED ABOUT IT.

LEON PETILLON, GOVERNOR FOR BELGIUM OF THE TRUST TERRITORY IN AFRICA, TOLD THE U.N. TRUSTEESHIP COUNCIL TODAY:

"THE COW IS CONSIDERED A SYMBOL OF WEALTH, AND SOCIAL POSITION IS JUDGED BY THE NUMBER OF COWS A PERSON OWNS," HE SAID.

FOR A POPULATION OF 3,800,000 THERE ARE ABOUT 1,000,000 COWS, WHICH IS BETTER THAN ONE COW FOR EVERY FOUR PERSONS.

THAT WOULDN'T BE SO BAD EXCEPT FOR THIS: THE COW IS SO PRIZED THAT EACH HAS ITS OWN NAME. MILK AND BUTTER--A COW'S LIFE WORK--ARE JUST SECONDARY CONSIDERATIONS, AND SHE IS MUCH TOO VALUABLE TO BE SLAUGHTERED FOR MEAT.

SAID A U.N. MISSION, REPORTING ON A RECENT SURVEY OF THE BELGIAN CONGO TERRITORY:

"THE PRE-EMINENCE OF MAN OVER THE COW (IN RUANDA-URUNDI) IS STILL FAR FROM BEING ESTABLISHED."

WB539PES

FEB 13 1950

DESPITE A WORSENING OF RELATIONS WITH RUSSIA DURING THE PAST FEW MONTHS, WELL-INFORMED POLITICAL CIRCLES HERE DO NOT EXPECT THE SOVIET UNION TO INTERFERE WITH THE DELIBERATIONS OF THE ELECTORAL COLLEGE. THERE HAS BEEN SOME TALK THAT RUSSIA MIGHT TAKE SOME ACTION TO FORCE THE NAMING OF A KREMLIN-APPROVED PRESIDENT.

INDICATIVE OF THE DETERIORATION IN RELATIONS WITH MOSCOW IS THE VIRTUAL HALT IN NEGOTIATIONS FOR A TRADE AGREEMENT.

THE PRESIDENCY IS NOT A MERE FIGUREHEAD IN FINLAND AND CONSEQUENTLY TOMORROW'S CHOICE OF A MAN TO FILL THE POST FOR THE NEXT SIX YEARS IS OF VITAL IMPORTANCE TO THE COUNTRY.

THE PRESIDENT IS CHIEF EXECUTIVE, COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF OF THE ARMED FORCES, APPOINTS JUDGES OF THE HIGH COURT, HAS THE VETO POWER, WIDE AUTHORITY IN FOREIGN RELATIONS, AND, IN CASE OF A DISAGREEMENT WITH THE LEGISLATURE, MAY DISSOLVE PARLIAMENT AND APPEAL TO THE PEOPLE.

JA941PES

STOCKHOLM, SWEDEN, TUESDAY, FEB.14-(AP)-AN EXPLOSION OCCURRED EARLY TODAY IN THE FINNISH PARLIAMENT BUILDING IN HELSINKI, BLOWING OUT ALL WINDOWS IN THE PRINCIPAL MEETING HALL, ACCORDING TO REPORTS RECEIVED HERE.

NO EXPLANATION FOR THE BLAST WAS GIVEN, AND NO CASUALTIES HAVE BEEN REPORTED SO FAR. POLICE SURROUNDED THE BUILDING IMMEDIATELY.

THE EXPLOSION OCCURRED ON THE BUILDING STAIRCASE JUST BEFORE 1 A.M. FINNISH TIME (6 P.M. EST). DESPITE THE LATE HOUR, CROWDS GATHERED IN FRONT OF THE BUILDING BUT WERE KEPT BACK BY POLICE.

THE BLAST OCCURRED ON THE EVE OF THE MEETING OF THE FINNISH ELECTORAL COLLEGE IN THE PARLIAMENT BUILDING TO ELECT A PRESIDENT.

HA9PES

BERLIN, FEB. 13-(AP)-BERLIN'S HIGHWAY TRAFFIC ACROSS THE RUSSIAN ZONE FRONTIER WAS TREATED NORMALLY DURING THE WEEKEND, BRITISH AUTHORITIES REPORTED TODAY.

THEY SAID THERE WAS NO INDICATION OF A REVIVAL OF THE "LITTLE BLOCKADE" BY THE SOVIET-CONTROLLED EAST GERMAN POLICE THAT CRIPPLED TRUCKING EARLY THIS MONTH.

THERE WERE NO BACKLOGS OF TRUCKS AT THE FRONTIER THIS MORNING. CLEARANCES AVERAGED 10 TRUCKS AN HOUR, WHICH ALLIED TRANSPORT OFFICIALS CONSIDER A NORMAL RATE DURING THE WINTER MONTHS.

JR7AES

FEB 13 1950

BERLIN, FEB.13-(AP)-EAST GERMANY'S COMMUNIST-LED GOVERNMENT PLANS TO PUT ON FILE THE POLITICAL HISTORIES OF THE SOVIET ZONE'S 17,000,000 ADULT RESIDENTS.

PREVIOUSLY THE FOUR OCCUPATION POWERS HAVE REQUIRED ALL GERMANS TO GIVE DETAILS ONLY OF ANY MEMBERSHIP THEY HELD IN THE NAZI PARTY, AND FOR HOW LONG.

AN EAST GERMAN OFFICIAL ANNOUNCED YESTERDAY A NEW QUESTIONNAIRE WOULD BE CIRCULATED IN THE SOVIET ZONE REQUIRING EACH ADULT TO LIST ALL POLITICAL PARTIES AND ORGANIZATIONS TO WHICH HE HAD BELONGED, AND THE DATES.

WESTERN OBSERVERS VIEWED THE NEW CENSUS AS A FAR-REACHING COMMUNIST WEAPON, TO BE USED PARTICULARLY AGAINST PRESENT OR NEW ADHERENTS TO THE COMMUNIST LINE IF THEIR LOYALTY BECAME SUSPECT.

LS449AES

THE LONDON DAILY EXPRESS ON FEB. 16, 1945, SAID THAT DRESDEN HAD BEEN USED AS A RAIL AND ROAD JUNCTION TO FEED GERMAN TROOPS INTO THE COUNTERATTACKS AGAINST ZHUKOV'S ARMY.

THE COMMUNIST WRITERS TODAY CHARGED THE ANGLO-AMERICAN RAIDERS FIVE YEARS AGO TURNED FOUR AND ONE-HALF SQUARE MILES OF THE INNER CITY INTO ASHES, DESTROYING PRICELESS ART GALLERIES, MUSEUMS AND PALACES, BUT FAILING TO HIT RAILWAY, INDUSTRIAL AND MILITARY TARGETS ON THE OUTSKIRTS OF DRESDEN.

THEY ALLEGED THE PLANES SWOOPED LOW TO MACHINEGUN CIVILIANS SHELTERING IN OPEN SPACES FROM THE FIRES WHICH RAGED THROUGH 90,000 HOMES.

EAST GERMANY'S COMMUNIST PRESIDENT, WILHELM PIECK, OFFICIALLY DESCRIBED TODAY AS THE "FIFTH ANNIVERSARY OF THE SENSELESS DESTRUCTION OF ONE OF THE MOST BEAUTIFUL CITIES OF GERMANY BY AMERICAN BOMBERS."

THE COMMUNIST-DIRECTED FREE GERMAN YOUTH PASSED A RESOLUTION, ASSERTING:

"THE YOUTH OF PEACE-LOVING PEOPLES ARE DETERMINED TO OPPOSE WITH ALL THEIR POWER THE WESTERN WAR-MONGERS AND TO MAKE IMPOSSIBLE A REPETITION OF FEB. 13, 1945."

FIVE YEARS AGO THE WESTERN PRESS WAS ENTHUSIASTICALLY DESCRIBING THE ALLIED AIR OFFENSIVE AGAINST EAST GERMANY DURING THIS LATE PERIOD OF THE WAR AS "BLAZING A PATH FOR THE RED ARMY."

IT WAS VIRTUALLY IGNORED, HOWEVER, BY SOVIET NEWSPAPERS AT THE TIME. SOME OF THE LARGEST RAIDS WERE NEVER REPORTED THEN FOR RUSSIAN READERS.

JR658AES

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THE COMMUNIST-DIRECTED FREE GERMAN YOUTH PASSED THIS RESOLUTION:

"THE YOUTH OF PEACE-LOVING PEOPLES ARE DETERMINED TO OPPOSE WITH ALL THEIR POWER THE WESTERN WARMONGERS AND TO MAKE IMPOSSIBLE A REPETITION OF FEB. 13, 1945."

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SOVIET OFFICIALS IN EAST GERMANY INDICATED THEY FEARED NO BACKFIRE FROM THE HATE CAMPAIGN, CONTENDING THAT THE WESTERN POWERS HAD NO DOCUMENTARY PROOF THAT RUSSIA WANTED DRESDEN BOMBED AT THAT TIME.

COMMUNIST EDITORIALS, IGNORING THE ALLIED AGREEMENT TO SUPPORT THE RUSSIAN ADVANCE, CHARGED THE BRITISH-AMERICAN RAIDERS FAILED TO HIT RAILWAY, INDUSTRIAL AND MILITARY TARGETS, BUT DESTROYED PRICELESS ART AND CULTURAL AREAS OF THE CITY.

SOVIET PUBLICATIONS RECENTLY HAVE CLAIMED BRITISH-AMERICAN AIR FORCES TRIED TO WIPE OUT SEVERAL EAST GERMAN CITIES BECAUSE THEY HAD BEEN EARMARKED FOR RUSSIAN OCCUPATION AT THE YALTA CONFERENCE, AND WERE ABOUT TO BE CAPTURED INTACT BY THE RED FORCES.

FIVE YEARS AGO THE WESTERN PRESS DESCRIBED THE ALLIED AIR OFFENSIVE AGAINST EAST GERMANY NEAR THE END OF THE WAR AS "BLAZING A PATH FOR THE RED ARMY." THE AIR RAIDS WERE VIRTUALLY IGNORED BY THE SOVIET PRESS AT THE TIME.

IN A SPEECH TO AN OUTDOOR RALLY OF 100,000 DRESDENERS, ALEXANDER ABUSCH CHARGED THAT WINSTON CHURCHILL ORDERED THE BOMBING OF DRESDEN TO HAMPER THE SOVIET ADVANCE ON BERLIN.

ABUSCH, A MEMBER OF THE WORLD PEACE COMMITTEE, SAID THE WESTERN POWERS WANTED TO BE FIRST IN BERLIN WITH THEIR TROOPS "AT ANY COST".

GERHART EISLER, EAST GERMAN INFORMATION CHIEF, PLAYED THE SAME THEME. HE ASSERTED THE RAIDS OF BRITISH AND AMERICAN BOMBERS IN THE LAST DAYS OF WORLD WAR II WERE "DELIBERATELY AIMED AT DESTROYING THAT PART OF GERMANY WHICH WAS TO BE OCCUPIED BY THE SOVIET ARMY."

JM635PES

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THE ELDERLY PROFESSOR REITERATED THAT HE WOULD LIKE TO APPEAR AS A DEFENSE WITNESS WHEN HIS SON GOES ON TRIAL DURING A LONDON COURT SESSION STARTING FEB. 28.

HE SAID HE WAS SURE THAT THE RUSSIAN OCCUPATION AUTHORITIES WOULD NOT OBJECT TO HIS TESTIFYING.

HE EXPRESSED DOUBT, HOWEVER, THAT HE COULD ARRANGE THE TRIP ON HIS OWN. HE IMPLIED THAT HE WOULD GO TO LONDON ONLY IF SUMMONED, AND THEREBY OBTAINED HELP IN TRAVEL FACILITIES.

"I AM SURE MY TESTIMONY COULD HELP MY SON," HE SAID.

THE THEOLOGY PROFESSOR SAID HE DID NOT AGREE WITH PROSECUTION SUGGESTIONS THAT HIS SON HAD THE SPLIT MIND OF A SCHIZOPHRENIC PERSONALITY.

THE PROSECUTION HAD DESCRIBED HIM AS A MODERN JIKYLL AND HYDE--CONSCIENTIOUSLY HELPING IN BRITAIN'S ATOMIC RESEAR

THE PROSECUTION HAD DESCRIBED HIM AS A MODERN JEKYLL AND HYDE -- CONSCIENTIOUSLY HELPNG IN BRITAIN'S ATOMIC RESEARCH, ON ONE HAND, AND PASSING SECRETS TO RUSSIA, ON THE OTHER.

"I HAVE NO REASON TO BELIEVE THAT MY SON IS SCHIZOPHRENIC," PROF. FUCHS SAID. "IT IS TRUE, THOUGH, THAT HIS NERVES WERE NOT IN THE BEST CONDITION AFTER TWO YEARS INTERNMENT."

THE YOUNGER FUCHS, GERMAN-BORN, WAS INTERNED IN ENGLAND EARLY IN THE WAR, BUT LATER WAS RELEASED TO APPLY HIS TECHNICA

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THE WAR, BUT LATER WAS RELEASED TO APPLY HIS TECHNICAL KNOWLEDGE TO BRITAIN'S RESEARCH.

SJ8AES

BONN, GERMANY, FEB. 13-(AP)-THE WEST GERMAN EMBARGO ON IRON AND STEEL SHIPMENTS TO THE SOVIET-OCCUPIED ZONE WILL CONTINUE AT LEAST UNTIL MARCH 15, WHEN "THE SITUATION WILL BE REVIEWED," A GOVERNMENT SPOKESMAN SAID TODAY.

LIFTING OF THE EMBARGO AFTER MARCH 15 HAD BEEN CONSIDERED POSSIBLE, HE SAID.

DELIVERIES OF RUHR IRON AND STEEL FROM WEST GERMANY TO THE SOVIET ZONE WERE STOPPED LAST WEEK BY A FEDERAL GOVERNMENT ORDER.

THE REASON GIVEN WAS THAT WHILE WEST GERMANY WAS DELIVERING ACCORDING TO PROGRAM, THERE HAD BEEN ONLY A TRICKLE OF GOODS COMING TO THE WEST FROM THE SOVIET ZONE.

AN EAST-WEST TRADE AGREEMENT CALLS FOR RECIPROCAL DELIVERIES AGGREGATING 600,000,000 MARKS (ABOUT $150,000,000.)

KA950AES

FRANKFURT, GERMANY, FEB.13-(AP)-CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER SAYS HE WILL APPEAL TO THE WESTERN ALLIED HIGH COMMISSION FOR MORE POLICE STRENGTH FOR THE WEST GERMAN REPUBLIC. BUT U.S. OFFICIALS SAID TODAY THEY KNOW OF NO CHANGE IN THE RULING WHICH FORBIDS THE GERMANS A FEDERAL POLICE FORCE.

THE CHANCELLOR (PREMIER) COMPLAINED TO THE HIGH COMMISSION YESTERDAY THAT HIS GOVERNMENT NEEDS ADDED POLICE PROTECTION. HE CITED THE MASS DEMONSTRATIONS OF 3,000 TRUCKERS IN BONN FRIDAY PROTESTING A BOOST IN GASOLINE PRICES. ONLY BONN CITY POLICEMEN WERE ON HAND TO HANDLE THE DEMONSTRATION.

ADENAUER DID NOT SPECIFY WHAT KIND OF POLICE SYSTEM HE WOULD PROPOSE. -THERE HAS BEEN AGITATION IN GOVERNMENT CIRCLES FOR A FEDERAL FORCE AND A SUGGESTION HAS BEEN MADE IN PARLIAMENT THAT THE FORCE BE AS LARGE AS THE POLICE IN THE RUSSIAN-SUPPORTED EAST GERMAN PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC, SCHEDULED TO REACH 360,000 MEN.

WHEN THE WEST GERMANS DRAFTED THEIR CONSTITUTION LAST YEAR, THE WESTERN ALLIES PERMITTED THEM TO ESTABLISH FEDERAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES FOR FRONTIER CONTROL, COLLECTION AND DISSEMINATION OF POLICE INFORMATION AND TO SUPPORT INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENTS. HOWEVER, IT WAS EMPHASIZED THAT SUCH AN AGENCY COULD HAVE NO POLICE AUTHORITY AND THAT "NO FEDERAL POLICE AGENCY SHALL HAVE AUTHORITY OVER ANY LAND (STATE) OR LOCAL POLICE AGENCY."

LAST DECEMBER THE COMMISSION TOLD STATE GOVERNMENTS THEY COULD NOT FURTHER CENTRALIZE POLICE AGENCIES WITHIN THE SEPARATE STATES. THE RULING WAS IN KEEPING WITH ALLIED RESOLVE TO PREVENT RISE OF ANY POLICE POWER SUCH AS THAT USED BY THE NAZIS.

ONE AMERICAN OFFICIAL SAID THE PRESENT WEST GERMAN POLICE SYSTEM SEEMS "ADEQUATE AND EFFICIENT."

BJ1006AES

Belgrade adds govt.

the defendants and their sentences :

pavle bunjevic, 38, construction engineer and reported found r of the group, 20 years.

petar cerovic, 27, student, 18 years.

batric filipovic, 30, doctor's aide, 15 years.

milorad filipovic, 26, brother of batric and a university student, 15 years.

petar dimitrijevic, 25, forestry student, 15 years.

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ilija jovanovic, 28, student, 12 years.

milomir lepojevic, ~~xx~~ 34, worker, 12 years.

jovan cujic, 39, worker, eight years.

mikovoje radovanovic, 55, worker, six years .

dragoljob clintic, 22, philosophy student, five years.

milutin ~~krxx~~ krstic, 30, house painter, 10 years.

branko spasic, 31, peasant, ~~12x~~ 12 years.

dimca trandafilovskim 40, peasant, 12 years.

miodrag maksimovic, 26, philosophy student, two years.

miroslav arsix, 28, student, two years.

wr 1239p through 51750apr

SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN ACHESON INFORMED THE HUNGARIAN MINISTER IN WASHINGTON THAT THE AMERICAN GOVERNMENT TAKES A "VERY SERIOUS" VIEW OF THE TREATMENT ACCORDED VOGELER.)

THE HUNGARIAN ATTORNEY SAID THAT UNDER THIS COUNTRY'S LEGAL REGULATIONS ONLY HUNGARIAN SUBJECTS CAN BE ACTIVE LAWYERS. HE ADDED THAT ONLY LAWYERS CAN ACT FOR THE DEFENSE AND THAT THIS MEANS NO FOREIGN LAWYER CAN APPEAR BEFORE A COURT.

WB623PES

MOSCOW, FEB.13-(AP)-THE SOVIET SUPREME COURT HAS REJECTED CLEMENCY APPEALS FROM SEVEN OF THE 12 JAPANESE CONVICTED OF PREPARING AND WAGING GERM WARFARE.

THE MILITARY COLLEGIUM OF THE COURT CONSIDERED THE APPEALS AND CONFIRMED THE SENTENCES ORIGINALLY DECREED BY THE MILITARY TRIBUNAL OF THE MARITIME MILITARY AREA IN KHABAROVSK, SIBERIA.

NO MENTION WAS MADE OF THE OTHER FIVE CONVICTED.

THE SEVEN WHOSE APPEALS WERE REJECTED WERE GEN.OTOZO YAMADA, LT.GEN.RISJI KAJITSUKA, LT.GEN.TAKATSU TAKAHASHI, LT.COL.TOMIO KARASAWA, LT.COL.TOSHIHIDE NISHI, KAZUO MITOMO, AND MAJ.NORIMITSU KIKUCHI.

SF937PES

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THE PERFORMANCE WAS TSCHIKOVSKY'S CLASSICAL "SWAN LAKE" PRESENTED AT THE FAMOUS BOLSHOI THEATRE.

WHEN MAO APPEARED, ACCOMPANIED BY HIS FOREIGN MINISTER, CHOU EN LAI, THE AUDIENCE BROKE INTO LOUD CHEERS.

THE VISIT TO THE COLLECTIVE FARM WAS THE FIRST THE CHINESE LADER HAD MADE. IT WAS EVIDENTLY OF GREAT INTEREST TO HIM FOR THE FUTURE OF CHINESE AGRICULTURE IS ONE OF HIS PRINCIPLE TASKS.

CHOU DID NOT MAKE THE AFTERNOON TRIP, BUT MAO WAS ACCOMPANIED BY THE DEPUTY PREMIER OF SINKIANG AND PROF.CHEN PO-DA.

MAO INSPECTED THE FARM, LOCATED IN THE MOSCOW REGION, IN DETAIL.

IN ADDITION TO BEING SHOWN ABOUT, MAO TALKED TO THE HEAD OF THE FARM AND MANY INDIVIDUAL FARMERS.

MAO HAS ALREADY VISITED AN AIRPLANE FACTORY AND THE STALIN AUTOMOBILE PLANT.

SF940PES

FEB 13 1950

PRECEDE NEW YORK DAY (190)

BUDAPEST, HUNGARY, FEB.13-(AP)-A HUNGARIAN LAWYER SAID TONIGHT THERE IS NO POSSIBILITY THAT AN AMERICAN ATTORNEY WILL BE PERMITTED TO DEFEND ROBERT E. VOGELER, U.S. BUSINESSMAN CHARGED HERE WITH ESPIONAGE AND SABOTAGE.

FOREIGN RADIO BROADCASTS HEARD HERE SAID VOGELER'S FAMILY AND THE INTERNATIONAL TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH CO. IN NEW YORK, WHICH EMPLOYS HIM, HAD ENGAGED AN AMERICAN ATTORNEY TO DEFEND VOGELER. THE BROADCASTS SAID THE ATTORNEY IS SEEKING A VISA TO HUNGARY.

(MORRIS L.ERNST, NEW YORK LAWYER-AUTHOR, SAID YESTERDAY HE HAD BEEN RETAINED TO DEFEND VOGELER AND HOPED TO BE IN BUDAPEST BY FRIDAY, WHEN THE TRIAL IS SCHEDULED TO OPEN. TODAY, ERNST SAID HE HAD CABLED A REQUEST TO THE HUNGARIAN GOVERNMENT THAT THE TRIAL BE POSTPONED A WEEK TO PERMIT HIM TIME TO INTERVIEW VOGELER, "IN KEEPING WITH JURISPRUDENCE IN ALL PARTS OF THE CIVILIZED WORLD."

(VOGELER, WHO LIVED IN VIENNA BUT HAD BUSINESS DEALINGS IN BUDAPEST, WAS ARRESTED NOV.18 AND HELD INCOMMUNICADO. A WEEK AGO U.S.

TAIPEI, FORMOSA, FEB. 13-(AP)-FIFTY-ONE MEMBERS OF THE CONTROL YUAN OF NATIONALIST CHINA HAVE SIGNED A RESOLUTION TO IMPEACH ACTING PRESIDENT LI TSUNG-JEN.

LI IS IN THE UNITED STATES RECOVERING FROM A SURGICAL OPERATION. THE CONTROL YUAN HAS THE POWER TO IMPEACH NATIONALIST OFFICERS. THE RESOLUTION WILL BE SUBMITTED TO THE NEXT PLENARY MEETING OF THE YUAN. A DATE FOR THE MEETING HAS NOT BEEN FIXED.

IF THE RESOLUTION IS ADOPTED IT MUST BE ENDORSED BY THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY BEFORE LI MAY BE REMOVED FROM OFFICE. A QUORUM OF THE WIDELY SCATTERED ASSEMBLY WOULD BE DIFFICULT TO RAISE. SOME MEMBERS ARE

ON THE COMMUNIST CHINA MAINLAND, OTHERS ARE IN BRITISH HONG KONG AND PORTUGUESE MACAO.

UNDER THE CONSTITUTION THE CHIEF OF STATE CANNOT BE ABSENT FROM HIS DUTIES FOR MORE THAN THREE MONTHS. LI MAY AVOID IMPEACHMENT IF HE SIGNIFIES HIS INTENTION TO RETURN SOON.

THE CONTROL YUAN ALSO CHARGED MINISTER WITHOUT PORTFOLIO LIU HUANG-SHEN WITH MISAPPROPRIATING NATIONALIST FUNDS DURING HIS TENURE OF OFFICE AS MINISTER OF ECONOMIC AFFAIRS.

LI WAS MENTIONED SEVERAL TIMES DURING DISCUSSION OF THE CHARGE AGAINST LIU. LIU WAS CHARGED WITH HAVING GIVEN LI A SUM EQUIVALENT TO $30,000 AS A "SPECIAL CONFIDENTIAL FUND." HE ALSO WAS ACCUSED OF HAVING, AT LI'S REQUEST, GIVEN HIM $63,000 TO FOUND AN ORGANIZATION KNOWN AS THE "MODERN NATION SOCIETY." THERE WAS NO FERTHER EXPLANATION OF THE NATURE OF THE SOCIETY.

NEWS DISPATCHES FROM HAINAN ISLAND, OFF THE SOUTH CHINA COAST, SAID TODAY A NUMBER OF HEAVY BOMBERS HAD BEEN TRANSFERRED THERE FROM FORMOSA TO STRENGTHEN DEFENSES OF THE NATIONALIST HELD ISLAND.

PLANES FOR HAINAN HAVE BEEN POUNDING RED INVASION CRAFT ASSEMBLING ON THE CHINESE MAINLAND OPPOSITE HAINAN.

LW305APS

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HONG KONG, FEB. 13-(AP)-IT IS AN OLD CHINESE CUSTOM TO EXCHANGE GIFTS AROUND THE LUNAR NEW YEAR . (FEB. 17 THIS YEAR).

SO WONG-KWONG-YUAN, A CARPENTER, WAS PLEASED TODAY WHEN THREE FRIENDS SHOWED UP AT HIS JUNK IN HONG KONG HARBOR BEARING TWO PACKAGES WRAPPED IN RED PAPER. x3

HE INSISTED ON MAKING THEM A POT OF TEA, ANOTHER OLD CHINESE CUSTOM. THEY SAID THEY WERE IN A HURRY, BUT RELUCTANTLY STAYED.

WHILE WONG WAS BOILING THE WATER, ONE OF THE GIFT PACKAGES EXPLODED, KILLING ONE AND WOUNDING SERIOUSLY ANOTHER OF WONG'S THREE FRIENDS. WONG ESCAPED INJURY BECAUSE HE WAS IN THE JUNK'S GALLEY MAKING TEA.

WONG WASN'T TOO SURE OF HIS FRIENDS TONIGHT WHEN POLICE INFORMED HIM THE PACKAGES CONTAINED DYNAMITE.

FJ36 854PCS NM

POLITICALLY, THE NATIONALISTS CONTINUED THE FIGHT OVER THE STATUS OF ACTING PRESIDENT LI TSUNG-JEN. LI HAS BEEN IN THE UNITED STATES SINCE DECEMBER FOR MEDICAL TREATMENT. Taipei adds re Hainan.

FIFTY-ONE MEMBERS OF THE CONTROL YUAN, TOP STEERING BODY, SIGNED A PETITION TO IMPEACH LI. IT IS TO BE TAKEN UP AT SOME INDEFINITE FUTURE DATE, INDICATING HE CAN AVOID IT IF HE RETURNS TO CHINA SOON.

THE CONTROL YUAN ALSO CHARGED THAT LIU HANG-SHEN, UNTIL RECENTLY MINISTER OF ECONOMIC AFFAIRS, MISAPPROPRIATED FUNDS EQUAL TO $93,000U. S.. IT WAS ALLEGED THAT HE GAVE LI THE EQUIVALTN OF $30,000 OF THIS FOR A SPECIAL CONFIENTIAL FUND.

FJ358PCS

FIRST LEAD TAN (190)

BY STANLEY RICH

HONG KONG, FEB 13-(AP)-A MEMBER OF THE CHINESE COMMUNIST REGIME DECLARED TONIGHT THAT MAO TZE-TUNG HAD NOT SPLIT WITH THE PRO-RUSSIAN CLIQUE IN PEIPING AND WAS NOT BEING DETAINED IN MOSCOW AS RUMORED.

TAN KAH-KEE, 76-YEAR-OLD MEMBER OF THE PEIPING COUNCIL FOR OVERSEAS CHINESE, MADE HIS STATEMENTS IN A TWO-HOUR INTERVIEW.

TAN SAID HE HIMSELF WAS EN ROUTE TO SINGAPORE TO REPORT TO OVER-SEA CHINESE ON DOINGS OF THE PEIPING REGIME. HE DECLARED HE WAS NOT A COMMUNIST OR MEMBER OF ANY OTHER PARTY. HE FORMERLY WAS A RICH RUBBER GROWER IN MALAYA.

ASKED ABOUT THE RUMORED SPLIT BETWEEN CHAIRMAN MAO AND THE PRO-SOVIET ELEMENT, TAN DECLARED:

"THERE IS NO SPLIT. IN CHINA, THERE ARE ABSOLUTELY NO CRITICS OF THE PEOPLE'S (COMMUNIST) GOVERNMENT. THE CHINESE PEOPLE GIVE EVERY TRUST TO MAO. ANY REPORT TO THE CONTRARY IS SPECULATION FROM REAC-TIONARY PEOPLE."

AS FOR MAO'S PROLONGED STAY IN MOSCOW SINCE DEC. 16, TAN INSISTED, "IT IS MAO'S FIRST VISIT OUTSIDE CHINA. HIS VISIT TO MOSCOW IS ONLY TO INVESTIGATE HOW THE RUSSIANS RUN THEIR OWN COUNTRY. THIS MEANS INSPECTING CITIES AND VILLAGES, WHICH NECESSARILY WOULD TAKE TIME."

TAN DECLARED THE COMMUNIST REGIME WANTED TO BE FRIENDS WITH ALL COUNTRIES OF THE WORLD "EXCEPT JAPAN AND GERMANY." HE SAID WESTERN TRADE WAS DESIRED.

ASKED ABOUT THE PRESENCE OF RUSSIAN TROOPS ON CHINESE SOIL, TAN SAID THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS FEEL TEMPORARILY BOUND BY THE SINO-SOVIET TREATY NEGOTIATED BY THE CHINESE NATIONALISTS IN 1945.

THE RETIRED RUBBER KING, WHO LOST A FORTUNE WHEN THE RUBBER MARKET COLLAPSED JUST BEFORE THE BEGINNING OF WORLD WAR II, SAID HE SAW NO EVIDENCE THE RUSSIANS WERE PARTICIPATING OR INTERFERING IN RED CHINA POLITICS. HE SAID RUSSIAN TECHNICIANS WERE NUMEROUS IN INDUSTRIES, PARTICULARLY IN MANCHRIA, HINA'S HEAVIE

PARTICULARLY IN MANCHURIA, CHINA'S HEAVIEST INDUSTRIAL AREA.

TAN SAID MANY RUSSIANS ARE EMPLOYED ON THE GREAT EASTERN RAILWAY AROUND DAIREN AND PORT ARTHUR, IN NORTHEAST MANCHURIA. THE RAILROAD CONNECTS THE PORT OF DAIREN WITH SIBERIA.

TAN SAID HE WAS AN OLD FRIEND OF MAO TZE-TUNG, CHINESE COMMUNIST LEADER, AND HAD TALKED WITH HIM MANY TIMES IN PEIPING. HE DID NOT DISCLOSE THE SUBJECT OF THEIR CONVERSATIONS.

JW1003ACS NM

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HONG KONG, FEB. 13-(AP)-A REPORT FROM CANTON TODAY SAID CHINESE COMMUNISTS HAVE 150,000 MEN AND 300 MOTORIZED LANDING CRAFT POISED ON LIUCHOW PENINSULA FOR AN ATTACK ON NATIONALIST HELD HAINAN ISLAND AFTER THE CHINESE LUNAR NEW YEAR IN FEB. 17.

THE REPORT WAS RECEIVED WITH SKEPTICISM HERE. NATIONALIST WARPLANES HAVE BEEN POUNDING RED CONCENTRATIONS ON LIUCHOW PENINSULA FOR WEEKS.

THE CHINA MAIL, BRITISH OWNED HONG KONG NEWSPAPER, PUBLISHED ANOTHER REPORT FROM CANTON SAYING THAT ARMIES UNDER THE DOMINATION OF AN "INTERNATIONAL CLIQUE OF THE CHINESE RED PARTY" WAS BEING MOVED INTO "POSITION TO DEAL WITH POSSIBLE REVOLTS SOUTH OF THE YANGTZE."

THIS IS THE LATEST OF MANY REPORTS FROM RED CHINA THAT THE COMMUNISTS HAVE SPLIT SERIOUSLY OVER ALLIANCE WITH RUSSIA. THE SITUATION SEEMS TO HAVE BEEN AGGRAVATED RECENTLY BY THE HIGH PRICE OF COMRADESHIP THE KREMLIN REPORTEDLY WAS ASKING OF CHINA AND THE SERIOUS ECONOMIC AND FOOD CRISIS ON THE MAINLAND.

THE CHINA MAIL SAID THAD GEN. LUI PO-XK09::ZOHSKATEGIC POINTS IN THE F

KIANGSI AND FUKIEN IN WHICH A "REVOLT WAS FEARE

THE CHINA

THE CHINA MAIL SAID THAT RED GEN. LUI PO-CHEN HAD BEEN ORDERED TO OCCUPY STRATEGIC POINTS IN THE EAST CHINA PROVINCES OF CHEKIANG, KIANGSI AND FUKIEN IN WHICH A "REVOLT WAS FEARED FROM RED GEN. CHEN YI'S THIRD FIELD ARMY."

THE NEWSPAPER'S INFORMANT, WHO WAS IDENTIFIED ONLY AS A COMMUNIST FROM CANTON, SAID CHEN WAS IN DISFAVOR WITH THE PRO-RUSSIAN CLIQUE WHICH THINKS LIU IS MORE DEPENDABLE.

LW551APS

FEB 13 1950

TOKYO, FEB. 13-(AP)-MASAO KUME, A LEADING JAPANESE NOVELIST, SAID TODAY JAPAN SHOULD BE ANNEXED BY THE UNITED STATES AND BECOME THE 49TH STATE.

WRITING IN THE MAGAZINE SEKAI SHUNJU, KUME SAID U.S. ANNEXATION WOULD BE BETTER FOR THE COUNTRY THAN INDEPENDENCE THROUGH A PEACE TREATY.

HE SAID JAPAN DOES NOT HAVE THE ABILITY TO MAINTAIN HER INDEPENDENCE LET ALONE PERMANENT NEUTRALITY.

KUME SAID EMPEROR HIROHITO COULD BE KEPT UNDER THE AMERICAN PRESIDENT AS A "SYMBOL OF DEVOTION."

"I LOVE JAPAN," KUME WROTE. "I LOVE THE JAPANESE PEOPLE MORE. ABOVE THAT, I LOVE THE EMPEROR OF JAPAN. THE REASON WHY I ADVOCATE JAPAN BECOMING AN AMERICAN STATE IS BECAUSE I FEEL THAT THE TRUE HAPPINESS OF JAPAN LIES THERE."

LW711APS NM

FEB 13 1950

TOKYO,FEB.13-(AP)-THE NESSPAPER ASAHI SAID TODAY A SMALL GROUP OF FORMER JAPANESE MILITARY MEN ARE IN FORMOSA HELPING NATIONALIST CHINA IN HER WAR AGAINST COMMUNISM.

THE NEWSPAPER QUOTED FORMER LT.COL.GENZO YOSHIKAWA AS SAYING HE WENT TO FORMOSA ON A FISHING BOAT LAST JUNE. THE SMALL PARTY INCLUDED FORMER JAPANESE LT.GENHIROSHI NEMOTO, HE SAID.

THE GROUP SAILED FROM A SMALL PORT IN SOUTHERN KYUSHU AND LANDED IN FUKIEN PROVINCE. YOSHIKAWA SAID THEY WENT TO CHUNGKING WHERE THEY SAW CHINESE GENERALISSIMO CHIANG KAI-SHEK.

THE NEWSPAPER QUOTED THE FORMER OFFICER AS SAYING HE RETURNED TO JAPAN BECAUSE HIS PARTY'S ACTIVITIES IN FORMOSA WERE LIMITED. HE SAID IN ALL THERE WERE ABOUT 16 JAPANESE MILITARY MEN IN FORMOSA.

YOSHIKAWA ADDED HE HAD HEARD A RUMOR THAT FORMER JAPANESE MAJ.GEN. NAOSUKE TOMIRA, AN EXPERT ON STRATEGY, HAD GONE TO FORMOSA AT THE INVITATION OF CHINESE GENERAL TA GEN-PO.

OCCUPATION AUTHORITIES SAID THEY WERE NOT PREPARED TO ACCEPT YOSHIKAWA'S STORY BUT IF IT WERE TRUE HE MIGHT BE SUBJECT TO CHARGES OF LEAVING JAPAN WITHOUT GENERAL MACARTHUR'S PERMISSION.

JW859ACS NM

FOLO TUCSON (A48KX)

TOKYO,FEB.13-(AP)-MAJ.GEN.W.A.BEIDERLINDEN SAID TONIGHT GENERAL MACARTHUR'S HEADQUARTERS "HAS NO STATEMENT TO MAKE" ON MRS.MARGARET SANGER SLEE'S DISCLOSURE IN TUCSON, ARIZ., THAT SHE TWICE HAD BEEN REFUSED PERMISSION TO ENTER JAPAN.

GENERAL BEIDERLINDEN, WHO IS IN CHARGE OF THE ENTRY OF PERSONS INTO OCCUPIED JAPAN, SAID HEADQUARTERS CONSIDERED THE AFFAIR "A PERSONAL PROPOSITION."

THE NOTED BIRTH CONTROL EXPERT IN TUCSON SAID SHE HAD TRIED TO OBTAIN PERMISSION TO ENTER JAPAN AFTER BEING INVITED BY A FORMER MEMBER OF THE JAPANESE DIET AND OTHERS.

VR739ACS NM

MANILA, TUESDAY, FEB. 14-(AP)-THE EVENING NEWS SAID TODAY THE UNITED STATES HAS BEEN ASKED FOR $25,000,000 (M) TO AID IN MAINTAINING PHILIPPINE DEFENSE FORCES DURING 1950.

THERE WAS NO COMMENT BY PHILIPPINE OR AMERICAN OFFICIALS.

THE NEWSPAPER, QUOTING "COMPETENT SOURCES," SAID THE REQUEST WAS MADE BY THE PHILIPPINE EMBASSY IN WASHINGTON. THESE SOURCES SAID CHANGES ARE SLIM FOR ANY SUCH APPROPRIATION BY AN ECONOMY-MINDED U. S. CONGRESS.

THE EMBASSY WAS SAID TO HAVE ARGUED FOR INCREASING THE PHILIPPINES' ARMED FORCES BECAUSE OF THE FAR EASTERN SITUATION.

FJ1115PCS

FEB 13 1950

FIRST LEAD PLOT

BAGHDAD, IRAQ, FEB.13-(AP)-THE IRAQI PRESS CHORUSED DENUNCIATION TODAY OF POLICE DIRECTOR GENERAL ALI KHALID, ARRESTED AFTER A VAIN ATTEMPT TO OVERTHROW THE GOVERNMENT. HE MAY GET A DEATH SENTENCE.

ALI KHALID HAS BEEN CHARGED WITH "ORGANIZING AND HEADING AN ARMED BAND TO ASSAULT THE POPULATION AND USE FORCE AGAINST THE LEGAL AUTHORITIES TO CHANGE OR OVERTHROW THE GOVERNMENT." CONVICTION ON THIS CHARGE CARRIES THE DEATH PENALTY.

ALI KHALID WAS ARRESTED YESTERDAY, TWO HOURS AFTER HE TRIED TO OVERTHROW THE RULE OF PREMIER SEYYID TAWFIK AL SUWAIDI. A GOVERNMENT COMMUNIQUE SAID HE WAS BEING HELD FOR TRIAL. THE GOVERNMENT SAID THE ATTEMPTED REVOLT STEMMED FROM A DECISION BY THE CABINET TO REMOVE HIM.

THE BAGHDAD PRESS UNANIMOUSLY CONDEMNED THE ATTEMPTED REVOLT. SOME NEWSPAPER SAID ALI KHALID HAD DEMANDED THAT THE PREMIER DISMISS SALEH JABR, MINISTER OF INTERIOR. THE MINISTRY CONTROLS THE POLICE.

ALI KHALID THEN ENTRENCHED HIMSELF IN HEADQUARTERS OF HIS MOBILE POLICE, BUT THE FORCES UNDER HIM DID NOT CARRY OUT HIS ORDERS, THE NEWSPAPERS SAID. SO SWIFTLY AND QUIETLY WAS THE REVOLT SCOTCHED THAT THE PUBLIC WAS WHOLLY UNAWARE OF THE ATTEMPTED COUP UNTIL TOLD OF IT YESTERDAY AFTERNOON.

RERELIABLE SOURCES SAID PROMPT ACTION FOILED A PRE-DAWN ATTEMPT BY THE POLICE CHIEF TO SEIZE IMPORTANT CENTERS IN BAGHDAD. THESE SOURCES SAID COMPLETE QUIET WAS RESTORED WITHIN TWO HOURS.

THE NEW CABINET HAD BEEN INSTALLED AFTER A GOVERNMENT SPLIT OVER AN AGREEMENT WITH EGYPT IN WHICH BOTH COUNTRIES PLEDGED TO WORK FOR RESTORATION OF A CONSTITUTIONAL GOVERNMENT IN SYRIA. THE LATTER COUNTRY HAS BEEN THE SCENE OF A SUCCESSION OF COUP D'ETATS IN THE PAST YEAR.

SOME IRAQ LEADERS WANT A UNION OF IRAQ AND SYRIA. SAUDI ARABIA AND EGYPT HAVE BEEN REPORTED PLANNING ECONOMIC AID FOR THE PRESENT SYRIAN GOVERNMENT TO FORESTALL SUCH A UNION.

SJ430AES

BANGKOK, THAILAND, FEB. 13-(AP)-THAILAND'S CABINET TODAY WAS REPORTED SPLIT OVER WHETHER TO RECOGNIZE THE THREE FRENCH-SUPPORTED INDOCHINA STATES OF VIETNAM, LAOS AND CAMBODIA.

PREMIER PIBUL SONGGRAM HAS BEEN QUOTED AS FAVORING IMMEDIATE RECOGNITION. HIS FOREIGN MINISTER IS SAID TO OPPOSE IT.

FORTY OF THE GOVERNMENT'S TOP OFFICIALS MET TO CONSIDER THE PROBLEM ARISING OUT OF MOSCOW-TRAINED HO CHI-MINH'S FIGHT AGAINST FRENCH RULE IN INDOCHINA.

HO HEADS A VIETNAM REGIME WHICH HAS BEEN RECOGNIZED BY THE SOVIET UNION, COMMUNIST CHINA AND SEVERAL NATIONS IN THE SOVIET ORBIT.

THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN HAVE RECOGNIZED THE VIETNAM STATE HEADED BY FRENCH-SUPPORTED BAO DAI.

THE RIVAL VIETNAMS CLAIM CONTROL OVER THE THREE COASTAL STATES OF ANNAM, TONKIN AND COCHIN CHINA. LAOS AND CAMBODIA ARE AUTONOMOUS KINGDOMS.

FJ1122PCS NM

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BANGKOK--INSERT AFTER FIRST GRAF FIRST LEAD DIPLOMATS A119FX XXX TOO LATE.

A TERSE ANNOUNCEMENT TONIGHT BY PHILIP C.JESSUP, ROVING U.S. AMBASSADOR, SAID BOTH MORNING AND AFTERNOON SESSIONS WERE DEVOTED TO REPORTS FROM THE DIPLOMATS "ON POLITICAL ASPECTS OF THE SITUATION IN EACH OF THE COUNTRIES TO WHICH THEY ARE ACCREDITED."

IT WAS EVIDENT THAT THE DIPLOMATS WERE INTENT UPON PREVENTING LEAKAGE OF ANY IMPORTANT ASPECTS OF THEIR CONVERSATIONS.

STRONG PESSIMISM XXX PICKING UP FOURTH GRAF (DELETING SECOND AND THIRD GRAPHS)

THE AP

JW1142ACS NM

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A119KY Bangkok Add's + attorney.

OTHER QUESTIONS WHICH DOUBTLESS HAVE ARISEN AT THE MARINE-GUARDED CONFERENCE IN THE U.S. EMBASSY INVOLVE THE STABILITY OF GOVERNMENTS SUCH AS THAILAND, INDONESIA, BURMA AND SOUTH KOREA, AGAINST ALL OF WHICH RED PRESSURE MAY INTENSIFY.

OTHER POINTS OF INTEREST TO AMERICAN POLICY-MAKERS INCLUDE:

CAN INDIA SOLVE HER INTERNAL PROBLEMS AND ASSUME THE POSITION OF ORIENTAL LEADERSHIP WHICH MANY AMERICAN OFFICIALS WOULD WELCOME?

WHAT CHANCE DOES JAPAN HAVE TO BE WELCOMED AS AN INDEPENDENT NATION IN AN ASIAN GROUP, AND CAN SHE BECOME A STABILIZING FACTOR?

THE CONFERENCE GROUP, ORIGINALLY SET AT 17, WAS BOLSTERED BY SEVERAL ADDED STARTERS, INCLUDING DAVID MCK. KEY, NEWLY-DESIGNATED AMBASSADOR TO BURMA; EDMUND A.GULLION, MINISTER-DESIGNATE TO BAO DAI'S INDOCHINA STATE OF VIETNAM; WILLIAM A.GIBSON, SPECIAL ASSISTANT TO AMBASSADOR JESSUP; MRS.ISABELLE MAURER AND FRED BUNDY OF THE STATE DEPARTMENT; AND RAYMOND MOYER, ECA AGRICULTURAL EXPERT.

JM350PCS

NIGHT LEAD IRAQ (130)

BAGHDAD, IRAQ, FEB. 13-(AP)-ALI KHALID, WHO FACES A POSSIBLE DEATH SENTENCE FOR ATTEMPTING AN ILL-FATED COUP DE D'ETAT SUNDAY, HAD DEMANDED THE RESIGNATION OF INTERIOR MINISTER BEY EL SALIH JABUR, IT WAS REPORTED TODAY.

SALIH JABUR WAS THE PREMIER WHO NEGOTIATED THE FRIENDSHIP TREATY AND ALLIANCE WITH BRITAIN IN JANUARY, 1948, AND WAS THEN FORCED TO RESIGN AND FLEE THE COUNTRY AS A RESULT OF ANTI-BRITISH RIOTS. HE BECAME INTERIOR MINISTER IN THE CABINET OF PREMIER SEYYID TAWFIK AL SUWAIDI WHICH WAS INSTALLED A WEEK AGO.

THE GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCED YESTERDAY THAT ALI KHALID ATTEMPTED TO STAGE A REVOLT AT DAWN YESTERDAY AS A RESULT OF HIS DISMISSAL FROM HIS POST AS DIRECTOR GENERAL OF POLICE. HE WAS ARRESTED WITHOUT BLOODSHED TWO HOURS AFTER HE HAD ENTRENCHED HIMSELF IN HIS HEAD-QUARTERS. IT WAS THE FIRST ATTEMPT IN IRAQ TO USE THE POLICE TO OVERTHROW THE GOVERNMENT.

K355PES

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Indonesia adds

THE NEWSPAPER PEDOMAN SAID IN AN EDITORIAL INDONESIA SHOULD TAKE LESSONS FROM NATIONALIST CHINA TO HEART. IT SAID THAT IN THE SIX WEEKS SINCE THE UNITED STATES OF INDONESIA CAME INTO BEING, "THERE HAS NOT BEEN A SINGLE SIGN TO GIVE CONFIDENCE IN THE GOVERNMENT'S FUTURE ACTIONS, ESPECIALLY IN THE ECONOMIC FIELD."

THE NEWSPAPER SAID IT FEARED THE U.S. LOAN WOULD BE USED NOT FOR THE PUBLIC GOOD "BUT FOR THE PROSPERITY OF A FEW PEOPLE, SIMULTANEOUSLY DESTROYING PUBLIC MORALE."

THE NEWSPAPER INDONESIA RAYA SAID AN EFFICIENT APPARATUS TO MAKE USE OF THE LOAN DOES NOT EXIST. IT SAID HATTA SHOULD CLEAN HOUSE IN HIS ADMINISTRATION, WHICH IT SAID HAD VESTIGES OF CORRUPTION CARRIED OVER BY THE INDONESIAN OFFICIALS WHO ALSO HAD SERVED UNDER DUTCH COLONIAL ADMINISTRATION.

INDONESIA RAYA SAID SEVERAL LIMOUSINES WERE PURCHASED RECENTLY WITH MONEY FROM A LOAN FROM THE PHILIPPINES, AND ADDED THAT THE U.S. LOAN COULD PROVIDE 50,000 "UNNECESSARY AND FLASHY AUTOMOBILES" FOR GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS "TO PLAY AROUND IN."

THE NEWSPAPER MERDEKA SAID THE $100,000,000 WAS NOT ENOUGH "FOR A COUNTRY WHICH HAS JUST EMERGED FROM THE SUFFERINGS OF WARFARE." IT EXPRESSED WONDER AT WHETHER THERE WERE STRINGS ATTACHED TO THE LOAN WHICH MIGHT INTERFERE WITH INDONESIA'S INDEPENDENCE.

JR847AES

30.24- 8947

NIGHT LEAD INDOCHINA (230)

SAIGON, FEB. 13-(AP)-WARFARE IN INDOCHINA INCREASED ITS TEMPO TODAY.

FRENCH SOURCES SAID THE FRENCH ARMY HAD LAUNCHED A LARGE-SCALE MILITARY OPERATION ABOUT 60 MILES SOUTHEAST OF HANOI IN THE NORTHERN STATE OF ANNAM WITH THE OBJECT OF CLEARING THE AREA OF MOSCOW-SUPPORTED HO CHI-MINH'S FORCES. ABOUT 500,000 PEOPLE LIVE IN THE AREA. NO DETAILS WERE GIVEN BUT THE OFFENSIVE WAS SAID TO BE GOING WELL.

ABOUT 100 OF HO'S GUERRILLAS, ARMED WITH GRENADES AND MACHINEGUNS, AMBUSHED A FRENCH CONVOY OF 50 TRUCKS AND CARS 24 MILES NORTHEAST OF SAIGON. SIX PERSONS WERE KILLED, 10 WOUNDED, AND A MAN, HIS WIFE, AND CHILD TAKEN AS HOSTAGES. ABOUT SEVEN VEHICLES WERE BURNED.

THIS WAS ONLY ONE OF A SERIES OF HIT-AND-RUN ATTACKS RECENTLY. SATURDAY NIGHT ANTI-FRENCH TERRORISTS EXPLODED THREE HAND GRENADES IN FRONT OF SAIGON'S LARGEST THEATER, INJURING THREE PERSONS. A LARGE NUMBER OF GUERRILLAS MADE A SURPRISE ATTACK ON THE FRENCH MILITARY POST OF PHOLOU IN NORTHWESTERN TONKIN THE DAY BEFORE.

HO, WHOSE VIETNAM REPUBLIC WAS RECOGNIZED RECENTLY BY RUSSIA AND COMMUNIST CHINA, APPEARS TO HAVE INCREASED HIS ACTIVITIES SINCE CHINESE COMMUNIST TROOPS ARRIVED ON THE NORTHERN FRONTIER.

FRENCH SOURCES, WHO ARE BACKING THE U.S.-RECOGNIZED BAO DAI REGIME OF VIETNAM, PREDICTED THAT HO SOON WILL VISIT MOSCOW. HE IS BELIEVED NOW TO BE IN CHINA. HIS GOVERNMENT, SECRETED SOMEPLACE IN THE JUNGLE FOR THE PAST THREE YEARS, IS BELIEVED TO HAVE PLENTY OF MILITARY MANPOWER BUT LACKING IN ARMS AND SUPPLIES.

K320PES

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NEW DELHI, INDIA, FEB.13-(AP)-A TEN-MAN TRADE AND AGRICULTURE MISSION HAS ARRIVED FROM TOKYO TO DISCUSS EXPANSION OF INDIAN-JAPANESE TRADE WITH GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS HERE.

THE MISSION, WHICH ARRIVED FRIDAY, IS SPONSORED BY ALLIED OCCUPATION HEADQUARTERS IN JAPAN.

THE MISSION ALREADY HAS TALKED WITH OFFICIALS OF INDIA'S COMMERCE AND AGRICULTURE MINISTRIES. THEY PLAN CONFERENCES ALSO WITH OFFICIALS OF THE MINISTRIES OF INDUSTRY AND SUPPLY, RAILWAYS, WORKS, MINES AND POWER.

TOMORROW WITH COMMERCE MINISTRY OFFICIALS THEY WILL MAKE A DETAILED EXAMINATION OF THE TRADE PROGRAM RECENTLY SIGNED BY THE INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND ALLIED OCCUPATION AUTHORITIES.

THE MISSION ARRIVED HERE AFTER A TOUR OF SOUTHEAST ASIAN COUNTRIES.

LS812AES

TEL AVIV, ISRAEL, FEB.13-(AP)-FILM STAR EDWARD G.ROBINSON ARRIVED TODAY TO BE THE GUEST OF THE ISRAEL JOURNALIST'S ASSOCIATION BALL FEB.16.

JM719PES

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tel aviv,israel,feb.13-(ap)-serge koussevitzky, former

conducter of the boston symphony orchestra,arrived today to

direct israel philharmonic concerts.

sj/1300/4p

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Damascus, Syria, Feb. 13—(AP)—The Syrian cabinet today issued a

decree for [redacted] the creation of a company with public utility

privileges to construct a harbor at Lattaquie, on the Mediterranean coast

150 miles north of Damascus.

Capital for the project was fixed at 24,000,000 Syrian pounds

($11,040,000 at the official exchange rate). This will be split into

24,000 shares, of which the state will buy one-third.

Premier Khaled Bey Azem said the project [redacted] does not

mean Syria intends to terminate her partnership with Lebanon. However,

he added, this partnership may give way to a commercial treaty defining

each party's rights and duties.

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(A Syrian government spokesman XXXX in New York said that a customs union established over combined Syria and Lebanon when they were under a French mandate is still in effect now that the countries are separate and independent. Under this arrangement, with both countries using the Lebanese port of Beirut, Lebanon is entitled to a share of the customs duties on goods imported for ultimate consumption in Syria, the spokesman said. Using a Syrian port, Syrian importers would not have to pay these duties,

[illegible]

:ERCISE SWEETBRIAR

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BY CLARK[illegible]BEACH

WHITE[illegible]RSE, Y.T., FEB. 13-(AP)-A CRACK BATTALION OF CANADIAN TROOPS M[illegible]D UP THE ALASKA HIGHWAY EARLY TODAY UNDER A PROTECTIVE UMBRELLA [illegible] U.S. AND CANADIAN FIGHTER PLANES.

IT WAS THE START OF EXERCISE SWEETBRIAR--THE BIGGEST JOINT ARMY-AIR FORCE U.S.-CANADIAN MID-WINTER MANEUVERS EVER UNDERTAKEN.

UP THE HIGHWAY 365 MILES, AT NORTHWAY, IS THE NEAREST BASE AND AIRSTRIP OF THE ENEMY NATION--AGGRESSOR--WHICH HAS SEIZED ALL OF ALASKA AND IS PREPARING TO SWOOP DOWN ON CANADA AND THE UNITED STATES.

ALLIED FORCES WILL ATTEMPT TO DRIVE THE ENEMY ARMIES BACK.

WHERE, OR WHEN, OR HOW, THE TWO FORCES WILL COLLIDE IS NOT KNOWN.

IT'S A REAL WAR FOR THE MORE THAN 5,200 TROOPS ASSEMBLED HERE FROM ALL PARTS OF CANADA AND THE UNITED STATES. SPIES ARE EVEN WORKING BEHIND THE LINES.

BUT OFFICERS IN CHARGE EMPHASIZE THAT THE MANEUVERS AREN'T TO BE CONSIDERED A TEST OF DEFENSES IN THE AREA. BECAUSE OF THE PRODIGIOUS EFFORT INVOLVED IN SUPPLYING AND TRANSPORTING A LARGE-SCALE MILITARY OPERATION, THE TASK IS MORE THAN A MODERN ARMY COULD HANDLE UNDER FIRE.

RATHER IT'S A TEST OF MEN AND EQUIPMENT UNDER ARCTIC CONDITIONS. AND FOR THAT, IT'S IDEAL. HERE AT WHITEHORSE WHERE THE JOINT U.S.-CANADIAN FORCES ARE BASED THE MERCURY HANGS AROUND 20 BELOW. AROUND NORTHWAY, IT'S MUCH COLDER--OFTEN 60 BELOW.

DURING A LULL PRECEDING THE START OF THE MANEUVER, SOME TROOPS WERE TAKEN ON A 12-MILE MARCH ON SNOW SHOES AND SKIS IN 50 BELOW ZERO TEMPERATURES. EIGHTEEN MEN WILL BE IN THE HOSPITAL FOR A MONTH OR TWO WITH FROSTBITTEN FEET, ACCORDING TO LT. COL. R.M. COATS, SURGEON OF THE ALLIED FORCES. HE BLAMED IT ON FAILURE OF THE MEN TO TAKE PROPER PRECAUTIONS TO KEEP THEIR FEET DRY AND WARM RATHER THAN ON EQUIPMENT.

BUT THAT'S ONE OF THE THINGS THE ARMY WANTS TO CHECK.

THE EXERCISES ARE UNDER THE COMMAND OF LT. GEN. STEPHEN J. CHAMBERLAIN, COMMANDING GENERAL OF THE U.S. FIFTH ARMY.

HJ106APS NM

V(460) NIGHT LEAD CHRISTOFFEL

BY RICHARD P.POWERS

WASHINGTON,FEB.13-(AP)-A DEADLOCK BETWEEN THE HOUSE AND FEDERAL DISTRICT COURT OVER RECORDS SOUGHT BY THE DEFENSE IN THE HAROLD CHRISTOFFEL PERJURY RETRIAL MAY BE EASED TUESDAY, IT WAS INDICATED TONIGHT.

THE HOUSE FOR THE THIRD TIME BLOCKED SENDING TO THE COURT THE MINUTES BOOK OF THE HOUSE LABOR COMMITTEE BEFORE WHICH CHRISTOFFEL ON MARCH 1, 1947 DENIED THAT HE HAD BEEN A COMMUNIST. HE IS CHARGED WITH LYING IN SO DOING.

HOWEVER, THE HOUSE DID APPROVE A RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING THE CLERK OF THE HOUSE, RALPH R.ROBERTS, TO BRING TO THE COURT CERTIFIED COPIES OF THE MINUTES BOOK OF THE PUBLIC MEETINGS ONLY.

JUDGE F.DICKINSON LETTS INDICATED LAST FRIDAY THAT CERTIFIED COPIES WOULD BE ACCEPTABLE TO HIM. HE MAY ACCEPT THESE WHEN THE TRIA RESUMES TUESDAY.

DEFENSE ATTORNEY O. JOHN ROGGE INSISTS, HOWEVER, HE WANTS THE ORIGINAL BOOK, INCLUDING MINUTES OF EXECUTIVE SESSIONS FOR THE DAY CHRISTOFFEL TESTIFIED AND OTHER DAYS AS WELL.

CHAIRMAN LESINSKI (D-MICH) OF THE LABOR COMMITTEE TOLD THE HOUSE THAT ACTUALLY NO MINUTES WERE KEPT OF THE EXECUTIVE SESSION THAT FOLLOWED CHRISTOFFEL'S TESTIMONY THAT MARCH DAY THREE YEARS AGO.

LESINSKI SAID HE WAS UNABLE TO UNDERSTAND THE INSISTENCE OF THE COURT THAT THE MINUTES BE PRODUCED.

THEY SIMPLY DO NOT EXIST, HE SAID.

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TO ADD TO THE CONFUSION--WHICH HAS REPEATEDLY DELAYED THE TRIAL SINCE THE GOVERNMENT RESTED LAST WEDNESDAY--LESINSKI APPEARED LATER IN COURT AT THE DEMAND OF ROGGE, BUT MADE NO MENTION OF THE ACTION OF THE HOUSE SHORTLY BEFORE.

LETTS RECESSED THE TRIAL UNTIL TUESDAY MORNING WHEN ROGGE SAID HE COULD PROCEED NO FURTHER WITHOUT THE RECORDS.

ROGGE SAYS THE MINUTES BOOK WILL AID HIM IN HIS ATTEMPT TO PROVE THAT A COMMITTEE QUORUM WAS NOT PRESENT TO HEAR CHRISTOFFEL. THE SUPREME COURT REVERSED CHRISTOFFEL'S CONVICTION IN 1948 ON THE GROUNDS NO PROOF HAD BEEN GIVEN A QUORUM WAS THERE.

B16WX
THE JURY IN THE PRESENT TRIAL HAS HEARD TESTIMONY FROM 14 MEMBERS OF THAT COMMITTEE THAT THEY DID HEAR THE DEFENDANT MAKE HIS ALLEGED PERJURIOUS STATEMENTS. THE COMMITTEE AT THE TIME WAS CHECKING ON ALLEGED COMMUNIST INROADS INTO LABOR UNIONS.

EARLIER IN THE DAY SIX DEFENSE WITNESSES FROM MILWAUKEE TOLD THE JURY THAT CHRISTOFFEL HAD EITHER A "GOOD" OR "EXCELLENT" REPUTATION FOR TRUTHFULNESS.

THE SIX--ELMER EDDY, HARRY FERG, FRANK KROSTAG, HENRY REITHER, HARRY SULESKI AND ARNOLD J. VOGEL--SAID THEY WERE OR HAD BEEN MEMBERS OF LOCAL 248 UAW-CIO AT THE ALLIS-CHALMERS COMPANY PLANT. CHRISTOFFEL FORMERLY WAS PRESIDENT OF THE LOCAL FOR SEVERAL YEARS.

THEY ALL TESTIFIED UNDER QUESTIONING BY ROGGE THAT THEY HAD AT NO TIME BEEN REQUESTED BY CHRISTOFFEL TO JOIN THE COMMUNIST PARTY. THEY ALSO STATED THEY NEVER HEARD THE DEFENDANT PRAISE THE SOVIET UNION OR ADVOCATE COMMUNIST PARTY POLICIES.

KROGSTAD, HOWEVER, UNDER CROSS-EXAMINATION BY JOHN S. PRATT, :£83! GO

KROGSTAD, HOWEVER, UNDER CROSS-EXAMINATION BY JOHN S. PRATT, CHIEF GOVERNMENT PROSECUTOR, SAID THAT HE HIMSELF HAD SIGNED A NOMINATING PETITION FOR SIGMUND EISENSCHER AS A COMMUNIST PARTY CANDIDATE FOR GOVERNOR OF WISCONSIN.

PRATT SHOWED HIM A PHOTOSTATIC COPY OF A NOMINATING PETITION FOR EISENSCHER AND ASKED "IS THAT YOUR SIGNATURE?"

"IT LOOKS LIKE IT," KROGSTAD SAID. "I MUST HAVE SIGNED IT. WHEN IT COMES TO A CAMPAIGN IT IS MY PRIVILEGE TO SIGN WHAT I PLEASE. IT IS A FREE COUNTRY."

A145WX
ECA-AUSTRIA
WASHINGTON, FEB.13-(AP)-THE ECONOMIC COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION TODAY ACCUSED AUSTRIA OF ILLEGALLY USING MARSHALL PLAN FUNDS IN A $91,033 PURCHASE OF DRUGS. IT SAID IT HAS DEMANDED A REFUND.

THREE SHIPMENTS OF DRUGS IN THE SPRING OF 1945 ARE INVOLVED. THE TYPES OF DRUGS WERE NOT SPECIFIED.

ECA SAID IT HAD ASKED THE REFUND BECAUSE THE PURCHASES WERE MADE IN HUNGARY ALTHOUGH THE AUTHORITY TO BUY THE DRUGS EXPRESSLY RESTRICTED THE SOURCE TO THE UNITED STATES.

THE DRUGS AT THAT TIME WERE IN "ADEQUATE SUPPLY" IN THE UNITED STATES, AN OFFICIAL SAID.

AN ECA STATEMENT SAID THE DRUGS WERE OBTAINED IN HUNGARY AND TRANSHIPPED THROUGH NEW YORK TO AUSTRIA.

THE AGENCY SAID THE BIDDLE-SAWYER CORP. HANDLED THE NEW YORK END OF THE TRANSACTION.

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AB1207PES

B5WX (SECG)
FEB 13 1950
(240) SOVIET IMPORTS
WASHINGTON, FEB.13-(AP)-SENATOR GILLETTE (D-IA) PROTESTED TODAY THAT THE STATE DEPARTMENT APPEARS TO BE "UNLOCKING THE IRON CURTAIN FOR IMPORTS FROM SOVIET SATELLITES."

GILLETTE SAID HE EXPECTS TO CALL ATTENTION OF THE SENATE TO A RISING TIDE OF IMPORTS OF CANNED HAM FROM POLAND, NOW UNDER COMMUNIST DOMINATION.

GILLETTE COMES FROM THE MAIN CORN AND HOG PRODUCING AREA OF THE NATION.

PRIOR TO 1939, HE SAID, POLISH HAM IMPORTS AVERAGED ABOUT 30,000,000 POUNDS A YEAR FOR 10 YEARS. BUT WHEN GERMAN AND RUSSIAN FORCES OVERRAN POLAND THE IMPORTS CEASED.

IN ORDER TO RENEW IMPORTS, THE SENATOR SAID, IT WAS NECESSARY FOR STATE AND AGRICULTURE DEPARTMENTS TO APPROVE THE MEAT INSPECTION SERVICES OF THE COMMUNIST-DOMINATED NATION.

"APPARENTLY THIS HAS BEEN DONE," GILLETTE SAID. HE EXHIBITED REPLIES HE HAD RECEIVED TO LETTERS HE SENT TO BOTH THE STATE AND AGRICULTURE DEPARTMENTS.

JACK L.MCFALL, AN ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE, WROTE THE SENATOR IT IS THE STATE DEPARTMENT'S POSITION THAT "AMERICAN BUSINESSMEN ARE FREE TO IMPORT PRODUCTS FROM ANY COUNTRY THEY CHOSE," AND "THERE APPEARED TO BE NO VALID GROUND TO DISCRIMINATE AGAINST THE IMPORT FROM POLAND OF THE SPECIFIC ITEMS OF MEAT OR MEAT PRODUCTS."

GILLETTE SAID IT IS HARD FOR FARMERS AND TAXPAYERS IN THIS COUNTRY TO UNDERSTAND WHY THEY SHOULD SUPPLY BILLIONS TO FIGHT COMMUNISM AND THEN HAVE OFFICIALS OPEN THE GATE FOR DOLLARS TO FLOW TO POLAND AND OTHER COMMUNIST AREAS IN COMPETITION WITH U.S. PRODUCERS.

V ES255AES

WHEAT-ECA
WASHINGTON,FEB 13-(AP)-THE ECONOMIC COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION TODAY ADVISED SENATOR YOUNG (R-ND) THAT WHEAT SHIPMENTS TO EUROPE THIS FISCAL YEAR WILL TOTAL ABOUT 63,000,000 BUSHELS LESS THAN PLANNED.

THE 12 MARSHALL PLAN NATIONS WHICH NORMALLY IMPORT WHEAT HAVE HAD A BETTER CROP THAN ANTICIPATED, ECA REPORTED, AND THEY HAVE BEEN ABLE TO GET MORE WHEAT FROM NON-DOLLAR AREAS.

DEPUTY ECA CHIEF WILLIAM FOSTER WROTE YOUNG THAT ECA EXPECTS TO AUTHORIZE WHEAT SHIPMENTS TOTALING 120,000,000 BUSHELS DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30. THIS COMPARES WITH 265 MILLION BUSHELS SHIPPED BETWEEN APRIL 3, 1948, AND JUNE 30, 1949.

"BECAUSE THESE COUNTRIES WHENEVER POSSIBLE ENDEAVOR TO SAVE DOLLARS," FOSTER SAID, "MOST OF THE ESTIMATED DECREASE IN TOTAL IMPORT REQUIREMENTS OF WESTERN EUROPE WILL BE REFLECTED IN A DECLINE IN U.S. IMPORTS."

YOUNG HAD WRITTEN FOSTER FOR THE FIGURES, SAYING IF EUROPE'S NEED FOR FOOD IS URGENT, HE COULD NOT UNDERSTAND WHY EXPORTS HAD NOT MOVED MORE RAPIDLY.

"IF EUROPE'S FOOD SHORTAGES HAVE BECOME LESS ACUTE," YOUNG WROTE, "I SHALL BE FORCED TO REVISE MUCH OF THE THINKING WHICH HAS LED ME TO SUPPORT GENEROUS ECA APPROPRIATIONS SINCE THE INCEPTION OF THE PROGRAM."

RZ1104PES

(ADVANCE) (WX) CHICAGO, FEB. 13-(AP)-A HIGH STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIAL DECLARED TODAY THAT THE IRON CURTAIN IS INDISPENSABLE TO MAINTENANCE OF THE COMMUNIST DICTATORSHIP IN RUSSIA.

PREMIER STALIN "KNOWS THAT NOT EVEN A DICTATORSHIP CAN RETAIN POWER AND CONTROL EXCEPT BY THE CONSENT OF THE PEOPLE," SAID HOWLAND SARGEANT, DEPUTY ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE FOR PUBLIC AFFAIRS.

"THEREFORE," HE SAID, "THE IRON CURTAIN IS INDISPENSABLE." SARGEANT'S REMARKS WERE IN AN ADDRESS PREPARED FOR THE INLAND PRESS ASSOCIATION.

"THE CONTINUANCE OF DICTATORIAL CONTROL OVER THE RUSSIAN PEOPLES DEPENDS ON CONVINCING THEM THAT THE UNITED STATES AND OTHER FREE NATIONS ARE THEIR ENEMIES AND ARE PLOTTING AGAINST THEM, SARGEANT SAID.

"TO SUSTAIN THIS FICTION, IT IS NECESSARY TO CUT THE RUSSIAN PEOPLES OFF FROM THE OUTSIDE WORLD. THE IRON CURTAIN IS DOING A PRETTY GOOD JOB."

SARGEANT SAID THAT THE CURTAIN ENABLES THE SOVIET PRESS TO DISTORT INFORMATION WHICH THE RUSSIAN PEOPLE RECEIVE ABOUT THE REST OF THE WORLD AND ALSO "CONCEALS FROM FOREIGN EYES THE BLEAK REALITY OF LIFE IN THE SOVIET UNION."

"SOVIET DISTORTION OF FACT IS NOT, OF COURSE, CONFINED TO INCOMING NEWS," SARGEANT SAID. "IT IS ALSO IMPOSED ON ALL THAT GOES OUT. THE OUTGOING DISPATCHES OF AMERICAN AND ALL OTHER FOREIGN NEWS CORRESPONDENTS ARE WARPED BY CENSORSHIP.

SARGEANT IS ONE OF THE OFFICIALS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE OPERATION OF THE RADIO "VOICE OF AMERICA". HE EXPRESSED BELIEF THAT IN SPITE OF THE IRON CURTAIN AND UNPRECEDENTED RUSSIAN JAMMING THERE ARE RUSSIANS WHO STILL HEAR WHAT THE "VOICE" HAS TO SAY.

"THE EFFORT OF THEIR GOVERNMENT TO BLOT OUT THE VOICE BROADCASTS HAS SURELY WHETTED THE DESIRE OF MANY RUSSIANS TO KNOW WHAT IS BEING SAID IN THE PROGRAMS FROM AMERICA," HE SAID. "WE ARE GETTING THROUGH ENOUGH TO REACH THAT CORE OF THE RUSSIAN MILLIONS WHOSE PERSONAL LOT IN THE 'WORKER'S PARADISE' HAS GIVEN THEM EVERY RIGHT TO QUESTION THE POLICIES OF THE SOVIET REGIME."

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 1:15 P.M., EASTERN STANDARD TIME TODAY MONDAY FEB. 15)

BOSTON, FEB.13-(AP)-SEN.KNOWLAND (R-CALIF) SAID TONIGHT THE UNITED STATES' POSTWAR CHANCE TO EXPORT TO CHINA AMERICAN IDEALS OF FREEDOM WAS "FRITTERED AWAY BY A SMALL GROUP OF WILLFUL MEN X X X" IN THE STATE DEPARTMENT.

FIFTY YEARS "OF FRIENDLY INTEREST ON THE PART OF OUR PEOPLE AND OUR GOVERNMENT IN A FREE AND INDEPENDENT CHINA" AND THE CONTRIBUTION OF OU SERVICEMEN IN WORLD WAR 2," HE SAID, GAVE US "THIS OPPORTUNITY."

THE "BASIC OBJECTIVE THE UNITED STATES SHOULD HAVE KEPT CONSTANTLY IN MIND," HE TOLD THE REPUBLICAN MIDDLESEX CLUB AT ITS LINCOLN DAY DINNEVWAS

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LINCOLN DAY DINNER, "WAS TO PRESERVE A FREE, INDEPENDENT, UNITED, NON-COMMUNIST CHINA.

"IN THE POSTWAR ILLNESS OF THAT NATION," KNOWLAND SAID, "WE PRESCRIBED THAT THE STRYCHNINE OF COMMUNISM BE TAKEN.

"THE STATE DEPARTMENT, HAVING CONTRIBUTED GREATLY TO THE CHINESE DISASTER, STILL PROCLAIMS THAT WE MUST FOLLOW A 'HANDS OFF' POLICY, OR THAT WE MUST "WAIT FOR THE DUST TO SETTLE; OR WE MUST INVMESTIGATE SOME MORE."

KNOWLAND SAID REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STATE DEPARTMENT "PERSISTENTLY TRIED TO GET THE GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF CHINA TO FORM A COALITION WITH THE COMMUNISTS.

"WHEN THEY REFUSED," HE SAID, "WE PLACED AN EMBARGO AGAINST THE SHIPMENT OF ANY ARMS OR AMMUNITION TO THE LEGAL GOVERNMENT OF THE COUNTRY. DURING THOSE SAME MONTHS THE SOVIET ARMY OF OCCUPATION, IN MANCHURIA AS THE RESULT OF THE YALTA AGREEMENT, WAS TURNING OVER TO THE COMMUNIST FORCES LARGE AMOUNTS OF CAPTURED JAPANESE WAR STOCKS.

"LIKE A PERSON WITH A BAD CONSCIENCE," KNOWLAND ADDED, "THE STATE DEPARTMENT ON AUGUST 6, 1949, RELEASED THE CHINA WHITE PAPER. ALL THE BLAME WAS PLACED ON THE NATIONAL GOVERNMENT WITH ITS BACK TO THE WALL. IT WAS APPARENTLY ISSUED WITH THE HOPE THAT OUR OWN PART AND SHARE OF RESPONSIBILITY MIGHT BE OVERLOOKED."

ATOMIC

LOS ALAMOS, N.M., FEB. 13-(AP)-THIS ATOMIC CENTER DEALS IN LIFE AS WELL AS DEATH.

WHILE THE NATION'S TOP NUCLEAR PHYSICISTS WORK IN THE LOS ALAMOS LABORATORIES TO PERFECT WEAPONS CAPABLE OF DEALING DEATH TO HUNDREDS OF THOUSANDS, A COMPARATIVELY SMALL GROUP OF 34 BIO-MEDICAL SCIENTISTS DO RESEARCH THAT MIGHT DEFEAT MANY OF THE HUMAN RACE'S MOST DESTRUCTIVE AILMENTS.

AT THE SAME TIME, THE 34 WORK TO PROTECT THE WEAPONS SCIENTISTS AGAINST THE VAGARIES OF THE RADIOACTIVE MATERIALS WITH WHICH THEY DEAL EVERY DAY.

DIRECTING THE LOS ALAMOS BIO-MEDICAL RESEARCH GROUP IS DR. WRIGHT LANGHAM, A SLIGHT, ENERGETIC MAN WHOSE SCIENTIFIC ABILITY COMMANDS THE RESPECT OF OTHER SCIENTISTS ON "THE HILL."

LANGHAM HAS WATCHED THE BIO-MEDICAL LAB GROW FROM AN 18 BY 20 FOOT LABORATORY AND THREE PERSONS TO ITS PRESENT STAFF AND 23 LABORATORIES.

ONLY THREE OF THE 23 LABORATORIES ARE INSIDE THE SECURITY FENCE, BUT OUTSIDERS ARE NOT ENCOURAGED TO VISIT. SOME OF THE MATERIALS USED IN THE BIO-MEDICAL RESEARCH COULD BE DEATH-DEALING TO THE CARELESS.

THE LABORATORIES ARE A STRANGE WORLD OF GEIGER COUNTERS, SPECIAL TEST TUBES MADE BY SOME OF THE NATION'S BEST GLASS BLOWERS AND INTRICATE PHOTOGRAPHIC EQUIPMENT THAT ENABLES RADIOACTIVITY TO TAKE ITS OWN PICTURE ON RAW FILM.

THERE ARE RABBITS WITH PANELS IN THEIR EARS, PERMITTING SCIENTISTS TO STUDY BLOOD FLOW. THERE IS A SLICER THAT CUTS MATERIAL UNDER OBSERVATION TO 1/10TH MICRON--AND A MICRON IS 39.37 MILLIONTHS OF AN INCH.

AN ULTRA-CENTRIFUGE, A BULKY BOX-LIKE AFFAIR, SPINS 70,000 REVOLUTIONS A MINUTE TO SEPARATE MOLECULES OF A SUBSTANCE BY SHEER CENTRIFUGAL WEIGHT. THIS COMPARES WITH A CRUISING SPEED OF 1,900 R.P.M.'S FOR THE FOUR-ENGINE CONSTELLATIVE PLANE.

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FOR THE FOUR-ENGINE CONSTELLATION PLANE.

THE MATERIAL TO BE BROKEN DOWN IS INSERTED IN A DRUM AND ALL AIR WITHDRAWN FROM THE CHAMBER BEFORE THE SPINNING BEGINS. SCIENTISTS SAY THE DRUM SPINS SO RAPIDLY THAT EVEN A SMALL AMOUNT OF AIR LEFT IN THE CHAMBER WOULD PRODUCE ENOUGH FRICTION TO BURN THE SOLID STEEL DRUM TO A SHAPELESS MASS.

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THERE ARE ELECTRONIC BEAMS THAT PASS THROUGH MATERIAL BEING TESTED AND CHART, ON FILM, THAT MATERIAL'S COMPONENT PARTS IN COMPARATIVE PEAKS.

THERE IS AN INFRARED SPECTROPHOTOMETER THAT PRODUCES A MOLECULAR PATTERN OF AN UNKNOWN SUBSTANCE. ONCE SCIENTISTS GET THAT PATTERN, THEY CAN FARM IT AROUND TO THE VARIOUS LABORATORIES FOR COMPARISON AGAINST CHARTS OF KNOWN MOLECULAR PATTERNS.

RADIOACTIVE CARBON 14 IS USED TO "TAG" CHEMICAL COMPOUNDS WHOSE ACTIVITY IN LIVING TISSUE IS BEING STUDIED. THE RADIOACTIVITY OF THE TAGGED COMPOUND MAKES IT EASIER TO TRACE THE COMPOUND'S PROGRESS THROUGH THE BODY.

LOS ALAMOS SCIENTISTS SAY TAGGING OF COMPOUNDS IS PROVING VALUABLE IN THE STUDY OF BRAIN TUMORS, GOITER, HEART DISEASES, PELLAGRA AND CANCER. SUCH TRACING METHODS ARE ENABLING SCIENCE TO MOVE EVER NEARER ITS GOAL OF PERFECTING DRUGS DESIGNED FOR SPECIFIC TASKS OF HEALING.

CARBON 14 IS NOT THE ONLY TAGGING SUBSTANCE USED HERE. OTHERS INCLUDE ISOTYPES OF IODINE, SULPHUR, HYDROGEN AND NITR X X X NITROGEN.

LANGHAM SAYS ABOUT 60 PER CENT OF THE BIO-MEDICAL STAFF'S TIME IS DEVOTED TO RESEARCH CONCERNED PRIMARILY WITH THE HEALTH, MEDICAL AND BIOLOGICAL PROBLEMS OF INTEREST TO THE WEAPONS SCIENTISTS.

THE OTHER 40 PER CENT IS SPENT IN SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH OF A MORE FUNDAMENTAL NATURE, INCLUDING BIOLOGICAL EFFECTS OF IONIZING RADIATION AND THE USE OF RADIOACTIVE ISOTOPES IN BIOLOGY AND MEDICINE.

THE MOST CONCRETE PRODUCTION TO COME OUT OF THE HIGHLY THEORETICAL WORK OF THE MEDICAL RESEARCH GROUP HAS BEEN THE SHIPMENT OF CARBON 14 LABELLED COMPOUNDS TO OAK RIDGE FOR DISTRIBUTION TO RESEARCH CENTERS NOT AFFILIATED WITH THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION.

AVAILABLE FOR PUBLIC DISTRIVUTION THROUGH THE AEC ARE TAGGED NICOTINIC ACID, ANTHRANILIC ACID, NICOTINAMIDE, NEMBUTAL, AND UREA.

NICOTINIC ACID AND NICOTINAMIDE ARE USED FOR PELLAGRA, A DISEASE CHARACTERIZED BY GASTRIC AND NERVOUS DISORDERS.

UREA WILL AID IN STUDIES OF THE BODY'S UTILIZATION OF PROTEIN. RADIOACTIVE NEMBUTAL AIDS IN THE STUDY OF SLEEP PRODUCING DRUGS. A TAGGED NITROGEN MUSTARD COMPOUND WILL FURNISH A MORE COMPLETE STUDY OF LYMPHATIC CANCER.

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LOS ALAMOS ITSELF TAKES ITS BIO-MEDICAL RESEARCH PRETTY MUCH FOR GRANTED, JUST AS IT DOES ITS WEAPONS RESEARCH.

BUT TO THE OUTSIDE OBSERVER, THE COMPARISON BETWEEN NUMERICAL PERSONNEL AND THE AMOUNT OF MONEY BEING SPENT ON THE TWO WIDELY VARIANT PROJECTS POINTS UP CURRENT WORLD CONDITIONS.

WHEN THERE COMES THE TIME WHEN SO MUCH IS NO LONGER NEEDED IN WEAPONS RESEARCH AND PRODUCTION, THE POSSIBILITIES OF ATOMIC HEALTH RESEARCH, AS REPRESENTED BY THE LOS ALAMOS BIO-MEDICAL PROJECT, SEEM ALMOST UNLIMITED.

BB127AMS NM

NEW YORK, FEB.13-(AP)-MORRIS L. ERNST, NEW YORK LAWYER-AUTHOR, HAS BEEN RETAINED AS COUNSEL FOR ROBERT A. VOGELER, AN AMERICAN CITIZEN FACING TRIAL IN HUNGARY ON CHARGES OF ESPIONAGE AND SABOTAGE.

ERNST SAID YESTERDAY HE PLANS TO BE IN BUDAPEST BY FRIDAY, WHEN THE TRIAL IS SCHEDULED TO BEGIN.

HUNGARIAN AUTHORITIES HAVE GIVEN NO ASSURANCE THAT VOGELER, 38-YEAR-OLD VICE-PRESIDENT OF THE EUROPEAN BRANCH OF THE INTERNATIONAL TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY, WOULD BE ALLOWED TO HAVE AN AMERICAN DEFENSE LAWYER.

ERNST SAID HE WAS RETAINED BY VOGELER'S WIFE, FATHER AND EMPLOYER.

VOGELER, SEIZED NOV.18 AFTER HE LEFT HIS BUDAPEST HOTEL TO RETURN TO HIS HOME IN VIENNA, AUSTRIA, HAS BEEN HELD INCOMMUNICADO.

SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN ACHESON TOLD THE HUNGARIAN MINISTER IN WASHINGTON LAST WEEK THAT THE U.S. GOVERNMENT TOOK A "VERY SERIOUS" VIEW OF THE ARREST.

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NEW YORK, FEB.13-(AP)-MILWAUKEE GIRL SCOUTS TODAY GOT AN EARLY START ON THE "SCHOOL MATES OVERSEAS" CAMPAIGN SCHEDULED TO START MARCH 12.

SEVEN PACKAGES OF SCHOOL KITS CONTRIBUTED BY THE MILWAUKEE GIRL SCOUTS ARRIVED AT LAGUARDIA FIELD ON A UNITED AIR LINES PLANE.

THE SCOUT ORGANIZATION EXPECTS ABOUT 100,000 SCHOOL KITS WILL BE COLLECTED AND SHIPPED TO NEEDY CHILDREN IN EUROPE. THE KITS INCLUDE SUPPLIES AND MESSAGES OF FRIENDSHIP.

THE SEVEN KITS WERE TO BE DELIVERED TO GIRL SCOUT HEADQUARTERS IN MANHATTAN FOR TRANS-SHIPMENT ABROAD THROUGH RELIEF AND OTHER AGENCIES.

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NIGHT LEAD (170)

NEW YORK, FEB.13-(AP)-BOROUGH PRESIDENT ROBERT F.WAGNER, JR., TOLD THE 14 TRAVELLING JAPANESE DIET MEMBERS TODAY THAT THE PEOPLE OF NEW YORK WERE "DELIGHTED" WITH THEIR VISIT AND THE OPPORTUNITY TO SHOW THEM HOW "DEMOCRACY IS WORKING."

WELCOMING THE PARLIAMENTARIANS AT THE CITY HALL WAGNER ASSURED THE GROUP THAT "DEMOCRACY IS BY FAR THE BEST FORM OF GOVERNMENT," AND ADDED:

"WE PRIDE OURSELVES ON THE FACT THAT WE ARE A MOST COSMOPOLITAN CITY AND THAT MANY OF THE PEOPLE LIVING HERE COME FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD AND, SHARING THAT CULTURE, IVE TOGETHER IN PEACE AND HARMONY."

THE VISIT TO THE CITY HALL WAS PART OF A CITY-WIDE TOUR WHICH INCLUDED A TRIP TO THE FINANCIAL AREA AND TO GRANT'S TOMB.

TAKESHI YAMAZAKI, CHAIRMAN OF THE JAPANESE DELEGATION, THANKED THE BOROUGH PRESIDENT FOR THE CITY'S WELCOME AND SAID TOKYO HAD MANY OF THE SAME PROBLEMS AS NEW YORK AND EXPRESSED THE HOPE THAT THEY BE ABLE TO COPE WITH THEM AS WELL.

THE JAPANESE DELEGATION ALSO VISITED COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY WHERE THEY MET THEIR COUNTRYMAN HIDEKI YUKAWA, NOBEL PRIZE WINNER IN ATOMIC PHYSICS LAST YEAR.

EACH OF THE GROUP INTRODUCED HIMSELF SHAKING HANDS AND BOWING FORMALLY. YUKAWA ESCORTED THEM TO THE LABORATORY ROOM WHERE THE DIET MEMBERS CAUGHT A GLIMPSE OF A CYCLOTRON WHICH FIGURED LARGELY IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE ATOMIC BOMB.

AFTER THEIR WELCOME AT THE CITY HALL THE GROUP WAS TAKEN IN AN ARMY PATROL BOAT TO BEDLOE'S ISLAND. AS THE BOAT CIRCLED THE STATUE OF LIBERTY YAMAZAKI COMMENTED, "IT'S VERY GOOD AND AN ARTISTIC STATUE. IT SYMBOLIZES PEACE."

STATUE.

ANOTHER PARLIAMENTARIAN, SABURO SHIIKUMA, SUGGESTED THE STATUE PERHAPS SHOULD BE MOVED FIRST TO TOKYO BAY AND THEN TO RUSSIA. HE ADDED, MAYBE THEN IT COULD BE PUT IN THE CUSTODY OF THE UNITED NATIONS."

THEIR TOUR TODAY ALSO TOOK THEM TO SEVERAL OF THE CITY'S CHURCHES AND OTHER PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

THE GROUP WILL BE THE GUESTS OF JOSEPH ROBINSON, FORMER CHAIRMAN OF THE DECONTROL REVIEW BOARD IN JAPAN, AT A LUNCHEON TUESDAY AND LATER WILL VISIT THE UNITED NATIONS AT LAKE SUCCESS. ON WEDNESDAY THEY LEAVE FOR WASHINGTON.

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Russia, Chinese Reds Sign 30-Year Mutual Aid Pact; Reach Manchuria 'Accord'

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MOSCOW AGREES TO GRANT CREDIT TO NEW REGIME

300 Million Made Available for Buying Industrial Equipment

Eddy Gilmore and Whitney

TREATY HAS 'STRINGS'

Some of Provisions Hinge on Signing of Jap Peace Pact

FEB 14 1950

MOSCOW, (Wednesday) Feb. 15—(AP)—The Soviet Union and communist China signed a 30-year alliance in the Kremlin last night and came to an understanding on Manchuria.

At the same time the Russians agreed to grant the Chinese a $300,000,000 credit with which to buy industrial and railway equipment from the Soviet Union.

The agreement was concluded after 60 days of negotiations. Prime Minister Stalin and Foreign Minister Andrei Y. Vishinsky participated in the talks for Russia with Chinese communist leader Mao Tze-tung and his premier and foreign minister Chou En-lai.

Principals Hail Pact

The news was made public by the Moscow radio a few hours after the principals affixed their signatures to the documents. Chou said: "Only the imperialists and warmongers will assume an attitude of hate toward this treaty and the agreements.

"The unity of the peoples of China and the Soviet Union, which number about 700,000,00, is a force which it is impossible to defeat."

Vishinsky characterized the agreements as the "greatest contribution to the cause of strengthening peace and democracy in the whole world."

Representatives of the two nations decided that after a peace treaty has been signed with Japan, or not later than the end of 1952, the Russians will turn over to China the Changhun (southern Manchurian) railway as full Chinese property.

They also agreed that Soviet troops will be withdrawn from Port Arthur, a Manchurian city, upon the conclusion of the peace treaty with Japan or not later than the end of 1952. It was stated that administration of the Manchurian city of Dairen "belongs entirely to China."

Other Points in Treaty

In addition to the main agreements auxiliary notes were exchanged at the same time between the two countries. These provided:

1—Confirmation of Chinese recognition of the independence and sovereignty of the Mongolian People's Republic (Outer Mongolia).

2—That the Soviet Union will return to China without cost all property acquired by Soviet organizations from Japanese property owners in Manchuria.

The Soviet and Chinese foreign ministers likewise exchanged notes on a decision by the Soviet Union to transfer to the Chinese communist government without recompense "all buildings of former military cantonments." This obviously referred to old czarist military establishments in Peiping.

Announcement that the negotiations had been concluded found most of Moscow's diplomats in bed. A few of them turned out, however, to study the documents for a first hand report to their capitals. Among these were oficers from the United States Embassy who deal with Chinese questions.

Credit Grant for China

The Soviet credit is one of the most interesting features of the agreement. China gets $300,000,000 at one per cent interest per year. The fund will be given in five annual instalments beginning this year. Funds not used in the course of one year may be used in the following period.

The credits will be repaid in 10 annual instalments beginning in December, 1954.

It was warm and almost springlike in Moscow. Lights burned brightly in the Kremlin as various officials left after the signing ceremony.

During the night Prime Minister Stalin attended a reception at the Chinese Embassy in honor of Mao and Chou. His appearance at the reception was interpreted as a sign of his esteem for the Chinese leaders. INSERT

The keystone of the agreements between the Soviet Union and communist China was the 30-year treaty of alliance, friendship and mutual aid.

Climaxes Long Negotiations

These various vital agreements brought to an end the Chinese-Soviet negotiations which began when Mao Tze-tung, leader of communist China, arrived in Moscow in mid-December just prior to Generalissimo Stalin's 70th birthday.

They also bring to a formal end the treaties signed between Russia and the Chinese nationalists on these subjects on Aug. 14, 1945.

The text of the communique on the agreements and the text of the agreements themselves were issued here by Tass just before 2 a. m. Moscow time. (6 p. m., E.S.T.). Before that they had been broadcast to the whole nation on the Moscow radio.

The texts will be repeated on morning news broadcasts and frontpaged in all newspapers.

The American diplomatic colony had gone to bed before the news was released and was not available for comment.

Western diplomats here had expected the agreements, but no western experts had suggested that they might be as sweeping as those which actually have been signed.

There was no suggestion, for instance, that the U.S.S.R. might by agreement with the Chinese relinquish Port Arthur or the Changchun Railway or return property acquired after the war in World War II.

Communist China's position in Manchuria, the Moscow radio said

The Manchurian agreements call for the ultimate withdrawal of Soviet troops from the "jointly used naval base" of Port Arthur, refer to China's right to administer Dairen and provide for the transfer to China without compensation of all Soviet rights in administration of the important Changchun railway.

Interpreted As Meaning U.S.

By their treaty, Russia and Communist China pledged themselves to act jointly to prevent any violaof the peace by "Japan or any other state which directly or indirectly would unite with Japan in acts of aggression."

The reference to "any other state" was interpreted in Tokyo as apparently meaning the United States. Soviet newspapers and broadcasts have accused the United States of following a policy in Japan to further what they describe as aggressive American designs.

Russia and Communist China also declared their readiness to take part "in all international actions which have as their object to insure peace and security throughout the entire world."

Promise Co-Operation

They promised to co-operate with each other "in all important international questions touching on the mutual interests of the Soviet Union and China."

The treaty and accompanying agreements were concluded after talks which began last December 16 when Red China's leader, Mao Tze-tung, arrived in Moscow. Length of the talks had led to speculation in non-Communist world capitals that Mao was finding the Russians hard bargainers.

The treaty and accompanying agreements were broadcast by the Moscow radio and recorded in London by the Soviet monitor. The new accords will supersede the old treaty and agreements concluded between Nationalist China and the Soviet Union on August 14, 1945.

$300,000,000 For Equipment

Now the Soviet Union has agreed to grant credits of $300,000,000 to Communist China for the purchase of industrial and railway equipment from Russia.

One fifth of the $300,000,000 would be advanced each year for the next five years. China will pay back one tenth of the principal each year for the next ten years and shall pay interest on the loan in tea, raw materials, cash (Chinese money) and United States dollars.

The loan would provide funds for China to obtain Russian machinery, material and equipment for China's industrialization. The prices China would pay Russia would be based on world market prices.

Russia and Communist China promised to strengthen economic and cultural ties with one another and to render each other "every possible economic aid."

Concessions In Manchuria

Their pact also calls for several apparent Russian concessions in Manchuria. But there are strings attached. Those provisions of the treaty will go into effect either when a peace treaty with Japan has

(Continued on Page 7, Column 4)

2 NATIONS ALSO REACH ACCORD ON FINANCIAL AND MANCHURIA ISSUES

Say Treaty Is Aimed Particularly At Any 'Rebirth Of Japanese Imperialism'—Soviet Agrees To Quit Port Arthur

FEB 14 1950

London, Feb. 14 (AP)—Russia and Red China, the world's largest Communist nations, signed a 30-year treaty of friendship, alliance and mutual aid in Moscow today. They said it was aimed particularly at any "rebirth of Japanese imperialism."

After nearly two months of negotiations, the two nations also reached accords on financial questions and on

been signed or no later than the end of 1952.

There is no present prospect of the early conclusion of a peace treaty with American-occupied Japan. Both the Soviet Union and Communist China said they would undertake to work for the conclusion of such a treaty "in the shortest possible space of time."

The apparent Russian concessions in Manchuria include:

1. Moscow's agreement to transfer to Red China without compensaiton all Soviet rights in the administration of the Changchun railway. This is an important line which trans-Siberian trains use to secure an ice-free terminus on the Pacific.

Joint Use Of Port Arthur

2. Soviet troops will be withdrawn from the "jointly used naval base" of Port Arthur in Manchuria. There is a further proviso here for joint use of the base in event either party is "subjected to aggression on the part of Japan, or any state which unites with Japan."

3. The question of Dairen, terminal city of the Changchun railway, will be considered after the signing of a Japanese peace treaty, although administraiton of the city "belongs entirely to China."

Under the now-defunct 1945 Chinese-Russian treaty, the Soviet Union declared her respect for full Chinese sovereignty over Manchuria and Port Arthur was converted into a joint Chinese-Russian naval base for a period of 30 years.

On Mongolian Independence

The new treaty and agreements were signed by Andrei Y. Vishinsky, Soviet Foreign Minister, and Chou En-lai, Premier and Foreign Minister of the Chinese Communist regime. Chou participated in the latter stages of the treaty negotiations in Moscow.

Vishinsky and Chou exchanged notes specifying that Red China and the Soviet Union "affirm complete guarantee of the independent status of the Mongolian People's Republic," the communiqué said.

The terms of agreement on Manchuria and the Mongolian People's Republic commanded particular attention in view of the recent statement by Dean Acheson, United States Secretary of State, that Moscow was trying to detach northern Chinese territories. The Russians denied Acheson's charge.

Regarded As Satellite

The Mongolian People's Republic (Outer Mongolia) has been an area of clashing interests between China and Russia for many decades. With Inner Mongolia, which belongs to China, it has an area of about 1,875,000 square miles and is populated by 750,000 Mongols and about 100,000 persons of other nationalities, mainly Chinese and Russians.

The Mongolian People's Republic is regarded by non-Communist nations as a Soviet satellite and they have refused to support its application for membership in the United Nations.

The provisions regarding the Changchun or south Manchuria railway also were viewed as being of major importance. It gives the Russians' trans-Siberian railway a shorter route to the Pacific than the line to Vladivostok. Tran-Siberian trains using the Changchun line terminate at Dairen, an ice-free port.

The Texts of the Agreements Concluded Between the Soviet Union and Communist China

LONDON, Feb. 14 (AP)—Following are the texts of a communiqué announcing the treaty between the Soviet Union and Communist China, of the treaty itself and of two agreements between the signatories, as recorded here by the Soviet Monitor:

TEXT OF COMMUNIQUE

In the course of a recent period, negotiations have taken place in Moscow between J. V. Stalin, Chairman of the Council of Ministers of the U. S. S. R., and A. Y. Vishinsky, U. S. S. R. Minister of Foreign Affairs, on the one hand and Mr. Mao Tze-tung, Chairman of the Central Government of the Chinese People's Republic and Mr. Chou En-lai, Premier of the State Administrative Council and Foreign Minister of the People's Republic, on the other hand, during which important political and economic problems on relations between the Soviet Union and the Chinese People's Republic were Discussed.

The negotiations, which took place in an atmosphere of cordiality and friendly mutual understanding, confirmed the striving of both sides to strengthen in every way and to develop relations of friendship and cooperation between them as well as their desire to cooperate for the purpose of guaranteeing general peace and the security of the nations. The negotiations were ended by the signing in the Kremlin Feb. 14 of:

1. A Treaty of Friendship, Alliance and Mutual Aid between the Soviet Union and the Chinese People's Republic.
2. Agreements on the Chinese Changchun railway, Port Arthur and Dalny [Dairen], under which, after the signing of the peace treaty with Japan, the Chinese Changchun railway will pass into complete ownership of the Chinese People's Republic, while Soviet troops will be withdrawn from Port Arthur.
3. Agreements by which the Government of the U. S. S. R. will give to the Government of the Chinese People's Republic a long term economic credit for payments of deliveries of industrial and railway equipment from the U. S. S. R.

The above-mentioned treaty and agreements were signed on the part of the U. S. S. R. by Mr. A. Y. Vishinsky and on the part of the Chinese People's Republic by Mr. Chou En-lai.

In connection with the signing of the Treaty of Friendship, Alliance and Mutual Aid and agreement on the Chinese Changchun railway, Port Arthur and Dalny, Mr. Chou En-lai and A. Y. Vishinsky exchanged notes to the effect that a corresponding treaty and agreements concluded Aug. 14, 1945, between China and the Soviet Union have become invalid and that both governments affirm complete guarantee of the independent status of the Mongolian People's Republic as a result of the referendum of 1945 and the establishment with her of diplomatic relations by the Chinese People's Republic.

Simultaneously, Mr. Chou En-lai and A. Y. Vishinsky also exchanged notes regarding a decision of the Soviet Government to hand over without compensation to the Government of the Chinese People's Republic property acquired by Soviet economic organizations from Japanese owners in Manchuria, as well as on a decision of the Soviet Government to hand over without compensation to the Government of the Chinese People's Republic all buildings of the former military settlement in Peking (Peiping).

A Treaty Regarding Friendship, Alliance and Mutual Aid Between the Soviet Socialist Republics and the Chinese People's Republic.

The Presidium of the Supreme Soviet [Parliament] of the Union of the Soviet Socialist Republics and the Central People's Government of the People's Republic of China, filled with determination for the strengthening of friendship and cooperation between the Union of the Soviet Socialist Republics and the People's Republic of China, jointly to prevent the rebirth of Japanese imperialism and the repetition of aggression on the part of Japan or any other state which directly or indirectly would unite in any form with Japan in acts of aggression, and filled with the desire to strengthen the prolonged peace and universal security in the Far East and throughout the world;

In accordance with the objects and principles of the United Nations;

Profoundly convinced that the strengthening of relations of good neighborliness and friendship between the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics and the Chinese People's Republic corresponds to the vital interests of the peoples of the Soviet Union and China;

Have decided for this purpose to conclude the present agreement, and have appointed as their plenipotentiaries:

For the Presidium of the Supreme Soviet of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics—Andrei Yanuarievich Vishinsky, Minister of Foreign Affairs of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics; for the Central People's Republic of the People's Republic of China, Chou En-lai, Premier of the State Administrative Council and Minister of Foreign Affairs of the People's Republic of China.

Both plenipotentiary representatives, after the exchange of their plenary powers, conducted in due form and full order, have agreed on the following:

The high contracting parties undertake that they will undertake jointly all necessary measures at their disposal to prevent any repetition of aggression and violation of peace on the part of Japan or any other state which directly or indirectly would unite with Japan in acts of aggression. In the event of one of the agreeing parties being subjected to attack by Japan or any state allied with her, thus finding itself in a state of war, the other high contracting party will immediately render military or other aid with all means at its disposal.

Ensure Peace and Security

The high contracting parties likewise declare their readiness, in the spirit of sincere cooperation, to take part in all international actions which have as their object to ensure peace and security throughout the entire world and will completely devote their energies to the speediest realization of these objects.

The high contracting parties undertake in the way of mutual agreement to work for the conclusion in the shortest possible space of time, jointly with other powers allied during the second World War, of a peace treaty with Japan.

The high contracting parties will not conclude any alliance directed against the other high contracting party, nor will they participate in any coalition, or in actions or measures directed against the other party.

The high contracting parties will cooperate with each other in all important international questions touching on the mutual interests of the Soviet Union and China, being guided by the interest of strengthening peace and universal security.

The high contracting parties undertake, in the spirit of friendship and cooperation and in accordance with the principles of equality, in the joint interest and likewise with joint respect for state sovereignty and territorial integrity and non-intervention in the internal affairs of the other country to develop and strengthen economic and cultural ties between the Soviet Union and China, and to render each other every possible economic aid, and realize the necessary economic cooperation.

The present agreement comes into force immediately from the date of its ratification.

The exchange of ratification credentials is to be effected in Peking.

The present agreement is to remain in force for thirty years, and unless one of the high contracting parties one year previous to the expiring of the agreement declares its desire to denounce the agreement, it will remain in force for a further period of five years, and, in accordance with these regulations, will be prolonged.

Done in this city of Moscow, Feb. 14, 1950, in duplicate, each in the Russian and Chinese languages, both texts have equal force.

Signed by authorization of the Presidium of the Supreme Soviet of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics,

A. Y. VISHINSKY.

By authorization of the Central People's Government of the People's Republic of China,

CHOU EN-LAI.

Agreement Between the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics and the People's Republic of China Regarding the Chinese Changchun Railway, Port Arthur and Port Dalny (Dairen).

The Presidium of the Supreme Soviet of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics and the Central People's Government of the People's Republic of China have established that since 1945 radical changes have occurred in the situation in the Far East, namely:

Imperialist Japan has suffered defeat; the reactionary Kuomintang Government has been overthrown; China has been transformed into a People's Democratic Republic; a new, People's Government has been created in China, which has united the whole of China, realized a policy of friendship and cooperation with the Soviet Union and has proved its ability to defend the state, independence and territorial integrity of China, the national honor and dignity of the Chinese people.

The Presidium of the Supreme Soviet of the Union of the Soviet Socialist Republics and the Central People's Government of the Chinese People's Republic consider that this new situation makes it possible to approach in a new manner that question of the Chinese Changchun railway, Port Arthur and Port Dalny.

In accordance with these new circumstances, the Presidium of the Supreme Soviet of the Union of the Soviet Socialist Republics and the Central People's Government of the Chinese People's Republic have decided to conclude the present agreement regarding the Chinese Changchun Railway, regarding Port Arthur and regarding Port Dalny.

ARTICLE 1

The high contracting parties have agreed that the Soviet Government transfers without compensation to the Government of the People's Republic of China all its rights in the joint administration of the Chinese Changchun Railway, with all property belonging to the railway. The transfer will be accomplished immediately after the conclusion of the peace treaty with Japan, not later, however, than the end of 1952.

Until that completion of the transfer, the situation existing at the present time for Soviet-Chinese joint administration of the Chinese Changchun Railway re-

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mains unchanged; however, the method of filling posts by representatives of the Soviet-Chinese parties, after the present agreement comes into force, is to be changed, and alternation is laid down for filling of positions for definite periods—for the administrator of the railway, president of the management, and others.

As regards the concrete methods of effecting the transfer, they will be agreed and determined by the governments of both high contracting parties.

ARTICLE 2

The high contracting parties have agreed that Soviet troops will be withdrawn from the jointly used naval base of Port Arthur and the constructions in this district will be transferred to the Government of the People's Republic of China immediately after the conclusion of the peace treaty with Japan, but not later than the end of 1952, with compensation by the Government of the People's Republic of China to the Soviet Union for expenditure in restoring the construction of the constructions carried out by the Soviet Union since 1945.

During the period prior to the withdrawal of Soviet troops and the transfer of the aforementioned constructions, the Governments of the Soviet Union and China will appoint an equal number of military representatives for the organization of a Chinese-Soviet joint military commission, over which both parties are to preside in turn, and which is to be in charge of military affairs in Port Arthur.

Concrete measures in this point are to be determined by the Chinese-Soviet Joint Military Commission within a period of three months after the present agreement comes into force and will be realized after the ratification of these measures by the governments of both parties.

Civilian administration in the aforementioned area is to be under the direct authority of the People's Republic of China.

Prior to the withdrawal of Soviet troops, the zone of billeting of Soviet troops in the district of Port Arthur is to remain unchanged in accordance with the present boundaries in force.

In the event of either of the high contracting parties being subjected to aggression on the part of Japan or any state which unites with Japan and as a consequence of this being involved in military operations, China and the Soviet Union may, on the proposal of the People's Republic of China and with the agreement of the Soviet Government, jointly use the naval base of Port Arthur in the interest of conducting joint military operations against the aggressor.

ARTICLE 3

The high contracting parties have agreed that the question of Port Dalny is to be subjected to consideration after the conclusion of the peace treaty with Japan.

As regards the administration in Dalny, this belongs entirely to the Government of the People's Republic of China. All properties at the present time in Dalny in the provisional control of or leased by the Soviet party is to be taken over by the Government of the People's Republic of China.

To carry out the work of taking over the aforementioned property, the governments of the Soviet Union and China appoint three representatives from each party to organize a joint commission, which, in the period of three months after the present agreement comes into force, is to define the concrete methods of handing over the property, and after the ratification of the proposals of the joint commission by the governments of both parties is to complete the realization during 1950.

ARTICLE 4

The present agreement comes into force from the date of its ratification. The exchange of ratification credentials to be effected in Peiping.

Done at Moscow, Feb. 14, 1950, in duplicate, each in the Russian and Chinese languages, both texts having equal force.

Signed on the authorization of the Presidium of the Supreme Soviet of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.

A. Y. VISHINSKY.

On the authorization of the Central People's Government of the People's Republic of China.

CHOU EN-LAI.

Agreement Between the Government of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics and the Central People's Government of the People's Republic of China on the Granting of Credits to the Chinese People's Republic.

In connection with the consent of the Government of the Union of the Soviet Socialist Republics to satisfy the request of the Central People's Government of the People's Republic of China on granting it credits for paying for the equipment and other materials which the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics has agreed to supply to China, the two Governments have agreed on the following:

ARTICLE 1

The Government of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics grants the Central People's Government of the People's Republic of China credits, calculated in dollars, to the amount of 300 million American dollars, calculated on the basis of 35 American dollars to one ounce of fine gold.

In view of the great devastation of China, as the consequence of prolonged military action on its territory, the Soviet Government has agreed to grant credits on privileged terms of 1 per cent per year.

ARTICLE 2

The credits mentioned in Article 1 are to be granted during the five years starting on Jan. 1, 1950, in equal parts of one-fifth of the total amount each year, for the payment of deliveries of equipment and materials from the U.S.S.R., including equipment for electric power stations, the extraction of coal and ores, railway and other transport equipment, and other materials for the development and restoration of the national economy of China.

The nomenclature, amounts, prices and dates of deliveries of equipment and materials are to be determined by a special agreement of the parties, the prices to be determined on the basis of the prices obtaining on the world markets.

The amount of credit not utilized in one twelve-month period may be utilized in subsequent annual periods.

ARTICLE 3

The Central People's Government of the People's Republic of China is to repay the aforementioned credit in Article 1, and also the interest on it, by supplies of raw materials, tea, gold and American dollars. The prices for raw materials and tea, the amounts and dates of deliveries, are to be established by a special agreement, the prices to be determined on the basis of the prices obtaining on the world markets.

The repayment of the credit is to be effected in the period of ten years, in equal annual parts of one-tenth of the amount of the credit received, and not later than Dec. 31 of each year. The first payment is to be effected not later than Dec. 31, 1954, and the last by Dec. 31, 1963.

The payment of interest on the credits, calculated from the date of utilization of the corresponding part of the credit, is to be effected half-yearly.

ARTICLE 4

In order to conduct the accounts for the credits provided in the present agreement, the State Bank of the U. S. S. R. and the People's Bank of the People's Republic of China are to open special accounts and jointly to establish the manner of accountancy and conduct of accounts under the present agreement.

ARTICLE 5

The present agreement comes into force from the date of signature and is subject to ratification. The exchange of ratification instruments is to be effected in Peking.

Done in Moscow, February 14, 1950, in duplicate, each in the Russian and Chinese languages, both texts having equal force.

Signed on the authorization of the Government of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.

A. Y. VISHINSKY.

On the authorization of the Central People's Government of the People's Republic of China.

CHOU EN-LAI.

FEB 14 1950

Text Of Agreements Broadcast To Russia

Moscow, *Wednesday*, Feb. 15 (AP). The text of the Russian communiqué on the Soviet-Communist China agreements and the text of the agreements themselves were issued here by Tass just before 2 A.M. Moscow time. Before that they had been broadcast to the whole nation on the Moscow Radio.

The texts will be repeated on morning news broadcasts and front-paged in all newspapers.

Announcement that the negotiations had been concluded found most of Moscow's diplomats in bed. A few of them turned out, however, to study the documents for a first-hand report to their capitals. Among these were officers from the United States Embassy who deal with Chinese questions.

It was warm and almost spring-like in Moscow. Lights burned brightly in the Kremlin as various officials left after the signing ceremony.

France to Try Polish Consul

PARIS, Feb. 14 (AP)—A Gove ment source said today that Jo Szercerbinski, former Polish C sul at Lille, arrested in Decemb would face a military court Metz.

"This is in no way retaliatio said the informant. "We have c lected tons of documents whi make it impossible for us to d miss the case against Szercerb ski. There is too much evide that he was actively engaged economic sabotage of France a in anti-Marshall Plan activities."

Soviet Hears U.S. Plans Japanese Army

London, Feb. 14 (AP)—The Soviet news agency Tass published a report today that the United States has ordered Japan's police turned into a 500,000-man core of a future Japanese army.

The Tass report, credited to a Washington correspondent of the agency, said Gen. Douglas MacArthur and Washington military experts had drawn up a secret plan for the "remilitarization of Japan."

This plan, the report said, had been given to the Japanese by Brig. Gen. Courtney Whitney, a member of the Government section of MacArthur's general headquarters in Tokyo.

The dispatch said 300,000 to 400,000 men—more than twice the present strength of all Japanese state police and guards combined—would be called up during the first six months of this year.

Bidault Names 2 Of Own Party As Aides

Paris, Feb. 14 (AP) — Premier Georges Bidault today named two members of his own Popular Republican Movement (MRP) to secondary posts in his coalition Cabinet.

Robert Prigent, vice president of the National Assembly, is to be Secretary of State attached to Bidault's own office, and Jules Catoire is to be Secretary of State for Commerce and Industry.

War Cargo Is Upset At French Port

Nice, France, Feb. 14 (AP)—About 1,000 Communist-led workers fought off police and swarmed over a truck today to dump its cargo of war material into the Mediterranean.

The material—which the Communists said was a ramp for a V-2 rocket—was to be loaded on the Italian ship Tafna.

The workers were called off their jobs by the Communist-led General Labor Federation. They were armed with crow bars, broken bottles and stones.

It was not immediately explained what the war material was or whether it was destined for Indo-China. French-Communists are conducting an active campaign to prevent the shipment of arms to French troops battling Communist-led guerillas in the Far East.

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Anti-Reds Act To Foil Italian Ship Boycott

Rome, Feb. 14 (AP)—Anti-Red Italian labor unions have opened a counterattack against Communist plans to halt the unloading of ships bringing American arms aid to Italy.

Union sources said results of referendums among dock workers already had assured the unloading of Atlantic-pact arms in the ports of Naples, Bari, Taranto, Brindisi, Molfetta and Gallipoli.

These sources said similar referendums would be held in the Communist strongholds of Genoa, Leghorn and La Spezia, major northern seaports. For the past month Communist and Communist-line newspapers have claimed that dock-workers at these ports would refuse to unload arms ships.

Referendums Held

The referendums are being held by the Italian Free Confederation of Labor (LCIGL) and the Italian Federation of Labor (FIL), both of which oppose the Communist-led Italian Confederation of Labor (CGIL).

A "Committee for National Accord," organized from the two anti-Red groups said the referendums were designed to give every port worker the opportunity to declare himself openly on the unloading of the arms ships.

A highly placed American observer here recently said he did not believe the Reds could accomplish their goal of stopping or hindering the arrival of arms shipments.

RED DEPUTY TRIES TO HIT DE GASPERI IN RIOTOUS SESSION

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ROME, Feb. 14 — (AP) Italy's new government won approval by the Chamber of Deputies tonight in a brawling session at which a Communist deputy tried to strike Premier Alcide De Gasperi.

The vote in the Christian Democrat-dominated house was 314 to 189. Twelve deputies abstained.

Christian Democratic ministers blocked Communist Deputy Luigi Di Mauro, a 30-year-old Sicilian, before he could touch the 63-year-old premier. Punching furiously they drove him from the hall.

The Communists and Christian Democrat deputies then swarmed out of their benches and met in a wild melee on the floor. One Communist climbed on a bench and soared through the air in a head-long dive into the fight. Labor Minister Achille Marrazza suffered a bitten finger.

Free-For-All Starts

The fight started when De Gasperi charged the Communists instigated a riot in industrial Modena last month which cost the lives of six workers.

Communist leader, Palmiro Togliatti, usually unruffled, lost his temper for once. He bellowed hoarsely, pounded his desk with his fists, and then ran down onto the floor and joined in the fight.

After husky ushers failed to restore order, Chamber President Giovani Gronchi cleared the galleries by ordering sirens blown. When the fighting was finally stopped, Di Mauro was expelled from parliament for the rest of the session.

The vote supporting the new government followed strict party lines with the Christian Democrats, Labor Socialists and Republicans approving. The extreme leftists voted against and the Liberals (Conservatives) abstained.

De Gasperi formed his new coalition government Jan. 27 after three weeks of crisis. He will next go before the senate where a vote of confidence is also assured.

Premier Warns Reds

The premier warned the Communists against stirring up "social disorders" which might make the people think a dictatorship along the lines of Mussolini's is necessary to avoid such clashes.

He also sharply attacked the Communist campaign to get the dockworkers to refuse to unload Atlantic Pact arms from America. It is "simply ridiculous" to talk of Italy engaging in an armaments race, he declared.

Italy, he said, is under no obligation to Washington to rearm "beyond our modest possibilities."

De Gasperi declared that the Marshall Plan had been a success in Italy.

Italy's dollar deficit amounted to $700,000,000 in 1947, $400,000,000 in 1949 and next year will be reduced to an "insignificant quantity," he stated.

Love Idyl in Soviet Zone Proves Myth to U. S. Girl

By The Associated Press.

BERLIN, Feb. 14—A blonde American secretary who overstayed her residence permit here has returned to the United States after failing to find a haven in the Soviet occupation zone with her German boy friend, a deputy United States provost marshal said tonight.

Lieut. Col. E. R. Kelly said the secretary was Miss Cecile von Goetz, 25 years of age, of Washington, D. C. He estimated she had spent approximately a month in Russian-occupied Germany.

Colonel Kelly said that Miss von Goetz had told authorities that during that time the Russians had placed a false murder charge against her and her boy friend, Kurt Tackenberg.

BONN GIVES BERLIN $23,000,000 IN AID

Marshall Plan Counterpart Funds Freed to Help West Sectors Restore Economy

BERLIN, Feb. 14 (AP)—West Berlin's prostrate economy received another firm shot in the arm today by the release of 100,000,000 West marks ($23,800,000) of Marshall Plan counterpart funds by the Western German Federal Republic for goods that already have been bought for Germany by Economic Cooperation Administration dollars.

The counterpart funds now released include 43,000,000 marks for heavy industry, 35,000,000 marks for housing, 15,000,000 marks for small industry and 5,000,000 marks for communications and transport.

The funds were turned over directly from the Bonn Government to a Berlin bank, which is completing preparations to allocate credits to the Berlin recipients.

To bring about a "maximum benefit" from the allocated funds the Berlin Marshall Plan advisory committee is preparing a working program. The all-German committee is made up of leading Berlin economic officials and industrialists. It operates under United States auspices.

The announcement said the committee also was drafting a program for an additional grant of 65,000,000 marks of counterpart funds that was expected to be applied after the initial 100,000,000 marks had been fully allocated.

Howard P. Jones, acting deputy Economic Cooperation Administration Commissioner in Berlin, said in an announcement the effect of the 100,000,000 West mark credit "will bring about an increase in production and a decrease in unemployment in West Berlin by spring."

Marshall Plan counterpart funds are those that represent mark payment for goods that already have been bought for Germany by Economic Cooperation Administration dollars.

GERMAN ZONES NEGOTIATING

Economists Expect Settlement Of East-West Trade Issues

Berlin, Feb. 14 (AP)—East and West German economists opened negotiations over their cold war disputes today, with indications of a tentative settlement in three or four days.

The West German republic's two-week-old embargo on steel shipments to East Germany appeared to be the toughest issue as the conferees met behind closed doors in the Soviet sector.

The Russians' "little blockade" on West Berlin's truck traffic—a frequent irritation since January 22—was practically unnoticeable.

Only Dozen At Barrier

Only a dozen Berlin-bound trucks were waiting at the highway barrier at Helmstedt at dusk tonight and the clearance rate of 10 to 15 an hour was above normal.

The Western steel embargo was ordered on Allied suggestion after several weeks of Soviet harassment of Berlin's supply lines.

West German officials explain, however, that steel exports may be resumed after March 15, if the Russian zone steps up its deliveries of goods to the West.

The East-West trade pact calls for an annual exchange totaling 600,000,000 West marks, ($142,800,000). The East has been lagging nearly 15,000,000 marks.

Both Areas Dismayed

Both the steel-producing Ruhr and the steel-hungry East zone have been dismayed by the embargo.

Communist newspapers are charging that the steel shut-off was dictated by the Allies to cripple a German industry competing with them for international markets.

Allied-occupied West Berlin received 100,000,000 marks ($23,800,000) worth of good news from the Economic Co-operation Administration tonight.

That sum was released from ECA counterpart (matching) funds of the West German Republic for recovery projects in West Berlin industry, communications and housing.

Previously 44,000,000 marks from ECA had been allotted to make West Berlin independent of the Russian sector by constructing its own power plan.

American officials said 65,000,000 marks would be granted later this year after the initial 100,000,000 marks are fully allocated.

SKORZENY IN EUROPE

Former Nazi Elite Guard Figure Eludes Paris Police

Frankfurt, Germany, Feb. 14 (AP). French police disclosed today that the fugitive former Lieut. Col. Otto Skorzeny, of Hitler's S.S. (elite guard) is back in Europe after escaping from Germany to Argentina.

But the big, scar-faced man whose exploits made him a hero to millions of German Nazis has once again eluded the law.

When police went to the suburban Paris boarding house where Skorzeny had been living under the assumed name of Reef Steiner, they were told he had left for Rome. He posed as a writer for American newspapers.

Not On French Criminal List

French officials said he entered France legally from Argentina and was not on their list of wanted war criminals.

However, Skorzeny is wanted in Germany. He escaped nineteen months ago from a Nazi internment camp where he was being held for trial as a Nazi leader.

United States Army officials have described Skorzeny as one of the most dangerous men in Europe. They regard him as a possible leader of a new Nazi movement, capable of rousing thousands of young fanatics who used to idolize him.

Took Mussolini From Allies

Skorzeny first won fame with his aerial rescue of Benito Mussolini from Allied custody in 1943. This mission was assigned him personally by Hitler.

During the Battle of the Bulge in 1944, Skorzeny led a group of S.S. men disguised in American uniforms on a sabotage mission behind American battle lines.

He was tried by an American Army war crimes court on a charge of violating the rules of warfare and was acquitted.

Then the Germans took him into custody for de-Nazification proceedings, but he escaped.

BACH JOINS COLD WAR

FRANKFURT—(AP) The German composer, Johann Sebastian Bach, has become involved in the east-west propaganda war. West German radio networks rejected a Russian zone offer of Bach memorial programs because of fear that they might find communist propaganda mixed with the music. This year is the 200th anniversary of Bach's death.

Ex-Nazi Seized In Plot To Kill Bonn President

FEB 14 1950

Hannover, Germany, Feb. 14 (AP)—An old-time Nazi was under arrest here today on charges of plotting to kill Theodor Heuss, West German President.

Chief of Detectives Friderich Peter, of the Hannover police, quoted the arrested man as saying:

"I lost my job and my bread by the democratic state and I intended to murder the representative of this democratic state."

It was revealed the man has been under arrest for three months and his sanity is being examined. He was picked up in Darmstadt in the American zone six days after President Heuss had visited Hannover last November 30.

Carried Diary

Police found a diary on the man outlining his plans to kill Heuss with a bomb at the Hannover railway station.

When questioned, the man said at the last minute he decided against the bomb attempt because it "would have killed hundreds of others at the station," Peter said.

Hannover and Armstadt police said that the arrested man was 41 years old, a one-time "block leader" in his neighborhood and a Nazi fanatic. He was born in Lower Saxony. His name was not revealed.

Peter said he personally believed the man was sane and a member of a Nazi underground movement in West Germany, but he did not have any proof of this.

Checked By Police

He said the man was picked up by Darmstadt police to have his papers checked. He was found to be traveling without papers and the diary was found on him.

Darmstadt police then turned him over to the Hannover police for further questioning.

President Heuss had paid an office state visit to the state of Lower Saxony of which Hannover is the capital November 30.

According to the diary this was when the attempt was scheduled to take place.

30.24- 8957

HEUSS SLAYING PLOT REVEALED

Ex-Nazi Block Leader Held In West German Case

FEB 14 1950

Hannover, Germany, Feb. 14 (AP). German police announced today the arrest of a former Nazi block leader in a bizarre plot to kill President Theodor Heuss of the West German Republic.

Detective Chief Frederich Peter said the prisoner, 41, confessed he planned to bomb the President upon his arrival at the Hannover railway station for a state visit last November 30, but decided not to because the blast would have "killed hundreds of people."

He was arrested a week later. A sanity examination is under way.

Peter said the man, whom he described as a fanatic Nazi, was one of a gang of twelve Nazi sympathizers in an underground movement which has operated in both East and West Germany. East zone police were reported helping in the investigation.

Sought In Counterfeiting

"I lost my job and my bread by the democratic state and I intended to murder the representative of this democratic state," Peter quoted the prisoner as saying.

President Heuss, a former professor, travels everywhere without a bodyguard.

The assassination plot came to police attention by accident.

Osnabruck police were seeking the former block leader for questioning in a counterfeiting case. Police found him at Darmstadt, in West Germany. They also found a diary which gave details of the plot. He was then moved to Hannover for questioning.

Peter said the Nazi gang received financial backing from a mysterious figure in the East zone. There was no suggestion, however, that there was any Communist connection.

Tried To Suppress It

In Bonn, a press officer of the West German Ministry of the Interior sought to suppress the report, which developed in an interview between an Associated Press reporter and a high official of the ministry.

The press officer, H. Moltmann, telephoned the AP's Bonn bureau and demanded unsuccessfully that it be withdrawn. He told 150 newsmen at a news conference later the story was incorrect, old and "everyone knew about it."

Hannover police confirmed the story as true and newsmen here said nothing had been known about the case until today's disclosures.

Czechs Arrest 2 U.S. Mormon Missioners

FEB 14 1950

Prague, Czechoslovakia, Feb. 14 (AP)—The Czech Foreign Office announced today that state police have arrested two American Mormon missionaries on charges "of having attempted to enter a prohibited area."

The announcement was made in a note to the United States Embassy replying to an American request for information as to the whereabouts of the missionaries. The two disappeared January 28 while traveling through Moravia to visit members of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints (Mormon) living near the border.

Both In Early 20's

The missionaries are Stanley E. Abbott, 23, of Lehi, Utah, and C. Aldon Johnson, 22, of Idaho Falls, Idaho.

The Foreign Office note to the American Embassy did not say where the missionaries are being held.

The United States Embassy said the Foreign Office note stated the two "would remain in custody until investigations had been completed."

It had been reported authoritatively the two were being held at Olomouc in Central Moravia, not far from Prostejov, where they had been stationed by their church. They had been held incommunicado. All efforts of American officials to see them have failed thus far.

Area Not Identified

The Foreign Office note also did not locate the "prohibited area" that the two missionaries are alleged to have violated. This apparently is the Polish border area to which the two men were travelling.

The note said the Embassy's requests to see the men "was under consideration."

Both men, unmarried, have been in Czechoslovakia for a little more than two years. The missionaries had told friends they expected to be back in Prostejov Saturday night, January 28, for regular church services the following morning.

Trouble Since May

The Mormon Church has been meeting with difficulties from the Communist Czechoslovak Government since last May, when thirteen of its missionaries had been ordered expelled from the country on charges of "endangering the safety and security of the state."

2 Mormons Held, Czechs Admit

Prague, Czechoslovakia, Feb. 14 (AP)—Spy-conscious Czechoslovakia announced today that two American Mormon missionaries, missing more than a fortnight, are under arrest on charges of trying to enter a prohibited area.

Officials refused to shed any light on what or where the prohibited area was that Stanley E. Abbott, 23, of Lehi, Utah, and C. Aldon Johnson, 22, of Idaho Falls, Idaho, tried to enter.

It has been rumored, however, that Czechoslovakia has set up a belt from 3 to 9 miles wide around her frontier, which is closed to everyone who does not have special permission to enter. This belt apparently was established in an effort to prevent Czechs from fleeing the country.

Vanished Near Polish Border

Under Czechoslovakia's elastic laws, a prohibited area could also be a factory, mining site or military post.

Abbott and Johnson, it is known, vanished January 28 while traveling through Moravia to visit homes of church members at Bruntal and Opava, close to the Polish border. Some Mormon converts are factory workers living near their place of employment. The Communist-led Government of Czechoslovakia is likely to view any kind of inquiry about factory work as spying.

The Czech announcement of the detention of the two men was in a Foreign Ministry note to the American Embassy, which had been trying to obtain information concerning them.

Detention Place Not Disclosed

The note said the two would be held until police finish an investigation and that an embassy request to see them was under consideration.

The place of their detention was not disclosed, but it was authoritatively reported that they are in jail at Olomouc, near Prostejov where they had been stationed.

"We have no idea what the Czechs mean by the prohibited area," said Wallace Toronto, head of the Mormon Church in Czechoslovakia. "So we're in the dark as to what the charges really mean."

The penalty for entering a prohibited area could not be learned immediately. Western diplomatic sources said it probably would depend on what Czech police believed was the purpose of an unauthorized visit.

Twenty Arrested At Service

Abbott and Johnson had been in this country about 2½ years.

The day after their disappearance police ransacked and then sealed their apartments in Prostejov. The following Thursday about twenty Czechs attending a Mormon service there were arrested and held four days while their rooms were searched.

The Mormon Church, which has 250 converts and at one time had 39 missionairies here, has been running into increasing difficulties in recent months. Thirteen of the missionaries have been expelled from the country since May on charges of "endangering the safety and security of the state." Toronto has denied these charges.

The latest development came at the height of a "hate America" campaign in the Czech press.

Center Put In Paris

The Slovak Communist newspaper *Pravda* charged today that every American diplomatic mission in East and Central Europe is a nest of "anti-state plots, dirty espionage and sabotage rings."

Pravda said the center of the "American intelligence and sabotage underground in Europe" was the Paris office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, but that "the worst and most indiscreet activities" were being carried on under the protection of diplomatic immunity.

Courts in every country in Central and Eastern Europe had unmasked these activities, *Pravda* declared, but "we would be mistaken if we consider all American nests destroyed. The American espionage service is trying to fill up the gaps in its organization instead of giving up its plans."

Italy-Yugo Air Pact Set

Belgrade, Yugoslavia, Feb. 14 (AP). The Information Ministry said today Yugoslavia and Italy have reached an agreement on air traffic between the two countries. It is understood the routes will be between Belgrade and Rome, direct, with an alternative calling for stops at Zagreb and Milan.

U.S. Counsel Denied Vogeler In Hungary

Budapest, Feb. 14 (AP)—Robert A. Vogeler, United States business man held incommunicado here on espionage and sabotage charges, will not be able to have an American attorney defend him in his trial beginning Friday, a Hungarian lawyer said last night.

He said Hungarian law permits only Hungarian subjects to practice law, and that only qualified lawyers can act for the defense.

Foreign radio broadcasts heard here said Vogeler's family and the International Telephone and Telegraph Company, of which he was European representative, had engaged an American attorney to defend him.

Russ 'Hog' Music, Slav Composers Note

Belgrade, Feb. 14 (AP)—A conference of Yugoslav composers passed a resolution today blasting the Soviet Union's composers for trying to "hog" the whole musical show.

The Soviet music leaders have turned down efforts at co-operation with Yugoslav composers, charged the resolution, adding that such conduct was "chauvinistic."

Poles Jail U. S. Seaman

WARSAW, Poland, Feb. 14 (AP)—A Polish court today sentenced John Tiller, a United States citizen, to eight months' imprisonment for having false identity papers. Mr. Tiller, 24 year of age, was listed as a seaman from New York. Officials said he had left his ship in Hamburg, Germany, and entered Poland with false papers.

Pole Sentenced To Die In Spying For France

Szczecin (Stettin), Poland, Feb. 14 (AP)—A Polish court today sentenced a Pole to death and gave two Frenchmen and three other Poles long prison terms on charges of spying for France. Four other Poles were fined.

The judge of the regional military court sentenced the Frenchmen, Andre Simon Robineau and Gaston Drouet to 12 and 10 years, respectively. The defendants all have the right to appeal to the supreme military tribunal.

Robineau was a secretary of the French consulate here at the time of his arrest. Drouet ran a radio business. Both pleaded guilty to the spy charges. The case caused wholesale deportations by France of Poles and by Poland of Frenchmen.

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Reds' Hainan Delay May Balk Invasion

Taipei, Formosa, Feb. 14 (AP)—Official military dispatches today predicted the next two weeks will be critical for the Nationalist-held island of Hainan off the South China coast.

Fog shrouded the island today. Nationalist officials pointed out that the Japanese used this foggy period of the year to capture the island at the beginning of the Sino-Japanese War.

The military report estimated the Communists had 160,000 troops ready to try to invade Hainan. They are expected to strike from a number of widely scattered points on the mainland.

Infiltration Reported

Nationalists said if the Reds failed to invade Hainan in the next two weeks they may be bogged down for months.

Military sources said small groups of Reds infiltrated the island in the past month. They joined em-

battled Communist guerrillas in Hainan's mountainous center. These military sources admitted further Red infiltrations might endanger Hainan from within.

Nationalist planes and ships are patrolling Hainan waters constantly. They have been attacking Communist invasion craft wherever they found them.

Supply Base Protected

The Defense Ministry said today Nationalists on Namoa Island, off Swatow on the Central China coast, had foiled an attempt by 100 Communists to enter that air and sea base.

Namoa served as a supply base for Nationalist guerrillas on the mainland.

The Ministry said Nationalist guerrillas were active on Red-held San Kuo Chao Island in the Pearl River. Two regiments of Communist troops were said to have been sent there as reinforcements against the guerrillas. AP

British Representative in Peiping

HONG KONG, Feb. 14 (AP)—J. C. Hutchison, British representative to the Chinese Communist Government, has arrived in Peiping. An official Communist announcement today said Mr. Hutchison, accompanied by S. K. Sen, representative of the Indian Government, arrived there yesterday.

$300,000,000 Russian Loan

TOKYO, Wednesday, Feb. 15 (AP).—The Soviet Union has agreed to lend Communist China $300,000,000 to buy Russian products, the Chinese Communist radio said today.

A Peking broadcast monitored here said:

One-fifth of the $300,000,000 will be advanced each year for the next five years.

China shall pay back one-tenth of the principal each year for the next ten years and shall pay interest on the loan in tea, raw materials, cash (Chinese money) and United States dollars.

The loan will provide funds for China to obtain Russian machinery, material and equipment for China's industrialization. The prices China will pay Russia will be based on world market prices.

All arrangements for the loan, which shall become effective as soon as it is signed, will be handled by the China People's Bank and the Soviet National Bank.

VIET NAM LINKS VICTORY, AID

Says Communist Defeat Is Sure If U.S. Provides Funds

FEB 14 1950

Saigon, Indo-China, Feb. 14 (AP)—Viet Nam Premier Nguyen Phan-long promised today to defeat what the French say are the Communist-led nationalists in six months if his Government gets American military and economic aid.

Nguyen wants about $146,000,000 for economic rehabilitation and to raise a national army for his new state. He said Viet Nam can look only to the United States for such aid because France cannot provide it.

The 60-year-old Premier of former Emperor Bao Dai's Government—recognized by the United States and Britain—made his declaration in an interview in his Saigon office, the first interview he has granted since he assumed the premiership last month. He also heads the Foreign Affairs and Interior Ministries.

Guarding Border

Nguyen said $6,000,000 is needed urgently to build up Viet Nam troops from 2,500 to 6,000 in northern Viet Nam. The largest part of France's Indo-Chinese garrison, estimated at 130,000 troops, is concentrated there, fighting the main Viet Minh nationalist forces of Moscow-backed Ho Chi-minh and guarding the Chinese border.

Nguyen asked $40,000,000 to create a Viet Nam national army of 200,000. About 40,000 Viet Namans are now fighting with the French. He urged the shipment of surplus American war material to Viet Nam.

[Authoritative sources in Paris said France has given the United States a partial list of arms needed to fight Ho's army, including light tanks, reconnaissance cars, jeeps and small arms ammunition.]

Immediate Occupation

"The general military situation allows us to be optimistic," the Premier said. "With American help, the pacification campaign will be over in six months."

He emphasized the marshaling of a Viet Nam national army as the keystone of the war effort against the Viet Minh. Nguyen explained popular sentiment demanded that Viet Nam troops occupy a region immediately after French forces seized it from Viet Minh control. The Viet Minh is the Nationalist movement of Ho, whose Government has been recognized by Moscow. Ho also calls his Government Viet Nam.

Partisans Coming Over

The Premier disclosed that the French expect to clear the densely populated Red River delta region, the heart of northern Viet Nam, in two months. Only one small province in the southeast section of the delta remains in Viet Nam hands. The Viet Nam forces have been pushed back there into the mountains.

The French are pushing their pacification campaign in the Red River delta and southern Vit Nam, where French officials say only a —police job against guerrillas remains to be done. Nguyen said that in southern Viet Nam, Nationalist partisans who have been with Ho have been coming over to Viet Nam now that its semi-independence has been proclaimed.

Nguyen said that after north and south Viet Nam have been cleaned up, the campaign against the guerrillas will be extended to central Viet Nam, where he admitted the situation is unsatisfactory. Central Viet Nam, or Annam, the poorest part of the country, has large sections under Viet Nam control, including some coastal areas.

Sure Of Red China Aid

The Premier said little information was available about contacts between Viet Nam and Chinese Communists along the remote mountainous portions of the Chinese border held by Ho's troops.

But he said he is convinced the Chinese Communists have been aiding the Viet Nam during the last six months. He said a radio message from Ho to Stalin was intercepted six months ago. Nguyen claimed the message acknowledged receipt of a shipment of machine guns through the Chinese Communists.

"We hope for a $100,000,000 economic loan from the United States," Nguyen said. "We can pay this back in three installments within sixteen to eighteen months."

He pointed to the large rubber and rice shipments which this country can export in normal times.

Agricultural Reconstruction

Nguyen emphasized this loan is closely linked to the problem of restoring peace in Viet Nam. It is mainly needed for agricultural reconstruction and rehabilitation.

Nguyen said the legal base of Viet Nam independence was broadened by the procedure the United States and Britain used in recognizing his Government. He pointed out the British note as well as that from President Truman were both addressed directly to the Viet Nam instead of jointly to the President of France and the Viet Nam Government as called for under the March 8 1949, French-Viet Nam agreemen

Diplomats Considering Red-Curbing Alliance

Bangkok, Thailand (Siam), Feb. 14 (AP)—America's Far East diplomats today discussed a regional alliance in Asia to combat communism.

Philip C. Jessup, Ambassador at Large, who is presiding, gave no hint in a statement whether this would be military or economic.

Jessup has said, however, that if the Asiatic nations entered into a military alliance the United States would view it sympathetically.

Jessup also reported the diplomats brought up "certain aspects of the problem of the conclusion of a peace treaty with Japan." Japan's trade relations with Asia and the United States also were discussed.

Most of the sessions last night and today were devoted to general economic problems.

Point 4 Program Studied

These include a study of President Truman's Point 4 program, which is designed to help nations become economically self-sufficient through aid and technical advice.

Jessup said the study included the question of tying in this program with other forms of aid, including possibly funds from the International Bank.

Jessup did not bring from Washington any specific State Department plan for economic aid. He is asking the diplomats on the spot for the information to be used by Washington in welding a program for Asia.

Too Late, Business Men Say

Competent sources said the meeting was "wide open" for suggestions of future policy toward the Red-threatened Far East.

The diplomats met until shortly before midnight and resumed their conference early today. AP

DIPLOMATS STUDY ASIAN ALLIANCE

BANGKOK, Thailand (Siam) Feb. 14. — (AP) The conference of U. S. diplomats of the Far East today tackled two urgent problems —an Asian alliance against communism and a peace treaty for Japan.

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The 20 diplomats buckled down to the major questions after four sessions of political, economic and social reports.

Alliance Studied

Philip C. Jessup, ambassador at large (who is presiding), issued a statement saying the diplomats are studying reactions of Asian nations to "various suggestions which have been made in the past concerning the possibility of some kind of regional association in the area."

He did not amplify this. It was understood, however, the talks revolved around the much-proposed Asian anti-communist pact. This first was suggested by the Philippines and Thailand.

Each diplomat explained the views expressed on such a pact in the country to which he is accredited. It is known the South Korean republic wants a military pact.

Bao Dai's French-backed Vietnam government in Indochina is also believed to favor a military agreement.

Jessup said Saturday that the United States would not initiate a military alliance in Asia, but would be sympathetic if the nations themselves got together and organized one.

The chief stumbling bloc is India, which has been sticking to the sidelines in Asia's hot cold war. The Philippines too have been cool toward a military pact.

Jap Treaty Discussed

The diplomats also discussed a peace treaty with Japan as part of the measures to halt the communists in this part of the world.

Jessup's statement said "certain aspects of the problem of conclusion of a peace treaty with Japan," were discussed.

Southeast Asia needs cheap goods made in Japan. U. S. officials in Tokyo contend Japan could become an important stabilizing factor in the Orient if freed by a formal treaty. But Russia and the west can't even agree on who should sit at the peace table.

Singapore and Malaya, however, are not keen about a flow of Japanese goods into the area. They say the sores of Japanese occupation aren't healed. The British also have big trade interests in southeast Asia.

There was considerable discussion of how these diverse Oriental nations might be welded together with economic help.

Jessup's statement said the economic discussions took up the role of the International Bank, the International Monetary Fund and the Export-Import Bank, as well as President Truman's Point Four program. The latter is intended to give aid and technical advice to underdeveloped countries.

Bao Dai Aid Question

Thailand is seeking more than $120,000,000 from the World Bank and hundreds of millions more in United States aid.

It is likely the conference also took up the urgent question of financial aid for Bao Dai.

His Government in Indo-China faces a rival regime headed by Moscow-trained Ho Chi-minh. Ho is recognized by Russia and Communist China.

The conference was called to get the views of all American diplomats stationed in the Orient. This information will be passed on to Washington, which will decide upon the program for Asia.

Minh Grenade Kills 12 Vietnamese

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Saigon, Indo-China, Feb. 14 (AP)—Vietminh guerrillas exploded a hand grenade in the midst of a public ceremony at Phan-Thiet, about 60 miles east of here, today, killing twelve Vietnamese children.

The ceremony was celebrating the ratification of the Franco-Vietnamese accords which gave Vietnam its independence within the French Union.

Six of the Vietminh guerrillas were arrested after the explosion. The Vietminh is the Nationalist movement led by Ho Chi-minh whose government has been recognized by Russia.

30.24- 8959

Reds, Hindu-Moslems Called Riot Agitators

New Delhi, India, Feb. 14 (AP)—A Home Ministry official said today both communism and Hindu-Moslem antagonisms are responsible for disorders which swept India during the past week, causing dozens of deaths.

The communal disturbances first flared up in Pakistan's East Bengal area and quickly spread to India's West Bengal.

At the same time police used clubs, guns and tear gas to quell Communist violence in Bombay province and the Punjab.

Home Secretary H. V. R. Iengar said some fifteen persons were killed in communal strife in Calcutta alone. He said both the East and West Bengal governments are doing their best to stem the tide of violence.

12,000 Refugees Flee

Iengar said attacks on Hindus in the Khulna district of East Bengal sent some 12,000 refugees fleeing across the border into Murshidabad and Calcutta where some of them turned on the Moslems.

Communal riots also were reported in Karimganj, Assam, where one person was killed in a skirmish with police.

Police arrested 43 alleged Communists in Amritsar in the Punjab after a procession attacked the Congress party office. Clubs and tear gas were used to disperse the crowds.

200 Under Arrest

In Ahmednagar, Bombay province, 200 persons were under arrest after two weeks of Communist violence in which three persons were killed.

In Salem jail, Madras province, 21 prisoners were killed and 103 injured when jailers fired on rioting Communist prisoners.

Meanwhile, with an eye on 500,000 Moslem immigrants from East Pakistan, India's Parliament has authorized the expulsion of "undesirable" newcomers to India's eastern state of Assam.

Assam also has received immigrants from China and from neighboring Burma.

Since the partition of India 30 months ago, a half million Moslems have poured into Assam from East Pakistan next door. Some members of Parliament feared the immigration resulted from a Pakistani "conspiracy" to make a Moslem state of Assam, which now has 3,000,000 Hindus and 2,000,000 Moslems.

The bill's sponsor, Transport Minister N. G. Ayyangar, said he did not believe the Moslem influx was planned, but added it had disturbed the state's economy.

RIOTING HITS INDIA AGAIN

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Communism As Well As Hindu-Moslem Hates Blamed

New Delhi, India, Feb. 14 (AP)—India has had a wave of riots and disorders in the past week growing out of communism as well as old Moslem-Hindu hates.

Dozens have been killed and hundreds arrested in the two kinds of disturbances in East and West Bengal, Assam, the Punjab, and Madras and Bombay provinces.

Expulsion Authorized

H. V. R. Iengar, Home Secretary, said today a "chain reaction" of Hindu-Moslem troubles started in Pakistan's East Bengal in the East, spread to India's West Bengal and back again and had repercussions in India's Assam.

Parliament yesterday authorized the Government to expel 500,000 Moslems from Assam as well as many Chinese and Burmese who have migrated to that exposed border state since the partition of India 30 months ago.

Although N. G. Ayyangar, Transport Minister, expressed the view the migration of Moslems from eastern Pakistan was not planned, some members of Parliament voiced fears it was a "conspiracy" to convert Assam to a Moslem-majority state. Assam's 3,000,000 Hindus outnumber Moslems by only a little over 1,000,000.

Communists Dispersed

Iengar said attacks on Hindus in the Khulna district of East Bengal caused 12,000 refugees to flee into Murshidabad and Calcutta in West Bengal, where some proceeded to take revenge on Moslems. He said more than fifteen were killed in disorders in Calcutta.

Reports of the Calcutta disorders led to new trouble in Dacca, capital of East Bengal, he said, and other trouble at Karimganj in Assam, where one person was killed by police firing. He said, however, that both East and West Bengal authorities were doing their best to keep the disturbances from spreading.

Meanwhile, police and prison guards used clubs, tear gas and rifles to control disorders caused by Communists in the Punjab, the northern province in which New Delhi is situated, in Bombay province in the west, and in Madras province in the southeast. AP

Israel Does Not Plan Immigration Limit

Tel Aviv, Israel, Feb. 14 (AP)—Israel "will not limit immigration" of foreign Jews, Moshe Sharrett, Foreign Minister, was quoted as saying today.

A delegation of United Jewish Appeal officials, headed by Louis Nizer, of New York, said Sharrett told them "Israel belongs as much to Jews seeking its haven as to those who have already obtained its shelter."

A.U.J.A. statement said there are 86,000 Jewish immigrants in Israeli camps awaiting assignment to settlements and jobs.

TRUMAN SIGNS BILL ON KOREA

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Measure Also Will Provide Aid For Formosa

Washington, Feb. 14 (AP)—President Truman today signed a bill which will pour up to $88,000,000 of American economic aid into Korea and Formosa within the next 4½ months.

The President's action beat by one day the deadline of February 15 when all aid to the Chinese Nationalist Government was to end.

It also makes available $30,000,000 from the Reconstruction Finance Corporation to continue the flow of raw materials and goods into the Republic of South Korea.

The economic help will flow into the fight against the spread of communism in these two vital Far Eastern areas.

In short, the bill authorizes:

1. Sixty million dollars of economic aid for South Korea to be spent by June 30. The RFC is authorized to advance $30,000,000 to the Economic Co-Operation Administration to get the program under way.

2. An extension from February 15 to June 30 of the deadline for spending funds left over from the China aid program voted by Congress last year. There is about $103,000,000 in these funds.

Presumably, all of it could be used to help the Chinese Nationalist forces which retreated to Formosa before the Chinese Communist advance on the mainland.

But the Administration earmarked $28,000,000 for Formosa aid. It was said the ECA probably will not be able to spend more than $10,000,000 before June 30.

PIKE NAMED H-BOMB CHIEF BY TRUMAN

Wall Street Figure Heads AEC Until Permanent Chairman Is Named

Washington, Feb. 14 (AP)—President Truman today chose Sumner T. Pike, a Republican, as acting chairman of the Atomic Energy Commission to direct the development of the hydrogen bomb.

The White House said Pike will begin serving on Thursday as acting head of the multi-billion-dollar atomic project, pending the appointment of a successor to David E. Lilienthal.

Lilienthal, who leaves office tomorrow, has been chairman since a five-man civilian board took over control of atomic energy from the Army in 1946. Pike is the last of the original five-man panel. He has been vice chairman under Lilienthal.

The White House did not indicate when a permanent chairman will be named.

Adviser To Hopkins

A native of Maine, the 58-year-old Pike is a onetime Boston public utilities clerk who made a fortune in oil and in Wall Street. He has described himself as being "leftish, as Republicans go."

Pike entered Government service in 1939 as a $1-a-year business adviser to the late Harry Hopkins, then Secretary of Commerce, and subsequently became a member of the Federal Securities and Exchange Commission.

In 1946, while helping in the monumental task of disposing of the Government's wartime surplus property, Pike submitted a four-line letter of resignation to President Truman, saying: "I am getting stale on this job."

However, Mr. Truman quickly reappointed him to the new Atomic Energy Commission.

Planned To Leave

Pike had originally planned to leave the AEC this spring, but was reported to have reconsidered at Lilienthal's request. He was said to be Lilienthal's nominee to Mr. Truman as acting chairman.

The President's designation of Pike put an end, at least temporarily, to a boom among some members of Congress for the job to go to Gordon Dean, 44, a California lawyer and former college professor. He is an AEC member.

Dean had been favored by some lawmakers because he reputedly urged Mr. Truman to give the go-ahead signal on the H-bomb. Lilienthal, according to some reports, has had some doubts whether the United States should proceed at once to develop the super-bomb.

Will Talk For Truman

However, after a goodbye call on Mr. Truman today, Lilienthal told newsmen that on his return to private life he plans to talk and lecture in support of the President's basic atomic policy.

Lilienthal scoffed at reports that he had quit in a huff and that he might write articles "critical of the President and Secretary of State."

"Sheer bunk. Completely incorrect," he said.

U.S. Lined Up To Strike Back At Aggressor, Johnson Says

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Washington, Feb. 14 (AP)—Louis A. Johnson, Secretary of Defense, struck back at his critics today with the assertion that America's armed forces are set up to "return a blow from any aggressor" on a moment's notice.

Operating under a "balanced" master defense plan, he said, all three services would be "ready to go at 5 o'clock in the morning" or any other hour an attack might come.

"The defenses of the United States, as of today," Johnson said, "are in the opinion of the Joint Chiefs, the President and myself sufficient unto the needs of the hour.

Criticism 'Rough,' He Says

The Defense Secretary made that report in a speech to a gathering of district attorneys from all parts of the country.

Johnson did not particularize the criticism directed at his policies, but said it "has been rough—all the books have been thrown at me—but it hasn't caused the loss of a single stride in the job I had to do."

Among other things Johnson has been accused of weakening some parts of the country's defense forces through his unification economy drive.

On that point he said that contrary to some forecasts his move to cut down the number of civilian employés in the military establishment has not interfered with the assignment of troops to fighting units.

Reporting that 157,542 civilians have been let out as of January 31, Johnson added "the end is not yet."

Described As Fourth Phase

He described the economy drive as the fourth major phase in the overall defense picture. The other three phases, which he said already have been completed, he listed as deciding what must be done if the enemy starts something at 4 or 5 o'clock in the morning; deciding what it takes to do it, and deciding who does it.

"We have but one potential enemy," Johnson said in passing. "I won't call names, but you know who I am talking about."

The Secretary said that although his Department's primary concern was with problems which would arise from a possible war "we are seeking in this Department to secure the peace of our country and the peace of the world."

"Our establishment must be so strong as to deter any aggressor," he added. "If there is anyone who wants to start trouble in this world, there must be no question but that we will be the final victor."

Order To Deport Teacher Issued

Washington, Feb. 14 (AP)—The Government today ordered the deportation of Edward D. Sittler, former teacher at the Michigan College of Mining and Technology, in Houghton, Mich.

Sittler is a former American who went to Germany before the war and became a German citizen. He worked for Nazi radio station Debunk during the war.

Captured in Berlin by the Allies, he was brought to this country to testify in treason trials against various American citizens.

While here he obtained teaching jobs at Northwestern University, Evanston, Ill., and at Michigan Tech. He was dismissed from the latter post after Representative Bennett (R., Mich.) learned of his background and demanded that the school fire him.

Sittler has the right to appeal. If he does not appeal, the deportation order will be effective in fifteen days.

cults.

A Philadelphia psychiatrist, Dr. Alexander Sweel, described some of Edelbaum's purported hallucinations to the court-martial.

The witness, who was Edelbaum's ward doctor in a hospital at Wiesbaden, Germany, after the slaying, said the airman told him of sitting in a park in Washington, and hearing a symphony band playing only to have the music disappear when he walked toward it.

Dr. Sweel said Edelbaum also wrote a letter to his mother giving her the "sordid" details of the slaying—and wrote it as though the episode had happened to someone else, not to him.

Other testimony indicated that Edelbaum thought the victim, Hungarian-born Elizabeth Borik, 22, was "a very nice girl" and was "extremely surprised that she wanted money."

Two Boards Differ

Edelbaum previously had been found insane by an army hospital board at Wiesbaden but declared sane by another board at Walter Reed Hospital. In effect, the court-martial must decide which board was right.

Dr. Victor J. Zielinski, of Chicago, a psychiatrist formerly attached to the United States Army in Germany, told the ten-man court that when he examined Edelbaum the airman related a confused story of revelry, death and dual personality.

Dr. Zielinski said Edelbaum told him that immediately after the slaying he was picked up by another girl in Paris and went with her to a movie entitled "Possessed," a psychiatric drama starring Joan Crawford. During the picture, he fell asleep.

The psychiatrist said this sequence of events was one of many indicating that Edelbaum did not realize the gravity of his situation.

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Airman, Accused In Slaying, Called Mentally Ill 'Zombi'

Washington, Feb. 14 (AP) — A Brooklyn saxophonist, 20, accused of strangling a girl known as "Lily the Hungarian" in Paris last May 8, heard himself pictured today as a mentally ill "zombi" who suffered hallucinations of vanishing music.

Two psychiatrists testified that the alleged slayer, Private Stanley F. Edelbaum, a United States Air Force band musician, is suffering from acute schizophrenia — split personality.

Their diagnosis was presented at a court-martial sanity hearing for the Brooklyn youth, who is accused of committing the crime while he was stationed with American occupation forces in Germany. He had gone to Paris on leave at the time of the killing.

Hallucinations Described

The defendant listened impassively as his defense lawyer, Capt. Everett B. Smith, of Austin, Texas, bluntly characterized him as a "zombi"—One of the so-called "walking dead" of Haitian voodoo cults.

U.S. SUSPECTS SECRET TERMS

Chinese Reds Believed To Have Had To Yield To Squeeze

Washington, Feb. 14 (AP)—Skeptical American officials took the view tonight that there is more than meets the eye in the new "friendship treaty" signed by Russia and Communist China.

They strongly suspected that Russia, while appearing to grant favors to the Chinese Reds, may have really put the squeeze on China in secret clauses of the treaty. Dean Acheson, Secretary of State, has charged that, in reality, Russia is in the process of "attaching" vast areas of China to the Soviet Union.

[A Reuter dispatch from London quoted British diplomatic sources also as being skeptical of the new treaty. These sources, the dispatch said, suspect that the main agreements reached in the Sino-Russian talks have been omitted in the treaty as published.]

Appears Reply To Charge

What attracted keenest interest here was the announced Moscow pledge to withdraw Soviet troops from the "jointly used naval base of Port Arthur and eventually return control of the southern Manchuria railway to China.

This promise appeared to be a reply to Acheson's charge. The Russians were given these concessions at the Yalta conference in 1945. Officials here expressed doubt that Moscow would surrender them without expecting full compensation.

Officially the State Department was making no comment on the new pact, pending a study of it.

The treaty said one of its prime purposes was to prevent "any new imperialism that might be launched by any country directly or indirectly in contact with Japan."

Aimed Directly At U.S.

Officials here regarded this as aimed directly at the United States in view of American responsibility for the occupation of Japan and United States efforts to restore the Japanese to self support. In the Communist propaganda of both China and Russia, the United States is the spearhead of "capitalist imperialism."

American officials have forecast for weeks that the long negotiations in Moscow would result in a brief formal compact, with the real nub of the agreement between Mao Tze-tung and the Kremlin hidden in secret clauses.

Still Market for Love, Valentines Despite H-Bomb, Other Woes

By ARTHUR EDSON

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14 (AP)—So it's Valentine's Day, when cupid archly comes out with bow and arrow for a little love target practice.

And although I've been trying to get people to read the papers ever since I used to peddle the old Springfield, (Mo.) Leader, I hope cupid didn't study the headlines today. If he did, I'm afraid he got the idea that love is as old-fashioned and out-of-date as his bow and arrow.

Look at the news:

The hydrogen bomb casts a long and dreadful shadow over everything.

The other items aren't encouraging either.

There's the coal situation. (Isn't there always a coal situation?) In Indiana a truck driver explained how he mixed two bottles of rat poison as a fatal cocktail for his wife. A posse, armed with machine guns, hunted two men in—appropriately—Death Valley.

Abroad the news wasn't cupidish. Disorders in New Delhi. Explosion in the Helsinki parliament. Riots in Johannesburg.

Britain's Anthony Eden probably sized up the worldwide feeling pretty well when he referred to—

"Harassed and perplexed humanity."

I got to thinking about this while riding in on the bus this morning.

It was a gloomy, unvalentinelike morning, with a sullen rain drooling from a glowering sky.

The bus stopped, and a little fellow who looked just big enough to be a first grader clambered aboard. He had on a black slicker with helmet to match. The helmet was too large, and it fell down over his eyes, so that all you could see were two rosy cheeks.

The boy started to hunt for his nickel—and promptly dropped the valentine he was carrying. Then he dropped his nickel. He stepped on the valentine and picked up the nickel. He picked up the valentine and dropped the nickel.

Everyone was watching by now, and everyone, I think, was relieved when he got the nickel in the box, and sat down to wipe the smudges off the valentine.

They didn't come off very well, but a first grader is philosophical about these things. He looked up cheerfully, and for the first time noticed he was the center of attention.

He smiled shyly and said, "It's for Mary." As if that explained everything. And I guess it did.

That's all there is to it. But I thought that cupid—and maybe you too—might like to know that there's still a market in this world for the bow and arrow business.

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U.S. Girl 'Deported' from Germany Says She'll Renounce Citizenship

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14 — (AP) Cecile von Goetz said tonight she will renounce her U. S. citizenship "if the American government does not permit me to return to Germany."

The 26-year-old secretary returned home tonight after the Army escorted her out of Berlin for overstaying her residence permit. Occupation officials said she and her German boyfriend spent more than a month in the Soviet zone.

She told reporters she "will live in Europe, no matter what the Americans say." And, she added, she will get back to Germany in two months—legally or illegally.

A tall, slender girl with wavy brown hair, she was formerly employed by the Allied Military Security board. She quit in August last year, and obtained a U. S. permit to stay in Germany until last Nov. 30.

Miss von Goetz said the Army told her she was being sent back to the United States "for security reasons."

"They said I had too many German friends and was moving in the international set," she continued. "They seemed to think I was a spy or something."

The girl also said the Army has taken her boy friend, a 23-year-old former German soldier named Kurt Tackenberg, into custody.

Miss von Goetz said it is not true, as U. S. officials in Berlin said, that she left voluntarily. She said "there was nothing voluntary about it."

In Berlin, Lt. Col. E. R. Kelly quoted Miss von Goetz as saying that while she was in the Soviet zone, the Russians had placed a phoney murder charge against her boy friend.

At the time she left, she faced trial by an American court for illegal residence.

Kelly said the girl told authorities she sought a lover's refuge in Soviet-occupied territory with Tackenberg after her contract as a secretary with the Allied Military Security board in Berlin had expired in August and she had been unable to obtain permission to stay there privately after Nov. 30.

Bishop Blasts U.S. Policy In China

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Atlanta, Feb. 14 (AP)—Private correspondence of Methodist Bishop Arthur J. Moore, of Atlanta, released today, blasted United States policy in China.

The bishop, now on a far East tour of Christianity's outposts, wrote:

"Why America should fail to support Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek as he struggles against atheistic communism and thus allow the Soviets to overrun all China is a question I cannot answer.

"To fight communism in Europe," he continued, "and give it no opposition in Asia looks to me like stupidity. Democracy and Christianity will have to fight for their very existence if Russia is allowed to consolidate her gains in China."

The letter, written after a two-hour dinner and interview with Chiang, concluded, "I came back to the ship wishing desperately that even yet England and America might be more realistic about affairs in China."

30.24- 8961

Wilma Ybarbo, Pardoned in Killing Of Soldier Husband, Weds Sailor

NEWPORT, R. I., Feb. 14—(AP) Mrs. Wilma Ybarbo, 24, convicted and later pardoned in the fatal shooting of her soldier-husband, Sgt. John Ybarbo, in Germany in 1948, was married here Saturday to Joseph A. Mailhot, New Bedford, Mass., a marriage return to the city clerk's office revealed today.

Mrs. Mailhot gave her address as 24 Congdon Avenue, this city, and Mailhot, 25, member of the U. S. Navy, listed his address as 71 Kenyon Street, New Bedford. They were married by Chester A. Oakley, Jr., clerk of the Superior Court, the return stated.

She was convicted in December, 1948, in the "fatal shooting" of Sgt. Ybarbo, of Goliad, Texas, following a party. She was sentenced to 20 years in prison at Wiesbaden, Germany. The sentence was later reduced to five years by an appeal court and was vacated by Gen. Lucius D. Clay, American military governor. Clay said he set the sentence aside because of "extenuating circumstances."

Mrs. Mailhot returned to this country last April 17 and re-joined her seven-year-old son, Jimmy, at the home of her mother, Mrs. Eunice Ybarbo, in New Bedford.

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Pelley's Extradition Ordered

INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 14—(AP) William Dudley Pelley, former Silver Shirt leader paroled from prison today, was ordered back to North Carolina to face a prison sentence.

Gov. Henry F. Schricker ordered the extradition at a hearing which climaxed a busy court day for Pelley, who was released from the federal prison at Terre Haute, Ind., this morning.

Pelley was taken into custody by Sheriff John Trierweiler at Terre Haute for North Carolina, but within a few hours was free again on a writ of habeas corpus. His attorneys put up $1,000 bond.

The attorneys then sped to Indianapolis for the extradition hearing. The 59-year-old former leader of the Silver Shirts did not appear personally for the hearing and it could not be learned where he was.

Two sheriff deputies from Charlotte, N. C.—J. C. Gibbs and H. F. Brownlee—said they would arrest Pelley as soon as they could find him.

The extradition order doesn't mean that Pelley will go back to North Carolina immediately, Charles F. O'Connor, Indiana deputy attorney general, said.

The legal maneuver at Terre Haute today gives him freedom on bond until a hearing can be held there before Superior Court Judge Clay A. Phillips March 8. This hearing will be on the writ under which Phillips freed Pelley on bond today.

Pelley, who had spent more than seven years in the federal prison on a war-time sedition charge, is wanted in North Carolina on a charg eof violating a suspended sentence. He was convicted there and senteced to a two-to-three year term for violating the state securities sales law.

GEN. GROVES HITS LACK OF SECURITY IN U. S.

STAMFORD, Feb. 14. —(AP) Lieut. Gen. Leslie R. Groves said today that the United States is like a great vacuum for foreign espionage agents—"it sucks spies in, rather than keeping them out."

The retired army officer, wartime head of the U. S. atomic bomb project, was asked by one of his audience at a Stamford Rotary club luncheon what the United States was doing in the way of espionage in Russia.

"I really don't know how many spies we have there," he said. "It's not so easy to operate in Russia as it is in the United States. Russia has the Iron Curtain, but the United States doesn't even have a sieve."

He asserted there has been too much talk about preserving "academic freedom" and the right to individual opinions. "There are a few things more precious than academic freedom—and one of them, to my mind, is the security of our country," he said.

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LONDON, FEB. 14-(AP)-EXCERPTS FROM SPEECHES MADE IN MOSCOW AT THE SIGNING OF THE RUSSO-CHINESE TREATY AS BROADCAST BY RADIO MOSCOW (ABOUT 600):

BY CHINESE PREMIER AND FOREIGN MINISTER CHOU EN-LAI:

"XXX THE CONCLUSION OF THE AFOREMENTIONED TREATY AND AGREEMENTS BMOM THE FUNDAMENTAL INTERESTS OF THE GREAT PEOPLES OF CHINA AND THE SOVIET UNION AND IS AN INDICATION OF THE FRATERNAL FRIENDSHIP AND EVERLASING COOPERATION BETWEEN CHINA AND THE SOVIET UNION XXX.

"THERE CANNOT BE THE SLIGHTEST DOUBT THIS CLOSE, SINCERE, COOPERATION BETWEEN CHINA AND THE SOVIET UNION IS TO THE HIGHEST DEGREE OF DEEP HISTORICAL SIGNIFICANCE AND WILL INEVITABLY EXERT TREMENDOUS INFLUENCE ON THE RESULTS OF THE CAUSE OF PEACE AND JUSTICE OF THE PEOPLES OF THE EAST AND OF THE ENTIRE WORLD XXX

"THE IMPERIALIST BLOC HEADED BY THE AMERICAN IMPERIALISTS DID EVERYTHING IN ITS POWER BY PROVOCATIVE METHODS TO DISRUPT THE FRIENDSHIP BETWEEN OUR POWERS. BUT THESE DESPICABLE ATTEMPTS HAVE COMPLETELY FAILED.

"THE AGREEMENT XXX REGARDING THE CHINESE CHANGCHUN RAILWAY, PORT ARTHUR, PORT DALNY, THE CREDIT AGREEMENT FOR CHINA AND ALSO THE EXCHANGE OF LETTERS REGARDING THE TRANSFER WITHOUT COMPENSATION TO THE CHINESE GOVERNMENT BY THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT OF PROPERTY ACQUIRED IN MANCHURIA OF JAPANESE OWNERS AND TRANSFERS WITHOUT COMPENSATION OF THE PREMISES OF THE FORMER SO-CALLED MILITARY SETTLEMENT IN PEIPING WHICH CONSTITUTE THE MANIFESTATION OF GREAT FRIENDSHIP ON THE PART OF THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT AND GENERALISSIMO STALIN WILL WITHOUT DOUBT AROUSE IN THE CHINESE PEOPLE A FEELING OF THE GREATEST ENTHUSIASM.

"PERMIT ME IN THE NAME OF THE CHINESE PEOPLE TO EXPRESS GRATITUDE TO GENERALISSIMO STALIN AND THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT FOR THIS GREAT FRIENDSHIP.

"XXX CHINA AND THE SOVIET UNION ARE REALIZING CLOSE COOPERATION IN THE NAME OF PEACE, JUSTICE AND UNIVERSAL SECURITY XXXX

"ONLY IMPERIALISTS AND INSTIGATORS OF WAR WILL REGARD THE TREATY AGREEMENTS WITH HATRED.

"THE RAPPROCHEMENT OF THE PEOPLES OF CHINA AND THE SOVIET UNION, NUMBERING SOME 700,000,000

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"THE RAPPROCHEMENT OF THE PEOPLES OF CHINA AND THE SOVIET UNION, NUMBERING SOME 700,000,000, IS A FORCE WHICH CANNOT BE VANQUISHED.

"LONG LIVE THE ETERNAL FRIENDSHIP AND COOPERATION OF CHINA AND THE SOVIET UNION!"

BY SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI Y.VISHINSKY:

"TODAY A NEW REMARKABLE PAGE HAS BEEN WRITTEN IN THE HISTORY OF SOVIET CHINESE RELATIONS. TODAY DOCUMENTS OF ENORMOUS HISTORIC SIGNIFICANCE HAVE BEEN SIGNED XXX THE NEWS XXX WILL BE RECEIVED WITH FEELINGS OF DEEP SATISFACTION, NOT ONLY BY THE ENTIRE SOVIET PEOPLE, BUT ALSO BY ALL THE FRIENDS OF PEACE, DEMOCRACY AND PROGRESS.

B75

"THE SOVIET PEOPLE HAVE INVARIABLY EXPRESSED THEIR SYMPATHY FOR THE LIBERATION OF THE CHINESE PEOPLE XXX

"THE AGREEMENT ON THE CHINESE CHANGCHUN RAILWAY, PORT ARTHUR AND PORT DALNY IS OF GREAT AND OUTSTANDING SIGNIFICANCE.

"THE AGREEMENT NOTES THAT RADICAL CHANGES HAVE OCCURRED IN THE SITUATION IN THE FAR EAST SINCE 1945--CHANGES WHICH PERMIT A NEW APPROACH TO THE QUESTION OF THE CHINESE CHANGCHUN RAILWAY, PORT ARTHUR AND PORT DALNY. EACH ARTICLE OF THIS AGREEMENT SHOWS THE HIGH RESPECT PAID BY THE SOVIET UNION TO THE NATIONAL INDEPENDENCE, NATIONAL RIGHTS AND THE INTERESTS OF THE CHINESE PEOPLE. IT SHOWS THE GREATNESS OF THE PRINCIPLES OF SOVIET FOREIGN POLICY.

"THE DETERMINATION OF OUR PEOPLES TO DEVELOP AND STRENGTHEN ECONOMIC AND CULTURAL TIES BETWEEN THE SOVIET UNION AND CHINA AND TO RENDER EACH OTHER ECONOMIC AID HAS BEEN THE BASIS OF AN AGREEMENT FOR GRANTING BY THE SOVIET UNION OF LONG TERM ECONOMIC CREDITS TO THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA.

"THE TREATY AND AGREEMENTS SIGNED TODAY XXX CONSTITUTE A MAJOR CONTRIBUTION TO THE CAUSE OF STRENGTHENING PEACE AND DEMOCRACY THROUGHOUT THE WORLD XXX

"MAY THE ALLIANCE AND FRIENDSHIP BETWEEN THE PEOPLES OF THE UNION OF SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLICS AND THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA GROW STRONGER AND LIVE FOREVER!"

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BO1213AES

LONDON--SECOND ADD TREATY X X X CHI

THE COMMUNIQUE ANNOUNCING THE TREATY, AS HEARD HERE BY THE SOVIET MONITOR, SAID: (TEXT)

IN THE COURSE OF A RECENT PERIOD NEGOTIATIONS HAVE TAKEN PLACE IN MOSCOW BETWEEN J.V.STALIN, CHAIRMAN OF THE COUNCIL OF MINISTERS OF THE U.S.S.R., AND A.Y.VISHINSKY, U.S.S.R. MINISTER OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS, ON THE ONE HAND AND MR.MAO TZE-TUNG, CHAIRMAN OF THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC AND MR.CHOU EN-LAI, PREMIER OF THE STATE ADMINISTRATIVE COUNCIL AND FOREIGN MINISTER OF THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC, ON THE OTHER HAND, DURING WHICH IMPORTANT POLITICAL AND ECONOMIC PROBLEMS ON RELATIONS BETWEEN THE SOVIET UNION AND THE CHINESE PEOPLES REPUBLIC WERE DISCUSSED.

THE NEGOTIATIONS, WHICH TOOK PLACE IN AN ATMOSPHERE OF CORDIALITY AND FRIENDLY MUTUAL UNDERSTANDING, CONFIRMED THE STRIVING OF BOTH SIDES TO STRENGTHEN IN EVERY WAY AND TO DEVELOP RELATIONS OF FRIENDSHIP AND COOPERATION BETWEEN THEM AS WELL AS THEIR DESIRE TO COOPERATE FOR THE PURPOSE OF GUARANTEEING GENERAL PEACE AND THESECURITY OF THE NATIONS. THE NEGOTIATIONS WERE ENDED BY THE SIGNING IN THE KREMLIN FE.14 OF:

A38

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1--A TREATY OF FRIENDSHIP, ALLIANCE AND MUTUAL AID BETWEEN THE SOVIET UNION AND THE CHINESE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC.

2--AGREEMENTS ON THE CHINESE CHANGCHUNG RAILWAY, PORT ARTHUR AND DALNY, UNDER WHICH, AFTER THE SIGNING OF THE PEACE TREATY WITH JAPAN, THE CHINESE CHANGCHUNG RAILWAY WILL PASS INTO COMPLETE OWNERSHIP OF THE CHINESE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC WHILE SOVIET TROOPS WILL BE WITHDRAWN FROM PORT ARTHUR. DALNY (Darien)

3--AGREEMENTS BY WHICH THE GOVERNMENT OF THE U.S.S.R. WILL GIVE TO THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC A LONG TERM ECONOMIC CREDIT FOR PAYMENTS OF DELIVERIES OF INDUSTRIAL AND RAILWAY EQUIPMENT FROM THE U.S.S.R.

THE ABOVE MENTIONED TREATY AND AGREEMENTS WERE SIGNED ON THE PART OF THE U.S.S.R. BY MR.A.Y.VISHINSKY AND ON THE PART OF THE CHINESE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC BY MR.CHOU EN-LAI.

IN CONNECTION WITH THE SIGNING OF THE TREATY OF FRIENDSHIP, ALLIANCE AND MUTUAL AID AND AGREEMENT ON THE CHINESE CHANGCHUNG RAILWAY, PORT ARTHUR AND DALNY, MR.CHOU EN-LAI AND A.Y.VISHINSKY EXCHANGED NOTES TO THE EFFECT THAT A CORRESPONDING TREATY AND AGREEMENTS CONCLUDED AUG. 14, 1945 BETWEEN CHINA AND THE SOVIET UNION HAVE BECOME INVALID AND THAT BOTH GOVERNMENTS AFFIRM COMPLETE GUARANTEE OF THE INDEPENDENT STATUS OF THE MONGOLIAN PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC AS A RESULT OF THE REFERENDUM OF 1945 AND THE ESTABLISHMENT WITH HER OF DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS BY THE CHINESE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC.

SIMULTANEOUSLY MR.CHOU EN-LAI AND A.Y.VISHINSKY ALSO EXHCHANGED NOTES REGARDING A DECISION OF THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT TO HAND OVER WITHOUT COMPENSATION TO THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC PROPERTY ACQUIRED BY SOVIET ECONOMIC ORGANIZATIONS FROM JAPANESE OWNERS IN MANCHURIA AS WELL AS ON A DECISION OF THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT TO HAND OVER WITHOUT COMPENSATION TO THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC ALL BUILDINGS OF THE FORMER MILITARY SETTLEMENT IN PEKING (PEIPING).

(END TEXT)

(100)

LONDON, FEB.14-(AP)-INDONESIA'S ECONOMICS BOSS, DR.RADEN DJUANDO, HAS ASKED BRITISH LEADERS TO BEGIN EARLY TALKS FOR A TWO-DAY TRADE PACT, DIPLOMATIC OFFICIALS REPORTED TODAY.

THE NEW SOUTHEAST ASIAN STATE'S MINISTER FOR ECONOMIC AFFAIRS IS ON HIS WAY HOME FROM THE UNITED STATES WITH THE PROMISE OF A $100,000,000 LOAN FROM THE EXPORT-IMPORT BANK.

HE CONFERRED WITH FOREIGN SECRETARY ERNEST BEVIN YESTERDAY AND WITH CHANCELLOR OF THE EXCHEQUER SIR STAFFORD CRIPPS TODAY.

DJUANDO IS GOING TO THE HAGUE BEFORE RETURNING TO INDONESIA.

HE IS BELIEVED ANXIOUS TO WRITE A FULL SCALE TRADE PACT WITH HOLLAND TOO.

SF727PES

B51

(130) (Q)

FEB 14 1950

LONDON, FEB.14-(AP)-THE LONDON EVENING STANDARD PUBLISHED A LETTER OF PROTEST FROM A PHILADELPHIA TAXPAYER TODAY AGAINST THE WAY THE LABOR GOVERNMENT IS SPENDING HIS MONEY.

THE LETTER WAS SIGNED BY GEORGE RAYMOND ALLEN, EAST ESSEX AVENUE, LANSDOWNE, PA., (ED: NO STREET NUMBER GIVEN). SAID ALLEN:

"OUR MONEY WHICH GOES TO ENGLAND IS BEING USED, AT LEAST IN PART, IN AID OF NATIONALIZING BRITISH INDUSTRY. THAT WE ABHOR.

"OUR MONEY IN THE UNITED STATES IS BEING MADE BY INDIVIDUAL ENTERPRISE, AND OUR WEALTH HAS BEEN ACCUMULATED BY THE SAME MEANS. IT IS WHAT MADE ENGLAND GREAT. IT WILL DO IT AGAIN, BUT NEVER UNDER SOCIALISM."

THE EVENING STANDARD, OWNED BY LORD BEAVERBROOK, IS INDEPENDENT AND IMPERIALIST. IT FAVORS WINSTON CHURCHILL'S CONSERVATIVES OVER CLEMENT ATTLEE'S LABOR PARTY.

SJ803AES

A25
FOLO TOKYO
LONDON, FEB.14-(AP)-BRITAIN WILL WAIT FOR FULL DETAILS OF THE REPORTED NEW CHINESE-SOVIET PACT BEFORE MAKING KNOWN ITS REACTION, A FOREIGN OFFICE SPOKESMAN SAID TONIGHT.
"AFTER ALL, IT IS NOT AN UNEXPECTED THING," HE DECLARED.
JJ544PES

A39
NIGHT LEAD DEMONSTRATION (140)
NICE, FRANCE, FEB.14-(AP)-A COMMUNIST-INSPIRED DEMONSTRATION HERE TODAY REVEALED FRANCE IS ABOUT TO CONDUCT EXPERIMENTS WITH GUIDED MISSILES, APPARENTLY IN THE NORTHERN SAHARA DESERT.
THIS MORNING, ABOUT 1,500 WORKERS, ANSWERING A CALL FROM THE COMMUNIST-LED GENERAL LABOR CONFEDERATION (CGT), DUMPED A TRUCK CONTAINING WAR MATERIAL INTO THE BAY.
POLICE DISPERSED THE CROWD WITH TEAR GAS.
OFFICIAL SOURCES LATER CONFIRMED THAT THE MATERIAL WAS PART OF A PYLON FOR A V-2 ROCKET RAMP. IT WAS TO BE LOADED ABOARD A FREIGHTER WHICH SAILS THURSDAY FOR ORAN, RAILHEAD FOR A LINE RUNNING BACK INTO THE ATLAS MOUNTAINS OF NORTH AFRICA ON THE EDGE OF THE SAHARA.
THE CGT CALLED THE DEMONSTRATION IN THE BELIEF THAT THE MATERIAL WAS BEING SHIPPED TO INDOCHINA.
COMMUNIST-LED DOCKWORKERS HAVE SOUGHT TO HOLD UP SUPPLIES TO FRENCH TROOPS IN INDOCHINA BY REFUSING TO LOAD CARGOES BOUND FOR THE ORIENT.
JJ614PES

(160) (Q)
VERSAILLES, FEB.14-(AP)-FRENCH POLICE ANNOUNCED TODAY THEY HAVE SEIZED MEMOIRS WRITTEN BY OTTO SKORZENY, THE GERMAN COLONEL WHO MADE THE SPECTACULAR AIR RESCUE OF MUSSOLINI FROM AN ITALIAN PRISON.
SKORZENY DISAPPEARED YESTERDAY AFTER A PRO-COMMUNIST AFTERNOON PAPER PUBLISHED A PHOTOGRAPH PURPORJTING TO SHOW HIM STROLLING WITH A GIRL ON THE CHAMPS-ELYSEES. THE INTERIOR MINISTRY, SHICH CONTROLS FOREIGNERS IN FRANCE, HAD NOTHING TO SAY ABOUT HIM EXCEPT THAT HE WAS NOT ON ANY WAR CRIMINAL LIST.
VERSAILLES POLICE SAID HE HAD BEEN LIVING IN A BOARDING HOUSE AT ST. GERMAIN-EN-LAYE, A RESORT TOWN JUST OUTSIDE PARIS. HE USED THE NAME REEF STEINER, AND TOLD PEOPLE HE WAS WORKING FOR NEWSPAPERS IN AMERICA, THEY ADDED. SKORZENY HAD BEEN LIVING IN ARGENTINA.
LAST NIGHT HE LEFT FOR ROME, ACCORDING TO THE STORY POLICE GOT FROM THE KEEPERS OF THE BOARDING HOUSE, AND SAID HE WOULD BE BACK IN A FEW DAYS.
IN HIS ROOM THE POLICE FOUND TWO OVERCOATS, TWO HEAVY VALISES AND A PART OF HIS MEMOIRS WRITTEN IN GERMAN.
SJ836AES

A179 (170)
ROME, FEB. 14-(AP)-A COMMUNIST DEPUTY TRIED UNSUCCESSFULLY TO STRIKE PREMIER ALCIDE DE GASPERI IN PARLIAMENT TONIGHT, AND A FREE-FOR-ALL FIST FIGHT BROKE OUT ON THE FLOOR OF THE CHAMBER.
SEVERAL MINISTERS KEPT COMMUNIST DEPUTY LUIGI DI MAURO, 30, A SICILIAN, FROM GETTING AT THE CHRISTIAN DEMOCRATIC PREMIER. THE COMMUNIST DEPUTY HAD STORMED FROM HIS SEAT AND LUNGED AT DE GASPERI AFTER THE PREMIER CHARGED THE COMMUNISTS INCITED LAST MONTH'S RIOTS AT MODENA IN WHICH SIX WORKERS WERE KILLED.
CHRISTIAN DEMOCRAT MINISTERS PUSHED DI MAURO BACK BEFORE HE WAS ABLE TO REACH THE 68-YEAR-OLD PREMIER. A 10-MINUTE FREE-FOR-)) FOLLOWED. THE PRESIDENT OF THE CHAMBER OF DEPUTIES, GIOVANNI GRONCHI, ORDERED SIRENS SOUNDED TO CLEAR THE PUBLIC FROM THE GALLERIES.
AT ONE POINT, COMMUNIST DEPUTY GABRIELE INVERNIZZI, 37, CLIMBED ON A BENCH AND DOVE HEADLONG INTO THE SEE-SAWING FIST-FIGHTERS.
COMMUNIST LEADER PALMIRO TOGLIATTI WAS IN THE CENTER OF THE FIGHT, BUT HE WAS NOT SEEN TO STRIKE ANY BLOWS.
THE BATTLE STARTED A FEW MINUTES AFTER DE GASPERI BEGAN A SPEECH SEEKING A VOTE OF CONFIDENCE FROM THE CHAMBER, WHICH IS DOMINATED BY HIS PARTY.
RJ021PES

rome -- first add parliament fight x x x his party.

during the fight, somebody grabbed him christian democrat [illegible] minister of labor achille marazza by the hmmx index finger and bit it.

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WF 312p 02045amm

A35 (110)
ROME, FEB.14-(AP)-DINO GRANDI, ITALY'S FORMER FOREIGN MINISTER AND AMBASSADOR TO LONDON UNDER MUSSOLINI WAS REPORTED YESTERDAY BY THE COMMUNIST NEWSPAPER L'UNITA TO BE IN ROME ON A "BUSINESS TRIP".
THE PAPER SAID GRANDI, WHO IN 1947 WAS CLEARED IN ABSENTIA BY AN ITALIAN COURT OF CHARGES OF HAVING COMMITTED FASCIST CRIMES, HAD RETURNED FROM SOUTH AMERICA ON BUSINESS FOR AN ITALIAN FIR WITH LATIN AMERICAN SUBSIDIARIES.
GRANDI WAS SENTENCED TO DEATH BY A FASCIST COURT IN VERONA IN 1944 FOR AN ALLEGED PART IN MUSSOLINI'S OVERTHROW IN 1943. HE ESCAPED JUST AFTER IL DUCE'S DOWNFALL.
A BUENOS AIRES PAPER SAID LAST MARCH HE WAS LIVING IN ARGENTINA UNDER AN ASSUMED NAME.
SJ509AES

B61 (Q)
ROME, FEB.14-(AP)-THREE ITALIAN GENERALS ARE AMONG THE MILITARY AND CIVILIAN PRISONERS OF WAR TO BE RETURNED FROM RUSSIA UNDER A RECENTLY SIGNED ROME-MOSCOW AGREEMENT, IT WAS ANNOUNCED TODAY.
GIUSEPPE BRUSASCA, UNDERSECRETARY OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS, SAID THE GOVERNMENT HAD NOT YET LEARNED THE NAMES OF THE HOMECOMING PRISONERS
ANSA, THE ITALIAN NEWS AGENCY, SAID THE FIRST GROUP OF ITALIANS WOULD REACH VIENNA FEB. 20 OR 21 ON THEIR WAY HOME. THE FOREIGN OFFICE HAS SAID 100 ITALIANS, INCLUDING 15 ACCUSED AS WAR CRIMINALS, WERE COVERED BY THE AGREEMENT.
SJ848AES

Rome Cable - shipments

A HIGHLY-PLACED AMERICAN POLITICAL OBSERVER HERE RECENTLY SAID HE DID NOT BELIEVE THE REDS COULD ACCOMPLISH THEIR PLEDGED GOAL OF STOPPING OR SERIOUSLY HINDERING THE ARRIVAL OF ARMS SHIPMENTS.

THIS SOURCE SAID THE COMMUNISTS MIGHT HAVE SOME SUCCESS IN THEIR DRIVE AT GENOA AND LEGHORN BUT ADDED AT SUCH OTHER BIG PORTS AS NAPLES, HE THOUGHT THEY COULD NOT MUSTER ENOUGH STRENGTH TO IMPAIR UNLOADING.

A TEST OF STRENGTH IS EXPECTED WITH THE ARRIVAL OF THE FIRST ARMS SHIPS NEXT MONTH. COMMUNIST NEWSPAPERS HAVE CALLED UPON BOTH DOCKERS AND RAILWAY WORKERS TO REFUSE TO HANDLE THE ARMS SHIPMENTS.

MARIO SCELBA, ITALY'S TWO-FISTED MINISTER OF INTERIOR AND THE COMMUNISTS' "ENEMY NO. ONE," RECENTLY HAS BEEN ON A TOUR OF NORTHERN ITALY. LEFTIST NEWSPAPERS HAVE REPORTED THAT HIS MAIN OBJECTIVE HAS BEEN TO ORGANIZE POLICE PROTECTION OF ARMS SHIPMENTS.

FRENCH COMMUNIST LEADERS ALSO HAVE BEEN CAMPAIGNING FOR A BOYCOTT OF ATLANTIC PACT ARMS SHIPS BY FRENCH DOCK WORKERS. SOURCES IN PARIS, HOWEVER, HAVE PREDICTED THAT THEIR EFFORTS WOULD NOT SERIOUSLY HAMPER THE UNLOADINGS AND THAT THE GOVERNMENT WOULD USE TROOPS, IF NECESSARY, TO GET THE ARMS OFF THE SHIPS.

MK639AES

FEB 14 1950

AS

(130)

TRIESTE, FREE TERRITORY, FEB.14-(AP)-REPORTS THAT AGREEMENT WAS LIKELY BETWEEN STRIKING WORKERS AND EMPLOYERS TODAY REDUCED THE EFFECT OF A TWO-DAY GENERAL WALKOUT WHICH BEGAN IN THIS ADRIATIC PORT CITY AT MIDNIGHT.

MOST SMALL SHOPS AND BUSINESSES REMAINED OPEN THIS MORNING AND THERE WAS APPARENT CONFUSION AMONG MANY WORKERS AS A RESULT OF REPORTS THAT AN AGREEMENT WAS NEAR. V7A

NEGOTIATORS WERE SCHEDULED TO MEET THIS AFTERNOON (AT 9 A.M. EST) FOR FINAL TALKS ON TERMS, IT WAS ANNOUNCED.

THE GENERAL STRIKE WAS CALLED BY BOTH NON-COMMUNIST AND PRO-COMMUNIST UNIONS TO SUPPORT INDUSTRIAL WORKERS WHO QUIT WORK FEB.1 DEMANDING AN INCREASE OF 60 LIRE (10 CENTS) A DAY IN THEIR COST OF LIVING BONUS.

ABOUT 35,000 WORKERS HAD BEEN SCHEDULED TO PARTICIPATE IN THE STRIKE.

MK714AES

TRIESTE, FREE TERRITORY, FEB. 14-(AP)-THE U.S.ARMY SAID TODAY SGT. WILLIS CREECH, SPLINT,KY.; PVT.MATTEO RENIGOLDI, PROVIDENCE, R.I., AND PVT. FRANKLIN SLEEP, ALLEN PARK, MICH., WERE KILLED IN AN AUTOMOBILE ACCIDENT FRIDAY.

RQ1122PES

V17

B69 (Q)

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GENEVA,SWITZERLAND, FEB.14-(AP)-THE FIRST GROUP OF 115 ARAB REFUGEES FROM EGYPTIAN-CONTROLLED GAZA WILL REJOIN THEIR RELATIVES IN ISRAEL TODAY, THE UNITED NATIONS CONCILIATION COMMISSION FOR PALESTINE ANNOUNCED.

THE MOVE IS UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF THE MIXED ARMISTICE COMMISSION. THE AGREEMENT PROVIDES THAT WIVES, UNMARRIED DAUGHTERS AND MINOR SONS MAY JOIN THE HEADS OF THEIR FAMILIES IN ISRAEL.

N924AES

Geneva, Switzerland, Feb. 14-(ap)-The united nations trusteeship council today postponed consideration of a statute to internationalize jerus alem. It will await word whether israel and hashemite jordan want to take part in the debate, without vote.

The belgian delegate, pierre ryckmans, proposed the two nations be present to state their views on that part of the proposed statute which defines boundaries of an international territory as envisioned by the u.n. general assembly.

Both israel and hashemite jordan — occupying the new and old cities of jerusalem respectively — have stated firm opposition to any form of internationalization.

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B70 (Q)

THE HAGUE, THE NETHERLANDS, FEB.14-(AP)-DUTCH FOREIGN MINISTER DIRK U.STIKKER, NEWLY NAMED POLITICAL CONCILIATOR OF THE ORGANIZATION OF EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COOPERATION, WILL VISIT WASHINGTON ON FEB.26, THE FOREIGN MINISTRY ANNOUNCED TODAY.

HIS WIFE WILL ACCOMPANY HIM TO THE STATES AND VISIT HER BROTHER, JACOBUS VAN DER SCHEER, WHO LIVES IN RICHWOOD,N.J.

N926AES

BRUSSELS, BELGIUM, FEB.14-(AP)-THE OFFICIAL JOURNAL TODAY PUBLISHED THE LAW CALLING ON BELGIANS TO VOTE WITHIN 40 DAYS WHETHER THEY WANT EXILED KING LEOPOLD III TO RETURN TO THE THRONE.

NO DATE HAS BEEN ANNOUNCED FOR THE REFERENDUM. RELIABLE SOURCES HAVE PREDICTED IT WILL BE HELD MARCH 19.

THE LAW, PASSED BY PARLIAMENT FEB.4. OVER BITTER OPPOSITION LED BY THE SOCIALISTS, CALLS FOR ONLY AN ADVISORY REFERENDUM. PARLIAMENT STILL MUST DECIDE WHETHER TO ASK THE KING TO COME BACK.

LEOPOLD HAS DECLARED IN SWITZERLAND THAT HE WILL NOT RETURN UNLESS 55 PERCENT OF THE VOTES IN THE REFERENDUM FAVOR HIS RECALL.

PREMIER GASTON EYSKENS' SOCIAL CHRISTIAN (CATHOLIC) PARTY IS EXPECTED TO SUPPORT LEOPOLD'S RETURN. THE SOCIALISTS ADVOCATE HIS ABDICATION IN FAVOR OF HIS SON, PRINCE BAUDOUIN. wire

COINCIDENT WITH THE OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENT OF THE REFERENDUM, A TINY CRACK IN THE SOCIALIST ANTI-LEOPOLDIST WALL APPEARED. WAR VETERANS IN THE YPRES AREA ANNOUNCED THEIR INTENTION OF LEAVING THE SOCIALIST PARTY BECAUSE "WE CAN NO LONGER TOLERATE THE ACCUSATIONS AND SLANDERS LEVELLED AGAINST KING LEOPOLD BY THE SOCIALIST PARTY."

THE WAR VETERANS ALSO ANNOUNCED THEIR INTENTION OF FORMING A "FREE SOCIALIST PARTY."

DURING THE LAST ELECTIONS IN JUNE, 1949, THE SOCIALISTS OF THE YPRES AREA POLLED 11,607 VOTES, 16.65 PER CENT OF THE ELECTORATE THERE

BJ1025AES

A43

STOCKHOLM, SWEDEN, FEB.14-(AP)-SWEDEN TODAY INVITED DENMARK, ICELAND AND NORWAY TO A FOREIGN MINISTERS CONFERENCE IN STOCKHOLM MARCH 10-11, THE SWEDISH FOREIGN OFFICE ANNOUNCED.

THE CONFERENCE WAS DESCRIBED AS "PART OF A RUNNING SERIES OF SCANDINAVIAN FOREIGN MINISTER MEETINGS TO DISCUSS TOPICS OF MUTUAL INTEREST."

THE INVITATION FOLLOWED A SECRET CONFERENCE YESTERDAY BY THE SCANDINAVIAN PREMIERS AND AN ANNOUNCEMENT TODAY THAT THE FOREIGN AFFAIRS COMMITTEE OF THE SWEDISH PARLIAMENT HAD BEEN SUMMONED TO A MEETING TOMORROW.

THE DANISH AND SWEDISH PREMIERS SAID IN STATEMENTS TODAY THAT ECONOMIC SUBJECTS HAD BEEN THE MAIN TOPICS UNDER DISCUSSION.

A WELL-INFORMED SOURCE SAID THERE WAS "NO QUESTION OF ANY CHANGE IN SWEDEN'S FOREIGN POLICY OF DETACHMENT FROM BIG POWER ALLIANCES."

LJ1445ES

B36

(320) (Q)

BERLIN, FEB.14-(AP)-EAST AND WEST GERMAN ECONOMICS OFFICIALS CONFERRED IN BERLIN TODAY ON THE WORSENING TRADE SITUATION, INCLUDING WEST GERMANY'S EMBARGO ON STEEL SHIPMENTS TO THE SOVIET ZONE.

AN INFORMED WEST GERMAN SOURCE SAID THE EMBARGO WOULD CONTINUE UNTIL EAST GERMANY DELIVERS FOOD AND MANUFACTURED GOODS LONG AWAITED BY THE WEST. EAST GERMANS WERE REPORTED TO BE DEMANDING THAT THE EMBARGO, IMPOSED TWO WEEKS AGO, BE LIFTED AT ONCE.

A WEST GERMAN INFORMANT WHO DECLINED TO BE IDENTIFIED BY NAME SAID THAT UNDER THE TRADE AGREEMENT BETWEEN EAST AND WEST GERMANY, EACH PARTNER WAS TO HAVE BEEN ALLOWED "A SWING OF 15,000,000 MARKS" (A DEFICIT BETWEEN EXPORT AND IMPORT.)

"THE EAST ZONE," HE SAID, "NOW HAS ARRIVED AT 13,500,000 MARKS. WE SIMPLY HAVE STOPPED DELIVERING STEEL TO EAST GERMANY UNTIL THE EAST ZONE WORKS UP ITS BACKLOG IN INTERZONAL TRADE."

JOSEPH ORLOPP, EASTERN REPRESENTATIVE IN THE ECONOMICS TALKS, DECLARED THAT THE SOVIET ZONE WAS HINDERED FROM DELIVERING TO THE WEST BY ALLIED OCCUPATION RULES AND BY VARIOUS DECISIONS OF THE BONN REPUBLIC.

THE WEST COUNTERED THAT THIS VERSION WAS ONLY THE EAST ZONE'S EXCUSE TO HIDE THE FACT THAT IT CANNOT PRODUCE UNDER THE COMMUNIST SYSTEM OF INDUSTRY.

GERMAN AUTHORITIES SAID WIDESPREAD SMUGGLING RUNNING INTO THE MILLIONS OF MARKS IS HIGH ON THE LIST OF PROBLEMS BEFORE THE EAST-WEST CONFEREES.

THE TELEGRAF, PUBLISHED IN THE BRITISH SECTOR, SAID HOSIERY AND TEXTILES FROM SAXONY AND THERMOMETERS FROM THURINGIA WERE FUNNELED INTO THE BERLIN BLACK MARKET AND THEN SHIPPED TO WEST GERMANY. THE NEWSPAPER SAID THAT IRON, STEEL AND OTHER METALS FROM THE WEST CONSIGNED TO AMSTERDAM AND WARSAW HAD BEEN UNLOADED AT THE SOVIET ZONE PORT OF ROSTOCK.

"THIS METHOD OF BYPASSING THE OFFICIAL CHANNELS DOES SEVERE HARM TO THE WEST GERMAN ECONOMY," THE TELEGRAF ASSERTED.

ONE BLACK MARKET SHIPMENT OF COFFEE INVOLVING THE EXCHANGE OF 3,100 TONS OF COFFEE OVER THE SOVIET ZONAL BORDER COST THE WEST REPUBLIC 180,000,000 MARKS IN TAXES AND OTHER REVENUES, THE TELEGRAF SAID. THE WEST MARK IS 24.8 CENTS.

SJ826AES

Berlin add ex Tackenberg.

MISS VON GOETZ RETURNED VOLUNTARILY TO THE UNITED STATES IN A MILITARY TRANSPORT PLANE LAST WEEK IN LIEU OF FACING TRIAL IN BERLIN BY AN AMERICAN DISTRICT COURT FOR ILLEGAL RESIDENCE.

KELLY SAID THE TALL, SLENDER GIRL TOLD AUTHORITIES SHE SOUGHT A LOVER'S REFUGE IN SOVIET-OCCUPIED TERRITORY WITH TACKENBERG AFTER HER CONTRACT AS A SECRETARY WITH THE ALLIED MILITARY SECURITY BOARD IN BERLIN HAD EXPIRED IN AUGUST AND SHE HAD BEEN UNABLE TO OBTAIN PERMISSION TO STAY HERE PRIVATELY AFTER NOV. 30.

THE DEPUTY PROVOST MARSHAL GAVE THIS ACCOUNT OF THE CASE:

"SHE AND TACKENBERG APPARENTLY THOUGHT THEY COULD CREATE A BLISSFUL EXISTENCE IN SOVIET TERRITORY BUT INSTEAD IT TURNED INTO A HELL FOR THEM.

"SHE TOLD US SHE HAD TO PAWN HER WATCH AND OTHER VALUABLES TO KEEP HERSELF AND TACKENBERG FROM STARVING. SHE HAD NO INCOME SINCE HER JOB ENDED IN AUGUST AND SHE WAS DEPENDENT ON HELP HER MOTHER COULD SEND HER FROM THE UNITED STATES.

"THE SOVIETS OBVIOUSLY GREW VERY SUSPICIOUS, PARTICULARLY AFTER SHE TOLD THEM SHE HAD BEEN WORKING FOR THE ALLIED MILITARY SECURITY BOARD. SHE SAID THEY SUDDENLY CHARGED HER AND TACKENBERG WITH MURDER. SHE SAID SHE WAS NEVER TOLD THE IDENTITY OF THE PHONEY VICTIM BUT ASSUMED IT WAS CONNECTED WITH SOME BERLIN CASE.

"SHE AND TACKENBERG HAD BEEN WANDERING THROUGH THE RUSSIAN ZONE AS FAR AS ERFURT IN THURINGIA. WHEN THEY WERE THREATENED WITH THE MURDER CHARGE THEY FLED EVEN FASTER BACK TO BERLIN. SHE LEFT HER PASSPORT BEHIND IN RUSSIAN HANDS."

KELLY SAID MISS VON GOETZ AND TACKENBERG STAYED A WHILE IN THE BRITISH SECTOR OF BERLIN AND THEN SHE APPEARED AT THE U.S. CONSULATE TO REPORT HER LOST PASSPORT. TAKEN INTO CUSTODY, SHE WAS HELD A WEEK UNDER GUARD BECAUSE OF INABILITY TO POST $300 BAIL, THE DEPUTY PROVOST MARSHAL ADDED.

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A64

HE SAID SEVERAL TALKS WITH A GERMAN DEFENSE ATTORNEY APPARENTLY CONVINCED HER OF THE WISDOM OF ASKING TO BE RETURNED TO THE UNITED STATES IN LIEU OF TRIAL FOR ILLEGAL RESIDENCE IN GERMANY.

BEFORE SHE BOARDED AN AMERICA-BOUND PLANE LAST WEEK, KELLY SAID, MISS VON GOETZ WAS CARED FOR BRIEFLY IN U.S. ARMY HOSPITALS IN BERLIN AND FRANKFURT FOR UNDERNOURISHMENT AND UPSET NERVES. KELLY SAID TACKENBERG IS BELIEVED TO BE RESIDING NOW IN BERLIN.

U.S. DISTRICT ATTORNEY IRVING ROBBINS DENIED A FRANKFURT REPORT THAT MISS VON GOETZ WAS RETURNED TO THE UNITED STATES UNDER GUARD OF A WAC. "IT WAS A VOLUNTARY MATTER. THERE WAS NO GUARD," HE SAID. ROBBINS SAID THE CASE IS CLOSED.

IN WASHINGTON, THE GIRL'S MOTHER, MRS. JEAN VON GOETZ, TOLD REPORTERS HER DAUGHTER'S TROUBLES ALL STARTED BECAUSE SHE "FELL IN LOVE" WITH GERMANY AND SOUGHT TO STAY THERE DESPITE PASSPORT LIMITATIONS.

BO/WB816ES

PRECEDE FRANKFURT WOMAN (A35)

BERLIN, FEB.14-(AP)-A BLONDE AMERICAN SECRETARY, FORMERLY ON THE STAFF OF THE ALLIED MILITARY SECURITY BOARD IN BERLIN, HAS RETURNED TO THE UNITED STATES AFTER OVERSTAYING HER RESIDENCE PERMIT HERE, IT WAS ANNOUNCED TONIGHT.

U.S. DISTRICT ATTORNEY IRVING ROBBINS SAID MISS CECILE VON GOETZ, 25, OF WASHINGTON, D.C., VOLUNTARILY LEFT GERMANY BY MILITARY TRANSPORT PLANE LAST WEEK.

HE SAID SHE WAS TAKEN INTO CUSTODY IN THE U.S. SECTOR OF BERLIN FEB.1, WITHOUT PASSPORT OR OTHER DOCUMENTATION, AND WAS GIVEN A PRELIMINARY HEARING FEB.3, IN THE AMERICAN DISTRICT COURT.

THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY DENIED A FRANKFURT REPORT THAT MISS VON GOETZ HAD BEEN SENT BACK UNDER GUARD OF A WAC.

"IT WAS A VOLUNTARY MATTER. THERE WAS NO GUARD," HE SAID.

ROBBINS GAVE THIS HISTORY OF MISS VON GOETZ'S CASE:

A TALL, SLENDER GIRL, SHE WAS EMPLOYED IN THE SECRETARIAT OF THE ALLIED MILITARY SECURITY BOARD UNTIL HER CONTRACT EXPIRED IN AUGUST LAST YEAR.

THE SECURITY BOARD IS COMPOSED OF AMERICAN, BRITISH AND FRENCH OFFICERS ENTRUSTED WITH RESPONSIBILITY FOR GERMAN DEMILITARIZATION.

INSTEAD OF GOING HOME AT GOVERNMENT EXPENSE WHEN HER JOB CEASED TO EXIST, MISS VON GOETZ OBTAINED U.S. PERMISSION TO STAY UNTIL LAST NOV.30.

AFTERWARDS, UNABLE TO GET THIS PERMISSION EXTENDED, SHE VOLUNTARILY WENT INTO THE SOVIET ZONE OF GERMANY FOR SEVERAL WEEKS. DURING THAT TIME, SHE LOST HER AMERICAN PASSPORT.

SHE HAD NO PAPERS OF ANY KIND WHEN SHE WAS APPREHENDED IN THE AMERICAN SECTOR OF BERLIN. SHE LOOKED ILL, AND SO MEDICAL CARE WAS OFFERED HER.

HER PASSPORT HAS NOT BEEN RECOVERED. SINCE SHE VOLUNTARILY RETURNED TO THE UNITED STATES, THE CASE IS CLOSED.

THE U.S. DISTRICT ATTORNEY EXPLODED RUMORS THAT AMERICAN SECURITY HAD BEEN INVOLVED.

"MISS VON GOETZ SAID SHE HAD NO FUNDS OF HER OWN," HE SAID, "THAT IS WHY IT WAS ARRANGED TO LET HER FLY IN THE AIR FORCE PLANE.

"SHE WAS SIMPLY ANOTHER AMERICAN WHO HAD NOT CONFORMED TO REGULATIONS ON LEGAL RESIDENCE IN GERMANY," THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY SAID.

"THE QUESTION OF WHAT SHE DID IN THE SOVIET ZONE WAS NOT EXPLORED BY MY OFFICE. WHEN SHE SAID SHE WANTDD TO GO HOME, IN LIEU OF TRIAL, THAT FINISHED OUR INQUIRY. WE DON'T ENJOY PROSECUTING AMERICAN CITIZENS," HE ADDED.

THE U.S. HIGH COMMISSIONER'S PRESS OFFICE SAID THE GIRL'S FULL NAME IS JEAN CECILE MARIE VON GOETZ AND HER HOME ADDRESS IS 1509 SPRING PLACE, N.W., WASHINGTON, D.C.

00224PES

BERLIN--ADD PRECEDE FRANKFURT WOMAN (A141-143) UNDER DASH

IN WASHINGTON, MISS VON GOETZ' MOTHER, MRS. JEAN VON GOETZ, TOLD REPORTERS HER DAUGHTER'S TROUBLES ALL STARTED BECAUSE SHE "FELL IN LOVE" WITH GERMANY AND SOUGHT TO STAY THERE DESPITE PASSPORT LIMITATIONS.

THE MOTHER SAID HER DAUGHTER WENT TO EUROPE TWO YEARS AGO, FIRST VISITED SWITZERLAND, AND THEN WENT ON TO GERMANY ABOUT A YEAR AGO.

MRS. VAN GOETZ SAID SHE WAS A COUSIN OF MAJ.GEN. JAMES P.HODGES, WHO IS STATIONED IN GERMANY, AND FELT THAT HER DAUGHTER WOULD BE "IN GOOD HANDS" THERE.

AFTER A JOB WITH THE MILITARY SERVICE ENDED LAST FALL, MRS. VON GOETZ SAID, HER DAUGHTER WORKED FOR A GERMAN MUSIC TEACHER.

SHE SAID HER D[illegible]GHTER WROTE LAST MONTH SAYING SHE HAD BEEN TOLD BY GERMAN FRIENDS TH[illegible] HER RESIDENCE PERMIT WOULD BE EXTENDED IF SHE WENT TO THE RUSSIAN ZON[illegible] AND THEN RE-ENTERED GERMANY.

"APPARENTLY SHE [illegible]RIED THAT," MRS. VON GOETZ SAID, "I THINK IT WAS VERY BAD AD[illegible]E."

SHE ADDED SHE H[illegible] HEARD NOTHING FROM HER DAUGHTER SINCE MISS VON GOETZ WROTE EARLY THIS MONTH TO TELL OF BEING ARRESTED FOR OVERSTAYING HER PERMIT.

BEFORE GOING ABROAD, MISS VON GOETZ HAD WORKED FOR THE IRISH LEGATION HERE. SHE IS A GRADUATE OF LA PLATA, MD., HIGH SCHOOL.

AB152PES

A32

BERLIN, FEB.14-(AP)-THE RUSSIANS SPEEDED UP TO NORMAL THEIR HANDLIN OF BERLIN'S TRUCK TRAFFIC TODAY AFTER A SUDDEN THREE-HOUR SLOWDOWN LAST NIGHT.

BERLIN-BOUND VEHICLES WERE ALLOWED TO ENTER THE RUSSIAN ZONE AT HELMSTEDT TODAY AT THE RATE OF NINE OR TEN AN HOUR, CONSIDERED NORMAL FOR THE WINTER.

GERMAN CUSTOMS OFFICIALS SAID THEY COULD OFFER NO EXPLANATION FOR LAST NIGHT'S RUSSIAN-IMPOSED SLOWDOWN. IT CAUSED A BACKLOG OF 50 TRUCKS, WHICH CLEARED UP EARLY THIS MORNING.

SJ458AES

[illegible] Berlin told [illegible] allocated

THIS PROJECTED GRANT WILL ALSO BE MADE FROM MARSHALL PLAN COUNTERPART FUNDS, JONES POINTED OUT. HE SAID BERLIN RECEIVES NO DOLLARS DIRECTLY BUT GETS ITS GRANTS IN DEUTSCHE MARKS IN FORM OF CREDITS FROM THE WEST GERMAN FEDERAL GOVERNMENT.

WEST BERLIN'S ECONOMY RECEIVED ITS LAST ECA LOAN ONLY TWO MONTHS AGO WHEN THE ECA'S SPECIAL MISSION TO GERMANY RELEASED $5,000,000 WEST MARKS ($22,700,000).

LIKE THE NEW LOAN THEY WERE MADE AVAILABLE MAINLY TO VARIOUS BRANCHES OF BERLIN'S INDUSTRY.

SF335PES

-95-

BONN, GERMANY, FEB.14-(AP)-A PLOT TO MURDER PRESIDENT THEODOR HEUSS OF THE WEST GERMAN REPUBLIC HAS BEEN BROKEN UP BY HANNOVER POLICE THE MINISTRY OF INTERIOR ANNOUNCED TODAY.

ONE MAN WAS ARRESTED.

AN INTERIOR MINISTRY OFFICIAL SAID HE DID NOT BELIEVE THERE WAS A POLITICAL MOTIVE INVOLVED IN THE ATTEMPT.

THE OFFICIAL SAID THAT SO FAR AS IS KNOWN, THE ARRESTED MAN HAD NO ACCOMPLICES, AND ADDED THAT THE MAN IS UNDERGOING MENTAL EXAMINATION. HE SAID THE MAN HAS BEEN IN CUSTODY FOR SOME TIME.

THE MINISTRY OFFICIAL REFUSED ANY OTHER DETAILS.

MK838AES

A35

FIRST LEAD WOMAN

FRANKFURT, GERMANY, FEB.14-(AP)-AUTHORITATIVE SOURCES SAID TODAY A WOMAN EMPLOYE OF THE ALLIED MILITARY SECURITY BOARD IN BERLIN WAS SENT BACK TO THE UNITED STATES LAST WEEK UNDER GUARD AND IN DEEP SECRECY.

THE SOURCES DECLINED TO REVEAL DETAILS OF THE CASE.

THE WOMAN TRAVELLED ON A MILITARY AIR TRANSPORT SERVICE AIRCRAFT WHICH LEFT FRANKFURT THURSDAY FOR WESTOVER FIELD, MASS., THE INFORMANTS SAID.

A U.S. HIGH COMMISSION SPOKESMAN ADMITTED A WOMAN -- WHOLLY UNIDENTIFIED -- HAD BEEN "SENT BACK."

HE SAID THE CASE WAS "CLASSIFIED" -- SECRET -- AND THAT HE COULD GIVE NO FURTHER DETAILS.

THE "CLASSIFIED" LABEL USUALLY IS PLACED ON CASES INVOLVING SECURITY BUT THE SPOKESMAN DECLINED TO DIVULGE THE NATURE OF THE CHARGE, IF ANY, AGAINST THE WOMAN.

HE DECLINED EVEN TO SAY WHETHER SHE WAS AN EMPLOYE OF THE U.S. HIGH COMMISSION, THE STATE DEPARTMENT'S ARMY IN GERMANY.

U.S. ARMY HEADQUARTERS AT HEIDELBERG SAID AN ARMY WAC GUARDED THE WOMAN DURING HER TRIP BY AIRPLANE BACK TO THE UNITED STATES.

MK632AES

30.24- 8967

BY GEORGE BOULTWOOD

FEB 14 1950

BONN, GERMANY, FEB. 14--(AP)---AN OFFICE TO COUNTER ACTION AIMED AT OVERTHROWING THE WEST GERMAN FEDERAL REPUBLIC IS PROPOSED IN A BILL TO BE PRESENTED TO THE CABINET IN A FEW DAYS.

AN OFFICIAL OF THE INTERIOR MINISTRY, HANS AEGIDI EMPHASIZED THAT THE PROPOSED "OFFICE FOR THE PROTECTION OF THE CONSTITUTION" WAS "NOT A GESTAPO."

HE SAID IT WOULD HAVE NO EXECUTIVE POWER, NO POWERS OF ARREST OR SEARCH AND ITS PERSONNEL WOULD BE CHOSEN FROM PERSONS WHO WERE NOT NAZIS AND HAVE NO PROMINENT PART IN ANY PRESENT POLITICAL PARTY.

ITS DUTY, HE EXPLAINED, WOULD BE TO COLLECT INFORMATION "ON MATTERS WHICH MAY ENDANGER THE CONSTITUTION" AND TURN THE FACTS OVER TO REGULAR POLICE WHERE LEGAL ACTION IS REQUIRED.

FEB 14 1950

CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER IN A SPEECH SUNDAY RENEWED A DEMAND TO BE ALLOWED TO HAVE A FEDERAL POLICE FORCE TO MAINTAIN ORDER. ALLIED SOURCES SAID YESTERDAY, HOWEVER, RE-EMPHASIZED THEIR INTENTION TO KEEP WESTERN GERMANY'S POLICE LIMITED TO LOCAL AND STATE FORCES.

APR BOULTWOODS 1935 CCC 615P

FEB 14 1950

A118

BONN, GERMANY, FEB 14-(AP)-THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCED TODAY A 250,000,000-MARK ($60,000,000) WORK PROGRAM FOR GERMAN RAILWAYS TO HELP FIGHT UNEMPLOYMENT.

TRANSPORT MINISTER HANS-CHRISTOPH SEEBOHM SAID THE WORK WILL BEGIN AT ONCE AND PROVIDE 100,000 JOBS FOR THE NEXT 10 MONTHS. THE PROGRAM CALLS FOR NEW RAILS, TIES, BRIDGES, REPAIR SHOPS AND STATION BUILDINGS.

JK111SPES

-- DASH -- FOLLOW BUDAPEST

MORRIS L. ERNST, NEW YORK ATTORNEY AND AUTHOR, ANNOUNCED IN NEW YORK SUNDAY HE HAD BEEN RETAINED TO DEFEND VOGELER. HE SAID HE HAD APPLIED BY CABLE FOR A HUNGARIAN VISA AND HAD ASKED THE HUNGARIAN GOVERNMENT TO POSTPONE THE TRIAL TO GIVE HIM TIME TO INTERVIEW HIS CLIENT.

VOGELER WAS ARRESTED NOV.18. EDGAR SANDERS, BRITISH SUBJECT AND BUDAPEST I. T. & T. REPRESENTATIVE, AND FIVE HUNGARIAN NATIONALS, ARE SCHEDULED TO BE TRIED WITH VOGELER.

MK7AES

AT THE SAME TIME, 26 MORE CZECHS WENT ON TRIAL IN JIHLAVA ON CHARGES OF PLOTTING TO ASSASSINATE PUBLIC FIGURES AND OVERTHROW THE GOVERNMENT. TWENTY-THREE WERE CONVICTED AND SENTENCED AT JIHLAVA SATURDAY. THREE RECEIVED DEATH SENTENCES, TWO LIFE IMPRISONMENT AND THE OTHERS LONG PRISON TERMS. ALL WERE ACCUSED OF HAVING BEEN IN CONTACT WITH A FOREIGN POWER, WHICH WAS NOT NAMED.

PART OF THE "HATE AMERICA" CAMPAIGN WAS CONTAINED IN PUBLICITY ON THE FIFTH ANNIVERSARY OF THE AMERICAN BOMBING OF PRAGUE ON FEB.14, 1945, WHEN THE CITY WAS OCCUPIED BY THE GERMANS. VACLAV VACEK, PRAGUE MAYOR, SAID IN AN INTERVIEW SATURDAY THAT 5,200 PEOPLE WERE KILLED BY A NEEDLESS BOMBING WHEN THE CITY WAS ABOUT TO BE LIBERATED BY THE RUSSIANS.

00307PES

PRAGUE, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, FEB.14-(AP)-TWENTY-SIX MORE CZECHS, ALLEGED MEMBERS OF A LARGE ANTI-GOVERNMENT RING IN MORAVIA, WENT ON TRIAL TODAY ON CHARGES OF PLOTTING TO OVERTHROW THE COUNTRY'S COMMUNIST-LED REGIME.

THREE LEADERS OF THE GROUP ALREADY HAVE BEEN SENTENCED TO DEATH AND 23 OTHER MEMBERS WERE GIVEN PRISON SENTENCES ON SATURDAY.

THE CURRENT TRIAL, LIKE THE PREVIOUS ONE, IS BEING HELD AT A STATE COURT IN JIHLAVA, NEAR THE MORAVIAN-BOHEMIAN BORDER.

THE GOVERNMENT IN THE PREVIOUS TRIAL CHARGED THE GROUP PLOTTED TO ASSASSINATE PUBLIC FIGURES AND CARRIED ON ESPIONAGE IN CONSTANT CONTACT WITH AGENTS OF AN UNNAMED FOREIGN POWER. more

THE SLOVAK COMMUNIST NEWSPAPER PRAVDA USED THE NEW CASE TO FURTHER THE "HATE AMERICA" CAMPAIGN BEING CARRIED ON BY THIS COUNTRY'S CONTROLLED PRESS.

PRAVDA SAID AMERICAN EMBASSIES AND MISSIONS ARE GIVING DIPLOMATIC IMMUNITY TO SABOTEURS, SPIES AND CONSPIRATORS WORKING TO OVERTHROW THE COMMUNIST GOVERNMENTS OF EASTERN EUROPE.

"THERE IS NOT A COURT IN CENTRAL AND EAST EUROPE WHICH HAS NOT UNMASKED THE PARTICIPATION OF AMERICAN DIPLOMATS IN ANTI-STATE PLOTS, DIRTY ESPIONAGE AND SABOTAGE RINGS AIMED AGAINST THE PEOPLE'S REPRESENTATIVES," IT SAID.

THE PAPER CALLED FOR VIGILANCE, SAYING "THE AMERICANS HAVE NOT GIVEN UP THEIR FOOLISH PLANS FOR THE CONQUEST OF THE WHOLE OF EUROPE."

"IT IS NECESSARY TO REALIZE," IT ADDED, "THAT THE DIRTY HAND OF HOOVER (J.EDGAR HOOVER OF THE FBI) AND OTHER LEADING REPRESENTATIVES OF THE AMERICAN INTELLIGENCE SERVICE IS STILL SPYING THROUGHOUT THE WHOLE OF EUROPE. X X X

"IT IS INTERESTING TO OBSERVE HOW THE AMERICAN SECRET SERVICE RECEIVE ONE BLOW AFTER ANOTHER THROUGH THE ARRESTS AND DEATHS OF TRAITORS. IT IS NOT ITS END, HOWEVER. WE WOULD BE MISTAKEN IF WE CONSIDER ALL AMERICAN NESTS DESTROYED. THE AMERICAN ESPIONAGE SERVICE IS TRYING TO FILL UP THE GAPS IN ITS ORGANIZATION INSTEAD OF GIVING UP ITS PLANS."

THE CZECH NEWS AGENCY ACCUSED THE UNITED STATES AND GREAT BRITAIN TODAY OF BUILDING UP A NEW NAZI GESTAPO AT BONN TO SPY ON PEOPLE WHO OPPOSE WEST GERMANY'S CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER.

"THE NEW GESTAPO IS BEING DEVELOPED IN BONN, THE CAPITAL OF WEST GERMANY, UNDER THE SIGN OF THE 'OFFICE FOR THE PROTECTION OF THE CONSTITUTION,'" THE AGENCY SAID.

"BUT IN FACT, THE INSTITUTION COLLECTS INFORMATION ABOUT THOSE PEOPLE WHO DO NOT AGREE WITH THE POLICY OF ADENAUER'S GOVERNMENT, CONTROLS THEIR CORRESPONDENCE AND TAPS THEIR TELEPHONES IN ORDER TO GATHER MATERIAL FOR TRIALS AGAINST THEM."

BJ1021AES

A112

PRAGUE--THIRD ADD MISSIONARIES (A111) X X X THE STATE."

ONE RELIABLE SOURCE SAID CZECH POLICE ON JAN.23 SWOOPED ON THE FLAT OCCUPIED BY JOHNSON AND ABBOT IN PROSTEJOV, SEARCHED THEIR ROOMS, TOOK AWAY SOME PRIVATE BELONGINGS, INCLUDING CAMERAS, AND SEALED THE APARTMENT.

THE FOLLOWING THURSDAY, THE SOURCE SAID, THE POLICE ARRESTED 20 CZECHS ATTENDING A MORMON MISSION MEETING AND HELD THEM FOUR DAYS, WHILE THEIR APARTMENTS WERE BEING RANSACKED.

A FOREIGN MINISTRY SPOKESMAN DECLINED TO ELABORATE ON WHAT WAS MEANT BY "PROHIBITED AREA" OR TO DISCUSS WHAT PENALTY MIGHT BE INVOLVED.

"I KNOW NOTHING ABOUT THE CASE," HE SAID. "I CANNOT DISCUSS IT."

A SPOKESMAN FOR THE INTERIOR MINISTRY, WHICH RUNS THE POLICE, ALSO DECLINED TO SAY WHAT THE PENALTIES MIGHT BE.

--DASH--

A GOVERNMENT SOURCE IN PARIS SAID JOSEF SZERCERBINSKI, FORMER POLISH CONSUL AT LILLE, ARRESTED IN DECEMBER, WILL FACE A MILITARY COURT AT METZ.

"THIS IS IN NO WAY RETALIATION," SAID THE INFORMANT. "WE HAVE COLLECTED TONS OF DOCUMENTS WHICH MAKE IT IMPOSSIBLE FOR US TO DISMISS THE CASE AGAINST SZERCERBINSKI. THERE IS TOO MUCH EVIDENCE THAT HE WAS ACTIVELY ENGAGED IN ECONOMIC SABOTAGE OF FRANCE AND IN ANTI-MARSHALL PLAN ACTIVITIES."

A50

BY ANN MARIE SNELLMAN (150)

HELSINKI, FINLAND, FEB.14-(AP)-POLICE SAID THEY HAD NO EXPLANATION OF AN EXPLOSION EARLY TODAY THAT ROCKED THE PARLIAMENT BUILDING WHERE A FINNISH PRESIDENT IS TO BE ELECTED TOMORROW.

THE OFFICERS SAID THE EXPLOSION, ON THE STAIRCASE LEADING TO THE BUILDING'S ENTRANCE, CAUSED NO SERIOUS DAMAGE INSIDE THE STRUCTURE, IN WHICH 300 ELECTORS TODAY PRESENT THEIR CREDENTIALS, PRIOR TO THE PRESIDENTIAL BALLOTING TOMORROW.

THE ELECTORS ARE VIRTUALLY CERTAIN TO RE-ELECT PRESIDENT JUHO PAASIKIVI, 85-YEAR-OLD ANTI-COMMUNIST STATESMAN. OF THE 300 ELECTORS CHOSEN IN THE JANUARY GENERAL ELECTION, 172 ARE PLEDGED TO SUPPORT HIM.

THERE WAS NO INDICATION THAT THE EXPLOSION WAS CONNECTED WITH TOMORROW'S ELECTION.

IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE BLAST POLICE THREW A CORDON AROUND THE STAIRCASE AND THE FRONT ENTRANCE. THE CROWD THAT GATHERED ON THE STREET COULD SEE A HOLE THE SIZE OF A FOOTBALL IN THE BUILDING'S MAIN ENTRANCE DOOR, AND TWISTED METAL FRAMES AND BROKEN PANES IN NEARBY WINDOWS.

AUTHORITIES SAID THE MAIN ENTRANCE, WHICH COULD NOT BE USED TODAY, WOULD BE OPEN AGAIN BEFORE THE ELECTORS BALLOT TOMORROW.

MK629AES

B48 (SEG) (180)

MOSCOW, FEB 14-(AP)-THE COMMUNIST PARTY ORGAN PRAVDA TODAY ACCUSED BRITAIN, FRANCE AND THE UNITED STATES OF BLOCKING AN AUSTRIAN PEACE TREATY.

A PRAVDA EDITORIAL ALSO ACCUSED AUSTRIA'S GOVERNMENT LEADERS OF "AIDING IN THE CAMPAIGN TO DELAY THE AUSTRIAN TREATY."

THE EDITORIAL REPEATED RUSSIAN CHARGES THAT WAR INDUSTRIES ARE BEING MAINTAINED IN AUSTRIA AND THAT FASCIST ELEMENTS ARE BEING ENCOURAGED.

--DASH--

FOUR-POWER TALKS ON THE AUSTRIAN PEACE TREATY ARE TO BE RESUMED TOMORROW IN LONDON AFTER A BREAKDOWN JAN.24. THE DISCUSSIONS FREQUENTLY HAVE BOGGED DOWN OVER THREE YEARS OF NEGOTIATIONS.

THE THREE WESTERN POWERS REPEATEDLY HAVE ACCUSED RUSSIA OF HOLDING UP A FINAL TREATY, WHICH WOULD CALL FOR WITHDRAWAL OF ALL OCCUPATION TROOPS FROM AUSTRIA WITHIN 90 DAYS AFTER ITS RATIFICATION.

THE MOSCOW AMBASSADORS OF THE THREE WESTERN POWERS DELIVERED A JOINT NOTE LAST MONTH TO DEPUTY SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI GROMYKO PROTESTING AGAINST RUSSIANS EFFORTS TO BLOCK THE TREATY.

RUSSIA HAS REFUSED TO CONTINUE DISCUSSION OF THE UNAPPROVED PARTS OF THE DRAFT TREATY UNTIL AUSTRIA PAYS HER FOR SUPPLIES FURNISHED THE AUSTRIANS DURING THE EARLY DAYS OF THE OCCUPATION.

M736AES

30.24- 8969

Moscow, Feb. 14 -(ap)- The current journal Moscow Patriarchate says that Uniate Greek Catholics of Transcarpathia have broken with the Roman Catholic Church and joined the Russian orthodox church.

(Evidently the Uniates described in the dispatch are those dwelling in a loosely defined area of eastern europe adjacent to the Carpathian mountains. The Uniates have long held communion with Rome. Vatican sources said the greek uniate catholics who were reported joining the russian church were "forced to do so by threats of imprisonment and death".

(The vatican spokesman said the methods used in this area were the same as those used in romania where, he said, bishops were imprisoned and threatened in an effort to break their allegiance with Pope Pius XII).

Moscow Patriarchate, official magazine of the Russian Orthodox church, said a ceremony was held in Uzhgorod, Czechoslovakia, Aug. 28 celebrating the entry of uniates into the russian orthodox faith.

The magazine said that at the ceremony the act of union of the greek rite catholics with the vatican was declared to be "an unpopular " union against the concsience and will of the urkainian and transcarpathian people and from Aug. 28, 1949 ceased to exist.

FEB 14 1950

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russian-chinese

moscow, feb. 14--(ap)--here are the principal dates and developments in the visit of the chinese communist leaders mao tze-tung and chou en-lai to moscow which resulted in the signing of a 30-year alliance between the two countries:

dec. 16, 1949--mao arrived and was

dec. 21--mao received by prime minister stalin.

dec. 21--mao and stalin appeared together at a celebration at the bolshoi theater.

dec. 22--mao attended a reception at the kremlin in connection with stalin's birthday.

jan. 11, 1950--mao was received by president shvernik at the

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kremlin.

jan. 20--chou arrived in moscow.

jan. 21--mao and chou appeared with stalin at lenin memorial meeting in bolshoi theater.

jan. 22--stalin received chou.

feb. 9--large reception at kremlin for mao and chou.

feb. 10--shvernik received chou at kremlin.

feb. 14--alliance signed.

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B59

(170) (Q)

MOSCOW, FEB.14-(AP)-MOSCOW'S COMMUNIST PARTY NEWSPAPER PRAVDA DISPLAYED PROMINENTLY TODAY AN ARTICLE BY EUGENE DENNIS, SECRETARY GENERAL OF THE AMERICAN COMMUNIST PARTY.

(DENNIS WAS ONE OF 11 AMERICAN COMMUNIST LEADERS CONVICTED LAST OCT. 21 FOR CONSPIRING TO ADVOCATE THE VIOLENT OVERTHROW OF THE AMERICAN GOVERNMENT.)

HIS ARTICLE, ENTITLED "LENIN AND STALIN, BANNER OF THE TWENTIETH CENTURY," WAS THE FIRST BY AN AMERICAN COMMUNIST LEADER TO APPEAR IN THE SOVIET PRESS FOR SOME TIME. IT HAD BEEN REPRINTED FROM THE COMINFORM JOURNAL PUBLISHED IN BUCHAREST, ROMANIA.

THE ARTICLE DECLARED THAT THE AMERICAN COMMUNIST PARTY WOULD "MARCH FIRMLY FORWARD, DESPITE OPPRESSION AND TEMPORARY FAILURES," AND THAT IT WOULD BE GUIDED BY THE "MARXIST-LENINIST COMPASS."

THE AMERICAN PARTY, HE SAID, WOULD "BASE ITSELF ON BATTLING FOR THE CREATIVE INITIATIVE OF THE WORKING CLASS IN THE UNITED STATES AND ITS ALLIES: THE PROGRESSIVE INTELLIGENTSIA, THE NEGRO PEOPLE AND THE WORKING FARMERS."

(DENNIS WAS SENTENCED TO FIVE YEARS IN PRISON AND FINED $10,000. HE IS OUT OF JAIL ON BAIL, AWAITING AN APPEAL OF THE CASE IN THE FEDERAL DISTRICT COURT OF APPEALS.)

SJ840AES

ALSO PRESENT AT THE EMBASSY AS GUESTS OF CHINESE AMBASSADOR VAN MING-SIAN WERE: VICE PREMIERS V.M.MOLOTOV, G.M.MALENKOV, L.P.BERIA, K.E.VOROSHILOV, A.I.MIKOYAN, L.M.KAGANOVICH, N.A.BULGANIN, N.S. KHRUSHCHEV, AND THE CHAIRMAN OF THE PRESIDIUM OF THE SUPREME SOVIET, N.M.SHVERNIK.

MIGHT LEAD CHINESE (180)

BY SPENCER MOOSA

TAIPEI, FORMOSA, WEDNESDAY, FEB. 15-(AP)-THE OFFICIAL CHINESE NATIONALIST NEWS AGENCY SAID TODAY ABOUT 200 CHINESE REDS IN SIX JUNKS WERE THWARTED IN AN ATTEMPT TO LAND ON HAINAN ISLAND MONDAY NIGHT.

CENTRAL NEWS AGENCY SAID FOUR OF THE JUNKS WERE SUNK AND THE OTHER TWO CAPTURED WITH 63 RED TROOPS ABOARD. THE PRISONERS, ARMED WITH 10 TOMMYGUNS AND 53 RIFLES, IDENTIFIED THEMSELVES AS BELONGING TO THE 13TH DIVISION OF GEN. LIN PIAO'S 40TH ARMY, THE AGENCY SAID.

THE COMMUNIST TROOPS MIGHT HAVE BEEN TRYING TO TEST THE DEFENSES OF THE ISLAND. AN OFFICIAL MILITARY REPORT SAID YESTERDAY HAINAN MIGHT EXPECT AN INVASION OF 160,000) RED TROOPS WITHIN TWO WEEKS. AGAIN, THIS SMALL FORCE MIGHT HAVE BEEN TRYING TO JOIN LONG ESTABLISHED GUERRILLAS WHOSE STRENGTH HAS BEEN BOLSTERED BY RECENT INFILTRATIONS FROM THE MAINLAND.

THIS IS THE SEASON WHEN FOG OBSCURES THE BIG NATIONALIST ISLAND OFF THE SOUTH CHINA COAST, MAKING SURPRISE POSSIBLE AND HINDERING THE NATIONALISTS' AIR ARM, THEIR BEST DEFENSE.

SMALL GROUPS OF REDS HAVE BEEN INFILTRATING HAINAN FOR SEVERAL MONTHS, JOINING THE LONG-ESTABLISHED COMMUNIST GUERRILLAS THERE, THE REPORT SAID. THEY PRESUMABLY ARE PREPARING THE WAY FOR ATTEMPTED SEIZURE OF THE ISLAND.

EJ1033PCS

INTELLIGENCE REPORTS WERE QUOTED AS SAYING SHANGHAI RESIDENTS SCRAMBLED FOR LEAFLETS DROPPED BY NATIONALIST PLANES LAST WEEK. THE LEAFLETS DENOUNCED COMMUNIST LEADER MAO TZE-TUNG AS A TRAITOR.

IN SOUTHERN FORMOSA, MADAME CHIANG KAI-SHEK URGED FORMOSANS TO "JOIN THE GOVERNMENT IN FIGHTING THE RUSSIANS AND THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS TO THE VERY END."

HER APPEAL WAS MADE IN A SPEECH AT CHIANYI, 130 MILES SOUTH OF TAIPEI. SHE IS ON A TOUR OF FORMOSA TRYING TO RALLY STRENGTH TO THE NATIONALISTS.

CY/X240APS

BULLETIN

TOKYO, WEDNESDAY, FEB.15-(AP)-THE PEIPING RADIO SAID TODAY THAT CHINESE COMMUNISTS AND RUSSIA HAD SIGNED A 30-YEAR TREATY OF FRIENDSHIP AND ALLIANCE.

A BROADCAST HEARD IN TOKYO SAID THE PURPOSE OF THE TREATY WAS "TO PREVENT A RISE IN JAPANESE IMPERIALISM" AND "ANY NEW AGGRESSION THAT MIGHT BE LAUNCHED BY ANY COUNTRY DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY IN CONTACT WITH JAPAN."

THE BROADCAST ADDED THAT THE TREATY WAS SIGNED YESTERDAY (TUESDAY) IN MOSCOW.

THE REFERENCE TO ANY AGGRESSION FROM "ANY OTHER COUNTRY" APPARENTLY MEANT THE UNITED STATES.

THE BROADCAST GAVE NO DETAILS OF THE TREATY. IT SAID THE DOCUMENT WAS COMPOSED OF SIX ITEMS.

THE PEIPING BROADCAST REPORTED A JOINT ANNOUNCEMENT OF THE TREATY WAS MADE IN MOSCOW BY FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI VISHINSKY OF RUSSIA AND FOREIGN MINISTER CHOU EN-LAI OF COMMUNIST CHINA.

CHOU AND MAO TZE-TUNG HAVE BEEN IN MOSCOW NEGOTIATING WITH THE RUSSIANS, PRESUMABLY FOR BOTH MILITARY AND ECONOMIC AID.

30.24- 8971

MAO TZE-TUNG ARRIVED IN MOSCOW LAST DEC. 16. HIS PROLONGED STAY HAD LED TO SPECULATION THAT THE CHINESE COMMUNIST LEADERS WERE HAVIN TROUBLE WITH THE RUSSIANS. CHOU EN-LAI JOINED MAO LATER.

THERE ALSO HAD BEEN SPECULATION THAT THE RUSSIANS WERE TAKING ADVANTAGE OF MAO'S LONG STAY TO MOVE THEIR FRIENDS AMONG THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS INTO POWER IN PEIPING.

TAN KAH-KEE, A MINOR OFFICIAL OF THE RED REGIME, SAID IN HONG KON YESTERDAY THERE WAS NO SPLIT BETWEEN MAO AND PRO-RUSSIAN ELEMENTS WITHIN THE CHINESE COMMUNIST PARTY.

MAO IS SUPPOSED TO HAVE GONE TO MOSCOW ASKING FOR ARMS TO DRIVE THE NATIONALISTS FROM THEIR STRING OF ISLAND FORTRESSES RINGING THE CHINESE MAINLAND.

AMONG HIS NEEDS ARE PLANES AND SHIPS FOR PERILOUS OVERSEAS INVASIONS OF FORMOSA AND HAINAN, THE TWO MAIN ISLANDS.

MAO HIMSELF HAS SAID PREVIOUSLY HE WOULD LOOK TO RUSSIA FOR THE TECHNICAL AID AND INDUSTRIAL HELP NEEDED TO DEVELOP CHINA.

THERE WAS NO CLUE IN THE BROADCAST TO WHAT, IF ANYTHING, MAO ACCOMPLISHED MATERIALLY.

FJ418PCS

FEB 14 1950

WITH MOSCOW (190)

BY TOM LAMBERT

TOKYO, WEDNESDAY, FEB.15-(AP)-EXCITABLE JAPANESE TODAY RECEIVED WITH APPREHENSION NEWS THAT RUSSIA AND COMMUNIST CHINA HAD SIGNED A 30-YEAR ALLIANCE AIMED LARGELY--ON THE SURFACE AT LEAST--AT JAPAN.

A HASTY REVIEW OF THE TREATY ANNOUNCEMENT LED SOME OBSERVERS TO THESE CONCLUSIONS:

1. THE TREATY IS AS REMARKABLE FOR WHAT IT DOESN'T SAY AS FOR WHAT IT DOES.

2. THERE IS NO MENTION OF RUSSIAN AND CHINESE RED ATTITUDES ON FURTHER SOUTHWARD EXPANSION OF COMMUNISM IN ASIA.

3. THE AMOUNT OF THE RUSSIAN LOAN TO THE CHINESE REDS IS SURPRISINGLY SMALL. THE ANNOUNCED TOTAL OF $300,000,000 (M) IS FAR FROM ENOUGH TO BUY WHAT CHINA NEEDS TO INDUSTRALIZE HER ECONOMY.

4. THE EMPHASIS ON JAPAN IS ANOTHER PROPAGANDA EFFORT, TYING IN WITH SUCH EARLIER MOVES AS THE RUSSIAN DEMAND FOR TRIAL OF EMPEROR HIROHITO AS A WAR CRIMINAL. IT IS AN ATTEMPT TO CONVINCE OTHER ORIENTALS THAT JAPAN IS IMPERIALISTIC AND AGGRESSIVE; THAT THE UNITED STATES, WHICH IS SUPPORTING JAPAN, IS LIKEVISE.

5. THE AGREEMENT TO MAKE PEACE WITH JAPAN AS SOON AS POSSIBLE, WITH OTHER WORLD WAR II ALLIES, DOESN'T BRING A PEACE TREATY ANY CLOSER. SO FAR, THE ALLIES HAVEN'T BEEN ABLE TO AGREE ON WHAT NATIONS SHALL DRAFT THE PEACE.

WDS28PPS

FEB 14 1950

TOKYO, WEDNESDAY, FEB. 15-(AP)-RUSSIA BOYCOTTED THE ALLIED COUNCIL FOR JAPAN AGAIN TODAY.

IT WAS THE SECOND SUCCESSIVE MEETING THE RUSSIANS HAVE BOYCOTTED RATHER THAN DISCUSS SOVIET FAILURE TO COMPLETE REPATRIATION OF JAPANESE PRISONERS OF WAR. BEFORE THE RUSSIANS BEGAN THEIR BOYCOTT TWO WEEKS AGO THEY HAD WALKED OUT OF THREE OTHER COUNCIL MEETINGS OVER THE SAME ISSUE.

THE U. S. AND THE JAPANESE GOVERNMENT ESTIMATE THE RUSSIANS HAVE FAILED TO RETURN MORE THAN 370,000 JAPANESE PRISONERS TAKEN AT THE END OF WORLD WAR II.

THE RUSSIANS MAINTAIN IT IS UNLAWFUL FOR THE COUNCIL TO DISCUSS REPATRIATION.

VR1206ACS

CLUBS AND TEAR GAS DISPERSED COMMUNISTS AT AMRITSAR, IN THE PUNJAB, WHO ATTACKED THE CONGRESS PARTY OFFICE, AND 43 COMMUNISTS WERE ARRESTED.

AT AHMEDNAGAR, BOMBAY PROVINCE, 200 WERE ARRESTED AFTER THREE PERSONS WERE KILLED IN WHAT WAS DESCRIBED AS A FORTNIGHT OF "COMMUNIST VIOLENCE."

AT SALEM CENTRAL JAIL IN MADRAS PROVINCE 21 PRISONERS WERE KILLED AND 103 INJURED WHEN JAILERS FIRED ON RIOTING COMMUNIST PRISONERS. THIRTY-FOUR OF THE JAIL STAFF WERE INJURED.

IENGAR SAID THE COMMUNIST PRISONERS USE CHAIRS, TABLES, DISHPANS, AND CUPS AS WEAPONS. "THEY REFUSE TO OBEY ORDERS, HIT THE JAILERS AND TROUBLE STARTS," HE SAID. "THERE IS A CONCERTED MOVE TO BRING ABOUT COLLISIONS WITH THE JAIL STAFF."

new delhi, india, feb. 14--(ap)--with their eyes on 500,000 moslem immigrants from east pakistan, india's parliament has authorized the expulsion of "undesirable" newcomers to india's eastern state of assam.

assam also has received immigrants from china and from neighboring burma.

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since the partition of india 30 months ago, a half-million moslems have poured into assam from east pakistan next door. some members of parliament feared they resulted from a pakistani "conspiracy" to make a moslem state of assam, which now has 3,000,000 hindus and 2,000,000 moslems.

the bill's sponsor, transport minister n. g. ayyangar, said he did NOT believe the moslem influx was planned, but added it had disturbed the state's economy.

B72 (Q)

(160)

RANGOON, BURMA, FEB.14-(AP)-BURMA'S PARLIAMENT VOTED TODAY TO EXTEND THIS COUNTRY'S MARTIAL LAW ANOTHER SIX MONTHS.

THE MEASURE, ORIGINALLY INTRODUCED DURING THE HEIGHT OF THE COMMUNIST REBELLION IN LATE 1948, WOULD HAVE BEEN OVER MARCH 1.

JUDICIAL MINISTER BA GYAN TOLD THE HOUSE THE GOVERNMENT CONSIDERS EXTENSION OF MARTIAL LAW "ESSENTIAL FOR THE PROTECTION OF PEOPLES' LIVES AND PROPERTY."

BURMA'S GOVERNMENT IS FIGHTING A MANY-SIDED WAR, NOT ONLY AGAINST THE COMMUNISTS, BUT AGAINST KAREN NATIONALISTS SEEKING AN AUTONOMOUS STATE AND AGAINST OTHER DISSIDENT GROUPS.

A GOVERNMENT-APPOINTED ELECTIONS SUPERVISORY COMMISSION, IN A REPORT LAID BEFORE PARLIAMENT TODAY, SAID CONDITIONS IN BURMA WOULD NOT PERMIT ELECTIONS AT THIS TIME. IT RECOMMENDED THAT THE ELECTIONS BE POSTPONED TO A DATE NOT LATER THAN MAY 4, 1951, THE VOTING HAD BEEN SCHEDULED MAY 4 THIS YEAR.

UNDER THE PRESENT CONDITIONS THE PUBLIC FEARS THE ELECTIONS WILL BE NEITHER FAIR NOR FREE, THE REPORT SAID. PARLIAMENT WILL DEBATE THE REPORT THURSDAY.

N942AES

B34 (Q)

FX

JIDDAH, SAUDI ARABIA, FEB 14-(AP)-STRANDED HERE FOR MORE THAN SIX MONTHS, 1,700 MOSLEM FILIPINO PILGRIMS TO THE HOLY CITY OF MECCA ARE EXPECTED TO SAIL FOR HOME WITH A FEW DAYS.

SAUDI ARABIAN AUTHORITIES SAID THE STEAMER CRISTOBAL WHICH WILL CARRY THEM TO THE PHILIPPINES IS EXPECTED SHORTLY FROM PORT SUDAN, ON THE RED SEA COAST OF AFRICA, WHERE SHE IS REFITTING AND REPROVISIONING. THE SAUDI ARABIAN GOVERNMENT IS CONTAINUING TO FEED AND CARE FOR THE PILGRIMS MEANWHILE.

DURING THE PILGRIMAGE MORE THAN 50 FILIPINOS DIED FROM DISEASE OR OLD AGE. GOVERNMENT AUTHORITIES HERE REFUSED TO LET THE PILGRIM SHIP SAIL FOR HOME UNTIL CONDITIONS ABOARD WERE IMPROVED TO ENSURE A SAFE JOURNEY FOR THE VOYAGERS.

M543AES

JESSUP, THE STATE DEPARTMENT'S FAR EASTERN EXPERT, ISSUED A BRIEF STATEMENT SAYING THE DIPLOMATS REPORTED ON "POLITICAL ASPECTS OF THE SITUATION OF EACH OF THE COUNTRY'S TO WHICH THEY ARE ACCREDITED." Bangkok dispatches today-

WHILE THE DIPLOMATS WORKED IN THE TORRID AMERICAN EMBASSY, U.S. BUSINESS MEN ABOUT BANGKOK SAID THEY THOUGHT IT TOO LATE TO SAVE INDOCHINA FROM COMMUNISM. THEY PREDICTED THE COUNTRY WOULD BE RED WITHIN 10 MONTHS TO TWO YEARS WITH MOSCOW-TRAINED HO CHI-MINH, PRESENT HEAD OF THE VIETNAM STATE IN THE NORTH, TAKING OVER.

HO HAS BEEN FIGHTING THE FRENCH FOR MORE THAN THREE YEARS.

BRITAIN AND THE UNITED STATES HAVE RECOGNIZED THE NEWLY CREATED VIETNAM GOVERNMENT OF BAO DAI, PLAYBOY PUPPET EMPEROR UNDER THE JAPANESE. BAO DAI'S GOVERNMENT IS PRO-FRENCH.

CY234APS

Saigon ... agreement

THE MARCH 8 AGREEMENT GAVE VIETNAM AUTONOMY WITHIN THE FRENCH UNION. SPECIAL FRENCH BUSINESS AND CULTURAL RIGHTS AS WELL AS FRENCH CONTROL OF THE COUNTRY'S DEFENSE AND DIPLOMACY WERE RETAINED.

NGUYEN SAID 27 CONVENTIONS BETWEEN VIETNAMESE AND FRANCE WERE SIGNED DEC.30, IMPLEMENTING THE TERMS OF THE AGREEMENT. HE SAID THE ACTUAL TRANSFER OF POWER OVER INTERNAL AFFAIRS HAS ALREADY BEEN CARRIED OUT IN NORTH VIETNAM, AND THE SAME IS EXPECTED IN SOUTHERN VIETNAM WITHIN TWO WEEKS.

QQ252PES

(300)

WASHINGTON, FEB.14-(AP)-A WORLD WAR II INFANTRY OFFICER HAS TOLD TWO AMERICAN LEGION GROUPS HERE THAT CHINESE NATIONALISTS CAN HOLD FORMOSA WITH THE BACKING OF A STRONG AMERICAN POLICY.

FURTHER, HE SAID, SOME AMERICANS ARE GOING TO HELP THE CHINESE THERE REGARDLESS OF U.S. POLICY BECAUSE THEY ARE "NOT WILLING TO ABANDON THE LAST REFUGE OF FREE CHINA TO ITS FATE."

THE LEGION IDENTIFIED THE SPEAKER AS CAPT. IRVING SHORT. SHORT, WHO WAS IN COMBAT DURING THE WAR, HAS JUST RETURNED FROM THE FORMOSA-HAINAN AREA. HE WAS THERE AS AN ADVISER ON SPECIAL FAR EASTERN PROBLEMS FOR THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT.

SHORT TALKED TO A DEFENSE CONFERENCE OF LEGION REGIONAL OFFICERS AND ALSO TO A MEETING OF LEGION OFFICIALS CONCERNED WITH UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES. TAPE RECORDINGS OF HIS TALKS DISCLOSED SHORT'S REMARKS ABOUT AMERICANS PLANNING TO GO TO FORMOSA ON VOLUNTEER SERVICE.

SHORT SAID THAT WHEN THE SECRETARY OF STATE DESCRIBES FORMOSA AS "NOT STRATEGICALLY IMPORTANT" HE INFERS THAT PERSONS SUCH AS GEN. DOUGLAS MACARTHUR, WHO WANT FORMOSA HELD, ARE "INCOMPETENT."

"COMMUNISM IS SWEEPING EURASIA AND THE WESTERN POWERS ARE ON THE DEFENSIVE OR COMPLETELY OUT OF THE PICTURE," SHORT SAID. "WE ARE FACED WITH TOTALITARIAN AGGRESSION, AND THERE ARE NO ANDS AND IFS ABOUT IT."

HE SAID FORMOSA HAS THE FINEST LITTLE ARMY, AIR FORCE AND NAVY LEFT IN ASIA. HE SAID THESE WERE BUILT UP WITH THE AID OF THE MONEY OF AMERICAN AND CHINESE TAXPAYERS.

"NOW IT IS PROPOSED THAT THEY BE LET GO BY DEFAULT. THEY WILL NOT GO BY DEFAULT," HE ASSERTED. "THERE WILL BE SOME TOUGH FIGHTING FOR THEM."

HE SAID AMERICAN AID FOR THE CHINESE ON FORMOSA IS NOT NECESSARY IN THE FORM OF TROOPS BUT NEEDS "JUST A STRONG POLICY."

"IF FORMOSA IS LOST, THE AMERICAN TAXPAYER MUST BE PREPARED TO UNDERWRITE THE PEOPLE OF JAPAN TO THE EXTENT OF AT LEAST AN ADDITIONAL $200,000,000," HE SAID.

HE ADDED THAT GENERALISSIMO CHIANG KAI-SHEK'S ONLY CRIME HAS BEEN TO "FACE UP UNSEARCHINGLY TO COMMUNISM FOR 22 YEARS, AND FOR THAT HE HAS BEEN PILLORIED."

VH/AB755PES

B19WX (CHRIS) Q

FEB 14 1950

(600) NIGHT LEAD CHRISTOFFEL

BY RICHARD P.POWERS

WASHINGTON, FEB.14-(AP)-THE DEFENSE IN HAROLD CHRISTOFFEL'S SECOND PERJURY TRIAL TODAY LOST A MAJOR POINT--AND THEN RAN OUT OF WITNESSES.

THESE DEVELOPMENTS CAME BEFORE FEDERAL DISTRICT JUDGE K.DICKINSON LETTS' RECESSED THE TRIAL EARLY THIS AFTERNOON UNTIL TOMORROW MORNING:

1. JUDGE LETTS ENDED A WEEK-LONG DEADLOCK BETWEEN THE HOUSE AND COURT OVER EVIDENCE DESIRED BY O.JOHN ROGGE OF DEFENSE COUNSEL BY ACCEPTING ACTION TAKEN BY THE HOUSE, DESPITE OBJECTIONS BY ROGGE.

2. HUGH CWOFFORD, A FORMER REPORTER FOR THE MILWAUKEE SENTINEL, TESTIFIED AS A DEFENSE WITNESS HE HAD FOUND NOTHING IN LABOR UNION RECORDS HE WAS INVESTIGATING THAT WOULD INDICATE CHRISTOFFEL WAS A COMMUNIST.

3. IT WAS DISCLOSED THAT ANOTHER WITNESS SOUGHT BY THE DEFENSE, MRS.ROY J.ISRAELL OF WASHINGTON, HAD LEFT BY PLANE LAST THURSDAY FOR CALIFORNIA BEFORE SHE COULD BE SERVED WITH A SUBPOENA TO ORDER HER TO COURT.

CHRISTOFFEL, A FORMER PRESIDENT OF LOCAL 248 UAW-CIO AT THE ALLIS-CHALMERS COMPANY PLANT IN MILWAUKEE, IS CHARGED WITH FALSELY TELLING THE HOUSE LABOR COMMITTEE MARCH 1, 1947, HE HAD NEVER BEEN A COMMUNIST.

ROGGE FOR A WEEK HAS INSISTED HE NEEDS THE ORIGINAL MINUTES BOOK OF THE COMMITTEE TO "GIVE MY CLIENT A FAIR TRIAL."

THE HOUSE THREE TIMES HAS REFUSED TO SEND THE ORIGINAL BOOK TO COURT. BUT MONDAY IT AUTHORIZED HOUSE CLERK RALPH R.ROBERTS TO TAKE TO COURT A PHOTOGRAPHIC COPY OF THE MINUTES OF THE COMMITTEE FOR 1947 AND 1948--BUT MINUS ANY MINUTES OF EXECUTIVE SESSIONS.

THE HOUSE ALSO SAID FLATLY THAT NO MINUTES HAD BEEN KEPT OF THE EXECUTIVE SESSION THAT FOLLOWED IMMEDIATELY AFTER CHRISTOFFEL HAD TESTIFIED.

JUDGE LETTS TODAY ACCEPTED THE HOUSE RESOLUTION AND SAID HE WOULD ACCEPT THE PHOTOGRAPHIC COPY OF THE MINUTES LATER.

ROGGE ANSWERED THIS BY SHOUTING:

"WHAT CONGRESS HAS DONE IS TO GIVE US SOME LEGISLATIVE PABLUM TO BE SPOON FED TO THE JURY."

ROGGE SAID HE NEEDS THE ORIGINAL RECORDS IN HIS ATTEMPT TO PROVE THAT A QUORUM OF THE COMMITTEE WAS NOT PRESENT WHEN CHRISTOFFEL WAS HEARD.

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B20WX

THE SUPREME COURT REVERSED CHRISTOFFEL'S CONVICTION IN 1948 ON THE GROUND IT HAD NOT BEEN PROVED THE QUORUM WAS PRESENT. IN THIS TRIAL THE JURY HAS RECEIVED TESTIMONY FROM 14 MEMBERS OF THAT 25-MAN COMMITTEE THAT THEY WERE PRESENT. THE COMMITTEE HAD BEEN INVESTIGATING INFILTRATION OF COMMUNISTS INTO LABOR UNIONS.

SWOFFORD, NOW OF BUTLER, WIS., TESTIFIED HE WORKED FOR THE MILWAUKEE SENTINEL FROM AUG., 1945 UNTIL DEC., 1947. PART OF THE TIME, HE SAID, HE WAS ENGAGED IN "INVESTIGATING SUBVERSIVE ACTIVITIES AND ALLEGED COMMUNISM IN THE LABOR MOVEMENT."

ROGGE DREW AN ACCOUNT FROM HIS WITNESS THAT HE HAD GONE TO THE SHERMAN HOTEL IN CHICAGO WITH GLENN CLARKE, FORMER SECRETARY-TREASURER OF THE MILWAUKEE COUNTY INDUSTRIAL UNION COUNCIL, AND THERE EXAMINED COUNCIL RECORDS BROUGHT BY CLARKE.

CHRISTOFFEL ALSO IS A FORMER PRESIDENT OF THE UNION COUNCIL. CLARKE EARLIER, AS A GOVERNMENT WITNESS, IDENTIFIED COUNCIL RECORDS WHICH WERE PUT IN EVIDENCE.

SWOFFORD SAID HE XAMINED TWO BOXES OF COUNCIL RECORDS, THAT SOME 7,000 MICRO-FILMS WERE MADE OF THEM, BUT THAT LITTLE OR NO USE WAS MADE OF THE MICRO-FILMS LATER IN A SERIES OF STORIES PUBLISHED BY THE SENTINEL.

SWOFFORD SAID HE HIMSELF DID NOT WRITE THE STORIES. HE SAID SOMEONE ELSE WROTE THEM "FROM OUTSIDE."

THE WITNESS SAID THE MICRO-FILMS WERE TURNED OVER TO THE ALLIS-CHALMERS COMPANY MANAGEMENT.

UNDER QUESTIONING BY ROGGE, SWOFFORD SAID HE FOUND NOTHING IN THE CTUNCIL RECORDS TO INDICATE CHRISTOFFEL WAS A COMMUNIST.

HE TOLD JOHN S.PRATT, GOVERNMENT PROSECUTOR, UNDER CROSS-EXAMINATION, THAT HE HAD NOT BEEN FIRED BY THE SENTINEL. HE ADDED THAT "FAMILY TROUBLE, CONSCIENCE TROUBLE AND DISSATISFACTION WITH THE TYPE OF WORK I WAS DOING" WAS THE REASON HE QUIT. SWOFFORD ADDED THAT HE DID NOT LIKE "ALLIANCES FORMED BETWEEN HEARST AND OTHER ORGANIZATIONS." THE SENTINEL IS A HEARST-OWNED PAPER.

LETTS RECESSED THE TRIAL WHEN ROGGE SAID MRS.ISRAELL, WHO HE DESCRIBED AS A MATERIAL WITNESS, COULD NOT BE FOUND.

ROGGE LATER TOLD REPORTERS THAT SHE HAD BEEN PRESENT AT THE COMMITTEE HEARING MARCH 1, 1947 "TO OBSERVE THE COMMITTEE" AND HE DESIRED TO QUESTION HER.

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(320)

DP'S

WASHINGTON, FEB 14-(AP)-A NEW CLASH OVER DISPLACED PERSONS LEGISLATION BROKE OUT IN THE SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE TODAY WITH SEVEN MEMBERS URGING MORE LIBERAL ADMISSION RULES THAN THE COMMITTEE APPROVED LAST MONTH.

THE DISPUTE WAS TOUCHED OFF BY OF A MINORITY REPORT FROM SENATORS KILGORE (D-WVA), GRAHAM (D-NC) AND FERGUSON (R-MICH) CHARGING THAT THE MEASURE AS IT NOW STANDS WOULD "CAUSE A BREAKDOWN" IN THE DP PROGRAM. FOUR MORE COMMITTEEMEN WENT PART WAY WITH THEM.

THEY OFFERED A SUBSTITUTE SIMILAR TO THE BILL THE HOUSE PASSED LAST YEAR. IT WOULD EXTEND THE PROGRAM UNTIL JUNE 30, 1951 AND INCREASE THE NUMBER OF HOMELESS PEOPLE TO BE ADMITTED INTO THIS COUNTRY FROM THE PRESENT TOTAL OF 205,000 TO 339,000, INCLUDING THOSE ALREADY HERE.

UNDER THE COMMITTEE MEASURE 320,000 DPS WOULD BE LET IN DURING THE SAME PERIOD.

THIS BILL WAS APPROVED 10 TO 3 JAN. 24 AFTER MONTHS OF WRANGLING. CHAIRMAN MCCARRAN (D-NEV) WON DEMANDS FOR TIGHTER SECURITY CHECKS AGAINST POSSIBLE ADMISSION OF SUBVERSIVE AGENTS.

THE COMMITTEE MEANWHILE RECEIVED TESTIMONY THAT A NEGRO EMPLOYE OF THE DISPLACED PERSONS COMMISSION IN FRANKFURT "BLACKMAILED" WOMEN DPS TO HAVE SEXUAL RELATIONS WITH HIM IN EXCHANGE FOR CLEARING UP DIFFICULTIES IN THEIR APPLICATIONS.

THEY ALSO WERE TOLD THAT GERMAN POLICE AUTHORITIES HAVE PROVIDED SOME APPLICANTS WITH FAKED RECORDS FOR PAY.

[illegible] WAS GIVEN BY DONALD M.MAIN, SENIOR OFFICER IN THE

THIS TESTIMONY WAS GIVEN [illegible]
COMMISSION'S BRANCH AT MUNICH.
HE REPORTED THAT ONLY A SMALL PERCENTAGE OF FRAUDULENT CASES HAVE ESCAPED DETECTION, BUT THERE HAVE BEEN NO CONVICTIONS YET.
THE MINORITY REPORT BY THE THREE SENATORS DID NOT QUARREL WITH THE TIGHTER SECURITY SECTIONS IN THE COMMITTEE BILL BUT IT HIT OUT AT "DISCRIMINATORY PROVISIONS" REQUIRING THAT 40 PER CENT OF THE DPS MUST BE FROM BALTIC NATIONS AND 30 PER CENT MUST BE FARMERS WITH AT LEAST TWO YEARS EXPERIENCE.
THE MINORITY GROUP WON SUPPORT FROM OTHER SENATORS WHO ORIGINALLY HAD VOTED IN FAVOR OF THE COMMITTEE MEASURE.
SENATORS MAGNUSON (D-WASH) KEFAUVER (D-TENN), FILED A SUPPLEMENTAL STATEMENT SAYING THEY SUBSCRIBE TO THE REPORT, BUT THEY ADDED THEY HAVE HAD INSUFFICIENT TIME TO STUDY THE SUBSTITUTE.
ANOTHER SUPPLEMENTAL STATEMENT WAS FILED BY SENATORS O'CONOR (D-MD) AND WILEY (R-WIS) WHO SAID THEY FAVOR "FURTHER LIBERALIZATION" OF THE COMMITTEE MEASURE.

RZ945PES

A40WX (NU FOLO)
WASHINGTON, FEB.14-(AP)-THE U.S. SEVENTH FLEET WILL HOLD MANEUVERS WITH THE 13TH AIR FORCE AND UNITS OF THE BRITISH FAR EAST FLEET IN PHILIPPINE WATERS NEXT MONTH.
VICE ADMIRAL RUSSELL S.BERKEY, SEVENTH FLEET COMMANDER, SAID THE EXERCISES WERE PLANNED TO STANDARDIZE "TACTICAL AND COMMUNICATION PROCEDURES" OF THE UNITS PARTICIPATING. BERKEY REVEALED THAT BOTH SURFACE AND AIR UNITS OF THE SEVENTH FLEET WOULD TAKE PART IN THE EXERCISES WHICH HE CALLED "MINOR IN NATURE."
THE AIR UNITS, APPARENTLY, WOULD OPERATE FROM THE CARRIER BOXER WHICH JOINED THE SEVENTH FLEET LAST MONTH.
THE ANNOUNCEMENT DID NOT GIVE THE PRECISE LOCATION OF THE MANEUVERS BUT SET THE DATE AS THE WEEK ENDING MARCH 10.

V631PES

(220)
CHURCHILL-FOLO LONDON
WASHINGTON, FEB. 14-(AP)-WINSTON CHURCHILL'S SUGGESTION FOR A TOP LEVEL RUSSIAN-AMERICAN-BRITISH MEETING TO TRY TO END THE COLD WAR AROUSED LITTLE APPARENT ENTHUSIASM IN OFFICIAL WASHINGTON TODAY.
STATE DEPARTMENT AUTHORITIES WERE RELUCTANT TO COMMENT OPENLY ON A SPEECH WHICH WAS A PART OF MR.CHURCHILL'S POLITICAL CAMPAIGN. THIS GOVERNMENT HAS ADOPTED A HANDS-OFF POLICY TOWARD THE BRITISH ELECTIONS.
INFORMANTS POINTED, HOWEVER, TO SECRETARY OF STATE ACHESON'S DISCUSSION OF RUSSIAN RELATIONS AT HIS NEWS CONFERENCE LAST WEDNESDAY AS HAVING A SIGNIFICANT BEARING ON THE ISSUE WHICH CHURCHILL RAISED.
ACHESON DECLARED THAT SETTLEMENT OF OUTSTANDING QUESTIONS WITH THE RUSSIANS SIMPLY BY MAKING AGREEMENTS DOES NOT WORK.
AGREEMENTS WITH THE RUSSIANS, HE SAID, ARE USEFUL ONLY WHEN THEY REGISTER THE EXISTING FACTS: IN OTHER WORDS, BY HIS DEFINITION THE AGREEMENT SHOULD COME AFTER THE ISSUES ARE SETTLED IN FACT AND NOT BEFORE.
ACHESON'S STATEMENT WAS SO BROAD IN SCOPE AS TO COVER AN EFFORT TO REACH AN AGREEMENT AT ANY LEVEL, INCLUDING THAT OF PRESIDENT TRUMAN AND PRIME MINISTER STALIN.
ACTUALLY, FOR SEVERAL YEARS MR.TRUMAN HAS THROWN COLD WATER ON THE IDEA OF A MEETING WITH STALIN. HE HAS TAKEN THE POSITION THAT HE WOULD BE HAPPY TO SEE THE RUSSIAN LEADER IN WASHINGTON BUT THAT HE HAS NO INTENTION OF MAKING ANOTHER JOURNEY SUCH AS HE MADE TO POTSDAM IN 1945. THAT WAS THE LAST TOP-LEVEL SESSION OF AMERICAN, BRITISH AND RUSSIAN LEADERS.

RZ1013PES

G2AX (B17)
(AX IN) (360)
ATLANTA, FEB.14-(AP)-PRIVATE CORRESPONDENCE OF METHODIST BISHOP ARTHUR J.MOORE OF ATLANTA, RELEASED TODAY, BLASTED U.S.POLICY IN CHINA.
THE BISHOP, NOW ON A FAR EASTERN TOUR OF CHRISTIANITY'S OUTPOSTS, WROTE:
"WHY AMERICA SHOULD FAIL TO SUPPORT GENERALISSIMO CHIANG KAI SHEK AS HE STRUGGLES AGAINST ATHEISTIC COMMUNISM AND THUS ALLOW THE SOVIETS TO OVERRUN ALL CHINA IS A QUESTION I CANNOT ANSWER.
"TO FIGHT COMMUNISM IN EUROPE," HE CONTINUED, "AND GIVE IT NO OPPOSITION IN ASIA LOOKS TO ME LIKE STUPIDITY. DEMOCRACY AND CHRISTIANITY WILL HAVE TO FIGHT FOR THEIR VERY EXISTENCE IF RUSSIA IS ALLOWED TO CONSOLIDATE HER GAINS IN CHINA."
THE LETTER, WRITTEN AFTTER A TWO-HOUR DINNER AND INTERVIEW WITH CHIANG, CONCLUDED, "I CAME BACK TO THE SHIP WISHING DESPERATELY THAT EVEN YET ENGLAND AND AMERICA MIGHT BE MORE REALISTIC ABOUT AFFAIRS IN CHINA."
BISHOP MOORE SO FAR HAS VISITED PEARL HARBOR, JAPAN AND FORMOSA. HIS ITINERARY CALLS FOR VISITS TO HONG KONG, MANILA, SINGAPORE, PENANG, SUMATRA, BORNEO AND QUALA LAMPUR.
THE LETTERS, RELEASED BY THE BISHOP'S OFFICE HERE, TOLD A HOMELY LITTLE STORY OF HOW THE MIGHTY HAVE FALLEN.
BISHOP MOORE TOLD OF SPENDING A FEW BRIEF MOMENTS WITH JAPANESE GENERAL JIRO MINAMI IN THE SUGAMO PRISON. THE GENERAL WAS GIVEN A LIFE TERM AS A WAR CRIMINAL. IN 1931 GEN.MINAMI LED THE INVASION OF MANCHURIA AND SUBSEQUENTLY BECAME OVERLORD OF KOREA.
"IN THOSE DARK YEARS," THE BISHOP RECALLED, "THE CHRISTIAN CHURCH WAS UNDER TERRIFIC PRESSURE FROM THE JAPANESE, BOTH IN JAPAN AND KOREA. AS THE METHODIST BISHOP I WENT FROM PLACE TO PLACE TRYING TO PREVENT THE CHURCH FROM BEING MADE INTO AN AGENT OF JAPANESE IMPERIALISM.

G3AX
"THESE DUTIES," HE CONTINUED, "BROUGHT ME INTO CONTACT WITH GEN. MINAMI. WE HAD LONG DISCUSSIONS ABOUT THE FREEDOM OF THE INDIVIDUAL CONSCIENCE, BUT APPARENTLY I FAILED IN MY EFFORTS.
"HOWEVER, I CAME TO HAVE A SORT OF SECRET ADMIRATION FOR THE OLD GENERAL AND I THINK HE RESPECTED ME.
"WHEN HE WAS BROUGHT INTO THE ROOM WHERE I WAITED I BEHELD A MAN GROWN OLD AND GRAY...HE GREETED ME WITH A CORDIALITY ONE SELDOM SEES IN THE JAPANESE. WE TALKED ABOUT THOSE OLD DAYS AND WHEN I TOLD HIM HE OFTEN WAS IN MY PRAYERS, HE ROSE AND EMBRACED ME. TEARS WERE IN HIS EYES X X X."
THE LETTER CONCLUDED WITH THE PLEA FOR MORE MISSIONARIES TO LIVE AND WORK IN JAPAN.
"WE NEED HUNDREDS OF BRAVE AND CONSECRATED YOUNG CHRISTIAN MISSIONARIES WHO WILL COME OVER IN THE NAME OF THE SAVIOUR AND LIVE AT THIS POST."
CT403AES NM

B48CO (Q)
WITH CHURCH (170)
COLUMBUS,O.,FEB.14-(AP)-HAROLD E.STASSEN TODAY PROPOSED AN INTER-FAITH CONFERENCE OF CHURCH LEADERS TO WEIGH THE MORAL IMPLICATIONS OF THE HYDROGEN BOMB.

THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA SUGGESTED SUCH A MEETING AT A PRESS CONFERENCE HELD IN CONNECTION WITH THE CONVENTION OF THE INTERNATIONAL COUNCIL OF RELIGIOUS EDUCATION.

STASSEN IS PRESIDENT OF THE COUNCIL, WHICH SAYS IT REPRESENTS 90 PER CENT OF U.S. PROTESTANTS.

"THE MORAL IMPLICATIONS OF THE H-BOMB ARE OF SUCH KEY IMPORTANCE," HE DECLARED, "I THINK THE CHURCH LEADERSHIP SHOULD THINK ABOUT IT CAREFULLY FOR THREE OR FOUR MONTHS BEFORE CALLING THE CONFERENCE."

STASSEN SAID THE CHURCH LEADERS SHOULD RECEIVE FACTUAL DATA FROM PHYSICISTS ON THE BOMB'S DESTRUCTIVE CAPACITIES. THE CONFERENCE WOULD THEN CONSIDER THAT MORAL, GOVERNMENTAL AND SOCIAL POLICIES MIGHT BE FOLLOWED.

"THE DESTRUCTIVE CAPACITIES OF THE BOMB ARE SO EXTREME, FROM WHAT SCIENTISTS TELL ME, IT CANNOT BE RELEATED TO ANY PREVIOUS WEAPON--NOT EVEN THE ATOM BOMB ITSELF," HE SAID.

STASSEN SAID HE WOULD NOT CALL SUCH A CONFERENCE HIMSELF, SAYING THAT WAS A JOB FOR CHURCH LEADERS OF VARIOUS FAITHS.

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F942PES

B95CD(Q)
APWS (150)
CLEVELAND,FEB.14-(AP)-GERMAN BOILER DESIGN EQUALS AMERICAN ALTHOUGH BOILERS IN THIS COUNTRY ARE LARGER AND WILL STAND GREATER PRESSURES, SAID THREE VISITING GERMAN ENGINEERS TODAY.

THE TRIO, SENT TO THIS COUNTRY BY THE ECONOMIC COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION, YESTERDAY TOURED THE BABCOCK AND WILCOX BOILER MAKING PLANT AT NEARBY BARBERTON AND THE GORGE ELECTRICAL GENERATING STATION HERE OF THE OHIO EDISON CO.

TODAY THEY PLAN TO MOVE TO PITTSBURGH. THEY HAVE ALREADY SEEN PLANTS IN CHICAGO.

THE THREE ARE MAX STEGEMANN, HEAD OF POWER PLANT OPERATING AND MACHINE BUILDING FOR THE HAMBURG ELECTRICAL SYSTEM; LUDWIG SPENNEMANN, DIRECTOR OF COMMUNITY POWER WORKS AT HATTINGEN; AND FRITZ GAEDE, HEAD OF THE POWER SECTION OF THE MINISTRY OF ECONOMICS OF LAND AT NORDRHEIM-WESTFALEN.

SPOKESMEN FOR THE FIRMS HERE SAID THE GERMANS APPEARED TO BE MORE ADVANCED IN THEIR THINKING ON BOILERS THAN HAD OTHER TOURING GROUPS.

H1144AES NM

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AP20KX
(160)
LOS ANGELES, FEB. 14-(AP)-SEN. MCCARTHY (R-WIS) AGAIN MADE A CONDITIONAL OFFER TODAY TO GIVE THE STATE DEPARTMENT NAMES OF 57 DEPARTMENT EMPLOYES HE CHARGES ARE COMMUNISTS OR FELLOW TRAVELERS.

HIS STATEMENT WAS IN RESPONSE TO A DEMAND BY DEPUTY UNDER-SECRETARY OF STATE JOHN E. PUERIFOY THAT "AS A LOYAL AMERICAN" THE SENATOR TURN OVER THE 57 NAMES. PUERIFOY SAID THE EMPLOYES WOULD BE FIRED "BY SUNDOWN" IF THEY ARE COMMUNISTS OR FELLOW TRAVELERS.

MCCARTHY TODAY REPEATED THE OFFER HE MADE FRIDAY NIGHT IN RENO, NEV. HE SAID THESE CONDITIONS MUST BE MET BEFORE HE TURNS THE NAMES OVER TO THE STATE DEPARTMENT:

(1). THAT THE PRESIDENT'S "SECRECY" ORDER BE WITHDRAWN. HE SAID THE ORDER PREVENTS CONGRESS FROM OBTAINING INFORMATION ON STATE DEPARTMENT EMPLOYES, EVEN THEIR EMPLOYMENT RECORDS.

2.) THAT THE SECRETARY OF STATE MAKE PUBLIC THE NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS IN THE STATE DEPARTMENT WHOM THE PRESIDENT'S SECURITY BOARD HELD AS UNRELIABLE.

IF THESE CONDITIONS ARE NOT MET, SEN. MCCARTHY SAID, HE WILL PLACE THE MATTER BEFORE A SPECIAL SENATE INVESTIGATING SUB-COMMITTEE OF WHICH HE IS THE RANKING REPUBLICAN MEMBER. HE HOPES THAT THIS COMMITTEE MAY BE ABLE TO BRING THE MATTER BEFORE THE PUBLIC.

THE SENATOR, ON A CROSS-COUNTRY LINCOLN-DAY SPEAKING TOUR, GAVE HIS VIEWS AT A NEWS CONFERENCE. HE LEAVES TONIGHT FOR HURON, S. D., AND WILL RETURN TO WASHINGTON SATURDAY.

HE ALSO WANTED TO KNOW WHY ONLY 79 OR 81 OF 289 DECLARED BY THE LOYALTY BOARD AS UNFIT FOR SERVICE IN THE STATE DEPARTMENT HAD BEEN FIRED.

HE SAID HE THINKS THE ISSUE IS "TOO IMPORTANT FOR THE STATE DEPARTMENT TO CLEAN ITS OWN HOUSE."

"WHEN WE FIND THE SECRETARY OF STATE PLACES HIS STAMP OF APPROVAL ON SUCH ARCH-SPIES AS ALGER HISS, WE DON'T KNOW IF HE'LL GET RID OF THE OTHERS," MC CARTHY SAID.

THE SENATOR SAID THAT THREE OR FOUR DAYS AGO HE HAD TELEGRAPHED PRESIDENT TRUMAN THE CONDITIONS UNDER WHICH HE WOULD RELEASE THE NAMES AND HAS RECEIVED NO REPLY.

"I AM ANXIOUS TO LIFT THIS IRON CURTAIN OF SECRECY IN THE STATE DEPARTMENT," HE SAID.

FJ1029PCS

B28
(SPECIAL TRANSMISSION)
(650)
NEW YORK, FEB.14-(AP)-TOURING MEMBERS OF THE JAPANESE DIET SAID TODAY THEY ARE NOT IN POSITION NOW TO COMMENT ON THE NEWLY REPORTED SOVIET-RED CHINA ALLIANCE WORDED AGAINST ANY NEW RISE OF JAPANESE IMPERIALISM.

NATIONALIST CHINA'S DELEGATION TO THE UNITED NATIONS ALSO DECLINED TO COMMENT BUT SAID IT MIGHT HAVE SOMETHING TO SAY AFTER STUDYING THE 30-YEAR PACT IN DETAIL.

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE TOURING JAPANESE DELEGATION ON A VISIT TO U.N. HEADQUARTERS, TAKESHI YAMAZAKI, SAID HIS PEOPLE ARE RELYING

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ON THEIR ALLIED CONQUERORS TO BRING ABOUT PEACE.
THE JAPANESE GOT A HEARTY WELCOME FROM FLEET ADMIRAL CHESTER W. NIMITZ, WHO DIRECTED THE AMERICAN SEA WAR AGAINST JAPAN IN THE PACIFIC. HE SWAPPED ANECDOTES WITH SEVERAL IN THE PARTY, AUTOGRAPHED CARDS AND NOTEBOOKS, AND GAVE EACH DIET MEMBER A HANDSHAKE AS THEY FILED OUT OF HIS OFFICE AT U.N.HEADQUARTERS.
NIMITZ CAME TO THE U.N. MONTHS AGO TO SERVE AS ADMINISTRATOR OF A PLEBISCITE TO DETERMINE WHETHER PRINCELY KASHMIR STATE SHALL JOIN INDIA OR PAKISTAN.
THE DIET MEMBERS HEARD SECRETARY-GENERRA TRGVE LI

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THE DIET MEMBERS HEARD SECRETARY-GENERAL TRYGVE LIE SAY HE WOULD LIKE TO SEE A "DEMOCRATIC AND PEACE LOVING" JAPAN IN THE U.N. FAMILY AFTER THE JAPANESE PEACE TREATY IS SIGNED.
YAMAZAKI REPLIED THAT JAPAN'S NEW CONSTITUTION RENOUNCED WAR. HE SAID HE HOPED A TREATY WOULD BE CONCLUDED SOON AND JAPAN ADMITTED TO THE U.N.
WHILE THEY WERE AT THE U.N. DISPATCHES FROM TOKYO SAID THE PEIPING RADIO HAD REPORTED THE SIGNING OF A 30-YEAR TREATY OF FRIENDSHIP AND ALLIANCE BETWEEN CHINESE COMMUNISTS AND RUSSIA.
YAMAZAKI, ASKED FOR COMMENT, SAID:
"WE ARE RELYING ON THE SINCERITY OF THE ALLIED NATIONS TO BRING ABOUT PEACE AND WE DEPEND ON THEM TO USE THEIR GOOD OFFICES TO THAT END. WE ARE NOT IN A POSITION TO COMMENT ON INTERNATIONAL ISSUES."
THE PARTY FIRST WAS TAKEN TO A COMMITTEE ROOM TO MEET ANDREW W. CORDIER, EXECUTIVE ASSISTANT TO THE SECRETARY-GENERAL.
SABURO SHIIKUMA, ASKED CORDIER IF THE PEOPLE OF THE UNITED STATES ARE BEHIND THE U.N.
CORDIER REPLIED THE OVERWHELMING MAJORITY OF THE AMERICAN PEOPLE ARE VERY HOPEFUL OF THE SUCCESS OF THE U.N.
SHIIKUMA ASKED WHAT PART THE U.N. MIGHT PLAY IN A PEACE CONFERENCE ON JAPAN.
CORDIER SAID IT IS NOT THE FUNCTION OF THE U.N. TO MAKE THE PEACE BUT TO KEEP THE PEACE AFTER IT IS MADE.
THE DELEGATION IN LE'S LARGE CONFERENC E ROOM HEARD HIM READ A STATEMENT SAYING IT WAS A PLEASURE TO WELCOME THE VISITORS FROM JAPAN.
LIE SAID, "THE UNITED NATIONS IS TRYING TO ENFORCE A CODE FOR DEALINGS BETWEEN NATIONS BASED UPON SINCERITY WITHOUT SELF-SEEKING, A CODE WHICH, I BELIEVE, IS COVERED BY THE JAPANESE WORD MAKOTO.

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B29
"IT IS MY EARNEST HOPE THAT ALL DEMOCRATIC AND PEACELOVING NATIONS WHICH ARE PREPARED TO OBSERVE THE UNITED NATIONS CHARTER, WITH SINCERITY AND LOYALTY, WILL TAKE THEIR PROPER STATION IN THE WORLD THROUGH MEMBERSHIP OF THE UNITED NATIONS."
YAMAZAKI SAID THE DELEGATION HAD COME TO STUDY DEMOCRACY IN ACTION SO THAT DEMOCRACY CAN BE ADVANCED IN JAPAN.
LIE REPLIED THAT JAPAN IS GOING THE RIGHT WAY AND HE WOULD LIKE TO SEE JAPAN IN THE U.N.
EARLIER, THE PARLIAMENTARIANS WERE GUESTS AT A LUNCHEON AT THE BANKERS' CLUB. JOSEPH ROBINSON, FORMER CHAIRMAN OF THE ECONOMIC DE-CONCENTRATION BOARD IN JAPAN, WAS THEIR HOST.
ROBINSON TOLD THE GROUP "WE ARE HONORED THAT YOU HAVE COME HERE TO LEARN SOME OF THE OPERATIONS OF DEMOCRACY" AND ADDED, "YOU WILL FIND SOME IMPERFECTIONS AS IN ANY HUMAN SOCIETY BUT YOU WILL ALSO FIN HERE A SPIRIT OF INDEPENDENCE AND INDUSTRY."
HE ALSO DECLARED THAT FRIENDSHIP BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND JAPAN WAS GROWING STRONGER STEADILY BECAUSE OF THE COOPERATIVE ATTITUDE OF THE JAPANESE THEMSELVES.
"SO," HE CONCLUDED, "IT IS WITH PRIDE AND AFFECTION THAT WE WELCOME YOU TO AMERICA."
COL.CHARLES L.KADES, FORMER DEPUTY CHIEF OF THE GOVERNMENT SECTION IN TOKYO, SAID THE "NEW LEADERS OF JAPAN, REPRESENTED HERE, ARE BUILDING A TRUE JAPANESE DEMOCRACY."
GENERAL JOHN DRAPER, FORMER UNDER-SECRETARY OF WAR, WHO HAS VISITED JAPAN MANY TIMES DECLARED THAT IF JAPAN'S RATE OF PROGRESS CONTINUES, "THE NEED FOR AMERICAN APPROPRIATIONS MAY DISAPPEAR IN TWO OR THREE YEARS."
SEVERAL MEMBERS OF THE JAPANESE GROUP RESPONDED, AGAIN EXPRESSING THEIR APPRECIATION OF THE WELCOME GIVEN THEM IN THE UNITED STATES AND PARTICULARLY BY FORMER AMERICAN OFFICIALS WHO HAD WORKED IN JAPAN.
IN THE MORNING THE GROUP VISITED THE U.S. MSSION TO THE UNITED NATIONS OFFICES AND WERE TOLD ABOUT THE ORGANIZATION OF THE INTERNATIONAL BODY.
THEY ARE SCHEDULED TO LEAVE FOR WASHINGTON AT 9 A.M. TOMORROW AND BEFORE THEY LEAVE FROM THE CAPITAL FOR TOKYO WILL SPEND TWO DAYS IN OTTAWA, CANADA AS GUESTS OF THE CANADIAN GOVERNMENT.
SF724PES

FEB 14 1950

B30

B5
KX (180)
NEW YORK, FEB.14-(AP)-IRVING SHORT OF BERKELEY, CALIF., AN ARMY RESERVE CAPTAIN, SAID TODAY THERE IS A STRONG MOVEMENT IN THE UNITED STATE FOR ORGANIZATION OF A SMALL GROUP OF TECHNICAL AND MILITARY ADVISERS TO THE CHINESE NATIONALIST GOVERNMENT.
SHORT SAID HE ANNOUNCED THE MOVEMENT AT A REGIONAL SEMINAR ON SUBVERSION CONDUCTED BY THE AMERICAN LEGION IN WASHINGTON SUNDAY.
SHORT SERVED IN THE ARMY IN EUROPE IN WORLD WAR II AND WON A BATTLE-FIELD COMMISSION IN FRANCE. HE SAID HE WORKED IN INFANTRY INTELLIGENCE IN FRANCE AND COUNTER-INTELLIGENCE LATER. HE SAID HE RESIGNED HIS COMMISSION IN 1947 TO FIGHT COMMUNISM AS A FREE LANCE.
HE SAID HE RETURNED BEFORE THE CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS FROM TWO AND ONE-HALF MONTHS IN FORMOSA AND HAINAN, WHERE HE SAW CHAING KAI-SHEK. WHEN HE RETURNED, HE SAID, HE WAS APPROACHED BY OTHERS TO DIRECT FORMATION OF A GROUP TO FURNISH SKILLED ADVISERS THE CHINESE NATIONALISTS HAD REQUESTED.
HE SAID HUNDREDS OF LETTERS HAD BEEN RECEIVED FROM EXPERIENCED PERSONS WHO WANTED TO SERVE, AND OTHERS, WHO SAID THEY CANNOT SERVE, HAD OFFERED FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE.
SHORT SAID THE EFFORT IS PURELY AN AMERICAN VOLUNTEER MOVEMENT.
SF428PES

30.24- 8977

B93 (170) (SPECIAL TRANSMISSION)

NEW YORK, FEB.14-(AP)-THE WORLD'S SILK MAKERS, INCLUDING JAPAN, THE LARGEST PRODUCER, WILL CONVENE IN NEW YORK IN OCTOBER TO MAP PLANS DESIGNED TO RECAPTURE AT LEAST PART OF THEIR PREWAR MARKETS.

SILKMEN FROM 32 COUNTRIES HAVE BEEN ASKED TO ATTEND AN INTERNATIONAL SILK ASSOCIATION CONGRESS HERE OCT.16-20, PAOLINO GERLI OF NEW YORK, SAID TODAY AT A PRESS CONFERENCE.

JAPAN, WHICH GERLI SAID CURRENTLY PRODUCES 80 PER CENT OF THE WORLD'S RAW SILK, WILL BE WELL REPRESENTED THROUGH SCAP AT THE CONGRESS. HE SAID JAPAN WOULD HAVE A FULL SHARE IN THE PROGRAM.

AMONG OTHER COUNTRIES INVITED TO SEND DELEGATES, GERLI SAID, WERE ITALY, FRANCE, BRITAIN, SPAIN, SWITZERLAND, BRAZIL, ARGENTINA, GREECE, TURKEY, INDIA, EGYPT AND SIAM.

GERLI, PRESIDENT OF GERLI AND COMPANY, NEW YORK, HEADS AN ASSOCIATION COMMITTEE IN CHARGE OF MAKING ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE CONGRESS. HE ANNOUNCED APPOINTMENT OF ELEANOR LAMBERT, NEW YORK FASHION AND PUBLIC RELATIONS EXPERT, TO ORGANIZE ENTERTAINMENT AND A FASHION SHOW WHICH WILL SUPPLEMENT BUSINESS SESSIONS OF THE CONGRESS.

WHICH WILL SUPPLEMENT BUSINESS SESSIONS OF THE CONGRESS.

EXHIBITS OF SILK PRODUCTS FROM EACH COUNTRY WILL ALSO BE ON DISPLAY AT THE CONGRESS, GERLI ANNOUNCED.

MD152AES

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A128 (WSC HOF) (300)

NEW YORK, FEB 14-(AP)-THE NEW YORK TIMES TONIGHT QUOTES PRESIDENT TRUMAN AS SAYING HE HAS NO HOPE THAT SOVIET RUSSIA WILL KEEP ANY AGREEMENT IT MAKES WITH THE UNITED STATES.

"BUT HE REMAINS HOPEFUL OF THE OUTCOME," SAYS ARTHUR KROCK IN A DISPATCH FROM WASHINGTON AFTER AN INTERVIEW WITH THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE ON THE COLD WAR AND OTHER SUBJECTS.

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KROCK ALSO QUOTES MR. TRUMAN AS SAYING:

1. THERE WOULD BE NO DEFICIT SPENDING BY THE ADMINISTRATION TODAY HAD NOT THE REPUBLICAN 80TH CONGRESS CUT INCOME TAXES.

2. HE DOES NOT REQUIRE 100 PER CENT SUPPORT FROM DEMOCRATIC CONGRESSMAN BUT THINKS THEY SHOULD AID HIM IN CARRYING OUT THE PLATFORM OF HIS PARTY.

3. HE DOES NOT AGREE THAT THE FAIR EMPLOYMENT PRACTICE LEGISLATION HE PROPOSES WOULD DEPRIVE EMPLOYERS OF THE RIGHT TO RUN THEIR OWN BUSINESS.

4. HE STOPPED BICKERING WITHIN THE CABINET HE INHERITED AND NOW HAS HIS OWN LOYAL AND ABLE CABINET.

5. THE SENIORITY SYSTEM BY WHICH CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE CHAIRMEN ARE CHOSEN IS DEFECTIVE BUT HE DOESN'T KNOW OF ANY WORKABLE SYSTEM TO REPLACE IT.

6. HE STILL THINKS THE HOUSE UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES COMMITTEE HANDLING OF THE ALGER HISS CASE WAS A RED HERRING TO DISTRACT PUBLIC ATTENTION FROM THE BLUNDERS OF THE 80TH CONGRESS.

KROCK SAYS HE PUT TO MR. TRUMAN THIS QUESTION ON RUSSIAN RELATIONS:

"YOU RECALL THE HOPEFUL PROSPECT OF PEACE THAT SURROUNDED YOU, AND YOU EXPRESSED, AT SAN FRANCISCO IN 1945 WHEN THE UNITED NATIONS WAS ORGANIZED. WHAT HAS HAPPENED SINCE TO BRING ABOUT DETERIORATIOU

YOU EXPRESSED, AT SAN FRANCISCO IN 1945 WHEN THE UNITED NATIONS WAS ORGANIZED. WHAT HAS HAPPENED SINCE TO BRING ABOUT DETERIORATION TO

THE POINT WHERE A MEMBER OF YOUR CABINET CAN SAY OF IT: 'THE COLD FACT IS THAT WE ARE STILL IN A HOT WAR?' WHEN DID YOU CONCLUDE THAT NORMAL NEGOTIATION WITH THE KREMLIN WAS HOPELESS?"

HE WRITES AS PRESIDENT TRUMAN'S REPLY:

"THE PRESIDENT SAID HE REMEMBERED THAT TIME WELL, AND WITH WHAT GOOD WILL TOWARD THE RUSSIAN PEOPLE AND THEIR RULERS HE WENT TO POTSDAM SHORTLY THEREAFTER. THERE HE PLANNED TO OFFER HELP FOR RECONSTRUCTION OF RUSSIA AS WELL AS THE REST OF THE WORLD ON A VERY LARGE SCALE."

KROCK ADDS OF MR. TRUMAN:

"HE REMEMBERED WITH PRIDE AND SYMPATHY HOW RUSSIANS HAD SMASHED THE GERMAN ARMIES IN THE EAST, AND HE BELIEVED THEIR ASSISTANCE WAS NECESSARY TO WIN THE WAR AGAINST JAPAN. BUT HE FOUND THAT ALL STALIN WANTED TO TALK ABOUT WAS THE ABRUPT CESSATION OF LEND-LEASE; HENCE THE ATMOSPHERE WAS UNFAVORABLE TO WHAT MR. TRUMAN HAD IN MIND.

"TO ABOLISH LEND-LEASE AT THE TIME WAS A MISTAKE.

"BUT HE WAS NEW THEN; THE PAPERS HAD BEEN PREPARED FOR ROOSEVELT AND REPRESENTED A GOVERNMENT DECISION. HE FELT THERE WAS NOTHING ELSE HE COULD DO BUT SIGN. HE HAD NO STAFF AND CABINET OF HIS OWN. NOW HE HAS BOTH.

"THE AGREEMENT THE RUSSIANS MADE AT YALTA TO ENTER THE WAR AGAINST JAPAN WAS THE ONLY ONE THEY EVER KEPT OUT OF NEARLY 40. HE HAS NO HOPE THEY WILL KEEP ANY WHICH NOW IT WOULD BE GOOD POLICY TO SEEK. BUT HE REMAINS HOPEFUL OF THE OUTCOME."

KROCK WROTE THAT MR. TRUMAN BEGAN TO LOSE HOPE IN THE PEACE PROSPECTS OF THE UNITED NATIONS AFTER THE RUSSIANS BLOCKED EAST-WEST TRADE.

THE LAST VESTIGE OF HOPE VANISHED, THE PRESIDENT IS QUOTED, WHEN HE LEARNED THE RUSSIANS WERE HIDING FROM THEIR PEOPLE THE FACTS ABOUT THE WAR ASSISTANCE WE HAD GIVEN THEM.

HAD MR. TRUMAN NOT INSISTED ON AN AMERICAN AS ALLIED GENERALISSIMO IN JAPAN, KROCK WRITES, "THE RUSSIANS WOULD HAVE DIVIDED THAT COUNTRY AS THEY HAVE GERMANY, AND THE SITUATION IN THE FAR EAST WOULD HAVE BEEN SO MUCH WORSE THAN IT IS THAT ONE CAN TAKE COMFORT FROM IT."

"THE REAL TROUBLE WITH THE RUSSIANS IS THAT THEY ARE STILL SUFFERING FROM A COMPLEX OF FEAR AND INFERIORITY WHERE WE ARE CONCERNED," MR. TRUMAN IS QUOTED.

KROCK SAYS THE PRESIDENT TOLD HIM HE WANTED TO SEND CHIEF JUSTICE FRED M. VINSON OF THE U.S. SUPREME COURT TO MOSCOW IN 1948 "TO TRY TO STRAIGHTEN OUT STALIN AND THE OTHER RUSSIAN LEADERS ON THIS AND ON OUR REAL INTENTIONS."

BUT HE DID NOT DO SO, THE PRESIDENT IS QUOTED, BECAUSE THE PRESIDENTIAL CAMPAIGN WAS ON AT THE TIME.

"MAYBE THAT WILL BE THE THING TO DO SOME TIME," KROCK CONTINUES TO QUOTE MR. TRUMAN. "BUT IN NOTHING MUST WE SHOW ANY SIGN OF WEAKNESS, BECAUSE THERE IS NONE IN OUR ATTITUDE."

PRESIDENT TRUMAN IS FURTHER QUOTED AS SAYING THERE ARE 16,000,000(M) PEOPLE IN RUSSIAN CONCENTRATION CAMPS, ACCORDING TO RELIABLE INFORMATION REACHING HIM.

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A131

"THIS IS THE WAY OF THE POLICE STATE, WHICH HE FINDS UTTERLY ABHORRENT."

ON DEFICIT SPENDING, KROCK WRITES THAT THE PRESIDENT FEELS CONGRESS SHOULD NOT HAVE CUT INCOME TAXES AND HE, HIMSELF, SHOULD NOT HAVE APPROVED A REPEAL OF THE EXCESS PROFITS TAX.

TAX CHANGES SHOULD NOT HAVE BEEN MADE PIECEMEAL, MR. TRUMAN IS QUOTED, BUT TO CONFORM TO A GENERAL AND REVISED PLAN.

THE PRESIDENT IS QUOTED AS SAYING ONLY MEASURES OUTLINED IN HIS FAIR DEAL CAN PROVIDE A STEADY EXPANDING OF THE ECONOMY.

WITH 4.6 MILLIONS UNEMPLOYED, MR. TRUMAN IS QUOTED AS FEELING THAT OLD ECONOMY MUST KEEP RISING TO ABSORB NEW ENTRANTS INTO THE STREAM OF COMMERCE.

"IT IS A GOOD THING THAT JOB SEEKING SHOULD GO ON AT ALL TIMES," THE PRESIDENT IS QUOTED BY KROCK. "THIS IS HEALTHY FOR THE ECONOMIC BODY."

MR. TRUMAN TOLD KROCK HE IS AN OLD HAND AT BUDGET MAKING AND HE HAS KEPT HIS BUDGETS AS TIGHT AS POSSIBLE.

"HE HATES DEFICIT SPENDING AS MUCH AS HARRY BYRD EVER COULD," WRITES KROCK, "AND IT IS ONLY A TEMPORARY CONDITION, BROUGHT ON BY NECESSITIES WHICH COULD NOT BE REMOVED BY ANY GENIUS OF STATECRAFT KNOWN OR AVAILABLE TO HIM."

KROCK ADDS:

"HE HAS NO POLICY WHICH CONTEMPLATES PERMANENTLY BURDENING THE MORE ABLE, DILIGENT AND SUCCESSFUL WITH THE COST OF INSURING ALL OTHERS AGAINST THE RESULTS OF THEIR OWN IMPROVIDENCE, ILL-LUCK OR DEFECTIVE BEHAVIOR. THIS CHARGE--ALSO THAT THE FAIR DEAL APPROXIMATES THE MARXIAN DOCTRINE--IS ABSOLUTELY UNTRUE. THE PRESIDENT'S AIM IS TO PRESERVE LIFE AND PROPERTY AND EXPAND OPPORTUNITY AND THE STANDARD OF LIVING.

"THERE ISN'T A DROP OF MARXIST OR SOCIALIST BLOOD IN HIM."

WHEN HE SPOKE OF RED HERRINGS AND HYSTERIA IN RELATION TO CHARGES OF PERJURY AGAINST ALGER HISS, MR. TRUMAN IS QUOTED AS SAYING HE REFERRED TO THE METHODS EMPLOYED BY THE HOUSE UNAMERICAN ACTIVITIES COMMITTEE.

KROCK ADDS:

"THE OBJECTIVE OF HAVING ONLY LOYAL CITIZENS IN GOVERNMENT SERVICE AND IN POSITIONS OF IMPORTANCE AND RESPONSIBILITY HAS BEEN HIS FUNDAMENTALLY, TOO."

HA1216AES

NEW YORK, FEB. 14-(AP)-TWENTY-SIX EUROPEAN YOUTHS ARRIVED ON THE QUEEN MARY TODAY FOR A YEAR'S STUDY IN LOS ANGELES UNDER AUSPICES OF THE MORAL REARMAMENT MOVEMENT.

ALL HAVE COMPLETED A SEMESTER AT THE EUROPEAN BRANCH OF THE MOVEMENT'S "COLLEGE OF THE GOOD ROAD" AT CAUX, SWITZERLAND, AND ARE BOUND FOR THE NEW AMERICAN BRANCH OF THE COLLEGE IN CALIFORNIA.

THE LOS ANGELES COLLEGE WILL STRESS THE STUDY OF HISTORY, PRESENT SOCIAL AND POLITICAL CONDITIONS, MODERN LANGUAGES, IDEOLOGIES AND ECONOMICS.

RQ1124PES

B64

(110)

NIGHT LEAD COPLON

NEW YORK, FEB. 14-(AP)-AN FBI AGENT TESTIFIED TODAY THAT JUDITH COPLON AND VALENTIN A.GUBITCHEV BROKE INTO A RUN, CROSSED A MIDTOWN STREET AND SCRAMBLED ABOARD A BUS WHILE FBI MEN FOLLOWED THEM ON THE DAY OF THEIR ARREST.

THE AGENT, JOHN R.MURPHY, SAID THE RUSSIAN BOARDED THE BUS FIRST AND MISS COPLON--THEN A JUSTICE DEPARTMENT ANALYST--FOLLOWED.

THE TESTIMONY CAME IN THEIR JOINT TRIAL ON CHARGES OF CONSPIRING TO STEAL U.S.DEFENSE SECRETS FROM THE SOVIET UNION.

MURPHY SAID THE EPISODE HE DESCRIBED TOOK PLACE LAST MARCH 4.

GUBITCHEV AND MISS COPLON, HE SAID, WERE WALKING, AND NOT TOGETHER, BEFORE THEY STARTED RUNNING. HE ADDED THAT GUBITCHEV KEPT LOOKING OVER HIS SHOULDER.

THE TWO WERE ARRESTED TOGETHER ABOUT 30 BLOCKS AWAY A FEW MINUTES LATER.

RQ1120PES

B15 (SECO)

(480)

NEW YORK, FEB.14-(AP)-ONE OF THE WORLD'S FOREMOST CHEMISTS HAS CALLED FOR TWO-POWER TALKS BETWEEN THE U.S. AND RUSSIA TO END THE THREAT OF AN ATOMIC WAR THAT HE SAYS WOULD WIPE OUT CIVILIZATION.

DR. LINUS PAULING, DIRECTOR OF CHEMISTRY AT THE CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, ADDRESSED SOME 1,000 PERSONS LAST NIGHT AT A CARNEGIE HALL "RALLY AGAINST THE H-BOMB."

"THIS PROBLEM OF AN ATOMIC WAR MUST NOT BE CONFUSED WITH MINOR PROBLEMS, SUCH AS COMMUNISM VS. CAPITALISM," HE DECLARED.

AN AATOMIC, OR H-BOMB WAR, HE SAID, WOULD MEAN "DEATH, DEVASTATION AND THE COMPLETE DESTRUCTION OF CIVILIZATION."

THE ENTIRE EARTH'S ATMOSPHERE WOULD BE LEFT FILLED WITH RADIOACTIVE PRODUCTS FROM WHOSE "INSIDIOUS ACTIONS" NO HUMAN BEING, ANIMAL OR PLANT WOULD EVER BE SAFE IN THE FUTURE, HE ADDED.

THE RALLY WAS SPONSORED BY THE NATIONAL COUNCIL OF ARTS, SCIENCES AND PROFESSIONS.

LAST YEAR, THE COUNCIL SPONSORED THE CONTROVERSIAL WALDORF-ASTORIA "WORLD PEACE CONFERENCE," WHICH THE STATE DEPARTMENT CALLED A SOUNDING BOARD MPYMVIEM QROPAGANDA.

DR. PAULING URGED RUSSIA AND THE U.S. TO LAY ASIDE POLITICAL AND ECONOMIC DIFFERENCES FOR THE SAKE OF WORLD PEACE.

"OUR LEADERS," HE SAID, "MUST ABANDON THE POLICY OF CONTINUED INCITEMENT OF THE EAST AND WEST AGAINST ONE ANOTHER, THE POLICY OF CONTINUED PREPARATION FOR WAR, THE POLICY OF PLANNING TO RULE THE WORLD BY FORCE."

DR. PAULING SAID IT IS SHORTSIGHTED TO TRY TO KEEP PEACE BY FORCE, WITH ONE-HALF THE WORLD DOMINATING THE OTHER.

"THE QUESTION OF AN ATOMIC WAR," HE SAID, "IS NOT AN ORDINARY POLITICAL QUESTION. IT IS OF EQUAL CONCERN TO THE LEFT-WINGER, THE RIGHT-WINGER AND THE MAN IN THE MIDDLE OF THE ROAD. THE HYDROGEN BOMB WOULD NOT DISCRIMINATE--IT WOULD KILL THEM ALL."

DR. PAULING ESTIMATED THAT IN THE FIRST PHASE OF AN ATOMIC WAR, A BILLION PEOPLE MIGHT BE KILLED BY 40 OR SO HYDROGEN BOMBS.

HE SAID HE DID NOT KNOW THE SOLUTION, BUT THAT BEFORE ANY CONCLUSIONS WERE REACHED, CONGRESS SHOULD HOLD PUBLIC HEARINGS. HE ALSO SUGGESTED THAT THE U.S. SUBSIDIZE A MULTI-MILLION DOLLAR RESEARCH PROGRAM INTO WAR PREVENTION THROUGH THE NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCE.

30.24- 8979

B16 (SCEG)
SIMILAR PROPOSALS WERE ENCOMPASSED IN A RESOLUTION ADOPTED BY THE COUNCIL'S EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE, AND READ TO THE RALLY BY DR. HARLOW SHAPLEY, DIRECTOR OF THE HARVARD OBSERVATORY.
DR.PHILIP MORRISON, CORNELL UNIVERSITY ATOMIC PHYSICIST, ALSO URGED SOVIET-U.S. EFFORTS FOR AN AGREEMENT ON ATOMIC CONTROLS.
INSTEAD OF THE ARMS RACE, HE URGED AN ATOMIC RIVALRY BETWEEN THE TWO COUNTRIES FOR "LIGHTING THE LIGHTS AND HEATING THE HOMES OF PEOPLE."
THE WINNERS OF SUCH A RIVALRY, HE SAID, WOULD GO DOWN IN HISTORY, BUT "THERE IS NO PLACE IN HISTORY FOR THE MAKERS OF THE H-BOMB."
AUTHOR STEFAN HEYM SAID "THE GOVERNMENT USING THE ATOMIC BOMB SIGNS ITS OWN DEATH WARRANT THE DAY IT MAKES THE FATAL DECISION."
"THE DAY THE H-BOMB OR A-BOMB IS DROPPED," HE SAID, "T T
SNBOVERNMENT

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ZTHE DAY THE H-BOMB OR A-BOMB IS DROPPED," HE SAID, "THE GOVERNMENT WHO DROPPED IT HAS LOST THE WAR."
THAT GOVERNMENT, HE SAID, WOULD MEET A POST-WAR FATE THAT WOULD MAKE THE TREATMENT OF GERMANY LOOK LIKE CHILD'S PLAY.
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Moscow Plans Trade Tie-Ups For Red China

Czechoslovakia, Poland and Finland Reported Linked; West Believed Shut Out

LONDON, Feb. 15 (AP).—Several East European nations were reported today to be working out in concert with Russia, a multi-million dollar trade pact with Communist China.

The countries are identified—besides Russia—as Poland, Czechoslovakia and Finland. Finland, while anti-Communist, is dependent upon the good will of its big neighbor. Delegations from these countries have been in Moscow during the lengthy Chinese-Russian talks which culminated yesterday in the signing of a new Sino-Soviet treaty.

Amount Believed Large

The effect of such an agreement, which would be on an interlocking basis, would be to weld European and Asiatic Communism more closely together.

Figures have not been mentioned by Eastern diplomats here who revealed the treaty moves, but the amount is expected to be large. Evidently this would supplement the $300,000,000 Sino-Soviet aid agreement just negotiated in Moscow.

The pact would serve as a stimulant to China's program for reconstruction and eventual industrialization. Through it, China would get some of the machines, steel and tools she needs to convert her preponderantly agricultural economy into an industrial one.

U. S. Aid Not Needed

The Eastern European nations would profit, also, through access to China's vast stores of raw materials and natural resources, such as coal, iron and tungsten.

Taken in combination with Russia's concessions to China in Manchuria, such a pact could well eliminate the United States as a required factor in the future development of China. It could put China's Communist leaders in a position to thumb their noses economically at both Great Britain and the United States. Diplomatically, this could result in an even greater coolness in Peking toward the West.

AUSTRIAN PARLEY OFF

London Treaty Negotiators Adjourn to March 1 in Discord

LONDON, Feb. 15 (AP)—The Soviet Union and the West blamed each other again today for a continuing deadlock in efforts to write an Austrian treaty.

The deputies of the Big Four Foreign Ministers met for their 250th meeting in three years, but an inclusive discussion ended only in agreement to get together again March 1.

The West is waiting for a report of long-protracted Russo-Austrian negotiations in settlement of the Vienna Government's post-war debts to the Soviet Union.

Moscow is pressing the West to continue discussion of a few unsettled treaty articles while the Vienna exchanges go on.

Fuchs Lawyer Once Counsel For Haw Haw

London, Feb. 15 (AP)—One of the attorneys for the wartime traitor "Lord Haw Haw" has been named to defend Dr. Klaus Fuchs, British scientific genius accused of giving atom-bomb secrets to the Russians.

The attorney is Derek Curtis-Bennett. He was one of the defense panel at the 1945 treason trial of William Joyce, who broadcast propaganda from Germany during the war under the name "Lord Haw Haw."

Joyce was convicted and hanged.

Fuchs will be tried sometime during the next session of the Central Criminal Court, which begins February 28 at historic Old Bailey. Curtis-Bennett will be assisted at the trial by Malcolm Morris.

At Fuchs's preliminary hearing last Friday, the crown prosecutor said the 38-year-old German-born theoretical physicist confessed to handing atom secrets to Russian agents for seven years beginning early in 1942.

Belgium Vote On Leopold Set For March 12

Brussels, Belgium, Feb. 15 (AP)—The Belgian people will decide March 12 whether they want King Leopold III back from exile.

The Interior Ministry announced today the date for the advisory referendum intended to guide both Parliament and the King in settling a controversy that has split the nation since Leopold surrendered his army to the invading Germans May 28, 1940.

About 5,500,000 men and women of Belgium's 8,000,000 population are eligible to vote. The French-speaking Walloons are largely opposed to Leopold; the Flemish-speaking Catholic Flemings are for him.

Insists On 55% Backing

Leopold has indicated he will abdicate unless 55 per cent of the votes favor his resumption "of his constitutional powers."

The monarch, 48, is now on the French Riviera. He had been living in Switzerland since American troops freed him from the Germans in 1945.

The referendum will help Parliament decide whether it should end the present regency of the King's brother, Prince Charles, and invite Leopold to return to the throne. Parliament has no power to force the King to abdicate, nor has the King power to return without a vote of Parliament.

Opponents Seen In Majority

Critics contend that the King capitulated too hastily before the westward surge of Hitler's troops in 1940.

The parliamentary election last June 26 suggested that, politically, opponents of Leopold had the edge.

Social Christians campaigning for the King were supported in that election by about 45 per cent of the electorate. Against the King are the Socialists, Communists and most Liberals, who together were backed by about 55 per cent of the electorate.

Belgian Referendum On King Set March 12

Brussels, Belgium, Feb. 15 (AP)—Belgians will vote March 12 in an advisory referendum on whether King Leopold III should be invited to return to the throne of Belgium, the Interior Ministry announced today.

The referendum will not decide the controversy which has been troubling Belgium since the war's end. Parliament will make the final decision, but undoubtedly it will be guided by the way the people vote.

Socialists, Communists and most Liberals are against Leopold's return. The Social Christians (the predominantly Roman Catholic group which leads the present Government) want the King back. He has been a self-exile in Switzerland since 1945.

Leopold has declared in Switzerland that he will not resume his throne unless 55 per cent of the votes favor his recall.

$163,662,520 For Defense

Brussels, Feb. 15 (AP)—Defense Minister Albert Deveze told the Senate today Belgium's 1950 defense budget will amount to $163,662,520. That is about eleven per cent of Belgium's total expenditures.

Deveze disclosed that Belgium is being equipped with a radar protective curtain. No further details of the project would be announced, he said, in the interests of national security.

SOVIET ZONE REDS ASK A 'REUNITED' GERMANY

BERLIN, Feb. 15 (AP)—The Communist "National Front," created to bring Communist rule to West Germany, called tonight for reunification of Germany and Berlin on its terms.

The sixty-five-member executive group of the "National Front" adopted a program "for the liberation of Germany from the presence and machinations of the Anglo-American imperialists." It met in the Soviet sector of Berlin.

Other platform planks included:

Abolition of the Occupation and Ruhr statutes decreed by the three Western Allies for West Germany.

Fight against West Germany's inclusion in the North Atlantic Pact and the European Council.

Its statement also named "French imperialists" among the "chief enemies of the true, peaceful interests of the nation," and said friendship with the Soviet Union was necessary.

In another anti-West gesture, Communist jurists, politicians and journalists in East Berlin set up a "defense committee for victims of American reaction." One of its members is Gerhart Eisler, Communist information bureau head who skipped the United States last year as a fugitive from justice.

German Acquitted On Anti-Semitism Charge

Neumuenster, Germany, Feb. 15 (AP)—West German Parliament Member Wolfgang Hedler, charged with anti-Semitism and inciting class hatred was acquitted by a German civil court today.

Hedler had denied the statements which he was reported to have made during a party rally of the Right-wing German party (Deutsche partei) at Einfeld November 26.

United States High Commissioner John J. McCloy commented before the trial that the occupation authorities were watching the case with interest to see how German authorities would handle it.

One Newsman Gets Vogeler-Trial Visa

Vienna, Austria, Feb. 15 (AP)—Only one American correspondent based in Vienna has thus far been given a Hungarian visa to attend the trial of Robert A. Vogeler, American businessman, on espionage charges. The trial opens in Budapest, Friday.

Alexander Kendrick of the Columbia Broadcasting System was notified last night his visa has been granted by the Hungarian Foreign Office.

On official of the Hungarian legation here said today there has been no word from Budapest on the visa applications of six other Americans in Vienna.

Among those who have visa applications pending for coverage of the trial is Gaylord K. Hodenfield, chief of the Associated Press bureau in Vienna.

Uranium Report Mined In Bulgaria

Belgrade, Yugoslavia, Feb. 15 (AP)—Premier Marshal Tito's official newspaper claimed tonight that uranium — basic material for the atom bomb — has been discovered in Bulgaria and is being "exploited under guard" by Soviet Russia.

Radomir Vujovic, economic editor of *Borba*, official organ of Yugoslavia's Communist party, said in an article:

"The ore richness of Bulgaria has not yet been enough inspected. It is known there exists iron, lead, zinc, uranium and very rich findings of coal. . . .

"Bulgaria is only formally proprietor of its mining richness. It cannot itself dispose of it nor can the ores serve it for its own industries."

Vujovic's article claimed Russia is attempting to turn Bulgaria into a strictly agricultural state.

Yugoslavia Says Envoy Is Held By Romania

Belgrade, Yugoslavia, Feb. 15 (AP). Yugoslavia charged today that Romania refuses to allow Yugoslav Ambassador Rados Jovanovich to leave Romania.

Premier Marshal Tito's Government in a statement said, "The Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Yugoslavia most emphatically protests against this unheard-of, extremely hostile proceeding of the Romanian Government toward the Yugoslav Ambassador and definitely insists he be given the right to leave Romania undisturbed."

Yugoslavia and Romania have been at odds since the Cominform expelled Yugoslavia in 1948.

Czech Sugar Ring Broken

PRAGUE, Czechoslovakia, Feb. 15 (AP)—Fifty persons have been sentenced to jail and 100 others await trial on charges of operating a black market sugar ring that did a 7,000,000-crown ($140,000) business last year, the Slovak newspaper Lud said today. A rationing official and a grocer were reported to be key figures. Lud said sugar the ring obtained illegally was sold for 70 crowns ($1.40) a pound.

ROMANIA PUTS LAWYERS UNDER STATE CONTROL

BUCHAREST, Romania, Feb. 15 —(AP) Romania's lawyers were told today they will be unable to serve clients independently after April 1. The profession will go on a collective basis under state control on that date.

A presidential decree issued today in the Official Gazette abolishes the legal profession as a free individual service to clients and places lawyers under direct control of the Justice Ministry.

Paasikivi Wins Electoral Vote In Finland

Helsinki, Finland, Feb. 15 (AP)—Anti-Communist Juho Paasikivi was named President of Finland today for a second term.

The 79-year-old statesman was chosen by the 300-member electoral college for a term of six years. He got 171 of the votes.

Communist Candidate Mauno Pekkala received 67 electoral votes. The Agrarian candidate, Dr. Urho Kekkonen, received 62 votes.

Voted Month Ago

The electors were chosen in the popular vote of a month ago. Passikivi had the support of electors chosen by the Conservatives, the Progressives and the Swedish People's party, who mustered, together, 107 electoral votes. In addition, the Social Democrats, who had won 64 electors, had decided to throw their strength to him.

Passikivi thus was chosen on the first ballot. He will be inaugurated March 1 for his second term.

The election took place in the Parliament building, which was rocked early yesterday by a bomb explosion. The Communists immediately sought to make political capital of the explosion, saying it was engineered by "reactionaries" to provide an excuse for action against Communists. Government officials said, however, they doubted the explosion was anything more than the work of a crank.

Bitterly Fought

The President of Finland exerts power comparable to that wielded in the United States by the Chief Executive. Thus the presidential campaign had been a bitterly fought one, marked by furious attacks on Passikivi by the Communists. The Russian press joined in these attacks.

The Communists showed a gain in last month's elections. The People's Democrats, dominated by the Communists, rolled up a total of 21.5 per cent of the popular vote for electors, as against nineteen per cent of the total in the parliamentary elections of 1948. This placed them second only to the Social Democrats in individual party strength.

FINNS ELECT JUHO PAASIKIVI

Conservative Banker Seventh President Of Republic

Helsinki, Finland, Feb. 15 (AP)—Juho Paasikivi, a Conservative banker who has drawn the fire of both Soviet and Finnish Communists, was re-elected President of Finland today for a six-year term. He is 79.

Paasikivi received the votes of 171 of the 300 electors chosen in a popular election January 16 and 17. Mauno Pekkala, former Premier and candidate of the Communist-dominated Popular Democrats, received 67, and Agrarian Urho Kekkonen 62.

The President, who has negotiated peace with Russia three times, was supported by the Conservative, Progressive, Swedish Peoples and Social Democrat electors.

Moscow's Influence Fails

Failure of Moscow to influence the decision was in contrast to 1940, when a presidential election was necessary to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Kyosti Kallio.

At that time Paasikivi, then Minister to Moscow, was called to the Soviet Foreign Office by V. M. Molotov and told the election of any of four men would not be "in harmony" with the Finnish-Russian peace treaty of 1940. They were Vaino Tanner, Toivo Kivimaeki, Field Marshal Baron Carl Gustaf Mannerheim and former President P. E. Svinhufvud. None of the four was presented as a candidate, and Risto Ryti was elected.

Seventh President Since 1919

Paasikivi is Finland's seventh President since the country won recognition of its independence in 1919. But because of three wars with Russia, he is only the fourth elected by regular process.

K. J. Stahlberg was Finland's first President, from 1919 to 1925. Agrarian L. K. Relander was chosen at the first regular election in 1925, Conservative Svinhufvud in 1931 and Kallio in 1937.

Mannerheim was chosen by Parliament in 1944 when Ryti was forced to resign by the outcome of the war. Paasikivi was chosen by Parliament in 1946 to succeed Mannerheim, who resigned because of poor health.

Comes Of Swedish Stock

The son of a poor shopkeeper of Swedish stock, Paasikivi was orphaned at the age of 12. Today he lives in the 100-room presidential palace.

Self-educated, he became president of Finland's largest bank, served in the Finnish senate, became premier and finally president.

All his life he has learned to walk softly while upholding Finnish national interests. He was a member of the Finnish Diet when the country was an autonomous grand duchy in the Czar's empire. He negotiated peace with Moscow in 1920, after the fight for independence, in 1940 after the winter war, and the armistice of 1944 after the second World War.

Favors Good-Neighbor Policy

Always an exponent of the view that Finland must be a good neighbor to Russia, he accepted the treaty of friendship and mutual aid with Moscow in 1948. Though a Conservative, he has had the reputation of being able to keep the respect of Soviet leaders while talking plainly.

Before the January election, however, Finnish Communists and the Moscow press attacked him furiously.

In one of these attacks, Russia charged Finland with harboring 300 war criminals wanted by the Soviet Union. Paasikivi's supporters stood firm.

Bomb Before Voting

Almost on the eve of the meeting of the electors, a bomb was exploded in the entrance to the Parliament building, where the electors were to meet. Police still are without a clue to the perpetrators.

Finland's Communists, however, charged the blast had been set off by "reactionaries" to afford an excuse for measures against their party.

As President, Paasikivi has power similar to a President of the United States. He is commander in chief of the armed forces, has a limited veto over legislation and participates in almost every important Government decision.

Premier To Resign

The question in Finnish political circles was whether Paasikivi's election would further antagonize Russia. A Finnish trade delegation has been kept waiting in Moscow for three months for negotiations that never started. Soviet diplomats today boycotted the formal meeting of the electors.

Hertta Kuusinen, a leader of the Communists, commented, "We will continue the fight."

Premier Karl A. Fagerholm said he would submit his resignation according to tradition on March 1, when Paasikivi is inaugurated. Fagerholm's Social Democratic party already was in a minority in Parliament and showed a loss in strength in the presidential election in January. The Communists, on the basis of the presidential election, are the second largest party.

China Seen Joining Soviet Aid Council

Moscow, Feb. 15 (AP)—Foreign embassy officials speculated today whether China will follow up her friendship pact with Russia by joining the Economic Council of Mutual Aid, the Soviet-style Marshall plan.

Members of the council are Russia, Poland, Hungary, Romania, Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia and Albania. The aid council was organized in January, 1949, as a sort of economic extension of the Cominform to promote "broader economic co-operation of the countries of the people's democracies."

Diplomats here who are concerned with commercial questions regard China's membership as a distinct possibility.

As a member, China could make agreements more easily for economic co-operation with the countries of eastern Europe. She thus might supplement the five-year $300,000,000 economic aid she is to receive from Russia.

ORIENT EYES RUSSIAN PACT

Wonders What Soviet Will Get From Communist China

Hong Kong, Feb. 15 (AP)—The new alliance binding Communist China and Russia set the Orient to wondering today what the Soviets get out of it.

The militant overtones of the alliance sent tremors of fear through the nations in this teeming part of the world—from Japan down to Bangkok, where United States diplomats wound up a strategy-mapping conference of the Far East cold war.

The first reaction in British Hong Kong was that the announcement carried a lot of face-saving. Red China brings home big concessions in Manchuria and a $300,000,000 loan, but no one is saying what Russia got.

Secret Base Speculation

"It didn't take two months to write that treaty," said one diplomat, referring to the long stay in Moscow of Mao Tze-tung, China Communist leader. "There must be more to come."

Japanese Government sources in Tokyo also were wondering about secret clauses. Some were puzzled how the alliance could be directed against the possibility of attack from Japan when Japan is disarmed.

Peace Offensive Seen

"We are forced to say," remarked a Socialist spokesman, "that both China and Russia have advanced one step further their war preparation program with Japan as their object."

Some Japanese, however, predicted a Communist peace offensive since the alliance called for a quick peace with Japan.

American diplomats at Bangkok said some Oriental governments feared the pact had brought a critical stage to already tense affairs in the Far East.

In the Philippines, President Elpidio Quirino went into conference with his military leaders and Cabinet. The meeting was called shortly after Ruperto Kangleon, Defense Secretary, returned from conferring with Gen. Douglas MacArthur in Tokyo. The republic wants the United States to bolster Filipino defenses.

Loan Held Drop In Bucket

Chinese Nationalists in Hong Kong did not think much of the $300,000,000 credit extended by Russia over a five-year period.

They thought that would be but a drop in the dry bucket which is Communist China today.

Chinese Communist newspapers in Hong Kong hailed the treaty as "crystallizing friendly relations" of China and Russia and as "a warning to the imperialists."

[The Peiping radio broadcast an editorial by the Communist New China News Agency saying the alliance was a blow "to the world imperialist bloc headed by American imperialism."

To Play Decisive Role

[The editorial in the Chinese Communist capital declared that henceforth China and Russia would "play the decisive role in the East."]

Chinese Nationalists in Hong Kong were skeptical of that part of the agreement under which the Changchun railway — main trunk line in Manchuria—and Port Arthur and Dairen will return to Chinese control.

They recalled that under the old treaty with Nationalist China, Russia agreed to joint management of all three. "But," as one Nationalist remarked, "the Russians never paid any attention to it."

Secret Bases Behind Tie, Nationalists Say

Taipei, Formosa, Feb. 15 (AP)—Nationalist Chinese leaders say they are convinced far-reaching secret agreements lie behind the Soviet-Red China pact announced today.

They expressed belief the pact provides for Chinese Reds to assume the leadership of Communist movements in Southeast Asia and for Russia to have secret naval and air bases in Red China.

The Nationalists say any pacts concluded by the Chinese Communists are invalid.

Viewed As Aimed At U.S.

Nationalist quarters here say the Moscow pact is obviously aimed at the United States.

Red China, they assert, has come formally into the open as an ally of Soviet Russia in war and peace.

The Nationalists are waiting to

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see whether the Reds get active Soviet aid in the Chinese civil war—in other words help for the invasion of Formosa and Hainan islands.

Pact Called Smoke Screen

Tao Hsi-shen, one of Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek's closest advisers, said a secret working program must have been arranged at Moscow.

He predicted Chinese Red Leader Pao Tze-tung's return to Peiping would be followed by a big purge of all elements, Communist and otherwise, not considered 100 per cent pro-Russian.

Wang Shih-tseng, minister without portfolio, said the pact was only a "smoke screen for an all embracing secret agreement. The whole thing is aimed primarily at the United States."

Sino-Russ Ties Worry All But Reds In Japan

Tokyo, Feb. 15 (AP)—Japanese were plainly worried today over the 30-year Soviet-Red China pact aimed at Nippon.

News of the Moscow agreement spread slowly. Those who heard about it evinced unease, worry, apprehension or puzzlement.

Neither the Japanese Government nor General MacArthur's occupation headquarters made immediate comment.

Most foreign diplomats were silent. One Western diplomat commented the "Chinese have made a pretty good deal."

Puzzled By Expressed Aim

Some Japanese agreed. One said the treaty seems to "emancipate" Manchuria. He thought the pact would appeal to most Chinese.

One Japanese Foreign Office source was puzzled over the treaty's expressed aim—to stem any Japanese aggression or imperialism—while proposing a quick peace for Nippon.

Another Japanese Government source wondered if there were any hidden clauses in the pact.

Some Japanese foresaw a "peace offensive" which would attract considerable attention from peace-hungry Japanese.

Jap Reds Support Pact

Communist party Secretary General Kyuichi Tokuda said Japan's Reds support the pact without reservation.

A spokesman for the Left-wing Socialists, however, said it was "incomprehensible to conclude a treaty which has Japan as its object, when war is forbidden by Japan's present constitution." He said: "China and Russia have advanced one step further their war-preparation program, with Japan as their object."

A Democratic party spokesman suggested that "Japan now should appeal both to the United States and the Soviet Union for guarantees of peace.

Many Japanese worried about the pact's propaganda effect on Asia. The Communists lost no time in seizing upon the proposed return of Port Arthur, Dairen and the Changchun Railroad to China. They said this deals a serious blow to reactionary forces.

Nationalists Pledge New Fight To Recapture Chinese Mainland

TAIPEI, Formosa, Feb. 15—(AP) The Chinese Nationalists reacted today to the announced alliance between their Red enemies and Russia with a defiant announcement that the Nationalists will storm back into China.

The defense ministry prepared leaflets to be dropped by warplanes Friday asserting: "Our ground, air and naval forces will launch a counter-offensive on the mainland and retake it."

The ministry set no time limit on when the counter-offensive might be mounted. The leaflets urged the people of Red China to help in "overthrowing the bandit Mao Tze-tung and the Russian big noses (a derisive Chinese reference to foreigners.)

Nationalist leaders expressed belief the Russian-Red China pact carried unpublished clauses allowing Russia to have secret naval and air bases on the Chinese mainland. They were waiting to see if Russia helps the communists in the expected invasion of Formosa.

The various officials who were talking agreed [illegible] was a Russian [illegible] U. S. was the pact's main ta[illegible] They hoped the pact might pr[illegible] the U. S. to give more aid to [illegible]mosa.

Must Check Red Drive Now, Thai Premier Says

Bangkok, Feb. 15 (AP)—Thailand's Premier Pibulsonggram warned today that time is running out for Communist-threatened Southeast Asia.

"It is late—but not too late yet" to check the Red sweep in Asia, he said.

As he spoke, American diplomats from Far Eastern posts conferred here. The United States diplomats appeared to be leaning toward economic aid as the main tool for welding a Southeast Asian front against communism.

Immediate steps must be taken, Pibulsonggram said, to erect economic and military barriers or things "will be black" for Thailand and her neighbors.

"Rice By Conquest"

The Premier declared Communist China must have rice from Indo-China, Burma and Thailand to prevent internal unrest. He said Red China will get rice by conquest if unable to purchase it.

The fall of Indo-China and Thailand would mean the "whole of Southeast Asia would fall," the Premier said. Moscow-trained Ho Chi-minh's Viet Nam Nationalists are fighting the French in Indo-China.

Would Warn Russia

The Thai Premier proposed these countermeasures:

1. Warn Russia and the Chinese Communists they cannot advance beyond the Indo-China border without risking armed conflict. "This should have been done a year ago."

2. Conclude an economic pact among Oriental nations for mutual co-operation and development of backward areas.

Pibulsonggram said Thailand will not sell food to any Communist regime. If the Southeast Asian rice bowl countries can hold out for "only one year the people of China may turn against the Communists," he said.

If there is no opposition, he said, "there is no doubt the Communists will push as far south as they can. We will fight the best we can on our borders. . . . There will be absolutely no collaboration with the Communists while I am premier."

U. S. Aides Agree on Policy To Bolster Southeast Asia

BANGKOK, Thailand (Siam) Feb. 15— (AP) U.S. diplomats ended their Far East conference today and highly competent sources said they agreed on a policy of strengthening Southeast Asia against the communist tide.

While the policy must be decided in Washington, these sources said the following main points were agreed upon after three days of exhaustive sessions:

1. The United States is prepared to give arms and economic aid to Southeast Asia nations if their people show a will to fight the Red threat to their independence. No U. S. troops would be sent, however.

2. A Chinese communist invasion of Indochina is unlikely because it is not necessary. Instead, the communists will supply arms to rebel Ho Chi-Minh, whose regime already is recognized by Red China and Russia. Ho is said to have plenty of men and needs only arms and ammunition.

Threatens Japan

3. The situation of the republic of South Korea is serious because a communist victory there would threaten Japan. Japan is the major American base in the Orient now.

4. It is unlikely Chinese Nationalists can hold their island fortress of Formosa.

The conference also discussed the treaty of alliance between communist China and Russia. Much thought was given to the fears of Southeast Asian countries that they might be swept up in the communist drive over Asia.

The diplomats said these fears were increased by the signing of the pact in Moscow. Observers thought the Moscow announcement was timed to take the edge off this conference. Any formal announcement of the conference results, however, will come later from Washington.

Some American diplomats were represented as doubtful whether there still was time for the U. S. to act to forestall the communists.

The point of greatest anxiety was Indochina. There Bao Dai's French-backed Vietnam is confronted by the armies of Ho Chi-Minh. While Moscow-trained he has rallied many genuine Nationalists about him.

A French army of 120,000 men has been fighting Ho for three years. The big question is can Bao Dai and the French survive if Ho steps up his attacks with aid from the Chinese communists.

Some diplomats thought the United States of Indonesia can become a strong factor in supporting the anti-communist bloc in Southeast Asia. But it first must weather at least three difficult months before economic aid can become effective.

Observers agreed this aid must be under the eyes of U. S. observers to keep it from being wasted or lost to the Reds, as aid was in China.

Quirino And Aides Discuss Defense

Manila, Feb. 15 (AP)—President Elpidio Quirino, his Cabinet and military leaders went into a secret conference on defense plans today.

The conference began after Defense Secretary Ruperto Kangleon returned from a meeting in Tokyo with General MacArthur. The meeting was coincidental with the Moscow announcement of a 30-year Russo-Chinese alliance.

The Philippines-American defenses in the 7,000 islands have been criticized as "inadequate" by the opposition in Congress.

Kangleon expressed himself as encouraged by his conference with MacArthur, who is top man in the American Far East Command, which includes United States bases in the Philippines.

$25,000,000 Request Reported

The Philippines reportedly have asked the United States for $25,000,000 for defense purposes this year.

Shortly after the meeting, Quirino said he is opposed to any military alliance of Southeast Asia nations as reportedly proposed by American diplomats meeting in Bangkok, Thailand (Siam).

OUTLAW CHIEFTAIN SEEN THREAT TO U. S. OF INDONESIA

JAKARTA (Batavia), U.S.I., Feb. 15 (AP)—President Soekarno, opening the first session of parliament, admitted today that the new United

States of Indonesia faces a dangerous threat from Dutch outlaw Capt. R. P. P. Westerling.

He said the government had acted in a confused fashion in meeting the threat, and faces other difficulties, including a prospective budget deficit in 1950 of 2,650,000,000 guilers ($660,000,000). Furthermore, he said, the government does not always command the popular support that the Indonesian republic did four years ago when youth rallied to its side through bloody trials.

Pledges to Oust Rebels

But he reminded the legislators that the old Indonesian republic had acted firmly in putting down a communist rebellion in 1948, and said the federal government intends to be no less firm now in suppressing Westerling's movement.

"The government is determined to wipe out every one of the peacebreakers," he declared.

Turning to the former Dutch army captain, Westerling, whose guerrillas raided the west Java capital of Bandoeng Jan. 22, Soekarno said the "danger of Westerling's activities must not be underestimated."

Will Cut Payroll

He said the Turkish-born Westerling had many branches to his movement which had deeply affected Darul Islam and received aid from outside the country. Darul Islam is a religious and Nationalist movement in western Java to make Indonesia a Moslem nation.

The president proposed to ease the budget situation by a slice of perhaps nearly half in government personnel, more efficient collection of taxes, new sales taxes, a national loan and perhaps a foreign loan from the United States or the Netherlands.

Fall Of Singapore Marked In Services

Sydney, Australia, Feb. 15 (AP)—Memorial services were held here today to mark the eighth anniversary of the surrender of Singapore to the Japanese in World War II.

Two thousand worshipers filled St. Andrew's Cathedral for a special service. A memorial plaque set under a stone brought from Changi prison camp was unveiled.

U. S. ACTS TO BAR ARMS SMUGGLING TO ASIA REBELS

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15 — (AP) A State department official reported today that the United States is clamping tight controls to keep smuggled American arms out of communist - threatened southeast Asia and other world trouble spots.

Leonard H. Pomeroy of the department's munitions division said American, British and Japanese arms have been traced to rebels in Indochina, Thailand, and Burma. All are currently plagued with disorders which communists have sought to exploit.

Surplus Stocks Looted

"Extensive leakages" from American World War II stocks in the Pacific and thefts from other stores have helped build up an international black market which the United States and other governments are bringing under control with difficulty, Pomeroy said. Looting of surplus stocks which had been sold to the Philippines has been a fertile source of illegal arms, he added.

The munitions division is the clearing house for American official efforts to halt the illegal arms traffic at a time when the U. S. is trying to restore stability in southeast Asia as part of a stop-communism campaign.

Detailing difficulties of the agency in the Department of State bulletin, Pomeroy said VJ day found allied depots spread over a vast area.

A steady flow of war materials reportedly was smuggled down the Indochina coast to Malaya from the "lost 93rd" Chinese division stranded in Burma after the war, he said. In addition to those of the United States and Great Britain, Japanese munitions depots supplied a source of arms for the underground traffic in this area.

Depots Pilfered

"In Indochina, Burma, and Thailand," Pomeroy said, "Clandestine traffic in war materials is traceable to the following sources:

"Abandoned Japanese munition depots in Indochina and Thailand; arms of United States and British origin furnished to Chinese, the free Thai in Thailand and the Karens in Burma; and pilfering of United States and British arms depots.

"In the Philippines, leakages of war materials are traceable to the following sources; thefts from arms depots under the jurisdiction of the United States forces and the Philippine government, and Japanese arms and ammunition depots which fell into the hands of native Filipinos after abandonment by the defeated Japanese forces.

Citing activities of far east gun runners, Pomeroy said a 28-year-old pilot made 64 successful runs from Manila to Java and Sumatra before he was forced down by the Dutch.

"A Welshman named Carlton A. Hire, is reported to have kept a $300,000 stock of equipment of American origin made up of such items as browning automatics, carbines, tommy guns and bazookas in a cache on deserted Airraboe island situated 200 miles northeast of Singapore," Pomeroy said. "He had hauled all of this contraband from the Philippines in his flying boat."

he said [illegible] of national control over foreign policy, armed forces, imports, currency, immigration and taxation.

Such a union might bring weakness instead of strength, Hickerson said.

With Russia, as usual, in the forefront of all considerations of national and international security, Rusk gave renewed assurance that

"the door to negotiation is always open on our side."

He pointed out that matters at issue between the Soviet Union and the United States could be properly discussed through the United Nations—"the house of a thousand doors"—or through the ordinary channels of diplomacy.

Number Of Resolutions

He said, however, that the United States is not willing to "sit down in a corner with another great power" and try to reach decisions which affect the basic interests of other governments or

satisfactory answers to some very fundamental questions."

Lack Of Imagination Charged

Senator Kefauver (D., Tenn.), chief sponsor of the Atlantic union resolution, accused the State Department of a "lack of imagination" in its opposition in the union proposal. Kefauver is not a member of the Foreign Relations Committee.

"I'm disappointed in the attitude and lack of imagination of the State Department," Kefauver told Rusk and Hendrickson. "I think the State Department is assuming the prerogative of speaking for the American people. If we had had this attitude before 1787, we never would have had a Federal union."

Kefauver said the State Department does not realize that the people are getting tired of paying for the cold war with no progress toward a solution.

"You should be seeking a policy which would get us off this plateau instead of opposing each proposal that is made," Kefauver said.

Rusk retorted that the State Department opposes the idea of the Government sending out an invitation to a limited number of nations to attend a union convention.

He said the union advocates are interested in a political commitment by the American Government.

State Department Doesn't Want Atlantic Union Action Now

Washington, Feb. 15 (AP)—The State Department does not want Congress to act now on proposals looking toward an Atlantic union or a world federation.

Dean Rusk, Deputy Under Secretary of State, and John D. Hickerson, Assistant Secretary, made that clear in appearing before the Senate Foreign Relations Committee today.

Rusk said the department favors a stronger United Nations which would include Russia—"but we don't favor calling a convention at this time."

He said the department right now is studying suggested amendments to the United Nations Charter, designed to strengthen the organization.

Door Is Always Open

Hickerson questioned whether the American people are ready to take part in a union scheme which [illegible] would entail abandonment of peoples.

The Senate committee has before it a number of resolutions aimed at providing some form of international machinery to keep world peace. One of the proposals calls upon the President to summon a convention of Atlantic powers to consider the possibility of a union; another calls for a world federation as the main objective of United States foreign policy.

Capable Of Much Good

Rusk advocated the greatest caution against injuring the present United Nations organization which he said is capable of accomplishing much good.

He said:

"It would be disastrous if by turning in any irresponsible or whimsical fashion to new forms of organizations or glittering formulae for perfection we were to set ourselves back. . . .

"We should do irreparable harm if we should come forward with bold proposals of radically new international organizations without

Ousters Urged For D.P.'s Who Fake Papers

Washington, Feb. 15 (AP)—Prompt deportation of displaced persons who have used faked documents to get into this country was urged today. The urging came during testimony on sex, fraud and bribery angles of the refugee program.

"I am all for deporting these people who have entered illegally," Senator Ferguson (R., Mich.) said.

Senator Graham (D., N.C.) indicated he shared the same view at a Senate Judiciary Committee hearing on the D.P. program yesterday.

With Senator Kilgore (D., W. Va.), Ferguson and Graham introduced a proposed substitute for a bill recommended by the Judiciary Committee last month to revise the present D.P. law, enacted in 1948.

Watson Miller, commissioner of immigration and naturalization, told the Judiciary Committee that steps will be taken to deport D.P.'s who gained admittance by use of fraudulent documents.

So far, Miller said, no D.P.'s have been deported, but 35 have been stopped at Ellis Island because of information received while they were en route that they had used faked papers.

Earlier Donald W. Main, senior officer in the Displaced Persons Commission office in Munich, testified that use of fradulent documents by refugees seeking to qualify under the law had been "quite extensive."

He also cited allegations, in reply to questions, that a Negro employé in the Frankfurt office of the commission "blackmailed" women D.P's to have sexual relations with him.

Charges Reported

Main said he had received reports from other D.P. employés that an Armenian assistant to the D.P. employé would tell women D.P.'s that he was quite sure their applications could be straightened out if they would "co-operate."

Senator Donnell (R., Mo.) asked what was meant by "co-operate."

Main answered that the evidence was that the D.P. employé and the Armenian were "soliciting payments of money and gifts and also improper sexual relations."

Main said he brought up these allegations in protesting to Alex Squadrilli, co-ordinator of the D.P. Frankfurt office, against the proposed transfer of the employé to the Munich office.

He said Squadrilli told him that the charges had "no basis."

European Arms Program Is 3 Months Behind Time

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15 (AP).—Supply problems will delay the start of American arms shipments to Western Europe until early March, government officials reported today.

This starting date is three months behind the original schedule set by Administration offici-

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after Congress approved the arms-to-Europe bill last fall.

This tentative new time table gives the Administration only three months to spend the $1,000,000,000 Congress provided toward re-arming the Atlantic Pact countries. Legislation authorizing this expires July 1.

National defense and State Department officials working on the complicated shipping arrangements expressed confidence, however, thye could spend or allocate the money within the time limit, but they said it would be a close race.

Army Asks Money For Tests In Arctic

Washington, Feb. 15 (AP)—United States military planners are taking seriously the possibility that if there is a "hot war" fighting will take place where it is bitterly cold.

They are anticipating what can be done in event there are clashes with Russia in the Arctic.

This was disclosed in a House Military Appropriation subcommittee report released today.

The report discloses in part secret hearings on the Army's request for $4,018,384,000 of the proposed $13,000,000,000 defense budget for the fiscal year beginning July 1.

Study Siberia Conditions

The Army Quartermaster Department is seeking $8,258,000 for research and development. The requests are studded with research projects on how to enable the soldier to live and fight in the Arctic. One such study dealt with conditions in Western Siberia.

Attention is given to how to keep the soldier warm, the type of food he would need, as well as ways of improving equipment so as to make it more usable in severe weather.

For examples, the Army wants to spend $48,000 in developing lightweight, resilient and durable filling material for padded Arctic clothing.

Seek Heated Clothing

It proposes to continue research to improve socks, mittens, shoes for cold, wet areas.

Col. Jack Finks, of the quartermaster general's office, said that chemists are trying to heat clothing artificially.

He said the Quartermaster Department has developed "a meat component for an Arctic ration that the soldiers will eat, and one that has great stability in keeping a long time." Finks also reported that the Army has found it can store bread two years in the Arctic.

The Quartermaster Corps is now working to see just how light it can make a stove that will help the soldier heat his rations, warm himself and dry his clothes. The old standard stove weighed 2 pounds 13 ounces. The corps now has one that tips the scale at one pound.

U.S. International Expense Cut Urged

Washington, Feb. 15 (AP)—A cut in United States spending on international organizations was urged today by a Senate Expenditures subcommittee.

It said there should be careful consideration of any proposals for participation in additional organizations outside the United States and inter-American systems.

The group reported that this country spent $145,000,000 for participation in 47 organizations in the twelve months which ended last June 30, $17,000,000 more than it spent on the same groups in the previous fiscal year.

Members of the group are Senators O'Conor (D., Md.), Hoey (D., N.C.), Humphrey (D., Minn.), Vandenberg (R., Mich.), and Ives (R., N.Y.).

night or day.

Secretary of the Army Gray described the weapon as "our best answer to date for the threat posed by aircraft at short and medium ranges."

These disclosures were part of a report made public today of hearings before a House Military Appropriations subcommittee, on the Army's request for $4,018,384,000 of the $13,000,000,000 the Defense Department has asked for the fiscal year beginning July 1.

Range, Speed Concealed

Range and firing speed of the 75-millimeter Skysweeper were not revealed. Its primary new features are said to be radar-directed fire-control and proximity-fused ammunition.

Gray also told the House group that the Army's research and development experts are completing development of "extremely accurate fire-control systems for detecting and engaging high altitude targets traveling at near-sonic speeds."

Details of this system, known as "Anti-Aircraft T-33," are secret.

The Army wants $23,779,339 to be used in its development.

Gen. J. Lawton Collins, army chief of staff, told the committee that the Army is making some reductions in manpower while spending more money on some weapons.

"We think that the Army of 630,000 men who are better equipped will be a better army than one of 677,000 men with less modern equipment," he explained.

Gray said that the Army is placing emphasis on tanks, their guns and ammunition; anti-aircraft missiles and guns; surface-to-surface guided missiles and medical research in preventive psychiatry, radiation injury and preventive medicine.

Ask More For Tanks

The Army asked $63,140,000 for tanks and combat vehicles, twice the sum appropriated for this equipment last year.

Meanwhile it was learned that wartime heavy 46-ton Pershing tanks are being converted into the more powerful Patton tank. Now rated a medium tank, it is being equipped with the "wobble stick" that enables it to turn with the ease of a polo pony, officers said.

The Army asked $36,000,000 for ammunition. This includes $6,000,000 for guided missels, an increase of $3,500,000 above last year's estimate.

New Gun Will Fire At 'Super' Aircraft

Washington, Feb. 15 (AP)—The Army has asked for $4,518,500 to continue tests of the "Skysweeper," a top-secret anti-aircraft gun which it says can hit planes of supersonic speed (faster than sound) either

ARMY TESTS SECRET GUN

Funds Asked for Anti-Aircraft Arm Against Supersonic Craft

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15 (AP)—The Army has asked for $44,518,500 to continue tests of tthe "skysweeper," a top-secret anti-aircraft gun which it says can hit planes of supersonic speed (faster than sound) either night or day.

Secretary of the Army Gordon Gray described the weapon as "our best answer to date for the threat posed by aircraft at short and medium ranges."

These disclosures were part of a report, made public today, of hearings before a House Military appropriations subcommittee on the Army's request for $4,018,384,000 of the $13,000,000,000 the Defense Department has asked for the fiscal year beginning July 1.

Mr. Gray also said that the Army was completing development of "extremely accurate fire-control systems for detecting and engaging high altitude targets traveling at near-sonic speeds."

Arctic Troops Keep Warm In Nylon Suit

By Clarke Beach

Whitehorse, Y.T., Feb. 15 (AP)—Did you ever think of walking around in mid-winter in the subarctic in a light one-piece nylon suit, with no wool, no underwear? Well, some of the boys up here are doing it. And they like it.

Some of the Canadian pilots and ground troops are trying out the new outfits. After they have found faults in the suit, the manufacturer will make changes and put them into full production. Up to now they are experimental.

Borrows Brand New One

I tried one on myself today. I borrowed a brand new one from Wing Commander D. G. Malloy, the commander of the fighter planes for the Allied forces in the Canadian-United States joint military maneuvers. He assured me I wouldn't freeze.

In fact, I felt quite warm. I walked around the air field for several hours when the temperature was 15 below zero.

You take off every stitch of clothing except your socks and boots. Then you slip into a one-piece suit of nylon pile—pile being like fur or velour. The first suit has the nylon fur turned inside, next to your body. Then you put on one more suit of the same kind. Only the fur is turned out, facing the icy breeze. That's all there is to it.

An Eskimo Idea

There's a hood you can pull over your head. You zip up five or six long zippers.

It's an Eskimo idea. For centuries they've been wearing caribou suits like that. The first suit has the fur turned inside next to the body. The next one has the fur facing the weather. It's light, easy to move around in, quick to put on.

Navy Closing Air Station Japan Bombed in Hawaii

By The Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15—The Navy will close its air station at Kaneohe Bay, Hawaii, by June 30.

The Navy announced today the station property on the north side of Oahu may be leased in whole or in part.

During the war the station was the largest air installation in the islands. It was also the scene of the first American casualties in the Pacific when Japanese planes bombed it on their first sweep over Pearl Harbor.

Acheson Denies Rumors He'll Quit

Washington, Feb. 15 (AP)—Dean Acheson, Secretary of State, said with a smile today there is no truth in what he was told is a rumor that he is going to resign.

Acheson at his news conference was told the report came from Bangkok, Thailand, where American diplomats are holding a regional conference on Pacific and Far East problems.

Earlier, Charles G. Ross, presidential press secretary, was asked about the reports.

"That is certainly news to me," Ross replied.

The unconfirmed reports were that Acheson would resign and be succeeded by Philip G. Jessup, Ambassador-at-large, who is now in Asia.

Gen. Marshall Starts Tour For Red Cross

Pinehurst, N.C., Feb. 15 (AP)—Gen. George C. Marshall left his winter home here today on a trip that will carry him to Hawaii in the interest of the Red Cross.

His immediate destination was New York city. Afterward, his tour will carry him to New Orleans, Los Angeles and Honolulu. General Marshall, who is president of the American Red Cross, was accompanied by Mrs. Marshall.

Baruch Backs U.N. Veto Curb

Washington, Feb. 15 (AP)—Bernard Baruch, United States elder statesman, has joined Senate forces attempting to curb the use of the veto in the United Nations.

Baruch set out his position in a telegram to Senator Douglas (D., Ill.), cosponsor of a resolution calling on the United States to sponsor a supplementary convention to the United Nations Charter under which the signatories would:

1. Agree to use force against any nation which is adjudged to be an aggressor by a two-thirds vote of the United Nations General Assembly, including three of the so-called Big Five powers.

2. Agree to bind themselves to name in advance the specific military, naval and air components they will maintain and furnish to an international police force to be assembled upon call of the United Nations Security Council.

Rudzinski And Wife Granted Asylum In U.S.

Lake Success, N.Y., Feb. 15 (AP)—A Polish delegate to the United Nations who quit his diplomatic job and country in protest against Soviet dictatorship has been granted asylum by the United States, an official American spokesman said today.

The delegate is Aleksander Rudzinski, 49. Until he resigned last month he was the ranking Pole here in the absence of Julius Katzsuchy, permanent Polish delegate.

The break came when he was forced on orders from Warsaw to walk out of a United Nations meeting with Soviet and other satellite delegates in protest over the presence of Nationalist Chinese delegates.

In a letter to Dean Acheson, Secretary of State, Rudzinski asked Acheson to permit him and his wife, Maria Anna, to remain in the United States. Mrs. Rudzinski also is being permitted to remain here.

Vet Pays $1.89 Gas Bill To Britain

Grafton, W.Va., Feb. 15 (AP)—Earl L. Satterfield, of Grafton, was all square with the British Government today.

He related that one night in June, 1948, while serving as an army corporal in Europe, his auto ran out of gas. A near-by British Royal Air Force installation obligingly furnished him nine gallons of the fuel.

Because the car was Satterfield's private property, the British Government figured it ought to be paid. The matter was taken up with General Clay's headquarters in Germany, but Satterfield already had returned to the United States to be discharged.

The bill finally reached the ex-soldier last week. He promptly had a certified check for $1.89 drawn in favor of the Under Secretary of State, British Air Ministry.

Has No Faith In Russian Pledge, Truman Quoted

New York, Feb. 15 (AP)—President Truman was reported today by the New York *Times* as saying he has lost faith in Russian promises but still is hopeful about the future.

The President's views were outlined in an interview obtained by Arthur Krock, *Times* Washington correspondent.

Krock said the President told him:

He no longer has any hope that the Soviet Union will keep any agreements with the United States.

When the Russians blocked East-West trade, he began to lose hope that the good peace prospects apparent at the founding of the United Nations would survive.

Hope vanished when he learned that the Russians were hiding from their people the facts about the war assistance we had given them.

Fear Complex Cited

The President was quoted as saying that the same situation would now prevail in Japan as in Germany if he had not demanded an American as the Allied general for the signing of the Japanese surrender.

Otherwise, Mr. Truman was reported as saying, the Russians would have divided that country as they have Germany.

The real trouble with the Russians is that they are still suffering from a complex of fear and inferiority where we are concerned, Mr. Truman was quoted.

On other subjects, the President is reported to have said:

1. He does not agree that the fair employment practice legislation he proposes would deprive employers of the right to run their own business, and he would not support such legislation if it would have that result.

2. He still thinks the House Un-American Activities Committee's handling of the Alger Hiss case was a red herring to distract public attention from the blunders of the Eightieth Congress.

3. He hates deficit spending, and there would be no deficit in the present Administration budget today had not the Republican Eightieth Congress cut income taxes.

Krock reported the President said that the agreement the Russians made at Yalta to enter the war against Japan was the only one they ever kept out of nearly 40.

london, feb. 15-(ap)- averell harriman, american ambassador for economic cooperation administration, left by plane tonight for new york.

harriman said he is enroute to washington to report to congress. he added "everybody knows that marshall aid is working well. there are no official problems."

he did not confer with british officials while in london but saw d.u.stikker, netherlands foreign minister who was named recently executive officer of the organization for european economic cooperation.

LONDON, FEB. 15-(AP)-THE MINISTRY OF SUPPLY SAID TODAY IT HAS FOUND A WAY TO RUN BRITAIN'S ATOMIC ENERGY PILES AT A MUCH HIGHER TEMPERATURE THAN WAS POSSIBLE IN THE PAST.

THE RESULT, THE MINISTRY SAID, WILL BE A "CONSIDERABLE INCREASE" IN ENERGY AVAILABLE FOR EXPERIMENTAL WORK AT THE GOVERNMENT ATOM LABORATORY IN HARWELL.

THE MINISTRY SAID THE IMPROVEMENT WAS BROUGHT ABOUT BY DEVELOPING A NEW HEAT RESISTANT CONTAINER FOR THE URANIUM SLUGS WHICH ARE THE

"FUEL" FOR THE ATOMIC PILES.

THE "BURNING" RATE OF THESE SLUGS IS KEPT UNDER CONTROL BY GRAPHITE BAFFLES, WHICH SLOW DOWN THE REACTION.

THE MINISTRY ALSO ANNOUNCED THAT IT HAS PRODUCED ARTIFICALLY THE EQUIVALENT OF 400 GRAMS OF RADIUM -- USED IN THE TREATMENT OF CANCER.

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london, feb. 15-(ap)- tass, soviet news agency, quoted the moscow weekly paper "new times" tonight as charging that american monopolies have founded a police state and are planning world [redacted] supremacy.

it distributed excerpts of an article by v. minaev entitled "edgar hoover and his g-men" in which he said "the spirit of police espionage holds undivided sway in present day america. nowhere else is there such a number of spies."

minaev said the idea was to "make the people the docile tool of imperialist ventures."

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A MOSCOW DISPATCH SAID FOREIGN DIPLOMATS THERE WERE ATTACHING GREAT IMPORTANCE TO A SECTION OF THE ALLIANCE DEALING WITH "INTERNATIONAL ACTIONS WHICH HAVE AS THEIR PURPOSE SECURING OF THE PEACE AND SECURITY OF THE WHOLE WORLD." THIS SECTION, THE DIPLOMATS IN THE SOVIET CAPITAL POINTED OUT, COULD WELL COVER A GREAT MANY TOPICS CONCEIVABLY UNDER THE HEADING OF "PEACE AND SECURITY." ONE WESTERN DILOMAT SAID IT WAS "THE MOST INTERESTING PART" OF THE ALLIANCE.

NEWS OF THE RETURN OF THE CHINESE CHANGCHUN RAILWAY, EVACUATION OF PORT ARTHUR AND RECOVERY OF JAPANESE ASSETS IN MANCHURIA WILL BE A TREMENDOUS SHOT IN THE ARM TO MAO'S PRESTIGE IN CHINA ITSELF.

THE TERMS OF THE 1945 SINO-SOVIET TREATY, WRUNG OUT OF NATIONALIST CHINA AT YALTA BY BRITAIN AND THE UNITED STATES AS THE PRICE OF RUSSIA'S ENTRY INTO THE WAR AGAINST JAPAN, HAVE LONG BEEN ONEROUS TO THE CHINESE.

THE COMMUNISTS THEMSELVES WERE EMBARRASSED WHEN FOREIGNERS ASKED THEM TO EXPLAIN RUSSIA'S IMPERIALIST MOVES IN MANCHURIA. IT IS NOW FULLY APPARENT THAT THOUGH THEY REFRAINED FROM PUBLIC CRITICISM, THEY WERE DETERMINED TO FORCE RUSSIA TO WITHDRAW FROM THE RICH, NORTHEAST REGION.

THE NEW TREATY ANSWERS, ALSO, THESE PERSONS SAY, THE OFTEN REPEATED QUESTION: WILL MAO TZE-TUNG BECOME AN ORIENTAL TITO?

THE ANSWER TO THIS CAN, AT THIS POINT, SAFELY BE: "ABSOLUTELY NOT."

MAO CANNOT BUT BE EMINENTLY SATISFIED WITH HIS MOSCOW HANDIWORK. BURIED IN THE TEXT OF THE TREATY IS A CLAUSE IN WHICH CHINA AND RUSSIA PROMISE TO COOPERATE WITH EACH OTHER "IN ALL IMPORTANT INTERNATIONAL QUESTIONS TOUCHING ON THE MUTUAL INTERESTS OF THE SOVIET UNION AND CHINA."

THAT CAN ONLY MEAN THAT RUSSIA HAS AGREED TO KEEP HANDS OFF CHINA'S INTERNAL POLICIES IN EXCHANGE FOR INTERNATIONAL SOLIDARITY--A CHEAP GIFT FROM CHINA SINCE IT ALREADY WAS GIVING IT, WHOLEHEARTEDLY.

THE NET RESULT OF THE NEW AGREEMENTS, SAY THESE INFORMED FOREIGNERS, WILL BE TO LESSEN THE EFFECT OF UNITED STATES PROPAGANDA IN THE FAR EAST. WASHINGTON'S CHIEF HOPE LAY IN A POSSIBLE RIFT BETWEEN CHINA AND RUSSIA.

THIS APPARENTLY IS NOT DEVELOPING.

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PARIS, FEB.15-(AP)-A FRENCH COURT TODAY FINED A COMMUNIST EDITOR 6,000 FRANCS ($17) FOR SUGGESTING FRANCE FOLLOWS AMERICAN ORDERS IN THE UNITED NATIONS.

FLORIMOND BONTE, THE EDITOR WHO IS ALSO A MEMBER OF THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY, WROTE IN THE OFFICIAL COMMUNIST WEEKLY FRANCE NOUVELLE:

"THE FRENCH DELEGATION TO THE U.N. BEHAVES LIKE A PACK OF DOGS WHOSE MASTER CAN MAKE THEM BARK BY A GESTURE OF HIS EYE OR FINGER."

THE COURT SAID THE ARTICLE INSULTED AND LIBELLED THE FRENCH CABINET.

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The French cabinet today approved

paris, thursday, feb. 16-(ap)- special measures to protect transpo of military equipment in the face of a communist-led general labor confederation (cgt) strike on french railways tomorrow, [redacted] approved early today by the council of ministers.

pierre-henri teitgen, minister of state, said premier georges bidault will send special instructions to prefects and other officials "to insure the maintenance of public order and the general protection of public services."

the ministerial council met until long after midnight to approve them.

the cgt ordered the strike for two hours, between 8 a.m. and 10 a.m. friday. the order comes on the heels of cgt-led demonstrations in which dockworkers were incited to strike and refuse to unload american military aid ships.

the cgt also asked railway men and dockworkers [redacted] not to load arms for indochina and there were instances of sabotage

and [redacted] fights tuesday. nice dockworkers threw into the water there a military device they said was a ramp for firing v-2 rockets.

the government move apparently was aimed at curbing

sabotage of military shipments. teitgen's first announcement did not say so specifically.

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rome, feb. 15-(ap)-the communist press speculated today that a secret international nazi gang may have headquarters here. rome's international police, a division of the federal police, said they knoew nothing about any such organization.

the communist paper "unita" and the communist-line organ "paese" played up french reports that otto skorzeny, [redacted] nazi ss colonel, who rescued mussolini in 1943, had left paris for rome. unita also recently reported that dino grandi, ex fascist great, had slipped into rome from argentina.

police had no [redacted] said they such information.

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TRIESTE, FREE TERRITORY, FEB.15-(AP)-A TWO-DAY GENERAL STRIKE THAT PARALYZED THE CITY ENDED AT MIDNIGHT TONIGHT, AFTER A DAY OF DEMONSTRATIONS BROKEN BY CIVIL POLICE WITH FIRE HOSES.

TWO PERSONS WERE SLIGHTLY INJURED AND 30 ARRESTED, BRINGING THE TOTAL ARRESTED TO 41 IN TWO DAYS.

THE POLICE FORCE OF 5,000, IN MOTORCYCLE AND MOUNTED UNITS, DISPERSED THOUSANDS OF STRIKERS WHO SWARMED THROUGH THE STREETS.

THE STRIKE'S AIM WAS TO STRENGTHEN DEMANDS BY TRIESTE INDUSTRIAL WORKERS FOR A 60-LIRE (10-CENT) INCREASE IN THEIR DAILY COST OF LIVING BONUS.

AN ESTIMATED 25,000 INDUSTRIAL WORKERS HAVE BEEN OUT SINCE FEB. 1. THEY WILL CONTINUE THEIR STRIKE.

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ROME, FEB. 15-(AP)-ITALY'S NEW COALITION GOVERNMENT WAS APPROVED BY THE CHAMBER OF DEPUTIES LAST NIGHT AFTER A FIST-FLYING BRAWL IN WHICH A COMMUNIST DEPUTY TRIED TO STRIKE PREMIER ALCIDE DE GASPERI.

DE GASPERI'S CABINET, FORMED JAN. 27 AFTER A THREE-WEEKS CRISIS, WAS APPROVED BY A VOTE OF 314 TO 139, WITH 12 ABSTENTIONS.

A WILD MELEE STARTED IN THE CENTER OF THE CHAMBER FLOOR WHEN COMMUNIST DEPUTY LUIGI DI MAURO FLEW AT THE PREMIER FOR A STATEMENT HE MADE. DE GASPERI'S CHRISTIAN DEMOCRAT SUPPORTERS BLOCKED THE ATTACK AND DROVE DI MAURO FROM THE HALL.

DE GASPERI HAD CHARGED THE COMMUNISTS WITH STARTING A RIOT IN INDUSTRIAL MODENA LAST MONTH IN WHICH SIX WORKERS LOST THEIR LIVES.

PIETRO TOGLIATTI, COMMUNIST LEADER PALMIRO TOGLIATTI, WHO USUALLY REMAINS CALM, BELLOWED HOARSELY, POUNDED HIS DESK AND RAN DOWN ONTO THE FLOOR TO JOIN THE FIGHT.

ANOTHER COMMUNIST DIVED FROM HIS BENCH INTO THE MIDDLE OF THE AFFRAY AS OTHERS SWARMED FROM THEIR SEATS. SOMEONE BIT LABOR MINISTER ACHILLE MARAZZA'S FINGER.

CHAMBER PRESIDENT FINALLY HAD TO CLEAR THE GALLERIES BY ORDERING THE SIRENS BLOWN WHEN HUSKY USHERS FAILED TO RESTORE ORDER. HE THEN EXPELLED DI MAURO FROM PARLIAMENT FOR THE REST OF THE SESSION.

CHRISTIAN DEMOCRATS, LABOR SOCIALISTS AND REPUBLICANS VOTED FOR THE NEW DE GASPERI GOVERNMENT. COMMUNISTS AND LEFT-WING SOCIALISTS VOTED AGAINST AND THE LIBERALS (CONSERVATIVES) ABSTAINED.

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GENEVA, FEB.15-(AP)-ISRAEL AND HER ARAB NEIGHBORS REACHED AGREEMENT HERE TODAY ON THE LIMITED FREEING OF BLOCKED ARAB ACCOUNTS IN JEWISH AND ARAB RANKS.

SOME ASPECTS OF THE COMPLICATED BLOCKED ACCOUNTS PROBLEM REMAINED UNSOLVED UNDER TODAY'S AGREEMENT.

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LEOPOLD HAS DECLARED IN SWITZERLAND THAT HE WILL NOT RESUME HIS THRONE UNLESS 55 PER CENT OF THE VOTES FAVOR HIS RECALL.

THE SOCIALISTS ADVOCATE HIS ABDICATION IN FAVOR OF HIS SON.

LEOPOLD CAME INTO DISFAVOR WITH MANY OF HIS SUBJECTS BECAUSE OF HIS QUICK SURRENDER OF BELGIAN FORCES TO THE NAZIS EARLY IN WORLD WAR II AND BECAUSE HE DID NOT JOIN THE BELGIAN GOVERNMENT-IN-EXILE.

IF PARLIAMENT DECIDES TO INVITE LEOPOLD BACK IT WOULD FIRST VOTE THE END OF THE PRESENT REGENCY OF THE KING'S BROTHER, PRINCE CHARLES.

WW1128AES

WITH WASHINGTON (B10)

BERLIN, FEB. 15-(AP)-CECILE VON GOETZ, OUSTED AMERICAN SECRETARY, AND A PENNILESS YOUNG GERMAN HAD PLANNED TO "LIVE FOREVER" IN GERMANY'S SOVIET ZONE UNTIL RED POLICE FRIGHTENED THEM, THE YOUTH'S AUNT SAID TODAY.

"AH, THEY WERE SO IN LOVE," SAID THE AUNT, A MRS. HEIMBECK OF HER NEPHEW KURT TACKENBERG, 21, AND HIS 26-YEAR-OLD GIRL FRIEND FROM WASHINGTON, D.C.

CECILE RETURNED TO WASHINGTON LAST NIGHT, AFTER THE U.S. ARMY HAD ESCORTED HER OUT OF BERLIN FOR OVERSTAYING HER RESIDENCE PERMIT. OCCUPATION OFFICIALS SAID SHE AND KURT HAD SPENT MORE THAN A MONTH IN THE SOVIET ZONE.

CECILE TOLD REPORTERS IN WASHINGTON SHE WILL RENOUNCE HER U.S. CITIZENSHIP "IF THE AMERICAN GOVERNMENT DOES NOT PERMIT ME TO RETURN TO GERMANY."

"IT'S A PITY THAT KURT WAS SO YOUNG AND DIDN'T HAVE A JOB AND ONLY ONE SUIT," THE AUNT SAID. "THEY BOTH HAD MARRIAGE IN MIND, BUT THERE WERE SUCH DIFFICULTIES."

"THEY TRIED THEIR LUCK IN THE SOVIET ZONE FROM MID-NOVEMBER UNTIL JAN. 31 -- THEY WOULD HAVE STAYED THERE FOREVER, JUST TO BE TOGETHER -- BUT POLICE QUESTIONED THEM ABOUT ALLEGATIONS OF ESPIONAGE AND SOMS MURDER."

YESTERDAY LT. COL. E.R. KELLY QUOTED MISS VON GOETZ AS SAYING THAT WHILE SHE WAS IN THE SOVIET ZONE, THE RUSSIANS HAD PLACED A PHONEY MURDER CHARGE AGAINST HER BOY FRIEND.

CECILE, FORMERLY EMPLOYED BY THE ALLIED MILITARY SECURITY BOARD, WAS RETURNED TO THE UNITED STATES BY PLANE. SHE HAD BEEN ABOUT TO FACE TRIAL BY AN AMERICAN COURT ON AN ILLEGAL RESIDENCE CHARGE.

SHE SAID IN WASHINGTON LAST NIGHT THAT IT WAS NOT TRUE THAT SHE LEFT VOLUNTARILY.

"THEY SEEMED TO THINK I WAS A SPY OR SOMETHING," SHE SAID.

MRS. HEIMBECK SAID PART OF THE TIME THE ROMANTIC PAIR STAYED AT HER OWN SIMPLE FLAT IN BERLIN'S BRITISH SECTOR.

B84

WHEN MISS GOETZ' TEMPORARY RESIDENCE PERMIT FOR GERMANY WAS ABOUT TO END, SHE SAID, THE COUPLE WENT TO LIVE IN THURINGIA, IN THE SOVIET ZONE.

"CECILE'S MOTHER IN WASHINGTON USED TO SEND MONEY FROM TIME T TIME," THE AUNT SAID. "THIS I CHANGED INTO EAST MARKS AND KOFCNFGOGLTO THE YOUNG ONES. THEY HAD NO OTHER FUNDS."

"THOSE MUST HAVE BEEN HARD DAYS. WHEN THE TWO OF THEM CAME BACK HERE THEY WERE DOWNRIGHT EXHAUSTED AND DESPARATE.

"CECILE HAD NOT TRIED TO HIDE HER AMERICAN NATIONALITY, ALTHOUGH SHE SPOKE GERMAN LIKE A GERMAN. THE EAST ZONE POLICE QUESTIONED BOTH A NUMBER OF TIMES."

MRS. HEIMBECK SAID HER NEPHEW WANDERED BACK INTO SOVIET

OCCUPATION TERRITORY LAST SUNDAY, AFTER PARTING FROM CECILE "IN A REASONABLE WAY."

CECILE SAID IN WASHINGTON LAST NIGHT THE U.S. ARMY HAD TAKEN KURT INTO CUSTODY.

"I'M SURE CECILE WILL COME BACK SOME DAY TO KURT," THE AUNT DECLARED, "SHE SAID SO, AND SHE HAS ALWAYS KEPT HER WORD."

JB1013AES

BERLIN, FEB.15-(AP)-THE RUSSIANS STOPPED AN AMERICAN MILITARY TRAIN FOR TWO HOURS AT THE SOVIET FRONTIER LAST NIGHT, OBJECTING TO THE PRESENCE OF TWO SWISS OFFICIALS OF THE INTERNATIONAL RED CROSS.

THE AMERICAN TRAIN COMMANDER REFUSED A RUSSIAN DEMAND THAT HE SIGN A PAPER ADMITTING HE HAD TWO ILLEGAL PASSENGERS ABOARD.

AT 1 A.M. LOCAL TIME THE SOVIETS FINALLY ALLOWED THE TRAIN TO PROCEED ACROSS THE MARIENBORN CHECKPOINT INTO WEST GERMANY.

THE SWISS, IDENTIFIED IN AN AMERICAN STATEMENT AS GEORG HOFFMANN AND MISS RENE WALKER, WERE NOT REMOVED FROM THE TRAIN.

THE RUSSIANS MAINTAIN THAT ONLY PERSONNEL OF THE FOUR OCCUPYING POWERS MAY RIDE MILITARY TRAINS AND THUS BE FREE FROM SOVIET CONTROLS AT THE BORDER.

THE INTERNATIONAL RED CROSS HAS BEEN CONSIDERED A NON-COMMERCIAL AGENCY SPONSORED BY THE ALLIED POWERS AND THEREFORE HAS HAD SOME SPECIAL PRIVILEGES. AMERICAN AUTHORITIES SAID SWISS REPRESENTATIVES OF THE RED CROSS HAVE FREQUENTLY TRAVELED ON MILITARY TRAINS WITHOUT RUSSIAN OBJECTION. THEY ARE ISSUED TRAVEL ORDERS, THE SAME AS ALLIED PERSONNEL.

MK842AES

BERLIN, FEB 15-(AP)-THE START OF EUROPEAN RECOVERY CREDITS FOR BERLIN HAD AN IMMEDIATE STRENGTHENING EFFECT ON THE WEST MARK HERE TODAY.

OVERNIGHT, THE SOVIET ZONE EAST MARK SLIPPED TO ITS LOWEST VALUE IN A YEAR, TO A POINT LESS THAN A SEVENTH OF THE WEST MARK.

THE U.S. HIGH COMMISSION ANNOUNCED YESTERDAY RELEASE OF 100,000,000 WEST MARKS (ABOUT $23,000,000) IN CREDITS TO BOLSTER WEST BERLIN'S ECONOMY.

FOR MORE THAN A YEAR THE EAST MARK HAS RANGED BETWEEN 5.25 AND 6.00 TO ONE WEST MARK. THE EXCHANGE OFFICES TODAY QUOTED IT AT 7.10. AT THE SAME TIME, THE BLACK MARKET QUOTED THE WEST MARK AT 4.50 TO THE DOLLAR. IT HAD BEEN AN EVEN FIVE. THE OFFICIAL RATE IS 23.8 CENTS.

MF916AES

MUNICH, GERMANY, FEB. 15-(AP)-HEINRICH HIMMLER'S FORMER CHIEF OF STAFF TESTIFIED TODAY THAT EVERY S.S. (ELITE GUARD) MAN WAS ORDERED IN 1940 TO FATHER A CHILD BEFORE GOING TO THE FRONT.

THE STAFF CHIEF, PAUL WOLFF, SAID THE ORDER WAS ISSUED BY RUDOLF HESS, A DEPUTY FUEHRER NOW SERVING A LIFE TERM FOR WAR CRIMES.

WOLFF'S STATEMENT WAS MADE IN A GERMAN COURT TRYING SEVEN GERMANS ON CHARGES OF OPERATING CHILD BREEDING FARMS WHERE UNMARRIED WOMEN WERE INDUCED TO BEAR CHILDREN BY APPROVED SPECIMENS OF "PURE ARYAN" MANHOOD FOR HITLER.

"THE ORDER TO FATHER A CHILD BEFORE GOING TO THE FRONT DID NOT APPLY TO THE WEHRMACHT (ARMY), BUT ONLY TO THE S.S.," WOLFF TESTIFIED. "WE FEARED THAT THE POPULATION WOULD BE DISTURBED IF IT WERE EXTENDED TO THE WEHRMACHT. AS IT WAS, WOMEN VIGOROUSLY OPPOSED THE PROGRAM."

JS415PES

NEUMUENSTER--FIRST ADD HEDLER (B63) XXX HANDLE IT.

INFORMED OF HEDLER'S ACQUITTAL, MCCLOY SAID:

"I HAVE NOT SEEN THE DECISION OR THE OPINION OF THE COURT AND SO I SUPPOSE IT IS IMPROPER FOR ME TO COMMENT ON THE COURT' ACTION AS SUCH.

"HEDLER MAY HAVE BEEN ACQUITTED BY A COURT, BUT IF HE DID IN FACT SAY THE THINGS WHICH ARE ATTRIBUTED TO HIM, I DOUBT THAT HE CAN OR WILL EVER BE ACQUITTED MORALLY BY THE PUBLIC OPINION OF THE WORLD OR, INDEED, OF GERMANY."

FZ911AES

PRAGUE, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, FEB.15-(AP)-THE CZECH OFFICE OF CHURCH AFFAIRS AND THE AMERICAN MORMON CHURCH WERE DEEP IN NEGOTIATIONS TODAY TO DECIDE WHETHER MORMON MISSIONARIES WILL BE ALLOWED TO CONTINUE THEIR WORK HERE.

WALLACE TORONTO, HEAD OF THE MORMON CHURCH IN CZECHOSLOVAKIA, DISCLOSED THAT HE HAD BEEN NEGOTIATING WITH OFFICIALS OF THE CZECH MINISTRY ON THE QUESTION FOR SEVERAL WEEKS. HE SAID A DECISION WAS EXPECTED BY THE END OF THE MONTH.

TORONTO'S DISCLOSURE CAME A DAY AFTER THE ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE CZECH FOREIGN MINISTRY THAT TWO AMERICAN MORMON MISSIONARIES HAVE BEEN ARRESTED FOR ALLEGEDLY ATTEMPTING TO "ENTER A PROHIBITED AREA."

TORONTO POINTED OUT THAT UNDER THE CZECH CHURCH CONTROL LAWS, WHICH BECAME EFFECTIVE NOV.1, THE HEADS OF RELIGIOUS ORGANIZATIONS AND OFFICIATING CLERGYMEN HERE MUST BE CZECHOSLOVAK CITIZENS.

TORONTO SAID HE HOPED TO GET AN EXEMPTION FOR HIS AMERICAN MISSIONARIES.

"IF WE DON'T," TORONO SAI /E IW TURN OVER OUR WORK TO LOCAL MORMONS HERE AND LEAVE, BECAUSE OUR STAY HERE WILL BE POINTLESS. BUT WE WILL BE HAPPY TO REMAIN IF THE GOVERNMENT GIVES ITS APPROVAL."

TORONTO SAID HE AND HIS WIFE AND SIX CHILDREN HAVE NO INTENTIONS "AT THE MOMENT" OF LEAVING BEFORE THE NEGOTIATIONS ARE CONCLUDED.

"EVERYTHING DEPENDS ON THE OUTCOME OF THE TALKS," HE SAID.

THE CHURCH HAS 250 CONVERTS HERE AND ABOUT 18 MISSIONARIES WORKING IN NUMEROUS TOWNS AND CITIES THROUGHOUT THE COUNTRY.

TORONTO SAID HE HAD RECEIVED NO FURTHER WORD FROM THE CZECH POLICE REGARDING THE IMPRISONMENT OF THE TWO MISSIONARIES, STANLEY E. ABBOTT, 23, OF LEHI, UTAH, AND C. ALDON JOHNSON, 22, OF IDAHO FALLS, IDAHO.

THE TWO MEN HAD DISAPPEARED JAN.28 WHILE TRAVELLING THROUGH MORAVIA TO VISIT CHURCH MEMBERS LIVING NEAR THE POLISH BORDER.

YESTERDAY'S FOREIGN MINISTRY ANNOUNCEMENT WAS THE FIRST OFFICIAL WORD AS TO THE WHEREABOUTS OF THE TWO MEN.

THE ANNOUNCEMENT DID NOT SAY WHERE THE MEN WERE JAILED NOR DID IT ELABORATE ON THE CHARGES AGAINST THEM.

IT HAS BEEN RELIABLY REPORTED THAT THE MEN ARE BEING HELD IN OLOMOUC, IN MORAVIA.

MK813AES

PRAGUE, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, FEB.15-(AP)-THE SLOVAK STATE GOVERNMENT HAS INSTALLED ITS OWN HAND PICKED CANDIDATE AS ADMINISTRATOR OF A ROMAN CATHOLIC DIOCESE AFTER OUSTING THE NOMINEE OF HIGH CHURCH AUTHORITIES, IT WAS DISCLOSED TODAY.

THE SLOVAK COMMUNIST PAPER PRAVDA SAID THE NEW ADMINISTRATOR, DEAN JAN DECHET, 42, WAS INSTALLED MONDAY TO FILL THE POST MADE VACANT BY THE DEATH OF BISHOP JAN SKRABIK OF BANSKA BYSTRICA ON JAN.8.

IT DESCRIBED DEAN DECHE AS A GOO AND LOYAL" CITIZEN.

THE PAPER SAID THAT CHURCH AUTHORITIES OF BANSKA BYSTRICA, IN CENTRAL SLOVAKIA, HAD PICKED VICAR DR.DANIEL BRIEDON TO FILL THE POST BUT HAD FAILED TO ASK FOR PRIOR PERMISSION OF THE OFFICE OF CHURCH AFFAIRS AS PROVIDED BY THE NEW CHURCH CONTROLS LAWS.

MK853AES

RED ALLIANCE
BY EDDY GILMORE

MOSCOW, FEB.15-(AP)-THE SOVIET UNION AND CHINA LAST NIGHT SIGNED SWEEPING TREATIES WHICH ALLY THE WORLD'S TWO LARGEST COMMUNIST COUNTRIES IN PEACE OR POSSIBLE WAR FOR THE NEXT 30 YEARS.

THE TREATIES, SIGNED IN THE KREMLIN AFTER NEARLY TWO MONTHS OF INTENSIVE NEGOTIATIONS, WERE SAID TO BE AIMED AT DEVELOPING AND STRENGTHENING THE ECONOMIC AND CULTURAL TIES OF THE TWO NATIONS, AND PREVENTING THE REBIRTH OF JAPANESE AGGRESSION.

RUSSIA AGREED TO LEND COMMUNIST CHINA $300,000,000 (M) OVER THE NEXT FIVE YEARS AND GIVE UP RAILROAD AND NAVIGATION RIGHTS IN MANCHURIA BY 1952.

(IN WASHINGTON, DIPLOMATIC AUTHORITIES SPECULATED THAT THE TREATY MAY HAVE SECRET CLAUSES, SINCE THE PUBLISHED AGREEMENTS WERE SILENT ON REPORTED RED CHINESE DESIRES FOR PLANES AND SHIPS TO SEND AGAINST NATIONALIST-HELD FORMOSA.

(FIRST REACTION IN JAPAN WAS THAT THE RUSSIAN LOAN WAS SURPRISINGLY SMALL. THE ANNOUNCED TOTAL OF $300,000,000 IS ONLY A FRACTION OF THE AMOUNT CHINA NEEDS TO BUY MACHINERY AND GOODS TO INDUSTRIALIZE THE SPRAWLING, WAR-SHATTERED NATION).

NEGOTIATIONS HAD BEEN CARRIED ON BY PRIME MINISTER JOSEPH STALIN AND FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI Y. VISHINSKY FOR THE SOVIET UNION, AND CHINESE COMMUNIST LEADER MAO TZE-TUNG AND PREMIER AND FOREIGN MINISTER CHOU EN-LAI FOR CHINA. VISHINSKY AND CHOU SIGNED THE DOCUMENTS.

A TREATY OF FRIENDSHIP, ALLIANCE AND MUTUAL AID CALLS FOR THE FULLEST ASSISTANCE BY EITHER PARTY IF THE OTHER IS ATTACKED BY JAPAN "OR ANY OTHER STATE WHICH DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY WOULD UNITE IN ANY FORM WITH JAPAN IN ACTS OF AGGRESSION."

THE TREATIES BRING TO AN END THE 1945 RUSSO-CHINESE PACT, SIGNED AS THE RESULT OF THE YALTA AGREEMENT, IN WHICH THE SOVIETS WERE GIVEN A HAND IN CONTROL OF THE MANCHURIAN NAVAL BASE AT PORT ARTHUR, THE PORT OF DAIREN AND THE CHANGCHUN RAILROAD THROUGH SOUTHERN MANCHURIA.

A 38

THE NEW MANCHURIAN AGREEMENTS ARE TO BECOME EFFECTIVE IMMEDIATELY UPON CONCLUSION OF A JAPANESE PEACE TREATY OR NOT LATER THAN 1952. THEY PROVIDE THAT:

1. THE SOVIET UNION WILL TRANSFER WITHOUT COMPENSATION ALL ITS RIGHTS IN THE JOINT ADMINISTRATION OF THE CHANGCHUN RAILWAY, WHICH RUNS THROUGH SOUTHERN MANCHURIA AND CONNECTS WITH THE SOVIET PORT OF VLADIVOSTOK.

2. SOVIET TROOPS WILL BE WITHDRAWN FROM THE JOINTLY OPERATED NAVAL BASE AT PORT ARTHUR. INSTALLATIONS IN THE DISTRICT WILL BE TURNED OVER TO CHINA, AND CHINA IS TO PAY THE SOVIET UNION FOR THEIR RESTORATION AND FOR BUILDING CARRIED OUT SINCE 1945.

3. ADMINISTRATION IN THE FREE PORT OF DAIREN IS TO BE TRANSFERRED FROM RUSSIAN MANAGEMENT TO CHINESE, AND ALL PROPERTIES NOW LEASED IN THE AREA BY RUSSIA ARE TO BE RETURNED TO CHINA.

THESE THREE POINTS WILL ABOLISH THE PROVISIONS OF THE RUSSO-CHINESE PACT OF 1945. IN THAT PACT GENERALISSIMO CHIANG KAI-SHEK'S NATIONALIST GOVERNMENT AGREED TO PERMIT RUSSIA TO OPERATE THE CHANGCHUN RAILROAD, JOINT USE OF THE ICE-FREE NAVAL BASE AT PORT ARTHUR, WITH RUSSIA IN CHARGE OF ITS DEFENSE, WAS PROVIDED FOR. DAIREN ALSO ICE-FREE THE YEAR-AROUND, WAS DECLARED A FREE PORT WITH THE HARBOR MASTER TO BE A RUSSIAN AND RUSSIA GETTING FREE LEASE ON HALF THE PORT INSTALLATIONS AND EQUIPMENT. BOTH PORTS ARE IN THE NORTH CHINA SEA, AND ARE RUSSIA'S ONLY YEAR-ROUND OUTLET TO THE PACIFIC.

RUSSIA ALSO AGREED TO GRANT $300,000,000 IN CREDITS TO CHINA OVER A FIVE-YEAR PERIOD FOR THE PURCHASE OF RUSSIAN-MADE INDUSTRIAL EQUIPMENT AND OTHER MATERIALS. THE CREDITS ARE DIVIDED INTO INSTALMENTS OF $60,000,000 YEARLY AND ARE TO BE REPAID IN 10 ANNUAL PAYMENTS AT ONE PER CENT INTEREST, BEGINNING IN 1954.

THE TEXT OF THE AGREEMENT CALLS FOR THE LOAN TO BE CALCULATED IN AMERICAN DOLLARS.

THE FOREIGN MINISTERS ALSO EXCHANGED NOTES PROVIDING FOR THE TRANSFER TO CHINA OF "ALL BUILDINGS OF FORMER MILITARY CANTONMENTS." THIS OBVIOUSLY REFERRED TO MILITARY BARRACKS SET UP IN PEIPING BY THE OLD CZARIST RUSSIAN REGIME.

THE SIGNING OF THE AGREEMENTS WAS CELEBRATED AT A RECEPTION AT THE CHINESE EMBASSY WHICH WAS ATTENDED BY PRIME MINISTER STALIN.

A39

IT WAS THE FIRST TIME SINCE THE WAR THAT THE SOVIET PREMIER HAD BEEN A GUEST OF A FOREIGN EMBASSY IN MOSCOW. THIS WAS REGARDED AS A SIGN OF HIS HIGH ESTEEM FOR THE CHINESE COMMUNIST LEADERS.

AFTER THE SIGNING, CHOU SAID IN A BROADCAST MESSAGE: "THE UNITY OF THE PEOPLES OF CHINA AND THE SOVIET UNION, WHICH NUMBER ABOUT 700,000,000, IS A FORCE WHICH IT IS IMPOSSIBLE TO DEFEAT."

ONE PART OF THE FRIENDSHIP TREATY SAYS THE CONTRACTING PARTIES "DECLARE THEIR READINESS, IN THE SPIRIT OF SINCERE COOPERATION, TO TAKE PART IN ALL INTERNATIONAL ACTIONS WHICH HAVE AS THEIR OBJECT TO ENSURE PEACE AND SECURITY THROUGHOUT THE ENTIRE WORLD AND WILL COMPLETELY DEVOTE THEIR ENERGIES TO THE SPEEDIEST REALIZATION OF THESE OBJECTS."

THE TWO NATIONS AGREE TO WORK FOR CONCLUSION "IN THE SHORTEST POSSIBLE SPACE OF TIME" A PEACE TREATY WITH JAPAN JOINTLY WITH THE OTHER ALLIES IN WORLD WAR II.

AN AUXILIARY NOTE TO THE MAIN AGREEMENTS CALL FOR RECOGNITION BY CHINA OF THE INDEPENDENCE AND SOVEREIGNTY OF THE MONGOLIAN PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC, (OUTER MONGOLIA).

ANOTHER SUCH NOTE DECLARES THAT RUSSIA WILL RETURN TO CHINA WITHOUT COST ALL PROPERTY ACQUIRED BY SOVIET ORGANIZATIONS FROM JAPANESE PROPERTY OWNERS IN MANCHURIA.

MK524AES

WITH RED ALLIANCE BJT

MOSCOW, FEB.15-(AP)-MOSCOW'S TWO BIG NEWSPAPERS, THE COMMUNIST PARTY ORGAN PRAVDA AND GOVERNMENT ORGAN IZVESTIA, BOTH CARRIED FULL PAGE-WIDE PICTURES TODAY OF THE SIGNING OF THE SOVIET-CHINESE ALLIANCE OF FRIENDSHIP AND MUTUAL AID.

FRONT PAGES WERE ENTIRELY FILLED WITH LAST NIGHT'S NEWS OF THE AGREEMENTS, NOTES AND SPEECHES CONNECTED WITH THE 30-YEAR ALLIANCE OF THE WORLD'S TWO LARGEST COMMUNIST NATIONS.

THE PICTURES SHOWED SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI Y. VISHINSKY SIGNING THE HISTORIC DOCUMENTS WHILE PRIME MINISTER JOSEPH STALIN LOOKED ON WITH COMMUNIST CHINA LEADER MAO TZE-TUNG AND PREMIER-FOREIGN MINISTER CHOU EN-LAI.

MAO AND CHOU WORE PLAIN, SEMI-MILITARY TUNICS. VISHINSKY WAS DRESSED IN THE FORMAL UNIFORM OF THE SOVIET FOREIGN SERVICE -- DARK BLUE WITH GOLD BRAID ON THE CUFFS, LAPELS AND EPAULETS.

MAO, WHO STOOD JUST BESIDE STALIN WITH HIS ARMS BEHIND HIM, WAS SHOWN LOOKING OFF INTO THE DISTANCE.

MOSCOW RADIO ALSO WAS DEVOTING FULL TIME TO THE ANNOUNCEMENT OF THE ALLIANCE.

THE RADIO STARTED IN THE EARLY HOURS OF THE MORNING, GIVING OUT THE NEWS IN MANY LANGUAGES INCLUDING THOSE OF THE FAR EAST.

MK826AES

NIGHT LEAD PACT (WITH LONDON) (150)

MOSCOW, FEB.15-(AP)-FOREIGN EMBASSY OFFICIALS SPECULATED TODAY WHETHER CHINA WILL FOLLOW UP HER FRIENDSHIP PACT WITH RUSSIA BY JOINING THE ECONOMIC COUNCIL OF MUTUAL AID (ECMA), THE SOVIET-STYLE MARSHALL PLAN.

MEMBERS OF THE COUNCIL ARE RUSSIA, POLAND, HUNGARY, ROMANIA, BULGARIA, CZECHOSLOVAKIA AND ALBANIA. ECMA WAS ORGANIZED IN JANUARY, 1949, AS A SORT OF ECONOMIC EXTENSION OF THE COMINFORM TO PROMOTE "BROADER ECONOMIC COOPERATION OF THE COUNTRIES OF THE PEOPLE'S DEMOCRACIES."

DIPLOMATS HERE WHO ARE CONCERNED WITH COMMERCIAL QUESTIONS REGARD CHINA'S MEMBERSHIP AS A DISTINCT POSSIBILITY.

AS A MEMBER, CHINA COULD MORE EASILY MAKE AGREEMENTS FOR ECONOMIC COOPERATION WITH THE COUNTRIES OF EASTERN EUROPE. SHE THUS MIGHT SUPPLEMENT THE FIVE-YEAR $300,000,000 ECONOMIC AID SHE IS TO RECEIVE FROM RUSSIA.

NOW THAT CHAIRMAN MAO TZE-TUNG OF THE CHINESE COMMUNIST GOVERNMENT HAS CONCLUDED HIS ALLIANCE AND OTHER AGREEMENTS WITH THE SOVIET UNION, HE IS EXPECTED TO BE LEAVING FOR PEIPING ANY DAY. HE HAS BEEN IN MOSCOW 61 DAYS.

HA838PES

MOSCOW, FEB.15-(AP)-THE SOVIET PRESS TODAY CALLED THE CURRENT PARLEY OF AMERICAN DIPLOMATS IN BANGKOK, THAILAND, A CONCLAVE OF "AMERICAN IMPERIALISTS AGAINST THE PEOPLES OF ASIA."

A TASS DISPATCH FROM NEW DELHI STRESSED THAT THE TALKS WERE "TAKING PLACE BEHIND CLOSED DOORS" AND SAID THE PARLEY WAS DESIGNED TO "UNITE ALL REACTIONARY AND PUPPET REGIMES IN THE COUNTRIES OF SOUTHEAST ASIA AND THE FAR EAST FOR A STRUGGLE AGAINST THE NATIONAL LIBERATION MOVEMENT PEOPLES OF THESE COUNTRIES."

THE SOVIET NEWS AGENCY DECLARED THE AMERICAN DIPLOMATS WISH TO CREATE A "FAR EASTERN BRANCH OF THE AGGRESSIVE ATLANTIC PACK."

(TWENTY UNITED STATES DIPLOMATS OF THE FAR EAST ARE MEETING IN BANGKOK. IT IS UNDERSTOOD THE TALKS HAVE REVOLVED AROUND THE ASIAN ANTI-COMMUNIST PACT, FIRST SUGGESTED BY THE PHILIPPINES AND THAILAND.)

MK821AES

CHINESE (200)

TAIPEI, FORMOSA, FEB. 15-(AP)-A NATIONALIST CHINESE COUNTEROFFENSIVE ON THE ASIAN MAINLAND WAS PROMISED TODAY BUT NO HINT WAS GIVEN WHEN IT WOULD START.

LEAFLETS TELLING ABOUT THE OFFENSIVE WILL BE DROPPED ON RED CHINA FRIDAY, BEGINNING OF THE CHINESE LUNAR NEW YEAR. THE LEAFLETS SAY: "OUR GROUND, AIR AND NAVAL FORCES WILL LAUNCH A COUNTEROFFENSIVE ON THE MAINLAND AND RETAKE IT."

NATIONALISTS ON THE RED MAINLAND WERE CALLED UPON TO AID NATIONALIST ARMED FORCES IN EVERY WAY POSSIBLE AND TO "SUPPORT THEM IN OVER-THROWING BANDIT MAO TZE-TUNG AND THE RUSSIAN BIG NOSES." ("BIG NOSES" IS THE MILDLY DERISIVE CHINESE TERM FOR FOREIGNERS.)

THE DEFENSE MINISTRY SAID NATIONALIST GUERRILLAS EARLY THIS MONTH ATTACKED A CONSIGNMENT OF 30,000 RIFLES AND MACHINEGUNS WHICH THE CHINESE REDS WERE SAID TO BE SHIPPING BY RIVER TO HO CHI-MINH, MOSCOW TRAINED LEADER OF THE VIETNAM STATE IN NORTHERN INDOCHINA.

THE ATTACK, THE MINISTRY SAID, OCCURRED BETWEEN NANNING IN KWANGSI PROVINCE AND THE INDOCHINA BORDER ON FEB. 3.

THE MINISTRY REPORTED TWO JUNKLOADS OF ARMS WERE SUNK AND 586 RIFLES AND FOUR MACHINEGUNS WERE CAPTURED.

DISPATCHES SAID INVASION-THREATENED HAINAN ISLAND OFF THE SOUTH CHINA COAST MOUNTED PLANE ATTACKS ON RED BOATS MASSED ON NEARBY LEUCHOW PENINSULA.

X510APS NM

TOKYO, FEB.15-(AP)-CLOYCE HUSTON, AMERICAN MEMBER OF THE ALLIED COUNCIL FOR JAPAN, ASKED PUBLICLY TODAY IF THE RUSSIANS BY BOYCOTTING COUNCIL SESSIONS ARE "FULFILLING THE FUNCTIONS FOR WHICH" THEY ARE "ASSIGNED TO THIS HEADQUARTERS."

THE STATEMENT BY HUSTON, ACTING CHAIRMAN AND AMERICAN MEMBER OF THE FOUR POWER GROUP, SEEMED TO RAISE THE QUESTION OF WHETHER THE RUSSIANS SHOULD CONTINUE IN OCCUPIED JAPAN IF THEY DO NOT FULFILL THEIR ROLE HERE AS PARTICIPANTS IN THE COUNCIL.

THE RUSSIANS ARE IN TOKYO OFFICIALLY ONLY AS MEMBERS OF THE ALLIED COUNCIL WHICH THEY BOYCOTTED AGAIN TODAY AS THEY DID TWO WEEKS AGO RATHER THAN DISCUSS REPATRIATION OF JAPANESE PRISONERS OF WAR. THEY WALKED OUT ON THE THREE MEETINGS PREVIOUS TO THE FIRST BOYCOTT.

REPATRIATION OF THE JAPANESE IS STILL ON THE COUNCIL'S AGENDA FOR THE NEXT MEETING ALTHOUGH THE CHINESE AND BRITISH COMMONWEALTH MEMBERS TODAY EXPRESSED THE OPINION IT MIGHT BE DROPPED SINCE THE RUSSIANS OBVIOUSLY WILL NOT TALK ABOUT THE PROBLEM.

B832ACS

TREATY COMMENT (160)

TOKYO, THURSDAY, FEB. 16-(AP)-MOST TOKYO NEWSPAPER EDITORS TODAY LABELLED THE SOVIET-CHINESE COMMUNIST TREATY A MILITARY PACT DIRECTED AT JAPAN AND THE UNITED STATES RATHER AIMING AT PEACE.

YOMIURI CALLED THE TREATY "A MILITARY ALLIANCE RATHER THAN A FRATERNAL PACT, AIMED AT JAPAN AND THE UNITED STATES."

THE CONSERVATIVE FINANCIAL PAPER NIHON KEIZAI TOOK A SIMILAR VIEW BUT ADDED: "THERE WOULD BE NO NECESSITY FOR SUCH A TREATY IF THEY TRUSTED THE UNITED NATIONS AND WOULD COOPERATE IN INTERNATIONAL ACTIVITIES WITH THE PURPOSE OF PEACEFUL STABILIZATION OF THE WORLD."

ASAHI WONDERED WHETHER THE TREATY'S MILITARY ASPECTS WOULD BE WELL RECEIVED BY THE CHINESE PEOPLE "WHO HAVE BEEN SUBJECTED TO THE AGONY OF WAR FOR THE PAST 13 YEARS."

ASAHI TOOK THE VIEW THAT THE TREATY NEGOTIATIONS HAD NOT PROGRESSED TOO SMOOTHLY. "HAD NEW CHINA BEEN CONTENT WITH BECOMING ANOTHER SATELLITE OF THE SOVIET UNION, THE MOSCOW CONFERENCE WOULD HAVE BEEN OVER IN A WEEK," IT ASSERTED. THE CONFERENCE BEGAN TWO MONTHS AGO.

MH944PPS NM

30.24- 8993

SYDNEY, AUSTRALIA, THURSDAY, FEB.16-(AP)-TWO THOUSAND FORMER PRISONERS OF THE JAPANESE HELD A REUNION LAST NIGHT. THEY DRANK BEER, SANG SONGS AND JOKED BUT GOT SERIOUS WHEN THE JAPANESE WERE MENTIONED.

THE MEN FROM THE AUSTRALIAN EIGHTH DIVISION WHICH FOUGHT IN MALAYA GOT TOGETHER TO MARK THE EIGHTH ANNIVERSARY OF THE FALL OF SINGAPORE. THEY ROARED APPROVAL WHEN THEIR FORMER COMMANDER, LT.GEN.GORDON BENNET, SAID:

"SUGGESTIONS HAVE BEEN MADE THAT OUR FORMER ENEMY SHOULD BE REARMED TOKFIWETSCOMMUNISM AND ACT AS A BUFFER TO RUSO

ZSUGGESTIONS HAVE BEEN MADE THAT OUR FORMER ENEMY SHOULD BE REARMED TO FIGHT COMMUNISM AND ACT AS A BUFFER TO RUSSIA. WE STRONGLY OBJECT TO THIS.

"THE JAPANESE CANNOT BE TRUSTED. A REARMED JAPAN WOULD VERY QUICKLY BECOME AN ENEMY OF AUSTRALIA."

THE MEN HOOTED WHEN DR. E.W.FISHER REFERRED TO SUGGESTED JAPANESE MIGRATION TO NEW GUINEA AND PARTICIPATION IN THE NEXT OLYMPIC GAMES. FISHER IS PRESIDENT OF THE COUNCIL OF THE EIGHTH DIVISION--AN ORGANIZATION OF VETERANS. THE AUSTRALIANS CHEERED WHEN FISHER SAID:

"THIS IS OUR MESSAGE TO THE OUTSIDE WORLD. THE JAPANESE ARE BARBARIANS. BY ALL MEANS LET US BE CHRISTIANS AND FORGET THE PAST, BUT LET US NOT BE FOOLHARDY AND FORGET TOO SOON."

HA1031PES

SYDNEY, AUSTRALIA, FEB 15-(AP)-AUSTRALIA'S FOREIGN AFFAIRS MINISTER SAID THAT IF THE COMMUNISTS SUCCEED IN TAKING OVER INDOCHINA, "COMMUNISM WILL SWEEP THROUGH THE WHOLE AREA IN WHICH WE LIVE."

THE EXTERNAL AFFAIRS MINISTER, PERCY SPENDER, ADDRESSED A DINNER GIVEN BY THE SYDNEY MORNING HERALD TO C.J.CHANCELLOR, GENERAL MANAGER OF REUTERS NEWS AGENCY.

SPENDER SAID HE IS SATISFIED ANY CHALLENGE OF COMMUNISM EXISTING IN THE BRITISH COMMONWEALTH NATIONS MUST BE FOUGHT.

"IF FRENCH INDOCHINA GOES," HE SAID, "AND IF THOSE STATES FALL UNDER COMMUNISM, IT WILL BE TOO LATE. XXX I THINK AMERICA, REALIZING IT CANNOT REGARD JAPAN AS THE WHOLE OF THE AREA TO ITS WESTWARD."

SPENDER SAID HE IS HOPEFUL THAT THE CURRENT CONFERENCE OF AMERICAN REPRESENTATIVES AT BANGKOK, THAILAND, WILL BRING ACKNOWLEDGEMENT THAT THERE IS A STRUGGLE NOW IN THE SOUTHEAST ASIA AREA.

RQ1102PES

manila Adv xx from

"I AM AGAINST INVOLVING MY COUNTRY IN ANY WAR," HE SAID IN AN INTERVIEW. "WE ARE JUST RECOVERING FROM THE LAST ONE."

QUIRINO'S STATEMENT WAS BASED ON A REPORT FROM BANGKOK THAT AMERICAN FAR EAST DIPLOMATS "WOULD NOT INITIATE A MILITARY ALLIANCE IN ASIA BUT WOULD BE SYMPATHETIC IF THE NATIONS THEMSELVES GOT TOGETHER AND ORGANIZED ONE."

QUIRINO INSISTED THAT HIS PROPOSAL OF LAST SPRING WAS FOR A PROJECTED SOUTHEAST ASIA UNION ONLY FOR ECONOMIC, CULTURAL AND POLITICAL COLLABORATION AMONG THE NON-COMMUNIST DEMOCRACIES OF THE SOUTHEAST ASIA AREA.

THE PHILIPPINES PRESIDENT SAID HE FELT HE HAD MADE HIS POSITION CLEAR WHILE HE WAS IN WASHINGTON RECENTLY. HE SAID HE INSISTED THAT NO MILITARY ALLIANCE BE INCLUDED IN THE AIMS OF THE PROPOSED UNION.

HE SAID CARLOS ROMULO, AMBASSADOR TO THE UNITED NATIONS, HAD BEEN INSTRUCTED THAT WHILE SOUNDING OUT SOUTHEAST ASIA NATIONS ON THE PROPOSED CONFERENCE HERE THIS SPRING TO FORM A UNION HE PLAINLY STATE TO THEM THAT NO MILITARY ALLIANCE WAS INVOLVED.

ROMULO IS EXPECTED TO BRING THE REPLIES TO MANILA SHORTLY.

X425APS

Tehran, Iran, Feb. 15 -(ap)- Newspapers and political circles predicted today that Iran shortly will recognize the Israel government.

Iran, although a Moslem country, is not a member of the ARAB League which fought the Israelis in Palestine.

Reliable government sources have confirmed negotiations with Israel have been proceeding for the past few weeks with recognition in mind.

#

JAKARTA, BATAVIA, FEB 15-(AP)-PRESIDENT SOEKARNO OPENED THE FIRST SESSION OF THE INDONESIAN PROVISIONAL PARLIAMENT TODAY WITH AN APPEAL FOR UNITY IN DEVELOPING THE NEW NATION.

TOUCHING ON FOREIGN AFFAIRS, SOEKARNO DECLARED THE UNITED STATES OF INDONESIA'S POLICY IS BASED ON "MUTUAL RESPECT" AMONG INDEPENDENT NATIONS. INDONESIA, HE SAID, SOUGHT FRIENDLY RELATIONS WITH ALL NATIONS, "WHATEVER THEIR IDEOLOGY."

SOEKARNO'S APPEAL FOR UNITY CAME AGAINST A BACKGROUND OF UNREST IN WEST JAVA, MARKED BY GUERRILLA RAIDS IN RECENT WEEKS AGAINST GOVERNMENT TROOPS.

THE JOINT SESSION OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND SENATE WAS HELD IN THE CONCORDIA BUILDING, FORMERLY A DUTCH ARMY OFFICERS CLUB. LEGISLATORS WERE SEATED ON EACH SIDE OF THE PRESIDENT, WHO SPOKE FROM A ROSTRUM UNDER THE NEW NATIONAL SEAL OF INDONESIA.

SOEKARNO, DRESSED IN A WHITE UNIFORM WITH GOLD BUTTONS AND WEARING A BLACK VELVET FEZ, READ HIS ADDRESS IN MEASURED TONES UNLIKE HIS USUAL OFFHAND, FIERY MANNER OF SPEAKING.

FOREIGN DIPLOMATS WERE SEATED ON A RAISED STAGE AT ONE END OF THE BALLROOM. OTHER GUESTS WERE SEATED IN AN ADJOINING OPEN AIR PAVILION.

SOEKARNO SAID INDONESIA'S DIFFICULTIES ARE GREAT BECAUSE "WE DID NOT TAKE OVER A COUNTRY THAT WAS PEACEFUL, ORDERLY, PROSPEROUS AND WITH A TREASURY FULL OF GOLD; BUT A COUNTRY TORN BY DISTURBANCES, WITH ITS TREASURY BARE AND ITS RESERVES EXHAUSTED."

HE TURNED TO THE ACUTE PROBLEM OF FORMER DUTCH CAPTAIN R.P.P. (TURK) WESTERLING'S THREAT TO THE NEW GOVERNMENT.

"THE GOVERNMENT IS DETERMINED TO WIPE OUT EVERY ONE OF THE PEACEBREAKERS," HE SAID, ADDING THAT HE WAS CONVINCED ORDER COULD BE RESTORED "IN A REASONABLY SHORT TIME."

WESTERLING LAST MONTH LED RAIDS ON WEST JAVA'S CITIES AND DEMANDED THAT DEFENSE OF THAT AREA BE TURNED OVER TO HIM.

SOEKARNO REMINDED HIS LISTENERS THAT THE OLD REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA, FORMED UNDER THE DUTCH BEFORE THE U.S.I. GOT ITS INDEPENDENCE, HAD ACTED WITH FIRMNESS IN PUTTING DOWN AN ARMED COMMUNIST REBELLION IN 1948, AND ASSURED THEM THE NEW GOVERNMENT WAS NO LESS FIRM.

HE SAID THAT "THE DANGER OF WESTERLING'S ACTIVITIES MUST NOT BE UNDERESTIMATED." HE SAID WESTERLING'S ORGANIZATIONS HAVE MANY BRANCHES, PENETRATING THE COMMUNITY AND RECEIVING ASSISTANCE FROM OUTSIDE INDONESIA. HE BLUNTLY ADMITTED FOR THE FIRST TIME THAT WESTERLING'S GUERRILLA FORCES HAD "DEEPLY INFILTRATED" AMONG A MOSLEM MOVEMENT KNOWN AS DARUL ISLAM.

HE SAID IT WAS A MYSTERY TO HIM THAT THIS STRONG RELIGIOUS GROUP WOULD BECOME ASSOCIATED WITH THE WESTERLING MOVEMENT -- "TRAITOROUS TO THE COUNTRY AND LED BY A NON-ISLAMITE."

EXPRESSING GRATITUDE FOR THE DUTCH GOVERNMENT'S COOPERATION, SOEKARNO SAID HIS GOVERNMENT HAD ACTED CAUTIOUSLY AGAINST WESTERLING BECAUSE IT WAS KNOWN WESTERLING IS TRYING TO SET THE DUTCH INDONESIAN ARMIES AGAINST EACH OTHER.

TURNING TO INDONESIA'S BUDGET, SOEKARNO SAID THERE WAS A DEFICIT OF ABOUT 2,650,000,000 GUILDERS ($660,000,000) FOR 1950.

TO EASE FINANCIAL DIFFICULTIES, HE SAID, THE GOVERNMENT MAY SLASH THE NUMBER OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYES FROM 420,000 TO 220,000 WITHIN THE NEXT SIX MONTHS.

THE GOVERNMENT WOULD ALSO TRY TO REDUCE THE BUDGETS OF THE MEMBER STATES OF THE UNION, INTENSIFY TAX COLLECTIONS, ISSUE A NEW SALES TAX BILL, ISSUE A NATIONAL LOAN AND POSSIBLY, AS A LAST RESORT, ASK FOR A LOAN FROM HOLLAND OR FROM THE UNITED STATES.

HE SAID THIS MIGHT BE CALCULATED TO CUT THE BUDGET MORE THAN ONE THIRD.

HE SAID THERE "MIGHT BE HOPE" THAT THE DUTCH WOULD EXTEND A LOAN OF 400,000,000 TO 500,000,000 GUILDERS. HE ADDED THAT THE POSSIBILITY THAT THE UNITED STATES MAY GRANT A GENERAL PURPOSE LOAN "IS STILL OPEN TO QUESTION."

HE EXPLAINED THAT A RECENT EXPORT-IMPORT BANK LOAN WAS FOR SPECIAL PROJECTS AND NOT FOR GENERAL PURPOSES.

MK835AES

RANGOON, BURMA, FEB 15-(AP)-THE LOCAL CHINESE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE TODAY ORDERED CHINESE BUSINESS HOUSES IN RANGOON TO HOIST THE FLAG OF THE CHINESE COMMUNIST REPUBLIC SATURDAY WHEN OBSERVING THE CHINESE NEW YEAR.

RANGOON'S 50,000 CHINESE ARE EXPECTED TO COMPLY WITH THE CHAMBER'S ORDER, WHICH ALSO CALLS FOR THREE DAYS OF CELEBRATIONS. OBSERVERS SAID, HOWEVER, THAT MANY CHINESE HERE STILL MAINTAIN LOYALTY TO THE NATIONALIST GOVERNMENT. kj

BURMA HAS RECOGNIZED THE GOVERNMENT OF COMMUNIST CHINA.

FORMER NATIONALIST AMBASSADOR TU YUENTAN IS REPORTED AWAITING ORDERS FROM PEIPING, THE COMMUNIST CAPITAL, AS TO WHETHER THE NEW REGIME DESIRES TO HAVE HIM REPRESENT IT. HE SWITCHED HIS ALLEGIANCE AFTER BURMA RECOGNIZED THE PEIPING GOVERNMENT.

MT957AES

MEXICO CITY,FEB.15-(AP)-THE TEN-MAN FACT FINDING COMMITTEE INVESTIGATING CARIBBEAN TENSION LEFT TODAY FOR WASHINGTON EXPRESSING CONFIDENCE CONDITIONS HAVE IMPROVED.

THEY WENT BY PLANE (PAA 502) AT 10:40 A.M. (CST) AND ARE DUE AT HOUSTON, AT 1:53 P.M.

JOSE A. MORA OTERO OF URUGUAY, COMMITTEE CHAIRMAN, SAID LAST NIGHT HE IS CONFIDENT "ANY EXISTING DIFFERENCES CAN BE SETTLED BY THE ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES (OAS)" WHICH SENT THE GROUP TO INQUIRE INTO DIFFICULTIES AMONG CARIBBEAN STATES AND TO TRY TO SOLVE THE PROBLEM OF VARIOUS HOSTILITIES. THE COMMITTEE CONDUCTED ITS INQUIRIES IN CUBA, HAITI, DOMINICAN REPUBLIC AND GUATEMALA.

THE GROUP CAME TO MEXICO ON A "COURTESY VISIT." YESTERDAY THE COMMITTEE WAS GIVEN A LUNCH AT THE FOREIGN OFFICE BY ACTING SECRETARY MANUEL TELLO.

B807PCS

by joseph f. mc evoy

buenos aires, argentina, feb. 15-(ap)-diplomatic

uarters predict that the united states will invite argentina

o bear a greater share of responsibility in world affairs in talks here

oon.

assistant secretary of state edward miller, jr.,

is due here feb. 19 on a five day visit and has scheduled at least two major interviews with president peron, ~~to cover the entire field of relationships of the two countries.~~

present relations are cordial, but nothing more. diplomatic sources said both argentine and ~~[illegible]~~ united states authorities feel they could be bettered (SPECIFICALLY) on the score of dollar shortage and relations affecting north american business men.

these sources said the argentines feel they are not getting a "square deal" in the economic cooperation administration purchase plan in washington.

a shortage of hard currency has caused debts to pile up in the united states and has ~~resulted~~ (BROUGHT) in a sharp drop in buying north american products.

at the same time, north american business men here complain ~~[illegible]~~ they are unable to get raw material to keep producing. And they are not permitted to remit dollar profits home.

these business men know that miller cannot produce a miracle. but they have been assured he will bring their problem to the attention of the president.

the argentines hope their conversations will lead to an"arrangement"whereby the united states will buy more products here but they admit such a solution is not ~~[illegible]~~ in sight.

miller is expected to try to convince president peron that the plight of north american business ~~men~~ here deters possible new foreign investments.

it is reported that ~~[illegible]~~ miller will suggest ~~that~~ argentina ~~[illegible]~~ join the international food and agricultural organization, the world health organization, the international wheat agreement and several other bodies affiliated with the united nations and from which peron holds aloof.

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BY CLARKE BEACH

WITH CANADIAN-U.S. JOINT MANEUVER FORCES, YUKON TERRITORY, FEB.15-(AP)-A THOUSAND MEN OF THE SUB-ARCTIC MANEUVER FORCES ARE LOCKED IN SIMULATED COMBAT TODAY IN THE FROZEN FORESTS OF THE YUKON.

ALTHOUGH THE FIGHTING IS IMAGINARY, THE COLD ISN'T. THE MEN ARE FIGHTING A REAL BATTLE AGAINST THE BITTER SUB-ARCTIC WEATHER. TEMPERATURES HAVE BEEN DROPPING TO 20 AND 30 BELOW ZERO.

THE MEN MOVE NOISELESSLY THROUGH THE SNOW. SUDDEN, SHARP BURSTS OF FIRE (WITH BLANK AMMUNITION) OCCASIONALLY BREAK THE STILLNESS.

FRONT LINES IN THIS ARCTIC WAR ARE DUG INTO THE SNOW. THE MAIN LINE OF DEFENSE IS A STRING OF MACHINE GUN AND AUTOMATIC WEAPON POSITIONS. THEY ARE IMBEDDED IN THE SNOW, BEHIND TREES OR SNOW BANKS.

NO INDIVIDUAL RIFLEMEN ARE DEPLOYED IN FOXHOLES. INSTEAD, TWO-MAN PATROLS ON SNOWSHOES MOVE STEALTHILY THROUGH THE FORESTS AND TUNDRA.

ONE MAN NEVER OPERATES ALONE IN THIS MURDEROUS CLIMATE; HE WORKS ONLY WITH A BUDDY OR A TEAM.

THE MEN'S LOW, QUILTED TENTS ARE 500 TO 600 YARDS BEHIND THE FRONT. THEY ARE ESPECIALLY BUILT FOR THE ARCTIC AND ARE WELL HEATED WITH OIL STOVES.

THE MEN STAY IN POSITION IN THE FRONT LINES ONLY FOR HALF AN HOUR. THEN THEY ARE RELIEVED TO RETURN TO THEIR TENTS TO WARM UP. IN AN EMERGENCY, THEY STAY UP FRONT AS LONG AS NECESSARY, BUT THAT'S THE EXCEPTION.

I GOT A LOOK AT THE FRONT LINES WITH BRIG.GEN.GEORGE C.STEWART, DEPUTY MANEUVER COMMANDER

DEPUTY MANEUVER COMMANDER, YESTERDAY.

FIGHTER PLANES GIVE THE MANEUVER AN ADDED TOUCH OF REALISM. FOUR FIGHTER PLANES OF THE "AGGRESSOR" FORCES STRAFED US WHILE WE WERE PARKED BEHIND A HALTED SUPPLY CONVOY. IN REAL WARFARE WE PROBABLY WOULDTNOZ

PARKED BEHIND A HALTED SUPPLY CONVOY. IN REAL WARFARE WE PROBABLY WOULD HAVE BEEN DEAD IN QUICK ORDER.

THEY SWOOPED LOW OVER THE ROAD, ALMOST EVEN WITH THE TOPS OF THE TALL,
THIN,

TALL, THIN, SMOOTH SPRUCE TREES.

VR1235ACS NM

WASHINGTON, FEB.15-(AP)-THIRTY-NINE JAPANESE ARRIVED HERE BY AIR TODAY TO STUDY THE WAYS OF AMERICAN DEMOCRACY.

THEY ARE 14 JAPANESE DIET (PARLIAMENT) MEMBERS WHO CAME FROM NEW YORK AND 25 EDUCATORS FROM TOKYO.

THE LAWMAKERS ARE HERE HERE TO WATCH THE U.S. CONGRESS IN ACTION AND TO CONFER WITH DEFENSE SECRETARY LOUIS JOHNSON ON OCCUPATION GOVERNMENT PROBLEMS. THE EDUCATORS HAVE COME TO VISIT AMERICAN HIGH SCHOOLS AND UNIVERSITIES TO SEE IF SOME TEACHING METHODS USED IN THIS COUNTRY CAN BE EXTENDED INTO THEIR OWN EDUCATIONAL SYSTEM.

TAKEFHI YAMAZAKI, A LEADER OF JAPAN'S DEMOCRAT-LIBERAL PARTY, SPOKE FOR THE VISITING CONGRESSMEN WHO WILL BE HERE UNTIL MARCH 1. HE SAID BOTH HE AND HIS COLLEAGUES WERE HAPPY TO SEE WASHINGTON AND ANXIOUS TO SEE THE CONGRESS IN SESSION. THE GROUP HAS BEEN IN THE U.S. SINCE JAN. 16 AND HAS VISITED SAN FRANCISCO, NEW ORLEANS, COLUMBIA, S.C., BOSTON, ALBANY AND NEW YORK CITY.

THE DIET MEMBERS WERE MET AT THE AIRPORT BY ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF THE ARMY TRACY VOORHEES, MAJOR GENERAL FLOYD PARKS AND MAJOR GENERAL MILTON MACGRUDER.

THE EDUCATORS WILL BE IN THE U.S. FROM 60 TO 80 DAYS. MISS AI HOSHINO, PRESIDENT OF TSUDA COLLEGE FOR WOMEN, SAID HER TRIP TO U.S. WAS ESPECIALLY GRATIFYING BECAUSE "I WENT TO SCHOOL AT BRYN MAWR IN PHILADELPHIA 30 YEARS AGO."

"I PLAN TO VISIT THERE FOR A FEW WEEKS TO RENEW ACQUAINTANCES WITH THE FEW FACULTY MEMBERS THAT ARE LEFT SINCE I WENT TO SCHOOL IN THIS COUNTRY."

VH630PES

WASHINGTON,FEB.15-(AP)-PRESIDENT TRUMAN TODAY SIGNED A SPECIAL ACT OF CONGRESS PERMITTING TORIKO TATEUCHI, 21-YEAR-OLD JAPANESE GIRL, TO BECOME THE BRIDE OF RICHARD D.S.KWAK, A FORMER GI.

CONGRESS AUTHORIZED MISS TATEUCHI, A RESIDENT OF TOKYO, TO COME TO THIS COUNTRY AND BECOME A CITIZEN PROVIDING SHE MARRIES KWAK, AN HONORABLY DISCHARGED WORLD WAR II VETERAN, WITHIN THREE MONTHS AFTER HER ARRIVAL IN THIS COUNTRY.

KWAK WAS LISTED AS A NATIVE-BORN AMERICAN. HE WAS A STUDENT AT BRIGHAM YOUNG UNIVERSITY, PROVO, UTAH, LAST YEAR.

KWAK SERVED IN THE ARMY FROM OCTOBER 1945 UNTIL JUNE 1947. HE MET AND FELL IN LOVE WITH MISS TATEUCHI IN TOKYO AFTER HIS DISCHARGE FROM SERVICE IN KOREA WHILE ON HIS WAY HOME. THEY BECAME ENGAGED IN OCTOBER, 1948, AFTER AN EXCHANGE OF LOVE LETTERS.

A SPECIAL ACT OF CONGRESS WAS REQUIRED BECAUSE OF HER RACE.

MD1239AESNM

(510)NIGHT LEAD CHRISTOFFEL

BY RICHARD P.POWERS

WASHINGTON,FEB 15-(AP)-THE OFTEN-DELAYED RETRIAL OF HAROLD CHRISTOFFEL ON PERJURY CHARGES WAS RECESSED TODAY UNTIL FRIDAY MORNING TO PERMIT A WITNESS SOUGHT BY THE DEFENSE TO RETURN FROM CALIFORNIA.

SHE IS MRS.ROY (NELLIE) FORDES ISRAELL OF WASHINGTON, D.C., WHO LEFT HERE BY PLANE THURSDAY BEFORE SHE COULD BE SERVED WITH A SUBPOENA.

CHIEF DEFENSE COUNSEL O.JOHN ROGGE SAID IN AN AFFIDAVIT THAT SHE HAD TOLD HIM SHE WAS PRESENT AS A SPECTATOR AT THE MARCH 1, 1947 HEARING BY THE HOUSE LABOR COMMITTEE WHEN CHRISTOFFEL DENIED EVER HAVING ANY COMMUNIST AFFILIATIONS.

THE MILWAUKEE DEFENDANT, ONE-TIME PRESIDENT OF LOCAL 248 UAW-CIO AT THE ALLIS-CHALMERS COMPANY, IS CHARGED WITH LYING IN MAKING SUCH STATEMENTS.

ROGGE SAID MRS.ISRAELL HAD TOLD HIM PRIOR TO THE TRIAL THAT LESS THAN 13 MEMBERS OF THE 25-MAN LABOR COMMITTEE WERE PRESENT WHEN CHRISTOFFEL WAS SWORN AND WHEN HE TESTIFIED.

ROGGE HAS HAMMERED AT THIS POINT DURING THE PRESENT AS WELL AS THE 1948 TRIAL WHEN CHRISTOFFEL WAS CONVICTED ON THE SAME CHARGES. HE HAS CONTENDED THAT A QUORUM, OR MAJORITY, OF THE COMMITTEE WAS NOT PRESENT.

THE SUPREME COURT THREW OUT THE 1948 CONVICTION. IT RULED THAT PROOF HAD NOT BEEN OFFERED TO THE JURY THAT A COMMITTEE QUORUM WAS PRESENT. THE COMMITTEE WAS CHECKING INTO SUBVERSIVE INFLUENCES IN LABOR UNIONS.

IN AN ATTEMPT TO MEET THE HIGH COURT RULING, THE GOVERNMENT HAS NOW PRESENTED TESTIMONY FROM 14 MEMBERS OF THAT COMMITTEE STATING THEY WERE PRESENT WHEN CHRISTOFFEL WAS TESTIFYING.

"WE ARE TRYING THIS CASE BY SHORT CHAPTERS," FEDERAL DISTRICT JUDGE F.DICKINSON LETTS WRYLY TOLD THE JURY IN RECESSING THE TRIAL UNTIL FRIDAY. "HOWEVER, THE DELAYS WHICH HAVE OCCURED ARE NOT TO BE BLAMED ON ANY PERSON CONNECTED WITH THE TRIAL."

ROGGE SAID MRS.ISRAELL CALLED HIM BY LONG DISTANCE LAST NIGHT AND TOLD HIM SHE WOULD APPEAR MONDAY MORNING IF HER TRANSPORTATION WOULD BE PAID. THE GOVERNMENT AGREED TO PAY THE EXPENSES. THE JUDGE ASKED THAT EVERY EFFORT BE MADE TO HAVE HER HERE FRIDAY.

ROGGE SAID SHE COULD BE FOUND AT 7272 SUNSET BLVD., LOS ANGELES.

EARLIER IN THE DAY, FORMER REP.FRED A.HARTLEY (R-NJ), CHAIRMAN OF THE LABOR COMMITTEE IN 1947 AND 1948, TOLD THE JURY UNDER GRILLING BY ROGGE THAT A QUORUM WAS NOT PRESENT ON CERTAIN DAYS CLOSE TO MARCH 1, 1947.

B10WX

HE TESTIFIED PREVIOUSLY AS A GOVERNMENT WITNESS THAT HE WAS PRESENT AND A QUORUM WAS PRESENT ON MARCH 1.

SHOWN PHOTOSTATIC COPIES OF MINUTES OF THE LABOR COMMITTEE BY ROGGE, HARTLEY ADMITTED THAT A QUORUM WAS NOT PRESENT ON CERTAIN DAYS IN JANUARY AND FEBRUARY, 1947, WHEN THE COMMITTEE HAD MET.

"DO YOU WANT TO CORRECT YOUR PREVIOUS STATEMENT (TWO WEEKS AGO) THAT YOU ALWAYS KEPT A QUORUM PRESENT?" ROGGE ASKED.

"I DO NOT," HARTLEY REPLIED. "I SAID BEFORE THERE MAY HAVE BEEN EXCEPTIONS."

AFTER EXAMINING THE COMMITTEE MINUTES, HARTLEY ALSO TOLD ROGGE HE HAD NOT BEEN PRESENT HIMSELF AT COMMITTEE SESSIONS ON CERTAIN DAYS.

"DO YOU WANT TO CORRECT THE STATEMENT YOU MADE BEFORE THAT 'I WAS CHAIRMAN OF THE COMMITTEE AND DO NOT REMEMBER MISSING A MEETING OF THE COMMITTEE'?" ROGGE INQUIRED.

"I DO NOT," HARTLEY RETORTED. "BUT IT WAS MY RECOLLECTION I WAS PRESENT AT ALL COMMITTEE MEETINGS."

EARLIER, ROGGE READ TO THE JURY FROM TESTIMONY BY FRED MCSTROUL OF MILWAUKEE GIVEN AT THE 1948 TRIAL. MCSTROUL TESTIFIED HE WAS PRESENT AT THE COMMITTEE MEETING AND THAT ONLY ABOUT NINE MEMBERS WERE PRESENT TO HEAR CHRISTOFFEL.

MCSTROUL WAS RECORDING SECRETARY OF LOCAL 248 WHEN CHRISTOFFEL WAS ITS PRESIDENT.

A DEFENSE WITNESS, WILLIAM H.SPOHN, MADISON, WIS., ATTORNEY, TESTIFIED HE HAD NEVER KNOWN CHRISTOFFEL TO ACT "IN CONFORMANCE" WITH COMMUNIST DOCTRINE.

RZ528PES

A66WX

NIGHT LEAD ACHESON CHINA (300)

BY EDWARD E.BOMAR

WASHINGTON,FEB 15-(AP)-SECRETARY OF STATE ACHESON SAID TODAY THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS MADE A POOR AND DANGEROUD DEAL WITH RUSSIA IN THEIR NEW 30-YEAR "FRIENDSHIP" TREATY OF ALLIANCE.

ACHESON TERMED IT ALMOST A BOILER PLATE COPY OF THE PACTS RUSSIA HAS MADE WITH THE SOVIET SATELLITES IN EASTERN EUROPE.

THE ACCOMPANYING AGREEMENT IN WHICH MOSCOW REPORTEDLY PROMISED $300,000,000 IN ECONOMIC AID TO CHINA OVER THE NEXT FIVE YEARS IS ONLY THE BEGINNING OF TROUBLE FOR THE CHINESE, ACHESON DECLARED.

THE CABINET MEMBER TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE THAT FOR A NATION REPORTED TO BE ON THE VERGE OF FAMINE AND FACING TREMENDOUS ECONOMIC DIFFICULTIES, $300,000,000 IS VERY MEAGER ASSISTANCE IN ANY EVENT.

HE ALSO VOICED SKEPTICISM THAT RUSSIA WILL ACTUALLY LOOSEN ITS GRIP ON MANCHURIA BY 1952 AS PROVIDED IN THE TREATY, OR AT A LATER DATE.

ACHESON DECLARED THAT DETAILS OF THE AGREEMENT AS ANNOUNCED AT PEIPING AND MOSCOW DID NOT TELL THE WHOLE STORY AND THAT BEHIND THE TREATY DRAFTS WERE DOUBTLESS NUMEROUS SECRET PROTOCOLS.

IT IS PERFECTLY CLEAR, HE SAID, THAT THE SOVIET AND CHINESE LEADERS HAVE NOT BEEN NEGOTIATING IN MOSCOW FOR NINE WEEKS MERELY TO DRAW UP A TREATY WHICH IS ALMOST A BOILER PLATE EDITION OF THE SOVIET TREATIES WITH EUROPEAN SATELLITE STATES.

WHAT ACTUALLY WAS AGREED ON WILL DEVELOP OUT OF THE CONDUCT OF THE SOVIET UNION OVER THE NEXT SEVERAL YEARS, HE SAID.

NOTING THE TREATY'S EXPRESSION OF HOPE FOR AN EARLY PEACE TREATY WITH JAPAN, THE SECRETARY SAID THAT THE UNITED STATES AND THE WESTERN POWERS HAVE BEEN UNABLE TO GET AN AGREEMENT WITH RUSSIA THUS FAR EVEN ON THE MERE PROCEDURE FOR THE JAPANESE TREATY.

IT IS NOT THE PHRASES IN THESE TREATIES WHICH REALLY MAKE ANY DIFFERENCE--IT IS THE PERFORMANCE, ACHESON SAID. HE DECLARED THERE WAS NO CASE, CERTAINLY SINCE THE WAR, IN WHICH ANY NATION HAS MADE A TREATY WITH THE SOVIET UNION WHICH COULD BE REGARDED AS A HAPPY RELATIONSHIP.

HY743PES

A165WX (KORCH)

(700) PRECEDE NEW YORK

WASHINGTON, FEB.15-(AP)-THE WHITE HOUSE SAID TODAY THAT PRESIDENT TRUMAN, WEIGHING THE DOWNTURN IN RUSSIAN-AMERICAN RELATIONS, BELIEVES THIS COUNTRY'S WARTIME LEND-LEASE PROGRAM WAS ENDED "TOO ABRUPTLY."

PRESIDENTIAL SECRETARY CHARLES G. ROSS TOLD REPORTERS HE HAS HEARD MR.TRUMAN EXPRESS THIS VIEW. ROSS ADDED:

"I THINK HE HAD IN MIND THE METHOD RATHER THAN WHAT WAS DONE."

ROSS WAS DISCUSSING WITH NEWSMEN AN INTERVIEW PRINTED IN TODAY'S NEW YORK TIMES BY ARTHUR KROCK, ITS WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENT.

ROSS REPLIED, "I DON'T KNOW," TO THIS QUESTION PROMPTED BY KROCK'S INTERVIEW: "COULD THE PRESIDENT'S FEELINGS NOW BE THE BASIS FOR A NEW APPROACH TO THE RUSSIANS?"

KROCK WROTE THAT IN DISCUSSING THE COLD WAR AS CONTRASTED WITH THE PROSPECTS OF PEACE SURROUNDING THE FOUNDING OF THE UNITED NATIONS IN 1945, MR.TRUMAN WAS ASKED: "WHEN DID YOU CONCLUDE THAT NORMAL NEGOTIATION WITH THE KREMLIN WAS HOPELESS?"

KROCK WROTE:

"HE (MR. TRUMAN) SAID HE REMEMBERED THAT TIME (OF THE U.N. CONFERENCE) WELL, AND WITH WHAT GOOD WILL TOWARD THE RUSSIAN PEOPLE AND THEIR RULERS HE WENT TO POTSDAM SHORTLY THEREAFTER. THERE HE PLANNED TO OFFER HELP FOR RECONSTRUCTION OF RUSSIA AS WELL AS THE REST OF THE WORLD, ON A VERY LARGE SCALE. X X X BUT HE FOUND THAT ALL STALIN WANTED TO TALK ABOUT WAS THE CESSATION OF LEND-LEASE; HENCE THE ATMOSPHERE WAS UNFAVORABLE TO WHAT MR.TRUMAN HAD IN MIND."

THE LEND-LEASE PROGRAM, UNDER WHICH THIS COUNTRY SENT NEARLY $50,000,000,000 (B) WORTH OF SUPPLIES TO ITS WORLD WAR II ALLIES, WAS FORMALLY SUSPENDED ON AUG. 21, 1945. GOODS IN THE LEND-LEASE "PIPELINE" CONTINUED TO MOVE FOR SOME TIME AFTER THAT DATE, BUT NO NEW ORDERS WERE ACCEPTED.

KROCK WROTE THAT MR.TRUMAN CALLED IT A MISTAKE TO ABOLISH LEND-LEASE AT THE TIME. KROCK CONTINUED: "BUT HE WAS 'NEW' THEN; THE PAPERS HAD BEEN PREPARED FOR ROOSEVELT, AND REPRESENTED A GOVERNMENT DECISION HE FELT THERE WAS NOTHING ELSE HE COULD DO BUT SIGN. HE HAD NO STAFF AND NO CABINET OF HIS OWN. NOW HE HAS BOTH."

IN THEIR TALK WITH ROSS TODAY, REPORTERS ASKED HIM WHETHER MR. TRUMAN HADN'T IN FACT RECOMMENDED THE END OF LEND-LEASE.

"MY MEMORY IS VAGUE ON THAT POINT," ROSS SAID. "I DO NOT FEEL QUALIFIED TO TALK ABOUT THAT IN DETAIL."

A166WX

ROSS WAS ASKED:

"DID THE FACT THAT IT LATER DEVELOPED THAT IT WAS NECESSARY TO AID EUROPE THROUGH THE MARSHALL PLAN HAVE ANYTHING TO DO WITH HIS (MR. TRUMAN'S) CHANGE OF MIND?"

"I HAVE NO ANSWER," ROSS REPLIED. "THE QUESTIONS ARE NOT ASKED WITH GOOD INTENT."

ROSS SAID THE KROCK STORY IN THE TIMES REPRESENTS THE PRESIDENT'S VIEWS "TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF." BUT ROSS SAID HE DOES NOT FEEL QUALIFIED TO DISCUSS THE QUESTIONS.

REPORTERS RECALLED TO ROSS THAT KROCK QUOTED MR.TRUMAN AS SAYING HE WOULD HAVE SENT CHIEF JUSTICE VINSON TO MOSCOW TWO YEARS AGO EXCEPT FOR THE FACT THAT A PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION CAMPAIGN WAS IN PROGRESS AT THE TIME.

ASKED WHETHER VINSON MIGHT BE SENT ON SUCH A MISSION IN THE FUTURE, ROSS SAID HE WOULD NOT COMMENT.

"DOES THE PRESIDENT FEEL THAT THERE IS NOW NO HOPE THAT RUSSIA WILL KEEP ANY INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENTS WHICH WOULD BE GOOD POLICY FOR THIS GOVERNMENT TO SEEK AT THIS TIME?" ROSS WAS ASKED.

AGAIN ROSS WOULD NOT REPLY, NOR WOULD HE ANSWER THIS QUESTION: "DOES THE PRESIDENT FEEL THAT THE REAL TROUBLE WITH THE RUSSIANS IS THAT THEY ARE SUFFERING FROM A COMPLEX OF FEAR AND INFERIORITY WHERE WE ARE CONCERNED?"

ON OTHER MATTERS COVERED IN THE KROCK INTERVIEW:

ROSS SAID MR.TRUMAN THINKS THE SENIORITY SYSTEM UNDER WHICH CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE CHAIRMEN ARE SELECTED IS DEFECTIVE. HE COMMENTED:

"HE FEELS THAT IT IS DEFECTIVE, BUT FEELS THAT NO BETTER SYSTEM HAS BEEN DEVISED--THAT THE REMEDY MIGHT BE WORSE THAN THE DISEASE."

KROCK QUOTED THE PRESIDENT AS SAYING HE IS RELIABLY INFORMED THE RUSSIANS HAVE 16,000,000 (M) PEOPLE IN CONCENTRATION CAMPS. ASKED ABOUT THIS, ROSS SAID HE DOES NOT KNOW WHAT PRIVATE INFORMATION THE PRESIDENT HAS.

A REPORTER SAID TO ROSS: "AT A RECENT PRESS CONFERENCE, THE PRESIDENT WOULD NOT DISCUSS THE HISS CASE, YET HE IS NOW QUOTED AS SAYING THAT THE METHODS OF THE UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES COMMITTEE CONSTITUTED A RED HERRING."

"YES, THAT IS ACCURATE," ROSS SAID.

ROSS WAS ASKED IF THIS "REPRESENTED A CHANGE IN POLICY."

"THERE IS NO CHANGE IN POLICY," ROSS SAID.

THE GENERAL TENOR OF THE KROCK ARTICLE IN THE TIMES WAS TO THE EFFECT THAT MR.TRUMAN HAS LOST FAITH IN RUSSIAN PROMISES BUT STILL IS HOPEFUL ABOUT THE FUTURE.

TIME AND PLACE X X X ETC., 3RD GRAF A47

VH157PES

WASHINGTON, FEB.15-(AP)-DEAN RUSK, DEPUTY UNDERSECRETARY OF STATE, SAID TODAY THE "DOOR TO NEGOTIATION IS ALWAYS OPEN ON OUR SIDE" IF RUSSIA WANTS TO TALK OVER ISSUES BETWEEN EAST AND WEST IN PROPER FORM.

TESTIFYING BEFORE A SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE, RUSK SAID THE UNITED NATIONS HAS BEEN CALLED "A HOUSE OF A THOUSAND DOORS."

"AND THERE REMAIN THE ORDINARY CHANNELS OF DIPLOMACY," HE ADDED.

RUSK SAID THE UNITED STATES IS NOT WILLING "TO SIT DOWN IN A CORNER WITH ANOTHER GREAT POWER" AND ATTEMPT DECISIONS WHICH AFFECT "THE BASIC INTERESTS OF OTHER GOVERNMENTS OR PEOPLES BEHIND THEIR BACKS."

THIS LAST WAS IN EFFECT A RESTATEMENT OF WHAT HAS BEEN THE ATTITUDE OF TOP AMERICAN OFFICIALS TO PAST PROPOSALS FOR A MEETING OF THE "BIG THREE"--PRESIDENT TRUMAN, PRIME MINISTER STALIN AND THE BRITISH PRIME MINISTER.

IT WAS LEARNED RUSK'S STATEMENT TO THE SENATORS WAS WRITTEN BEFORE WINSTON CHURCHILL, FORMER BRITISH PRIME MINISTER, RAISED THE IDEA OF A "BIG THREE" MEETING IN A CAMPAIGN SPEECH YESTERDAY.

RUSK WAS BEFORE THE SENATE SUBCOMMITTEE PRIMARILY TO DISCUSS

PROPOSALS ADVANCED BY INDIVIDUAL SENATORS THAT THE UNITED STATES TAKE THE LEAD IN CREATING A WORLD FEDERATION OR A UNION OF ATLANTIC DEMOCRACIES.

HE MADE IT CLEAR THAT HE FEELS THE UNITED NATIONS IS ACCOMPLISHING A GREAT DEAL AND ADVISED CAUTION AGAINST ANY INJURY TO THE UN THROUGH PURSUING NEW PROPOSITIONS.

"IT WOULD BE DISASTROUS," RUSK SAID, "IF BY TURNING IN ANY IRRESPONSIBLE OR WHIMSICAL FASHION TO NEW FORMS OF ORGANIZATIONS OR GLITTERING FORMULAE FOR PERFECTION, WE WERE TO SIT OURSELVES BACK. X X X WE SHOULD DO IRREPARABLE HARM IF WE SHOULD COME FORWARD WITH BOLD PROPOSALS FOR RADICALLY NEW INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION WITHOUT SATISFACTORY ANSWERS TO SOME VERY FUNDAMENTAL QUESTIONS."

FR1209PES

BY JOE IVES

WASHINGTON, FEB. 15-(AP)--"I'D RATHER LIVE IN EUROPE, ESPECIALLY GERMANY, ANY DAY, THAN IN AMERICA," SAYS CECILE VON GOETZ.

THE SLENDER, 25-YEAR-OLD BRUNETTE DEFIANTLY SAID LAST NIGHT SHE'S GOING BACK TO GERMANY SOON--LEGALLY OR ILLEGALLY. AND, SHE SAID, "I'LL GIVE UP MY AMERICAN CITIZENSHIP IF I HAVE TO."

THE GIRL, A NATIVE-BORN AMERICAN, WHO USE TO LIVE IN LA PLATA, MD., WAS RETURNED HERE YESTERDAY FROM BERLIN. SHE WAS SENT BACK, SHE SAID, BY THE U.S. ARMY "FOR SECURITY REASONS."

HER JOB WITH THE OCCUPATION FORCES ENDED LAST FALL AND SHE LIVED FOR A TIME IN THE SOVIET SECTOR OF BERLIM.

MILITARY POLICE IN THE U.S. SECTOR PICKED HER UP FEB. 1. SHE HAD LOST BOTH HER U.S. PASSPORT AND A RESIDENCE PERMIT WHICH EXPIRED NOV 30.

AFTER A PRELIMINARY HEARING, SHE WAS ESCORTED BACK TO THE U.S. LAST WEEK. ALL CHARGES WERE DROPPED WHEN SHE LEFT GERMANY.

"BUT I'LL GET BACK," SHE SAID, "AND WITHIN TWO MONTHS." SHE SAID ALTHOUGH SHE IS ANTI-COMMUNIST, SHE WOULD EVEN LIVE IN THE RED SECTOR OF BERLIN.

SHE REFUSED TO TELL REPORTERS ABOUT HER LIFE UNDER THE REDS. ALL SHE WOULD SAY IS "THE FOOD IS HORRIBLE" AND "YOU CAN'T MOVE ABOUT FREELY AT ALL."

SHE SAID SHE HAS A BOY FRIEND, A 23-YEAR-OLD FORMER GERMAN SOLDIER NAMED KURT TRACHENBURG, WHOSE MOTHER LIVES IN EAST BERLIN. IF SHE TALKED ABOUT THE SOVIET SECTOR, SHE SAID, THE RUSSIANS WILL TAKE "RETRIBUTION" ON THE MOTHER.

SHE SAID TRACHENBURG IS NOW IN U.S. CUSTODY.

CZ317AES

B44CO UGGHT LEAD RELIGIOUS EDUCATION (250)

COLUMBUS, O., FEB. 15-(AP)-THE UNITED NATIONS IS THE CHIEF MEANS OF FURTHERING A MORE STABLE, PROSPEROUS AND PEACEFUL WORLD, A STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIAL SAID TODAY.

IN A SPEECH PREPARED FOR DELIVERY AT THE INTERNATIONAL COUNCIL ON RELIGIOUS EDUCATION, HARRY W. SEAMANS SAID "UNFALTERING SUPPORT" OF THE UN IS ESSENTIAL.

SEAMANS IS DIRECTOR OF CHURCH RELATIONSHIPS IN THE STATE DEPARTMENT'S LIAISON DIVISION.

HE SAID DESPITE SOVIET NON-COOPERATION, THE UN HAS SHOWN ITSELF TO BE "A VITAL AND AN EFFECTIVE ORGANIZATION" IN ITS FIRST FOUR YEARS.

HE URGED THE EDITORS' SECTION OF THE COUNCIL TO PROMOTE UNDERSTANDING OF THE UN AND ITS PROBLEMS.

"UNTIL THE PEOPLE ARE DEVELOPED IN SPIRIT AND UNDERSTANDING, COOPERATION IN HUMAN ENDEAVOR IS STERILE," HE SAID.

SEAMANS SAID CHRISTIAN CHURCHES OF THE UNITED STATES DESERVE MUCH OF THE CREDIT FOR THE IDEALISM, THE MOTIVATION AND THE EFFECTIVE SUPPORT WHICH HELPED TO BRING THE UN INTO EXISTENCE.

AT AN EARLIER SESSION OF THE COUNCIL, A PRINCETON PROFESSOR OF THEOLOGY, DR. JESSIE DELL CRAWFORD, TOLD THE GROUP THAT TODAY'S CHILDREN NEED TO UNDERSTAND THE WORTH AND DIGNITY OF MAN AND HIS RELATIONSHIP WITH OTHERS.

SHE SAID CHILDREN ARE BAFFLED AND CONFUSED BY THE CONFLICT THEY SEE ABOUT THEM BETWEEN HUMAN RIGHTS AND WANTON DESTRUCTION.

"WHILE THEY ARE BEING TAUGHT TO BE CONCERNED ABOUT THE NEEDS OF PEOPLE IN EUROPE AND ASIA, CHILDREN HEAR MUCH OF ATOM BOMBS AND BOMBER PLANES FOR THE WIDESPREAD KILLING OF PEOPLE," SHE SAID.

DR.CRAWFORD SAID THE WAY THESE CONFLICTS ARE FACED AND RESOLVED WILL MAKE A GREAT DEAL OF DIFFERENCE IN THE CHILDRENS' RELIGIOUS FAITH AND OUTLOOK ON LIFE.

RS904PES NM

HOUGHTON,MICH.,FEB.15-(AP)-EDWARD V.SITTLER, FORMER COLLEGE PROFESSOR AND ADMITTED WARTIME NAZI, SAID TODAY HE WOULD FIGHT DEPORTATION TO GERMANY IF HE CAN RAISE THE MONEY.

TOLD THAT THE GOVERNMENT HAD ORDERED HIM DEPORTED, THE FORMER PROFESSOR AT MICHIGAN COLLEGE OF MINING AND TECHNOLOGY SAID HE WOULD APPEAL "IF AT ALL POSSIBLE."

IT DEPENDS, HE ADDED, ON "FINANCIAL CONSIDERATIONS." IF THOSE CAN BE OVERCOME, HOWEVER, SITTLER SAID HE WOULD ADVISE HIS ATTORNEY IN CHICAGO TO GO AHEAD WITH THE BATTLE.

THE GOVERNMENT ORDER WILL BE EFFECTIVE IN 15 DAYS UNLESS SITTLER APPEALS IT.

SITTLER, A NATIVE OF DELAWARE, OHIO, WENT TO GERMANY BEFORE THE WAR, AND DURING THE WORLD CONFLICT BROADCAST FOR A NAZI RADIO STATION.

RETURNING TO THE UNITED STATES IN 1946 TO TESTIFY IN A SERIES OF TREASON TRIALS, HE WAS EMPLOYED AS A PROFESSOR IN 1948 AT NORTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY IN EVANSTON,ILL., AND LATER AT THE MINING SCHOOL HERE. HE

TAUGHT GERMAN.
LEARNING OF HIS FORMER NAZI AFFILIATION, REP.BENNETT (R-MICH) DEMANDED THAT HE BE FIRED BY THE MICHIGAN TECH ADMINISTRATION.
THAT WAS DONE. IN SEEKING TO RETAIN HIS POST, PROF.SITTLER ADMITTED HE HAD BEEN A NAZI, BUT INSISTED HE JOINED THE PARTY ONLY TO FIGHT COMMUNISM AND HAD NEVER BROADCAST AGAINST THE POLICIES OF THIS COUNTRY.
CONGRESSMAN BENNETT DEMANDED DEPORTATION, AND THE IMMIGRATION SERVICE CONDUCTED A HEARING IN THE CASE AT HOUGHTON LAST DECEMBER.
AS AN OUTCOME OF THAT INQUIRY THE DEPORTATION ORDER WAS HANDED DOWN YESTERDAY IN WASHINGTON.
KN1210PES

PRECEDE INDIANAPOLIS DAY (190)
NOBLESVILLE,IND.,FEB.15-(AP)-WILLIAM DUDLEY PELLEY SAID TONIGHT THAT "MY WORK IS DONE."
THE FORMER SILVER SHIRT LEADER, RELEASED FROM FEDERAL PRISON YESTERDAY AFTER SERVING SEVEN YEARS OF A 15-YEAR SENTENCE FOR SEDITION, VISITED HIS PRINTING SHOP HERE TODAY.
PELLEY SAID HE WILL FIGHT EXTRADITION TO NORTH CAROLINA TO THE U.S. SUPREME COURT IF NECESSARY. NORTH CAROLINA AUTHORITIES SOUGHT TO TAKE HIM INTO CUSTODY WHEN HE LEFT THE FEDERAL PRISON AT TERRE HAUTE, BUT HE WON RELEASE ON BOND PENDING A HEARING ON A PETITION FOR A WRIT OF HABEAS CRPUS MARCH 8.
"MY WORK IS DONE BECAUSE AMERICA FINALLY HAS AWAKENED TO THE RED MENACE," PELLEY SAID. "I WANT THE PEOPLE OF NOBLESVILLE AND OF INDIANA TO KNOW I HAVE NO INTENTION OF RESUMING MY FORMER POLITICAL ACTIVITIES."
PELLEY ORGANIZED THE SILVER SHIRT LEGION AT ASHEVILLE, N.C., IN THE EARLY WAR YEARS AND CLAIMED IT INCLUDED 25,000 MEMBERS IN 22 STATES. THE GOVERNMENT CHARGED HIS PUBLICATION, "LIBERATION," OBSTRUCTED RECRUITING AND CALLED THE SILVER SHIRTS FASCISTIC.
BEFORE HE WAS SENTENCED FOR SEDITION AT INDIANAPOLIS HE HAD BEEN GIVEN A SUSPENDED TERM OF TWO TO THREE YEARS AT AHSEVILLE FOR ALLEGED VIOLATION OF THE NORTH CAROLINA SECURITIES LAW. AUTHORITIES OF THAT STATE SEEK TO RETURN HIM FOR ALLEGED VIOLATION OF HIS SUSPENSION.
EB921PCS NM

PHILADELPHIA, FEB.15-(AP)-THE CAPTAIN OF A NORWEGIAN FREIGHTER SAYS HIS VESSEL WAS SHELLED LAST NOVEMBER WHILE CARRYING A CARGO OF COAL TO NORTHERN KOREA.
CAPT.H.WERNER HANSEN REPORTED YESTERDAY THE 10,000-TON FREIGHTER HELGOY WAS SHELLED AND DAMAGED BY CHINESE COMMUNIST SHORE BATTERIES.
HE DESCRIBED THE SHELLING OF HIS SHIP FOLLOWING A CONFERENCE WITH OFFICIALS OF THE SAMUELSON LINES, OWNERS OF THE VESSEL.
DURING THE CONFERENCE, THE NORSE SKIPPER SAID HE WARNED THE SHIP'S OWNERS THAT NEITHER HE NOR HIS CREW WOULD VISIT ANY MORE COMMUNIST-DOMINATED PORTS.
THE HELGOY ARRIVED IN PORT YESTERDAY WITH A CARGO OF LUMBER FROM VANCOUVER, B.C., TAKEN ABOARD AFTER WHAT HANSEN SAID WAS A NARROW ESCAPE IN THE HARBOR OF CHINNAMPO, PORT OF PYENGYANG, NORTHERN KOREA.
HANSEN SAID THE HELGOY, WITH A CREW OF 35 MEN, HAD BEEN CHARTED BY THE NORTH KOREA GOVERNMENT TO BRING 7,500 TONS OF COAL FROM A SIBERIAN PORT TO CHINNAMPO.
THE SHIP ARRIVED OUTSIDE THE HARBOR LAST NOV. 15 AND PICKED UP TWO PILOTS--A KOREAN AND A RUSSIAN, HANSEN SAID.
AS THE PILOTS CAME ABOARD, HE CONTINUED, THE SHIP'S RADIO WAS SEALED BY ORDERS OF THE NORTH KOREA GOVERNMENT.
THE SHIP BARELY HAD ENTERED THE HARBOR WHEN CONCEALED SHORE BATTERIES OPENED FIRE, HANSEN REPORTED.
SIX SHELLS WERE FIRED AT THE HELGOY AND ONE HIT THE SHIP, RIPPING A HOLE THREE FEET IN DIAMETER IN THE SHIP'S PORT SIDE AND PLOWING THROUGH TO THE CAPTAIN'S CABIN WHERE IT EXPLODED, HANSEN SAID.
UNABLE TO SEND MESSAGES ASHORE OVER HIS SILENCED RADIO, HANSEN SAID HE ORDERED THE PILOTS TO PUT THE SHIP ABOUT AND LATER HEADED FOR JAPAN.
DURING A SIX-WEEK LAY-OVER IN JAPAN, HANSEN SAID, A RUSSIAN DIPLOMAT CALLED UPON HIM TO OFFER AN OFFICIAL APOLOGY AND ASK HIM TO DELIVER THE COAL WHICH THE DIPLOMAT SAID WAS NEEDED URGENTLY.
HANSEN SAID HE REFUSED. INSTEAD HE UNLOADED HIS COAL IN JAPAN AND SAILED FOR VANCOUVER.
WJ603AES

SAN PEDRO, FEB. 15-(AP)-THE SHELL-MARKED FREIGHTER FLYING ARROW ARRIVED TODAY WITH "REASSURING" INFORMATION FOR THE WIFE OF A NAVY AIRMAN HELD CAPTIVE BY CHINESE COMMUNISTS.
THE SKIPPER, 31-YEAR-OLD CAPT. DAVID JONES OF CHICAGO, TOLD REPORTERS HE HAD SOME CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION FOR MRS. WILLIAM C. SMITH OF ADJACENT LONG BEACH. MRS. SMITH'S HUSBAND, A NAVY CHIEF ELECTRICIAN, AND MASTER SGT. ELMER C. BENDER OF CINCINNATI AND CHICAGO, HAVE BEEN HELD BY THE COMMUNISTS SINCE OCTOBER, 1948.
JONES SAID HE WILL SEE MRS. SMITH LATER TODAY. HE DECLINED TO DISCUSS THE INFORMATION HE HAD FOR HER, OTHER THAN TO SAY IT IS "REASSURING." CAPT. JONES NEGOTIATED WITH COMMUNISTS IN TSINGTAO, TRYING TO EFFECT THE RELEASE OF THE AMERICAN FLYERS.
HIS SHIP WAS SHELLED BY CHINESE NATIONALISTS EARLY IN JANUARY NEAR SHANGHAI.
FJ1048PCS

FOLLOW MOSCOW RED ALLIANCE
SAN FRANCISCO, FEB. 15-(AP)-THE PEIPING RADIO SAID TODAY A TRADE AGREEMENT BETWEEN COMMUNIST CHINA AND RUSSIA WOULD FOLLOW SOON ON THE HEELS OF THE 30-YEAR TREATY OF ALLIANCE AND MUTUAL ASSISTANCE.
A BROADCAST HEARD AT SAN FRANCISCO QUOTED THE COMMUNIST NEW CHINA NEWS AGENCY IN AN EDITORIAL AS SAYING A TRADE AGREEMENT IS TAKING SHAPE THROUGH CURRENT TALKS IN MOSCOW "AND WILL SOON BE SIGNED."
THE EDITORIAL HAILED THE AGREEMENT BY WHICH THE MAJOR MANCHURIAN LINE, THE CHANGCHUN RAILWAY, AND THE PORTS OF DAIREN AND PORT ARTHUR WILL RETURN TO CHINESE CONTROL BY 1952 AT THE LATEST.
RUSSIAN INFLUENCE IN MANCHURIA LONG HAS BEEN A SORE POINT WITH NATIONALISTIC CHINESE. THE STATE DEPARTMENT RECENTLY TRAINED ITS HEAVIEST GUNS ON SPREADING RUSSIAN INFLUENCE IN CHINA, ACCUSING RUSSIA OF HAVING DESIGNED TO LOP OFF MANCHURIA AND NORTHERN PARTS OF CHINA.
THE COMMUNIST EDITORIAL IN AN APPARENT ALLUSION TO THIS SAID "THE WORLD IMPERIALIST BLOC HEADED BY AMERICAN IMPERIALISM" HAD TRIED "TO UNDERMINE SINO-SOVIET DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS, TO ISOLATE THE CHINESE REVOLUTION AND DISCREDIT THE SOVIET UNION."
"FACTS HAVE NOW PROVED," THE AGENCY CONTINUED, "THAT THE PLOT OF THE IMPERIALIST BLOC LED BY AMERICAN IMPERIALISM HAS MET WITH

COMPLETE FAILURE."

THE EDITORIAL SAID CHINA AND RUSSIA "WILL EXERT THEIR EFFORTS TO CONCLUDE TOGETHER THE PEACE TREATY WITH JAPAN WITHIN THE SHORTEST POSSIBLE TIME."

"THIS ACTION," THE EDITORIAL CONTINUED, "WILL HAVE GREAT EFFECTS ON THE SITUATION OF THE EAST AND WILL PUT AMERICAN IMPERIALISM AND THE JAPANESE REACTIONARIES INTO AN EXTREMELY BAD PLIGHT, THUS CONSOLIDATING THE PEACE OF THE EAST."

FJ1036PCS

NIGHT LEAD BRIDGES (250)

SAN FRANCISCO, FEB. 15-(AP)-HARRY BRIDGES TOLD THE COURT AND JURY IN HIS PERJURY TRIAL TODAY THAT HE DOESN'T BELIEVE RUSSIA MEANS TO MAKE WAR ON THE UNITED STATES, BUT IF SHE DOES, THE AMERICAN PEOPLE WILL FIGHT, "AND SO WILL I."

THE CIO LONGSHOREMEN'S UNION PRESIDENT AND THE SPECIAL PROSECUTOR, F. JOSEPH DONOHUE, TANGLED REPEATEDLY ON IDEOLOGICAL THEORIES. BRIDGES WAS UNDER CROSS-EXAMINATION.

HE WAS INDICTED FOR PERJURY ON THE GROUNDS THAT HE WROTE, AT HIS 1945 CITIZENSHIP HEARING, THAT HE WAS NOT, AND NEVER HAD BEEN, A COMMUNIST.

DONOHUE ASKED "DO YOU BELIEVE RUSSIA TO BE A TOTALITARIAN STATE?"

BRIDGES DID NOT ANSWER THAT QUESTION DIRECTLY, AS HE AND DONOHUE GOT TO ARGUING ABOUT A DEFINITION OF TOTALITARIANISM.

DONOHUE MENTIONED "DEMOCRACY," AND BRIDGES SNORTED:

"YOUR DEFINITION MIGHT BE DIFFERENT THAN MINE," THE UNION PRESIDENT SAID. "YOUR IDEA OF DEMOCRACY IS PUTTING ME ON THE GRIDDLE HERE, AND TRYING TO RUN ME OUT OF THE COUNTRY."

"DO YOU THINK YOU WOULD HAVE THE SAME CHANCE IN RUSSIA THAT YOU'RE HAVING HERE TODAY?" DONOHUE ASKED.

"I DON'T KNOW, BUT IF I DIDN'T I'D BE YELPING ALL OVER THE PLACE, JUST LIKE I'M DOING HERE," BRIDGES REPLIED. "AND IF I COULDN'T GET THE RIGHT TO SPEAK OUT, I WOULDN'T HAVE ANYTHING TO DO WITH RUSSIA, OR ANY OTHER COUNTRY WHERE THAT WAS THE CASE."

"I STILL DON'T BELIEVE," HE CONTINUED, "AND I UNDERSTAND THE POLICY OF OUR GOVERNMENT IS THE SAME, THAT RUSSIA MEANS TO MAKE WAR ON US.

"BUT IF SHE DOES, IT WON'T MAKE MUCH DIFFERENCE WHAT I THINK. THE AMERICAN PEOPLE WILL DECIDE THAT. THEY'LL FIGHT, AND SO WILL I."

EARLIER, DONOHUE AND BRIDGES REVIEWED THE TESTIMONY OF JOHN SCHOMAKER OF MENLO PARK, A PROFESSED EX-COMMUNIST, WHO TESTIFIED HE SAW BRIDGES AT COMMUNIST GATHERINGS.

FJ1017PCS

NEW YORK, FEB 15-(AP)-A PHILIPPINE EDUCATOR SAID TODAY INTERNATIONAL STUDY GRANTS OFFERED WOMEN OF WAR-DEVASTATED COUNTRIES BY THE AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF UNIVERSITY WOMEN ARE "VERY EFFECTIVE MEANS OF PROMOTING WORLD UNDERSTANDING."

MRS. ENRIQUETA BENAVIDES, IN A PREPARED SPEECH TO THE WOMEN'S GRADUATE CLUB OF COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY, SAID "THE VALUE OF THIS SERVICE LIES IN THE FACT THAT THE WOMEN LEADERS, WHEN THEY RETURN TO THEIR COUNTRIES, WIELD DEFINITE POWER FOR GOOD.

"THEIR BROADER CONCEPTS OF WORLD UNDERSTANDING CAN BE INTELLIGENTLY TRANSMITTED THROUGH THEIR VARIOUS RESPECTIVE COUNTRIES."

MRS. BENAVIDES IS AFFILIATED WITH ARELLANO UNIVERSITY IN THE PHILIPPINES. SHE IS TAKING EDUCATION ADMINISTRATION COURSES AT COLUMBIA UNDER ONE OF THE STUDY GRANTS.

MRS. BENAVIDES SAID WHEN SHE RETURNS TO THE PHILIPPINES, SHE INTENDS TO SUGGEST IMPROVEMENTS IN SCHOLARSHIP PROJECTS OF THE ASSOCIATION OF UNIVERSITY WOMEN FOR NON-CHRISTIAN FILIPINO GIRLS AND TO WORK FOR THE IMPROVEMENT OF NURSERY CLASSES FOR CHILDREN OF WORKING MOTHERS.

HER STUDIES IN THE UNITED STATES HAVE BROUGHT HER IN CONTACT WITH PEOPLE FROM DIFFERENT COUNTRIES OF THE WORLD, MRS. BENAVIDES SAID, AND HAVE "PROVIDED ME WITH A BROADER INSIGHT INTO THE INTERDEPENDENCE OF OUR CULTURAL BACKGROUNDS."

CITING THE "BITTER FEELINGS" SHE HAD DEVELOPED AGAINST THE JAPANESE DURING THEIR OCCUPATION OF THE PHILIPPINES, MRS. BENAVIDES SAID:

"MY MEETINGS WITH THESE JAPANESE NATIONALS HAVE MADE ME FEEL THAT I SHOULD NOT HOLD ANY GRUDGE AGAINST ALL JAPANESE FOR THE CRIME OF A FEW MISGUIDED MEN."

M517AES

NIGHT LEAD COPLON (230)

NEW YORK, FEB.15-(AP)-NEWSMEN AT JUDITH COPLON'S SPY CONSPIRACY TRIAL WERE ASKED BY THE COURT TODAY NOT TO PUBLISH AT THIS TIME CONTENTS OF PAPERS FOUND IN HER PURSE.

"I SUGGEST THAT THE MEMBERS OF THE PRESS BE COMMUNICATED WITH AND BE ASKED THAT THEY NOT PUBLISH THE PAPERS UNTIL THEY ARE ENTERED IN EVIDENCE," SAID FEDERAL JUDGE SYLVESTER J.RYAN FROM THE BENCH.

HE MADE THE STATEMENT AFTER MISS COPLON'S ATTORNEY, ARCHIBALD PALMER, COMPLAINED TO THE COURT THAT THE GOVERNMENT HAD HANDED OUT PHOTOSTATIC COPIES OF THE PAPERS TO REPORTERS.

PALMER WANTED THE PHOTOSTATS WITHDRAWN FROM THE PRESS.

BUT JUDGE RYAN POINTED OUT THAT THE PAPERS BECAME PUBLIC PROPERTY AND SUBJECT TO PUBLICATION MORE THAN SIX MONTHS AGO AT MISS COPLON'S FIRST TRIAL IN WASHINGTON.

JUDGE RYAN ADDED THAT HE COULD NOT CONTROL ALL THE ACTIONS OF ATTORNEYS OUTSIDE THE COURTROOM.

HE SUGGESTED, HOWEVER, THAT "A MINIMUM AMOUNT OF STATEMENTS BE GIVEN TO THE PRESS BECAUSE SUCH STATEMENTS DO NOT LEND TO THE EFFICIENT ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE."

THE PAPERS WERE FOUND IN MISS COPLON'S PURSE WHEN THE FORMER JUSTICE DEPARTMENT EMPLOYE WAS ARRESTED LAST MARCH 4 WITH VALENTIN A. GUBITCHEV, FORMER RUSSIAN ENGINEER WITH THE UNITED NATIONS.

THE GOVERNMENT CHARGES THE PAPERS WERE STOLEN BY MISS COPLON IN A CONSPIRACY WITH GUBITCHEV TO PASS THEM TO SOVIET RUSSIA. THE BROOKLYN GIRL AND GUBITCHEV ARE BEING TRIED TOGETHER.

PALMER COMPLAINED THAT THE GOVERNMENT'S PASSING OUT OF THE PHOTOSTATS WAS HURTING THE DEFENSE CASE.

"MISS COPLON HAS AN EXPLANATION OF WHY THOSE PAPERS WERE IN HER PURSE AND THAT EXPLANATION HAS NOT BEEN GIVEN HERE YET," THE ATTORNEY SAID.

IN AN EARLIER WASHINGTON TRIAL, MISS COPLON SAID SHE TOOK THE PAPERS HOME WITH HER AT THE REQUEST OF HER SUPERIORS IN THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.

OTHERS OF THEM, SHE SAID THEN, WERE NOTES FOR A NOVEL SHE INTENDED TO WRITE ON A GOVERNMENT GIRL'S LIFE IN WASHINGTON.

SHE WAS CONVICTED IN THE WASHINGTON TRIAL OF STEALING GOVERNMENT SECRETS AND NOW IS APPEARLING A PRISON SENTENCE OF 40 MONTHS TO 10 YEARS.

HA1046PES

NEW YORK, FEB.15-(AP)-PRESIDENT TRUMAN WAS REPORTED TODAY BY THE NEW YORK TIMES AS SAYING HE HAS LOST FAITH IN RUSSIAN PROMISES BUT STILL IS HOPEFUL ABOUT THE FUTURE.

THE PRESIDENT'S VIEWS WERE OUTLINED IN AN INTERVIEW OBTAINED BY ARTHUR KROCK, TIMES WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENT.

TIME AND PLACE OF THE INTERVIEW, WHICH TOUCHED ON A WIDE RANGE OF TOPICS, WERE NOT DISCLOSED.

KROCK, IN A DISPATCH FROM WASHINGTON, SAID THE PRESIDENT TOLD HIM:

HE NO LONGER HAS ANY HOPE THAT THE SOVIET UNION WILL KEEP ANY AGREEMENTS WITH THE UNITED STATES WHICH IT NOW WOULD BE GOOD POLICY TO SEEK.

WHEN THE RUSSIANS BLOCKED EAST-WEST TRADE, HE BEGAN TO LOSE HOPE THAT THE GOOD PEACE PROSPECTS APPARENT AT THE FOUNDING OF THE UNITED NATIONS WOULD SURVIVE.

THE LAST VESTIGE OF HOPE VANISHED WHEN HE LEARNED THAT THE RUSSIANS WERE HIDING FROM THEIR PEOPLE THE FACTS ABOUT THE WAR ASSISTANCE WE HAD GIVEN THEM.

THE PRESIDENT WAS QUOTED AS SAYING THAT THE SAME SITUATION WOULD NOW PREVAIL IN JAPAN AS IN GERMANY IF HE HAD NOT DEMANDED AN AMERICAN AS THE ALLIED GENERAL FOR THE SIGNING OF THE JAPANESE SURRENDER.

OTHERWISE, MR. TRUMAN WAS REPORTED AS SAYING, THE RUSSIANS WOULD HAVE DIVIDED THAT COUNTRY AS THEY HAVE GERMANY AND THE SITUATION IN THE FAR EAST WOULD HAVE BEEN SO MUCH WORSE THAN IT IS THAT ONE CAN TAKE COMFORT FROM IT.

THE REAL TROUBLE WITH THE RUSSIANS IS THAT THEY ARE STILL SUFFERING FROM A COMPLEX OF FEAR AND INFERIORITY WHERE WE ARE CONCERNED, MR. TRUMAN WAS QUOTED AS SAYING.

KROCK REPORTED THE PRESIDENT SAID HE WANTED TO SEND CHIEF JUSTICE FRED M. VINSON TO MOSCOW IN 1943 TO TRY TO STRAIGHTEN OUT STALIN AND THE OTHER RUSSIAN LEADERS ON THIS AND ON OUR REAL INTENTIONS, BUT THAT HE DID NOT DO SO BECAUSE A PRESIDENTIAL CAMPAIGN WAS ON AT THE TIME.

MAYBE THAT WILL BE THE THING TO DO SOME TIME, KROCK SAID MR. TRUMAN ADDED, BUT IN NOTHING MUST WE SHOW ANY SIGN OF WEAKNESS BECAUSE THERE IS NONE IN OUR ATTITUDE.

MR. TRUMAN IS RELIABLY INFORMED THAT THE RUSSIANS HAVE 16,000,000(M) PEOPLE IN CONCENTRATION CAMPS, KROCK REPORTS, ADDING THAT THIS IS THE WAY OF THE POLICE STATE, WHICH THE PRESIDENT FINDS UTTERLY ABHORENT.

A48 (NYC OUT)

ON OTHER SUBJECTS, THE PRESIDENT IS REPORTED TO HAVE SAID:

1. HE DOES NOT AGREE THAT THE FAIR EMPLOYMENT PRACTICE LEGISLATION HE PROPOSES WOULD DEPRIVE EMPLOYERS OF THE RIGHT TO RUN THEIR OWN BUSINESS, AND HE WOULD NOT SUPPORT SUCH LEGISLATION IF IT WOULD HAVE THAT RESULT.

2. HE STILL THINKS THE HOUSE UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES COMMITTEE'S HANDLING OF THE ALGER HISS CASE WAS A RED HERRING TO DISTRACT PUBLIC ATTENTION FROM THE BLUNDERS OF THE 80TH CONGRESS.

3. HE HATES DEFICIT SPENDING, AND THERE WOULD BE NO DEFICIT IN THE PRESENT ADMINISTRATION BUDGET TODAY HAD NOT THE REPUBLICAN 80TH CONGRESS CUT INCOME TAXES. FURTHER, HE, HIMSELF, SHOULD NOT HAVE APPROVED A REPEAL OF THE EXCESS PROFITS TAX.

KROCK SAID MR. TRUMAN ADDED:

HE HAS NO POLICY WHICH CONTEMPLATES PERMANENTLY BURDENING THE MORE ABLE, DILIGENT AND SUCCESSFUL WITH THE COST OF INSURING ALL OTHERS AGAINST THE RESULTS OF THEIR OWN IMPROVIDENCE, ILL-LUCK OR DEFECTIVE BEHAVIOR. THIS CHARGE--ALSO THAT THE FAIR DEAL APPROXIMATES THE MARXIAN DOCTRINE--IS ABSOLUTELY UNTRUE. THE PRESIDENT'S AIM IS TO PRESERVE LIFE AND PROPERTY AND EXPAND OPPORTUNITY AND THE STANDARD OF LIVING.

THERE ISN'T A DROP OF MARXIST OR SOCIALIST BLOOD IN HIM.

IN THE DISCUSSION OF THE COLD-WAR WITH RUSSIA, KROCK SAID HE RECALLED TO MR. TRUMAN THE PROSPECTS OF PEACE SURROUNDING THE FOUNDING OF THE UNITED NATIONS, AND ASKED: "WHEN DID YOU CONCLUDE THAT NORMAL NEGOTIATION WITH THE KREMLIN WAS HOPELESS?"

MR. TRUMAN'S REPLY: HE SAID HE REMEMBERED THAT TIME (OF THE U.N. CONFERENCE) WELL, AND WITH WHAT GOOD WILL TOWARD THE RUSSIAN PEOPLE AND THEIR RULERS HE WENT TO POTSDAM SHORTLY THEREAFTER. THERE HE PLANNED TO OFFER HELP FOR RECONSTRUCTION OF RUSSIA AS WELL AS THE REST OF THE WORLD, ON A VERY LARGE SCALE. HE REMEMBERED WITH PRIDE AND SYMPATHY HOW THE RUSSIANS HAD SMASHED THE GERMAN ARMIES IN THE EAST, AND HE BELIEVED THEIR ASSISTANCE WAS NECESSARY TO WIN THE WAR AGAINST JAPAN. BUT HE FOUND THAT ALL STALIN WANTED TO TALK ABOUT WAS THE CESSATION OF LEND-LEASE; HENCE THE ATMOSPHERE WAS UNFAVORABLE TO WHAT MR. TRUMAN HAD IN MIND.

KROCK REPORTED THE PRESIDENT SAID THAT THE AGREEMENT THE RUSSIANS MADE AT YALTA TO ENTER THE WAR AGAINST JAPAN WAS THE ONLY ONE THEY EVER KEPT OUT OF NEARLY 40.

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Ended Feb. 15, 1950

SINO-SOVIET PACT

LAKE SUCCESS, FEB. 15-(AP)-NATIONALIST CHINA'S CHIEF DELEGATE TO THE UNITED NATIONS, T.F.TSIANG, CHARGED TODAY CHINESE RED CHAIRMAN MAO TZE-TUNG HAS VIRTUALLY SOLD MANCHURIA AND SINKIANG PROVINCE TO MOSCOW.

HE SAID THE 30-YEAR AGREEMENT ANNOUNCED IN MOSCOW BETWEEN RUSSIA AND RED CHINA'S LEADERSHIP ONLY CONFIRMS THE SATELLITE NATURE OF THE PEIPING REGIME.

TSIANT ATTACKED THE MOSCOW AGREEMENT IN A STATEMENT TO THE PRESS AFTER STUDYING THE PUBLISHED TEXT OF THE PACT OVERNIGHT. HE SAID IT SHOWS MAO HAS CHOSEN TO FOLLOW MOSCOW INSTEAD OF THE UNITED STATES.

TSIANG SAID THE $300,000,000 SOVIET CREDIT FOR RED CHINA DOES NOT PROVIDE ENOUGH MONEY FOR REHABILITATION AND MAINTENANCE AND THAT DEVELOPMENT OF MANCHURIA AND SINKIANG WAS TAKEN CARE OF IN SECRET AGREEMENTS BETWEEN PREMIER STALIN AND MAO. THESE SECRET AGREEMENTS WILL BECOME KNOWN WHEN JOINT SOVIET-CHINESE COMMUNIST COMPANIES "MUSHROOM" IN THOSE NORTHERN AREAS, TSIANG ADDED. HE DID NOT SAY HOW HE LEARNED OF SECRET AGREEMENTS.

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TO ABOLISH LEND-LEASE AT THE TIME STALIN TALKED ABOUT IT AT POTSDAM "WAS A MISTAKE," THE PRESIDENT HELD. BUT HE WAS "NEW" THEN, THE PAPERS HAD BEEN PREPARED FOR ROOSEVELT AND REPRESENTED A GOVERNMENT DECISION. HE FELT THERE WAS NOTHING ELSE HE COULD DO BUT SIGN. HE HAD NO STAFF AND NO CABINET OF HIS OWN. NOW HE HAS BOTH.

WHEN TRUMAN BECAME PRESIDENT, HE SAID, HE DID NOT INTEND TO CONVEY THE SENSE OF INADEQUACY WHICH MANY PEOPLE THOUGHT HE DID. HE CAME INTO OFFICE WITHOUT A SINGLE CABINET MEMBER DEVOTED TO HIM PERSONALLY, WITHOUT HAVING BEEN BRIEFED ON THE PROCESSES OF CURRENT PROBLEMS OF GOVERNMENT, WITHOUT KNOWING WHO THE PEOPLE WERE TO WHOM HE SHOULD APPLY FOR COUNSEL AND FACTS A PRESIDENT MUST HAVE TO SERVE THE BEST INTERESTS OF THE COUNTRY.

OFTEN SOME MEMBER OF THE CABINET TRIED TO SEE HIM PRIVATELY TO COMPLAIN ABOUT ANOTHER MEMBER. HE SAID HE STOPPED THAT, FIRST BY RECOUNTING THE INCIDENT AT THE CABINET MEETING AND ASKING THE TWO OR THREE INVOLVED TO WORK IT OUT; SECOND, BY GETTING HIS OWN CABINET.

HE NOW IS SERVED BY THE BEST PERSONAL STAFF HE COULD FIND AND BY A LOYAL AND ABLE CABINET.

KNOCK REPORTS THE PRESIDENT ADDED THE PROBLEM REMAINS NOW TO FIND THE VERY BEST QUALIFIED PERSONS OUTSIDE FOR COUNSEL AND FOR COLLECTING THE FACTS IN SPECIAL MATTERS. THAT IS AN UNENDING TASK, AS WELL AS A VITAL ONE. BUT THE INADEQUACY OF THE POSITION HE WAS IN TO DO THAT HAS DISAPPEARED, AND THAT WAS ALL HE MEANT AT THE TIME.

THE PRESIDENT BELIEVES THE SENIORITY SYSTEM BY WHICH CHAIRMEN OF COMMITTEES IN CONGRESS ARE SELECTED IS A DEFECTIVE ONE BECAUSE THE BEST QUALIFIED MEN DO NOT ALWAYS GET THE JOBS. HOWEVER, HE FEELS THAT ANY SUBSTITUTE THAT HAS BEEN PROPOSED IS UNWORKABLE, AND THE PRESENT SYSTEM HAS THE MERIT OF KEEPING ORDER IN THE LEGISLATIVE PROCESS. IF THE ADMINISTRATION WERE ALLOWED TO PICK THE CHAIRMEN, WHICH IS ONE SUBSTITUTE THAT HAS BEEN PROPOSED, THE EXECUTIVE WOULD DOMINATE CONGRESS AND THIS IS NOT ONLY UNDESIRABLE BUT CONTRARY TO THE INTENT OF THE CONSTITUTION.

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U. S. Businessman Goes on Trial In Hungarian Spy Court Today

BUDAPEST, Hungary, Feb. 16—(AP) Robert A. Vogeler, Jr., New York business man, and six others go on trial tomorrow on charges of espionage and sabotage. The case has strained relations between Hungary and the United States for three months.

The charges against Vogeler grew out of his activities as an assistant vice-president and roving representative of the International Telephone and Telegraph company in eastern Europe. He was arrested Nov. 18 as he left a Budapest hotel to return to his home and headquarters in Vienna.

Co-defendants are Edgar Sanders British accountant for the Nationalized Standard Electric works, a Budapest subsidiary of I. T. & T., and five Hungarian employes of the company. The Hungarians include Imre Geiger, who was the Standard company's managing director.

'Confessions' Claimed

All have been held incommunicado, despite British and American protests. Hungary's communist government announced Nov. 22 that Vogeler, Sanders and Geiger had confessed.

Hungarian newspapers and government authorities alike were silent today about the trial. The names of the defense counsel and the judges have not been officially disclosed.

However, a usually reliable source indicated the prosecutor might be Gyula Alapi, who represented the government in the treason trials of Josef Cardinal Mindszenty and Laszlo Rajk, former No. 2 Hungarian communist. Cardinal Mindszenty was sentenced to a life term; Rajk to death.

The American and British legations received two tickets each for the trial. The United States observers will be Third Secretary Chris Petrow and foreign service staff officer Otmar Ghorgy. The British legation is sending first Secretary Hilary Young and Third Secretary Ernest Smith.

Bar U. S. Lawyers

Hungary's deputy premier, Matyas Rakosi, told U. S. Minister Nathaniel P. Davis three weeks ago Vogeler can have all the Hungarian attorneys he wants, but on the question of an American lawyer appearing for him "I can give you no assurance."

(Morris L. Ernest, New York lawyer-author, said last Sunday he had been retained to defend Vogeler and had applied for a visa. A Budapest legal authority said, however, that only Hungarian lawyers may appear in a Hungarian court.

(Ernst said today he has not received the visa but will fly to Europe tomorrow hoping the visa—if it is granted—will be forwarded to him in London or Paris, and that he will be allowed to attend the trial.

(He said he cabled a new plea to the Hungarian minister of justice to adjourn the trial until he can get there.)

Hungary seized many western-owned businesses, including I. T. & T., property, at the year end in an expansion of nationalization. Every industrial enterprise, Hungarian or foreign, with more than 10 employes was taken over.

Take Counter Action

Minister of State Erno Gorgo charged "foreign imperialists" had used western businesses in Hungary "to build up espionage rings and prepare sabotage actions." He said the nationalization move also was necessary "to develop our nationalized socialist industry."

Both Britain and America have taken counter action.

Britain cancelled trade talks with Hungary. The United States ceased issuance of visas for private American citizens to visit Hungary and closed the two Hungarian consulates in the United States—in New York and Cleveland.

Hungary has granted visas so far for only two western newsmen from outside Hungary to attend the trial. They are Alexander Kendrick of the Columbia Broadcasting system and Leo Murray, Vienna correspondent of a British newspaper, the Manchester Guardian.

Several other western newsmen who applied in Vienna for visas have not yet received word regarding their applications. ADD

CHINESE RED LEADER IS FETED BY STALIN

LONDON, Feb. 16—(AP) Prime Minister Stalin gave a dinner in the Kremlin tonight for the Chinese communist leaders Mao Tze-Tung and Chou En-Lai, the Moscow radio said.

The dinner took place "in a warm and friendly atmosphere," the broadcast reported. It named other Chinese guests as Li Fu-Chun, vice chairman of the northeast government; Wang Chai-Hsiang, Chinese ambassador to Russia; and S. Azizov, vice chairman of the Sinkiang provincial government.

Russian guests included President Nikolai Shvernik, Foreign Minister Andrei Vishinsky, Deputy Premier V. M. Molotov and other high ranking Soviet officials.

France Orders Strike Curbs

Paris, Feb. 16 (AP)—France began mobilizing forces today to block a threatened wave of Communist-run strikes aimed at paralyzing the movement of American arms in this country.

The pivot point of the North Atlantic defense system, France is due to receive $400,000,000 to $500,000,000 worth of United States weapons for the building of western Europe's greatest land force.

French Government leaders have charged that Moscow directly ordered the Communist campaign against this.

The immediate threat comes tomorrow morning, with a rush-hour stoppage scheduled for the nation's entire rail network. The Communist-led General Federation of Labor ordered its members off the job from 8 to 10 A.M. A 24-hour walkout has also been scheduled in the great northern coal fields.

Secrets Leak Permitted

The Cabinet's answer went out in the form of secret orders to the prefects (governors) of the 90 French departments. The police arrangements for Paris were permitted to leak out, possibly as a warning to troublemakers.

They include cancellation of all police leaves and reinforcement of the city's 25,000 regular police with about the same number of motorized, rifle-bearing, steel-helmeted Mobile Guards and Republican Security Companies.

Two policemen and ten demonstrators were injured today at Nice in a fight that began during a pro-Communist parade. The police used tear gas and called for reinforcements from Marseille.

The pro-Communist "Fighters for Peace," which sponsored the demonstration, said it had been called "to affirm the will of the workers to peace and their desire to see their standard of living improved." ADD

Garry Davis Gains Ground

230 Communes in Central France Adhere to 'World Territory'

PARIS, Feb. 16 (AP).—The World Citizenship Council of Lot district in central France announced today that 230 of Lot's towns and villages, with over 100,000 inhabitants, have declared themselves "world territory." ADD

The declaration, inspired by "World Citizen" Garry Davis, has no legal effect. Davis is a former Army Air Force pilot who has given up United States citizenship to work for world government.

EX CZECH OFFICIAL FLEES

VIENNA, Austria, Feb. 16 (AP)—Reliable sources said today Dr. Eugen Irsay, former Czechoslovak deputy minister of finance has fled to Austria. A writer on economics, Dr. Irsay is said to have been a close associate of the late Czech foreign minister, Jan Masaryk.

PRAVDA SAYS PACT BALKS U. S., JAPAN

Tokyo, Backed by Washington, Is Declaring 'Intentions of Revenge,' Paper Says

MOSCOW, Feb. 16 (AP)—The Soviet-Communist Chinese mutual aid treaty was needed because of the behavior of the United States and Japan, the Communist newspaper Pravda declared today.

It charged that the United States was exerting great efforts to transform Japan into a strategic base directed against the Soviet Union and Communist China.

"There is hardly any necessity of proving how real is this problem right now, when in Japan, under the protection of American occupation authorities, reactionaries are openly declaring their intentions of revenge," Pravda said in a front-page editorial.

The Communist organ charged that the United States was dragging out the peace treaty with Japan, desiring to conclude a special pact with Tokyo that would permit continuation of the occupation indefinitely.

The Soviet Union and Communist China signed their pact Tuesday to ally them in peace or possible war for the next thirty years. The Soviet Government newspaper Izvestia said the agreement was between "the two greatest states in the world."

Premier Stalin's participation in the talks "witnesses the great historical significance of the documents destined to create a treaty basis for the long, uninterrupted friendship that binds the Soviet people with the Chinese people," Izvestia said. SEE DASH

Pravda Asserts Soviet-China Pact Need

Moscow, Feb. 16 (AP)—*Pravda*, the Soviet Communist party organ, asserted today the Soviet-Chinese mutal aid alliance was needed because the United States is straining to make Japan a springboard for attack on Russia and China.

The *Pravda* editorial said that "American authorities and reactionaries are becoming more and more brazen in Japan."

It added that "American imperialism is straining every effort to convert Japan into its strategic springboard against the U.S.S.R. and against the people's Democratic China."

"Ruling Circles"

Pravda said the "ruling circles in America" are postponing a peace treaty with Japan and are "searching out means of concluding a separate treaty with her," so that the United States could keep troops in Japan as long as possible.

The Government newspaper *Izvestia* also devoted nearly half a page to editorial comment on the new pact—signed in Moscow Tuesday night—which was said to be aimed at preventing aggression by Japan or any other state that would unite with her.

Plight of Wounded Irks Mme. Chiang

She Loses Temper During Hospital Inspection

TAIPEI, Formosa, Feb. 16 (AP).—Madame Chiang Kai-shek lost her temper today. It was one of the few public demonstrations of anger by Nationalist China's First Lady in a generation of public life.

The explosion came at Kaohsiung army hospital, where she was on an inspection tour.

She found hospital bedsheets spotless, wards and corridors clean.

But she hit the roof when she talked to wounded Chinese soldiers. They said they had been lying on filthy sheets until a short time before her arrival.

Private Kung Chih-yu complained he had not been paid since he was wounded in action last August.

Private Lu Yu-ming and others told of ill treatment to themselves and the hospital staff by superiors. They said the staff had staged two strikes in protest.

The final blow came when Madame Chiang came upon a cell marked "Repentence Room" and found an insane soldier confined there.

She called hospital heads before her and gave them a tongue-lashing.

Then she sped back here and had a few things to say to her husband, Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek, about conditions at the hospital.

TOKYO, Feb. 16 (AP)—Premier Shigeru Yoshida found one heartening thing about the new Sino-Soviet pact—proposal of a quick peace treaty for Japan.

Addressing the Diet (Parliament) today, Mr. Yoshida said:

"I consider it a very heartening trend that China and Russia, two allies, promised early conclusion of a Japanese peace treaty."

Mr. Yoshida said Japanese might be concerned over the new treaty but he did not want the Government to say anything critical "in view of the extreme delicacy of the international situation."

Nine Malays To Die For Assassination Plot

Singapore, Feb. 16 (AP) — Nine Malays were sentenced to death today for planning the assassination of Duncan Stewart, British governor of Sarawak, last December.

The two men who stabbed Stewart to death at Sibu, Sarawak, previously had been sentenced to hang. They and the nine convicted of joining in the murder plot were members of a band agitating against British rule over the colony. They favored a return to the regime of the Brooke family, whose "white rajahs" governed the area for a century.

"Reds Kill 1,084"

Singapore, Feb. 16 (AP)—Communist terrorists have killed 1,084 police and civilians during the past eighteen months in Malaya, an official statement said today. Communist losses were put at 1,051, with 988 of them Chinese, the report said.

Australia Hits Japan, Germany In Wheat Pact

Canberra, Australia, Feb. 16 (AP). Commerce Minister John McEwen said today Australia plans to oppose admittance of Germany and Japan as members of the international wheat agreement.

McEwen said proposed terms of admittance would discriminate against Australia as the only sterling-area seller of wheat within the agreement.

Russ May Get China Ports In Event Of War

Other Far East news on Page 2

New York, Feb. 16 (AP)—The New York *Times* today reported Communist China had agreed secretly to furnish Soviet Russia with a large labor force and to give the Russians control of seven seaports in case of war.

A *Times* dispatch from Paris said the Chinese Reds had agreed also that Soviet "advisers" would be given "key positions in China's army's secret police organization and Communist party."

The dispatch, by C. L. Sulzberger, *Times* correspondent, said these concessions by Mao Tze-tung, chairman of the Chinese Communist Government, and Premier-Foreign Minister Chou En-lai were believed to be in secret codicils signed in Moscow prior to the announcement Tuesday of a treaty of alliance between the two Communist governments.

Original Demand Modified

The Chinese Reds, Sulzberger reported, were understood to have agreed that the ports of Dairen, Port Arthur, Chinwangtao, Haichow, Chefoo, Weihaiwei and Tsingtao "would be placed under Soviet supervision in case of war."

Sulzberger said the Russians originally demanded full control of all seven ports, but modified this demand because of the "obstinacy" of Mao and Chou.

The Peiping Government, Sulzberger reported, is understood to have requested a credit from the Soviets of £1,000,000,000 ($2,800,000,000). The treaty of alliance, as announced in Moscow, provides for a credit of $300,000,000, but Sulzberger indicated a larger sum might have been agreed upon.

Future Adjustments Set

The *Times* also relayed reports that the Russians had requested 1,000,000 Chinese manual laborers be sent to Siberia. Sulzberger wrote that "300,000 workers, a sizable proportion of the contingent agreed upon, are reported to be already en route to the Soviet Union from Manchuria."

Regarding the Soviet demands for special rights in the western and northern provinces of China, the *Times* dispatch said "the Kremlin ran into unexpected trouble and was opposed not only by Mao and Chou but also by Sinkiang local elements."

Canada Vows Cooperation In Atlantic Pact Defense

OTTAWA, Feb. 16—(AP) Canada assured other members of the North Atlantic Pact today of her constant attention to the strengthening of defenses and coordination of Canadian efforts with those of other signatories.

The country's policy — foreign and domestic—was outlined in a speech from the throne read by Governor-General Viscount Alexander at the opening of Canada's 21st parliament. The statement was drafted by Prime Minister Louis St. Laurent and his cabinet.

On the international front, the statement said the cold war imposes on all free nations "heavy burdens for the provision of defense forces and modern armaments," and added:

"In the development of Canada's defense forces, constant attention is being given to the best use of our resources, to the encouragement of joint research and experimental development and to the coordination of Canadian efforts with those of the other signatories of the North Atlantic treaty."

Added Jobless Aid

In the domestic field, the government proposed an extension of unemployment insurance benefits to new categories of workers and renewal of price-support legislation for some agricultural and fishery products.

The statement gave no details of the legislation. It is believed that the unemployment insurance benefits will be extended to workers in seasonal employment not covered by existing legislation.

The new price-support legislation, extending existing acts, will be aimed at assuring farmers and fishermen of a fair price for their products.

The statement said legislation will be introduced to continue the Canadian wheat board as the sole marketing agent for wheat and coarse grains. Continued efforts will also be made to develop new markets and to reduce trade barriers.

Extend Rent Controls

Legislation providing for extension of domestic rent controls will be introduced if the Supreme Court of Canada rules that the controls are within the jurisdiction of parliament. The court is expected to give a decision on the controls before the end of this month.

Also to be introduced is legislation expected to provide a bill of rights for Canada's 135,000 Indians.

"Employment and prosperity remain at a high level in Canada," the statement said. "The prospects are good for continued private investment in construction and capital development throughout the present year. The demand for consumer goods of all kinds continues to be strong."

The statement added, however, that "seasonal and local acts have given rise to a significant amount of temporary regional unemployment during the last few months."

TRUMAN INSISTS REDS MUST MAKE FIRST PEACE BID

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16 (AP)—President Truman insisted today it's up to the Russians to make a move for peace. But in Congress new demands were raised that this country take the lead in calling a world disarmament conference.

Amid mounting pleas for an end to the atomic arms race, the president made it clear that the United States stands ready at all times to talk over such an agreement.

He even hinted he still has in the back of his mind the possibility of sending a special mission to Moscow—but not until there is evidence such an overture stands a chance of opening a way to a real agreement with the Soviets.

While Mr. Truman was making those points at a White House news conference, there were highlight developments on Capitol Hill:

Urges Disarmament

1. Senator Tydings (D-MD) renewed his call for a global disarmament parley to lift the "darkening threat" of the extinction of mankind raised by development of the hydrogen super bomb. He urged the president and Secretary of State Acheson to "try another roadway" in an effort to resolve the east-west differences, rather than follow the present course of "sweating it out."

2. Senator Smith (R-NJ) urged the president to "sit down with Stalin" and try to work out a solution to the cold war disputes. "We should not close any avenue of approach to a settlement of our differences," Smith told reporters.

But Mr. Truman threw cold water on the idea of personal meeting with the Russian leader—unless Stalin comes here. He repeated his oft-stated stand that he does not intend to go outside this country to meet with the head of any state.

The question of whether he might at some future time send a special mission to Moscow was brought up in a discussion of a story by Arthur Krock in the New York Times yesterday.

May Send Envoy

Krock quoted Mr. Truman as saying in an interview that if a political campaign had not been in progress in 1948 he would have sent Russia to try to "straighten out" Stalin and other Soviet leaders on American intentions.

The article also quoted the president as saying maybe that would be the thing to do some time.

When reporters asked whether he thought the time has come to see Stalin, Mr. Truman replied that he does not. But he said he would be glad to see anyone who wants to come to Washington to consult with him.

As for international atomic controls, the president said the United States is still ready to negotiate on any questions and that U. S. Ambassadors in every capital are available for consultation.

But Tydings told the Senate he believes that if Russia would accept a bid to a world disarmament parley in good faith "progress will Chief Justice Fred M. Vinson to have been made and real achievement could follow."

"No man has the right to say this is impractical," he added, "it never has been tried in all history."

If the Russians reject such a proposal, Tydings said, "then everyone will know where the responsibility for the arms race really lies."

Tydings, who is chairman of the Senate Armed Services committee, said "my suggestion does not spring from fear—we have no fears because we are the strongest nation in the world. It's just common sense for Russia and ourselves."

"If we don't get disarmament," he added, "all the money in christendom won't buy peace."

CANADA TO OUST COUNT

Aide to Petain in War Ordered Deported to France

MONTREAL, Feb. 16 (AP)—Immigration Department officials said today a three-man board had ordered the deportation of Count Jacques de Bernonville, 52-year-old French nobleman who is under death sentence in France for collaboration with the Nazis.

The count may ask the Canadian Government for clemency to permit him to remain as a political refugee.

Count de Bernonville fled France and entered Canada illegally three years ago. He surrendered to immigration authorities and almost continually since then has been fighting deportation.

He has always maintained that all he did in France was to execute the orders of Marshal Henri-Philippe Pétain, who now is in prison

PRESIDENT RAPS CAPITOL NEWSMEN

Isn't So Sure Their Business Is Important, Truman Tells Reporters

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16 — (AP) President Truman hotly told reporters today they aren't going to censor him and he isn't so sure their business is important, anyway.

Tempers soared to one of the highest points ever reached at Mr. Truman's regular weekly news conferences.

Behind the heat was the fact that the President had given an exclusive interview this week to Arthur Krock of the New York Times.

Newsmen started boring with questions for more details on parts of the interview relating to Russian-American relations. Mr. Truman started telling them off.

He said they were disgruntled. He said he is a free agent who will see whom he pleases when he pleases and say what he pleases.

To the dozens of reporters facing him across his big mahogany desk, he said he won't be censored by them or anybody else. He said he didn't like their attitude and they ought to cool off.

Furthermore, he bristled, he will do as he pleases about exclusive interviews in the future. There is

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a custom against it at the White House, he said, and the custom will continue, but he'll do as he pleases about breaking it.

Yes, the President said, he intentionally left out a "damn" in emphasizing he will do as he pleases but:

"You can put it in if you want to."

Mr. Truman invited what he called sensible questions and said these would be answered. And then under questioning he said that:

1. The door always is open for international discussion of atomic controls, this doesn't require dramatizing, and this is no time to send Chief Justice Vinson of the Supreme court to Moscow. (In 1948 he thought of sending Vinson to talk peace with Stalin but the plan was dropped.)

2. This isn't the right time to push for a poltical union of Atlantic Pact countries.

3. Here in Washington the door always is open for a top-flight meeting of British, Russian and American leaders. But no comment on Winston Churchill's proposal for a conference.

Doesn't Name States

4. The President plans to take newsmen on what he called another non-political tour. He isn't naming now all the states in which he will campaign for Democratic congressional candidates once the primaries are over. He thinks Senator Myers (D-Pa) will win reelection.

5. Reporters must wait and see whether George Luckey, California oil man, was right in concluding Mr. Truman will try for the presidency again in 1952.

6. No comment on whether the President believes the coal miners will return to work. The question is in the courts.

7. All methods that protect civil rights should be used to stop lawlessness. But Mr. Truman would want an opinion from his attorney general on whether there should be a federal law against big-time gambling.

8. He isn't considering firing Robert N. Denham as general counsel of the National Labor Relations board.

Krock wasn't present at today's news conference. Neither was the usual Banter and small talk between the President and the regular White House reporters in the first row.

For Anthony Leviero of the New York Times, Mr. Truman produced a large wink.

Newsmen Angry

One reporter assured the President no one was criticizing his right to give an interview to Krock alone.

Radio commentator Earl Godwin said he wasn't disgruntled, that he had been around a long time and hoped Mr. Truman wouldn't mind his saying this:

The reporters seem to feel that the granting of an exclusive interview to Krock reflected on all other reporters and news bureau chiefs around the White House.

Nothing of the kind, Mr. Truman insisted. He repeated that he won't stand for anyone's editing his actions, that he won't be censored and that the President of the United States is a free agent.

Mr. Truman said he wasn't disgruntled, either.

"Why should you be?" growled columnist Doris Fleeson, adding:

"We think our business is quite important."

Do you? the President challenged. Sometimes I'm not so sure.

Krock also had an exclusive interview with the late President Roosevelt in 1937. Mr. Roosevelt gave protesting newsmen a different, faster brush-off.

"My head is on the block.", he said, "and Steve's is, too."

The reference was to his press secretary, Stephen T. Early, now deputy secretary of defense.

U.S. Sees Russ Carving 3 Asia Control Belts

Washington, Feb. 16 (AP)—Highly placed diplomats here believe that Russia is maneuvering to create three distinct spheres of Communist control in Asia, South of Siberia. Concern for Russia's own security appears to be the primary factor.

This objective, according to the experts, probably was behind the Soviet strategy in the Russian-Chinese conference which went on in Moscow for the past nine weeks.

First Sphere Traced

The first sphere embraces Manchuria, Inner Mongolia, Outer Mongolia and Sinkiang.

These are the vast and traditionally Chinese border areas which Secretary of State Acheson says the Russians are taking away from China and adding to the Soviet Union.

To the extent that Russia controls these areas directly or through trusted agents, it will have a buffer zone between the Soviet Union proper and the Asiatic lands to the south, much as the satellite states in eastern Europe form a buffer against the West.

Second And Third Spheres

The second sphere is China. Experts here believe the Russians feel they cannot rely on Chinese stability. Therefore, while dominating Chinese internal and foreign policies, they will not expect the same degree of security for Russia through their alliance with China as they presumably seek to establish in the northern borderlands.

Southeast Asia forms the third sphere. Indo-China, Burma, Siam and Malaya are believed to be marked out for the next stage of Communist expansion in Asia. The struggle for Indo-China has already begun. This region, being more remote from Russia, may be the primary responsibility of the Chinese Communists rather than of Moscow.

Diversion Tactics Expected

American experts believe the Kremlin strategists are seeking to divert Chinese energies and interests southward. New Red victories in that area would be expected to turn the attention of the Chinese people from the gradual extension of direct Soviet control in the north.

American policy makers are convinced Russia will be unable to meet China's needs for economic assistance. Acheson described the Russian-aid program of only $300,000,000 as a meager sum for a nation reported to be on the verge of famine, and predicted the Chinese will have difficulty obtaining deliveries.

Acheson said the Sino-Russ 30-year treaty of friendship and alliance is a boiler-plate copy of the pacts which Moscow has made with its Eastern European satellites. He said that in view of what has happened to those countries the new treaty does not augur well for China.

Acheson also declared that the Chinese and Russian negotiators obviously were not in Moscow for nine weeks negotiating such a simple alliance. He concluded that behind the announced agreement were various secret protocols which may never be publicly disclosed.

The idea is that events rather than announcements will disclose the line of development of Russian strategy in Asia.

Explore Every Possibility Of Peace, Senator Says

Washington, Feb. 16 (AP)—Senator H. Alexander Smith (R., N.J.) today called on the Administration to explore every means of reaching agreement with Russia even to the point of a meeting between President Truman and Premier Stalin.

"We should not close any avenue of approach to a settlement of our differences," Smith said.

He said if a satisfactory way could be found, then President Truman might be able to "sit down with Stalin" and try to work out an approach to the problem of world peace.

He said also that the United Nations should be kept in the center of any moves to bring the nations of the world together in a peaceful community.

Officials' Stand Criticized

Deputy Under Secretary of State Dean Rusk had told a Senate Foreign Relations subcommittee the State Department is ready to open discussions on all "outstanding issues" with Russia at any time. He indicated such conversations should be within the United Nations.

Smith and other senators were sharply critical of Rusk and Assistant Secretary John D. Hickerson for their opposition to all but one proposal offered by senators pondering world problems.

The two State Department spokesmen turned thumbs down on any moves toward a world federation, a union of Atlantic powers, or an army within the United Nations which could operate outside the veto power in the Security Council.

Negative Approach Charged

Senator Elbert Thomas (D., Utah), Senator Kefauver (D., Tenn.) and Smith said the State Department had taken a negative approach to resolutions which have the combined support of 48 senators.

"In the light of the dramatic situation in which we find ourselves, with the hydrogen bomb being built," Smith said, "I don't feel the State Department should regard these proposals all as crazy ideas and that we can get along on the present approach to world problems."

The State Department stamped approval on one resolution offered by Senator Ferguson (R., Mich.) and Senator Graham (D., N.C.). Their proposal is to strengthen the United Nations through a new interpretation of the General Assembly's powers, to work toward a voluntary restriction of the veto power, to enlarge the World Court's powers, and to strengthen the United Nations' police powers.

Navy Will Add 2 Carriers To Pacific Fleet

Washington, Feb. 16 (AP)—The Navy is adding two carriers to its Pacific striking force without noticeably weakening its strength in the Atlantic.

This shift will be accomplished by making use of one carrier which had been scheduled for a long rebuilding layup, and by moving another escort flattop from relatively minor duty on the east coast into a regular Pacific assignment.

The arrangement is designed to fit into the Navy's reduced operating budget. The cost will be covered by money saved in changing the functions of the battleship Missouri.

How Rearrangement Works

The move will bring Pacific carrier strength to five. It will work this way:

The 27,000-ton carrier Philippine Sea and the 11,000-ton escort carrier Sicily will join the 27,000-ton Valley Forge and Boxer, and the escort flattop Badoeng Strait.

The Sicily will not be replaced in the Atlantic, but the carrier Leyte—originally bound for Portsmouth, Va., to be refitted for heavier planes—will take the place of the Philippine Sea on the East Coast.

The Leyte will stay in service until the new 27,000-ton carrier Oriskany is finished this fall. Money to operate the Leyte will come from the $2,500,000 to $3,000,000 savings expected from the decision to turn the Missouri into a floating school for midshipmen and reservists.

Probers Again Seek Loyalty File On Hiss

Washington, Feb. 16 (AP)—Republican members of the House-Un-American Activities Committee readied new efforts today to reopen the Alger Hiss case.

Representative Velde (R., Ill.) said he and other Republicans plan to press for early committee action on a demand that all State Department files concerning Hiss be turned over to the spy-hunting group. The files the Republicans want include Hiss' loyalty record.

Welde said he was all the more determined to get the Hiss files in view of President Truman's attitude that the committee's handling of the Hiss and other cases was a "red herring."

Truman's Stand Interpreted

Arthur Krock wrote in yesterday's New York *Times* that Mr. Truman never changed his opinion that the committee's methods were designed to distract attention from the shortcomings of the Eightieth Congress.

"The President's contention of a 'red herring' policy shows blindness and stupidity in administration of our internal security program to protect the American public from potential enemies," Velde said.

Commented Representative Kearney (R., N.Y.), another member of the Un-American Activities Committee:

"The verdict of the jury in the Hiss case speaks for itself."

MORMON MISSIONARY EXPELLED BY CZECHS

DENVER, Feb. 16—(AP) A young Mormon missionary cabled his mother today he is being expelled from Czechoslovakia where two fellow missionaries are held in a Czech jail.

Mrs. Vontella B. Kimball said she received this cable from her son, Stanley, 23:

"Mother dear, leaving Czechoslo-

vakia Monday 21 England via Italy etc. Send everything to British mission."

She said she received another cable from Wallace Toronto, president of the Mormon mission in Czechoslovakia saying "they all must go." He advised her, she said, that he, his wife and six children will stay in Prague until the two jailed missio[illegible]es are released.

POLISH AIDE RESIGNS, PROTESTS RED REGIME

PITTSBURGH, Feb. 16 (AP)—Stanislaw A. Skarzynski, 38-year-old assistant to the Polish consul, quit his job today rather than return to Poland.

"There is no liberty in Poland today," Skarzynski said in explaining his action.

"Everything the Polish government does is dictated by the Kremlin.

Consul Joseph Patyk confirmed the resignation but declined comment.

Skarzynski said he was ordered to return to Poland last Monday, adding:

"To make me go to Warsaw they promised to transfer me to South America. When I remarked it was much shorter to go directly x x x they demanded I pack up and go to Warsaw."

Skarzynski, who said he was in a German war prisoners' camp for five years, was an artillery lieutenant at the battle of Warsaw.

Shortly after his release in 1945 he was assigned to the diplomatic service. He came to Pittsburgh in 1948 from Detroit.

Skarzynski says he hopes to get a job and live in Pittsburgh permanently.

JUDY IN DISPUTE WITH ATTORNEY, TRIAL IS DELAYED

NEW YORK, Feb. 16—(AP) The spy trial of Judith Coplon and Valintin A. Gubitchev was halted abruptly today for secret conferences in which Miss Coplon reportedly sought to fire her lawyer, colorful little Archibald Palmer.

Federal Judge Sylvester J. Ryan ordered an adjournment at least until next Monday.

He told the jury without explanation that "a situation has arisen" and that he felt "the interest of justice can best be served" by delaying the trial.

Reports spread quickly that Miss Coplon had called on the judge before today's session opened and asked permission to replace Palmer, the self-described old family friend who has defended her since her arrest nearly a year ago.

Palmer Silent

Palmer himself said he knew of no falling out.

"I'm a lawyer and I've got a job to do, and all she has to do is sit still and be quiet," he told reporters.

Judge Ryan refused to say whether Miss Coplon was seeking to change attorneys. He also declined to say whether the present trial would continue if Palmer should be replaced.

In mid-afternoon, hours after the recess was ordered, the judge met in his chambers with Miss Coplon, Palmer, government lawyers and Gubitchev's counsel, Abraham L. Pomerantz.

Miss Coplon was accompanied by her brother, Bertram, and his wife.

Another conference was called for 11 a.m. (EST) tomorrow.

Palmer declined to say whether he would attend.

Pomerantz, asked if he would be defending Miss Coplon as well as Gubitchev hereafter, said: "definitely not."

Miss Coplon, formerly a Justice department analyst, and the Soviet engineer Gubitchev have been on trial since Jan. 24. They are charged with conspiring to transmit U. S. defense secrets to the Russians.

Today's adjournment apparently caught Gubitchev's lawyer by surprise. He asked in court for an explanation. Ryan called him and the other lawyers into his chambers for a brief conference.

Yugoslav Orphan Girl, 11, Arrives For New Life In U.S.

Philadelphia, Feb. 16 (AP)—An 11-year-old orphaned girl from Yugoslavia entered a wonderland of love and plenty today.

Little Dragica Grujic arrived on the Adriatic Lines' passenger-carrying freighter "Serbia" for a new life with her foster parents, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Sharatz, of Monaco, Pa.

Mrs. Sharatz, herself a native of Yugoslavia, is the child's aunt. She and her husband, a foreman at the Jones and Laughlin Steel Plant in Aliquippa, Pa., have no children of their own. They set out a few years ago to adopt Dragica.

Laughs, Cries By Turns

Finally, in the third year of efforts to drive a chink in the iron curtain, success was achieved. She is one of the extremely few child refugees brought here from Yugoslavia.

Dragica laughed and cried by turns, then broke out in Slavic chatter. Mrs. Sharatz wept, fussed over the child in the language they both know, talked of the nice clothes and fine food she meant to buy her.

The stiffness and tension of long-fixed formality relaxed. Immigration men grew a bit gentler. Smiles crept into the faces of Yugoslav diplomats whose business it is to think about the cold war.

The Sharatzes expect to return home with their charge tomorrow—by air, which Dragica is by no means certain she'll like.

Tastes First White Bread

Ocean travel upset her. Even the novelty of proper, substantial food didn't quite agree with her. She said she had never tasted white bread until her first meal on shipboard.

During virtually all Dragica's 11 years she has been habituated to acute poverty and distress. Her parents were killed by the Germans in the war years. Driven from her home near Zagreb, she lived thereafter with her grandmother—Mrs. Sharatz's mother—in caves and swamps and woods, existing on what they could find.

In December of last year the grandmother died. The urgency of the situation hastened Dragica's pasage to the United States.

TOGOLAND UNITY AIM NOTED IN U. N. REPORT

LAKE SUCCESS, Friday, Feb. 17 (AP)—A United Nations mission reported today that a growing nationalistic movement was causing unrest in two United Nations trust territories in West Africa.

The territories are French Togoland and British Togoland. The movement also was reported widespread in some adjoining districts of Britain's Gold Coast Colony.

A four-man mission has recently made an on-the-scene investigation of the Togoland areas at the request of the United Nations Trusteeship Council. The mission looked into the matter of petitions from leaders of the Ewe tribe asking the United Nations to unite their 800,000 to 1,000,000 tribesmen who spread over the three territories.

Britain and France, as administrators of the Togoland trust territories, already had informed the United Nations they were taking steps toward economic and cultural unity of the Togoland areas, but both had expressed opposition to political unification.

The visiting mission reported the big problem was no longer an economic one. It said many Togolanders "are claiming that unification is an essential stage in their advancement toward self-government or independence."

UN EXPERTS URGE WIDE REVISION IN TRADE POLICIES

Wm Hamilton

LAKE SUCCESS, Feb. 16—(AP) United Nations economists reported tonight that all efforts to balance world trade have falied and that the situation became worse in 1949.

In the light of this, they suggested a complete re-evaluation of world economic policies and programs. This presumably would include the European Recovery Program (ERP), although the economists did not say so specifically.

The suggestion was submitted to the 18-nation economic and social council in a 50-page survey of major economic changes in 1949. The survey was prepared by experts in the UN secretariat.

Seen Chief Problem

The space devoted to the world trade situation indicated the UN experts regard this as the No. 1 economic problem of the moment. They reported world industrial production continued to increase last year and that employment also remained at a high level.

As for the chronic unbalance in trade, the report said: "No remedy is yet in sight." The situation was complicated by decreasing U. S. imports and by the gradual emergency of previously undeveloped countries into the world market, it said.

The survey offered some broad suggestions as to what might have to be done.

For one thing, the report said, the western European countries might have to adjust their entire production program to fit in with changes taking place in other parts of the world. Otherwise, it added, the United States might have to continue its financial aid to help the western European countries surmount their dollar shortages.

To some extent, the survey reported, the under-developed countries face the same problems that confront western Europe. It said the adjustments they will have to make in their foreign trade will depend to some extent on whether they are able to borrow abroad and thereby continue to finance import surpluses.

Major Developments Listed

Other major economic developments outlined in the report:

1. Total world industrial production in 1949 was nearly 40 per cent above that of 1937.

2. Inflationary pressure subsided in most parts of the world. There also were sharp declines in the prices of foodstuffs and raw materials in world markets.

3. Russia has increased trade with her satellites in eastern Europe, while Soviet trade with western Europe declined about one-fifth during the first half of 1949.

4. Latin America is the only continent whose foreign trade in the first half of 1949 was substantially lower in value than during the corresponding period in 1948. Soft currency countries, particularly Argentina, were reported hardest hit.

5. One of the outstanding developments in the Far East was the increase in Japanese exports to other countries in the area. Japanese exports in the first nine months of 1949 were double the value of those during the same period the previous year.

As in earlier surveys made by the UN, there was little concrete information about economic conditions in Russia. The Soviet Union reported that its industrial output in 1949 was 20 per cent higher than in 1948, but no specific production figures were given.

FOLLOW BUDAPEST VOGELER
LONDON, FRIDAY, FEB 17-(AP)-BRITAIN CHARGES HUNGARY WITH BREACHING
CIVILIZED STANDARDS OF JUSTICE IN PREPARING FOR THE SPY TRIAL OF EDGAR
SANDERS, A BRITISH SUBJECT, DUE TO FACE A BUDAPEST COURT TODAY WITH
ROBERT A.VOGELER,JR.
THE FOREIGN OFFICE RELEASED THE TEXT OF A NOTE WHICH COMPLAINED
THAT HUNGARIAN AUTHORITIES HAVE REFUSED TO ALLOW A BRITISH CONSUL TO
SEE SANDERS IN PRIVATE AND REFUSED A REQUEST FOR FACILITIES
WHICH WOULD ALLOW A BRITISH LAWYER TO HELP PREPARE HIS DEFENSE.
JK817PFS

30.24- 9009

LONDON, FEB.16-(AP)-THE WIFE OF AN AMERICAN ARCHITECT WHO DISAPPEARED BEHIND THE IRON CURTAIN LAST AUGUST APPEALED TO THE POLISH AND CZECH GOVERNMENTS TODAY TO HELP FIND AND RELEASE HIM.

SHE IS MRS. HERMANN FIELD, WHOSE HUSBAND WAS LAST SEEN AUG.22 WHEN FRIENDS LEFT HIM AT THE WARSAW AIRPORT TO TAKE A PLANE TO PRAGUE.

MRS. FIELD SAID SHE SENT TELEGRAMS TO CZECH MINISTER OF INTERIOR VACLAV NOSEK AND POLISH MINISTER OF SECURITY STANISLAW RADKIEWICZ, WHICH READ:

"I AM DEEPLY WORRIED ABOUT MY HUSBAND, HERMANN FIELD, AN AMERICAN ARCHITECT WHO DISAPPEARED AFTER FRIENDS LEFT HIM AT WARSAW AIRPORT LAST AUG.22 TO TAKE A CZECH AIRLINES PLANE TO PRAGUE WHERE HIS SISTER-IN-LAW WAS WAITING TO MEET HIM.
X X X X IN THE NAME OF JUSTICE I BEG YOUR ASSISTANCE IN FINDING AND RELEASING HIM."

MRS. FIELD SAID THAT SHE AND HER HUSBAND--THEN DOING ARCHITECTURAL WORK FOR CLEVELAND (OHIO) COLLEGE--CAME TO EUROPE LAST SUMMER WITH THEIR TWO YOUNG SONS FOR A VACATION. SHE AND THE CHILDREN STAYED IN LONDON WHILE FIELD ATTENDED AN ARCHITECT'S CONFERENCE IN ITALY AND VISITED POLAND.

WHILE IN WARSAW, SHE SAID, FIELD HEARD THAT HIS BROTHER, NOEL, FORMERLY DIRECTOR OF THE UNITARIAN SERVICE COMMITTEE FOR EASTERN EUROPE, WAS MISSING IN CZECHOSLOVAKIA.

HE ARRANGED TO FLY TO PRAGUE TO SEE NOEL'S WIFE BUT CZECH AUTHORITIES DENIED HE EVER ARRIVED, MRS. FIELD SAID. SHORTLY AFTERWARD NOEL'S WIFE ALSO DISAPPEARED AND NO WORD HAS BEEN RECEIVED FROM ANY OF THE THREE SINCE, SHE ADDED.

MRS. FIELD, WHO HAS STAYED ON IN LONDON WITH HER CHILDREN, PREVIOUSLY MESSAGED THE STATE DEPARTMENT IN WASHINGTON ASKING HELP IN THE SEARCH.

EZ905AES

PARIS, FEB.16-(AP)-A GROUP OF 26 FARMERS FROM THE U.S. MIDDLEWEST ARRIVED HERE TODAY BY PLANE TO STUDY AGRICULTURAL RECOVERY IN FRANCE AND OTHER NATIONS IN THE EUROPEAN RECOVERY PROGRAM.

AMERICAN OFFICIALS IN THE EMBASSY AND IN THE ECONOMIC COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION (ECA) HEADQUARTERS WILL GIVE THE VISITORS A BRIEFING ON EUROPEAN FARM PROGRAMS TOMORROW MORNING. IN THE AFTERNOON THE GROUP IS TO INSPECT FARMS IN THE REGION AROUND CHARTRES, SOUTHWEST OF PARIS, IN THE LOIRE RIVER VALLEY.

THE GROUP WILL LEAVE TUESDAY FOR ITALY, SWITZERLAND, WESTERN GERMANY, BELGIUM, HOLLAND, AND ENGLAND. THEY ARE ACCOMPANIED BY JACK JACKSON, FARM COMMENTATOR FOR RADIO STATION KCMO IN KANSAS CITY, MO.

RP1139AES

PARIS, FEB.16-(AP)-THE FRENCH GOVERNMENT TOOK SPECIAL STEPS TODAY TO PREVENT POSSIBLE SABOTAGE AND COMMUNIST-LED SLOW-DOWNS ON SHIPMENTS OF MILITARY EQUIPMENT IN AND OUT OF THE COUNTRY.

THE MEASURES WERE NOT REVEALED. BUT THE CABINET ANNOUNCED THAT MINISTER OF STATE PIERRE-HENRI TEITGEN HAD SENT SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS TO POLICE AND OTHER OFFICIALS "TO INSURE THE MAINTENANCE OF PUBLIC ORDER AND THE GENERAL PROTECTION OF PUBLIC SERVICES."

THESE STEPS APPARENTLY INCLUDED PLANS TO CURTAIL THE EFFECTIVENESS OF A COMMUNIST-LED GENERAL LABOR CONFEDERATION (CGT) STRIKE ON FRENCH RAILWAYS, ORDERED FOR TWO HOURS TOMORROW BETWEEN 8 A.M. AND 10 A.M.

THE CGT ALREADY HAS DIRECTED DEMONSTRATIONS AGAINST THE UNLOADING OF AMERICAN MILITARY AID SHIPS. DOCKWORKERS HAVE BEEN INCITED TO STRIKE ALSO AGAINST THE LOADING OF ARMS FOR INDOCHINA.

MD339AES

The council also made public a telegram addressed to Paris [illegible] government.

physicist Albert Einstein urging him to call on "the peoples of the world to enter the active service of humanity with a positive action program".

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SOME 1,500 PARADERS SPENT A QUARTER OF AN HOUR BEFORE THE U.S. CONSULATE SHOUTING: "DOWN WITH WAR," "DOWN WITH THE MARSHALL PLAN," AND "WE WANT PEACE."

ARRANGEMENTS ALSO WERE MADE IN PARIS BY THE GOVERNMENT FOR CLOSING SECONDARY POLICE STATIONS AND MASSING OF STRENGTH AT CENTRAL POSTS AND AT KEY POINTS, SUCH AS THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY, MINISTRIES, TELEPHONE EXCHANGES AND RAILROAD STATIONS.

AT THE SAME TIME, THE CABINET ORDERED A SET OF LONG-RANGE MEASURES. THESE, INFORMATION MINISTER PIERRIE-HENRI TEITGEN TOLD NEWSMEN, WILL "ASSURE THE MAINTENANCE OF ORDER AND THE GENERAL PROTECTION OF PUBLIC SERVICES, ESPECIALLY THE PROTECTION OF THE

TRANSPORT AND MILITARY MATERIAL."

WORKERS AT THE DOCKS, IN THE GOVERNMENT ARSENALS AND THE GOVERNMENT-OWNED RAILROADS, WERE TO BE TOLD THAT THEY HAVE VERY SPECIAL TYPES OF JOBS.

THEY SIGN CONTRACTS WHICH PROVIDE THAT THEY CAN BE DISMISSED IF THEY REFUSE TO DO THE WORK ASSIGNED. IN SOME CASES, SOLDIERS HAVE ALREADY REPLACED UNWILLING STEVEDORES.

IN A RADIO BROADCAST TO THE NATION, JACQUES CHASTELLAIN, MINISTER OF PUBLIC WORKS AND TRANSPORT, URGED RAIL WORKERS NOT TO FOLLOW THE COMMUNIST STRIKE ORDER. HE SAID THE RAIL STRIKE WAS PART OF THE COMMUNISTS' "CAMPAIGN OF AGITATION THAT HAS BEEN UNLEASHED IN THE NATION."

IN THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY, DEPUTY LOUIS TERRENOIRE, AN INDEPENDENT, FILED A MOTION FOR A DEBATE ON INCIDENTS WHICH, HE SAID, "SHOW THE COMMUNIST WILLINGNESS TO COMMIT TREASON" AND DEMONSTRATE HOW THEY CAN "CONTINUE THEIR PLAN FOR SABOTAGE OF THE NATIONAL DEFENSE WITH IMPUNITY."

THE CURRENT CRISIS BEGAN TWO DAYS AGO, WHEN STRIKERS AT NICE OVERCAME POLICE AND DUMPED INTO THE HARBOR MATERIAL DESIGNED FOR [illegible] MISSILE EXPERIMENTS.

IN ADDITION TO TOMORROW'S STRIKES, EX-PREMIER HENRI QUEUILLE, WHO TOOK OVER THE POST OF INTERIOR MINISTER LAST WEEK, HAS THREATS OF A SERIES OF DEMONSTRATIONS TO COPE WITH. COMMUNISTS ALSO PLA A SPECIAL EFFORT SUNDAY, WHEN PREMIER GEORGES BIDAULT WILL MAKE A PUBLIC SPEECH AT ST. ETIENNE.

RB657PES

ROME, FEB. 16-(AP)-RADIO ACTIVE MINERALS HAVE BEEN FOUND IN THE MOUNTAINS OF NORTH CENTRAL ITALY, THE NEWSPAPER IL MESSAGGERO REPORTED TODAY.

IT SAID REPORTS OF THE DISCOVERY HAVE BEEN MADE TO CITY OFFICIALS OF PERUGIA. ACCORDING TO THE REPORT THE DISCOVERY WAS MADE BY AN UNNAMED ENGINEER NEAR THE VILLAGE OF SAN VENANZA, SOUTH OF PERUGIA. NO R IMMEDIATE CONFIRMATION WAS AVAILABLE.

JR830AES

BASEL, SWITZERLAND, FEB.16-(AP)-DR.KARL KOBELT, CHIEF OF THE SWISS MILITARY DEPARTMENT, SAID TONIGHT THAT SWITZERLAND HAS SCRAPPED HER SEVEN-YEAR ARMAMENT PROGRAM AS "OUTDATED." SHE IS ABOUT TO ADOPT A NEW FIVE-YEAR PLAN.

THE SEVEN-YEAR PLAN WAS STARTED IN 1947, ENCOMPASSING THE NATION'S ALPINE DEFENSES, THE STORAGE OF LARGE QUANTITIES OF ARMS AND MUNITIONS, PURCHASE OF JET FIGHTERS FROM BRITAIN AND THE MODERNIZATION OF WEAPONS.

"WE MUST ADMIT HONESTLY THAT IN THE MODERNIZATION AND THE STRENGTHENING OF OUR WEAPONS WE ARE FAR BEHIND," DR.KOBELT SAID IN AN ADDRESS.

JB514PES

THE HAGUE, THE NETHERLANDS, FEB.16-(AP)-THE UNITED STATES AND RUSSIA JOINED TODAY AGAINST AN ARGENTINE PROPOSAL THAT THE UNITED NATIONS ASSEMBLY ELECT NEW MEMBERS WITHOUT WAITING FOR SECURITY COUNCIL RECOMMENDATIONS.

THIS CAME OUT AT AN INTERNATIONAL JUSTICE COURT HEARING ON THE ASSEMBLY'S REQUEST FOR AN OPINION WHETHER IT COULD ADMIT A NATION AFTER THE SECURITY COUNCIL HAD FAILED TO RECOMMEND IT, EITHER BECAUSE OF THE NATION'S FAILURE TO GET THE NEEDED MAJORITY OR BECAUSE OF A VETO.

WRITTEN STATEMENTS REVEALED THAT ARGENTINA ALONE DEFENDED THE ARGUMENT THAT THE ASSEMBLY COULD ELECT NEW MEMBERS ON ITS OWN.

ARGENTINA HAS TRIED ON A NUMBER OF OCCASIONS TO ELIMINATE THE BIG POWER VETO IN THE SECURITY COUNCIL. LAST SEPTEMBER SHE THREATENED TO WALK OUT OF THE COUNCIL UNLESS SOMETHING WERE DONE ABOUT RUSSIA'S CONTINUED USE OF THE VETO.

RUSSIA, ON THE OTHER HAND, HINTED THAT SHE WOULD REVIEW HER MEMBERSHIP IN THE UNITED NATIONS IF ARGENTINA'S MOVE TO ELIMINATE THE BIG POWER VETO RIGHT SUCCEEDED.

B1033AES

rotterdam, the netherlands, feb. 16-(ap)-a communist harbor committee, in a protest meeting tonight against american arms shipments, called on dockworkers to refuse to unload arms.

more than 1,000 attended the meeting. it was

announced that belgian, french and italian dockworkers had been refused police permission to address it, and dutch communists read [redacted] written speeches instead.

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Lisbon, Portugal, Feb. 16 -(ap)- A portuguese army corporal was sentenced to nine years imprisonment by a court martial [redacted] today on charges of assisting the japanese occupation of Timor, island colony north of australia.

The corporal, jose de sousa, 56, pleaded he was forced to obey [redacted] the japanese. "There was no choice but to obey or die", he said.

He was the only Portuguese charged and sentenced for activities during the occupation of Timor, authorities said. #

BERLIN, FEB 16-(AP)-THIRTEEN PER CENT OF THE 16,000 SOVIET ZONE REFUGEES WHO FLED TO WEST BERLIN DURING THE PAST YEAR WERE REJECTED AS SUSPECTED COMMUNIST AGENTS OR VAGRANTS, THE U.S. HIGH COMMISSION SAID TODAY.

IT PREDICTED THE REFUGEE INFLUX WOULD "INCREASE VERY GREATLY DURING THE NEXT MONTHS DUE TO INCREASING POLITICAL PRESSURE IN THE SOVIET ZONE."

IT SAID: "THE LARGEST GROUP EXPECTED TO COME TO THE CITY'S WESTERN SECTORS ARE YOUNG MEN FLEEING FROM ENFORCED ENROLLMENT IN THE PEOPLE'S POLICE.

"ALL ARRIVALS ARE CAREFULLY SCREENED BOTH TO ELIMINATE UNDESIRABLE ELEMENTS AND TO ENSURE THAT NO GENUINE POLITICAL REFUGEE IS RETURNED TO THE SOVIET ZONE, WHICH WOULD BE TANTAMOUNT TO A DEATH SENTENCE," THE REPORT CONTINUED.

THE CITY'S RELIEF LOAD DECLINED 1 1/3 PER CENT TO 224,128 PERSONS DURING JANUARY, IT WAS REPORTED TODAY. BUT UNEMPLOYMENT REACHED A POSTWAR HIGH OF 302,842 IN THE SAME PERIOD.

JK1127PES

FRANKFURT, GERMANY, FEB. 16-(AP)-DR. FRANZ BLUECHER, WEST GERMAN VICE CHANCELLOR, RETURNED HERE TODAY BY AIR FROM THE UNITED STATES WHERE HE DISCUSSED WITH AMERICAN OFFICIALS PROSPECTS OF INCREASING GERMANY'S EXPORT TRADE AND QUESTIONS CONCERNING THE EUROPEAN RECOVERY PROGRAM.

EZ935AES

Bonn, Germany, Feb. 16--(AP)--The Allied High Commission conferred for four hours today with German leaders on the republic's financial and economic troubles.

The talks were broken off, to be resumed later.

Today's meeting followed recent highly critical allied comment on the government's economic policy. Chancellor Konrad Adenauer was summoned to meet the High Commission to explain his government's policy.

An allied communique after the conference said the general economic situation was examined, with particular attention to the [redacted] means for financing the government's plans for reducing the 2,000,000 persons now unemployed. Apparently no conclusion was reached.

bonn, germany, feb. 16--(AP)--West German chancellor Konrad Adenauer met today with the allied high commission to answer criticisms of his government's economic and financial policies.

The meeting followed a series of recent reports from the western allies in connection with the economic progress of adenauer's government. The latest was delivered to the economics ministry tuesday. Informed sources said it was highly criticial in tone and expressed anxiety at the dwindling of west germany's dollar resources.

Adenauer took his economics, finance and food ministers to the meeting with the high commission.

belgrade, yugoslavia, feb. 16--(AP)--u. s. ambassador george allen laid a wreath today on the memorial to yugoslavia's world war one unknown soldier. The observance is customary for a new ambassador here.

apw 01540 mb/295p

BUCHAREST, ROMANIA, FEB.16-(AP)-ROMANIA HAS RATIFIED AN AGREEMENT WITH RUSSIA CLARIFYING THE FRONTIER LINE BETWEEN THE TWO COUNTRIES, IT WAS DISCLOSED TODAY.

THE AGREEMENT PROVIDES FOR SOME ADJUSTMENTS IN THE BORDERS SET FORTH IN THE ROMANIAN PEACE TREATY, FOR FRONTIER CONTROL MEASURES AND FOR A PROCEDURE TO SETTLE BORDER DISPUTES.

B1048AES

PRAGUE, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, FEB.16-(AP)-THE BODIES OF TWO AMERICAN SOLDIERS OF CZECH EXTRACTION, KILLED IN WORLD WAR II, WERE TURNED OVER TO CZECHOSLOVAK AUTHORITIES AT A SMALL BORDER TOWN TODAY FOR REBURIAL HERE.

THE SOLDIERS WERE PVT. ALEXANDER J. FERENC, BORN IN SOPORNA, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, AND INDUCTED INTO THE AMERICAN ARMY IN AKRON, OHIO, AND PFC. ANDREW V. FABIS OF TORRINGTON, CONN. THEIR REMAINS ARE BEING SENT TO NEXT OF KIN LIVING IN CZECHOSLOVAKIA.

THE BODIES HAVE BEEN DISINTERRED FROM GRAVES IN ITALY AND HOLLAND AND BROUGHT THROUGH BAVARIA TO THE BORDER TOWN OF ROZVADOV WHERE THEY WERE HANDED OVER TO CZECH OFFICIALS WHILE AMERICAN AMBASSADOR ELLIS O. BRIGGS AND OTHER AMERICAN AUTHORITIES LOOKED ON.

AT THE SIMPLE CEREMONY, AMBASSADOR BRIGGS SAID THE TWO SOLDIERS WERE SYMBOLS OF A FRIENDSHIP BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND CZECHOSLOVAKIA WHICH "IS FOUNDED ON THE DEVOTION OF THOSE MEN AND WOMEN TO THE SAME IDEALS OF DECENCY, JUSTICE AND LIBERTY THAT WE CHERISH IN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

"BESIDES THAT FRIENDSHIP, ALTERCATIONS BETWEEN GOVERNMENTS ARE SEEN IN SMALLER PERSPECTIVE."

FERENC WAS KILLED BY A MINE ON DEC.18, 1943, NEAR SAN PIETRO, ITALY, AND WAS BURIED IN THE MARXANELLO NUOVO CEMETERY. FABIS WAS KILLED ON SEPT.21, 1944, IN HOLLAND AFTER HE "DELIBERATELY EXPOSED HIMSELF TO ENEMY FIRE IN ORDER TO COVER THE MOVEMENT OF HIS UNIT." HE WAS POSTHUMOUSLY AWARDED THE BRONZE STAR. FABIS WAS ORIGINALLY BURIED IN THE UNITED STATES MILITARY CEMETERY AT MOLENHOEK, HOLLAND.

MK9AES

THEY INCLUDE G.K. HODENFIELD OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS, IRVING LEVINE OF INTERNATIONAL NEWS SERVICE, WILLIAM BOYLE OF THE UNITED PRESS, DANA SCHMIDT OF THE NEW YORK TIMES, WALTER BRIGGS OF THE CHICAGO SUN-TIMES, RICHARD MOWRER OF THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR AND ERNIE REED OF STARS AND STRIPES, THE U.S. ARMY NEWSPAPER.

TEN NEWSMEN REPRESENTING EASTERN EUROPEAN NEWS AGENCIES WILL BE AT THE TRIAL.

IF HUNGARY DOES NOT PERMIT CORRESPONDENTS OF THE AP, UP AND INS TO ENTER, THEY WILL BE REPRESENTED BY HUNGARIAN CORRESPONDENTS.

FOUR WESTERN NEWSMEN ARE STATIONED HERE REGULARLY. THEY ARE PETER BURCHETT OF THE LONDON DAILY EXPRESS, PETER FURST OF THE BRITISH AGENCY, REUTERS, MARK GAYN OF THE AMERICAN NEW REPUBLIC MAGAZINE AND GEORGES NEUZET OF THE FRENCH PRESS AGENCY.

JB612PES

30.24- 9013

NOTE TO EDITORS (FOR PUBLICATION IF DESIRED): (170)
THE REGULAR REPRESENTATIVE OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS IN BUDAPEST, ENDRE MARTON, A HUNGARIAN NATIONAL, WILL COVER THE ESPIONAGE TRIAL OF ROBERT VOGELER, AN AMERICAN, AND OTHERS, WHICH OPENS TOMORROW IN BUDAPEST.
THE ASSOCIATED PRESS MADE APPLICATION LAST MONTH TO HAVE ITS AMERICAN BUREAU CHIEF IN VIENNA, GAYLORD K.HODENFIELD, ADMITTED TO HUNGARY TO HELP MARTON COVER THE TRIAL. REPEATED EFFORTS HAVE BEEN MADE TO OBTAIN CREDENTIALS FOR HODENFIELD, THROUGH ALL AVAILABLE CHANNELS OF COMMUNICATION WITH HUNGARIAN AUTHORITIES, BUT THUS FAR WITHOUT SUCCESS.
MARTON COVERED THE TREASON TRIAL JUST A YEAR AGO OF JOSEF CARDINAL MINDSZENTY. AT THAT TIME THE ASSOCIATED PRESS ALSO SOUGHT TO SEND ONE OR MORE OF ITS AMERICAN CORRESPONDENTS TO COVER THE TRIAL, BUT PERMISSION WAS DENIED.
NO CENSORSHIP, AS THE TERM GENERALLY IS UNDERSTOOD--THAT IS, THE OFFICIAL BLUE-PENCILLING OF NEWS DISPATCHES--IS INVOLVED IN THE TRANSMISSION OF NEWS FROM HUNGARY. THERE IS, HOWEVER, WHAT AMOUNTS TO A "RESPONSIBILITY" CENSORSHIP. THIS MEANS THAT CORRESPONDENTS IN HUNGARY, OF WHATEVER NATIONALITY, ARE SUBJECT TO ACTION BY THE GOVERNMENT IF THEIR ACTIVITIES OR THEIR NEWS DISPATCHES ARE CONSIDERED OBJECTIONABLE BY THE GOVERNMENT.
AP, FEB.16, 1950
JK815PES

--DASH--
A 13-NATION FAR EASTERN COMMISSION, ON WHICH RUSSIA IS REPRESENTED, WAS SET UP AFTER V-J DAY TO FIX POLICIES FOR THE JAPANESE OCCUPATION. GEN.DOUGLAS MACARTHUR IS COMMANDER IN CHIEF OF THE OCCUPATION FORCES.
PRIME MINISTER SHIGERU YOSHIDA TOLD THE JAPANESE DIET (PARLIAMENT) THREE WEEKS AGO THAT JAPAN, "STANDING ON THE THRESHOLD OF NATIONAL RESURGENCE," WANTS AN EARLY PEACE TREATY ON ANY BASIS SHE CAN GET ONE.
REFERRING TO A PROPOSAL IN THE MOSCOW PACT OF A QUICK PEACE TREATY FOR JAPAN, YOSHIDA TOLD THE DIET THURSDAY:
"I CONSIDER IT A VERY HEARTENING TREND THAT CHINA AND RUSSIA, TWO ALLIES, PROMISED EARLY CONCLUSION OF A JAPANESE PEACE TREATY."
RW438PES

MOSCOW, FEB. 16-(AP)-MOSCOW'S LITERARY GAZETTE TODAY ATTACKED FINNISH PRESIDENT JUHO PAASIKIVI, WHO WAS RE-ELECTED TO HIS POST YESTERDAY IN HELSINKI, AS PRO-GERMAN PRO-AMERICAN AND ANTI-SOVIET.
THE NEWSPAPER CHARGED PAASIKIVI WITH TAKING A LINE OF "SUPPRESSION OF DEMOCRACY, RESURRECTION OF FASCISM, STRUGGLE AGAINST THE U.S.S.R. AND THE PEOPLE'S DEMOCRACIES AND SUPPORT OF THE ANGLO-AMERICAN WARMONGERS."
THE FINNISH PRESIDENT WAS ACCUSED OF FORMULATING A FOREIGN AND ECONOMIC POLICY WHEREBY FINLAND CONDUCTED 80 PER CENT OF HER TRADING WITH WESTERN COUNTRIES.
JR818AES

MOSCOW, FEB 16-(AP)-VERSES WRITTEN BY CHINESE COMMUNIST LEADER MAO TZE-TUNG HAVE BEEN TRANSLATED INTO RUSSIA, THE LITERARY GAZETTE SAID TODAY, AND READ AT A SPECIAL MEETING DEVOTED TO CHINESE-SOVIET FRIENDSHIP.
THE NEWSPAPER SAID MAO'S POETRY WAS READ BY A CHINESE STUDENT FROM THE INSTITUTE OF EASTERN STUDIES HERE.
THEY WERE SAID TO HAVE BEEN MET WITH "SPECIAL WARMTH" BY THE AUDIENCE.
M817AES

TAIPEI, FORMOSA, FEB. 16-(AP)-A FEW COMMUNISTS HAVE SLIPPED ON TO HAINAN ISLAND IN THE SOUTH DURING HEAVY FOG THE PAST FEW DAYS, THE DEFENSE MINISTRY SAID TODAY.
COMMUNIST GUERRILLAS HAVE BEEN ACTIVE IN THE MOUNTAINOUS SECTION OF THE OYSTER SHAPED ISLAND OFF THE SOUTH CHINA COAST SINCE THE LAST DAYS OF THE JAPANESE THERE.
BUT THE DEFENSE MINISTRY ANNOUNCED TODAY OPERATIONS AGAINST THEM WERE PROGRESSING SMOOTHLY. SOME 17,000 RED GUERRILLAS WERE THERE A MONTH AGO. HOW MANY MORE HAVE MANAGED TO REACH THE ISLAND WAS NOT DISCLOSED.
CONTINUED NATIONALIST SUCCESSES AGAINST TURNCOATS IN THE FAR INLAND PROVINCE OF SIKANG WERE REPORTED. SIKANG BORDERS TIBET.
DESERTERS TO THE REDS IN SOUTHERN SIKANG WERE SAID TO BE FALLING BACK TOWARD YUNNAN PROVINCE BEFORE NATIONALIST FORCES.
JL550APS

TAIPEI, FORMOSA, FEB. 16-(AP)-NATIONALIST CHINA TODAY REJECTED THE PACT BETWEEN RED CHINA AND RUSSIA.
FOREIGN MINISTER GEORGE YEH COMPARED RUSSIA WITH ADOLF HITLER IN HIS DENUNCIATION OF THE TREATY.
YEH SAID SIGNATURE TO THE PACT VIOLATED THE SINO-SOVIET TREATY OF 1945.
MOSCOW'S DENUNCIATION OF THE 1945 TREATY, HE SAID, COMPLETED THE PROCESS OF TEARING IT APART WHICH THE RUSSIANS STARTED SOON AFTER IT WAS SIGNED.
X602APS

RANGOON, BURMA, FEB.16-(AP)-PARLIAMENT ACCEPTED TODAY A RECOMMENDATION FROM THE ELECTION SUPERVISORY COMMISSION THAT GENERAL ELECTIONS IN BURMA BE POSTPONED UNTIL MAY 4, 1951. THE COMMISSION HELD THAT CONDITIONS IN THE COUNTRY BAR FREE AND FAIR ELECTIONS UNTIL THAT DATE.
QQ1026AES

HONG KONG, FEB.16-(AP)-RED CHINA'S POLICY ON DIVORCES HAS BEEN CLARIFIED BY A SERIES OF JUDGEMENTS HANDED DOWN BY A COMMUNIST COURT IN SHANGHAI.

REPORTS AVAILABLE HERE TODAY INDICATED THE COMMUNIST POLICY WOULD BE:

1. MARRIAGES SHOULD VE VOLUNTARY AND ON EQUAL BASIS. CHILD MARRIAGES OR MARRIAGES ARRANGED ON A COMMERCIAL BASIS ARE BANNED.

2. THE GOVERNMENT FAVORS MONOGAMY AND BANS CONCUBINAGE BUT WILL RECOGNIZE THE STATUS QUO IN EXISTING CASES WHERE CONCUBINAGE IS COMMON AMONG PEOPLE OF WEALTH IN CHINA AND A BREAKUP WILL RESULT IN HARD-SHIPS.

3. MEDIATION IN MARRIAGE DISPUTES WILL NOT BE ENFORCED BY COMPULSION.

4. ALIMONY WILL VARY ACCORDING TO THE NUMBER OF CHILDREN AND LIVING COSTS.

5. CHILDREN UNDER SIX YEARS OF AGE WILL BE AWARDED THE MOTHER. THOSE OVER SIX MAY BE AWARDED EITHER PARTY.

6. THE WIVES OF COMMUNIST SOLDIERS MAY ASK FOR DISSOLUTION OF THE MARRIAGE IF THEY CAN NOT TRACE THE WHEREABOUTS OF THEIR HUSBANDS FOR THREE YEARS.

7. GROUNDS FOR DIVORCE ARE ADULTERY, INHUMAN TREATMENT, FRAUD AND DESERTION.

JW847ACS

SINGAPORE, FEB. 16-(AP)-THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT TODAY ASKED THE SINGAPORE GOVERNMENT FOR AUTHORITY TO SEIZE THE LIBERTY SHIP HSI HSUAN. THE SHIP HAD BEEN PURCHASED FROM THE U. S. GOVERNMENT BY CHINESE NATIONALISTS BUT PAYMENTS ARE DUE ON HER.

THE HSI HSUAN RECENTLY ENTERED AND CLEARED FROM A CHINESE COMMUNIST PORT. SHE IS NOW IN HARBOR HERE WITH A CARGO OF 9,000 TONS OF SALT PURPORTEDLY DESTINED FOR U.S. OCCUPATION FORCES IN JAPAN.

AN AMERICAN WHO DECLINED TO GIVE HIS NAME SAID HE HAD FLOWN FROM WASHINGTON TO SAIL THE FREIGHTER TO JAPAN. HE SAID THE UNITED STATES WANTED TO SEIZE HER BECAUSE OF MONEY DUE IN THE PURCHASE BY THE NATIONALISTS AND BECAUSE HER CARGO BELONGS TO THE U.S. GOVERNMENT.

EZ957AES

SOUTHEAST ASIA (420)
BY MILTON MARMOR

BANGKOK, FEB. 16-(AP)-THE UNITED STATES TODAY WAS REPORTED READY TO GIVE MILITARY EQUIPMENT AND ECONOMIC AID TO SOUTHEAST ASIAN NATIONS WILLING TO STAND UP AGAINST THE SOUTHWARD SWEEP OF COMMUNISM.

THIS WAS THE MAJOR MOVE DEVELOPING OUT OF A THREE-DAY CONFERENCE HERE OF AMERICAN DIPLOMATS OF THE FAR EAST, HIGHLY COMPETENT SOURCES SAID. NO AMERICAN TROOPS WOULD BE INVOLVED.

THE MEETING ENDED YESTERDAY AS THE ANNOUNCEMENT OF AN ALLIANCE BETWEEN SOVIET RUSSIA AND COMMUNIST CHINA CAST A DEEPING RED SHADOW OVER THIS PART OF THE WORLD. TO MANY IT SEEMED THE REDS TIMED THE ANNOUNCEMENT TO TAKE THE EDGE OFF THE AMERICAN CONFERENCE.

THE TREATY ADDED TO THE ALREADY GREAT FEARS OF SOUTHEAST ASIAN NATIONS THAT THEY WOULD BE ENGULFED BY COMMUNISM THAT IS RAMPANT ON THIS TROUBLED CONTINENT. SOME OF THE AMERICAN DIPLOMATS WERE REPRESENTED AS BELIEVING EVEN NOW IT IS TOO LATE FOR U.S. AID TO CHECK IT.

AMERICAN POLICY FOR ASIA STILL MUST BE SET IN WASHINGTON BUT THESE POSITIONS REPORTEDLY AGREED UPON BY THE DIPLOMATS WOULD BE CONSIDERED IN ITS FORMULATION:

1. INVASION OF INDOCHINA BY THE CHINESE REDS IS NOT BELIEVED LIKELY. THE CHINESE REDS ARE EXPECTED, HOWEVER, TO SEND ARMS TO MOSCOW-TRAINED HO CHI-MINH'S VIETNAM REGIME WHICH IS FIGHTING THE FRENCH THERE. HO HAS BEEN RECOGNIZED BY COMMUNIST CHINA AND RUSSIA. THE GENERAL FEELING IS THAT IF INDOCHINA GOES RED SO WILL ALL SOUTHEAST ASIA.

2. THE SOUTH KOREAN REPUBLIC IS IN SERIOUS DANGER AS THE LONE OUTPOST AGAINST COMMUNISM ON THE NORTHEAST ASIAN MAINLAND. THE RUSSIAN-BACKED COMMUNIST NORTHERN HALF OF THE COUNTRY ADJOINS RED CHINA. A COMMUNIST TRIUMPH IN KOREA WOULD THREATEN JAPAN, THE MAIN AMERICAN POSITION IN THE ORIENT.

3. THERE IS DOUBT THAT THE CHINESE NATIONALISTS, CHASED FROM THE MAINLAND BY THE COMMUNISTS, CAN HOLD THEIR ISLAND BASTION OF FORMOSA. THE CHINESE REDS HAVE PUT FORMOSA, 100 MILES OFF THE EAST COAST, ON THEIR 1950 CONQUEST TIMETABLE.

A46FX

INDICATIONS THAT ECONOMIC POWER WILL BE THE MAJOR ANTI-RED WEAPON IN SOUTHEAST ASIA COINCIDED WITH AN APPARENTLY INTENSIFYING BATTLE FOR RICE.

INDOCHINA, BURMA AND THAILAND MAKE UP ASIA'S GREAT RICE BOWL. AMONG THEM, THEY PROBABLY HAVE MILLIONS OF TONS OF THIS STAFF OF ORIENTAL LIFE AVAILABLE TO THE HIGHEST BIDDER.

IT IS ALMOST IMPOSSIIBLE TO OVERESTIMATE THE IMPORTANCE OF CONTROL OVER THESE COUNTRIES' VAST EXPORTABLE SURPLUSES IN HUNGRAY ASIA.

A SOVIET TRADE MISSION AND A NEW RED CZECHOSLOVAK FRONT FOR NATIONALIZED INDUSTRIES ARE REPRESENTED HERE BY ACTIVE AGENTS. THEIR JOB IS TO BUY FOOD FOR RED CHINA--A PROBLEM SO URGENT THAT SOME OBSERVERS THINK THE CHINESE REDS WILL FIGHT FOR SOUTHEAST ASIA'S RICE.

X/JL347APS

TOKYO, FEB. 16-(AP)-PRESIDENT SYNGMAN RHEE TODAY PROPOSED THAT HIS REPUBLIC OF SOUTH ~~DAKOTA~~ KOREA AND HIS OLD ENEMY, JAPAN, REACH "A COMMON UNDERSTANDING" FOR THEIR "COMMON SAFETY" AGAINST COMMUNISM.

RHEE ISSUED A STATEMENT SHORTLY AFTER HE ARRIVED WITH HIS WIFE AND WAS GREETED AT THE AIRPORT BY GENERAL AND MRS. MACARTHUR.

RHEE TOLD REPORTERS HIS VISIT WAS A SOCIAL CALL, BUT THIS STATEMENT HE HANDED OUT SHOWED A MORE SERIOUS PURPOSE:

"IT IS WELL KNOWN THAT IN THE PAST KOREANS HARBORED NO FRIENDLY FEELING TOWARD THE JAPANESE. I MYSELF HAVE NOT BEEN KNOWN AS A FRIEND OF JAPAN.

"NEVERTHELESS, THE PRESENT SITUATION REQUIRES THE REACHING OF A COMMON UNDERSTANDING BETWEEN THE KOREAN AND JAPANESE PEOPLE FOR THEIR COMMON SAFETY IN FACING THEIR COMMON DANGER ARISING FROM THE GROWING COMMUNIST EXPANSION DIRECTED CHIEFLY TOWARD THE PACIFIC AREA."

RHEE PREDICTED THAT WITH SUCH AN ATTITUDE, "WE CERTAINLY CAN SOLVE ANY PROBLEMS EXISTING BETWEEN US." HE ADDED THAT HE HOPED TO EXCHANGE VIEWS WITH JAPANESE OFFICIALS.

FJ1048PCS

TOKYO,FRIDAY,FEB.17-(AP)-THE FAR EAST AIR FORCE TODAY LISTED TWO OF THREE MEN ABOARD A LIGHT BOMBER MISSING THREE DAYS ON A FLIGHT TO KYUSHU.

THEY ARE CAPT.RICHARD F.PRICE, 31, SON OF MRS.DORIS PRICE OF MORROW, OHIO, AND SGT.ROYAL R.NEWMAN, 26, SON OF MRS.IRENE NEWMAN OF CHESTER, W.VA. THE NAME OF THE THIRD WAS WITHHELD BECAUSE NEXT OF KIN HAS NOT BEEN NOTIFIED.

EIGHTY SEARCH MISSIONS WERE FLOWN YESTERDAY, BUT LIGHT RAIN AND SNOW HELD UP THE HUNT TODAY. THE SEARCH WAS CONCENTRATED IN A MOUNTAINOUS AREA ABOUT 30 MILES WEST OF HIROSHIMA. JAPANESE REPORTS SAID A PLANE HAD CRASHED THERE.

VR1240ACS

SYDNEY, AUSTRALIA, FEB. 16-(AP)-AN AUSTRALIAN EQUITY COURT DECIDED TODAY IT COULD NOT HOLD IN PORT THE NATIONALIST CHINESE SHIP UNION BUILDER AS REQUESTED BY THE UNITED STATES.

THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT SOUGHT AN INJUNCTION TO HOLD THE SHIP IN SYDNEY PENDING A SETTLEMENT OF $506,966 IN DEFAULTED MORTGAGE PAYMENTS.

JUDGE ERNEST ROPER RULED THAT HE HAD NO JURISDICTION OVER ANY FOREIGN SOVEREIGN NATION AND DISMISSED THE UNITED STATES APPLICATION.

EZ918AES

WITH YUKON MANEUVERS (380)
BY CLARKE BEACH

WITH CANADIAN-US JOINT MANEUVER FORCES, YUKON TERRITORY, FEB 16 -(AP)-THE ENEMY IS USING DIRTY TACTICS--PSYCHOLOGICAL WARFARE.

THE ALLIED TROOPS IN THE FRONT LINES, ALREADY UNCOMFORTABLE ENOUGH IN THEIR SNOW-LINED FOXHOLES, ARE BEING SUBJECTED TO BROADCASTS FROM LOUDSPEAKERS IN THE ENEMY LINES.

"WE KNOW YOU ARE THE PRINCESS PATRICIA'S CANADIAN LIGHT INFANTRY. WE KNOW YOUR COMMANDER IS COLONEL CAMERON. YOU ARE NOT TRAINED FOR THIS ARCTIC WARFARE. YOU ARE NOT PROPERLY EQUIPPED. GIVE UP. GO HOME."

THE TROOPS IN THESE WAR GAMES JUST SNORT, "RUBBISH," IN SOLDIERS' LANGUAGE. IT ISN'T HURTING THEIR MORALE, BUT THEY ARE BEING SHOWN WHAT TO EXPECT FROM A REAL ENEMY IF THEY EVER HAVE TO FIGHT ONE UP THERE.

LAST NIGHT THE ENEMY BLARED ACROSS THE MUSKEG NEXT TO THE DONJEK RIVER:

"THE U.S. REINFORCEMENTS YOU ARE EXPECTING ARE ALL BACK IN WHITE-HORSE, WHERE IT IS NICE AND WARM. PLENTY OF BEER FOR THEM. PLENTY OF COLD FOR YOU. TAKE MY ADVICE AND QUIT."

NOW THE ENEMY FROM AGGRESSORLAND, WHO HAS SEIZED ALL OF ALASKA, HAS SEVENTEEN LETTERS WHICH THEIR SPIES ARE ARRANGING TO MAIL TO INDIVIDUALS IN THE AMERICAN FORCES. THE SPIES CAN'T JUST MAIL THEM FROM ALASKA. THEY HAVE TO INFILTRATE THE ALLIED LINES AND GET THEM INTO THE REGULAR MAIL IN CANADA.

THAT'S A PART OF THE TRAINING FOR THE INTELLIGENCE MEN ON THE AGGRESSOR SIDE. THERE'S NO WAY FOR THEM TO TRAVEL HERE EXCEPT BY AIRPLANE OR BY THE ALASKA HIGHWAY. SO GETTING THE LETTERS TO A MAIL BOX IN CANADA IS GOING TO BE QUITE A PROBLEM.

THE LETTERS ALL CONTAIN INFORMATION WHICH AGGRESSOR AGENTS HAVE PICKED UP FROM UNDERCOVER SOURCES. THEY GOT IT FROM TALKING TO SOLDIERS IN BARS AND GATHERING PLACES IN WHITEHORSE. THE AGENTS WERE AT WORK TWO MONTHS AGO AT CAMP CARSON, COLO., THE BASE OF MOST U.S. SOLDIERS HERE. THEY LIVED AT HOTELS IN COLORADO SPRINGS AND POSED AS FREE LANCE PHOTOGRAPHERS, GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS AND SO FORTH.

B56KX (SEG)

ONE LETTER TELLS THE MAN THAT THE AGGRESSOR KNOWS HIS WIFE HAS JUST HAD A BABY, AND IT'S TOO BAD HE ISN'T HOME WITH HIS FAMILY. ANOTHER ASKS THE MAN IF HE ISN'T SORRY HE HAS JUST REENLISTED. ANOTHER LETS THE MAN KNOW HE REVEALED CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION ABOUT NEW EXPERIMENTAL EQUIPMENT, SHOWING THE U.S. SOLDIER THAT HE BLABBED TOO MUCH ABOUT MILITARY MATS

MILITARY MATTERS.

THE ALLIED TROOPS ALL WERE INDOCTRINATED FOR MONTHS BEFORE THE MANEUVER TO WARN THEM AGAINST THE MORALE-DESTROYING TACTICS OF THE ENEMY. POSTERS WERE DISPLAYED WARNING THE MEN TO GUARD THEIR TONGUES, TO WATCH FOR SUSPICIOUS CHARACTERS. THEY WERE WARNED AGAINST SUBVER-SIVE ORGANIZATIONS WHICH MIGHT ATTEMPT TO INFLUENCE THEM.

VR641ACS

YUKON MANEUVERS (380)
BY CLARKE BEACH

WITH CANADIAN-U.S. JOINT MANEUVER FORCES, DONJEK RIVER, Y.T., FEB 16-(AP)-THE ALLIES' ADVANCE FORCES HAVE BEEN PUSHED BACK 25 MILES DOWN THE ALASKA HIGHWAY TO THE FROZEN DONJEK RIVER, 220 MILES NORTH OF WHITEHORSE.

THEY'VE DUG STRONG GUN POSITIONS IN THE WHITE FORESTS AND MUSKEG AND ARE PREPARING TO MAKE A DESPERATE STAND. STRONG REINFORCEMENTS ARE DUE FROM THE SOUTH TODAY. A MAJOR BATTLE IS SHAPING UP AT THE RIVER CROSSING, A BLEAK WHITE DESERT SURROUNDED BY TOWERING MOUNTAINS.

SO RUNS TODAY'S SCRIPT IN THESE MID-WINTER, SUB-ARCTIC WAR GAMES.

DON'T WORRY ABOUT THE OUTCOME OF THE BATTLE OF DONJEK RIVER.

THE AGGRESSOR ENEMY, WHO IS SUPPOSED TO HAVE CAPTURED ALL OF ALASKA AND TO BE PUSHING DOWN THE HIGHWAY TO INVADE CANADA AND THE UNITED STATES, WILL BE HELD AT THE RIVER BANK. THE PLAYWRIGHT HAS WRITTEN IT THAT WAY.

I DROVE UP THE HIGHWAY TWENTY MILES TODAY TO WATCH THE RETREAT AND SEE THE ENEMY SWEEP THROUGH. PROTECTED BY THE WHITE FLAG ON AN UMPIRE'S JEEP, I STOOD ON THE ROAD WHILE THE TIDE OF ARCTIC BATTLE FLOWED PAST.

MEN IN WHITE CAMOUFLAGE OVER THEIR ARCTIC GEAR SHATTERED THE ICY STILLNESS OF THE MOUNTAINS WITH MACHINE GUN AND RIFLE FIRE. THEY CHOPPED DOWN SPRUCE TREES TO LAY ROAD BLOCKS. FLARES LIKE ROMAN CANDLES DROPPED AROUND US, ORANGE, SILVER, GREEN AND GOLD, SIMULATING

ARTILLERY FIRE. PLANES SWOOPED LOW TO STRAFE THE TROOPS AND SPOT THEIR POSITIONS.

IT WAS 35 BELOW ZERO.

THE MEN IN THE RETREATING COLUMN WERE CANADIAN AND MOST OF THEM HAD HEAVILY FROSTED OR FROZEN MUSTACHES.

THE MEN LOOKED TIRED AND FLUSHED WITH THE COLD.

THEY HAD SPENT THE NIGHT FIGHTING, WARMING UP IN TENTS AFTER EACH HALF-HOUR ON THE FRONT LINE. MOST I TALKED TO SAID THEY HAD NOT SLEPT FOR MORE THAN AN HOUR.

ENEMY DETACHMENTS WERE HARRASSING THE REAR GUARD FROM EACH SIDE OF THE HIGHWAY. UNTIL THEY OPENED FIRE, YOU COULDN'T SEE THEM THROUGH THE WILDERNESS OF SNOW-LADEN SPRUCE.

ONE CANADIAN GOT A POT SHOT AT AN AGGRESSOR. BUT THE AGGRESSOR KEPT ON WALKING.

"YOU'RE DEAD," THE CANADIAN SHOUTED.

"I'M NOT," SHOUTED THE AGGRESSOR, STILL UPRIGHT.

THE CANADIAN APPEALED TO THE UMPIRE, WHO DECIDED THE MAN WAS INDEED ALIVE.

WHEN A MAN IS KILLED, HE IS GIVEN A TICKET AND SENT BACK TO CAMP UNTIL NEXT DAY.

IN THIS KIND OF WEATHER, ONE WOULD BE TEMPTED TO JOIN THE HONORED DEAD WITHOUT ARGUMENT.

VR217ACS NM

OTTAWA, FEB.16-(AP)-A CARLETON COLLEGE PHYSICS PROFESSOR, DR. ALAN MUNN, SAID TODAY HE BELIEVES IT MAY BE THEORETICALLY POSSIBLE FOR A HYDROGEN BOMB, IF LARGE ENOUGH, TO DESTROY THE WORLD.

HE ADDED, HOWEVER, THAT IT WAS A PURELY THEORETICAL STATEMENT. HE SAID HE DID NOT KNOW HOW LARGE THE BOMB WOULD HAVE TO BE AND PROBABLY THE ONLY SCIENTISTS WHO HAD THAT KNOWLEDGE WERE WORKING ON THE TOP-SECRET UNITED STATES HYDRO-BOMB PROJECT.

DR. MUNN FORMERLY WORKED AT CANADA'S ATOMIC ENERGY PROJECT AT CHALK RIVER, ONT., AND AT MCGILL UNIVERSITY'S CYCLOTRON PROJECT.

HE SAID IN AN INTERVIEW:

"IN THEORY, IT MIGHT BE POSSIBLE TO BUILD A HYDROGEN BOMB LARGE ENOUGH TO EDESTROY THE WORLD. BECAUSE OF SECRECY, A PERSON OUTSIDE THE FIELD DOESN'T HAVE AT HAND THE FACTS WHICH WOULD PERMIT HIM TO MAKE A REASONABLY ACCURATE ESTIMATE AS TO THE POSSIBILITY."

SCIENTISTS BELIEVE THE EXPLOSION OF A HYDROGEN BOMB WOULD BE SOMEWHAT SIMILAR TO THE PROCESS THAT GOES ON IN THE SUN. IN AN EXPLOSION, ATOMS OF HYDROGEN ARE BROKEN DOWN AND COMBINED TO FORM ATOMS OF HELIUM AND HEAT IS GIVEN OFF IN THE PROCESS.

TO DESTROY THE WORLD, AN EXPLOSION WOULD PROBABLY HAVE TO SET OFF A CHAIN REACTION IN THE SEA. WATER IS MADE UP LARGELY OF HYDROGEN.

FH743PES

(260) ARMS SMUGGLING

WASHINGTON, FEB. 16-(AP)-THE UNITED STATES IS TRYING TO PLUG THE GAPS THROUGH WHICH SMUGGLED AMERICAN ARMS ARE REACHING COMMUNIST-SHADOWED SOUTHEAST ASIA AND OTHER WORLD TROUBLE SPOTS.

THIS WAS REPORTED YESTERDAY IN THE STATE DEPARTMENT BULLETIN. THE REPORT WAS WRITTEN BY LEONARD H. POMEROY OF THE DEPARTMENT'S MUNITIONS DIVISION.

POMEROY SAID THAT AMERICAN BRITISH AND JAPANESE ARMS HAVE BEEN TRACED TO REBELS IN INDOCHINA, THAILAND AND BURMA. ALL ARE CURRENTLY PLAGUED WITH DISORDERS WHICH COMMUNISTS HAVE SOUGHT TO EXPLOIT, HE ADDED.

THE AMERICAN ARMS, POMEROY SAID, COME MOSTLY FROM WORLD WAR II STOCKS IN THE PCIFIC AD THEFTS FROM OTHER
IN THE PACIFIC AND THEFTS FROM OTHER STORES. "EXTENSIVE LEAKAGES" FROM THESE SOURCES, HE SAID, HAVE HELPED BUILD UP AN INTERNATIONAL BLACK MARKET WHICH THE U.S. AND OTHER GOVERNMENTS ARE BRINGING UNDER CONTROL WITH DIFFICULTY.

THE MUNITIONS DIVISION IS THE CLEARING HOUSE FOR AMERICAN OFFICIAL EFFORTS TO HALT THE ILLEGAL ARMS TRAFFIC AT A TIME WHEN THE U.S. IS TRYING TO RESTORE STABILITY IN SOUTHEAST ASIA AS A PART OF THE STOP-COMMUNISM CAMPAIGN.

POMEROY SAID THAT THE OPERATIONS OF SEVERAL SMUGGLING SYNDICATES AND INDIVIDUAL GUN-RUNNERS -- SMUGGLING ARMS OUT OF THE PHILIPPINES AND OTHER SOURCES BY AIR -- HAVE BEEN HALTED BY LOCAL AUTHORITIES, AND HE ADDED:

"THE UNITED STATES MIGHT BECOME A VERY IMPORTANT POTENTIAL SOURCE FOR ARMS AND AMMUNITION FOR FOREIGN REVOLUTIONARY AND WARRING GROUPS WERE IT NOT FOR THE SUPERVISION WHICH THIS GOVERNMENT EXERCISES OVER ARMS EXPORTS."

CZ322AES

WASHINGTON,FEB 16-(AP)-PRESIDENT TRUMAN'S POINT FOUR PROGRAM TO AID THE WORLD'S UNDER-DEVELOPED AREAS WAS APPROVED TODAY BY THE HOUSE FOREIGN AFFAIRS COMMITTEE.

BUT THE COMMITTEE CLAMPED A $45,000,000 CEILING ON THE AMOUNT TO BE SPENT.

CHAIRMAN KEE (D-WVA) SAID THE AUTHORIZATION BILL ACTUALLY PROVIDES ONLY $35,000,000 IN "NEW MONEY." HE EXPLAINED THAT THE $45,000,000 LIMITATION INCLUDES $7,000,000 ALREADY SET ASIDE FOR THE INSTITUTE OF INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS AND $3,000,000 FOR THE STATE DEPARTMENT'S EDUCATIONAL EXCHANGE PROGRAM.

THE MEASURE, A KEY FEATURE IN THE ADMINISTRATION'S POLICY FOR CONTAINING WORLD COMMUNISM, WOULD PROVIDE AMERICAN TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE TO NON-COMMUNIST NATIONS IN DEVELOPING THEIR ECONOMIES.

PARTICULAR STRESS WOULD BE PLACED ON HEALTH AND EDUCATIONAL, BUT WOULD ALSO COVER SUBJECTS RANGING FROM AGRICULTURE AND RECLAMATION TO WEATHER FORECASTING.

STATE DEPARTMENT SURVEYS HAVE POINTED TO LATIN AMERICA, ASIA AND THE FAR EAST AS THE PRINCIPAL AREAS IN NEED OF DEVELOPMENT.

RZ1025PES

NIGHT LEAD COURT MARTIAL-STRANGLER (250)

WASHINGTON,FEB 16-(AP)-A PLEA OF INSANITY FAILED TODAY TO SAVE AIR FORCE PVT. STANLEY F.EDELBAUM, 20, OF BROOKLYN, FROM STANDING TRIAL IN PARIS ON CHARGES THAT HE STRANGLED A GIRL KNOWN AS "LILY THE HUNGARIAN."

ENDING THREE DAYS OF CONFLICTING TESTIMONY, A 10-MAN COURT MARTIAL RULED THAT EDELMAN IS NOW SANE.

THE DEFENDANT STARED DULLY AS THE VERDICT WAS ANNOUNCED. ASKED BY A REPORTER WHAT HE THOUGHT OF THE DECISION, EDELBAUM SAID HE DIDN'T KNOW WHAT THE RULING WAS.

EDELBAUM IS ACCUSED OF SLAYING HUNGARIAN-BORN ELIZABETH ("LILY") BORIK, 22, IN THE BOHEMIAN SECTOR OF MONTMARTRE IN PARIS LAST MAY 8. AT THE TIME, HE WAS ON LEAVE FROM HIS POST IN WIESBADEN, GERMANY, WHERE HE WAS A SAXOPHONE PLAYER IN AN AIR FORCE BAND.

THE TRIAL ORIGINALLY BEGAN IN WIESBADEN, BUT WAS INTERRUPTED B

WHERE HE WAS A SAXOPHONE PLAYER IN AN AIR FORCE BAND.

THE TRIAL ORIGINALLY BEGAN IN WIESBADEN, BUT WAS INTERRUPTED BY DEFENSE PLEAS OF INSANITY.

EDELBAUM WAS SUBSEQUENTLY FOUND INSANE BY AN ARMY MEDICAL BOARD OVERSEAS AND LATER FOUND SANE BY ANOTHER BOARD AT THE ARMY'S WALTER REED HOSPITAL HERE.

TODAY'S RULING BY THE COURT MARTIAL MEANS THE TRIAL WILL BE MOVED BACK ACROSS THE ATLANTIC AND CONTINUED IN PARIS, STARTING ABOUT MARCH 1.

STILL PENDING IS A SECOND DEFENSE MOTION THAT EDELBAUM BE FOUND INNOCENT ON THE GROUND THAT HE WAS INSANE WHEN "LILY THE HUNGARIAN" MET HER DEATH. THE COURT WILL TAKE EVIDENCE IN PARIS BEFORE RULING ON THAT MOTION.

HY1116PES

(120) TYDINGS-BOMB

WASHINGTON,FEB.16-(AP)-SENATOR TYDINGS (D-MD) TOLD THE SENATE TODAY THAT A HYDROGEN BOMB MIGHT "KILL AS MANY AS 10 MILLION PEOPLE WITH A SINGLE BLAST."

HE PREDICTED THAT A SUCCESSFUL HYDROGEN BOMB WOULD BE FOLLOWED BY AN "X-BOMB" THAT "WILL BE TO THE H-BOMB WHAT THE H-BOMB IS TO THE ATOM BOMB."

THERE HAVE BEEN ESTIMATES THAT THE H-BOMB MIGHT BE 1,000 TIMES AS POWERFUL AS THE ORIGINAL A-BOMB.

TYDINGS, A MEMBER OF THE CONGRESSIONAL ATOMIC ENERGY COMMITTEE, SPOKE OF THE POTENTIALITIES OF ATOMIC WEAPONS IN A SPEECH URGING A WORLD DISARMAMENT CONFERENCE.

HE REFERRED SEVERAL TIMES TO THE STATEMENT OF ALBERT EINSTEIN, FAMED SCIENTIST, THAT THROUGH MAN-MADE INVENTIONS "ANNIHILATION OF LIFE ON EARTH IS WITHIN THE RANGE OF TECHNICAL POSSIBILITIES."

V614PES

TYDINGS

WASHINGTON, FEB.16-(AP)-SENATOR TYDINGS (D-MD) TODAY RENEWED HIS CALL FOR A WORLD DISARMAMENT CONFERENCE TO TRY TO REMOVE "THE FEARFUL THE DARKENING THREAT" OF THE POSSIBLE EXTINCTION OF MANKIND.

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE SENATE ARMED SERVICES COMMITTEE TOLD THE SENATE THAT IF RUSSIA WOULD ACCEPT AN INVITATION IN GOOD FAITH, "PROGRESS WILL HAVE BEEN MADE AND REAL ACHIEVEMENT COULD FOLLOW."

BUT IF RUSSIA DECLINED THE INVITATION, HE SAID, "THEN EVERYONE WILL KNOW WHERE THE RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE ARMS RACE REALLY LIES."

TYDINGS CALLED UPON SECRETARY OF STATE ACHESON TO "TRY ANOTHER ROADWAY" FROM THE ONE HE OUTLINED IN A NEWS CONFERENCE FEB. 8.

IN SUM, TYDINGS SAID, ACHESON'S STATEMENT POINTED TO ONE SINGLE CONCLUSION: "THAT WE AND THE OTHER DEMOCRATIC NATIONS OF THE WORLD, ON THE ONE HAND, AND RUSSIA AND THOSE ASSOCIATED WITH HER, ON THE OTHER, MUST SWEAT IT OUT."

BUT HE WENT ON TO NOTE THAT ACHESON HAD SAID IT IS A GOOD THING TO LOOK AT EVERY POSSIBILITY THAT COMES UP, AND COMMENTED:

"X X X I BELIEVE IT IS A GOOD THING FOR HIM TO TRY ANOTHER ROADWAY THAN THE ONE HE HAS SELECTED TO TRAVEL. THAT ROADWAY IS TO RECOGNIZE THE GRIM FACTS OF LIFE, AND HAVING DONE THAT, TO INVITE ALL THE NATIONS OF THE WORLD TO A WORLD DISARMAMENT CONFERENCE DEVOTED EXCLUSIVELY TO THE PURPOSE OF WORLD DISARMAMENT, WITH WORLDWIDE INSPECTION BEFORE, DURING AND AFTER SUCH DISARMAMENT AS IS AGREED UPON."

TYDINGS SAID THAT ACHESON'S PORTRAYAL OF THE U.S.-RUSSIA SITUATION TO THE FEB.8 NEWS CONFERENCE SOUNDED TO HIM LIKE A DESCRIPTION OF A GIGANTIC CHECKER GAME.

HE RECALLED THAT ACHESON SAID THE UNITED STATES MUST CREATE STRENGTH EVERYWHERE IN THE WORLD, TYDINGS COMMENTED:

"WE ARE ATTEMPTING TO CHECKMATE THE RUSSIAN MOVES TOWARDS OUR KING ROW. THE RUSSIANS ARE ATTEMPTING TO CHECKMATE OUR MOVES TOWARD THEIR KING ROW. WHAT THE SECRETARY SAYS IS THAT IT IS HIS HOPE THAT EVENTUALLY BOTH SIDES WILL STOP PLAYING CHECKERS."

TYDINGS SAID THAT HE AGREES WITH ACHESON THAT THE UNITED STATES MUST KEEP ITS DEFENSES STRONG UNTIL ANY AGREEMENT IS REACHED.

BUT HE SAID WORLD DISARMAMENT WOULD HAVE MANY ADVANTAGES TO THE RUSSIANS, AS WELL AS TO THIS COUNTRY. HE SAID IT WOULD ENABLE THEM TO USE MONEY NOW SPENT ON ARMAMENTS FOR BETTER HOMES, CLOTHING, FOOD AND LIVING STANDARDS.

TYDINGS ESTIMATED THAT RUSSIA'S BUDGET WILL ABSORB ABOUT 30 PERCENT OF THE NATIONAL INCOME FOR MILITARY PREPAREDNESS ALONE. IN THE UNITED STATES, MILITARY EXPENDITURES NEXT YEAR WILL REPRESENT ONLY ABOUT SIX PERCENT OF NATIONAL INCOME, HE SAID, ADDING:

"THESE FACTS AND FIGURES CLEARLY SHOW THAT RUSSIA IS MAKING A SUPREME ALL-OUT EFFORT FOR MILITARY SUPREMACY."

FR238PES

PEACE-MOVES--UNITED NATIONS

BY DON WHITEHEAD

WASHINGTON,FEB.16-(AP)-SENATOR H.ALEXANDER SMITH (R-NJ) TODAY CALLED ON THE ADMINISTRATION TO EXPLORE EVERY MEANS OF REACHING AGREEMENT WITH RUSSIA EVEN TO THE POINT OF A MEETING BETWEEN PRESIDENT TRUMAN AND PREMIER STALIN.

"WE SHOULD NOT CLOSE ANY AVENUE OF APPROACH TO A SETTLEMENT OF OUR DIFFERENCES," SMITH TOLD REPORTERS.

HE SAID IF A SATISFACTORY WAY COULD BE FOUND, THEN PRESIDENT TRUMAN MIGHT BE ABLE TO "SIT DOWN WITH STALIN" AND TRY TO WORK OUT AN APPROACH TO THE PROBLEM OF WORLD PEACE.

HE SAID ALSO THAT THE UNITED NATIONS SHOULD BE KEPT IN THE CENTER OF ANY MOVES TO BRING THE NATIONS OF THE WORLD TOGETHER IN A PEACEFUL COMMUNITY.

A WHITE HOUSE OFFICIAL SAID YESTERDAY THAT MR.TRUMAN IN REVIEWING THE DETERIORATION OF RUSSIAN-AMERICAN RELATIONS BELIEVES THE UNITED

STATES ENDED THE WAR-TIME LEASE-LEND PROGRAM "TOO ABRUPTLY."
PRESIDENTIAL SECRETARY CHARLES G.ROSS SAID HE DID NOT KNOW WHETHER THE PRESIDENT'S FEELINGS NOW MIGHT BE THE BASIS FOR A NEW APPROACH TO THE RUSSIANS.
DEPUTY UNDERSECRETARY OF STATE DEAN RUSK TOLD A SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE YESTERDAY THE STATE DEPARTMENT IS READY TO OPEN DISCUSSIONS WITH RUSSIA AT ANY TIME ON ALL "OUTSTANDING ISSUES" OF DISPUTE.
HE INDICATED SUCH CONVERSATIONS SHOULD BE WITHIN THE UNITED NATIONS SINCE THE WELFARE OF OTHER NATIONS WOULD BE VITALLY AFFECTED.
SMITH AND OTHER SENATORS WERE SHARPLY CRITICAL OF RUSK AND ASSISTANT SECRETARY JOHN D.HICKERSON FOR THEIR OPPOSITION TO ALL BUT ONE PROPOSAL OFFERED BY SENATORS PONDERING WORLD PROBLEMS.
THE TWO STATE DEPARTMENT SPOKESMEN TURNED THUMBS DOWN ON ANY MOVES TOWARD A WORLD FEDERATION, A UNION OF ATLANTIC POWERS, OR AN ARMY WITHIN THE UNITED NATIONS WHICH COULD OPERATE OUTSIDE THE VETO POWER IN THE SECURITY COUNCIL.
SENATOR ELBERT THOMAS (D-UTAH), SENATOR KEFAUVER (D-TENN) AND SMITH SAID THE STATE DEPARTMENT HAD TAKEN A NEGATIVE APPROACH TO RESOLUTIONS WHICH HAVE THE COMBINED SUPPORT OF 48 SENATORS.
"IN THE LIGHT OF THE DRAMATIC SITUATION IN WHICH WE FIND OURSELVES, WITH THE HYDROGEN BOMB BEING BUILT," SMITH SAID, "I DON'T FEEL THE STATE DEPARTMENT SHOULD REGARD THESE PROPOSALS ALL AS CRAZY IDEAS AND THAT WE CAN GET ALONG ON THE PRESENT APPROACH TO WORLD PROBLEMS."

A18WX
KEFAUVER WAS ANNOYED BY THE RUSK-HICKERSON OPPOSITION TO THE ATLANTIC UNION IDEA, WHICH IS BACKED BY A COMMITTEE HEADED BY FORMER SUPREME COURT JUSTICE OWEN ROBERTS.
THE ATLANTIC UNION GROUP WOULD AUTHORIZE THE PRESIDENT TO CALL A CONVENTION OF THE ATLANTIC DEMOCRACIES TO EXPLORE THE POSSIBILITIES OF A FEDERATION.
RUSK SAID THE STATE DEPARTMENT IS FEARFUL THAT EFFORTS TO BUILD UP ANY NEW INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION WOULD INJURE THE UNITED NATIONS.
HICKERSON RAISED THE QUESTION THAT THE PEOPLE OF THE UNITED STATES MIGHT NOT BE WILLING TO GIVE UP SOVEREIGNTY TO A UNION OR FEDERATION. HE SAID A UNION WOULD CREATE AN IMMENSE NUMBER OF PROBLEMS IN TRADE, FOREIGN POLICY, MILITARY DEFENSE, TAXES AND IMMIGRATION. THESE SHOULD BE STUDIED BEFORE A CONVENTION IS CALLED, HE ADDED.
THE STATE DEPARTMENT STAMPED APPROVAL ON ONE RESOLUTION OFFERED BY SENATOR FERGUSON (R-MICH) AND SENATOR GRAHAM (D-NC). THEIR PROPOSAL IS TO STRENGTHEN THE U.N. THROUGH A NEW INTERPRETATION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY'S POWERS, TO WORK TOWARD A VOLUNTARY RESTRICTION OF THE VETO POWER, TO ENLARGE THE WORLD COURT'S POWERS, AND TO STRENGTHEN THE U.N.'S POLICE POWERS.
MD336AES

WASHINGTON,FEB.16-(AP)-FOURTEEN JAPANESE DIET MEMBERS VISITED THE PENTAGON TODAY AT THE INVITATION OF DEFENSE SECRETARY JOHNSON.
JOHNSON ASSURED THE JAPANESE THAT "THE REST OF AMERICA HAS NOT FELT THE WAY THE BOSTON CITY COUNCIL FELT" ABOUT THEIR VISIT. JOHNSON ADDED THAT HE WAS "GLAD THAT YOU THOUGHT IT WORTHWHILE TO TOUR THE UNITED STATES."
THE JAPANESE WERE REFUSED ADMITTANCE TO A SESSION OF THE BOSTON CITY COUNCIL.
JOHNSON NOTED THAT THE JAPANESE COMMUNIST PARTY HAD APPROVED THE ACTION OF THE BOSTON GROUP. THE LEADER OF THE JAPANESE VISITORS, TAKESHI YAMAZAKI, REPLIED THAT HE WAS NOT SURPRISED AT THE ATTITUDE OF THE JAPANESE COMMUNISTS.
ARMY SECRETARY GRAY AND UNDERSECRETARY TRACY VORHEES ALSO ATTENDED THE BRIEF RECEPTION.
FR1154AES

(190) WASHINGTON,FEB.16-(AP)-A JAPANESE PARLIAMENT MEMBER SAID TODAY JAPAN WOULD LINE UP WITH THE WESTERN DEMOCRACIES IN THE EVENT OF WAR WITH RUSSIA--IF IT WAS UNABLE TO REMAIN NEUTRAL.
BUT HE SAID JAPAN WOULD PREFER TO REMAIN NEUTRAL "BECAUSE WE HAVE HAD ENOUGH" OF WAR.
THE VISITING LEGISLATOR, SABURO SHIIKUMA, TOLD A PRESS CLUB LUNCHEON GROUP THAT JAPAN'S NEARNESS TO RUSSIA AND COMMUNIST CHINA GIVES THE JAPANESE PEOPLE "CAUSE FOR ANXIETY."
HE SAID PEACE AND ORDER NOW REIGN IN JAPAN, OSTENSIBLY BECAUSE OF THE 120,000 JAPANESE POLICE "BUT IN REALITY BECAUSE OF YOUR OCCUPATION FORCES THERE."
SHIIKUMA SAID COMMUNISTS IN JAPAN ARE LOSING INFLUENCE "DAY BY DAY" BECAUSE THEY ARE RESORTING TO VIOLENCE TO ACHIEVE THEIR GOAL.
SHIIKUMA IS ONE OF 10 JAPANESE POLITICIANS WHO ARE TOURING THE UNITED STATES UNDER THE AUSPICES OF GEN.DOUGLAS MACARTHUR TO SEE AMERICAN DEMOCRACY AT FIRST HAND.
VH/V638PES

WASHINGTON, FEB 16-(AP)-PRESIDENT TRUMAN SAID TODAY THERE IS NOT A WORD OF TRUTH IN CHARGES THAT 57 COMMUNISTS OR FELLOW TRAVELERS ARE ON THE PAYROLL OF THE STATE DEPARTMENT.
SENATOR MCCARTHY (R-WIS) HAS MADE THAT CHARGE REPEATEDLY IN A CROSS-COUNTRY SPEAKING TOUR.
THE STATE DEPARTMENT HAS REPLIED THAT IT KNOWS OF NO COMMUNISTS WORKING FOR IT AND WOULD FIRE THEM IF IT DID. IT HAS ASKED MCCARTHY TO NAME THE 57.
WHEN PRESIDENT TRUMAN WAS ASKED ABOUT THE CHARGE AT HIS NEWS CONFERENCE, HE SAID THE STATE DEPARTMENT HAD ALREADY ANSWERED THAT--THAT THERE WASN'T A WORD OF TRUTH IN IT.
SU1231PES

DES MOINES, FEB. 16-(AP)-SENATOR KNOWLAND (R-CALIF) TONIGHT CALLED FOR A NEW AMERICAN FOREIGN POLICY IN ASIA AND DEMANDED "A MAJOR SHAKEUP IN THE FAR EASTERN DIVISION OF THE STATE DEPARTMENT."
KNOWLAND, A MEMBER OF THE SENATE ARMED SERVICES COMMITTEE, ADDRESSED 1,000 IOWA REPUBLICANS AT A LINCOLN DAY DINNER.
TO STEM THE COMMUNIST ADVANCE IN THE FAR EAST, KNOWLAND SAID IN A PREPARED ADDRESS, THE U.S.SHOULD GIVE SUPERVISED AID TO THE LEGAL GOVERNMENT OF CHINA. HE SUGGESTED A MISSION "HEADED BY A MAN OF THE CALIBRE OF GENERAL (HERMAN) WEDEMEYER."
KNOWLAND CHARGED THE TRUMAN ADMINISTRATION WITH "FULL RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE DEBACLE IN ASIA" AND SUGGESTED THAT THIS NATION:
1. MAKE CLEAR THAT THE U.S.HAS NO INTENTION OF RECOGNIZING THE

COMMUNIST REGIME IN CHINA "AT THIS TIME NOR IN THE IMMEDIATE FUTURE."
2. CARRY OUT A MAJOR SHAKEUP IN THE FAR EASTERN DIVISION OF THE STATE DEPARTMENT.
3. SELECT GENERAL MAC ARTHUR AS COORDINATOR OF U.S.FOREIGN POLICY IN ASIA.
4. MAKE SURE THAT THE CHINESE NATIONALIST GOVERNMENT ON FORMOSA HAVE ADEQUATE SUPPLIES AND TRAINING FOR ITS TROOPS.
5. STRENGTHEN THE AMERICAN NAVY IN THE FAR EAST BY ADDITION OF "AT LEAST TWO CARRIERS AND POSSIBLY THREE."
6. DEMAND RELEASE OF AMERICANS ILLEGALLY HELD BY CHINESE COMMUNISTS UNDER THREAT OF PLACING U.S.BLOCKADES ON COMMUNIST-HELD SEAPORTS.
LU842PCS

NIGHT LEAD PELLEY (260)
NOBLESVILLE, IND., FEB 16-(AP)-FREEDOM FOR WILLIAM DUDLEY PELLEY, FORMER SILVER SHIRT LEADER, WAS CUT SHORT TODAY BY A FUGITIVE WARRANT FROM NORTH CAROLINA.
PELLEY, RELEASED FROM FEDERAL PRISON ON PAROLE JUST TWO DAYS AGO, BECAME THE ONLY PRISONER IN THE HAMILTON COUNTY JAIL HERE.
THE 59-YEAR-OLD FORMER PUBLISHER CALLED HIS LAWYER AND WANTED TO POST BOND, BUT CIRCUIT JUDGE TOM R.WHITE WAS ILL AT HIS HOME. THERE WAS NO INDICATION WHEN BOND MIGHT BE SET.
GOVERNOR HENRY F.SCHRICKER ORDERED PELLEY'S EXTRADITION TO NORTH CAROLINA TUESDAY, SHORTLY AFTER HE WAS RELEASED FROM PRISON AT TERRE HAUTE. HOWEVER, PELLEY FORESTALLED THAT MOVE BY FILING A PETITION FOR A WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS IN VIGO SUPERIOR COURT AT TERRE HAUTE.
HE WAS RELEASED THEN UNDER $1,000 BOND PENDING A HEARING AT TERRE HAUTE MARCH 8.
PELLEY WAS CONVICTED IN 1935 AT ASHEVILLE, N.C., ON CHARGES OF VIOLATING NORTH CAROLINA'S SECURITIES LAW. HE WAS GIVEN A SUSPENDED SENTENCE OF TWO TO THREE YEARS. NORTH CAROLINA OFFICIALS CONTEND HE SUBSEQUENTLY VIOLATED THE TERMS OF THE SUSPENSION.
HE WAS CONVICTED OF SEDITION IN FEDERAL COURT AT INDIANAPOLIS IN 1942 AND SERVED HALF OF HIS 15-YEAR SENTENCE BEFORE BEING PAROLED. HIS ATTORNEYS CONTEND HE SERVED THE NORTH CAROLINA SENTENCE CONCURRENTLY.
PELLEY ORGANIZED THE SILVER SHIRT LEGION IN ASHEVILLE AND CLAIMED IT INCLUDED 25,000 MEMBERS IN 22 STATES DURING THE EARLY PART OF THE WAR. THE GOVERNMENT CHARGED HIS WRITINGS OBSTRUCTED RECRUITING FOR THE ARMED SERVICES AND CALLED THE SILVER SHIRTS FASCISTIC.
HE MOVED HIS FELLOWSHIP PRESS FROM ASHEVILLE TO NOBLESVILLE LESS THAN A YEAR BEFORE HE WAS ARRESTED IN 1941 ON A SEDITION CHARGE. HIS PRESSES HAVE BEEN IDLE SINCE THEN.
P/EB1028PCS NM

(ADVANCE FOR USE AT 11 P.M. EASTERN STANDARD TIME, TONIGHT, THURSDAY, FEB.16)
(NY) SEATTLE, FEB.16-(AP)-NATIONALIST CHINA'S TOP DIPLOMAT IN THE UNITED NATIONS CALLED ON THE UNITED STATES TONIGHT TO RECONSIDER WHAT HE CALLED ITS DUBIOUS CHINA POLICY AND GIVE MORAL BACKING TO THE BELEAGUERED NATIONALISTS.
THE CHINESE, T.F. TSIANG, SAID THE NATIONALISTS ARE NOT ASKING AMERICANS TO SHED THEIR BLOOD ON FORMOSA FOR CHIANG KAI-SHEK.
"CHINESE WILL PAY THE PRICE IN BLOOD," HE SAID. "WE WILL DO ALL THE FIGHTING."
TSIANG ALSO ASKED, IN AN ADDRESS PREPARED FOR THE SEATTLE WORLD AFFAIRS COUNCIL AT THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON, FOR SUPPORT FROM THE UNITED STATES IN THE U.N., WHERE THE SOVIET BLOC HAS TRIED IN VAIN THUS FAR TO OUST HIM AND HIS DELEGATION.
HE URGED THE AMERICANS TO CONTINUE RECOGNITION OF CHIANG AND NON-RECOGNITION OF THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS.
TSIANG FLEW FROM NEW YORK TO SEATTLE FOR THE SPEECH.
[illegible] ADVANCE FOR USE AT 11 P.M. EST TONIGHT, THURSDAY, FEB.16)
[illegible]6PES

NO MEETING OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL, WHERE THE MAIN RUSSIAN ATTACK ON THE DELEGATION CAME LAST MONTH, IS SCHEDULED FOR THIS WEEK AND THERE HAS BEEN NO CHANGE REPORTED IN THE RUSSIAN BOYCOTT OF 13 U.N. ORGANIZATIONS OVER THE CHINA ISSUE. IT WAS TSIANG'S FIRST TRIP OUT OF NEW YORK SINCE HE WAS CHALLENGED BY THE SOVIET UNION.
TSIANG SAID THE NATIONALISTS DO NOT CONSIDER THEIR DEFENSE OF FORMOSA HOPELESS NOR DO THEY CONSIDER THE CAUSE OF A FREE CHINA HOPELESS. HE SAID THE FIGHTING CHANCE THAT FREE CHINA HAS IS THE BEST CHANCE THAT THE FREE DEMOCRATIC WORLD HAS IN ALL ASIA.
"IF THE NATIONAL GOVERNMENT OF CHINA SHOULD FAIL TO RECEIVE YOUR HELP, YOU SIMPLY INCREASE YOUR OWN DIFFICULTIES IN THE DEFENSE OF THE REST OF ASIA AND YOU DISCOURAGE THE OTHER PEOPLES OF ASIA IN ATTEMPTING TO RESIST," TSIANG SAID. "MUCH OF THE LACK OF WILL TO RESIST IN THE OTHER COUNTRIES OF ASIA IS ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE FACT THAT YOU HAVE HAD A DUBIOUS CHINA POLICY."
TSIANG SAID AMERICAN RECOGNITION OF RED CHINA WOULD BE THE GREATEST BLOW TO THE WILL TO RESIST COMMUNISM IN CHINA AND THE REST OF ASIA.
HE SAID THE WILL TO RESIST COMMUNISM IS NOT VERY APPARENT IN SOUTHEAST ASIA. HE ADDED THAT INDIA AND BURMA WERE AMONG THE FIRST TO RECOGNIZE THE PEIPING RED REGIME, DESPITE THEIR OWN DOMESTIC PROBLEMS OF COMMUNISM.
TSIANG SAID RECOGNITION OF THE REDS BY BURMA AND INDIA "BESPEAKS WEAKNESS OF WILL AND WISHFUL THINKING THAT THE COMMUNISTS MIGHT BE APPEASED AND THAT, IF SOME APPEASEMENT IS METED OUT, COMMUNISM MIGHT SPARE BURMA AND INDIA."
"SUCH ACTION," HE SAID, "IS, AT BOTTOM, BASED ON THE PSYCHOLOGY OF THE INFERIORITY COMPLEX. I DO NOT SEE IN THE REST OF ASIA ANYWHERE A GOVERNMENTAL AND POPULAR WILL TO RESIST COMMUNISM BIGGER THAN IN CHINA."
TSIANG URGED AMERICANS TO PUSH THE POINT FOUR PROGRAM OF ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE TO UNDER-DEVELOPED AREAS AND TO START WITH THE NATIONALIST-HELD ISLANDS OF FORMOSA AND HAINAN.
HE SAID SOME PEOPLE HOPED THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS WOULD FOLLOW THE EXAMPLE OF YUGOSLAV MARSHAL TITO, WHO HAS BROKEN AWAY FROM MOSCOW DOMINATION IN THE COMMUNIST PARTY. BUT, TSIANG SAID, PRIME MINISTER STALIN OF RUSSIA HAS TAKEN STEPS TO BE SURE THERE IS NO TITO IN CHINA AND HAS SECURED MATERIAL GUARANTEES IN THE CONTROL OF MANCHURIA, MONGOLIA AND SINKIANG IN NORTH CHINA.

SAN PEDRO, CALIF., FEB 16-(AP)-THE FREIGHTER FLYING ARROW, MARKED BY 38 SHELL HITS FROM A CHINESE NATIONALIST GUNBOAT OFF SHANGHAI LAST JAN. 9, IS RIDING SAFELY IN THIS PORT TODAY.

CAPT.DAVID JONES, 31, BROUGHT THE FLYING ARROW IN YESTERDAY AND REPORTED THAT HE HAD "REASSURING" INFORMATION FOR THE WIFE OF A NAVY AIRMAN HELD CAPTIVE BY CHINESE COMMUNISTS.

SKIPPER JONES, OF CHICAGO, TOLD REPORTERS THE INFORMATION HE HAD FOR MRS.WILLIAM C.SMITH OF LONG BEACH, CALIF., WAS CONFIDENTIAL. HE DECLINED TO DISCUSS THE INFORMATION.

FOR MONTHS MRS.SMITH HAS BEEN TRYING TO EFFECT THE RELEASE OF HER HUSBAND, A NAVY CHIEF ELECTRICIAN. SMITH AND MASTER SGT.ELMER C. BENDER, OF CINCINNATI AND CHICAGO, HAVE BEEN HELD BY COMMUNISTS SINCE THEY WENT ON A PLANE FLIGHT IN THE TSINGTAO AREA IN OCTOBER OF 1948.

MOST OF THE HULL DAMAGE TO THE FLYING ARROW FROM THE NATIONALIST GUNBOAT ATTACK HAS BEEN REPAIRED BUT THE AFTER-DECK HOUSE IS STILL RIDDLED.

ONE OF THE PASSENGERS WAS GEORGE HEIN, AMERICAN VICE CONSUL, WHO SAID COMMUNIST PROMISES ARE PROVING WORTHLESS IN THE FACE OF STARVATION AND REGIMENTATION THAT ARE BECOMING WIDESPREAD IN CHINA'S SHANTUNG PROVINCE.

"DROUGHT, THEN TOO MUCH RAIN, HAVE RUINED CROPS," HEIN TOLD REPORTERS. "THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS ARE DOING NOTHING TO ALLEVIATE THE DISTRESS. IN FACT THEY'VE FORCIBLY SHUNTED 300,000 REFUGEES AND BEGGARS OUT OF TSINGTAO AND INTO THE STARVING AREAS."

EV219APS

NIGHT LEAD BRIDGES

SAN FRANCISCO, FEB. 16-(AP)-HARRY BRIDGES COMPLAINED TODAY THAT HIS TROUBLES DON'T COME FROM THE FACT THAT HE MIGHT BE A COMMUNIST BUT BECAUSE HE IS A FIGHTING LABOR UNION LEADER.

THE MILITANT CIO LONGSHORE CHIEF, WHO ALL THROUGH HIS PERJURY TRIAL HAS TRIED TO SHOW HE IS NOTHING BUT A MILITANT LABOR ZEALOT, RAISED THIS ISSUE AGAIN DURING CROSS EXAMINATION.

"THEY'VE WATCHED ME, THEY'VE TAPPED MY PHONE, AND THEY'VE USED LABOR SPIES---ALL IN AN EFFORT TO BREAK MY UNION," HE SAID.

THIS OUTBURST CAME DURING CHIEF GOVERNMENT COUNSEL F. JOSEPH DONOHUE'S EFFORT TO BRING OUT THAT BRIDGES HAD FOLLOWED THE COMMUNIST PARTY LINE FOR YEARS.

EARLIER IN THE DAY, BRIDGES ADMITTED HIS LONGSHORE UNION HAD PULLED A WORK STOPPAGE ON DEC. 3, 1945, TO PROPAGANDIZE QUICK RETURN OF AMERICAN SOLDIERS FROM OVERSEAS.

BRIDGES, HEAD OF THE CIO LONGSHOREMEN'S AND WAREHOUSEMEN'S UNION, IS ACCUSED OF SWEARING FALSELY WHEN HE SAID, UNDER OATH AT HIS 1945 NATURALIZATION PROCEEDINGS, THAT HE WAS NOT AND NEVER HAD BEEN A COMMUNIST.

FJ1135PCS

(ADVANCE FOR USE AT 6 P.M., EASTERN STANDARD TIME, THURSDAY, FEB.16; PUBLICATION RESTRICTED BY LIFE MAGAZINE TO CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES AND POSSESSIONS.)

(ADVANCE) NEW YORK, FEB.16-(AP)-WINSTON CHURCHILL SAYS THE RUSSIANS MADE PROBABLY THE GREATEST BLUNDER IN HISTORY WHEN THEY FAILED TO GUARD AGAINST NAZI GERMANY'S ATTACK IN 1941.

"ERROR AND VANITY....AMAZING IGNORANCE"--THESE ARE SOME OF THE TERMS APPLIED TO RUSSIA'S LEADERS BY BRITAIN'S WARTIME PRIME MINISTER IN THE LATEST INSTALLMENT OF HIS WAR MEMOIRS. THEY ARE APPEARING SERIALLY IN LIFE MAGAZINE AND THE NEW YORK TIMES.

"WAR IS MAINLY A CATALOGUE OF BLUNDERS," CHURCHILL SAYS, "BUT IT MAY BE DOUBTED WHETHER ANY MISTAKE IN HISTORY HAS EQUALLED THAT OF WHICH STALIN AND THE COMMUNIST CHIEFS WERE GUILTY WHEN THEY SUPINELY AWAITED THE FEARFUL ONSLAUGHT WHICH IMPENDED ON RUSSIA.

"WE HAVE HITHERTO RATED THEM AS SELFISH CALCULATORS. IN THIS PERIOD THEY WERE PROVED SIMPLETONS AS WELL. STALIN AND HIS COMMISSARS SHOWED THEMSELVES AT THIS MOMENT THE MOST COMPLETELY OUTWITTED BUNGLERS OF THE SECOND WORLD WAR."

CHURCHILL DISCLOSES THAT HE WARNED STALIN IN A PERSONAL MESSAGE OF GERMAN TROOP MOVEMENTS CLEARLY INDICATING THAT AN INVASION OF RUSSIA WAS IMMINENT.

YET, SAYS BRITAIN'S WAR LEADER, RUSSIA REMAINED SO ILL-PREPARED THAT THROUGHOUT 1941 SHE WAS MORE OF A BURDEN THAN A HELP IN THE WAR AGAINST GERMANY.

CHURCHILL PRAISES THE RUSSIAN PEOPLE'S COURAGE AND CREDITS RUSSIA'S ULTIMATE RESISTANCE WITH BREAKING THE MIGHT OF THE GERMAN ARMIES.

RUSSIA'S ENTRY INTO THE WAR, HE SAYS, DIVERTED THE GERMAN AIR ATTACK FROM GREAT BRITAIN AND DIMINISHED THE THREAT OF INVASION, WHILE GIVING BRITAIN GREAT RELIEF IN THE MEDITERRANEAN WAR.

AT THE SAME TIME, SAYS CHURCHILL, BRITAIN SERIOUSLY WEAKENED HERSELF BY DIVERTING SORELY NEEDED SUPPLIES TO THE RUSSIANS--AND GOT SCANT THANKS FOR IT.

"THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT," HE OBSERVES, "HAD THE IMPRESSION THAT THEY WERE CONFERRING A GREAT FAVOR ON US BY FIGHTING IN THEIR OWN COUNTRY FOR THEIR OWN LIVES."

HE RECORDS THAT STALIN NEEDLED HIM CONSISTENTLY AND WITH "MONOTONOUS DISREGARD FOR PHYSICAL FACK" TO START A SECOND FRO

HE RECORDS THAT STALIN NEEDLED HIM CONSISTENTLY AND WITH "MONOTONOUS DISREGARD FOR PHYSICAL FACTS" TO START A SECOND FRONT LONG BEFORE THE BRITISH FELT THIS COULD BE DONE SUCCESSFULLY.

"STALIN EVEN SUGGESTED," CHURCHILL SAYS, "THAT IF THE BRITISH WERE AFRAID HE WOULD BE WILLING TO SEND 'ROUND THREE OR FOUR RUSSIAN ARMY CORPS TO DO THE JOB."

CHURCHILL ALSO DESCRIBES THE 1941 MEETING OFF NEWFOUNDLAND AT WHICH HE AND PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT DREW UP THE ATLANTIC CHARTER.

"THE FACT ALONE OF THE UNITED STATES, STILL TECHNICALLY NEUTRAL, JOINING WITH A BELLIGERENT POWER IN MAKING SUCH A DECLARATION WAS ASTONISHING," THE WAR PRIME MINISTER SAYS.

ANOTHER STRIKING FEATURE OF THE DOCUMENT, HE SAYS, WAS A DECLARATION THAT AFTER THE WAR "THE UNITED STATES WOULD JOIN WITH US IN POLICING THE WORLD UNTIL THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A BETTER ORDER."

"CONSIDERING," CHURCHILL SAYS, "ALL THE TALES OF MY REACTIONARY, OLD WORLD OUTLOOK, AND THE PAIN THIS IS SAID TO HAVE CAUSED THE PRESIDENT, I AM GLAD IT SHOULD BE ON RECORD THAT THE SUBSTANCE AND THE SPIRIT OF WHAT CAME TO BE CALLED THE ATLANTIC CHARTER WAS IN ITS FIRST DRAFT A BRITISH PRODUCTION CAST IN MY OWN WORDS."

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 6 P.M., EASTERN STANDARD TIME, THURSDAY, FEB. 16; PUBLICATION RESTRICTED BY LIFE MAGAZINE TO CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES AND POSSESSIONS.)

HA115AES

NEW YORK, FEB.16-(AP)-ABOUT 150,000 PHILIPPINE GUERRILLAS WHO FOUGHT ON THE SIDE OF THE UNITED STATES AGAINST THE JAPANESE HAVEN'T BEEN RECOGNIZED BY THIS COUNTRY FOR VETERANS' BENEFITS, ACCORDING TO JUDGE ANTONIO QUIRINO.

JUDGE QUIRINO, 42, IS THE YOUNGEST BROTHER OF THE PHILIPPINE PRESIDENT, ELPIDIO QUIRINO.

"THESE GUERRILLAS WE HAVEN'T RECOGNIZED ARE BEING APPROACHED BY THE PHILIPPINE COMMUNISTS OR HUKBALAHAPS AND SOME OF THEM ARE TURNING AGAINST US," JUDGE QUIRINO SAID IN AN INTERVIEW.

QUIRINO, FORMER DISTRICT JUDGE AND ALSO JUDGE OF THE PEOPLE'S COURT THAT TRIED THE FIRST COLLABORATORS IN THE PHILIPPINES, CAME HERE FROM WASHINGTON. HE EXPECTS TO RETURN TO MANILA SATURDAY.

"MY BROTHER ALREADY HAS TALKED TO PRESIDENT TRUMAN ABOUT THIS SITUATION, BUT TRUMAN SAID THE DOOR IS CLOSED," QUIRINO SAID. HE ADDED THAT TRUMAN SUGGESTED THE PHILIPPINES ORGANIZE A COMMISSION TO DETERMINE THE EXACT NUMBER ELIGIBLE FOR THE BENEFITS.

ABOUT 200,000 GUERRILLAS ALREADY HAVE BEEN RECOGNIZED, QUIRINO SAID, BUT "A LOT OF THESE WERE PEOPLE WHO JUST HUNG AROUND WITH AMERICAN SOLDIERS AFTER THEY LIBERATED THE PHILIPPINES. EVERYONE THAT MADE FRIENDS WITH THE AMERICANS, SHOWED THEM A GOOD TIME OR INTRODUCED THEM TO SOME GIRLS GOT CERTIFICATES."

JUDGE QUIRINO EXPLAINED THAT GUERRILLAS TAKING PART IN THE FIGHT WITH AMERICAN UNITS WERE GIVEN CERTIFICATES, ACCORDING TO ORDERS FROM GEN. DOUGLAS MACARTHUR, FORMER COMMANDING OFFICER IN THE PHILIPPINES. PEOPLE WHO DIDN'T KNOW ABOUT THE CERTIFICATES DIDN'T ASK FOR THEM UNTIL IT WAS TOO LATE, HE SAID, ADDING THAT BY THEN THE UNITS OFTEN HAD EITHER MOVED ON TO JAPAN OR RETURNED TO THE UNITED STATES.

"I WAS A JAPANESE PRISONER FOR EIGHT MONTHS AND FOUGHT WITH THE GUERRILLAS THE WHOLE TIME. BUT I DON'T HAVE A CERTIFICATE MYSELF," QUIRINO SAID. HE IS NATIONAL CHAIRMAN OF THE CONFEDERATION OF PHILIPPINE VETERANS AND PRESIDENT OF THE NON-POLITICAL PRISONERS' ASSOCIATION.

QUIRINO SAID $96,000,000 OF THE MONEY APPROPRIATED TO COVER PAYMENTS TO GUERRILLAS REMAINS UNSPENT.

IN WASHINGTON, QUIRINO CALLED UPON REP. B.W. (PAT) KEARNEY (R-NY) AND REP. KARL STEFAN (REPUBLICAN-NEBRASKA). KEARNEY HAS A BILL BEFORE THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES WHICH WOULD INCREASE BENEFITS TO PHILIPPINE VETERANS. STEFAN IS THE SENIOR MEMBER OF THE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE.

"I EXPLAINED TO THEM THAT IN EACH CASE THE AMOUNT WOULDN'T BE VERY MUCH," QUIRINO SAID. "MOST OF THE APPLICANTS WILL HAVE ONE WEEK OR AT THE MOST TWO WEEKS COMING." THEY WILL GET FROM $10 TO $12 FOR EACH WEEK OF SERVICE IF AND WHEN THEY ARE RECOGNIZED.

"SOMETIMES A WOUNDED AMERICAN SOLDIER WAS CARRIED DOWN OUT OF THE MOUNTAINS BY A GUERRILLA AND HIS LIFE SAVED. THAT GUERRILLA KNOWS OTHERS ARE GETTING CERTIFICATES AND MONEY. NOW HE WANTS TO BE RECOGNIZED. IT'S THE PRINCIPLE OF THE THING MORE THAN THE MONEY," QUIRINO SAID.

DURING THE POST WAR PERIOD FROM JULY 1, 1945 TO MARCH 31, 1949, THE UNITED STATES GRANTED THE PHILIPPINES $302,525,428 FOR REHABILITATION. QUIRINO INSISTS THE MONEY HE IS ASKING FOR ALREADY HAS BEEN APPROPRIATED AND THAT HE ONLY IS SEEKING PROPER CLEARANCE FOR SPENDING IT.

BD727PES

NEW YORK,FEB 16-(AP)-GEN.GEORGE C.MARSHALL OPENED THE RED CROSS NATIONAL APPEAL FOR $67,000,000 TODAY BY SAYING IT WAS THE ONLY ORGANIZATION CAPABLE OF SPREADING FAITH AND GOOD WILL THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.

THE FORMER SECRETARY OF STATE AND WAR-TIME CHIEF OF STAFF TOLD 1,800 PERSONS AT THE WALDORF-ASTORIA:

"THE CULTIVATION OF GOOD FAITH AND GOOD WILL IS OF MONUMENTAL IMPORTANCE AND I KNOW OF NO OTHER ORGANIZATION BUT THE RED CROSS WHICH HAS THE POWER TO SPREAD THE GOOD FAITH AND THE GOOD WILL WHICH ARE ESSENTIAL TO PEACE."

JK1038PES

NEW YORK,FEB 16-(AP)-PAUL G.HOFFMAN SAID TONIGHT HIS ECONOMIC COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION IS READYING A PLAN TO SPEED UP EUROPEAN UNITY.

HE SAID ECA SOON WOULD PRESENT TO CONGRESS A PLAN TO TELESCOPE 25 YEARS OF UNIFICATION WORK INTO 25 MONTHS.

HOFFMAN OFFERED SUCH UNIFICATION AS PART OF A THREE-POINT PROGRAM TO "PREVENT THE DRAIN AND THE FANTASTIC SUFFERING OF ANOTHER WAR."

BESIDES UNIFICATION--ECONOMIC AS WELL AS MILITARY--THE ECA HEAD ALSO PROPOSED TO THE ALUMNI ASSOCIATION OF COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY:

1. THE U.S. CONTINUE TO STRENGTHEN ITS TIES WITH ALL FREE NATIONS--THROUGH SUCH PROJECTS AS THE MARSHALL PLAN--AS A BULWARK AGAINST AGGRESSION.

2. AMERICAN PRIVATE INTERESTS EXPAND OVERSEAS INVESTMENTS AND ACCEPT LARGELY EXPANDED IMPORTS FROM FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

ON THE IMPORTANCE OF UNIFYING EUROPE'S ECONOMY, HOFFMAN SAID ECA SOON WOULD PRESENT TO CONGRESS "SPECIFIC PLANS FOR PUTTING CONSIDERABLY MORE POWER BEHIND THIS PART OF OUR PROGRAM."

HE DID NOT ELABORATE.

HOFFMAN SAID RECENT HEAVY GAINS IN EUROPEAN INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION WILL HELP EUROPE SOLVE ITS DOLLAR PROBLEMS IF THE OUTPUT CAN BE SOLD IN THE U.S.

"WHAT I AM SAYING IS THAT THE EUROPEANS CAN EARN THE DOLLARS THEY NEED IF THEY WILL REALLY HUSTLE AND IF WE WILL LET THEM EARN THEM," HE ADDED.

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NEWS FOR AMS -#1 MAILED FEB. 14, 1950 AP NEWSFEATURES

WHY: GENOCIDE TREATY IS PUSHED

by SIGRID ARNE

WASHINGTON-- A treaty proposal is going the rounds of United Nations members that would recognize genocide--the mass murder of peoples--and punish the criminals by world agreement. The U.N. assembly has agreed to the idea. Representatives of 43 nations have signed the agreement. Eight national parliaments have ratified it. The U.S. Senate Foreign Relations Committee is just starting to consider it.

Those who commit genocide plan to wipe out whole groups of people in order to

take their land and possessions and to weaken the ideas for which they stand. Genocide traces back at least to the Mongolian, Genghis Khan. But the United Nations plan is the first attempt to get a promise of world action against it.

The idea was finally pulled together by Raphael Lemkin, who now teaches at Yale. He is a Polish lawyer who escaped the Germans and became a political adviser to the U.S. Army through the war and then an adviser to the American lawyers at the Nuerenberg trials. He was touched into action by the German attempt to wipe out the Poles by killing their intellectual leaders, by feeding over-large quantities of alcohol to young Poles, by taking Polish babies.

Lemkin wrote the first draft of the treaty now going through the United Nations. He has traced genocide through history and found that it has been committed and is being committed even today in three ways: (1) By straight killing of people, (2) by taking a nation's children so that it will be a weakened power in the following generation and (3) by weakening a nation's leaders with too much alcohol or drugs.

He cites Japanese attempts to wipe out Catholics in the 17th Century, when 30,000 people were rounded up and killed. Lemkin also recalls that all through the centuries and all over Europe, Jews have been killed merely because they were Jews. He speaks of the 28,000 Greek children who, he says, have been kidnaped into Communist territory by the Russians and are being raised on Communist beliefs.

Under Lemkin's treaty genocidists would be tried in the courts of the nations where they were found. Nations signing the treaty would be obligated to try such criminals. American critics feel the treaty is weak because it cannot now reach behind the Iron Curtain. Certainly the Soviet Union would not try its own people for carrying out a government policy of genocide among minority groups. (Lemkin says the Russians are trying to wipe out the Baltic peoples, Greeks, Jews, Ukranians and White Russians.)

Other American critics fear the treaty would give the United Nations the right to meddle in American race problems. Lemkin replies to these points this way:

The U.N. Assembly could vote Russia guilty of trying to wipe our whole minority groups. Such a vote could be used where the Communists are now trying to gain followers in labor groups, in Latin America and in China. As for the American racial problem, lynchings do not constitute genocide. They are attempts to kill a single individual, but there is no attempt by white Americans to wipe out all black Americans.

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BRITON ADMITS SPY CHARGES (N)

Two Hungarians Also Plead Guilty In Vogeler Case

E. MARTIN

Budapest, Feb. 17 (AP)—A Briton and two Hungarians pleaded guilty today to charges of sabotage and spying for the West in a ring the Government declares was led by Robert A. Vogeler, Jr., American defendant.

The court skipped over Vogeler, No. 3 on the list of seven prisoners, in calling for pleas although the Government announced soon after his arrest November 18 that he had confessed.

Vogeler, 38, is an assistant vice president and eastern European representative of the International Telephone and Telegraph Company. He spoke but briefly in court. Asked whether he had received and studied a translation of the indictment, he answered "yes."

Include Catholic Priest

All the prisoners appeared to be in good physical condition. They include a Catholic priest, the Rev. Istvan Justh, and a barmaid, "Baroness" Edina Doery. The men wore dark business suits; the woman a black coat.

Guilty pleas were entered in succession by Imre Geiger, Hungarian director of the Standard Electric Works, a now nationalized subsidiary of the I. T. & T.; Zoltan Rado, a section chief under the Hungarian Ministry of Heavy Trade, and Edgar Sanders, British accountant of the Standard company.

They were Nos. 1, 2 and 4 on the list in the court, where Josef Cardinal Mindszenty was sentenced last year to a life term on treason charges. The presiding judge and the prosecutor were those who served in the Mindszenty case.

Refer To Americans

"Do you feel guilty?" Presiding Judge Vilmos Ilthy asked in the traditional form as the prisoners were called up.

The standard reply in each case was: "I do."

Each of the three referred to American or British officials or agencies in connection with their purported "subversive machinations, spying and sabotage against the Hungarian people."

The Government contends the group sought to obtain secret information on Hungarian economic and military affairs, cut down Hungary's industrial production, drive a wedge between Hungary and Russia. Vogeler is accused of having been "a spy since 1942."

In Chicago In 1942

[Vogeler's Belgian-born wife dismissed the accusation at her home in Vienna with the declaration: "Bob was doing war work in Chicago in 1942. He did not come to Europe until 1945. Who was he supposed to be spying on in Chicago?" Vogeler was with the Kellogg Switchboard and Supply Company (La Grange, Ill.) during most of World War II. Mrs. Vogeler, the former Lucile Eykens, was naturalized at Chicago in 1945.

[The charges against both Vogeler and Sanders were described by the chairman of the board of I.T.&T., Sosthenes Behn, as "fantastic in the extreme and totally untrue." Behn telephoned the statement to New York from Santiago, Chile, where he is on business.]

Identifies Intelligence Card

Sanders, summoned instead of Vogeler as the third to plead, admitted all charges against him. Standing erect and impassive, he identified as his a green 1949 identity card listing him as a member of the British intelligence service.

Sanders said he had been in "spying and counterespionage" work since 1940. He was engaged first in the Near East and later as a captain of the British military mission sent to Hungary in 1945, and finally returned in 1947 as a civilian, he said.

[A British Foreign Office spokesman said in London Sanders was attached to the combined services detailed interrogation center of the Mediterranean in the war. He commented: "We can only emphasize the extremely peculiar circumstance, by Western standards, of keeping him (Sanders) incommunicado since his arrest until his trial."]

To Make Propaganda

"The instructions I received were that I had to undertake espionage work on military lines," Sanders said. "I should obtain information about Soviet and Hungarian troops, numbers of them, state of equipment and so on.

"I also had to obtain information about economic conditions in the country. I had to get in touch with people living in the country to make propaganda for the Anglo-Saxon world."

Sanders mentioned persons on the British and American legation staffs here as his contacts, saying he received orders from and reported to them. He named three Americans. These were Col. James E. Kraft, military attaché; Lieut. Col. L. C. Hoyne, assistant attaché, and Julian Smith, commercial attaché, who is now reported assigned in Stockholm.

Delivered Reports To Vogeler

Geiger confessed calmly and fluently before an amplifier. He said he became an agent in 1946 and delivered espionage reports to various Americans, lately to Vogeler.

"They had to be prepared in five copies," he said.

There were strict instructions, Geiger testified, to sabotage goods produced by Standard for the Soviet Union and nations associated with her, but products destined for Turkey and Yugoslavia were completed "tooth and nail."

Geiger said he was paid for his work. He testified the United States legation in Vienna arranged for him to get out of Hungary, but he and his family were arrested on the train before it reached the border.

Orders From New York

He told the court Standard's operations were sabotaged by orders of an American army colonel named Vane or Bane issued in New York a year ago, "to be carried out by all means."

The means, he said, included reduction of capital at the disposition of the factory, artificially cutting the productivity of labor, neglecting tools and failing to order necessary raw materials.

Rado identified himself as a "Trotskyite" Communist. Accused of giving Vogeler secrets from the Trade Ministry, he said he lived in England before the war and returned here in 1945 for the British intelligence service "to work against this people's democracy."

Told To Join Party

He said he was told to join the Communist party, along with Geiger, and did so after conferring over the tactics with Selden Chapin, United States Minister, "through a certain Mr. Pinkley, the predecessor of Vogeler at the Standard plant."

[Chapin is now United States Ambassador to the Netherlands. Named in previous espionage trials in Hungary, he has repeatedly denied any connection with spying against that nation.]

Rado said he gave Vogeler secret blueprints, aware that he "was an agent himself, not interested very much in business affairs, but rather in secret data." He had contacts also, he said, with U. S. Corbridge, then an official of the British Council.

He said he received a total the equivalent of $504 from the British intelligence service.

'Spy' Charge Is 'Fantastic': Mrs. Vogeler

Vienna, Feb. 17 (AP)—Mrs. Robert Vogeler today termed "utterly ridiculous and fantastic" a charge by the prosecution in the Budapest spy trial that her husband has been a spy since 1942.

"Bob was doing war work in Chicago in 1942," said Mrs. Vogeler, who is living in Vienna. "He did not come to Europe until 1945. Who was he supposed to be spying on in Chicago?

"Hungary declared war against both Russia and the United States in 1941. If Bob was a spy in 1942 was it against the Nazi Government of Hungary? It is not impossible that Stalin will be tried in Hungary some day on charges of maintaining friendly relations with the United States and Great Britain in 1942." aaa

Conviction Decided On, State Department Says

Washington, Feb. 17 (AP)—The State Department charged today that the Communist Hungarian Government decided in advance of the trial to convict Robert A. Vogeler, Jr., of spying and sabotage.

The department said that ten days before the trial opened in Budapest, Matyas Rakosi, Hungarian Deputy Prime Minister, "asserted the guilt of Mr. Vogeler" in a public speech.

A formal statement by the department also raised the question of whether Vogeler has been "subjected to coersion by intimidation, lack of food, drugging, or other forms of mistreatment" since his arrest last November.

RED CHINA LEADERS END RUSSIAN VISIT

LONDON, Feb. 17—(AP) Chinese communist leader Mao Tze-tung and his foreign minister, Chou En-lai, left Moscow today to return to China, the Moscow radio said tonight.

The broadcast said the red Chinese leaders were seen off by Soviet Deputy Premier V. M. Molotov "and others."

Mao arrived in Moscow in December and was joined by Chou later to carry on Russo-Chinese treaty negotiations. A treaty of mutual aid and friendship and two accompanying agreements were announced in Moscow Tuesday.

Britain Asked About Plan To Sell Red China Rails

LONDON, Feb. 17 (AP).—The United States has asked Great Britain to explain its plan to sell Communist China a huge order of steel rails. The order is believed to run into tens of thousands of tons costing many millions of dollars. Diplomatic officials said the American request was not a complaint but merely for information.

The steel order was originally placed in West Germany by the Chinese Nationalists, and later taken over by the Communists. The German concerns which were to have filled the order were reportedly told that the Western powers could not approve on security grounds.

Some sections of the West German press subsequently accused the British of "stealing" the order from them. The British Foreign Office has denied this.

RED STRIKE CALL FAILS IN FRANCE

J. DYKSTRA

PARIS, Feb. 17—(AP) French communists failed today in their bid to tie up the nation's railway system for two hours and mines for 24 as a demonstration against unloading of American arms in France.

Interior ministry sources said the railroad strike, called by the communist-led General Confederation of Labor (CGT) from 8 a. m. to 10 a. m., was less than five per cent effective.

The 24-hour strike call in the northern coal fields also appeared to be ignored by miners usually responsive to communist orders. In that zone—the Pittsburgh area of France—97 per cent of the surface employes and 75 per cent of the pit workers were on the job, officials said.

Both strikes ostensibly were for improved wages and working conditions.

CGT headquarters had no immediate comment on the outcome.

The communist Paris newspaper Ce Soir declared the coal strike had been 70 to 90 per cent effective and that the rail strike had been felt on all branches of the network.

Some trains were delayed. Trains on one suburban system halted three miles from the Paris station. The passengers got out and walked the rest of the way. One of the trains to England missed the noon Calais-Folkestone ferry.

But the general report from throughout the nation was that trains ran normally. Officials of the nationalized rail system, which employs 460,000 persons, termed the strike move "nearly a total failure." aaa

French Protest Strike Fails (D)

Paris, Feb. 17 (AP)—Nation-wide railroad and coal strikes ordered by Communist unions in protest against unloading of American arms in France were said by a Government official today to have been "nearly a total failure."

Officials at headquarters of the nationalized rail system which employs about 460,000 workers said the two-hour Communist-led demonstration strike had fizzled.

A 24-hour strike call in the northern coal fields also appeared to be ignored by miners usually responsive to Communist demonstration orders. R. C. WILSON

Headquarters of the Communist-led General Confederation of Labor (CGT) declined to comment on the extent of the strike.

Suburban Line Hit

On France's railways there was some stoppage of trains, especially on suburban lines into Paris.

The strike order was obeyed by only part of the nation's 460,000 rail employés. There was no wholesale tieup of the nation's rail network. aaa

French Deputies Trade Blows

Paris, Feb. 17 (AP)—A Communist and an independent deputy tangled briefly in a fist fight today during a session of the National Assembly's Defense Committee. No one got hurt.

Communist Pierre Villon was reading a letter from a soldier in Indo-China complaining of the fighting there. Robert Brunel, an independent, interrupted to say there was no need to try to demoralize the army. Villon called him a "Vichy official."

NEW GESTAPO CHIEF NAMED

Volkspolizei Head Approved By East German Cabinet

DELUCE

Berlin, Feb. 17 (AP)—Wilhelm Zaisser, Communist mystery man credited with training some 45,000 East Germans into a preparedness force, was named tonight to head the Soviet zone's new secret police.

In his new role as Minister of State Security, Zaisser will control a secret police network rivaling the dreaded Gestapo which Heinrich Himmler created in the 1930's. Western sources refer to the new organization as "the Red Gestapo."

ADN, the Soviet controlled news agency, said the East German Cabinet agreed yesterday to Zaisser's promotion, but announcement was delayed until tonight.

Instructed By Russians

For the last year and a half Zaisser has been drilling preparedness units of the *Volkspolizei* (People's Police) to become professional soldiers.

The units, billeted throughout the Russian zone, study both military science and communism. They are instructed by Russian as well as German combat veterans.

Zaisser's powers as State Security Minister are practically unlimited under East German law. The act, which established the ministry this month, was only 34 words in length and put no curb on the new secret police. It was passed unanimously by the *Volkskrammer*, or people's chamber.

The new ministry may embrace a vast network of informers as in the days of the Gestapo—only this time to protect communism.

Counterespionage Due

The Communist press has said the measure was necessary to direct "defensive espionage" in all walks of life because the East German state is endangered by "saboteurs of Anglo-American imperialism."

Editorials indicated that Zaisser will launch immediately a slashing counterespionage campaign against the "Western reactionaries."

Zaisser became an international mystery figure in the Spanish civil war. Sent to Madrid from Moscow, he adopted the alias "General Gomez" and was linked with the adventures of international brigades.

Western allied intelligence sources say Zaisser is a Soviet citizen and lived in Russia most of the time since World War I when he was a German officer.

As Zaisser's deputy the Cabinet appointed Erich Mielke, a veteran Communist agitator. Mielke fled to Moscow in 1931 when he was wanted for questioning in connection with the slaying of two Berlin policemen. He came back in 1945 with the Russian forces.

Zaisser To Head (D) Red Zone Secret Police

Berlin, Feb. 17 (AP)—The Communist founder of an East German army was appointed tonight as Minister of State Security for the Soviet zone republic.

He is William Zaisser, commander of 45,000 military trainees in the *Volkspolizei* (people's police). He will control a secret police network rivaling Heinrich Himmler's in the Nazi era.

A.D.N., the Soviet-controlled news agency, said the East German Cabinet agreed to Zaisser's promotion yesterday, but the official announcement was delayed until tonight.

For eighteen months Zaisser has been drilling *Bereitschaften* (preparedness units) of the *Volkspolizei* to become professional soldiers. The units are stationed in barracks throughout the Soviet zone. They study both military science and communism and are instructed by Russian as well as German combat veterans.

Grotewohl Back (N) From Russia 'Rest'

KARL-HEINZ SCHWAB

Berlin, Feb. 17 (AP)—Otto Grotewohl, Communist Prime Minister of the East German Republic whose whereabouts and political status have been a six-week mystery in West Germany, returned by plane today from a "rest cure" in Russia.

He is again to take up official duties, handled in his absence by a deputy prime minister, Walter Ulbricht.

When Grotewohl was taken to a Soviet hospital in East Berlin for treatment of influenza last November, the West Berlin press insisted in spite of eastern denials that this was the beginning of the end for the former Socialist leader who hopped on the Communist bandwagon in 1946.

Rumors circulated that he had frequent quarrels with Ulbricht, chief of the Socialist Unity (Communist) party's powerful Politburo. Grotewohl was reported to have opposed the expansion of the east zone people's police and efficient Sovietization of the zone in general. West Berlin newspapers said he had suffered a nervous breakdown.

President Wilhelm Pieck announced after Grotewohl's release from the hospital that the Prime Minister would go to Russia for convalescence. He left January 4. His exact destination was not stated.

G. M. Pushkin, Soviet Ambassador, was among those who welcomed Grotewohl on his return.

'Front' Banned For E. German Clergymen

DELUCE

Berlin, Feb. 17 (AP)—East Germany's Catholic and Protestant clergy have been ordered by their church leaders to shun the new Communist-led "National Front."

Both Roman Catholic and Evangelical authorities issued such instructions in opposition to the new mass organization which the Communists two days ago announced would work for German unity and against the influence of the three Western allies.

Konrad Cardinal con Preysing, Roman Catholic Bishop of Berlin, in an episcopal letter to all Catholic priests in Berlin and Brandenburg charged that "freedom of belief and thought is being suppressed" in the Soviet zone.

"One-Party Dictatorship"

He said the Socialist Unity (Communist) party was trying to "extend an everincreasing one-party dictatorship to the whole of our German fatherland."

A directive by the Evangelical Church to its representatives in Berlin and East Germany reaffirmed standing orders that "the church must not participate in any political activities and demonstrations or any other political manifestations" in Soviet-occupied territory.

The directive said this policy had been made known to the Russian Army command two years ago and was being restated because of latest activities of the "National Front."

2 GI's Court-Martialed; No Ketchup To Sergeant

Frankfurt, Germany, Feb. 17 (AP). Two GI's have been court-martialed for refusing to pass the ketchup to a sergeant, the United States Army said tonight.

The GI's were identified as Corporal Edgar I. Arthur and Private Salvatore Giordize.

The Army said they were asked by Sergt. Howard F. Lovell to pass the ketchup in an army mess here. They refused and told Lovell if he wanted the ketchup he could come and get it, the Army said.

The two were sentenced "to be reduced to the grade of recruit, restricted to the company for 30 days and to forfeit $50 each for one month" the Army said.

Soviet Authorities Criticized

BERLIN, Feb. 17 (AP).—Taking a rap at Soviet authorities, the American High Commission said today that fifteen truck cargoes from West Berlin were turned back and two were confiscated by Soviet zone frontier police during the week ending Feb. 14. "Only the flimsiest pretexts served as excuses for these continuing flagrant violations of international agreements," the commission charged.

Totalitarian Rule Held Bar to Refugee Solution

By The Associated Press.

ROME, Feb. 17—J. Donald Kingsley, director general of the International Refugee Organization, said today that "the world's critical refugee problem can never be solved until totalitarian regimes disappear."

"It cannot be solved by April 1, 1951, the scheduled date of IRO's expiration," he said in an interview.

Mr. Kingsley said that refugees were still fleeing by hundreds from Communist-controlled Eastern Europe despite the fact that they could not enter any of the IRO's 330 camps in Western Europe.

The IRO deadline for acceptance of these post-war refugees was last Oct. 15.

Mr. Kingsley said that despite considerable progress in resettlement, more than 600,000 displaced persons would still be in Western Europe next April 1—"a very sizable problem."

Part Of Trieste Strikers Return To Jobs

Trieste, Free Territory, Feb. 17 (AP)—Trams and busses resumed operation and several thousand workers in small industries returned to work in strike-plagued Trieste today.

However, more than 25,000 heavy industry workers remained away from their jobs for the seventeenth day in their strike for a 60-lire (about 10 cents) increase in their cost-of-living bonus.

BELGRADE ENVOY RETURNS

Ambassador to Rumania Had Been Reported Held in Bucharest

BELGRADE, Yugoslavia, Feb 17 (AP) — Official government sources reported tonight that Rados Jovanovitch, Yugoslav Ambassador to Rumania, had returned to this country.

The Ministry of Foreign Affairs on Wednesday night said Mr. Jovanovitch had been detained in Bucharest "by force" and had been refused an exit visa since his application to leave for home was entered Feb. 4.

Apparently, the Rumanian authorities granted the exit visa to Mr. Jovanovitch either shortly before or shortly after the Yugoslav statement was issued.

Jailed for Refugee Neglect

ATHENS, Feb. 17 (AP).—A Greek court today sentenced three public welfare officials and a government food contractor to sentences ranging from eight to thirty months on charges of giving poor and insufficient food to Greek refugees recently arrived from Romania.

POPE DEPLORES BOMBS' SWAY

Says Too Much Is Known Of 'Hateful Processes'

F. BRUTTO

Vatican City, Feb. 17 (AP)—Pope Pius XII said today too much is known of "hateful chemical processes" — an obvious reference to the atomic and hydrogen bombs.

"These, as fatally as do pretended public opinion, lies, partial judgments . . . create a heavy atmosphere, unhealthy and artificial, that suffocates or stupefies men and compels them to give their goods and blood for a false and unjust cause," the Pontiff said.

In a statement published by the Vatican newspaper *Osservatore Romano* he called again for an awakening of public opinion throughout the world against "abuse of force" that restricts freedom of religion and thought.

Docile Conformity

The Pontiff pictured modern man as voiceless in totalitarian lands and elsewhere frequently reduced to "blind and docile conformity of thoughts and judgments."

Public opinion "is silent in a world where even just liberty is banished and only the voice of parties in power, the opinions of chiefs and dictators are permitted to be heard," he said.

"Peace is endangered wherever public opinion ceases to function freely."

The statement was drawn up originally as an address to have been delivered to 300 Catholic journalists from twenty countries when the Pope receives them in special audience Sunday. A persistent hoarseness persuaded him, however, to publish it.

Strangle Spontaneity

The Pope was reported, otherwise, to have recovered from an

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attack of influenza.

The Pontiff said that what is called public opinion today "often is nothing but an empty name, a vague rumor, an artificial and superficial impression—nothing spontaneous, rising from the conscience of society."

To this, he said, "is added the abuse of force of gigantic mass organizations which, seizing modern man in their complicated cogs, strangle without pity all spontaneity of public opinion and reduce it to blind and docile conformity of thoughts and judgments."

"By her attitude toward public opinion," he said, "the church places herself as a barrier against totalitarianism which, by its very nature, is the enemy of the true and free opinion of citizens."

Curbs On Press Imperil Peace, Pontiff Says

Vatican City, Feb. 17 (AP)—Pope Pius XII said today that "peace is endangered wherever public opinion ceases to function freely."

The Pope's words, which were to have been delivered Sunday to delegates to the third international congress of the Catholic press, were published in the Vatican newspaper *Osservatore Romano*.

Osservatore said the Pontiff has recovered from an attack of influenza but that some hoarseness persists and prompted him to publish his discourse to the journalists, whom he is to receive in special audience Sunday.

"Natural Right Of Man"

In a clear reference to Communist-dominated countries, the Pope said, "We will leave aside those cases where public opinion is silent in a world where even just liberty is banished and where only the voice of parties in power, the opinions of chiefs or dictators is permitted to make its voice heard.

"To muffle the voice of citizens, to reduce it to a forced silence, is, in the eyes of all Christians, an attempt against the natural right of man, a violation of the world order as God established it."

The Pontiff told the journalists that he had hoped there would be an end to such "a scandlous tyranny, so humiliating both to journalists and their readers."

"But," he said, "our disillusionment is no less bitter than yours.

Ox Year Ends, Tiger Starts

Taipei, Formosa, Feb. 17 (AP)—The year of the Ox ended last midnight and the year of the Tiger began. But here on this Nationalist Chinese island bastion there was fear of the Russian bear.

Nevertheless the new lunar year was celebrated throughout this island. Firecrackers were set off to frighten away evil spirits. Everybody wore their finest. All realized a fateful year lay ahead.

By ordinary logic, many think Chiang Kai-shek and his diehard Nationalists should be crushed before the year of the Tiger ends. Somehow, though, the Nationalists think they will survive it.

Convinced Selves

They have convinced themselves that the Communists, although seemingly on the crest of victory, are already on the road to decline.

A year ago today North China belonged to the Reds. But the rich Yangtze Valley, Nanking, Shanghai, Canton, Chungking, Chengtu and all of the southland was still Chiang's. 5 MOOSA

Defeat after defeat followed.

Now the only Nationalist resistance on the mainland is offered by guerrillas.

Expecting Reds

The Nationalists fled here and girded for a last stand.

They expect the Chinese Reds to assail them this year, probably with the help of Russian planes and naval forces.

But on this lunar New Year's Day, when all Chinese, Red or Nationalist, traditionally are happy, there was all quiet.

Only the popping of firecrackers to ward off evil spirits broke the silence.

Clashing Views Mark Talks On World Government Plan

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17—(AP) Clashing views were heard at a Senate hearing today on proposals that the United States take steps toward a world government to save the peace.

Rep. Lawrence H. Smith, Wisconsin Republican, reported that former Secretary of State Cordell Hull had told him such a move would "kill the United Nations." Smith himself is a vigorous critic of proposals to establish a global government.

On the other side of the argument, James P. Warburg, international banker turned author, declared:

"We shall have world government whether or not we like it. The only question is whether world government will be achieved by consent or by conquest."

Score of Witnesses Heard

A score of witnesses appeared before a Senate Foreign Relations Subcommittee to submit their views on what should be done to head off the threat of an atomic conflict which in the opinion of some would reduce the earth itself on an insignificant cincer in interstellar space.

The senators have before them a dozen resolutions, calling for everything from elimination of the big power veto in the UN to a true government of the world.

Rep. Clare E. Hoffman (R-Mich) granted the sincerity of those who favor a world government. But he said the result of the establishment of such a system would mean the end of the existence of the United States as a national of free people.

"Stripped of deceptive and confusing language," he said, "the present proposals, naked, stand forth as a clear attempt to induce us to scrap our constitution, surrender our sovereignty, our right to plot our course in world affairs."

He directed his criticism alike at proposals for establishment of an Atlantic union and a world government. Senator Tobey (R-NH) and 18 other senators are sponsors of a resolution which would make world government the basic objective of U. S. foreign policy.

"Joe Citizen" Offers Plan

One of the witnesses, Alexander Klein of New York city, referred to himself as "just plain Joe Citizen." He put forward a proposal to disarmament with inspection, a world government with an international police force to enforce its decisions, and a recovery program to ease economic tensions throughout the world.

Byrl A. Whitney of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen told the senators that world government would take the destiny of mankind out of the hands of the diplomats, generals and admirals and put in under the control of the people.

But Mrs. E. F. Johnson of New York city, chairman of the resolutions committee of the National Society for Constitutional Security, expressed the conviction that the United States would be "committing national suicide" by giving up its sovereignty.

Romulo Urges Limited Accords To Slow Down The Cold War

New York, Feb. 17 (AP)—Carlos P. Romulo, president of the United Nations General Assembly, called tonight for limited agreements to slow down the cold war.

"The temptation to reject anything short of a complete or total settlement can be fatal," the Philippine ambassador said.

He was featured speaker at Wendell Willkie commemoration ceremonies sponsored by Freedom House, an institution formed to promote better understanding among nations.

"Willkie's ideal remains valid," Romulo said. "The choice before us is still essentially the same: 'One world—or none!'"

Only Practical Course

To approach world peace step by step is "the harder and more exacting course," he said, but it is the only practical one.

"The more deeply I have pondered the problem," he said, "the more firmly convinced I have become that if we cannot bring the cold war quickly to a full stop, the next best thing would be to slow it down by means of a series of negotiated settlements, each necessarily limited in scope but all together having the cumulative effect of moderating the conflict and bringing it by degrees to a halt."

Romulo said he was encouraged by the clamor all over the world demanding that something be done. He said he was particularly gratified at the "constructive aspect" of recent appeals in the United States.

Applied To Atomic Weapons

Then, commenting on demands for immediate world government, he declared:

"The lure of the grand solution can be dangerous if it blinds us to the necessity for conciliation and compromise and to the possibilities of limited agreement."

This same principle of short-term settlements should be applied to the problem of controlling atomic weapons, he said.

A limited atomic agreement, he said, "would be like turning on a shining light in the surrounding gloom, making it possible for men all over the world to take heart again for the other pressing and critical tasks that have to be done."

Among other speakers on the program was Robert P. Patterson, president of Freedom House and former United States Secretary of War.

M'CARRAN URGES BILLION SLASH IN FUNDS FOR EUROPE

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17—(AP) Senator McCarran (D-Nev) called today for a $1,000,000,000 slash in next year's Marshall Plan funds so as to "ease the shock" on European economy before the aid program ends in 1952.

He said that on the basis of a personal survey he does not believe the European nations will have achieved their recovery goals by the sign-off date and therefore urged a rapid tapering off in America's dollar supports.

Sees British Crisis

At another point McCarran expressed the opinion that, without United States aid, England could not long maintain "her economic position in Western Europe" nor Italy maintain her "opilitical stability."

And he stated that if the objective of the United States is its own "self interest and security" then "it is inevitable that we must maintain the stability of our political allies in the ever-continuing struggle to wipe out communism."

McCarran filed this report with the senate as chairman of the joint congressional "watchdog" committee which was set up to keep tabs on foreign spending programs. He visited the Marshall Plan countries last fall.

The administration has ticketed $3,100,000,000 for the Economic Cooperation Administration outlays in the next fiscal year starting July 1. This is $678,000,000 less than the ECA was allotted in the current fiscal year, but there is a swelling congressional demand for a deeper cut.

Opening Fight Comes Tuesday

The opening fight over the Marshall Plan funds is scheduled Tuesday when Secretary of State Acheson and ECA Director Paul Hoffman are due to appear before the Senate and House Foreign Affairs committees.

These hearings on the authorization legislation are preliminaries, however, to the major battle expected later over the actual appropriations.

Harriman Is Silent On A. E. C. Position

Says He Is Hard at Work as Marshall Plan Envoy

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17 (AP)—W. Averell Harriman refused today to discuss reports that he might be in line for chairmanship of the Atomic Energy Commission.

Talking with reporters after attending President Truman's weekly Cabinet meeting, he said he was

"hard at work" on his present assignment as roving ambassador of the Marshall plan.

There had been published reports that Mr. Harriman was under consideration for the A. E. C. chairmanship left vacant by David Lilienthal's resignation. The post is being filled temporarily by Commissioner Sumner Pike.

Mr. Harriman returned to Washington last night from Europe and reported briefly to the Cabinet on what he said was "good progress" by the Economic Co-operation Administration in Europe.

people are hungry. One half the people of the world get less than half the amount of food which we rationed Britons receive. Moscow is taking advantage of this. Hungry peoples ask Moscow:

"Can you give us food?" Moscow says, "Yes."

"Unless we can give these peoples food, I don't think there is any hope of peace.

"We need 50 TVA's and millions of tractors."

V-2 Rocket Soars 92 Miles In Air

White Sands, N.M., Feb. 17 (AP)—A V-2 rocket fired here today in upper atmospheric research reached an altitude of 92 miles.

Described as a routine step in the Ordnance Department's program for gathering high-altitude information, the launching was at 1 P.M.

The war head was blown free on the down-leg trajectory, Capt. Paul Davidson, public-information officer, said. He reported liaison aircraft were guiding ground recovery parties to the point of impact.

The rocket landed in the proving ground range 40 miles north of the launching platform. It reached a speed of 3,300 miles an hour.

PELLEY RELEASED, SUES 2 OFFICERS

NOBLESVILLE, Ind., Feb. 17—William Dudley Pelley got out from behind bars again today and his attorneys filed heavy damage suits against two North Carolina officers who had him jailed.

Pelley's lawyers, George A. Henry of Indianapolis and T. Emmet McKenzie of Washington, charged in the suits that the two officers conspired to "harass and embarass" the former leader of the Silver Shirts legion.

The suits ask $100,000 each—$2,500 general damages and $97,500 punitive damages—from Deputy Sheriff J. C. Gibbs of Buncombe County N. H., and H. F. Brownlee of Asheville, N. C., detective.

Pelley was released from Hamilton county jail today on temporary bond of $1,000 set by Sheriff C. M. Davis. He was jailed yesterday after the North Carolina officer produced a warrant mailed from North Carolina.

The bond was set pending a hearing by Circuit Judge Tom R. White ill in his Sheridan, Ind., home. Sheriff Davis said he hoped Judge White would be able to conduct a hearing within a few days.

Pelley was freed on parole Tuesday from federal prison at Terre Haute, Ind., after serving 7 1-2 years of a 15-year sedition sentence imposed in a 1942 trial at Indianapolis.

Governor Henry F. Schricker ordered extradition of the 59-year-old former pamphleteer to North Carolina after his release, but Pelley filed a petition for a writ of habeas corpus at Terre Haute and was released on $1,000 bond. He then came to Noblesville, where he was operating his printing plant when he was arrested on the sedition charge in 1942.

Despite Pelley's release on bond from jail today, his lawyers also filed a habeas corpus action in Hamilton circuit court here. This apparently was a move to insure Pelley's continued freedom if Judge White refused to approve his bond when he conducts the hearing.

JUDITH SWITCHES HER LAWYERS IN MIDDLE OF TRIAL

NEW YORK, Feb. 17—(AP) Judith Coplon switched lawyers today in the middle of her spy conspiracy trial.

At her request, Federal Judge Sylvester J. Ryan assigned three attorneys to replace stubby, excitable Archibald Palmer, who defended the ex-government girl in a stormy Washington trial and in weeks of sometimes hectic court proceedings here.

Named to succeed Palmer were Samuel Neuburger, Sidney E. Berman and Leonard Boudin. The court acted because Miss Coplon has taken the pauper's oath.

Miss Coplon, 28, has been on trial since Jan. 24 with 33-year-old Valentin A. Gubitchev, a Russian engineer. They are accused of plotting to pass U. S. defense secrets to the Soviet Union.

Plea for Delay Seen

The trial was adjourned without explanation yesterday for conferences that led to today's announcement of the shift in defense lawyers. Palmer's successors are expected to ask for a further delay so that they can study the case.

Palmer's own comment was: "A woman has a right to change her mind."

The lawyer, who has said he was serving without pay out of friendship for the Coplon family, promised every help to his successors, expressed confidence Miss Copolon would be proved innocent, and added:

"I have no feelings of rancor, disappointment or ill will towards her or members of her family."

Frequent Clashes

Palmer has been publicly at odds, at one time or another, with the judge and with Gubitchev's lawyer, Abraham L. Pomerantz, as well as with Miss Copolon. At a recent press conference he told his client she was a "damn fool." She told him heatedly to shut up.

But nobody would say exactly what led to her decision to replace him.

"I'm saying nothing," Miss Coplon told reporters as she left the courthouse with her brother, Bertram, and his wife.

The Washington trial ended in Miss Coplon's conviction on charges of stealing secret papers for the Russians. She was sentenced to 40 months to 190 years in prison but is free in bail pending appeal.

Twice in that trial he was fined $100 for contempt of court.

Besides filing various appeals, he sought in seven weeks of hearings before the present trial to win dismissal of the charges on wiretapping and other grounds.

In the hearings and in the trial itself, the judge rebuked Palmer frequently for such actions as interruptions and unorthodox questioning of witnesses. Once he told Palmer: "Stand up there and act like a lawyer. Stop playing the clown."

Eisenhower Declares Feeding Of Hungry Would Prevent War

New York, Feb. 17 (AP)—Gen. Dwight Eisenhower, Columbia University president, today proposed establishment of a nutrition center as a necessity to prevent world war.

He talked to a luncheon of Columbia Associates, a group of business men who advise him on university policy. Attending were scientists and nutrition experts, and Lord Boyd Orr, the Scottish farmer and physician, who was awarded the Nobel Peace Prize in 1949 for work on the same idea.

"It is idle," said General Eisenhower, "to talk of peace in terms of any values you know, when so many people are so hungry they will commit any crime to get enough to eat for themselves and their families.

Must Learn How To Feed World

"We need all the sciences meeting in one place to use their knowledge to learn how to produce more food, and how to get it distributed.

"If science can learn how to feed the world, we can reduce the progress of communism.

"We must preserve peace if we wish to preserve our system of democracy."

Columbia University is planning a nutrition center where not only food and nutrition scientists will meet, but where teachers, economists, business men and statesmen can offer ideas on how to feed hungry people.

Lord Boyd Orr said: "This, I believe, is a historic occasion. From what General Eisenhower has started we may get a world drive which may take us far on the road to peace.

"We can have no peace where

Russ Jet Ranks With U.S. Best, Paper Says

Washington, Feb. 17 (AP)—American *Aviation Daily*, a trade letter, reported today that Russia has in service a jet fighter ranking with this country's F-86 Sabre, holder of the world speed record of 671 miles an hour.

The *Daily* said its information came from British sources.

It reported the Russian plane, tentatively identified as the Yak-21, has been assigned to squadrons based near Moscow.

The Yak-21 is believed to be powered with an improved version of the Rolls-Royce Nene engine, a considerable number of which were sold to Russia by the British. The Russian type develops "well over 5,000 pounds" thrust [a pound of thrust equals one horsepower when the plane is moving 375 miles an hour], the *Daily* said.

The fighter was reported to have a top speed of 690 miles an hour and operate above 45,000 feet (over 8 miles up). Armament was reported to be four 20mm. cannon.

ARMED FORCES DROP

Combined Total at 1,512,900 — Air Force Gains

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17 (AP)—The combined strength of United States armed forces was 1,512,900 on Jan. 31, a decrease of 38,400 since the end of 1949.

All services except the Air Force shared in the drop. Air Force strength mounted 2,200 to reach 415,000.

On the same date Army strength was 615,400, a loss of 25,800. The Navy lost 13,700 to reach a reduced total of 401,900, and the Marine Corps dropped 1,100 for a total of 80,100.

Alger Hiss Retains New Counsel For Appeal

New York, Feb. 17 (AP)—Alger Hiss said today he had retained new counsel to argue his appeal from a conviction on perjury charges.

The former high State Department official said he had retained the New York law firm of Richards, Lane and Haller as his counsel. The firm has selected Robert M. Benjamin, Wall Street attorney, to argue the appeal, he said.

Hiss was sentenced to five years in prison on charges that he lied when he denied slipping Government secrets to a prewar Soviet spy ring.

Hiss presently is free in $10,000 bail pending outcome of his appeal. In his first trial, the one-time adviser of President Roosevelt was represented by Lloyd Paul Stryker. Mississippi-born Claude B. Cross, of Boston, was his counsel in the second trial. The first trial ended in a jury disagreement.

United Nations As Dateline

United Nations, New York, Feb. 17 (AP)—This is the dateline, United Nations' officials said today, they hope will be acceptable to the press on dispatches from the United Nations after it moves to the permanent headquarters in New York city next January. It will be the mail address.

Communist Party Warned—Bridges

San Francisco, Feb. 17 (AP)—Harry Bridges testified today he had threatened the Communist party with "trouble" if it interfered with his union.

This happened three years ago, he said, when a coast-wide contract of the CIO Longshore Union which Bridges heads as international president, was under discussion.

Bridges said James Kearney ("no Communist, I assure you") was running for re-election as right-wing president of Local 10.

At a union caucus, Bridges continued, Kearney complained that "some members of the union—I claim they're Communists—are saying that if I'm re-elected the Pope will run the union. They also say I'm anti-Negro."

"I got on the phone," Bridges testified, "and called up headquarters here of the Communist party. I said 'if anybody up there is telling these people to do that, there'll be trouble—we're going to make trouble.'"

Communist officers, he added, denied they had any such purpose, and matters were ironed out at a union meeting.

Bridges was indicted last May on a charge he swore falsely that he was not a Communist at his 1945 citizenship hearing.

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Hawaii Red Inquiry Slated

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17 (AP).—The House Committee on Un-American activities today set April 12 as the opening date for a hearing into Communist activities in the Hawaiian Islands. Responding to an invitation by the territorial Legislature, House spy hunters will leave Washington by plane April 10 for Honolulu.

NOTE TO EDITORS (FOR PUBLICATION IF DESIRED):

THE REGULAR REPRESENTATIVE OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS IN BUDAPEST, ENDRE MARTON, A HUNGARIAN NATIONAL, IS COVERING THE ESPIONAGE TRIAL OF AMERICAN BUSINESSMAN ROBERT A. VOGELER AND OTHERS BEGINNING TODAY IN BUDAPEST.

THE ASSOCIATED PRESS ASKED THE HUNGARIAN GOVERNMENT LAST MONTH FOR PERMISSION TO ADMIT ITS AMERICAN BUREAU CHIEF IN VIENNA, GAYLORD K. HODENFIELD, TO HELP MARTON COVER THE TRIAL. REPEATED EFFORTS HAVE BEEN MADE TO OBTAIN CREDENTIALS FOR HODENFIELD, THROUGH ALL AVAILABLE CHANNELS OF COMMUNICATION WITH HUNGARIAN AUTHORITIES, BUT THUS FAR WITHOUT SUCCESS.

MARTON COVERED THE TREASON TRIAL A YEAR AGO OF JOSEF CARDINAL MINDSZENTY. AT THAT TIME THE ASSOCIATED PRESS ALSO SOUGHT TO SEND ONE OR MORE OF ITS AMERICAN CORRESPONDENTS TO COVER THE TRIAL BUT PERMISSION WAS DENIED.

NO CENSORSHIP, AS THE TERM GENERALLY IS UNDERSTOOD -- THAT IS, THE OFFICIAL BLUE-PENCILLING OF NEWS DISPATCHES -- IS INVOLVED IN THE TRANSMISSION OF NEWS FROM HUNGARY. THERE IS, HOWEVER, WHAT AMOUNTS TO A "RESPONSIBILITY" CENSORSHIP. THIS MEANS THAT CORRESPONDENTS IN HUNGARY, OF WHATEVER NATIONALITY ARE SUBJECT TO ACTION BY THE GOVERNMENT IF THEIR ACTIVITIES OR THEIR NEWS DISPATCHES ARE CONSIDERED OBJECTIONABLE BY THE GOVERNMENT.

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THIRD LEAD VOGELER (110)

BY ENDRE MARTON

BUDAPEST, HUNGARY, FEB. 17-(AP)-AMERICAN BUSINESSMAN ROBERT VOGELER'S BRITISH ASSISTANT AND TWO HUNGARIANS CONFESSED IN COURT TODAY TO SPYING FOR THE WEST, BUT THE COURT SKIPPED OVER VOGELER IN THE FIRST DAY OF HUNGARY'S NEWEST SPY TRIAL.

(THERE WAS NO INDICATION WHETHER THE COURT'S ACTION MEANT THAT VOGELER HAD REFUSED TO PLEAD GUILTY ALONG WITH THE OTHERS. THE GOVERNMENT HAD ANNOUNCED PREVIOUSLY THAT HE HAD CONFESSED.)

THE BRITISH ASSISTANT, EDGAR SANDERS, TESTIFIED IN A FIRM VOICE THAT HE WAS GUILTY OF SEEKING OUT INFORMATION ON HUNGARY'S MILITARY, ECONOMIC AND POLITICAL SITUATION AND PASSING IT ON TO HIS SUPERIORS.

VOGELER, AN ASSISTANT VICE PRESIDENT AND EUROPEAN REPRESENTATIVE OF INTERNATIONAL TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH CO., IS ON TRIAL WITH SANDERS, HIS BRITISH ASSISTANT, AND FIVE HUNGARIANS. ONE DEFENDANT IS A CATHOLIC PRIEST, ANOTHER A BARMAID.

THE INDICTMENT AGAINST SANDERS, READ IN COURT TODAY, CHARGED HE HAD BEEN A BRITISH SPY SINCE 1940.

BRITAIN CHARGED IN A NOTE LAST NIGHT THAT HUNGARY HAD VIOLATED STANDARDS OF CIVILIZATION AND JUSTICE IN PREPARING FOR SANDERS' TRIAL.

VOGELER HAD BEEN EXPECTED TO BE CALLED BEFORE SANDERS, SINCE HE WAS THIRD ON THE LIST OF DEFENDANTS. APPARENTLY, HOWEVER, THE COURT DECIDED TO PASS OVER VOGELER AND GO ON TO SANDERS.

THE FIRST TWO DEFENDANTS TO BE CALLED, IMRE GEIGER AND ZOLTAN RADO, CONFESSED TO SPYING AND SABOTAGE. GEIGER IS THE HUNGARIAN MANAGING DIRECTOR OF I. T. & T. BUDAPEST BRANCH. RADO, A FORMER GOVERNMENT EMPLOYE, IS LISTED IN THE INDICTMENT AS A "MINISTRY CHIEF OF SECTION." APPARENTLY HIS JOB WAS IN THE INDUSTRY MINISTRY, SINCE HE IS ACCUSED OF GIVING VOGELER SECRETS FROM AN OFFICE DEALING WITH SUPERVISION OF THE STANDARD ELECTRIC WORKS COMPANY, AN I.T. & T. SUBSIDIARY.

GEIGER TOLD THE COURT HE BECAME A U.S. AGENT IN 1946 AND DELIVERED SPY REPORTS "PREPARED IN FIVE COPIES" TO VARIOUS AMERICANS. HE SAID THAT SINCE 1949 VOGELER RECEIVED THE REPORTS. GEIGER SAID AN ESCAPE FROM HUNGARY WAS PREPARED FOR HIM BY THE U.S. LEGATION IN VIENNA BUT THAT HE AND HIS FAMILY WERE ARRESTED LAST NOVEMBER ON THE TRAIN, BEFORE IT REACHED THE BORDER.

WHEN SANDERS WAS CALLED, PRESIDING JUDGE VILMOS OLTHY ASKED HIM: "DO YOU FEEL GUILTY?"

THIS IS A PHRASE COMMONLY USED IN EASTERN AND CENTRAL EUROPEAN COURTS WHEN A DEFENDANT IS ASKED TO PLEAD.

"I DO," SANDERS REPLIED IN A FIRM VOICE.

SANDERS WAS ERECT AND IMPASSIVE. HE ADMITTED EACH CHARGE AGAINST HIM, NODDING AND ANSWERING IN CRISP MONOSYLLABLES.

UNDER QUESTIONING BY THE COURT, SANDERS TESTIFIED HE WAS TRAINED IN 1940 IN SPYING AND COUNTER-SPYING. HE SAID HE WAS TRANSFERRED AFTER 1941 TO THE MIDDLE EAST. HE WAS SENT TO HUNGARY AS A BRITISH ARMY CAPTAIN RECEIVING INSTRUCTIONS FROM SUPERIORS AT THE MILITARY MISSION. (THE DATE WAS NOT SPECIFIED IN THE DISPATCH, BUT APPARENTLY IT MEANT AFTER THE END OF THE GERMAN OCCUPATION.)

"THE INSTRUCTIONS I RECEIVED WERE THAT I HAD TO UNDERTAKE ESPIONAGE WORK ON MILITARY LINES. I SHOULD OBTAIN INFORMATION ABOUT SOVIET AND HUNGARIAN TROOPS, NUMBERS OF THEM, THE STATE OF EQUIPMENT, AND SO ON. I ALSO HAD TO OBTAIN INFORMATION ABOUT ECONOMIC CONDITIONS IN THE COUNTRY. I HAD TO GET IN TOUCH WITH PEOPLE LIVING IN THE COUNTRY AND TO MAKE PROPAGANDA FOR THE ANGLO-SAXON WORLD."

SANDERS SAID ANGLO-SAXON AIMS WERE FIRST, IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE WAR, TO STRENGTHEN RIGHTIST PARTIES, TRY TO SEPARATE THE COMMUNIST PARTY FROM THE GOVERNMENT AND TO WORK FOR A BREAK BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENT AND THE SOVIET UNION. HE SAID WHEN HE WAS DEMOBILIZED IN 1947 HE WAS INSTRUCTED BY A CAPT. BARCLAY OF THE BRITISH WAR OFFICE TO RETURN TO HUNGARY AND CONTINUE HIS WORK "EXACTLY AS BEFORE."

SANDERS MENTIONED MILITARY AND CIVILIAN PERSONS ON THE AMERICAN AND BRITISH STAFFS HERE WITH WHOM HE SAID HE HAD CONTRACT AND FROM WHOM HE CLAIMED TO HAVE RECEIVED ORDERS.

SANDERS MENTIONED SOME NAMES THAT SOUNDED LIKE A COL. KRAFT AND A LT. COL. HOYNE OF THE AMERICAN LEGATION AND A MR. SMITH, AN AMERICAN COMMERCIAL ATTACHE. HE ALSO MENTIONED A BRITISH "COL. CAPERON."

THE OFFICERS REFERRED TO EVIDENTLY ARE COL. JAMES E. KRAFT, MILITARY ATTACHE, AND HIS ASSISTANT, LT. COL. L. C. HOYNE. THE COMMERCIAL ATTACHE, JULIAN SMITH, HOWEVER, HAS BEEN ON DUTY IN STOCKHOLM WITH THE U.S. EMBASSY THERE, AMERICAN LEGATION OFFICIALS SAID.

AFTER JUDGE OLTHY DECLARED SANDERS' TESTIMONY FINISHED, THE COURT RECESSED UNTIL TOMORROW.

ON TRIAL WITH VOGELER AND GEIGER ARE THE U.S. BUSINESSMAN'S BRITISH ASSISTANT, EDGAR SANDERS, AND FOUR OTHER HUNGARIANS, INCLUDING A ROMAN CATHOLIC PRIEST AND A BARMAID.

STANDING QUIETLY IN COURT, THEY WERE CHARGED WITH "SUBVERSIVE MACHINATIONS, SPYING AND SABOTAGE" ON BEHALF OF AN AMERICAN ESPIONAGE ORGANIZATION. THE HUNGARIAN GOVERNMENT CLAIMED BEFORE THE TRIAL STARTED THAT ALL HAD CONFESSED TO THE CHARGES.

THE HANDSOME, WHITE-HAIRED GEIGER, A MAN IN HIS 40'S, CONFESSED FLUENTLY AND ADMITTED ALL CHARGES AGAINST HIM WITHOUT EXCEPTION. STANDING BEFORE AN AMPLIFIER, HE SPOKE CALMLY, WITHOUT ANY SIGN OF EMOTION.

GEIGER TESTIFIED THAT DURING A VISIT TO NEW YORK IN FEBRUARY, 1949 HE RECEIVED ORDERS FOR SABOTAGE FROM AN AMERICAN COLONEL NAMED "VANE OR BANE" WHICH "HAD TO BE CARRIED OUT BY ALL MEANS."

THE I.T. & T. STANDARD ELECTRIC FACTORY IN BUDAPEST, HE CONTINUED, HAD STRICT INSTRUCTIONS TO SABOTAGE ORDERS MADE FOR THE SOVIET UNION AND FOR THE PEOPLES' DEMOCRACIES OF EASTERN EUROPE. BUT ADDITIONAL ORDERS FOR TURKEY AND YUGOSLAVIA WERE COMPLETED "TOOTH AND NAIL" HE CONTINUED.

THE SEVEN DEFENDANTS HAVE BEEN HELD INCOMMUNICADO SINCE THEIR ARREST LAST NOV.18. VOGELER FORMERLY LIVED IN LA GRANGE, ILL. HIS FATHER, ROBERT A. VOGELER, LIVES IN JACKSON HEIGHTS, LONG ISLAND, N.Y.

THE TRIAL OPENED IN THE SAME COURTROOM WHERE JOSEF CARDINAL MINDSZENTY WAS CONVICTED AND SENTENCED TO LIFE IMPRISONMENT LAST YEAR ON CHARGES OF ANTI-STATE ACTIVITIES.

ACTING AS STATE PROSECUTOR WAS GYULA ALAPI, YOUNG HUNGARIAN LAWYER WHO ALSO PROSECUTED CARDINAL MINDSZENTY AND LASZLO RAJK. THE LATTER, ONETIME NUMBER TWO HUNGARIAN COMMUNIST, WAS CONVICTED AND EXECUTED LAST YEAR ON CHARGES OF PLOTTING WITH REPRESENTATIVES OF THE UNITED STATES AND MARSHAL TITO'S YUGOSLAV GOVERNMENT TO OVERTHROW THIS COUNTRY'S COMMUNIST-LED REGIME.

THE SIX MEN DEFENDANTS WERE DRESSED IN DARK BUSINESS SUITS. THEY SAT ON THE FIRST BENCH IN THE COURTROOM, FACING THE JUDGE. TWO WARDENS FLANKED THEM.

THE LONE WOMAN DEFENDANT SAT ON THE BENCH BEHIND THEM, WEARING A BLACK COAT. HER HAIR WAS FRESHLY WAVED.

ALL HAD THEIR BACKS TO THE AUDIENCE.

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THE SEVEN DEFENDANTS STOOD AT ATTENTION WHEN THE COURT, HEADED BY JUDGE VILMOS OLTHY, ENTERED. THEN THEY LISTENED QUIETLY WHILE THE JUDGE READ THE INDICTMENT, ACCUSING THEM OF ESTABLISHING A "SPYING GROUP ON ORDERS OF A UNITED STATES ESPIONAGE ORGANIZATION."

ON TRIAL WITH VOGELER AND SANDERS ARE THESE FIVE HUNGARIANS:

IMRE GEIGER, MANAGING DIRECTOR OF THE I. T. & T. BUDAPEST BRANCH;
ZOLTAN RADO, A GOVERNMENT EMPLOYE;
KELEMEN DOMOKOS, FACTORY DIRECTOR;
DR. ISTVAN JUSTH, ROMAN CATHOLIC PRIEST;
"BARONESS" EDINA DOERY, BARMAID.

THE INDICTMENT SAID VOGELER HAD BEEN A "SPY SINCE 1942". IT CLAIMED THAT IN HIS PRE-TRIAL CONFESSION, HE SAID HE WAS TAUGHT "PRACTICALLY AND THEORETICALLY HOW TO SPY AND ACT AS A COUNTERSPY" AND HAD ENGAGED IN "LARGE-SCALE SPYING THROUGH A WIDESPREAD ORGANIZATION OF SPIES."

SANDERS, THE INDICTMENT CONTINUED, HAD CONFESSED TO ACQUIRING "MILITARY AND ECONOMIC DATA AS A MEMBER OF THE BRITISH MILITARY MISSION HERE" BEFORE TAKING A JOB WITH I. T. AND T.

THE INDICTMENT REFERRED SEVERAL TIMES TO SECRET NEGOTIATIONS AT A BUDAPEST HOTEL AT WHICH A U.S. COLONEL ALLEGEDLY GAVE VOGELER, SANDERS AND GEIGER INSTRUCTIONS ON HOW TO BUILD UP THEIR SPYING ORGANIZATIONS.

THE JUDGE ANNOUNCED THAT AN AUTHORIZED TRANSLATION OF THE INDICTMENT HAD BEEN GIVEN VOGELER AND SANDERS EIGHT DAYS AGO. ASKED IF THEY HAD RECEIVED IT AND HAD BEEN ABLE TO STUDY IT, BOTH ANSWERED "YES."

THE HUNGARIANS ALREADY HAVE INDICATED THAT AL
ARE IN FOR STIFF
SENTENCES.

LAST WEEK MATYAS RAKOSI, HUNGARY'S COMMUNIST BOSS AND DEPUTY PREMIER, TOLD HIS PARTY'S CENTRAL COMMITTEE:

"THESE GENTLEMEN WHO ARE SPYING IN HUNGARY ON ORDERS OF AMERICAN, BRITISH AND OTHER CHIEFS WILL RECEIVE SEVERE PUNISHMENT ACCORDING TO HUNGARIAN LAW."

THE ARREST OF VOGELER AND SANDERS RESULTED IN A STRAINING OF DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS BETWEEN HUNGARY AND THE UNITED STATES AND GREAT BRITAIN.

SHORTLY AFTER VOGELER'S ARREST AND HUNGARY'S REFUSAL TO LET STATE DEPARTMENT ATTACHES INTERVIEW HIM, THE UNITED STATES ORDERED HUNGARY'S TWO CONSULATES IN THE U.S. CLOSED. THE STATE DEPARTMENT ALSO BANNED TRAVEL TO HUNGARY BY ALL AMERICAN CITIZENS.

ONLY LAST NIGHT GREAT BRITAIN CHARGED IN A NOTE THAT HUNGARY HAD BREACHED CIVILIZED STANDARDS OF JUSTICE IN PREPARING FOR THE TRIAL OF SANDERS.

FEB 18 1950

A60

(MORRIS L. ERNST, NEW YORK LAWYER-AUTHOR, SAID HE HAD BEEN RETAINED TO DEFEND VOGELER AND HAD APPLIED FOR A HUNGARIAN VISA. THIS, HE SAID YESTERDAY, HAD NOT BEEN RECEIVED, BUT HE PLANNED TO FLY TO EUROPE TODAY IN HOPES THE VISA WOULD BE FORWARDED TO HIM THERE AND HE WOULD STILL BE ABLE TO ATTEND THE TRIAL.)

THE COURTROOM HOLDS ONLY ABOUT 100 SPECTATORS, INCLUDING NEWSMEN.

THE TRIAL IS BEING COVERED FOR THE WESTERN PRESS BY FOUR CORRESPONDENTS PERMANENTLY ASSIGNED TO BUDAPEST, THREE HUNGARIAN NATIONALS REPRESENTING THE THREE AMERICAN NEWS AGENCIES, AND TWO WESTERN NEWSMEN GRANTED VISAS TO COME IN FROM VIENNA FOR THE TRIAL.

FIVE OTHER WESTERN NEWSMEN, INCLUDING G. K. HODENFIELD OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS, APPLIED FOR VISAS IN VIENNA BUT STILL HAVE NOT RECEIVED THEM.

THE AMERICAN AND BRITISH LEGATION EACH RECEIVED TWO TICKETS FOR THE TRIAL. THE U.S. OBSERVERS WERE TO BE THIRD SECRETARY CHRIST PETROW AND FOREIGN SERVICE STAFF OFFICER OTMAR GHORGY.

MK632AES

HIS WIFE IS A NATIVE OF BELGIUM. HE MET HER ON A TRAIN TO SWITZERLAND IN 1939, WHEN HE WAS IN THE EMPLOY OF INTERNATIONAL TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH IN EUROPE. THEY WERE MARRIED IN BELGIUM AND CAME TO THE UNITED STATES THAT YEAR.

VOGELER CAME TO VIENNA AS ASSISTANT VICE PRESIDENT AND CENTRAL EUROPEAN REPRESENTATIVE OF I.T. & T. IN AUGUST, 1945. HIS WIFE JOINED HIM HERE IN FEBRUARY, 1946.

JS105PES

add - Vienna - (Mrs. Vogeler 1xxx 1942"

VOGELER

LONDON, FEB.17-(AP)-A FOREIGN OFFICE SPOKESMAN HAD THIS COMMENT TODAY ON THE TESTIMONY OF EDGAR SANDERS, BRITISH BUSINESSMAN, IN THE BUDAPEST SABOTAGE TRIAL:

"WE CAN ONLY EMPHASIZE OF THE EXTREMELY PECULIAR CIRCUMSTANCE, BY WESTERN STANDARDS, OF KEEPING HIM (SANDERS) INCOMMUNICADO SINCE HIS ARREST LAST NOV. 21 UNTIL HIS TRIAL."

JJ1156AES

with vogeler

new york, feb. 17-(ap)-An american correspondent present at the trial of robert vogeler in hungary reported today the spy new york businessman seemed to be in full possession of his faculties

the correspondent, alexander kendrick of the columbia broadcasting system, said vogeler showed no signs of strain, although he was pale after three months confinement.

Kendrick is filing his comments to vienna for broadcast from there. the hungarian government has not made radio facilities available to him. the government also has turned down visa requests of american news agencies and newspapers seeking to send americans to budapest to cover the trial.

(EDITORS: IN THIS ARTICLE, JOHN RODERICK, A VETERAN ASSOCIATED PRESS CORRESPONDENT IN THE FAR EAST NOW STATIONED IN LONDON, EXPLAINS THE MEANING OF ONE VITAL PORTION OF THE RUSSIAN-CHINESE AGREEMENT SIGNED IN MOSCOW THIS WEEK--THAT PERTAINING TO THE STRATEGIC RAILWAYS OF MANCHURIA.)
--DASH--
BY JOHN RODERICK

LONDON, FEB.17-(AP)-A SPRAWLING SYSTEM OF RAILWAYS IN REMOTE MANCHURIA, FOUGHT OVER FOR A HALF CENTURY BY GREAT WORLD POWERS, IS AGAIN A KEY POINT IN FAR EASTERN POWER POLITICS.

SOVIET RUSSIA ON TUESDAY AGREED TO TRANSFER TO COMMUNIST CHINA ITS RIGHTS TO JOINT ADMINISTRATION AND OWNERSHIP OF THE NETWORK--LUMPED UNDER THE NAME OF THE CHINESE CHANGCHUN RAILWAY.

PRIME MINISTER STALIN PROMISED THAT THE TRANSFER WILL BE MADE AS SOON AS A PEACE TREATY WITH JAPAN IS SIGNED, OR BY 1952 AT THE LATEST. FOR THE FIRST TIME IN ITS OFTEN VIOLENT HISTORY, THE CHANGCHUN RAILWAY WOULD BE IN THE SOLE POSSESSION OF CHINA--SERVING ASIATIC COMMUNISM, AS IT ONCE FIGURED IN THE IMPERIALIST SCHEMES OF THE RUSSIAN CZAR AND THE JAPANESE MIKADO.

THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS OF MAO TZE TUNG HAVE LONG FIGURED ON IT AS A POWERFUL AGENT FOR THE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT OF POVERTY-STRICKEN CHINA.

OVER ITS MAIN ROUTES AND BRANCH LINES THE SURPLUS PRODUCE OF MANCHURIA--SOYA BEANS, WHEAT AND RICE--CAN ROLL TO SEA OUTLETS AT DAIREN, AND TO RUSSIA.

FROM MOSCOW AND THE COMMUNIST-DOMINATED NATIONS OF EASTERN EUROPE CAN COME MACHINES, FINISHED GOODS, AND TOOLS IN EXCHANGE FOR MANCHURIA'S RICH COAL, IRON AND TIMBER RESOURCES.

RUSSIAN ECONOMIC INFLUENCE IN NORTHERN MANCHURIA DEVELOPED IN THE 1890S AFTER THE CZAR BEGAN CONSTRUCTION OF THE TRANS-SIBERIAN RAILWAY TO SPUR COLONIZATION IN RUSSIAN EXPANSION TO THE EAST. BRITAIN, FRANCE, BERMANY, JAPAN AND RUSSIA ALL STAKED OUT "SPHERES OF INTEREST" IN THE WEAKENED CHINA OF THE MANCHUS BUT RUSSIA CONSIDERED HERSELF A PROTECTOR.

AN OBSTACLE IN COMPLETING THE TRANS-SIBERIAN RAILWAY WAS THE DISTANCE AND COST OF BUILDING A WINDING DETOUR AROUND MANCHURIA. COUNT WITTE, A BRILLIANT RUSSIAN STATESMAN, NEGOTIATED A FRIENDSHIP TREATY WITH THE MANCHUS AT ST.PETERSBURG IN 1896. IN EXCHANGE FOR PROMISES OF MILITARY AID IN CASE OF ATTACK, CHINA AGREED TO LET THE LINE CROSS MANCHURIA DIRECTLY FROM MANGHOULI TO VLADIVOSTOK. THE LINK WAS CALLED THE CHINESE EASTERN RAILWAY.

LATER, RUSSIA BUILT A LINE SOUTH FROM THE TRANS-SIBERIAN, AT HARBIN, TO MUKDEN AND NEW HOLDINGS IT LEASED FOR 25 YEARS ON THE SOUTHERN TIP OF MANCHURIA'S LIAOTUNG PENINSULA. (ADD)

LONDON, FEB. 17-(AP)-FOUR BRITISH COMMONWEALTH COUNTRIES HAVE RAISED A £7,500,000 ($21,000,000) LOAN BY PASSING THE HAT AROUND TO HELP THE SHAKY, RED-BESET BURMESE GOVERNMENT.

THIS WAS REPORTED TODAY BY DIPLOMATIC OFFICIALS WHO IDENTIFIED THE COUNTRIES AS BRITAIN, INDIA, PAKISTAN AND CEYLON.

THEY SAID THE DECISION WAS TAKEN DURING THE JANUARY CONFERENCE OF COMMONWEALTH FOREIGN MINISTERS IN CEYLON.

BURMA LAST YEAR ASKED BRITAIN FOR A £20,000,000 ($56,000,000) LOAN BUT BRITAIN TURNED DOWN THE REQUEST.

THE RANGOON GOVERNMENT NEEDS OUTSIDE HELP QUICKLY SO THAT IT CAN STABILIZE ITS CURRENCY AND MOVE ITS RICE CROP FROM INLAND AREAS TO ITS SEAPORTS FOR EXPORT.

INDIA, CEYLON AND PAKISTAN ALL BUY RICE FROM BURMA. SO DOES BRITAIN. THIS COUNTRY USED BURMESE RICE TO HELP FEED THE PEOPLE OF MALAYA.

VS1/9AES

LONDON, FEB.17-(AP)-PRIME MINISTER STALIN, WHO WAS ASKED BY DOZENS OF SOVIET DISTRICTS TO BE THEIR CANDIDATE FOR THE SUPREME SOVIET (PARLIAMENT) IN THE MARCH 12 ELECTIONS, DECIDED TONIGHT TO RUN IN THE STALIN DISTRICT OF MOSCOW, THE MOSCOW RADIO SAID.

DEPUTY PREMIER MOLOTOV PUT HIS NAME ON THE BALLOT IN THE MOLOTOV DISTRICT OF MOSCOW.

LONDON, FEB 17-(AP)-AN AMERICAN-BORN CHEMIST HAS CABLED PRIME MINISTER STALIN ASKING; WHAT ABOUT THIS ATOM DISPUTE?

JOSEPH SIMON SHANE, 61, MANUFACTURING DRUGGIST, SAID TODAY HE SENT THIS CABLE TO STALIN AT THE KREMLIN:

"WITH ALL THE ATOM CONTROVERSY RAGING AND ARMAMENTS WARFARE RACE WHICH EVERYONE CLAIMS IS BEING FORCED BY RUSSIA, AS A MAN OF THE MASSES I AM ANXIOUS TO KNOW THE TRUTH ABOUT THESE CONTROVERSIAL ISSUES. THE IMPORTANCE OF THE ATOM CONTROVERSY DEMANDS DIRECT ACTION TO LET THE WORLD KNOW THE TRUTH. AWAITING YOUR REPLY TO THIS CABLE TO ENLIGHTEN THE WORLD OF THE FACTS."

SHANE SAID HE SUPPORTED LABOR IN THE 1945 ELECTION, BUT WILL VOTE THE CONSERVATIVES THIS ELECTION.

HE SAID HE WAS BORN ON NEW YORK CITY'S EAST SIDE, AND CAME TO BRITAIN WITH HIS PARENTS WHEN HE WAS A BOY. HE NOW IS A NATURALIZED BRITISH CITIZEN. A NEPHEW, ABRAHAM STONE, LIVES AT 570 SEVENTH AVE., NEW YORK.

HE SAID INSPIRATION FOR HIS DIRECT APPROACH TO STALIN WAS WINSTON CHURCHILL'S SPEECH LAST TUESDAY IN EDINBURGH CALLING FOR NEW TALKS AMONG THE BIG THREE TO SETTLE THE ATOM ISSUE.

"I'M ACTING AS A MAN-IN-THE-STREET," SAID SHANE. "STALIN PROBABLY WILL UNDERSTAND ME MUCH BETTER THAN HE UNDERSTANDS DIPLOMATS. THE LABOR GOVERNMENT HAS BEEN MOST INACTIVE ON THIS QUESTION. IT HASN'T DONE ANYTHING."

"GIANT ATE

HE FOUND TWO IMPORTANT MEASURES HAD BEEN TAKEN ON THE INITIATIVE OF ULBRICHT IN HIS ABSENCE:

1--A LARGE-SCALE PURGE OF THE SOVIET ZONE'S NON-COMMUNIST PARTIES REPORTED TO HAVE DEPRIVED THE CHRISTIAN DEMOCRATS AND LIBERAL DEMOCRATS OF SEVERAL THOUSAND PARTY OFFICIALS.

2--THE CREATION OF A "RED GESTAPO," A NEW POLICE AGENCY OFFICIALLY CALLED THE MINISTRY FOR STATE SECURITY.

RB920PES add-Berlin (Grotewohl) xxxx-his return.

VICTORIOUS JAPAN WON RUSSIA'S MANCHURIAN HOLDINGS IN THE PEACE TREATY AFTER THE RUSSO-JAPANESE WAR BUT BOLSHEVIST RUSSIA'S STRENGTH BALKED JAPANESE PLANS AFTER THE FIRST WORLD WAR TO SEIZE THE CHINESE EASTERN.

CHINA AND RUSSIA REAFFIRMED THEIR JOINT CONTROL OF CHINESE EASTERN IN 1924. FIVE YEARS LATER RUSSIA BEAT DOWN A CHINESE ATTEMPT TO SEIZE COMPLETE CONTROL. BUT IN 1931, JAPAN'S CONQUESTS GAVE HER MANCHURIA'S RAILWAYS.

UNDER THE JAPANESE, NEW BRANCH LINES PUSHED OUT FROM THE SOUTHERN MANCHURIAN RAILWAY TO DAIREN IN THE SOUTH AND TO TSITSIHAR, ON THE TRANS-SIBERIAN, IN THE WEST. THIS SUPPLIED A SHORT CUT TO THE RICHES OF THE MANCHURIAN PLAIN. (ADD LDN MANCHURIA) XXX

OTHER BRANCH LINES CONNECTED WITH ANTUNG AND KOREA, AND PUSHED SOUTH TO PEIPING FROM MUKDEN. (PENINSULA)

STALIN AGREED TO DECLARE WAR AGAINST JAPAN IN 1945 IN RETURN FOR A HALF-INTEREST IN THE RAIL SYSTEM, AND FOR CONCESSIONS IN THE MANCHURIAN PORTS OF DAIREN AND PORT ARTHUR.

NOW, IN AGREEING TO THE RETURN OF THE RAILWAYS TO CHINA, STALIN NOTED OBLIQUELY THAT HE WAS DEALING WITH FRIENDLY COMMUNISTS AND NOT WITH THE NATIONALISTS OF CHIANG KAI-SHEK.

LS356AES

THE NATION'S TWO NON-COMMUNIST UNIONS OPPOSED BOTH STRIKES AND ORDERED THEIR MEMBERS TO CONTINUE WORKING. THEY BOTH SAID THE STRIKE WAS A POLITICAL MOVE.

SPECIAL POLICE PREPARATIONS ADOPTED BY THE CABINET IN A LATE NIGHT SESSION WEDNESDAY WERE NOT INVOLVED.

THE ONLY POLICE ACTIONS OF THE DAY CONNECTED WITH THE STRIKE OCCURRED IN A FEW PLACES WHERE MEMBERS OF THE CGT SOUGHT TO HALT TRAINS BY SITTING ON THE RAILS. POLICE QUICKLY DROVE THEM OFF.

ANDRE LAFONT, SECRETARY OF THE FORCE OUVRIERE RAIL UNION, SAID THE CGT HAD SUFFERED "A SEVERE SETBACK."

THE GREAT MAJORITY OF FRANCE'S RAIL WORKERS, HE ADDED, HAD SHOWED THAT THEY WILL NOT FOLLOW ORDERS INSPIRED BY POLITICAL MOTIVES.

JS458PES add-Paris (write) xxxx-failure"

INTERIOR MINISTRY SOURCES REPORTED THAT THE ATTEMPTED RAIL STRIKE AGAINST UNLOADING OF ARMS UNDER THE ATLANTIC PACT WAS LESS THAN FIVE PER CENT EFFECTIVE.

AT SCATTERED SPOTS STRIKERS TRIED TO HALT TRAINS BY MASSING ON THE TRACKS, OR FORMING PICKET LINES, BUT POLICE DISPERSED THEM WITH NO TROUBLE. add-Paris-(Day) xxxx-network.

GOVERNMENT SOURCES SAID THAT IN THE NORTHERN COAL FIELDS -- THE PITTSBURGH AREA OF FRANCE -- WORK WAS NORMAL AMONG SURFACE EMPLOYES, AND 65 PER CENT OF THE PIT WORKERS WERE ON THE JOB.

TRAINS RAN NORMALLY IN AND OUT OF FOUR OF THE MAJOR PARIS STATIONS. TRAFFIC WAS HALTED BETWEEN 8 A.M. AND 10 A.M. (2 A.M. AND 4 A.M. EST) AT THREE OTHER STATIONS.

REPORTS FROM THROUGHOUT THE NATION INDICATED THE STRIKE WAS EVEN LESS SUCCESSFUL OUTSIDE THE CAPITAL.

IN MARSEILLE, KNOWN AS A HOT-BED OF COMMUNISM, RAILWAY OFFICIALS SAID ALL TRAINS LEFT ON SCHEDULE AND THAT TRAFFIC IN THE WHOLE AREA WAS NORMAL.

NON-COMMUNIST UNIONS HAD ORDERED THEIR WORKERS TO STAY ON THE JOB.

THESE UNIONS, ALONG WITH GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS, BRANDED THE COMMUNIST STRIKE ORDER PART OF THE COMINFORM-DIRECTED CAMPAIGN TO STIR UP TROUBLE IN FRANCE.

SOME FRENCH OBSERVERS SAID THE COMMUNISTS CALLED THE BRIEF STRIKE TO TEST THEIR POWER AMONG THE RAILWAY WORKERS, IN ORDER TO SEE IF THEY COULD SUCCEED IN THEIR ANNOUNCED CAMPAIGN TO GET THE RAILWAYMEN TO REFUSE TO TRANSPORT AMERICAN ARMS DUE TO ARRIVE SOON UNDER THE ATLANTIC PACT. THE PROTEST ALSO WAS AIMED AT MILITARY SHIPMENTS TO REVOLT-RIDDEN INDO-CHINA.

THOUGH THE FRENCH GOVERNMENT HAD ANNOUNCED PLANS TO MEET THE STRIKE IN PARIS WITH A DOUBLED POLICE FORCE AND OTHER MEASURES THERE WAS LITTLE NOTICEABLE INCREASE IN THE NUMBER OF POLICE AROUND THE STATIONS. NO CLASHES WERE REPORTED.

A44

PARISIANS IN GENERAL HAD NOT EXPECTED TO BE BOTHERED MUCH BY THE STRIKE, SINCE IT DID NOT INCLUDE SUBWAY AND BUS LINES.

AT NICE, WHERE THERE HAD BEEN RECENT CLASHES BETWEEN POLICE AND COMMUNIST-LED LABORERS, AND AT TOULOUSE, STRASBOURG, LILLE, LORIENT AND NANTES TRAINS RAN NEAR NORMAL OR NORMAL.

A TYPICAL REPORT WAS THAT FROM CHERBOURG, BELIEVED ALREADY PICKED AS THE PORT AT WHICH THE BULK OF THE AMERICAN ARMS WILL ARRIVE. OF 1,200 RAIL WORKERS THERE, ONLY 80 STRUCK.

(NO PICKUP)

MY621AES

GENEVA, SWITZERLAND, FEB 17-(AP)-ISRAEL ACCEPTED TODAY AN INVITATION OF THE UNITED NATIONS TRUSTEESHIP COUNCIL TO SEND A REPRESENTATIVE TO THE COUNCIL'S DEBATE ON THE STATUTE FOR THE INTERNATIONALIZATION OF JERUSALEM.

AUBREY S.EBAN, ISRAELI'S PERMANENT DELEGATE TO THE UNITED NATIONS IN LAKE SUCCESS, WILL REPRESENT THE ISRAELI GOVERNMENT. HE WILL TAKE PART IN THE DEBATE, BUT WILL NOT BE PERMITTED TO VOTE.

THE COUNCIL INVITED BOTH ISRAEL AND JORDAN TO SEND REPRESENTATIVES A WEEK AGO. JORDAN HAS ALREADY ACCEPTED THE INVITATION. THE COUNCIL WILL DEVOTE ITSELF EXCLUSIVELY TO THE PROBLEM OF DRAFTING A STATUTE FOR JERUSALEM IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE INSTRUCTIONS OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY, STARTING MONDAY.

PARIS, FEB 17-(AP)-FRANCE WOULD HAVE BECOME A COMMUNIST NATION TWO YEARS AGO HAD IT NOT BEEN FOR THE MARSHALL PLAN, A TOP ECA OFFICIAL DECLARED TODAY.

MILTON KATZ, ACTING SPECIAL AMBASSADOR FOR THE MARSHALL PLAN IN EUROPE, TOLD A GROUP OF 25 TOURING AMERICAN FARMERS "THE SINGLE, MOST CLEARLY SUCCESSFUL RESULT OF THE MARSHALL PLAN IN EUROPE HAS BEEN THE REDUCTION OF COMMUNIST STRENGTH.

THE FARMERS ARE VISTING SEVEN COUNTRIES FOR A FIRSTHAND INSPECTION OF THE MARSHALL PLAN'S IMPACT ON EUROPEAN AGRICULTURE. MOST OF THEM ARE SCHEDULED TO REPORT THEIR FINDINGS TO FARM BUREAU AND OTHER GROUPS IN THEIR HOME STATES OF KANSAS, MISSOURI AND NEBRASKA.

THEIR TOUR, SPONSORED BY KANSAS CITY RADIO STATION KCMO, ENDS IN NEW YORK MARCH 11. THEIR TOUR INCLUDES FRANCE, ITALY, SWITZERLAND HOLLAND BELGIUM, WEST GERMANY AND ENGLAND.

KATZ, WHO IS REPRESENTING W.AVERELL HARRIMAN, NOW IN WASHINGTON, PREDICTED THAT EUROPE COULD GET ON A "CASH AND CARRY" BASIS WITH THE UNITED STATES BY 1952 BY TRIPLING EUROPEAN EXPORTS TO DOLLAR MARKETS AND DOUBLING THE TOURIST BUSINESS.

THE FARMERS LEAVE PARIS LATER TODAY TO VISIT SOUTHERN FRANCE'S FARMLANDS AND WILL SPEND TONIGHT IN FARMHOUSES NEAR NICE.

MEMBERS OF THE TOUR INCLUDE:

HERMAN A.PRAEGER OF CHAPMAN KANS., PRESIDENT OF THE KANSAS FARM BUREAU; H.E.SLUSHER OF JEFFERSON CITY, MO., A DIRECTOR OF THE AMERICAN FARM BUREAU FEDERATION; HOWARD E.BARSTOW OF LARNED, KAS.; R.A.SHOEMAKER OF PLATTSBURGH, MO.; W.A.CROSS OF LEWIS, KAS.; R.C.PRICE OF SANTA ROSA, MO.; GEORGE MONTGOMERY OF PATTONSBURG, MO.; J.LEWIS HALFERTY OF GORE, MO.; F.FLOYD BREEDING OF ROLLA, KAS.; HARVEY GRIFFIN OF OSKALOOSA, KAS.; KENNETH PIEPERGERDES OF DE KALB, MO.; CARL RAY MUCKEY OF KANSAS CITY; C.L.NVX OF HUGOTON, KAS.; EDWIN KNUDSON OF TRENTON, MO.; C.E.WAUGH OF SHARON SPRINGS, KAS.; WAYNE CARTER OF RICHMOND, MO.; WALTER W.GRABER OF PRETTY PRAIRIE, KAS.; FRANK GARRETT OF OVERBROOK, KAS., J.L.SNYDER OF HOLDEN, MO.; H.C.STURGEON OF HUGOTON, KAS.; FRED OLNHAUSEN OF COZAD, NEB.; WAYNE W.HARRINGTON, OF YORK, NEB.; FLOYD W.SNOVER OF NORTH BEND, NEB. AND OSCAR W.SWASON OF YORK, NEB.

THE GROUP IS ACCOMPANIED BY C.W.JACKSON, DIRECTOR OF AGRICULTURE OF RADIO STATION KCMO.

MT1042AES

BERLIN, FEB. 17-(AP)-COMMUNIST PRIME MINISTER OTTO GROTEWOHL RETURNED IN A SOVIET PLANE TO THE EAST GERMAN REPUBLIC LATE TODAY FROM A SIX WEEKS "REST CURE" IN MOSCOW.

THERE HAD BEEN FREQUENT RUMORS--DENIED BY THE COMMUNISTS--THAT GROTEWOHL WAS BEING LIQUIDATED OR HAD ATTEMPTED SUICIDE. GROTEWOHL SAID HE WOULD RESUME HIS OFFICIAL DUTIES IMMEDIATELY.

HE WAS GREETED AT THE AIRPORT BY SOVIET AMBASSADOR G.M.PUSHKIN AND THREE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTERS. ADN, THE SOVIET-LICENSED NEWS AGENCY, QUOTED GROTEWOHL AS SAYING OF HIS STAY IN MOSCOW:

"MY GREATEST IMPRESSION IN MOSCOW WAS THE CONCLUSION OF THE FRIENDSHIP AND ASSISTANCE PACT BETWEEN THE SOVIET UNION AND THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA."

JS107PES

CARDINAL VON PREYSING'S MESSAGE SAID THE "WORKING COMMITTEES OF THE SO-CALLED 'NATIONAL FRONT' ARE MAKING EVERY EFFORT TO PERSUADE THE CLERGY TO JOIN AND COOPERATE."

THE CARDINAL SAID HE HAD LODGED A COMPLAINT WITH THE EAST GERMAN GOVERNMENT "THAT FREEDOM OF BELIEF AND THOUGHT IN THE TERRITORY OF THE GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC IS BEING SUPPRESSED."

IN EAST GERMANY THE COMMUNISTS ARE ATTEMPTING TO FORCE MILLIONS OF NON-REDS INTO THE "NATIONAL FRONT" UNDER THREAT OF DISGRACE OR JAIL.

ITS PROGRAM, DRAFTED SOLELY BY THE COMMUNISTS, IMPLIES UNQUALIFIED GERMAN SUPPORT OF RUSSIAN AIMS.

IN WEST GERMANY THE COMMUNISTS PICTURE THE "NATIONAL FRONT" AS THE ONLY AGENCY THROUGH WHICH GERMAN UNITY CAN BE ACHIEVED.

JR431AES add-Berlin-(FRONT banned)xxx FRONT"

FRANKFURT, GERMANY, FEB. 17-(AP)-ALEX E. SQUADRILLI, EUROPEAN COORDINATOR FOR THE U.S. DISPLACED PERSONS COMMISSION, TODAY DENIED CHARGES A COMMISSION EMPLOYE "BLACKMAILED" D.P. WOMEN TRYING TO GET TO AMERICA.

THE CHARGES WERE MADE IN HEARINGS BEFORE THE U.S. SENATE'S JUDICIARY COMMITTEE. A WITNESS ALLEGED THAT A NEGRO EMPLOYE IN THE FRANKFURT OFFICE OF THE COMMISSION BLACKMAILED WOMEN DP'S TO HAVE SEXUAL RELATIONS WITH HIM.

"WE INVESTIGATED SUCH RUMORS SEVERAL MONTHS AGO AND FOUND THEM UNSUBSTANTIATED," SAID SQUADRILLI. "THEY SEEM TO STEM FROM THE ACTIVITIES OF A YOUNG D.P. MAN WHO WAS ACTING TEMPORARILY AS A VOLUNTARY ASSISTANT IN OUR BREMEN EMBARKATION CENTER WHILE AWAITING HIS OWN SHIPMENT."

SQUADRILLI SAID THE EMPLOYE NAMED BY THE SENATE COMMITTEE WITNESS HAS BEEN CLEARED OF ANY PART IN SUCH ACTIVITIES AND IS STILL "AN EMPLOYE IN GOOD STANDING."

SQUADRILLI ADMITTED CHARGES THAT SOME DISPLACED PERSONS HAVE WON ADMISSION TO THE U.S. BY FRAUDULENT RESIDENCE REGISTRATION. HE SAID THE NUMBER MAY RUN AS HIGH AS 500.

"HOWEVER," HE ADDED, "WE HAVE MAINTAINED A CONTINUING INVESTIGATION OF THESE REGISTRATIONS AND HAVE BEGUN PROSECUTIONS AGAINST PERHAPS HALF A DOZEN GERMAN OFFICIALS INVOLVED IN THE FRAUDS."

SQUADRILLI EXPRESSED SKEPTICISM ABOUT RECENT CHARGES THAT MANY RED AGENTS ARE SLIPPING INTO THE U.S. AMONG THE D.P.'S. HE SAID EVERY VISA APPLICANT IS CAREFULLY SCREENED.

EZ1025AES

KIEL, GERRMANY, FEB.17-(AP)-GERMAN OFFICIALS SAID TODAY WEST GERMAN PARLIAMENT MEMBER WOLFGANG HEDLER, CENTER OF A POLITICAL STORM FOR REPUTED ANTI-JEWISH REMARKS, WILL BE TRIED NEXT WEEK ON DENAZIFICATION CHARGES.

THE SCHLESWIG-HOLSTEIN STATE MINISTRY OF THE INTERIOR ANNOUNCED THE TRIAL DATE AS FEB.24.

HEDLER IS A MEMBER OF THE STRONGLY RIGHTWING GERMAN (DEUTSCHE) PARTY, ONE OF THE THREE PARTIES THAT MAKE UP THE WEST GERMAN COALITION GOVERNMENT.

ANNOUNCEMENT OF THE DENAZIFICATION TRIAL FOLLOWED BY TWO DAYS HIS ACQUITTAL BY A GERMAN CRIMINAL COURT ON CHARGES OF MAKING ANTI-JEWISH REMARKS AND INCITING CLASS HATRED IN A SPEECH LAST NOVEMBER. THE COURT'S DECISION PROMPTED PROTEST DEMONSTRATIONS IN SEVERAL GERMAN CITIES.

LL1118AES

FRANKFURT, GERMANY, FEB. 17-(AP)-PVT. ERNEST A. HOLZMAN, SCRANTON, PA., WAS KILLED FEB. 14 WHEN HE FELL BEFORE A TRAIN AS HE TRIED TO JUMP FROM ONE RAILROAD CAR TO ANOTHER, THE U.S. ARMY ANNOUNCED TONIGHT. HOLZMIS SURVIVED BY
ANOTHER, THE U.S. ARMY ANNOUNCED TONIGHT. HOLZMAN IS SURVIVED BY HIS MOTHER, MRS. EMMA HOLZMAN OF 908 WEST MARKET STREET, SCRANTON.

KS420PES

WITH PARIS (140)

ROME, FEB.17-(AP)-DOCK WORKERS IN THREE MORE ITALIAN CITIES HAVE VOTED TO UNLOAD AMERICAN ARMS COMING TO ITALY UNDER THE MILITARY AID PROGRAM, PRESS DISPATCHES SAID TODAY. THE COMMUNISTS AND THEIR SUPPORTERS ARE URGING THE WORKERS TO REFUSE TO HANDLE THE MILITARY EQUIPMENT.

THE REPORTS SAID DOCKERS AT THE SICILIAN PORTS OF PALERMO AND MILAZZO VOTED "BY A LARGE MAJORITY" TO UNLOAD ARMS LADEN SHIPS. AT MANFREDONIA, SOUTHERN ADRIATIC SEAPORT, WORKERS VOTED UNANIMOUSLY TO UNLOAD ALL SHIPS, THE DISPATCHES SAID.

PREVIOUSLY DOCKERS AT FOUR OTHER ITALIAN PORTS INCLUDING NAPLES AGREED TO UNLOAD THE ARMS. A SPECIAL DELEGATION OF NAPLES DOCK WORKERS CAME TO ROME AND NOTIFIED THE MINISTRY OF MERCHANT MARINE OF THEIR ACTION. THEY WERE QUOTED AS TELLING THE OFFICIALS THE DOCK WORKERS WERE CONVINCED OF THE NECESSITY OF THE DEFENSE OF ITALY AGAINST POSSIBLE AGGRESSION.

MK902AES

ROME, FEB. 17-(AP)-THE ITALIAN SENATE RATIFIED TODAY A TRADE AGREEMENT WITH RUSSIA AND AN ACCORD WITH BELGRADE ON ITALIAN ASSETS IN YUGOSLAVIA.

THE RUSSIAN AGREEMENT PROVIDES FOR ANNUAL TRADE BETWEEN THE TWO COUNTRIES AMOUNTING TO ABOUT $50,000,000. ITALY WOULD RECEIVE WHEAT, ORE, TIMBER AND NATURAL FERTILIZERS IN EXCHANGE FOR INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTS AND FRUIT. IT WAS SIGNED IN MOSCOW ABOUT A YEAR AGO.

THE YUGOSLAVIA ACCORD, SIGNED IN BELGRADE IN MAY, PROVIDES FOR DISPOSITION OF ITALIAN PROPERTY AND ASSETS WHICH WERE SEIZED DURING THE WAR. BOTH GO TO THE CHAMBER OF DEPUTIES FOR CONSIDERATION.

EZ929AES

"THIS SITUATION IS LAMENTABLE. BUT FULLY AS DEPLORABLE AND PERHAPS EVEN MORE DISASTROUS IN ITS CONSEQUENCES IS THAT OF PEOPLES WHERE PUBLIC OPINION REMAINS MUTE, NOT BECAUSE IT IS GAGGED BY AN EXTERIOR FORCE, BUT BECAUSE OF DEFICIENCY OF PRESUPPOSED INNER QUALITIES THAT SHOULD BE FOUND AMONG MEN LIVING TOGETHER."

THAT WHICH TODAY ONE CALLS PUBLIC OPINION, SAID THE POPE, "OFTEN IS NOTHING BUT A NAME, AN EMPTY NAME, SOMETHING LIKE A VAGUE RUMOR, AN ARTIFICAL AND SUPERFICIAL IMPRESSION--NOTHING OF SPONTANEOUS ECHO RISING FROM THE CONSCIENCE OF SOCIETY AND EMANATING FROM IT."

RW1045AES add-Vatican (Day) xxx than yours.

BUCHAREST, FEB. 17-(AP)-ROMANIA EXTENDED RECOGNITION TONIGHT TO THE UNITED STATES OF INDONESIA.

TA710PES

30.24- 9033

kassel, germany, feb. 17--(ap)--west german police said today they had arrested a young german communist sympathizer on suspicion he was a "foreign agent" who received instructions on a portable radio set.

Police said the radio was found in his luggage and that they had a witness who had seen him rece ving mes ages on it. They identified him as Siegfried Reichart, 26, and said his home was Erfurt in the soviet zone. He has been turned over to u. s. army agents for further investigation.

ape-sec 1750 mb/1220p

MOSCOW, FEB 17-(AP)-CHINESE COMMUNIST LEADERS, WHO SIGNED SWEEPING 30-YEAR ALLIANCE WITH RUSSIA TUESDAY, WERE REPORTED TODAY TO BE PREPARING TO LEAVE FOR THEIR CAPITAL AT PEIPING.

COMMUNIST CHINA'S LEADER MAO TZE-TUNG, PREMIER-FOREIGN MINISTER CHOU EN-LAI AND THE REST OF THE CHINESE DELEGATION WERE ENTERTAINED LAST NIGHT BY SOVIET PRIME MINISTER JOSEPH STALIN AT A FORMAL DINNER IN THE KREMLIN. PREPARATIONS FOR THEIR DEPARTURE WERE ANNOUNCED FOLLOWING THE DINNER.

THE DINNER WAS REPORTED IN THE ANNOUNCEMENT TO HAVE TAKEN PLACE IN A "WARM AND FRIENDLY ATMOSPHERE."

MAO HAS BEEN IN MOSCOW SINCE DEC.16, WHEN HE ARRIVED TO JOIN IN THE CELEBRATION OF STALIN'S 70TH BIRTHDAY. CHOU JOINED HIM LATER WITH THE CHINESE DELEGATION.

M746AES

OSLO, NORWAY, SATURDAY, FEB.18-(AP)-UNCONFIRMED REPORTS RECEIVED EARLY TODAY FROM KIRKENES, IN NORTHERN NORWAY, SAID A TERRIFIC EXPLOSION WAS HEARD ON RUSSIAN TERRITORY TUESDAY IN OR NEAR THE NICKEL PRODUCING TOWN OF SALMIJAERVI, IN THE PETSAMO AREA.

THIS AREA WAS TAKEN FROM FINLAND BY THE SOVIET UNION UNDER THE TERMS OF THE PEACE TREATY BETWEEN THE TWO COUNTRIES AFTER WORLD WAR II.

THE UNCONFIRMED REPORTS SAID ELECTRIC POWER WAS SHUT OFF FOR 30 HOURS IN SALMIJAERVI.

JA741PES

THE POPE'S WORDS CAME AS POLISH AUTHORITIES INTENSIFIED THEIR RESTRICTIONS AGAINST THE ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH, AND KONRAD CARDINAL VON PREYSING, BISHOP OF BERLIN, CHARGED IN A PASTORAL LETTER THAT "FREEDOM OF BELIEF AND THOUGHT IS BEING SUPPRESSED" IN THE EAST GERMAN REPUBLIC. Adds - Vatican (Rite) xxx citizens."

QUOTIDIANO, AN AUTHORITATIVE CATHOLIC NEWSPAPER, CALLED THE HOUSE ARREST OF BISHOP KAZIMIERZ KOWALSKI OF CHELMO, IN POMERANIA, AS AN EFFORT "TO BREAK THE RESISTANCE OF A MAN NOT DISPOSED TO TOLERATE" THE (POLISH) GOVERNMENT'S ABUSES AGAINST CARITAS--A CHURCH WELFARE INSTITUTION JUST NATIONALIZED BY THE POLISH GOVERNMENT.

THE OFFICIAL POLISH NEWS AGENCY SAID THE BISHOP WAS ACCUSED OF USING PRESSURE AND THREATS AGAINST "PATRIOTIC PRIESTS" WHO SUPPORTED THE GOVERNMENT IN ITS ALLEGATIONS OF FINANCIAL IRREGULARITIES IN CARITAS.

CARDINAL VON PREYSING, IN A LETTER TO ALL PRIESTS IN BERLIN AND BRANDENBURG, SAID THE SOCIALIST UNITY (COMMUNIST) PARTY OF EAST GERMANY WAS TRYING TO "EXTEND THE EVER-INCREASING ONE-PARTY DICTATORSHIP TO THE WHOLE OF OUR GERMAN FATHERLAND." THE LETTER SAID FREEDOM OF BELIEF AND THOUGHT IS BEING SUPPRESSED IN THE SOVIET ZONE OF GERMANY.

AT THE SAME TIME, THE EVANGELICAL CHURCH TOLD ITS REPRESENTATIVES IN BERLIN AND EAST GERMANY TO TAKE NO PART IN ANY POLITICAL ACTIVITIES IN THE SOVIET-OCCUPIED ZONE.

RB552PES

WITH WARSAW (A27) (200)

ROME, FEB. 17-(AP)-AN AUTHORITATIVE ROMAN CATHOLIC NEWSPAPER CHARGED TODAY THAT COMMUNIST PRESSURE IS BEING INCREASED THROUGHOUT ALL EASTERN EUROPE "TO SUFFOCATE CATHOLICISM."

"THE FIRST PHASES OF THIS OPPRESSION ARE THOSE SUFFERED IN HUNGARY, CZECHOSLOVAKIA AND POLAND," SAID QUOTIDIANO, THE NEWSPAPER OF ITALIAN CATHOLIC ACTION. IT WAS COMMENTING ON THE ARREST BY POLAND OF THE BISHOP OF CHELMO, KAZIMIERZ KOWALSKI.

BISHOP KOWALSKI'S ARREST, SAID QUOTIDIANO, APPEARED TO BE AN EFFORT TO BREAK THE RESISTANCE "OF A MAN WHO IS NOT DISPOSED TO TOLERATE THE GOVERNMENT'S ABUSES AGAINST CARITAS." CARITAS IS THE CHURCH'S LARGEST POLISH WELFARE INSTITUTION, JUST NATIONALIZED BY THE POLISH GOVERNMENT.

QUOTIDIANO CALLED ATTENTION TO A PASTORAL LETTER OF POLISH BISHOPS FORBIDDING CATHOLICS FROM TAKING PART IN ANTI-RELIGIOUS DEMONSTRATIONS AND ADDED:

"IT IS EVIDENT THAT THE BISHOPS, WITH ADAM STEFAN CARDINAL SAPIEHA (ARCHBISHOP OF KRAKOW) AT THEIR HEAD, ARE NOT DISPOSED TO BEND BEFORE THE DICTATES OF THE GOVERNMENT."

THE NEWSPAPER ALSO ASSAILED THE COMMUNIST GOVERNMENT OF CZECHOSLOVAKIA FOR GOING OVER THE HEADS OF THE CATHOLIC HIERARCHY IN NAMING JAN DECHET "ECCLESIASTICAL ADMINISTRATOR" OF THE DIOCESE OF BANSKA BYSTRICA. THIS, SAID QUOTIDIANO, WAS "A GROTESQUE GESTURE THAT NOT EVEN THE NAZIS EVER COMMITTED."

THE CAMPAIGN AGAINST THE CHURCH IN CZECHOSLOVAKIA, THE NEWSPAPER SAID, IS THE "SIAMESE TWIN" OF THE ONE IN POLAND.

EZ941AES

PRAGUE, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, FEB.17-(AP)-THE OFFICIAL CZECH NEWS AGENCY SAID TONIGHT THREE HIGH RANKING MEMBERS OF THE ROMAN CATHOLIC HIERARCHY HAD SWORN OATHS OF ALLEGIANCE TO THE CZECH COMMUNIST GOVERNMENT IN THE PRESENCE OF COMMUNIST MINISTER OF JUSTICE ALEXEI CEPICKA.

THESE OATHS ARE REQUIRED UNDER CZECHOSLOVAKIA'S CHURCH CONTROL LAWS. CATHOLIC LEADERS HAVE TOLD ALL CLERGYMEN TO SWEAR THE LOYALTY OATHS--BUT WITH RESERVATIONS.

THE OFFICIAL NEWS AGENCY SAID THE THREE LATEST ROMAN CATHOLIC FIGURES TO SWEAR ALLEGIANCE WERE THE CONSECRATING BISHOP OF PRAGUE, DR. ANTONIN ELTSCHKNER; THE GENERAL VICAR OF THE PRAGUE ARCHBISHOPRIC, DR. BOHUMIL APARTNY, AND THE PROVOST OF THE KROMERIZ (MORAVIA) CONSISTORY (ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE), FRANTISEK KUTAL.

THESE CLERGYMEN BELONG TO THE STATE-DESIGNATED CLASS 3 CATEGORY OF PRIESTS WHO MUST SWEAR ALLEGIANCE BEFORE CEPICKA, WHO ALSO HEADS MINISTRY OF CHURCH AFFAIRS.

SUCH CATHOLIC LEADERS AS ARCHBISHOP JOSEF BERAN, DIOCESAN BISHOPS AND APOSTOLIC ADMINISTRATORS BELONG IN CLASS FOUR CATEGORY AND MUST APPEAR BEFORE PREMIER ANTONIN ZAPOTOCKY TO MAKE THEIR FEALTY VOWS

THERE HAS BEEN NO GOVERNMENT CLAIMS THAT ANY CLERGYMEN IN THIS CATEGORY HAS DONE SO.

IT HAS CLAIMED, HOWEVER, THAT NEARLY ALL LOWER RANKING CATHOLIC CLERGYMEN HAVE OBEYED THE CHURCH LAWS AND SWORN ALLEGIANCE TO THE GOVERNMENT BEFORE CHAIRMEN OF LOCAL GOVERNING BODIES.

THE OFFICIAL NEWS AGENCY SAID LEADING PROTESTANT AND JEWISH CLERGYMEN ALSO APPEARED BEFORE CEPICKA TODAY AND SWORE LOYALTY TO THE GOVERNMENT.

THE NEW CHURCH LAWS BECAME EFFECTIVE NOV. 1, MAKING PRIESTS AND PASTORS CIVIL SERVANTS PAID BY THE STATE AND GIVING THE GOVERNMENT COMPLETE CONTROL OVER ALL CHURCH ADMINISTRATIVE, FINANCIAL AND APPOINTIVE AFFAIRS.

PS906PES

PRECEDE LONDON MAO

BY EDDY GILMORE

MOSCOW, FEB.17-(AP)-MAO TZE-TUNG CHINESE COMMUNIST CHIEF, AND HIS PREMIER-FOREIGN MINISTER CHOU EN-LAI LEFT MOSCOW BY RAIL TODAY.

MAO HAD BEEN HERE SINCE DECEMBER 12.

THEY WERE SEEN OFF AT THE YAROSLAVL RAIL STATION BY THE SOVIET VICE PREMIERS V.M.MOLOTOV, A.I.MIKOYAN, MARSHAL NIKOLAI BULGANIN, FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI VISHINSKY, HIS DEPUTY ANDREI GROMYKO AND OTHERS.

IN HIS FAREWELL AT THE YAROSLAVL RAILWAY STATION, MAO SAID HIS GOVERNMENT IS USING THE SOVIET UNION AS ITS EXAMPLE IN THE "CONSTRUCTION OF A NEW CHINA." HE SAID THE 30-YEAR SOVIET-CHINESE MUTUAL AID TREATY SIGNED WITH OTHER AGREEMENTS LAST TUESDAY HAD MADE "SOLIDARITY BETWEEN THE GREAT CHINESE AND SOVIET PEOPLES XXX PERMANENT, INDESTRUCTIBLE AND FIRM."

MAO AND CHOU ARE BEING ACCOMPANIED TO THE SOVIET BORDER BY SOVIET DEPUTY FOREIGN MINISTER A.I.LAVRENTIEV AND F.MOLOCHKOV, HEAD OF THE PROTOCOL DEPARTMENT OF THE MINISTRY OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

ON HIS DEPARTURE, MAO, SPEAKING INTO A MICROPHONE, SAID:

"IT IS DIFFICULT TO CONVEY IN WORDS THE COMPLETE MUTUAL UNDERSTANDING AND DEEP FRIENDSHIP WHICH HAVE BEEN CREATED ON THE BASIS OF THE RADICAL INTERESTS OF OUR GREAT PEOPLES--OF CHINA AND THE SOVIET UNION.

"IT IS PLAIN TO ALL THAT THE SOLIDARITY BETWEEN THE GREAT CHINESE AND SOVIET PEOPLES, SEALED BY THE TREATY, IS PERMANENT, INDESTRUCTIBLE AND FIRM. THIS SOLIDARITY WILL INEVITABLY INFLUENCE NOT ONLY THE FLOURISHING OF THE GREAT POWERS, CHINA AND THE SOVIET UNION, BUT ALSO THE FUTURE OF ALL MANKIND AND WILL LEAD TO THE VICTORY OF JUSTICE AND PEACE THROUGHOUT THE WORLD."

MAO AND CHOU LEFT BEHIND IN MOSCOW SOME OF THE CHINESE EXPERTS WHO CAME HERE FOR THE NEGOTIATION OF TE T

EATY.

WHO CAME HRE FOR

WHO CAME HERE FOR THE NEGOTIATION OF THE TREATY.

THE WEATHER WAS COLD, WINDY AND IT WAS SNOWING AS MAO ARRIVED AT THE STATION, TERMINUS OF THE TRANS-SIBERIAN RAILWAY, WHICH WAS DECORATED WITH SOVIET AND CHINESE FLAGS.

THERE HAVE BEEN FEW EVENTS SINCE THE END OF THE WAR WHICH HAVE MADE SUCH AN IMPRESSION ON THE SOVIET PUBLIC AS THE VICTORY OF COMMUNISM IN CHINA AND MAO'S VISIT IMMEDIATELY AFTER.

PS1040PES

WARSAW, POLAND, FEB. 17-(AP)-THE OFFICIAL POLISH NEWS AGENCY DISCLOSED TODAY THAT BISHOP KAZIMIERZ KOWALSKI, ROMAN CATHOLIC BISHOP OF CHELMO, HAD BEEN PLACED UNDER HOUSE ARREST AT HIS HOME IN POMERANIA.

THE BISHOP, THE AGENCY SAID, WAS ACCUSED OF USING PRESSURE AND "ALL TYPES OF THREATS" AGAINST "PATRIOTIC PRIESTS" WHO SUPPORTED THE GOVERNMENT IN ITS ALLEGATIONS OF FINANCIAL ABUSES IN THE CHURCH'S LARGEST WELFARE INSTITUTION, CARITAS.

CARITAS WAS PLACED UNDER STATE CONTROL LAST MONTH AFTER THE STATE AUDITING BUREAU MADE ITS CHARGES OF WIDESPREAD MISMANAGEMENT OF THE ORGANIZATION'S WELFARE FUNDS.

THE CATHOLIC HIERARCHY ORDERED READ IN ALL CHURCHES LAST SUNDAY A PASTORAL LETTER ANNOUNCING THAT CARITAS HAD CEASED TO BE A CHURCH INSTITUTION WHEN IT CAME UNDER STATE CONTROL. THE CHURCH, THE LETTER SAID, WOULD NOT ACCEPT ANY RESPONSIBILITY FOR CARITAS ACTIVITIES.

IN EFFECT THIS SERVED NOTICE THAT THE CATHOLIC CHURCH NO LONGER SOUGHT AMERICAN FINANCIAL SUPPORT FOR CARITAS.

AT THE SAME TIME A PRIVATE LETTER BY CHURCH AUTHORITIES WAS CIRCULATED AMONG THE CLERGY, ORDERING THEM TO REFRAIN FROM DISRUPTING FURTHER THE UNITY OF THE CHURCH. ALL PRIESTS WHO HAD SUPPORTED THE GOVERNMENT'S CHARGES WERE ORDERED TO MAKE AMENDS.

JR427AES

jerusalem,feb.17-(ap)-film star edward g. robinson

arrived in ~~jerusalem~~ jerusalem tonight and attended sabbath

services at the orthodox ~~synagogue~~ hassidic SYNAGOGUE

he also went to a tea party given by mayor de daniel

auster.

London, Feb. 17--(AP)--The following is the text of the farewell remarks by Chinese Communist Leader Mao Tze-Tung on his departure today from Moscow, as broadcast by the Moscow Radio and recorded in London: (510)

Dear comrades and friends! During our stay in Moscow Comrade Chou En-Lai and I, as well as members of the Chinese delegation, had meetings with Generalissimo Stalin and with responsible comrades of the Soviet Government.

It is difficult to convey in words the complete mutual understanding and deep friendship which has been created on the basis of the radical interests of our great peoples--China and the Soviet Union.

It is plain to all that the solidarity between the great Chinese and Soviet peoples, sealed by the treaty, is permanent, indestructible and firm. This solidarity will inevitably influence not only the flourishing of the great powers--China and the Soviet Union--but also the future of all mankind and will lead to the victory of justice and peace throughout the world.

During our stay in the U.S.S.R. we visited several factories and collective farms. We saw the enormous successes of the workers, peasants, and intellectuals of the Soviet Union in the construction of socialism; we saw the combination of the revolutionary verve and the efficiency of the Soviet people developed under the leadership of Comrade Stalin and the Communist Party of the Soviet Union (Bolsheviks). This confirms the conviction always held by the Chinese Communists that the experience of economic and cultural construction and the construction in other important spheres of the Soviet Union will serve as an example of the construction of the new China.

During our stay in the capital of the U.S.S.R., Moscow, and in the town where the October Revolution was born, Leningrad, we experienced warm hospitality.

Upon leaving the great socialist capital, we sincerely express our wholehearted gratitude to Generalissimo Stalin, to the Soviet Government and to the Soviet people.

Long live eternal friendship and eternal cooperation between China and the Soviet Union! Long live the peoples of the Soviet Union! Long live the teacher of the revolution all over the world, the best friend of the Chinese people—Comrade Stalin!

(End Text)

apl. thru 3rd 0230. rch 1012p.

NEW DELHI, INDIA, FEB. 17-(AP)-THE CHIEF OF STATE OF THE REMOTE KINGDOM OF NEPAL ARRIVED HERE TODAY TO DISCUSS A FRIENDSHIP-TRADE PACT WITH INDIA AND TALK OVER THE TROUBLED SITUATION IN COMMUNIST-THREATENED TIBET.

THE MAHARAJA MOHUN SHUMSHERE JUNG BAHADUR RANA, PRIME MINISTER AND COMMANDER OF ARMED FORCES IN THE HIMALAYAN KINGDOM, RECEIVED A 21-GUN SALUTE AS HE ALIGHTED FROM HIS SPECIAL TRAIN TO BE GREETED BY INDIA'S PREMIER JAWAHARLAL NEHRU.

A TREATY OF FRIENDSHIP AND COMMERCE BETWEEN THE TWO COUNTRIES HAS BEEN UNDER DISCUSSION FOR MONTHS. THE SITUATION IN TIBET HAS ADDED URGENCY TO THE NEGOTIATIONS. NEPAL HAS SOME 500 MILES OF COMMON BORDER WITH THE CLOUD-WRAPPED LITTLE COUNTRY WHICH NOW IS THREATENED BY A INVASION FROM RED CHINA.

VS144AES

COLOMBO, CEYLON, FEB.17-(AP)-PUBLIC AFFAIRS OFFICERS FROM AMERICAN EMBASSIES AND LEGATIONS IN SOUTH AND SOUTHEAST ASIA WILL MEET IN SINGAPORE FEB.22 THROUGH 26.

THEY WILL DISCUSS WAYS OF EXPLAINING TO THE PUBLIC DECISIONS TAKEN AT THE BANGKOK CONFERENCE OF TOP U.S. DIPLOMATS IN THE AREA WITH ROVING AMBASSADOR PHILIP C. JESSUP. THE CONFERENCE ENDED WEDNESDAY.

THE CONFERENCE WILL ALSO CONSIDER HOW TO COMBAT MISCONCEPTIONS AND MISUNDERSTANDINGS IN ASIAN NATIONS REGARDING AMERICA.

MZ44AES

KARACHI, PAKISTAN, FEB. 17-(AP)-SARDAR MOHAMMED IBRAHIM KHAN, PRESIDENT OF THE AZAD (FREE) KASHMIR GOVERNMENT TODAY CRITICIZED UNITED NATIONS "FAILURE" TO SETTLE THE INDIAN-PAKISTAN DISPUTE OVER KASHMIR.

ADDRESSING A PUBLIC MEETING HERE KHAN SAID "WITHOUT KASHMIR PAKISTAN WILL SINK. IF WE HAVE TO SINK WE SHALL SINK FIGHTING A WAR FOR KASHMIR."

HE RECENTLY RETURNED FROM THE UNITED STATES WHERE HE PRESENTED HIS CASE BEFORE THE SECURITY COUNCIL OF THE UNITED NATIONS.

WD1151AES

KARACHI, PAKISTAN, FEB. 17-(AP)-THE U.S. EMBASSY SAID TODAY ROVING AMBASSADOR PHILIP JESSUP WILL ARRIVE IN KARACHI FEB. 26 FOR A 10-DAY TOUR OF PAKISTAN. HE WILL GO ON TO KABUL, AFGHANISTAN, ABOUT MARCH 8, AN EMBASSY SPOKESMAN SAID.

WD1147AES

NIGHT LEAD

BY TOM LAMBERT

TOKYO, SATURDAY, FEB. 18-(AP)-SYNGMAN RHEE DECLARED TODAY THE DEMOCRACIES WERE LOSING THE COLD WAR "SO FAR." HE EXPRESSED DOUBT THE WORLD-WIDE CLASH OF IDEAS COULD BE SETTLED PEACEABLY.

"THE SOVIET UNION INTENDS TO SPREAD OUT PEACEFULLY IF POSSIBLE, BY WAR IF NECESSARY," THE PRESIDENT OF THE SOUTH KOREA REPUBLIC TOLD A PRESS CONFERENCE. HE CONFERRED HERE WITH GENERAL MACARTHUR.

RHEE, ONE OF THE ORIENT'S MOST OUTSPOKEN ANTI-COMMUNISTS, SAID HE HE HAD TO SETTLE THE COLD WAR HE WOULD "DRAW A LINE" AND TELL THE COMMUNISTS "AT THE POINT OF A GUN" TO GO NO FARTHER.

THE PRESIDENT SAID IF THE UNITED STATES "GOES IINTO A PEACE TALK" WITH RUSSIA NOW IT WOULD BE "ANOTHER STEP" IN "YIELDING" TO THE COMMUNISTS.

RHEE REITERATED THAT HE ENVISIONED A PACIFIC PACT SOMEWHAT ON THE PATTERN OF THE ATLANTIC PACT TO HANDLE COMMON SECURITY PROBLEMS. THE PACIFIC NATIONS SHOULD DECIDE WHETHER JAPAN COULD JOIN, HE ADDED.

THE PRESIDENT SAID HE CAME TO JAPAN "TO TRY TO ESTABLISH THE BASIS FOR KOREAN AND JAPANESE UNDERSTANDING AND GOOD WILL, NOT TO ESTABLISH ANY SYSTEM OF ALLIANCES."

RHEE SAID HE HAD TALKED WIH GENERAL MACARTHUR "ON MATTERS OF MUTUAL INTEREST." THE TALKS UNDOUBTEDLY INCLUDED THE COMMUNIST QUESTION.

FJ/DV1151PCS

TOKYO, FEB.17-(AP)-PRESIDENT SYNGMAN RHEE OF SOUTH KOREA IS WILLING TO PATCH THINGS UP WITH JAPAN, HIS OLD ENEMY, IN THE FACE OF "THE COMMON DANGER" FROM COMMUNISM IN THE ORIENT.

HE MADE THE STATEMENT YESTERDAY UPON HIS ARRIVAL WITH HIS WIFE TO VISIT GENERAL MACARTHUR. THE OCCUPATION COMMANDER HIMSELF MET THE RHEES AT THE AIRPORT.

RHEE SAID "THE COMMON DANGER ARISING FROM THE GROWING COMMUNIST EXPANSION" SHOULD BRING JAPAN AND KOREA TOGETHER, FORGETTING THE ANIMOSITIES BUILT UP WHEN THE JAPANESE OCCUPIED KOREA.

SHIN HEUNG WOO, HEAD OF RHEE'S DIPLOMATIC MISSION HERE, WAS QUICK TO POINT OUT RHEE HAD NO FORMAL ALLIANCE IN MIND. HE TOLD A REPORTER AN ALLIANCE WAS IMPOSSIBLE UNTIL A TREATY RESTORES JAPAN'S SOVEREIGN STATUS.

RHEE CONFERRED WITH MACARTHUR TODAY, BUT A SPOKESMAN SAID HE WAS NOT ASKING FOR MILITARY AID. RHEE HOPES TO TALK TO JAPANESE OFFICIALS BEFORE RETURNING TO KOREA TOMORROW.

JS445APS

bangkok,thailand (siam),feb.17-(ap)-britain has virtually completed an agreement with thailand (siam) for the shipment of 464,500 tons of rice to england and her southeast asia colonies.

the total cost is set at 18,000,000 pounds ($50,400,000). or about 40 pounds ($112) a ton.

conclusion of the agreement is considered here a vital gain for the western powers in the asiatic front of the cold war. it is understood that soviet russia bid for the rice, through offers of barter,to cut off the food supplies of the british territories.

first rice carrying ship is scheduled to sail feb. 20 with several thousand tons. ~~xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx~~ there remains one point of the agreement still to be settled, but it is not regarded as a stumbling block. spokesmen did not clarify what this point was.

british colonies which will get rice are malaya, singapore,hong kong,borneo and sarawak.

sj.marmors 2155/1110p

TOKYO,FEB.17-(AP)-FOR MONTHS TOKYO'S SMALL FRY WANTED TO SHOW THEIR GRATITUDE TO INDIA'S PRIME MINISTER JAWAHARLAL NEHRU FOR HIS GIFT OF A REAL LIVE ELEPHANT TO THE UENO ZOO.

IT WAS THE FIRST ELEPHANT MANY OF THEM HAD SEEN. TOKYO'S BIG ZOO ANIMALS WERE KILLED DURING THE WAR FOR FEAR THEY WOULD BE LIBERATED IN AIR RAIDS.

BUT HOW TO FINANCE A GIFT FOR NEHRU WAS A PROBLEM. THE YOUNGSTERS HAD NO MONEY AND SURELY FOR SUCH A FINE ELEPHANT A REALLY, TRULY FINE GIFT MUST BE RETURNED.

SO THEY TOOK THEIR PROBLEM TO MASTER TOYMAKER JIRO AIDAWA. HE LISTENED AND NODDED HIS HEAD. HE WOULD MAKE THE GIFT FOR FREE FOR TOKYO'S WIDE-EYED CHILDREN TO PRESENT TO NEHRU.

IT WAS COMPLETED TODAY -- A MAGNIFICENT GIFT -- A TOY ANIMAL BAND THAT PLAYS "OH SUZANNA."

A TOY MONKEY STARTS THE MUSIC WITH HIS BATON, A BEAR PLAYS THE VIOLIN, A GIRAFFE THE TAMBOURINE AND AN ELEPHANT BEATS THE DRUM.

THE GIFT WILL BE SENT TO PRIME MINISTER NEHRU THIS MONTH WITH THE GRATITUDE OF THOUSANDS OF ELEPHANT LOVING JAPANESE CHILDREN AND THE MISTY-EYED BEST WISHES OF A PROUD OLD TOYMAKER.

VR832ACS NM

JAKARTA, U.S.I., FEB. 17-(AP)-PRESIDENT SOEKARNO SWORE IN 106 MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AT HIS PALACE TODAY.

REPRESENTATIVES OF WEST JAVA (PASOENDAN) STATE HAE NOT YET BEEN INDUCTED AS THE VALIDITY OF THEIR CREDENTIALS ARE STILL UNDER INVESTIGATION. WEST JAVA HAS BEEN THE SCENE OF UNREST IN RECENT WEEKS, MARKED BY GUERRILLA RAIDS AGAINST GOVERNMENT TROOPS.

IT WAS ANNOUNCED THAT PREMIER MOHAMED HATTA WILL LEAVE FOR SUMATRA FOR A SHORT VACATION. DEFENSE MINISTER HAMENGKU BUWONO WILL BE ACTING PREMIER IN HIS ABSENCE.

WD1149AES

MANILA, FEB. 17-(AP)-AUTHORITATIVE SOURCES SAID TODAY GENERAL DOUGLAS MACARTHUR IS GRAVELY CONCERNED WITH THE PRESENCE IN THE PHILIPPINES OF MANY THOUSANDS OF POTENTIAL CHINESE COMMUNISTS.

THESE SOURCES SAID MACARTHUR, U.S. SUPREME COMMANDER IN THE FAR EAST

THESE SOURCES SAID MACARTHUR, U.S. SUPREME COMMANDER IN THE FAR EAST WAS CONCERNED OVER INTERNAL DEFENSE IN THE ISLANDS IF MANY OF THE 200,000 CHINESE HERE DEVELOP INTO COMMUNISTS.

MACARTHUR WAS PICTURED AS MINIMIZING EXTERNAL DEFENSE PROBLEMS WHICH MIGHT ARISE IF THE CHINESE REDS CONQUER FORMOSA. MACARTHUR PURPORTEDLY SAID THE UNITED STATES HAS TAKEN STEPS TO NEUTRALIZE ANY DANGER TO THE PHILIPPINES FROM COMMUNIST CONTROL OF FORMOSA.

THESE SOURCES WERE PRESENT AT THE TWO DAY SERIES OF CONFERENCES ON PHILIPPINES DEFENSE AT MALACANAN PALACE. IT WAS ATTENDED BY TOP MILITARY LEADERS, CABINET MEMBERS AND CONGRESSMEN.

X558APS NM

CANBERRA, AUSTRALIA, FEB. 17-(AP)-MOST OF 600 CHINESE WHO CAME TO AUSTRALIA DURING WORLD WAR II WILL BE PERMITTED T STY HERE, THE

TO AUSTRALIA DURING WORLD WAR II WILL BE PERMITTED TO STAY HERE, THE NEW AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT SAID TODAY.

EACH CASE WOULD BE CONSIDERED ON ITS MERITS, DECLARED IMMIGRATION MINISTER HAROLD HOLT, BUT HE ESTIMATED THAT UNDER A MORE LIBERAL INTERPRETATION OF AUSTRALIA'S RESTRICTIVE "WHITE AUSTRALIAN" LAWS MOST OF THE CHINESE COULD REMAIN.

E DECISION FOLLOWED ONE OF YESTERDAY WHICH PERMITTED A FILIPINO SERVING IN THE U.S. ARMY IN JAPAN TO REENTER AUSTRALIA TO JOIN HIS AUSTRALIAN WIFE. ANOTHER DECISION PERMITTED AN INDONESIAN WOMAN MARRIED TO AN AUSTRALIAN TO CONTINUE HER RESIDENCE HERE.

TA712PES

(140)

BUENOS AIRES, FEB.17-(AP)-DEMOCRACIA, CHIEF GOVERNMENT NEWSPAPER, TODAY BLASTED UNITED STATES POLICY TOWARD LATIN AMERICA, ON THE EVE OF THE ARRIVAL OF A HIGH U.S. DIPLOMAT TO DISCUSS ARGENTINA'S PLACE IN WORLD AFFAIRS.

ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE EDWARD MILLER, JR., IS DUE HERE SUNDAY FOR TALKS WITH PRESIDENT JUAN D.PERON, DIPLOMATIC QUARTERS PREDICT HE WILL INVITE ARGENTINA TO BEAR A GREATER SHARE OF RESPONSIBILITY IN INTERNATIONAL MATTERS.

COMMENTING ON MILLER'S ARRIVAL, DEMOCRACIA SAID "THERE IS A PERCEPTIBLE LACK OF HARMONY IN CERTAIN FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF RELATIONS BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES WITH THE REST OF AMERICA, ESPECIALLY ARGENTINA."

THE PAPER DECLARED THAT THE STATE DEPARTMENTS POLICIES DON'T SEEM TO BEAR OUT THE RELATION OF MILLER'S ANNOUNCED INTENTION TO TREAT LATIN AMERICANS AS EQUALS BY SITTING DOWN WITH THEM AND DISCUSSING COMMON PROBLEMS.

ARGENTINA, THE PAPER SAID, IS WILLING TO COOPERATE, BUT WILL NEVER BECOME A SUBORDINATE TO ANY COUNTRY.

MILLER HAS SCHEDULED AT LEAST TWO MAJOR TALKS WITH PERON, DURING HIS FIVE-DAY VISIT.

JJ1224PES

OTTAWA, FEB.17-(AP)-CANADA WILL DISBAND ITS PRIORITY CONTROLS OFFICE MARCH 31.

THE OFFICE EXTENDED PRIORITY RATINGS FOR BUILDING MATERIALS ALONG WITH THE GOVERNMENT'S STEEL AND TIMBER CONTROLS. PRIORITY CONTROLS ON BUILDING MATERIALS WERE ESTABLISHED IN 1941.

JA1009PES

BY CLARKE BEACH

WITH CANADIAN-U.S. JOINT MAEUVER FORCES,DONJEK RIVER,Y.T.,FEB.17--(AP)-THE LITTLE WEASEL IS IN THE DOGHOUSE TODAY.

ONE OF THE CHIEF PURPOSES OF THESE SUB-ARCTIC EXERCISES IS TO TEST EQUIPMENT; AND U.S. ARMY SPOKESMEN SAID OF THE WEASEL TODAY THAT "THE RATE OF MECHANICAL FAILURE IS SOMEWHERE BETWEEN 30 TO 50 PER CENT." WEASELS ARE EQUIPPED WITH A TYPE OF MECHANICAL GEAR WHICH SIMPLY HAS FROZEN TIGHT IN THE LOWER TEMPERATURES.

THE WEASEL NEVER BEFORE HAS HAD A FULL-SCALE FIELD TEST IN THE FAR NORTH SUCH AS THIS. IT IS A FULL-TRACKED VEHICLE, BUILT FOR JUST SUCH OPERATIONS, ACCORDING TO TOP OFFICERS HERE, AS HAULING MEN AND CARGO IN FRIGID JUNGLES, TOWING SLEDS AND SKIERS, PLOWING THROUGH DEEP SNOWS AND OVER THE TUNDRA.

IN CONTRAST, THE VEHICLE THE CANADIANS USE FOR SUCH WORK, THE PENGUIN, IS COMING THROUGH FINE. THE CANADIANS REPORT THAT ONLY TWO OF THEIR THIRTY-TWO PENGUINS HAVE BROKEN DOWN.

IT'S A DIFFERENT TYPE OF VEHICLE--A BIGGER, MORE POWERFUL, FIVE-TON AFFAIR WHICH CAN DO ALMOST EVERYTHING A WEASEL CAN DO EXCEPT NAVIGATE ON WATER. THE WEASEL IS AMPHIBIOUS. BUT THE PENGUIN CAN CRASH THROUGH THE FOREST ALMOST LIKE A TANK. THE WEASEL CAN GO ONLY THROUGH THE BRUSH.

I RODE ON A PENGUIN TODAY IN A GRUELLING TEST.

THE COMMANDER OF THE FORCES NOW HOLDING THE EAST BANK OF THE DONJEK RIVER, PRINCESS PATRICIA'S CANADIAN LIGHT INFANTRY, ORDERED A PATROL OF THREE PENGUINS TO SCOUT THE RIVER BANKS, LEARN OF ANY ENEMY ACTIVITIES AND REMAIN ALL NIGHT ON STATION OUT THERE TO RADIO THE WORD IF ENEMY FORCES SHOULD CROSS THE ICE AND ATTEMPT A SURPRISE ATTACK.

I RODE IN THE FIRST PENGUIN WITH THE PATROL COMMANDER, FIRST LIEUT. ROBERT FROST. WE PLUNGED OFF THE ALASKA HIGHWAY DOWN A STEEP BANK AND RODE AS IF IN A SMALL BOAT OVER THE WHITE, ROUGH TERRAIN.

IT SKIRTED ONLY THE BIG TREES, MOWED DOWN THE FAIR SIZED ONES. IT CLIMBED STEEP HILLS, DIVED DOWN EMBANKMENTS, ROLLED, LURCHED AND TOSSED.

WHEN WE REACHED THE RIVER, WE SPED OVER THE ICE AT HIGH SPEED, UP AND DOWN THE CHANNEL, OVER TO THE ENEMY BANK AND BACK. WHEN THE ICE LOOKED PRECARIOUS, MEN WALKED AHEAD WITH CROWBARS TO TEST IT.

FIVE OF US RODE IN THE COMPARTMENT, WHICH IS ABOUT NINE BY NINE FEET. IN THE CAB WERE SKIS AND SNOWSHOES, FOR THE MEN TO USE ACROSS COUNTRY IF NECESSARY. RIFLES AND AUTOMATIC WEAPONS WERE AT HAND IN CASE OF AMBUSH.

VR510ACS

NIGHT LEAD ATOMIC

WASHINGTON,FEB.17-(AP)-PRESIDENT TRUMAN'S ORDER FOR DEVELOPMENT OF THE HYDROGEN SUPER-BOMB AND OTHER ATOMIC WEAPONS IS NOW GEARED TO A "VERY TIGHT TIME SCHEDULE," IT WAS STATED TODAY.

WORD ON THIS SPEED-UP IN THE NATION'S ATOMIC ARMS RACE WITH RUSSIA CAME FROM DAVID E.LILIENTHAL, WHO RETIRED WEDNESDAY FROM HIS POST AS CHAIRMAN OF THE U.S. ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION.

IN A LETTER TO SENATOR HOLLAND (D-FLA), LILIENTHAL REPEATEDLY STRESSED "THE EXTREME IMPORTANCE OF EARLY COMPLETION" OF A NEW $162,400,000 GASEOUS DIFFUSION PLANT AT THE GREAT OAK RIDGE, TENN., ATOMIC WORKS.

LILIENTHAL SAID THE PROJECT, KNOWN AS K-31, IS "A VITAL PART" OF THE ATOMIC EXPANSION PLAN APPROVED BY PRESIDENT TRUMAN.

"THE PURPOSE OF THE EXPANSION PROGRAM IS TO FURTHER THE COMMON DEFENSE AND SECURITY OF THE UNITED STATES," LILIENTHAL WROTE, "AND IS ONE IN WHICH A VERY TIGHT TIME SCHEDULE HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED IN ORDER TO MEET THE MILITARY GOALS UPON WHICH THE EXPANSION PROGRAM IS BASED."

PRESIDENT TRUMAN DISCLOSED ON JAN.31 THAT HE HAD ORDERED THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION TO "CONTINUE" WORK ON THE SO-CALLED HYDROGEN "HELL" BOMB AS A DEFENSE MEASURE.

LILIENTHAL'S LETTER, DATED WEDNESDAY, FEB.15, WAS IN REPLY TO A QUERY BY SENATOR HOLLAND ASKING THE AEC CHAIRMAN TO EXPLAIN WHY THE MULTI-MILLION-DOLLAR "K-31 PROJECT" WAS AWARDED WITHOUT COMPETITIVE BIDS. HOLLAND SAID OTHER CONTRACTORS HAD COMPLAINED.

LILIENTHAL EXPLAINED THAT IT WOULD HAVE CAUSED AN 18-MONTH DELAY IF THE AEC HAD LET THE CONTRACT ON A COMPETITIVE BASIS INSTEAD OF GIVING IT WITHOUT BIDS TO THE MAXON CONSTRUCTION CO., OF DAYTON, OHIO

THE GASEOUS DIFFUSION PROCESS IS PERHAPS THE KEY FACTOR IN THE WHOLE ATOMIC PROGRAM. IT IS THE LONE PROCESS NOW USED FOR SEPARATING EXPLOSIVE URANIUM-235--THE HEART OF THE ATOMIC BOMB--FROM RAW URANIUM AS IT OCCURS IN NATURE.

ITS RELATION TO THE H-BOMB IS BASED ON THE SCIENTIFIC THEORY THAT A-BOMBS WOULD BE USED TO "TRIGGER" THE FAR MORE DESTRUCTIVE HYDROGEN BOMB.

V832PES

FIRST LEAD ATOMIC DEFENSE (A6) (140)

BY OLIVER W.DE WOLF

WASHINGTON, FEB 17-(AP)-A CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE BEGAN DIGGING INTO THE PROBLEM OF CIVILIAN DEFENSE AGAINST ATOMIC WARFARE TODAY AND FOUND AT FIRST GLANCE, AS ONE MEMBER PUT IT, THAT "TIN HATS AND BUCKETS OF SAND" ARE NOT THE ANSWER.

THE SENATE-HOUSE ATOMIC COMMITTEE HOPES TO COME UP IN THE NEXT FEW WEEKS WITH SOME SUGGESTIONS AS TO JUST WHAT CAN BE DONE IF A-BOMBS START FALLING.

TODAY'S CLOSED DOOR SESSION WAS WITH MEMBERS OF THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION WHO HAVE BEEN STUDYING CIVIL DEFENSE MEASURES.

CHAIRMAN MCMAHON (D-CONN) TOLD REPORTERS AFTER THE MEETING THAT THE COMMITTEE "WILL PROCEED CAREFULLY AND CAUTIOUSLY TO MAKE KNOWN AS MUCH AS IS NECESSARY FOR THE FUNCTIONING OF CIVIL DEFENSE." HE ADDED:

"IT IS MY INTENTION TO KEEP THE THING ON AS EVEN A KEEL AS POSSIBLE."

PUBLIC HEARINGS ON THE QUESTION WILL START AROUND MARCH 1.

ALTHOUGH LITTLE HAS BEEN SAID PUBLICLY ABOUT ATOMIC DEFENSES, COMMITTEE MEMBERS LONG HAVE BEEN CONCERNED ABOUT THE PROBLEM.

THEIR ANXIETY HAS BEEN HEIGHTENED IN RECENT MONTHS BY SEVERAL DEVELOPMENTS--ESPECIALLY RUSSIA'S SUCCESS IN DEVELOPING AN A-BOMB, PRESIDENT TRUMAN'S RECENT ORDER TO THE AEC TO DEVELOP THE HYDROGEN BOMB, AND THE CURRENT INTERNATIONAL TENSION GENERALLY.

THE H-BOMB REPORTEDLY WOULD BE EIGHT TO 1,000 TIMES MORE POWERFUL THAN THE IMPROVED URANIUM-PLUTONIUM WEAPON THE NATION IS NOW STOCKPILING.

SENATOR TYDINGS (D-MD), A MEMBER OF THE JOINT COMMITTEE, TOLD THE SENATE YESTERDAY THAT A SINGLE H-BOMB BLAST WOULD "ALLEGEDLY KILL AS MANY AS 10,000,000(M) PEOPLE."

TYDINGS, WHO ALSO IS CHAIRMAN OF THE SENATE ARMED SERVICES COMMITTEE, ADDED THIS BLEAK WARNING:

"THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE FIRST HYDROGEN BOMB IS NOT THE END. IT WILL NOT BE THE MOST DECISIVE WEAPON MANKIND WILL EVER CONSTRUCT.

"NO SOONER WILL THE HYDROGEN BOMB BE A REALITY THAN A NEW BOMB--THE X BOMB--WILL BE ON ITS WAY. THE NEW BOMB WILL BE TO THE H-BOMB WHAT THE H-BOMB IS TO THE ATOM BOMB.

"NOR WILL THAT BE THE END..."

ONE QUESTION OF PARTICULAR CONCERN TO THE ATOMIC COMMITTEE IS HOW MUCH THE AMERICAN PEOPLE CAN BE TOLD ABOUT DEFENDING THEMSELVES FROM ATOMIC AND HYDROGEN BOMBS WITHOUT GIVING AWAY THE NATION'S VITAL MILITARY SECRETS TO THE RUSSIANS.

A7WX

MEMBERS SAY THIS IS ONLY ONE OF A SCORE OR MORE TOUCHY QUESTIONS RELATING TO ATOMIC DEFENSES. OTHERS WHICH THE COMMITTEE PRESUMABLY WILL GO INTO INCLUDE:

1. WHAT EFFECT WILL A STRONG CIVIL DEFENSE PROGRAM HAVE ON AMERICAN INSTITUTIONS, ECONOMY AND CIVIL LIBERTIES?

2. IS DISPERSION OF INDUSTRY, GOVERNMENT AND POPULATION NECESSARY? IF IT IS, WHEN SHOULD IT BE UNDERTAKEN?

3. IS A NEW FEDERAL AGENCY NEEDED TO MAP OUT A CIVILIAN DEFENSE PROGRAM, OR SHOULD THE NATIONAL SECURITY RESOURCES BOARD CONTINUE TO BE RESPONSIBLE FOR IT?

4. WHAT SHOULD BE THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN MUNICIPALITIES, COUNTIES, STATES AND THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT IN SUCH A PROGRAM?

5. WOULD A PLAN BE ENOUGH AT THIS TIME, OR IS IT NECESSARY TO HAVE A CIVILIAN DEFENSE SETUP IN ACTUAL OPERATION?

6. IS THERE ANY DEFENSE AGAINST THE H-BOMB ASIDE FROM MASS EVACUATION?

ES248AES

BY HOWARD W. BLAKESLEE

ASSOCIATED PRESS SCIENCE EDITOR

NEW YORK, FEB. 17-(AP)-HOW A HYDROGEN BOMB'S RADIOACTIVITY CAN LIVE IN THE AIR LONG AFTER THE EXPLOSION WAS EXPLAINED HERE TODAY BY A PHYSICIST WHO HAS WORKED AT THE OAK RIDGE, TENN., ATOMIC ENERGY PLANTS.

ALTHOUGH THIS PERIL IS GREAT, SO THAT SOME SCIENTISTS HAVE PREDICTED IT WILL BE WORSE THAN THE BOMB EXPLOSION, THE REASONS ARE NOT SECRET. PHYSICISTS WHO KNOW HAVE NOT BEEN TALKING.

TODAY'S EXPLANATION COMES FROM PAUL P. ELLIOTT, ASSISTANT PROFESSOR OF PHYSICS AT TEXAS TECHNOLOGICAL COLLEGE, LUBBOCK, TEX. HE GAVE IT IN ANSWER TO A SERIES OF QUESTIONS.

HE SAID THE TERRIFIC HEAT AND PRESSURE OF THE HYDROGEN BOMB EXPLOSION, HE BELIEVES, WILL CHANGE THE CONTAINING ENVELOPE OF THE BOMB, THAT IS, WHATEVER IT IS ENCLOSED IN, INTO A MASS OF RADIOACTIVE VAPOR.

"NOT ONLY," HE SAID, "WOULD THE EXPLOSION RESULT IN LIBERATION OF INCONCEIVABLE POWER AND HEAT, BUT ALL THE REMAINING UNCOMBINED ATOMS WOULD BECOME RADIOACTIVE AND EMIT VAST AMOUNTS OF HIGH SPEED PROTONS, NEUTRONS, ALPHA PARTICLES AND THE DEADLY GAMMA RAYS. (X-RAYS)

"THESE PARTICLES AND RAYS WOULD RENDER ALL SUBSTANCES WITHIN THEIR RANGE RADIOACTIVE - WATER, AIR, SOIL, ETC;-- WHICH, IN TURN, WOULD BECOME EXTREMELY DANGEROUS AS NEW SOURCES OF DEADLY EMANATIONS, JUST AS ANY MATERIAL IN AN ATOMIC PILE BECOMES RADIOACTIVE.

"SOME SUBSTANCES WOULD SOON LOSE THEIR RADIOACTIVITY, BUT OTHERS WOULD CONTINUE TO BE RADIOACTIVE FOR MANY YEARS."

THIS WEEK, IN NEW YORK, DR. LINUS PAULING, ONE OF THE WORLD'S BEST-KNOWN CHEMISTS, SAID THE HYDROGEN BOMB RADIOACTIVITY WOULD BE SO GREAT THAT NO PERSON, ANIMAL OR PLANT ANYWHERE ON EARTH WOULD BE SAFE FOR YEARS. THE RADIOACTIVITY WOULD PERMEATE THE ENTIRE ATMOSPHERE. AND IF PEOPLE AND OTHER LIVING THINGS ESCAPED SERIOUS RADIOACTIVE INJURY, THEY STILL WOULD BE SUBJECT TO CHANGES IN HEREDITY.

IT EVEN HAS BEEN SAID THAT AGGRESSORS WILL NOT USE THE WEAPON FOR FEAR OF THE RADIOACTIVITY GETTING BACK INTO THEIR OWN COUNTRIES.

ELLIOTT SAID HE BELIEVES A WORKABLE PLAN OF CONTROL OF THE BOMB "BECOMES THE CONDITION OF SURVIVAL OF CIVILIZATION."

JR325AES

WASHINGTON, FEB 17-(AP)-THE NAVY HAS ORDERED MORE THAN 700 PLANES, WITH A HEAVY EMPHASIS ON JET FIGHTERS, IT WAS LEARNED TODAY.

TOPPING THE LIST OF PURCHASES IS A CONTRACT WITH GRUMMAN AIRCRAFT ENGINEERING CORPORATION, BETHPAGE, N.Y., FOR 242 JET F9F PANTHERS AND 72 AF'S, A PROPELLER-POWERED ATTACK PLANE FOR ANTI-SUBMARINE WARFARE.

THE NAVY, LIKE THE AIR FORCE, HAS MADE NO OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENT OF AIRCRAFT PURCHASES WITH FUNDS PROVIDED DURING THE CURRENT FISCAL YEAR ENDING NEXT JUNE 30. HOWEVER, THE NAVY CONFIRMED THE ORDER LIST AFTER IT APPEARED IN SOME DETAIL IN AMERICAN AVIATION DAILY, A TRADE LETTER.

GG1235PES

NIGHT LEAD MALONE-LEE

WASHINGTON,FEB.17-(AP)-SENATOR MALONE (R-NEV) TODAY DEMANDED A CONGRESSIONAL "LOYALTY" PROBE OF A COMMERCE DEPARTMENT OFFICIAL WHO HE SAID WAS A MANCHURIAN-BORN RUSSIAN WHOSE CITIZENSHIP APPLICATION WAS REJECTED THREE TIMES.

MALONE IDENTIFIED THE FEDERAL EMPLOYE AS MICHAEL E (CQ) LEE AND SAID HE "IS THE MAN WHOM THE CHINESE BLAME MORE THAN ANY OTHER INDIVIDUAL FOR DELIBERATELY DELAYING VITAL SHIPMENTS OF AVIATION GASOLINE AND OTHER SUPPLIES TO NATIONALIST CHINA UNTIL THE RED HORDES TOOK OVER."

HE TOLD THE SENATE THAT LEE WAS TURNED DOWN FOR CITIZENSHIP IN 1935, 1937 AND 1939 ON THE GROUNDS: "NOT GOOD CHARACTER, NOT ATTACHED TO THE PRINCIPLES OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES, INCOMPETENT WITNESSES."

MALONE SAID THE MAN WON CITIZENSHIP ON THE FOURTH TRY AFTER CHANGING HIS REAL NAME OF EPHRAIM ZINOVI LIBERMAN AND MARRYING AN AMERICAN WOMAN.

THE SENATOR REPORTED THAT LEE WAS BROUGHT INTO THE COMMERCE DEPARTMENT BY HENRY WALLACE WHEN HE WAS SECRETARY AND HAS SERVED AS AN ADVISER ON CHINA AND THE FAR EAST TO THE U.S. DELEGATION AT THE UNITED NATIONS.

THE COMMERCE DEPARTMENT SAID, HOWEVER, THAT LEE HOLDS "NO POLICY-MAKING POSITION" AND THAT MALONE'S CHARGES ARE OLD ONES WHICH HAVE BEEN "THOROUGHLY INVESTIGATED BY A LOYALTY BOARD."

LEE, WHO IS DIRECTOR OF THE FAR EAST DIVISION OF THE DEPARTMENT'S OFFICE OF INTERNATIONAL TRADE, WAS NOT AVAILABLE FOR COMMENT.

BUT LORING K.MACY, ACTING DIRECTOR OF THE TRADE OFFICE, ISSUED A STATEMENT SAYING THAT LEE "HAS NEVER MADE ANY DECISION WITH REFERENCE TO SHIPMENTS OF AVIATION GASOLINE OR OTHER SUPPLIES TO NATIONALIST CHINA."

MACY ADDED THAT THE DEPARTMENT HAD NO OBJECTION TO AN INVESTIGATION OF LEE "OR ANY OTHER EMPLOYE" AND SAID THAT IF MALONE HAS "ADDITIONAL INFORMATION WE SHALL OF COURSE BE GLAD TO CONSIDER IT."

IN DEMANDING THE CONGRESSIONAL CHECK-UP MALONE INTRODUCED A RESOLUTION TO AUTHORIZE THE SENATE COMMERCE COMMITTEE TO SPEND $10,000 ON THE PROPOSED INVESTIGATION WITH ORDERS TO REPORT ITS FINDINGS "AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE."

HY855PES

CHICAGO,FEB 17-(AP)-FRANK J.TAYLOR, PRESIDENT OF THE AMERICAN MERCHANT MARINE INSTITUTE, TODAY SAID THE U.S. NEEDS 50 MORE SUPERLINERS TO PLACE HERSELF IN A GOOD POSITION FOR TROOP TRANSPORT.

TAYLOR, IN AN ADDRESS TO THE NATIONAL SECURITY COMMISSION OF THE AMERICAN LEGION, SAID THAT DURING WAR WAR II AMERICA SUPPLIED EIGHT TIMES AS MUCH TONNAGE AS THAT OFFERED BY ALL THE ATLANTIC PACT NATIONS COMBINED.

HE ADDED THAT THE PREWAR FLEET OF 126 SHIPS HAD A TROOP CAPACITY OF 328,000 MEN COMPARED WITH 43 SHIPS NOW WITH A LIFT OF 137,000 MEN.

"SOME PROGRESS HAS BEEN MADE IN REBUILDING THE FLEET," HE SAID. SIX LINERS, INCLUDING A $70,000,000 SUPER-JOB, WILL PROVIDE FACILITIES TO TRANSPORT 31,000 MORE MEN. "BUT NATIONAL DEFENSE REQUIREMENTS CALL FOR AT LEAST 50 NEW PASSENGER VESSELS," HE SAID.

HE DESCRIBED SUGGESTIONS THAT THE U.S. RELY ON FOREIGN FLEETS IN EVENT OF WAR AS "A MASTERPIECE OF FOLLY."

WZ1040ACS NM

FAR EAST

BY EDWARD E.BOMAR

WASHINGTON, FEB. 17-(AP)-AMERICAN ARMS MAY SOON START FLOWING TO THREE [redacted] ASIATIC NATIONS AS PART OF THE STEPPED-UP ADMINISTRATION EFFORT TO STOP THE SPREAD OF COMMUNISM IN THE FAR EAST.

OFFICIALS SAID THE STATE AND DEFENSE DEPARTMENTS ALSO MAY RECOMMEND GIVING INDIA A SHARE OF THE $75,000,000 FUND WHICH PRESIDENT TRUMAN HAS A FREE HAND TO USE FOR MILITARY PURPOSES IN THE GENERAL AREA OF CHINA.

A SLICE OF UNDISCLOSED SIZE ALREADY HAS BEEN EARMARKED FOR THE NEW UNITED STATES OF INDONESIA. MILITARY AID FOR HARD-PRESSED INDO-CHINA AND FOR NEIGHBORING THAILAND [redacted] IS REPORTED UNDER URGENT STUDY.

TOGETHER THESE THREE [redacted] AND INDIA FORM A CORDON WHOSE LEADERS ARE BELIEVED READY TO FIGHT THE ADVANCE OF COMMUNISM FROM CHINA AS LONG AS THEY CAN GET U.S. BACKING.

THREE NATIONS PLAGUED BY CIVIL TROUBLES--BURMA, NATIONALIST CHINA, AND MALAYA--ARE MISSING FROM THIS RING.

BURMA, HAS BEEN SWEPT BY CONFUSED DISORDERS SINCE IT LEFT THE BRITISH FOLD TWO YEARS AGO.

IN MALAYA, THE BRITISH ARE BELIEVED TO BE GAINING THE UPPER HAND, WITH THE BACKING OF LOYAL NATIVE MALAYANS, AGAINST LOCAL COMMUNIST BANDS.

MR.TRUMAN RULED OUT CHINESE NATIONALIST AID WITH HIS JAN. 5 STATEMENT TURNING THUMBS DOWN ON MILITARY HELP FOR FORMOSA.

IN ITS CAMPAIGN TO STEM THE TIDE OF ASIATIC COMMUNISM, THE UNITED STATES IS STRESSING ITS DESIRE TO HELP THE NON-COMMUNIST GOVERNMENTS MAINTAIN ORDER AND STABILITY IN THEIR OWN COUNTRIES SO AS TO MAKE ECONOMIC RECOVERY POSSIBLE.

SECRETARY OF STATE ACHESON HAS MADE CLEAR THAT THIS COUNTRY WANTS TO AVOID ANY APPEARANCE OF CREATING A THREAT TO THE CHINESE PEOPLE.

LIKE THE CURRENT $1,314,000,000(B) ARMS AID PROGRAM FOR WESTERN EUROPEAN AND OTHER NATIONS, THE SPECIFIC USE TO BE MADE OF THE $75,-000,000 CHINA-AREA FUND HAS BEEN TIGHTLY HEDGED WITH SECRECY SO FAR.

ONE REPORT IS THAT THE INDONESIANS MAY GET RIFLES AND OTHER SMALL ARMS COSTING BETWEEN $5,000,000 AND $10,000,000(M) TO ENABLE THEIR ARMED FORCES TO DEAL WITH SUCH DISORDERS AS THE RECENT REVOLT IN JAVA.

GENERAL OMAR BRADLEY DISCLOSED THIS WEEK THAT THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF HAVE SUBMITTED A TOP SECRET REPORT ON SOUTHEAST ASIA MILITARY AID TO THE PRESIDENT AND SECRETARY OF DEFENSE JOHSON.

WHETHER INDIA CAN QUALIFY FOR A SHARE OF THE CHINA AREA FUND MUST BE DETERMINED BY MR.TRUMAN ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF ACHESON.

OFFICIALS FAMILIAR WITH THE PROPOSAL EXPRESSED CONFIDENCE THAT THE NEW REPUBLIC IS ELIGIBLE. THEY LOOK FOR ACHESON TO ACT SHORTLY.

ES403AES

(ADVANCE)..SAN FRANCISCO,FEB.17-(AP)-BRITISH POLICY IN THE COLONIAL TERRITORIES CLOSELY COINCIDES WITH UNITED STATES POLICY, WILLIAM L.DALE OF LONDON SAID TODAY IN AN ADDRESS.

DALE IS LEGAL ADVISOR TO THE BRITISH COMMONWEALTH RELATIONS OFFICE AND COLONIAL OFFICE IN LONDON. HE IS IN THE SAN FRANCISCO BAY AREA TO FULFIL A NUMBER OF SPEAKING ENGAGEMENTS. TODAY HE ADDRESSED THE COMMONWEALTH CLUB OF SAN FRANCISCO.

HE SAID THE BRITISH PROGRAM IN THE COLONIAL TERRITORIES FITS IN WITH PRESIDENT TRUMAN'S FOURTH POINT--RAISING OF LIVING STANDARDS IN BACKWARD AREAS--AND WITH THE EUROPEAN RECOVERY PLAN'S PROVISION OF STRATEGIC MATERIALS.

GREAT DEVELOPMENTS SCHEMES, LARGELY FINANCED BY BRITISH TAXPAYERS, DALE SAID, ARE IN PROGRESS IN SUCH PLACES AS EAST AFRICA.

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 9:30 AM EST TODAY, FEB.17.)

VR/DV551ACS

NEW YORK, FEB.17-(AP)-THE CIO NATIONAL MARITIME UNION CHIEF SAYS PRESIDENT TRUMAN HAS PROMISED THAT NO MORE AMERICAN SHIPS WILL BE TRANSFERRED TO FOREIGN FLAGS.

JOSEPH CURRAN MADE THIS REPORT TO AN NMU MEMBERSHIP MEETING LAST NIGHT, FOLLOWING A TALK IN WASHINGTON YESTERDAY WITH MR. TRUMAN.

THE UNION HAS STRONGLY OPPOSED CHARTERING OF AMERICAN SHIPS BY THE U.S. MARITIME COMMISSION TO FOREIGN-FLAG COMPANIES, WHICH ARE NOT REQUIRED TO HIRE AMERICAN SEAMEN.

CURRAN HAD ASKED MR. TRUMAN'S PLEDGE TO HALT ANY MORE SUCH TRANSFERS IN ORDER TO STRENGTHEN THE U.S. MERCHANT FLEET.

HE TOLD UNION MEMBERS:

"I POINTED OUT TO HIM THAT DURING THE LAST WAR THE UNITED STATES HAD USED THE MERCHANT MARINES OF OTHER COUNTRIES, BRITAIN, FRANCE AND NORWAY. X X X

"I EXPLAINED THAT IN THE NEXT WAR--WHICH MIGHT POSSIBLY BE WITH THE SOVIET UNION X X X, IT WOULD TAKE THEM ONLY A WEEK TO REACH THE SHORES OF FRANCE AND NORWAY. WHAT GOOD THEN WOULD BE THE ALLIED MERCHANT MARINES?"

THE NMU PRESIDENT SAID HE HAD SUGGESTED TO MR. TRUMAN THAT U.S. MERCHANT SHIPS NOW IDLE BE REFITTED SPEEDILY FOR SEA. HE SAID THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE "SEEMED FAVORABLY IMPRESSED" WITH THE IDEA.

CURRAN SAID A NATIONAL COUNCIL OF DELEGATES FROM ALL CIO AND AFL MARITIME UNIONS WILL BE HELD SOON IN WASHINGTON TO STUDY EFFECTS OF A FEDERAL COURT ORDER OPENING MARITIME HIRING HALLS TO NON-UNION MEN.

IF THIS COUNCIL DECIDES THAT THE COURT ORDER CAN BE MET ONLY BY A STRIKE, SUCH A STRIKE WILL BE CALLED AND IT WILL INVOLVE ALL CIO AND AFL MARITIME UNIONS IN THE NATION, CURRANT SAID.

"IF THAT CONFERENCE SAYS 'STRIKE,' THEN STRIKE IT WILL BE," HE SAID, "EVEN IF IT MEANS THE BREAKUP OF OUR UNION AND EVERY UNION THERE."

MK639AES

WASHINGTON,FEB 17-(AP)-HOUSE SPEAKER RAYBURN (D-TEX) TOLD MEMBERS OF THE JAPANESE DIET TODAY THAT AMERICA LOOKS UPON THE PEOPLE OF JAPAN AS "FRIENDS AND ALLIES IF DEMOCRACY EVER IS ATTACKED AGAIN."

RAYBURN SPOKE IN HIS OFFICE TO MEMBERS OF A JAPANESE GROUP STUDYING DEMOCRATIC PRINCIPLES IN THE UNITED STATES. A NUMBER OF THE VISITORS ARE MEMBERS OF THE JAPANESE DIET, WHICH CORRESPONDS TO THE AMERICAN CONGRESS.

RAYBURN'S REMARKS BROUGHT THIS REPLY FROM TAKESHI YAMASAKI, FORMER SPEAKER OF THE JAPANESE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND LEADER OF THE DELEGATION:

"YOU HAVE SAID YOU RECOGNIZE US NOT AS ENEMY NATIONS BUT AS FRIENDS FROM ACROSS THE PACIFIC. THIS IS AN ENCOURAGING WORLD."

YAMASAKI SAID HIS DELEGATION CONSIDERS THE VISIT TO WASHINGTON AS THE MOST IMPORTANT PART OF THEIR TRIP TO THIS COUNTRY.

"WE ARE GOING TO SEE IN THIS BUILDING (U.S. CAPITOL) REAL DEMOCRACY IN ACTION," HE SAID.

HE ADDED THAT JAPANESE LEADERS "WANT NOT ONLY TO DEMOCRATIZE OUR COUNTRY BUT TO PLAY A PART IN THE WORLD FAMILY OF NATIONS AND TO DO OUR SHARE FOR THE GOOD OF THE WORLD."

REP.JOSEPH MARTIN (R-MASS), FORMER SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE, HELPED WELCOME THE JAPANESE. "WE HOPE YOU WILL JOIN WITH US IN WORKING FOR A BETTER WORLD," MARTIN SAID.

REP.JOHN MCCORMICK (MASS), HOUSE DEMOCRATIC LEADER, TOLD THE GROUP THAT GOVERNMENT "REVOLVES AROUND ITS PUBLIC OFFICIALS." HE EXPRESSED HOPE THE DIET MEMBERS WILL CONTINUE TO WORK FOR PEACE IN THE WORLD.

GG527PES

(PUBLICATION OF THE FOLLOWING RESTRICTED BY LIFE MAGAZINE TO CONTINENTAL LIMITS OF THE U.S. AND ITS POSSESSION.)

NEW YORK, FEB 17-(AP)-RUSSIA'S LEADERS DISPLAYED "AMAZING IGNORANCE" AND VANITY, SAYS WINSTON CHURCHILL, WHEN THEY FAILED TO PREPARE FOR NAZI GERMANY'S ATTACK IN 1941.

HOWEVER, CHURCHILL CREDITS RUSSIA'S ULTIMATE RESISTANCE WITH CRACKING THE MIGHT OF THE GERMANY ARMIES.

IN THE LATEST INSTALLMENT OF HIS WAR MEMOIRS, NOW APPEARING SERIALLY IN LIFE MAGAZINE AND THE NEW YORK TIMES, BRITAIN'S WARTIME PRIME MINISTER WRITES:

"WAR IS MAINLY A CATALOGUE OF BLUNDERS, BUT IT MAY BE DOUBTED WHETHER ANY MISTAKE IN HISTORY HAS EQUALLED THAT OF WHICH STALIN AND THE COMMUNIST CHIEFS WERE GUILTY WHEN THEY SUPINELY AWAITED THE FEARFUL ONSALUGHT WHICH IMPENDED ON RUSSIA.

"WE HAVE HITHERTO RATED THEM AS SELFISH CALCULATORS. IN THIS PERIOD THEY WERE PROVED SIMPLETONS AS WELL. STALIN AND HIS COMMISSARS SHOWED THEMSELVES AT THIS MOMENT THE MOST COMPLETELY OUTWITTED BUNGLERS OF THE SECOND WORLD WAR."

CHURCHILL REVEALS THAT HE SENT A PERSONAL MESSAGE TO STALIN WARNING THAT GERMAN TROOP MOVEMENTS INDICATED AN IMPENDING ATTACK ON RUSSIA. BUT, HE ADDS, RUSSIA REMAINED SO POORLY PREPARED THAT THROUGHOUT 1941 SHE WAS MORE OF A BURDEN THAN A HELP IN THE WAR.

CHURCHILL PRAISES THE RUSSIAN PEOPLE'S COURAGE, AND SAYS THAT EVENTUALLY RUSSIA WAS DELIVERING TELLING BLOWS AGAINST GERMAN ARMS. RUSSIAN RESISTANCE, HE SAYS, DIVERTED THE GERMAN AIR ATTACK FROM BRITAIN, DIMINISHED THE THREAT OF AN INVASION OF BRITAIN, AND AIDED BRITAIN IN THE MEDITERRANEAN FIGHTING.

ON THE OTHER HAND, CHURCHILL WRITES, BRITAIN SERIOUSLY WEAKENED HERSELF BY DIVERTING NEEDED SUPPLIES TO THE RUSSIANS, AND GOT LITTLE THANKS FOR IT.

"THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT," HE SAYS, "HAD THE IMPRESSION THAT THEY WERE CONFERRING A GREAT FAVOR ON US BY FIGHTING IN THEIR OWN COUNTRY FOR THEIR OWN LIVES."

CHURCHILL SAYS STALIN PERSISTENTLY DEMANDED THAT BRITAIN OPEN A SECOND FRONT LONG BEFORE THIS WAS MILITARILY WITHIN REASON, AND THAT STALIN EVEN SUGGESTED THAT "IF THE BRITISH WERE AFRAID" HE WOULD SEND "THREE OR FOUR RUSSIAN ARMY CORPS TO DO THE JOB."

CHURCHILL ALSO DESCRIBED THE 1941 MEETING OFF NEWFOUNDLAND AT WHICH HE AND PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT DREW UP THE ATLANTIC CHARTER.

"CONSIDERING," CHURCHILL SAYS, "ALL THE TALES OF MY REACTIONARY WORLD OUTLOOK, AND THE PAIN THIS IS SAID TO HAVE CAUSED THE PRESIDENT, I AM GLAD IT SHOULD BE ON RECORD THAT THE SUBSTANCE AND THE SPIRIT OF WHAT CAME TO BE CALLED THE ATLANTIC CHARTER WAS IN ITS FIRST DRAFT A BRITISH PRODUCTION CAST IN MY OWN WORDS."

(PUBLICATION RESTRICTED BY LIFE MAGAZINE TO CONTINENTAL LIMITS OF U.S. AND ITS POSSESSIONS.)

M619AES

DES MOINES, FEB.17-(AP)-WAYNE C. TAYLOR, ASSISTANT ADMINISTRATOR OF THE ECONOMIC COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION DECLARED TONIGHT: "IF OUR AID TO EUROPE WERE HALTED NOW, IT WOULD NOT TAKE SIX MONTHS TO UNDO THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS TO DATE."

HIS ADDRESS CLOSED THE FIRST DAY OF THE TWO-DAY, 12TH ANNUAL NATIONAL FARM INSTITUTE.

TAYLOR SAID "WE ARE HALF WAY THROUGH THE MARSHALL PLAN. BUT WE ARE FAR FROM HAVING ACHIEVED OUR MAJOR GOAL OF A PEACEFUL WORLD IN WHICH PLENTY IS THE RULE RATHER THAN THE EXCEPTION.

"THERE IS NO TURNING BACK UNTIL WE HAVE CONVINCED THE PEOPLE OF MANY OTHER PARTS OF THE WORLD THAT WE OFFER MANKIND THE TYPE OF LEADERSHIP WHICH CAN EVENTUALLY HELP TO CREATE PEACE AND PLENTY.

"IF WE FAIL AS HAVE SO MANY OTHER NATIONS IN HISTORY, WE WILL FIRST LOSE THE CONFIDENCE OF OUR FRIENDS, AND THEN BY OUR OWN ACTIONS JOIN THE FAR TOO LONG A LIST OF EARLIER CIVILIZATIONS WHICH HAVE FIRST BEEN DISCREDITED AND THEN DESTROYED FROM WITHOUT."

RW1001PCS

BY JOHN CHADWICK

DPS

WASHINGTON,FEB.17-(AP)-SENATORS LOOKING INTO CHARGES THAT EUROPEAN REFUGEES ARE BEING LET INTO THIS COUNTRY ILLEGALLY DECIDED TODAY TO CALL TOP OFFICIALS OF THE DISPLACED PERSONS COMMISSION FOR QUESTIONING.

SENATOR MCCARRAN (D-NEV), HEAD OF A JUDICIARY SUBCOMMITTEE MAKING THE INVESTIGATION, SAID THE THREE DP COMMISSIONERS AND ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICIALS IN GERMANY WILL BE QUIZZED AT OPEN HEARINGS.

UGO CARUSI IS CHAIRMAN OF THE DP COMMISSION. OTHER MEMBERS ARE HARRY N.ROSENFIELD AND EDWARD M.O'CONNOR.

BESIDES CALLING THE COMMISSIONERS, MCCARRAN ORDERED THE ALEX SQUADRILLI, COORDINATOR OF THE COMMISSION'S HEADQUARTERS OFFICE IN FRANKFURT, AND BEN KAPLAN, EXECUTIVE ASSISTANT TO SQUADRILLI, TO BE BROUGHT HERE UNDER SUBPOENA.

HE ALSO GAVE INSTRUCTIONS FOR SUMMONING M.D.BASHEIN, SENIOR OFFICER OF THE DP COMMISSION OFFICE AT BUTZBACH,GERMANY, AND GERTRUDE RUSKIN, SENIOR OFFICER AT THE OFFICE AT LUDWIGSBURG,GERMANY.

NO DATE WAS SET FOR THE HEARINGS, BUT MCCARRAN TOLD REPORTERS HE SAW NO REASON WHY THE DP OFFICIALS IN GERMANY COULD NOT REACH HERE QUICKLY.

THE COMMITTEE ALREADY HAS RECEIVED TESTIMONY THAT THOUSANDS OF EUROPEANS HAVE BEEN ADMITTED TO THIS COUNTRY UNDER THE 1948 DISPLACED PERSONS LAW DESPITE DOUBT ABOUT THEIR ELIGIBILITY. ONE ESTIMATE RAN AS HIGH AS 30,000.

THE SENATE IS EXPECTED TO TAKE UP NEXT WEEK CONTROVERSIAL LEGISLATION REVISING THE 1948 LAW. MCCARRAN SAID HE WOULD NOT ASK FOR ANY DELAY.

"I'M READY FOR IT TO COME UP AT ANY TIME," HE SAID.

MCCARRAN HAS CHARGED WHOLESALE FRAUD IN THE OPERATION OF THE DP PROGRAM AND SAID THAT INADEQUATE SCREENING OF APPLICANTS HAS OPENED THE UNITED STATES TO POTENTIAL SUBVERSIVES.

FR1135AES

WASHINGTON,FEB 17-(AP)-VICE ADM.RUSSELL S.BERKEY OF TULSA,OKLA., NOW COMMANDER OF THE SEVENTH FLEET IN THE WESTERN PACIFIC, HAS BEEN APPOINTED TO A NEWLY CREATED POST AS CHIEF OF INFORMATION FOR THE NAVY.

HIS APPOINTMENT WAS ANNOUNCED TODAY BY NAVY SECRETARY MATTHEWS.

THE NAVY SAID NO SUCCESSOR FOR BERKEY AS COMMANDER OF THE SEVENTH FLEET HAS YET BEEN SELECTED. HE WILL BEGIN HIS NEW ASSIGNMENT IN THE LATE SPRING.

THE NAVY SAID THAT SEVERAL DIFFERENT OFFICES WILL OPERATE UNDER BERKEY'S GENERAL SUPERVISION, AMONG THEM AN OFFICE OF PUBLIC RELATIONS WITH ITS OWN DIRECTOR.

CAPT.HARRY E.SEARS IS NOW ACTING CHIEF OF NAVY PUBLIC RELATIONS.

HY901PES

NEW YORK,FEB 17-(AP)-THE SIX DEFENSE ATTORNEYS FOR THE 11 CONVICTED COMMUNIST LEADERS CHARGED TODAY THAT IF THEIR CONTEMPT OF COURT SENTENCES ARE PERMITTED TO STAND IT "MAY WELL BECOME THE SIGNAL FOR WHOLESALE DISBARMENT OF LAWYERS DEFENDING COMMUNISTS."

THE DEFENSE ATTORNEYS, ALL SENTENCED WITHOUT TRIAL AT THE CONCLUSION OF THE COMMUNIST CONSPIRACY TRIAL LAST YEAR, MADE THE CONTENTION IN AN APPEARANCE BEFORE THE COURT OF APPEALS.

THOSE SENTENCED BY JUDGE HAROLD MEDINA WERE EUGENE DENNIS, DEFENDANT WHO ACTED AS HIS OWN COUNSEL; HARRY SACHER AND RICHARD GLADSTEIN, ALL SENTENCED TO SIX MONTHS; ABRAHAM J.ISSERMAN AND GEORGE W. CROCKETT,JR., SENTENCED TO FOUR MONTHS; AND LOUIS F.MC CABE, 30 DAYS.

MEDINA RULED THEY WEREN'T ACTING IN THE BEST AMERICAN BAR TRADITION.

IN OPPOSING THE LAWYERS' MOVE TO HAVE THE SENTENCES UPSET BY THE COURT OF APPEALS, THE GOVERNMENT HAS CHARGED THAT THE SIX MEN WERE NOT ENTITLED TO A HEARING, ON THE GROUND THAT IT WOULD BE "NOTHING, BUT A PROTRACTED RETRIAL."

THE LAWYERS REPLIED THEY "ARE ENTITLED TO A HEARING" AND THAT IF THE COURT PERMITS JUDGMENT WITHOUT TRIAL TO STAND AGAINST THEM IT "MAY WELL BECOME THE SIGNAL FOR THE WHOLESALE DISBARMENT OF LAWYERS WHO DEFEND COMMUNISTS, AS WELL AS LABOR UNIONS AND MINORITY GROUPS, AS THESE CONVICTIONS HAVE ALREADY BEEN A SIGNAL TO SOME JUDGES WHO IN ONE WAY OR ANOTHER HAVE THREATENED LAWYERS WITH THE 'JUDGE MEDINA TREATMENT.'"

JK815PES

WASHINGTON, FEB.17-(AP)-THE PARIS TRIAL OF AN AIR FORCE PRIVATE CHARGED WITH STRANGLING A GIRL KNOWN AS "LILY THE HUNGARIAN" WILL BE RESUMED NEXT MONTH FOLLOWING A COURT MARTIAL FINDING THAT THE MAN IS SANE.

A 10-MAN COURT HANDED DOWN THAT RULING HERE YESTERDAY AFTER HEARING THREE DAYS OF CONFLICTING TESTIMONY ON THE SANITY OF PVT. STANLEY F. EDELBAUM, 20, OF BROOKLYN.

EDELBAUM IS ACCUSED OF KILLING HUNGARIAN-BORN ELIZABETH BORIK, 22, IN PARIS LAST MAY WHILE ON LEAVE FROM WEISBADEN GERMANY, WHERE HE WAS A SAXOPHONE PLAYER IN THE AIR FORCE BAND.

THE TRIAL STARTED IN WEISBADEN, BUT WAS INTERRUPTED BY A DEFENSE PLEA OF INSANITY. EDELBAUM WAS FOUND INSANE BYAN ARMY MEDICAL BOARD IN EUROPE, BUT WAS DECLARED SANE BY A BOARD AT THE ARMY'S WALTER REED HOSPITAL HERE. THAT BROUGHT ON THE HEARINGS HERE, AT WHICH PSYCHIATRISTS AGREED THE SOLDIER HAD A SPLIT PERSONALITY, BUT DIFFERED SHARPLY ON HIS SANITY.

YESTERDAY'S RULING WAS THE SIGNAL FOR RESUMPTION OF THE TRIAL IN PARIS AROUND MARCH 1. THE COURT THERE WILL HAVE TO RULE ON ANOTHER DEFENSE MOTION THAT EDELBAUM WAS INSANE AT THE TIME THE CRIME ALLEGEDLY OCCURRED.

ES423AES

LAKE SUCCESS, FEB.17-(AP)-U.N. SECRETARY-GENERAL TRYGVE LIE TODAY SAID HE FAVORED BIG POWER TALKS OUTSIDE THE UNITED NATIONS AS WELL AS CONTINUED NEGOTIATIONS WITHIN THE SOVIET-BOYCOTTED ORGANIZATION.

COMMENTING ON SUGGESTIONS FOR A BIG THREE MEETING AND FOR RENEWAL OF ATOMIC TALKS, LIE TOLD HIS WEEKLY NEWS CONFERENCE:

"YOU KNOW WHERE I STAND AND WHERE I HAVE ALWAYS STOOD ON NEGOTIATION AMONG THE GREAT POWERS. I AM FOR IT--ALL THE TIME AND ON ALL LEVELS--THE TOP LEVEL, THE MIDDLE LEVEL AND THE LOWER LEVEL--INSIDE THE UNITED NATIONS AND OUTSIDE THE NATIONS."

JA1006PES

U.N.-ECONOMIC (330)
BY MAX HARRELSON
LAKE SUCCESS, FEB.17-(AP)-UNITED NATIONS ECONOMISTS ARE URGING A REVIEW OF ALL CURRENT ECONOMIC PROGRAMS IN THE LIGHT OF PERSISTENT WORLD TRADE MALADJUSTMENTS.
THEIR SUGGESTION IS IN A SURVEY OF ECONOMIC CHANGES IN 1949 PREPARED FOR THE 18-NATION ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL. THE REPORT SAID NO REMEDY IS YET IN SIGHT FOR THE CHRONIC UNBALANCE OF TRADE WHICH THE U.N. EXPERTS FEEL IS THE WORLD'S NO.1 ECONOMIC HEADACHE AT THE MOMENT.
THE SURVEY DID NOT SPECIFY WHICH ECONOMIC PROGRAMS SHOULD BE RE-EVALUATED, BUT IT WAS ASSUMED ONE OF THEM WAS THE EUROPEAN RECOVERY PROGRAM (ERP) UNDER WHICH THE UNITED STATES HAS POURED BILLIONS OF DOLLARS INTO WESTERN EUROPE.
THE REPORT POINTED TO THE DROP IN U.S. IMPORTS FROM WESTERN EUROPE AS ONE OF THE FACTORS THAT AGGRAVATED THE TRADE PROBLEM DURING 1949. IT ALSO INDICATED THE GROWING MOVEMENT TO DEVELOP THE BACKWARD COUNTRIES THREATENED TO COMPLICATE THE PICTURE STILL FURTHER.
THE U.N. EXPERTS EXPRESSED THE BELIEF THAT THE TRADE PROGRAM WAS A TRIANGULAR MATTER INVOLVING THE UNITED STATES, WESTERN EUROPE AND THE UNDERDEVELOPED COUNTRIES.
THEY MADE NO CONCRETE RECOMMENDATIONS, BUT FORESAW THE POSSIBILITY THAT THE UNITED STATES MIGHT HAVE TO CONTINUE FINANCIAL AID INDEFINITELY TO WESTERN EUROPE OR TO THE UNDERDEVELOPED AREAS.
THE ALTERNATIVE, THEY SAID, WOULD BE FOR THE UNITED STATES TO REDUCE ITS EXPORTS, INCREASE ITS IMPORTS, OR BOTH. THEY ADDED, HOWEVER, THAT THIS WOULD REVERSE WHAT APPEARED TO BE AN INHERENT TENDENCY IN THE UNITED STATES.
THE PRESENT LEVEL OF U.S. EXPORTS WAS MADE POSSIBLE, THE REPORT SAID, BECAUSE A SUBSTANTIAL PART OF THEM ARE BEING PAID FOR BY DOLLARS SUPPLIED TO WESTERN EUROPE UNDER THE ERP. IN THE SECOND QUARTER OF 1949, FOR EXAMPLE, ABOUT ONE-HALF OF THE U.S. EXPORTS WERE FINANCED BY ERP MONEY.

A67
THE U.N. EXPERTS APPARENTLY ARE DISCOUNTING THE POSSIBILITY OF BRINGING RUSSIA INTO ANY WORLD TRADE ADJUSTMENT PLAN. THE REPORT POINTED OUT THAT RUSSIA HAS INCREASED TRADE WITH HER SATELLITES IN EASTERN EUROPE, WHILE SOVIET TRADE WITH WESTERN EUROPE DECLINED ABOUT 20 PER CENT DURING THE FIRST HALF OF 1949.
THE REPORT SAID INFLATIONARY PRESSURE NOW HAS SUBSIDED IN MOST PARTS OF THE WORLD.
THE SURVEY SAID TOTAL WORLD PRODUCTION INCREASED AGAIN LAST YEAR AND THE LEVEL FOR 1949 WAS NEARLY 40 PER CENT ABOVE THAT OF 1937.
MK7AES

WASHINGTON, FEB.17-(AP)-THE BODIES OF TWO AMERICAN SOLDIERS OF CZECH EXTRACTION WHO WERE KILLED IN WORLD WAR II HAVE BEEN DELIVERED BY THE U.S. ARMY FOR BURIAL IN CZECHOSLOVAKIA.
THE STATE DEPARTMENT SAID YESTERDAY THE TWO WERE PVT.UPDREW V. FABIS, BORN AT TORRINGTON, CONN., AND PVT.ALEXANDER J.FERENC, BORN AT SOPORNA, CZECHOSLOVAKIA. FABIS WAS INDUCTED INTO THE ARMY AT HARTFORD, CONN., AND FERENC AT AKRON, OHIO.
AMBASSADOR ELLIS O.BRIGGS WENT TO ROZVADOV, CZECHOSLOVAKIA TO PAY TRIBUTE TO THE SOLDIERS.
FABIS WAS KILLED IN ACTION SEPT. 21, 1944, WHILE SERVING IN HOLLAND. HE WAS AWARDED A BRONZE STAR MEDAL POSTHUMOUSLY.
FERENC WAS KILLED BY A MINE DEC. 18, 1943, AT SAN PIETRO, ITALY, AFTER VOLUNTEERING TO GET SUPPLIES FOR HIS COMPANY WHICH HAD DUG IN FOR THE NIGHT FOLLOWING A SUCCESSFUL ATTACK.
ES458AES

LAKE SUCCESS, FEB. 17-(AP)-THE UNITED NATIONS INTERNATIONAL CHILDREN'S EMERGENCY FUND ANNOUNCED IT HAS RECEIVED 400,000 PESOS, (ABOUT $200,000) FROM THE GOVERNMENT OF THE PHILIPPINES.
THIS CONTRIBUTION WILL BE USED TO PURCHASE PRODUCTS OF THE PHILIPPINES--CHIEFLY COPRA--FOR USE IN UNICEF CHILD-FEEDING PROGRAMS IN OTHER COUNTRIES. WHEN PROCESSED, COPRA IS USED BY THE FUND AS A BUTTER SUBSTITUTE.
"THIS GNEROUS ACTION ON THE PART OF THE PHILIPPINE GOVERNMENT COMES AT A CRITICAL TIME IN THE AFFAIRS OF UNICEF," MAJOR GENERAL LOWELL W.ROOKS, FUND-RAISING COORDINATOR, SAID.
"THIS IS PARTICULARLY HEART-WARMING IN VIEW OF THE FACT THAT THE PHILIPPINES THEMSELVES ARE A WAR-RAVAGED NATION, AND ARE, IN FACT, RECEIVING UNICEF ASSISTANCE.
"WE ARE MOST GRATEFUL, THEREFORE, THAT THE GOVERNMENT DECIDED TO GIVE COMMODITIES WHICH ARE SURPLUS TO THEIR OWN REQUIREMENTS, YET SO DESPERATELY NEEDED FOR CHILDREN IN LANDS SUFFERING FROM A SHORTAGE IN FATS."
MAJOR GENERAL ROOKS ALSO POINTED OUT THAT THE AMOUNT WILL ENABLE UNICEF TO CLAIM $514,000 IN "MATCHING FUNDS" FROM THE SMALL BALANCE REMAINING IN THE UNITED STATES APPROPRIATION OF $75,000,000.
UNDER THIS APPROPRIATION, THE UNITED STATES PROVIDES $2.57 FOR EVERY $1.00 CONTRIBUTED BY OTHER GOVERNMENTS TO THE WORK OF UNICEF.
TA 716PES

LAKE SUCCESS, FEB.17-(AP)-AN INQUIRY HAS PRODUCED NO EVIDENCE THAT TELEPHONES OF UNITED NATIONS EMPLOYES AT HEADQUARTERS HERE HAVE BEEN TAPPED, SECRETARY-GENERAL TRYGVE LIE SAID TODAY.
HIS LEGAL DEPARTMENT REPORTED IN THE COURSE OF THE INQUIRY THAT THE FBI SAID IT HAD TAPPED THE HOME TELEPHONE OF VALENTIN GUBITCHEV, A SUSPENDED SOVIET EMPLOYE OF THE U.N. NOW BEING TRIED IN NEW YORK FEDERAL COURT WITH EX-GOVERNMENT GIRL JUDITH COPLON ON SPY CHARGES.
ON ADVICE OF COUNSEL, LIE SAID HE WOULD NOT COMMENT ON THE LEGALITY UNDER UNITED STATES LAW OF THE GUBITCHEV WIRE-TAPPING SINCE IT IS INVOLVED IN THE TRIAL.
LIE WAS ANSWERING ALLEGATIONS BY THE RUSSIAN DELEGATION TO THE U.N. AND DEFENSE LAWYERS IN THE GUBITCHEV-COPLON TRIAL THAT WIRES OF U.N. EMPLOYES WERE TAPPED.
JA1008PES

END OF Feb. 17 1950

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AVOWAL OF GUILT MADE BY VOGELER IN BUDAPEST TRIAL

I. T. & T. Executive, on Stand After 3 Months in Prison, Testifies to 'Espionage'

By The Associated Press.

BUDAPEST, Hungary, Feb. 18—Robert A. Vogeler, United States business man, calmly told a People's Court today he was a professional spy and asked for a "mild sentence."

Pleading guilty on all counts, the 38-year-old American, an assistant vice president of International Telephone and Telegraph Company, testified he had been instructed to obtain special information about radar, rockets, uranium and oil deposits and to make contact with experts on atomic energy and help them escape from Hungary.

He said a Dr. Edsler, whom he identified as an Austrian atomic expert, had been smuggled out of Austria, apparently with the help of the United States Office of Director of Intelligence in Vienna.

"I used my business activities only as cover for my espionage work," he testified.

These were the highlights of a court session at which three Hungarians, the last defendants in the trial, also pleaded guilty to sabotage and espionage. They were Edina Doery, a hotel barmaid and telephone operator listed as "baroness"; Klemen Domokos, chief accountant for the Standard Electric Company, Hungarian subsidiary of I. T. & T., and the Rev. Istvan Justh, a Roman Catholic priest.

Three other defendants pleaded guilty yesterday. They were Mr. Vogeler's British assistant, Edgar Sanders, and two Hungarians, Imre Geiger, director of the Hungarian company, and Zoltan Rade, a section chief of the Hungarian Ministry of Heavy Trade.

[In Vienna Mr. Vogeler's wife suggested that he had been drugged or tortured. Officials of I. T. & T. said in New York that company lawyers had compiled a long list of discrepancies in the reported testimony by Mr. Vogeler and his associates.]

Self-possessed and speaking without a show of emotion or strain from his incomunicado imprisonment since Nov. 18, Mr. Vogeler answered with a simple "yes" this question: "Were you a trained specialist intelligence officer of the United States Army?"

These were the major points in his testimony:

The Standard Electric Company "was only a cover organization of intelligence."

Most of the American business men in Eastern Europe are specialists instructed to collect information that they have to turn over to the headquarters of Army Intelligence in the United States.

Espionage Called Specialty

As an electrical and mechanical engineer trained at Massachusetts Institute of Technology and the United States Naval Academy at Annapolis, he said that "espionage in the technical field is my specialty."

The Standard Electric Company, which Hungary nationalized last month, had close connections with the United States Army General Staff, high-ranking Army officers were appointed as its executives and it was "under military control," he stated.

He himself had worked in Room 115 of the Alliance Building at Vienna, which Mr. Vogeler described as the office of the Director of Intelligence and general intelligence headquarters for Eastern Europe.

He had been a United States agent since 1942 and his superiors included a Brigadier General Howard [Brig. Gen. Edward Howard went to Austria from Italy with Gen. Mark Clark in 1946 and was Director of Intelligence in United States Army Headquarters in Vienna until late 1946.]

[Reuters reported that Mr. Vogeler, speaking carefully through an interpreter, told the court he had gone through a Federal Bureau of Investigation school in 1942 and had been trained as an intelligence specialist.]

Reports Relayed to U. S. Aides

Mr. Vogeler also testified that: His reports on military, economic, political and technical information were given to Col. John H. Stokes, former Military Attaché in Budapest, Lieut. Col. L. C. Hoyne, Assistant Military Attaché, and Commercial Attaché Julian Smith, Colonel Kraft, present Military Attaché, also "knew about my espionage activities as we had been close friends," he said.

He visited Budapest in 1939 and 1946 and came back in 1948 in company with Col. Sosthenes Behn, chairman of the Board of I. T. & T. for a secret meeting with Messrs. Sanders and Geiger.

Mr. Vogeler described Colonel Behn as a personal friend of President Truman, Secretary of State Dean Acheson, Gen. George C. Marshall and Henry Morgenthau, former Secretary of the Treasury.

On the count of sabotage, the objects of the Standard Company were to decrease production, and this was the object of other United States companies in Eastern Europe, he related. He had been instructed by his superiors to buy defective material for the company and sabotage deliveries to the Soviet Union.

He arranged the attempted flight from the country for Mr. Geiger and his family and Edina Doery.

Voices Regret for Deeds

After about three hours on the stand, Mr. Vogeler concluded: "I am sorry for the detrimental deeds I committed against this country and I ask for a mild sentence."

As yet there has been no indication what the penalty could be.

He said he had received a copy of the indictment eight days before the trial and had discussed it with his attorney, Dr. Imre Bard, a Hungarian.

The defendant, "Baroness" Edina Doery, said in court that she was a sister-in-law of Col. George Kovach, "the well-known intelligence officer." Her sister, Ilona, is the wife of Colonel Kovach, a United States officer now stationed in New York.

The woman witness said she obtained much information through her many acquaintances and as a telephone operator at the Astoria Hotel and that she had relayed it to Mr. Vogeler.

Mr. Domokos described himself as a pro-Fascist and an ardent pro-American. He said his real name was Kraus and that he was of German origin and a member of the Communist party. (AP)

U.S. Executive Pleads Guilty In Hungary

Budapest, Hungary, Feb. 18 (AP). Robert A. Vogeler, American business man, pleaded guilty to spy charges today and said that as an American agent he had been instructed to help atomic physicists escape from Hungary.

Calmly confessing to all the charges in the indictment against him, the 38-year-old telephone-company executive asked a Hungarian People's Court for "a mild sentence."

He said he used his position as assistant vice president of the International Telephone and Telegraph Company as a "cover for my espionage work."

Six Others On Trial

Vogeler's unemotional plea of guilty opened the second day of the trial in which he and six others—a Briton and five Hungarians—are accused of espionage and sabotage.

The last three Hungarian defendants followed Vogeler to the stand and also entered pleas of guilty. They were "Baroness" Edina Doery, a barmaid; Kelemen Domokos, a chief accountant for the Standard Company, a subsidiary of I.T.& T., and Dr. Istvan Justh, a Roman Catholic priest.

Vogeler's British assistant, Edgar Sanders, and two other Hungarian defendants pleaded guilty yesterday.

"Officer Since 1942"

Vogeler, who has been I.T.& T. representative in Europe since 1945, declared he had been a United States Army intelligence officer since 1942. As an electrical and mechanical engineer, he said, "espionage in the technical field is my specialty."

He testified that he had been instructed by United States Army intelligence officers in Vienna to dig up special information about radar production, rockets, uranium and oil deposits in Hungary and to get in touch with atomic physicists and help them escape.

No Signs Of Emotion

He was on the stand for two hours during the morning when he answered questions readily and with no signs of weariness nor emotion. Recalled to the stand in the afternoon, he declared:

"I am sorry for the detrimental deeds I committed against this country and I ask for a mild sentence."

The court said it would take Vogeler's leniency plea under consideration. It could not be learned immediately what possible penalty Vogeler faces.

Vogeler told the court he had been instructed by his superiors to commit sabotage by buying useless material and stocks for the Standard Electric Company, the I.T.& T. subsidiary in Hungary, and to sabotage deliveries for the Soviet Union and other eastern European countries.

Output Decrease Charged

The indictment against Vogeler and the others accuses them in part of deliberately decreasing the productive output of the Standard concern to the deteriment of the country.

He admitted giving the United States Army information on Hungarian military and industrial matters and said he had sent a map of Hungary's telephone and telegraph system out of the country. [Such information is considered a state secret in Communist-led countries.]

Vogeler told the court he was assigned to the American Counter-intelligence Corps (CIC) in Vienna, where he had his home, and had worked under a Brigadier General Howard.

[The reference was probably to Brig. Gen. Edward Howard, who came to Austria from Italy with Gen. Mark Clark, and was director of intelligence in the United States Army headquarters there until late 1946 or early 1947.]

"Trained Specialist"

Asked by the court if he was a "trained specialist intelligence officer of the United States Army," he replied: "Yes."

"I used my business activities only as a cover for my espionage work," he declared.

Vogeler, wearing a black suit, was called to the witness stand immediately after the court opened and asked if he felt guilty, the traditional Hungarian court question to an accused person.

He nodded and said, "I do."

The trial was adjourned until Monday shortly after the pleas of guilty were entered by the last three Hungarian defendants.

Miss Doery testified that she supplied Vogeler with "military, economic, political and information of a general character."

She said she was able to obtain such information through her wide acquaintance with such people as a hotel telephone operator.

Vogeler was under questioning by both the prosecutor and the presiding judge while he was on the stand.

Time To Study Charges

At one point the court asked Vogeler if he had an opportunity to study the indictment against him.

"I received the indictment eight days before the trial and had time to study it and discuss it with Dr. Imre Bard, my lawyer, whom I contacted freely without an interpreter since Dr. Bard speaks fluent English," Vogeler replied.

Then the judge asked:

"You had a preliminary hearing with me and the same interpreter as we now have. Do you admit that you recognized the charges freely during this hearing?"

"Yes, I do," Vogeler replied.

U.S. Statement

[In Washington yesterday, the State Department charged that Hungary's Communist Government had decided in advance to convict Vogeler. A formal statement also raised the question of whether Vogeler has been "subjected to coercion by intimidation, lack of food, drugging or other forms of mistreatment."

[In Vienna, Vogeler's Belgian-born wife yesterday termed the charges "utterly ridiculous and fantastic." She asserted that her husband was employed by the Kellogg Switchboard and Supply Company in La Grange, Ill., in 1942—when he said in his testimony he first became an American agent—and did not go to Europe until 1945.]

Vogeler testified that the Standard Electric Works had close connections with the United States Army general staff, and that high-ranking army officers had been appointed executives in the company.

"Under Military Control"

"Standard was under military control," he told the court.

Questioned about his alleged superiors in the espionage ring, Vogeler mentioned, in addition to Brigadier General Howard, a Colonel Foney of the Vienna headquarters of the United States Counterintelligence Corps.

Vogeler testified he received top secret data about military equipment and production from Hungarian agents.

He said he received information from Zoltan Rade, a section chief of the Hungarian Ministry of Heavy

Industry, Rado, one of the defendants, pleaded guilty yesterday at the opening of the trial. Imre Geiger, Hungarian director of the Standard Works, also pleaded guilty yesterday.

Looked At Judge

Vogeler turned his head to the audience whenever he looked at the interpreter, then turned back to the presiding judge, Vilmos Olthy, when giving answers.

He said he knew that Sanders was a British Intelligence Service agent.

Telling about his connections with the barmaid, "Baroness" Doery, Vogeler said he received from her information of a "general character," such as the reaction among Hungarians after the trials of former Foreign Minister Laszlo Rajk and Hungary's Cardinal Mindszenty. Rajk was hanged for plotting the overthrow of the Government and Cardinal Mindszenty was sentenced to life imprisonment for anti-state activities.

Vogeler also brought up the name of "Colonel Behn," which figured prominently in yesterday's confessions.

He described Behn as a professional banker with "very good connections in diplomatic circles in the United States."

Behn, he said, was a personal friend of President Truman, Secretary of State Dean Acheson, and former Secretary of Treasury Henry Morgenthau, Jr.

in 1942 to get mixed up with any FBI agents," she said.

She added: "It is obvious to anyone who knew Bob at all that he has been drugged or subjected to some kind of torture to make him say all these things. I don't know whether the torture was mental or physical—but they have certainly done something underhanded during the last three months."

official comment until formal reports on the trial are received from American representatives.

Vogeler, an American business man, pleaded guilty today in a Hungarian Peoples' Court. News dispatches from Budapest said he acknowledged using his position as assistant vice president of the International Telephone and Telegraph Company as a "cover for my espionage work."

Doubts Fair Treatment

State Department officials cited an official statement issued here yesterday on the Vogeler case. That statement expressed belief of the United States Government that Vogeler did not have fair treatment and that Hungary's Communist Government decided in advance to convict him.

It also raised the question of whether Vogeler had been "subjected to coercion by intimidation, lack of food, drugging or other forms of mistreatment."

Diplomatic relations between the United States and Hungary have been cool since he was arrested last fall and was barred from seeing American diplomatic representatives.

wartime promises, was another.

Noting that the Soviet Union restored the death penalty last month for espionage and sabotage, the newspaper declared this was a measure to carry out a blood purge of the conspirators, not all of whom have yet been caught.

The newspaper said it was not known whether the Kremlin would hold some public trials or dispose of all the suspects in secret.

No Direct Evidence

With the purge now under way, *Der Abend* said it learned from circles close to the Soviet Control Commission in Germany that Russian officers here had been "considerably disquieted."

It said the conspiracy reached into the political directorate of the Red Army, the Leningrad Municipal Administration, and the Soviet Ministry of State Security.

According to *Der Abend*, the ultimate goal was to set up a new republic of the great Russias with its capital at Leningrad.

Allied officers, studying the newspaper's claims, said they had no direct evidence confirming or repudiating them.

They pointed out:

The Soviet Union abolished the death penalty with fanfare, but has restored it with scarcely a word of explanation.

Rigid Disciplinary Rules

Friction between Leningrad and Moscow leaders has been a familiar fact in Soviet history. One Leningrad party boss, Serge Kirov, was assassinated in 1934. His successor, Andrei Zhdanov, died mysteriously in 1948.

Even among ordinary citizens, there is a feeling of rivalry. Battered by a long German siege, Leningrad is known to have felt slighted in reconstruction funds as allotted by Moscow.

Disciplinary rules in the Communist party are so rigid that a minor deviation in thought or act—such as Leningraders might be guilty of under postwar conditions—could become magnified into an incipient revolution.

Many Reports Incorrect

But the Allied officers also cautioned that Berlin is one of the zaniest spy centers in the world. East and West continually float provocative rumors in the cold war here.

Practically all Berlin newspapers have been embarrassed at one time or another by publishing reports which were subsequently proved incorrect.

This winter most West Berlin dailies speculated, for example, that Communist Prime Minister Otto Grotewohl had suffered a nervous breakdown, tried to commit suicide, and was under armed Soviet guard.

He returned here yesterday, however, looking fit after a six-week "rest cure" in the Soviet Union.

200 High Russ Officials Plotted Rebellion: Report

Berlin, Feb. 18 (AP)—A West Berlin newspaper declared today nearly 200 high Russian officials in Leningrad have plotted since the war to overthrow the Soviet Government. Official confirmation was lacking.

The American-licensed *Der Abend* said it was discovery of the conspiracy that caused Moscow to reimpose last month the death penalty for espionage and sabotage. Attributing its information to "sources close to the Soviet Control Commission in Eastern Germany," the newspaper added:

"After the plot collapsed, the Soviets started a secret purge action. Rumors of this have caused considerable disquiet in Karlshorst (Russian military headquarters for Berlin). The network of conspirators has not yet been fully uncovered."

Republic Seen Aim

The aim of the plot, according to *Der Abend*, was the creation of a great Russian republic with its capital at Leningrad.

"The conspirators feared that the expansionist policy of the Stalin-Malenkov clique could lead the Soviet Union dangerously close to war," the newspaper said.

"They realized that promises during the war of a higher living standard for the peoples of the Soviet Union were lies and deception."

Der Abend identified the leader of the plot as a Marshal Govorov, commandant of the Leningrad Military District until relieved in 1946.

[Marshal Leonid A. Govorov was the leader of the defense of Leningrad in World War II and directed the Soviet offensives that hurled back the Germans' northern flank and crushed Finnish resistance in 1944. He spoke for the Soviet Army at the funeral in Moscow's Red Square September 2, 1948, for Andrei A. Zhdanov, a secretary of the Communist party's Central Committee who ranked high in the Soviet leadership. Zhdanov was once the Communist boss of Leningrad.]

Der Abend said Govorov was joined by nearly 200 members of the political directorate of the Soviet Army, Leningrad city officials and even officers of the Ministry of State Security.

Der Abend said the conspirators already under arrest were once followers of Serge Kirov, once the Leningrad party boss, who was assassinated in 1934.

in a court at Jihlava, were charged with being members of a band that plotted to overthrow Czechoslovakia's Communist-led regime and with planning assassination of certain public figures.

Twenty-three other members of the group were convicted last Saturday. Three were sentenced to death at that time and others to prison terms ranging from four to 25 years.

Death Sentences

The three sentenced to death had been accused of working with an agent of an unnamed foreign power to send economic and military information abroad.

The trials were the largest known to have been held in Moravia since the Communists came to power in Czechoslovakia in 1948.

Although the controlled press has described most of the defendants as business men, the official list of the defendants' names showed they were workers, peasants and craftsmen.

The state charged they had carried out anti-state activities from the Fall of 1948 to July, 1949.

Ernst Certain Of Ability To Clear Vogeler

London, Feb. 18 (AP)—Morris Ernst, New York attorney, said here today that statements made by Robert A. Vogeler in the Budapest treason trial today "could easily be proven untrue if I were allowed to produce witnesses."

Vogeler, an American business man, confessed in Budapest to charges of espionage and sabotage. Ernst had been retained to defend Vogeler.

"Whenever police hold a man for even 24 or 48 hours incommunicado that's clear evidence they have no case," Ernst added. Vogeler has been held incommunicado since last November.

Ernst is trying to reach Budapest for the trial but has been unable to obtain a visa from Communist Hungary.

Under Hungarian law, a foreign attorney is prohibited from pleading a case in Hungary. Ernst has asked to be permitted in the court as an observer and to talk with Vogeler.

GERMANS TELL OF RUSS REVOLT

Plot At Leningrad Crushed, Berlin Paper Reports

Berlin, Feb. 18 (AP)—Western intelligence officers attempted tonight to sift a German newspaper report that the Stalin regime has just crushed a revolutionary plot in Leningrad.

The West Berlin tabloid, *Der Abend*, said nearly 200 high Leningrad officials, including Marshal Leonid A. Govorov, were involved in the conspiracy. There was no official confirmation.

Der Abend said it got its information from "sources close to the Soviet Control Commission in eastern Germany."

Death Penalty Restored

It declared fear that Prime Minister Stalin was coming close to war with his expansionist policy was one motive for the plot; disillusionment at the Soviet Government's failure to raise the living standards of the people, despite

VOGELER'S RECITAL STIRS SKEPTICISM

Wife Holds Drugs or Torture Was Used—Many Points Labeled Inaccurate

VIENNA, Austria, Feb. 18 (AP)—"My husband is merely recreating from memory a lot of lies that have been pounded into him for the last three months," Mrs. Robert A. Vogeler said today in commenting on the report that Mr. Vogeler had calmly confessed to all charges brought against him by the Hungarian Government.

Mrs. Vogeler, who lives in Vienna, heard the news of her husband's testimony in Budapest without showing any emotion except possibly that of exasperation.

"Bob was too busy washing diapers and doing war work in Chicago

Dept. Of State Hints Drugging Of Vogeler

Washington, Feb. 18 (AP)—State Department officials questioned anew today whether Robert A. Vogeler may have been drugged or intimidated into his plea of guilty to Hungarian spy charges.

The department itself withheld

ANOTHER PROTEST SENT TO RUSSIANS

West Complains Of Molestation Of Traffic In Germany

Berlin, Feb. 18 (AP) — Western commanders sent their fourth bitter protest since January 21 to Russia today against molestation of traffic between West Germany and Berlin.

The note accused the Russians of making "a calculated attempt to restrict the normal movement of persons and goods." Soviet Maj. Gen. Alexander Kotikov was told "the various pretexts you offer in justification do not conceal your apparent intention to disregard the formal commitments accepted by your Government."

Reliable sources described the note as being "both remedial and

preventive in nature."

New Maneuver Rumored

Berlin has been "blockade free" for much of the last two weeks, with road and rail traffic maintained at normal winter volume. But fifteen Berlin truck cargoes have been turned back at the Soviet zonal frontier and two have been confiscated since February 8.

There were rumors that the Russians were planning a new maneuver shortly—the temporary closing for repairs of the *autobahn* running from western Germany to Berlin.

Reliable sources said the British, French and United States commanders would fight the battle of words with Kotikov until the last minor restriction on this city's commerce with western Germany is lifted.

The only reason Kotikov ever has given was that goods stolen from eastern Germany was being concealed in truck cargoes.

Negotiations To Be Resumed

The main reason for harassment of Berlin truck traffic, Allied officials believe, is to expand freight revenues of the Russian zone railway. Revenue on traffic to western Germany is paid in western marks.

This traffic increased after the Russians applied slow-down tactics to truck freight.

East and west German economic negotiators are to resume on Monday their efforts to restore trade. The east-west trade was strangled when western Germany embargoed steel exports to eastern Germany on February 6. Officially, this was not a reprisal for the little blockade, but a result of eastern Germany lagging in fulfilling its part of a trade pact. The eastern zone Germans say they are now trying to make up their deficit before March 15.

in justification of these actions do not conceal your apparent intention to disregard the formal commitments accepted by your Government," the commandants wrote.

It was their fourth stiff note to Kotikov since January 21.

Previous Protest Week Ago

Only a week ago, the Allies charged that the Soviet command was illegally embargoing shipments of scrap metal from Berlin to western Germany.

"We are not prepared to accept this situation," they said at the time.

Earlier, they complained bitterly against the confiscation of some Berlin cargoes at the Soviet zone frontier and a slowdown on highway traffic to Berlin. The Russians' only answer was a letter February 4, in which Kotikov brushed aside the Allied protests and alleged that stolen metal from East Germany was being smuggled through Berlin.

Indicate More Coming

Allied sources indicated the commandants would keep up a verbal barrage against the Russians as long as Berlin traffic was under the slightest harassment.

Fifteen Berlin truck cargoes have been turned back at the Soviet zone frontier and two have been confiscated since February 8. However, truck traffic has encountered almost no Russian delays this week. Trains are running normally.

The commandants' latest protest also put on record again the Allies' claim that they have complete control over their own military trains in interzonal traffic.

They disputed the Russians' right to delay two American military trains in the past month by challenging the transport of non-American passengers.

Red Traffic Tieups Protested Again

Berlin, Feb. 18 (AP)—Another sharp Allied protest was sent to the Russians today against "deliberate interference" with Berlin's traffic to western Germany.

The American, British and French commandants told Soviet Maj. Gen. Alexander Kotikov in a letter that the Russians are making "a calculated attempt to restrict the normal movement of persons and goods."

"The various pretexts you offer

Bachelors Seek German Wives

Frankfurt, Feb. 18 (AP)—A "Bachelor Club" of Dent, Minn., has asked Frankfurt's Lord Mayor, Walter Kolb, to help them find German wives, the newspaper *Abendpost* said today.

The newspaper published what it said was a reproduction of the letter. The heading was:

"Twenty-three Americans want German women—but the Mayor is no marriage bureau."

Kolb passed the letter on to the *Abendpost* because he has no time to help the Minnesota bachelors, the newspaper said.

The letter said:

"After reading about one of your fair ladies writing to a mayor in this country for a husband, our Bachelor Club decided to write to you on a chance that you might publish these names in your daily papers.

"Awful Tired"

"Sorry to inconvenience you this way, but we are getting awful tired of being bachelors. To keep from getting the addresses mixed you can send them all to our clubroom at Rocky's Resort, Dent."

Under the letter the newspaper asked in black type:

"Which woman is interested in a honeymoon across the sea?"

It volunteered to forward any replies to Dent without cost.

The Dent bachelors have serious competition. On the same page the *Abendpost* published 175 other marriage ads.

MORMONS HEED CZECH DECREE

All But 3 Leave This Week; Church To Carry On Work

Prague, Czechoslovakia, Feb. 18 (AP)—All but three of the Mormon missionaries at liberty in Czechoslovakia are leaving next week, and the time left for the others is uncertain.

Wallace Toronto, head of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints here, said today eleven would leave next week to comply with a Government ruling forbidding foreign missionaries to work here.

He said the move was not connected with the arrest of two young Mormon missionaries January 28 on charges of "entering a prohibited area." The two are Stanley E. Abbott, of Lehi, Utah, and C. A. Johnson, of Idaho Falls, Idaho. They were picked up by police on a trip through Moravia to visit Czech Mormons living near the Polish border.

Czechs To Carry Out Work

Two missionaries will remain with Toronto to facilitate the departure of the eleven.

"Then my wife and six children will leave," Toronto said. "I will remain here as long as possible.

"The Mormon Church as such will continue to work in Czechoslovakia, but the work will be carried out entirely by Czechs."

The church has 250 converts in this Communist nation.

Toronto pointed out that, under current Czech church laws, all officiating clergymen and heads of religious sects must be Czechoslovak citizens. He said he had been negotiating with the Ministry of Church Affairs for an exemption, but "it is certain that we will not get that exemption."

Emphatic Suggestion

"While there has been no written order that the Western missionaries get out," he said, "it has been suggested—with emphasis—that we do so."

He said he had asked permission to remain in Czechoslovakia until his talks with the Government, including a discussion on recognition of the Mormon Church as a legitimate religious institution, are concluded.

Eight of the departing missionaries will go to the United States, two to England and the other "to a mission elsewhere," Toronto said.

Czechoslovak Priest Is Excommunicated

Vatican City, Feb. 18 (AP)—The Rev. Jan Dechet, who accepted a Czechoslovak Government nomination as "apostolic administrator," was excommunicated today by the Catholic Church.

Quotidiano, official organ of Italian Catholic Action, yesterday described the priest's nomination for the diocese of Banska Bystrica in the Communist-dominated country as "a grotesque gesture that not even the Nazis ever committed."

The Vatican's consistorial congregation—one of the eleven congregations that govern church affairs—published the notice of the priest's excommunication.

The decree said: "Because the priest Jan Dechet dared to accept from civil authorities the office of apostolic administrator . . . the sacred consistorial congregation inflicts upon him the excommunication especially reserved to the Holy See and orders that he be considered '*excommunicatus vitandi*' (excommunicated to be shunned)."

Poles Move To Israel

Tel Aviv, Israel (AP)—Nearly all of the Jews still in Poland have registered with the Israeli legation in Warsaw for immigration to Israel. Newspapers said 40,000 Polish Jews had asked permission to leave the country. Poland's Jewish population presently is estimated at between 50,000 and 60,000.

Russians Down A-Plant Photo Plane, Report

Marrakech, French Morocco, Feb. 18 (AP)—A recent attempt was made to photograph Russia's main atomic industrial site, but the Soviets shot the plane down with a new form of anti-aircraft fire, Kenneth De Courcy said today.

The British editor of the magazine *Intelligence Digest* added in a typed statement to the Associated Press correspondent here that Russia's atomic industry "is practically invulnerable."

De Courcy said he was "not at liberty" to disclose the identity of the nation that tried to photograph Russia's main atomic center by high-altitude flying.

Two weeks ago De Courcy said the Soviet Union had exploded the first hydrogen bomb. The report lacked any authoritative confirmation, as far as could be determined by the Associated Press.

CHINESE FORM SIKANG ARMY

40,000 Nationalist Guerrillas To Battle Reds

Taipei, Formosa, Feb. 18 (AP)—The Chinese Nationalists reported today that 40,000 of their troops had arrived safely in the Far Eastern province of Sikang and were reorganizing for guerrilla warfare against the Communists.

This and other official dispatches expressed growing optimism for strong guerrilla operations against the Reds, who have won control of practically all the Chinese mainland.

The 40,000 troops in Sikang were remnants of the one-time 250,000-man army of Gen. Hu Tsung-nan. He himself was said to be in Sikang preparing for further warfare.

It also was disclosed that Yang Je-nan, most powerful of Sikang's aboriginal chiefs, had been authorized to form an army to fight the Reds.

The Taipei press also noted that the Reds had sent no troops to help Liu Wen-hui, Sikang governor who switched to the pro-Red side last December.

Nationalist troops were reported already marching on Yaan, held by Liu. But no details were available.

Ho's Guerrillas Seize Key Village Near China

Hanoi, Indo-China, Feb. 18 (AP)—Guerrilla forces of Ho Chi-minh's Nationalist movement have captured an important village near the Chinese border, it was announced today.

Loss of the village of Pholu on the Red River will permit a stepping up of the flow of arms from China to Ho's forces, French sources said.

A French Army communiqué said 2,000 guerrillas captured the village after an attack with artillery and mortar fire against a small unit of French and Indo-Chinese defenders.

Manila Would Let Japan Have a Standing Army

MANILA, Feb. 18 (AP).—The Philippines is ready to consider allowing Japan a standing army for defense, although animosity is high here against the war-time invader, Foreign Office sources said today.

These sources reported that was one conclusion reached at a series of government conferences in the past few days on a possible early peace conference and a treaty for Japan.

The Philippines would insist, however, that safeguards be provided to prevent resurgence of Japan as a military power.

The conferences also agreed to

leave Emperor Hirohito in his present status under a democratic form of government and to demand reparations from Japan, the sources added. The amount of the reparations was not decided.

Informants said some points of the Philippines positions were threshed out with General Douglas MacArthur by Defense Secretary Ruperto Kangleon on his recent visit to Tokyo.

Arms Test In Arctic Is Half Completed

Donjek River, Yukon, Feb. 18 (AP)—Half of the joint Canadian-American Exercise Sweetbriar, a test of men and weapons in the Arctic, is over.

The first relay of senior Sweetbriar observers headed back to the "outside" today, and another relay, including the heads of Army commands, promptly took over.

The field reports coming in told of an American infantry company being ambushed by the "enemy" last night in the cold wastes across the Donjek River. The rapid advance of the Princess Patricia's Canadian light infantry on the left flank forced the enemy to withdraw.

The two units advanced side by side for the first time and today were north of the river with Americans as the forward elements.

In the mock air war, the Canadian-American Air Force was accorded air supremacy after two days of duelling with Alaska-based "aggressor" planes in brilliant skies over the mountains. The enemy now is reduced to surprise tactics.

Civilian Defense For Atom Urged

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18 (AP).—Chairman Millard Tydings (D., Md.), of the Senate Armed Services Committee, urged today that the military establishment give this session of Congress plans for atomic civilian defense.

"I would like to see plans developed by the military to such a point that we can bring legislation into being at this session and certainly not later than the next Congress," Tydings said.

Tydings is a member of the Joint Congressional Atomic Energy Committee, which Friday began an inquiry into the whole question of civil defense.

The Maryland lawmaker told reporters that in addition to a military plan, there might be a need for Congress to put "some laws on the books that go into effect in the event of certain contingencies."

He explained that such laws would deal primarily with industrial mobilization.

Lawmakers familiar with the atomic enterprise have long been worried about the problem of civil defense. Russia's atomic explosion last year and America's go-ahead order on the hydrogen bomb plus intensification of the "cold war" have focused new attention on the problem.

ALL TYPES OF WEAPONS

Tydings said that any attack against this country probably would include all weapons of warfare, not just atomic weapons.

He said he did not think it would be possible for an independent civilian civil defense setup to function without some military supervision because of the new weapons.

Along this line, one lawmaker said the Joint Atomic Committee had discussed civil defense with the Atomic Energy Commission Friday and that "tin hats and sand buckets are not going to solve this problem."

CLOSED DOOR HEARING

Tydings held that in a new emergency the Government probably would not have to require Americans to give up any more civil rights than they did in the last war.

The Joint Atomic Committee plans to hear the views of Joint Chiefs of Staff on civil defense behind closed doors next week. Representatives of the National Security Resources Board, which now has primary responsibility for civil defense, will be heard later in the month.

Connally Asks 3-Power Talks On Atom Arms

Washington, Feb. 18 (AP)—Senator Connally (D., Texas) said today the time may be near for a showdown conference with Russia on control of atomic weapons, including the hydrogen bomb.

If such a conference fails to bring an agreement, Connally said, this country ought to make it clear that "when bigger and better bombs are built, we'll build them."

Connally who heads the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, suggested a high level, three-power conference at which Secretary of State Acheson would represent the United States in negotiations with the foreign ministers of Great Britain and Russia.

"The Russians should make the first move, but they probably won't," he said.

Connally said he thinks the move for the showdown conference could be made outside the United Nations.

O'CONOR URGES MORE AID FOR SHIP BUILDERS

Warns Industry May Fall Below Safe U.S. Defense Standard

Washington, Feb. 18 (AP)—Senator O'Conor (D., Md.) said today that unless Congress liberalizes ship construction subsidies the United States shipbuilding industry will shrink below the standards needed for safe national defense.

O'Conor is sponsor of a series of amendments to the 1936 ship subsidy act. A Senate Commerce subcommittee has received some testimony on the legislation and will continue the hearings next week. Similar legislation is waiting action in the House.

"Unless something is done to spur new construction," O'Conor said in a statement, "the coming twelve months will witness such a contraction of shipbuilding activities—including probably the closing of Maryland's last active shipyard—as will absolutely disrupt even the minimum core of experienced ship construction workers."

1936 Act Explained

The 1936 act authorized the Maritime Commission to pay subsidies on both construction and operation of an American-flag merchant marine and passenger fleet to offset lower costs of foreign competition.

O'Conor's bill would revise, liberalize and expand construction aids.

He explained:

"The prime purpose of the bill is to establish conditions in the merchant marine field which will encourage the investment of private capital toward the construction of new vessels, particularly of the passenger-carrying type, by offering assurance of protection and reasonable return upon the investments."

Unless this is done, O'Conor said, "There will be thousands more of American merchant seamen on the beaches; the expert ship construction crews will be dispersed and made unavailable for any future needs, and the active trade in ship stores and supplies upon which so many of our ports depend will be destroyed because foreign ships buy nothing here they can buy outside the dollar area."

Measure's Aims Stated

Among other things the measure would:

1. Extend construction subsidies to all United States "ships in foreign trade." These now are limited to ships for foreign routes certified by the Maritime Commission as essential.

2. Allow shipowners to set aside from profits up to 10 per cent of capital investment in any one year instead of 5 per cent.

3. Free ship owners of liability for that part of the cost of a ship "approved by Navy as desirable for national defense."

4. Remove a $25,000 ceiling upon salaries of executives of companies receiving construction and operating subsidies.

E.C.A. Gives Dutch A $6,240,000 Grant

9 Countries Share in Total of $12,564,000 Allotted

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18 (AP).—Holland has received $6,240,000 to finance heavy purchases of sugar and naval stores under the Marshall plan. The spending approval was contained in new grants announced by the Economic Co-operation Administration. Seven European countries, China and Korea shared in the allocations, which totaled $12,564,000.

Holland's grant included $5,250,000 to buy raw sugar from an unspecified country in Latin America. The balance is earmarked for naval stores to be bought in the United States.

France received $1,114,000 to buy railroad equipment and industrial machinery in the United States.

Western Germany was alloted $2,094,000 to finance the purchase of tobacco and lumber and saw mill products from the United States, along with minor buying of non-ferrous metals in Latin America.

Other grants included $576,000 given China to finance purchase of raw cotton in the United States. Under the E. C. A. act, the commodities may only be shipped to non-Communist areas. Korea was alloted $1,388,000 for recovery commodities.

The transactions brought to $8,300,355,000 total allocations so far approved.

GI Fur Smuggling Was 'Discouraged'

Washington, Feb. 18 (AP)—The Fish and Wildlife Service said today United States Air Force personnel smuggled furs from Alaska to Europe during World War II.

The agency made the disclosure in announcing that the sea otters of Alaska and the Aleutian islands have done so well, under 40 years of Government protection, that they soon may be transplanted to other Alaska and Aleutian areas.

"This increase was in spite of the fact that many soldiers stationed in the Aleutians took a fancy at 'potting' sea otters," the announcement said.

"Some of the men tried to take home sea otter souvenirs—still worth several hundred dollars each in some of the world's markets—but Fish and Wildlife game management agent's 'discouraged' the practice.

"Finally, the killing of sea otters by soldiers and the smuggling of pelts to Europe by pilots was stopped with the Army's cooperation."

A service spokesman added that the airmen flew the pelts from Alaska to Colorado, where they were loaded aboard planes being ferried to England. He said he did not know how extensive the practice was.

Stassen Urges Red Talk With Bipartisan Team

Grand Rapids, Mich., Feb. 18 (AP). Harold E. Stassen tonight called on President Truman to reorganize the Democratic-Republican team and seek "a major mid-century conference with the leaders of the Soviet Union."

And he said that "American participation in the conference must . . . be bipartisan."

For, said the president of the University of Pennsylvania, Democrats have destroyed United States world prestige by sidestepping a bipartisan foreign policy.

"Never before in the history of the world," Stassen declared, "has a major nation lost so many of its objectives through the executive conduct of its foreign affairs as has this nation in the last five years."

"Not Too Late"

Stassen, one-time governor of Minnesota and unsuccessful aspirant for the Republican nomination for President of the United States two years ago, expressed the opinion in his address to a Republican gathering here that it is not too late to correct the United States foreign position.

The conference must be the initial step, he said, and "its delegates must specifically include not only the President, Dean Acheson, Louis A. Johnson and General Bradley but also Senator Vandenberg (R., Mich.), Senator Taft (R., Ohio), Bernard Baruch and General Eisenhower."

The major issues before such a mid-century conference, Stassen said, would be (1) "What shall we do with Asia?" and (2) "The hydrogen bomb?"

No "Bright Prospects"

Perhaps, Stassen said, there are no "bright prospects of success" at such a meeting. But, he added:

"I do most earnestly believe that however small the chance of success, the grim tragedy that would come to all mankind from a third world war absolutely requires that a nation with our moral foundation exhaust every possibility and do so repeatedly in an attempt to end the grim threat of war that lies in the race to increase atomic armament.

"Furthermore, even though such

a conference fails, or if the invitation is rebuffed, our moral leadership in the world will be strengthened, and ultimately the moral force will decide the fate of mankind."

No Rancor, No Bitterness

The Minnesotan, saying that he spoke "not with a spirit of rancor, nor of bitterness, nor of narrow partisanship," pointed this question:

"Is it not true that in this five-year period (1945-49) the sad failures in American foreign policy have occurred when the Administration has moved alone, when it has not sought Republican participation in making decisions and bipartisan support for decisions?

"Is it not also true that those instances in which there has been a measure of success have been those in which there has been Republican participation?"

Failures Listed

Stassen listed what he termed three major blunders: (1) The failure of United States armies to occupy Berlin in World War II; (2) "concessions to Russia" at the Potsdam conference, and (3) by lack of action in China, contributing "immeasurably to the . . . Communist domination in China."

And, he said that these were improvements undertaken with Democratic-Republican co-operation: (1) The United Nations; (2) the Marshall plan.

He urged that the United States assure China and the rest of Asia "the Communist propaganda that we are deserting all of Asia is false."

"Agreement should be sought," he said, "on some able individual to become the administrator of the American aid to Asia program.

"That person would have powers and duties parallel to those of Paul Hoffman in Europe."

The Hydrogen Bomb

As for the hydrogen bomb:

"Clearly the decision to proceed to develop this is right for it comes at a time when there is every indication that the Soviet Union is proceeding to build its war strength in every way."

Stassen said that if his proposed mid-century conference—to be undertaken with Great Britain and France as well as Russia—should fail, then:

"America can . . . proceed, by employing every possible means—not only the radio but also by literature distributed by balloons and high-flying airplanes—to send information over the Iron Curtain to the Russian people.

Hydrogen Bomb Development Won't Halt Atom Medical Work

Oak Ridge, Tenn., Feb. 18 (AP)—Federal officials made it clear today that development of the new hydrogen bomb will go forward without sidetracking humane aspects of the atom's power.

That fact stood out as the Government officially opened the world's strangest drugstore and chemical shop—an "atomic apothecary"—which will turn out peacetime byproducts of the A-bomb for medical and other research.

Although production will be on an "assembly-line basis," it will deal with incredibly tiny amounts of active atomic ingredients—probably measured in ounces, at the most, over a whole year's production time from thousands of workers.

"First Gift To Mankind"

But, injected into solutions or solid compounds, these atomic materials will give out a tremendous radioactive wallop.

Today's occasion was a press tour of a newly established processing area for radioactive isotopes at the Atomic Energy Commission's Oak Ridge National Laboratory.

Radioactive isotopes are the ray-emitting substances which the AEC calls "atomic energy's first great gift to mankind."

These substances — produced with the help of the same uranium which could be used to bomb a city—are valuable aids in medical, biological, industrial and agricultural research. They are "hot atoms," giving off millions of atomic rays every second.

They are all valuable as "tracer" materials in research because the "signals" they emit allow scientists to trace what happens to them in the body, in growing plants and in various industrial and other processes. Some are effective in the direct treatment of certain diseases in the same way that radium and X-ray are.

Up to now, they have been prepared for shipment to scientists in various parts of the world by rather crude, catch-as-can methods.

These have been rough improvisations necessitated by the fact that this Oak Ridge plant in the Tennessee hills was designed originally as the birthplace of a fearsome weapon. There were no special facilities for handling isotope materials on a large scale.

Get Home Of Their Own

But now, these radioactive foundlings of war research have been given a brand-new home of their own—a special setup designed to make their processing faster, safer, more plentiful and cheaper.

The new "shop" is a wonderland of remote control devices, mirrors, periscopes and protective shielding.

RadiationHeredity Tests Use Mice

Oak Ridge, Tenn., Feb. 18 (AP)—Atomic scientists are placing their hopes on 100,000 mice to find out the possible effects of radiation on the heredity of man.

Forty thousand rodents are already on the job in special laboratories here—getting periodic doses of X-ray. Scientists plan eventually to increase the colony to 100,000.

But they say it will take at least ten years and studies of lots of mouse generations before any conclusions can be drawn.

The research is aimed primarily at studying the effects of measured doses of X-ray on the "genes" of the mice—the genes being the material in cells which carry hereditary traits.

It is known that a number of things, such as heat and radiation, can produce changes in the genes of all living things.

But in man and the higher animals at least, it is not known at what point radiation might be expected to constitute a "serious" hazard from the standpoint of producing possible defects in the offspring of persons exposed.

ATOM SCIENCE THROWS LIGHT ON ANTIQUITY

Geiger Count Of Carbon 14 In Relics Can Fix Approximate Age

Los Angeles, Feb. 18 (AP)—Atomic science, which is developing a bomb that could set a time limit to civilization, has developed a way to establish accurately the time of ancient civilizations.

Dr. Helmut de Terra, noted geologist-explorer, says the new method, perfected by Dr. Willard F. Libby, of the University of Chicago's Institute for Nuclear Physics," "gives us a new chance to reconstruct the total heritage of mankind."

In 1947, Dr. de Terra discovered in the Valley of Mexico, near Mexico City, the skull and nearly complete skeleton of a primitive man he estimates lived 20,000 years ago. The scientists has named it the Tepexpan Man, and says it is one of the most ancient specimens of man found in the Americas.

Age Traced Through Carbon 14

Specimens of plant life found in the same strata have been sent to the University of Chicago. With the new radio carbon method, Dr. de Terra said, the antiquity of the Tepexpan Man can be accurately estimated within 500 years.

He explained the new method this way: All plant and animal life contains carbon dioxide, and carbon dioxide contains a substance known as Carbon 14, which is minutely radioactive.

The instant a plant or animal dies, the intake of carbon dioxide—Carbon 14—stops. And at the same instant Carbon 14 starts to disintegrate.

The Geiger count rate of Carbon 14 has been established—that is, the number of clicks it causes in a Geiger counter in a minute. As the substance disintegrates, the number of Geiger clicks per minute become fewer. This, of course, is because the radioactivity of Carbon 14 is diminishing.

It Lingers 25,000 Years

The rate it diminishes also has been established and tested over a three-year period. Carbon 14 completely disintegrates in 25,000 years. But up to that point, its age can be determined with considerable accuracy.

"This method will give geologists an opportunity to check their calculations," Dr. de Terra explained. "For instance, we can now learn accurately when the ice of the last glacial age retreated from Illinois or Indiana.

"How? We have pieces of wood we know were trapped by the ice when it retreated. The wood came from trees which lived at that time. All we have to do is check the Geiger count of the Carbon 14 in the wood."

Walking On Rugs Thrills Yugoslav Orphan Girl

Monaca, Pa., Feb. 18 (AP)—This western Pennsylvania steel town today gave an 11-year-old Yugoslav girl the first real home she can remember.

She is Dragica Grujic, one of Europe's millions of displaced persons. She is displaced no longer.

"The whole town (pop. 7,000) has turned out to meet her," said her aunt and foster mother, Mrs. Peter Sharatz.

Many of the visitors have brought gifts. The kind Dragica likes best are food and clothing.

"Like Kid At Christmas"

"She's like a kid at Christmastime," said her Uncle Peter Sharatz, who is now her father by adoption. "Only," he added, "she doesn't remember what Christmas should be like."

"She can't get over walking on rugs," said Mrs. Sharatz. The places Dragica lived in most of her life didn't even have floors.

Dragica's parents were killed early in the German invasion. Her grandmother took care of her after that. They lived in caves and in woods, eating anything they could find. Her grandmother died last December.

The little girl first saw white bread on the ship that brought her over—the Adriatic Lines' passenger-carrying freighter Serbia. To her white bread still seems better than cake.

Her new parents met her in Philadelphia and brought her home last night on a plane.

"I was a little bit sick at sea," said Dragica, with Mrs. Sharatz interpreting. "But the plane trip was fun.

Learning English

"It was at night but still light enough to see the earth moving under us. It was wonderful, too, just looking out at the sky."

The first thing she's going to learn is to speak English, she said. Already she has made a start. On the boat coming over, a Canadian passenger taught her the courtesy phrases, such as "yes, sir," "no ma'am," "thank you" and "good-by."

Red China $100 Fails To Buy a Stamp Here

By The Associated Press.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Feb. 18—Assistant Postmaster William L. Palmer dug into his own pocket for a three-cent stamp today because a $100 Chinese Communist bill failed to cover postage.

Mr. Palmer said he received a letter from a Hong Kong resident and a note asking that he put on the address of a Syracuse resident. The writer enclosed $100 in Red China currency, noting that "it may be worth about three cents."

The postal official said he could not learn the "going exchange rate" of the money, but doubted it was worth the price of the stamp.

V-2 Soars 92 Miles in Test

WHITE SANDS, N. M., Feb. 18 (AP).—A V-2 rocket fired here yesterday in upper atmospheric research reached an altitude of ninety-two miles. The war head was blown free on the down leg trajectory, Captain Paul Davidson, public information officer, said. The rocket landed in the proving ground range forty miles north of the launching platform. It reached a speed of 3,300 miles an hour.

Hutchins Says Red Bomb 'Ended Military Power'

WINTER PARK, Fla., Feb. 18 (AP).—Dr. Robert M. Hutchins, chancellor of the University of Chicago, today said "military power ended the day the Russians exploded their first atomic bomb."

"Military power is important if it enables you to do something to somebody else that he cannot do to

you at about the same time to about the same extent," he said. When the Russians set off their bomb, he said, "It became impossible for us to exert such power without suffering irreparable damage ourselves."

Dr. Hutchins made his remarks at the inauguration of Dr. Paul Wagner as president of Rollins College. During the ceremony, Dr. Hutchins received the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws.

Dr. Hutchins was mainly concerned , however, with education, and criticized President Truman's Commission on Higher Education, which he said had "deepest democratic convictions but most undemocratic educational ideas. We are urged upon a course that divides the population into the mass and the elite," he said. "The mass, who are not really capable of being educated, should not be allowed to clutter up existing educational institutions because they are not bright enough."

'Great Mistake,' Lucas Calls Hiss Stand Of Acheson

Chicago, Feb. 18 (AP)—Senator Lucas (D., Ill.) said today Secretary Acheson's stand on Alger Hiss was a "great mistake."

"I told President Truman I would not defend Acheson if the matter comes up on the Senate floor," the Senate majority leader said.

Lucas, in an interview, called Acheson's news conference remark, "I will not turn my back on Alger Hiss," a "great mistake."

"Acheson got emotional," Lucas said. "But I don't think it will become a campaign issue—not a big one anyway."

Hiss, former State Department official, was convicted of perjury in denying he gave State Department secrets to the former Communist courier, Whittaker Chambers.

Lucas said "there is no truth" to a charge by Senator McCarthy (R., Wis.) that there are at least 57 card-carrying Communists in the State Department.

Lucas called McCarthy "the great headline hunter of the world" and said he "simply doesn't have the facts. Let him produce names."

"If I made a charge like that," Lucas added, "I would be ashamed of myself for the rest of my life."

VOGELER

VIENNA, AUSTRIA, FEB.18-(AP)-DISBELIEF IN THE CONFESSION OF ROBERT A.VOGELER AS GIVEN IN THE BUDAPEST SPY TRIAL WAS EXPRESSED HERE TODAY BY HIS BELGIAN-BORN WIFE, MRS.LUCILE VOGELER.

"IT WOULD BE IMPOSSIBLE FOR HIM TO SAY SUCH THINGS WITHOUT ANY SHOW OF EMOTION," SHE SAID. "HE JUST ISN'T THAT KIND OF A MAN.

"BOB WAS TOO BUSY WASHING DIAPERS AND DOING WAR WORK IN CHICAGO IN 1942 TO GET MIXED UP WITH ANY FBI AGENTS. IT IS OBVIOUS TO ANYONE WHO KNEW BOB AT ALL THAT HE HAS BEEN DRUGGED OR SUBJECTED TO SOME KIND OF TORTURE TO MAKE HIM SAY ALL THESE THINGS."

U.S.STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS IN WASHINGTON SIMILARLY STOOD ON A STATEMENT ISSUED FRIDAY RAISING THE QUESTION WHETHER HE HAD BEEN "SUBJECTED TO COERCION BY INTIMIDATION, LACK OF FOOD, DRUGGING OR OTHER FORMS OF MISTREATMENT."

COL.SOSTHENES BEHN, CHAIRMAN OF THE INTERNATIONAL TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY OF WHICH VOGELER WAS A ROVING EXECUTIVE, SAID "DATES AND OTHER ACTIVITIES MENTIONED ARE NOT ONLY AT VARIANCE WITH THE KNOWN FACTS BUT COULD NOT POSSIBLY HAVE BEEN TRUE IN THE LIGHT OF A FULL KNOWLEDGE OF VOGELER'S WHEREABOUTS."

"IF THE HUNGARIAN GOVERNMENT HAS NOTHING TO FEAR, THEY WILL ADMIT VOGELER'S AMERICAN COUNSEL," HE SAID.

MORRIS ERNST, A NEW YORK LAWYER, WAS STILL TRYING TO REACH BUDAPEST TO ACT AS AN OBSERVER IN COURT AND TO TALK TO VOGELER. HE WAS IN LONDON TODAY AND SEEMED UNLIKELY TO REACH HUNGARY, IF AT ALL, BEFORE THE TRIAL IS OVER.

HE STILL DID NOT HAVE A VISA FROM THE HUNGARIAN GOVERNMENT TO ENTER THE COUNTRY.

"THEY HAVEN'T TURNED ME DOWN BUT IT HASN'T BEEN GRANTED YET," HE SAID IN LONDON. HE IS DUE HERE TOMORROW, HOPING TO PICK UP A VISA AT THE HUNGARIAN MISSION HERE.

EVEN IF HE REACHES BUDAPEST, HUNGARIAN LAW WOULD PREVENT A FOREIGNER FROM ACTING AS VOGELER'S ATTORNEY.

ERNST TERMED THE TRIAL A CASE OF "LEGISCIDE--A DESTRUCTION OF LEGAL PROCEDURE."

ONE OF VOGELER'S FORMER BUSINESS ASSOCIATES, PAUL MC K.DEELEY, VICE PRESIDENT OF CORNELL-DUBILIER CORPORATION IN SOUTH PLAINFIELD, N.J., SAID THE TRIAL WAS AN EXCUSE FOR THE HUNGARIAN GOVERNMENT TO SEIZE THE I.T. & T. PROPERTY IN HUNGARY.

THE FIRM SENT VOGELER TO EUROPE IN 1939 TO SUPERVISE THE BUILDING OF PLANTS FOR I.T. & T.

VOGELER HAS CROSSED THE ATLANTIC 39 TIMES. HE WAS GRADUATED FROM ANNAPOLIS IN 1933, BUT NEVER WENT ON ACTIVE DUTY IN THE NAVY.

AFTER HIS 1939 TRIP TO EUROPE, WHERE HE MET HIS WIFE, HE LIVED IN JACKSON HEIGHTS, LONG ISLAND, N.Y. LATER, IN 1940, HE MOVED TO LA GRANGE, ILL., WHERE HE WORKED FOR THE KELLOGG SWITCHBOARD AND SUPPLY COMPANY. THE VOGELERS HAVE TWO SONS.

VOGELER CAME TO VIENNA AS CENTRAL EUROPEAN REPRESENTATIVE OF I.T. & T. IN AUGUST, 1945.

PS612PES

WITH BUDAPEST (220)

NEW YORK, FEB.18-(AP)-THE CHAIRMAN OF THE INTERNATIONAL TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH CO. SAID TODAY THE EVIDENCE IN THE BUDAPEST SPY TRIAL OF ROBERT A.VOGELER IS "AT VARIANCE WITH THE KNOWN FACTS."

COL.SOSTHENES BEHN, THE CHAIRMAN, IN A STATEMENT CABLED FROM SANTIAGO, CHILE, AND RELEASED BY THE COMPANY HERE, URGED THE HUNGARIAN GOVERNMENT TO ADMIT NEW YORK LAWYER MORRIS ERNST TO DEFEND VOGELER, WHO PLEADED GUILTY TODAY TO THE SPY CHARGES.

"IF THE HUNGARIAN GOVERNMENT HAS NOTHING TO FEAR," BEHN SAID, "THEY WILL ADMIT VOGELER'S AMERICAN COUNSEL." ERNST IS IN LONDON AND WILL LEAVE FOR VIENNA TOMORROW HOPING TO PICK UP A HUNGARIAN VISA TO PERMIT HIM TO ENTER HUNGARY.

BEHN SAID: "DATES AND ALLEGED ACTIVITIES MENTIONED ARE NOT ONLY AT VARIANCE WITH THE KNOWN FACTS BUT COULD NOT POSSIBLY HAVE BEEN TURE IN THE LIGHT OF A FULL KNOWLEDGE OF VOGELER'S WHEREABOUTS."

HE ADDED: "AT THIS MOMENT WHEN THE COUNTINUING IT IS OF COURSE IMPOSSIBLE TO ANSWER EVERY NEW ALLEGATION THAT IS MADE BUT THE ASSERTIONS AND DISTORTIONS COMING OUT OF BUDAPEST INDICATE THAT WE MAY EXPECT A CONTINUATION OF SUCH A WARPED LINE OF THINKING WHICH ALL GOES INTO A HAT AND COMES OUT UNDER THE LABEL O

LINE OF THINKING WHICH ALL GOES INTO A HAT AND COMES OUT UNDER THE LABEL OF ESPIONAGE OR SABOTAGE."

SF133PES

VIENNA FIRST ADD FOLO BUDAPEST XXX THREE MONTHS.

VOGELER CONFESSED BEFORE A HUNGARIAN PEOPLES COURT TODAY THAT HE HAD BEEN AN AMERICAN ESPIONAGE AGENT SINCE 1942.

HE MET HIS BELGIUM-BORN WIFE, LUCILE, IN 1939. THEY WERE MARRIED AT HER HOME IN GHENT, BELGIUM, AND LEFT FOR THE UNITED STATES THE SAME YEAR.

THEIR FIRST SON, BOBBIE, WAS BORN IN JACKSON HEIGHTS, LONG ISLAND, N.Y., IN 1940. THEIR SECOND SON, BILLY, WAS BORN IN LA GRANGE, ILL., IN 1941 WHILE VOGELER WAS WORKING FOR THE KELLOGG SWITCHBOARD AND SUPPLY COMPANY.

VOGELER CONTINUED WITH THE KELLOGG COMPANY UNTIL NEAR THE END OF THE WAR WHEN JOINED THE I.T. & T. IN 1945 TO BECOME ASSISTANT VICE PRESIDENT AND CENTRAL EUROPEAN REPRESENTATIVE.

MRS. VOGELER JOINED HIM IN FEBRUARY, 1946. SHE BECAME A NATURALIZED AMERICAN CITIZEN IN CHICAGO IN 1945.

ME813AES

"I DON'T KNOW WHY THEY'RE AFRAID TO LET IN ONE AMERICAN LAWYER WHO CAN'T EVEN ASK QUESTIONS IN COURT," THE NEW YORK ATTORNEY DECLARED. (Add Vogeler)

IN SUBURBAN NEW MALDEN, MISS DAGMAR SANDERS, SISTER OF EDGAR SANDERS, A BRITON, WHO CONFESSED TO BEING AN ACCOMPLICE OF VOGELER, SAID HER BROTHER " MUST HAVE BEEN FORCED" TO MAKE HIS COURT STATEMENTS. "I KNOW THEY ARE NOT TRUE," SHE ADDED.

D/SF1203PES

BUDAPEST--FIRST ADD NIGHT LEAD VOGELER (A181-133) XXX COMMUNIST PARTY.

LATE TONIGHT THE BUDAPEST RADIO BROADCAST A RECORDING OF THE COURT PROCEEDINGS, ESPECIALLY THE TESTIMONY OF VOGELER ENDING WITH HIS PLEA FOR CLEMENCY. THE BROADCAST SHOWED THAT THE QUESTIONS BY THE COURT WERE PUT TO VOGELER IN HUNGARIAN, THEN TRANSLATED INTO ENGLISH FOR HIS BENEFIT. VOGELER, HIS VOICE STEADY, REPLIED IN ENGLISH, AND THIS IN TURN WAS TRANSLATED INTO HUNGARIAN.

FD559PES

BERLIN, FEB. 16-(AP)-THE BRITISH ZONE RADIO SAID TONIGHT THAT PLANS HAVE BEEN CANCELLED FOR AN "INVASION" OF THE ALLIED SECTORS OF BERLIN BY THE COMMUNIST FREE GERMAN YOUTH (FDJ) IN MAY.

THE RADIO SAID THE FDJ EXECUTIVE COUNCIL FEARED THAT YOUNG EAST GERMANS WOULD BE "IDEOLOGICALLY INFLUENCED" BY SEEING HIGHER LIVING STANDARDS IN WEST BERLIN. FDJ LEADERS COULD NOT BE REACHED FOR COMMENT.

THE INVASION WAS PREDICTED FEB.5 AT BONN BY KURT SCHUMACHER, WEST GERMAN SOCIALIST AND OPPOSITION LEADER. HE SAID THAT THE YOUNG EASTERN COMMUNISTS WOULD TRY TO SEIZE CONTROL OF WEST BERLIN DURING A RALLY OF HALF A MILLION MEMBERS MAY 27-29.

SCHUMACHER SAID THERE WAS A PLOT FOR SOVIET ZONE POLICE AMONG THE MARCHERS TO GO INTO ACTION AFTER THE YOUTHS, ARMED WITH MOUNTAIN CLIMBERS' POLES, PARALYZED TRAFFIC AND CAUSED DISTURBANCES. HE PROPOSED THAT ALLIED TANKS GUARD THE CITY.

WESTERN ALLIED OFFICIALS ANSWERED THAT THEY WOULD NOT ATTEMPT TO BUILD A POLICE WALL AROUND WEST BERLIN. "WE MIGHT, INTEAD, SHAKE THE COMMUNISTS' FANATICISM BY SHOWING THEM THAT THINGS ARE BETTER HERE THAN IN THE RUSSIAN SECTOR," THEY SAID. HE PROMISED ADEQUATE SECURITY MEASURES.

ED-PS603PES

BERLIN, FEB. 16-(AP)-THE OFFICIAL SOVIET ARMY NEWSPAPER HERE SPEARHEADED A COMMUNIST PRESS ATTACK TODAY ON BERLIN'S ROMAN CATHOLIC CARDINAL, CALLING HIM A "LIAR" AND A "GLADIATOR FOR AMERICAN IMPERIALISM."

THE OUTBURSTS AGAINST KONRAD CARDINAL VON PREYSING WERE PROMOTED BY HIS BAN THURSDAY ON PRIESTS JOINING THE COMMUNIST-DIRECTED "NATIONAL FRONT OF DEMOCRATIC GERMANY."

THE SOVIET MILITARY ORGAN TAEGLICHE RUNDSCHAU ACCUSED THE VATICAN OF PROMOTING A PARTITION OF GERMANY SO THAT THE SEPARATED WESTERN STATE WOULD HAVE A CATHOLIC MAJORITY.

IT ALLEGED THE VATICAN IS IN A PLOT WITH AMERICAN BIG MONEY INTERESTS TO ACHIEVE "A WORLD SPIRITUALLY LINKED TO ROME AND ECONOMICALLY PLUNDERED BY WALL STREET."

CARDINAL VON PREYSING IN A LETTER TO HIS CLERGY WARNED THAT COMMUNISTS WERE TRYING TO EXTEND A ONE PARTY DICTATORSHIP OVER THE WHOLE OF GERMANY AND WERE SUPPRESSING FREEDOM OF BELIEF IN THE RUSSIAN ZONE.

ANGRILY PROTESTING THAT "COMPLETE RELIGIOUS FREEDOM" EXISTS IN EAST GERMANY, THE SOVIET NEWSPAPER CALLED THE CARDINAL'S STATEMENT "A LIE WHICH DOES NOT BECOME THE TRUTH THROUGH REPETITION."

THE SOVIET EDITORIAL ALSO LASHED AT THE BERLIN EVANGELICAL CONSISTORY FOR ADVISING THE PROTESTANT CLERGY IN EAST GERMANY TO KEEP THEMSELVES OUT OF NATIONAL FRONT ACTIVITIES.

IT SAID CATHOLIC AND PROTESTANT RESTRICTIONS IN THE SOVIET ZONE COINCIDED WITH THE VATICAN'S ATTEMPT "TO BUILD A 'CHRISTIAN LEAGUE' AGAINST THE FREE PEOPLES OF THE WORLD."

THE COMMUNIST NEWSPAPER BERLINER ZEITUNG DESCRIBED THE CARDINAL AS "A BAD SHEPHERD" WHO HAD "DECLARED WAR ON THE GERMAN PEOPLE AND THEIR PROGRAM."

IT CONTINUED: "SINCE A NUMBER OF GROUPS OF AMERICAN AGENTS HAVE BEEN SMASHED IN EAST GERMANY IT NOW APPEARS TO BE THE CHURCH'S TURN TO TAKE THEIR PLACE."

KA943AES

FRANKFURT, GERMANY, FEB.16-(AP)-MRS.WETTE MADSEN, 22, SAW HER FATHER TODAY FOR THE FIRST TIME SINCE SHE WAS ARRESTED LAST FALL ON A CHARGE OF KILLING HER U.S.AIR FORCE HUSBAND.

ALFRED NOACK, OF BROOKLYN, THE FATHER, CONFERRED WITH MRS.MADSEN AT THE AIR FORCE HOSPITAL IN WIESBADEN, WHERE SHE IS BEING HELD PENDING TRIAL. HE ARRIVED YESTERDAY BY PLANE.

"I AM ABSOLUTELY CONVICCED THAT IF MY DAUGHTER DID THIS, SHE WAS CERTAINLY NOT IN HER RIGHT MIND AT THE TIME," NOACK SAID.

MRS.MADSEN, PRETTY BRUNETTE MOTHER OF TWO CHILDREN, 8' -:-7'3$ OF

MRS.MADSEN, PRETTY BRUNETTE MOTHER OF TWO CHILDREN, IS ACCUSED OF SLAYING HER HUSBAND, ANDREW F.MADSEN, OF OAKLAND, CALIF., WITH A SINGLE PISTOL SHOT AFTER A PARTY.

NOACK AND HIS DAUGHTER WERE TOGETHER FOR SEVERAL HOURS. HE DECLINED TO GIVE ANY DETAILS ON THE MEETING.

MRS.MADSEN IS EXPECTED TO ATTEND A HEARING MONDAY BEFORE AN AMERICAN COURT HERE ON A PLEA OF INSANITY WHICH HER ATTORNEYS HAVE FILED.

PS919PES

BONN, GERMANY, FEB. 18-(AP)-UNEMPLOYMENT IN WESTERN GERMANY HAS PASSED THE 2,000,000 MARK, THE LABOR MINISTRY ANNOUNCED TODAY.

DURING THE FIRST TWO WEEKS OF FEBRUARY THE NUMBER OF JOBLESS INCREASED 120,000 TO 2,018,000, THE MINISTRY SAID. THE RATE OF INCREASE SLOWED DOWN FROM JANUARY. IN THE FIRST HALF OF JANUARY 224,000 WEST GERMANS LOST THEIR JOBS.

ONLY TWO DAYS AGO THE ALLIED HIGH COMMISSIONERS ASKED FEDERAL CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER HOW HE PROPOSED TO TACKLE THE CRITICAL UNEMPLOYMENT PROBLEM. WHAT ADENAUER TOLD THEM HAS NOT BEEN REVEALED.

THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, HOWEVER, HAS ANNOUNCED A PLAN TO CURTAIL UNEMPLOYMENT BY PUBLIC WORKS, INCREASING EXPORTS AND BUILDING NEW HOMES.

JR839AES

NAMES OF THOSE WHO SIGNED THE LETTER, AS PUBLISHED BY THE NEWSPAAER:

OLLIVER EBBESSON, MAYNARD OLSON, JULIUS SATTER, MIKE HOLLOWAY, LAURENCE MORTENSON, MELVIN SATTER, ORVIN MONSON, EMIL MATSON, MELVIN DRAYTON, LEONARD MOLTZAN, WILLIE BICE, MULFORD SATTER, JAMES ONGUTAD, VIVIAN FRETZ, HOWARD HAMBERG, WILLIAM GRAHN, STANLEY MORTENSON, BILL HOLLOWAY, PHILIP NELSON, WOODROW MORTENSON, TUCKER ROSS, PHILIP A. NELSON, JOHN LINMAN.

Frankfurt (Weiss) VKF ADS WW1056AES

~~PRECEDE VATICAN CITY DAY~~

~~PRAGUE, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, FEB.18-(AP)~~-HIGH CATHOLIC SOURCES TONIGHT BRANDED AS "BRUTAL INTERFERENCE" THE ACTION OF THE CZECH GOVERNMENT IN INSTALLING ITS OWN CANDIDATE AS APOSTOLIC ADMINISTRATOR OF A SLOVAKIAN DIOCESE AFTER TURNING OUT THE CHURCH APPOINTEE.

THE ACTION SHOWS, THESE SOURCES SAID, THAT "COMMUNISM HAS DEFINITELY DECIDED TO UPROOT THE MISSION OF THE CHURCH AND TO DESTROY THE CLERICAL LIFE."

THE ACTION SHOWS, THESE SOURCES SAID, THAT "COMMUNISM HAS DEFINITELY DECIDED TO UPROOT THE MISSION OF THE CHURCH AND TO DESTROY THE CLERICAL LIFE."

IN A STATEMENT MADE AVAILABLE TO WESTERN NEWSMEN THEY DESCRIBED FATHER JAN DECHET, THE GOVERNMENT-APPROVED ADMINISTRATOR, AS AN "INTRUDER AND VOLE IN THE HERD OF THE FAITHFUL." HE WAS EXCOMMUNICATED FROM THE CATHOLIC CHURCH TODAY.

PS916PES

~~PRAGUE, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, FEB 18-(AP)-~~TWENTY-SIX MEN CONVICTED OF ANTI-STATE ACTIVITIES BY A MORAVIAN STATE COURT WERE SENTENCED TODAY TO JAIL TERMS RANGING FROM ONE TO 25 YEARS.

THE DEFENDANTS WHO WERE TRIED IN A COURT AT JIHLAVA WERE CHARGED WITH BEING MEMBERS OF A BAND WHICH PLOTTED TO OVERTHROW CZECHOSLOVAKIA'S COMMUNIST-LED REGIME AND WITH PLANNING ASSASSINATION OF CERTAIN PUBLIC FIGURES.

TWENTY-THREE OTHER MEMBERS OF THE GROUP WERE CONVICTED LAST SATURDAY. THREE WERE SENTENCED TO DEATH AT THAT TIME AND OTHERS TO PRISON TERMS RANGING FROM FOUR TO 25 YEARS.

THE THREE SENTENCED TO DEATH HAD BEEN ACCUSED OF WORKING WITH AN AGENT OF AN UNNAMED FOREIGN POWER TO SEND ECONOMIC AND MILITARY INFORMATION ABROAD.

THE TRIALS WERE THE LARGEST KNOWN TO HAVE BEEN HELD IN MORAVIA SINCE THE COMMUNISTS CAME TO POWER IN CZECHOSLOVAKIA IN 1948.

ALTHOUGH THE CONTROLLED PRESS HAS DESCRIBED MOST OF THE DEFENDANTS AS BUSINESSMEN, THE OFFICIAL LIST OF THE DEFENDANTS' NAMES SHOWED THEY WERE WORKERS, PEASANTS AND CRAFTSMEN.

THE STATE CHARGED THEY HAD CARRIED OUT ANTI-STATE ACTIVITIES FROM THE FALL OF 1948 TO JULY 1949.

ME857AES

BY NATE POLOWETZKY

~~PRAGUE, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, FEB~~ 18-(AP)-ELEVEN AMERICAN MORMON MISSIONARIES WILL LEAVE CZECHOSLOVAKIA NEXT WEEK TO COMPLY WITH A CZECH GOVERNMENT RULING FORBIDDING FOREIGN MISSIONARIES TO WORK HERE.

WALLACE TORONTO, HEAD OF THE MORMON CHURCH IN CZECHOSLOVAKIA, ANNOUNCED PLANS FOR DEPARTURE OF THE AMERICANS BUT SAID THE CHURCH WOULD CONTINUE TO FUNCTION IN THE COUNTRY.

TORONTO SAID THE WORK OF THE CHURCH WILL BE CARRIED OUT ENTIRELY BY CZECHS.

TORONTO DECLARED THE POLICY OF SENDING AMERICAN MORMON MISSIONARIES OUT OF THE COUNTRY WILL CONTINUE UNTIL THE WORK OF THE CHURCH IS ENTIRELY IN THE HANDS OF CZECH CONVERTS.

THE MOVE, HE ADDED, HAD NOTHING TO DO WITH THE RECENT ARREST OF TWO YOUNG MISSIONARIES ON CHARGES OF "ENTERING A PROHIBITED AREA."

THESE MISSIONARIES, STANLEY E.ABBOTT, OF LEHI, UTAH, AND C. ALDON JOHNSON OF IDAHO FALLS, IDAHO, WERE ARRESTED JAN. 28 AS THEY TRAVELED THROUGH MORAVIA TO VISIT CHURCH MEMBERS LIVING NEAR THE POLISH BORDER.

TORONTO SAID EIGHT OF THE DEPARTING MISSIONARIES WILL GO TO THE UNITED STATES, TWO TO ENGLAND AND "NAOTHER TO A MISSION ELSEWHERE."

"TWO OTHER MISSIONARIES WILL REMAIN HERE WITH ME TO FACILITATE THEIR DEPARTURE," TORONTO ASSERTED. "THEN MY WIFE AND SIX CHILDREN WILL LEAVE. I WILL REMAIN HERE AS LONG AS POSSIBLE."

HE SAID THAT UNDER CZECH CHURCH LAWS ALL OFFICIATING CLERGYMEN AND HEADS OF RELIGIOUS SECTS MUST BE CZECHOSLOVAK CITIZENS.

TORONTO HAS BEEN NEGOTIATING WITH THE COMMUNIST-LED GOVERNMENT'S MINISTRY OF CHURCH AFFAIRS TO TRY TO GET THE MORMON CHURCH EXEMPTED FROM THIS RULING. HE SAID, HOWEVER, IT WAS CERTAIN THE EXEMPTION WOULD NOT BE GRANTED.

"WHILE THERE HAVE BEEN NO WRITTEN ORDERS THAT THE WESTERN MISSIONARIES GET OUT," HE ADDED, "IT HAS BEEN SUGGESTED -- WITH EMPHASIS -- THAT WE DO SO."

TORONTO SAID THAT WHEN ALL AMERICAN MISSIONARIES HAVE LEFT AND THE CZECH CITIZENS HAVE TAKEN OVER THE WORK OF THE MISSION THE GOVERNMENT MIGHT THEN RECOGNIZE THE MORMON CHURCH AS A LEGITIMATE RELIGIOUS INSTITUTION.

HE SAID HE HAS ASKED PERMISSION TO REMAIN IN CZECHOSLOVAKIA UNTIL TALKS WITH THE CHURCH MINISTRY CONCERNING SUCH RECOGNITION ARE CONCLUDED.

ME821AES

~~PRAGUE, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, FEB.~~ 18-(AP)-POST OFFICE OFFICIALS BANNED THE DISTRIBUTION OF TODAY'S ISSUE OF THE BRITISH INFORMATION SERVICE'S CZECH LANGUAGE BULLETIN.

THEY GAVE NO REASON OF THEIR ACTION BUT BRITISH SPOKESMEN SPECULATED IT WAS BECAUSE THE BULLETIN CONTAINED THE TEXT OF THE BRITISH NOTE TO HUNGARY PROTESTING THE TRIAL OF EDGAR SANDERS ON CHARGES OF ESPIONAGE AND SABOTAGE.

THE BAN WAS THE FIRST SUCH ACTION AGAINST THE BRITISH BULLETIN SINCE LAST SUMMER. A SIMILAR AMERICAN BULLETIN HAS BEEN CONFISCATED SEVERAL TIMES IN RECENT MONTHS.

KA937AES

BY ALEX H. SINGLETON

BELGRADE, YUGOSLAVIA, FEB.18-(AP)-PREMIER MARSHAL TITO TONIGHT CHALLENGED THE UNITED STATES AND THE WEST TO MAKE GOOD THEIR PROMISES OF FINANCIAL AID. HE DEFIANTLY ADDED THAT YUGOSLAVIA WOULD "RATHER GO BAREFOOTED" THAN SACRIFICE ITS PRINCIPLES OF SOCIALISM IN RETURN FOR ASSISTANCE.

IN HIS FIRST MAJOR SPEECH THIS YEAR, TITO ADDRESSED A CROWD OFFICIALLY ESTIMATED AT 50,000 IN THE SERBIAN TOWN OF TITOVO UZICE, WHERE HE ONCE HAD HIS HEADQUARTERS DURING THE STRUGGLE FOR LIBERATION FROM THE NAZIS. NOW THIS IS HIS CONSTITUENCY IN YUGOSLAVIA'S ELECTION NEXT MONTH.

SPEAKING OF FINANCIAL AID FROM THE WEST, TITO SAID YUGOSLAVIA HAD ASKED "FOR NOTHING OF LATE BUT HAD ONLY SAID THEY SHOULD GIVE US WHAT THEY PROMISED. WE ARE WAITING FOR THEM TO KEEP THEIR PROMISE, AND WE SHALL SEE WHETHER THEY ARE SERIOUS OR WHETHER THIS IS ONLY A PROPAGANDA."

(YUGOSLAVIA IS NOW ASKING FOR ABOUT $36,000,000(M). THIS INCLUDES A $25,000,000 LOAN FROM THE INTERNATIONAL BANK PLUS ANOTHER $11,000,000 FROM THE U.S. EXPORT-IMPORT BANK AND THE INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND.)

TITO SAID YUGOSLAVIA CONSIDERS THESE LOANS "WILL BE USEFUL TO THEM AS WELL, AND WE SHALL NOT PERMIT INTERNATIONAL REACTION, WHILE UPITING THAT WE ARE PRAYING FOR LOANS, TO PLACE A WEAPON IN THE HANDS OF THE COMINFORM, WHICH CONTINUES TO SAY WE ARE CONSTANTLY PRAYING TO AMERICAN CAPITALISTS FOR NEW DOLLARS."

THIS WAS A REFERENCE TO REPEATED CHARGES IN THE PRESS OF THE COMINFORM COUNTRIES THAT TITO AND YUGOSLAVIA ARE TURNING TO THE WEST AFTER BREAKING WITH RUSSIA AND ITS SATELLITES MORE THAN A YEAR AND A HALF AGO.

"WE HAVE BEEN PURSUING A CONSISTENT AND INDEPENDENT FOREIGN POLICY FROM THE VERY BEGINNING," TITO SAID. "THE QUESTIONS OF FOREIGN POLICY ARE NOT QUESTIONS OF A SHORT PERIOD. FOR US THEY ARE HISTORIC QUESTIONS BECAUSE THEY INVOLVE A SOCIALISTIC COUNTRY WHICH IS IN THE FULL REVOLUTIONARY SWING OF ITS DEVELOPMENT, IN THE SWING OF CREATING A NEW SOCIETY AND A BETTER AND HAPPIER FUTURE.

AGO

"THE LEADERS OF SUCH A STATE CANNOT SELL THEIR PRINCIPLES FOR ANY MACHINERY OR AT ANY PRICE. WHO DOES NOT WANT TO TRADE ON THIS BASIS--WHO SHOULD WANT TO SEPARATE FOREIGN POLICY FROM OUR SOCIALIST PRINCIPLES--HE NEED NOT TRADE.

"WE SHALL RATHER GO ABOUT BAREFOOTED UNTIL WE CREATE WHAT WE NEED WITH OUR OWN HANDS."

ON THE SURFACE, AT LEAST, THIS APPEARED TO BE AN IMPLICATION THAT THE WEST IS SEEKING POLITICAL CONCESSIONS IN RETURN FOR FINANCIAL AID. THIS HAS BEEN DENIED CONSISTENTLY BY AMERICAN DIPLOMATS AND THOSE FROM OTHER WESTERN COUNTRIES WHO CONTRIBUTE SUBSTANTIALLY TO SUCH SUPPORT. UNTIL NOW, AT LEAST, THEY HAVE INSISTED THERE WOULD BE NO STRINGS TIED TO LOANS OR FINANCIAL GRANTS.

HOWEVER, TITO BASED THE MAJOR PART OF HIS PREELECTION SPEECH UPON THIS POINT AS AN ANSWER TO CHARGES BY THE RUSSIAN-LED COMINFORM. HE SAID BLUNTLY THAT "WE ARE NOT IN ANY CAMP. WE ARE NOT IN ANY BLOC. WE ARE A COUNTRY WHICH IS BUILDING SOCIALISM WITH THE HIGH CONSCIENTIOUSNESS OF OUR PEOPLES."

HE ATTACKED IN PARTICULAR SEVERAL UNITED STATES PUBLICATIONS AS "REACTIONARY" OPPONENTS OF AID TO YUGOSLAVIA. AMONG THEM HE LISTED THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR, THE NEW YORK WORLD TELEGRAM AND THE SUN, THE DAILY PEOPLE'S WORLD, THE WASHINGTON POST, THE FAIR FORUM, THE DALLAS NEWS AND THE AMERICAN MERCURY. HE SAID THEY ARE SERVING THE SAME PURPOSES AS COMINFORM PUBLICATIONS FOR DENOUNCING YUGOSLAVIA, ADDING:

"WE MUST TELL THEM THEY ARE WRONG IF THEY THINK THEY WILL SHAKE OUR RANKS, WHICH THEY HAVE BEEN TRYING TO DO FOR THE PAST TWO YEARS. X X X WE KNOW REACTION IN THE WEST DOES NOT LOVE US. WE KNOW THEY HATE US. BUT WE SHOULD COOPERATE IN THE ECONOMIC FIELD WITH ALL WHO WANT TO COOPERATE WITH US ON AN EQUAL FOOTING.

"WE SHALL BLAZE OUR OWN PATH AND WITH OUR OWN FORCES CREATE A BETTER FUTURE."

(THE WASHINGTON POST SAID IT WOULD HAVE NO IMMEDIATE COMMENT ON TITO'S ATTACK.)

CHARLES ANGOFF, EDITOR OF THE AMERICAN MERCURY, PUBLISHED IN NEW YORK, SAID HIS MAGAZINE RECENTLY CARRIED AN ARTICLE ON TITO BY THE LATE R.H.MARKHAM, CORRESPONDENT IN THE BALKANS FOR THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR FOR MANY YEARS. ANGOFF SAID THE ARTICLE RECOMMENDED THAT THE UNITED STATES HELP TITO FINANCIALLY BUT SAID, IN SUBSTANCE, THAT "HE IS A DICTATOR, RUNS A POLICE STATE, AND IS NO BETTER THAN STALIN."

"THIS IS NOT GOOD STUFF FOR TITO TO READ, AND I AM NOT SURPRISED THAT HE DOES NOT LIKE THE AMERICAN MERCURY," ANGOFF SAID.

(IN BOSTON, ERWIN D.CANHAM, EDITOR OF THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR, SAID HE WAS "BAFFLED" BY MARSHAL TITO'S ATTACK ON HIS NEWSPAPER.

("WE ARE COMPLETELY BAFFLED," CANHAM SAID, "BY MARSHAL TITO'S LIST OF PUBLICATIONS, WHICH INCLUDE SOME STRANGE BED-FELLOWS. THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR HAS SUPPORTED THE POLICY OF THE AMERICA GOVERNMENT TOWARD YUGOSLAVIA.")

(THE DALLAS NEWS SAID, IN A FRONT PAGE ANSWER TO TITO'S SPEECH:

("THE MARSHAL ERRS IN CHARGING TO THE NEWS ANY INSISTENCE OR SUGGESTION THAT LOANS BY THE UNITED STATES SHOULD BE PREDICATED ON A CHANGE FOR THE BETTER IN YUGOSLAVIAN IDEOLOGY. WHETHER TITO'S COMMUNISM IS GENUINE OR FALSE, APOSTACY FOR A PRICE COULD CARRY SMALL PROFIT TO THE BUYER. THERE ARE ENOUGH 'RICE CHRISTIANS' WITHOUT ADDING MORE HUNGRY CONVERTS.

("WHAT THE NEWS HAS WARNED IN THE CASE OF THE WESTERN POWERS IS THAT ANY DEALS MADE WITH TITO SHOULD BE CONDUCTED IN FULL ASSUMPTION THAT HE IS A COMMUNIST DICTATOR AND THAT HE CAN BE TRUSTED ONLY SO FAR AS HIS INTERESTS DO NOT CONFLICT WITH HIS AGREEMENTS.")

1107PCS

MOSCOW, FEB.19-(AP)-CHINESE COMMUNIST LEADER MAO TZE-TUNG AND PREMIER-FOREIGN MINISTER CHOU EN-LAI WERE HEADED BACK TO THEIR HOMELAND TODAY AFTER A TWO-MONTH VISIT IN THE SOVIET CAPITAL.

BEHIND THEM WAS THE SIGNATURE OF THE 30-YEAR SOVIET-CHINESE TREATY OF FRIENDSHIP WHICH WAS DECLARED IN MOSCOW TO HAVE ALLIED THE "TWO GREATEST COUNTRIES IN THE WORLD."

BEFORE DEPARTING FROM MOSCOW'S YAROSLAV RAILWAY STATION LAST NIGHT, MAO SAID OVER A MICROPHONE: "IT IS PLAIN TO ALL THAT THE SOLIDARITY BETWEEN THE GREAT CHINESE AND SOVIET PEOPLES, SEALED BY THE TREATY, IS PERMANENT, INDESTRUCTIBLE AND FIRM."

LS453AES

BANGKOK, THAILAND (SIAM), FEB.18-(AP)-BRITAIN HAS VIRTUALLY COMPLETED AN AGREEMENT WITH THAILAND (SIAM) FOR THE SHIPMENT OF 464,500 TONS OF RICE TO ENGLAND AND HER SOUTHEAST ASIA COLONIES.

THE TOTAL COST IS SET AT £18,000,000 ($50,400,000), OR ABOUT £40 ($112) A TON.

CONCLUSION OF THE AGREEMENT IS CONSIDERED HERE A VITAL GAIN FOR THE WESTERN POWERS ON THE ASIATIC FRONT OF THE COLD WAR.

IT IS UNDERSTOOD THAT SOVIET RUSSIA BID FOR THE RICE, THROUGH OFFERS OF BARTER, TO CUT OFF THE FOOD SUPPLIES OF THE BRITISH TERRITORIES.

FIRST RICE-CARRYING SHIP IS SCHEDULED TO SAIL FEB.20 WITH SEVERAL THOUSAND TONS. THERE REMAINS ONE POINT OF THE AGREEMENT STILL TO BE SETTLED, BUT IT IS NOT REGARDED AS A STUMBLING BLOCK. SPOKESMEN DID NOT CLARIFY WHAT THIS POINT WAS.

BRITISH COLONIES WHICH WILL GET RICE ARE COMMUNIST-THREATENED MALAYA, SINGAPORE, HONG KONG, BORNEO AND SARAWAK.

LS731AES

by fred zusy

addis ababa, ethiopia, feb. 18-(ap)- emperor haile selassie of ethiopia charged again today that italy is returning to her prewar colony of somaliland for "aggressive purposes only."

he called unfair the united nations decision installing italy as the administering authority for a 10 year trusteeship and said it was an "unjust privilege" granted italy only to keep italy from going communist.

(in rome, an italian foreign ministry spokesman denied haile selassie's statement and said that fascism's colonial adventures "are buried forever."; and recalled foreign minister carlo sforza's recent senate speech condemning the fascist conquest of ethiopia).

the small, bearded ruler who claims descent from solomon and the queen of sheba, was forced into exile in 1935 when benito mussolini began his africa empire building.

in an exclusive interview with the associated press, the emperor asserted emphatically "my people will never undertake an aggression. but we will defend ourselves as we did in the previous aggression."

at the same time, he recommended an african defense pact on the order of the atlantic pact, and expressed pessimism over hopes for world peace.

he said a new war seems inevitable unless a strong united nations world army could control mass destruction weapons ---and he doubts that a u.n. army will be created.

the emperor [redacted] said ethiopia "will not recognize italy as trustee." ethiopian representatives in the u.n. have said that in the general assembly and in the trusteeship council, and the emperor himself sent a long protest letter to the u.n. last december after it voted to give somaliland its independence following 10 years of trusteeship, with italy as the administering power.

[redacted] haile selassie made his statements on the eve of the annual national day of mourning, [redacted] known here as the "grazian massacre" feb. 19, 1937.

it commemorates an italian action in which thousands of ethiopians were reported slaughtered after marshal rodolfo graziani was seriously wounded by a bomb in an attempted assassination.

the emperor said that italy was accepting the trusteeship of somaliland with high administrative costs when she can't support her own economy without foreign loans.

[redacted] for 50 years, the emperor said, italy failed to bring progress to somaliland. he contended it can't do it in the 10 years allotted by the u.n.

ethiopia would have preferred some other nation, preferably [redacted] britain, as the trustee authority, he said.

the british have been running the 200,000 square mile barren territory on the east african coast since they chased out the italians sometime in march. some italian troops are reported to have landed in somaliland already and taking over.

it was believed here that the british will move out and transfer their authority to the [redacted] italy's return to in 1941.

ethiopian bitter[redacted] about

their oldest prewar colony ~~is based on the fact that~~ BECAUSE it was from there that mussolini launched his ~~xxxx~~ 1935 attack, using mechanized forces, poison gas and bombers against ill-equipped ethiopian forces.

selassie said italy never has ~~xxxxxxxx~~ repaid ethiopia for occupation damages ~~and has not~~ OR returned looted work of art and national monuments, ~~although required to do so under the italian peace treaty.~~

the emperor reiterated ethiopia's claim to eritrea, another former italian colony on the red sea, adjacent to ethiopia. ~~xxxxxxx~~ it needs the sea outlet through eritrea, he said. a united nations commission is makihg a further study on eritrea's future.

NIGHT LEAD CADUCEUS

TAIPEI,FORMOSA,FEB.18-(AP)-THE CHINESE NATIONALISTS TODAY HELD THE BRITISH FREIGHTER CADUCEUS UNDER ARREST, PRESUMABLY FOR TRADING WITH COMMUNIST PORTS ON THE MAINLAND.

ALL QUESTIONS AS TO WHY THE 4,455-TON SHIP WAS BEING HELD WERE REFERRED TO ADM.KWEI YUNG-CHING, BOSS OF THE NATIONALIST BLOCKADE OF RED PORTS. ADMIRAL KWEI COULD NOT BE REACHED.

THE SHIP IS BEING HELD AT THE SOUTHWESTERN PORT OF KAOHSIUNG (TAKAO), FORMER JAPANESE NAVAL BASE. ALSO IN CUSTODY THERE IS THE 500-TON PANAMANIAN FREIGHTER SWALLOW. THE SWALLOW WAS SEIZED LAST MONTH WHEN IT TRIED TO RUN THE BLOCKADE INTO THE SOUTHEASTERN RED PORT OF AMOY.

SD829PCS NM

TAIPEI, FORMOSA, FEB.18-(AP)-CHINESE NATIONALIST NAVAL AUTHORITIES TODAY HELD THE BRITISH FREIGHTER CADUCEUS UNDER ARREST.

REASON FOR THE SHIP'S DETENTION WAS NOT DISCLOSED. A POSSIBLE REASON IS THAT SHE HAS TRADED WITH CHINESE COMMUNISTS PORTS IN THE PAST BUT THIS COULD NOT BE CONFIRMED HERE.

THE CADUCEUS IS BEING HELD AT KAOHSIUNG ON THE SOUTHWESTERN COAST OF FORMOSA. IT IS BETTER KNOWN AS TAKAO, ONCE A JAPANESE NAVAL BASE.

(THE AMERICAN BUREAU OF SHIPPING RECORD LISTS THE CADUCEUS A 400 FOOT STEAMSHIP OF 4,455 GROSS TONS OWNED BY HALL BROS. STEAM SHIP CO., LTD.)

AUTHORITIES HERE REFERRED NEWSMEN TO ADM.KWEI YUNG-CHING, COMMANDER IN CHIEF OF THE NATIONALIST NAVY, FOR INFORMATION ABOUT THE CADUCEUS' DETENTION.

KWEI, LEADING SPIRIT BEHIND THE NATIONALIST BLOCKADE OF RED CHINA PORTS, WAS AT KAOHSIUNG BUT EFFORTS TO CONTACT HIM BY TELEPHONE WERE UNSUCCESSFUL.

THE SHIP WAS ALLOWED LAST WEEK TO ENTER AND LEAVE KEELUNG, THE PORT OF TAIPEI.

BRITISH SHIPPING CIRCLES IN FORMOSA ARE KNOWN TO BE WORRIED OVER POSSIBLE DETENTION OF OTHER BRITISH SHIPS. SOME FIRMS INTEND TO SEEK ASSURANCES THAT THEIR VESSELS WILL NOT BE MOLESTED IF THEY CALL AT FORMOSAN PORTS.

BRITAIN HAS RECOGNIZED THE CHINESE COMMUNIST GOVERNMENT.

THE NATIONALISTS ALSO ARE HOLDING AT KAOHSIUNG THE 500 TON PANAMANIAN FREIGHTER SWALLOW. SHE WAS INTERCEPTED LAST MONTH WHILE TRYING TO RUN THE BLOCKADE INTO COMMUNIST AMOY. A NATIONALIST WARSHIP BROUGHT HER TO FORMOSA.

WD240APS NM

CHINESE (180)
BY SPENCER MOSA

TAIPEI, FORMOSA, FEB. 18-(AP)-SIKANG, FAR WESTERN CHINA PROVINCE BORDERING TIBET, WAS PICTURED TODAY AS A STRENGTHENING NATIONALIST BASE FOR GUERRILLAS WARFARE AGAINST THE CHINESE REDS.

THE BUILDUP WAS AUGMENTED BY TWO NEW DEVELOPMENTS REPORTED IN OFFICIAL NATIONALIST DISPATCHES:

YANG JF-NAN, MOST POWERFUL OF THE ABORIGINAL CHIEFTAINS IN SIKANG, HAS BEEN GRANTED AUTHORITY TO ORGANIZE AN ARMY TO FIGHT THE COMMUNISTS.

FORTY THOUSAND NATIONALIST TROOPS HAVE ARRIVED IN SIKANG FROM SZECHUAN PROVINCE AND ARE BEING REORGANIZED FOR ACTION AGAINST THE REDS. THESE TROOPS ARE FROM THE ONCE POWERFUL 250,000-MAN ARMY OF GEN.

HU TSUNG-NAN. HU WAS SAID TO BE IN SIKANG RALLYING ANTI-RED ELEMENTS.
THE DISPATCHES SAID COMMUNISTS HAVE NOT SENT ANY REGULAR TROOPS TO SUPPORT GEN. LIU WEN-HUI, TURNCOAT GOVERNOR WHO DEFECTED TO THEM LAST DECEMBER.
NATIONALISTS ON FORMOSA SUGGEST THE COMMUNISTS ARE LEAVING HIM TO FIGHT AGAINST NATIONALISTS IN THE HOPE HIS ARMIES WILL BE DESTROYED IN THE PROCESS. THAT WOULD BE ONE WAY, THEY POINT OUT, OF ELIMINATING LIU AS A POWER IN WESTERN CHINA POLITICS.
DISPATCHES ALSO REPORTED NATIONALISTS MARCHING ON YAAN, WHICH IS HELD BY LIU'S FORCES. YAAN IS 70 AIR MILES SOUTHWEST OF CHENGTU, WHICH WAS THE LAST CAPITAL OF THE NATIONALISTS ON THE MAINLAND.
Y411APS NM

HONG KONG, FEB.18-(AP)-BRITISH AND INDIAN REPRESENTATIVES TO COMMUNIST CHINA APPEARED TODAY TO BE GETTING THE DIPLOMATIC FREEZE FROM PEIPING AUTHORITIES.
NAMES OF BRITAIN'S J.C.HUTCHISON AND INDIA'S S.K.SEN WERE NOTABLY ABSENT FROM A LIST OF DIGNITARIES INVITED TO A HIGH LEVEL COCKTAIL PARTY WEDNESDAY.
PRESUMABLY THEY WERE NOT INVITED TO THE PARTY, GIVEN BY COMMUNIST VICE CHAIRMAN LIEU SHAO-CHI TO CELEBRATE THE NEW ALLIANCE BETWEEN RUSSIA AND RED CHINA.
THE PEIPING RADIO MENTIONED AS IN ATTENDANCE DIPLOMATS OF RUSSIA AND SUCH SATELLITES AS POLAND, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, NORTH KOREA AND HUNGARY. THERE WAS NO WORD OF HUTCHISON AND SEN.
HUTCHISON AND SEN ARRIVED IN PEIPING FEB.13, A FACT NOTED BRIEFLY BY THE RED RADIO. THEY HAVE NOT BEEN MENTIONED SINCE. BROADCASTS HAVE MADE A BIG SPLURGE MEANTIME ABOUT VARIOUS DIPLOMATS FROM IRON CURTAIN COUNTRIES. SO HAS THE COMMUNIST NEWS AGENCY.
BRITAIN AND INDIA HAVE ACCORDED COMMUNIST CHINA DIPLOMATIC RECOGNITION. PEIPING ASKED THEM TO SEND REPRESENTATIVES TO NEGOTIATE.
JW824ACS NM

HONG KONG, FEB.18-(AP)-COL. DAVID D.BARRETT, SENIOR U.S. MILITARY ATTACHE AT COMMUNIST PEIPING, ARRIVED TODAY ENROUTE TO A NEW ASSIGNMENT AT TAIPEI, CHINESE NATIONALIST CAPITAL ON FORMOSA.
BARRETT SAID IT WAS "ALMOST IMPOSSIBLE" FOR HIM TO CARRY OUT HIS OFFICIAL DUTIES IN PEIPING.
IT WAS NOT, HE SAID, BECAUSE THE CHINESE REDS RESTRICTED HIS MOVEMENTS BUT BECAUSE FORMER CHINESE "FRIENDS" WERE FRIGHTENED AT BEING SEEN TALKING OR ASSOCIATING WITH AMERICANS.
JW820ACS

RANGOON, BURMA, FEB.18-(AP)-A BURMESE COURT TODAY FREED CO[illegible] YAN NAING, SON-IN-LAW OF FORMER PREMIER BA MAW, AFTER 19 MON[illegible]S IMPRISONMENT.
THE 30-YEAR-OLD YAN NAING WAS JAILED IN JULY, 1948, UNDER A GOVERNMENT ACT WHICH PERMITS ARREST ON SUSPICION. THE GOVERNMENT BELIEVED HIS LIBERTY THREATENED THE COUNTRY'S SECURITY.
THE APPLICATION FOR YAN NAING'S RELEASE MADE BY HIS WIFE, WAS ARGUED BY BA MAW, WHO TOLD THE COURT THAT REFUSAL OF THE APPLICATION WOULD PLACE BURMA ON A PAR WITH COMMUNIST COUNTRIES WHERE CITIZENS ARE DENIED PERSONAL RIGHTS AND LIBERTIES.
THE COURT'S DECISION WAS WILDLY CHEERED BY BA MAW'S PARTY MEMBERS WHO GARLANDED YAN NAING AS HE LEFT THE COURT AND ESCORTED HIM HOME IN A MOTOR PROCESSION.
WW12PES

MADRAS, INDIA, FEB.18-(AP)-PHILIP C. JESSUP, AMERICAN AMBASSADOR-AT-LARGE, RETURNED TO MADRAS AIRPORT TODAY AFTER HIS PLANE DEVELOPED ENGINE TROUBLE ON ITS WAY TO COLOMBO, CEYLON. HE AND HIS STAFF WILL FLY TO COLOMBO TOMORROW MORNING, AN OFFICIAL OF HIS PARTY SAID.
IN AN INTERVIEW, JESSUP SAID "THE COMMUNIST THREAT IN SOUTHEAST ASIAN COUNTRIES IS CONSIDERED REAL BY THEM, AND I, MYSELF, CONSIDER IT IS A FACT BECAUSE PRESENTLY THERE IS APOWERFUL CHINESE COMMUNIST ARMY PAUSED ON THE BORDER OF INDOCHINA AND ITS NEIGHBORBHOOD."
JESSUP SAID THERE WAS "NO SIGN OF POLITICAL DISCONTENT IN THAILAND (SIAM) WHERE THE SITUATION IS GOOD."
JESSUP WILL VISIT NEW DELHI FOR TWO DAYS ON HIS RETURN FROM COLOMBO.
WW1034AES

HONOLULU, FEB.18-(AP)-ANOTHER RUSSIAN SAILING SCHOONER, THE CHIAKA, ARRIVED IN HONOLULU TODAY.
HER SISTER SHIPS, THE TREPANG AND PERLAMUTR, SAILED FOR VLADIVOSTOK EARLIER THIS WEEK AFTER A 10-DAY STOPOVER.
RUSSIAN CREW MEMBERS SAID THE SHIPS WERE PART OF FINNISH REPARATIONS TO RUSSIA AND WERE BEING SAILED FROM FINLAND FOR USE IN THE SOVIET PACIFIC FISHING FLEET.
THE THREE PROVOKED COMMENT LAST DECEMBER WHEN THEY PASSED THROUGH THE CARIBBEAN AT THE TIME LARGE U.S.NAVAL MANEUVERS WERE BEING HELD THERE.
TWO SIMILAR RUSSIAN SCHOONERS, THE KOMETA AND OSMINOG, ARE NOW IN THE CARIBBEAN AREA AT A TIME THE UNITED STATES IS STAGING SMALLER BUT IMPORTANT MANEUVERS.
EW810PCS

NIGHT LEAD
WHITEHORSE, Y.T., FEB.18-(AP)-AIRCRAFT TRIED BUT FAILED TODAY TO FLY INTO THE MOUNTAINOUS AREA WHERE IT IS RUMORED THE MISSING C-54 TRANSPORT PLANE MIGHT HAVE CRASHED JAN. 26.
A C-47 TOOK OFF FROM BURWASH LANDING AIRSTRIP, NORTH OF HERE ON THE ALASKA HIGHWAY.
IN THE PLANE WERE AN OFFICER OF THE ROYAL CANADIAN MOUNTED POLICE AND AN INDIAN NAMED JIMMY, WHOSE STORY STARTED THE NEW SEARCH EFFORT.
HE REPORTED HAVING HEARD A CRASH ON JAN. 26--THE DAY THE C-54 WAS LOST--HIGH IN THE MOUNTAINS 16 MILES EAST OF BURWASH, NOT WEST AS ORIGINALLY REPORTED.
THE C-47, AN AMERICAN PLANE, TURNED BACK ON ACCOUNT OF TURBULENT AIR CONDITIONS AND POOR VISIBILITY. THERE WAS A DRIVING SNOW.
TWO OF THE ROYAL CANADIAN AIR BORNE LIGHT ARTILLERY SPOTTING AIRCRAFT THEN ATTEMPTED TO MAKE A SEARCH. THEY TOO WERE FORCED BACK BY BAD WEATHER.
HEADQUARTERS OF THE MOUNTIES HERE REPORTED THAT IT SENT A TEAM INTO THE FORESTS OUT OF BURWASH THIS MORNING TO MAKE A GROUND SEARCH, WHICH MAY TAKE SEVERAL DAYS.
HJ1103PPS NM

~~PREGERE DONJEK DAY~~

BY CLARKE BEACH

~~WITH THE U.S. 1ST CORPS~~, FEB 13-(AP)-THE ALLIED FORCES IN THE CANADIAN-U.S. JOINT MANEUVERS CROSSED THE DONJEK RIVER LAST NIGHT AND TODAY FORCED THE ENEMY BACK.

AN AMERICAN BATTALION IS NOW LEADING THE ATTACKING COLUMN, WITH THE CANADIAN FORCES FOLLOWING AS RESERVES. THE ALLIED TROOPS ARE NOW UNDER AN AMERICAN COMMANDER, COL. FRANK S. BOWEN JR.

WHEN THE TEMPERATURE WAS 42 BELOW LAST NIGHT ONE COMPANY OF AMERICAN TROOPS ATTEMPTED A FLANKING MOVEMENT. CROSSING THE DONJEK RIVER ON THE ICE EAST OF THE BRIDGE, THEY TRIED TO STAB THE RETREATING ENEMY ON HIS EAST FLANK. BUT THE ENEMY AMBUSHED THEM IN THE DARK, FROZEN WILDERNESS. UNCONFIRMED REPORTS SAY THAT THE UMPIRES ESTIMATE THE COMPANY SUFFERED 50 PER CENT CASUALTIES.

AIRCRAFT OF BOTH SIDES WERE BUSILY ENGAGED ALL DAY.

THE ALLIES HAVE AIR SUPERIORITY AND HAVE GIVEN AIR COVER TO THE ADVANCING TROOPS.

BOTH SIDES HAVE BEEN DROPPING PROPAGANDA LEAFLETS ON EACH OTHER. THE ENEMY'S PAMPHLETS FEATURE BATHING BEAUTIES IN INVITING POSES ON SUNNY BEACHES, URGING THE BOYS TO GO SOUTH.

RS1103PES

WASHINGTON, FEB. 13-(AP)-SENATOR MC CARTHY (R-WIS) PROMISED TODAY TO GIVE THE SENATE "DETAILED INFORMATION" MONDAY TO SUPPORT HIS CHARGE THERE ARE 57 CARD-CARRYING COMMUNISTS IN THE STATE DEPARTMENT.

MC CARTHY DECLINED AT A NEWS CONFERENCE TO SAY WHETHER HE WILL GIVE NAMES IN THE SENATE SPEECH.

THE STATE DEPARTMENT HAS SAID IT KNOWS OF NO COMMUNISTS ON ITS ROLLS AND HAS ASKED MC CARTHY TO FURNISH THE NAMES HE SAYS HE HAS. SO FAR THE SENATOR HAS REFUSED TO DO SO.

"BUT I AM NOT ALTERING MY CHARGE IN THE SLIGHTEST," MC CARTHY DECLARED. "I CAN BACK UP EVERYTHING I HAVE SAID."

SENATOR EDWIN C. JOHNSON (D-COLO) SAID MEANWHILE THAT THE SENATE COMMERCE COMMITTEE HE HEADS WILL INVESTIGATE THE BACKGROUND OF MIGH-ARL J. LEE, CHIEF OF THE COMMERCE DEPARTMENT'S FAR EASTERN DIVISION.

SENATOR MALONE (R-NEV) DEMANDED SUCH AN INVESTIGATION YESTERDAY. MALONE TOLD THE SENATE LEE "IS THE MAN WHOM THE CHINESE BLAME MORE THAN ANY OTHER INDIVIDUAL FOR DELIBERATELY DELAYING VITAL SHIPMENTS OF AVIATION GASOLINE TO NATIONALIST CHINA UNTIL THE RED HORDES TOOK OVER."

MALONE DESCRIBED LEE AS A MANCHURIAN-BORN RUSSIAN WHOSE APPLICATION FOR U.S. CITIZENSHIP WAS TURNED DOWN THREE TIMES BEFORE IT FINALLY WAS APPROVED.

THE COMMERCE DEPARTMENT, IN REPLY TO MALONE, SAID THE CHARGES WERE OLD AND LEE HAD BEEN CLEARED OF THEM BY A DEPARTMENT LOYALTY BOARD SOME TIME AGO. IT DENIED OUTRIGHT THE SENATOR'S CHARGE INVOLVING CHINA; AND SAID IT WOULD HAVE NO OBJECTIONS TO A CONGRESSIONAL PROBE.

JOHNSON SAID HIS COMMITTEE WILL LOOK INTO THE MATTER SOON.

"I DON'T KNOW WHETHER THERE IS ANYTHING TO WHAT IS BEING SAID ABOUT LEE," HE COMMENTED, "BUT THERE ARE SOME UGLY STORIES GOING AROUND AND WE OUGHT TO GET TO THE BOTTOM OF IT."

MC CARTHY IS JUST BACK FROM A TRIP TO THE WEST COAST DURING WHICH HE MADE HIS ACCUSATIONS ABOUT STATE DEPARTMENT COMMUNISTS IN A SERIES OF SPEECHES.

"I INTEND TO PRESENT CONSIDERABLE DETAILED INFORMATION ON THE MATTER TO THE SENATE," MC CARTHY SAID.

HE ADDED THAT HE MAY ASK THE SENATE'S SPECIAL INVESTIGATIONS SUB-COMMITTEE TO CONDUCT AN INQUIRY BASED ON THE DATA IN HIS MONDAY SPEECH. MC CARTHY IS A MEMBER OF THAT GROUP.

THE WISCONSIN SENATOR HAS CALLED ON PRESIDENT TRUMAN TO REVOKE AN ORDER WHICH THE SENATOR SAID PROHIBITS THE STATE DEPARTMENT FROM DISCLOSING INFORMATION "WHICH WOULD HELP EXPOSE COMMUNISTS."

MC CARTHY HAS HAD NO DIRECT REPLY FROM THE PRESIDENT, BUT MR. TRUMAN TOLD HIS NEWS CONFERENCE LAST THURSDAY THAT THE STATE DEPARTMENT HAD ANSWERED THE SENATOR'S CHARGES ADEQUATELY.

"I THINK ONE REASON FOR THIS SITUATION (REGARDING COMMUNISTS) IS THAT MR. TRUMAN INSISTS ON POLITICS AS USUAL," MC CARTHY DECLARED. "IT'S TIME THAT HE QUIT TREATING THIS AS AN ATTEMPT TO EMBARRASS HIM POLITICALLY. IT IS MUCH TOO SERIOUS FOR THAT."

AS FOR THE MICHAEL LEE CASE, SENATOR JOHNSON TOLD A REPORTER THAT LEE WILL GET A CHANCE TO TESTIFY AND THAT THAT COMMITTEE ALSO WILL HEAR MALONE AND INVITE SECRETARY OF COMMERCE SAWYER TO APPEAR.

MALONE TOLD THE SENATE YESTERDAY THAT LEE'S REAL NAME IS EPHRAIM ZINOVI LIBERMAN AND THAT HE WAS BROUGHT INTO THE COMMERCE DEPARTMENT BY HENRY A. WALLACE WHEN WALLACE WAS SECRETARY OF COMMERCE.

MALONE SAID LEE FINALLY GOT CITIZENSHIP AFTER CHANGING HIS NAME AND MARRYING AN AMERICAN-BORN WOMAN. THE SENATOR SAID LEE WAS REJECTED FOR CITIZENSHIP THREE TIMES ON THESE GROUNDS: "NOT GOOD CHARACTER, NOT ATTACHED TO THE PRINCIPLES OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES, INCOMPETENT WITNESSES."

MALONE ALSO CONTENDED THAT CHARGES OF MALADMINISTRATION HAD BEEN BROUGHT AGAINST LEE BY COLLEAGUES IN THE COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

XXXX ADVANCE FOR USE AT 7 P.M. XX

VX802PES

BLOCK (Q)

(170) WASHINGTON, FEB. 10-(AP)-THE HOUSE UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES COMMITTEE STAFF GOT A REPORT TODAY FROM A MAN IDENTIFIED BY CHAIRMAN WOOD (D-GA) AS HAVING JOINED THE COMMUNISTS IN 1943 UNDERCOVER FOR THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT.

WOOD NAMED THE MAN AS MATTHEW CVETIC (CORRECT) OF PITTSBURGH AND SAID HE HAD RISEN HIGH IN COMMUNIST PARTY RANKS.

WOOD SAID THE VOLUNTEER WITNESS WAS "EXTENSIVELY INTERROGATED" BY COMMITTEE STAFF MEMBERS, BUT GAVE NO INDICATION OF WHAT HE SAID IN THE CLOSED-DOOR SESSION.

IN A FORMAL STATEMENT WOOD ANNOUNCED THAT CVETIC WILL TESTIFY AT A PUBLIC HEARING NEXT TUESDAY.

THE STATEMENT SAID FURTHER:

"MR. CVETIC IN 1941, WHILE IN THE EMPLOY OF THE U.S. EMPLOYMENT SERVICE, VOLUNTEERED TO BECOME AN UNDERCOVER OPERATIVE FOR THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT. HE ACTUALLY JOINED THE COMMUNIST PARTY IN THE UNITED STATES IN 1943 AND ROSE BY SUCCESSIVE STEPS TO A HIGH POSITION IN THE PARTY. HE FIRST HELD VARIOUS OFFICES IN THE COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA UNTIL HE WAS APPOINTED TO THE NATIONALITY COMMISSION OF THE NATIONAL BOARD OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE UNITED STATES IN 1944, WHICH POSITION HE STILL OCCUPIES."

LT454PES

FOREIGN STRATEGY

BY JOHN M.HIGHTOWER

WASHINGTON,FEB.18-(AP)-PRESIDENT TRUMAN AND SECRETARY OF STATE ACHESON ARE REPORTED CONVINCED THAT THE WEST MAY EVENTUALLY ARRIVE AT A PEACEFUL SETTLEMENT WITH RUSSIA--BUT ONLY UNDER CONDITIONS WHICH MAY REQUIRE YEARS TO ESTABLISH.

PERSONS INTIMATELY FAMILIAR WITH THE VIEWS OF THE TWO MEN SAID TODAY THE MOST IMPORTANT OF THESE CONDITIONS ARE TO SHOW STEEL-NERVE STEADINESS IN DEALING WITH THE KREMLIN, TO TIGHTEN ECONOMIC, MILITARY AND POLITICAL COOPERATION OF THE WESTERN POWERS, AND TO GET A KIND OF TOTAL COLD WAR POLICY FOR THE UNITED STATES--WHICH ACHESON BELIEVES THIS NATION NOW LACKS.

ACHESON HIMSELF IS CONSIDERING MAKING A MAJOR SPEECH ON FOREIGN POLICY, AND PARTICULARLY RUSSIAN RELATIONS, WITHIN TWO OR THREE WEEKS. IT WOULD EXPAND HIS NEWS CONFERENCE STATEMENT OF LAST WEEK IN WHICH HE OUTLINED THE POLICY OF MATCHING AMERICAN POWER AGAINST RUSSIAN POWER WHERE POSSIBLE UNTIL WORLD CONDITIONS ARE FINALLY BROUGHT INTO BALANCE.

ONE MAJOR CONSIDERATION OF THE U.S.LEADERS IS TO AVOID DELIBERATELY FORCING THE ISSUE WITH RUSSIA AT THIS TIME ON ATOMIC ENERGY OR SIMILAR GREAT QUESTIONS. THEIR ADVISERS FEEL THAT A WESTERN PEACE MISSION TO MOSCOW, FOR EXAMPLE, WOULD HAVE A DISASTROUS IMPACT ON AN UNEASY WORLD IF IT FAILED, AND THEY BELIEVE THAT AT THIS TIME IT WOULD FAIL.

IN GENERAL THIS ADDS UP TO FOLLOWING A NARROW COURSE BETWEEN THE DANGERS OF A SHOOTING WAR ON ONEHAND AND APPEASEMENT ON THE OTHER.

ACHESON'S PROJECTED SPEECH MAY DISCLOSE OFFICIALLY WHAT SOME OF HIS MOST RESPONSIBLE AIDS NOW BELIEVE: THAT THE COLD WAR IS GOING TO CONTINUE FOR A LONG TIME AND THAT NO ONE NOW CAN PROPHESY ACCURATELY WHETHER IT WILL END IN AN ATOMIC CONFLICT OR IN RESTORATION OF TRANQUILITY AROUND THE WORLD.

ADMINISTRATION POLICY MAKERS MEANWHILE HAVE DISPLAYED NO INTENTION OF ACTING ON SUGGESTIONS FROM WINSTON CHURCHILL AND VARIOUS U.S. SENATORS FOR SOME DRAMATIC NEW ATTEMPT TO MAKE PEACE WITH THE RUSSIANS.

A194VX

UNDER THE WORLD MENACE OF THE HYDROGEN BOMB, HOWEVER, THE POLICY MAKERS ARE PREPARED TO ARGUE THAT THE UNITED STATES AND THE WEST GENERALLY MUST TAKE DRASTIC STEPS TO WAGE THE COLD WAR MORE EFFECTIVELY.

ACHESON IS UNDERSTOOD TO HAVE OUTLINED THIS VIEW TO SEVERAL PERSONS WITH WHOM HE HAS TALKED IN RECENT DAYS. IT MAY BE THE MAIN THEME OF HIS PROPOSED SPEECH TO THE NATION.

TO HIM THE IDEA SEEMS TO EMBRACE THE WHOLE RANGE OF AMERICAN POLICIES AFFECTING THE OUTSIDE WORLD. HIGH AMONG THESE ARE ADEQUATE FUNDS FOR THE EUROPEAN RECOVERY PROGRAM, AND SUBSTANTIAL REDUCTIONS IN AMERICAN TARIFFS EVEN THOUGH INDIVIDUAL BUSINESSES GET HIT IN THE PROCESS OF OPENING U.S.MARKETS TO FOREIGN GOODS.

ACHESON IS REPORTED TO HAVE MADE CLEAR THAT IN HIS VIEW THE NON-COMMUNIST WORLD CANNOT WORK AS A UNIT WITH FULL EFFICIENCY UNLESS THE UNITED STATES--IN ADDITION TO PREACHING UNITY FOR THE EUROPEANS-IS WILLING TO ADJUST ITS DOMESTIC AS WELL AS FOREIGN POLICIES TO THE ECONOMIC, POLITICAL AND MILITARY REQUIREMENTS OF THE CONFLICT WITH RUSSIA.

ON THE ECONOMIC FRONT SOME OF THE ADMINISTRATION'S BEST INFORMED ADVISERS SAY THAT BY 1952, WHEN THE MARSHALL PLAN IS SCHEDULED TO END, THE UNITED STATES MUST INCREASE ITS IMPORTS BY ABOUT $3,000,000,000 AND RESIGN ITSELF TO A FOREIGN AID PROGRAM AMOUNTING TO ABOUT $1,000,000,000 A YEAR FOR AN UNPREDICTABLE LENGTH OF TIME.

THE TRUMAN ADMINISTRATION, OFFICIALS SAY, SEE SUCH MATTERS AS PART OF A GENERAL POLICY WHICH ALSO INCLUDES A "POINT 4" PROGRAM FOR ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PARTICULARLY IN ASIA, THE FURTHER DEVELOPMENT OF THE NORTH ATLANTIC REARMAMENT PROGRAM WHICH IS MONTHS BEHIND SCHEDULE, AND MILITARY AID TO SOUTHEAST ASIA AND THE MIDDLE EAST IN AN EFFORT TO STRENGTHEN THE NON-COMMUNIST WORLD AGAINST ATTACK AND BUILD UP NEW PRESSURES AGAINST THE SOVIET COMMUNIST BLOC.

FR312PES

(170) MALONE-LEE

WASHINGTON, FEB.18-(AP)-THE COMMERCE DEPARTMENT TODAY DEFENDED THE LOYALTY OF TRADE OFFICIAL MICHAEL E.LEE, DESCRIBED BY SENATOR MALONE (R-NEV) AS THE MAN CHINESE NATIONALISTS BLAME FOR DELAYING SHIPMENTS TO THEIR TROOPS.

MALONE DEMANDED A CONGRESSIONAL INVESTIGATION OF LEE'S LOYALTY YESTERDAY. HE INTRODUCED A RESOLUTION TO AUTHORIZE THE SENATE COMMERCE COMMITTEE TO UNDERTAKE THE PROBE.

LEE IS DIRECTOR OF THE FAR EAST DIVISION OF THE DEPARTMENT'S OFFICE OF INTERNATIONAL TRADE.

MALONE'S ATTACK BROUGHT A PROMPT RESPONSE FROM LORING K.MACY, ACTING DIRECTOR OF THE TRADE OFFICE.

HE SAID IN A STATEMENT THAT LEE HAD "NEVER MADE ANY DECISION WITH REFERENCE TO SHIPMENTS" TO CHINA, ADDING THAT THE DEPARTMENT HAS NO OBJECTIONS TO AN INVESTIGATION.

MALONE TOLD THE SENATE THAT LEE WAS A MANCHURIAN-BORN RUSSIAN WHOSE U.S. CITIZENSHIP APPLICATION WAS REJECTED THREE TIMES. CITIZENSHIP WAS GRANTED ON THE FOURTH TRY, MALONE SAID, AFTER LEE CHANGED HIS REAL NAME OF EPHRAIM ZINOVI LIBERMAN AND MARRIED AN AMERICAN.

THE COMMERCE DEPARTMENT SAID MALONE'S CHARGES ARE OLD ONES WHICH HAVE BEEN "THOROUGHLY INVESTIGATED BY A LOYALTY BOARD."

LEE WAS NOT AVAILABLE FOR COMMENT.

ES656AES

GI LOANS

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, FEB.18-(AP)-THERE HAS BEEN AN UNPRECEDENTED MIDWINTER RISE IN THE NUMBER OF GI HOME LOAN APPLICATIONS, THE VETERANS ADMINISTRATION SAID TODAY.

MORE THAN TWICE AS MANY VETERANS ARE FINANCING THE PURCHASE OF HOMES UNDER THE GI BILL THAN WERE DOING SO A YEAR AGO, THE AGENCY SAID.

A JANUARY TOTAL OF 42,024 LOAN APPLICATIONS, UP 4,500 OVER THE DECEMBER TOTAL, WAS THE LARGEST FOR ANY MONTH SINCE NOVEMBER 1947, VA SAID IN A STATEMENT.

THE JANUARY 1949 TOTAL WAS 19,659 APPLICATIONS.

"THE RISE DURING JANUARY IS PARTICULARLY SIGNIFICANT IN VIEW OF THE FACT THAT BOTH HOME CONSTRUCTION AND HOME BUYING NORMALLY DECLINE IN THE WINTER MONTHS," VA SAID.

"IT CONTINUES A STEADY UPWARD TREND IN GI HOME LOANS WHICH BEGAN LAST APRIL.

"THE INCREASE IS DUE TO GREATER AVAILABILITY OF BOTH MODERATELY-PRICED HOMES AND OF 4 PER CENT MONEY FOR MORTGAGE FINANCING."

VA GUARANTEES THE LENDER AGAINST LOSS FOR 50 PER CENT OF THE LOAN, UP TO A MAXIMUM GUARANTEE OF $4,000 FOR ANY ELIGIBLE VETERAN. THE AGENCY ALSO PAYS THE LENDER, FOR CREDIT TO THE VETERAN'S ACCOUNT, A SUM EQUAL TO 4 PER CENT OF THE AMOUNT GUARANTEED. THE INTEREST RATE ON SUCH LOANS MAY NOT EXCEED 4 PER CENT.

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 7 AM EASTERN STANDARD TIME TODAY SATURDAY FEB. 18)

ES332AES

U.N.LAWYER

WASHINGTON, FEB.18-(AP)-EL SALVADOR'S AMBASSADOR DON HECTOR DAVID CASTRO, WHO REPRESENTS HIS COUNTRY AT THE UNITED NATIONS, WAS ELECTED PRESIDENT OF THE U.N. LEAGUE OF LAWYERS LAST NIGHT.

THE LEAGUE HELD ITS ANNUAL MEETING AT THE ARMY-NAVY CLUB. LAST YEAR IT MET IN PARIS. OTHER OFFICERS ELECTED:

EXECUTIVE VICE PRESIDENT, DR.PIERRE GEORGES LEPAULLE OF PARIS, FRANCE; DEPUTY VICE PRESIDENT, DR.MELQUIADES J.GAMBOA, COUNSELOR OF THE PHILIPPINES EMBASSY HERE; SECRETARY GENERAL, DR.H.MILTON COLVIN OF WASHINGTON AND RICHMOND, WHO IS PRESIDENT OF THE U.S. DIVISION OF THE LEAGUE.

ASSISTANT SECRETARY

EXECUTIVE VICE PRESIDENT, DR.PIERRE GEORGES LEPAULLE OF PARIS, FRANCE; DEPUTY VICE PRESIDENT, DR.MELQUIADES J.GAMBOA, COUNSELOR OF THE PHILIPPINES EMBASSY HERE; SECRETARY GENERAL, DR.H.MILTON COLVIN OF WASHINGTON AND RICHMOND, WHO IS PRESIDENT OF THE U.S. DIVISION OF THE LEAGUE.

ASSISTANT SECRETARY GENERAL, ELI E.NOBLEMAN OF WASHINGTON, COUNSEL TO THE SENATE COMMITTEE ON INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS; TREASURER, MARY CONLEY, AN ATTORNEY WITH THE VETERANS ADMINISTRATION HERE; ASSISTANT TREASURER, OWEN L.DAVIS, FIRST SECRETARY OF THE AUSTRALIAN EMBASSY.

FOUR MEMBERS WERE ELECTED TO THE INTERNATIONAL EXECUTIVE BOARD: DR.BRENDEN F.BROWN, DEAN OF THE LAW SCHOOL AT CATHOLIC UNIVERSITY HERE; DR.ALESSANDRA LUCINI DEL RUSSO OF MILAN, ITALY; JAMES E.PALMER, JR., PRESIDENT OF THE FEDERAL BAR ASSOCIATION HERE; AND FRANK C.SAKRAN, AUTHOR AND LAWYER.

ES326AES

WASHINGTON,FEB.18-(AP)-GEN.J.LAWTON COLLINS, ARMY CHIEF OF STAFF, WILL VISIT FORT BLISS, TEXAS FEBRUARY 20 AND 21, THE ARMY ANNOUNCED TODAY.

FORT BLISS, ON THE OUTSKIRTS OF EL PASO, TEXAS, IS THE ARMY'S ANTI-AIRCRAFT AND GUIDED MISSILES CENTER.

V1226PES NM

LAKE SUCCESS, FEB 17-(AP)-SEVEN CHINESE CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATIONS IN RED SHANGHAI PLEADED WITH THE UNITED NATIONS TODAY TO CONDEMN NATIONALIST AIR-BOMBINGS AS VIOLATIONS OF THE UNIVERSAL DECLARATION OF HUMAN RIGHTS.

THEIR LEADERS, CLAIMING TO REPRESENT AN ALL-CHINESE MEMBERSHIP OF 2,000,000, CABLED THEIR APPEAL THROUGH THE U.N. INFORMATION CENTER IN SHANGHAI TO U.N. SECRETARY-GENERAL TRYGVE LIE.

THEY ASKED THE U.N. TO MAKE AN ENERGETIC PROTEST TO THE NATIONALIST GOVERNMENT ON FORMOSA AND URGED "IMMEDIATE AND EFFECTIVE ACTION TO PREVENT FURTHER VIOLATION OF THE UNIVERSAL RIGHTS TO LIFE, HEALTH AND SOCIAL SECURITY."

SUCH APPEALS ARE FILED AWAY AS DOCUMENTS FROM NON-GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATIONS THAT MAY BE TAKEN UP FOR ACTION BY ANY NATIONAL DELEGATION.

NONE HAS TAKEN UP A RECENT SIMILAR PLEA FROM NATIONALS OF 17 NON-COMMUNIST COUNTRIES LIVING IN SHANGHAI.

M409AES

NEW YORK, FEB.18-(AP)-THE SIX DEFENSE LAWYERS IN THE COMMUNIST CONSPIRACY TRIAL SAY THAT IF THEIR CONTEMPT SENTENCES ARE UPHELD, "WHOLESALE DISBARMENT OF LAWYERS DEFENDING COMMUNISTS" MAY RESULT.

JAIL SENTENCES OF VARYING LENGTHS WERE IMPOSED ON THE SIX FOR CONTEMPT AT THE CONCLUSION OF THE RED CONSPIRACY TRIAL, IN WHICH 11 TOP COMMUNIST LEADERS WERE CONVICTED.

SEEKING TO UPSET THE CONTEMPT SENTENCES, THE SIX TOLD THE COURT OF APPEALS YESTERDAY THAT THEY "ARE ENTITLED TO A HEARING" BEFORE FINAL JUDGMENT IS PASSED.

THE GOVERNMENT OPPOSED THIS MOVE, CLAIMING THAT A HEARING FOR THE SIX WOULD BE "NOTHING BUT A PROTRACTED RETRIAL."

THE SIX CONTENDED THAT IF A HEARING IS DENIED, AND THE SENTENCES UPHELD, IT "MAY WELL BECOME THE SIGNAL FOR THE WHOLESALE DISBARMENT OF LAWYERS WHO DEFEND COMMUNISTS, AS WELL AS LABOR UNIONS AND MINORITY GROUPS, AS THESE CONVICTIONS HAVE ALREADY BEEN A SIGNAL TO SOME JUDGES WHO IN ONE WAY OR ANOTHER HAVE THREATENED LAWYERS WITH THE 'JUDGE MEDINA TREATMENT'."

FEDERAL JUDGE HAROLD R.MEDINA, WHO PRESIDED AT THE CONSPIRACY TRIAL, IMPOSED THE SENTENCES, RULING THAT THE SIX HAD NOT CONDUCTED THEMSELVES IN CONFORMANCE WITH TRADITIONS OF THE AMERICAN BAR.

THOSE SENTENCED WERE EUGENE DENNIS, A DEFENDANT WHO ACTED AS HIS OWN COUNSEL; HARRY SACHER AND RICHARD GLADSTEIN, ALL GIVEN SIX MONTHS; ABRAHAM J.ISSERMAN AND GEORGE W.CROCKETT, JR., FOUR MONTHS, AND LOUIS F. MC CABE, 30 DAYS.

LS710AES

NEW YORK, FEB.18-(AP)-THREE NEW ATTORNEYS FOR JUDITH COPLON GET TOGETHER TODAY TO MAP THEIR DEFENSE STRATEGY IN THE EX-GOVERNMENT GIRL'S SPY TRIAL, AND STUDY THE LONG TRIAL RECORD.

THEY'LL HAVE TO GO THROUGH 52 VOLUMES OF TRIAL RECORDS, COMPRISING 15,000 PAGES, TO BRING THEMSELVES UP TO DATE IN THE CASE, WHICH HAD BEEN GOING ON FOR THREE WEEKS WHEN THEY WERE NAMED TO TAKE OVER YESTERDAY.

A CONSIDERABLE DELAY IN THE TRIAL MAY RESULT.

MISS COPLON, 28, WHO IS ON TRIAL WITH RUSSIAN ENGINEER VALENTIN A.GUBITCHEV, BECAME DISSATISFIED WITH SERVICES OF HER FIERY ATTORNEY, ARCHIBALD PALMER, AND THURSDAY ASKED FOR NEW COUNSEL.

MISS COPLON SAID SHE HAD NO OBJECTION TO HER NEW ATTORNEYS, WHO WERE APPOINTED TO DEFEND HER YESTERDAY BY FEDERAL JUDGE SYLVESTER RYAN.

SHE HAS TAKEN A PAUPER'S OATH.

COURT ATTACHES SAID IT WAS THE FIRST TIME THEY KNEW OF A DEFENDANT CHANGING ATTORNEYS MIDWAY IN A TRIAL.

SAMUEL NEUBERGER, WHO HEADS THE NEW DEFENSE STAFF, SAID HE DID NOT YET KNOW HOW LONG A DELAY IN THE TRIAL HE WOULD ASK TO PERMIT THE DEFENSE TO FAMILIARIZE ITSELF WITH DETAILS OF THE CASE.

THE RECORDS, INCLUDING SOME 100 COURT EXHIBITS, ALSO COVER MISS COPLON'S PREVIOUS TRIAL IN WASHINGTON, WHERE SHE WAS CONVICTED OF STEALING SECRETS FROM THE JUSTICE DEPARTMENT WHERE SHE FORMERLY WORKED. THE VERDICT IS BEING APPEALED.

IN THE CASE HERE; SHE AND GUBITCHEV, 33, A SUSPENDED U.N. EMPLOYE, ARE ACCUSED OF PLOTTING TO SUPPLY U.S. SECRETS TO RUSSIA.

THE TWO OTHER NEW DEFENSE LAWYERS ARE SIDNEY E.BERMAN AND LEONARD BOUDIN.

LS704AES

CHICAGO,FEB.18-(AP)-THE RUSSIAN-BORN PRESIDENT OF NEW YORK'S INSTITUTE OF FOREIGN TRADE TODAY URGED THAT THE UNITED STATES SEVER TRADE RELATIONS WITH RUSSIA.

J.ANTHONY MARCUS SAID THE ACTION WOULD "PREVENT RUSSIAN SCIENTISTS FROM ROAMING AROUND THE UNITED STATES AND STEALING OUR TECHNOLOGICAL KNOW-HOW."

THE INSTITUTE OF FOREIGN TRADE, MARCUS' ORGANIZATION, IS A NON-PROFIT GROUP OF INDUSTRIALISTS CONCERNED WITH DISSEMININATING INFORMATION ABOUT FOREIGN TRADE AS IT IS AFFECTED BY AMERICAN FOREIGN POLICY.

HE SPOKE AT A CONFERENCE ON SUBVERSIVE ACTIVITIES SPONSORED BY THE NATIONAL AMERICANISM COMMISSION OF THE AMERICAN LEGION.

"SUCH ACTION WOULD INSPIRE THE RUSSIAN MASSES AND THE PEOPLE OF SATELLITE COUNTRIES TO CONTINUE THEIR RESISTANCE."

"THIS MORAL TONIC WOULD BE WORTH BILLIONS OF DOLLARS SPENT ON OTHER FORMS OF FIGHTING THE COLD WAR." HE SAID RUSSIAN TRADE WITH THIS COUNTRY "ENHANCES SOVIET PRESTIGE."

HE URGED OUTLAWING OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY IN THE UNITED STATES AND CRITICIZED SCIENTIST ALBERT EINSTEIN AS A "BABE IN THE WOODS" AS FAR AS KNOWLEDGE OF RUSSIA IS CONCERNED. EINSTEIN RECENTLY DECLARED THAT BOTH NATIONS NEEDED "MUTUAL TRUST."

K757PCS

CHICAGO, FEB 18-(AP)-A DELEGATION OF FIVE JAPANESE TRADE UNION EXPERTS IS SPENDING 12 DAYS IN THE CHICAGO AREA STUDYING INDUSTRY AND EDUCATION.

THE GROUP IS VISITING THIS COUNTRY UNDER SPONSORSHIP OF THE U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR TO VIEW FIRST HAND A DEMOCRATIC GOVERNMENT IN OPERATION.

THE VISITORS INCLUDE IDJUTARO SUEHIRO, CHAIRMAN OF THE CENTRAL LABOR RELATIONS BOARD OF JAPAN; SHINGO KAITE, CHIEF OF THE TRADE UNION SECTION OF THE JAPANESE LABOR MINISTRY; SUSUMU FUJITA, CHAIRMAN OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE ALL JAPAN ELECTRICAL WORKERS UNION; KANAME HOSHIKA, GENERAL SECRETARY OF THE NATIONAL RAILWAY WORKERS UNION, AND MRS. FUJI NAKAWAKI, INTERPRETER AND TECHNICAL CONSULTANT FOR THE LABOR DIVISION, ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION OF THE SUPREME COMMANDER'S OFFICE.

TODAY THE GROUP CONFERRED WITH DR. HEROLD C. HUNT, CHICAGO SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS, THEN WENT BY TRAIN TO NEARBY GARY, IND., FOR A TOUR OF THAT CITY'S STEEL MILLS. TOMORROW THEY WILL ATTEND CHURCH SERVICES, THEN SIGHTESEE ALONG CHICAGO'S LAKE FRONT.

ALSO ON THE VISITORS' SCHEDULE ARE A STUDY OF CHICAGO'S SCHOOL SYSTEM, VISITS TO THE CHICAGO FEDERATION OF LABOR, TO CIO HEADQUARTERS HERE, TO A RADIO STATION, THE STOCKYARDS, NORTHWESTERN AND CHICAGO UNIVERSITIES, MUSEUMS AND OTHER POINTS OF INTEREST.

ON MONDAY, THE GROUP WILL GO BY AUTOMOBILE TO THE STATE CAPITAL, SPRINGFIELD, WHERE THEY WILL MEET GOVERNOR ADLAI STEVENSON AND CONFER WITH OFFICERS OF THE ILLINOIS STATE FEDERATION OF LABOR. THEY WILL VISIT ABRAHAM LINCOLN'S TOMB AND OTHER PLACES OF HISTORIC INTEREST IN SPRINGFIELD.

WM1056ACS

DAYTON,O.,FEB.18-(AP)-"PINKIE" HAS BEEN FOUND, THE EDITOR OF THE SATURDAY REVIEW OF LITERATURE SAID TODAY.

PINKIE IS THE AMERICAN SOLDIER FRIEND TAMI TAGUCHI OF YOKOHAMA HAS BEEN TRYING TO REACH THESE LAST FOUR YEARS, WITH THE RECENT AID OF EDITOR NORMAN COUSINS.

COUSINS SAID HERE TODAY HE ENDED HIS NATION-WIDE SEARCH FOR PINKIE WHEN HE MET ORVILLE POHMAN OF APPLETON, WIS., THURSDAY.

COUSINS SAID HE WAS AT JANESVILLE, WIS., NEAR MILWAUKEE, WHEN HE LEARNED THROUGH AN UNDISCLOSED SOURCE THAT POHMAN, A 29-YEAR-OLD RAILROAD WORKER, LIVED AT NEARBY APPLETON. THEIR MEETING FOLLOWED.

COUSINS' STORY OF TAMI'S SEARCH FOR HIS YANK FRIEND WAS PUBLISHED FIRST IN THE SATURDAY REVIEW AND LATER IN THE FEBRUARY ISSUE OF READERS' DIGEST.

IN IT, TAMI TOLD HOW HE WAS BADLY FRIGHTENED AT 3 O'CLOCK CHRISTMAS MORNING, 1945, BY A GREAT BANGING AT HIS DOOR. HE WAS CERTAIN IT WAS SOME AMERICAN COME TO KILL HIM, AS HE HAD BEEN TOLD WOULD HAPPEN WHEN THE OCCUPATION FORCES LANDED.

BUT, TAMI SAID, WHEN THE LONE AMERICAN AT HIS DOOR ENTERED, HE WRAPPED HIS COAT AROUND TAMI IN THE MISTAKEN BELIEF THAT TAMI WAS COLD. IT WAS FEAR THAT MADE HIM SHIVER, TAMI SAID. AND, IT DEVELOPED, PINKIE'S JEEP HAD BROKEN DOWN AND HE WAS SIMPLY SEEKING DIRECTIONS BACK TO HIS CAMP.

THEY SAT FOR HOURS TALKING OF MUSIC AND BASEBALL. THEIR FRIENDSHIP BLOSSOMED FOR THREE MONTHS. THEN PINKIE, A PRIVATE FIRST CLASS, GOT HIS ORDERS TO RETURN TO THE UNITED STATES. IN THE EXCITEMENT, THEY FORGOT TO EXCHANGE MAILING ADDRESSES.

COUSINS, ON A RECENT VISIT TO JAPAN, WAS ASKED BY TAMI TO LOCATE PINKIE.

F844PES NM

(130)

LOS ALAMOS,N.M., FEB 18-(AP)-AN ATOMIC ENERGY OFFICIAL TODAY SAID THE AEC WILL SPEND $100,000,000 IN THE NEXT FIVE YEARS TO MAKE BUILDINGS PERMANENT AT THE NATION'S KEY ATOMIC RESEARCH CENTER.

ASSISTANT PROJECT MANAGER ELMO MORGAN SAID THE SUM WOULD BE USED TO REPLACE AND ENLARGE TEMPORARY BUILDINGS PUT UP AT LOS ALAMOS IN THE HEAT AND HASTE OF THE WAR.

HE DECLINED COMMENT WHEN ASKED IF THE BUILDING PROGRAM IS TIED TO PRESIDENT TRUMAN'S ANNOUNCEMENT THAT THE U.S. WILL DEVELOP AND BUILD THE HYDROGEN BOMB.

MORGAN SAID THIS: "ALL THE BUILDINGS EVENTUALLY WILL BE PERMANENT. A $12,000,000 LABORATORY WILL BE CONTRACTED FOR IN JUNE. THE WARTIME STRUCTURES ARE INADEQUATE AND THE $100,000,000 WILL BE USED GENERALLY FOR A REPLACEMENT PROGRAM."

PROJECT MANAGER CARROLL L.TYLER LEFT FOR WASHINGTON,D.C., LAST NIGHT. HE WILL TESTIFY BEFORE THE SENATE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE ABOUT NEXT YEAR'S AEC BUDGET.

EW457PCS NM

BRIDGES (250)

SAN FRANCISCO,FEB.18-(AP)-FOUR DAYS OF SEARCHING CROSS EXAMINATION HAS FAILED TO MAKE HARRY BRIDGES WAVER FROM HIS FLAT DENIAL THAT HE EVER BELONGED TO THE COMMUNIST PARTY.

AS HIS FEDERAL COURT PERJURY TRIAL RECESSED YESTERDAY FOR THE WEEK-END, THE CIO LONGSHOREMEN'S AND WAREHOUSEMEN'S UNION LEADER DENIED:

1. THAT THE COMMUNIST PARTY "DICTATED OR ORDERED" HIS UNION TO CHANGE ITS AFFILIATION IN 1937 FROM THE AFL TO THE CIO.

2. THAT HE HAD EVER VISITED COMMUNIST HEADQUARTERS IN NEW YORK.

3. THAT HE HAD EVER DINED IN NEW YORK WITH ROY HUDSON, IDENTIFIED BY THE PROSECUTION AS AN IMPORTANT COMMUNIST.

THE GOVERNMENT CHARGES THAT BRIDGES WAS A MEMBER OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY AND PERJURED HIMSELF AT HIS 1945 NATURALIZATION HEARING WHEN HE DENIED MEMBERSHIP.

AN UNFLATTERING ACCOUNT OF MERVYN RATHBORNE, PROSPECTIVE REBUTTAL WITNESS, IN THE PEOPLE'S WORLD, LEFT-WING NEWSPAPER, CAUSED A MINOR BRUSH AT THE CLOSE OF COURT.

PROSECUTOR F.JAMES DONOHUE SAID HE THOUGHT IT WAS AN INFRINGEMENT WORTH COURT NOTICE. DEFENSE ATTORNEY VINCENT HALLINAN PROTESTED THAT NEWSPAPERS ARE WORTHLESS AS EVIDENCE AND ADDED THAT THE PROSECUTOR PROFESSED SIMILAR VIEWS EARLIER IN THE TRIAL.

HE REFERRED TO THE DEFENSE'S ATTEMPT TO INTRODUCE A COPY OF THE MILWAUKEE JOURNAL WHICH QUOTED ATTORNEY GENERAL TOM CLARK AS SAYING THE BRIDGES INDICTMENTS WOULD HELP BREAK THE HAWAIIAN STRIKE. DONOHUE SAID CLARK DID NOT MAKE THE STATEMENT.

FEDERAL JUDGE GEORGE B.HARRIS CALLED FOR ADJOURNMENT AS HALLINAN WAVED A COPY OF THE JOURNAL IN COURT.

DV640ACS NM

UNDATED ATOMIC PROPOSALS (500)

BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

(ADVANCE)-NEW PROPOSALS FOR INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCES AGAINST THE TERRORIZING THREAT OF ATOMIC WAR WERE ADVANCED SATURDAY BY AMERICANS INSIDE AND OUTSIDE THE GOVERNMENT.

HAROLD E.STASSEN, PRESIDENT OF THE UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA AND UNSUCCESSFUL ASPIRANT FOR THE REPUBLICAN PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATION IN 1948, SUGGESTED CALLING A BI-PARTISAN "MID-CENTURY CONFERENCE" BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND RUSSIA, WITH ASIA AND THE HYDROGEN BOMB AS THE PRINCIPAL TOPICS.

CHAIRMAN CONNALLY (D-TEX) OF THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE SAID THE TIME MAY BE AT HAND FOR A SHOWDOWN MEETING BETWEEN THE FOREIGN MINISTERS OF RUSSIA, BRITAIN AND THE UNITED STATES ON THE CONTROL OF ALL ATOMIC WEAPONS, INCLUDING THE PROJECTED H-BOMB.

SENATOR WILEY (R-WIS), A MEMBER OF THE FOREIGN RELATIONS UNIT, SAID IN A STATEMENT THAT THE UNITED STATES OUGHT TO ASK THE UNITED NATIONS TO POLL ITS MEMBERSHIP ON THE POSSIBILITY OF HOLDING A WORLD DISARMAMENT CONFERENCE.

THE CONGRESS OF INDUSTRIAL ORGANIZATIONS SAID IN A STATEMENT THAT THE UNITED NATIONS OFFERS "THE ONLY ARENA FOR ADEQUATE DISCUSSION AND ACTION ON CIVILIZATION'S UNIVERSAL HOPE FOR COMPLETE DISARMAMENT AS A PRELUDE TO LASTING PEACE."

CONNALLY SAID THE RUSSIANS SHOULD MAKE THE FIRST MOVE TOWARD THE KIND OF HIGH-LEVEL CONFERENCE HE SUGGESTED, BUT HE ADDED: "THEY PROBABLY WON'T."

WILEY'S STATEMENT SAID:

"WE POSSESS AN A-BOMB, ARE WORKING TOWARD AN H-BOMB, BUT WHAT WE NEED NOW IS A PEACE-BOMB WHICH WILL CREATE RATHER THAN DESTROY AND SCATTER BLESSINGS INSTEAD OF HAVOC."

THE CIO'S STATEMENT WAS SIGNED BY PHILIP MURRAY, PRESIDENT OF THAT LABOR ORGANIZATION, AND JACOB POTOFSKY, CHAIRMAN OF CIO'S INTERNATIONAL COMMITTEE. THE STATEMENT SAID THE CIO'S VIEWS WERE PRESENTED FRIDAY TO SECRETARY OF STATE ACHESON AT A PRIVATE MEETING.

THE CIO SAID THAT IN VIEW OF THE CURRENT STATE OF WORLD AFFAIRS, THE UNITED STATES IS JUSTIFIED IN PROCEEDING WITH THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE HYDROGEN BOMB. BUT THE H-BOMB, THE STATEMENT DECLARED, IS NO GUARANTEE OF SECURITY.

SPEAKING AT A REPUBLICAN DINNER AT GRAND RAPIDS,MICH., STASSEN SAID:

"EVEN THOUGH THE CHANCES OF SUCCESS MAY BE ONLY ONE IN A THOUSAND, THIS NATION OWES IT TO ITS CHILDREN AND TO ALL MANKIND TO MAKE EVERY POSSIBLE ADDITIONAL EFFORT TO BRING ABOUT A BASIC CHANGE OF POLICY IN THE SOVIET UNION AND TO OBTAIN FREE AND OPEN UNITED NATIONS INSPECTIONS OF ATOMIC DEVELOPMENTS AND JOINT WORLD DISARMAMENT."

STASSEN SAID THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES SHOULD REQUEST THE LEADERS OF THE SOVIET UNION TO JOIN IN SUCH A CONFERENCE. HE SAID THE AMERICAN REPRESENTATION SHOULD BE BI-PARTISAN, AND INCLUDE THE PRESIDENT, ACHESON, SECRETARY OF DEFENSE JOHNSON, GEN.OMAR BRADLEY, SENATORS TAFT (R-OHIO) AND VANDENBERG (R-MICH), BERNARD BARUCH AND GEN.DWIGHT D.EISENHOWER.

A17WX

SAMUEL ROSENMAN, THE NEW YORKER WHO USED TO HELP THE LATE FRANKLIN D.ROOSEVELT WITH HIS SPEECHES, DECLARED IN WASHINGTON THAT U.S. RELATIONS WITH RUSSIA HAVE DETERIORATED BEYOND THE POINT WHERE A GENERAL SETTLEMENT MIGHT BE WORKED OUT IN A PERSONAL MEETING BETWEEN PRESIDENT TRUMAN AND PREMIER STALIN.

"UNDER THE CIRCUMSTANCES IT LOOKS AS THOUGH PRESIDENT TRUMAN AND SECRETARY OF STATE ACHESON ARE PLAYING IT JUST ABOUT RIGHT," ROSENMAN SAID AFTER A WHITE HOUSE CALL.

AT A NEWS CONFERENCE THIS WEEK, PRESIDENT TRUMAN MADE IT CLEAR HE WAS NOT INTERESTED IN GOING ABROAD FOR ANOTHER CONFERENCE WITH STALIN. PRESUMABLY THE DOOR IS STILL OPEN IF STALIN SHOULD SEEK SUCH A MEETING IN THE UNITED STATES.

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 7 P.M.,EST TODAY,FEB. 18)

GG536PES

End Feb 18, 1950

30.24- 9063

U.S., BRITAIN DISCUSS ECONOMIC STEPS TO BAR CRISIS WH[illegible] AID ENDS

Bevin Tells Of Government's Action In Campaign Speech

London, Feb. 19 (AP)—Ernest Bevin, Foreign Secretary, said tonight that the Labor Government was discussing with the United States steps to avert a possible economic crisis in Britain when Marshall-plan aid ends in 1952.

Speaking to a political audience at a theater in suburban Croydon, Bevin said:

"We are already discussing with the United States the situation which may arise.

To See Europe On Own Feet

"We are taking every possible step in order that there will be no economic crises and catastrophes and to insure that we move steadily over from one system to the other, which is what America wants to see—Europe on its own feet and with its own dignity contributing once again to the great civilization whose cradle she rocked and developed over so many centuries."

Bevin said it would be "perfectly silly" for him to say that he could predict what the Labor Government would do in 1952, but added:

"We are working hard to see whether we can bring about a new payment scheme in exchange which will not involve us in this gold and dollar business, and which will not cut across our own Commonwealth and overseas territories."

No Word On Extension

Bevin did not elaborate, nor did he indicate in so many words whether Labor, if re-elected, expects an extension of Marshall aid.

Only last Friday Bevin told another election rally:

"We don't want to ask America for more gifts in 1952. We don't want to talk about more loans. We believe we can get on our feet and that there is every prospect that not only we but a good deal of western Europe will be able to face the situation in 1952."

The Conservatives, headed by Winston Churchill, have jeered at the Labor party for depending so heavily on American aid.

They have charged that Socialist Britain has been kept going only by aid from capitalist America, and that without such aid the Laborite's boast of full employment would be meaningless.

BERLIN REDS SEIZE TRUCKS IN DRIVE ON METAL CARGOES

Dr Dix

BERLIN, Feb. 19 — (AP) Russian authorities seized 22 trucks at their highway checkpoint outside of Berlin tonight in an effort to block all metal shipments on the road to Western Germany, United States transport chief C. A. Dix reported.

Beginning this morning, the Russians held up truckloads of metal and metal products, whether they were leaving Berlin for Western Germany or carrying cargoes for East Berlin, Dix said. INSERT

Fourth Protest Filed

This latest Soviet move came within 24 hours after the fourth western allied protest against Russian interference with Berlin highway traffic this year.

The American, British and French commandants, in a letter yesterday, told Soviet Maj. Gen. Alexander Kotikov that the Russians are making "a calculated attempt to restrict the normal movement of persons and goods."

In his only reply to the allies, on Feb. 4, Gen. Kotikov asserted there were large-scale smuggling activities in highway traffic and Soviet border guards therefore had to make a detailed inspection of all vehicles.

Drivers arriving here said even Soviet zone trucks carrying metal supplies for the Russian sector had been seized by the Russians. This indicated the seizures were part of an anti-smuggling drive by the Soviet and Eastern German authorities.

West German police expect a decision tomorrow on whether the allied truck cargoes will be confiscated. They said the impounded trucks would probably be taken to the Soviet zone of Berlin for inspection.

Otherwise Traffic Normal

Otherwise traffic was reported normal along the highway from Berlin to Helmstedt, where the British zone begins.

Meanwhile, American officials gloomily conceded that West Berlin apparently is doomed to stay in the poorhouse for the duration of the cold war.

They said German-allied recovery plans are insufficient alone to make the city self-supporting in the long run. West Berlin's unemployment has reached an occupation era high, with 308,793 workers out of jobs, or 27 per cent of the total labor force.

SOVIET COURTS PRO-NAZI BLOC

Seeks Support Of Millions Of Western Zone Malcontents

Frankfurt, Germany, Feb. 19 (AP). Some 4,000,000 Germans with Nazi leanings may be laying the groundwork for another Hitler who could, ironically, lead his followers right into the Russian camp.

These are West Germany's Nationalists, who despise the newborn West German Republic. They represent about twelve per cent of West Germany's 31,000,000 eligible voters, and are being openly courted by the Soviet Union.

Lacking a leader and a common idea, they constitute small potential danger at present. Their rivalry for power and conflicting regional interests so far have prevented them from organizing as a solid bloc.

These 4,000,000 neo-Nazis hold two common aims, however:

1. To disparage democracy and create cynicism and doubt.
2. To build a powerful, militant Germany.

Industrialists . . . Professors

All kinds of people are included among these Nationalists. There are industrialists hoping for a strong state, forcing the worker to slave-labor levels. There are professors with musty feudalistic concepts.

There is the former officer clique, with its passion for a revival of militarism. And there is a scattered fringe of anti-Semites, professional rowdies and opportunists, ever ready to jump on any band wagon.

Some 500,000 of these Nationalists have organized in some twenty political parties. The actual membership of each party or group varies from 200 to several thousand. These parties range from such bitter enemies of bolshevism as the Vaterlandische Union (Fatherland Union) to openly pro-Russian groups like the Deutsche bloc (German bloc).

Karl Feitenhansl, leader of the Fatherland Union, wants an army to protect Germany from Russian aggression. On the other hand, Karl Meissner, head of the German bloc, recently was quoted as saying, "It would be suicidal to fight on the side of the Western powers."

Russia is trying to make a deal with these dictator parties. With this in mind, the Communists of East Germany have:

Openly appealed for support from former Nazis.

Formed a "National Front"—a soviet political instrument which, with its aims, appeals to the unsuppressed longing of Germans to see their country reunited.

Pin Hopes On Russia

Set up organizations in West German which deny Communist connections, but appeal to the Fascist-minded.

Sent agents to the western zones to spread anti-democratic thought and stir industrialists, politicians and influential intellectuals to a belief that Germany cannot exist without trade in eastern Europe.

The Communists make their appeal to the masses of Germans by claiming that only Russia can bring about a unified Germany. Allied officials say they have succeeded in making some Nationalists fall for their line.

The trend has not gained dangerous headway, however, as shown by a recent poll in which an overwhelming majority of West Germans said they would rather stop communism than see their country reunited.

Elections To Test Strength

Russian successes in the Far East and elsewhere have impressed the more militant Nationalists, Western officials admit. Totalitarian party leaders in West Germany have been quick to shout that Communist victories are a sign of western weakness.

The main common aim of the twenty odd Nationalist blocs is to weaken the young West German Republic's democracy. Allied intelligence officers say this is done by minimizing the strength and good intentions of the Western Allies with the hope of splitting those Socialist and Conservative parties which stand behind the West.

Hitler Ordered Vatican Razed, Former Aid Says

FRANKFURT, Feb. 19 (AP).—Adolf Hitler twice ordered the Vatican razed, according to German court testimony reported today by the United States Army newspaper "Stars and Stripes."

The paper quoted Rudolf Rahn, once Nazi charge d'affaires at Rome, as testifying that Hitler ordered the Vatican burned to the ground when Italy surrendered to the Allies in 1943. Hitler charged the Vatican was a "nesting place for Allied spies." Rahn testified that he went by plane to Berlin and talked Hitler out of the idea. In the winter of 1944-'45 Hitler ordered the Vatican to be leveled by aerial bombardment, Rahn said. He added: "However, working through the chief of the secret service, I was again able to foil this plan."

Rahn was testifying at the de-Nazification trial of Gieselher Wirsing, alleged former editor of the Nazi party newspaper at Munich, "Stars and Stripes" said.

CHAPLAIN CHARGES GI'S IN GERMANY TOO YOUNG

FRANKFURT, Germany, Feb. 19.—(AP) Most American soldiers occupying Germany are too young for the moral hazards to which they are exposed, says Maj. Gen. Roy H. Parker, chief of U. S. army chaplains.

"When I return to Washington I shall consider recommending that only men in their second enlistment period, or older, be assigned to duty in Germany," Gen. Parker was quoted as saying by the U. S. army newspaper Stars and Stripes.

This would eliminate teen agers since an enlistment period is for three years.

East German Leader Attacks Berlin Cardinal

Berlin, Feb. 19 (AP)—An East German deputy prime minister attacked Berlin's Konrad Cardinal von Preysing today for lining up the Catholic Church "on the side of western propaganda."

Von Preysing was accused by Deputy Prime Minister Otto Nuschke of making "a serious political error" in forbidding 250 East German priests last week to join the Communist-dominated "National Front."

Nuschke, chairman of the Eastern Christian Democratic Union and advisor of the government's Church Affairs Office, assailed the Cardinal's action in a front-page newspaper statement.

The deputy prime minister admitted that constitutional guarantees for churches were not yet observed by all East German officials.

GERMAN REDS [illegible]LDED FOR INTEREST IN SEX

BERLIN, Feb. 19 — (AP) East Germans are talking too much about sex—and slighting their two-year economic plan, a woman communist editor warned today.

"This sexual diversion talk is in the sanctimonious guise of morality behind all this stands the Americans' shallow, trifling half-naked culture," Hilde Marchwitza wrote in Neues Deutschland, party organ.

"It is an attack on the young (east) German democratic republic, whose economic foundation is the fulfillment and overfulfillment of the two-year plan."

RED YOUTH 'INVASION' OF BERLIN CANCELLED

BERLIN, Feb. 19.—(AP) The British zone radio said tonight that plans have been cancelled for an

"invasion" of the allied sectors of Berlin by the communist Free German Youth (FDJ) in May.

The radio said the FDJ executive council feared that young East Germans would be "ideologically influenced" by seeing higher living standards in West Berlin. FDJ leaders could not be reached for comment.

The invasion was predicted Feb. 5 at Bonn by Kurt Schumacher, West German Socialist and opposition leader. He said that the young eastern communists would try to seize control of West Berlin during a rally of half a million members May 27-29.

Sabotage Work Laid To Vogeler

"Worse Than Hitler"

Vienna, Feb. 19 (AP)—Morris Ernst, New York attorney appointed to defend Robert A. Vogeler in the Budapest spy trials, arrived in Vienna today and called the Hungarian proceedings "much worse than anything Hitler ever pulled in the way of a trial."

Ernst came here by plane "in order to be as close as possible to the trial." He said he will apply for a visa at the Hungarian legation here tomorrow.

"I don't have much hope the visa will be granted, but if it is I wouldn't want to be 3,000 miles away in New York."

Budapest, Feb. 19 (AP)—Prosecutor Gyula Alapi marshaled technical witnesses today to testify on the damage done to Hungary by the alleged spying and sabotage of American businessman Robert A. Vogeler and six codefendants.

Interest will center on this phase of the spy trial when it resumes tomorrow, together with the large list of American and British legation personnel, army and intelligence officers and other prominent persons whose names have been brought into the case.

Vogeler, 38-year-old vice president of International Telephone and Telegraph Company asked for a mild sentence yesterday after pleading guilty. He declared he used his business connections as a cover for professional intelligence activities, and that nearly all American businessmen in eastern Europe were required to turn in intelligence reports to the United States.

Six Others Also "Confess"

His six codefendants confessed to similar charges. They were Edgar Sanders, a British official in the Standard Electric Company, Hungarian subsidiary of I.T.& T.; Imre Geiger, Hungarian manager of the company; Zoltan Rado, a section chief in the Hungarian ministry of heavy trade; Edina Doery, hotel barmaid and telephone operator; the Rev. Istvan Justh, a Catholic priest, and Klemen Domokos, chief accountant for the Standard Company.

Alapi, who prosecuted Josef Cardinal Midszenty and Laszlo Rajk, former No. 2 Hungarian Communist, was expected to make the most of the defendants' admissions that company production was limited deliberately and deliveries to the Soviet Union were sabotaged.

Excuse For Confiscation?

The technical witnesses are expected to testify to the exact amount of this damage.

[Former business associates of Vogeler have speculated that the underlying purpose of the trial was to furnish an excuse for the Communist-dominated government to seize I.T.&T. properties in Hungary.

[His friends abroad expressed disbelief in the confessions he recited in the People's Court yesterday. They said his calm attitude was not in character, and that dates and other events mentioned in his testimony did not square with the known facts concerning his whereabouts and activities.]

Among the witnesses expected to be called tomorrow are Karoly Vas, a former county official, and Marietta Scitovsky, daughter of a prewar Minister of the Interior. They were arrested at the same time as Vogeler and the other defendants, but were not placed on trial.

Behn Prominently Mentioned

The name most prominently mentioned in Vogeler's testimony was that of Col. Sosthenes Behn, chairman of the board of I.T.& T.

After describing the Standard Company as under United States Army control Vogeler said he visited this country in 1948 in company with Behn for secret conferences with some of the other defendants.

He described Behn as a prominenf banker and personal friend of President Truman, Secretary of State Acheson, Gen. George C. Marshall, Henry Morgenthau, former secretary of the Treasury, and other well-known Americans.

Vogeler said he had instructions to seek especially for information about radar, rockets, uranium deposits and atomic experts who might be spirited away to the United States.

The Hungarian press seized on this testimony yesterday, and said Vogeler and the other defendants were the "vanguard of a new world war."

'Bob's Voice But Not His Words'

Vienna, *Monday*, Feb. 20 (AP)—Mrs. Robert Vogeler heard the recorded voice of her husband calmly admit today he was an American spy.

When the English-language broadcast from Budapest ended, Mrs. Vogeler broke into tears and said:

"That was Bob's voice, but those were not his words."

"Bob didn't say what he wanted to say—only what they made him say. No wonder it took them three months to rehearse him. Every word he said was put in his mouth."

'NO STRINGS' TIED TO AID FOR TITO

Ambassador Allen Denies 'Political Conditions' Involved

BELGRADE, Yugoslavia, Feb. 19—(AP) United States Ambassador George Allen said today there would be "no political conditions" attached to any American financial aid for Yugoslavia.

His statement was prompted by a question during an interview relating to Premier Marshal Tito's speech yesterday in which he said Yugoslavia would "rather go barefooted" than sacrifice its socialist principles in return for aid.

No Strings Attached

"As I pointed out when I presented my credentials," Allen said, "the policy of the United States is strict non-interference in the internal affairs of Yugoslavia. No political conditions were attached to the credit already extended to Yugoslavia and no such conditions are attached to the credits now under consideration."

(Aid now under consideration includes a credit of $25,000,000, plus $11,000,000 from the Export-Import Bank and the World Monetary fund).

Tito, apparently irked that there had not been speedier action on financial aid, told a meeting of 50,000 persons that Soviet-led Cominform countries have constantly played the "same tune" that Yugoslavia is seeking aid from the "reactionary" forces of the west.

He said "we have asked for nothing of late, but only said they should give us what they promised."

So far as is known here, there have been no public revelations from the west that loans have actually been promised.

Not in Any Camp, Tito Says

Tito made this pronouncement:

"We are not in any camp. We are not in any bloc. We are a country which is building socialism with high consciousness of our people, with consciousness of our ability and possibilities. We shall continue on this course in the future as well, come what may."

Tito's speech obviously was a denial of the Cominform charges that Yugoslavia was turning to the west politically in its quest for money, material and equipment to rebuild its economy and place itself on a self-supporting level. It also was notice to the west that it could expect no change in Yugoslavia for favors received.

Czech Paper Reports Immigrants Leave U.S.

Prague, Czechoslovakia, Feb. 19 (AP)—The Communist party weekly *Funkcionar* said today prewar immigrants from eastern Europe were returning from the United States in droves.

The publication, official organ of Czech Communist party functionaries, declared that "eastern Europe was a supplier of cheap labor for the American magnates in prewar days."

"Among the workers in such cities as Detroit, Cincinnati, Chicago and Philadelphia," the magazine said, "you can still hear the Slav tongue of misery-beaten workers who left eastern Europe for want of work, looking to America for asylum, but finding only heavy work, torturing work, interspaced with still worse unemployment.

"Today these workers are returning to their home countries, in which people's democracies have been successfully instituted."

CHIANG PROMISES TRIAL OF STALIN AS WAR CRIMINAL

Spencer Moosa

TAIPEI, Formosa, Feb. 19—(AP) Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek today promised a Nationalist offensive on the Chinese mainland in the near future, execution of Communist Mao Tze-tung and eventual trial of Soviet Prime Minister Stalin as a war criminal.

These assertions were contained in 100,000 leaflets scattered over Red coastal cities by Nationalist warplanes to coincide with the lunar New Year celebrations.

Seeks Internal Uprisings

Chiang did not disclose how he intended to reinvade the mainland, from which he was driven only last December, but indicated he was counting on internal uprisings and a new world conflict to help him make good on his promises.

"I well realize that you are leading the lives of slaves under the rule of darkness and violence," his statement said. "That is why, despite all difficulties, I am making preparations for a counter-offensive on the mainland.

"I will come to your rescue with real action in the near future."

Condemning the new alliance between Red China and the Soviet Union, Chiang said, "Mao Tze-tung has sold China to imperialist Russia. He has given your life and property, your food, your culture, your treasures—the whole of China—to Stalin as capital for World War III."

Promises Trial of Stalin

Foreseeing victory in such a conflict, Chiang then said Mao would be executed and Stalin would be tried by an international court.

"My dear countrymen," he continued, "can you stand the oppressive rule of the Communists? Can you suffer your descendants to be trampled upon by Russians? If not, rise against those who would enslave you. Don't let the Communists seize our manpower or our resources. Take action to hasten their (the Communists') collapse."

On Formosa, he declared, "a formidable army, navy and air force are being concentrated and trained.

"Besides defending Formosa, they will be thrown into battle in an all-out counteroffensive on the mainland."

SOUTH AFRICAN RIOT RENEWED

Police Sergeant Killed In Clash In Native Village

Johannesburg, South Africa, Feb. 19 (AP)—Police and natives fought a gun battle today at the Benomi native settlement, near Johannesburg. A police sergeant was killed.

Among sixteen injured was a detective, part of whose ear was cut off by a native wielding a battle-ax. The other fifteen hurt were natives.

Begins In Clash Of Factions

Today's clash was the latest of a series of disorders in South Africa. Last Monday 100 natives attacked police and stoned cars and a railway station at the New Clare native area, also near Johannesburg.

The rioting today began as a clash between two native factions, involving about 100 persons, a police account said. A head constable and eight policemen, only four of whom were armed, went to the scene.

One group of natives scattered. The police, rounding a corner, came face to face with a second group of natives, some of whom were armed. This group rushed the police and both sides opened fire immediately.

Forced To Withdraw

The outnumbered police were forced to withdraw. When they discovered a sergeant was missing, the police returned to the scene of the clash. The police said they found the sergeant dead with his head battered in.

Authorities said today's clash had its origin in differences between two Negro chieftains in the Basutoland protectorate, 200 miles to the south, and spread to a native squatters' camp near here.

Basutoland is a British protectorate surrounded by provinces of the Union of South Africa. Some Basuto natives have migrated from their homeland to take jobs here.

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Jessup Off to New Delhi

MADRAS, India, Feb. 19 (AP). — Dr. Philip C. Jessup, American Ambassador-at-large, left today by plane for "Colombo" en route to New Delhi. He and his party, delayed yesterday through engine trouble in their special plane, are due to reach New Delhi Tuesday.

CABINET CRISIS FACES ISRAELI GOVERNMENT

JERUSALEM, Feb. 19—(AP) Israeli Premier David Ben-Gurion tonight notified three government ministers representing the religious bloc that they must attend future cabinet meetings or lose their posts.

The action brings to a head a crisis which has been threatening the coalition government. The three ministers have boycotted cabinet sessions for the last three weeks. They have charged that the government has been sending teachers into Jewish immigrant camps who are "leftwing atheists."

The ministers affected are Moshe Shapiro, for immigration and home affairs; Rabbi Y. L. Fishman, religious affairs; and Rabbi Y. L. Levin, social welfare.

2—One out of every ten Communists in the country is under watch by the FBI as a "dangerous" subversive.

3—At least 4,000 to 5,000 Communists would be arrested or jailed within 24 hours after this country went to war.

The Mundt-Ferguson-Johnston bill originally was introduced in the Senate last year. But the three sponsors are revising it to meet objections raised against it and other anti-Communist measures.

Same Stiff Penalties

The same stiff penalties are written into the new bill as were contained in the 1949 version: $2,000 to $5,000 fine and two years in jail.

"The bill won't outlaw the Communists or the Communist party," Mundt explained. "But it will apply to them the same government regulations which govern the political activities of Democrats and Republicans."

Mundt joined with Representative Nixon (R., Cal.) in 1948 in an effort to outlaw the Communist party.

Not To Outlaw Party

But he says he decided to abandon that approach after talking to Hoover. "He convinced me that to outlaw the Communists would drive them underground," Mundt said. "I agree it is not as effective to outlaw them as to focus the light of publicity on them."

FBI Chief Backs Bill To List 54,000 Communists In U.S.

Washington, Feb. 19 (AP)—A bill intended to force the registration of 54,000 card-carrying American Communists is being whipped into shape today for early Senate action.

Senators Mundt (R., S.D.), Ferguson (R., Mich.) and Johnston (D., S.C.) are working on the bill in the hope of getting it before the Senate within the next two weeks.

Mundt said FBI Chief J. Edgar Hoover has approved the measure as one way to "drive the Communists above ground." Hoover has estimated there are 54,000 Communist party members in this country.

FBI Ready For Action

Mundt also said:

1—The FBI is ready in an emergency to "break up the nerve centers of communism" in the United States.

The bill would call for the registration of card-carrying Communists, Communist organizations or organizations with Communist affiliations, and would require such organizations to file financial reports disclosing sources of income and where the money is spent.

It would deny Communists the right to work for the Federal Government and would deprive them of United States passport privileges.

Good Thing To Know Them

The measure would require Communist literature to be labeled as such.

Mundt said the bill would not penalize anyone for belonging to the Communist party. But, he said, "it would be helpful if the people knew exactly who they were."

It would not be important, he added, to have this information in the case of a farmer, a clerk or a day laborer. But he said people should know if college presidents, state officials or others in important public posts are Communist party members.

ATOM DISPUTE DOGS TRUMAN

White House Faces Crisis On East Europe At Same Time

Washington, Feb. 19 (AP)—With its ranks split wide over proposals for an atomic showdown with Russia, the Administration today reached the edge of a new crisis in its relations with the eastern European Communist bloc.

Barring some unexpected development, the United States is due to break relations with Communist satellite Bulgaria in the immediate future.

The Bulgarians were first notified of the United States stand four weeks ago. Last Thursday the State Department called for an immediate response to its threat that relations would be broken unless Sofia dropped its demand for recall of Donald Heath, American Minister, on charges of spying and plotting. This Government called the charges false.

The threat was a major policy decision by President Truman and Dean Acheson, Secretary of State. It raises the question as to the continuance of American relations with all the eastern European countries.

Can't Muster Support

The question, moreover, catches the Administration at a critical point in the conflict with Russia. It is becoming increasingly apparent that the President and Acheson have not yet been able to rally for their cold-war strategy the Senate support which they normally require to make a line of action effective.

The central issue is whether some kind of effort should be made to force a showdown with the Soviet Union on international control of atomic energy and on disarmament—the issues which cover the hydrogen bomb.

The position of Mr. Truman and his Secretary of State is essentially that it would do no good to seek by dramatic means to bring about an atomic agreement with Russia at this time. Both are committed to a policy of building up strength on the side of the non-Communist nations in the hope that a balance of power against the Communist bloc some day will make possible atomic and other agreements that will really work.

Fear Sense Of Desperation

Some of Acheson's foreign-policy advisers are afraid that the failure to obtain an agreement as the result of a last-ditch move might generate a sense of desperation in the world and create a great intensification of the East-West conflict—possibly even war. They regard the Acheson-Truman line as avoiding either the dangers of war or those of appeasement.

Strong voices from Mr. Truman's own organization supporters in Congress, however, are being raised on the other side of the question.

The latest suggestion for action now or fairly soon came from Chairman Connally (D., Texas) of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee. He declared yesterday the time might soon be appropriate for a meeting of the American, British and Russian foreign ministers on questions of atomic peace. The object would be to lay the groundwork for renewed negotiation in the United Nations.

Others Call For Action

Other Administration leaders in the Senate have urged definite action. Chairman Tydings (D., Md.) of the Armed Services Committee, has asked for a disarmament conference to be called by President Truman. Chairman McMahon of the Atomic Energy Committee proposed a $50,000,000,000 economic-aid program aimed at getting an atomic agreement.

Acheson ten days ago specifically rejected the McMahon and Tydings proposals although he said they agreed with the Administration's objective of seeking peace with Russia.

Meanwhile, the Bulgarian situation illustrates the steady widening of the East-West gulf in all fields of diplomacy.

The United States has not before been at the point of actually cutting off all contact with one of the satellite countries.

U. S. BARS ENDING OF STATE OF WAR

Reported Ready to Ask Britain and France to Delay Move on German Conflict

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18 (AP)—The United States was reported about ready today to advise the Western allies to put off a proposed declaration terminating the state of war with Germany.

The State and Justice Departments are winding up a four-month study of the proposal, advanced by the British. Informed officials said there would be exchanges of views with the British and French this month and forecast that the United States would propose shelving the idea for the time being.

For one thing they say it would mean that Congress would have to concur and also revise or re-enact a mass of domestic legislation based on continued existence of a state of war.

More than 200 statutes still have this emergency basis and will be automatically repealed when Congress votes that the war is legally over, the study disclosed.

Included are the rent-control law, wartime reorganization of the Army and the Trading With the Enemy Act. Others were found to be less general in effect.

In addition, there are what Government lawyers describe as "odds and ends" of laws still in effect under two proclamations of a state of emergency. Those two proclamations, one issued in 1939 and the other in 1941, remain in effect.

Some 200 laws and parts of laws depending on them were repealed by Congress in 1947 at the request of the President.

What is expected to be stressed to the British and French is that ending the state of war now promises few practical advantages; it might create new difficulties for the occupation authorities, and it should be postponed until it can be used to trade for closer cooperation from the Bonn Government.

However, should Russia take the lead by declaring the war to be over as far as Moscow is concerned Western action might be speeded. Officials indicated the possibility remained that Congress might be asked at the next session to take the necessary legislative action.

Officials reported the United States study found that:

1. Keeping Western occupation troops in Germany would not be affected. There is no state of war with Austria, where troops are still retained.
2. Politically Germans would be pleased and the effect of a separate peace treaty between Russia and East Germany would be offset in part. Foreign investment in Germany might be encouraged by removing some of the existing uncertainties and it might be easier to admit the Bonn Government into international agencies.
3. Disadvantages for the occupation would be largely technical. Domestically all sorts of legal complications would result from repealing the state of war and further study of the effects may be needed.

If the forthcoming exchanges with the British and French should unexpectedly result in an agreement to go ahead, the Big Three meeting would be held in London. Officials doubt if the negotiations will get that far.

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SOFT TREATMENT OF REDS CHARGED

Gabrielson Says Officials Fail To Recognize Menace

Washington, Feb. 19 (AP)—Guy George Gabrielson, Republican national chairman, accused the Administration tonight of being too soft with "Communist attitudes" among officials here and of failing to recognize fully the Communist threat in general.

He offered the criticism in a discussion of the recent statement of GOP policy.

Reviewed In Broadcast

Gabrielson, interviewed for a broadcast, said:

"In that (the policy statement) we condemn the failure of the Administration to recognize fully the danger of this threat (of Communism) to our security, we deplore the dangerous degree Communists and fellow travelers have been employed in important government positions, and the fact that information vital to our security has been made available to alien agents and persons of questionable loyalty, and denounce the soft attitude of this Administration toward Government employés and officials who hold or support Communist attitudes."

Gabrielson claimed the label of "liberal" for his party and lumped the words "initiative, enterprise and freedom" in the GOP definition of liberalism.

Called More Liberal

On the basis he called the new statement of party policy a more liberal document than the 1948 platform which some Republicans have criticized as a "me too" instrument.

"Concentrated government is not liberalism," Gabrielson said.

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"It is the reverse of liberalism, and the great undertaking of the Republican party is to carry on the same liberal attitude that they have had since the party was organized."

That led to a discussion of socialism which Gabrielson said is "primarily regimentation—a planned economy, including such things as price and wage control, rationing, socialized medicine, regional authority, the Brannan plan with all of its controls and penalties, and fines and jail sentences."

Senate Group Seeking Marshall Aid Fund Cut

Washington, Feb. 19 (AP)—A drive to cut Marshall plan spending by at least $1,500,000,000 got under way today among members of the Senate Appropriations Committee.

Dean Acheson, Secretary of State, and Paul G. Hoffman, economic co-operation administrator, go to Capitol Hill tuesday to appeal for a third year's program of giving economic aid to western European nations walling off communism.

But in advance of their appearance before Senate and House Foreign Relations Committees, lawmakers who handle money bills—rather than merely the authorization measures before the Foreign Relations groups—were organizing for deep cuts in the program.

Backs Billion And Half Cut

Senator Robertson (D., Va.) said he is going to vote for a reduction of at least $1,500,000,000 under the $3,778,000,000 in Marshall plan funds Congress provided for the year ending next June 30.

Chairman McKellar (D., Tenn.) hasn't decided on how much he wants to slice off the $3,100,000,000 proposed for ECA in the President's budget for the year beginning July 1. But friends said they believe he will back a substantial reduction.

Senator Maybank (D., S.C.) predicted the Senate Appropriations group will favor a slash as deep as Robertson has proposed—and possibly more.

Must Cut Down Spending

"I think we can cut off $2,000,000,000 or more under the amount we provided for this year without hamstringing the program," Maybank said. "We've got to cut down on spending and that is one place where we can do it."

Senator McCarran (D., Nev.), chairman of a Senate-House committee which checks ECA's operations, already has called for a billion dollar reduction under the $3,100,000,000 budget figure for the ECA. He is an appropriations member and can make his opinion felt there.

Senator George (D., Ga.), a member of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, predicted that Hoffman himself will undercut the budget figure in his proposals to the two committees this week.

Observing that he believes the budget allowance too high, George called for a summary by Acheson of all foreign spending proposed for the year starting July 1.

Sees Request For More Funds

"Until we know how much we are going to have to spend in Asia, in Greece and Turkey and other areas of the world, we can't pass intelligently on how much should be made available for the Marshall plan," he said.

He predicted the administration will ask for additional funds for economic—and possibly military aid—to countries bordering Communist China.

The House Foreign Relations Committee already has approved a bill authorizing a first year outlay of $45,000,000 to get under way President Truman's "Point Four" plan of economic aid to the world's backward areas.

George said this measure will get close study.

Underground Site Proposed For Capital In Emergency

Washington, Feb. 19 (AP)—A member of the Senate-House Atomic Committee proposed today that immediate steps be taken to designate an alternate seat of Government, perhaps underground, as a national defense measure.

A single atomic bomb strategically exploded by an enemy power in Washington, Representative Holifield (D., Cal.) said, would "paralyze" the "nerve center of our nation."

Holifield has drawn up a joint resolution to create a seven-member commission to study the problem and report to the President and Congress by January 31, 1951.

Within "Destruction" Area

He said in a statement prepared for House delivery that his decision of need for an alternate capital is the result "of an accumulation of knowledge" acquired during his four years on the Atomic Committee.

The California lawmaker noted that the White House, defense establishments, Capital, Supreme Court and central offices of vital Government departments now are located "within the square miles of destruction" accredited to the present atomic bomb, not to mention the potentially more powerful hydrogen bomb.

He added:

"The continuity of Government functions in a period of national emergency created by atomic or hydrogen bomb disaster must be guaranteed. Such guarantee does not exist at the present time. . . ."

Agitation For Disarmament

Holifield's proposal comes at a time when (a) the joint atomic group is looking into civil defense plans, and (b) Congress members are urging fresh efforts to halt the east-west armaments race.

Chairman Tydings (D., Md.), of the Senate Armed Services Committee, said yesterday that the military establishment should lay civil defense plans before Congress for action at this session.

He also has been urging that the United States take the lead in calling a new global disarmament conference.

Senator Wiley (R., Wis.) contends the United States should urge a United Nations membership poll on the idea of a world disarmament conference.

Senator Connally (D., Texas), chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, believes it may be the time for foreign ministers of Russia, Britain and the United States to hold an atomic control meeting.

Bomb's Ominous Shadow

As hardly a day passes in Congress without a member advancing some proposal for getting the world out from under the bomb's shadow, Senator Myers (D., Pa.) noted that constructive thinking has solved many world problems in recent years.

Myers said he is convinced that a workable answer will be found.

Senator Lucas (D., Ill.) said in a Chicago speech that Russian leaders seem to understand only the language of power.

Because of this, he said the United States plans "constant efforts toward peace through the United Nations, strong economic aid to our principal democratic allies and enough military strength to match Soviet forces if the Communist leaders dare to attempt a quick war."

McGrath Accepts Post

Washington, Feb. 19 (AP)—Harold McGrath, Attorney General, announced today his acceptance of chairmanship of the American committee of the Academy of International Law at The Hague.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19 — (AP) A spokesman for the House Foreign Affairs Committee said today it is "uncertain" when the group may act to send to the floor proposals that the United States take steps toward a world government.

"Frankly," he said, "the committee's time is so taken up it's impossible to say when it will get around to deciding what it wants to do with respect to world federation or other similar proposals."

The committee has held hearings on the matter and, in the senate, a foreign relations subcommittee is currently studying the proposals.

30% of Total Exports In 3 Years Paid for by U.S.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19 (AP).—The Government financed 30 per cent of total American-exports during the first three post-war years, the Commerce Department reported tonight.

Government cash or credit provided $15,400,000,000 of the $51,500,000,000 in American goods and services furnished foreign countries in the 1946-1948 period, inclusive, it said. Private American investments took care of $2,100,000,000, and private gifts and cash transfers gave foreign countries another $1,800,000,000 of the American money they needed to cover purchases here.

Foreign countries, the department said, "were able to pay for $33,400,000,000 or 65 per cent of the total from their own resources, including $26,100,000,000 derived by selling goods and services to the United States."

Shipping Line To Open Japan Office March 1

Washington, Feb. 19 (AP)—Pacific Transport Lines, of San Francisco, announced today it was opening offices in Japan on March 1.

The action has the approval of Supreme Command Allied Powers (SCAP), R. A. McLaren, president of Pacific Transport, said.

Acting as the lines' sub-agent in Japan, McLaren said, will be Osaka Shosen Kaisha. He described the latter as one of Japan's oldest shipping companies. McLaren said he was "optimistic" about the Japanese business outlook.

U.S. CHURCHES URGED TO SCAN BOMB DANGERS

Protestant Session Calls For 'Widest Possible' Co-Ordination

Underground site for emergency capital suggested .....Page 4

Detroit, Feb. 19 (AP)—Protestant churchmen from across the nation today asked for "the widest possible co-ordination of religious forces in the country" to consider implications of the hydrogen and atomic bombs.

Some 450 delegates from 30 states overwhelmingly indorsed a resolution in the last hour of a four-day session here on the church and economic life.

The resolution goes to the Federal Council of the Churches of Christ in America, sponsor of the conference. It asked the council "to take such steps as may be necessary to carry forward the most intensive program of study, meetings and conferences" to discuss "the implications of the present world situation with special reference to the atomic and hydrogen bombs."

Asks Stronger U.N.

Former Congressman Jerry Voorhis, of Chicago, a delegate from the Protestant Episcopal Church, and Joseph W. Fichter, of Columbus, Ohio, a Methodist delegate, introduced the resolution. It also asked strengthening of the United Nations as "an agency capable of actually preventing war."

Earlier the churchmen voted that "extensive use of taxation to reduce inequalities that now exist" is desirable from a Christian and economic viewpoint. But, they added, a tax policy should be evaluated for its effects upon incentives, production, the welfare of low-income groups and the standard of living.

The delegates from 22 denominations, councils of churches and allied organizations took this majority stand after lively discussion.

The conference will send the conclusions of the delegates to the participating organizations for dissemination to millions of Protestants. The conference findings are not binding on any of the organizations.

Urge U.S. School Aid

The churchmen also approved:

1. "Federal aid to public education with a maximum of local and state controls."

2. "Positive action now to assure all our people without discrimination full access to adequate, modern medical, surgical and other health services."

3. A proposal for "industry councils" in which representatives of labor, management, agriculture and the professions would meet voluntarily as a means for "securing mutual understanding among leaders of power groups."

The general theme of the conference was that Christians must look beyond the barriers of their economic or occupational levels and work for the overall social benefit of their communities.

Drafted By Committee

The remarks on "income distribution" approved by the full conference were part of a statement on the national economy as it affects the individual. The statement was prepared by a committee of delegates representing labor, management and agriculture after two days of group discussions.

The conference rejected a section of the committee's original statement which said it was doubtful whether past developments in reducing inequalities of income had undermined incentive.

The churchmen overwelmingly defeated an amendment raising the question of parochial schools in a Federal aid to education program. The amendment said there should be no violation of "the principle of separation of church and state."

Norman Cousins Finds GI Friend Of Japanese After 4-Year Search

DAYTON, O., Feb. 19 — (AP) "Pinkie" has been found, the editor of the Saturday Review of Literature said today.

Pinkie is the American soldier friend Tami Taguchi of Yokohama has been trying to reach these last four years, with the recent aid of editor Norman Cousons, of Norwalk, Conn.

Cousins said here today he ended his nation-wide search for Pinkie when he met Orville Pohman of Appleton, Wis., Thursday.

30.24- 9067

Cousins said he was at Janesville, Wis., near Milwaukee, when he learned through an undisclosed source that Pohman, a 29-year-old railroad worker, lived at nearby Appleton. Their meeting followed.

Cousins' story of Tami's search for his Yank friend was published first in the Saturday Review and later in the February issue of Readers' Digest.

In it, Tami told how he was badly frightened at 3 o'clock Christmas morning, 1945, by a great banging at his door. He was certain it was some American come to kill him, as he had been told would happen when the occupation forces landed.

But, Tami said, when the lone American at his door entered, he wrapped his coat around Tami in the mistaken belief that Tami was cold. It was fear that made him shiver, Tami said. And, it developed, Pinkie's jeep had broken down and he was simply seeking directions back to his camp.

They sat for hours talking of music and baseball. Their friendship blossomed for three months. Then Pinkie, a private first class, got his orders to return to the United States. In the excitement, they forgot to exchange mailing addresses.

Washington Bomb Defense Mapped

Albuquerque, N.M., Feb. 19 (AP). The new head of the Office of Civilian Defense said tonight he will present a program soon for defense of the nation's capital from atomic attack.

The plan calls for dispersion and underground measures.

Dr. Paul J. Larsen, former director of the Atomic Energy Commission's Sandia Laboratories here, will arrive in Washington Friday. His appointment is not effective until March 1.

"Our first job will be relocation and redesign of the present governmental office setup in the capital," Larsen said.

"Dispersion, even out of the Washington area, and underground installations either in or out of the capital, will be our chief means of defense."

He said Government offices would be moved underground where advisable, and other offices might be evacuated to other areas.

"We may utilize underground shelters within 30 or 40 miles of Washington," he said.

Wallace Attacks H-Bomb Decision

South Salem, N.Y., Feb. 19 (AP). Henry A. Wallace today urged that the United States and Russia begin public diplomatic negotiations and agree to renounce atomic energy as a destructive weapon.

He also attacked Democratic party leaders for what he called their inhuman decision to build the hydrogen bomb and Republicans for concurring in that decision.

The former Vice President proposed that the North Atlantic treaty nations issue a public declaration that they wlil not be the first to use atomic weapons.

Wallace said the agreement between the United States and Russia on atomic weapons should include a method of inspection to be carried out by the United Nations.

Wallace, head of the Progressive party, said his party was the only one that "stands for a dynamic approach to peace in a hydrogen-bomb world."

His statement, issued from his home here, called upon religious and educational leaders and parents to join with him in a "new, broader, Progressive party" in an immediate program for peace.

Another Soviet Ship Arrives

HONOLULU, Feb. 19 (AP)—Another Russian sailing schooner, the Chiaka, arrived in Honolulu yesterday. Her sister ships, the Trepang and Perlamutr, sailed for Vladivostok earlier this week after a ten-day stopover. Russian crew members said the ships were part of Finnish reparations to Russia and were being sailed from Finland for use in the Soviet Pacific fishing fleet.

(ADVANCE) LONDON, MONDAY, FEB. 20-(AP)-"SUBSTANTIAL DIFFICULTIES" STAND IN THE WAY OF THE UNITED STATES REACHING A FORMAL AGREEMENT WITH MALAYA FOR THE PURCHASE OF TIN TO BUILD UP AMERICA'S STRATEGIC RAW MATERIAL STOCKPILE, THE COLONIAL OFFICE SAID TODAY.

ITS STATEMENT, SUMMARIZING THE OUTCOME OF RECENT NEGOTIATIONS IN WASHINGTON, SAID THE MALAYAN TIN INDUSTRY "WILL ENDEAVOR TO INSURE THAT THE STRAITS TIN REQUIRED FOR THIS PURPOSE IS MADE AVAILABLE."

"IT IS HOPED THAT THE PURCHASES OF STRAITS TIN FOR THE UNITED STATES STRATEGIC STOCKPILE CAN BE MADE THROUGH THE EXISTING MARKET MECHANISM IN A MANNER SATISFACTORY TO BOTH PARTIES."

THE MALAYA STATES, A BRITISH CROWN COLONY, ARE THE GREATEST SOURCE OF TIN IN THE WORLD.

THE COLONIAL OFFICE SAID A DELEGATION REPRESENTING THE UNITED KINGDOM GOVERNMENT AND THE MALAYAN TIN INDUSTRY VISITED WASHINGTON RECENTLY AT THE INVITATION OF THE UNITED STATES.

THE PURPOSE OF THE MEETING, IT SAID, WAS "TO EXPLORE THE POSSIBILITIES OF PLACING UPON A FORMAL BASIS THE ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE PURCHASE AND SALE OF STRAITS TIN FOR THE UNITED STATES STRATEGIC STOCKPILE."

THE ANNOUNCEMENT CONTINUED: "IT WAS FOUND THAT THERE WERE SUBSTANTIAL DIFFICULTIES, MAINLY OF A TECHNICAL NATURE, IN THE WAY OF A FORMAL LONG-TERM CONTRACT.

"ACCORDINGLY, NO CONTRACT WILL BE CONCLUDED FOR THE TIME BEING, BUT THE UNITED KINGDOM GOVERNMENT UNDERSTANDS THAT THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT'S OBJECTIVE IN REGARD TO THE STRATEGIC TIN STOCPILE HAS NOT BEEN REDUCED, AND THAT ITS INTENTION IS TO PROCEED WITH ITS PROGRAM FOR ACQUIRING TIN FOR THE STOCKPILE IN AN ORDERLY FASHION."

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 7:30 P.M. EST TODAY, SUNDAY, FEB. 19)

A35 (200)

ST. ETIENNE, FRANCE, FEB 19-(AP)-PREMIER GEORGES BIDAULT SAID TODAY HE HOPED WINSTON CHURCHILL WOULD HAVE A SECOND THOUGHT ABOUT A "BIG THREE" MEETING WITHOUT FRANCE.

HE NOTED THAT IN THE PAST CHURCHILL HAS FOUGHT FOR THE INCLUSION OF FRANCE AT BIG POWER PARLEYS. HE SUGGESTED THAT IT WAS BECAUSE OF FREQUENT FRENCH CABINET CHANGES THAT CHURCHILL HAD NOT MENTIONED THIS COUNTRY IN CONNECTION WITH A PROPOSED CONFERENCE WITH RUSSIA ON THE "HIGHEST LEVEL." IN EFFECT, BIDAULT ARGUED FOR SUPPORT FOR HIS GOVERNMENT.

COMMUNISTS HAD PROMISED A BIG DEMONSTRATION AGAINST BIDAULT AT THE HOTEL DES INGENIEURS (ENGINEERS' BUILDING) WHERE HE SPOKE AT A BANQUET. HOSTILE GROUPS LINED THE ROUTE OF HIS CAR AND GATHERED IN THE SQUARE OUTSIDE THE HALL.

TWO DEMONSTRATORS WERE SLIGHTLY INJURED IN SCUFFLES AND ABOUT 20 WERE ARRESTED BY POLICE WHO KEPT THE GROUPS AT A DISTANCE.

BIDAULT PLEDGED THAT HIS CABINET WOULD ACT "TO ASSURE NATIONAL DEFENSE OF ALL THE TERRITORY OF THE FRENCH UNION, AND TO PREVENT OR SUPPRESS SABOTAGE AND CONCENTRATED VIOLENCE.

"IF NECESSARY, THERE WILL BE NEW LAWS TO REINFORCE ITS MEANS OF DEFENSE AGAINST AGGRESSION," HE SAID.

THE COMMUNISTS HAVE BEEN THREATENING TO SABOTAGE AND REFUSE TO HANDLE ARMS SHIPMENTS TO INDOCHINA AND U.S. ARMS SHIPMENTS TO FRANCE.

G246PES

("I STRIVE TO HELP THE DIFFERENT CHURCH COMMUNITIES IN THEIR Berlin activities
JUSTIFIED COMPLAINTS," THE CARDINAL OF BERLIN
BELIEVE HIS SENSATIONALLY PUBLISHED LETTER WILL LIGHTEN MY WORK?"
VS752PES

A96

BERLIN, FEB.19-(AP)-WEST GERMANY'S INTENSE CONCERN WITH FOREIGN AFFAIRS WAS DEFENDED TODAY BY JUSTICE MINISTER THOMAS DEHLER AGAINST RECENT CRITICISM BY U.S. HIGH COMMISSIONER JOHN J. MCCLOY.

"FOREIGN POLICY DECIDES OUR FATE," DEHLER SAID, REFERRING TO MCCLOY'S DECLARATION THAT THE BONN GOVERNMENT SHOULD CONCENTRATE INSTEAD ON INTERNAL PROBLEMS.

SPEAKING AT A FREE DEMOCRATIC PARTY RALLY IN BERLIN, THE VISITING CABINET MINISTER REAFFIRMED HIS VIEW THAT "THE GERMAN PEOPLE WERE NOT ALONE TO BLAME FOR HITLER'S CRIMES."

WX225PES

ROME, FEB.19-(AP)-AN ITALO-AMERICAN LABOR LEADER IN NEW YORK WAS MESSAGED ANTI-COMMUNIST PORT-WORKERS HERE TO CONTINUE THEIR "REBELLION" AGAINST COMMUNIST ORDERS TO SABOTAGE THE UNLOADING OF AMERICAN ARMS SHIPMENTS.

THE TELEGRAM WAS SENT FROM LUIGI ANTONINI, PRESIDENT OF THE ITALO-AMERICAN COUNCIL OF LABOR, TO GIULIO PASTORE, SECRETARY GENERAL OF ITALY'S FREE LABOR CONFEDERATION (LCGIL), THE LCGIL ANNOUNCED.

THE LCGIL DISCLOSED, MEANTIME, THAT ANTI-COMMUNIST PORT WORKERS IN THE BIG PORT OF LEGHORN HAD JOINED SOUTHERN PORTWORKERS IN PLEDGING TO UNLOAD LHE ARMS SHIPMENTS. x 3rd

IL POPOLO, ORGAN OF PREMIER ALCIDE DE GASPERI'S CHRISTIAN DEMOCRAT PARTY, SAID THE ACTION HAD REMOVED THE NECESSITY OF "MILITARIZING" THE PORT OF LEGHORN.

WH[illegible]1PES

BERLIN--IN GERMAN (A42), INSERT AFTER SECOND GRAF, STARTING BEGINNING THIS X X X DIX SAID.

LATER WEST BERLIN POLICE REPORTED THERE HAD BEEN NO MORE SEIZURES. THEY SAID ALL TRUCKERS LEAVING BERLIN WITH METAL PRODUCTS FOR WESTERN GERMANY ARE WARNED NOT TO ENTER THE RUSSIAN ZONE. WEST ZONE TRUCKERS ARE GIVEN THE SAME ADVICE ON THEIR ARRIVAL AT HELMSTEDT, CHECKPOINT ON THE RUSSIAN-BRITISH ZONAL BORDER AT THE WESTERN END OF THE SUPERHIGHWAY TO BERLIN.

THE TRUCK SEIZURES, RUSSIA'S LATEST MOVE TO HAMPER EAST-WEST TRAFFIC, CAME WITHIN 24 HOURS OF THE FOURTH WESTERN ALLIED PROTEST OF SOVIET INTERFERENCE WITH MOVEMENTS ALONG THE BERLIN HIGHWAY.

THE AMERICAN, BRITISH X X X FOURTH GRAF PREV (DELETING THIRD GRAF BEGINNING: THE LATEST X X X YEAR).

G612PES

A43 Berlin Add to labor force

UNEMPLOYMENT RELIEF TAKES 20 PER CENT OR MORE OF THE CITY'S BUDGET, WHICH, IN TURN, IS DEPENDENT ON GRANTS FROM THE WEST GERMAN REPUBLIC TO STAVE OFF INSOLVENCY.

AS ONE POSSIBLE STEP TO HELP THE CITY TREASURY A GERMAN MOVE TO WIN CONTROL OF CIVIL AIR TRAFFIC AT TEMPELHOF, THE AMERICAN AIR BASE IN BERLIN, WAS REPORTED UNDER WAY. THE REPORT WAS PUBLISHED IN BERLINER ANZEIGER, A DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE AMERICAN SECTOR WHICH SPECIALIZES IN CITY HALL NEWS.

THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT HAS DECIDED TO ASK THE UNITED STATES AIR FORCE FOR THIS CONCESSION, POINTING OUT THAT TAXES WHICH COULD BE COLLECTED FROM FOREIGN AIR LINES USING THE AIRPORT WOULD AID THE EMPTY TREASURY, ANZEIGER SAID.

UNDER THIS PLAN, THE U.S. WOULD RETAIN AUTHORITY OVER MILITARY TRAFFIC AND INSTALLATIONS AT THE FIELD.

G324PES

THE STRENGTH OF GERMANY'S NEW NATIONALIST PARTIES SHOULD COME TO LIGHT THIS YEAR WHEN STATE PARLIAMENTS ARE ELECTED IN SIX OF THE REPUBLIC'S 11 STATES. ALLIED OBSERVERS HOPEFULLY PREDICT THE NATIONALIST BLOCS WILL NOT GAIN MUCH MORE STRENGTH, BECAUSE:

MOST WEST GERMANS LOOK ON THE NEW HITLERS WITH SCORN AND AMUSEMENT.

THE TRADE UNIONS, WHICH BOAST 5,000,000 SUPPORTERS, ARE A MILITANT ANTI-COMMUNIST, ANTI-NAZI FORCE.

GERMAN NEWSPAPERS HAVE BEEN EXPOSING AND BLASTING UNDEMOCRATIC INFLUENCES IN GOVERNMENT AND PUBLIC LIFE.

ON THE OTHER HAND, OBSERVERS ACKNOWLEDGED THAT THE FOLLOWING SPURS TO NATIONALISM EXIST:

REFUGEES FROM THE EAST WHO FIND THEY ARE UNWANTED BY THE WEST GERMANS.

THE WAR-CRIPPLED AND PERSONS BOMBED OUT OF THEIR HOMES BY THE WESTERN ALLIES DURING THE WAR.

RETURNING WAR PRISONERS WHO FIND JOBS AND HOMES HARD TO GET.

THESE GROUPS LOOKED TO THE WEST FOR HOPE. BUT WESTERN SET-BACKS IN CHINA, RUSSIA'S CONTINUAL ANNOYANCE OF THE ALLIES IN BERLIN, AND WESTERN DETERMINATION TO SEPARATE THE INDUSTRIAL SAAR FROM GERMANY REPORTEDLY HAVE HAD AN ADVERSE EFFECT ON THEIR THINKING.

SHOULD THIS FEELING GROW, THE HAVE-NOT GROUPS MIGHT ADD ANOTHER 2,000;000 VOTES TO THE EXTREMISTS' STRENGTH.

G1242PES

FOR ONE THING GEN.PARKER SAID, YOUNG SOLDIERS ARE EXPOSED TO EXTRAORDINARY MORAL HAZARDS AND TEMPTATIONS IN GERMANY. OLDER SOLDIERS ARE MORE LIKELY TO BE MARRIED AND SETTLED DOWN.

ALSO, MORE MATURE MEN ARE LIKELY TO BE "BETTER MISSIONARIES" OF AMERICAN DEMOCRACIES IN THEIR CONTACTS WITH THE GERMANS.

DN756AFS

A36

VIENNA, FEB 19-(AP)-FAT MEN WERE MAKING THEMSELVES SCARCE IN VIENNA TODAY.

RUSSIAN SOLDIERS, AIDED BY AUSTRIAN POLICE, WERE OUT IN FORCE CHECKING ALL HIGHWAY APPROACHES TO THE CITY.

ONE AUSTRIAN, ASSIGNED TO INSPECT THE PASSENGERS OF EACH AUTOMOBILE THAT GOES BY, SAID: "ALL I KNOW IS THAT WE ARE LOOKING FOR A BIG FAT MAN--AND I DON'T KNOW WHY."

G243PES

A103

MOSCOW, FEB. 19-(AP)-MOSCOW NEWSPAPERS ANNOUNCED TODAY THAT M.S.SABUROV, DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND CHAIRMAN OF THE STATE PLANNING COMMISSION, HAS BEEN DECORATED WITH THE ORDER OF LENIN.

THE ANNOUNCEMENT SAID THE DECORATION WAS GIVEN ON THE OCCASION OF SABUROV'S 50TH BIRTHDAY AND IN RECOGNITION OF HIS SERVICES IN ECONOMIC RECONSTRUCTION IN THE U.S.S.R.

--DASH--

SABUROV SUCCEEDED N.A.BOZNESENSKY AS CHAIRMAN OF THE PLANNING COMM

--DASH--

SABUROV SUCCEEDED N.A.VOZNESENSKY AS CHAIRMAN OF THE PLANNING COMMISSION LAST MARCH. SINCE THEN VOZNESENSKY HAS DROPPED OUT OF SIGHT AND THE SUPPOSITION OUTSIDE RUSSIA IS THAT HE WAS PURGED, THE FIRST POLITBURO MEMBER TO SUFFER SUCH A FATE IN MORE THAN A DOZEN YEARS.

VS749PES

(EDITOR'S NOTE: FRED ZUSY, ASSOCIATED PRESS MIDDLE EASTERN CORRESPONDENT, IS MAKING A SWING THROUGH EAST AFRICA TO SEE HOW THE RESIDENTS ARE TAKING THE RECENT UNITED NATIONS DECISIONS INVOLVING ITALY'S FORMER COLONIES IN THAT REGION. IN THIS DISPATCH, ZUSY RELATES THE VIEWS OF ETHIOPIAN EMPEROR HAILE SELASSIE, OBTAINED IN AN EXCLUSIVE INTERVIEW.)

--DASH--

BY FRED ZUSY

ADDIS ABABA, ETHIOPIA, FEB. 19-(AP)-EMPEROR HAILE SELASSIE OF ETHIOPIA SAYS A NEW WAR SEEMS INEVITABLE UNLESS A STRONG UNITED NATIONS WORLD ARMY IS CREATED TO CONTROL MASS DESTRUCTION WEAPONS. HE SAYS HE DOUBTS THIS WILL HAPPEN.

THE BEARDED EMPEROR, DRIVEN FROM HIS THRONE JUST 15 YEARS AGO BY ATTACKING ITALIAN ARMIES, ALSO RECOMMENDED AN AFRICAN DEFENSE ALIGNMENT, ON THE ORDER OF THE ATLANTIC DEFENSE PACT, AS ANOTHER POSSIBLE STEP TO AVERT THE WAR HE FEARS IS COMING.

FOR THE MOST PART HOWEVER, HAILE SELASSIE PREFERRED TO SPEAK AGAIN ABOUT HIS VIEWS ON THE UNITED NATIONS DECISION GIVING ITALY A 10-YEAR TRUSTEESHIP OVER NEIGHBORING SOMALILAND. ITALY, HE CHARGED IN AN INTERVIEW, IS RETURNING TO THAT PREWAR COLONY FOR "AGGRESSIVE PURPOSES ONLY."

HE CALLED THE U.N. DECISION UNFAIR AND SAID IT WAS MADE ONLY TO KEEP ITALY FROM GOING COMMUNIST. HE SAID HIS COUNTRY WOULD NOT RECOGNIZE ITALY AS TRUSTEE.

(IN ROME, AN ITALIAN FOREIGN MINISTRY SPOKESMAN DENIED HAILE SELASSIE'S STATEMENT. HE SAID FASCISM'S COLONIAL ADVENTURES "ARE BURIED FOREVER," AND RECALLED FOREIGN MINISTER SFORZA'S RECENT SENATE SPEECH CONDEMNING THE FASCIST CONQUEST OF ETHIOPIA).

A112

THE EMPEROR, WHO CLAIMS DESCENT FROM SOLOMON AND THE QUEEN OF SHEBA, ALSO ASSERTED: "MY PEOPLE WILL NEVER UNDERTAKE AN AGGRESSION. BUT WE WILL DEFEND OURSELVES AS WE DID IN THE PREVIOUS AGGRESSION."

HAILE SELASSIE MADE HIS STATEMENTS ON THE EVE OF THE ANNUAL NATIONAL DAY OF MOURNING--THE "GRAZIANI MASSACRE" FEB. 19, 1937. THIS COMMEMORATES AN ITALIAN ACTION IN WHICH ETHIOPIANS SAID TO NUMBER THOUSANDS WERE SLAUGHTERED AFTER MARSHAL RODOLFO GRAZIANI WAS SERIOUSLY WOUNDED BY A BOMB IN AN ATTEMPTED ASSASSINATION.

FOR 50 YEARS, THE EMPEROR SAID, ITALY FAILED TO BRING PROGRESS TO SOMALILAND. HE CONTENDED IT CAN'T DO IT IN THE 10 YEARS ALLOTTED BY THE U.N. ETHIOPIA WOULD HAVE PREFERRED SOME OTHER NATION, PREFERABLY BRITAIN, AS THE TRUSTEE AUTHORITY, HE SAID.

THE BRITISH HAVE BEEN RUNNING THE 200,000 SQUARE MILE BARREN TERRITORY ON THE EAST AFRICAN COAST SINCE THEY CHASED OUT THE ITALIANS IN 1941. IT IS BELIEVED HERE THE BRITISH WILL TRANSFER THEIR AUTHORITY TO THE ITALIANS SOMETIME IN MARCH. SOME ITALIAN TROOPS ARE REPORTED TO HAVE LANDED IN SOMALILAND ALREADY.

ETHIOPIA IS BITTER ABOUT ITALY'S RETURN TO ITS OLDEST PREWAR COLONY BECAUSE IT WAS FROM THERE THAT MUSSOLINI LAUNCHED HIS 1935 ATTACK, USING MECHANIZED FORCES, POISON GAS AND BOMBERS AGAINST ILL-EQUIPPED ETHIOPIAN FORCES.

DY803PES

JESSUP-WITH MADRAS (400)

BY RUSSELL BRINES

BANGKOK, FEB.19-(AP)-ROVING U.S.AMBASSADOR PHILIP C.JESSUP TODAY TODAY THE PEOPLE OF THAILAND THAT COMMUNISM IS A WORLD MENACE BUT "IT IS NOT A DANGER WHICH NEED CAUSE CONSTERNATION."

IN A RECORDED RADIO ADDRESS, JESSUP ADDED:

"CERTAINLY NO SUCH FEELING OF FEAR OR PANIC EXISTS IN THE UNITED STATES AND I SEE NO REASON WHY IT SHOULD EXIST HERE X X X.

"I AM CONFIDENT THAT THE KIND OF RELATIONSHIP WHICH EXISTS BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES, THAILAND AND OTHER FREE COUNTRIES MAKES IT POSSIBLE FOR US TO CONTEMPLATE A FULLY SUCCESSFUL OUTCOME IN THIS CONTEST AGAINST SUBVERSIVE FORCES WHICH ARE ABROAD IN THE WORLD TODAY."

THE AMERICAN ENVOY MADE THE RECORDING BEFORE HE LEFT BANGKOK AFTER LAST WEEK'S CONFERENCE OF AMERICAN DIPLOMATS ASSIGNED TO THE FAR EAST. THE TEXT WAS RELEASED TONIGHT BY THE U.S. INFORMATION SERVICE.

JESSUP REITERATED THAT THE U.S. WOULD "STAND FIRM" AGAINST THE COMMUNIST THREAT. BUT OTHERWISE HE GAVE NERVOUS THAILANDERS NO CONCRETE EVIDENCE THEY COULD EXPECT ACCELERATED ASSISTANCE AS THE RESULT OF LAST WEEK'S CONFERENCE. INSTEAD, HE EMPHASIZED THE MEETING DID NOT MAKE DECISIONS AND THAT FINAL POLICY WOULD COME FROM WASHINGTON.

THE BROADCAST OUTLINED WHAT HAD BECOME APPARENT AS THE GENERAL TONE OF THE CONFERENCE:

THAT ANTI-COMMUNIST NATIONS SHOULD BE HELPED THROUGH PRESIDENT TRUMAN'S POINT FOUR PROGRAM FOR IMPROVING UNDER-DEVELOPED AREAS;

THAT THE U.S. WOULD AVOID ANY EVIDENCE OF "FOREIGN DOMINATION."

THAT COMMUNISM IS A CHALLENGE WHICH "FREE PEOPLE MUST MEET THROUGH THE STRENGTH OF THEIR OWN INSTITUTIONS."

JESSUP SAID THAT WHILE THE U.S. IS NEITHER PLANNING NOR EXPECTING WAR, "WE ARE NOT GOING TO LEAVE OURSELVES IN A POSITION OF WEAKNESS IN WHICH IT WOULD BE IMPOSSIBLE FOR US TO CARRY THE BURDEN OF WAR IF WAR UNHAPPILY SHOULD COME."

HIS SPEECH APPARENTLY WAS DESIGNED TO REASSURE THAILANDERS WITHOUT COMMITMENTS. THE PEOPLE OF THAILAND--AND PERHAPS OTHER COUNTRIES--HAD EXPECTED A MORE DRAMATIC STAND THAN CAME OUT OF THE BANGKOK CONFERENCE. THIS EXPECTATION INCREASED IN VIEW OF THE RUSSIAN-CHINESE COMMUNIST ALLIANCE WHICH WAS ANNOUNCED DURING THE AMERICAN MEETING HERE.

DISAPPOINTMENT IN THE AMERICAN POSITION IS BECOMING EVIDENT. SOME THAI OFFICIALS WHO SAID A WEEK AGO THAT THAILAND WOULD FIGHT COMMUNISM NOW ARE ASKING AMERICANS: "DO YOU THINK WE CAN HOLD OUT IF INDOCHINA FALLS?"

INDOCHINA IS CONSIDERED THE CURRENT HOT SPOT IN THE FIGHT AGAINST COMMUNISM IN ASIA. MANY OBSERVERS BELIEVE IF INDOCHINA GOES RED ALL SOUTHEAST ASIA WILL GO TOO.

WD&ET736PPS

...AY.

BEFORE LEAVING MADRAS, DR. JESSUP SAID IN AN INTERVIEW: Madras addxxx Tuesday

"I DON'T THINK THERE IS ANY INCONSISTENCY IN THE AMERICAN POLICY OF HAVING ACCORDED RECOGNITION TO INDOCHINA WHILE NOT YET GIVING THE SAME TO COMMUNIST CHINA.

"THE TRADITIONAL POLICY OF THE AMERICAN GOVERNMENT REGARDING RECOGNITION OF GOVERNMENTS FROM THE TIME OF JEFFERSON INVOLVED TWO MAIN QUESTION:

"1. IS IT A GOVERNMENT WHICH REPRESENTS THE PEOPLE?

"2. IS IT A GOVERNMENT WHICH IS PREPARED TO CONDUCT INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS IN ACCORDANCE WITH MODERN STANDARDS OF INTERNATIONAL INTERCOURSE?

"WE THINK BOTH THESE CONDITIONS ARE SATISFIED IN THE CASE OF THE BAO DAI GOVERNMENT."

THE UNITED STATES RECOGNIZED THE VIETNAMESE GOVERNMENT OF FORMER EMPEROR BAO DAI, AFTER RUSSIA EXTENDED RECOGNITION TO THE RIVAL REGIME OF HO CHI-MINH.

ASKED ABOUT MILITARY AID TO SOUTHEAST ASIAN COUNTRIES, DR. JESSUP REPLIED:

"WE WANT TO FIND OUT WHAT THESE COUNTRIES THEMSELVES WITH TO HAVE. THEY MAY REQUIRE CULTURAL, MILITARY AND POLITICAL ASSISTANCE AND IF THEY MAKE SUCH REQUESTS AMERICA WILL CONSIDER THEM."

HE REITERATED THAT NO DECISION WAS MADE AT THE RECENT BANGKOK CONFERENCE ON THIS QUESTION. HE SAID HE EXPECTS TO BE BACK IN NEW YORK BY THE MIDDLE OF NEXT MONTH.

WJ602PES

BEN-GURION SAID IN A CIRCULAR LETTER THAT IF THESE THREE FAIL TO ATTEND THESDAY'S CABINET MEETING, HE WOULD CONSIDER THEIR ACTION TANTAMOUNT TO RESIGNATION FROM THE GOVERNMENT.

THE GOVERNMENT HAS DENIED THE THREE MINISTERS' CHARGES, WHICH HAVE EXTENDED TO THE WHOLE FIELD OF RELIGIOUS EDUCATION FOR CHILDREN IN THE IMMIGRANT CAMPS, AND HAS DECLARED THAT AN INQUIRY DISPROVED THE ACCUSATIONS.

BEN-GURION SENT HIS LETTER TO ALL CABINET MINISTERS. IN IT HE SAID HE IS CONTINUING HIS EFFORTS TO BROADEN THE PRESENT COALITION TO INCLUDE REPRESENTATIVES OF THE LEFTWING MAPAM PARTY AND THE RIGHTWING GENERAL ZIONISTS.

THE THREE RECALCITRANT MINISTERS HAVE DEMANDED THAT A NEW COMMITTEE BE SET UP TO SUPERVISE EDUCATIONAL CONDITIONS IN THE IMMIGRANT CAMPS. THIS COMMITTEE WOULD BE COMPOSED OF TWO MEMBERS OF THE MAPAI SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY AND TWO FROM THE RELIGIOUS BLOC.

THE QUESTION OF EDUCATION FOR IMMIGRANTS TOOK ON INTERNATIONAL PROPORTIONS WHEN 11 RABBINICAL, SYNAGOGUE AND RELIGIOUS ZIONIST ORGANIZATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES CABLED BEN-GURION FEB. 1. THEY TOLD THE PREMIER THAT THE SITUATION WAS THREATENING A "WORLD SCANDAL OF FAR-REACHING AND TRAGIC CONSEQUENCES." THEY ALSO SAID THE DEVELOPMENT MIGHT HARM THE CAMPAIGN OF THE UNITED JEWISH APPEAL, WHICH AIMS AT RAISING MORE THAN $100,000,000 (M) FOR ISRAEL.

IN HIS REPLY, BEN-GURION TOLD THE AMERICAN RABBIS THAT "WE WILL DO NOTHING UNDER THE PRESSURE OF THREATS THAT ARE NOT JUSTIFIED, OR NECESSARY ON ITS OWN MERITS."

ISRAEL'S EDUCATION SYSTEM IS DIVIDED INTO THREE TYPES OF SCHOOLS: LABOR, RELIGIOUS AND GENERAL. THE ORTHODOX PARTIES HAVE CLAIMED THAT THE CHILDREN OF ORTHODOX PARENTS, SUCH AS THE JEWS NOW ARRIVING FROM YEMEN, ARE NOT RECEIVING ADEQUATE RELIGIOUS TRAINING.

BEN-GURION, WHO HAS BEEN ILL AT HIS HOME FOR A WEEK WITH A CHILL, INTERRUPTED A VACATION TO CALL THE CABINET SESSION TO END THE MINISTERIAL BOYCOTT.

ALTHOUGH THE THREE RECALCITRANT MINISTERS HAVE NOT BEEN MEETING WITH THEIR COLLEAGUES, THEY HAVE CONTINUED TO DIRECT THE AFFAIRS OF THEIR MINISTRIES.

THE POSSIBLE EFFECT OF BEN-GURION'S STRONG ACTION ON THE COALITION IS EMPHASIZED BY THE VOTE DISTRIBUTION IN THE KNESSET (PARLIAMENT). THE THREE CABINET MEMBERS HE IS SEEKING TO DISCIPLINE REPRESENT 14 VOTES OUT OF A TOTAL OF 120. WITHOUT THEIR VOTES THE THREE OTHER PARTIES IN THE COALITION WILL HAVE ONLY 55 VOTES. DESPITE THIS FACT, BEN-GURION ANNOUNCED HE WILL SEEK AN IMMEDIATE VOTE OF CONFIDENCE.

IN ORDER TO MAKE THIS HURDLE SUCCESSFULLY, HE WOULD HAVE TO BRING IN AT LEAST ONE OTHER OF THE PARTIES REPRESENTED IN PARLIAMENT, THEREBY RESTORING HIS MAJORITY.

WD123PES

precede panama

buenos aires,feb.19-(ap)-edward miller,jr.,assistant united states secretary of state for latin american affairs, arrived here today for a series of conferences on argentine-american relations.

he was accompanied on the plane by jeronimo remorino,argentine ambassador to the united states.

the flight gave the two diplomats the opportunity to discuss informally those questions which will arise during miller's five-day stay here.

they were met at the airport by united states ambassador stanton griffis, senior officers of the embassy and representatives of the argentine foreign office.

secretary miller is scheduled to have two personal talks with president juan . peron during which the entire field of relations between the two countries is expected to be explored.

The newspaper Democracia used a banner headline reading 'Plutocrat of Wall Street not in Agreement with our justice" over a story giving Miller a "most cordial welcome." Democracia often voices the government's political thinking.

The newspaper said it hopes Miller carries away with him a firm impression that Wall Street will not find a fertile field in Argentina. It attacked what it referred to as Wall Street plutocracy and the "big stick and dollar diplomacy" of the United States.

Miller's visit, Democracia said, makes it obvious that the "United States is changing its foreign policy."

acr/woods third 1850/tho/735p

PANAMA, FEB. 19 -(AP)- EDWARD G. MILLER, ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE, LEFT BY PLANE TODAY FOR BUENOS AIRES FOLLOWING A FIVE-HOUR CONFERENCE WITH PANAMANIAN PRESIDENT ARNULFO ARIAS. ALSO ABOARD THE PLANE WAS JERONIMO REMORINO, ARGENTINE AMBASSADOR TO THE UNITED STATES.

the subject of the conference was not disclosed.

BECAUSE OF THIS, HE SAID THE UNITED STATES PLANS "CONSTANT EFFORTS TOWARD PEACE THROUGH THE UNITED NATIONS, STRONG ECONOMIC AID TO OUR PRINCIPAL DEMOCRATIC ALLIES AND ENOUGH MILITARY STRENGTH TO MATCH SOVIET FORCES IF THE COMMUNIST LEADERS DARE TO ATTEMPT A QUICK WAR."

HOLIFIELD'S RESOLUTION WOULD HAVE THE STUDY COMMISSION CONSIDER PARTICULARLY:

1. POSSIBLE SITES FOR AN ALTERNATE SEAT OF GOVERNMENT "WHICH WOULD BE SECURE AGAINST ATTACK BY A FOREIGN POWER."
2. THE BUILDINGS WHICH WOULD HAVE TO BE CONSTRUCTED "ON OR UNDER" A SITE.
3. THE EXTENT TO WHICH DUPLICATE COPIES OF DOCUMENTS AND RECORDS WOULD HAVE TO BE MADE AVAILABLE.
4. VARIOUS PROCEDURES WHICH MIGHT BE FOLLOWED IN SELECTING THE SUCCESSOR OF PRESIDENT, VICE PRESIDENT OR CONGRESS MEMBER "WHO BECOMES UNABLE TO PERFORM HIS DUTIES AS THE RESULT OF ATTACK BY A FOREIGN POWER."

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 7 P.M. EASTERN STANDARD TIME, TODAY, SUNDAY, FEB. 19)

SU104PES

DONJEK RIVER, Y.T., FEB. 19-(AP)-AMERICAN TROOPS, DEFENDING THE CONTINENT'S SUB-ARCTIC WILDERNESS AGAINST A MYTHICAL ENEMY INVADER, PREPARED TONIGHT TO STRIKE ACROSS THE WHITE RIVER, 20 MILES FROM ALASKA.

THEY WILL BE FOLLOWED BY THE CANADIAN PRINCESS PATRICIA LIGHT INFANTRY.

BARRING A SETBACK BY THE ATTACKING COLUMNS IN EXERCISE SWEETBRIAR'S CONTROLLED WARFARE, THE ALLIED DEFENDERS SHOULD KNIFE INTO ALASKA SOMETIME TOMORROW.

THE BORDER CROSSING WILL TAKE A BODY OF CANADIAN TROOPS INTO ALASKA FOR THE FIRST TIME SINCE WORLD WAR II--AND WILL BE THE FIRST ENTRY OF PEACETIME.

AMERICAN OFFICERS AT MANEUVER HEADQUARTERS HERE SAID ARRANGEMENTS HAVE BEEN MADE AT THE BORDER TO FORESTALL ANY CONTROVERSY WITH CUSTOMS OFFICIALS OVER THE CANADIAN FORCE AND THEIR SUPPORTING ARMS.

THE ATTACKERS WILL BE OPPOSED BY TOUGH, TIRED AMERICAN TROOPS DESIGNATED AS THE "AGGRESSOR FORCE." THEY HAVE BEEN STUBBORNLY RESISTING THE CANADIAN-AMERICAN COUNTER-ATTACK UNITS FOR DAYS WITH LITTLE OR NO SLEEP AND OFTEN WITHOUT FOOD.

THE FINAL BATTLE IS SCHEDULED AT NORTHWAY, ALASKA, THURSDAY.

ACTIVITY STRETCHED TODAY ALONG A 250 MILE FRONT FROM WHITEHORSE TO THE ADVANCE LINES. AERIAL BATTLES CONTINUED ALONG THE ENTIRE ROUTE.

THOUGH THE WEATHER WAS A COMPARATIVELY "MILD" 15 BELOW ZERO HERE LAST NIGHT, TEMPERATURES DOWN TO 35 BELOW ARE PREDICTED FOR THE FINAL FIVE DAYS OF THE EXERCISE.

VH1006PES NM

THE U.S." THEY USED NEWLY MINED GOLD OR DUG INTO GOLD AND DOLLAR BALANCES FOR THE REST.

FOREIGN TRANSACTIONS OF THE U.S. WERE DETAILED AT LENGTH IN A 275-PAGE REPORT, "THE BALANCE OF INTERNATIONAL PAYMENTS OF THE UNITED STATES, 1946-48," WHICH WAS OFFERED FOR SALE THROUGH THE GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE AT 55 CENTS A COPY."

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 7 P.M., E.S.T., SUNDAY, FEB.19)

VH559PES

BELIEF HAS ALWAYS BEEN THAT THIS COUNTRY HAD MORE TO GAIN BY MAINTAINING RELATIONS WITH THEM. AT LEAST AS FAR AS BULGARIA IS CONCERNED THIS NO LONGER IS THE AMERICAN GOVERNMENT'S ATTITUDE. THE CHANGE MAY ALSO APPLY TO OTHER EASTERN EUROPEAN COUNTRIES WHERE AMERICAN DIPLOMATS HAVE HAD TOUGH GOING FOR A LONG TIME.

BUT THE WIDENING GULF IS NOT ONLY IN EASTERN EUROPE AND IN THE NEW TROUBLE OVER BERLIN. FOR EXAMPLE, IT ALSO RUNS THROUGH THE UNITED NATIONS WHICH RUSSIA IS BOYCOTTING OVER CHINESE ISSUES, AND THROUGH THE FAR EAST WHERE EAST AND WEST ARE LOCKING IN A NEW BATTLE FOR CONTROL OF SOUTHEAST ASIA.

VH337PES

HE DENIED THAT THE POLICY STATEMENT SIGNALS A RETURN TO PARTY PRESSURE FOR HIGH PROTECTIVE TARIFFS. HE SAID REPUBLICANS BELIEVE THAT "PROMOTION OF WORLD TRADE ON A BASIS OF FAIR AND REASONABLE COMPETITION" CAN BE ACCOMPLISHED WITHOUT SETTING TERMS THAT "WILL IMPERIL THE STANDARDS OF LIVING OF THE AMERICAN WORKINGMAN OR THE AMERICAN FARMER, OR THAT WILL THREATEN SERIOUS INJURY TO OUR DOMESTIC ECONOMY."

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 7 P.M. EASTERN STANDARD TIME TODAY SUNDAY FEB. 19)

MD545PES

THE COMMITTEE HAS HELD HEARINGS ON THE MATTER AND, IN THE SENATE, A FOREIGN RELATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE IS CURRENTLY STUDYING THE PROPOSALS.

PROPONENTS OF WORLD FEDERATION SEE IN IT A METHOD TO ACHIEVE LASTING PEACE BY STRENGTHENING THE UNITED NATIONS THROUGH A LIMITED FORM OF WORLD GOVERNMENT.

OPPONENTS FEEL THAT WORLD FEDERATION WOULD DESTROY THE UNITED NATIONS AND, POSSIBLY, PERIL OUR OWN FORM OF GOVERNMENT.

THE HOUSE COMMITTEE SPOKESMAN SAID THE GROUP'S TIME IS "COMPLETELY TIED UP" FOR THE NEXT SIX OR EIGHT WEEKS.

"POSSIBLY," HE SAID, "THE COMMITTEE MAY BE ABLE TO WORK-IN AN EXECUTIVE SESSION TO DETERMINE THE COURSE OF THE RESOLUTIONS IN THE HOUSE." HE ADDED, HOWEVER, THAT HE COULDN'T SAY WHEN OR HOW.

HE DECLINED TO PREDICT WHAT ACTION THE COMMITTEE MIGHT TAKE IF IT FOUND TIME TO CONSIDER THE PROPOSALS.

HE SAID IT WAS "INTERESTING" TO NOTE THAN 17 STATE LEGISLATURES THAT HAVE MEMORALIZED THE CONGRESS TO APPROVE A WORLD FEDERATION PROPOSAL, NOW HAVE RESCINDED THEIR ACTIONS.

MD429PES

MCGRATH'S STATEMENT SAID THE COMMITTEE WILL EMPHASIZE THE ACADEMY'S VALUE AS IN THE CAUSE OF WORLD PEACE THROUGH INTERNATIONAL LAW.

MCGRATH WILL NAME A NATIONAL COMMITTEE, WHILE A PARALLEL GROUP OF TRUSTEES HANDLES FUNDS FOR AMERICAN SCHOLARSHIPS AND PARTICIPATION IN THE ACADEMY WORK.

THE TRUSTEES WILL INCLUDE HARRISON TWEED, NEW YORK, AS PRESIDENT; WINTHROP W.ALDRICH, TREASURER; T.A. MCINERNY, VICE PRESIDENT, SHERLOCK DAVIS, WASHINGTON, AND JUDGE JOHN J.BURNS OF BOSTON AND NEW YORK.

MCGRATH SAID 613 STUDENTS OF 41 COUNTRIES WERE AT THE ACADEMY LAST YEAR.

VH601PES NM

NEW YORK, FEB 19-(AP)-A PROMINENT LUTHERAN CHURCHMAN SAID TODAY THE UNITED STATES OUGHT TO TELL THE WORLD IT WOULDN'T USE THE H-BOMB FIRST "UNDER ANY CIRCUMSTANCES."

THE STATEMENT WAS MADE BY DR.FRANKLIN CLARK FRY, PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH IN AMERICA, AS HE LEFT BY PLANE FOR GENEVA, SWITZERLAND.

FRY WAS ACCOMPANIED BY METHODIST BISHOP G.BROMLEY OXNAM OF THE NEW YORK AREA. THEY ARE EN ROUTE TO A MEETING OF THE 14-MEMBER EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE WORLD COUNCIL OF CHURCHES.

OXNAM AND FRY AGREED THAT TALKS EVENTUALLY SHOULD BE HELD WITH THE RUSSIANS REGARDING HYDROGEN AND ATOM BOMB CONTROL.

G523PES

NEW YORK, FEB.19-(AP)-THE U.S. ARMY TRANSPORT GENERAL BLACK, DELAYED BY STORMS, ARRIVED HERE TODAY FROM BREMERHAVEN CARRYING 1,317 DISPLACED PERSONS.

THE SHIP DOCKED THREE DAYS BEHIND SCHEDULE.

THE LARGEST SINGLE FAMILY ABOARD THE SHIP WAS THAT OF PETER AND MARIA GERKMAN OF YUGOSLAVIA. WITH THE COUPLE WERE THEIR SEVEN CHILDREN, RANGING IN AGE FROM 14 MONTHS TO 11 YEARS. THE GERKMAN'S IMMIGRATION WAS SPONSORED BY FRANK BECJAN OF (23 FIRST AVENUE) BEDFORD, OHIO.

FH453PES

(ADVANCE) NEW YORK, FEB.19-(AP)-REP. FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT, JR., SAID TODAY LABOR LEADERS WILLIAM GREEN AND PHILIP MURRAY HAD ACCEPTED POSTS AS CO-CHAIRMEN OF THE LABOR DIVISION OF THE 1950 UNITED JEWISH APPEAL CAMPAIGN.

GREEN, AFL PRESIDENT, AND MURRAY, PRESIDENT OF THE CIO, WILL HEAD XHRT

APPEAL CAMPAIGN.

GREEN, AFL PRESIDENT, AND MURRAY, PRESIDENT OF THE CIO, WILL HEAD A GROUP OF TRADE UNION OFFICIALS SEEKING THE SUPPORT OF ORGANIZED LABOR FOR THE UJA FUND-RAISING CAMPAIGN. THE UJA HAS FIXED ITS 1950 NEEDS AT $272,455,800.

ROOSEVELT, DEMOCRATIC-LIBERAL CONGRESSMAN FROM NEW YORK, IS CHAIRMAN OF THE UJA'S NATIONAL CHRISTIAN COMMITTEE UNDER WHICH THE LABOR DIVISION OPERATES.

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 7 P.M., EST, TODAY, SUNDAY, FEB.19)

FH513PES

PHILADELPHIA, FEB 19-(AP)-A GROUP OF DANUBE-GERMAN REFUGEES TONIGHT WERE PRESENTED TO SEN.WILLIAM LANGER (R-ND), AUTHOR OF AN AMENDMENT TO THE ORIGINAL DISPLACED PERSONS LAW OF 1948.

THE GROUP OF REFUGEES RECENTLY CAME HERE AS THE RESULT OF LANGER'S AMENDMENT WHICH OFFERED THE OPPORTUNITY TO MIGRATE HERE FOR PERSONS OF GERMAN ETHNIC ORIGIN, EXCLUDED UNDER THE ORIGINAL LAW.

THE MEETING WAS SPONSORED BY THE UNITED ACTION COMMITTEE FOR EXPELLEES, THE CATHOLIC VOLKSVERIN OF PHILADELPHIA AND THE UNITED GERMAN-HUNGARIANS OF PHILADELPHIA AND VICINITY.

SENATOR LANGER SPOKE IN OPPOSITION TO ENEMIES OF HIS AMENDMENT WHO STILL INSIST UPON EXCLUDING PERSONS OF GERMAN ETHNIC ORIGIN.

POINTING TO THE REFUGEES, LANGER SAID, "IT IS HARD WORKING, HONEST, GODFEARING MEN AND WOMEN LIKE YOURSELVES WHOM CERTAIN FORCES IN AMERICA WOULD LIKE TO EXCLUDE."

IN DISCUSSING DP LEGISLATION BY THE SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE, LANGER SAID THAT SEN.PAT MCCARRAN (D-NEV) HAS BEEN THE OBJECT OF THE MOST "CONTEMPTIBLE CONSPIRACIES I HAVE EVER WITNESSED AS A UNITED STATES SENATOR."

JB855PES

THE SUBSTITUTE SENTENCE ON TAX POLICY WAS PREPARED BY TED F. SILVY, A DELEGATE OF THE YMCA FROM WASHINGTON, D.C. AND W. WALTER WILLIAMS OF SEATTLE, WASH., CHAIRMAN OF THE COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT.

THE CHURCHMEN OVERWHELMINGLY DEFEATED AN AMENDMENT RAISING THE QUESTION OF PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS IN A FEDERAL AID TO EDUCATION PROGRAM.

THE AMENDMENT SAID THERE SHOULD BE NO VIOLATION OF "THE PRINCPLE OF SEPARATION OF CHURCH AND STATE."

BY A NARROW MARGIN VOTE OF 106 TO 94 THE DELEGATES ALSO DEFEATED AN AMENDMENT PROPOSED BY FORMER REPUBLICAN GOVERNOR OF MICHIGAN WILBUR M. BRUCKER OF DETROIT, A DELEGATE OF THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, U.S.A. HE WOULD HAVE CHANGED THE PHRASE "FEDERAL AID TO PUBLIC EDUCATION" TO READ "FEDERAL GRANTS TO PUBLIC EDUCATION IN THOSE STATES WHERE NEEDED."

A100DT

DELEGATES WRANGLED FOR MORE THAN AN HOUR ON THE WORDING OF THEIR STATEMENT ON EDUCATION, FINALLY CONCLUDING:

"OUR CHRISTIAN RESPONSIBILITY IS TO ASSURE A FULL AND EQUAL OPPORTUNITY FOR AN ADEQUATE EDUCATION. X X X

"BECAUSE OF UNEQUAL DISTRIBUTION OF WEALTH AND INCOME SOME COMMUNITIES CANNOT PROVIDE AS ADEQUATE RESOURCES AS OTHERS. THE WEALTHIER SHOULD THEREFORE HELP THEM MEET THEIR RESPONSIBILITIES. AT THE PRESENT TIME THE MOST FEASIBLE METHOD FOR SECURING GEOGRAPHICAL DISTRIBUTION OF THE NECESSARY AID IS THROUGH THE MEDIUM OF THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT."

IN ITS DISCUSSION OF ADEQUATE MEDICAL FACILITIES THE GROUP DID NOT DEBATE THE MERITS OF THE TRUMAN ADMINISTRATION HEALTH PLAN IN RELATION TO THAT PROPOSED BY THE AMERICAN MEDICAL ASSOCIATION.

THE CONFERENCE WENT ON RECORD RECOMMENDING THAT THE AMERICAN PEOPLE IN RELATIONSHIP TO THE REST OF THE WORLD SHOULD "USE THEIR ECONOMIC STRENGTH IN SUCH A WAY AS TO O BE

ECONOMIC STRENGTH IN SUCH A WAY AS TO CONTRIBUTE TO A JUST AND DURABLE PEACE."

THE STATEMENT ON WORLD AIMS OF CHRISTIANS ALSO RECOMMENDED ASSISTANCE TO OTHER NATIONS IN ATTAINING "BASIC SELF SUPPORT AND A DECENT STANDARD OF LIVING" AND "TO SAFEGUARD AND PROMPOTE SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC WELFARE IN THE UNITED STATES."

THE FEDERAL COUNCIL OF CHURCHES COMPRISES 25 PROTESTANT AND FOUR EASTERN ORTHODOX BODIES WITH A MEMBERSHIP OF ABOUT 29,000,000. NOT ALL OF THESE DENOMINATIONS WERE REPRESENTED AT THE CONFERENCE.

AA719PES NM

(ADVANCE)-WASHINGTON,FEB.19-(AP)-SENATOR MYERS (D-PA) SAID TODAY HE IS CONFIDENT THE PEOPLE OF THE EARTH HAVE SUFFICIENT INTELLIGENCE TO SOLVE THE PROBLEM OF ATOMIC WEAPONS.

THE ASSISTANT MAJORITY LEADER OF THE SENATE INSISTED, HOWEVER, THAT UNTIL A WORLD AGREEMENT IS REACHED ON THE H-BOMB AND OTHER ATOMIC WEAPONS AMERICA MUST REMAIN ALERT AND STRONG.

IN A SPEECH TRANSCRIBED FOR BROADCAST, HE REVIEWED ATOMIC DEVELOPMENTS SINCE THE FIRST A-BOMB WAS DROPPED ON HIROSHIMA AND BLAMED RUSSIA FOR THE FACT THAT THERE IS NO INTERNATIONAL CONTROL TODAY OF SUCH WEAPONS.

AND BECAUSE THERE IS NO INTERNATIONAL CONTROL, HE SAID, AMERICA HAD TO DECIDE TO MAKE THE H-BOMB FOR "IT IS IMPOSSIBLE FOR ME TO BELIEVE THAT AMERICA COULD REMAIN FREE IF THE RUSSIANS HAD THE HYDROGEN BOMB AND WE DID NOT."

THOUGH VIRTUALLY NOTHING HAS BEEN ACCOMPLISHED IN THE FIELD OF INTERNATIONAL CONTROL, MYERS SAID, THE PEOPLE OF THE WORLD SHOULD NOT BE DISCOURAGED.

"WE CANNOT LET FEAR IMMOBILIZE US," HE SAID.

"MANY WORLD PROBLEMS WHICH TROUBLED US A YEAR OR TWO OR THREE YEARS AGO, NO LONGER BOTHER US TODAY. SOLUTIONS TO THEM WERE FOUND THROUGH CONSTRUCTIVE THINKING.

"FOR THE MOMENT THERE ARE A NUMBER OF SUGGESTIONS FOR SOLVING THE ATOMIC PROBLEM, AND THERE WILL BE MORE. X X X I AM CONVINCED THAT THE TWO BILLION PEOPLE ON EARTH HAVE SUFFICIENT INTELLIGENCE TO FIND A WORKABLE ANSWER.

"BY RIDDING OURSELVES OF FEAR, BY CONTINUING TO THINK CONSTRUCTIVELY, BY A CONTINUED WILLINGNESS TO COOPERATE, AND BY PROMOTING WORLD UNDERSTANDING, WE WILL SUCCEED."

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 7 P.M. EASTERN STANDARD TIME TODAY SUNDAY FEB. 19)

MD435PES

CHICAGO, FEB. 18-(AP)-A SCIENTIST SAID TODAY HE BELIEVES IT WOULD BE POSSIBLE TO DESTROY ALL LIFE IN AN AREA MEASURING 1,500 BY 3,000 MILES BY HYDROGEN BOMB BLAST'S RADIOACTIVITY.

THE CALCULATION WAS MADE BY HARRISON S. BROWN, UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO PHYSICIST, ON THE UNIVERSITY'S ROUND TABLE BROADCAST (NBC).

KENNETH BURKE, PROFESSOR OF ENGLISH AT BENNINGTON COLLEGE, BENNINGTON, VT., ANOTHER SPEAKER ON THE PROGRAM, SAID HE BELIEVES MANY PERSONS HAVE REACTED TO THE HYDROGEN BOMB WITH "MORBID FASCINATION."

"IT FASCINATES THEM, JUST AS THE THOUGHT OF BEING DRAWN OVER A CLIFF OR LEAPING INTO THE SWIRLING WATERS OF A FLOOD DOES," BURKE SAID.

HE SAID THAT THE ELEMENT OF DETACHMENT POSSIBLE IN ORDERING MASS KILLINGS WITH THE BOMB WAS A FACTOR WHICH MIGHT PUT IT TO GRISLY USE.

"A MAN WHO WOULD NOT SO MUCH AS KICK A DOG IF IT WERE BEFORE HIM LOOKING UP INTO HIS EYES CAN ALMOST WITHOUT QUALMS GIVE AN ORDER THAT WOULD RESULT IN THE SIZZLING OF MILLIONS OF HUMAN BEINGS," BURKE SAID.

BROWN SAID THAT "IF THE BOMB WORKS AT ALL, THERE MAY WELL BE NO UPPER LIMIT TO THE SIZE OF THE EXPLOSION THAT MAY BE CREATED."

HE SAID "THE AMOUNT OF DESTRUCTION DUE TO RADIOACTIVITY COULD FAR EXCEED THE DESTRUCTION DUE TO THE BLAST." ONE METHOD OF EMPLOYING THE HYDROGEN BOMB, BROWN SAID, MIGHT BE SPOTTING THE EXPLOSION SO THAT PREVAILING WINDS WOULD CARRY ITS RADIOACTIVITY DUST OVER ENEMY TERRITORY.

HE SUGGESTED THAT SEVERAL BOMB BLASTS ON A 1,500-MILE NORTH-SOUTH LINE THROUGH PRAGUE, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, MIGHT VIRTUALLY WIPE OUT RUSSIA'S POPULATION.

"THE RADIOACTIVITY PRODUCED BY THE EXPLOSIONS," HE SAID, "WOULD BE CARRIED EASTWARD BY THE WINDS, DESTROYING ALL LIFE WITHIN A STRIP 1,500 MILES WIDE EXTENDING FROM LENINGRAD TO ODESSA, AND 3,000 MILES DEEP, FROM PRAGUE TO THE URAL MOUNTAINS."

SUCH A STRING OF EXPLOSIONS IN THE PACIFIC OFF THE WEST COAST, BROWN SAID, COULD BRING DEATH TO NEARLY EVERY LIVING PERSON AND ANIMAL IN THE UNITED STATES.

BURKE AND BROWN APPEARED ON A PROGRAM ENTITLED "HUMAN NATURE AND THE BOMB." HELEN MACLEAN, CHICAGO PSYCHIATRIST; HERBERT BLUMER, U OF C PROFESSOR OF SOCIAL PSYCHOLOGY, AND WILLIAM FIELDING OSBORNE, SOCIOLOGY PROFESSOR AT THE CHICAGO INSTITUTION, WERE ON THE PANEL.

SMS24PCS

LARSEN MADE THE STATEMENT AFTER REP. HOLIFIELD (D-CALIF) PROPOSED DESIGNATION OF AN ALTERNATE SEAT OF GOVERNMENT AS A DEFENSE MEASURE.

BB732PMS NM

BONN, FEB. 17-(AP)-VICE CHANCELLOR FRANZ BLUECHER SAID TODAY WEST GERMANY MUST INCREASE ITS EXPORTS OF HIGH QUALITY GOODS IF IT WANTS TO ENTER THE AMERICAN MARKET. 30-4

THIS WOULD MEAN FOLLOWING THE SAME LINE AS THE EXPORT DRIVES OF BRITAIN AND FRANCE.

BLUECHER, WHO RETURNED YESTERDAY FROM A VISIT TO AMERICA, SAID IN A PRESS CONFERENCE HE WAS AMAZED BY THE "HUGE PROGRESS" AMERICAN INDUSTRY HAS MADE DURING THE LAST YEARS AS TO QUALITY AND AESTHETIC FORM OF ITS PRODUCTS.

THIS MEANT BIGGER EFFORTS BY THE GERMAN PRODUCERS WERE NEEDED, HE SAID. HE HAD RECEIVED THE IMPRESSION, BLUECHER SAID, THAT THE AMERICAN INDUSTRY DOES NOT OPPOSE ANY COMPETITION BY GERMAN EXPORT GOODS.

M239PES

WASHINGTON, FEB 17-(AP)-HOLLAND TODAY RECEIVED $6,240,000 (M) TO FINANCE HEAVY PURCHASES OF SUGAR AND NAVAL STORES UNDER THE MARSHALL PLAN. 30-24

THE SPENDING APPROVAL WAS CONTAINED IN NEW GRANTS ANNOUNCED BY THE ECONOMIC COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION.

SEVEN EUROPEAN COUNTRIES, CHINA AND KOREA SHARED IN THE ALLOCATIONS WHICH TOTALED $12,564,000 (M).

HOLLAND'S GRANT INCLUDED $5,250,000 (M) TO BUY RAW SUGAR FROM AN UNSPECIFIED COUNTRY IN LATIN AMERICA. THE BALANCE IS EARMARKED FOR NAVAL STORES TO BE BOUGHT IN THE UNITED STATES.

FRANCE RECEIVED $1,114,000 (M) TO BUY RAILROAD EQUIPMENT AND INDUS-
RIAL MACHINERY IN THE UNITED STATES.

WESTERN GERMANY WAS ALLOTED $2,094,000 (M) TO FINANCE THE PURCHASE
F TOBACCO AND LUMBER AND SAW MILL PRODUCTS FROM THE UNITED STATES
LONG WITH MINOR BUYING OF NON-FERROUS METALS IN LATIN AMERICA.

OTHER GRANTS INCLUDED: $576,000 GIVEN CHINA TO FINANCE PURCHASE
F RAW COTTON IN THE UNITED STATES. UNDER THE ECA ACT THE COMMODITIES
AY ONLY BE SHIPPED TO NON-COMMUNIST AREAS.

KOREA WAS ALLOTED $1,368,000 (M) FOR A VARIETY OF RECOVERY COMMODI-
IES.

THE DAY'S TRANSACTIONS BROUGHT TO $8,300,355,000 (B) TOTAL ALLOCA-
IONS SO FAR APPROVED FOR EUROPEAN RECOVERY.

R753PES

- END -

FEB. 19, 1950

30.24- 9077

Russ Confiscate Trucks With Metal Loads

Berlin, Feb. 20 (AP)—The Russians seized 30 German trucks in the last 24 hours in stepped-up raids of metal shipments to and from western Berlin, United States sector police reported today.

Western Allied officials indicated their fifth protest in a month is being prepared. Four western protests already have been delivered against these and other Soviet actions, which have been crippling Berlin's traffic with western Germany.

Every truckload of scrap metal and nonferrous metals reaching West Berlin's outskirts since yesterday morning was impounded by Soviet zone authorities. The East German republic set up under Communist domination in the Soviet occupation zone badly needs metals for its industries.

Going Both Ways

About twenty of the confiscated trucks were bound from West Germany to Berlin. The others had been leaving West Berlin for West Germany.

Urgent warnings were flashed yesterday to traffic on the main highway connecting Berlin with Western Germany, after the Russians had seized 22 trucks. Today, despite these warnings, more truckloads of metals fell into Russian hands.

Maj. Gen. Alexander Kotikov, the Soviet commandant in Berlin, has attempted to defend the Russian raids on metal shipments by telling the Western Allies, in a letter February 4, that Berlin trucks were smuggling metals stolen from eastern Germany.

Investigation On

Charles A. Dix, United States transport chief, sent an investigator to the Soviet commandant's headquarters in suburban Klein Machnow to find out, if possible, what happened to the confiscated trucks. Authorities in West Berlin said the Russians had let the German drivers stay with their trucks pending a decision on the disposal of the vehicles by the Soviet commandant.

Most metal shippers stopped using the Soviet-controlled railway after several carloads of metal were confiscated in January.

Soviet Embargo On Metal From Berlin Raised

Confiscated Trucks Freed, With Cargoes; 4 Barges Carrying Scrap Seized

BERLIN, Tuesday, Feb. 21 (AP).—The Russians kept a tight ban on shipments of metal from Berlin during the week end, but suddenly released confiscated trucks early this morning. German border police said the metal cargoes were freed with the trucks.

About thirty trucks had been seized since Friday, but British officials said earlier that nine of these, headed for Berlin, had been released. No explanation was given.

In addition to the truck seizures, British and American sources reproted that the Russians also had taken four barges bound for Hamburg with scrap metal from Berlin.

"Their chief aim apparently is to prevent non-ferrous metals, such as lead, copper and alloys, from leaving the Soviet zone," a British spokesman said.

Observers said there appeared only two possible reasons for this: That the Russian zone is suffering from a severe shortage of metal, or that it is a nuisance tactic—perhaps in retaliation for West Germany's recent embargo of steel shipments to the Soviet zone.

Meanwhile, a Communist organizer challenged the Allied powers to bar 500,000 Young Communist demonstrators from West Berlin during their scheduled rally here May 27-29.

Gerhard Szredzki, chairman of the arrangements committee, said the rally would be held "in all Berlin, no matter whether tanks or roses are placed on the sector boundaries."

The Allied powers have not yet announced whether they will open their sectors to the Young Communists.

Szredzki, interviewed by the Communist newspaper "Neues Deutschland," demanded that West Berlin make the Olympic Stadium available to the rally.

Only Old Soldiers Wanted: Chaplain

Frankfurt, Germany, Feb. 20 (AP). The Army's top chaplain wants to keep teen-age soldiers out of the United States occupation force in Germany because they are too young to resist moral temptations here.

Maj. Gen. Roy H. Parker, chief of the United States Army chaplains, told the army newspaper *Stars and Stripes* he was considering recommending that only soldiers in their second enlistment period, or older, be assigned to duty in Germany.

This would eliminate teen-agers, since an enlistment period is for three years.

General Parker said young soldiers are exposed to extraordinary moral hazards and temptations in Germany. He said older men also are likely to be "better missionaries" of American democracy in their contacts with Germans.

Trial Ordered For Wife In Death Of Officer

Frankfurt, Germany, Feb. 20 (AP). Mrs. Yvette Madsen today was ordered to stand trial here March 6 on charges of murdering her Air Force husband.

The 22-year-old defendant collapsed when United States District Judge Fred G. Cohn asked her if she were guilty or innocent of murder. She was carried from the courtroom by her father, Alfred Noack, Brooklyn, N.Y., carpenter, who flew here for her trial.

A few minutes later the defendant walked back to the courtroom and stood pale, but composed while the court entered an innocent plea on her behalf and set the trial date.

Insanity Plea

Later her attorney, Elmo Gower, of Cumberland, Md., told reporters he will file a plea of innocent by reason of insanity.

The court has ruled the pretty young mother of two children is sane at present and capable of standing trial for the alleged pistol murder of her husband, Lieut. Andrew Madsen, of Oakland, Cal., last October 20.

Mrs. Madsen is accused of shooting her husband after they had quarreled because of Lieutenant Madsen's attentions to another woman at a party.

Arraignment Is Surprise

The defendant's arraignment today came as a surprise. The session had been scheduled only as a hearing on her attorney's plea that she was insane. The plea was entered at her father's insistence and over her objections.

The court overruled the plea after hearing a report of a military board of three doctors who judged her sane.

The court explained, however, its ruling today only applied to the defendant's present mental condition, determining that she is able to stand trial.

When the trial gets under way, Gower said he will contend she was insane the night of her husband's death.

Shangri-La On Swiss Border

Meersburg, Germany, Feb. 20 (AP)—The peaceful German-Swiss borderland is the place to be if you want to be a Methuselah.

In Meersburg, a town of 2,500 on Lake Constance, no less than 25 inhabitants are beyond 80 years of age. Fifteen of them are women.

French Troops Load Ship For Soldiers in Indo-China

By The Associated Press.

LA ROCHELLE, France, Feb. 20—French armed forces were called out today to load a cargo ship with trucks and food for troops in Indo-China. Civilian dockers had refused to handle the shipment.

Authorities drafted crane operators to aid soldiers and sailors in putting the material aboard.

The French Communist party has been urging dockers to refuse to load vessels for Indo-China or unload United States arms in French ports.

In Nice, authorities loaded part of a cargo that Communists had dumped into the harbor last week.

After the material had been fished out a polce force of 500, with fifteen small tanks, protected the loading at dawn today.

Secret Weapon Reds Dumped Is Recovered

Nice, France, Feb. 20 (AP)—Authorities today succeeded by a ruse in loading aboard ship the secret weapon part that Communists dumped into the harbor last week.

The cargo is part of a ramp for launching experimental guided missiles. Communist demonstrators routed a small police guard last Tuesday and threw the part overboard.

Saturday the rumor was launched that another ship would be brought to take it on and the Jean Dolo, to which it was originally consigned, left port. Port authorities then fished it out.

When the job was done, the Jean Dolo returned and a force of 500 police protected the loading. Then the ship sailed for Oran.

U. N. Gets Israeli Proposal

GENEVA, Feb. 20 (AP).—Israel today proposed United Nations control of an area inside Jerusalem which would include the holy places in that city, and expressed hope that Hashemite Jordan would approve the idea.

Aubrey S. Eban, Israeli representative, told the United Nations Trusteeship Council that if Jordan accepts, "a process of consultation between the parties and the Trusteeship Council may lead to a satisfactory formula being found."

Israel once again rejected the U. N. General Assembly proposal for internationalization of all of Jerusalem and its suburbs. Mr. Eban said this would produce a threat to peace in the Middle East. Neighboring Jordan also has rejected this internationalization plan. Israel occupies the New City at Jerusalem, and Jordan the Old City, within the walls.

Firing Heard In Slav Zone

Trieste, Free Territory, Feb. 20 (AP)—Trieste police said today they have heard grenade and machine-gun fire for more than an hour and repeated cries of "help!" coming from the Yugoslav zone last night.

Police said they believed a Yugoslav patrol had surprised a group of refugees trying to flee across the border into the American-British zone.

A.M.G. Settles Trieste Strike

Trieste, Free Territory, Feb. 20 (AP)—A nineteen-day strike of 25,000 industrial workers ended today in a compromise agreement with the Allied Military Government.

The workers quit February 1 demanding a 60-lire (about 10 cents) daily increase in their cost-of-living bonus. Terms of the agreement were to be announced later.

Czechs Expel 2 More U.S. Mormon Missioners

Prague, Czechoslovakia, Feb. 20 (AP)—Two more American Mormon missionaries have been ordered expelled from Czechoslovakia on charges by the Communist Government they are a "danger" to the state.

The two will leave tonight with nine other American missionaries who are quitting the country in line with the Mormon Church's new policy of turning church work over to Czech converts.

The two ordered expelled were Bale T. Tingey, of Centerville, Utah, and Richard W. Winder, of Salt Lake City. They had been in Czechoslovakia about two years.

Fifteen In All

The latest expulsions brings to fifteen the number of American Mormon missionaries ousted by the Communist-led Government since last May.

Tingey and Winder were the first expelled, however, since the disclosure that two other American missionaries were arrested January 28 on charges of entering a "prohibited area."

Wallace Toronto, head of the Mormon church mission in Czechoslovakia, said resident permits for Tingey and Winder were revoked on charges that they constituted a "danger to the safety and security of the state."

Nine other American missionaries are leaving tonight, Toronto said, because the Czech Ministry of

Church Affairs had refused to exempt the Mormons from the nation's church laws. The new laws require all officiating clergymen to be Czech citizens, to swear allegiance to the Government and draw their salaries from the state.

11 Mormon Missionaries Leave Czechoslovakia

PRAGUE, Feb. 20 (AP).—Eleven American Mormom missionaries left Czechoslovakia tonight in the first mass move by the Mormom Church to liquidate its activities here.

The Communist-led government ordered two of the missionaries expelled on the charge that they constituted a "danger to the safety and security of the state." They are Bale T. Tingey, of Centerville, Utah, and Richard W. Winder, of Salt Lake City. They were the fourteenth and fifteenth American Mormon missionaries ousted since May, all on the same charge.

The nine other missionaries departing tonight were withdrawn because the Ministry of Church Affairs had refused to exempt the Mormons from Czechoslovakia's church laws, according to Wallace Toronto, head of the church's mission here.

Only three missionaries are left here, including Mr. Toronto. The two others have been held by the state police since Jan. 28 on charges of having entered a prohibited area. They are Stanley E. Abbott, twenty-three, of Lehi, Utah, and C. Aldon Johnson, twenty-two, of Idaho Falls, Idaho.

Trial Of Vogeler Ends; Verdict Tomorrow

Wirephoto on Page 2

Budapest, Hungary, Feb. 20 (AP). The trial of Robert A. Vogeler, United States business man, and six others on spy charges ended today with the prosecution demanding "the most severe punishment." Court was adjourned until tomorrow, when the verdict will be read.

Vogeler, in an abject "last-word statement" to the People's Court, declared he had confessed to the charges without "any pressure or insults."

"I know I have to suffer punishment," the assistant vice president of the International Telephone and Telegraph Company said, "but hope that the court will consider my request for a mild sentence and also the argumentation of my lawyer."

"Tears And Blood"

The attorney for the 38-year-old business man admitted to the court that Vogeler's activities "caused tears and blood," but he said Vogeler's deeds cannot be considered from the same standpoint as similar deeds by Hungarian citizens.

Prosecutor Gyula Alapi, the same man who prosecuted Josef Cardinal Mindszenty and former Vice Premier Laszlo Rajak, called Vogeler a "great spy," whose punishment should be commensurate with his deeds.

Both Vogeler and his British assistant, Edgar Sanders, were abjectly apologetic in their "last words," the statements customarily allowed defendants in these trials.

"Sincere Regret"

Said Vogeler:

"Honorable court: I wish to refer to my statement of yesterday that I regret sincerely my undermining activities. I do so especially as I was sent by a great country, America, to a small one, Hungary, to undermine its work of reconstruction. I wish to use the right for the last word to state that I made my confession freely, without any pressure or insults. I would like also to state that I was well treated during the investigation and also in the court, and hope that my confession proved that I regretted what I did."

In the same vein, Sanders, official of the I.T.&T. subsidiary, Standard Electric Company, told the court:

"There were three circumstances which led me to the deeds I was charged for. These are my educations, my military profession and the work I was employed with. But may I point out that I never had any personal grudge against the people of this country. I fully realize the grave character of the deed I have done and tried to give the fullest information as to my deeds last Friday. I hope I gave a true picture of my deeds and ask the court to take this into consideration."

Held Incommunicado

Sanders also said he had "good treatment during the investigation." Both Sanders and Vogeler were held incommunicado since last November.

Attorney Imre Bard, representing Vogeler, told the court a foreigner cannot commit treason. He said Vogeler's role in the sabotage listed in the indictment had not been proved. He said the court should take into consideration that Vogeler spent only eight to ten weeks in this country and that he regretted his deeds.

"I hope that the wisdom of the court will find the sentence which he deserves," said the lawyer.

Sanders's attorney, Dr. Sandor Balint, spoke in a similar way for Sanders.

The other defendants and their lawyers also had their "last words" and asked for lenient sentences because they had repented. Imre Geiger, the top-ranking of the Hungarian defendants, told the court he had been obliged to carry out orders of his American superiors.

Business A "Cover"

Vogeler asked for a mild sentence Saturday after pleading guilty. He said he used his business connections as a cover for professional intelligence activities and that nearly all American business men in eastern Europe were required to turn in intelligence reports to the United States.

[Vogeler's friends abroad have expressed disbelief in the confession he recited in court. They said his calm manner was not in character and some of his testimony did not square with known facts.

[The trial is being reported for the Associated Press by its regular Budapest correspondent, Endre Marton, a Hungarian National. The Hungarian Government refused to act on a request for permission to admit Gaylord K. Hodenfield, American chief of the AP Bureau in Vienna, to assist Marton in covering the trial.]

Vogeler Verdict Due Today

Budapest, Feb. 20 (AP)—A possible death sentence faced Robert A. Vogeler, American business man, at the end of his trial on spying and sabotage charges today.

His British aide, Edgar Sanders, and three Hungarian codefendants faced the same possible sentence. Two other Hungarians were liable to maximum sentences of fifteen years.

The five-man people's court will hand down its verdict at 1 P.M. tomorrow. If the procedure of the treason trials of Josef Cardinal Mindszenty and Laszlo Rajk, Hungary's former No. 2 Communist, is followed the sentences will be pronounced at the same time.

Confessions Renewed

All the defendants made renewed confessions of guilt in their final statements today and heard their lawyers enter pleas which only listed some extenuating circumstances.

Vogeler, 39-year-old assistant vice president of the International Telephone and Telegraph Company, speaking in a low, calm voice, himself renewed his plea for a "mild sentence."

Gyula Alapi, prosecutor, whose pleas sent Cardinal Mindszenty to prison for life and Rajk to the gallows, then declared Vogeler and Sanders "great spies" and demanded the "severest punishment" for all the defendants.

This is a customary demand under Hungarian court procedure, however.

On Espionage Article

Vogeler, Sanders, Imre Geiger, Hungarian manager of the Standard Electric Company, the I.T.& T. subsidiary here; Zoltan Rado, a department chief in the Ministry of Heavy Industry, and Klemen Domokos, Standard Electric accountant, all were prosecuted under Article 3 of an act of 1930 which provides for the death penalty for espionage. They also were charged with sabotage, another offense punishable by death.

The other two Hungarian defendants, Edina Doery, hotel barmaid and telephone operator, and the Rev. Istvan Justh, a Catholic priest, were charged with espionage under Article 1 of the act which provides for a maximum sentence of fifteen years' imprisonment.

Application Question

The lawyers for both Vogeler and Sanders argued today, however, that their clients were foreigners and that the law could apply only to Hungarian nationals.

These statements came after nine more witnesses, six of them arrested employés of Vogeler's company, had testified against the defendants.

Vogeler again expressed regret for "my undermining activities."

"I know I have to suffer punishment," he said.

He declared he had made his confession "freely without any pressure or insults" and was well treated during the investigation and trial.

His lawyer, Imre Bard, admitted Vogeler had "caused blood and tears." But he said consideration should be given by the court to the circumstances that the defendant had been under military discipline from his youth, had spent only eight to ten weeks in this country altogether and regretted his acts.

"I hope that the wisdom of the court will find the sentence which he deserves," he concluded.

Vogeler testified Saturday that he was a professional spy who used his connections with the Standard Electric Company, a subsidiary of I.T.& T., as a cover. He said he was a specialist in gathering technical intelligence with headquarters in Vienna and that the Standard company was under United States "military control."

He was arrested November 18 as he was returning from a business trip to Budapest and had been held incommunicado since.

[Vogeler's wife and business associates have expressed disbelief in his confession. They have asserted that his statement was not in keeping with his character, and the facts and dates recited did not square with the facts.]

Chinese Revolt Against Reds Reported

Taipei, Formosa, Feb. 20 (AP)—The National Defense Minister today said 100,000 farmers revolted in the Tungting Lake region of Hunan province killing many Communists.

The ministry said the revolt was sparked by excessive requisitioning of rice by the Chinese Communists. The revolt occurred in the heart of the main rice-growing district of China.

"Turncoat" Gunboat Returns

At the same time the ministry announced the return of Nationalist Gunboat 38 which had gone over to the Reds in October. The gunboat was said to be operating with the Nationalist fleet in the South China Sea.

The Communication Ministry announced an agreement had been reached whereby Washington had revoked an order for the seizure of Chinese merchant ships under a mortgage to the United States. The ministry said installments and interest on the mortgage had been paid through the end of last year by the Nationalist Government.

Nanking Power Plant Bombed

Yesterday three Nationalist Mitchell bombers damaged a power plant at Nanking, scoring a hit on a big transformer.

The raid followed Nationalist warnings to ten Red China cities that they would be bombed. Nanking was the Nationalist capital until a year ago. Some foreign diplomats still live there.

The raid in Nanking was made from the Chusan Islands, 100 miles southeast of Shanghai.

Dispatches from Hainan Island, off the coast of South China, said Nationalist warplanes based there resumed their attacks Sunday on potential Red invasion craft along the Liuchow Peninsula. Scores of junks and other small craft were reported sunk.

PREMIER YEN TRIES TO QUIT CHINESE POST

Acting President Li Told To Come Home By Friday Or Lose His Job

Taipei, Formosa, *Tuesday*, Feb. 21 (AP)—Nationalist China's long-brewing political crisis neared an explosive climax today.

Premier Yen Hsi-shan's office disclosed he was trying to resign, and the Supreme War Cabinet issued an ultimatum to acting President Li Tsung-jen to return home by Friday or lose his job.

Li went to New York in December for a stomach operation. Yesterday, he sent word that he wanted to return to China, but that his doctor advised against a long journey. Even if he should start immediately by air, he would have difficulty in meeting the Friday deadline.

30.24- 9079

Chiang A Dominant Figure

[Li could not be reached in New York for comment. Since his arrival there, he has kept in seclusion and refused to see newsmen or answer any questions.]

The telegram demanding his return said that if he did not, Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek would be asked to resume the presidency without further ado.

Chiang "retired" thirteen months ago to let Li make an unsuccessful attempt to negotiate peace with the Chinese Communists. Chiang has remained the dominant figure in the Government, however, and has continued to direct the war against the Reds almost without interruption.

Telegram Signed By Nine

Driven off the mainland, the government fled to Formosa at the same time Li flew to New York. The schism between Chiang and Li factions has deepened ever since.

The telegram to Li was signed by nine of the twelve members of the Emergency Council, which is the War Cabinet. Only Chiang, Li himself and former Premier Sun Foo, who is in Hong Kong, did not sign.

Sharpening the crisis, Premier Yen Hsi-shan's office announced he had tendered his resignation a week ago and was determined to quit once and for all. Rumors of his resignation have circulated for months.

Yen Blamed For Reverses

Yen is under attack by both the Chiang and Li factions. Li supporters accuse him of being merely a stooge for Chiang. Chiang followers say he is an incompetent daydreamer. Both blame him for Government reverses in the civil war.

Actually, Yen reluctantly became Premier only last June, when the Nationalist military defeat aready was all but accomplished. He was in poor position to stem the tide.

It still was not too certain whether Yen really would quit or would wait in traditional Chinese style for his critics to "persuade" him to remain.

The civil war, meanwhile, dragged on; National air headquarters announced three of its several B-25's damaged the Nanking power plant Sunday, while others sank scores of Communist small craft off the mainland near the invasion-threatened island of Hainan.

The Nationalist Defense Minister alleged that 100,000 rice farmers in the Tungting Lake region of central China had revolted against Red requisitions. Without supporting detail, it asserted the rebels had killed many Communists.

Rebel Chief 'Quits Indonesia'

Jakarta, Java, United States of Indonesia, Feb. 20 (AP)—R. P. P. (Turk) Westerling, outlawed Dutch leader of the guerrillas who attacked Bandoeng, in West Java, a month ago, is rumored today to have left Indonesia.

Neutral military sources said they are inclined to believe the report, although there is no way of getting confirmation here at present.

The informants said they believed most of Westerling's guerrillas had gone over to the fanatical Moslem movement in West Java, the Darul Islam.

A man hunt has been on for Westerling ever since the Bandoeng attack.

EUROPEAN AID REQUEST CUT $150,000,000

$2,950,000,000 Will Be Asked By ECA For Third Year Of Marshall Plan

Washington, Feb. 20 (AP)—The Government tonight slashed its new European recovery fund request to $2,950,000,000 in the face of threats in Congress to cut it even deeper.

The Economic Co-operation Administration announced the amount it will ask for the third year of the Marshall plan as it prepared to present its case tomorrow to the Senate. President Truman's budget had carried a $3,100,000,000 figure for the twelve months beginning next July 1.

At the same time, ECA said it will ask Congress to approve machinery to speed up European currency exchange to promote economic advancement.

Hoffman's Plan Pushed

The present year's allowance for the ECA program of strengthening non-Communist Europe to resist Russian aggression stands at $3,778,000,000. Thus the new request represents a $828,000,000 slash.

Some members of the Senate Appropriations Committee have called for a cut of twice that much or more.

Chairman Connally (D., Texas) of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee said that ECA expects to have about $100,000,000 left over from this year's program, to be carried over to next year and added to the new appropriation if Congress consents.

In seeking to establish and operate a program to promote free exchange of currency between Marshall-plan countries, ECA is plugging for a plan which Administrator Paul G. Hoffman long has contended is necessary for the recovery effort.

Two Will Ask Authorization

Sources close to Hoffman said he will recommend that $600,000,000 be earmarked for this purpose.

Hoffman and Dean Acheson, Secretary of State, will go before a joint Senate-House committee tomorrow to ask authorization of the funds sought for the four-year Marshall plan which now is nearing its halfway mark.

Connally said that one amendment proposed would authorize Hoffman to use local currencies in the Marshall plan countries to provide publicity for the recovery program.

Hoffman's effort to establish a central institution to speed convertibility of currencies and to promote freer trade between the western European countries drew quick support.

George Expects Approval

Senator George (D., Ga.), a member of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, said he believed Congress will give approval to this institution which he said would in its effect be a clearing house for the Marshall plan nations.

George said that Hoffman proposes to use the clearing house as a means of rewarding nations which co-operate in breaking down existing trade barriers.

Atomic Submarine Plans Are Pushed

Washington, Feb. 20 (AP)—America's defense chiefs today were reported pushing plans for development of the world's first atom-powered submarine—a project that might revolutionize naval warfare.

Theoretically, such an underseas craft would have an almost unlimited range.

Research on "atom engines" for airplanes also was reported progressing.

Close secrecy surrounded both projects, but a well-posted informant said discussions are under way between the Navy and the Electric Boat Corporation, of Groton, Conn., builder of many of the Navy's submarines.

Sent To Oak Ridge

The Atomic Energy Commission disclosed that three electric boat technicians have been sent to attend "nuclear reactor" courses at the great Oak Ridge (Tenn.) atomic works.

The nuclear reactor is the "furnace" which provides the ingredients of A-bombs and, which it is hoped, will provide power for atomic engines also.

An informant said the Navy-Electric Boat discussions are so far along that in all likelihood Congress will be asked to tack on new funds for the work in making up the 1951 navy budget for the fiscal year beginning next July 1.

Negotiating On Project

AEC officials said the commission and two of its major contractors — General Electric and Westinghouse — are negotiating with Electric Boat in connection with the atom-powered submarine project.

Scientists say the amount of nuclear fuel destroyed in the split second of an A-bomb explosion could be utilized, under controlled conditions, to give off useful energy for months or perhaps even years.

Thus the critical factor of fuel consumption in naval craft—which played an important part in the long running chase and final destruction of the German super-battleship Bismarck during World War II—would be virtually eliminated in atom-powered ships.

Discloses Progress

An AEC report to Congress last month revealed that progress has been made toward development of reactors suitable for submarine or surface vessel propulsion.

It said the reactor would be "a single purpose machine designed specifically for the purpose of producing large amounts of heat under conditions that will permit conversio nto power for naval vessels."

The report noted that the research an ddevelopment work was well advanced, and declared that "detailed engineering design of a ship propulsion reactor is scheduled to begin during 1950."

RANKIN'S CHOICE IS MAMMOTH CAVE

Congressmen Boom Sites For Atomic Age Capital City

Washington, Feb. 20 (AP)—Congress members today began booming sites ranging from Kentucky's famed Mammoth Cave to the cornfields of Iowa for setting up an alternate capital in the event Washington is *Blitzed* by an atomic attack.

Representative Rankin (D., Miss.), urged the locale of Paducah, Ky., because it is near Mammoth Cave—"the greatest storm cellar the world ever saw."

Representative Cunningham (R., Iowa) plugged for establishing the No. 2 capital at Des Moines, Iowa, declaring modestly it would be hidden "by our tall corn."

Their nominations were prompted by a resolution by Representative Holifield (D., Cal.), formally proposing the creation of a commission to study the possibility of a secondary seat of government in case Washington is paralyzed by a sudden attack.

Under Study

Senator Tydings (D., Md.), chairman of the Senate Armed Services Committee, told newsmen that defense officials have been studying the advisability of such a project "for some time."

Commenting on Representative Holifield's resolution, Senator Tydings said it "deserves the greatest study," and declared:

"In the event his resolution is adopted, undoubetdly the commission created would bring the ideas of the military before the Congress in concrete form."

Representative Holifield proposed that a seven-member commission make a survey and report to the President and Congress not later than January 31, 1951.

Both Senator Tydings and Representative Holifield are members of the Senate-House Atomic Committee which is looking into the problems of civilian defense under atomic warfare conditions. The Joint Chiefs of Staff are expected to appear before the committee in a closed-door session this week.

Should Be Protected

Representative Rankin hold the House that the substitute capital should be located "somewhere in an area where it would be most protected," and he went on:

"That place is near Paducah, Ky., for several reasons.

"In the first place, you are beyond the mountain ranges. In the next place, it would be on the Ohio River and our inland waterways we are now constructing, and near the Mississippi, with tidewater transportation.

"It would also be near the Mammoth Cave where, if there is danger, you would have the greatest storm cellar the world ever saw—one that is big enough to hold the entire Congress and every department and every bureau of this Government."

Later, Representative Rankin told newsmen: "I'm serious about this."

PORTUGAL GETS E. C. A. AID

First Grant Is $1,930,000 and Will Help Purchases Here

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20 (AP)—Portugal received today its first Marshall Plan aid grant. The grant of $1,930,000 will be used to buy recovery commodities in the United States and Canada.

The Economic Cooperation Administration pointed out that Portugal has been among the eighteen participating nations since the start of the European Recovery Program. However, it requested no dollar aid until a short time ago.

The ECA said it had tentatively earmarked $10,000,000 for use by Portugal in recovery operations in this fiscal year.

World Bank Studies 23 Loans

PITTSBURGH, Feb. 20 (AP)—Eugene R. Black, president of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, said today twenty-three foreign countries are being considered for loans. Thirteen member nations have already been granted money for everything from railroads to steel mills since the World Bank came into being four years ago.

Probe Of Reds Considered

Washington, Feb. 20 (AP)—Senator Hoey (D., N.C.) said today that the Senate's Special Investigations subcommittee will take a look at any charges laid before it by Senator McCarthy (R., Wis.) that there are 57 card-carrying Communists in the State Department.

McCarthy prepared to tell the Senate itself about the alleged Communists.

The Wisconsin Senator said that on the basis of his Senate speech he may ask the investigations group headed by Hoey to make a formal inquiry.

If that happens, Hoey told a reporter, he will have his staff check

first into the committee's jurisdiction to be sure it has authority to undertake an investigation of that kind. The group was set up primarily to look into Government expenditures.

On Pay Roll, McCarthy Says

McCarthy contended that expenditures were involved, inasmuch as he said the 57 still are drawing pay from the Government.

The Wisconsin Senator was expected to repeat in the Senate the demand he made in a circuit of political speeches that President Truman open the Government's loyalty files to disclose the records of the 57 under fire.

Sponsors called for early action by the Senate Judiciary Committee on a bill to force the public registration of the reported 54,000 card-carrying Communists in the country.

Battleship to Aid "Invasion"

NORFOLK, Va., Feb. 20 (AP)—A fast task force composed of five carriers with their 437 aircraft, the battleship Missouri (the "Big Mo"), three cruisers and eight destroyers will provide the naval striking and covering force for ships moving to the "invasion" of Vieques Island in the West Indies in Operation Portrex.

Admiral William M. Fechteler, commander in chief of the United States Atlantic Fleet, and over-all commander of Portrex, announced today that the task force would be commanded by Rear Admiral M. F. Shoeffel.

Aircraft covering the invasion force late this month and next month will operate from the flight decks of the Roosevelt, Philippine Sea, Leyte, Saipan and Wright.

The task force must provide coverage against "aggressor" submarines and aircraft for the other surface forces while en route to the target area. It must launch strikes against "enemy" bases assumed to be located on Culebra, St. Croix and other islands, and must prevent enemy aircraft from attacking the invasion force.

Dispersion Eyed For A-Defense

Albuquerque, N.M., Feb. 20 (AP)—The chief of the new Office of Civilian Defense will recommend soon that key targets of possible atomic attack go underground or be widely scattered.

Dr. Paul J. Larsen will go to Washington on Friday before taking over his post March 1.

"Our first job will be relocation and redesign of the present governmental office setup in the Capital," he said.

"Dispersion, even out of the Washington area, and underground installations either in or out of the Capital, will be our chief means of defense."

Larsen's overall program follows the lines of a report given recently to the National Security Resources Board by the Los Alamos AEC laboratory and the Army Engineers.

Five Key Points

His plans for defense of the civilian population and the nation's home-front war potential are based upon:

1. Dispersion of industrial and Governmental targets.
2. Construction of bomb-proof structures underground to shelter essential agencies which it is not feasible to move elsewhere.
3. Stock piling of disaster equipment at strategic points in the country. This would include blood, blood plasma and equipment to combat injuries resulting from an A-bomb explosion.
4. Organization of the civilian defense program upon a state and municipal level. Each state would set up its own program on a localized basis and the Federal Government would act in an advisory capacity.
5. Reduction of what he considers overapprehension resulting from fear of atomic attack.

FINED ON ISRAEL PLANES

3 Men and Concern Must Pay $10,000 Each for Smuggling

LOS ANGELES, Feb. 20 (AP)—Three men and a corporation convicted of smuggling planes and equipment to Israel were fined $10,000 each today.

United States Judge Peirson M. Hall assessed the fines against Service Airways, Inc.; Adolph W. Schwimmer of New York, former president of the concern; Leon Gardner of North Hollywood and Ray Selk of Los Angeles.

They were charged with conspiracy to violate the Neutrality Act by smuggling planes and equipment from Florida to Israel in 1947 and 1948.

Judge Hall commented that the offense is "probably as serious as can be committed."

Three other defendants were acquitted by a Federal Court jury Feb. 6 after a trial lasting almost four months. They are Herman M. Greenspun of Las Vegas, Nev.; William Sosnow of New York and Sam R. Lewis of Los Angeles.

60-Day Delay Refused In Judith Coplon Trial

New York, Feb. 20 (AP)—Judith Coplon's new lawyers asked today for a 60-day delay in the Coplon-Gubitchev spy trial and sought to withdraw from the case when their request was denied.

Federal Judge Sylvester J. Ryan refused to let them withdraw, however, and ruled that the trial must resume next Monday.

The trial has been in adjournment since last Thursday, when Miss Coplon dismissed her lawyer, Archibald Palmer. Judge Ryan later appointed Samuel Neuburger, Leonard Boudin and Sidney S. Berman in Palmer's place.

LONDON, TUESDAY, FEB 21-(AP)-RUSSIA AND BULGARIA HAVE AGREED TO EXCHANGE OVER 20 PER CENT MORE GOODS THIS YEAR THAN LAST, TASS SAID TODAY.

THE OFFICIAL SOVIET NEWS AGENCY, IN A MOSCOW DISPATCH DISTRIBUTED HERE, SAID THE AGREEMENT WAS RATIFIED IN A PROTOCOL ON MUTUAL TRADE DELIVERIES SIGNED SATURDAY IN THE RUSSIAN CAPITAL.

THE DISPATCH SAID RUSSIA WILL SEND BULGARIA COTTON, METAL, OIL PRODUCTS, INDUSTRIAL EQUIPMENT, FARM MACHINERY, FERTILIZERS AND OTHER COMMODITIES. IN EXCHANGE, BULGARIA WILL SHIP TO THE SOVIET UNION LEAD AND ZINC CONCENTRATES, TOBACCO, CEMENT AND OTHER GOODS.

DY/K1043PES

paris, feb. 20--(ap)--more than half the 50,000 jews who survived nazi persecution in czechoslovakia have left the country, a jewish charity official said today.

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he is henry levy, former director for czechoslovakia of the american joint distribution committee. he told a news conference how the government gave him three weeks notice to clean up ajdc affairs and leave the country.

apr hartmans 01745 aw 1249

AFTER THE MATERIAL WAS FISHED OUT A POLICE FORCE OF 500, WITH 15 SMALL TANKS, PROTECTED THE LOADING AT DAWN TODAY.
THE SHIP, THE JEAN SOLO, THEN SAILED FOR ORAN, ALGERIA. OTHER INCIDENTS WERE FEARED, HOWEVER, WHEN THE SHIP PUTS IN AT OTHER PORTS BETWEEN NICE AND MARSEILLE.

WV256PES

NIGHT LEAD JERUSALEM (120)
GENEVA, FEB 20-(AP)-ISRAEL AND THE KINGDOM OF JORDAN GAVE NOTICE TO THE UNITED NATIONS TODAY THAT THEY REMAINED OPPOSED TO ANY PLAN TO PLACE JERUSALEM UNDER INTERNATIONAL RULE.
AUBREY S. EBAN OF ISRAEL TOLD THE UNITED NATIONS TRUSTEESHIP COUNCIL THAT THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY'S PLAN FOR THE INTERNATIONALIZATION OF JERUSALEM WAS A THREAT TO PEACE.
EDMOND BEY ROCH OF JORDAN OPPOSED "ANY PROJECT FOR THE INTERNATIONALIZATION OF JERUSALEM."
THE TRUSTEESHIP COUNCIL HAD INVITED ISRAEL AND JORDAN TO STATE THEIR VIEWS ON A DRAFT INTERNATINAL STATUTE FOR JERUSALEM. THE CITY IS NOW PARTITIONED BETWEEN JORDAN AND ISRAELI OCCUPYING FORCES. DESPITE THEIR OPPOSITION, THE PLAN WAS ADOPTED BY THE UNITED NATIONS ASSEMBLY LAST YEAR.
THE ASSEMBLY TOLD THE TRUSTEESHIP COUNCIL TO DRAFT THE INTERNATIONAL STATUTE AND TAKE STEPS TO IMPLEMENT IT.
DY1040PES

EBAN'S 10,000-WORD STATEMENT SAID HIS COUNTRY IS "PREPARED TO EXPLORE WITH THE COUNCIL AND WITH OTHER PARTIES CONCERNED ANY AVENUE WHICH MAY LEAD TO THE EFFECTIVE FULFILLMENT BY THE UNITED NATIONS OF ITS RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE HOLY PLACES." THE HOLY PLACES CONCERNED ARE SHRINES SACRED TO THREE GREAT RELIGIONS--CHRISTIAN, MOSLEM AND JEWISH.

SF611PES

GENEVA--FIRST ADD HOLY PLACES (A153 DAY) XXX ~~CAPITALS~~ walls.

THE NEW ISRAELI PLAN SCALES DOWN ANOTHER COMPROMISE PROPOSAL WHICH HAD BEEN PUT FORWARD BY ROGER GARREAU, PRESIDENT OF THE TRUSTEESHIP COUNCIL. THE GARREAU PLAN--REJECTED NOT ONLY BY ISRAEL AND JORDAN BUT BY THE VATICAN AS WELL--WOULD HAVE SPLIT THE HOLY CITY INTO THREE ZONES, ARAB, JEWISH AND INTERNATIONAL, THE LATTER TO BE MADE UP OF ENCLAVES COVERING THE HOLY PLACES INSIDE AND OUTSIDE JERUSALEM ITSELF. THE TRUSTEESHIP COUNCIL HAS BEEN WORKING FOR MORE THAN A MONTH HERE ON PROPOSALS TO CARRY OUT THE INTENT OF THE ORIGINAL INTERNATIONALIZATION RESOLUTION OF THE ASSEMBLY IN 1948.

THE COUNCIL INVITED EBAN TO PARTICIPATE IN THE DELIBERATIONS WITHOUT VOTE. IT EXTENDED A SIMILAR INVITATION TO JORDAN, AND TWO JORDANIAN REPRESENTATIVES ARE HERE FOR THE DEBATE. EDMUND ROCH, JORDAN'S CHARGE D'AFFAIRES AT ROME, TOLD THE COUNCIL HIS GOVERNMENT APPRECIATED THE INVITATION BUT WAS NOT PREPARED TO DISCUSS ANY PROJECT FOR THE INTERNATIONALIZATION OF JERUSALEM. HIS STATEMENT TOOK ONLY A MINUTE.

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FIRST LEAD MDSEN
FRANKFURT, GERMANY, FEB.20-(AP)-PRETTY MRS. YVETTE MADSEN, 22, COLLAPSED TODAY AFTER SHE WHISPERED A BRIEF DENIAL AT HER FORMAL ARRAIGNMENT ON A CHARGE THAT SHE MURDERED HER AIR FORCE HUSBAND.
SHE RETURNED TO THE COURT ROOM A FEW MOMENTS LATER AND U.S. DISTRICT JUDGE FRED G. COHN ORDERED HER TO STAND TRIAL MARCH 6 ON THE CHARGES. HE ENTERED AN INNOCENT PLEA ON HER BEHALF.
"DO YOU ADMIT OR DENY THAT YOU DID UNLAWFULLY, INTENTIONALLY AND WITH PREMEDITATION, IN A TREACHEROUS MANNER, SHOOT ANDREW E. MADSEN?" THE JUDGE ASKED.
HER FISTS CLENCHED, SHE STIFFENED AS SHE WHISPERED "I DENY IT." AT THE NEXT QUESTION SHE CLOSED HER EYES, THEN FAINTED. HER FATHER, ALFRED NOACK, BROOKLYN, N.Y., CARPENTER WHO FLEW HERE FOR THE TRIAL, CARRIED HER FROM THE COURTROOM.
A FEW MINUTES XXX 3RD GRAF PVS (A68)
WW1210PES

NIGHT LEAD MADSEN (320)
BY DONALD DOANE
FRANKFURT, GERMANY, FEB. 20-(AP)-MRS.YVETTE MADSEN, 22-YEAR-OLD BROOKLYN, N. Y. MOTHER, COLLAPSED TWICE IN COURT TODAY AFTER DENYING SHE MURDERED HER AIRFORCE HUSBAND.
THE COURT HAD RULED, AFTER HEARING A REPORT BY A MILITARY MEDICAL BOARD, THAT THE PRETTY MOTHER OF TWO CHILDREN IS SANE. U. S. DISTRICT JUDGE FRED G.COHN ORDERED HER TO STAND TRIAL MARCH 6.
"DO YOU ADMIT OR DENY THAT YOU DID UNLAWFULLY, INTENTIONALLY AND WITH PREMEDITATION, IN A TREACHEROUS MANNER, SHOOT ANDREW E.MADSEN?" THE JUDGE ASKED THE YOUNG WIDOW.
MRS. MADSEN DREW HERSELF UP RIGIDLY, CLENCHED HER FISTS AND ANSWERED IN A FAINT WHISPER, "I DENY IT." AT THE NEXT QUESTION SHE CLOSED HER EYE, SWAYED, THEN FAINTED.
SHE WAS CARRIED OUT OF THE COURTROOM BY HER FATHER, ALFRED NOACK, BROOKLYN CARPENTER WHO FLEW HERE FOR HER TRIAL. SHE LAY LIMP IN HER FATHER'S ARMS, HER LONG, DARK HAIR STREAMING OVER HIS SHOULDER, AND CRIED FAINTLY AS THEY WENT THROUGH THE DOOR.

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A FEW MINUTES LATER SHE WALKED BACK INTO THE COURTROOM AND STOOD PALE, AS THE COURT ENTERED A PLEA OF NOT GUILTY ON HER BEHALF AND SET THECTRIAL DATE.

A FEW MINUTES LATER, OBVIOUSLY FIGHTING FOR SELF-CONTROL, MRS. MADSEN BROKE DOWN AGAIN AND WEPT IN THE ARMS OF HER WOMEN'S ARMY CORPS GUARD, HER FATHER SITTING WORRIEDLY AT HER SIDE AS COURT ADJOURNED.

MRS. MADSEN'S LAWYER, ELMO COWER OF CUMBERLAND, MD., WHO RESERVED HIS FORMAL DEFENSE PLEA, TOLD REPORTERS LATER HE WILL CONTEND IN HER TRIAL THAT SHE WAS INSANE THE NIGHT OF LAST OCT. 20 WHEN SHE IS ALLEGED TO HAVE SHOT LT. ANDREW E.MADSEN OF OAKLAND, CALIF., AFTER A QUARREL OVER HER HUSBAND'S ATTENTIONS TO ANOTHER WOMAN AT A PARTY.

IN THE RULING TODAY THE COURT MERELY HELD THAT MRS. MADSEN IS PRESENTLY SANE AND ABLE TO STAND TRIAL. IT DID NOT GO INTO HER SANITY AT THE TIME LT. MADSEN WAS SHOT.

MRS. MADSEN HERSELF OPPOSED THE INSANITY PLEA WHICH THE COURT REJECTED. THE PLEA WAS ENTERED AT THE INSISTENCE OF HER FATHER.

MRS. MADSEN IS THE THIRD AMERICAN WIFE TO BE CHARGED WITH KILLING HER HUSBAND DURING THE OCCUPATION OF GERMANY.

ONE OF THESE WAS MRS. WILMA YBARBO, OF MALDEN, MASS., WHO WAS SENTENCED TO 20 YEARS IN A TRIAL 14 MONTHS AGO. SHE WAS SOON PARDONED AND RECENTLY HAS REMARRIED.

JT418PES

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EDITORS

BERLIN--INSERT, TRUCK TRAFFIC (A102) AFTER FOURTH GRAPH BEGINNING "ABOUT 20 X X X FOR WEST GERMANY.

BRITISH OFFICIALS SAID LATER THAT THE RUSSIANS RELEASED NINE OF THE 30 TRUCKS ALONG WITH THE CARGOES OF METALS. THE OFFICIALS SAID THEY HAD NO OTHER DETAILS IMMEDIATELY.

URGENT WARNINGS XXX FIFTH GRAPH.

WW1110AES

[redacted] park at the university town of marburg. the prosecution said greifenhagen, came to her aid. the woman called for help and eberhard [redacted] greifenhagen was found [redacted] stabbed three times and was dead on arrival at a hospital.

WITH BUDAPEST (130)

VIENNA, FEB.20-(AP)-NEW YORK ATTORNEY MORRIS L. ERNST SPENT 47 FUTILE MINUTES IN THE HUNGARIAN LEGATION TODAY, TRYING TO GET A VISA FOR THE VOGELER TRIAL IN BUDAPEST.

FOR 35 MINUTES HE ARGUED WITH THE PORTER STATIONED AT THE FRONT DOOR. FOR 12 MORE MINUTES HE ARGUED WITH THE HEAD OF THE VISA SECTION.

WHEN HE LEFT THE LEGATION HE HAD NO VISA, NO PROMISE OF A VISA, AND NO HOPES OF A VISA.

ERNST DID SEE THE HUNGARIAN CONSUL, BUT IT WAS BY ACCIDENT AND THE CONSUL REFUSED TO SPEAK TO HIM.

THE LAWYER WAS STANDING OUTSIDE THE LEGATION BETWEEN ARGUMENTS WITH THE PORTER, WHEN THE CONSUL DROVE UP IN HIS NEW AMERICAN AUTOMOBILE. ERNST APPROACHED AND ASKED IF HE WERE THE CONSUL. THE CONSUL, WELL-KNOWN TO NEWSPAPERMEN ACCOMPANYING ERNST, SNAPPED A BRISK "NEIN" AND ENTERED THE BUILDING.

ERNST LATER TOLD NEWSPAPERMEN THE ONLY BRIGHT SPOT OF THE DAY WAS WHEN THE HEAD OF THE VISA SECTION SAT DOWN BEHIND HIS DESK. HE MISSED THE CHAIR COMPLETELY AND LANDED ON THE FLOOR.

MK835AES

FEB 20 1950

wetzlar, germany, feb. 20-(ap)-pfc. joseph w. bailey, 19, of sardis, ga., went on trial today before a u.s. military court, on a charge of unpremeditated murder. he pleaded innocent in the pocket-knife slaying of a german divinity student feb. 6.

the prosecution charged that bailey accosted a german woman, leni antonetty, 36, and attempted to attack her in the gardens of a

vienna, monday, feb. 20-(ap)-mrs. robert vogeler heard the recorded voice of her husband calmly admitting he was an american spy in her vienna home this morning.

when the english language broadcast from budapest ended mrs. vogeler broke into tears and said:

"that was bob's voice, but those were not his voice."

"bob didn't say what he wanted to say -- only what they made him say. no wonder it took them three months to rehearse him. every word he said was put in his mouth."

the two vogeler children, bobby and billy, went to bed early in order not to hear the broadcast.

"i couldn't let them listen to their father confess things we all know he didn't do," mrs. vogeler said.

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(IN WASHINTON, GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS SAID THE UNITED STATES HAS MADE A NEW REPRESENTATION TO THE CZECHOSLOVAK GOVERNMENT FOR THE RELEASE OF ABBOTT AND JOHNSON. THESE OFFICIALS SAID THE AMERICAN EMBASSY IN ORAGUE HAS RENEWED ITS DEMAND TO THE CZECHOSLOVAK FOREIGN OFFICE THAT EMBASSY REPRESENTATIVES BE PERMITTED TO TALK TO THE TWO MISSIONARIES)

EIGHT OF THE DEPARTMENT MISSIONARIES ARE RETURNING TO THE UNITED STATES, TWO TO ENGLAND, AND ONE IS BEING TRANSFERRED TO THE CHURCH'S O

EIGHT OF THE DEPARTMENT MISSIONARIES ARE RETURNING TO THE UNITED STATES, TWO TO ENGLAND, AND ONE IS BEING TRANSFERRED TO THE CHURCH'S WEST GERMAN MISSION.

TORONTO SAID HIS WIFE AND SIX CHILDREN WILL LEAVE BY MRCH 1 BUT THAT HE HOPES TO REMAIN HERE "AS LONG AS POSSIBLE."

DY937PES

ALAPI TOLD THE PEOPLES COURT THAT VOGELER, 38-YEAR-OLD ASSISTANT VICE-PRESIDENT OF THE INTERNATIONAL TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY "IS A SPY WHO LOST AND WAS UNMASKED."

ALAPI MADE THE CHARGE AFTER NINE WITNESSES HAD PARADED TO THE STAND TO TESTIFY THAT VOGELER AND HIS CO-DEFENDANTS WERE GUILTY OF SABOTAGE AND SPYING FOR THE UNITED STATES INTELLIGENCE SERVICES.

IT COULD NOT BE LEARNED IMMEDIATELY WHAT POSSIBLE PENALTIES THE DEFENDANTS FACE.

VOGELER, WHO HAS PLEADED GUILTY, WAS DESCRIBED AS "A GREAT SPY."

"THE SENTENCE SHOULD BRING HIM THE FATE OF SUCH PERSONS," SAID ALAPI, WHO ALSO PROSECUTED JOSEF CARDINAL MINDSZENTY AND LASZLO RAJK, FORMER HUNGARIAN INTERIOR MINISTER, LAST YEAR. CARDINAL MINDSZENTY WAS SENTENCED TO LIFE IMPRISONMENT AND RAJK WAS EXECUTED.

ALAPI DECLARED THAT EVERY CHARGE AGAINST THE SEVEN DEFENDANTS "WAS PROVED IN THE COURSE OF THIS TRIAL" AND DEMANDED THE "MOST SEVERE PUNISHMENT WHICH CORRESPONDS WITH THEIR DEEDS."

VOGELER, ON TRIAL WITH SIX CO-DEFENDANTS, ASKED FOR A MILD SENTENCE SATURDAY AFTER PLEADING GUILTY. HE SAID HE USED HIS BUSINESS CONNECTIONS AS A COVER FOR PROFESSIONAL INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES AND THAT NEARLY ALL AMERICAN BUSINESSMEN IN EASTERN EUROPE WERE REQUIRED TO TURN IN INTELLIGENCE REPORTS TO THE U.S.

SIX CO-DEFENDANTS, WHO CONFESSED TO SIMILAR CHARGES, WERE EDGAR SANDERS, A BRITISH OFFICIAL IN THE STANDARD ELECTRIC COMPANY, A HUNGARIAN SUBSIDIARY OF I.T. & T.; IMRE GEIGER, HUNGARIAN MANAGER OF THE COMPANY; ZOLTAN PADO, A SECTION CHIEF IN THE HUNGARIAN MINISTRY OF HEAVY TRADE; EDINA DOERY, HOTEL BARMAID AND TELEPHONE OPERATOR; THE REV. ISTVAN JUSTH, A ROMAN CATHOLIC PRIEST, AND KLEMEN DOKOKOA, CHIEF ACCOUNTANT FOR THE STANDARD COMPANY.

ALAPI HAS ASKED "SEVEREST PUNISHMENT" FOR GEIGER AND PADO.

(VOGELER'S FRIENDS ABROAD HAVE EXPRESSED DISBELIEF IN THE CONFESSION HE RECITED IN COURT. THEY SAID HIS CALM MANNER WAS NOT IN CHARACTER AND SOME OF HIS TESTIMONY DID NOT SQUARE WITH KNOWN FACTS.

(THE TRIAL IS BEING REPORTED FOR THE ASSOCIATED PRESS BY ITS REGULAR BUDAPEST CORRESPONDENT ENDRE MARTON, A HUNGARIAN NATIONAL. THE HUNGARIAN GOVERNMENT REFUSED TO ACT ON A REQUEST FOR PERMISSION TO ADMIT GALORD K. HODENFIELD, AMERICA

THE HUNGARIAN GOVERNMENT REFUSED TO ACT ON A REQUEST FOR PERMISSION TO ADMIT GAYLORD K. HODENFIELD, AMERICAN CHIEF OF THE AP BUREAU IN VIENNA TO ASSIST MARTON IN COVERING THE TRIAL.)

JUDGE VILMOS OLTHY TOLD THOSE WITNESSES WHO ARE UNDER ARREST THAT THEY DID NOT HAVE TO ANSWER QUESTIONS WHICH THEY THOUGHT WOULD INCRIMINATE THEM. THE WITNESSES FACE CHARGES SIMILAR TO THOSE BROUGHT AGAINST VOGELER AND HIS CO-DEFENDANTS.

IN ALL CASES, HOWEVER, THE WITNESSES EAGERLY ANSWERED ALL QUESTIONS AND TOLD OF THEIR OWN SABOTAGE AND ESPIONAGE ACTIVITIES."

THE FIRST TO TESTIFY WAS MISS AGNES ZADOR, VOGELER'S FORMER SECRETARY, WHO WORKED FOR HIM SINCE 1946. SHE TOLD THE COURT THAT SOON AFTER GOING TO WORK FOR VOGELER "I REALIZED THAT THE BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF MY SUPERIOR ONLY COVERED HIS SPYING ACTIVITIES. IT WAS CLEAR TO ME THAT THE DATA COLLECTED WERE FORWARDED THROUGH THE AMERICAN LEGATION."

DR. JOZSEF BERGENYI, ANOTHER EMPLOYE OF STANDARD, SAID VOGELER "SENT A REGULAR MONTHLY SPYING REPORT TO NEW YORK."

(AN I.T. AND T. OFFICIAL IN NEW YORK EXPRESSED THE OPINION LAST WEEK THAT ANY SUCH REPORTS WERE NORMAL, ROUTINE INFORMATION FILES SENT THE HOME OFFICE).

ODON GERGELY, A FORMER ENGINEER AT STANDARD, SAID HE WENT TO WORK FOR VOGELER AS AN AGENT IN 1948. HE SAID THAT PREVIOUSLY, AS A GOVERNMENT EMPLOYE, HE SUPPLIED VOGELER WITH TOP SECRET INFORMATION ABOUT OTHER ELECTRICAL PLANTS. GERGELY ALSO IS UNDER ARREST.

LATER VOGELER TOLD THE COURT EVERYTHING GERGELY SAID WAS ACCURATE.
THEN THE JUDGE ASKED HIM: "ROBERT VOGELER, DID YOU WISH TO LEAVE THIS COUNTRY BECAUSE YOU BECAME AFRAID THAT THE ARRESTED IMRE GEIGER WOULD HAVE DISCLOSED YOUR ACTIVITIES?"
VOGELER NODDED AND SAID: "YES, THAT IS SO."

JB808AES

PRAGUE FIRST ADD MORMONS (B46) XXX THE STATE.

TORONTO SAID HE IS NEGOTIATING WITH THE CZECHS TO HAVE THE MORMONS (THE CHURCH OF JESUS CHRIST OF LATTER DAY SAINTS) RECOGNIZED AS A LEGITIMATE RELIGIOUS INSTITUTION. HE SAID GOVERNMENT REPRESENTATIVES INDICATED THIS MIGHT BE ACCOMPLISHED IF THE CHURCH WERE RUN HERE ENTIRELY BY CZECH CITIZENS.

TORONTO SAID HIS WIFE AND SIX CHILDREN WILL LEAVE CZECHOSLOVAKIA MARCH 1, BUT THAT HE INTENDS TO STAY HERE AS LONG AS POSSIBLE -- "AT LEAST UNTIL THE NEGOTIATIONS WITH THE CHURCH MINISTRY ARE OVER."

TORONTO SAID HE HAS RECEIVED NO FURTHER WORD REGARDING THE ARRESTED MISSIONARIES, STANLEY E.ABBOTT OF LEHI, UTAH, AND C. ALDON JOHNSON OF IDAHO FALLS, OHIO, WHO WERE SEIZED WHILE TRAVELING IN MORAVIA.

TORONTO GAVE THIS LIST OF THE OTHER MISSIONARIES LEAVING TONIGHT: VERNON L.HILL, PASADENA, CALIF.; GAIL L.SALTUS, ENGLEWOOD, CALIF.; ROBERT L.OLSEN, LOVELL, WYO.; WILLIAM F.NEWLAND, WOODS CROFT, UTAH; REED N.GLAUSER, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH; J.FABIAN GIROUX, PULLMAN, WASH. THESE SIX ARE RETURNING TO THE UNITED STATES.

TORONTO SAID STANLEY H.KIMBALL OF DENVER, COLO., AND CHARLES ARNOLD BAKER OF PROVO, UTAH, WILL BE ASSIGNED TO MISSIONS IN ENGLAND, AND THAT ROBERT DERSCHON OF SALT LAKE CITY WOULD BE ASSIGNED TO THE CHURCH'S MISSION IN WEST GERMANY.

ME914AES

BUCHAREST, ROMANIA, FEB. 20-(AP)-ROMANIA SAID TONIGHT SHE HAS WITHDRAWN FROM THE WORLD HEALTH ORGANIZATION (WHO), A UNITED NATIONS AGENCY.

THE ROMANIAN NEWS AGENCY SAID ROMANIA FOLLOWED THE SOVIET UNION IN THE MOVE BECAUSE "WHO DOES NOT CORRESPOND TO TRUE NECESSITIES OF PEOPLES IN THE HEALTH DOMAIN."

K1048PES

(SOSTHENES BEHN, CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD OF I.T. & T., IN A STATEMENT SAID HE WAS CONVINCED THE CONFESSION WAS MADE AFTER "COERCION AND THREATS", AND THAT HE WOULD NOT BE SURPRISED IF THE TRIAL IS FOLLOWED BY CONFISCATION OF THE COMPANY'S PROPERTY IN HUNGARY.

A1SO
(VOGELER WAS NOT PERMITTED THE SERVICES OF AN AMERICAN LAWYER. MORRIS ERNST, NEW YORK LAWYER, ARRIVED IN PHRVATMMNMAY, BUT

A1SO
(VOGELER WAS NOT PERMITTED THE SERVICES OF AN AMERICAN LAWYER. MORRIS ERNST, NEW YORK LAWYER, ARRIVED IN VIENNA MONDAY, BUT FAILED TO GET A VISA TO ENTER HUNGARY FROM THE HUNGARIAN LEGATION.)

VOGELER'S CO-DEFENDANTS WERE EDGAR SANDERS, BRITISH OFFICIAL OF THE STANDARD COMPANY, AND FIVE HUNGARIANS: IMRE GEIGER, MANAGER OF THE COMPANY; ZOLTAN RADO, A SECTION CHIEF IN THE MINISTRY OF HEAVY TRADE; EDINA BOERY, HOTEL BARMAID AND TELEPHONE OPERATOR; THE REV.ISTVAN JUSTH, ROMAN CATHOLIC PRIEST, AND KLEMEN DOMOKOS, STANDARD COMPANY ACCOUNTANT.

ALL THE LAWYERS FOR THE HUNGARIAN DEFENDANTS PLEADED THAT THEY WERE "TOYS IN THE HANDS OF A WORLD POWER" AND HAD TO CARRY OUT THE ORDERS OF SUPERIORS.

ALAPI--WHO ALSO PROSECUTED JOSEF CARDINAL MINDSZENTY, NOW SERVING A LIFE SENTENCE FOR ALLEGED TREASON, AND THE NO.2 HUNGARIAN COMMUNIST, LASZLO RAJK, WHO WAS EXECUTED DECLARED VOGELER WAS "A SPY WHO LOST AND WAS UNMASKED."

HE DEMANDED "THE MOST SEVERE PUNISHMENT WHICH CORRESPONDS TO THEIR DEEDS" FOR ALL THE DEFENDANTS.

HE REFERRED TO A MAP ALLEGED TO HAVE BEEN FOUND IN THE ROOM OF THE BRITISH AIR ATTACHE IN BUDAPEST ON WHICH BOMBING TARGETS HAD BEEN MARKED, AND SAID IT PROBABLY WAS TO HAVE BEEN USED IN CASE OF WAR.

THE "GANG IN THE DOCK," HE DECLARED, WAS ONLY A SMALL PART OF A WORLD-WIDE SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION INVOLVING MANY BRITISH-AMERICAN DIPLOMATS AND REPRESENTING "A GREAT DANGER" TO HUNGARY.

THEN REFERRING TO REACTION OVER THE TRIAL, HE ASSERTED, "THE ENEMY IS WORRIED."

HE SINGLED OUT PARTICULARLY GEIGER AND RADO IN EMPHASIZING THEIR ROLES.

EARLIER, A WITNESS, JOSEF PAJZS, A TECHNICAL EXPERT IN THE HUNGARIAN PLANNING OFFICE, TESTIFIED OPBMKUFS-

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EARLIER, A WITNESS, JOSEF PAJZS, A TECHNICAL EXPERT IN THE HUNGARIAN PLANNING OFFICE, TESTIFIED THAT THE DEFENDANTS HELPED SABOTAGE THE THREE YEAR PLAN AND "INFLICTED IMMENSE LOSS TO THE ECONOMY."

OTHER WITNESSES WERE AGNES ZADOR, VOGELER'S FORMER SECRETARY, JOSEF BECSENYI, LAJOS BUDAI, AN ENGINEER, KAROLY VAS, A FORMER COUNTY OFFICIAL, HENRIK ARATO, AN ACCOUNTANT, AND ODON GERGELY, AN ENGINEER, ALL EMPLOYES OF THE STANDARD COMPANY WHO ARE UNDER ARREST.

ALL TESTIFIED THAT THEY KNEW OF VOGELER'S SPYING AND OF HIS SABOTAGE ACTIVITIES AIMED AT WEAKENING PRODUCTION BY THE COMPANY.

GERGELY SAID HE HAD SUPPLIED VOGELER WITH INFORMATION ABOUT SECRET HUNGARIAN NEGOTIATIONS WITH RUSSIA, AND ABOUT PRODUCTION OF ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT IN HUNGARY FOR MILITARY PURPOSES.

BECSENYI SAID VOGELER "SENT A REGULAR MONTHLY SPYING REPORT TO NEW YORK."

JA224PES

BELGRADE, YUGOSLAVIA, FEB.20-(AP)-U.S. AMBASSADOR GEORGE ALLEN HAS ASSURED PREMIER MARSHAL TITO THERE WILL BE NO POLITICAL STRINGS ATTACHED TO ANY AMERICAN MONETARY AID TO YUGOSLAVIA.

IN A DEFIANT SPEECH SATURDAY TITO CHALLENGED THE U.S. AND THE WEST TO MAKE GOOD WHAT HE CALLED THEIR PROMISES OF AID, BUT DECLARED HIS COUNTRY WOULD "RATHER GO BAREFOOTED" THAN SACRIFICE HER SOCIALIST PRINCIPLES IN RETURN FOR HELP.

"AS I POINTED OUT WHEN I PRESENTED MY CREDENTIALS," ALLEN EXPLAINED IN AN INTERVIEW YESTERDAY, "THE POLICY OF THE UNITED STATES IS STRICT NON-INTERFERENCE IN THE INTERNAL AFFAIRS OF YUGOSLAVIA. NO POLITICAL CONDITIONS WERE ATTACHED TO THE CREDIT ALREADY EXTENDED TO YUGOSLAVIA AND NO SUCH CONDITIONS ARE ATTACHED TO THE CREDITS NOW

UNDER CONSIDERATION."

AID NOW BEING CONSIDERED INCLUDES A CREDIT OF $25,000,000 PLUS $11,000,000 FROM THE EXPORT-IMPORT BANK AND THE WORLD MONETARY FUND.

COMMENTING ON THE AID QUESTION TITO TOLD SOME 50,000 PERSONS SATURDAY THAT THE RUSSIAN-LED COMINFORM COUNTRIES HAVE CONSTANTLY PLAYED THE "SAME TUNE" THAT YUGOSLAVIA IS SEEKING AID FROM THE "REACTIONARY" FORCES OF THE WEST.

"WE HAVE ASKED FOR NOTHING OF LATE," HE SAID, "BUT ONLY SAID THEY SHOULD GIVE US WHAT THEY PROMISED."

OBVIOUSLY IRKED BY COMINFORM CHARGES THAT YUGOSLAVIA HAS TURNED TO THE WEST FOR HELP AFTER HER BREAK WITH RUSSIA, TITO DECLARED:

"WE ARE NOT IN ANY CAMP. WE ARE NOT IN ANY BLOC. WE ARE A COUNTRY WHICH IS BUILDING SOCIALISM WITH HIGH CONSCIOUSNESS OF OUR PEOPLE, WITH CONSCIOUSNESS OF OUR ABILITY AND POSSIBILITIES. WE SHALL CONTINUE THIS COURSE IN THE FUTURE AS WELL, COME WHAT MAY."

FEB 21 1950

WD401AFS

TAIPEI, FORMOSA, FEB. 20-(AP)-ACTING PRESIDENT LI TSUNG-JEN MESSAGED THE CONTROL YUAN TODAY THAT HE WAS READY TO RETURN TO CHINA BUT THAT HIS DOCTOR ADVISED AGAINST A LONG TRIP UNTIL HE HAD RECOVERED FULLY FROM A RECENT OPERATION IN THE UNITED STATES.

MEMBERS OF THE CONTROL YUAN ARE SEEKING LI'S IMPEACHMENT. THE BODY, WHICH HAS IMPEACHMENT POWERS, HAD DEMANDED A CLEAR CUT REPLY FROM LI AS TO HIS INTENTIONS. HE BROKE WITH GENERALISSIMO CHIANG KAI-SHEK LAST DECEMBER AND FLEW TO NEW YORK FOR SURGICAL ATTENTION.

HUANG KUAN-WU, ONE OF THE PRIME MOVERS FOR LI'S IMPEACHMENT, DESCRIBED THE REPLY AS EVASIVE. HUANG SAID:

"IF HE DELAYS THINGS MUCH LONGER I THINK GENERALISSIMO CHIANG KAI-SHEK CAN NOT AVOID RESUMING THE PRESIDENCY."

CHIANG RETIRED FROM THE PRESIDENCY IN JANUARY OF LAST YEAR.

LW724APS NM

WITH CHINESE (1st)

HONG KONG, FEB. 20-(AP)-INFORMED FOREIGN SOURCES SAID TODAY THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS HAVE MASSED MORE THAN 25,000 TROOPS ON THE HONG KONG-CHINA BORDER DURING THE PAST THREE WEEKS.

THEY SAID THE 41ST AND 42ND COMMUNIST ARMIES UNDER GENERALS WU YUAN-WAU AND SUNG CHI-HUNG WERE CONCENTRATED LESS THAN FIVE MILES FROM THE BORDER.

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MAJ. H. BILLETT, BRITISH ARMY SPOKESMAN, SAID THE SITUATION ON THE BORDER IS THE SAME AS IT WAS TWO WEEKS AGO. HE HAVE NO FURTHER COMMENT."

OTHER SOURCES SAID "SOME SIGNIFICANCE MIGHT BE ATTACHED TO SUCH TROOP MASSING SINCE THE REDS NEVER BEFORE HAD MORE THAN A FEW HUNDRED UNIFORMED GUARDS ALONG THE FRONTIER."

THERE HAS BEEN MUCH SPECULATION WHETHER THE REDS WOULD TRY TO TAKE BRITISH HONG KONG.

THE BRITISH HAVE ABOUT 40,000 CRACK TROOPS IN THE TERRITORY ALONG AND BELOW THE BORDER. IT IS SAID TO BE HEAVILY FORTIFIED.

IN ADDITION THE BRITISH HAVE A FAIR AMOUNT OF LAND BASED PLANES IN THE COLONY AND SEVERAL WARSHIPS IN THE HARBOR, INCLUDING ONE AIRCRAFT CARRIER.

LW551APS NM

HONG KONG,FEB 20 (AP)-THE CHINESE CO-PILOT OF A TRANSPORT PLANE THAT CRASH LANDED IN COMMUNIST TERRITORY ON DEC.4 ARRIVED HERE OVER THE WEEKEND WITH WORD THE AMERICAN PILOT, JAMES MCGOVERN OF NEW JERSEY, WAS SAFE.

CO-PILOT H.L.LAY, 36, SAID THE PLANE, OWNED BY RETIRED U.S.MAJ. GEN.CLAIRE L.CHENNAULT, MADE A FORCED LANDING IN A RIVERBED NEAR YULING IN KWANGSI PROVINCE. THE CREW WAS PICKED UP BY THE COMMUNISTS AND TAKEN TO NANNING. THERE MCGOVERN AND THE CHINESE CREW ARE STILL HELD, LAY SAID.

DETATHFLTSA

HELD, LAY SAID.

DETAILS OF HOW LAY ESCAPED WRE WITHHELD.

GG1037ACS NM

TOKYO,FEB.20-(AP)-U.S. ARMY AGENTS HAVE ARRESTED 39 SUSPECTED JAPANESE WAR CRIMINALS DURING THE PAST TWO WEEKS AT THE REQUEST OF AUSTRALIAN AUTHORITIES, ALLIED HEADQUARTERS ANNOUNCED TODAY.

THE 39 HAVE BEEN CONFINED AT SUGAMO PRISON ALONG WITH 87 OTHER SUSPECTS FACING AUSTRALIAN CHARGES. AMONG THEM ARE LT.GEN.FUSATARO TESHIMA, COMMANDER OF JAPAN'S SECOND ARMY IN DUTCH NEW GUINEA, AND NAVY CAPTS.YOSHINORI ICHIKAWA AND HIROSATO NAKAMURA, BOTH OF THE JAPANESE EXPEDITIONARY FLEET BASED AT SOERABAJA, JAVA.

MANY OF THE SUSPECTS ARE TO BE MOVED LATE THIS MONTH TO MANUS ISLAND WHERE THEY WILL BE TRIED BEFORE AUSTRALIAN MILITARY TRIBUNALS.

GENERAL MACARTHUR'S LEGAL SECTION SAID ARMY AGENTS DISCOVERED TWO JAPANESE SOUGHT BY THE AUSTRALIANS ARE DEAD. TWO OTHER STILL ARE SOUGHT.

VR422ACS NM

TOKYO,FEB.20-(AP)-FAR EAST AIR FORCE HEADQUARTERS TODAY IDENTIFIED THE THIRD CREWMAN OF A B-26 BOMBER MISSING SINCE FEB.14 ON A FLIGHT OVER JAPAN. HE IS STAFF SGT.JAMES S.CACILE, 28, (1928 SOUTH PARK AVE.) HADDON HEIGHTS, N.J.

THE OTHER CREWMEN HAD BEEN IDENTIFIED PREVIOUSLY AS CAPT.RICHARD F.PRICE, MORROW, O., AND STAFF SGT.ROYAL R.NEWMAN, CHESTER, W.VA.

AIR AND LAND SEARCHERS ARE CONTINUING THE HUNT FOR THE PLANE WHICH DISAPPEARED ON A ROUTINE FLIGHT FROM YOKOTA AIR BASE NEAR TOKYO TO ITAZUKE ON THE SOUTHERN JAPANESE ISLAND OF KYUSHU.

VR420ACS

HONOLULU, FEB. 20-(AP)-PUERTO RICO WOULD LIKE TO BE A STATE, BUT IS SOFT-PEDALING THE ISSUE AT PRESENT TO AVOID HINDERING THE CHANCES OF HAWAII AND ALASKA, A PUERTO RICAN EMISSARY SAID TODAY.

HE IS JESUS PINERO, FORMER GOVERNOR OF PUERTO RICO, WHO IS IN HONOLULU TO ATTEND THE CELEBRATIONS THIS WEEK MARKING THE 50TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE ARRIVAL OF PUERTO RICANS IN HAWAII.

"OF COURSE WE WANT STATEHOOD," PINERTO TOLD REPORTERS, "BUT WE ARE ANXIOUSLY AWAITING TO SEE WHAT HAPPENS IN HAWAII FIRST.

"WE HAVE STRONG HOPES THAT HAWAII WILL GET STATEHOOD, BECAUSE THAT LIKELY WILL HAVE A FAVORABLE INFLUENCE ON OUR OWN STATEHOOD HOPES. MEANWHILE, WE ARE PREPARING FOR STATEHOOD OBLIGATIONS BY MAKING OURSELVES AS SELF-SUFFICIENT AS POSSIBLE."

SOME 275 MEMBERS OF THE HONOLULU PUERTO RICAN COMMUNITY WELCOMED PINERO WITH A DINNER-DANCE LAST NIGHT.

FJ 1053PCS

THE DEFENSE MINISTRY ALSO SAID GUNBOAT 38, WHICH DESERTED TO THE REDS LAST OCTOBER, HAD REJOINED THE NATIONALIST NAVY.

THE COMMUNICATIONS MINISTRY ANNOUNCED THE PAYMENT OF INSTALLMENTS DUE UP TO THE END OF 1949 HAD CAUSED THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT TO ABANDON ATTEMPTS TO FORECLOSE MORTGAGES ON A NUMBER OF NATIONALIST MERCHANT SHIPS.

(THERE WAS NO NEWS FROM THE COMMUNIST SIDE, BUT WELL-INFORMED HONG KONG SOURCES SAID THE REDS HAVE MOVED 25,000 TROOPS UP TO THE BORDER OF THAT BRITISH COLONY. OFFICIAL COMMENT WAS WITHHELD. THE BRITISH HAVE ABOUT 40,000 FRONT LINE TROOPS IN GOOD DEFENSIVE WORKS ALONG THE BORDER.)

FJ400PCS

GUAM, FEB 20 (AP)-A JAPANESE WHO HID FOR FIVE YEARS IN A TWO STORY BUILDING ON TINIAN ISLAND WAS FOUND LAST THURSDAY BY A U.S. NAVY PATROL.

THE MAN, MURATO SUSUMU HACHIJO, 35, SAID HE HAD NEITHER SEEN NOR SPOKEN TO ANYONE IN THE FIVE YEARS HE WAS IN HIDING.

HE TOLD NAVAL OFFICERS HE WAS A JAPANESE LABORER ON THE BITTERLY CONTESTED PACIFIC ISLAND.

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GG1128ACS NM

COLOMBO, CEYLON, FEB. 20-(AP)-THE UNITED STATES INTENDS TO AVOID INTRUDING IN DOMESTIC AFFAIRS OF THE ASIATIC NATIONS IT AIDS IN THE STEMMING OF COMMUNISM, AMBASSADOR-AT-LARGE PHILIP C. JESSUP SAID TODAY.

JESSUP TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE THERE IS NO BASIS FOR A SUSPICION THAT THE UNITED STATES AIMS AT BUILDING UP A MILITARY ALLIANCE OR A BLOC OF WESTERN-DOMINATED ASIATIC STATES.

"THAT WAS NOT THE INTENTION, VEILED OR OTHERWISE, OF AMERICAN INTEREST IN ASIA," JESSUP SAID.

AMERICAN AID, HE SAID, WILL BE GIVEN AT THE REQUEST OF GOVERNMENTS WHICH NEED AND ASK FOR IT, WHEREVER COMMUNISM'S MENACE HINDERS NATIONAL ASPIRATIONS. AID ALSO WILL BE GIVEN TO STIMULATE PRIVATE INVESTMENT, JESSUP ADDED. HE SAID THE UNITED STATES CONCEIVES OF THE AID AS BEING MAINLY THROUGH THE WORLD BANK AND THE EXPORT-IMPORT BANK.

BJ1021AES

SAIGON, VIETNAM, FEB 20-(AP)-THE COMMUNIST PARTY IN INDOCHINA NOW HAS 21,000 MEMBERS, AN INCREASE FROM 5,000 IN 1948, FRENCH SOURCES SAID TODAY.

THE SOURCES SAID THEY GOT THEIR INFORMATION FROM DOCUMENTS CAPTURED FROM THE NATIONALIST FOLLOWERS OF HO CHI-MINH, WHOSE GOVERNMENT IS RECOGNIZED BY RUSSIA AND HER SATELLITES.

THEY ESTIMATED THIS COMMUNIST BLOC MAKES UP 20 PERCENT OF HO'S FOLLOWING. THE REST, THEY SAID, ARE NON-COMMUNIST NATIONALISTS WHO MAY EVENTUALLY BE WEANED AWAY TO FOLLOWING THE FRENCH-SPONSORED GOVERNMENT OF BAO DAI, WHICH IS RECOGNIZED BY THE UNITED STATES, GREAT BRITAIN AND OTHER WESTERN POWERS.

G1130AES

RANGOON, BURMA, FEB. 20-(AP)-THREE BURMESE NEWSPAPERS TODAY EDITORIALLY CALLED FOR PROMPT AMERICAN AID TO SAVE BURMA FROM A COMMUNIST THREAT.

THE THREE RANGOON ENGLISH LANGUAGE NEWSPAPERS ASKED FOR EFFECTIVE, DEMONSTRABLE PROOF THAT AMERICAN FRIENDSHIP FOR BURMA DOES NOT EXIST SOLELY FOR WHAT THE UNITED STATES CAN GET FROM THIS COUNTRY.

THE "BURMAN" ASSERTED THAT THE MENACE FROM COMMUNIST CHINA HAS BECOME A CLOSE REALITY.

STATING THAT THERE EXISTS IN BURMA TWO ARMED COMMUNIST GROUPS, THE "BURMAN" SAID THESE GROUPS WOULD NOT HESITATE TO MAKE THE COUNTRY COMMUNIST.

ANOTHER PAPER, THE INDEPENDENT, "NATION," EXPRESSED FEAR OF A FORCED ENTRY OF COMMUNISM INTO BURMA. IT SAID THE GENERAL FEELING OF BURMESE IS THAT THE WESTERN DEMOCRACIES HAVE ABANDONED BURMA TO ANY POSSIBLE FATE.

THE "NATION" CRITICIZED AMERICAN POLITICIANS FOR "STUDIOUSLY CONTINUING TO IGNORE BURMA," THEREBY ALLOWING UNCHECKED COMMUNIST PROPAGANDA.

THE PAPER EXPRESSED THE HOPE THAT AMERICA SOON WOULD REORIENT ITS POLICY IN THE REALIZATION THAT IT WAS BETTER POSSIBLY TO LOSE A FEW MILLION DOLLARS IN HELPING BURMA THROUGH THIS PERIOD THAN DRIVE HER TO DESPERATION BY "REMAINING PIOUSLY ALOOF."

THE INFLUENTIAL WEEKLY "MONDAY NEW TIMES AND BURMESE REVIEW" SAID A TROUBLED BURMA REMAINS A DANGER TO SOUTHEAST ASIA'S STABILITY. NO ONE CAN BE COMPLACENT, THE PAPER SAID, UNTIL BURMA IS SET BACK ON HER FEET.

KS739PES

JERUSALEM, FEB. 20-(AP)-PRIME MINISTER DAVID BEN-GURION BROUGHT ISRAEL'S BREWING CABINET CRISIS OVER RELIGIOUS EDUCATION TO A HEAD TODAY BY WARNING THREE REBELLIOUS MINISTERS TO SHOW UP FOR FUTURE MEETINGS OR LOSE THEIR JOBS.

THE THREE MINISTERS, WHO REPRESENT THE DISSIDENT RELIGIOUS BLOC, HAVE BEEN BOYCOTTING CABINET SESSIONS FOR THE PAST THREE WEEKS. THEY ARE MOSHE SHAPIRO, IMMIGRATION AND HOME AFFAIRS; RABBI Y.L. FISHMAN, RELIGIOUS AFFAIRS, AND RABBI Y.L. LEVIN, SOCIAL WELFARE.

THE THREE HAVE ACCUSED THE GOVERNMENT OF SENDING "LEFTWING ATHEISTS" AS TEACHERS INTO JEWISH IMMIGRANT CAMPS AND HAVE DEMANDED THAT A NEW COMMITTEE BE ST UP TO SUPERVISE EDUCATIONAL C

COMMITTEE BE SET UP TO SUPERVISE EDUCATIONAL CONDITIONS IN THE CAMPS.

THE GOVERNMENT HAS DENIED THE CHARGES AND DECLARED THAT AN INQUIRY DISPROVED THE ACCUSATIONS THAT THE ORTHODOX HEBREW RELIGION IS BEING SLIGHTED IN SCHOOLS FOR IMMIGRANT CHILDREN.

IN A CIRCULAR LETTER TO ALL HIS MINISTERS, BEN-GURION WARNED THE THREE RECALCITRANTS TO SHOW AT TOMORROW'S CABINET SESSION OR HE WOULD CONSIDER THEY HAD RESIGNED.

THE PREMIER'S LETTER ADDED THAT HE IS STILL TRYING TO BROADEN THE PRESENT GOVERNMENT COALITION TO INCLUDE REPRESENTATIVES OF THE LEFTWING MAPAM PARTY AND THE RIGHTWING GENERAL ZIONISTS.

BEN-GURION'S SHOWDOWN ACTION MAY JEOPARDIZE HIS OWN POLITICAL FUTURE. THE THREE MINISTERS HE SEEKS TO DISCIPLINE REPRESENT 14 VOTES OUT OF A TOTAL OF 120 IN PARLIAMENT. WITHOUT THEIR VOTES THE THREE OTHER PARTIES IN THE GOVERNMENT COALITION WILL HAVE ONLY 55 VOTES. DESPITE THIS, THE PREMIER SAID HE WILL SEEK AN IMMEDIATE CONFIDENCE VOTE.

TO HOLD HIS MAJORITY HE WOULD HAVE TO BRING INTO HIS CABINET AT LEAST ONE OTHER OF THE OPPOSITION PARTIES REPRESENTED IN PARLIAMENT.

THE EDUCATION QUESTION HAS BEEN A TOUCHY POINT WITH BEN-GURION. RECENTLY, WHEN 11 RELIGIOUS ZIONIST GROUPS IN THE UNITED STATES CABLED HIM THAT THE QUESTION OF RELIGIOUS INSTRUCTION WAS THREATENING A "WORLD SCANDAL", HE RETORTED THAT HE WOULD NOT BE INTIMIDATED BY "THE PRESSURE OF THREATS."

ISRAEL HAS THREE TYPES OF SCHOOLS: LABOR, RELIGIOUS AND GENERAL. THE ORTHODOX PARTIES HAVE CLAIMED THE CHILDREN OF ORTHODOX PARENTS, SUCH AS THE JEWS ARRIVING FROM YEMEN, ARE NOT GETTING ENOUGH RELIGIOUS TRAINING.

MD356AFS

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jerusalem,feb.20-(ap)-the place of the lord's

last supper was reopened for the first time in many years today when a group of 70 holy year pilgrims visited mt. zion in the israeli-administered part of jerusalem.

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the group included north and south americans and a group of western european priests.

later in the evening they crossed into the arab-held old city to visit the holy sepulchre, christendom's most holy site.

gotrocks 2030/sj/11+5

ISRAEL'S EDUCATION SYSTEM IS DIVIDED INTO THREE TYPES OF SCHOOLS: LABOR, RELIGIOUS AND GENERAL. THE ORTHODOX PARTIES HAVE CLAIMED THAT THE CHILDREN OF ORTHODOX PARENTS, SUCH AS THE JEWS NOW ARRIVING FROM YEMEN, ARE NOT RECEIVING ADEQUATE RELIGIOUS TRAINING.

BEN-GURION, WHO HAS BEEN ILL AT HIS HOME FOR A WEEK WITH A CHILL, INTERRUPTED A VACATION TO CALL THE CABINET SESSION TO END THE MINISTERIAL BOYCOTT.

ALTHOUGH THE THREE RECALCITRANT MINISTERS HAVE NOT BEEN MEETING WITH THEIR COLLEAGUES, THEY HAVE CONTINUED TO DIRECT THE AFFAIRS OF THEIR MINISTRIES.

THE POSSIBLE EFFECT OF BEN-GURION'S STRONG ACTION ON THE COALITION IS EMPHASIZED BY THE VOTE DISTRIBUTION IN THE KNESSET (PARLIAMENT). THE THREE CABINET MEMBERS HE IS SEEKING TO DISCIPLINE REPRESENT 14 VOTES OUT OF A TOTAL OF 120. WITHOUT THEIR VOTES THE THREE OTHER PARTIES IN THE COALITION WILL HAVE ONLY 55 VOTES. DESPITE THIS FACT, BEN-GURION ANNOUNCED HE WILL SEEK AN IMMEDIATE VOTE OF CONFIDENCE.

IN ORDER TO MAKE THIS HURDLE SUCCESSFULLY, HE WOULD HAVE TO BRING IN AT LEAST ONE OTHER OF THE PARTIES REPRESENTED IN PARLIAMENT, THEREBY RESTORING HIS MAJORITY.

WB1252AFS

FEB 21 1950

A101

OTTAWA, FEB. 20-(AP)-THE PROGRESSIVE CONSERVATIVE OPPOSITION TODAY ACCUSED THE LIBERAL GOVERNMENT OF FAILING TO CURB ESPIONAGE IN CANADA AND CALLED FOR A NO-CONFIDENCE VOTE.

THE MOTION WAS MADE BY PROGRESSIVE CONSERVATIVE LEADER GEORGE DREW. IF ADOPTED BY PARLIAMENT PRIME MINISTER LOUIS ST. LAURENT'S GOVERNME

DREW. IF ADOPTED BY PARLIAMENT, PRIME MINISTER LOUIS ST. LAURENT'S GOVERNMENT WOULD HAVE TO RESIGN.

LEVELING HIS GUNS AT THE GOVERNMENT, DREW ACCUSED IT OF FAILURE TO TAKE ADEQUATE MEASURES TO CURB ESPIONAGE AND OTHER "HARMFUL ACTIVITIES OF COMMUNISTS IN CANADA."

THERE WAS NO INDICATION WHEN THE NO-CONFIDENCE VOTE WILL BE TAKEN.

DX1101PES

MIGHT LEAD ATLANTIC UNION

WASHINGTON, FEB 20-(AP)-A QUAKER LEADER TODAY BRANDED PRESIDENT TRUMAN'S ORDER TO MAKE THE HYDROGEN BOMB "UNWISE AND IMMORAL," CONTENDING THAT FIRST THERE SHOULD BE STRENUOUS NEW EFFORTS TO MAKE PEACE.

SAMUEL B.LEVERING OF THE FRIENDS (QUAKERS) COMMITTEE ON NATIONAL LEGISLATION TOLD A SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE THAT AMERICANS WANT A GREAT MORAL CRUSADE FOR PEACE THROUGH WORLD CONTROL AND REDUCTION OF ALL ARMAMENTS, "AND THROUGH GENEROUS USE OF OUR ECONOMIC RESOURCES TO IMPROVE WORLD LIVING STANDARDS."

LEVERING SAID THERE IS A CHANCE THAT RUSSIA MIGHT ACCEPT A DISARMAMENT PLAN AND MIGHT JOIN THE U.S. IN A WORLD WELFARE PROGRAM.

MR.TRUMAN'S DECISION TO PRESS FOR DEVELOPMENT OF THE NEW WEAPON SHOULD HAVE BEEN WITHHELD UNTIL THERE HAD BEEN "AN EXHAUSTIVE EFFORT TO BUILD ATOMIC PEACE," LEVERING ASSERTED.

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THE ADMINISTRATION VIEW IS THAT RUSSIA HAS SHOWN SHE WILL RESPOND ONLY TO STRENGTH AND THAT OUR TASK NOW IS TO CORRECT WEAKNESSES IN THE NONCOMMUNIST WORLD.

WITNESSES ALTERNATELY HAMMERED AND UPHELD PROPOSALS FOR ATLANTIC UNION OR WORLD FEDERATION. THE SUBCOMMITTEE IS WEIGHING SEVERAL RESOLUTIONS AIMING AT PEACE THROUGH INTERNATIONAL MEASURES. ONE WOULD AUTHORIZE THE PRESIDENT TO BRING TOGETHER THE ATLANTIC DEMOCRACIES TO CONSIDER A UNION. ANOTHER SUGGESTS A WORLD FEDERATION AS THE MAIN OBJECTIVE OF AMERICAN FOREIGN POLICY.

LEVERING, WHO SAID HIS COMMITTEE REPRESENTS ALMOST ALL QUAKER GROUPS IN THE COUNTRY, BACKED THE WORLD FEDERATION IDEA, SAYING THE COMMITTEE VIEWED AN ATLANTIC UNION AS A PARTIAL STEP WHICH MIGHT LEAD ONLY TO DIVIDING THE WORLD INTO ARMED CAMPS.

MRS.WILLIAM D.LEITCH, REPRESENTING THE NATIONAL SOCIETY OF NEW ENGLAND WOMEN, OPPOSED EITHER ATLANTIC UNION OR A WORLD GOVERNMENT. SHE PROPOSED A PSYCHOLOGICAL CAMPAIGN TO SUPPLY A RUSSIAN UNDERGROUND MOVEMENT WITH MONEY, PRINTING PRESSES AND RADIOS.

"WE OF THE PATRIOTIC SOCIETIES KNOW THAT THE UNITED STATES CAN BEST SERVE THE WORLD BY REMAINING A SOLVENT, FREE, STRONG AND INDEPENDENT NATION UNDER THE INSPIRED CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES," SHE SAID.

MARVIN L.GOLDBERGER, NATIONAL LEGISLATIVE DIRECTOR OF AMVETS, WORLD WAR II VETERANS ORGANIZATION, URGED THAT THE UNITED NATIONS BE STRENGTHENED AND BROADENED INTO A WORLD FEDERATION.

GOLDBERGER SUPPORTED A RESOLUTION BACKED BY SENATOR TOBEY (R-NH) AND A GROUP OF SENATORS WHO WOULD MAKE THIS OBJECTIVE THE BASIC AIM OF U.S. FOREIGN POLICY.

"THERE CAN BE ONLY ONE OTHER ALTERNATIVE TO THE ULTIMATE OBJECTIVE OF A WORLD FEDERATION," GOLDBERGER SAID, "AND THAT IS OF A WORLD OF NATIONALISTIC NATIONS ALL ARMED TO THE TEETH, FEARFUL OF ONE ANOTHER'S MILITARY ADVANTAGES AND A RESULTING CONTINUAL ARMS RACE WHICH CAN ONLY EVENTUALLY RESULT IN ONE WAR FOLLOWING ANOTHER."

A198WX

EDWARD JEROME, REPRESENTING THE NATIONAL ECONOMIC COUNCIL, INC., A CITIZENS' GROUP, OPPOSED ANY MOVES TOWARD WORLD GOVERNMENT. HE ARGUED THAT THE PEOPLE OF THE UNITED STATES WOULD REJECT ANY SUCH PROPOSAL AND EVEN IF A MAJORITY APPROVED "THE DEFEATED MINORITY WOULD HAVE AN INALIENABLE RIGHT TO REFUSE TO BE GOVERNED BY A WORLD STATE."

A FORMER ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE, GARRISON NORTON, BACKING THE ATLANTIC FEDERAL UNION IDEA, SAID HE HOPED ANY SUCH MOVE WOULD NOT BE CONTROLLED BY THE STATE DEPARTMENT. HE CONTENDED THAT SUCH ACTION OUTSIDE THE FRAMEWORK OF PRESENT POLICY WOULD MEET DEPARTMENT OPPOSITION.

STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS ALREADY HAVE TOLD THE SUBCOMMITTEE THAT THEY DO NOT WANT ACTION NOW ON ATLANTIC UNION OR WORLD FEDERATION PROPOSALS, CONTENDING IT MIGHT RESULT IN WEAKNESS INSTEAD OF STRENGTH, AND MIGHT INJURE THE UNITED NATIONS ORGANIZATION.

GG341PES

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(200) WASHINGTON, FEB. 20-(AP)-SENATOR LODGE (R-MASS) TODAY OPPOSED ANY IMMEDIATE MOVE BY THE UNITED STATES FOR A WORLD DISARMAMENT CONFERENCE, SAYING IT WOULD BE TAKEN AS "A SIGN OF WEAKNESS."

SENATOR TYDINGS (D-MD), CHAIRMAN OF THE SENATE ARMED SERVICES COMMITTEE, HAS REPEATEDLY URGED ACTION LOOKING TOWARD DISARMAMENT TO STOP THE ARMS RACE BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND RUSSIA.

LODGE, A RESERVE OFFICER, TOLD THE SENATE:

"THE FIRST STEP IS FOR US TO GET STRONG ENOUGH SO THAT THE SOVIETS WILL ASK US FOR A DISARMAMENT CONFERENCE.

"THEN AND THEN ONLY WILL THERE BE A REAL PROSPECT OF ACCOMPLISHING RESULTS."

THERE IS NO DOUBT, LODGE SAID, THAT THE UNITED STATES CAN PRODUCE MORE HYDROGEN BOMBS THAN ANY OTHER COUNTRY IN THE WORLD.

HE SCOUTED ANY IDEA THAT THE UNITED STATES MIGHT BE KNOCKED OUT QUICKLY IN A BLITZ ATTACK WITH H-BOMBS.

IT IS NOT AT ALL LIKELY, HE SAID, THAT AN AGGRESSOR COULD WIN A DECISIVE VICTORY BY A SURPRISE ATTACK "THROUGH THE EXPLOSION OF ONE OR A DOZEN OF THESE BOMBS ON THE OPENING DAY OF THE WAR."

VX746PES

A74WX (2)

(250) FIRST LEAD MC CARTHY

WASHINGTON, FEB. 20-(AP)-SENATOR MC CARTHY (R-WIS) TOLD THE SENATE TONIGHT THAT A WHITE HOUSE SPEECH WRITER, WHOM HE DID NOT NAME, IS A MEMBER OF COMMUNIST-FRONT ORGANIZATIONS.

MC CARTHY MADE HIS CHARGE AT AN ANGRY SESSION DURING WHICH THE SENATE SERGEANT-AT-ARMS WAS INSTRUCTED TO GO OUT AND ARREST ABSENT SENATORS TO PROVIDE A QUORUM.

SENATOR LUCAS OF ILLINOIS, DEMOCRATIC LEADER, REPEATEDLY TANGLED WITH MC CARTHY, WHO ALSO SAID HE HAS CASE HISTORIES OF 81 SUBVERSIVES--INCLUDING WHAT HE CALLED A "BIG THREE"--WHO ARE WORKING IN AND WITH THE STATE DEPARTMENT.

LUCAS CHALLENGED MC CARTHY TO NAME NAMES. MC CARTHY REFUSED, SAYING LUCAS OR ANY OTHER INTERESTED AUTHORITIES COULD GET THE NAMES AT MC CARTHY'S OFFICE.

MC CARTHY COMPLAINED THAT FEW SENATORS WERE PRESENT AND ACCUSED LUCAS OF TIPPING OFF DEMOCRATS TO LEAVE. LUCAS HOTLY REPLIED THAT SENATORS OFTEN LEAVE WHEN THERE ARE NO VOTES COMING UP.

2-cmd.

30.24- 9089

WHEN A QUORUM CALL FAILED TO TURN UP A QUORUM, LUCAS MOVED TO ADJOURN. THIS FAILED TO CARRY, AND LUCAS SNAPPED OUT A MOTION THAT THE SERGEANT-AT-ARMS BE TOLD TO ARREST ABSENTEES.

THIS MOTION WAS PASSED, GIVING THE SERGEANT-AT-ARMS THE TASK OF ROUNDING UP SENATORS AT HOME, AT THE THEATRE, PARTIES AND DINNERS.

CONCERNING THE WHITE HOUSE SPEECH WRITER, MCCARTHY SAID:

"BOTH HE AND HIS WIFE X X X ARE MEMBERS OF COMMUNIST-FRONT ORGANIZATIONS."

HE ADDED THAT THE MAN "HAS A RELATIVE WHO HAS A FINANCIAL INTEREST IN THE DAILY WORKER," OFFICIAL PUBLICATION OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY IN THIS COUNTRY. BUT THE SENATOR SAID THAT "CANNOT BE HELD AGAINST HIM."

MC CARTHY SAID HE WAS "DOING MR.TRUMAN A FAVOR" IN TELLING HIM ABOUT THE SPEECH WRITER.

"I DO NOT THINK HE KNOWS IT," MC CARTHY SAID. "I DO NOT THINK HE WOULD HAVE THIS INDIVIDUAL WRITING SPEECHES FOR HIM IF HE KNEW IT."

AT ONE POINT, SENATOR MCMAHON (D-CONN) INTERRUPTED TO ASK MCCARTHY IF HE HAD IN THE FILES HE BROUGHT TO THE SENATE ANYTHING BUT DEROGATORY INFORMATION ABOUT THE PERSONS HE WAS DESCRIBING.

MCCARTHY SAID HE HADN'T. MCMAHON SUGGESTED THAT MAYBE ALL MCCARTHY HAD WAS GOSSIP AND RUMOR ABOUT THE PEOPLE CONCERNED.

MCCARTHY SAID MAYBE SOME OF THEM WEREN'T COMMUNISTS.

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"BUT YOU CAN BE DEAD SURE THAT SOME OF THEM ARE," HE ADDED.

MC MAHON SAID "WE'VE GOT TO BE CAREFUL WE DON'T IMITATE THE VERY THING WE ARE AGAINST." HE ADDED THAT "STAR CHAMBER" PROCEEDINGS ARE NOT THE AMERICAN WAY.

SENATOR BREWSTER (R-ME) JUMPED UP TO SAY THAT "AFTER THE REVELATIONS" IN THE HISS AND KLAUS FUCHS CASES, CONGRESS HAS A RIGHT TO KNOW WHAT IS GOING ON IN THE EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENTS. BREWSTER ADDED THAT MC CARTHY WAS PRESENTING "CREDIBLE EVIDENCE THAT THE PRESIDENT IS NOT EXERCISING DUE CARE."

MC CARTHY SAID HE BELIEVES MR.TRUMAN "WILL NOT CLEAN HOUSE UNTIL IT BECOMES POLITICALLY INEXPEDIENT" FOR HIM TO FAIL TO DO SO.

SENATOR WITHERS (D-KY) SAID THAT BY NOT NAMING NAMES MC CARTHY WAS REFLECTING ON THE REPUTATION OF EVERY STATE DEPARTMENT EMPLOYE.

MC CARTHY REPLIED THAT WAS ENTIRELY POSSIBLE, BUT THAT THIS COUNTRY "IS IN A SITUATION SO CLOSE TO WAR" THAT HE FEELS JUSTIFIED IN THE COURSE HE IS TAKING. HE SAID HE HAD DECIDED IT IS "THE BEST WAY OF FORCING THE PRESIDENT" TO COOPERATE WITH HIM.

MCCARTHY REVIEWED ETC. 3RD GRAF PREVIOUS (A64WX)

MD1116PES

3-

EDITORS

WASHINGTON--FIRST LEAD MCCARTHY (A74WX), INSERT AFTER SECOND GRAF ENDING X X X QUORUM.

FORTY-NINE SENATORS WERE ROUNDED UP AND THE SENATE STAYED IN SESSION, LISTENING TO MCCARTHY, UNTIL 11:43 P.M. E.S.T. THEN IT RECESSED UNTIL 11 O'CLOCK TUESDAY MORNING.

SENATOR LUCAS ETC. THIRD GRAF PREVIOUS.

THE AP

MD1154PES

(400) MCCARTHY

WASHINGTON, FEB.20-(AP)-STILL DECLINING TO NAME NAMES, SENATOR MCCARTHY (R-WISC) DECLARED TONIGHT HE HAS CASE HISTORIES OF 81 SUBVERSIVES -- INCLUDING WHAT HE CALLED A "BIG THREE" -- WHO ARE WORKING IN AND WITH THE STATE DEPARTMENT.

ONE OF THEM, HE SAID, HELPS TO WRITE SPEECHES AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

MCCARTHY REVIEWED WHAT HE CALLED THE CASE HISTORIES OF A NUMBER OF THE 81 PERSONS. HIS "CASE NO. 9" WAS THAT OF A MAN HE SAID "FAILED TO GET CLEARANCE IN THE STATE DEPARTMENT" BUT DID GET A JOB IN THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

"AND WHERE DO YOU THINK HE IS NOW?" MCCARTHY ASKED. "HE IS A SPEECH WRITER IN THE WHITE HOUSE."

MCCARTHY HAS PREVIOUSLY MADE ACCUSATIONS THAT THERE ARE SUBVERSIVES IN THE STATE DEPARTMENT, WHICH CHALLENGED HIM TO SUBMIT THE NAMES OF SUCH PERSONS TO THE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION.

AT HIS NEWS CONFERENCE LAST WEEK, PRESIDENT TRUMAN BACKED UP A STATE DEPARTMENT DENIAL OF MCCARTHY'S CHARGES. THE SENATOR REFERRED TO MR.TRUMAN'S STATEMENT TONIGHT, SAYING THE PRESIDENT REPLIED TO HIM BY "CALLING ME A LIAR."

IN A SPEECH ON THE SENATE FLOOR, MCCARTHY SAID THE CASE HISTORIES OF THE 81 PERSONS HE REFERRED TO ARE AVAILABLE TO ANY SENATOR WHO WISHES TO SEE THEM, OR TO ANY COMMITTEE WHICH WISHES TO INVESTIGATE.

HE SAID HE CANNOT UNDERSTAND WHY SECRETARY OF STATE ACHESON PERMITS THE 81 PERSONS TO CONTINUE THEIR CONNECTION WITH THE GOVERNMENT. HE SAID MANY OF THEM HAVE ACCESS TO SECRET INFORMATION.

"I DON'T BELIEVE THE PRESIDENT KNOWS ABOUT IT," HE SAID, ADDING THAT "TWISTED INTELLECTUALS" ARE KEEPING THE FACTS FROM MR.TRUMAN.

MCCARTHY HAS USED AT LEAST THREE FIGURES IN CONNECTION WITH HIS CHARGES. SEVERAL WEEKS AGO HE SAID IN A SPEECH IN WHEELING, W.VA., THERE WERE 205 SUBVERSIVES IN THE DEPARTMENT. LATER HE SAID THERE WERE 57 CARD-CARRYING COMMUNISTS. TODAY HE USED THE FIGURE OF 81.

MCCARTHY SAID THAT IF THEY ARE TO BE ROOTED OUT OF THE GOVERNMENT, THE ADMINISTRATION WILL HAVE TO COOPERATE. NOTING THE DENIALS OF HIS CHARGES BY THE DEPARTMENT, THE PRESIDENT AND SENATOR LUCAS (D-ILL), HE SAID THEY INDICATED A PRECONCEIVED REFUSAL TO HELP IN HIS EFFORTS.

LUCAS, WHO IS DEMOCRATIC FLOOR LEADER, JUMPED TO HIS FEET TO DEMAND THAT MCCARTHY NAME THE EMPLOYES. HE PROMISED THAT "IF THERE ARE CARD-CARRYING COMMUNISTS" IN THE DEPARTMENT, HE WOULD JOIN IN AN EFFORT TO OUST THEM.

MCCARTHY SAID HE WOULD GIVE LUCAS THE NAMES ANYTIME THE ILLINOIS SENATOR WOULD COME TO HIS OFFICE.

WH827PES

(510) NIGHT LEAD CHRISTOFFEL

BY RICHARD P.POWERS

WASHINGTON,FEB 20-(AP)-THE JURY IN THE HAROLD CHRISTOFFEL'S SECOND PERJURY TRIAL WILL HAVE THE CASE BY THURSDAY, FEDERAL DISTRICT JUDGE F.DICKINSON LETTS SAID TODAY.

HE AGREED TO THE SUGGESTION BY DEFENSE ATTORNEY O.JOHN ROGGE THAT HE INSTRUCT THE JURY THURSDAY RATHER THAN AFTER CLOSING ARGUMENTS ARE COMPLETED TUESDAY. WEDNESDAY IS GEORGE WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY AND A LEGAL HOLIDAY.

CHRISTOFFEL FAILED TO TAKE THE STAND AS THE DEFENSE ENSES ITS CASE LATE TODAY.

THE MILWAUKEE DEFENDANT LIKEWISE DID NOT TAKE THE STAND IN THE FIRST TRIAL IN 1948 WHEN HE WAS CONVICTED ON THE SAME CHARGES THAT HE LIED WHEN HE TOLD THE HOUSE LABOR COMMITTEE MARCH 1, 1947 HE HAD NEVER BEEN A COMMUNIST.

THE SUPREME COURT THREW OUT THAT CONVICTION ON A RULING IT HAD NOT BEEN PROVED A COMMITTEE QUORUM WAS PRESENT.

ROGGE DID NOT OFFICIALLY "REST" HIS CASE TODAY. HE MERELY SAID HE HAD NO MORE WITNESSES.

WHEN GOVERNMENT PROSECUTOR JOHN S.PRATT COMMENTED THAT THE DEFENSE HAD RESTED, ROGGE SHOUTED:

"I DID NOT REST. I CAN ONLY SAY I HAVE GONE AS FAR AS I CAN GO."

ROGGE SAID THIS WAS DUE TO HIS INABILITY TO GET THE ORIGINAL MINUTES BOOK OF THE LABOR COMMITTEE FOR THE 80TH CONGRESS.

JUDGE LETTS OVERRULED HIS RENEWED MOTION THAT THE ORIGINAL BOOK BE PRODUCED AS EVIDENCE. LETTS PREVIOUSLY ACCEPTED A PHOTOGRAPHIC COPY OF THE MINUTES BOOK WHICH THE HOUSE SENT TO THE COURT, MINUS ANY MINUTES OF CLOSED SESSIONS.

ROGGE HAS CONTENDED THROUGHOUT THAT A QUORUM OF THE 25-MEMBER COMMITTEE WAS NOT PRESENT TO HEAR CHRISTOFFEL. THE COMMITTEE WAS INVESTIGATING SUBVERSIVE INFILTRATIONS INTO LABOR UNIONS.

FOURTEEN MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE TESTIFIED THEY WERE PRESENT.

LETTS ALLOWED THE DEFENSE AND THE GOVERNMENT EACH TWO AND ONE-HALF HOURS FOR SUMMATION AND CLOSING ARGUMENTS, BEGINNING TUESDAY MORNING. HE WILL THEN EXCUSE THE JURY UNTIL THURSDAY WHEN HE WILL GIVE THE MEMBERS HIS INSTRUCTIONS.

EARLIER, MRS.ROY (NELLIE) ISRAELL OF WASHINGTON TESTIFIED SHE HAD BEEN PRESENT AS A SPECTATOR WHEN CHRISTOFFEL TESTIFIED AND AT NO TIME WERE THERE MORE THAN SIX COMMITTEE MEMBERS PRESENT.

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B18WX

SHE HAD BEEN BROUGHT BACK FROM CALIFORNIA UNDER SUBPOENA AS A DEFENSE WITNESS. SHE LEFT HERE HURRIEDLY FEB. 9 BEFORE THE SUBPOENA COULD BE SERVED HERE.

MRS.ISRAELL SAID ONLY SIX MEMBERS WERE PRESENT WHEN THE CHRISTOFFEL WAS SWORN AND THAT ONLY FIVE WERE STILL THERE WHEN HE DENIED HAVING ANY COMMUNIST AFFILIATIONS.

SHE ALSO SAID THERE WERE ONLY BETWEEN 20 AND 25 SPECTATORS PRESENT AND POSSIBLY 10 NEWSPAPERMEN.

AFTER MRS.ISRAELL TESTIFIED, ROGGE TOLD JUDGE LETTS, IN THE ABSENCE OF THE JURY:

"I THINK THE PERJURY IS ON THE OTHER FOOT. I SUGGEST THAT THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY AND THE GRAND JURY BE CALLED TO INVESTIGATE A MATTER OF WHOLESALE PERJURY ON THE PART OF MEMBERS OF CONGRESS."

LETTS SAID ANY SUCH SUGGESTIONS SHOULD AWAIT A JURY DECISION IN THE PRESENT TRIAL.

IN AN ATTEMPT TO REBUT MRS.ISRAELL'S STATEMENT THAT ONLY 20 TO 25 SPECTATORS WERE PRESENT, PRATT CALLED REPS.HOFFMAN (R-MICH), KENNEDY (D-MASS) AND GWINN (R-NY) BACK TO THE STAND.

HOFFMAN SAID THERE WERE AT LEAST 75 TO 100 SPECTATORS PRESENT WHEN CHRISTOFFEL WAS SWORN "AND NEVER LESS THAN 50 TO 75" AT ANY TIME.

KENNEDY SAID HE DID NOT REMEMBER HOW BIG A CROWD WAS THERE. GWINN ESTIMATED BETWEEN 40 AND 75 PERSONS WERE PRESENT.

RZ5A7PES

WASHINGTON, FEB.20-(AP)-THE UNITED STATES HAS MADE NEW REPRESENTATION TO THE CZECH GOVERNMENT FOR THE RELEASE OF TWO AMERICAN MISSIONARIES ARRESTED JAN.28 FOR ALLEGEDLY ENTERING A PROHIBITED ZONE.

GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS SAID THE AMERICAN EMBASSY IN PRAGUE IN THE PAST FEW DAYS HAS RENEWED ITS DEMAND TO THE CZECH FOREIGN OFFICE THAT EMBASSY OFFICIALS BE PERMITTED TO TALK TO THE PAIR.

THE MEN SEIZED ARE STANLEY E.ABBOTT, 23, OF LEHI, UTAH, AND C. ALDON JOHNSON, 22, OF IDAHO FALLS, IDAHO.

THEY WERE TAKEN INTO CUSTODY BY CZECH SECURITY POLICE NEAR THE POLISH-CZECH BORDER ON CHARGES THAT THEY TRIED TO PENETRATE A GUARDED, RESTRICTED AREA.

THE CZECH GOVERNMENT SAID IN A NOTE TO THE STATE DEPARTMENT FEB.14 THAT THEY HAD PLAMS OF THE ZONE IN THEIR POCKET. THE CZECH AUTHORITIES GAVE NOTICE THAT THEY WOULD BE HELD UNTIL AN INVESTIGATION OF THEIR PRESENCE IN THE AREA WAS COMPLETED.

GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS SAID THEY DID NOT KNOW THE WHEREABOUTS OF JOHNSON AND ABBOTT AT THE PRESENT TIME BUT THAT THEY WOULD CONTINUE EFFORTS TO LOCATE THEM AND GET THEM FREED.

THEIR ARREST IS BELIEVED TO BE PART OF A CZECH CAMPAIGN TO FORCE ALL AMERICANS WHO HAVE BEEN IN CZECHOSLOVAKIA FOR SOME TIME TO LEAVE THE COUNTRY.

NUMEROUS RESTRICTIONS HAVE BEEN PLACED ON THE ACTIVITIES OF AN ESTIMATED 19 AMERICAN MORMON MISSIONARIES IN CZECHOSLOVAKIA. GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS SAID THAT THEY UNDERSTAND THE MORMONS PLAN TO CLOSE THEIR HEADQUARTERS IN CZECHOSLOVAKIA AND THAT ARRANGEMENTS FOR THIS ARE UNDER WAY.

V638PES

WASHINGTON, FEB.20-(AP)-SENATOR LYNDON B.JOHNSON (D-TEX) SAID TODAY HE IS HOPEFUL A CONFERENCE SOON WILL BE HELD BETWEEN AMERICAN AND RUSSIAN LEADERS WITH A VIEW TO ENDING THE COLD WAR.

ASKED BY NEWSMEN IF HE THINKS AN AMERICAN MISSION SHOULD GO TO MOSCOW, HE SAID:

"I HOPE THE PRESIDENT AND SECRETARY OF STATE AND THEIR ADVISORS MAY FIND IT WISE IN THE NEAR FUTURE, IF IT APPEARS TO BE PROPITIOUS, TO ATTEMPT TO EXCHANGE VIEWS ON THE POSSIBILITY OF SOME INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENT.

"I DON'T KNOW IF THAT TIME IS NEXT WEEK OR NEXT MONTH."

HE MADE IT CLEAR HE IS "NEITHER URGING OR SUGGESTING" SUCH A MISSION.

ASKED IF HE HAS IN MIND ANY PARTICULAR INDIVIDUALS, SUCH AS CHIEF JUSTICE FRED VINSON OR GENERAL DWIGHT D.EISENHOWER, WHO MIGHT REPRESENT THE UNITED STATES IN SUCH A CONFERENCE, HE REPLIED:

"THERE ARE DOZENS OF GREAT MEN IN THE COUNTRY WHO HAVE THE CONFIDENCE OF THE AMERICAN PEOPLE."

AB/W1221PES

WASHINGTON,FEB 20-(AP)-CHAIRMAN CONNALLY (D-TEX) OF THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE SAID TODAY THE ECONOMIC COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION WILL ASK CONGRESS TO VOTE $2,950,000,000 (B) FOR EUROPEAN RECOVERY NEXT YEAR.

PRESIDENT TRUMAN'S BUDGET HAD SET THE FIGURE AT $3,104,000,000.

RZ605PES

LOUISVILLE,KY., FEB.20-(AP)-JOHN SHERMAN COOPER, U.S. DELEGATE TO THE UNITED NATIONS, SAID TODAY IT PROBABLY WOULD BE SOME TIME BEFORE THE ORGANIZATION RECOGNIZED THE COMMUNIST CHINESE GOVERNMENT.

"MOST OF THE NATIONS ARE WAITING FOR THIS COUNTY TO TAKE THE LEAD ON THE ISSUE, BUT THE UNITED STATES IS UNWILLING TO DO SO AT PRESENT," THE FORMER SENATOR FROM SOMERSET SAID IN AN INTERVIEW HERE.

COOPER ALSO VOICED HIS DOUBTS ABOUT ANY IMMEDIATE AGREEMENT ON ATOMIC ENERGY INSPECTIONS BY THE UNITED NATIONS. HE EXPLAINED THAT ALL MEMBERS OF THE UN ARE WILLING TO GO ALONG WITH THE PROPOSAL EXCEPT THOSE RUSSIAN-DOMINATED AND RUSSIAN-CONTROLLED COUNTRIES.

"IN VIEW OF THAT, IT LOOKS PRETTY BAD FOR THE INSPECTION PLAN," HE ADDED, "BUT WE ARE GOING TO KEEP ON TRYING."

ON THE QUESTION OF ABOLISHING THE VETO, THE FORMER SENATOR STATED SUCH A STEP APPEARED HOPELESS BECAUSE IT WOULD HAVE TO BE RATIFIED BY THE RUSSIANS.

"THEY WON'T DO AWAY WITH THEIR BEST WEAPON," HE DECLARED.

MT851PCS

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SPRINGFIELD, ILL., FEB. 20-(AP)-FOUR JAPANESE LABOR EXPER[illegible]OR TOUR OF THE UNITED STATES MET TODAY WITH GOVERNOR ADLAI STEV[illegible]ENT DISCUSSIONS ON THE ILLINOIS SCHOOL SYSTEM AND VARIOUS STATE [illegible]ENT FUNCTIONS.

THE GROUP WAS SENT TO THIS COUNTRY BY GENERAL DOUGLAS MACARTHUR'S STAFF TO STUDY AMERICAN LABOR, EDUCATIONAL AND GOVERNMENT AFFAIRS. IT ALREADY HAS VISITED WASHINGTON, D.C., AND SEVERAL OTHER LARGE CITIES.

IN THE DELEGATION WERE KANAME HOSHIKA, CHIEF SECRETARY OF THE JAPAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAY LABOR UNION; SUSUMU FUJITA, A LEADER OF THE ALL JAPAN ELECTRIC WORKERS UNION; SHINGO KAITE, CHIEF OF THE TRADE UNION SECTION OF THE JAPANESE LABOR MINISTRY, AND MRS. FUJI NAKAWAKI, INTERPRETER AND TECHNICAL CONSULTANT IN THE LABOR DIVISION OF THE ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION.

SZ843PCS

SOUTH SALEM, N.Y., FEB.20-(AP)-HENRY A. WALLACE SAYS THE UNITED STATES AND RUSSIA SHOULD HOLD PUBLIC DIPLOMATIC NEGOTIATIONS UNTIL THEY REACH A MUTUAL AGREEMENT NOT TO USE ATOMIC ENERGY AS A DESTRUCTIVE WEAPON.

THE PROGRESSIVE PARTY LEADER AND FORMER VICE PRESIDENT ALSO URGED YESTERDAY THAT THE ATLANTIC PACT NATIONS ISSUE A DECLARATION THAT THEY WILL NOT BE THE FIRST TO USE ATOMIC WEAPONS.

IN A STATEMENT ISSUED FROM HIS HOME HERE, WALLACE CALLED ON RELIGIOUS AND EDUCATIONAL LEADERS AND PARENTS TO JOIN WITH HIM IN A "NEW, BROADER PROGRESSIVE PARTY" IN AN IMMEDIATE PROGRAM FOR PEACE.

HE SAID HIS PARTY IS THE ONLY ONE THAT "STANDS FOR A DYNAMIC APPROACH TO PEACE IN A HYDROGEN BOMB WORLD."

WALLACE SAID A METHOD OF INSPECTION, TO BE CARRIED OUT BY THE UNITED NATIONS, SHOULD BE CONTAINED IN AN AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE U.S. AND RUSSIA ON ATOMIC WEAPONS.

HE ASSAILED THE DEMOCRATIC ADMINISTRATION FOR DECIDING TO DEVELOP THE HYDROGEN BOMB, AND REPUBLICAN LEADERS FOR CONCURRING IN THAT DECISION.

MK828AES

SYRACUSE,N.Y., FEB 20-(AP)-JAMES R.YOUNG, FORMER WAR CORRESPONENT, SAID TONIGHT THAT MUSTARD GAS BEING MANUFACTURED AT HIROSHIMA, AND NOT THE ATOM BOMB, CAUSED BURNS AND NAUSEA AMONG THE JAPANESE WHEN THE A-BOMB WAS DROPPED.

HE CONTENDED THAT HIROSHIMA WAS NOT A "PEACEFUL CITY," BUT WAS A "NUMBER ONE MILITARY TARGET."

YOUNG, NOW WITH THE DAILY MAIL AT ANDERSON,N.C., SPOKE AT A DINNER INAUGURATING AN ONONDAGA COUNTY FUND DRIVE FOR THE AMERICAN RED CROSS. HE SAID:

"IT WAS NOT THE DROPPING OF THE ATOM BOMB IN AUGUST, 1945, THAT CAUSED THE NAUSEA AND BURNS TO THE JAP POPULATION. IT WAS THE EXPLOSION OF AN UNDETERMINED AMOUNT OF MUSTARD GAS WHICH WAS BEING MADE TO MAIM AMERICAN BOYS."

YOUNG SAID HE SAW "MORE THAN 14,000 TONS OF THE GAS" THAT HAD BEEN FOUND "INTACT AFTER THE BOMB WAS DROPPED." IT "WAS DUMPED INTO THE OCEAN," HE ADDED.

YOUNG ALSO MAINTAINED THAT THE JAPANESE HAD USED BOTH MUSTARD GAS AND BACTERIA IN ITS WAR IN CHINA. HE SAID HE HAD BEEN AT CHUNGKING AND HAD SEEN VICTIMS SUFFERING FROM THE EFFECTS.

WK127AES

NEWARK,N.J.,FEB 20-(AP)-"TIME IS ON OUR SIDE" IN THE COLD WAR, COL. ROBERT R.MC CORMICK, PUBLISHER OF THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE, SAID TODAY AS HE STARTED ON A SIX-DAY PLANE TRIP TO EUROPE, NORTH AFRICA, AND SOUTHERN ASIA.

THE COLONEL, AT NEWARK AIRPORT, SAID, "THE IRON CURTAIN COUNTRIES ARE NOT A STRENGTH, BUT A WEAKNESS FOR RUSSIA."

THERE NEVER HAS BEEN A SUCCESSFUL EUROPEAN EMPIRE SINCE CHARLEMAGNE, HE SAID, AND "I DON'T THINK STALIN CAN MAKE HIS EMPIRE STICK EITHER."

MCCORMICK SAID HIS THREE-CONTINENT FLYING TOUR WAS TO CHECK ON THE TRIBUNE'S FOREIGN PRESS SERVICE AND "SEE A LOT OF PEOPLE I'VE NEVER SEEN BEFORE."

AMONG THOSE HE WILL VISIT, HE LISTED: "SPAIN'S GEN.FRANCISCO FRANCO KING FAROUK OF EGYPT, AND POLITICAL LEADERS IN TURKEY, THAILAND, INDIA, PAKISTAN, AND BURMA.

MC CORMICK AND HIS PARTY BOARDED THE TRIBUNE'S CONVERTED B-17 AT NEWARK AIRPORT, WHERE IT HEADED INTO A GUSTY 43-MILE-AN-HOUR WIND FOR A RE-FUELING STOP IN BERMUDA.

FROM BERMUDA, THE PLANE WILL HOPT TO THE AZORES, AND THENCE TO MADRID--THE FIRST MAJOR STOPOVER.

THE COLONEL ALSO PLANS TO VISIT GREECE, TURKEY, EGYPT, SAUDI ARABIA, CEYLON, THAILAND, BURMA, INDIA, PAKISTAN, IRAN, ITALY, FRANCE, DENMARK AND ICELAND.

AN AMERICAN AIRLINES CREW HEADED BY CAPT.HOWARD WEST, PILOT, AND CAPT.THOMAS J.REAMES, CO-PILOT, BOTH OF CHICAGO, WILL FLY THE TRIBUNE'S COMFORTABLY-APPOINTED BOMBER.

COL.MC CORMICK'S PARTY INCLUDES MRS.MC CORMICK, HER DAUGHTER, MISS ANNE HOOPER; MARIE SEVALL, MRS.MC CORMICK'S MAID; SECRETARY DOROTHY MURRAY, AND PHOTOGRAPHER AL MADSEN.

Q922PES

PRINCETON,N.J.,FEB 20-(AP)-"BRITAIN LEADS THE WAY IN THE PEACEFUL USE OF NUCLEAR FISSION, WHILE AMERICA LEADS THE WAY IN ITS WARLIKE APPLICATION," BRITISH BISHOP STEPHEN C.NEILL THINKS.

"THE STRONGEST NATION IN THE WORLD APPEARS TO BE THE MOST AFRAID," THE BISHOP, AN ASSISTANT TO ENGLAND'S ARCHBISHOP OF CANTERBURY, SAID LAST NIGHT, ADDING:

"WHEN NATIONS ARE AFRAID, THEY ARE DANGEROUS."

BISHOP NEILL DID NOT ELABORATE ON WHAT HE MEANT BY "THE STRONGEST NATION," BUT PRESUMABLY HE MEANT THE UNITED STATES.

THE BISHOP OPENED A FIVE-DAY RELIGIOUS CONFERENCE AT PRINCETON UNIVERSITY LAST NIGHT BEFORE SOME 400 STUDENTS. HE IS IN THE UNITED STATES UNDER THE AUSPICES OF THE FEDERAL COUNCIL OF CHURCHES AND THE UNITED STUDENT CHRISTIAN COUNCIL. HE PLANS TO SPEAK ALSO AT HARVARD, YALE AND THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA.

S637AES

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FOLO BUDAPEST VOGELER (350)

NEW YORK, FEB. 20-(AP)-AN AMERICAN OIL MAN WHO HAS BEEN THROUGH THE MILL OF ARREST AND "CONFESSION" IN HUNGARY SAID TODAY THAT ROBERT A.VOGELER UNDOUBTEDLY IS INNOCENT OF ANY SPY ACTIVITIES.

"IT IS QUITE POSSIBLE THAT VOGELER DID MAKE A CONFESSION," SAID PAUL RUEDEMANN, NOW AN EXECUTIVE IN THE PRODUCING DEPARTMENT OF STANDARD OIL COMPANY (NEW JERSEY), "BUT IN HUNGARY TODAY A MAN CAN BE FORCED TO 'CONFESS' BECAUSE HE SEES NOTHING ELSE TO

"HE IS

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STANDARD OIL COMPANY (NEW JERSEY), "BUT IN HUNGARY TODAY A MAN CAN BE FORCED TO 'CONFESS' BECAUSE HE SEES NOTHING ELSE TO DO.

"HE IS CONFINED IN A DUNGEON WITH NO HOPE OF GETTING OUT UNLESS HE DOES CONFESS. HE IS DEPRIVED OF FOOD AND WATER, QUESTIONED CONSTANTLY, BROUGHT TO SUCH MENTAL AND PHYSICAL EXHAUSTION THAT ANYTHING--EVEN PRISON--SEEMS BETTER THAN WHAT HE IS GOING THROUGH."

RUEDEMANN AND AN ASSOCIATE, GEORGE BANNANTINE OF ST.LOUIS, WERE ARRESTED BY THE HUNGARIAN SECRET POLICE IN SEPTEMBER, 1948, ON SABOTAGE CHARGES. THEY WERE EXPELLED FROM THE COUNTRY AFTER SIGNING CONFESSIONS THEY LATER DESCRIBED AS FORCED.

ON HIS RETURN TO THE UNITED STATES, RUEDEMANN SAID THE INTERNATIONAL TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH CO. AND OTHER AMERICAN BUSINESS INTERESTS IN HUNGARY ALSO WERE "ON THE SPOT AND HAD BETTER WATCH THEIR STEP."

VOGELER IS AN I.T. & T. VICE-PRESIDENT. HE HAS BEEN TRIED IN BUDAPEST WITH AN ENGLISH EMPLOYE OF THE COMPANY, EDGAR SANDERS, AND FIVE CO-DEFENDANTS. THE VERDICT IS DUE TOMORROW.

SANDERS' SISTER-IN-LAW, MRS.ALEXANDER G.P.SANDERS, SAID SHE HAS HEARD "VIA THE GRAPEVINE" THAT BOTH SANDERS AND VOGELER WERE TORTURED BEFORE THEIR TRIAL.

MRS.SANDERS WHO LIVES IN SUBURBAN LARCHMONT, N.Y., SAID HER HUSBAND HAD RECEIVED THESE REPORTS IN GERMANY. HE IS AN I.T. & T. OFFICIAL STATIONED IN STUTTGART.

"MY HUSBAND WROTE," SHE SAID, "THAT HE WAS TOLD HIS BROTHER HAD BEEN SO BADLY TORTURED THAT HE WAS IN CONDITION TO CONFESS HE MURDERED HIS OWN MOTHER IF NECESSARY."

RUEDEMANN EXPRESSED HOPE THE HUNGARIANS WOULD EXPEL VOGELER RATHER THAN IMPRISON HIM--OR SOMETHING WORSE."

"THESE CASES AALL ARE PRE-ARRANGED," HE SAID. IN ADDITION TO ALL THE OTHER PRESSURES, AN ACCUSED MAN IS CONFRONTED BY 'CONFESSIONS' FORCED FROM HIS ALLEGED ACCOMPLICES. THERE ALWAYS IS MORE THAN ENOUGH 'EVIDENCE' TO CONVICT THE MOST INNOCENT PERSON.

"THE OBVIOUS PURPOSE OF VOGELER'S ARREST WAS TO GET SOME PROPAGANDA OUT OF CONVICTING AN AMERICAN." X X X

VS71ZPES

NEW YORK, FEB.20-(AP)-ELEVEN JAPANESE WOMEN WERE OFFICIALLY WELCOMED TO NEW YORK TODAY ON THEIR THREE-MONTH TOUR OF THE UNITED STATES.

THEY ARE IN THIS COUNTRY FOR A FIRSTHAND STUDY OF GOVERNMENT AGENCIES AND PRIVATE CITIZENS ORGANIZATIONS, GAINING KNOWLEDGE THEY HOPE TO USE TO RAISE THE SOCIAL, ECONOMIC AND POLITICAL STATUS OF WOMEN IN RURAL AND LABOR GROUPS IN JAPAN.

THE HAPPILY CHATTERING GROUP ARRIVED FROM SAN FRANCISCO BY TRAIN YESTERDAY AND SPENT THEIR FIRST HOURS SIGHTSEEING ON MANHATTAN ISLAND.

TODAY THEY WILL BE ENTERTAINED AT A TEA SPONSORED BY THE INSTITUTE OF INTERNATIONAL EDUCATION AND SIXTEEN WOMEN'S ORGANIZATIONS. LATER THEY WILL VISIT THE UNITED NATIONS, SOCIAL AGENCIES AND PRIVATE HOMES. FURTHER SIGHTSEEING TRIPS AND LECTURES BY AMERICAN WOMEN LEADERS ARE PLANNED.

FROM NEW YORK THEY ARE SCHEDULED TO GO TO WASHINGTON FOR THREE OR FOUR WEEKS. THEN THEY WILL BEGIN AN EXTENSIVE TOUR OF THE UNITED STATES, VISITING THE TENNESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY, STATE CAPITOLS AND SEVERAL UNIVERSITIES.

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THE GROUP IS COMPOSED OF OUTSTANDING WOMEN LEADERS IN JAPAN PLUS AN INTERPRETER. THEIR TRIP WAS ARRANGED BY THE FAR EAST COMMAND UNDER THE DEPARTMENT OF ARMY'S EXCHANGE-OF-PERSONS PLAN.

INCLUDED AMONG THE VISITORS ARE LEGISLATORS, GOVERNMENT BUREAU CHIEFS, OFFICIALS OF TRADE UNIONS AND CONSUMERS GROUPS AND ONE PRACTICING ATTORNEY.

ONE THE ELDEST, MISS TSUNEKO AKAMATSU, 51, WORE THE TRADITIONAL KIMONO, TABI (SPLIT-TOED SOCKS) AND SANDALS. SHE IS A MEMBER OF THE UPPER HOUSE OF THE DIET AND THE CENTRAL COMMITTEE OF THE SOCIAL DEMOCRAT PARTY. MISS AKAMATSU IS ALSO CHIEF OF THE WOMEN'S SECTION OF THE ALL JAPAN FIBER INDUSTRY LABOR UNION.

OTHERS IN THE PARTY WERE DRESSED IN WESTERN CLOTHES.

MK528AES

NEW YORK, FEB. 20-(AP)-THE TIMES TODAY CALLED "REASONABLE" NATIONALIST CHINA'S RECOMMENDATION TO THE UNITED NATIONS THAT THE UNITED STATES SEND A NAVAL AND AIR OBSERVATION GROUP "TO SEE WHAT TAKES PLACE IN THE EVENT OF A COMMUNIST ATTACK" ON FORMOSA.

IN ITS LEAD EDITORIAL, THE TIMES SAID DR. TSIANG, CHIEF NATIONALIST U.N. DELEGATE, BASES HIS CASE "ON THE POSSIBILITY THAT THE SOVIET UNION WILL GIVE MILITARY AID TO THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS FOR THE EXPRESS PURPOSE OF CONQUERING FORMOSA, AND HE SUGGESTS THAT WITHOUT SUCH AID THE COMMUNISTS MIGHT FIND THIS TASK TOO FORMIDABLE."

THE NEWSPAPER TOOK THE POSITION THAT THE UNITED NATIONS HAS SENT "SUCH OBSERVER GROUPS ELSEWHERE, NOTABLY TO THE BALKANS AND TO

INDONESIA."

"THOSE WHO HAVE NOTHING TO CONCEAL SHOULD WELCOME OBSERVATION," IT SAID, ADDING: "AND IF THE SITUATION IN INDONESIA WAS HELD TO BE A THREAT TO INTERNATIONAL PEACE, HOW MUCH MORE SO THE SITUATION IN CHINA."

THE TIMES DOUBTED IF ANYTHING NOW WOULD BE DONE ABOUT PHASES OF CHINA'S RESOLUTION THAT RECOMMEND WITHHOLDING OF THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS BY MEMBER U.N. STATES, SINCE SOME ALREADY HAVE GIVEN RECOGNITION. IT ADDED:

"THE REMAINDER OF THE CHINESE RESOLUTION, HOWEVER, RESTS ON SOLID GROUND. IT IS DIFFICULT TO SEE HOW THE UNITED STATES, FOR EXAMPLE, CAN REJECT THE LOGIC OF THE CHARGE OF SOVIET AGGRESSION IN MANCHURIA WHEN OUR OWN SECRETARY OF STATE HAS MADE THAT SAME CHARGE EXPLICITLY AND HIS DEPARTMENT HAS ISSUED A MEMORANDUM OF DETAIL TO SUPPORT HIM.

"LIKEWISE, THE UNITED STATES COULD BE EXPECTED TO BE SYMPATHETIC TO THE ACCUSATION OF TREATY VIOLATION BY THE SOVIET UNION WHEN BOTH THE PRESIDENT AND THE SECRETARY OF STATE HAVE MADE STRONG DECLARATIONS TO THE EFFECT THAT THE SOVIET ATTITUDE TOWARD COMPACTS DOES NOT ADMIT OF AGREEMENT FOR ITS OWN SAKE, BUT ONLY FOR THE SAKE OF ADVANTAGE.

"THE PLEA TO DESIST AND REFRAIN FROM GIVING AID TO THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS WILL, IF ADOPTED, SERVE AS A FURTHER REBUKE TO THE SOVIET UNION, SINCE SUCH AID IS SET FORTH IN THE MAO-STALIN AGREEMENT JUST ANNOUNCED."

K1013AES

NEW YORK, FEB. 20-(AP)-GEORGE C.MCGHEE, ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE, SAID COMMUNISM IN AFRICA IS NOT A MAJOR THREAT AT THIS TIME.

HE SAID, HOWEVER, THAT SOME OF THE COMMUNISM EXISTING IN THAT AREA GIVES EVIDENCE OF HAVING BEEN INSPIRED BY INTERNATIONAL COMMUNISM.

MCGHEE, ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR NEAR-EASTERN-SOUTH ASIAN AND AFRICAN AFFAIRS, LEFT TODAY BY PLANE FOR MOZAMBIQUE, PORTUGUESE SOUTHEAST AFRICA, FOR A ROUTINE MEETING OF ALL U.S. DIPLOMATIC AND CNSULAR REPRESENTATIVES IN HIS AREA. MCGHEE IS FROM DALLAS.

JT411PES

LAKE SUCCESS, FEB. 20-(AP)-THE UNITED NATIONS SAID TODAY HUMAN BONDAGE IN COLONIAL AND TRUST AREAS IS REPORTED CONFINED TO "PRACTICES AKIN TO SLAVERY" INVOLVING WOMEN AND CHILDREN OF A FEW ASIAN AND AFRICAN LOCALITIES.

THE TRAFFIC INCLUDES SLAVE-GIRL TRADE ORIGINATING IN CHINA AS A BYPRODUCT OF RICE FAMINES AND BRIDE PURCHASES IN AFRICA.

G OWHENSURVEYU

BYPRODUCT OF RICE FAMINES AND BRIDE PURCHASES IN AFRICA.

THE SURVEY IS BASED ON INFORMATION FROM ANNUAL REPORTS OF POWERS ADMINISTERING DEPENDENT TERRITORIES. IT WAS PREPARED AS A MEMORANDUM FROM SECRETARY-GENERAL TRYGVE LIE TO A COMMITTEE OF THE ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL FOR STUDY PURPOSES.

"SO FAR AS CAN BE ASCERTAINED FROM THE ANNUAL REPORTS OF THE GOVERNMENTS OF THE TERRITORIES CONCERNED, SLAVERY IN THE FULL SENSE OF THE TERM IS NO LONGER PRACTICED," THE SURVEY SAID.

INFORMATION AVAILABLE SHOWED

IT ADDED, HOWEVER, THAT THE OFFICIAL INFORMATION AVAILABLE SHOWED PRACTICES AKIN TO SLAVERY EXISTED AS FOLLOWS:

MUI TSAI (SALE OF GIRLS BOUGHT FROM PARENTS IN CHINA); MALAYA, HONG KONG AND SINGAPORE, ALL BRITISH DEPENDENCIES.

CHILD BARTER: TANGANYIKA AND CAMEROONS, BRITISH AFRICAN TRUST AREAS.

CHILD MARRIAGE: TANGANYIKA TRUST TERRITORY AND NIGERIA COLONY, UNDER BRITAIN, AND FRENCH EQUATORIAL AFRICA (COLONY).

TRAFFIC IN WOMEN AND CHILDREN (OTHER THAN MUI TSAI): NIGERIA AND FRENCH CAMEROONS (TRUSTEESHIP).

REPORTS WERE FILED BY THESE RULERS OF NON-SELF-GOVERNING TERRITORIES: AUSTRALIA, BELGIUM, DENMARK, FRANCE, THE NETHERLANDS, NEW ZEALAND, BRITAIN, AND THE UNITED STATES.

THE U.N. SAID LATEST REPORTS INDICATED PROGRESS IN STAMPING OUT MUI TSAI IN HONG KONG, MALAYA AND SINGAPORE BUT SAID SOCIAL AGENCIES WERE HANDICAPPED BY "ALMOST COMPLETE UNWILLINGNESS AND LACK OF COOPERATION OF THE VICTIMS."

THE SINGAPORE WELFARE DEPARTMENT REPORTED SCREENING ALL FEMALE IMMIGRANTS AND PUTTING INTO TRADE SCHOOLS AND VENERAL CLINICS ANY GIRLS FOUND PROSTITUTING OR IN "MORAL DANGER."

MANY, THE REPORT SAID, ESCAPE BACK INTO PROSTITUTION AND SING-SONG JOBS AND TO BE MISTRESSES OF WEALTHY PATRONS.

THE PRACTICE GOES BACK TO THE MANCHU DYNASTY IN CHINA, THE REPORT SAID, WHEN PARENTS IN FAMINE TIMES SOLD DAUGHTERS TO BUY FOOD FOR THEMSELVES. SOME WERE PURCHASED FOR MARRIAGE OR ADOPTION.

REPORTS FROM SINGAPORE DATING BACK TO 1947 AND 1948 SAID GIRLS COULD BE BOUGHT FOR 10 TO 20 STRAITS DOLLARS IN CHINA AND SOLD IN SINGAPORE FOR 700 TO 2,000. (THE DEVALUED STRAITS DOLLAR NOW IS QUOTED AT $0.3275)

KSAJAZSOPES

BY FRANCIS W.CARPENTER (220)

LAKE SUCCESS, FEB. 20-(AP)-SOVIET DEPUTY FOREIGN MINISTER JAKOB A.MALIK RELEASED TODAY A LETTER FROM THE LAWYER FOR VALENTIN A. GUBITCHEV, INSISTING THAT TELEPHONE WIRES OF UNITED NATIONS EMPLOYEES HAVE BEEN TAPPED. THE U.N. HAS DENIED THEY WERE.

THE LETTER WAS TAKEN TO THE PRESS SECTION F T E U.N. HEADQUA

THE LETTER WAS TAKEN TO THE PRESS SECTION OF THE U.N. HEADQUARTERS HERE BY A SOVIET DELEGATION EMPLOYE. IT WAS THE FOURTH TIME THE RUSSIANS HAVE DISTRIBUTED A PRESS RELEASE IN SUCH A MANNER SINCE THEY BEGAN THEIR WALKOUT-STRIKE AGAINST U.N. ORGANIZATIONS LAST MONTH. MALIK HIMSELF HAS STAYED AWAY FROM THE U.N. SINCE HE PROTESTED THE CONTINUED PRESENCE THERE OF THE NATIONALIST CHINESE DELEGATION.

THE SOVIET DELEGATION SAID THE LETTER WAS FROM ABRAHAM POMERANTZ, WHO IS DEFENDING GUBITCHEV IN THE RUSSIAN'S TRIAL IN NEW YORK WITH GOVERNMENT-GIRL JUDITH COPLON ON CHARGES OF ESPIONAGE. GUBITCHEV, FORMERLY ON THE U.N. STAFF, HAS BEEN SUSPENDED BY TRYGVE LIE, U.N. SECRETARY-GENERAL UNTIL THE CASE IS COMPLETED.

AFTER A LONG INQQUIRY, LIE ANNOUNCED LAST WEEK THE RECORDS OF THE TRIALS OF GUBITCHEV AND MISS COPLON DO NOT CONTAIN PROOF OF THE TAPPING OF WIRES OF THE U.N. OR OF ITS EMPLOYES OTHER THAN GUBITCHEV.

MALIK, WHO HAD WRITTEN A LETTER TO LIE EARLIER ABOUT WIRE TAPPING CHARGES, ASKED POMERANTZ ABOUT LIE'S STATEMENT.

POMERANTZ REPLIED HE HAD SUBMITTED TO THE COURT DETAILED ITEMS OF SPECIFIC INSTANCES OF THE TAPPING OF THE WIRES OF U.N. EMPLOYES; AND THAT LIE NOR ANY MEMBER OF HIS STAFF GAVE HIM THE COURTESY OF BEING REQUESTED TO PROVE THE ALLEGATIONS.

POMERANTZ SAID HE WAS SENDING A COPY OF THE LETTER, DATED FEB. 18, TO LIE.

JTA0RPES

FEB 21 1950

WASHINGTON, FEB. 13-(AP)-THE ECONOMIC CO-OPERATION ADMINISTRATION DAY GRANTED 10 EUROPEAN COUNTRIES AN ADDITIONAL $7,313,000(M) TO BUY RECOVERY SUPPLIES UNDER THE MARSHALL PLAN.

NEW AID TOTALING $1,710,000(M) ALSO WAS GRANTED TO KOREA.

NATIONALIST CHINA RECEIVED $50,000(T) TO PAY OCEAN TRANSPORTATION COSTS ON SUPPLIES ALREADY PURCHASED.

DENMARK RECEIVED $2,835,000(M), THE LARGEST OF THE DAY'S SPENDING APPROVALS. THE FUNDS WILL BE USED TO BUY $1,500,000(M) WORTH OF SOYBEANS; $1,300,000(M) FOR RAW COTTON; AND $35,000(T) WORTH OF CHEMICALS ALL FROM THE UNITED STATES.

FEB 21 1950

THE DAY'S TRANSACTIONS BRING TO $8,279,225,000(B) TOTAL FUNDS SO FAR COMMITTED FOR EUROPEAN RECOVERY. KOREAN AID NOW TOTALS $77,279,000 (M) AND $175,116,000(M) HAS BEEN

(M) AND $175,116,000(M) HAS BEEN ALLOTED TO CHINA. THE LATEST ECA GRANTS INCLUDED:

GREAT BRITAIN, $1,182,000(M) FOR U.S. NAVAL STORES; ITALY, $1,000,000(M) WORTH OF PETROLEUM FROM U.S. SUPPLIERS; AUSTRIA, $1,108,000(M) FOR MACHINE TOOLS AND OCEAN TRANSPORTATION EXPENSES FROM THE U.S.; BELGIUM-LUXEMBOURG $500,000(T) WORTH OF AMERICAN MEDICINAL PREPARATIONS; NORWAY, $438,000(T) FOR MISCELLANEOUS INDUSTRIAL AND AGRICULTURAL EQUIPMENT FROM THIS COUNTRY; WESTERN GERMANY, $160,000(T) WORTH OF DRUGS FROM THE UNITED STATES AND LATIN AMERICA; FRANCE, $70,000(T) WORTH OF AGRICULTURAL PESCITIDES FROM AMERICAN SUPPLIERS; AND HOLLAND, $20,000(T) WORTH OF TEXTILE PRODUCTS FROM THE U.S.

KOREA WILL USE $1,287,000(M) OF ITS NEW AID TO FINANCE PURCHASE OF NON-METALIC MINERALS FROM JAPAN AND $127,000(T) FOR MISCELLANEOUS INDUSTRIAL EQUIPMENT FROM THE SAME SOURCES. THE BALANCE OF THE FUNDS WILL BE SPENT FOR A VARIETY OF RECOVERY COMMODITIES FROM THE U.S.

FEB 21 1950

V1136AES NM

RANGOON, FEB. 13-(AP)-THE BURMESE GOVERNMENT HAS INSTALLED AMERICAN MACHINERY WORTH THREE MILLION U.S. DOLLARS IN A STATE SPINNING AND WEAVING FACTORY TO SUPPLY THE NATION'S TEXTILE NEEDS.

THE EQUIPMENT WAS INSTALLED BY AMERICAN TECHNICIANS THE GOVERNMENT HAS PLACED UNDER SHORT-TERM CONTRACT. THE AMERICANS ARE TO TRAIN BURMESE WORKERS IN U.S. METHODS OF SPINNING, BLENDING AND WEAVING.

THE AMERICANS ARE R.CARON OF 10 SLATER STREET, PAWTUCKET, RHODE ISLAND; J.STOCK, OF LAWRENCE, MASS.; E.CRANSHAW, OF MANCHESTER, NEW HAMPSHIRE, AND F.J.CAME OF NEW YORK CITY.

CAME SAID THE FACTORY PRESENTLY EMPLOYS 200 WORKERS. HE SAID THAT TESTS SHOWED THE FACTORY'S 20,000 SPINDLES WERE CAPABLE OF PRODUCING 45,000 LBS. OF COTTON PER WEEK.

CAME STATED THE AMERICANS ARE BEING PAID BY THE BURMESE GOVERNMENT, BUT THEIR SALARIES ARE GUARANTEED BY THEIR HOME COMPANIES.

RP1038AES

GENEVA, FEB. 13-(AP)-"THE PERSISTENT STAGNATION OF EAST-WEST TRADE IS COSTING THE PEOPLE OF EUROPE AND THE UNITED STATES TOO MUCH," ANDERS FRIHAGEN OF NORWAY, CHAIRMAN OF THE UNITED NATIONS ECONOMIC COMMISSION FOR EUROPE, SAID TODAY.

ADDRESSING A MEETING OF THE COMMISSION'S ECONOMIC EXPERTS AND PERMANENT DELEGATES, FRIHAGEN MADE A STRONG PLEA FOR A REVIVAL OF TRADE ACROSS THE IRON CURTAIN. HE SAID HE ATTACHED THE GREATEST IMPORTANCE TO BREAKING "THE PRESENT DEADLOCK IN THE E.C.E. TRADE COMMITTEE" WHICH HAS BEEN TRYING TO ENCOURAGE AN INCREASE IN EAST-WEST TRADE.

FEB 21 1950

KA1446PES

WASHINGTON, FEB.14-(AP)-POLAND WITHDREW $3,009,096 (M) IN GOLD FROM THIS COUNTRY DURING THE WEEK ENDED JAN.25, THE CENSUS BUREAU REPORTED TODAY.

THE POLES, WITHOUT EXPLANATION, HAVE BEEN TAKING OUT SIZABLE SUMS FOR SEVERAL MONTHS FROM FOREIGN-EARMARKED GOLD IN THIS COUNTRY.

THE BUREAU SAID TOTAL FOREIGN-EARMARKED GOLD IN THE U.S. AMOUNTED TO $4,317,745,589 (B) ON JAN.25.

AB340PES

FRANKFURT, GERMANY, FEB. 14-(AP)-WEST GERMANY WILL SEEK TARIFF CONCESSIONS FROM AT LEAST 14 COUNTRIES NEXT SEPTEMBER, THE ALLIED HIGH COMMISSION ANNOUNCED TODAY.

THE NEGOTIATIONS WILL TAKE PLACE AT THE FOURTH SESSION OF THE NATIONS WHICH SIGNED THE GENERAL AGREEMENTS ON TARIFFS AND TRADE.

GERMANY PLANS TO NEGOTIATE WITH THE UNITED STATES, ITALY, GREECE, TURKEY, SWEDEN, FINLAND, NEW ZEALAND, UNITED KINGDOM, CANADA, AUSTRALIA, SOUTH AFRICA, INDIA, PAKISTAN AND FRANCE.

THE GENERAL AGREEMENT ON TARIFFS AND TRADE WAS NEGOTIATED IN 1947 BY 23 COUNTRIES. IT IS INTENDED TO REDUCE TARIFFS AND TRADING RESTRICTIONS.

RV1255PES

BY JAMES DEVLIN

(ADVANCE)..DUESSELDORF, FEB.14-(AP)-SPURTING GERMAN STEEL PRODUCTION IS CONFRONTING THE ALLIES WITH A MAJOR POLICY DECISION.

SHALL THEY RAISE THE 11,100,000-TON LIMIT THAT WEST GERMANY NOW IS ALLOWED TO PRODUCE ANNUALLY?

IT WOULD HELP RELIEVE HER UNEMPLOYMENT AND STRENGTHEN HER ECONOMY, THE GERMANS ARGUE.

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BUT AGAINST THAT, IT WOULD RAISE THE OLD FEARS OF HER NEIGHBORS THAT A STRONG GERMAN STEEL INDUSTRY MEANS A STRONG GERMAN WAR POTENTIAL.

SMOKING PLANTS IN THE RUHR AND OTHER WEST GERMAN INDUSTRIAL CENTERS ALREADY ARE PRODUCING STEEL AT A RATE WITHIN EASY RANGE OF THE PERMITTED LEVEL.

ALLIED AND GERMAN OFFICIALS EXPECT THE AUTHORIZED CEILING WILL BE REACHED WITHIN TWO MONTHS.

A BRITISH SPOKESMAN HAS ESTIMATED WEST GERMANY'S ACTUAL STEEL PRODUCTION CAPACITY AT 14,700,000 TONS -- 3,600,000 TONS MORE THAN SHE IS ALLOWED TO PRODUCE.

HIGH ALLIED CIRCLES ARE UNDERSTOOD TO BE WEIGHING ALREADY WHAT TO DO ABOUT THIS GAP -- WHETHER TO APPLY THE BRAKES OR TO RISK GIVING MORE SCOPE TO GERMANY'S ECONOMY.

ALLIED SOURCES SAY THEY EXPECT GERMAN POLITICAL AND INDUSTRIAL LEADERS TO BEGIN AN INTENSIVE CAMPAIGN IN THE NEAR FUTURE TO WIN PERMISSION TO INCREASE THE OUTPUT.

THEY EXPECT THE GERMAN ARGUMENT TO RUN LIKE THIS:

"UNEMPLOYMENT IS OUR GREATEST PROBLEM -- PARTICULARLY WITH THE INFLUX OF REFUGEES FROM THE EAST.

"WHY LET STEEL PLANTS STAND IDLE OR WORK ONLY PART TIME? THEY COULD BE PROVIDING MORE JOBS AND HELPING SUBSIDIARY INDUSTRIES.

X "HELP GERMANY GET ON HER FEET AND OFF THE AMERICAN TAXPAYERS' BACK.

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"WAR POTENTIAL? THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT HAS DEMONSTRATED ITS PEACEFUL AIMS. WE WANT TO JOIN THE COUNCIL OF EUROPE. WE ALREADY HAVE JOINED THE INTERNATIONAL RUHR AUTHORITY.

"BUT IF THERE IS A WAR? IN ANY CASE, WESTERN GERMANY SIDES WITH THE WESTERN ALLIES."

HOW THIS ARGUMENT WILL SET WITH FRANCE, BELGIUM AND OTHER COUNTRIES THAT HAVE BEEN OVER-RUN BY GERMAN WAR MACHINES ARMED BY THE RUHR REMAINS TO BE SEEN.

GERMANY'S NEIGHBORS HAVE WATCHED WEST GERMANY'S POSTWAR STEEL PRODUCTION OUTDISTANCE ALL EXPECTATIONS.

IN THE LAST HALF OF 1945, FOLLOWING THE END OF THE WAR IN EUROPE, WEST GERMANY PRODUCED ABOUT 300,000 TONS.

THE FIGURE JUMPED TO 2,000,000 TONS IN 1946.

NOW, DESPITE DISMANTLING AND THE LOSS OF OUTPUT FROM THE SOVIET ZONE AND THE SAAR, IT IS HOVERING NEAR 11,000,000. OF THIS, ABOUT 500,000 TONS IS FOR EXPORT.

ALLIED OFFICIALS REPORT THAT SOME RUHR INDUSTRIALISTS ARGUE THAT WEST GERMANY ALONE COULD USE 13,000,000 TONS A YEAR FOR THE NEXT FIVE YEARS ON RECONSTRUCTION PROJECTS.

THESE INDUSTRIALISTS WOULD LIKE TO SEE WEST GERMANY'S PERMITTED LEVEL OF STEEL PRODUCTION SET AS HIGH AS 15,000,000 TO 16,000,000 TONS A YEAR, OF WHICH 1,000,000 TO 2,000,000 WOULD BE MARKED FOR EXPORT.

THE INDUSTRIALISTS HAVE NO DOUBT THAT WEST GERMANY COULD PRODUCE THAT MUCH.

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WEST GERMAN STEEL PRODUCTION SUFFERED A SLUMP IN THE LATTER PART OF 1949--BUT NOT FOR LACK OF PRODUCTION FACILITIES.

IT WAS CAUSED BY CANCELLATION OF CONTRACTS BY THE INDUSTRY'S THREE PRIME CUSTOMERS -- GERMAN MINES, RAILWAYS AND CONSTRUCTION FIRMS -- FOR LACK OF CREDITS.

MONEY BECAME AVAILABLE AGAIN WHEN THE ECONOMIC COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION (ECA) BEGAN PUMPING FUNDS INTO WEST GERMAN MINES AND PUBLIC POWER PLANTS.

STEEL PRODUCTION SKYROCKETED IMMEDIATELY. THE JANUARY FIGURE WAS 900,600 TONS, COMPARED WITH DECEMBER'S 812,000.

(END ADVANCE FOR PMS OF TUESDAY, FEB. 14)

RP1132AES

BY CARTER L.DAVIDSON (300)

(ADVANCE)..CHAMONIX, FRANCE, FEB. 16-(AP)-FRENCH BRAINS AND AMERICAN DOLLARS ARE TEAMING UP TO RUNA RIVER THROUGH THE HEART O. FRENCH ALP PEAKS TO INCREASE THE NATION'S POWER AND LIGHT.

WITHOUT THE STORIED ATOM BOMB WHICH SOME RECENT REPORTS HAVE SAID

30.24- 9097

RUSSIA IS USING TO MOVE MOUNTAINS AND CHANGE THE COURSE OF RIVERS. FRENCHMEN ARE DOING IT THE HARD WAY--WITH PICK AND SHOVEL AND POWER TOOLS BOUGHT WITH MARSHALL PLAN MONEY.

THE PROJECT, HIGH IN THE SNOWY MOUNTAINS ABOVE THIS PICTURESQUE WINTER SPORTS RESORT, DIVERTS THE GLACIAL WATERS OF THE ARVE RIVER THROUGH TWO HUGE TUNNELS INTO AN ARTIFICIAL WATERFALL THAT PLUNGES 4,280 FEET DOWN THE MOUNTAINSIDE.

AT THE BOTTOM, A MODERN HYDROELECTRIC PLANT IS BEING BUILT TO CONVERT THE FORCE OF THE PLUNGING WATERS INTO ELECTRICITY FOR FRENCH FACTORIES AND HOMES.

WHEN FINISHED, EARLY IN 1951, THE PROJECT WILL PROVIDE 366,000,000 KILOWATT HOURS OF ELECTRICITY EVERY YEAR.

THE PROJECT IS ONE OF 58 NOW UNDER WAY OR PLANNED TO MODERNIZE FRENCH INDUSTRY.

WORKERS ARE DRIVING THE TUNNELS INTO SOLID ALPINE ROCK DIRECTLY BENEATH SOME OF THE BEST SKIING SLOPES IN THE FRENCH ALPS. THE MOUNTAINS AROUND THE PROJECT ARE DOTTED WITH RESORT HOTELS AND TINY INNS WHICH ARE CROWDED THIS WINTER WITH HOLIDAY MAKERS.

THE DANGER OF THE WORK IS GRAPHICALLY CHARTED BY THE LIST OF SIX FRENCH WORKERS WHO HAVE BEEN KILLED SINCE THE TUNNELLING BEGAN IN 1947.

AT ONE POINT, THE NINE-FOOT STEEL CONDUIT COMES OUT OF ITS TUNNEL AND SPANS A RAVINE THROUGH WHICH RUSHES THE GLACER-FED WATERS OF THE DIOSAZ RIVER.

STEEL, TOOLS AND THE WORKERS THEMSELVES ARE HAULED TO THEIR JOBS ON THE ICY CRAGS BY TINY CABLE CARS LIKE THOSE THE BETTER RESORTS USE TO CARRY SKIERS TO THEIR SNOWFIELDS.

SOME FRENCH ENGINEERS WHO DESIGNED THE HYDROELECTRIC SCHEME AND ARE DIRECTING ITS CONSTRUCTION VISITED THE UNITED STATES TO STUDY THE KNOW-HOW OF DIVERTING RIVERS TO MAKE POWER.

BUT THE BASIC IDEA WAS FRENCH. ALL IT NEEDED WAS THE MARSHALL PLAN DOLLARS TO MAKE IT WORK.

FRENCHMEN DOWN HERE IN THE VALLEYS, A FEW MILES FROM BOTH ITALY AND SWITZERLAND, WATCH THE POWER PLANTS GOING UP WITH A GREAT DEAL PF PRIDE

(END ADVANCE FOR PMS, THURSDAY, FEB.16)

FEB 21 1950

-END-

FEB. 20, 1950

DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH COMMUNIST SOFIA ENDED BY WASHINGTON

30.24- 9099

Assails 'Indignities' Against American Legation in Sofia

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21 — (AP) The United States broke off relations with communist Bulgaria today in the toughest American action thus far against any of the Soviet bloc countries.

Climaxing a "long series of intolerable restrictions and indignities" against the U. S. legation in Sofia, American Minister Donald R. Heath and his entire staff were ordered home.

At the same time, the State Department demanded the recall of Doctor Peter Voutov and his smaller Bulgarian staff in Washington.

It was the first formal American diplomatic break with any country since World War II.

Officials indicated the move reflected a harder diplomatic attitude by President Truman and Secretary of State Acheson toward the Moscow satellites with which the U. S. has been waging postwar disputes.

A ban on American travel in Hungary is already in effect. There have been veiled hints in recent notes to communist Czechoslovakia and Poland that relations might be severed. Meantime all American consuls have been ordered out of communist China, which the United States has not recognized.

Announcing the break with Bulgaria as a "suspension of relations" the State Department for the first time detailed charges that Bulgarian militia tortured and killed three Bulgarian employes of the U. S. legation.

Persecution Assailed

Since the legation was established in September, 1947, the department declared Bulgarian officials and the controlled Bulgarian press have been "constantly denouncing and insulting the United States." The Sofia government, it said, has carried on an "unprincipled campaign of persecution" against Bulgarian employes of the legation.

The department also renewed charges filed with the United Nations that Bulgaria has flouted its peace treaty obligations and supported the communist guerrilla campaign against Greece.

The direct cause of the break was Bulgaria's demand of Jan. 19 that Heath be recalled for "interference" in Bulgarian internal affairs.

The U. S. government responded with a virtual ultimatum saying that relations would end unless the charges were withdrawn. The break came just a month later with no sign of a formal reply from the Bulgarian government despite repeated prodding by Acheson and Heath.

The first actual response from Sofia came today. This was the indictment of two former legation employes and three other Bulgarians as American "spies." At the same time the controlled Bulgarian press splashed headlines: "The legation of the U. S. in Sofia—center of plots and espionage against the People's Republic of Bulgaria."

Heath and 55 other Americans including dependents of legation officials, are expected to leave in two groups, the first departing probably Friday. Voutov said there are 12 Bulgarians here and all would leave about March 4. Switzerland has agreed to look out for American interests in Bulgaria.

The break means the United States will be without any official representatives in Bulgaria, Albania and communist China, while continuing to have diplomatic officials in the other Soviet bloc capitals. Relations with Albania were never restored after the war.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21 (AP)— Following are the texts of the United States note breaking diplomatic relations with Bulgaria and of a statement by the State Department:

Text of the Note

The Legation of the United States of America presents its compliments to the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the People's Republic of Bulgaria and has the honor to refer to the Legation's note of Jan. 20, 1950, in reply to the note delivered by the Bulgarian Legation in Washington to the Department of State on Jan. 19, 1950, requesting the recall from Bulgaria of the American Minister, Mr. Donald R. Heath, as persona non grata.

As indicated in the statements of the Under-Secretary of State James E. Webb to the Bulgarian Chargé d'Affaires ad interim in Washington on Dec. 12, 1949, the United States Government took a most serious view of the Bulgarian Government's conduct toward Minister Heath in connection with the trial of Traicho Kostov and others, in particular the charges against Mr. Heath, the falsity of which the Bulgarian Government itself was in a position to ascertain.

The Under-Secretary made it quite clear that these accusations, coming as they did on top of a long series of intolerable restrictions and indignities to which the American Legation in Bulgaria had been subjected, inevitably affected relations between the two countries, and compelled the United States Government to warn the Bulgarian Government that it could not ignore such deliberate and unwarranted actions which were in complete disregard of normal practice in the conduct of international relations.

The Bulgarian Government, however, persisted in its course of conduct. On Jan. 19, 1950, it requested the immediate recall of Minister Heath from Bulgaria on the grounds that, by alleged "contacts" with Kostov and others, he had "allowed himself to take action not in line with his diplomatic functions" and thus had "shown abrupt interference in the interior affairs of the People's Republic of Bulgaria concerning its sovereignty as well as its national security."

Mounting Evidence Cited

This action on the part of the Bulgarian Government, in putting forward wholly unfounded charges against the principal diplomatic representative of the United States as the basis of a demand for his recall, could be taken by the United States Government only as confirmation of the mounting evidence that the Bulgarian Government was unwilling, in its relations with the United States, to observe accepted standards of international comity.

The United States Government, in its note of Jan. 20, 1950, stated that unless the Bulgarian Government withdrew its note of Jan. 19 and demonstrated its willingness to observe established international standards of conduct, the United States Government must conclude that the Bulgarian Government did not desire to maintain normal relations. Over a period of four weeks the Bulgarian Government did not have the courtesy to reply.

On Feb. 16, 1950, it was advised by the Department of State that the long delay had created a situation which could not continue indefinitely and was requested to reply immediately. No reply has been received. The conclusion is inescapable that the Bulgarian Government is unwilling to modify the position it has taken; that it is unwilling to treat American official representatives in Bulgaria in accordance with the standards of established international practice; and, consequently, that it is unwilling to maintain normal diplomatic relations with the United States.

Diplomatic relations between the United States and the postwar Government of Bulgaria, since their establishment in September, 1947, have not been on a basis which could be called friendly or cordial. Cordiality was scarcely to be expected when Bulgarian officials and the controlled press were constantly denouncing and insulting the United States, and when the Bulgarian Government was violating its peace treaty obligations, ignoring resolutions of the United Nations, and supporting armed action against Greece.

Treatment of Envoys Cited.

It was the hope of the United States Government, however, that relations, if not cordial, at least might be correct. But the treatment accorded to the American Legation in Sofia, including crippling restrictions on the entry and movement of American officials assigned to the Legation and an unprincipled campaign of persecution against the Legation's Bulgarian employes, left no doubt that the Bulgarian Government did not accept even the minimum standards of international practice.

Despite all these difficulties the United States Government wishes to maintain diplomatic contact with Bulgaria because of the sincere desire of the American people to work toward better understanding with the Bulgarian people, with whom ties of friendship have linked them in the past.

The Government of the United States will continue to maintain its feeling of friendship for the people of Bulgaria and to manifest in every appropriate way its deep interest in their welfare. The Government of the United States, however, is reluctantly compelled to conclude that it is no longer possible, in view of the present attitude of the Bulgarian Government, for the American Minister and his staff to remain in Bulgaria. They have received instructions to leave Bulgaria as soon as possible. At the same time, the Government of the United States requests the recall of the Bulgarian diplomatic mission from the United States.

Text of Statement

One of the principal contributing factors to the withdrawal of the United States Minister and his staff from Bulgaria, announced today, has been the series of restrictions, insults and harassments inflicted by the Bulgarian Government on the American Legation in Sofia and its personnel in disregard of accepted international practice. These have included widely publicized false accusations, vexatious restrictions on travel and housing, and long delays in the granting of entry visas to members of the Legation staff. Moreover, the Bulgarian Government has pursued a campaign of systematic persecution against those Bulgarians who have been employed by the Legation in such jobs as translating, clerical work, and household maintenance.

In its note of Jan. 20, 1950, which was released to the press together with the text of the Bulgarian Government's note of Jan. 19, 1950, requesting the recall of the American Minister, Donald R. Heath, the United States Government stated that the Bulgarian Government, among other things, had permitted the torture and killing of local Bulgarian employes of the American Legation.

These innocent employes were not guilty of any crimes under civilized standards. Their only crimes in the eyes of the Bulgarian Government consisted solely in their association with the American Legation. It suited the purposes of that Government to terrorize these individuals to attempt to use them as informers, and to implicate them in "spy trials" in flagrant violation of their fundamental human rights, which the Bulgarian Government solemnly contracted to respect and to safeguard when it signed the treaty of peace with the Allied and Associated powers.

Role of Militia Stressed

The present Bulgarian Government, while publicly professing to be the true defender of democratic liberties, in practice relentlessly suppresses these liberties. It does not hesitate to persecute anyone who is courageous enough to express or even to hold views which do not coincide with its own. In the case of employes of the American Legation it has not hesitated to take the severest measures against innocent persons who had committed no crime and had no active role of any kind in Bulgarian politics.

The United States Government has had in its possession for some time factual evidence concerning the shocking actions employed by the Bulgarian militia against United States Legation employes. They have threatened, arrested and tortured these employes for the dual purpose of extorting fictitious confessions of espionage activities, incriminating themselves and official American personnel, to be used in slanderous propaganda charges against the United States and to frighten the remaining employes into resigning or serving as spy-informers for the militia.

Charges as serious as these cannot be lightly made against another government without substantiation. This Government has refrained up to the present from releasing publicly the information it possesses.

Firstly, it was morally bound not to precipitate, by premature disclosures, increased hardships and possibly death upon those employes who were still alive or upon other members of their families. This consideration prevents the disclosure even at this time of many details concerning certain cases.

Secondly, in the most flagrant cases where the victims had already been condemned to death or had lost their lives, silence was maintained in the vain hope that by so doing the Bulgarian Government could be persuaded to see the magnitude of the grave responsibility it was assuming and to be willing to cease such practices in the future.

To this end the American Minister, Mr. Heath, on repeated occasions outlined to the Foreign Office the detailed factual knowledge the Legation possessed concerning the torture of Bulgarian employes. He pointed out that a continuation of such actions would inevitably affect the relations between the two Governments.

Assurances Are Asked

In order to protect the remaining employes and in an effort to create a mutually satisfactory basis upon which a fresh start could be made to foster better relations, he informed the Foreign Office that he would not pursue further his representations regarding these cases, provided it would be willing to give assurances that the militia would cease the inhuman practice of persecuting Bulgarian employes of the Legation. In spite of oral assurances from the Foreign Minister, the militia persisted to arrest and torture Legation employes. No prior notice was ever given to the Lega-

tion of charges against them. No heed has been paid to the Legation's repeated representations.

Owing to the course adopted by the Bulgarian Government, the Legation could no longer perform its duties and it became impossible to afford any protection to its remaining employes, who one by one were being arbitrarily arrested by the militia. Consequently, the Department of State feels compelled to release the detailed information available concerning the persecution and death of three such employes. This action is prompted not merely to substantiate publicly charges of misconduct on the part of the Bulgarian Government, but also from a broader motive; namely, to pay tribute to these three Bulgarian citizens who were tortured or killed by the Bulgarian Communist militia.

Arrest and Secret Trial Ending in Death Sentences of Employes Joseph Dimitrov and Dragan Peev.

Upon the arrival in Bulgaria of the American section of the Allied Control Commission, established under the armistice of Oct. 28, 1944, between Bulgaria and the Allied powers, the Bulgarian Government assigned Lieuts. Joseph Dimitrov and Dragan Peev to this United States Military Mission in a liaison capacity.

These officers were responsible for arrangements on behalf of the Bulgarian Ministry of War to furnish the American Military Mission with foodstuffs and other supplies required by it and its personnel for the proper execution of its duties as stipulated in the armistice agreement. In 1946 these two officers were demobilized from the Bulgarian Army, following which they were employed officially by the United States Military Mission to assist the headquarters commandant in the routine duties of securing necessary supplies and to supervise the activities of all other Bulgarian personnel which it employed.

Upon conclusion of the armistice period and the establishment of normal diplomatic relations between the United States and Bulgaria in September, 1947, Joseph Dimitrov was employed by the office of the United States military attaché as translator and interpreter. In this capacity he performed non-confidential routine duties. The Bulgarian Foreign Office was duly notified by the legation of Mr. Dimitrov's status.

Dragan Peev, subsequent to the termination of the armistice period, was employed by the American staff of the legation to assist in the management of a commissary. His major occupation consisted of procuring and distributing foodstuffs and other essential supplies for the American staff. As in the case of all Bulgarian employes, the Foreign Office was properly notified of the fact that Mr. Peev was on the payroll of the legation.

In spite of assurances from the Foreign Office that Bulgarian employes of the legation would not be molested by summary arrests without prior notification to the legation of the specific charges against them, the Bulgarian militia entered the home of Dragan Peev at 5 A. M. on the morning of Feb. 27, 1948, without prior warning. After thoroughly searching his premises and taking with them his personal records and correspondence, they arrested him.

Attache's Home Entered

On the following day, in open violation of diplomatic immunity, the militia entered the residential premises of Col. Ralph Wade, an attaché of the legation, and arrested Col. Wade's Bulgarian-citizen housekeeper. On the evening of March 29, 1948, militia agents arrested Joseph Dimitrov.

The American Minister immediately forwarded a formal, written protest to the Bulgarian Foreign Minister. He pointed out that these actions were in direct violation of the latter's previous assurances, that they were contrary to international comity, and that he must request the immediate release of the employes so that they might return to their duties. In spite of this written request and continuous oral representations by the Minister and his counselor over an extended period of time, no satisfaction was forthcoming. The employes in question were detained incommunicado for more than four months.

In July, 1948, through unofficial but reliable sources, the Legation learned that the afore-mentioned employes would be tried in secret on charges of "espionage for a foreign power." It was also learned that during their long detention they had been forced into signing confessions of having engaged in political and economic espionage for the United States involving, on wholly fictitious grounds, former personnel of the United States Military Mission.

Upon receipt of this information, the Minister addressed a request to the Foreign Office for permission to have an official observer attend the trial scheduled to begin on July 27, 1948. On July 24 the Foreign Ministry informed the Minister that the trial of Messrs. Peev and Dimitrov, together with others, was to be a closed trial; that the Legation would not be permitted to have an observer; but that the Foreign Ministry would keep the Legation completely advised and provided with copies of the proces-verbal. These promises were never fulfilled.

Trial Held in Secret

Subsequently, it was learned that the trial, conducted in great secrecy, was concluded on Aug. 7. In conformity with the system of justice in Communist countries which has now become familiar to the whole world, the predetermined sentences of death based upon forced confessions extracted from the accused prior to the trial were imposed upon Peev and Dimitrov. The American Minister lodged energetic protests to the Foreign Office not only on the injustice of these harsh sentences but also with regard to the fact that their crimes were alleged to consist of providing officers of the former United States Military Mission with economic and military information of a secret nature, implying that these officers had been engaged in secret espionage activities against the security of the Bulgarian state.

The appeals of the accused were finally heard and rejected in March, 1949. During this period of time the American Minister interceded repeatedly with the Foreign Office on behalf of the condemned employes. The Department of the Army procured affidavits from the American officers, who had allegedly received secret information from the accused, testifying to the nature of their duties while on assignment in Bulgaria as well as those of employes Peev and Dimitrov.

These documents were forwarded to the American Minister in Sofia, and on Dec. 6, 1948, he assured the Foreign Office again that the American Legation had not in the past and was not then engaged in subversive activity against the Bulgarian state and had at no time employed any persons for such purposes. He went on to state that the members of the former United States Military Mission with whom the defendants had been most closely associated had submitted sworn statements concerning their functions while on duty in Bulgaria, the nature of the employment of Mr. Dimitrov and Mr. Peev and the character of their association with these men.

The Foreign Minister has requested to bring the facts contained in these sworn statements to the attention of the proper authorities. The Minister's efforts were of no avail.

Nothing has been heard of these two men since they were sentenced to death, and it is assumed that they have been executed.

Arrest, Intimidation and Death of Ivan Secoulov, Employed by the Legation as Translator.

On Sept. 1, 1947, the Legation hired as a translator Ivan Secoulov. The Foreign Office was duly notified of his employment.

On May 7, 1949, Mr. Secoulov reported to the American Minister that he had been detained by the state security authorities and interrogated for three hours. He was questioned concerning his relations with various American officers of the Legation, the internal operations of the Legation and the circumstances of his hiring. After forcing him to sign a detailed statement, the police ordered him to cease his employment within five days on the grounds that he was working for an "enemy" legation.

Fearful that he might lose his life if he did not comply with the order of the secret police, Mr. Secoulov requested that he be allowed to resign. He provided the Minister with a detailed signed statement describing his experience when apprehended by the secret police. It provides evidence of the manner in which the Communist authorities have sought to intimidate the Bulgarian employes of the Legation and to produce fictitious evidence of improper activities on the part of the Legation's American personnel. The concluding paragraph of Mr. Secoulov's statement reads as follows:

"Sometimes the inspector was slightly more polite when questioning and sometimes an undercurrent of threat, but when I went to see the chief to sign the statement, he was very brusque and formal. He said I would realize that I had held an important post in the regency and had been entrusted with confidential work and now I am working for a legation which is an enemy. I would also realize it would have serious consequence for me. And then he said he would give me warning that I must immediately quit my job.

"I said how could I—there was no other work to be done for which I was qualified. 'You will work there until the 12th day of May and you must not be seen in the Legation from that day on. And do not expect any protection from the Legation if you do stay on.' I said that was very well, but how could I explain that to my chief. He said, 'If you wish you can tell them that the chief inspector of the State Security Office told you that you were told to leave.'

"Immediately after that I was told that was all except that whatever transpired at militia headquarters is a state secret and if at any moment I disclosed it, I would be liable to execution under the state secrets la ."

Note Sent to Foreign Office

In an endeavor to afford some kind of protection to Secoulov and at the same time not precipitate further unpleasantness for him at the hands of the secret police, the American Minister decided to place him on leave of absence, retaining him on the payroll as an employe of the Legation.

At the same time, the Minister dispatched a note to the Foreign Office explaining that Mr. Secoulov had suddenly submitted his resignation on the basis of personal reasons. Stating that the suddenness of this action and the long record of secret police pressure upon local employes of the Legation led him to believe Mr. Secoulov's request was attributable to pressure from the secret police, the Minister requested the Foreign Office to obtain assurances from the Bulgarian police authorities that Secoulov would be accorded protection against outside interference or molestation, so that he might continue his translating services for the Legation. This request was rejected by the Foreign Office.

Mr. Secoulov secured private employment while on leave of absence, but was arrested again on July 22, 1949. In August, 1949, the Legation received authentic information that he had died in the Sofia prison three days following his arrest.

Whether his death was suicide or the result of torture, full responsibility must fall on the Bulgarian police, on the Bulgarian Government itself, and on the system which it represents.

Vogeler Given 15-Year Term In Hungary

André Marton

Budapest, Hungary, Feb. 21 (AP). Robert A. Vogeler, American business man, was sentenced by a Hungarian court today to fifteen years in prison on spy charges. Two Hungarian codefendants were sentenced to death.

The defense immediately announced appeals to a higher court, and the prosecution hammered back with a statement that it, too, would appeal and demand heavier penalties for the five defendants who escaped the death sentence.

The death sentence was meted out to Imre Geiger, manager of the International Telephone and Telegraph Company's Budapest branch, and Zoltan Rado, former department chief in Hungary's Ministry of Heavy Industry.

13 Years For Sanders

Edgar Sanders, Vogeler's British aide in the I.T.& T. branch, Standard Electric Works, was sentenced to thirteen years.

The same prosecution announced an appeal when Josef Cardinal Mindszenty was sentenced to life imprisonment for plotting against the state. The Cardinal also appealed, but the original sentences in the case were unchanged by the higher court.

The other defendants, all Hungarians, received these sentences:

The Rev. Istvan Justh, Roman Catholic priest, ten years.

Kelemen Domokos, accountant in the Standard Company, ten years.

Edina Doery, a barmaid, five years.

Expulsion Ordered

The court then ordered that Vogeler and Sanders be expelled from this country when they finish their sentences; forbidden to return "forevermore." Their personal assets in Hungary will be confiscated. Vogeler, 38, assistant vice president of I.T.& T., had been his company's representative here.

The court said that in handing down the sentences it had taken into consideration that most of the defendants had not been convicted of crimes before, that most were married, that they made "sincere confessions," and that, in the cases of Vogeler and Sanders, they acknowledged not having "any grudge" against Hungary. The judge said Vogeler and Sanders had been ordered by their military superiors "to carry out their activities in this country."

Expressionless Faces

The defendants stood quietly with folded hands and expressionless faces as Judge Vilmos Olthy announced the sentences. They sat down while he addressed the court in what is called in Hungary the traditional "legal reasoning." Vogeler and Sanders listened at a microphone on a small table to a translation of the address.

After the defense attorneys announced they would appeal, Judge Olthy called Vogeler and Sanders to a microphone and asked, through an interpreter:

"Did you understand the court through the interpreter?"

Each replied: "I did."

"Your attorney appealed," the judge said. "Do you wish to join

him."

Each said: "Yes, I do."

Briefs In Eight Days

The judge accepted the appeal of the defense and of the prosecutor, and ordered both sides to submit briefs in eight days. The court will be in position then to forward the briefs to a higher court, he said.

The defendants then left the court under guard. As they departed, Vogeler and Sanders threw quick glances about the room.

[In New York the International Telephone and Telegraph Corporation said it was sending proof to the United States State Department of the "complete falsity" of the charges against Vogeler. A company statement said the trial was "a reversion to the inhumanities of the Dark Ages."]

Vogeler and the other six defendants had confessed to charges of ferreting out Hungarian economic and industrial secrets on instructions of the American Intelligence Service, of sabotaging the productive capacity of the Standard firm to harm Hungarian economy, and of sabotaging deliveries to the Soviet Union a dnEast European Communist countries.

United States Minister Nathaniel Davis had been barred from visiting Vogeler and Sanders during their three months in custody.

Word On "Confessions"

[In New York, Paul Ruedermann, a Standard Oil Company of New Jersey executive who was expelled by Hungary in September, 1948, after signing a sabotage confession, commented:

[". . . In Hungary today a man can be forced to 'confess' because he sees nothing else to do. He is confined in a dungeon with no hope of getting out unless he does confess. He is deprived of food and water, questioned constantly, brought to such mental and physical exhaustion that anything—even prison—seems better than what he is going through."]

Vogeler's arrest last November 18 as he was leaving Budapest for Vienna strained diplomatic relations between the United States and Hungary.

Protesting the fact that Vogeler was held incommunicado for three months without being allowed to see American diplomatic representatives, the State Department ordered two Hungarian consulates closed in the United States and banned American travel to Hungary.

Vogeler Boy, 8, Dazed, Cries

Vienna, Feb. 21 (AP)—Eight-year-old Billy Vogeler didn't understand at first—his father would go to prison as a spy.

Then it dawned on him: He wouldn't see his daddy for fifteen years.

"Oh, mommy," he cried. "I'll be an old man before I see daddy again."

Suddenly the tears came in a torrent. Brother Bobby, 9, tried to comfort him; and their mother, Belgian-born Lucile Vogeler, spoke reassuringly:

"Don't worry," she said. "Everything possible will be done to get your daddy home again."

VOGELER GETS 15-YEAR TERM

Briton Sentenced To 13 Years, 2 Hungarians To Die

Budapest, Feb. 21 (AP)—A Hungarian people's court sentenced Robert A. Vogeler, of New York, today to fifteen years in prison and his British business associate, Edgar Sanders, to thirteen years on charges of sabotage and spying for the West. Appeals are to be filed soon.

Two of five Hungarian codefendants were sentenced to death. The others got lesser prison terms. The verdicts were passed after a three-day trial in which all confessed.

All seven appealed, choosing to risk their chances before a higher court empowered to increase as well as to decrease sentences. The prosecution joined in the appeals, saying it would demand heavier penalties for each of the five who got prison terms.

I.T.& T. Vice President

Vogeler is an assistant vice-president of the International Telephone and Telegraph Company and its roving representative in eastern Europe, with his headquarters and his family in Vienna. He is 39.

Sanders, 43, was an accountant in the Standard Electric Works, an I.T.&T. subsidiary that the Hungarian Government nationalized along with scores of other Western-owned businesses last month.

The court ordered that their personal assets in Hungary be confiscated and that they be expelled after finishing their terms.

The two condemned to die are Imre Geiger, former manager of the Standard Company, and Zoltan Rado, former department chief in Hungary's Ministry of Heavy Industry.

Kelemen Domokas, a Standard Company accountant, and the Rev. Istvan Justh, a Catholic priest, each were sentenced to ten years in prison.

All Confess, Plead Guilty

Edina Doery, a hotel telephone operator and barmaid, was given a five-year term. She is the sister-in-law of a former American Army officer who was stationed in Budapest immediately after the war, Col. George S. Kovach, of New York.

All had pleaded guilty to charges of seeking out Hungarian economic, military and industrial secrets on instructions of the American Intelligence Service. They confessed readily also to cutting the productive capacity of the Standard Company to injure the nation's economy and of sabotaging deliveries to Russia and other Communist countries.

All had been in police hands several weeks. Vogeler said in a final statement yesterday he had been treated "correctly and fairly" and there was no coercion or maltreatment.

Drugging Question

[The confessions and self-denunciations followed a pattern now familiar in Communist nations. The pattern was fixed in the Russian blood purge trials of the 1930's. Why the prisoners act so is still a subject of Western speculation. The United States State Department has raised the question whether Vogeler was "subjected to coercion by intimidation, lack of food, drugging or other forms of mistreatment." The British Foreign Office suggested "threats, pressure or inducements" were used on Sanders.

[The I.T.& T. in New York said it is sending the State Department proof of the complete falsity of every charge against Vogeler for "further action on the part of our Government." The company described the trial as a propaganda show for benefit of the Hungarian people.]

"Legal Reasoning" Given

The group stood quietly with hands folded and faces expressionless as presiding Judge Vilmos Olthy, the man who sentenced Josef Cardinal Mindszenty to a life term a year ago, announced the sentences.

They sat down while the judge delivered his "legal reasoning," a traditional statement on aspects of the case. Vogeler and Sanders listened to an English-language translation of the address by a court interpreter over a small transmitting device.

"Foreign spies sent to work here have to be punished according to century-long traditions," the judge said.

Sanders Forced Into Admission, British Think

London, Feb. 21 (AP)—A Foreign Office spokesman suggested today that "threats, pressure or inducements" were used on Edgar Sanders, a Britisher, to force a confession that he committed spying and sabotage in Hungary.

The spokesman told a news conference:

"It is perhaps hardly surprising that the Hungarian authorities were not prepared to allow a British lawyer to assist Mr. Sanders in the preparation of his defense when they had arranged for him to denounce himself in this extraordinary fashion.

Speculate On Threats

"One can only speculate on threats, pressure or inducements which may have been employed."

The spokesman said he could not say at the moment what action the British Government may take. Sanders was sentenced to thirteen years.

The spokesman noted a statement in the Budapest court that Sanders was "recruited" into the British Intelligence Service during the war and commented:

"In fact, he was engaged in work for the Combined Services Interrogation Center, a perfectly normal activity for the interrogation of captured prisoners.

"Entitled To Information"

"During the period when Hungary was subjected to an armistice regime, Mr. Sanders was alleged to be engaged in spying, but during that period the British Government was entitled to receive full and complete information about the Hungarian armed forces.

"It was our right and our duty to acquire such information. Mr. Sanders, in acquiring such information, which he did in uniform and with the knowledge of the Soviet element of the Armistice Commission, was fulfilling a perfectly routine and normal function."

Britain Sure Of 'Sinister Technique'

London, Feb. 21 (AP)—The British Foreign Office said tonight it is convinced Edgar Sanders, British accountant sentenced in Budapest today to thirteen years in prison, was the victim of a "sinister technique of interrogation under pressure."

"Facts within the knowledge of His Majesty's Government make it certain that his testimony was a compendium of distortions and lies such as he could have had no natural motive for uttering in court," the Foreign Office said.

FIVE BULGARIANS INDICTED AS SPIES

Sofia's Red Press Calls U.S. Legation Espionage Nest

Sofia, Bulgaria, Feb. 21 (AP)—The Communist press announced the indictment of five Bulgarians on charges of spying for the United States and termed the American legation here a spy nest a few hours before the United States broke diplomatic relations with Bulgaria today.

One of the Bulgarians, Michail Shipkov, 39, was quoted as saying he hid in the legation attic for several months before his arrest.

Washington's decision to end relations broke a 32-day impasse between the two countries. It was touched off January 19 when Bulgaria declared Donald R. Heath, United States Minister, persona non grata (unwanted) and demanded his recall. The United States threatened at that time to break off diplomatic relations unless the demand was withdrawn.

Shipkov Heads List

Heath's name had been mentioned repeatedly in the trial of Traicho Kostov, former Vice Premier who was executed in December for treason. Prosecution witnesses declared Heath was implicated in plotting against the security of the Communist state.

The newspapers told of the indictments under this heading:

"The legation of the United States in Sofia—center of plots and espionage against the people's republic of Bulgaria."

The five Bulgarians were charged with transmitting political, economic and military information to the American Intelligence Service.

Heading the list are Shipkov, former legation interpreter, and Jivka Rindova, 32, former telephone operator at the legation.

Other Declarations By Shipkov

The indictment said Shipkov testified in a pre-trial confession, that Heath "every day at every separate occasion" sowed among the employés of the legation the idea that the present communist-led Government soon would be changed.

Other declarations by Shipkov, as stated in the indictment:

All American moves aimed at exerting pressure on Bulgaria were given wide publicity. Heath had told him that the question of human rights raised before the United Nations will be linked with an effort to impose American conceptions on Bulgaria.

Heath pointed to American influence in Greece as "a harbinger and indication of the triumph of their (American) conceptions soon in our country."

In Attic Until Feb. 11

Shipkov transmitted economic information in 1946 to Robert Strong, secretary of the American legation, and in 1947 to John Horner, *charge d'affairs*, and political information to Heath in 1949.

When it was heard that Kostov might be unmasked as an American agent, the United States Intelligence proclaimed him a patriot and defender of the interests of the Bulgarian people.

This feeling about Kostov, Shipkov said, was spread in Bulgarian society by Heath and other American diplomats via the legation's Bulgarian personnel and their friends.

11 British Atom Experts Would Ban Bomb

London, Feb. 21 (AP)—A former associate of Dr. Klaus Fuchs, atomic-research genius accused of spying for Russia, and ten other British scientists called today a new attempt to ban atom warfare.

He is Dr. Rudolf Peierls, with whom Fuchs worked at Birmingham University in 1942 when the German-born physicist was first enlisted in Britain's atomic effort.

The eleven scientists are members of the Atomic Sciences Committee of the British Association of Scientific Workers. In a signed press statement, they said:

"The recent decision of the United States to develop the hydrogen bomb shows that an atomic arms race is in progress and emphasizes the dangerous direction in which humanity is moving.

"Utmost Attempts"

"We believe that if a disastrous atomic war is to be avoided, the utmost attempts must be made now to eliminate atomic warfare, either by a new effort to solve the problem of the effective control of atomic energy or by a new contribution to the wider problem of international relations.

"Any solution must be acceptable to all nations, though all nations would have to be prepared to sacrifice some of their national interests for a realistic hope for continued peace."

Famed Signers

Aside from Peierls, the best-known scientist among the signers of the statement is Sir George Paget Thomson, who in 1940 and 1941 was chairman of the first British Committee on Atomic Energy. He won the Nobel Prize for Physics in 1937.

Fuchs, who is formally accused of two violations of the Official Secrets Act, is in jail awaiting trial at the Old Bailey Court session starting next Tuesday.

British Scientists Protest Bomb Race

11 Charge U. S. Decision Endangers Humanity

LONDON, Feb. 21 (AP).—Eleven British scientists, all members of the Atomic Sciences Committee of the British Association of Scientific Workers, called today for a new attempt to ban warfare with atomic bombs.

In a signed statement to the press they said: "The recent decision of the U. S. A. to develop the hydrogen bomb shows that an atomic arms race is in progress and emphasizes the dangerous direction in which humanity is moving.

"We believe that if a disastrous atomic war is to be avoided, the utmost attempts must be made now to eliminate atomic warfare, either by a new effort to solve the problem of the effective control of atomic energy or by a new contribution to the wider problem of international relations.

"Any solution must be acceptable to all nations, though all nations would have to be prepared to sacrifice some of their national interests for a realistic nope for continued peace."

SAAR TALKS DEADLOCKED

Parley on Terms for French to Mine Coal to Continue

PARIS, Feb. 21 (AP)—France and the Saar Valley have been unable to agree on terms for French mining of Saar coal, informed sources said today.

Two weeks of economic talks between French and Saar missions were due to end today, but will continue "at least for the rest of the week," the informants said.

At least four economic agreements have been reached, covering operation of the Saar railways and the rights of French and Saar merchants to do business.

The coal agreement, by which France hopes to get more than half the industrial valley's 15,000,000 tons annual output, was reported snagged on the question of tax payments. The Saar, which has a semi-autonomous government but it linked economically to France, wants to collect taxes on the coal France takes from its mines.

France is asking for a long-term lease on the mines and wants the coal to be delivered to France tax-free, authoritative sources said.

Picasso Plans World Peace Trip To Congress

Paris, Feb. 21 (AP)—Pablo Picasso, impressionist artist, plans to go see Congress in Washington about world peace.

The reason for the proposed trip, it was learned, is that Picasso wants to give the United States Congress a personal petition on behalf of the "Partisans of Peace," a red-tinged organization which has held most of its meetings in countries back of the iron curtain.

New Bonn Press Chief

Brand Replaces Bourdin, Who Quit After Officials Denied Own Words

BONN, Germany, Feb. 21 (AP).—The West German government finally appointed a new press chief today to replace one who quit in disgust nearly a month ago because government officials too often denied their own statements.

Heinz Brand, sixty-two, was named to the post. A pre-Hitler leader in the Catholic Center party, he was chief of the personnel department in the Prussian Interior Ministry for more than ten years until he was ousted by the Nazis in 1933.

In Western Germany the press chief acts as government spokesman and handles nearly all the government's public announcements. Paul Bourdin quit the job Jan. 27.

U. S. Shift to Bonn Studied

FRANKFORT, Germany, Feb. 21 (AP)—United States and German taxpayers may have to dig up $25,000,000 to $75,000,000 to move United States occupation authorities from Frankfort to Bonn, authoritative sources said tonight. Such a wholesale transfer is under study here. Frankfort for almost five yaers has been headquarters city of the occupation. Bonn, a small Rhine city, is the capital of the West German Republic. Some believe it would improve liaison with the young West German Government.

CZECH REDS CONVERT CHILDREN TO DOCTRINE

PRAGUE—(AP) Czechoslovakia's communist rulers are doing their hard-pressuring best to catch the nation's children young for communism.

And sometimes it looks suspiciously like they are also drilling the children to tattle on parents who might refuse to toe the communist line.

The government has proclaimed, over Catholic protests, that Marx-Leninism must be the basis of education here. And so the class struggle and Sovietism are exalted in all classes fron. kindergarten up.

But the children not only get their doses of the Red doctrine in school. They are instructed to take it home and to "take an interest" in seeing that Papa and Mama also have the "correct" viewpoint.

Czech Salesmen Sent To Mines, Factories

PRAGUE, Feb. 21 (AP).—The newspaper "Prace" said today that 30,000 salesmen in state-owned wholesale and retail shops will soon be transferred to jobs in factories and mines and will be replaced by women.

This process will go on, said "Prace," organ of the Czech trade unions, until all the remaining 200,000 salesmen have been replaced by women.

Australia Buying Japan Nails

SYDNEY, Feb. 21 (AP).—Nails made in occupied Japan are helping to ease the acute nail shortage in Australia. They cost 50 per cent more than nails made in Australia, but the shortage is so great that they are selling rapidly.

Moslems Clash With Christians In Eritrea Riot

11 Dead and 50 Wounded; British Troops Reinforce Police in Asmara Fighting

ASMARA, Eritrea, Feb. 21 (AP).—Sword-wielding Moslems and Christians clashed in a bloody riot today. Incomplete casualty figures indicated at least eleven dead and fifty wounded, and fighting still was raging at 10 p. m.

British troops, occupying this former Italian colony in East Africa since the war, rushed to the riot scene to reinforce hard-pressed police.

[An Arab news agency dispatch to Cairo said American troops also were involved. American sources expressed skepticism, saying the only United States service men there are a small group of Army and Navy technicians who operate the Asmara radio relay station.]

The rioting was touched off last night by the slaying of a Moslem minor official. During his funeral today—a mile-long procession of uniformed Moslem youth took part—three hand grenades were tossed from some point near the Moslem cemetery. Stones began flying in all directions. The Moslems turned on their attackers, brandishing swords and knives.

Up to 10 p. m. three Moslems and eight Christians were counted dead. Five Moslems and some forty-five Christians were wounded, including an infant found in the arms of its dead mother. It appeared likely there were a number of other Christian dead.

In an offshot of the riot, a Moslem-owned shop in Asmara was set ablaze and a Moslem political headquarters was attacked.

The population includes Coptic Christians, Moslems, a few Roman Catholics and some pagans. A month ago a curfew was instituted in the European district of Asmara by the British administration, to create a security area for the 50,000 Europeans, mostly Italians, who live here.

Britain has occupied the country since it was taken from the Italians in 1941. A United Nations decision on whether to restore Italian control has been postponed for a year pending investigation by a special U. N. commission. Most U. N. members favor turning over this country to neighboring land-locked Ethiopia.

Fanatics Fight Indonesians for West Java City

Darul Islam Is Joined by Dutch Rebel; Republicans' 10-Day Losses Are 1,240

JAKARTA, Java, Wednesday, Feb. 22 (AP).—A total of 1,240 Indonesian soldiers have been killed defending a West Java city against Darul Islam invaders, it was reported today.

The battle for Tasikmalaja, between the Indonesian Army and the fanatical Moslem movement which aims to set up an Islamic state of Indonesia, has been raging for ten days, ever since Dutch forces pulled out and left defenses to the Republican Army.

President Soekarno said last week that forces under the Dutch renegade R. P. P. (Turk) Westerling have infiltrated Darul Islam, making it a potent rebel force in West Java, Indonesia's No. 1 trouble spot.

Delayed reports reaching here gave this picture:

After a first five-hour pitched battle in the streets, the Darul Islam units withdrew from Tasikmalaja. The invaders returned the following night, attacked the prison, set free twenty-nine prisoners and killed an additional eleven Indonesian soldiers. Since these two attacks there has been almost continuous rifle fire heard in the city day and night for the last week.

Dutch sources said the Netherlands Army has postponed its scheduled withdrawal from Garoet, a sister city of Tasikmalaja. It was believed the Dutch are re-

maining in Garoet at the request of the Indonesian government.

The government is maintaining a sizable occupation force in Tasikmalaja, probably as many as six battalions of about 4,000 men.

These twin cities and nearby villages in the heart of West Java's Darul Islam area have been the scene of rioting, pillaging and terrorist activities for months.

Ben-Gurion Says Israel Needs No Constitution

JERUSALEM, Feb. 21 (AP).—Prime Minister David Ben-Gurion said last night a constitution is unnecessary for Israel. Parliament has been debating whether to draw up a formal constitution.

Mr. Ben-Gurion said the Democratic principles outlined in Israel's Proclamation of Independence in 1948 guarantee the rights of Israeli citizens. He called for increased efforts to build new settlements for immigrants, and measures to strengthen the economy of Israel.

GOP BLOCKS MOVE TO OPEN PROBE OF 'SPY RING' CHARGE

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21—(AP) Republican objections temporarily blocked today an administration move for an investigation by the Senate Foreign Relations Committee into charges that a communist spy ring is operating in the State Department.

Senator Lucas of Illinois, the Democratic leader, offered a resolution calling for an inquiry into the charges made by Senator McCarthy (R-Wis), which earlier had been contradicted by Secretary of State Acheson.

Brewster Blocks Action

Senator Brewster (R-Me) blocked action on the proposal because he said it gives no assurance that President Truman would lift a ban against congressional committees obtaining the loyalty files of department employes under fire.

Under the senate rules, Lucas could call the resolution up for action tomorrow despite Brewster's objection. However, he faced a series of proposed amendments by Republicans. Senator Connally (D-Tex), chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee, reluctantly agreed that his group should undertake the investigation agreed upon by Democratic members of the senate.

Acheson, who appeared at the capital today to open the administration's drive for extension of the European recovery program, said he is satisfied with the "loyalty and devotion" of State Department employes and plans no changes in the department's loyalty check program.

Quizzed by Republican members of the House Foreign Affairs Committee, Acheson said he has "no doubts" about the loyalty of the men and women in his department, although he conceded that "we must expect to find from time to time some people in any department who would be better off if they were not there."

Acheson Denies Charges

A reporter earlier asked Acheson point-blank if there was any truth in the charges McCarthy made in a five-hour speech Monday night.

"There is none," Achesno replied firmly.

The reporter asked whether Acheson plans to reply to McCarthy.

AGENT TELLS OF COMMUNIST INFILTRATION

Says They Rule Progressive Party And Slav Congress

Democrats move for Senate inquiry into charges Communists are in State Department. . *Page 5*

Washington, Feb. 21 (AP)—A Government undercover agent in the Communist party testified today that Communists control the Progressive party in Pittsburgh.

Matthew Cvetic, 41, a Pittsburgh insurance salesman, identified scores of people as Communists and named numerous organizations he said the Communists control—like the American Slav Congress. Most of the names are not widely known.

Cvetic was giving the House Un-American Activities Committee Chapter 1 of how he joined the Communist party in 1943, worked his way up in it, and all the time filed secret reports to the FBI. He said he spent two years getting into the party and seven as an active member.

Will Bare More Facts

Tomorrow, he told reporters, there will be more details about the Progressive party—the third party created in 1948 by Former Vice President Henry A. Wallace.

Then, he said, he will go into Communist activities in the United Electrical Workers Union and the steel and coal industry and wind up with the story of Communist plans for violent overthrow of the United States Government.

Cvetic said he was appearing before the committee by "mutual consent" with the FBI. He was not an actual FBI agent, he said, but the exact connection will come out later.

The story of his underground work in the Communist party began coming to light over the week end. Committee officials indicated that Cvetic is bringing it out now rather than remaining in the party because of the strain and pressure he has been under for years.

Son Looks On

His mother, Cvetic said, died last October believing him to be a Communist. But looking on proudly today as he testified was one of his twin sons, 18-year-old Richard, who is in the Navy's music school here.

Cvetic said he is not sure about the future but plans to return to Pittsburgh.

"I don't think there will be reprisals," he said.

A small man with a pleasant smile, he added:

"I am an American. I'm not afraid. If an American has to be afraid of a Communist, it's too bad."

Review Of Guided Missile Program Is Ordered

Washington, Feb. 21 (AP)—Secretary of Defense Johnson has ordered a review of the entire United States guided-missile program.

Such a review, either by the defense chief or Congress, was demanded last week by Senator Lyndon Johnson (D., Texas), who contended that Russia is at least two years ahead of the United States in guided-missile development.

The review has been undertaken by the Defense Department's Research and Development Board and that board's committee on guided missiles, it was learned today.

Their report will be made directly to Secretary Johnson.

Review Already Ordered

A usually well-informed source said that Secretary Johnson asked the board to review the program before Senator Johnson demanded such a step. He said the review is necessary because of the size and diversity of the program and to ensure that it is balanced and involves on unnecessary duplication.

Different phases of guided missile development are being carried on by the Army, Navy and Air Force, with the help of United States and German scientists. Much postwar development has been based on the V-1 flying bomb and V-2 rocket with which the Germans bombarded the London area during the latter part of World War II.

Other developments include bombs which, dropped from planes outside a circle of anti-aircraft defenses, may be guided to targets inside those defenses. The Germans introduced such weapons in the Mediterranean war.

Anti-Aircraft Missiles

Still another field considered of great importance is that of guided anti-aircraft missiles. A new chamber to test ram-jet engines, which some scientists expect to power such missiles at supersonic speeds, was developed by the Wright Aeronautical Corporation recently for the Air Force.

Congress has appropriated funds to develop a joint long-range proving ground to fire missiles over the Caribbean from a base at Banana River, Fla. This will provide space to test the distance and accuracy of two-stage rockets and other long-range missiles, such as pilotless planes.

The Navy has succeeded in launching a missile of the latter type, called the Loon, from a submarine.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21 (AP)—Following is the text of Secretary of State Dean Acheson's testimony today on extension of the European Recovery Program:

I am happy to have this opportunity to appear before you in support of action to continue our full participation in the European Recovery Program.

Two antithetical concepts of foreign relations are loose in the world. One concept is that no state is friendly which is not subservient. An official report to the Cominform defines an internationalist as one who "unreservedly without any hesitation, and unconditionally, is ready to defend the U.S.S.R." Anyone who rejects this notion is a warmonger.

Even a Communist state cannot live on friendly terms with the Kremlin unless it shows complete subservience and submission, as the Yugoslav experience has shown. The very prospect of peaceful cooperation among non-Soviet states to defend their own interests and to solve their own problems is anathema to the Kremlin, as is shown by the histories of the European Recovery Program and the North Atlantic Treaty.

Other Idea Spurs Variety

The other concept is that no state is unfriendly which, in return for respect for its rights, respects the rights of other states. This concept is one which permits and encourages variety, which demands only that conflicts of interest be resolved by peaceful means, and which calls, in the modern world, for an international framework to secure the peace.

The world stands to gain or lose something very precious depending on which of these concepts wins dominion. This is, in modern dress, the ancient conflict of tolerance versus intolerance, of diversity versus uniformity, of freedom under the law versus authority above the law.

The present world crisis is a product of the conflict between these fundamentally opposed concepts. The Kremlin has had major successes, though they fall short of its ambitions, and it now inescapably confronts the nations of the free world, which cannot accept its definition of internationalism and which are by that fact a threat, in the Kremlin's view, to its security.

The Kremlin can and is pursuing its course with efficiency and with signs of increasing boldness, using whatever means seem appropriate to it in a given situation. The question before us is how can the threat be met? How is the Kremlin's design to be frustrated?

The task is a difficult one, because the answer is that we must make our system work successfully and prove itself by the practical test of its worth. I do not imply that the only reason for continuing the European Recovery Program is the threat of further expansion by the Soviet Union. On the contrary, the free world, even if no threat of this kind existed, would face the same hard task of building a successfully functioning system. I do mean, however, that in the context of the present world crisis the task is doubly acute, doubly urgent.

The free world also has important successes to record, however. The Soviet world has nothing to match ERP and the Point IV concept in the economic field; it has nothing to match the coming to independence of India, Pakistan, Indonesia, the Philippines and other nations in the political field. On the contrary it has built a system of satellite states, the very term being descriptive of the negation of freedom and the frustration of nationalism. It has nothing to match the North Atlantic Treaty concept in the field of defense.

Our job is to do our full part in carrying out these programs and concepts to a successful conclusion. Nor is conclusion the right word, for although the need for extraordinary assistance will come to an end, the need for our affirmative cooperation and participation will be continuously required if the free world is to be a going concern.

The free world must meet the threat to its existence both defensively and constructively. The first test of any society is its ability to defend itself, in order to defer an attack upon it by making it a hazardous gamble and, in the event of attack, to defeat it.

As Madison wrote, every society must have means of security "which can only be regulated by the means and danger of attack." This is the defensive task—to create the will and the means to defend the free world—but success in this task depends mainly on the use the free world makes

of its constructive opportunities.

Would Raise Our Horizons

The fundamental answer is, therefore, to build a successfully functioning political and economic society of free nations. This is the positive task in the doing of which we create the spiritual and material base essential to our defense and to the preservation of the integrity of our way of life.

It is a very difficult job to build a successfully functioning system.

It requires adjustments to the changed and changing facts of international life. And it is hard to make adjustments—people tend to resist change and to stick to old ways of doing things. A conscious effort of will is necessary to overcome our native inertia.

And now I think we must decide what we need to do and are prepared to do to help carry forward the recovery gains which have been achieved and to help create a secure and firm foundation for the future.

Mr. Hoffman has recited to you the magnificent record of European production over the past two years. He has also stressed the need for bringing about conditions under which Europe can sell enough products and services to us and the rest of the world so that she can stand on her own feet. To solve this problem requires further strenuous action both on our part and on the part of the countries participating in the program.

The Europeans must not only expand their productive capacities but must, through greater efficiency, through lower costs and improved marketing methods, improve the competitive position of their products in the markets of the United States and the rest of the world.

For a European Association

This is the reason why we favor the closer association of the free countries of Europe in the economic field, as we do in the political and military fields. Such association is necessary if they are to put their economies on a sound, competitive, self-supporting basis. If Germany, instead of being a threat to world peace, is to be a constructive partner in Europe, it is necessary to build a European framework within which her skills and energies can be used for the benefit of all.

We hope this drawing together of the European countries will take place within a framework of closer association of all the free countries of the world, including our own. Unity in Europe requires the continuing association and support of the United States. Without it free Europe would split apart.

The Brussels pact, the O.E.E.C. and the Council of Europe which have been established to deal with common European problems are associations of sovereign states. While there is growing popular debate in Europe on the problem of federation, neither the people, nor their governments, appear ready for this step. We recognize their right to decide democratically, as our founding fathers did, when, how and whether they will federate. We reserve the same right for ourselves, as we approach on a step-by-step basis a closer association with other nations, through the U. N., the North Atlantic treaty and other arrangements.

A Payments Union Urged

Progress toward the economic integration of Europe requires action on many fronts, including the liberalization of trade, currency arrangements, and programs for the movement of manpower. But I want to emphasize one step which is particularly important at the present time. That is the establishment of a European Payments Union to permit the free exchange of European currencies. I hope that in the near future the European countries will take this essential step. They have our support and encouragement in this difficult task.

The peoples of Europe can be expected to make these necessary drastic adjustments with confidence in the success of their effort only if they can have confidence that we are prepared to cooperate with them. They must be convinced that we will not not falter or lose interest.

What can we do?

First, we must continue our assistance under ERP at a level which will permit the European countries to make necessary purchases in the dollar area. Without this assistance, each country will be compelled to engage in a futile attempt to earn gold and dollars from the others and the cooperative effort to coordinate national economic policies and to develop institutions for this purpose will be struck a deathblow.

There must be no wavering in support of this program now, for the years ahead are in every way as important as the years behind. The important decisions about Europe's future are still to be made.

But this appropriation of the funds which Mr. Hoffman asks for is not enough. Readjustments of United States economic policies will be necessary.

The problem which confronts us can be stated very simply: to maintain the volume of American exports which the free world needs and which it is in our national interest to supply, as a necessary part of building a successfully functioning political and economic system, the free world must obtain the dollars to pay for these exports.

They can be obtained in only three ways: by our imports of goods and services from them; by our public and private loans and investments abroad; and by continued gifts.

In the long run, the only reliable and desirable way is to increase our imports, but that is a big job and until it has been done we have to continue assistance to countries which need it and which it is in our national interest to help.

Whatever we can do to build up our imports from abroad and to make our exports available at reasonable prices contributes to the success of ERP and more broadly to the building of a successful free-world system.

This is a positive and an ambitious program for the United States. No one can predict with confidence how long it will take nor what demands it will place upon us. Support of ERP is only one part of it, although it is a vital part. Let us be clear in our own minds, and make clear to our European friends that economic collaboration is a continuing part of our broader relationship. Whatever form it may take that collaboration must continue to be a basic element of our national policy.

Can Thus "Frustrate" Moscow

It is in the carrying out of such a policy, in our determination and our will to do it however long it takes and whatever it requires of us, that the frustration of the Kremlin's design for world dominion lies.

We are in the midst of a struggle in which we must prove the superiority of our way of life and our concept of foreign relations by building a free and just and advancing society of nations based on the principles of tolerance and restraint.

What is at stake is our concept of internationalism as opposed to the Kremlin definition of internationalism as unreserved and unhesitating and unconditional readiness of every state to take the part assigned to it by the Kremlin. That is a role which we and the free world cannot and will not accept.

In the legislation before you, the Congress, which is the traditional guardian of our liberties, can reaffirm that determination.

1950

U. S. Denounces Trial

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21 (AP).—The State Department today denounced the trial Hungary gave Robert A. Vogeler, calling it "devoid of justice, inadequate as to evidence and replete with falsehoods."

In blunt language, the department said Mr. Vogeler's trial "marked the extension of political persecution and acts of injustice to citizens of foreign nationality."

The department declared "such falsehoods and inequities can and will be exposed in due course."

Mr. Vogeler's so-called confession and his subsequent testimony, it said, "was clearly not that of a man free to speak in his own defense."

Proof of Falsity Offered

The I. T. & T. said in a statement in New York yesterday that it was sending the State Department proof of the "complete falsity" of the charges made against Mr. Vogeler at the Budapest trial. It condemned as "reversion to the inhumanities of the Dark Ages" Mr. Vogeler's incarceration for more than three months without the privilege of seeing a single person friendly to him," and described the trial as a "propaganda show" for the benefit of Hungary's "uninformed population."

ARMY TO HELP BUILD ATOM RANGE ON ATOLL

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21 (AP)—The Army is sending a construction force to the Pacific atoll of Eniwetok to help build facilities for periodic tests of atomic weapons there.

The Defense Department and the Atomic Energy Commission announced today that part of this construction force will leave soon. Brig. Gen. Frederick B. Butler will be in command.

The Atomic Energy Commission previously announced a contract with Holmes & Narver, Los Angeles engineering firm, to design and construct semi permanent housing, utilities and communications on the atoll.

A joint task force commanded by Lieut. Gen. Elwood R. Quesada is preparing for an atomic test on Eniwetok at an undisclosed date.

OAK RIDGE, Tenn., Feb. 21 (UP)—The Atomic Energy Commission announced a speed-up today in the training of scientists and engineers to build and operate atomic machines for powering airplanes, ships and industrial plants.

Federal officials disclosed last Nov. 28 the establishment of a commission reactor development program to train "as quickly as possible" Government and industrial researchers in development of these machines. Regular classes are to begin next September.

Today the commission said "current requirements of the AEC program" have demanded the organization of a "preliminary class" to begin March 6. It will be attended by nineteen representatives of industry, the Navy and Air Force.

Leaves For Germany

College Park, Md., Feb. 21 (AP)—Dr. Ray Ehrensberger, head of the University of Maryland department of speech and dramatic arts, left today for a six-month tour of duty in Germany.

He will participate in the university's educational program being conducted in the American occupation zone.

Harry Bridges Denies Interest in Russia's Policy

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 21 (AP).—The government finished cross-examining Harry Bridges, longshoremen's union chief, today and he stepped from the witness stand after an angry exchange over his answers to questions about Russia. Mr. Bridges is being tried for perjury. The government charges he lied at his 1945 citizenship hearing by swearing he was not a Communist.

He grew angry several times today.

"I don't gave a darn what Russia's policies are," he snapped to one query, "unless and until they clash with my well-being, that of my union and of the people. Then we'll have plenty to do with it. We're going against the expansion of any nation, including Russia, if such is going to mean trampling on the rights of the people of any country. That's true of England, or any country—even our own."

At the morning session, F. Joseph Donohue, special prosecutor, said the defendant often had been critical of officials of this country. The prosecutor asked Mr. Bridges if ever had been critical of "the chief political officer of the U. S. S. R."

Mr. Bridges replied: "I don't know at this time. That's got nothing to do with me. This is my country. This is where I live. Why should I have anything to say about the head of any other country—Russia or Albania?

WESTERN STATES MAP AIR WARNING SYSTEM

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 21—(AP) Immediate establishment of a civil air raid warning system for western states was anpounced here today by Major General Hugo P. Rush, commanding general of the western air defense command.

The system is expected to be in operation within weeks. It will extend through west coast states and east to the Rockies.

A90
LONDON, WEDNESDAY, FEB. 22-(AP)-THE SOVIET UNION AND OIL-PRODUCING ROMANIA HAVE AGREED TO TRADE 30 PER CENT MORE GOODS THIS YEAR THAN LAST, THE MOSCOW RADIO SAID TODAY.
THE AGREEMENT ON EXCHANGE AND PAYMENTS WAS SIGNED IN MOSCOW LAST FRIDAY THE BROADCAST, HEARD HERE BY THE SOVIET MONITOR, SAID.
RUSSIA WILL SEND ROMANIA RAW COTTON, METAL, IRON ORE, COKE, INDUSTRIAL EQUIPMENT, AUTOMOBILES, FARM MACHINERY AND OTHER GOODS.
ROMANIA WILL SEND RUSSIA OIL PRODUCTS, TIMBER, WAGONS, CHEMICAL GOODS, MEAT PRODUCTS AND OTHER COMMODITIES.
SN1039PES

KX FOR APW
LONDON, FEB 21-(AP)-T.C.YUN, NEW SOUTH KOREAN MINISTER TO BRITAIN, MADE AN INFORMAL "GET-ACQUAINTED" CALL ON FOREIGN SECRETARY ERNEST BEVIN AT THE FOREIGN OFFICE TODAY.
MT1134AES

A160
LONDON--1ST ADD FOLO BUDAPEST (A96) X X X NORMAL FUNCTION."
DIPLOMATIC OFFICIALS SAID SANDERS WAS BORN IN RUSSIA BUT IS A NATURALIZED BRITON. A HOME OFFICE SPOKESMAN SAID HE COULD NOT SAY WHEN SANDERS WAS NATURALIZED BECAUSE SUCH RECORDS ARE SECRET.
QQ1246PES

bern , switzerland, feb. 21-(ap)-egypt protested to switzerland t oday against what egyptian minister abdel karim sawfat bey called "insulting" articles in the swiss press concerning king farouk. the minister hinted egypt might retaliate against swiss citizens in egypt or take measures affecting the two nations' trade relations.

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a swiss government announcement said the minister produced copies of 27 articles from the swiss press. without exception the articles dealt with king farouk's romance with narriman sadek, daughter of an egyptian government official.

Oslo, Norway, Feb. 21—(AP)—the norwegian storting (parliament ratified unanimously today the ~~us~~ agreement with the United States for ~~the~~ supplying of ~~the~~ arms to this country.

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night lead geneva JERUSALEM

BY LYNN HEINZERLING

geneva, switzerland, feb. 21 - (ap) - the united nations trusteeship council was bogged down tonight over the problem of drawing a statute for the internationalization of jerusalem.

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the council, charged with revising and completing the statute, has been at the task for/ months. discord and disagreement on the subject has/have enveloped the sessions.

faced with an extreme reluctance on the part of a majority of council members to state their views on the problem, council president roger garreau of france twice mentioned

the possibility that the whole question might be thrown back to the u. n. general assembly.

the assembly directed the council to complete and implement the internationalization plan last year.

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"if a majority of the council is opposed to the general assembly resolution, it would be a constitutional proble which never has arisen before," garreau told the council. "and in that case it would have to be referred back to the assembly."

the assembly's resolution provides for the"corpus separatum" or internationalized area, including all of jerusalem and the area surrounding the city of about 100 square miles.

israel and hashemite jordan, now occupying jerusalem, advised the council yesterday that such an international city was out of the question.

in the face of this opposition the council decided today to go through the statute without taking a vote on any of its provisions.

this was done to avoid taking a vote on article two which defines the boundaries of the proposed international city.

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BERLIN, FEB 21-(AP)-DER ABEND, GERMAN NEWSPAPER IN THE AMERICAN SECTOR OF BERLIN, SAID TODAY STRONG UNITS OF SOVIET SECURITY TROOPS HAD BEEN TRANSFERRED FROM GERMANY TO THE UKRAINE TO COMBAT RENEWED PARTISAN UPRISINGS AGAINST SOVIET RULE.

THE NEWSPAPER DID NOT GIVE THE SOURCE OF ITS REPORT. AMERICAN INTELLIGENCE OFFICERS DECLINED COMMENT. LAST WEEK DER ABEND REPORTED WITHOUT CONFIRMATION ELSEWHERE THAT A WIDE SCALE REVOLT AGAINST THE SOVIETS HAD BEEN HATCHED IN THE LENINGRAD AREA.

IN TODAY'S REPORT DER ABEND SAID A NUMBER OF SOVIET OFFICERS HAD SWITCHED ALLEGIANCE TO THE PARTISANS BECAUSE THEY WANTED TO AGE AN ACTIVE FIGHT AGAINST BOLSHEVISM RATHER THAN DESERT TO THE WEST.

THE NEWSPAPER ADDED THAT THE RUSSIANS ARE SENDING SOLDIERS TO THE UKRAINE TO QUIET UNREST THERE AND ALSO SHIPMENTS OF TEXTILES AND OTHER COMMODITIES.

MT1028AES

A180

BERLIN, FEB.21-(AP)-BERLIN'S COMMUNIST YOUTH OPENLY BOASTED TODAY THAT THEY INTEND TO OCCUPY THE WHOLE CITY ON MAY 28.

THAT IS WHITSUNDAY--THE DAY THE COMMUNISTS PLAN A MARCH OF A HALF MILLION BLUE-SHIRTED YOUTHS IN BERLIN.

"ON WHITSUNDAY ALL BERLIN WILL BE OURS," CRIED MANFRED WEIGAND, A MEMBER OF THE COMMUNIST-SPONSORED FREE GERMAN YOUTH (FDJ) EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

THE WEST SECTOR NEWSPAPER DER KURIER SAID HE OPENLY THREATENED WEST BERLINERS. IT QUOTED HIM AS TELLING A SOVIET SECTOR YOUTH RALLY:

"WE OF THE FREE GERMAN YOUTH WILL SEE TO IT THAT THE WEST BERLIN SWINE PERISH. ALSO THAT THE DRUNKS AND GLUTTONS LEARN NEW WAYS."

QQ141PES

WETZLAR, GERMANY, FEB. 21-(AP)-A U.S. MILITARY COURT TODAY FOUND A 19-YEAR-OLD AMERICAN SOLDIER GUILTY OF MURDER IN THE KNIFE-SLAYING OF A 22-YEAR-OLD GERMAN DIVINITY STUDENT. THE COURT SENTENCED HIM TO 20 YEARS IN PRISON.

PFC.JOSEPH W.BAILEY OF SARDIS, GA., WAS FOUND GUILTY OF FATALLY STABBING EBERHARD GREIFENHAGEN, A MARBURG UNIVERSITY STUDENT, ON THE NIGHT OF FEB. 6.

HIS COUNSEL, WHO BASED BAILEY'S CASE ON SELF-DEFENSE, SAID HE WOULD NOT APPEAL.

THE SENTENCE IS SUBJECT TO AUTOMATIC REVIEW BY THE ARMY AUTHORITIES.

THE PROSECUTION CHARGED THAT BAILEY, AN ARMY COOK, STABBED GREIFENHAGEN AFTER THE LATTER WENT TO THE AID OF A GERMAN WOMAN BAILEY ALLEGEDLY WAS MOLESTING.

BAILEY DECLARED HE HAD MET THE WOMAN, MRS.LENI ANTONETTI, 36, NEAR A BUS STOP AND HAD ASKED TO GO HOME WITH HER. HE SAID SHE NEITHER DECLINED NOR AGREED AND THAT HE "SORT OF PULLED HER" INTO A UNIVERSITY ARCHWAY "TO TALK SOME MORE."

THE WOMAN SAID THAT SHE CALLED FOR HELP FROM GREIFENHAGEN AND THE MEN FOUGHT.

JS932AES

A89

BERLIN, FEB 22-(AP)-THE EAST GERMAN GOVERNMENT INFORMATION OFFICE, HEADED BY GERHART EISLER, SAID TODAY THE UNITED STATES ARMY LANDED 734 TANKS IN BREMERHAVEN WITHIN FOUR WEEKS.

THE OFFICIAL STATEMENT CHARGED THE AMERICAN COMMAND WITH "CONTINOUSLY POURING HEAVY WAR EQUIPMENT INTO GERMANY WITH THE OBJECT OF MAKING WEST GERMANY AN ARSENAL FOR A NEW IMPERIALISTIC WAR."

THE RELEASE ADDED THAT FROM DEC. 6 TO JAN. 3 FOUR HUNDRED AND NINETY FOUR BIG TANKS, 240 SMALL TANKS, 497 HEAVY ARMY TRUCKS AND 20 MILITARY PASSENGER CARS ARRIVED.

SN1037PES

BONN, GERMANY, FEB. 21-(AP)-ARE THE WESTERN ALLIES TRYING TO GET RID OF CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER?

THAT WAS THE QUESTION ASKED TODAY BY THE FREE DEMOCRATIC PARTY IN ITS INFORMATION PAMPHLET.

THE FREE DEMOCRATS ARE THE THIRD LARGEST PARTY IN GERMANY AND ONE OF THE GROUPS SUPPORTING CHRISTIAN DEMOCRAT ADENAUER.

THE PAMPHLET CITED RECENT SHARP CRITICISMS OF ADENAUER'S POLICIES AND ASKED:

"DO THE ALLIES WANT TO UNSEAT ADENAUER?"

IT SPECULATED THAT SUCH ATTACKS MAY BE PART OF "HIGH POLICY CONNECTED WITH GREAT OBJECTIVES IN THE EAST-WEST CONFLICT."

THE ARTICLE DID NOT EXPLAIN THIS CRYPTIC REMARK AND PARTY LEADERS REFUSED TO ELABORATE.

IT COMPLAINED THAT "SOME SUCCESS IN THE UNDERMINING OF THE GOVERNMENT'S AUTHORITY CAN ALREADY BE OBSERVED.

"IF A NEW GOVERNMENT IN GERMANY IS DESIRED IT WOULD BE BETTER TO SAY SO CLEARLY AND DEFINITELY."

NJ833PES

NIGHT LEAD MRS.VOGELER (240)

BY G.K.HODENFIELD

VIENNA, AUSTRIA, FEB.21-(AP)-MRS.ROBERT A.VOGELER SAID TODAY SHE WILL APPEAL TO COMMUNIST HUNGARY TO FREE HER HUSBAND "BECAUSE I LOVE HIM, I NEED HIM AND OUR CHILDREN NEED HIM."

IN AN INTERVIEW WITH AMERICAN AND BRITISH CORRESPONDENTS THE PRETTY WIFE OF THE MAN SENTENCED IN BUDAPEST TO 15 YEARS ON CHARGES OF BEING AN AMERICAN SPY IN HUNGARY SAID:

"I WILL ASK THE HUNGARIANS TO TAKE PITY ON ME BECAUSE I LOVE HIM. I DON'T CARE ABOUT ANYTHING ELSE."

MRS.VOGELER, BORN IN BELGIUM BUT A NATURALIZED AMERICAN, SAID SHE HAD NOT YET DECIDED HOW OR TO WHOM THE APPEAL WILL BE MADE.

OUTWARDLY CALM BUT SHOWING SIGNS OF FATIGUE AND STRAIN, SHE ADDED:

"IF THEY WANT ANYTHING IN EXCHANGE FOR MY HUSBAND--WHATEVER IT MAY BE--I WILL MOVE HEAVEN AND EARTH TO GET IT FOR THEM. I WOULD TRADE PLACES WITH HIM GLADLY IF ONLY THERE WAS SOME WAY I COULD DO IT."

MRS.VOGELER WEPT WHEN SHE FIRST HEARD THE SENTENCE. BUT SHE COMPOSED HERSELF AND COMFORTED THE TWO VOGELER CHILDREN, BOBBY, NINE, AND BILLY, EIGHT, WITH THESE WORDS:

"DON'T WORRY, EVERYTHING POSSIBLE WILL BE DONE TO GET YOUR DADDY HOME AGAIN."

BILLY AND BOBBY HAD ONLY ONE QUESTION FOR THE NEWSMEN: "DID YOU SEE MY DADDY'S TRIAL?"

BILLY WAS TOLD HIS FATHER WILL BE EXPELLED FROM HUNGARY BEFORE FINISHING HIS SENTENCE. HIS FIRST REACTION HAD BEEN "BUT, MOMMY, I'LL BE AN OLD MAN BEFORE I SEE MY DADDY AGAIN."

BILLY HAD HIS EIGHTH BIRTHDAY LESS THAN TWO WEEKS AFTER HIS FATHER WAS ARRESTED.

MRS.VOGELER CONFERRED AT LENGTH TODAY WITH MORRIS ERNST, NEW YORK ATTORNEY WHO FLEW HERE SUNDAY IN AN EFFORT TO OBTAIN A VISA WHICH WOULD HAVE PERMITTED HIM TO ATTEND THE TRIAL, EITHER AS A WITNESS OR VOGELER'S COUNSEL. HE NEVER GOT THE VISA.

ERNST HAS A RECORDING OF VOGELER'S TESTIMONY AS BROADCAST BY THE BUDAPEST RADIO. HE SAID HE WOULD TAKE IT TO THE UNITED STATES TO ANALYZE IT FROM THE STANDPOINT OF EVIDENCE INTRODUCED.

ERNST ADDED THAT HIS FIRST REACTION WAS:

"THE HUNGARIANS THREW A LOT OF NAMES AND WORDS AROUND, BUT THEY PRODUCED NO FACTS AND EVIDENCE. VOGELER'S TESTIMONY WAS LIKE A MEMORIZED POEM." X X X

ERNST SAID HE WOULD LEAVE TOMORROW FOR PARIS AND LONDON AND FLY BACK TO THE UNITED STATES SUNDAY.

"I MAY TRY TO GET INTO HUNGARY LATER TO HELP VOGELER SETTLE HIS PERSONAL AFFAIRS, IF THE HUNGARIANS WILL LET ME SEE HIM," ERNST ADDED.

ERNST EXPRESSED HOPE THAT "WE CAN ORGANIZE AN INTERNATIONAL COMMITTEE OF ATTORNEYS TO CALL PUBLIC ATTENTION TO THE UNFAIRNESS OF THIS TRIAL."

"IT IS WORSE THAN THE LYNCHING," HE SAID.

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SN702PES

[illegible] Vienna Gabby again."

MRS. VOGELER HEARD OF THE SENTENCE BY TELEPHONE FROM BUDAPEST. SHE RECEIVED THE NEWS CALMLY, AND, A MEMBER OF THE FAMILY SAID, COURAGEOUSLY. SHE SENT THE CHILDREN OUT INTO THE YARD TO TRY TO FORGET, AND THEY PLAYED THERE QUIETLY. BOTH BOYS HAVE BEEN KEPT HOME FROM THE U.S. ARMY SCHOOL HERE SINCE THEIR FATHER WAS ARRESTED NOV. 18.

WITH MRS. VOGELER WHEN SHE HEARD HER HUSBAND'S FATE WAS MORRIS ERNST, NEW YORK ATTORNEY WHO TRIED IN VAIN TO OBTAIN A VISA FROM COMMUNIST HUNGARY SO HE COULD SERVE AS VOGELER'S COUNSEL.

THERE WAS NO IMMEDIATE COMMENT FROM MRS. VOGELER.

SHE HAS TOLD REPORTERS IN THE PAST THAT HER HUSBAND, AN AMERICAN ENGINEER, HAD CONSIDERED IT A JOKE THAT HE WAS SHADOWED BY HUNGARIAN DETECTIVES. SHE RELATED THAT VOGELER WAS FOLLOWED SO CONSTANTLY EVERYTIME HE VISITED BUDAPEST ON BUSINESS THAT HE FINALLY MADE A GAME OF IT -- APPARENTLY LITTLE REALIZING HE MIGHT END UP IN PRISON ON SPY CHARGES.

VOGELER, 38, ASSISTANT VICE PRESIDENT AND CENTRAL EUROPEAN REPRESENTATIVE OF THE INTERNATIONAL TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY, WAS ARRESTED LAST NOV. 18 IN HUNGARY WHILE TRAVELING TO HIS HOME IN VIENNA, AUSTRIA.

ON PREVIOUS TRIPS TO BUDAPEST, MRS. VOGELER TOLD NEWSMEN IN VIENNA AFTER HIS ARREST, THE AMERICAN BUSINESSMAN WAS FOLLOWED SO CONSTANTLY THAT HE BEGAN TO KID THE PLAINCLOTHESMEN.

WHEN VISITING A BAR, SHE SAID, VOGELER WOULD TELL THE BARTENDER "GIVE MY FIVE FRIENDS OUTSIDE A DRINK AND CHARGE IT TO ME."

IN EVERY CASE, SHE CONTINUED, THE REPLY WOULD COME BACK: /WE THANK MR. VOGELER VERY MUCH BUT WE MUST DECLINE HIS KIND INVITATION. WE ARE JUST GOING OFF DUTY."

MRS. VOGELER ALSO SAID HER HUSBAND BOUGHT A BUSHY BLACK BEARD AS A GAG. SEVERAL TIMES, WHILE BEING SHADOWED THROUGH BUDAPEST STREETS, HE WOULD PUT ON THE FALSE BEARD, TURN UP HIS COAT COLLAR, PULL DOWN HIS HAT BRIM AND QUICKLY TURN A CORNER.

WHEN THE PLAINCLOTHESMEN TURNED AFTER VOGELER THEY WOULD FIND HIM LEANING AGAINST A BUILDING LAUGHING AT THEM, HIS WIFE ASSERTED.

VOGELER CAME TO EUROPE IN AUGUST, 1945, AND MADE HIS HEADQUARTERS FOR THE INTERNATIONAL TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY IN VIENNA. IN 1946 HIS WIFE AND TWO CHILDREN JOINED HIM THERE.

VOGELER WAS BORN SEPT. 6, 1911, IN NEW YORK CITY. HIS FATHER, WILLIAM R. VOGELER, NOW LIVES AT 2515 SEVENTY-EIGHTH STREET, JACKSON HEIGHTS, LONG ISLAND, N.Y. HIS MOTHER, WHO WAS BORN IN FRANCE, DIED

JAN. 30, 1949.

A83

THE ELDER VOGELER WAS BORN IN GERMANY BUT BECAME AN AMERICAN CITIZEN. HE HAD HOMES IN FRANCE AND GERMANY AND YOUNG VOGELER ATTENDED SCHOOLS IN FRANCE AND GERMANY BETWEEN THE WARS. HE HAD CORSSED THE ATLANTIC 39 TIMES AND SPOKE FRENCH AND GERMAN FLUENTLY.

A GRADUATE OF PEEKSKILL, N.Y., MILITARY ACADEMY, VOGELER LATER WENT TO THE UNITED STATES NAVAL ACADEMY AT ANNAPOLIS. HE WAS GRADUATED IN 1933 BUT NEVER WENT ON ACTIVE DUTY WITH THE NAVY, RESIGNING HIS COMMISSION.

AFTER GRADUATION FROM THE MASSACHUSETTES INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY WHERE HE STUDYED ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING, VOGELER WAS HIRED BY THE INTERNATIONAL TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY.

DURING THE LATE 1930'S HE TRAVELED WIDELY IN EUROPE FOR I.T. AND T. HE MET BELGIAN-BORN LUCILLE EYKENS ON A TRAIN TO SWITZERLAND FEB. 3, 1939, AND THEY WERE MARRIED AT HER HOME IN GHENT, BELGIUM, JUNE 6, 1939.

IN 1940 VOGELER WAS EMPLOYED AT LA GRANGE, ILL., BY THE KELLOGG SWITCHBOARD AND SUPPLY COMPANY. TOWARD THE END OF THE WAR, HE REJOINED I.T. AND T. AND WAS SENT TO VIENNA IN AUGUST, 1945, AS CENTRAL EUROPEAN REPRESENTATIVE AND ASSISTANT VICE PRESIDENT OF THE COMPANY.

THE COUPLE HAS TWO SONS, AGED 10 AND 9.

SJ816AES

FEB 22 1950

(320)

SOFIA, BULGARIA, FEB.21-(AP)-FIVE BULGARIANS WERE CHARGED TODAY WITH SPYING FOR AMERICA AND THE COMMUNIST-CONTROLLED PRESS USED THEIR INDICTMENT AS A SIGNAL FOR NEW BLASTS AGAINST THE U.S. LEGATION HERE.

THE FIVE, TWO OF THEM FORMER EMPLOYES OF THE AMERICAN LEGATION, WERE ACCUSED OF TRANSMITTING POLITICAL, ECONOMIC AND MILITARY INFORMATION TO THE AMERICAN INTELLIGENCE SERVICE.

THE INDICTMENTS WERE PUBLISHED IN THE MORNING NEWSPAPERS UNDER THE HEADING: "THE LEGATION OF THE UNITED STATES IN SOFIA -- CENTER OF PLOTS AND ESPIONAGE AGAINST THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF BULGARIA."

THE NEWSPAPER BLAST AND THE ARRESTS BROKE A SILENCE OF SEVERAL WEEKS WHICH FOLLOWED BULGARIA'S DEMAND THAT U.S. MINISTER TO SOFIA DONALD R. HEATH BE RECALLED BECAUSE OF ALLEGED ANTI-BULGARIAN ACTIVITIES REVEALED IN THE TRIAL OF FORMER VICE PREMIER TRAIKO KOSTOV.

THE U.S. THREATNED TO BREAK OFF DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS UNLESS THE DEMAND IS WITHDRAWN.

(THE U.S. STATE DEPARTMENT PROTESTED STRONGLY THE MENTION OF HEATH'S NAME IN CONNECTION WITH THE TREASON TRIAL IN WHICH KOSTOV WAS CONVICTED AND SUBSEQUENTLY HANGED FOR PLOTTING WITH MARSHAL TITO OF YUGOSLAVIA TO OVERTHROW THE BULGARIAN PRO-COMINFORM REGIME.)

(THE BULGARIANS DEMANDED HEATH'S RECALL JAN. 19, GIVING EVIDENCE AT THE KOSTOV TRIAL AS THEIR REASON FOR DECLARING HIM PERSONA NON GRATA. THE U.S. PROMPTLY DELIVERED A SHARP NOTE THE FOLLOWING DAY THREATENING TO BREAK OFF DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH BULGARIA IMMEDIATELY UNLESS THE RECALL DEMAND WAS WITHDRAWN. NO TIME LIMIT WAS SET AND THE BULGARIANS HAVE REMAINED SILENT SINCE THE THREAT WAS MADE. HEATH HAS REMAINED IN SOFIA, BUT HIS STATUS HAS NOT BEEN CLEAR. STATE DEPARTMENT SOURCES IN WASHINGTON HAVE INDICATED THAT THE TIME IS DRAWING CLOSE FOR A FINAL SHOWDOWN ON THE ISSUE.)

30.24- 9109

A81

AMONG THOSE INDICTED TODAY WERE MICHAIL SHIPKOV, 39, A FORMER INTERPRETER FOR THE AMERICAN LEGATION AND SON OF A WEALTHY EXPORTER OF ATTAR OF ROSES (A MAJOR PRODUCT OF BULGARIA, USED IN MAKING PERFUMES); AND JIVKA RINDOVA, 32-YEAR-OLD FORMER TELEPHONE OPERATOR AT THE LEGATION.

ALSO INDICTED ARE STEFAN KRTUNKOV, 23, SAID TO BE IN OPPOSITION TO THE GOVERNMENT; NICOLA TZANOV, 23, FORMERLY A MEMBER OF THE FASCIST YOUTH ORGANIZATION DURING THE WAR, AND VASSIL MALCHEV, 19, A STUDENT.

SHIPKOV, IN A PRE-TRIAL CONFESSION, WAS SAID TO HAVE DECLARED THAT HEATH "EVERY DAY AND AT EVERY SEPARATE OCCASION" SOWED AMONG THE EMPLOYES OF THE AMERICAN LEGATION THE IDEA THAT THE PRESENT COMMUNIST-LED REGIME WAS ONLY TEMPORARY AND WOULD BE CHANGED.

THE INDICTMENT SAID SHIPKOV GAVE ECONOMIC INFORMATION IN 1946 TO ROBERT STRONG, A SECRETARY IN THE AMERICAN LEGATION, AND IN 1947 TO CHARGE D'AFFAIRES JOHN HORNER. HE IS ALSO CHARGED WITH PASSING ON POLITICAL INFORMATION TO HEATH THIS YEAR.

MK/SJ806AES

A12

SHIPKOV TESTIFIED HE WAS WARNED BY BULGARIAN AUTHORITIES LAST AUGUST TO DISCONTINUE HIS ACTIVITIES AND HE REPORTED TO HEATH THE DANGER OF BEING UNCOVERED AS AN AMERICAN AGENT IF HE APPEARED A SECOND TIME BEFORE THE AUTHORITIES.

AS A RESULT, HE SAID, HEATH INSTRUCTED HIM NOT TO APPEAR THE SECOND TIME BUT TO HIDE IN THE ATTIC OF THE LEGATION. SHIPKOV SAID HE REMAINED IN THE ATTIC UNTIL LAST FEB. 11.

THE OTHER FORMER LEGATION EMPLOYE, MISS RINDOVA, WAS QUOTED IN HER PRE-TRIAL EXAMINATION AS SAYING HEATH VISITED SHIPKOV IN HIS ATTIC HIDING PLACE AND PROMISED TO DO EVERYTHING TO GET HIM OUT OF THE COUNTRY. SHE SAID SHE LEARNED THIS FROM ANOTHER LEGATION EMPLOYE, MISS LORNA FURBUSH.

THE INDICTMENT QUOTED A NOTE FROM HEATH TO THE FOREIGN MINISTRY LAST SEPTEMBER, REQUESTING A PASSPORT FOR SHIPKOV AND HIS FAMILY.

JUST THIS MONTH, THE INDICTMENT SAID, FIRST LEGATION SECRETARY RAYMOND CORTNEY GAVE SHIPKOV AN IDENTIFICATION CARD "BELONGING TO A FASCIST NOW IN TURKEY."

"THE POSSESSION OF THIS IDENTITY CARD BY THE AMERICAN LEGATION," THE INDICTMENT SAID, "IS AN INDICATION THAT AMERICAN INTELLIGENCE DISPOSES WITH THE ARCHIVES OF THE COUNTRIES UNDER THEIR CONTROL."

CORTNEY, THE INDICTMENT WENT ON, ALSO GAVE SHIPKOV FOOD, MONEY, POISON AND A HOSPITAL FORM OF FALSIFICATION OF A MEDICAL DOCUMENT, THEN TRANSPORTED HIM ON FEB. 11 FROM THE LEGATION TO A NEIGHBORING STREET AND WISHED HIM GOOD LUCK ON HIS JOURNEY TO TURKEY.

THREE DAYS LATER SHIPKOV WAS ARRESTED.

THE INDICTMENT SAID MISS RINDOVA TRANSMITTED ESPIONAGE INFORMATION TO VARIOUS AMERICAN OFFICIALS, INCLUDING COL.RALPH WADE, PEACE TREATY ATTACHE, AND NAVAL CAPT.ROBERT GIBBS.

MISS RINDOVA ATTEMPTED TO FLEE TO YUGOSLAVIA, BUT FAILED, THEN TRIED TO CROSS INTO GREECE AND WAS CAUGHT ON THE BULGARIAN FRONTIER LAST OCTOBER, TOGETHER WITH STEFAN KRATUNKOV, 23, WHO WAS ALSO INDICTED TODAY.

THE OTHER TWO CHARGED IN THE INDICTMENT ARE NICOLA TZANOV, 23, FORMERLY A MEMBER OF THE FASCIST YOUTH ORGANIZATION DURING THE WAR, AND VASSIL MALCHEV, 19, A STUDENT.

K&MJ509PES

BELGRADE, YUGOSLAVIA, FEB. 21-(AP)-YUGOSLAVIA GRANTED RECOGNITION TONIGHT TO THE REBEL VIETNAM REGIME OF HO CHI-MINH IN INDOCHINA IN THE FACE OF STRONG OPPOSITION FROM FRANCE.

FOREIGN MINISTER EDVARD KARDELJ SENT A TELEGRAM TO HO SAYING:

"LED BY THE PRINCIPLE OF RESPECTING THE RIGHTS OF EVERY PEOPLE TO INDEPENDENCE AND SOVEREIGNTY THE YUGOSLAV GOVERNMENT HAS CONSIDERED STATEMENTS OF THE PREMIER OF VIETNAM AND HAS AUTHORIZED ME TO DECLARE THAT IT ACCEPTS THE PROPOSAL OF YOUR GOVERNMENT ON ESTABLISHMENT OF DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS BETWEEN YUGOSLAVIA AND YOUR COUNTRY."

YUGOSLAVIA DELIBERATED MORE THAN THREE WEEKS ON THE RECOGNITION QUESTION. THE SOVIET UNION HAS RECOGNIZED HO'S REBEL REGIME. THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN HAVE RECOGNIZED THE FRENCH-SPONSORED RIVAL VIETNAM GOVERNMENT OF BAO DAI.

THE YUGOSLAV ANNOUNCEMENT GAVE MEANING TO THIS PARAGRAPH IN A SPEECH LAST WEEKEND BY PREMIER MARSHAL TITO:

"OUR FOREIGN POLICY MUST BE IN CONFORMITY WITH OUR SOCIALISTIC, OUR COMMUNIST PRINCIPLES. IF SOMEBODY TELLS US THEY WILL NOT DO BUSINESS WITH AND THAT WE WILL NOT BE GIVEN MACHINES BECAUSE WE HAVE ESTABLISHED RELATIONS WITH THIS OR THAT COUNTRY X X X WE WILL NOT TAKE THOSE MACHINES AND WILL RECOGNIZE THE STATE WHICH WE CONSIDER SHOULD BE RECOGNIZED--BECAUSE THIS IS TO OUR INTEREST, TO THE INTEREST OF SOCIALISM IN OUR COUNTRY."

YUGOSLAVIA HAS TRADE AGREEMENTS WITH FRANCE. IT COULD NOT BE DETERMINED WHETHER THE FRENCH HAVE THREATENED TO STOP DELIVERIES OF MACHINERY IMPORTANT TO YUGOSLAV ECONOMY IN THE EVENT YUGOSLAVIA RECOGNIZED HO'S ANTI-FRENCH REGIME.

KA520PES

WITH SOFIA SPIES

BY ALEX SINGLETON

BELGRADE, YUGOSLAVIA, FEB. 21-(AP)-THE UNITED STATES WILL BREAK DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH BULGARIA IN A FEW DAYS, RESPONSIBLE SOURCES REPORTED TODAY.

SOME SOURCES SAID THEU.S.LEGATION STAFF IN SOFIA WILL PULL OUT BY TRAIN, BAG AND BAGGAGE, ON FRIDAY.

THIS WILL BE THE STERNEST DIPLOMATIC STEP THE STATE DEPARTMENT YET HAS TAKEN AGAINST ANY ONE OF THE COMMUNIST COUNTRIES IN THE COMINFORM PARTNERSHIP SINCE THE COLD WAR BETWEEN EAST AND WEST BEGAN.

THE UNITED STATES HAD WARNED BULGARIA IT WOULD BREAK RELATIONS UNLESS THE BULGARIAN GOVERNMENT WITHDREW ITS DEMAND FOR THE RECALL OF THE U.S.MINISTER, DONALD R.HEATH. SOFIA HAS ACCUSED HEATH OF BEING IN THE "CENTER OF PLOTS AND ESPIONAGE AGAINST THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF BULGARIA."

FD1038AES

AFTER DEFENSE ATTORNEYS ANNOUNCED THEY WOULD APPEAL, JUDGE OLTHY CALLED UP VOGELER AND SANDERS AND ASKED:

"DID YOU UNDERSTAND THE COURT THROUGH THE INTERPRETER?"

EACH REPLIED: "I DID."

"YOUR ATTORNEY HAS APPEALED. DO YOU WISH TO JOIN HIM?"

"YES, I DO," EACH REPLIED.

THE JUDGE ACCEPTED THE APPEALS OF THE DEFENSE AND OF THE PROSECUTOR, GYULA ALAPI, AND ORDERED BOTH SIDES TO SUBMIT BRIEFS WITHIN EIGHT DAYS, FOR FORWARDING TO THE HIGHER COURT.

VOGELER AND SANDERS THREW QUICK GLANCES ABOUT THE LITTLE COURTROOM AS THEY WERE TAKEN AWAY UNDER GUARD. EACH HAS BEEN UNDER ARREST SINCE NOV.18.

IN HIS REASONING ON THE CASE, JUDGE OLTHY DECLARED THE I.T.& T. AND STANDARD COMPANY WERE "MONOPOLISTIC CONCERNS OF THE UNITED STATES" WHICH COOPERATED CLOSELY WITH U.S.MILITARY CIRCLES AFTER THE WAR.

THE COMPANIES SENT BUSINESS MEN TO HUNGARY AND OTHER COUNTRIES IN CENTRAL AND EASTERN EUROPE "TO COMMIT MILITARY, ECONOMIC AND POLITICAL ESPIONAGE," HE CHARGED. HE DECLARED THE COURT HAD NO DOUBT VOGELER AND SANDERS WERE SENT TO HUNGARY FOR THAT PURPOSE.

"THEIR EXTENSIVE WORK WAS COVERED PARTLY THROUGH STANDARD AND PARTLY BY USING FROZEN ACCOUNTS FROM THE NATIONAL BANK, WHICH WERE PUT AT THEIR DISPOSAL WITH THE COOPERATION OF RADO," HE SAID.

A193

THE JUDGE SAID THE COURT, IN PASSING SENTENCES, TOOK INTO CONSIDERATION THAT MOST OF THE DEFENDANTS HAD NOT BEEN CONVICTED OF CRIMES BEFORE, THAT MOST WERE MARRIED AND THAT THEY HAD MADE "SINCERE CONFESSIONS." IN THE CASE OF VOGELER AND SANDERS, HE SAID THEY HAD BEEN ORDERED BY MILITARY SUPERIORS TO "CARRY OUT THEIR ACTIVITIES IN THIS COUNTRY" AND BOTH ACKNOWLEDGED THEY HAD NO GRUDGE AGAINST HUNGARY.

JUDGE OLTHY SAID, HOWEVER, THAT AGGRAVATING CIRCUMSTANCES INCLUDED THE "CONTINUOUS CHARACTER OF THEIR SUBVERSIVE ACTIVITIES, THEIR HIGH EDUCATION AND THE FACT THQT THEY CARRIED OUT THEIR WORK IN A PERIOD" WHEN THE INTERNATIONAL SITUATION IS EXTREMELY STRAINED.

INFORMATION COLLECTED BY THE GROUP WOULD ENDANGER THE SECURITY OF THE COUNTRY IN THE HANDS OF "UNAUTHORIZED PERSONS," HE SAID. THIS WAS DECLARED TO INCLUDE DATA ON HUNGARIAN FACTORY PRODUCTION, TROOP MOVEMENTS AND EQUIPMENT, FRONTIER SECURITY MEASURES, AIR FIELDS, THE ORGANIZATION OF GOVERNMENTAL OFFICES, CONFIDENTIAL GOVERNMENTAL ORDERS AND THE ORGANIZATION OF RAILWAY AND TELEPHONE LINES.

UNDER HUNGARIAN LAW, THE AMERICAN AND THE BRITON MIGHT HAVE BEEN SENTENCED TO DEATH. BOTH HAD ASKED FOR CLEMENCY. LIKE GEIGER AND RADO, THEY WERE CHARGED UNDER ARTICLE III OF AN ACT OF 1930 WHICH PROVIDES THE DEATH PENALTY FOR ESPIONAGE. SABOTAGE ALSO MAY BE PUNISHABLE BY DEATH.

THE OTHER DEFENDANTS WERE CHARGED UNDER AN ARTICLE OF THE ACT WHICH PROVIDES FOR A TOP SENTENCE OF 15 YEARS UPON CONVICTION.

U.S. MINISTER NATHANIEL DAVIS TOLD CORRESPONDENTS AFTER THE SENTENCING THAT HE WOULD HAVE "NO STATEMENT ON THE RECORD FOR THE TIME BEING, AS THE FIRST STATEMENT HAS TO COME FROM MY GOVERNMENT."

VOGELER AND SANDERS WERE LOCKED UP AGAIN TONIGHT IN A JAIL WHICH HAS NOT BEEN IDENTIFIED. THE NAME OF THE PRISON TO WHICH THEY WILL BE SENT ALSO WILL BE KEPT SECRET UNDER ORDINARY HUNGARIAN PROCEDURE.

(MRS.VOGELER TOLD NEWSMEN IN VIENNA SHE WILL APPEAL TO HUNGARY TO FREE HER HUSBAND "BECAUSE I LOVE HIM, I NEED HIM AND OUR CHILDREN NEED HIM." THEY HAVE TWO SONS, BOBBY, 9, AND BILLY, 8.)

TECHNICALLY THE SENTENCES WILL NOT START UNTIL THE HIGHER COURT HAS HEARD THE APPEALS. IT COULD NOT BE LEARNED WHEN THE APPEALS WILL BE PRESENTED.

MJ540PES

VOGELER TRIAL
BY ENDRE MARTON

BUDAPEST, HUNGARY, FEB.21-(AP)-AMERICAN BUSINESSMAN ROBERT A. VOGELER, WHO CALMLY CONFESSED HE SPIED IN HUNGARY FOR THE U.S. ARMY, GOES BEFORE A PEOPLES COURT TODAY TO LEARN HIS FATE.

VOGELER, 38, ASSISTANT VICE PRESIDENT OF THE INTERNATIONAL TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY, HAS PLEADED GUILTY TO ESPIONAGE CHARGE AND RENEWED HIS APPEAL FOR A MILD SENTENCE WHEN HIS THREE-DAY TRIAL ENDED YESTERDAY.

GUILTY PLEAS ALSO WERE ENTERED BY VOGELER'S BRITISH ASSISTANT, EDGAR SANDERS, AND FIVE HUNGARIAN CO-DEFENDANTS--INCLUDING A ROMAN CATHOLIC PRIEST AND A BARMAID.

THE FIVE-MAN PEOPLE'S COURT--URGED BY THE PROSECUTOR TO METE OUT "SEVEREST PUNISHMENT" -- IS SCHEDULED TO HAND DOWN ITS VERDICT THIS MORNING (7 A.M. EST). IF NORMAL PROCEDURE IS FOLLOWED SENTENCES WILL BE PRONOUNCED AT THE SAME TIME.

PLEADING GUILTY TO ALL COUNTS OF AN INDICTMENT WHICH CHARGED HIM WITH ESPIONAGE, SABOTAGE AND ATTEMPTING TO DRIVE A WEDGE BETWEEN HUNGARY AND THE SOVIET UNION, VOGELER HAD TOLD THE COURT:

"I AM SORRY FOR THE DETRIMENTAL DEEDS I COMMITTED AND I ASK FOR A MILD SENTENCE."

PRESIDING JUDGE VILMOS OLTHY SAID THE COURT WOULD TAKE INTO CONSIDERATION HIS PLEA FOR LENIENCE.

VOGELER'S HUNGARIAN LAWYER, IMRE BARD, DECLARED THE DEFENDANT HAD "CAUSED BLOOD AND TEARS" BUT ASKED THE COURT TO CONSIDER THE FACT HIS CLIENT HAD BEEN UNDER MILITARY DISCIPLINE FROM HIS YOUTH, HAD SPENT ONLY EIGHT TO 10 WEEKS IN HUNGARY AND REGRETTED HIS ACTS.

CALMLY AND UNEMOTIONALLY VOGELER TOLD THE COURT LAST WEEK THAT HE WAS A PROFESSIONAL AGENT WORKING OUT OF U.S. ARMY INTELLIGENCE HEADQUARTERS IN VIENNA. HE SAID HE HAD BEEN INSTRUCTED TO OBTAIN SPECIAL INFORMATION ABOUT RADAR PRODUCTION, ROCKETS, URANIUM AND OIL DEPOSITS IN HUNGARY AND TO HELP ATOMIC SCIENTISTS TO FLEE THE COUNTRY.

HE DECLARED THAT HE SENT ECONOMIC AND POLITICAL INFORMATION TO U.S. INTELLIGENCE HEADQUARTERS.

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A50

"I KNOW I HAVE TO SUFFER PUNISHMENT," VOGELER SAID IN HIS FINAL PLEA TO THE COURT YESTERDAY.

THE YOUNG BUSINESSMAN HAD BEEN ROVING EUROPEAN REPRESENTATIVE FOR THE I.T. & T. SINCE 1945. IN HIS CONFESSION HE SAID HE USED HIS POSITION ONLY "AS A COVER FOR MY ESPIONAGE WORK." HE TOLD THE COURT THAT HE HAD BEEN A U.S. SPY, TRAINED IN TECHNICAL ESPIONAGE, SINCE 1942.

(IN VIENNA, HIS BELGIAN-BORN WIFE, LUCILE, TERMED THE CHARGES AGAINST VOGELER "UTTERLY RIDICULOUS AND FANTASTIC." SHE SAID SHE AND HER HUSBAND WERE IN CHICAGO, ILL., IN 1942 AND ASKED: "WHO WAS HE SUPPOSED TO BE SPYING AGAINST THERE?" COMMENTING ON HIS CONFESSION MRS. VOGELER SAID, "IT IS OBVIOUS TO ANYONE WHO KNEW BOB AT ALL THAT HE HAS BEEN DRUGGED OR SUBJECTED TO SOME KIND OF TORTURE TO MAKE HIM SAY ALL THESE THINGS."

(SOSTHENES BEHN, CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD OF I.T. AND T., ISSUED A STATEMENT IN NEW YORK LAST WEEK SAYING THE CHARGES AGAINST VOGELER WERE "FANTASTIC IN THE EXTREME AND TOTALLY UNTRUE." HE EXPRESSED THE BELIEF THAT THE CONFESSIONS BY VOGELER AND SANDERS "COULD ONLY HAVE BEEN MADE UNDER CIRCUMSTANCES OF EXTREME DURESS, COERCION AND THREATS.")

VOGELER'S ARREST LAST NOV.18 AS HE WAS LEAVING BUDAPEST FOR VIENNA STRAINED DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND HUNGARY.

PROTESTING THE FACT THAT VOGELER WAS HELD INCOMMUNICADO FOR THREE MONTHS WITHOUT BEING ALLOWED TO SEE AMERICAN DIPLOMATIC

REPRESENTATIVES, THE STATE DEPARTMENT ORDERED TWO HUNGARIAN CONSULATES CLOSED IN THE U.S. AND BANNED AMERICAN TRAVEL TO HUNGARY.

VOGELER TOLD THE COURT HE HAD BEEN ORDERED BY HIS U.S. ARMY INTELLIGENCE SERVICE SUPERIORS TO COMMIT SABOTAGE BY BUYING USELESS MATERIALS FOR THE STANDARD ELECTRIC COMPANY.

THE STANDARD CONCERN IS THE I.T. & T. SUBSIDIARY IN HUNGARY. SEVERAL OF ITS EMPLOYES HAVE BEEN ARRESTED IN CONNECTION WITH THE VOGELER CASE. VOGELER'S BRITISH ASSISTANT, SANDERS, ALSO CONFESSED IN THE TRIAL TO SPYING AND SABOTAGE, DECLARING THAT HE WAS A MEMBER OF THE BRITISH INTELLIGENCE SERVICE.

THE FIVE HUNGARIAN DEFENDANTS -- THREE OF THEM STANDARD EMPLOYES -- ALL MADE CONFESSIONS WHICH IMPLICATED VOGELER AS THE ORGANIZER OF THE ESPIONAGE RING.

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A51

IN THE CLOSING SPEECH OF THE TRIAL THE PUBLIC PROSECUTOR, GYULA ALAPI, DECLARED VOGELER WAS "A SPY WHO LOST AND WAS UNMASKED."

ALAPI, WHO IN THE SAME COURTROOM WITH OLTHY AS PRESIDING JUDGE SENT JOSEF CARDINAL MINDSZENTY TO A LIFE TERM IN PRISON AND SENT FORMER FOREIGN MINISTER LASZLO RAJK TO THE GALLOWS, CALLED VOGELER A "GREAT SPY."

HE SAID THE "GANG IN THE DOCK" WAS ONLY A SMALL PART OF A WORLD-WIDE SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION INVOLVING MANY BRITISH-AMERICAN DIPLOMATS AND REPRESENTING "A GREAT DANGER" TO HUNGARY.

BEFORE THE TRIAL STARTED, COMMUNIST VICE PREMIER MATYAS RAKOSI TOLD HIS PARTY'S CENTRAL COMMITTEE "THESE GENTLEMEN WHO ARE SPYING IN HUNGARY ON ORDERS OF AMERICAN, BRITISH AND OTHER CHIEFS WILL RECEIVE SEVERE PUNISHMENT ACCORDING TO HUNGARIAN LAW."

THE DEFENDANTS WERE SAID IN COURT TO HAVE "INFLICTED IMMENSE LOSS TO THE ECONOMY" OF THE COUNTRY AND HAD HELPED SABOTAGE HUNGARY'S THREE-YEAR ECONOMIC PLAN.

MK607AES

PARGUE, CZECHOSLOVAKIA,FEB.21-(AP)-THE AMERICAN EMBASSY ANNOUNCED TODAY IT IS MAKING "FREQUENT REPRESENTATIONS" TO THE CZECH FOREIGN MINISTRY IN ORDER TO ARRANGE A VISIT WITH TWO ARRESTED AMERICAN MORMON MISSIONARIES.

BUT THUS FAR, A SPOKESMAN SAID, THE ONLY REPLY RECEIVED HAS BEEN A NOTE STATING THAT THE TWO MISSIONARIES WERE ARRESTED JAN.28 FOR ATTEMPTING TO ENTER "A PROHIBITED AREA."

JAMES K.PENFIELD, COUNSELLOR OF THE EMBASSY, SAID AMERICAN AUTHORITIES ~~STILL HAVE NOT BEEN INFORMED WHERE THE TWO MISSIONARIES~~ ARE BEING HELD. IT HAS BEEN RELIABLY REPORTED THAT THEY ARE IN JAIL IN OLOMOUC, CENTRAL MORAVIA.

THE MISSIONARIES, STANLEY E.ABDOTT, 23, OF LEHI, UTAH, AND C.ALDON JOHNSON, 22, OF IDAHO FALLS, IDAHO, WERE ARRESTED WHILE TRAVELLING THROUGH MORAVIA EN ROUTE TO VISIT CHURCH MEMBERS LIVING NEAR THE POLISH BORDER. THEY HAVE BEEN HELD INCOMMUNICADO SINCE.

BJ1240PES

NIGHT LEAD CZECH (230)

PRAGUE, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, FEB.21-(AP)-THE UNITED STATES EMBASSY SAID TODAY IT IS STILL SEEKING PERMISSION FROM THE CZECH FOREIGN OFFICE TO CONTACT TWO AMERICAN MORMON MISSIONARIES HELD INCOMMUNICADO SINCE THEIR ARREST JAN.28.

THE EMBASSY'S "FREQUENT REPRESENTATIONS" TO THE MINISTRY HAVE BROUGHT ONLY THE REPLY THAT THE TWO WERE ARRESTED FOR ATTEMPTING TO ENTER "A PROHIBITED AREA."

JAMES K.PENFIELD, COUNSELLOR OF THE EMBASSY, SAID AMERICAN OFFICIALS STILL HAVE NOT BEEN INFORMED WHERE THE MISSIONARIES ARE BEING HELD, THOUGH IT HAS BEEN RELIABLY REPORTED THEY ARE IN JAIL AT OLOMOUC, CENTRAL MORAVIA.

THE MISSIONARIES, STANLEY E.ABBOTT, 23, OF LEHI, UTAH, AND C. ALDON JOHNSON, 22, OF IDAHO FALLS, IDAHO, WERE DETAINED WHILE TRAVELLING THROUGH MORAVIA TO VISIT CHURCH MEMBERS LIVING NEAR THE POLISH BORDER.

MEANWHILE, 11 MORMON MISSIONARIES, TWO OF THEM ORDERED EXPELLED FROM CZECHOSLOVAKIA LAST SATURDAY, ARRIVED IN MUNICH, GERMANY, TODAY. THEY ARE EN ROUTE TO THE UNITED STATES OR TO OTHER MISSIONS IN WESTERN GERMANY AND ENGLAND.

THE DEPARTURE LAST NIGHT LEFT ONLY THREE MORMON MISSIONARIES IN CZECHOSLOVAKIA, INCLUDING WALLACE TORONTO, HEAD OF THE CHURCH HERE.

THE CHURCH IS TURNING OVER ITS ACTIVITIES TO CZECH CONVERTS, UNDER PROVISIONS OF CZECHOSLOVAKIA'S NEW CHURCH LAWS.

FIFTEEN MISSIONARIES HAVE BEEN EXPELLED SINCE LAST MAY AFTER BEING CHARGED WITH ENDANGERING "THE SAFETY AND SECURITY OF THE STATE." TORONTO SAID "I INTEND TO REMAIN HERE AS LONG AS POSSIBLE."

SF640PES

(110)

WARSAW, POLAND, FEB.21-(AP)-INFORMED QUARTERS HERE EXPECT THE POLISH GOVERNMENT TO TAKE FURTHER MEASURES SOON AGAINST MEMBERS OF THE ROMAN CATHOLIC HIERARCHY. ONE BISHOP IS ALREADY UNDER ARREST.

SOME FOREIGN OBSERVERS BELIEVE THE GOVERNMENT AIMS AT A POLISH NATIONAL CATHOLIC CHURCH DIVORCED OF ALL CONNECTION WITH ROME.

THREE BISHOPS HAVE BEEN SINGLED OUT FOR ATTACK. THEY ARE BISHOPS STANDISLAS ADAMSKI OF KATOWICE, JAN LEK OF SADONIERZ AND CZESLAW MAREK OF KIELCE. THEY ARE ACCUSED OF ATTITUDES INNIMICAL TO THE "PEOPLE'S POLAND."

BISHOP KAZIMIERZ KOWALSKI IS ALREADY UNDER ARREST AT HIS HOME IN POMERANIA. HE IS CHARGED WITH USING HIS EPISCOPAL AUTHORITY TO DISCIPLINE A PRIEST WHO SUPPORTED THE COMMUNIST-LED GOVERNMENT ON CHURCH MATTERS.

another bishop, lucjan bernacki gniezo, poland's premier diocese, was violently attacked in the controlled press today for removing dean bielski (otherwise unidentified) from office.

the newspapers claimed the bishop acted because bielski had publicly approved of government action taken against the catholic church welfare organization, caritas.

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another priest, removed from office by last tuesday bishop bernacki, was decorated with the commander's cross of the order of polonia restituta, it was announced today.

the priest, canon edmund konkorski, attended a conference of 120 priests in warsaw last month which supported a new administration of caritas imposed by the polish government ministries of public administration, education, labor and social welfare.

since then the press has claimed that, under church control, caritas suffered from fraud and mismanagement of supplies and funds.

in a pastoral letter last sunday the heirarchy claimed caritas had been run in accordance with the wishes of those overseas who had contributed. the letter stated that since the state had taken over "as far as the church is concerned, caritas is liquidated."

the communist newspaper tribuna ludu declared today that "the people in the government cannot permit church dignitaries acting on the orders of foreign circles to vent their anger on those clergymen who act in accordance with their consciences and the laws of the republic."

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the press declared that overseas assistance for catholic charities came from the american heirarchy "with all the guiles of warmongers and politicians connected with the episcopate."

#

30.24- 9113

By Eddy Gilmore

Moscow, Feb. 21--(ap)--The Soviet Union plans to expand reciprocal trade with a number of countries of Eastern Europe, it was believed here today.

Russia already has worked out reciprocal deliveries for 1950 with Poland and Bulgaria.

Delegations from Czechoslovakia, [redacted] Eastern Hungary and Germany are [redacted] here. Delivery schedules with them also should be completed soon.

Trade experts in foreign embassies believe when those schedules are announced they will reveal increases as shown in Bulgaria's quotas.

The trade turnover between the Soviet Union and Bulgaria has been set at a 20 per cent increase over last year.

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Chinese trade representatives likewise still are in Moscow, and they too are believed to be eager to work out arrangements for this year with the Russians.

It is also thought the Chinese might initiate arrangements with some of the other Eastern European countries while they are here, but Russia is the country with which Communist China is expected to conduct its single biggest reciprocal trade.

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ac/gilmores 1800s/tho/620p

A88
BY EDDY GILMORE (280)
MOSCOW, FEB. 21-(AP)-NEARLY EVERY WESTERN DIPLOMAT IN MOSCOW BELIEVES THE WESTERN POWERS WILL MAKE AN EFFORT TO GET TOGETHER WITH THE SOVIET UNION ON ATOMIC CONTROL, AND PERHAPS OTHER PROBLEMS, THIS SPRING OR SUMMER.
THEY BELIEVE THE NEW MOVE FOR DIRECT TALKS WILL COME FROM THE WEST, FOR RUSSIA HAS OFTEN SAID SHE IS READY TO DISCUSS OUTSTANDING PROBLEMS AT ANY TIME.
THE BETTING AMONG DIPLOMATS IS THAT THE MOVE WILL COME EITHER THROUGH THE UNITED NATIONS OR VIA THE COUNCIL OF FOREIGN MINISTERS (BIG FOUR).
SOME ENVOYS HERE FEEL THE SOVIETS WOULD LIKE TO SEE ANY SUCH TALKS EXPANDED TO INCLUDE THE QUESTION OF A JAPANESE PEACE TREATY AS WELL AS A PEACE TREATY WITH GERMANY.
THIS IS ONE OF THE REASONS THEY BELIEVE THE QUESTION OF REPRESENTATION OF COMMUNIST CHINA IN THE UNITED NATIONS MUST BE SETTLED SOON. IT IS PERFECTLY CLEAR, THEY SAY, THAT THE RUSSIANS ARE NOT GOING TO DO BUSINESS THERE OR ELSEWHERE WITH REPRESENTATIVES OF CHIANG KAI-SHEK'S REGIME.
IT MIGHT BE ADDED THAT MANY DIPLOMATS HERE BELIEVE THE CHINESE COMMUNIST DELEGATION WILL EVENTUALLY BE SEATED IN THE U.N.
TALK IN THE UNITED STATES ABOUT THE HYDROGEN BOMB HAS NOT CAUSED ANY EXCITEMENT HERE. IN THIS CONNECTION IT SHOULD BE RECALLED THAT THE ATOMIC BOMB WAS NEVER MUCH OF A SENSATION IN THE SOVIET UNION.
THERE IS NO WAY OF TELLING IF THE SOVIETS HAVE THE HYDROGEN BOMB SECRET OR IF THEY ARE WORKING ON IT, JUST AS THERE WAS NO TELLING IF THEY HAD THE ATOMIC SECRET.
THE SOVIETS NOWADAYS ARE BEHAVING THE SAME WAY THEY DID IN THAT PERIOD WHEN MOST OF THE WORLD BELIEVED THE UNITED STATES HAD A MONOPOLY IN THE ATOMIC FIELD. THEY ARE BELITTLING THE ATOMIC SCARE AND ARE CERTAINLY NOT COMING TO THE WEST WITH PROPOSALS TO SETTLE THE QUESTION NOR ARE THEY INTIMATING THEY MIGHT MAKE CONCESSIONS.
SN1035PES

AS51QX
NIGHT LEAD CHINESE (325)
BY SPENCER MOOSA
TAIPEI, FORMOSA, FEB.21-(AP)-CHINESE NATIONALIST BOMBERS TODAY ATTACKED POWER PLANTS IN SHANGHAI AND NANKING AND REPORTED HEAVY DAMAGE TO BOTH.
THE RAID ON NANKING, ONETIME NATIONALIST CAPITAL WHICH THE COMMUNISTS SEIZED LAST APRIL, WAS THE THIRD IN AS MANY DAYS. AIR HEADQUARTERS SAID THE POWER PLANT WAS WRECKED COMPLETELY AND NANKING WAS DEPRIVED OF ALL ELECTRICITY.
THE RAID ON SHANGHAI BY FOUR-ENGINED B-24 BOMBERS WAS REPORTED TO HAVE ALMOST COPLEELY DEROT

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THE RAID ON SHANGHAI BY FOUR-ENGINED B-24 BOMBERS WAS REPORTED TO HAVE ALMOST COPLEELY DEROYDE

TO HAVE ALMOST COMPLETELY DESTROYED THE CHEPEI POWER PLANT, ONE OF THREE IN THE CITY. THE OTHER TWO, ONE OF THEM AMERICAN-OWNED, WERE REPORTED SEVERELY DAMAGED IN RAIDS FEB. 6 AND 8.
THE SHANGHAI RAIDERS ALSO REPORTED HITTING THREE OCEAN-GOING SHIPS IN HARBOR. THEY SAID INCREASED ANTIAIRCRAFT FIRE MET THEM BUT ALL RETURNED SAFELY.
OTHER WIDESPREAD RAIDS HIT NINGPO, 75 MILES SOUTH OF SHANGHAI; THE PORTS OF AMOY AND FOOCHOW ON THE MAINLAND JUST WEST OF FORMOSA; THE RED TOEHOLDS ON THE CHUSAN ISLANDS 100 MILES SOUTH OF SHANGHAI; AND RED JUNKS UP AND DOWN THE COAST.
THE RAIDERS ALSO SCATTERED LEAFLETS DENOUNCING THE CHINESE-RED-SOVIET TREATY OF FEB. 14 AND URGING THE PEOPLE TO REVOLT AGAINST THE COMMUNISTS.
THE PUBLISHED TERMS OF THIS PACT PROVIDE FOR EVENTUAL RESTORATION TO THE CHINESE REDS OF FULL CONTROL OF MANCHURIAN RAILWAYS, NOW UNDER JOINT SOVIET-CHINESE MANAGEMENT.
THE DEFENSE MINISTRY ISSUED A STATEMENT ALLEGING THAT ACTUALLY THE REDS HAVE TURNED OVER TO RUSSIA ALL RAILWAYS IN MANCHURIA. IT SAID INTELLIGENCE REPORTS SHOWED ALL RESIDENTS WITHIN 50 KILOMETERS (31 MILES) OF THE RAILWAY TRACKS HAD BEEN ORDERED TO GET OUT, THEIR BUILDINGS BEING TAKEN OVER BY SOVIET ARMY UNITS.
THERE WAS NO WAY OF TELLING WHETHER THE REPORT WAS BASED ON FACT OR WAS PURELY PROPAGANDA.
STILL HOPEING FOR A MODICUM OF AMERICAN AID, THE FORMOSA PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT DISCLOSED IT WAS ASKING FOR A $10,000,000 U.S. LOAN TO STABLIZE THE CURRENCY. IT SAID THE REQUEST WAS BEING TAKEN TO WASHINGTON BY LORIS CRAIG, PROGRAM DIRECTOR OF THE ECONOMIC COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION.
DP1001PCS

A104FX
VCHINESE (300)
TAIPEI, FORMOSA, FEB. 21-(AP)-OFFICIAL NATIONALIST SOURCES SAID TODAY CHINESE COMMUNISTS ARE CLEARING RESIDENTS OUT OF A 30-MILE STRIP ALONG THE CHANGCHUN RAILROAD IN MANCHURIA.
THE NATIONALIST DEFENSE MINISTRY SAID RUSSIAN TROOPS WOULD OCCUPY THE ZONE. THE MINISTRY SAID THE AREA FORMED A 15-MILE STRIP EACH SIDE OF THE TRACKS. THE RAILROAD IS OPERATED JOINTLY BY CHINESE AND RUSSIANS.
IT WAS PRESUMED HERE THAT THE EVACUATION ORDER WOULD NOT APPLY TO HARBIN, MUKDEN AND OTHER MAJOR TOWNS ALONG THE RAILROAD.
CONTINUED NATIONALIST WARPLANE RAIDS ON COMMUNIST CHINA WERE REPORTED. NANKING WAS HIT AGAIN. A POWER PLANT WAS REPORTED KNOCKED OUT COMPLETELY, CUTTING OFF ELECTRICITY IN THE FORMER NATIONALIST CAPITAL.

AIR HEADQUARTERS ANNOUNCED ITS B-24 BOMBERS TODAY ALMOST COMPLETELY DESTROYED THE CHAPEI POWER PLANT IN SHANGHAI AND HIT THREE OCEAN-GOING SHIPS IN HARBOR.
THE CHAPEI PLANT IS ONE OF THREE IN SHANGHAI. ALL WERE DAMAGED IN RAIDS FEB. 6 AND 8.

HEAVY DAMAGE TO MILITARY ESTABLISHMENTS WAS REPORTED IN NINGPO, THRIVING TOWN 75 MILES SOUTH OF SHANGHAI.
MANY JUNKS WERE SAID TO HAVE BEEN SUNK BY RAIDING PLANES IN AN ATTACK ON RED FORCES NEAR THE CHUSAN ISLANDS. THESE ARE MOSTLY A NATIONALIST ISLAND STRONGHOLD 100 MILES SOUTHEAST OF SHANGHAI.
NATIONALIST SOURCES REPORTED FURTHER COMMUNIST PREPARATIONS FOR AN ASSAULT ON NAMOA ISLAND OFF THE MAINLAND SEAPORT OF SWATOW. TWO SMALL ISLANDS FLANKING NAMOA WERE REPORTED REINFORCED BY THE COMMUNIST 121ST DIVISION. NAMOA WAS SHELLED BY THESE DIVISIONS WITH NATIONALIST FORCES ANSWERING THE RED ARTILLERY.
NAMOA IS AN IMPORTANT POINT FOR SUPPLIES SMUGGLED TO NATIONALIST GUERRILLAS IN THE SEABOARD PROVINCES OF FUKIEN AND KWANGTUNG.
MEANWHILE THE BRITISH STEAMER KWEIYANG, WHICH BROUGHT 1,015 NATIONALIS SOLDIERS AND THEIR DEPENDENTS TO NATIONALIST FORMOSA FROM HONG KONG, WAS ORDERED TO TAKE ALL BUT A HANDFUL OF THEM BACK.
NATIONALIST SOURCES SAID ONLY ABOUT 35 PERSONS ABOARD THE SHIP HAD THEIR PAPERS IN ORDER.
ON THE DIPLOMATIC FRONT COL. DAVID D. BARRETT, ASSISTANT U.S. MILITARY ATTACHE TO CHINA ARRIVED IN THIS NATIONALIST CAPITAL FROM PEIPING, COMMUNIST CAPITAL.
HE WAS THE FIRST AMERICAN OFFICIAL TO COME FROM HERE FROM NORTH CHINA SINCE WASHINGTON ORDERED THE WITHDRAWAL OF ITS PERSONNEL FROM RED CHINA.
X651APS

A106FX
HONG KONG, FEB. 21-(AP)-ACTING POLICE COMMISSIONER W.L.B. SPARROW SAID TODAY HIS DEPARTMENT HAS NO EVIDENCE TO SUBSTANTIATE A REPORT THAT 25,000 CHINESE COMMUNIST TROOPS ARE MASSED ON THE HONG KONG BORDER.
THE POLICE DEPARTMENT ORDINARILY IS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE 20 MILE BORDER WITH CHINA AND SHOULD BE THE FIRST TO KNOW ABOUT ANY SUCH DEVELOPMENT.
OTHER SOURCES YESTERDAY REPORTED THE MASSING OF CHINESE RED TROOPS FIVE MILES INSIDE THE CHINESE BORDER.
X655APS NM

A105FX
TOKYO, FEB. 21-(AP)-PRIME MINISTER SHIGERU YOSHIDA TODAY ASSURED JAPANESE THAT HE DOES NOT BELIEVE A THIRD WORLD WAR IS IMMINENT.
HE SAID HE MADE THE STATEMENT IN THE FACE OF THE RUSSO-CHINESE TREATY OF ALLIANCE WHICH WAS SIGNED IN MOSCOW ON FEB. 14.
AS THE PREMIER SPOKE, THE U.S. ARMY ANNOUNCED LAND, SEA AND AIR FORCES OF THE FAR EAST COMMAND HELD SECRET INTER-SERVICE TRAINING EXERCISES THROUGHOUT CENTRAL JAPAN MONDAY.
X653APS

30.24- 9115

A78
(120)
HANOI, INDOCHINA, FEB.21-(AP)-CHINESE COMMUNIST TROOPS WERE REPORTED TODAY BY CREWMEN OF AN AIRLINER FROM HONG KONG TO HAVE INVADED THE NATIONALIST-HELD ISLAND OF HAINAN.
THE CREWMEN SAID THEY HAD SEEN VIOLENT FIGHTING ON THE ISLAND AS THEY FLEW PAST ON A REGULAR FLIGHT FROM HONG KONG.
HAINAN LIES OFF THE DIRECT ROUTE FROM HONG KONG TO HAIPHONG.
HAINAN AND FORMOSA ARE THE LAST TWO MAJOR ISLAND HOLDINGS OF THE NATIONALIST FORCES OF GENERALISSIMO CHIANG KAI-SHEK.
AS HIANAN IS SEPARATED FROM CHINA'S MAINLAND BY A STRAIT ONLY 10 MILES WIDE, IT IS MORE VULNERABLE THAN FORMOSA, WHICH LIES 100 MILES OR MORE OFF THE COAST OF FUKIEN PROVINCE.
COMMUNIST INVASION OF HAINAN HAS BEEN REPORTED BEFORE BUT HAS BEEN DENIED. TODAY'S REPORT WAS NOT IMMEDIATELY CONFIRMED.
MK752AES

B95 (Q)
JAKARTA, JAVA, U.S.I. FEB 21-(AP)-THE UNITED STATES OF INDONESIA TODAY NOTIFIED THE SOVIET UNION IT WILL SEND REPRESENTATIVES TO MOSCOW TO DISCUSS OPENING OF DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS BETWEEN THE TWO COUNTRIES.
THE FOREIGN MINISTRY RELEASED THE TEXT OF A TELEGRAM FROM SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI Y. VISHINSKY DATED FEB. 15 ASKING WHETHER INDONESIA PREFERRED TO SEND REPRESENTATIVES TO MOSCOW TO WORK OUT THE DETAILS OR WHETHER INDONESIA WANTED RUSSIANS TO COME TO JAKARTA FOR THE PRELIMINARY TALKS.
THE MINISTRY SAID IT HAD INFORMED MOSCOW THAT THE U.S.I. WOULD SEND DELEGATES TO RUSSIA AND WOULD NOTIFY THE RUSSIAN GOVERNMENT LATER ON THE DATE AND PERSONNEL OF THE DELEGATION.
MT1138AES

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(150)
NEW DELHI, INDIA, FEB.21-(AP)-OFFICIAL SOURCES SAID INDIA AND PAKISTAN AGREED TODAY ON HOW TO INVESTIGATE THE RECENT MOSLEM-HINDU RIOTS IN EAST AND WEST BENGAL WHICH TOOK HUNDREDS OF LIVES.
BOTH COUNTRIES AGREED TO GIVE FULL FACILITIES TO MEMBERS OF AN INDIAN-PAKISTANI COMMISSION WHO ARE ABOUT TO BEGIN A TOUR ON WHICH THEY WILL TRY TO "ASCERTAIN THE FACTS" CONCERNING THE RIOTING.
THE SOURCES PLACED THE CASUALTIES IN CALCUTTA AT 51 MOSLEMS AND 41 HINDUS, AND ELSEWHERE IN INDIA AT 51 MOSLEMS AND 31 HINDUS. THEY SAID 1,200 HINDUS AND 150 MOSLEMS HAD BEEN ARRESTED IN CALCUTTA ALONE. THE CITY NOW IS REPORTED QUIET.
THE TOLL IN EAST BENGAL IS NOT KNOWN DEFINITELY, BUT ONE REPORT SAID 200 BODIES WERE CREMATED AFTER THE FIRST TWO DAYS OF RIOTING THERE ABOUT TWO WEEKS AGO.
DELHI OFFICIALS SAID THE DACCA RIOTING WAS CAUSED BY "INCITEMENT BY LEADING MOSLEM LEAGUERS AND OTHERS" AT THE TIME OF A FEB.10 MOSLEM FUNERAL PROCESSION THERE.
THE OFFICIALS SAID THAT AS A RESULT OF THE RIOTING MORE THAN 50,000 HINDUS OF A TOTAL HINDU POPULATION IN DACCA OF 80,000 WENT TO REFUGEE CAMPS TO BE PROTECTED BY MILITARY GUARDS. -DASH-

IN NEW YORK CITY, MEANWHILE, POLICE HEADQUARTERS SAID ZAFRULLAH KHAN, PAKISTAN DELEGATE TO THE UNITED NATIONS, HAD ASKED PROTECTION AGAINST POSSIBLE ASSAULT BY HINDUS POSING AS MOSLEMS.
A POLICE MESSAGE SAID KHAN ASKED SUCH PROTECTION THROUGH THE NEW YORK OFFICE OF THE STATE DEPARTMENT.
NEW YORK POLICE PASSED ON THE REQUEST TO STATE AND LOCAL POLICE IN NEW JERSEY. KHAN LIVES AT (215 SPRINGFIELD AVENUE) SUMMIT, N.J.
HA934PES

A74
JERUSALEM, FEB.21-(AP)-PRIME MINISTER DAVID BEN-GURION SAID TODAY THREE MINISTERS WHO HAVE BOYCOTTED CABINET MEETINGS WILL ATTEND TOMORROW'S SESSION.
THE THREE, WHO REPRESENT ISRAEL'S ORTHODOX JEWS, STAYED AWAY TO PROTEST WHAT THEY CALLED LEFT-WING, ATHEISTIC TEACHINGS IN THE COUNTRY'S IMMIGRANT CAMPS.
BEN-GURION PROMISED SPEEDY DISCUSSION OF THIS PROBLEM BY BOTH THE CABINET AND PARLIAMENT.
THE THREE DISSIDENT MINISTERS ARE MOSHE SHAPIRO, MINISTER FOR IMMIGRATION AND HOME AFFAIRS, RABBI Y.L.FISHMAN, RELIGIOUS AFFAIRS, AN RABBI Y.L.LEVIN, SOCIAL WELFARE.
PS928PES

Jerusalem, Feb. 21 -(ap)- A parliamentary source said it appeared that today /a political crisis over a split between religious orthodox and nonorthodox members of the Israeli cabinet has been ended.

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A spokesman for three dissident orthodox ministers said they have indicated a willingness to recognize the principle of "collective responsibility for all cabinet decisions."

The principle was reiterated at today's session of the cabinet which was not attended by the dissidents--moshe shapiro,

minister for immigration and home affairs; rabbi y.l. fishma, religious affairs and rabbi y. l levin, social welfare.

The three accused the government of sending "leftwing atheist as teachers into jewish immigration camps. the government denied the charge.

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DONJEK RIVER YUKON, FEB.21-(AP)-THE CANADIAN ARMY HAS ISSUED RIGID ORDERS TO GUARD THE SECURITY OF MILITARY INFORMATION ON THE ALASKA HIGHWAY, VITAL 1,221-MILE ROAD LINK BETWEEN BRITISH COLUMBIA AND ALASKA AND SCENE OF EXERCISE SWEETBRIAR, FIRST JOINT CANADIAN-AMERICAN SUB-ARCTIC MANEUVERS.

IT HAS THREATENED DISCIPLINARY ACTION AGAINST ARMY PERSONNEL WHO VIOLATE A SERIES OF RULES THAT COVER VISITS OF CIVILIANS TO MILITARY BASES, BURNING SECRET MATERIAL, AND ORDERS THAT NO SECRET INFORMATION IS TO BE DISCUSSED OVER THE TELEPHONE.

THIS DONJEK RIVER BASE IS THE HEADQUARTERS OF THE CANADIAN ARMY ENGINEERING COMPANY THAT MAINTAINS THE HIGHWAY, BUILT DURING THE LAST WAR.

THE ORDER ISSUED BY ARMY HEADQUARTERS IN DECEMBER TIES IN WITH REPORTS THAT OFFICIAL RUSSIAN REPRESENTATIVES IN CANADA HAVE SUBSCRIBED TO NEWSPAPERS ALONG THE HIGHWAY ROUTE AND THAT MOUNTIES ARE WATCHING THE EXERCISE AREA IN CASE SIGNS OF ESPIONAGE TURN UP.

THE ORDER SAYS THE NEED FOR SECURITY TODAY IS AS GREAT AS IT WAS IN WARTIME.

OFFICERS MUST SEE THAT ALL SECRET MATERIAL FOR DESTRUCTION IS BURNED. THEY ARE CHARGED WITH SEEING THAT SPECIFIC MEASURES ARE CARRIED OUT.

DP1005PCS

YUKON-ALASKA BORDER, FEB.21-(AP)-WAR CAME TO BORDER CITY, ALASKA, YESTERDAY.

MRS.GRACE GRAHEK, WHO SHARES WITH HER HUSBAND THE CITY'S LONE DWELLING--A TRADING POST--TOLD REPORTERS SHE "HOPES ALASKA WINS," BUT SHE WAS GETTING A BIG KICK OUT OF EXERCISE SWEETBRIAR'S MOCK HOSTILITIES.

PLANES DODGED OVERHEAD MOST OF THE DAY AS THE RETREATING AGGRESSOR FORCES OBLIGED MRS.GRAHEK. THEY SET UP SUCH A GOOD DEFENSIVE POSITION SMACK ON THE YUKON-ALASKA BORDER THAT THE UMPIRES HAD TO CALL A HALT IN THE JOINT CANADIAN-AMERICAN ADVANCE. AMERICAN TROOPS, WHICH BUMPED THE POSITION EARLY IN THE MORNING, WERE RIDDLED AND FORCED TO WITHDRAW.

THE PRINCESS PATRICIA'S CANADIAN LIGHT INFANTRY ATTACKED IN THE EARLY EVENING DARKNESS, ONE COMPANY DOWN THE HIGHWAY INTO THE WOODED, SNOW-COVERED TERRAIN, ANOTHER MAKING A WIDE SWEEP IN SNOWMOBILES IN A FLANKING ATTACK. THEY BECAME THE FIRST CANADIAN UNIT TO INVADE ALASKA IN PEACETIME.

THEY POINTED STRAIGHT FOR NORTHWAY, 52 MILES AWAY, WHERE THE 11-DAY MANEUVER WILL CONCLUDE THURSDAY.

THE WAR SHOULD BE PRETTY WELL GONE THEN FROM THE LITTLE WHITE TRADING POST WHERE MRS.GRAHEK'S HUSBAND, MATT, GOT AN INSPIRATION ONE DAY AND WENT OUT ON THE HIGHWAY AND NAILED UP A SIGN SAYING "BORDER CITY."

BUT IT WAS GOOD WHILE IT LASTED. THE GRAHEKS SOLD ALL THEIR LIQUOR AND THERE WAS THE RATTLE OF FIREARMS AND THE PLANES SCOOTED LOW ALONG THE HIGHWAY.

DP954PCS

SECOND NIGHT LEAD ACHESON-ECA

BY ROGER D.GREENE

WASHINGTON,FEB.21-(AP)-SECRETARY OF STATE ACHESON SERVED NOTICE ON CONGRESS TODAY THAT AMERICAN "SPOT AID" WILL STILL BE NEEDED AFTER THE FOUR-YEAR EUROPEAN RECOVERY PROGRAM ENDS IN 1952.

THERE HAS BEEN TALK OF SUCH A NEED BEFORE, BUT THIS IS THE FIRST TIME THE ADMINISTRATION HAS MADE IT SO FLAT AND OFFICIAL.

THE SECRETARY ALSO WARNED THAT RUSSIA IS SHOWING "SIGNS OF INCREASING BOLDNESS" IN PURSUIT OF THE KREMLIN'S "DESIGN FOR WORLD DOMINION."

ACHESON DID NOT SET A FIGURE FOR "SPOT" AID TO FOLLOW THE MARSHALL PLAN, WHICH ALREADY INVOLVES NEARLY $12,000,000,000 FOR THE FIRST THREE YEARS. BUT HE MADE IT CLEAR THAT HE CONSIDERS THE UNITED STATES HAS NO CHOICE BUT TO CONTINUE ITS FOREIGN AID.

THE POST-1952 ASSISTANCE, HE SAID, WILL BE REQUIRED TO GET INDIVIDUAL NATIONS OVER THE ECONOMIC HUMP.

ACHESON SPENT MOST OF THE DAY ON CAPITOL HILL, FIRST TESTIFYING BEFORE A JOINT SESSION OF THE SENATE AND HOUSE FOREIGN COMMITTEES IN SUPPORT OF THE ADMINISTRATION'S PLEA FOR $3,100,000,000 TO AID EUROPEAN RECOVERY FOR THE THIRD YEAR.

THEN HE WENT BEFORE THE HOUSE FOREIGN AFFAIRS COMMITTEE IN A LIVELY TWO-HOUR SESSION IN WHICH A BARRAGE OF QUESTIONS DREW FROM HIM THE ADMISSION THAT THE END OF AMERICAN AID IS NOT YET IN SIGHT.

REP.RIBICOFF (D-CONN) PUT THE QUESTION TO HIM BLUNTLY: WILL U.S. AID END AT THE CONCLUSION OF THE MARSHALL PLAN PROGRAM IN 1952?

"NO," ACHESON REPLIED. "I DON'T THINK ALL AMERICAN AID WILL END FOR THE WORLD, AND CERTAINLY SOME PARTS OF EUROPE, IN 1952."

THE CABINET MEMBER SAID THE EXTENT OF FUTURE AID DEPENDS ON THE SUCCESS OF AMERICA'S EFFORTS TO "CLOSE THE DOLLAR GAP."

THE UNITED STATES, HE CONTINUED, MUST ENCOURAGE THE IMPORT OF FOREIGN GOODS TO PROVIDE OTHER COUNTRIES WITH DOLLARS EVEN THOUGH IT HURTS AT HOME.

"I DO NOT THINK ALL FOREIGN AID CAN END FOR SOME COUNTRIES WHICH I WOULD RATHER NOT NAME," HE SAID. "ONE OF THE BASIC THINGS WILL BE OUR SUCCESS IN HELPING OTHER NATIONS TO HELP THEMSELVES. IF WE ARE SUCCESSFUL, SOME NATIONS MAY ONLY NEED SPOT AID TO HELP THEM OVER THE ROUGH PLACES."

LATER, HE AGREED WITH REP.JAVITS (R-LIB-NY) THAT CUTTING OFF ECONOMIC COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION (ECA) HELP TO FRANCE AND ITALY WOULD PROVOKE INFLATION, UNEMPLOYMENT AND SLACKENED PRODUCTION--CONDITIONS "MADE TO ORDER FOR COMMUNISM."

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A29WX

ECA CHIEF PAUL G.HOFFMAN TOLD SENATORS THAT EUROPE'S POST-WAR RECOVERY HAS MADE GREAT PROGRESS BUT IT STILL HAS A LONG WAY TO GO, PARTICULARLY TOWARD GETTING THE NATIONS TO WORK TOGETHER.

SENATOR ALEXANDER SMITH (R-NJ) DEMANDED:

"ISN'T ECA MERELY RESTORING THE PRE-WAR ISOLATIONISM OF EUROPEAN

COUNTRIES?"
"WITH MINOR QUALIFICATIONS," HOFFMAN REPLIED, "THAT IS RIGHT."
HOFFMAN SAID ECA CERTAINLY HAS NO RIGHT TO BE ENTHUSIASTIC ABOUT CURRENT PROGRESS TOWARD GETTING THE MARSHALL PLAN NATIONS TOGETHER TOWARD A CLOSE-KNIT ECONOMY.
"SOME PROGRESS HAS BEEN MADE," HE SAID, "BUT IT WOULD BE WASHED OUT QUICKLY IF IT DOESN'T PROGRESS FAR BEYOND WHAT IT IS TODAY."
EARLIER, SECRETARY ACHESON HAD TOLD THE JOINT SENATE-HOUSE COMMITTEES:
"IN THE CONTEXT OF THE PRESENT WORLD CRISIS, THE (RECOVERY) TASK IS DOUBLY ACUTE. DOUBLY URGENT."

ACHESON DID NOT ELABORATE ON HIS REMARK ABOUT MOSCOW'S "INCREASING BOLDNESS," BUT DIPLIMATIC AUTHORITIES SAID HE UNDOUBTEDLY ALLUDED TO A GENERAL FEELING THAT COMMUNISM IS ON THE MARCH ONCE AGAIN.
THESE AUTHORITIES NOTED THE COMMUNIST SWEEP THROUGH CHINA INTO ASIA, INCLUDING INDO-CHINA, AND OMENS OF SOVIET PRESSURE IN EUROPE.
IN THIS CONNECTION, ACHESON CITED AMERICA'S FIRM OPPOSITION TO "THE KREMLIN DEFINITION OF INTERNATIONALISM AS THE UNRESERVED AND UNHESITATING AND UNCONDITIONAL READINESS OF EVERY STATE TO TAKE THE PART ASSIGNED TO IT BY THE KREMLIN."
ACHESON FRANKLY ACKNOWLEDGED THAT RUSSIA HAS SCORED "MAJOR SUCCESSES" IN ITS FOREIGN POLICY, BUT HE TOLD THE LAWMAKERS:
"THESE SUCCESSES FALL SHORT OF ITS AMBITIONS AND IT NOW INESCAPABLY CONFRONTS THE NATIONS OF THE FREE WORLD WHICH CANNOT ACCEPT ITS DEFINITION OF INTERNATIONALISM."
ACHESON SPOKE OUT AFTER CHAIRMAN PAUL G.HOFFMAN OF THE ECONOMIC COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION (ECA) TOLD THE SENATE AND HOUSE COMMITTEES:
"THERE ARE FEW HEADLINES AND LITTLE DRAMA IN THE BATTLE OF RECOVERY. BUT IF WE WANT TO AVERT WORLD WAR III, WITH THE AWFUL THREAT OF THE H-BOMB, WE SIMPLY HAVE GOT TO DO IT."
HOFFMAN DECLARED THAT VICTORY MUST BE ACHIEVED IN THE COLD WAR WITH RUSSIA TO PREVENT THE FREE WORLD FROM BECOMING A "SLAVE WORLD."
TO KEEP THE MARSHALL PLAN ROLLING FOR THE 12-MONTH PERIOD BEGINNING JULY 1, HOFFMAN ASKED CONGRESS TO AUTHORIZE $2,950,000,000 IN NEW MONEY AND PERMISSION TO SPEND ANOTHER $150,000,000 LEFT OVER FROM THE CURRENT FISCAL YEAR'S $3,778,000,000 ECA FUND.
IF CONGRESS AGREES, THE THREE-YEAR TOTAL EXPENDITURES FOR AMERICAN AID TO THE 18 MARSHALL PLAN NATIONS WOULD AMOUNT TO $11,823,000,000.
FOREWARNED OF ALMOST CERTAIN OPPOSITION ON CAPITOL HILL, HOFFMAN DEFENDED HIS REQUEST AS THE ROCK BOTTOM NECESSARY TO BLOCK COMMUNISM IN EUROPE AND KEEP UP THE PACE OF WESTERN EUROPE'S RECOVERY.
"THIS IS THE MINIMUM WE THINK WE SHALL NEED," HE SAID, "BUT IF WE CAN SAVE ANY OF IT WITHOUT WRECKING THE RECOVERY PROGRAM, I AGAIN PLEDGE YOU MY WORD WE SHALL DO SO."
IN HIS 5,000-WORD PREPARED STATEMENT, THE ECA CHIEF EMPHASIZED THAT HIS REQUEST FOR FISCAL 1951 IS $150,000,000 LESS THAN PROPOSED IN PRESIDENT TRUMAN'S BUDGET AND $828,000,000 LESS THAN THE FIGURE APPROVED BY CONGRESS FOR THE CURRENT YEAR.
HOWEVER, A NUMBER OF CONGRESS MEMBERS HAVE TALKED OF STIFFER CUTS, RANGING AS HIGH AS TWO BILLION DOLLARS.
HOFFMAN SAID EUROPE'S MOUNTING INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION UNDER THE MARSHALL PLAN HAS BEEN "SPECTACULAR...A NEAR MIRACLE," AND HE DECLARED IT WOULD BE "CRUEL WASTE FOR AMERICA NOT TO FINISH THE JOB."

A209WX

ECA IS SCHEDULED TO END IN 1952.
SKETCHING BOTH SIDES OF THE EAST-WEST CONFLICT, SECRETARY ACHESON TOLD THE COMMITTEES:
"THE KREMLIN CAN AND IS PURSUING ITS COURSE WITH EFFICIENCY AND WITH SIGNS OF INCREASING BOLDNESS."
BUT, HE SAID:
"THE FREE WORLD ALSO HAS IMPORTANT SUCCESSES TO RECORD. THE SOVIET WORLD HAS NOTHING TO MATCH ERP (EUROPEAN RECOVERY PROGRAM) AND THE (PRESIDENT TRUMAN'S) POINT 4 CONCEPT IN THE ECONOMIC FIELD.
"IT HAS NOTHING TO MATCH THE COMING TO INDEPENDENCE OF INDIA, PAKISTAN, THE PHILIPPINES AND OTHER NATIONS IN THE POLITICAL FIELD--ON THE CONTRARY IT HAS BUILT A SYSTEM OF SATELLITE STATES, THE VERY TERM BEING DESCRIPTIVE OF THE NEGATION OF FREEDOM AND THE FRUSTRATION OF NATIONALISM."
ACHESON WENT ON TO SAY THAT WHILE THERE IS GROWING DEBATE IN EUROPE ON THE PROBLEMS OF FEDERATION, "NEITHER THE PEOPLE NOR THEIR GOVERNMENTS APPEAR READY FOR THIS STEP."
"BUT I WANT TO EMPHASIZE ONE STEP WHICH IS PARTICULARLY IMPORTANT AT THE PRESENT TIME," HE SAID. "THAT IS THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A EUROPEAN PAYMENTS UNION TO PERMIT THE FREE EXCHANGE OF EUROPEAN CURRENCIES."
ON THIS POINT, ECA CHIEF HOFFMAN DISCLOSED THAT HIS AGENCY PLANS TO EARMARK $600,000,000 TO FINANCE SUCH A CLEARING HOUSE, DESIGNED TO GUARANTEE A FREE EXCHANGE OF CURRENCY AMONG EUROPE'S NUMEROUS COUNTRIES.

GG409PES

FEB 22 1950

WASHINGTON, FEB.21-(AP)-THE STATE DEPARTMENT TOLD A CHILLING STORY OF INTRIGUE IN BULGARIA TODAY, WOVEN AROUND AMERICAN LEGATION MANEUVERS WHICH FOR MONTHS STAVED OFF "CERTAIN DEATH" AT THE HANDS OF COMMUNIST SECRET POLICE FOR A BULGARIAN STAFF EMPLOYE.
THE OCCASION FOR RELEASE OF THE LONG-SECRET STORY WAS ITS TRAGIC ENDING--THE EFFORT TO KEEP TRANSLATOR MICHAEL SHIPKOV, 39, OUT OF RED HANDS FINALLY FAILED.
THE BULGARIAN REGIME ANNOUNCED HIS INDICTMENT TODAY ON "SPYING" CHARGES. THE INDICTMENT, ON CHARGES WHICH THE STATE DEPARTMENT DISMISSED AS FALSE, COINCIDED WITH BREAKING OF U.S. RELATIONS WITH BULGARIA.
THE STORY REALLY BEGINS WITH ANOTHER BULGARIAN TRANSLATOR IN THE SOFIA LEGATION, IVAN SECOULOV. HE DIED IN A COMMUNIST JAIL THREE DAYS AFTER HIS ARREST LAST AUGUST. HE WAS ONE OF THREE BULGARIAN STAFF MEMBERS WHO, THE DEPARTMENT SAID TODAY, HAD BEEN TORTURED AND KILLED BY THE COMMUNIST MILITIA AND SECRET POLICE.
THE DEPARTMENT SAID THAT IN VIEW OF WHAT HAPPENED TO SECOULOV, U.S. MINISTER DONALD R.HEATH "HAD GOOD REASON TO FEAR THAT THE SAME FATE WOULD BEFALL" SHIPKOV, THE ONLY REMAINING TRANSLATOR IN THE LEGATION.
"AT THE LATTER'S REQUEST, THEREFORE, HE (HEATH) MADE A PERSONAL APPEAL TO THE FOREIGN OFFICE TO GRANT EXIT VISAS TO MR.SHIPKOV AND HIS FAMILY, CONSISTING OF HIS WIFE AND CHILD.
"THE REQUEST WAS BASED ON THE FACT THAT THE FOREIGN OFFICE HAD BEEN UNABLE TO PREVENT THE MILITIA FROM PERSECUTING AND KILLING LOCAL EMPLOYES OF THE LEGATION.
"THE FOREIGN OFFICE WAS INFORMED THAT COMPLIANCE WITH THE REQUEST WOULD BE INTERPRETED BY THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT AS CONCRETE EVIDENCE OF THE BULGARIAN GOVERNMENT'S SINCERE DESIRE TO RESTORE SOME DEGREE OF COMITY TO UNITED STATES-BULGARIAN RELATIONS X X X."
BUT ON AUGUST 20, THE DEPARTMENT RELATED, SHIPKOV WAS ARRESTED, QUESTIONED WITHOUT LET-UP FOR 32 HOURS, AND "TORTURED INTO MAKING FALSE CONFESSIONS OF HAVING COMMITTED IMAGINARY ACTS OF SABOTAGE AND ESPIONAGE AGAINST THE BULGARIAN GOVERNMENT, IMPLICATING HIS

PERSONAL FRIENDS AND OFFICIALS OF THE AMERICAN AND BRITISH LEGATIONS."

A57WX

THE TRANSLATOR FINALLY WAS RELEASED UPON HIS SIGNED AGREEMENT TO RETURN TO THE LEGATION AND ACT AS A SPY-INFORMER, THE DEPARTMENT SAID.

BUT HE HAD "THE STRENGTH OF CHARACTER AND COURAGE TO OVERCOME HIS PERSONAL FEAR" AND TELL THE LEGATION THE TRUTH IN A SWORN STATEMENT, IT WENT ON, ADDING:

"IN THE LIGHT OF THE BRUTAL CONDUCT OF THE MILITIA, AND OF THE COURAGE AND DEVOTION TO HIS IDEALS SHOWN BY SHIPKOV, IT WOULD HAVE BEEN A BETRAYAL OF ALL PRINCIPLES OF HUMANITY TO HAVE TURNED HIM OUT OF THE CHANCERY STRAIGHT INTO THE HANDS OF THE SECRET POLICE AND CERTAIN DEATH."

ACCORDINGLY, SHIPKOV WAS PERMITTED TO STAY IN THE LEGATION. HEATH RENEWED PLEAS FOR AN EXIT VISA, TELLING THE MAN'S STORY, AND THE FOREIGN OFFICE EXPRESSED DEEP REGRET. FOREIGN MINISTER VLADIMIR POPTOMOV WAS QUOTED AS STATING ON OCT.11 THAT THE MALTREATMENT WAS AGAINST THE POLICY OF THE GOVERNMENT, INDICATING THAT THOSE RESPONSIBLE WOULD BE PUNISHED.

BUT ON JAN.12 THERE WAS A NOTE FROM THE FOREIGN OFFICE SAYING SHIPKOV WAS WANTED FOR INVESTIGATION IN CONNECTION WITH "ACTS OF A NATURE HOSTILE TO THE STATE" AND THAT AUTHORITIES HAD DETERMINED THAT THE LEGATION "HAD AIDED SHIPKOV TO HIDE."

DESPITE THAT FORMAL NOTICE, THE LEGATION DECIDED THAT "IN COMMON HUMANITY" AND IN VIEW OF THE BULGARIAN RECORD OF "RUTHLESSNESS AND INJUSTICE" IT COULD NOT RELEASE SHIPKOV TO ALMOST CERTAIN DEATH ON FALSE CHARGES. SO HE WAS ALLOWED TO REMAIN IN THE LEGATION UNTIL "RECENTLY WHEN AT HIS OWN REQUEST AND IN VIEW OF THE PROBABILITY OF THE IMMINENT WITHDRAWAL OF U.S. DIPLOMATIC REPRESENTATIVES FROM BULGARIA, HE LEFT THE LEGATION TO SEEK A MORE PERMANENT REFUGE."

THE DEPARTMENT CONCLUDED ITS ACCOUNT:

"MR.SHIPKOV'S SEIZURE BY THE BULGARIAN MILITIA CONSTITUTES STILL ANOTHER IN THE LONG CHAIN OF TRAGEDIES WHICH HAVE OVERWHELMED DECENT, FREEDOM-LOVING BULGARIANS."

AB823PES

"I DON'T INTEND TO GET INTO AN ARGUMENT WITH THE SENATOR," ACHESON ANSWERED. Wash ADD x-v McCarthy

A SHORT WHILE EARLIER, SENATE DEMOCRATS DECIDED IN A CONFERENCE THAT THEY WILL LAUNCH AN INVESTIGATION OF MCCARTHY'S CHARGES THROUGH AN ESTABLISHED SENATE COMMITTEE.

MCCARTHY'S PRINCIPAL ALLEGATIONS WERE THAT:

1. A "BIG THREE"--TWO MEN AND A WOMAN--IS DIRECTING A SPY RING WITHIN THE STATE DEPARTMENT.

2. EIGHTY-ONE COMMUNISTS ARE CURRENT OR FORMER EMPLOYES OF THE STATE DEPARTMENT.

3. A MEMBER OF A COMMUNIST FRONT ORGANIZATION WHO COULDN'T GET SECURITY CLEARANCE FOR A STATE DEPARTMENT JOB TURNED UP AS A WHITE HOUSE SPEECH WRITER.

COMMENTING ON THE LATTER ACCUSATION, CHARLES G.ROSS, PRESIDENT TRUMAN'S PRESS SECRETARY, SAID:

"I DON'T THINK THAT'S TRUE. IT CERTAINTLY IS A SURPRISE TO ME. I HAVE NO REASON TO BELIEVE THERE IS A CARD-CARRYING COMMUNIST AMONG THE PRESIDENT'S ADVISERS."

MCCARTHY NAMED NO NAMES IN HIS LENGTHY SPEECH, ALTHOUGH DEMOCRATIC LEADER LUCAS OF ILLINOIS AND OTHER ADMINISTRATION SUPPORTERS REPEATEDLY CHALLENGED HIM TO DO SO. THE WISCONSIN SENATOR SAID HE WOULD GIVE THE NAMES OF THOSE HE ACCUSED TO AN APPROPRIATE COMMITTEE DESIGNATED TO LOOK INTO THE CHARGES.

LUCAS SAID AFTER THE CONFERENCE OF DEMOCRATIC SENATORS THAT A THOROUGH INVESTIGATION OF THE CHARGES WILL BE MADE BY EITHER THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE OR THE SPECIAL SENATE INVESTIGATING COMMITTEE OF WHICH MCCARTHY IS A MEMBER. BUT LUCAS SAID IF THE LATTER GROUP IS ASSIGNED THE TASK, MCCARTHY WOULD HAVE TO DISQUALIFY HIMSELF.

LUCAS SAID:

"IF THERE ARE ANY COMMUNISTS SERVING IN THE GOVERNMENT OR IF MCCARTHY OR ANYBODY ELSE CAN GIVE US PROOF THAT THERE ARE THOSE CARRYING COMMUNIST CARDS, THE DEMOCRATS WILL WELCOME SUCH PROOF AND WILL JOIN IN SEEING THAT THOSE EMPLOYES ARE FIRED IMMEDIATELY."

MCCARTHY SAID THE "BIG THREE" DIRECTING THE SPY RING ARE "ONE OF OUR FOREIGN MINISTERS" AT AN IMPORTANT EUROPEAN LISTENING POST, A MAN NOW WORKING IN THE OFFICE OF AN ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE, AND A WOMAN WHO FORMERLY WAS A TOP OFFICIAL OF THE DEPARTMENT'S OFFICE OF INTERNATIONAL EDUCATION.

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FEB 22 1950

BULGARIAN-AMERICANS

WASHINGTON,FEB.21-(AP)-THERE ARE 56 AMERICANS IN BULGARIA WITH OFFICIAL STATUS, ACCORDING TO STATE DEPARTMENT RECORDS.

THEY INCLUDE FOREIGN SERVICE PERSONNEL, MILITARY, NAVAL AND AIR ATTACHES AND THEIR FAMILIES.

THE PRINCIPAL ASSISTANT TO DONALD R.HEATH, THE AMERICAN MINISTER, IS JAMES E.BROWN,JR., LEGATION COUNSELOR. BROWN'S HOME IS 56 BEAVER ST. SEWICKLEY,PA.

THE NAVAL ATTACHE IS CAPT.ROBERT HENRY GIBBS. COL.BROOKNER BRADY IS THE ARMY ATTACHE. CAPT.ROSS L.MITCHELL IS ASSISTANT AIR ATTACHE.

THEIR HOME ADDRESSES WERE NOT IMMEDIATELY AVAILABLE.

FR125PES

WASHINGTON, FEB.21-(AP)-ECA CHIEF PAUL HOFFMAN SAID TODAY GREAT BRITAIN, GERMANY AND FRANCE ARE DUE TO GET THE BIGGEST SHARES OF AID UNDER THE THIRD YEAR OF THE MARSHALL PLAN.

GREAT BRITAIN, HE SAID, HAS BEEN ALLOCATED THE LARGEST SINGLE AMOUNT, A TOTAL OF $687,100,000 (M). GERMANY IS TAGGED TO RECEIVE $552,900,000 (M) AND FRANCE $502,800,000 (M).

THE ECONOMIC COOPERATION ADMINISTRATOR GAVE REPORTERS A BREAKDOWN OF PROPOSED ALLOCATIONS AFTER APPEARING BEFORE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES TO REQUEST MONEY TO CARRY ON THE RECOVERY PROGRAM.

HE ASKED $2,950,000,000 IN NEW CASH FOR THE 12 MONTHS STARTING JULY 1, PLUS AUTHORITY TO SPEND AN EXTRA $150,000,000 SAVED FROM THIS YEAR'S FUNDS.

OTHER ALLOCATIONS FOLLOW:

AUSTRIA $124,400,000 (M); BELGIUM $142,800,000 (M); DENMARK $65,000,000; TRIESTE $10,000,000; GREECE $148,800,000; ICELAND $5,200,000.

IRELAND $33,500,000; ITALY $290,600,000; NETHERLANDS $192,800,000; NORWAY $67,100,000; PORTUGAL $23,500,000; SWEDEN $34,300,000 AND TURKEY $44,100,000.

THE TOTAL AID ALLOCATED ADDS UP TO $2,925,000,000 (B). HOFFMAN SAID ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES WOULD BE IN ADDITION TO THIS TOTAL.

HOFFMAN LATER MADE IT CLEAR THAT THE ALLOCATIONS ARE TENTATIVE AND THAT ECA RESERVES THE RIGHT TO MAKE CHANGES.

"THE WAY THE PROGRAM COMES OUT AT THE END OF THE YEAR, IT'S NEVER THE SAME AS IT IS WHEN WE START," HE EXPLAINED.

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(ADVANCE FOR USE AT 3 A.M., EASTERN STANDARD TIME, WEDNESDAY, FEB.22

CARIBBEAN MANEUVERS

(ADVANCE)..WASHINGTON, FEB.22-(AP)-NEARLY 100 WARSHIPS OF THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN, CANADA AND THE NETHERLANDS WILL PRACTISE DEFENSE AGAINST SUBMARINE AND AIR ATTACK IN THE CARIBBEAN NEXT MONTH.

A U.S. NAVY OFFICER SAID THE EXERCISES WILL BE THE LARGEST INTERNATIONAL MANEUVERS IN WESTERN HEMISPHERE WATERS SINCE WORLD WAR II.

THE FACT THAT FLEET UNITS OF THE FOUR ATLANTIC PACT POWERS WILL TAKE PART IN CARIBBEAN EXERCISES HAS BEEN DISCLOSED PREVIOUSLY. HOWEVER, IN CONFIRMING THIS FORMALLY TODAY, THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT REVEALED MANY ADDITIONAL DETAILS.

THE EXERCISES WILL TAKE PLACE ABOUT MARCH 15, AFTER THE END OF SEPARATE U.S. MILITARY EXERCISES CALLED PORTREX.

IN COMBINED MANEUVERS CALLED CARIBEX, BRITISH, CANADIAN AND U.S. FLEET UNITS WILL OPERATE AS FAR NORTH AS CHARLESTON, S.C.

COMBINED NETHERLANDS-U.S. EXERCISES WILL BE CARRIED ON AT THE SAME TIME, BUT SEPARATELY, IN THE GUANTANAMO BAY, CUBA, AREA.

THE EXERCISES WILL PROVIDE A TEST OF THE U.S. NAVY'S ABILITY TO PENETRATE DEFENSES THAT INCLUDE SUBMARINES EQUIPPPED WITH SCHNORKEL BREATHING TUBES, LIKE RUSSIA'S MOST MODERN SUBS.

A STRIKING FORCE COMPOSED OF THE BATTLESHIP MISSOURI, THE 27,000-TON AIRCRAFT CARRIER PHILIPPINE SEA AND THE 14,500-TON CARRIER WRIGHT, PLUS THREE CRUISERS AND 16 DESTROYERS, WILL SAIL FROM A POINT WEST OF MARTINIQUE TO A POINT SOUTH OF GUANTANAMO BAY.

THIS FORCE WILL BE SUPPORTED BY A HUNTER-KILLER FORCE AND AN AIR RECONNAISSANCE FORCE. IT WILL BE OPPOSED BY 11 U.S. NAVY SUBMARINES AND BY A SECOND STRIKING FORCE INCLUDING THE CANADIAN LIGHT FLEET CARRIER MAGNIFICENT, THE CANADIAN DESROYER MICMAC, THE BRITISH CRUISER GLASGOW, AND THE BRITISH SLOOPS SNIPE AND SPARROW.

THE HUNTER-KLLLER FORCE SUPPORTING THE FIRST STRIKING FORCE WILL INCLUDE THE U.S. ESCORT CARRIERS PALAU AND MINDORO, 15 DESTROYER TYPES AND TWO CARRIER-SUPPORTED AIRSHIP SQUADRONS. EACH OF THE TWO AIRSHIP SQUADRONS WILL INCLUDE FOUR BLIMPS, WHICH WILL BE REFUELED FROM CARRIERS. PRESUMABLY, THE AIRSHIPS WILL ATTEMPT TO DETECT THE OPPOSING SUBMARINES BY RADAR AND MAGNETIC DEVICES.

U THE 45,000-TON CARRIER FRANKLIN D.ROOSEVELT AND EIGHT DESTROYER TYPES WILL PARTICIPATE IN SEPARATE OPERATIONS WITH THE NETHERLANDS FORCES IN THE GUANTANAMO BAY AREA. THESE U.S. SHIPS WILL THEN TAKE PART IN THE SECOND PHASE OF CARIBEX, WHILE THE NETHERLANDS FORCES WILL CONTINUE ON A SPRING TRAINING CRUISE.

THE NETHERLANDS SHIPS INCLUDE THE LIGHT CARRIER KAREL DOORMAN, THE ANTIAIRCRAFT CRUISER JACOB VAN HEEMSKERCK AND THE SLOOP JOHAN MAURITS VAN NASSAU.

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 3 AM EST WEDNESDAY, FEB. 22)

V&RZ1029PES

FEB 22 1950

FIRST LEAD ECA

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, FEB.21-(AP)-PAUL G.HOFFMAN, HEAD OF THE ECONOMIC COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION, TOLD CONGRESS TODAY $3,100,000,000 (B) IS NEEDED TO PAY FOR EUROPEAN RECOVERY IN THE 12 MONTHS BEGINNING JULY 1.

THE MARSHALL PLAN CHIEF ASKED FOR $2,950,000,000 (B) IN NEW CASH AND AUTHORITY TO SPEND AN ADDITIONAL $150,000,000 (M) WHICH HE SAID WILL REMAIN FROM THIS YEAR'S $3,778,000,000 FUND.

HOFFMAN OUTLINED HIS SPENDING PLAN BEFORE A JOINT SESSION OF THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS AND HOUSE FOREIGN AFFAIRS COMMITTEES. HE SAID THE AMOUNT REQUESTED IS NECESSARY TO BLOCK COMMUNISM IN EUROPE AND MAINTAIN THE PACE OF RECOVERY.

HIS 5,000-WORD PREPARED STATEMENT DWELT AT LENGTH ON THE ROLE OF THE MARSHALL PLAN AS A WEAPON IN THE COLD WAR.

HE DECLARED THAT VICTORY IN THE NON-SHOOTING CLASH MUST BE ACHIEVED IF THE "FREE WORLD" IS TO BE KEPT FROM BECOMING A "SLAVE WORLD."

FEB 22 1950

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HOFFMAN CALLED EUROPE'S MOUNTING INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION UNDER THE MARSHALL PLAN AS SOMETHING OF A "NEAR MIRACLE." THE ENTIRE CONTINENT HE SAID, HAS MADE FAR REACHING STRIDES TOWARD ACHIEVING AN OUTPUT SUFFICIENT TO MAINTAIN A STABLE ECONOMY.

HE CAUTIONED, HOWEVER, THAT DESPITE THE VAST GAINS MUCH STILL MUST BE ACHIEVED.

THE ECA ANNOUNCED LAST NIGHT THAT IT WANTED $2,950,000,000 TO KEEP THE WHEELS TURNING DURING THE 12 MONTHS BEGINNING NEXT JULY 1. THIS IS $150,000,000 LESS THAN THE AMOUNT PROPOSED IN PRESIDENT TRUMAN'S BUDGET.

HOFFMAN WAS DUE TO FOLLOW SECRETARY OF STATE ACHESON IN APPEALING FOR APPROVAL OF THE REQUEST BEFORE A JOINT MEETING TODAY OF HOUSE AND SENATE FOREIGN COMMITTEES.

ECA SAID ITS CHIEF ALSO WILL ASK CONGRESS TO APPROVE MACHINERY TO PRESSURE MARSHALL PLAN COUNTRIES INTO SPEEDING UP CURRENCY EXCHANGE TO PROMOTE ECONOMIC ADVANCEMENT.

HOFFMAN LONG HAS CONTENDED THIS IS NECESSARY FOR THE RECOVERY EFFORT. SOURCES CLOSE TO HOFFMAN SAID HE WILL RECOMMEND THAT $600,000,000 OF THE APPROPRIATION BE EARMARKED FOR THIS PURPOSE.

A PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE MONEY BILL WOULD AUTHORIZE ESTABLISHMENT OF A CENTRAL CLEARING HOUSE TO EASE CONVERTIBILITY OF EUROPEAN CURRENCIES AND THUS CLEAR THE WAY FOR FREER TRADE.

SENATOR GEORGE (D-GA), A MEMBER OF THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE, SAID HE BELIEVED CONGRESS WILL OKAY THE MEASURE. EXPLAINING HOW IT WOULD SPUR EUROPEAN NATIONS TO CLOSER COOPERATION, GEORGE USED BRITAIN AS AN EXAMPLE.

BRITAIN, HE SAID, HAS BEEN RELUCTANT TO ENTER ANY CURRENCY CONVERTIBILITY PLAN BECAUSE SHE WANTS TO PROTECT BRITISH TRADE IN THE STERLING AREA. BUT, HE ADDED, UNDER THE HOFFMAN PLAN BRITAIN'S SHARE OF DIRECT RECOVERY WOULD BE REDUCED ROUGHLY 20 PER CENT UNLESS SHE JOINED IN THE CURRENCY PROGRAM.

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ECA ALSO PROPOSED THAT IT BE GIVEN AUTHORITY TO SUPERVISE THE EXPENDITURE OF FUNDS IN OCCUPIED GERMANY. THIS MOVE, APPARENTLY CARRYING STATE DEPARTMENT BACKING, HELD A HINT THAT ECA MAY BE THINKING SERIOUSLY OF OPENING THE DOOR TO THE LIMITED USE OF MARSHALL PLAN AID FOR MILITARY PURPOSES.

AN ECA SOURCE SAID IT WOULD ASK AUTHORITY TO USE FUNDS EARMARKED FOR GERMAN OCCUPATION TO "PREVENT UNREST PREJUDICIAL" TO THE OBJECTIVES OF THE EUROPEAN RECOVERY PROGRAM. UNDER THIS PROVISION, THE INFORMANT SAID, IT WOULD BE LEFT UP TO THE PRESIDENT TO DETERMINE WHEN FUNDS MIGHT BE USED FOR THIS PURPOSE.

ANOTHER AMENDMENT PROPOSED WOULD AUTHORIZE HOFFMAN TO USE LOCAL CURRENCIES IN THE MARSHALL PLAN COUNTRIES TO PROVIDE PUBLICITY FOR THE RECOVERY PROGRAM.

THE GOVERNMENT'S REDUCED REQUEST FOR ECONOMIC AID FUNDS TO STRENGTHEN NONCOMMUNIST EUROPE IN RESISTING RUSSIAN PRESSURE CAME IN THE FACE OF THREATS IN CONGRESS FOR EVEN DEEPER CUTS.

ECA OFFICIALS HOPED THAT THE REDUCTION PROPOSED BY HOFFMAN--$828,000,000 LESS THAN THE AMOUNT VOTED FOR THE PRESENT YEAR--WOULD EASE SOME OF THIS PRESSURE.

A NUMBER OF LAWMAKERS HAVE TALKED OF CUTTING THE PROGRAM BACK BY FROM ONE TO TWO BILLION DOLLARS.

DURING ITS FIRST YEAR OF OPERATION, THE MARSHALL PLAN DREW $5,055,000,000. THE APPROPRIATION FOR THE PRESENT YEAR IS $3,778,000,000.

CHAIRMAN CONNALLY (D-TEX) OF THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE SAID THAT ECA EXPECTS TO HAVE ABOUT $100,000,000 LEFT OVER FROM THIS YEAR'S PROGRAM. THIS COULD BE CARRIED OVER TO NEXT YEAR IF CONGRESS APPROVES.

(530) MIGHT LEAD CHRISTOFFEL

BY RICHARD P.POWERS

WASHINGTON,FEB.21-(AP)-HAROLD CHRISTOFFEL WAS PICTURED TODAY IN THE CLOSING STAGE OF HIS SECOND TRIAL ON PERJURY CHRAGES AS A COMMUNIST, A LIAR--AND ALSO AS A MILITANT UNION LEADER.

FEDERAL DISTRICT COURT JUDGE F.DICKINSON LETTS WILL PUT THE CASE IN THE HANDS OF THE JURY THURSDAY. WEDNESDAY IS A LEGAL HOLIDAY--GEORGE WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY.

IN THE CLOSING ARGUMENTS, THE PROSECUTION SAID THE FORMER MILWAUKEE LABOR LEADER HAD DELIBERATELY LIED UNDER OATH TO THE HOUSE LABOR COMMITTEE ON MARCH 1, 1947.

THE ONE-TIME PRESIDENT OF A LABOR UNION LOCAL AT THE MILWAUKEE PLANT OF ALLIS-CHALMERS DENIED AT THAT TIME THAT HE HAD BEEN A COMMUNIST OR HAD COMMUNIST CONNECTIONS.

COMMENTING ON THIS TESTIMONY, FRANK H.PATTON, SPECIAL ASSISTANT ATTORNEY GENERAL, TOLD THE JURY:

"THE DEFENDANT HAD NO LOGICAL REASON TO LIE TO THAT COMMITTEE. BUT HE HAD BEEN LIVING A LIFE OF DECEIT AND DECEPTION AND A LIFE OF DOUBLE TALK.

"HE HAD BEEN TAUGHT THESE THINGS BY COMMUNISTS. HE WAS STILL A COMMUNIST WORKER AND HE WULDN'T DESERT HIS PALS. HE WAS A WILFUL AND DELIBERATE PERJURER."

ON THE OTHER HAND, CHRISTOFFEL'S LAWYER, O.JOHN ROGGE, DECLARED THAT "EVERYONE GANGED UP ON HIM," INCLUDING ALLIS-CHALMERS MANAGEMENT, THE HOUSE LABOR COMMITTEE

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FEB 22 1950

THE HOUSE LABOR COMMITTEE AND THE PROSECUTION.

ROGGE, SOMETIMES SHOUTING AND SCREAMING WHILE THE DEFENDANT IMPASSIVELY WATCHED, SAID THE INDICTMENT WAS THE RESULT OF A "GIANT CONSPIRACY TO GET RID OF AN ABLE TRADE UNION LEADER."

ROGGE SAID CHRISTOFFEL TOLD THE TRUTH WHEN HE DENIED COMMUNIST AFFILIATIONS.

HOWEVER, THE DEFENSE ATTORNEY SPENT MOST OF HIS TWO AND A HALF HOUR ARGUMENT IN POUNDING AT HIS CONTENTION THAT A QUORUM OF THE LABOR COMMITTEE WAS NOT PRESENT WHEN CHRISTOFFEL TESTIFIED.

THE SUPREME COURT REVERSED CHRISTOFFEL'S 1948 CONVICTION ON THE SAME CHARGES. IT RULED THAT NO PROOF HAD BEEN PRODUCED THAT A QUORUM HAD BEEN PRESENT.NOTH YV

CHARGES. IT RULED THAT NO PROOF HAD BEEN PRODUCED THAT A QUORUM HAD BEEN PRESENT.

TO MEET THIS IN THIS TRIAL, THE GOVERNMENT HAS PRODUCED TESTIMONY FROM 14 MEMBERS OF THAT COMMITTEE STATING THEY HAD BEEN PRESENT. THE COMMITTEE HAD BEEN CHECKING INTO SUBVERSIVE INFLUENCES IN LABOR UNIONS.

ROGGE TOLD THE JURY "YOU SHOULD HAVE A REASONABLE DOUBT AS TO WHETHER AT LEAT NINE (OF THE 14) WERE THE

AT LEAST NINE OF THE 14) WERE THERE. I DON'T BELIEVE MORE THAN SIX WERE THERE AT THE TIME."

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JOHN S.PRATT, CHIEF GOVERNMENT PROSECUTOR, HAD A SHARP EXCHANGE WITH ROGGE WHEN PRATT CLOSED THE GOVERNMENT'S ARGUMENT.
"I AM SAYING," PRATT SAID, "THAT THE MANNER OF THE DEFENSE IN THIS CASE HAS FOLLOWED THE LINE OF CHARACTER ASSASSINATION. THAT IS THE

PRACTICE OF THE COMMUNISTS--TO VILLIFY."
ROGGE INTERRUPTED TO ASK PRATT IF HE WAS "SUGGESTING" THAT HE AND HIS ASSOCIATE, HERBERT FABRICANT, "ARE COMMUNISTS?"
"I AM SUGGESTING THAT THE DEFENSE IS FOLLOWING THE COMMUNIST PARTY LINE AND IF THE SHOE FITS, LET HIM PUT IT ON," PRATT RETORTED.
PRATT SAID ROGGE HAD USED "VILLIFICATION AND ABUSE" IN QUESTIONING WHETHER MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE HAD TOLD THE TRUTH TO THE JURY.
ROGGE HAD ASKED THE JURY IF THE TESTIMONY BY SOME OF THE MEMBERS "DOESN'T SOUND LIKE PERJURY?"
"THEY COME IN AND TELL YOU COCKEYED STORIES," ROGGE ADDED. FEB 22 1950
JUDGE LETTS TOLD THE JURY AT THE END OF TODAY'S LENGTHY ARGUMENTS THAT HE WILL GIVE THEM THEIR INSTRUCTIONS THURSDAY MORNING. THEY WILL THEN TAKE THE CASE UNDER CONSIDERATION.
THE TRIAL IS NOW IN ITS FOURTH WEEK. CHRISTOFFEL WAS SENTENCED TO A TWO TO SIX YEAR TERM AFTER CONVICTION IN 1948. IF CONVICTED AGAIN, HE WOULD BE SUBJECT TO A PRISON TERM OF TWO TO 10 YEARS ON EACH OF FIVE COUNTS.
V615PESNM

WASHINGTON, FEB.21-(AP)-THE 14 MEMBERS OF THE JAPANESE DIET ON TOUR IN THE UNITED STATES TODAY ATTENDED THE OPENING OF THE CONGRESSIONAL HEARINGS ON THE MARSHALL PLAN.
THE JAPANESE WERE GIVEN SPECIAL SEATS IN THE CROWDED SENATE CAUCUS ROOM.
ECONOMIC COOPERATION ADMINISTRATOR PAUL G. HOFFMAN WAS THE FIRST WITNESS BEFORE THE COMBINED SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS AND HOUSE FOREIGN AFFAIRS COMMITTEES. SECRETARY OF STATE ACHESON WAS TO FOLLOW.
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SAN FRANCISCO--FIRST ADD AIR RAID WARNING XXX THE ROCKIES.
SPECIAL TELEPHONE COMMUNICATIONS WILL BE SET UP WITHIN THE ENTIRE WESTERN AREA, ACCORDING TO LIEUTENANT COLONEL T.R.CLINKSCALES, WADC DIRECTOR OF CIVIL DEFENSE.
COLONEL CLINKSCALES SAID CIVILIAN CENTERS WOULD BE WARNED IN LESS THAN A MINUTE SHOULD THE DEFENSE CENTER RECEIVE WORD THAT AIR ATTACK IS IMMINENT. HE STATED LOCAL WARNINGS TO THE PUBLIC WILL BE ARRANGED FOR BY STATES.
HE CITED MODERN WEAPONS AND LONG RANGE AIRCRAFT AS A CAUSE OF THE CREATION OF THE WARNING SYSTEM.
GENERAL RUSH POINTED TO THE LACK OF INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENT AND UNDERSTANDING IN HIS ANNOUNCEMENT.
DP628PCS NM ASKT

UNDATED SPIES (500)
BY WILLIAM L.RYAN
ASSOCIATED PRESS STAFF WRITER
ONCE AGAIN A SPY TRIAL IN A COMMUNIST COUNTRY HAS FOLLOWED THE FAMILIAR AND MYSTERIOUS PATTERN--THE ARREST, THE LONG AND ISOLATED CONFINEMENT, THE CONFESSIONS WHICH THE WESTERN WORLD FINDS FANTASTIC, AND THEN THE SENTENCES.
EVEN AS THE SPY TRIAL OF ROBERT A.VOGELER CLOSED IN BUDAPEST, ANOTHER WAS SHAPING UP IN COMMUNIST BULGARIA. THERE FIVE BULGARIANS WERE CONFRONTED WITH THE FAMILIAR CHARGE--SPYING FOR THE UNITED STATES.
ALL EASTERN EUROPE FOR MONTHS HAS BEEN IN THE GRIP OF A SPY HUNT--ALWAYS FOR SPIES ACCUSED OF PASSING INTELLIGENCE TO THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN, OR FOR TRAITORS DEALING WITH THE OUTCAST COMMUNIST REGIME OF PREMIER-MARSHAL TITO IN YUGOSLAVIA. FREQUENTLY THE TWO ARE COMBINED, AS IN THE CASE OF THE EXECUTED FORMER VICE PREMIER OF HUNGARY, LASZLO RAJK.
WILL HUNGARY HAVE MORE TRIALS? IT SEEMS LIKELY. A FEW DAYS AGO DEPUTY PREMIER MATYAS RAKOSI TOLD THE COMMUNIST PARTY HE BOSSES THAT THE UNITED STATES MAINTAINS "THE GREATEST SPYING ORGANIZATION IN THE WORLD."
"THEIR SPIES SWARM ALL OVER THE WORLD, AND OF COURSE, ALSO IN HUNGARY," RAKOSI SAID. VOGELER, HE CHARGED, WAS ONE SUCH SPY--ONE OF MANY.
IN CZECHOSLOVAKIA, THE NERVOUS NEW MEMBER OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNIST FAMILY OF NATIONS, A SPY HUNT HAS REACHED INTO ALL WALKS OF LIFE. CZECHOSLOVAKIA HAS PUT ON TRIAL A LARGE GROUP IN MORAVIA ON CHARGES OF PLOTTING THE DEATH OF THE COMMUNIST STATE'S LEADERS. THE PRESS HAS BEEN CHARGING THAT U.S. EMBASSIES AND MISSIONS ARE GIVING DIPLOMATIC IMMUNITY TO SPIES, SABOTEURS AND CONSPIRATORS.
POLAND HAS BEEN TRYING WESTERNERS--NOTABLY FRENCHMEN--AS SPIES, AND HAS BEEN ROOTING ABOUT IN AN ATTEMPT TO IMPLICATE THE CATHOLIC CHURCH IN ANTI-STATE ACTIVITIES. ROMANIA HAS HAD HER SERIES OF TRIALS, AND SO HAS ALBANIA.
ALL FOLLOW THE EXAMPLE OF THE FAMOUS RUSSIAN BLOOD PURGE TRIALS OF THE THIRTIES--THE CONFESSIONS AND SELF-DENUNCIATIONS THAT STARTLED THE WORLD.

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WHY DO THEY CONFESS? THERE HAVE BEEN ALL SORTS OF THEORIES--DRUGS, TORTURE, SUBTLE ABUSE, BROKEN PROMISES, CAJOLERY, THREATS TO RELATIVES--ALL THESE HAVE BEEN BROUGHT IN AS POSSIBLE EXPLANATION. THE WESTERN WORLD SEARCHES FOR AN EXPLANATION BECAUSE MANY PERSONS OUTSIDE THE SOVIET SPHERE FIND THE CONFESSIONS IN THEMSELVES UTTERLY INCREDIBLE.
ONE MAN WHO GOT OUT OF HUNGARY AFTER "CONFESSING" SAID HE HAD AN ANSWER. HE IS PAUL RUEDEMANN, AN EXECUTIVE OF STANDARD OIL COMPANY OF NEW JERSEY, AND WAS HELD IN HUNGARY WITH AN ASSOCIATE ON SPY CHARGES IN SEPTEMBER, 1948.
"IN HUNGARY TODAY," COMMENTED RUEDEMANN, "A MAN CAN BE FORCED TO 'CONFESS' BECAUSE HE SEES NOTHING ELSE TO DO. HE IS CONFINED IN A DUNGEON WITH NO HOPE OF GETTING OUT UNLESS HE DOES CONFESS. HE IS DEPRIVED OF FOOD AND WATER, QUESTIONED CONSTANTLY, BROUGHT TO SUCH MENTAL AND PHYSICAL EXHAUSTION THAT ANYTHING--EVEN PRISON--SEEMS

BETTER THAN WHAT HE IS GOING THROUGH."
THE BRITISH FOREIGN OFFICE, THROUGH A SPOKESMAN, TOOK A SIMILAR VIEW OF THE CONFESSION OF BRITISHER EDGAR SANDERS. THE SPOKESMAN CONTENDED THAT "THREATS, PRESSURE OR INDUCEMENTS" WERE BROUGHT TO BEAR AGAINST SANDERS.
ACCUSTOMED BY NOW TO RIGID GOVERNMENTAL CONTROL OF ALL INDUSTRIAL ACTIVITIE, THE COMMUNISTS APPARENTLY FIND IT EASY TO CONVINCE THEMSELVES THAT ALL INDUSTRIES IN THE WESTERN COUNTRIES LIKEWISE MUST BE UNDER THE THUMB OF THE GOVERNMENT.
IT IS A COMMUNIST TACTIC TO ACCUSE OTHERS OF WHAT THEY THEMSELVES DO OR MIGHT DO. THUS, IF COMMUNISTS ABROAD ENGAGE IN ESPIONAGE, SABOTAGE AND CONSPIRACY, THEY WOULD ACCUSE THE OTHER COUNTRIES OF DOING IT.
N936AES

FEB 22 1950

NEW YORK, FEB 21-(AP)-FORMER ENEMY NATIONALS CAN'T RECOVER PROPERTY SEIZED FROM THEM BY THE U.S. GOVERNMENT IN WARTIME, EVEN IF THEY BECOME AMERICAN CITIZENS, A FEDERAL JUDGE HAS RULED.
THE DECISION IS BELIEVED TO BE THE FIRST COURT INTERPRETATION OF A SECTION OF THE "TRADING WITH THE ENEMY" ACT.
THE RULING BLOCKS A MOVE BY EMIL SCHILL, ONCE INTERNED AS A "DANGEROUS ENEMY ALIEN," TO RECOVER 100 SHARES IN THE NIROSTA CORPORATION, OF DELAWARE, A PART OF THE KRUPP INTERESTS.
SCHILL FORMERLY HEADED THE CORPORATION.

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IN DENYING SCHILL'S PETITION TO RECOVER HIS PART OF THE FIRM'S SEIZED STOCK, FEDERAL JUDGE IRVING R.KAUFMAN SAID YESTERDAY THAT SOME HAD SUGGESTED THAT THE LAW COULD "BE CHARACTERIZED AS 'LEGALIZED ROBBERY'" HE ADDED:
"THE GOVERNMENT, HOWEVER, HAS THE RIGHT UNDER THE WAR POWER CLAUSE OF THE CONSTITUTION TO CONFISCATE PROPERTY OF A NATIONAL OF AN ENEMY NATION, AND THIS RIGHT IS NOT LIMITED BY THE DUE PROCESS OR JUST COMPENSATION CLAUSE."
THE JUDGE'S DECISION SAID THAT THE KRUPP INTERESTS, OF ESSEN, GERMANY, OWNED A MAJORITY OF STOCK IN NIROSTA, WITH THE REST DIVIDED "AMONG CERTAIN AMERICAN STEEL COMPANIES."
THE DELAWARE FIRM ORIGINALLY WAS CALLED THE KRUPP-NIROSTA CORPORATION. IT WAS ORGANIZED IN 1928 TO HANDLE PATENTS ON STAINLESS STEEL OWNED BY THE KRUPP INTERESTS.
THE OPINION SAID THE KRUPP SHARES WERE TRANSFERRED TO A SWISS FIRM IN 1937 "IN FORM ONLY." IN JUNE, 1942, THE ALIEN PROPERTY CUSTODIAN SEIZED THOSE SHARES, AS WELL AS THOSE REGISTERED IN SCHILL'S NAME.
SCHILL, WHO HAS LIVED IN THIS COUNTRY SINCE 1904, WAS INTERNED LATER AS A DANGEROUS ENEMY ALIEN. SUBSEQUENTLY, HE WAS ORDERED DEPORTED TO GERMANY, BUT THIS ORDER WAS VACATED, AND IN 1946 HE WAS RELEASED. IN 1949, HE BECAME A U.S. CITIZEN.
DN754AES

NEWARK, N.J., FEB. 21-(AP)-COL. ROBERT R. MC CORMICK, WHO PUBLISHES HICAGO TRIBUNE, SAYS HE DOESN'T THINK STALIN CAN MAKE HIS EMPIRE .

ME IS ON OUR SIDE" IN THE COLD WAR, THE COLONEL SAID YESTERDAY AS OK OFF ON A SIX-DAY PLANE TRIP TO EUROPE, NORTH AFRICA AND HERN ASIA.

"THE IRON CURTAIN COUNTRIES ARE NOT A STRENGTH, BUT A WEAKNESS FOR IA," HE ADDED. THERE HAS NEVER BEEN A SUCCESSFUL EUROPEAN E SINCE CHARLEMAGNE, HE SAID, "AND I DON'T THINK STALIN CAN MAKE MPIRE STICK EITHER."
MCCORMICK SAID HIS THREE-CONTINENT FLYING TOUR WAS TO CHECK ON THE TRIBUNE'S FOREIGN NEWS SERVICE AND "SEE A LOT OF PEOPLE I'VE NEVER SEEN BEFORE.
THESE WILL INCLUDE "SPAIN'S GEN. FRANCISCO FRANCO, KING FAROUK OF EGYPT, AND POLITICAL LEADERS IN TURKEY, THAILAND, INDIA, PAKISTAN, AND BURMA," HE SAID.

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MC CORMICK AND HIS PARTY BOARDED THE NEWSPAPER'S CONVERTED B-17 AT NEWARK AIRPORT AND HEADED INTO A 43-MILE-AN-HOUR WIND FOR A TAKEOFF TO BERMUDA.
FROM BERMUDA, MC CORMICK WILL HOP TO THE AZORES, THEN TO MADRID, THE FIRST MAJOR STOPOVER.
THE COLONEL ALSO PLANS TO VISIT GREECE, TURKEY, EGYPT, SAUDI ARABIA, CEYLON, THAILAND, BURMA, INDIA, PAKISTAN, IRAN, ITALY, FRANCE, DENMARK AND ICELAND.
AN AMERICAN AIRLINES CREW HEADED BY CAPT. HOWARD WEST, PILOT, AND CAPT. THOMAS J.REAMSE, CO-PILOT, BOTH OF CHICAGO, WILL FLY THE TRIBUNE'S PLANE.
MC CORMICK'S PARTY INCLUDES MRS. MC CORMICK, HER DAUGHTER, MISS ANNE HOOPER; MARIE SEWALL, MRS. MCCORMICK'S MAID; SECRETARY DOROTHY MURRAY, AND PHOTOGRAPHER AL MADSEN.
PU612AES NM

NEW YORK, FEB.21-(AP)-HAROLD E.STASSEN SAID TONIGHT A GREAT MAJORITY OF THE AMERICAN PEOPLE BELIEVE A MID-CENTURY PEACE CONFERENCE SHOULD BE SOUGHT BETWEEN RUSSIA AND THE UNITED STATES.
THE FORMER MINNESOTA GOVERNOR PROPOSED SUCH A TOP-LEVEL CONFERENCE IN A SPEECH LAST SATURDAY AT GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.
THE RESPONSE WAS OVERWHELMING, STASSEN TOLD THE NEW YORK YOUNG REPUBLICAN CLUB IN A PREPARED SPEECH.
STASSEN SAID THE CONFERENCE SHOULD BE HELD ON NEUTRAL GROUND, SUCH AS STOCKHOLM, HELSINKI OR VIENNA.
"WE MUST NOT GO TO MOSCOW," HE ADDED, "AND NEITHER SHOULD WE HAUGHTILY SAY WE WILL MEET THEM IN WASHINGTON.
THE G.O.P. LEADER AND UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA PRESIDENT SAID THE AMERICAN DELEGATION MUST BE BI-PARTISAN. HE SUGGESTED AS MEMBERS PRESIDENT TRUMAN, SECRETARY OF STATE ACHESON, DEFENSE SECRETARY JOHNSON, REPUBLICAN SENATORS VANDENBERG AND TAFT, BERNARD BARUCH AND MILITARY MEN INCLUDING GEN.DWIGHT D.EISENHOWER.
BI-PARTISAN MOVES IN THE INTERNATIONAL FIELD, STASSEN SAID, HAVE BEEN SUCCESSFUL WHILE "SOLO VENTURES" BY THE TRUMAN ADMINISTRATION HAVE FAILED.
STASSEN PROPOSED THAT EVERY WORD AT THE CONFERENCE BE RECORDED AND PUBLISHED AT ITS END.
HE ALSO SAID THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED NATIONS SHOULD BE INVITED TO SIT IN AND THAT ENGLAND AND FRANCE SHOULD BE REPRESENTED.
"IF THESE CONDITIONS ARE MET," HE ADDED, "THERE IS EVERYTHING TO GAIN FOR THE FUTURE PEACE AND PROGRESS OF MANKIND IN SEEKING SUCH A CONFERENCE, AND NOTHING TO LOSE."
PS1000PES

30.24- 9123

NIGHT LEAD KASHMIR

LAKE SUCCESS, FEB.21-(AP)-THE UNITED STATES WAS REPORTED TONIGHT FAVORING EARLY APPOINTMENT OF A UNITED NATIONS MEDIATOR FOR KASHMIR TO SPEED EFFORTS FOR A SETTLEMENT BETWEEN INDIA AND PAKISTAN.

INFORMED SOURCES SAID THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN AND FRANCE WERE STUDYING A PROPOSED RESOLUTION URGING ACTION IN THE KASHMIR CASE. THE UNITED STATES WAS SAID TO FAVOR HAVING THE U.N. COMMISSION FOR INDIA AND PAKISTAN, WHICH HAS ARRANGED A CEASE FIRE ORDER IN KASHMIR, STAND BY WHILE A MEDIATOR TRIES TO WORK OUT A SOLUTION.

THE SECURITY COUNCIL WILL MEET THURSDAY ON KASHMIR.

SF728PES

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LAKE SUCCESS, FEB.21-(AP)-WILLARD L.THORP, ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE FOR ECONOMIC AFFAIRS, STRUCK BACK TODAY AT CRITICS WHO BLAMED THE 1949 ECONOMIC RECESSION IN THE U.S. FOR THE DISLOCATION OF WORLD TRADE.

THORP, U.S. DELEGATE TO THE UNITED NATIONS ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL, SAID THIS "SIMPLE ANALYSIS" DID NOT TAKE INTO ACCOUNT "THE VARIETY OF FACTORS" THAT CONTRIBUTED TO THE UNBALANCE.

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IN COUNCIL DEBATE ON THE WORLD ECONOMIC SITUATION, THORP QUOTED FROM A REPORT BY THE ECONOMIC SECTION OF THE U.N. DEALING WITH "MAJOR ECONOMIC CHANGES IN 1949."

"WE ARE TOLD," HE SAID, "THAT THE GAINS ACHIEVED BY THE END OF 1948 IN OVERCOMING THE UNBALANCE OF WORLD TRADE WERE LOST 'AS A RESULT OF A CONSIDERABLE FALL IN UNITED STATES IMPORTS, WHICH REDUCED THE FLOW OF DOLLARS TO THE REST OF THE WORLD.'"

"THIS IS NOT A NEW INTERPRETATION," THORP SAID. "I CAN APPRECIATE THE POSITION OF THE OFFICIALS OF MANY GOVERNMENTS WHO WERE CONFRONTED WITH GRAVE DETERIORATION IN THEIR BALANCE OF PAYMENTS WHICH REQUIRED PUBLIC EXPLANATION AND FOR WHICH THERE WAS, AT THE TIME, NO FACTURAL EXPLANATION.

"THE DATA SIMPLY WAS NOT THERE. IN THE CIRCUMSTANCES THEY PRESENTED THE SIMPLE ANALYSIS THAT THERE WAS A RECESSION IN THE UNITED STATES, AMERICAN IMPORTS WERE THEREFORE CURTAILED, AND THAT THIS WAS THE PRIMARY CAUSE OF THEIR DIFFICULTY."

BUT, THORP SAID, WHEN THE U.N. REPORT WAS DRAFTED "THE DATA WERE AVAILABLE, AND IT IS ODD THAT THESE DATA WERE NOT USED FOR A MORE COMPLETE AND MORE CORRECT EXPLANATION OF THE FACTS, ALTHOUGH I DOUBT IF EVEN NOW ALL THE ELEMENTS CAN BE PROPERLY EVALUATED."

THIS DATA, HE SAID, "MAKE IT CLEAR THAT THE DECLINE IN UNITED STATES IMPORTS WAS BY NO MEANS THE SOLE CAUSE OF THE ENLARGEMENT OF INTERNATIONAL BALANCE IN THE FIRST HALF OF 1949."

THORP CONCEDED U.S. IMPORTS HAD FALLEN BY THE END OF THE FIRST HALF OF 1949, BUT SAID THIS REDUCTION ACCOUNTED FOR ONLY 46 PERCENT OF THE RISE IN THE REST OF THE WORLD'S DEFICIT WITH THE U.S.

FURTHERMORE, HE SAID, "NET ASSISTANCE" FROM THE U.S. REACHED ITS PEAK IN THE SECOND QUARTER OF 1949, A RISE WHICH "FAR MORE THAN COMPENSATED FOR THE DECLINE IN THE DOLLARS MADE AVAILABLE TO THE REST OF THE WORLD AS A RESULT OF THE FALL IN OUR IMPORTS OF GOODS AND SERVICES."

THE "LARGER PART" OF THE DOLLAR DEFICIT, HE TOLD THE COUNCIL, "WAS THE RESULT OF INCREASED PURCHASES BY THE REST OF THE WORLD."

BY THE LAST QUARTER OF 1949, THORP SAID, U.S. IMPORTS "HAD REGAINED 70 PERCENT OF THE GROUND LOST FROM THE LAST QUARTER OF 1948 AND WERE ONLY SIX PERCENT BELOW THAT PEAK."

LS1130PES

(ADVANCE FOR USE AT 7 P.M., EASTERN STANDARD TIME TOMORROW, MONDAY, FEB.20)

(ADVANCE) NEW YORK, FEB.20-(AP)-A POLL OF EUROPE'S GOVERNMENTS AND LEADERS ON THE CHANCES OF WEST EUROPEAN UNITY IN THE NEAR FUTURE HAS BROUGHT A MAJORITY OF ANSWERS THAT BOIL DOWN TO, "WE LIKE IT, BUT...."

WITH A FEW CONSPICUOUS EXCEPTIONS MOST OF THE ANSWERS--ESPECIALLY THE OFFICIAL GOVERNMENT STATEMENTS--ACKNOWLEDGED A REAL NEED FOR POLITICAL AND ECONOMIC UNION, BUT STRESSED THE DIFFICULTIES OF GETTING IT.

THE POLL WAS MADE BY MAJ. GEN. WILLIAM J. DONOVAN, CHAIRMAN OF THE AMERICAN COMMITTEE ON UNITED EUROPE. OTHERS LISTED AS MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE INCLUDE ALLEN W. DULLES AND GEN. LUCIUS D. CLAY.

OF ALL THE BIG POWERS, GREAT BRITAIN'S SOCIALIST GOVERNMENT TOOK THE MOST CAUTIOUS VIEW.

ON THE OTHER HAND, CONSERVATIVE OPPOSITION LEADER WINSTON CHURCHILL MADE ONE OF THE STRONGEST STATEMENTS OF ALL FOR IMMEDIATE UNION.

THE REPLIES WERE TO TWO QUESTIONS ASKED BY DONOVAN, WARTIME DIRECTOR OF THE OFFICE OF STRATEGIC SERVICES:

1. "ARE THERE IMMEDIATE PROSPECTS OF THE COUNCIL OF EUROPE ACHIEVING TANGIBLE RESULTS IN THE DIRECTION OF ECONOMIC INTEGRATION AND POLITICAL UNITY?

2. "IF THERE ARE DIFFERENCES AMONG THE MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE OF MINISTERS WHICH SUGGEST THAT SOME ARE LESS PREPARED THAN OTHERS TO MAKE ANY RAPID PROGRESS TOWARDS FULL EUROPEAN UNITY, WHAT IN YOUR OPINION CAN, OR SHOULD, BE DONE?"

MOST OF THE ANSWERS WERE IN GENERAL TERMS.

THE AMERICAN COMMITTEE OF PRIVATE INDIVIDUALS WAS FORMED TO SUPPORT THE EUROPEAN UNITY MOVEMENT--THE COUNCIL OF EUROPE--WHICH WAS FORMALLY LAUNCHED AT AN UNOFFICIAL INTERNATIONAL MEET AT STRASBOURG, FRANCE, LAST YEAR. THE STRASBOURG CONSULTATIVE ASSEMBLY ADVOCATED A POLITICAL AUTHORITY WITH LIMITED FUNCTIONS BUT REAL POWERS, AND ITS RECOMMENDATIONS WERE PASSED ON TO AN OFFICIAL BODY--THE COMMITTEE OF MINISTERS--FOR ACTION.

"ON MY LAST VISIT TO EUROPE, I THOUGHT THERE HAD BEEN VERY LITTLE PROGRESS, AND I NOTED THAT INDIVIDUAL MEMBERS OF THE (STRASBOURG) ASSEMBLY AND ALSO THE PRESS WERE INCLINED TO FIX RESPONSIBILITY UPON THE COMMITTEE OF MINISTERS," DONOVAN WROTE IN HIS LETTER TO THOSE POLLED.

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ONE OF THE MOST SWEEPING ENDORSEMENTS OF UNITY CAME FROM KONRAD ADENAUER, CHANCELLOR OF THE (WEST) GERMAN FEDERAL REPUBLIC.

"GERMANY DESIRES WHOLEHEARTEDLY THE UNIFICATION OF EUROPE," ADENAUER WROTE. "GERMANY WILL ALWAYS BE READY TO MAKE THE SACRIFICES NECESSARY FOR THE REALIZATION OF SUCH A PLAN."

PRIME MINISTER CLEMENT ATTLEE OF GREAT BRITAIN SAID "SUBSTANTIAL RESULTS HAVE BEEN ACHIEVED AND HIS MAJESTY'S GOVERNMENT ARE CONFIDENT THAT FURTHER PROGRESS WILL BE MADE."

BUT FOREIGN SECRETARY ERNEST BEVIN ACKNOWLEDGED THERE HAS BEEN CRITICISM THAT SOME NATIONS, PARTICULARLY ENGLAND, ARE UNWILLING TO COMMIT THEMSELVES.

"SO FAR AS HIS MAJESTY'S GOVERNMENT ARE CONCERNED THEIR RECORD IN PROMOTING EUROPEAN COOPERATION SPEAKS FOR ITSELF, BUT IF THEIR APPROACH TO THE COMPLEX AND DIFFICULT PROBLEMS INVOLVED HAS BEEN MORE CAREFULLY THOUGHT OUT THAN SOME OF THEIR CRITICS WOULD ASSERT, IT IS BECAUSE THEY

ARE ANXIOUS THAT THE COUNCIL OF EUROPE SHOULD BE BUILT ON FIRM FOUNDATIONS, SHOULD NOT EMBARK ON POLICIES FOR WHICH NO PARLIAMENT OR PEOPLE HAS YET GIVEN A MANDATE AND SHOULD NOT SET ITS AIMS SO HIGH AND CONDUCT ITSELF IN SUCH A WAY THAT FAILURE AND DISILLUSIONMENT ARE BOUND TO FOLLOW."

CHURCHILL, WARTIME PRIME MINISTER OF ENGLAND, SAID:

"I HAVE DURING RECENT YEARS REPEATEDLY AND EMPHATICALLY DECLARED THAT FOR THE SAKE OF PEACE AND PROSPERITY, EUROPE MUST UNITE. I BELIEVE PROFOUNDLY IN THIS POLICY AND SHALL CONTINUE TO DO ALL IN MY POWER TO BRING IT TO EARLY FULFILLMENT."

OTHER COMMENTS FROM MINISTERS AND NON-GOVERNMENT LEADERS:

VINCENT AURIOL, PRESIDENT OF FRANCE:

"EVERYTHING THAT TENDS TOWARD THE RECONSTRUCTION AND UNIFICATION OF EUROPE HAS NOT ONLY THE SYMPATHY BUT THE ACTIVE SUPPORT OF FRANCE. WE KNOW THIS IS NOT ONLY AN IDEAL BUT A NECESSITY WHICH SOONER OR LATER MUST BE ACCOMPLISHED."

PAUL REYNAUD, FORMER PREMIER OF FRANCE:

"THE CONSULTATIVE ASSEMBLY AT STRASBOURG HAS WORKED VERY HARD AND HAS MADE INTERESTING RECOMMENDATIONS, BUT THE COMMITTEE OF THE MINISTERS TO WHOM THEY HAVE BEEN REFERRED HAS REPLIED EITHER BY A REFUSAL OR BY AN ADJOURNMENT."

LEON BLUM, FORMER PREMIER OF FRANCE:

"EUROPE MUST ORGANIZE, AND THERE IS NO EUROPEAN ORGANIZATION POSSIBLE . . . WITHOUT GREAT BRITAIN. HERE FOR GREAT BRITAIN, AS FOR OTHER NATIONS, IS A GREAT DUTY."

ALCIDE DE GASPERI, PRIME MINISTER OF ITALY:

"THERE ARE PEOPLE WHO FEEL CONCERNED ABOUT A CERTAIN SLOWNESS, AN EXCESSIVE GRADUALNESS, ON THE ROAD TOWARD ECONOMIC INTEGRATION AND POLITICAL UNIFICATION OF EUROPE. HOWEVER, A RATIONAL GRADUALNESS SHOULD BE FOR OUR FRIENDS A REASON, NOT OF DISTRUST, BUT OF ASSURANCE."

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PAUL HENRI SPAAK, FORMER PREMIER OF BELGIUM AND PRESIDENT OF THE CONSULTATIVE ASSEMBLY OF THE COUNCIL OF EUROPE:

"IT IS MY FEELING THAT THE MEETING (OF THE COMMITTEE OF MINISTERS) WAS BADLY PREPARED FOR AND PERHAPS, I SHALL DARE TO SAY SO, BY DIPLOMATS WHO AS A WHOLE HAD VERY LITTLE BELIEF IN EUROPE AND ITS POSSIBILITIES, AND ALL THESE NEW QUESTIONS IRKED THEM BECAUSE THEY DID NOT PERCEIVE THE REASONS WHICH MIGHT BE GIVEN FOR THEM."

BUT SPAAK, ONE OF THE WARMEST LEADERS IN THE UNITY MOVEMENT, SAID THERE IS NO REASON TO BE DISCOURAGED.

OTHER COUNTRIES FAVORING IMMEDIATE UNITY WERE AUSTRIA, DENMARK, LUXEMBOURG AND THE NETHERLANDS. OTHERS GIVING IT STRONG SUPPORT WERE SWEDEN, NORWAY AND IRELAND.

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 7 P.M., E.S.T., TOMORROW, MONDAY FEB.20, MOVED FEB.19).

FH/WB1001PES

U.N.-ECONOMIC

BY MAX HARRELSON

FEB 22 1950

LAKE SUCCESS, FEB. 20-(AP)-UNITED NATIONS ECONOMISTS TOLD THE WORLD'S UNDER-DEVELOPED COUNTRIES TODAY NOT TO EXPECT ANY LARGE-SCALE LOANS FROM PRIVATE INVESTORS ABROAD.

IN A SURVEY OF GOVERNMENT POLICIES AFFECTING PRIVATE FOREIGN INVESTMENTS, THE U.N. SECRETARIAT EXPERTS SAID THE FLOTATION OF DEVELOPMENT LOANS IN FOREIGN CAPITALS UNDER PRESENT CONDITIONS "APPEARS GENERALLY OUT OF THE QUESTION."

THE ONLY KIND OF FINANCIAL AID THAT MIGHT COME FROM PRIVATE SOURCES ABROAD, THE REPORT SAID, WOULD BE DIRECT INVESTMENTS AND THESE ARE FROWNED UPON BY MANY COUNTRIES. THE PRINCIPAL OBJECTION IS THAT THIS TYPE OF INVESTMENT SOMETIMES LEADS TO EXPLOITATION OF A COUNTRY'S NATURAL RESOURCES WITHOUT CONTRIBUTING TO THE WELFARE OF THE PEOPLE.

AS FOR LOANS FROM PRIVATE FOREIGN SOURCES, THE REPORT SAID, INVESTORS ARE DISCOURAGED BY POLITICAL INSTABILITY AND OTHER UNCERTAINTIES SUCH AS EXCHANGE CONTROLS, TAXATION AND LABOR REGULATIONS.

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"THE SECURITY OF AN INVESTMENT MADE IN AN AREA UNDER FOREIGN JURISDICTION AND THE TRANSFERABILITY OF INVESTMENT YIELDS MUST NECESSARILY BE OF PRIMARY CONCERN TO THE PRIVATE INVESTOR," THE U.N. EXPERTS SAID.

"WHEN THE RISK APPEARS GREATER THAN CAN BE COMPENSATED FOR BY THE ANTICIPATED HIGHER YIELD, PRIVATE FOREIGN CAPITAL WILL NOT FLOW TO THE COUNTRY CONCERNED."

ONE OF THE OBSTACLES CITED BY THE REPORT IS THE GROWING PRACTICE OF NATIONALIZING AND NATURALIZATION OF FOREIGN INVESTMENTS IN SOME COUNTRIES. THE U.N. EXPERTS POINTED OUT THAT SOME UNDER-DEVELOPED

COUNTRIES HAD REFUSED TO AGREE IN ADVANCE ON METHODS OF COMPENSATION IF THE QUESTION OF NATIONALIZATION SHOULD ARISE.

THE REPORT SUGGESTED THE SITUATION MIGHT BE IMPROVED IF THE POTENTIAL CAPITAL "EXPORTING COUNTRIES, SUCH AS THE UNITED STATES, AGREED TO GUARANTEE PRIVATE INVESTMENTS AGAINST SUCH RISKS.

THESE GUARANTEES, THE REPORT SAID, MIGHT SERVE AS A PUMP-PRIMER TO ENCOURAGE INVESTMENTS UNTIL THE GENERAL "CLIMATE" FOR INTERNATIONAL LOANS IMPROVED.

THE SURVEY DID NOT DEAL WITH THE QUESTION OF DIRECT GOVERNMENT LOANS OR DOMESTIC INVESTMENTS AS A SOURCE OF DEVELOPMENT CAPITAL. A PREVIOUS REPORT, HOWEVER, HAD CONCLUDED THAT DOMESTIC INVESTMENTS WOULD BE INSUFFICIENT IN MOST CASES FOR ANY LARGE-SCALE ECONOMIC PROJECTS.

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AND INDUSTRIAL METALS.

THE DAY'S TRANSACTIONS BROUGHT TOTAL EUROPEAN RECOVERY COMMITMENTS TO $8,313,240,000 (B) SINCE START OF THE MARSHALL PLAN 21 MONTHS AGO. INCLUDED IN THE NEWEST ALLOCATIONS WERE:

TURKEY, $1,775,000 (M) TO BUY NON-METALLIC MINERALS AND IRON AND STEEL MILL MATERIALS AND TO PAY TECHNICAL SERVICE COSTS; NORWAY, $1,450,000 (M) FOR U.S. MOTOR VEHICLES AND INDUSTRIAL EQUIPMENT; GREAT BRITAIN, $503,000 (T) WORTH OF NON-METALLIC MINERALS FROM THE U.S. AND CANADA; FRANCE, $440,000 (T) FOR OIL WELL DRILLING EQUIPMENT FROM THE U.S.; WESTERN GERMANY $265,000 (T) FOR METAL WORKING MACHINERY FROM AMERICAN SUPPLIERS; GREECE, $125,000 WORTH OF U.S. COPPER; AND BELGIUM-LUXEMBOURG $100,000 (T) FOR HIDES AND SKINS FROM LATIN AMERICA.

FEB 22 1950

D11SWX (TOBACCO) PG

ECA-TOBACCO

WASHINGTON, FEB.20-(AP)-HOLLAND TODAY WAS GIVEN AUTHORITY TO BUY $5,899,000 (M) WORTH OF AMERICAN TOBACCO UNDER THE MARSHALL PLAN.

THE SPENDING APPROVAL WAS ANNOUNCED BY THE ECONOMIC COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION.

NINE OTHER EUROPEAN COUNTRIES ALSO SHARED IN NEW RECOVERY GRANTS TOTALING $15,064,000 (M).

IN ADDITION TO THE FUNDS EARMARKED FOR TOBACCO PURCHASES, HOLLAND ALSO RECEIVED $400,000 (T) TO BUY MANILA FIBER FROM THE PHILIPPINES.

AUSTRIA WAS GIVEN $4,107,000 (M) TO BUY INDUSTRIAL MACHINERY, AGRICULTURAL EQUIPMENT, MOTOR VEHICLES, LEATHER, RAILROAD EQUIPMENT

End of February 21, 1950

30.24- 9127

ERITREA RIOT DEATHS RISE

Grenades Hurled In Renewed Moslem-Christian Outbreak

Asmara, Eritrea, Feb. 22 (AP)—Hand grenades were hurled today in renewed Moslem-Christian rioting and casualties of the week were reported to have risen to 30 dead and 130 wounded.

Ten grenades exploded near the European quarter. British troops reinforced the police and the situation appeared to calm down at sunset.

The United Nations commission here warned the Eritrean people that the incidents, resulting in the deaths of children as well as adults, cannot and will not influence the commission's decision on the future of Eritrea.

On Fact-Finding Visit

The commission is on a fact-finding visit to determine whether Eritrea should be split up between Ethiopia and the Anglo-Egyptian Sudan, granted independence, turned over to Ethiopia or otherwise disposed of.

The appeal called on Eritreans to "stop all acts of violence immediately, as these acts can only result in useless bloodshed, bitterness and the disturbance of peaceful relations among the inhabitants of the country."

A United States communique said no American forces have been called in to help restore order. United States military police in jeeps circulated near the scene of the disturbance to pick up military personnel. But in no circumstances will the American military unit here be asked to assist the administration, the communiqué said.

Small Group Of Technicians

There is only a small group of United States army and navy technicians in the city. They operate the Asmara radio relay station and serve as ground crews at the air field. There are no American combat units here.

The British are occupying this prewar Italian colony until the United Nations decides what to do with it.

Although there are religious feuds in the native districts among Coptic Christians, Moslems, a few Roman Catholics and some pagans, the main differences, it is believed, arise out of the future status of Eritrea. The Christians want it annexed to Ethiopia.

Moslem Aide Slain

The rioting was precipitated by the slaying of a Moslem minor official Monday. During the mile-long funeral procession yesterday for the official, in which uniformed Moslem youths took part, grenades and stones were thrown from a point near the Moslem cemetery.

The Moslems turned on their attackers with swords and knives.

A curfew, from 7 P.M. to 5 A.M., was set up a month ago to protect the 50,000 Europeans, mostly Italians, who live here.

Russia-Romania Pact

Year's Trade Agreement Calls for 30 P. C. Increase Over '49

LONDON, Feb 22 (AP).—The Soviet Union and Romania have agreed to trade 30 per cent more goods this year than last, the Moscow radio said today. The agreement on exchange and payments was signed in Moscow last Friday.

Russia will send Romania raw cotton, metal, iron ore, coke, industrial equipment, automobiles, farm machinery and other goods.

Romania will send Russia oil products, timber, wagons, chemical goods, meat products and other commodities.

Belgium Plans Boost To 73,792-Man Army

Brussels, Feb. 22 (AP)—Belgium plans to increase her army in 1950 to 73,792 men, Albert Deveze, minister of defense told the Chamber of Deputies today. The 1949 strength of the army has been 63,250.

Deveze presented a military budget to the lower house of Parliament which earmarked the equivalent of $40,000,000 for the army increase, bringing total military expenses to $240,000,000.

NORSE REDS EXPEL 22

Ex-Secretary Is Dropped With Others as Titoists

OSLO, Norway, Feb. 22 (AP)—The National Congress of the Norwegian Communist party has expelled its former secretary-general, Peder Furubotn, and twenty-one of his followers from the party. The members of the group were accused of "Titoism" and with trying to form a "second center within the party." They denied the charges.

Pesetas at New Low in Tangier

TANGIER, Feb. 22 (AP)—Spanish pesetas continued to lose ground today in the Tangier free market, reaching the record-breaking figure of 60 to the dollar and 165 to the pound.

WEST GERMAN MOVE WATCHED

McCloy Says Agents Are Evaluating Underground

Berlin, Feb. 22 (AP)—A West German underground military movement which might have in it the makings of a new German general staff was officially reported under American investigation today.

It is called the Bruderschaft (Brotherhood).

"We are keeping a close watch on this group," John J. McCloy, United States high commissioner, said in an interview at Frankfurt.

The United States, Britain and France are pledged against German rearmament, though a professional cadre of 45,000 is receiving intensive military training in the People's Police of Soviet-controlled East Germany.

Paper Identifies Leader

McCloy said Allied agents are trying to evaluate the strength of the underground Bruderschaft, but he gave no details.

The Frankfurt newspaper *Neuepresse* said the leader is former Gen. Hasso-Eccard Manteuffel, one-time commander of the 5th German Panzer (tank) Army. It said the movement's "inner circle" consists of former general staff members, other generals and former Nazi *Gauleiters* (area leaders).

By playing upon the fears of an East German army under Soviet sponsorship these leaders, the newspaper said, hope to get Allied permission to form two army divisions by the end of 1951. It said they have powerful contacts with industrial and financial groups.

Berlin Trade Talks Recess

West's Delegates Returning Home for Further Consultations

BERLIN, Feb. 22 (AP).—East-West German trade talks were broken off temporarily here today despite the reported conclusion of a preliminary agreement.

West German representatives in a communique said they were returning to West Germany for further consultations before taking final action.

The conference began ten days ago.

16 Reported Killed In Saxony Mine Blast

Berlin, Feb. 22 (AP)—Sixteen Germans working in a uranium mine in Soviet-occupied Saxony were killed recently by a tunnel cave-in, the West Berlin newspaper *Sozial-Demokrat* reported today.

The newspaper said a premature explosion was blamed for the disaster at Johann-Georgenstadt in an area under strict Russian guard.

Labor offices at Leipzig have been ordered to recruit 4,000 new workers for uranium mines, accordin got German reports. There are few volunteers for the hazardous work and employes of small private firms in East Germany may be drafted as miners, the reports said.

U. S. Table Tennis Team Missed by Hungarians

BUDAPEST, Feb. 22 (AP).—The Hungarian Communist party newspaper said today the United States could have spared itself a clash with Hungary by sending table tennis players to Budapest instead of spies and saboteurs.

"Szabad Nep," organ of the Hungarian Workers (Communist) party, made the comment in a report on the espionage trial of Robert A. Vogeler, convicted yesterday by a People's Court and sentenced to fifteen years in prison.

In an article titled "The Spies and Their Bosses," the newspaper said: "If the American government had prevented these gentlemen from coming here instead of the table tennis players there would have been less clash and the State Department in Washington would have been spared the writing of dozens of notes and protests."

The reference was to the ban by the State Department on travel to Hungary by American citizens, imposed shortly after Mr. Vogeler's arrest last Nov. 18. As a result of the ban, an American table tennis team was unable to compete in the recent world championships held in Budapest.

Strikes and Disorder Reported in Bohemia

By The Associated Press.

PRAGUE, Czechoslovakia, Feb. 22—Reliable sources reported today that strikes, slowdowns, and sabotage had broken out in Bohemia's steel and coal regions as a result of wage cuts.

The informants gave this picture:

Production had been curtailed seriously. Absenteeism among miners and steel mill hands had soared to new heights and general job malingering was the rule not the exception.

The area of discontent centers on the coal mines and steel mills in the Kladno region, about twenty-five miles from Prague, but also has spread to Moravia.

A huge explosion last Thursday destroyed a steel converter at the Poldi works in Kladno. The next day, a former army major, sent to the mill on forced labor, was arrested on charges of sabotage.

Clamor for Chiang Rises

TAIPEI, Formosa, Feb. 22 (AP).—The clamor for Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek to resume the Presidency of Nationalist China grew today.

Chiang retired from the office in favor of Acting President Li Tsung-jen more than a year ago. Li has been in the United States since late last year. He underwent surgical treatment in a New York hospital and since has been recuperating.

High officials predicted today Chiang would resume the office early next month. His return, they say, already has been decided in principle.

One official dismissed the constitutional difficulties in the way of Chiang resuming office without Li resigning. "All Chiang needs to do," he declared, "is to issue a statement announcing his return."

NATIONALIST PLANES BLAST AT HANGCHOW

TAIPEI, Formosa, Feb. 22—(AP) Pressing its campaign to black out Communist China, the Nationalist air force reported its planes today smashed the power plant at Hangchow, 100 miles southwest of Shanghai.

Yesterday the air force reported knocking out the second of three power plants in Shanghai and completely wrecking Nanking's power installations.

The raid on Hangchow was by four, B-26 medium bombers. Eight

Mustang fighters simultaneously attacked a train bound from Shanghai to Hangchow and key points along that rail route.

Thunderbolt fighter-bombers hit the ports of Swatow and Amoy, on the mainland opposite Formosa, while fliers based on Hainan Island reported sinking a number of Communist junks. AP

Germ Warfare Laid to Russia

HATANO, Japan, Feb. 22 (AP)—Former Japanese Army Major Tiromoto Iinuma today accused Russia of using germ warfare against the Japanese in Manchuria during the war. He was recently repatriated from Siberia, where he was a witness in the Russian trials of twelve Japanese accused of germ warfare. He said former Col. Torajiro Kitamura had told him in jail at Khabarovsk that the Russians threw cans containing anthrax germs into Japanese-occupied Manchuria. Iinuma said the incident occurred at a place called Shenho in 1944, before Russia and Japan were at war.

AUSTRALIA PLANS TO OUTLAW REDS

CANBERRA, Australia, Feb. 22.—(AP) Australia's new government gave notice today it plans legislation to outlaw the Communist Party in this country and to ban future nationalization of industry or commerce unless the voters wish it.

The legislative program was outlined at the opening of the first parliament under the new liberal-country party coalition headed by Prime Minister Robert G. Menzies. The Labor Party was defeated by the coalition in last December's election after eight years of power.

Details of proposed legislation to ban the communists were not disclosed, but it was generally believed the Community Party will be declared unlawful and that communists will be barred from government posts and trade unions.

Presents Program

The program was presented in an opening speech on behalf of the Menzies government by Governor-General William J. McKell, himself a former labor leader.

Besides anti-communist action, it called for an amendment to the constitution to ban nationalization without the people's cosent by referendum. Nationalization of several industries was carried out by parliamentary vote during the labor administration.

McKell said the new government bases its defense policy on the acceptance by Australia of a full share in the coordinated British commonwealth defense plan and on the closest cooperation with the United States.

To Strengthen Defenses

He said the government plans to strengthen the Royal Australian Navy over the next three years, develop the air force, build up a citizens air force, reintroduce the Women's Auxiliary Air Force, introduce a system of universal military training and make Australian industrially ready for defense against aggression.

McKell said the government is reviewing the dollar shortage problem and exploring all measures to encourage exports to dollar areas.

"My advisers are convinced," he said, "that while the policy of import restrictions on goods from dollar areas is necessary, a major effort should be directed toward increasing dollar earnings."

He said the government plans to create a ministry of national development of Australia's resources and arrest the movement of rural populations to the cities.

McKell said the government aims at stimulating immigration to boost Australia's population from its present figure of 8,000,000 to 10,500,000 by 1960.

The coalition has seventy-four seats in the House of Representatives, against forty-seven held by Laborites. Labor still holds a majority in the Senate.

Reds Accused of Arson in Iran

TEHERAN, Iran, Feb. 22 (AP)—An Education Ministry communiqué said today the Communist-directed Tudeh party, which has been outlawed, had begun a "widespread campaign of sabotage" by setting fire to schools, hospitals and other public buildings. The Government warned Iranians against Communist attempts to disrupt the country through terroristic activities and asked the public's help in running down the guilty.

Oppose Burma-Japan Rice Pact

RANGOON, Feb. 22 (AP).—Some Burmese business men today expressed dissatisfaction with a reported Burmese-Japanese trade agreement being negotiated under which Burmese rice will be bartered for Japanese goods. Responsible trade sources, who withheld use of their names, declared adequate safeguards must be set up to prevent inferior Japanese goods being traded for rice. One former Agriculture Minister, who quit government work to enter business, said barter deals with Japan would restrict sales of Burmese rice for currency in other markets.

WALLACE-RED LINK ALLEGED

Ex-FBI Undercover Man Tells Of Pittsburgh Conference

Washington, Feb. 22 (AP) — A former undercover agent for the FBI testified today that Henry A. Wallace once conferred with two well-known Pittsburgh Communists about support for his third party presidential campaign.

Matthew Cvetic was the agent. He told the House Un-American Activities Committee he himself was one of the pair of well-known Communist party members. He identified the other as George Wuchinich.

Cvetic has been telling the committee how he bored into the Communist party in western Pennsylvania and spent seven years as an active, trusted member while slipping reports on its activities to the FBI.

Names 13 As Top Communists

Today he named thirteen men, headed by Organizer Steve Nelson, as the top-level Reds in western Pennsylvania. And he told of Communist efforts to infiltrate the key steel, coal and electrical industries in the region.

Wuchinich, the witness said, was one of the thirteen, and his special fields were the Progressive party and the American Slav Congress.

Cvetic said that he and Wuchinich conferred with Wallace and Wallace's campaign manager, (Beany) Baldwin, in the former Vice President's room at the Schenley Hotel in Pittsburgh on November 11, 1947.

Unaware Of It, Wallace Says

Wallace said at his South Salem (N.Y.) home:

"I can say with absolute flatness I had no awareness whatsoever of meeting any Communist in Pittsburgh."

He added that he recalled meeting Wuchinich in Pittsburgh, but not Cvetic. He said even today he had no personal knowledge that Wuchinich was a Communist.

"I was not at any time myself soliciting support from that group (the American Slav Congress)," Wallace added.

"If Slavs wanted to vote Progressive, that was all right with us. There are all kinds of people in all parties."

Talked To Many, Says Baldwin

C. B. Baldwin, who was Wallace's campaign manager, said he and Wallace had talked to many people in Pittsburgh.

"Not believing in loyalty tests," he said, "we made no effort to ascertain the individual political beliefs of any person who sought an interview or who accompanied any group to see Wallace."

Cvetic testified:

"Wallace and Baldwin questioned Wuchinich and myself on the number of Slav votes we felt we could deliver in our capacity as officers of the Slav Congress.

"Well Known" As Communists

"At the time both Wuchinich and I were well-known Communist party members in Pittsburgh."

He said their Communist membership wasn't discussed but their names had come out in an exposé by the Pittsburgh *Press*.

"You are assuming," Representative Walter (D., Pa.) inquired, "that Wallace and Baldwin knew you were Communist party members because of the publicity?"

"Yes," Cvetic answered. "They are both men of intelligence. And the local Progressive party leaders knew we were Communists."

At the time of the meeting, the Progressive party hadn't been organized under that name. Cvetic told reporters that what was discussed was a new party, "a new, Progressive party."

Now "Losing Ground" In Party

Now, he said, the Communists "are losing ground in the Progressive party" and he thinks his own testimony "might rock them a little bit."

He testified that the Reds didn't have much luck recruiting members in steel plants and coal fields. But, he reported, they have been making some progress in carrying the party line into colleges and youth organizations through the Labor Youth League in Pittsburgh.

Committee members indicated they might dig more deeply into that situation.

Lists Party's "High Command"

In addition to Nelson and Wuchinich, recently transferred from Pittsburgh to New York, Cvetic said these are the men, and the fields in which they specialize, who make up the Communist party's high command in western Pennsylvania:

Andy Onda, steel; William Albertson, district secretary; Ben Careathers, Negroes; Leo Fisher, nationality groups; Dave Grant, organizer in East Pittsburgh, active at Westinghouse Electric Company.

Sam Reed, General Electric Company at Erie; Bill Gordon, Onda's helper; Joe Mankin, hotel and restaurant workers; Harold Orzcik, youth movement; Alex Wright, Progressive party; Milo Mamula, Civil Rights Congress.

SENATE ORDERS INVESTIGATION OF SPY RING CHARGE

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22. — (AP) The senate ordered its Foreign Relations Committee today to investigate a Republican's charges that communist spies are operating from inside the State Department.

The charges were made by Senator McCarthy (R-Wis) in a senate speech Monday night. He said there are or have been 81 card-carrying communists in the department and that their operations were directed by a "Big Three"—two men and a woman. He refused to name them.

Acheson Denies Charge

Secretary of State Acheson has said there is no truth in the accusation and that he is satisfied with the operations of the loyalty program in his department.

At the insistence of Republicans who demanded a "complete and full investigation," the resolution offered by Democratic Leader Lucas of Illinois was amended in three respects.

The investigators were ordered to subpoena the secret loyalty records and files of all State Department employes accused in the inquiry.

The committee was instructed to hold public hearings on any formal charges of disloyalty made against any individual.

The scope of the inquiry was broadened to cover former employes of the department as well as those now on the payroll.

The Democratic majority in the senate had decided Tuesday to investigate McCarthy's charges. The principal arguments today were whether to make the hearings public and whether to try to get the loyalty files which President Truman repeatedly has denied to other congressional investigating groups.

Lucas finally accepted the Republican amendments and the resolution was approved by a voice vote. However, the president doesn't have to give up the files unless he wants to.

Second Inquiry Launched

It was the second investigation launched in the senate today.

Earlier the Commerce Committee had voted unanimously to take up a request by Senator Malone (R-Nev) for an investigation of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce (a division of the Commerce Department) and one of its officials, Michael E. Lee.

Malone last week had told the senate Lee was a Manchurian-born Russian who had used his position in the government to delay shipments of war supplies to nationalist China. Malone said the official's name formerly was Ephraim Zinovi Liberman and that his application for American citizenship had been rejected three times and was granted only after he married an American woman.

The Commerce Department said it would welcome the investigation, which will be made by a subcommittee to be appointed by committee Chairman Johnson (D-Colo).

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Supreme Court Ruling Delays Action on Aliens

Deportation Hearings Held Up While Immigration Service Alters Program

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22 (AP).—Deportation hearings involving thousands of aliens in all parts of the country have temporarily come to a halt pending a revamping of immigration service procedure in such cases.

The Justice Department, which operates the service, said today the suspension was general in the wake of the Supreme Court directive of last Monday to immigration officials not to take any short cuts in deportations, for the sake of economy or any other reason.

Scores of alleged Communists whom the Justice Department is seeking to deport are included in the pending cases, now halted. All are free on bond.

The Supreme Court called improper a long-standing practice of having immigration inspectors sit as examiners in the initial hearings for aliens up for exclusion.

The 6-to-1 opinion of the court asserted that in view of revisions in the administrative procedures act adopted in June, 1946, the examiners—having the functions of a judge—should be completely separated from any investigative or enforcement duties.

The questions of inconvenience or expense, the court held, should not be considered.

The Justice Department said the court's mandate will be promptly obeyed, but the question of just who will sit at the initial hearings in the future remains to be decided.

Two courses are possible:

1. Designation of non-enforcement, non-investigative personnel to hold the hearings, if it is possible to re-arrange duties for this purpose.

2. Creation of a separate hearing examiners' staff, similar to those functioning in other administrative agencies such as the Federal Communications Commission, Civil Aeronautics Board and Interstate Commerce Commission. This would involve hiring several hundred new employees and a request on Congress for a supplemental appropriation.

The immigration service has long used its inspectors as examiners under the 1917 immigration laws. It assumed that the 1946 procedures act did not apply to it.

Several groups of alleged alien Communists cited for deportation, including the escaped Gerhart Eisler, have challenged the immigration service procedure in a number of court cases in the last three years. The lower courts have handed down a series of conflicting opinions.

The Supreme Court made its ruling in the case of Wong Yang Sung, a Chinese seaman who was alleged to have overstayed his shore leave after his ship docked in New York in April, 1946. He was arrested for deportation in 1947, had his first hearing before an immigration inspector, and challenged the government on that grounds.

ATOM CONFERENCE HELD DANGEROUS

Pressure For Discussion With Russia Disturbs Durham

Washington, Feb. 22 (AP)—Representative Durham (D., N.C.), vice chairman of the Senate-House Atomic Energy Committee, said tonight that the pressure for an atomic conference with Russia is "dangerous."

Indorsing President Truman's decision to match power with power and build up atomic defenses while trying to bring the Soviet Union into an agreement for effective atomic controls, Durham declared:

"It . . . disturbs me to read newspaper statements—some of them issued by scientists — suggesting that we retreat from realism and pin our hopes to some scheme or other that could succeed only if all men, and particularly the Communists, were completely enlightened and unselfish."

It "Can Only Buy Us Time"

"Keeping our atomic defenses in order can only buy us time," he said, in an address to the North Carolina Democratic Club of Washington.

"We must use that time to work and struggle for the day when international control enables us to realize the true promise of the atom."

Durham's views conflicted in some degree with those of a former official of the American Embassy in Moscow, who advocated today that the United States take the initiative in "proposing peace to the Kremlin."

Randall's Views On Subject

That idea was advanced in an interview by Brig. Gen. Russell E. Randall, USA (retired), who was air attaché in the Soviet capital from September, 1948, to July, 1949.

Randall said he believes the chances for agreement "are better now than they have been at any time" since the cold war started.

He attributed a change in prospects to the hydrogen bomb.

"I am of the opinion," Russell said, "that Russia recognizes, as we do, that the hygroden bomb and its use might render all of our ideologies nothing but ashes. They, of course, want to win in this conflict of ways of living, but they might also recognize that they still have a better chance of winning by peaceful penetration than by risking the loss of everything by war."

Hope For Other Aides Seen In Bulgar Step

Washington, Feb. 22 (AP)—State Department officials expressed hope today that the American diplomatic break with Bulgaria will bring improvement in the treatment of United States diplomats and their local employés in other Russian satellite countries.

A tragic tale of police terror and death lay behind the Bulgarian break. It was not clear here that American officials and their local aides have been victimized to the same extent in other Communist nations. There was no immediate indication of a further break with any of those nations.

There was, however, speculation on the possibility of rupture in American relations with Hungary eventually, as a result of the conviction there of Robert A. Vogeler, an American business man accused of being a spy against the Red regime in Budapest. Vogeler was sentenced to fifteen years in prison.

U.S. Statement

Within a few hours after the action against Bulgaria yesterday, the State Department attacked Hungary's handling of the Vogeler trial. The department said the trial was "devoid of justice, inadequate as to evidence and replete with falsehood." Vogeler's conviction, the department said, is the beginning in Hungary of "political persecution and acts of injustice to citizens of foreign nationality."

About the same time as the blast at Hungary was issued, the State Department disclosed the secret details of American efforts to protect its last Bulgarian translator at the American Legation at Sofia against probable death at the hands of the Communist authorities. Apparently efforts to save the life of this man, Michael Shipkov, had delayed action on the actual break until yesterday.

Last summer the Bulgarian police, according to State Department disclosures, seized three Bulgarian employés of the legation on charges of spying. The Bulgarian Government, the State Department said, "permitted the torture and killing" of these three men.

HOFFMAN, LODGE CLASH IN SENATE ON IMPORTS PLAN

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22 — (AP) ECA Chief Paul G. Hoffman clashed with Senator Lodge (R-Mass) today over the effect on American workers if the gates are opened for $1,000,000,000-a-year imports of European goods.

Testifying before the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, Hoffman said a "greatly exaggerated" picture has been drawn on the impact on this country.

Nevertheless, he suggested unemployment insurance and new-job training for Americans who might suffer.

Hoffman, Lodge Clash

"That's not a rosy prospect to people who lose their jobs," Lodge snapped. "They don't want relief—they want work."

Hoffman argued that U. S. management would make the necessary adjustments to meet the problems of European competition, and he commented:

"If they don't, they would go out of business anyway. We have a continual shift in industry. Those who don't adapt themselves can't survive."

Lodge broke in again to say:

"A policy of devil-take-the-hindmost is not a sensible policy, either."

In general terms, Hoffman summed up the situation this way:

Europe needs U. S. dollars to become self-supporting. The only way Europe can earn those dollars is by selling its goods in this country.

And that is why, he said, the Economic Cooperation Administration (ECA) is setting up a staff in Paris to help the Marshall Plan nations of Western Europe find markets for a billion dollars worth of goods annually in the United States.

Senators Split on Issue

Some Senators have cautiously endorsed the plan. Others have vigorously denounced it.

Lodge said Congress should insist that foreign imports be spread "as equitably as possible" to prevent the burden from falling on a few industries.

The Massachusetts senator said Western Europe plans to step up its exports of foodstuffs, fibers, cotton, textile products, lead, asbestos, watches, clocks, type-setting machinery and other products.

He declared that if the United States cut off its $600,000,000-a-year export of oil to Britain, then Britain's $1,000,000,000 dollar shortage would be reduced by 60 per cent.

Lodge contended that in effect the ECA is promoting a subsidy for American oil companies.

Hoffman told the committee he sees no immediate problem affecting American workers as a result of the proposed imports. But in cases where foreign competition hit hardest, he suggested Americans might be trained for new jobs.

He also suggested that if a town supported by one industry suffered from the flow of goods from Europe, then unemployment insurance might be extended to the workers.

Hoffman testified in support of ECA's request for $2,950,000,000 in new money plus $150,000,000 in funds left over from the current year to keep the European recovery plan rolling for its third year — fiscal 1951 beginning next July 1.

4 NAVIES TO MANEUVER

U. S., British, Dutch, Canadian Warships to Take Part

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22 (AP)—Nearly 100 warships of the United States, Britain, Canada and the Netherlands will practice defense against submarine and air attack in the Caribbean next month.

A United States Navy officer said the exercises will be the largest international maneuver in western hemisphere waters since World War II.

The exercises will take place about March 15, after the end of separate United States military exercises called Portrex.

In combined maneuvers called Caribex, British, Canadian and United States fleet units will operate as far north as Charleston, S. C.

Combined Netherlands - United States exercises will be carried on at the same time, but separately, in the Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, area.

Cave Owner Seeks Million Loan To Fix Up Atomic Age Shelter

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22 (AP)—A Missouri cave man asked the Reconstruction Finance Corporation today to lend him a million dollars to fix up a five-level hole in the ground as a modern Noah's Ark.

It would come in mighty handy if somebody started flinging hydrogen bombs around, Lester Dill, owner of Meramec Caverns at Stanton, Mo., told the government.

While Dill said the cave would be a good site for an emergency seat of government or a war plant, he emphasized its possibilities as an atomic refuge for scientific, industrial, educational and medical leaders. His loan application, which was eagerly made public by his press agent, said:

"Those selected for admission should be representatives of the sciences such as Einstein, the nuclear physicists, medical experts, chemists, engineers, etc.

"There also should be a chosen representative group of young people who would insure a future generation. These youths should be screened for their potential attributes in science, arts, agriculture, etc.

"This subterranean community could be the nucleus for an entirely new world in the event of global wide bombing."

Dill's publicity man said that Jesse and Frank James, the outlaws, used to ride into the cave on horseback. A stream known as Lost River flows through the cavern, located about 65 miles southwest of St. Louis in the Ozark foothills.

President Strikes Out At Rule Of Communists

Alexandria, Va., Feb. 22 (AP) — The text of President Truman's foreign-policy speech at the unveiling of a statue of George Washington follows:

It is a great privilege to dedicate this inspiring statue of George Washington.

This is the climax of many years of planning and effort. I congratulate particularly the order of DeMolay, whose contributions have made this statue a reality. This heroic likeness of our first President makes even more impressive the entrance hall of this temple. It is altogether fitting that this work should stand in the community that Washington did so much to build, and so near his own home at Mount Vernon.

George Washington, like ourselves, lived in a period of great change—a period when new forces and new ideas were sweeping across the world. He was the leader of his people in a revolution against tyranny. He commanded an army in a long and bitter war. He was a major figure in the creation of a new kind of constitution. Finally, as the first President of our nation, he translated that Constitution into a living Government.

Freedom Efforts Twofold

Washington's efforts for freedom were twofold. He was concerned first with making the ideal of democratic government work. He was also concerned with the defense of that ideal against the forces opposed to it.

Washington was unwavering in his devotion to the democratic concept. He never yielded to those who urged him to assume extraordinary powers. Even in the darkest days of the Revolution, when his task as commander in chief of the American forces was rendered doubly difficult by the weakness of the Congress and the rivalries among the states, he always considered himself as a servant of the people. In all that he did, he strove to make democratic institutions more effective.

He knew, too, that they had to be defended—that there were times when the use of force to defend democracy could not be avoided. He not only led the armies in the Revolution, but as President he was always alert to the necessity of a vigorous national defense.

The task of Americans today is fundamentally the same as it was in Washington's time. We, too, must make democracy work and we must defend it against its enemies.

Task Now Far Greater

But our task today is far greater in scope than it was in Washington's time. Not only are we concerned with increasing the freedom, welfare and opportunity of our people. We are also concerned with the right of other peoples to choose their form of government, to improve their standards of living, and to decide what kind of life they want to live.

Since Washington's time the great principles for which the American Revolution was fought have become known throughout the world and have uplifted the hearts and hopes of generations of men. At the same time, through the progress of science, the nations of the world have been drawn together into a common destiny. Our security and progress are today more closely related than ever before to the advance of freedom and self-government in other lands.

This is a time of restlessness and change. In many parts of the world, men are searching for a better social order. They demand a way of life that will provide greater freedom and more widespread opportunity. They yearn to own the land they live on, and to be secure against poverty, disease and hunger.

Above all, they want to live their own lives as they see fit. This rising demand of men everywhere for independence and a better life puts the ideals of freedom and self-government to their greatest test.

Ideals Under Deadly Attack

At the same time, these ideals are under deadly attack from those who would destroy them. The most aggressive of these enemies today is communism. Communism seeks to induce men to surrender their freedom by false promises of a better life. But the great danger of communism does not lie in its false promises. It lies in the fact that it is an instrument of an armed imperialism which seeks to extend its influence by force.

This threat of force is a challenge to all peoples who are free or who wish to be free. The fundamental issue is whether men are to be free to choose their own way of life, or whether they must live under a system imposed upon them by force.

Just as our thirteen original states found that survival and progress depend on closer association and common effort, so the free nations of the world today must seek their salvation in unity and concerted action. The real strength of the free nations is not to be found in any single country or any one weapon, but in the combined moral and material strength of the free world as a whole.

As members of the United Nations, the free nations are working for peace and international security in accordance with the principles set forth in the Charter. Within the context of that larger association, many of the free nations have joined together to strengthen the common defense of particular areas against aggression. That is the meaning of the North Atlantic treaty and the mutual defense assistance program.

United Defense As Deterrent

We shall continue to work with the other free nations associated with us in the common defense—for our defense is theirs, and their defense is ours. The united defense of these nations is a powerful deterrent to aggression, and it will become more powerful as time goes by.

In creating a common defense, we do not seek to impose a way of life on any nation. Freedom is not expanded by conquest. Democracy is not created by dictation. Freedom and democracy grow only by persuasion and example and through the actual experience of what they mean.

At the same time, freedom cannot grow and expand unless it is protected against the armed imperialism of those who would destroy it. The free nations, therefore, must maintain military force as a defensive measure.

While the free nations stand prepared to resist aggression, they are doing their utmost to find peaceful means for settling international disputes. They know that another great war could destroy victor and vanquished alike.

Consequently, we in the United States are doing and will continue to do all that lies within our power to prevent the horror of another war. We are working for the reduction of armaments and the control of weapons of mass destruction.

Atomic Pact A Necessity

We are convinced of the necessity for an international agreement to limit the use of atomic energy to peaceful purposes, and for a workable international system to assure that such an agreement is effectively carried out. We believe that the United Nations is the proper forum in which to reach such an agreement. We firmly believe that all nations would gain by such an international agreement.

We shall continue to work honestly and whole-heartedly toward that end. But we must remember that the outcome is not ours alone to determine. The actions of men in other countries will help to shape the ultimate decision.

We believe that the plan for controlling atomic energy which has been worked out in the United Nations and has been approved by the overwhelming majority of its members, would be effective. That plan, therefore, has our support. It has our support not because of its form or its words, but because we believe it would achieve effective control. The stakes are too large to let us, or any nation, stand on pride of authorship.

We ask only for a plan that provides an effective, workable system—anything less would be a sham agreement. Anything less would increase, not decrease, the dangers of the use of atomic energy for destructive purposes. We shall continue to examine every avenue, every possibility of reaching real agreement for effective control.

Peace Hopes Lie In Freedom

In the long run, however, our security and the world's hopes for peace lie not in measures of defense or in the control of weapons, but in the growth and expansion of freedom and self-government. As these ideals are accepted by more and more people, as they give greater meaning and richer content to the lives of millions, they become the greatest force in the world for peace.

The purpose of our participation in the United Nations and other international organizations is to strengthen this great force for peace. That is the purpose of the European Recovery Program and our Point Four Program to assist underdeveloped areas. That is the purpose of our foreign trade program and our other measures to help build world prosperity.

These programs are positive measures to increase the strength of freedom and self-government by helping men to meet the needs and fulfill the aspirations of their daily lives.

Today, in many countries of the world, the concepts of freedom and self-government are merely vague phrases. They express little to people who are engaged in a desperate struggle with ignorance and poverty. They mean little to men who must work from sunup to sundown merely to keep alive. They are not fully understood by men who cannot read or write.

Millions Live In Poverty

On the continent of Asia and the islands of the Far East, in Africa and in the Near East, are millions of people who live in poverty and who have never known real freedom or democratic government. In their present condition, the immediate benefit of steel plowshares, or smallpox vaccinations, has more appeal than abstract ideas of democracy.

The Communists are saying that they will bring food and clothing and health and a more secure life to these poverty-stricken peoples. We know that is not true. But it is not enough to tell such people that communism is a modern tyranny far worse than that of any ancient empire. It is not enough to tell them that communism leads only to oppression. People who have never known freedom and security themselves have little

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basis for judging how false are the claims of communism.

These people will turn to democracy only if it seems to them to be the best way to meet their urgent needs. The benefits of freedom and democracy must be demonstrated to them.

In many of these areas there are governments which are working to improve the conditions of their people. They know that the claims of the Communists are not made in good faith. They do not want Soviet domination. If these governments are successful in raising living standards, and in building strong and stable domocratic institutions based on popular support, their people will not go over to communism.

Nations In Need Of Help

But these governments are struggling with titanic problems, as their people attempt to climb in a few years from economic misery to better standards of living. They need help. If these nations are to grow in freedom, they urgently need assistance in improving their health, their education, their productive capacity, their transportation and communication systems.

That is why I have requested the Congress to act as rapidly as possible on legislation to expand our programs for giving technical assistance to such countries as these, and to encourage American investment in those countries on a mutually beneficial basis. We are not trying to sell them automobiles and television sets. Our purpose is to help them to grow more food, to obtain better education, and to be more healthy. That is the way they can gain the physical and moral strength to be free and to maintain their own governments.

As these nations prove to themselves and to others the effectiveness of free institutions in meeting their people's needs, they will show as nothing else can the true value of democracy and the false claims of communism.

But the problem of making free institutions work is not confined to underdeveloped areas. The highly developed nations of Europe came out of the war with serious problems of their own. They were threatened with economic chaos. Their ability to maintain freedom and democracy was challenged.

Purpose Of European Recovery

The purpose of the European Recovery Program was to meet this challenge in the area of the world where the preservation of free governments was of supreme importance. The results which have been achieved so far under that program have amply demonstrated its wisdom.

With the aid we have provided, the nations of Europe have already made great advances in their production and have improved their trading relations with the rest of the world. Much more must be done before they reach the firm basis of economic self-support which is essential to the maintenance of free and democratic governments. Consequently, we must complete our program of assistance. It would be utter folly to lose sight of the importance of the European Recovery Program. It is essential to our hopes for peace.

The preservation and strengthening of free governments depends in large measure on the creation of firm economic conditions throughout the world and on an expanding world trade. Free nations can expand their trade only on the basis of mutual respect and fair dealing.

Our reciprocal trade agreements program and the international trade organization are the kind of international machinery which is necessary for increasing the trade of the world. We shall continue to use the procedures of the reciprocal trade agreements program to reduce trade barriers, but more than this is needed. That is why I have urged the Congress to act favorably on the creation of the international trade organization, through which the nations of the world can work together effectively to increase world trade.

Difficult Work Situation

This program and our other plans for international action are the practical way to move forward toward peace. They recognize that we must deal with the difficult work situation which actually exists. We must not be discouraged by difficulties and setbacks. We must not be misled by the vain hope of finding quick and easy solutions. We must move forward persistently and courageously along the hard path to a peace based on freedom and justice.

The progress we have made in this country since the days of George Washington is proof of the vitality and truth of the ideals he fought for. We must be no less firm, no less resolute, no less steadfast than he was. We move upon a greater stage than he did, but our problems are fundamentally the same problems that faced the first President of this nation—to make democracy work and defend it from its enemies.

George Washington sought guidance from Almighty God as he faced these tasks in his time; let us be guided today by divine providence as we strive for lasting peace with freedom and justice for all mankind.

OSBORN DECRIES SOVIET COERCION

Urges U.S. To Drop Efforts To Compromise On Atom Control

Princeton, N.J., Feb. 22 (AP)—Frederick H. Osborn described the Russians today as more concerned with coercion than co-operation and urged that the United States drop attempts to compromise with them on atomic control.

Osborn called for greater co-operation among the rest of the world and the abandonment of attempts to "compromise and negotiate with men who do not understand the meaning of these words." words."

Osborn, former deputy representative on the United Nations Atomic Energy Commission, spoke at Princeton University's thirty-sixth annual midwinter alumni day.

Refers To Soviet Coercion

He described the Soviet suggestion for controlling atomic energy as "like their representatives, coercive rather than co-operative."

He said the plan for an international atomic energy agency has been blocked completely by the Soviets, who "can only conceive of control in terms of coercion and yet are unwilling to be coerced."

He said the American foreign policy was one of nonaggression and maintenance of the peace and, as this policy "becomes clear to other nations, the Soviet foreign policy of expansion and coercion becomes uglier by comparison."

U.S. Can't Afford To Lose First Battle, Symington Says

New Haven, Conn., Feb. 22 (AP)—W. Stuart Symington, Secretary of the Air Force, said today the United States cannot afford to "lose the first battle" in an atomic war.

He told a Yale University alumni meeting here that a surprise atomic assault might inflict a "mortal wound from which no nation could completely recover."

Symington urged those who "clamor" for a balanced budget to realize that Russia has built a war machine since 1945 that "overshadows the combined programs of all the Atlantic pact nations put together."

Says Red Forces Larger

He said the Russian Army is larger than the combined ground forces of the United States and her Allies; that her submarine force is "several times larger" than the fleet with which Hitler started World War II.

He said Russia has the world's largest air force in nearly all categories and that it is "growing relatively larger month by month."

He asked why Russia is increasing its strategic bombing force when it did not possess one in the last war and does not need one to "conquer Eurasia."

He answered his question by stating that Russian policy is based upon Stalin's assumption that "terrible clashes . . . will be inevitable" between the Soviet Republic and anti-Communist states.

One Half Not Enough

Symington said that in atomic warfare it would not be sufficient for American defenses to knock down one fourth or even one half of a surprise raiding force.

"Where will our cities be when the other 50 per cent get through?" he asked.

Symington said that real security can be assured only by the elimination of war itself.

If Efforts Fail

"If all our efforts to prevent war fail," he said, "the United States must win."

He said the Defense Department recognizes the need for the United States to live within its means while preparing for "modern total war."

But he urged critics of defense policies to realize that Russian military strength "meanwhile grows relatively greater" than that of the United States despite the large American expenditures for security.

Says She Will Wed Garry Davis

HOLLYWOOD, Feb. 22 (AP).—Audrey Peters, a twenty-year-old dance instructor, said today she will wed Garry Davis, self-styled world citizen whom she has never met. She said she plans to go to Haiti as a missionary and hopes to meet him there. She is a former student at Whittier College, a Quaker institution near here. Mr. Davis, twenty-eight, son of orchestra leader Meyer Davis, in Paris, has renounced his American citizenship as part of his campaign for a world government. He and Miss Peters began corresponding through the efforts of a mutual friend. She said Mr. Davis popped the question recently via the mails.

PENTAGON CRITIC RECEIVES ORDER TO 'PIPE DOWN'

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 22 (AP)—Capt. John G. Crommelin, Jr., outspoken critic of the armed services unification, said today the navy had ordered him to pipe down.

Crommelin said the order came from Admiral Forrest Sherman, chief of naval operations, in a communication to Vice Admiral George D. Murray, Crommelin's superior at his station here.

The order stated:

Told to Pipe Down

"District Captain John G. Crommelin to refrain from public statements, and from statements which may be published, which are critical of the organization or officials of the department of defense or are critical of any officer or groups of officers."

Crommelin, a flyer who was transferred out of a Washington staff job recently because of his caustic remarks and other actions concerning unification, has been making frequent speeches on the coast lately.

In some of them he has said the U. S. joint chiefs of staff have shown tendencies similar to the German general staff and referred to what he called "Prussian Pentagon policies."

Crommelin indicated he would not comply with the order.

After receiving the word from Washington today, Crommelin told newsmen "I have scheduled fifteen invitations to discuss our national security before group sof patriotic Americans during this month and next.

"Unless specifically ordered by my superiors, I intend to keep each appointment."

Defends Right to Talk

Crommelin added, in a prepared statement: "I would be disloyal to my country and a betrayer of the trust which so many Americans defended during the past war, and to the memory of my two brothers and the many thousands like them who did not return, if I were to keep silent on a subject which affects the security of every American."

He was on the navy staff in Washington, D. C., when the unification squabble broke into an uproar, and he was in the vanguard of unification opponents. Then he was transferred to the navy's Treasure Island station in San Francisco Bay.

His statement today said "I believe whole-heartedly in the services working together harmoniously. x x x The defense of our country depends upon control of the air. This can be gained and maintained only by close cooperation between the static land based aircraft of the Air Force and the mobile based

naval air arm with its closely integrated and strongly supported seaborne elements.

"The subjugation of either one of these elements destroys the effectiveness of the other and is highly dangerous."

The captain added that he was "distressed" because "this gag order from the Pentagon comes on Washington's Birthday—a day dedicated to the man who helped establish our free country in which every man can speak his piece."

Navy Officer Says Flying Discs Were Seen Over White Sands

New York, Feb. 22 (AP)—A navy officer says flying saucers were seen over the White Sands (N.M.) proving grounds for guided missiles last year and he thinks the discs are space ships from another planet.

The officer, Commander Robert B. McLaughlin, wrote in the March issue of *True* Magazine that saucers were seen at White Sands in April, May and June, 1949.

On one occasion, he said, two small saucers chased a navy rocket.

The Air Force has called the discs hoaxes or misunderstandings of natural phenomena.

However, Mc Laughlin, identified by the magazine as a naval ordnance and guided missile expert, wrote in his article:

"I am convinced that they are space ships from another planet, operated by animate, intelligent beings."

In its January issue, *True* Magazine published an article by Donald E. Keyhoe, who also believed the saucers were space ships from another planet.

Denied By Air Force

Said the Air Force at that time: "Air Force studies of 'flying saucers' lend no support to the view that they come from another planet."

Next day the Air Force ended a two-year investigation into flying discs by labeling them "misinterpretation of various conventional objects, a mild form of mass hysteria or hoaxes."

McLaughlin said that in April, 1949, a group of navy men and scientists "tracked" a disc with an instrument which was being used to watch a weather balloon and chart its progress upward.

He added that data obtained indicated the saucer was about 105

(Continued on Page 2, Column 4)

feet in diameter and flew at a speed of about 5 miles per second at an altitude of approximately 56 miles. It was visible for a minute.

Saw One Personally

McLaughlin wrote that in May, 1949, he personally watched a flying saucer at White Sands.

"As I watched it," he recounted, "it rapidly gained speed. The object had now passed overhead and I thought it was going to fall near a ranch house 2 or 3 miles west of us. But it spurted like a scalded cat, shot over the Organ Mountains behind us and disappeared."

McLaughlin also wrote that in June other observers saw two small flying saucers flirting around a 2,000-feet-per-second navy rocket. The discs finally speeded up and passed the fast-traveling navy missile.

At White Sands, officials said the flying-saucer report is nothing new and declined further comment.

Firmly Denied

Last August, two Los Angeles newsmen reported that officers at White Sands informed them they had seen flying discs or mysterious flying objects.

Marvin Miles, aviation writer for the Los Angeles *Times*, and Clete Roberts, news commentator for radio station KFWB, Los Angeles, issued the reports.

Brig. Gen. Phillip G. Blackmore, commandant of the upper air research center at that time, commented: "So far as I know these reports are simply untrue. Nothing of the kind has ever been reported to me and I am sure it would have been if it were true."

Vogeler Plea Comes Over Air: 'I Know I—I Must Be Punished'

New York, Feb. 22 (AP)—"I am sincerely sorry. . . . I have been treated correctly and fairly. . . . I know that I — I must be punished. . . ."

In short, stumbling phrases like these, the voice of Robert A. Vogeler was heard in New York today—making his final plea to the Hungarian People's Court that convicted him of spying and sabotage, then sentenced him to prison for fifteen years.

Mrs. Vogeler Comments

The National Broadcasting Company recorded Vogeler's words, broadcast originally on the Budapest radio. Mrs. Vogeler, in Vienna, heard the broadcast, too. And she said by trans-Atlantic radio:

"It was my husband's voice speaking but not his words.

"I made notes of more than 85 places in his speech that I knew the words had been put in his mouth. . . .

"Everything he said was in such a colorless monotone. Bob is an excitable, warm and lively guy. No one knows that better than I do.

"Maybe he was drugged, hypnotized or beaten—maybe just bullied into it by promises of freedom. I don't know. But that wasn't the normal, intelligent Robert Vogeler speaking. That I know."

Sounded Like Reading

Reporters listening here got the impression that Vogeler, an assistant vice president of International Telephone and Telegraph Corporation at the time of his arrest, either was reading or reciting a well-learned speech.

His voice was subdued and at times he spoke jerkily. He paused frequently for a translator to put his words into Hungarian. He hesitated before saying "democracy" in referring to the "People's Democracy of Hungary."

Records Briton's Plea

NBC also recorded the final plea of Edgar Sanders, an Englishman convicted with Vogeler and sentenced to thirteen years in prison.

Sanders also spoke mechanically, in crisp sentences—sometimes interrupting the translator in apparent haste to finish.

He stammered several times, too —once while referring to "the—ah—tension of the investigation" by Hungary's Secret Police.

NBC said the recordings apparently were made in court and broadcast later. They will be broadcast again on NBC's "Voices and Events" program next Saturday (2 P.M., E.S.T.).

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London, Feb. 22—(ap)—The Sofia radio told its listeners tonight to stand by for an "important communique" at 10 p. m. (3 p. m. EST).

At 10 p. m. the announcer said the communique had been delayed 10 minutes. At 10:10 it was announced there would be another 10-minute delay. At 10:20 the radio said the broadcast had been cancelled.

Monitors here said no indication of the nature of the planned broadcast was given, but they assumed it was in connection with the United States action in breaking diplomatic relations with Bulgaria yesterday.

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with washington (a4)

london, feb. 22-(ap)-diplomatic officials said today the united states and britain are discussing the possibility of a break in relations with hungary, but that britain is cool to the idea. the foreign communist

office declined to confirm this report.

a break in relations with hungary would be in retaliation by hungary for the heavy prison sentences imposed upon robert a. vogeler, american businessman, and edgar t. sanders, his british assistant, on charges of spying.

FEB 23 1950

LONDON, FEB.22-(AP)-THE FIRST TWO OFFICERS OF THE U.S.WOMEN'S AIR FORCE ASSIGNED TO THE ROYAL AIR FORCE UNDER AN EXCHANGE PLAN ARRIVED TODAY FOR A TWO-YEAR TOUR OF DUTY.

THEY ARE MAJ.GLADYS M.NELSON OF FERGUS FALLS, MINN., AND MAJ.GRACE M.BARTH OF MARYSVILLE, CALIF.

MAJ.NELSON WILL SERVE WITH THE R.A.F. TECHNICAL TRAINING COMMAND AT BRAMPTON. MAJ.BARTH WILL WORK IN THE PERSONNEL SECTION OF LONDON R.A.F. HEADQUARTERS.

LATER TWO OFFICERS OF THE WOMEN'S ROYAL AIR FORCE WILL GO TO AMERICA.

MAJ.NELSON SAID SHE AND MAJ.BARTH WERE "THRILLED" TO HAVE ARRIVED IN TIME FOR BRITAIN'S NATIONAL ELECTION TOMORROW.

"I THINK WE ARE TAKING MORE INTEREST IN YOUR ELECTION IN AMERICA THAN YOU APPEAR TO BE OVER HERE," SHE TOLD BRITISH NEWSMEN."

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FEB 23 1950

LONDON, THURSDAY, FEB.23-(AP)-THE BULGARIAN GOVERNMENT HAS PUBLISHED NEWS OF THE UNITED STATES DIPLOMATIC BREAK WITH BULGARIA, TASS REPORTED TODAY.

IN A SOFIA DISPATCH DISTRIBUTED IN LONDON, THE RUSSIAN NEWS AGENCY SAID THE GOVERNMENT'S PRESS DEPARTMENT HAD REPORTED THAT THE U.S. GAVE BULGARIA A NOTE MONDAY ANNOUNCING RECALL OF ITS SOFIA MISSION AND DEMANDING RECALL OF BULGARIA'S DIPLOMATS FROM WASHINGTON.

LS11PES

GRENOBLE, FRANCE, FEB.22-(AP)-COMMUNIST-INSPIRED DEMONSTRATORS TURNED OVER SOME ARTILLERY GUNS IN THE RAILROAD STATION HERE TONIGHT BECAUSE THEY THOUGHT THEY WERE GOING TO INDOCHINA.

FOUR 75 M.M. GUNS WERE BEING SENT TO LYONS ARTILLERY PARK FOR REPAIRS, ACCORDING TO OFFICIALS. WHEN ABOUT 40 DEMONSTRATORS ROLLED THEM OFF OF THE RAILROAD FLAT CARS WHICH WERE TO CARRY THEM.

COMMUNISTS HAVE LONG CONDUCTED A CAMPAIGN TO PREVENT SHIPMENTS OF ARMS TO INDOCHINA TO HELP FRANCE IN HER FIGHT AGAINST THE FORCES OF MOSCOW-TRAINED HO CHI-MINH.

HA118AES

Berlin Allied groups.

MEANTIME, EAST GERMANY'S FOREIGN MINISTER, GEORG DERTINGER, SAID TODAY THE EAST ZONE REPUBLIC "REGARDS ITSELF AS THE CUSTODIAN OF THE WHOLE GERMAN PEOPLE." IN A STATEMENT OF POLICY TO THE VOLKSKAMMER (PEOPLE'S CHAMBER), HE SAID THE GOVERNMENT DEMANDS IMMEDIATE CONCLUSION OF A PEACE TREATY FOR ALL GERMANY "BASED ON THE PRINCIPLES OF YALTA AND POTSDAM" AND A SERIES OF CONCESSIONS FROM THE WEST.

HE DENOUNCED WHAT HE CALLED THE WEST'S "HYDROGEN BOMB" POLICY. HE CALLED FOR ABOLITION OF THE AMERICAN-BRITISH-FRENCH HIGH COMMISSION WHICH CONTROLS WEST GERMANY, ELIMINATION OF THE OCCUPATION STATUTE DEFINING POWERS OF THE WESTERN ALLIES IN GERMANY AND WITHDRAWAL OF ALL OCCUPATION TROOPS WITHIN A YEAR AFTER CONCLUSION OF A PEACE TREATY.

AMERICAN OFFICIALS SAID THEY ALSO ARE INVESTIGATING ANOTHER MILITARIST GROUP WHICH MET JAN.28 IN STUTTGART. SOME 40 FORMER SENIOR OFFICERS WERE SAID TO HAVE FORMED AN "EMERGENCY UNION OF CAREER SOLDIERS." GEN.EBERHARD VON DONATH CALLED THE MEETING, THE OFFICIALS SAID. OTHER OFFICIALS MINIMIZED ITS IMPORTANCE.

SF831PES

BY BRACK CURRY (160)

FRANKFURT, GERMANY, FEB.22-(AP)-U.S.HIGH COMMISSIONER JOHN J.MCCLOY SAID TODAY ALLIED AGENTS ARE INVESTIGATING A SECRET ORGANIZATION OF FORMER GERMAN ARMY OFFICERS WHICH MIGHT CONCEIVABLY FORM THE NUCLEUS OF A NEW GERMAN GENERAL STAFF.

THE ORGANIZATION IS CALLED "DIE BRUEDERSCHAFT" (THE BROTHERHOOD.)

MCCLOY SAID THE MOVEMENT HAS BEEN ORGANIZED APPARENTLY BY SMALL GROUPS OF FORMER GERMAN ARMY OFFICERS. HE SAID THERE IS NO INDICATION THAT IT IS A LARGE WELL-INTEGRATED ORGANIZATION.

"WE ARE KEEPING A CLOSE WATCH ON THIS GROUP," MCCLOY SAID IN AN INTERVIEW.

ALLIED OFFICIALS SAID SMALL GROUPS OF FORMER GERMAN ARMY MEN ARE MEETING REGULARLY IN ALL PARTS OF WESTERN GERMANY.

AMERICAN AND BRITISH OFFICIALS WERE SAID TO BE MAPPING A COMMON POLICY TO FORESTALL CREATION OF ANY SECRET GERMAN GENERAL STAFF.

AMERICAN AGENTS SAID THEY WERE ALSO INVESTIGATING REPORTS THAT 40 FORMER GENERALS AND SENIOR OFFICERS OF THE GERMAN ARMY PLAN TO FORM A WEST GERMAN VETERANS ORGANIZATION IN VIOLATION OF ALLIED LAWS.

QQ1245PES

FRANKFURT, GERMANY, FEB. 22-(AP)-THE U.S. ARMY TODAY LABELLED AS FALSE AN EAST GERMAN GOVERNMENT CLAIM THAT THE ARMY HAD LANDED 734 TANKS AT BREMEHAVEN RECENTLY.

COL. W.A.SCHILLETTER, DEPUTY CHIEF OF THE PUBLIC INFORMATION DIVISION, SAID THAT NO ROLLING EQUIPMENT BUT SOME PASSENGER CARS AND TRUCKS HAVE BEEN UNLOADED AT THE PORT SINCE LAST DECEMBER.

HE SAID THAT NOT EVEN REPLACEMENT TANKS HAD BEEN BROUGHT IN RECENTLY.

THE EAST GERMAN GOVERNMENT CLAIM YESTERDAY CHARGED THE AMERICAN COMMAND WITH "CONTINUOUSLY POURING HEAVY WAR EQUIPMENT INTO GERMANY." IT PUBLISHED A PURPORTED LIST OF TANK, TRUCK AND CAR UNLOADING DAYS THROUGH DECEMBER AND JANUARY.

GH309PES

BELGRADE, YUGOSLAVIA, FEB.22-(AP)-YUGOSLAVIA HAS ACCEPTED THE PROPOSAL OF THE INDOCHINA REBEL LEADER HO CHI-MINH TO ESTABLISH DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH HIS VIETNAM REGIME, RECENTLY RECOGNIZED BY MOSCOW, THE FOREIGN OFFICE ANNOUNCED LAST NIGHT.

THE ANNOUNCEMENT, BY FOREIGN MINISTER EDVARD KARDELJ, MADE CLEAR THAT THE HO CHI-MINH REGIME TOOK THE INITIATIVE IN SEEKING TO ESTABLISH THE DIPLOMATIC TIES.

(RECENT REPORTS FROM SAIGON, INDOCHINA, SAID HO WAS ABOUT TO VISIT MOSCOW, WHERE HE TRAINED AS A COMMUNIST. FRENCH SOURCES CALL HO A TOP LEADER IN ASIATIC COMMUNISM. HOWEVER, HIS BID TO PREMIER MARSHAL TITO'S GOVERNMENT WOULD SEEM TO INDICATE A DEGREE OF INDEPENDENCE NOT WHOLLY TO MOSCOW'S LIKING. THE SOVIET UNION HAS DESCRI

INDEPENDENCE NOT WHOLLY TO MOSCOW'S LIKING. THE SOVIET UNION HAS DESCRI AS ITS ENEMY BECAUSE OF THE YUGOSLAV CO

INDEPENDENCE NOT WHOLLY TO MOSCOW'S LIKING. THE SOVIET UNION HAS DESCRIBED TITO AND HIS GOVERNMENT AS ITS ENEMY BECAUSE OF THE YUGOSLAV COMMUNIST PARTY'S INSISTENCE ON INDEPENDENCE IN DEALINGS WITH THE KREMLIN.)

KARDELJ SENT A TELEGRAM TO HO, SAYING:

"LED BY THE PRINCIPLE OF RESPECTING THE RIGHTS OF EVERY PEOPLE TO INDEPENDENCE AND SOVEREIGNTY, THE YUGOSLAV GOVERNMENT HAS CONSIDERED THE STATEMENTS OF THE PREMIER OF VIETNAM AND HAS AUTHORIZED ME TO DECLARE THAT IT ACCEPTS THE PROPOSAL OF YOUR GOVERNMENT ON ESTABLISHMENT OF DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS BETWEEN YUGOSLAVIA AND YOUR COUNTRY."

HO'S VIE T-MINH FORCES HAVE BEEN FIGHTING THE FRENCH IN INDOCHINA FOR FOUR YEARS. THE FRENCH HAVE ESTABLISHED A VIETNAM GOVERNMENT UNDER FORMER EMPEROR BAO DAI OF ANNAM, AND THIS GOVERNMENT HAS BEEN RECOGNIZED BY BRITAIN AND THE UNITED STATES. COMMUNIST COUNTRIES HAVE RECOGNIZED HO'S REGIME, ALTHOUGH SINCE 1945 HO HAS NOT ADMITTED PUBLICLY TO BEING A COMMUNIST. HIS FORCES CALL THEMSELVES NATIONALISTS.

YUGOSLAVIA DELIBERATED MORE THAN THREE WEEKS BEFORE ACCEPTING HO'S BID. THERE HAD BEEN STRONG FRENCH OPPOSITION TO THE MOVE, BUT THE THE INDICATIONS WERE THAT THE TRADE TALKS BETWEEN FRANCE AND YUGOSLAVIA, NOW IN SESSION IN PARIS, WOULD CONTINUE.

SJ856AES

FOLO BELGRADE

PARIS, FEB.22-(AP)-A GOVERNMENT SPOKESMAN SAID TODAY FRANCE REGARDED YUGOSLAV RECOGNITION OF HO CHI-MINH AS AN "UNFRIENDLY ACT," BUT ADDED THAT NO PROTEST WOULD BE MADE TO YUGOSLAVIA. WHEN THE RUSSIANS RECOGNIZED THE HO CHI-MINH REGIME FRANCE SENT A STRONGLY WORDED PROTEST TO THE SOVIET AMBASSADOR HERE.

QQ1107AES

PRECEDE BELGRADE DAY

BY CARTER L.DAVIDSON

PARIS, FEB.22-(AP)-FRANCE NEEDS MORE MUNITIONS FOR WARFARE AGAINST THE NATIONALIST VIETNAMESE GUERRILLAS IN INDOCHINA, A DEFENSE MINISTRY SPOKESMAN SAID TODAY.

THE SPOKESMAN IS CAPT.EYMARD DUVERNAY, WHO HAS RETURNED TO PARIS AFTER EIGHT MONTHS ON THE JUNGLE FRONT. HE TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE THE FRENCH AND LOYAL INDOCHINESE TROOPS NEEDED RADIOES, SMALL RIVER BOATS AND OTHER TECHNICAL EQUIPMENT TO FIGHT THE FORCES OF MOSCOW-BACKED HO CHI-MINH.

THE UNITED STATES IS NOW CONSIDERING GRANTING AID TO THE FRENCH-SPONSORED BAO DAI'S GOVERNMENT OF VIETNAM.

DUVERNAY SAID THE FRENCH AND COLONIAL TROOPS NOW FIGHTING THE GUERRILLAS IN VIETNAMNUMEER 125,000

GUERRILLAS IN VIETNAM NUMBER 125,000. HE SAID HO CHI-MINH'S FORCES TOTALLED ABOUT 160,000, OF WHICH NEARLY ONE-THIRD ARE IRREGULARS ASSIGNED TO SABOTAGE BEHIND THE FRENCH LINES.

BAO DAI'S TROOPS, DUVERNAY SAID, AMOUNT TO ONLY ABOUT 3,500 FULLY-EQUIPPED COMBAT SOLDIERS, BUT TWICE THAT MANY MORE ARE BEING RECRUITED, TRAINED AND ARMED.

THE LATEST COUNTRY TO BACK HO CHI-MINH IS PREMIER MARSHAL TITO'S ANTI-RUSSIAN YUGOSLAV GOVERNMENT. RUSSIA AND SEVERAL OTHER COMMUNIST NATIONS IN THE RUSSIAN ORBIT HAVE RECOGNIZED HO'S REGIME.

TITO'S ANNOUNCEMENT LAST NIGHT THAT HE PROPOSED TO ESTABLISH DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH HO WAS DESCRIBED BY A FRENCH SPOKESMAN AS "AN UNFRIENDLY ACT." THE SPOKESMAN SAID, HOWEVER, IT WAS "NOT UNEXPECT.£

TITO'S ANNOUNCEMENT LAST NIGHT THAT HE PROPOSED TO ESTABLISH DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH HO WAS DESCRIBED BY A FRENCH SPOKESMAN AS "AN UNFRIENDLY ACT." THE SPOKESMAN SAID, HOWEVER, IT WAS "NOT UNEXPECTED."

GOVERNMENT SOURCES SAID TITO'S RECOGNITION OF HO WILL HAVE NO EFFECTMONTRBENCH-YUGOSLAV TRADE NEGOTIATIONS UNDERWAY IN PARIS FOR

GOVERNMENT SOURCES SAID TITO'S RECOGNITION OF HO WILL HAVE NO EFFECT ON FRENCH-YUGOSLAV TRADE NEGOTIATIONS UNDERWAY IN PARIS FOR THREE MONTHS.

THE SPOKESMAN SAID NO PROTEST WOULD BE MADE TO YUGOSLAVIA, FRANCE SENT A STRONG PROTEST TO MOSCOW WHEN RUSSIA RECOGNIZED HO.

JJ402PES

prague, czechoslovakia, feb. 22--(ap)--The communist party newspaper rude pravo complained today that someone is sabotaging the showing of russian movies in a small village near prague.

Regarding the movies in the town of vsetaty, rude pravo said:

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"after about 20 minutes the film breaks , or x x the picture becomes unclear, and terrible sounds are heard instead of music; when the film breaks it takes a long time to be repaired. and it is strange that this happens most often just when a soviet movie is being shown. this practice must stop."

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prague, czechoslovakia, feb. 22--(ap)--a government ministry official has been sentenced to life imprisonment for selling economic secrets to foreigners, the czech news agency announced tonight.

the agency identified him as dr. jiri strich, chairman of the planning department of his ministry, but did not name the ministry. he was charged with selling the information to an unnamed british consular official and a "french espionage agent."

another man also was sentenced to life and two women were given terms of 22 and 25 years. the four were convicted yesterday after a trial held in strich's ministry before government employes.

also sentenced, [redacted] the agency said, were veleslav blazek, identified as a former travelling salesman and later an export clerk, life imprisonment; his wife, kvetoslava, 25 years, and aloisie skrivalova, identified as a "clerk of a very important national enterprise," 22 years.

FEB 23 1950

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ON THOLG FLOF THE EXPLOSION, 500 MEN IN THE KONEV STEEL ROLLING MILL AT KLADNO STAGED A TWO-HOUR SITDOWN STRIKE IN PROTEST OF A WAGE CUT AMOUNTING TO AVMICDUAW PER CENT. MOST OF THE WORKERS WERE COMMUNIST PARTY MEMBERS.

THE STRIKE WAS SETTLED BY OFFICIALS OF THE CZECH TRADE UNION WHO PROMISED TO TAKE THE WAGE ISSUE UNDER CONYEATNM

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THE STRIKE WAS SETTLED BY OFFICIALS OF THE CZECH TRADE UNION WHO PROMISED TO TAKE THE WAGE ISSUE UNDER CONSIDERATION.

A SHORT TIME LATER WORKERS STRUCK FOR ONE DAY IN THE NEARBY MEJEDLY MINES, AND BEAT UP SEVERAL FOREMEN.

IN ALL THE MINES, WORKERS WERE STAYING OFF THE JOB OR CARRYING ON SLOWDOWNS TO PROTEST THE WAGE CUTS.

EVEN SOLDIERS SENT TO THE MINES TO HELP DIG THE COAL ARE LAYING DOWN ON THE JOB.

VOLUNTARY BRIGADES OF WHITE COLLAR WORKERS FROM GOVERNMENT MINISTRIES AND OTHER OFFICERS ARE KNOWN TO BE WORKING IN THE KLADNO MINES AND FACTORIES IN AN EFFORT TO RAISE PRODUCTION.

THE CONTROLLED PRESS HAS OFTEN REPORTED THAT THE MINES IN THE KLADNO AREA HAVE XAILED TO MEET THEIR QUOTAS AND THAT ABSENTEEISM IS GROWING THERE.

JJ5PES

SANTA MARIA, THE AZORES, FEB.22-(AP)-COL. ROBERT R. MCCORMICK FOUND FAULT TODAY WITH LIVING QUARTERS PROVIDED FOR U.S. AIRFORCES PERSONNEL AT LAGENS AIRFIELD.

THE CHICAGO EDITOR AND PUBLISHER VISITED THE AIRFIELD AFTER ARRIVING FROM BERMUDA IN HIS OWN PLANE AND BEFORE FLYING TO SANTA MARIA.

HE SAID THE "AMERICAN QUARTERS ARE NOT PROPER" AND ADDED THAT THE PRESS WILL DEAL WITH THE MATTER.

"PORTUGUESE ARMY AND CIVIL HOUSES LOOK LIKE HEAVEN COMPARED WITH THE AMERICAN QUARTERS," HE SAID. "WE ARE SPENDING MILLIONS AND MUST GIVE PROPER HOUSING TO OUR ARMY IN THE AZORES, NOT NOT JUST SHACKS."

COL. MCCORMICK WILL FLY DIRECT TO MADRID FROM HERE, LEAVING EARLY TOMORROW.

WB1134PES

ONE-FIFTH OF A GROUP OF 500 REDS IN JUNKS NEAR THE PORTUGUESE COLONY OF MACAO WERE REPORTED KILLED, WHILE "SEVERAL HUNDRED" WERE LISTED AS CASUALTIES IN AIR ATTACKS ON JUNKS IN THE CHUSAN ISLAND GROUP.

THE AIR FORCE ASSERTED THAT IN ONE WEEK ENDING FEB.15 IT HAD SUNK OR DAMAGED MORE THAN 900 COMMUNIST SMALL CRAFT.

THE DEFENSE MINISTRY DENIED AS COMPLETELY UNFOUNDED A REPORT OF A RED INVASION OF HAINAN. IT SAID NUMEROUS RED ATTEMPTS TO INFILTRATE ACROSS THE 10-MILE STRAIT FROM THE MAINLAND IN FOGGY WEATHER HAD BEEN BLOCKED AND MORE THAN 1,000 PRISONERS HAD BEEN TAKEN, BUT THERE WAS NO SIGN OF ANY IMMINENT INVASION.

THE DEFENSE MINISTRY ALSO REPORTED A STRIKE BY 20,000 WORKERS WAS IN PROGRESS IN RED SHANGHAI. IT SAID THIS INFORMATION CAME FROM INTELLIGENCE SOURCES WHICH ATTRIBUTED THE STRIKE TO FORCED SALE OF RED VICTORY BONDS.

JW230PCS

SOME 60 MEMBERS OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE KUOMINTANG PARTY HAVE APPEALED TO CHIANG TO RESUME THE PRESIDENCY. SIMILAR ACTION BY THE LEGISLATIVE YUAN, WHICH OPENS ITS FIFTH PLENARY SESSION FRIDAY, IS EXPECTED.

THE NATIONALIST MINISTRY OF DEFENSE ASSERTED 20,000 WORKERS IN SHANGHAI HAD GONE ON STRIKE AGAINST THE COMMUNIST GOVERNMENT.

THE MINISTRY SAID THE STRIKERS WERE PROTESTING RED GOVERNMENT ACTION FORCING ALL SHANGHAI WORKERS TO BUY RED VICTORY BONDS WITH THEIR CHINESE NEW YEAR BONUSES.

THE MINISTRY DENIED AS WITHOUT FOUNDATION A REPORT THAT THE REDS HAD INVADED HAINAN ISLAND AS ALLEGED BY CREWMEN OF AN AIRLINER WHICH REACHED HANOI YESTERDAY FROM HONG KONG. THE NATIONALISTS DEFENDING THE BIG SOUTH CHINA ISLAND HAVE BEEN BATTLING 17,000 OR MORE RED GUERRILLAS IN HAINAN'S MOUNTAINS FOR WEEKS.

AIRCRAFT FROM HAINAN HAVE CONTINUED TO POUND RED FORCES GATHERING ON LIUCHOW PENINSULA FOR AN EXPECTED ASSAULT ON HAINAN. MANY COMMUNIST LANDING CRAFT HAVE BEEN SUNK.

LW627APS NM

BY O.H.P.KING

IWO JIMA,THURSDAY,FEB.23-(AP)-THE FAMOUS FLAG-RAISING ON MOUNT SURIBACHI FIVE YEARS AGO TODAY WILL BE COMMEMORATED THIS AFTERNOON.

THIS TINY ISLAND, WHICH THE U.S. MARINES CONQUERED AT A COST OF 19,938 DEAD, MISSING AND WOUNDED, IS INHABITED NOW BY LESS THAN 200 PERSONS. IT SERVES ONLY AS AN EMERGENCY REFUELING BASE ON FLIGHTS BETWEEN JAPAN AND GUAM. EVEN THE MILITARY CEMETERIES HAVE BEEN REMOVED.

MOUNT SURIBACHI, AT THE SOUTHERN TIP OF THE ISLAND, IS A MONUMENT TO MARINE GALLANTRY. THERE A FLAG FLIES 24 HOURS A DAY ON THE SPOT WHERE SIX MEN RAISED THE STARS AND STRIPES UNDER FIRE FEB. 23, 1945.

THE PHOTOGRAPH OF THAT FLAG-RAISING, TAKEN BY JOE ROSENTHAL, THEN REPRESENTING THE ASSOCIATED PRESS AND EMPLOYED NOW BY THE SAN FRANCISCO CHRONICLE, BECAME THE MOST FAMOUS PICTURE OF WORLD WAR II.

TODAY'S CEREMONIES WILL BE BRIEF. TAPS WILL BE SOUNDED AND THE FLAG WILL BE LOWERED TO HALF STAFF. FOUR MEN WHO PARTICIPATED IN THE IWO JIMA CAMPAIGN WILL PLACE WREATHS AT THE MONUMENT, AND THE BUGLE CALL "TO THE COLORS" WILL SOUND AS THE FLAG IS RAISED TO FULL STAFF TO FLY AGAIN FOR ANOTHER YEAR.

THE HONORED FOUR, ALL MEMBERS OF THE FOURTH MARINE DIVISION, WHICH WITH THE THIRD AND FIFTH DIVISIONS MADE THE ASSAULT AGAINST THE INTRENCHED JAPANESE, ARE:

THEN COLONEL, NOW BRIG.GEN.HARRY LIVERSEDGE OF THE MARINES; JOHN RICH, THEN A LIEUTENANT, NOW AN INTERNATIONAL NEWS SERVICE CORRESPONDENT; KEYES BEECH, THEN A SERGEANT AND COMBAT CORRESPONDENT, NOW A CORRESPONDENT FOR THE CHICAGO DAILY NEWS; AND CHARLES R.SHOCKLEY, NOW WITH THE FAR EAST AIR MATERIEL COMMAND'S CIVILIAN PERSONNEL.

JW237PCS

30.24- 9137

SINGAPORE, THURSDAY, FEB.23-(AP)-THE U.S. CONSULATE ASKED FOR A COURT INJUNCTION TODAY AGAINST THE OFFICERS OF THE AHIHSUAN TO PREVENT THEM FROM SAILING THE SHIP OUT OF SINGAPORE HARBOR.

THE FORMER CHINESE NATIONALIST VESSEL RECENTLY WENT OVER TO THE COMMUNISTS. CONSUL GENERAL WILLIAM R. LANGDON SAID IT WAS ONE OF 41 SHIPS SOLD TO THE NATIONALISTS IN 1947 UNDER AN ARRANGEMENT WHEREBY THE UNITED STATES COULD REPOSSESS IN DEFAULT OF PAYMENT.

WB1158PES

CANBERRA, AUSTRALIA, FEB 22-(AP)-LEGISLATION TO BAN THE COMMUNIST PARTY IN AUSTRALIA WAS PROMISED TODAY AT PARLIAMENT'S FIRST MEETING UNDER THE NEW ANTI-LABORITE GOVERNMENT.

THE COMMUNIST BAN WAS INCLUDED IN THE LEGISLATIVE PROGRAM PRESENTED AT THE OPENING OF THE NEW PARLIAMENT CONTROLLED BY THE LIBERAL-COUNTRY PARTY COALITION HEADED BY PRIME MINISTER GEORGE G. MENZIES. THE LABOR PARTY WAS SWEPT FROM OFFICE IN LAST DECEMBER'S ELECTION AFTE EIGHT YEARS IN POWER.

THE LEGISLATIVE PROGRAM ALSO CALLS FOR AN AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION AIMED AT BANNING FUTURE NATIONALIZATION OF INDUSTRY OR COMMERCE WITHOUT APPROVAL OF THE VOTERS IN A NATIONWIDE REFERENDUMS. WHEN LABOR WAS IN POWER, NATIONALIZATION OF SEVERAL INDUSTRIES WAS CARRIED OUT BY PARLIAMENTARY VOTE.

THE NEW LEGISLATIVE PROGRAM, OUTLINED IN AN OPENING SPEECH ON BEHALF THE MENZIES GOVERNMENT BY GOVERNOR GENERAL WILLIAM J. MC KELL, CALLED FOR STEPPED UP DEFENSE MEASURES. AUSTRALIA'S DEFENSE POLICY WILL BE BASED ON FULLY SHARING IN BRITISH-EMPIRE DEFENSE PLANS AND CLOSEST COOPERATION WITH THE UNITED STATES, MC KELL SAID.

SPECIFIC DEFENSE MEASURES TO BE ENACTED INCLUDE S SYSTEM OF UNIVERSAL MILITARY TRAINING, STRENGTHENING OF THE ROYAL AUSTRALIAN NAVY, AND CREATION OF A RESERVE AIR FORCE TO AUGMENT THE REGULAR AIR FORCE.

MC KELL SAID THE GOVERNMENT WAS EXPLORING ALL MEASURES TO ENCOURAGE AUSTRALIA EXPORTS TO DOLLAR AREAS. MEANWHILE, HE ADDED, IMPORT RESTRICTIONS WILL BE CONTINUED ON GOODS BOUGHT FOR DOLLARS.

NATIONALIZATION OF BANKS, VOTED BY THE OLD LABOR-DOMINATED PARLIAMENT, WILL BE REPEALED.

MC KELL SAID THE GOVERNMENT AIMS AT STIMULATING IMMIGRATION TO BOOST AUSTRALIA'S POPULATION FROM ITS PRESENT FIGURE OF 8,000,000 PERSONS TO 10,500,000 BY 1960.

THE ANTI-LABORITE COALITION HAS 74 SEATS IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AGAINST 47 HELD BY LABORITES.

M844AES

FIRST LEAD RIOTS

ASMARA, ERITREA, FEB.22-(AP)-BLOODY RIOTING FLARED ANEW TODAY IN THIS FORMER ITALIAN COLONY CAPITAL WHERE 18 PERSONS WERE KILLED AND 55 WERE WOUNDED IN MOSLEM-CHRISTIAN FIGHTING YESTERDAY.

ABOUT 10 HAND GRENADES EXPLODED IN THE NATIVE MARKET. STREET FIGHTING IN THE NATIVE QUARTER SURGED TOWARD THE EUROPEAN AREAS OF THE CAPITAL.

BRITISH TROOPS, WHO HAVE OCCUPIED ERITREA SINCE THE EAST AFRICA COLONY WAS TAKEN FROM ITALY IN 1941, REINFORCED POLICE IN ATTEMPTS TO PUT DOWN THE RIOTING, WHICH BEGAN OVER RELIGIOUS AND POLITICAL FEUDS. THE BRITISH RETAIN AUTHORITY HERE UNTIL THE UNITED NATIONS DECIDES WHETHER TO TURN THE COLONY OVER TO ITALIAN ADMINISTRATION, GIVE IT INDEPENDENCE OR ANNEX IT TO LAND-LOCKED ETHIOPIA.

THE FIGHTING STARTED WITH THE KILLING OF A MOSLEM MINOR OFFICIAL. AT THE MILE-LONG FUNERAL PROCESSION YESTERDAY HAND GRENADES AND STONES BEGAN TO FLY AND THE MOSLEMS WENT AFTER THEIR CHRISTIAN ATTACKERS WITH SWORDS AND KNIVES. A MOSLEM SHOP WAS SET AFIRE AND A MOSLEM POLITICAL HEADQUARTERS WAS ATTACKED.

ASIDE FROM THE RELIGIOUS DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE RESIDENTS OF THE NATIVE QUARTERS--COPTIC CHRISTIANS, MOSLEMS, A FEW ROMAN CATHOLICS AND SOME PAGANS--IT IS BELIEVED THE MAIN BITTERNESS RISES OUT OF WHAT IS TO BE DONE WITH ERITREA. THE CHRISTIANS WANT ERITREA ANNEXED TO ETHIOPIA.

BRITISH AUTHORITIES IMPOSED A NIGHTLY CURFEW IN THE EUROPEAN SECTION A MONTH AGO TO PROTECT SOME 50,000 ITALIANS LIVING THERE. THERE WAS NO INDICATION THAT EUROPEANS WERE INVOLVED IN YESTERDAY'S RIOTING.

MD636AES

NIGHT LEAD TRUMAN-FOREIGN POLICY

BY ROGER D.GREENE

WASHINGTON,FEB.22-(AP)-PRESIDENT TRUMAN TODAY TOOK THE OCCASION OF WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY TO DELIVER A STINGING DENUNCIATION OF COMMUNISM AS AN ARMED THREAT AND "A MODERN TYRANNY FAR WORSE THAN THAT OF ANY ANCIENT EMPIRE."

IF FORCE IS NECESSARY, HE SAID, THEN WE STAND READY TO USE FORCE TO COMBAT THE "DEADLY ATTACK" OF THOSE WHO WOULD DESTROY FREEDOM.

DESCRIBING HIS MESSAGE AS A "STRAIGHT FROM THE SHOULDER" TALK ON U. S.FOREIGN POLICY, MR.TRUMAN LEFT NO DOUBT THAT HIS REMARKS WERE AIMED DIRECTLY AT SOVIET RUSSIA AND HER SATELLITES.

"THE GREAT DANGER OF COMMUNISM DOES NOT LIE IN ITS FALSE PROMISES," HE SAID. "IT LIES IN THE FACT THAT IT IS AN INSTRUMENT OF AN ARMED IMPERIALISM WHICH SEEKS TO EXTEND ITS INFLUENCE BY FORCE."

UNDER GRAY DRIZZLING SKIES, THE PRESIDENT SPOKE AT CEREMONIES MARKING THE UNVEILING OF A 17-FOOT STATUE TO THE NATION'S FIRST PRESIDENT AT THE GEORGE WASHINGTON NATIONAL MASONIC MEMORIAL IN NEARBY ALEXANDRIA, VA.

COVERING A WIDE RANGE OF TOPICS IN HIS 2,200-WORD ADDRESS, MR. TRUMAN MADE THESE MAJOR POINTS:

1. "WE IN THE UNITED STATES ARE DOING AND WILL CONTINUE TO DO ALL THAT LIES WITHIN OUR POWER TO PREVENT THE HORROR OF ANOTHER WAR."
2. "WE ARE WORKING FOR THE REDUCTION OF ARMAMENTS AND THE CONTROL OF WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION."
3. BUT -- THE UNITED STATES WILL NOT ACCEPT ANY "SHAM AGREEMENT" THAT DOES NOT INCLUDE A "WORKABLE INTERNATIONAL SYSTEM" FOR CONTROL OF ATOMIC WEAPONS.

MR.TRUMAN SAID GEORGE WASHINGTON KNEW "THERE WERE TIMES WHEN THE USE OF FORCE TO DEFEND DEMOCRACY COULD NOT BE AVOIDED," AND HE DECLARED:

"THIS (COMMUNIST) THREAT OF FORCE IS A CHALLENGE TO ALL PEOPLES WHO ARE FREE OR WISH TO BE FREE. THE FUNDAMENTAL ISSUE IS WHETHER MEN ARE TO BE FREE TO CHOOSE THEIR OWN WAY OF LIFE, OR WHETHER THEY MUST LIVE UNDER A SYSTEM IMPOSED UPON THEM BY FORCE.

"FREEDOM CANNOT GROW AND EXPAND UNLESS IT IS PROTECTED AGAINST THE ARMED IMPERIALISM OF THOSE WHO WOULD DESTROY IT."

A174WX

THE PRESIDENT WENT ON TO SAY THAT WHILE THE FREE NATIONS "STAND

PREPARED TO RESIST AGGRESSION," THEY ARE DOING THEIR UTMOST TO FIND PEACEFUL MEANS FOR SETTLING INTERNATIONAL DISPUTES.

"THEY KNOW THAT ANOTHER GREAT WAR COULD DESTROY VICTOR AND VANQUISHED ALIKE," HE SAID.

"BUT WE MUST REMEMBER THAT THE OUTCOME IS NOT OURS ALONE TO DETERMINE. THE ACTIONS OF MEN IN OTHER COUNTRIES WILL HELP TO SHAPE THE ULTIMATE DECISION."

RECALLING THAT GEORGE WASHINGTON WAS "ALWAYS ALERT TO THE NECESSITY OF A VIGOROUS NATIONAL DEFENSE," MR.TRUMAN TOLD HIS LISTENERS:

"THE TASK OF AMERICANS TODAY IS FUNDAMENTALLY THE SAME AS IT WAS IN WASHINGTON'S TIME. WE, TOO, MUST MAKE DEMOCRACY WORK AND WE MUST DEFEND IT AGAINST ITS ENEMIES.

"WE MUST BE NO LESS FIRM, NO LESS RESOLUTE, NO LESS STEADFAST THAN HE WAS."

ONCE AGAIN, MR.TRUMAN INSISTED THAT THE UNITED NATIONS IS "THE PROPER FORUM" IN WHICH TO REACH AGREEMENT ON ATOMIC CONTROLS--THUS REJECTING ASSERTIONS IN CONGRESS AND ELSEWHERE THAT TOP-LEVEL TALKS WITH SOVIET PREMIER STALIN MIGHT SOLVE THE PROBLEM.

"WE ASK ONLY FOR A PLAN THAT PROVIDES AN EFFECTIVE, WORKABLE SYSTEM (FOR ATOMIC CONTROLS) -- ANYTHING LESS WOULD BE A SHAM AGREEMENT," THE PRESIDENT SAID.

"ANYTHING LESS WOULD INCREASE, NOT DECREASE, THE DANGERS OF THE USE OF ATOMIC ENERGY FOR DESTRUCTIVE PURPOSES."

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TURNING TO THE ORIENT, WHERE COMMUNISM HAS BEEN ON THE MARCH, MR. TRUMAN SAID:

"ON THE CONTINENT OF ASIA AND THE ISLANDS OF THE FAR EAST, IN AFRICA AND THE NEAR EAST, ARE MILLIONS OF PEOPLE WHO LIVE IN POVERTY AND WHO HAVE NEVER KNOWN REAL FREEDOM OR DEMOCRATIC GOVERNMENT. IN THEIR PRESENT CONDITION, THE IMMEDIATE BENEFIT OF STEEL PLOWSHARES, OR SMALL-POX VACCINATIONS, HAS MORE APPEAL THAN ABSTRACT IDEAS OF DEMOCRACY.

"THE COMMUNISTS ARE SAYING THAT THEY WILL BRING FOOD AND CLOTHING AND HEALTH AND A MORE SECURE LIFE TO THESE POVERTY-STRICKEN PEOPLES.

"WE KNOW THAT IS NOT TRUE. BUT IT IS NOT ENOUGH TO TELL SUCH PEOPLE THAT COMMUNISM X X X LEADS ONLY TO OPPRESSION. PEOPLE WHO HAVE NEVER KNOWN FREEDOM AND SECURITY THEMSELVES HAVE LITTLE BASIS FOR JUDGING HOW FALSE ARE THE CLAIMS OF COMMUNISM.

"THEY NEED HELP."

THE ANSWER, HE SAID, IS FOR CONGRESS TO EXPEDITE HIS POINT 4 PROGRAM FOR U.S. ECONOMIC AID TO THE WORLD'S UNDER-DEVELOPED AREAS.

AS FOR EUROPE, STILL STRUGGLING IN THE THROES OF POSTWAR READJUST-MENT, MR.TRUMAN SAID:

"IT WOULD BE UTTER FOLLY TO LOSE SIGHT OF THE IMPORTANCE OF THE EUROPEAN RECOVERY PROGRAM. IT IS ESSENTIAL TO OUR HOPES FOR PEACE."

FR/AB325PES

DEBATE OVER LUCAS' RESOLUTION TO INVESTIGATE MCCARTHY'S SPY CHARGES WAS PROLONGED AND EMBITTERED.

IN FINALLY ACCEPTING THE AMENDMENT BY SENATOR FERGUSON (R-MICH) DIRECTING THE COMMITTEE TO SUBPOENA LOYALTY FILES, LUCAS MADE IT PLAIN THAT SUCH SENATE REQUESTS MIGHT BE DENIED BY PRESIDENT TRUMAN AND OTHER EXECUTIVE OFFICIALS.

A52WX

LUCAS ALSO MADE CERTAIN THAT THE REQUESTED FILES WOULD BE LIMITED TO THOSE STATE DEPARTMENT EMPLOYEES INVOLVED IN THE PROSPECTIVE PROBE.

MCCARTHY SAID THAT WITHOUT SUBPOENA POWERS THE INVESTIGATION WOULD BE "A COMPLETE FARCE AND NOTHING BUT A WHITEWASH."

JUST PRIOR TO PASSAGE MCCARTH

MCCARTHY SAID THAT WITHOUT SUBPOENA POWERS THE INVESTIGATION WOULD BE "A COMPLETE FARCE AND NOTHING BUT A WHITEWASH."

JUST PRIOR TO PASSAGE MCCARTHY TOUCHED OFF A HEATED ARGUMENT WHEN HE TOLD THE SENATE HE WILL REFUSE TO DISCLOSE TO THE INVESTIGATING COMM-ITTEE THE SOURCES OF HIS INFORMATION.

BUT MCCARTHY MADE IT CLEAR THAT MOST OF HIS INFORMATION CAME FROM WITHIN THE STATE DEPARTMENT ITSELF.

"I WON'T GIVE THE NAMES OF ANYONE IN THE STATE DEPARTMENT," MCCARTHY SAID. "HIS JOB WOULD NOT BE WORTH A TINKER'S DAMN AND I'M NOT GOING TO SATISFY THE CURIOSITY OF THE STATE DEPARTMENT OR THE SENATOR FROM ILLINOIS (LUCAS)."

LUCAS APPEARED NETTLED.

"HE CAN'T HIDE BEHIND HIS SOURCES OF INFORMATION," HE SHOUTED. "IF THESE PEOPLE ARE GUILTY OF DISLOYALTY, IT IS HIS DUTY TO TELL EXACTLY WHERE HE GOT HIS INFORMATION."

MCCARTHY RETORTED THAT HE HAD MANAGED TO "PIERCE THE TRUMAN CURTAIN OF SECRECY" TO GET INFORMATION OUT OF THE STATE DEPARTMENT FILES. HE SAID THE DOCUMENTS SPEAK FOR THEMSELVES AND CAN EASILY BE CHECKED AGAINST ORIGINALS IN THE STATE DEPARTMENT.

HYZ3OPES

A119WX

(380) HARRIMAN-ECA

WASHINGTON,FEB.22-(AP)-ROVING AMBASSADOR W.AVERELL HARRIMAN TODAY CREDITED THE MARSHALL PLAN WITH BLOCKING THE DRIVE OF COMMUNISTS TO TAKE OVER THE ELECTED GOVERNMENTS AND TRADE UNION MOVEMENT IN WESTERN EUROPE.

HARRIMAN DETAILED STRIDES MADE IN EUROPEAN RECOVERY AND TOLD CONGRESS THAT ANY DRASTIC SLASH IN REQUESTED NEW FUNDS FOR MARSHALL PLAN WORK WOULD WRECK THE PROGRESS ALREADY ACHIEVED.

APPEARING BEFORE THE HOUSE FOREIGN AFFAIRS COMMITTEE, HE SAID HEAVY CUTBACKS WOULD MEAN THE "PROGRAM WILL SHIFT FROM RECOVERY TO MERE RELIEF." THIS AGAIN WOULD LEAD TO GAINSS BY COMMUNISTS IN THEIR WEST-WARD THRUST, HE SAID.

THE COMMITTEE IS HOLDING HEARINGS ON A BILL TO AUTHORIZE FUNDS FOR THE ECONOMIC COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION. THE AGENCY IS ASKING $2,950,000,000 IN NEW FUNDS--PLUS AUTHORITY TO SPEND $150,000,000 LEFT OVER MONEY FROM THE PRESENT APPROPRIATION--TO FINANCE THE MARSHALL PLAN IN FISCAL 1951.

RECOUNTING STRIDES TOWARD POLITICAL AND FINANCIAL STABILITY OVERSEAS, HARRIMAN SAID "ONE NATIONAL ELECTION AFTER ANOTHER" HAS SHOWN THE POSI-TION OF FREE NATIONS HAS BEEN STRENGTHENED THROUGHOUT WESTERN EUROPE.

COMMUNIST REPRESENTATION IN THE GOVERNMENTS OF NORWAY, BELGIUM, AUSTRIA AND WESTERN GERMANY HAS BEEN EITHER REDUCED OR WIPED OUT DURING THE PAST 12 MONTHS, HE TESTIFIED. HE ALSO REPORTED THAT:

"COMMUNISM HAS EXPERIENCED ITS MOST NOTABLE SETBACK IN THE EUROPEAN TRADE UNION MOVEMENT WHICH IT SOUGHTHO (MORE) BX1206PES

A161WX BOX

BRITAIN-ECA

WASHINGTON, FEB.22-(AP)-ECA CHIEF PAUL HOFFMAN SAID TODAY THAT HIGH BRITISH AUTHORITIES HAVE TOLD HIM THEY EXPECT BRITAIN TO BE "ON A SELF SUPPORTING BASIS" BY JUNE, 1952.

HOFFMAN GAVE THIS REPORT TO THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE WHEN CHAIRMAN CONNALLY (D-TEX) ASKED HIM IF THE EUROPEAN COUNTRIES REALIZE MARSHALL PLAN HELP WILL END IN 1952.

THE ECA CHIEF MENTIONED TALKS WITH BRITISH FOREIGN MINISTER ERNEST BEVIN AND CHANCELLOR OF THE EXCHEQUER SIR STAFFORD CRIPPS. HOFFMAN SAID:

"BEVIN AND CRIPPS BOTH TOLD ME IN THE LAST SIX MONTHS THAT THEY ARE FULLY CONSCIOUS OF THE FACT THAT AID WILL END ON JUNE 30, 1952, AND THEY EXPECT TO HAVE BRITAIN'S ECONOMY ON A SELF-SUPPORTING BASIS BY THAT TIME."

VH210PES

30.24- 9139

SHORTLY THEREAFTER, IN AUGUST, SHIPKOV WAS ARRESTED WHEN EFFORTS OF AMERICAN MINISTER DONALD R.HEATH TO OBTAIN AN EXIT PERMIT FOR SHIPKOV AND HIS WIFE AND CHILD FELL THROUGH.

THE STATE DEPARTMENT STORY CONTINUED:

SHIPKOV WAS QUESTIONED FOR THIRTY-TWO HOURS CONTINUOUSLY AND THEN TORTURED INTO MAKING FALSE CONFESSIONS OF SABOTAGE AND ESPIONAGE AND IMPLICATING PERSONAL FRIENDS AND OFFICIALS OF THE AMERICAN LEGATION. HE WAS THREATENED WITH DEATH BUT WAS RELEASED AFTER SIGNING AN AGREEMENT TO RETURN TO THE AMERICAN LEGATION AS A POLICE SPY.

A5WX

INSTEAD OF SPYING, HOWEVER, SHIPKOV DISCLOSED HIS POSITION AND THE POLICE TORTURES TO THE LEGATION. HEATH, IN ORDER TO PROTECT HIM, PERMITTED HIM TO LIVE IN THE AMERICAN CHANCERY WHERE HE WAS RELATIVELY SAFE FROM ARREST.

SUBSEQUENTLY FOREIGN MINISTER VLADIMIR POPTOMOV DEPLORED THE POLICE TREATMENT OF SHIPKOV, INDICATED RESPONSIBLE OFFICIALS WOULD BE PUNISHED AND ALSO INDICATED SUCH ACTION WOULD NOT RECUR. THE AMERICAN GOVERNMENT HELD TO ITS HOPE THAT THE SHIPKOVS COULD LEAVE BULGARIA.

ON JAN. 12 THE FOREIGN OFFICE SENT MINISTER HEATH A FORMAL REQUEST FOR SHIPKOV, SAYING THAT HE WAS WANTED IN CONNECTION WITH ACTS AGAINST THE BULGARIAN STATE.

THE AMERICAN ENVOY DECLINED TO RELEASE HIM "IN THE LIGHT OF SHIPKOV'S LOYALTY AND THE BULGARIAN RECORD OF RUTHLESSNESS AND INJUSTICE."

HE REMAINED AT THE LEGATION UNTIL RECENTLY, WHEN HE LEFT TO SEEK "A MORE PERMANENT REFUGE." YESTERDAY WORD CAME THAT HE HAD BEEN SEIZED BY BULGARIAN AUTHORITIES IN ANOTHER OF "THE LONG CHAIN OF TRAGEDIES WHICH HAVE OVERWHELMED DECENT, FREEDOM LOVING BULGARIANS."

IT WAS AGAINST THE THEN SECRET BACKGROUND OF WHAT HAD HAPPENED TO SHIPKOV AND THE OTHER BULGARIAN EMPLOYES OF THE LEGATION AND ALSO IN VIEW OF "INTOLERABLE RESTRICTIONS" PLACED ON AMERICAN OFFICIALS, THAT THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT DECIDED TO SEVER DIPLOMATIC CONTACTS WITH THE RUSSIAN SATELLITE COUNTRY.

THE SPECIFIC INCIDENT WHICH CAUSED THE BREAK WAS A BULGARIAN DEMAND LAST JAN. 19 FOR RECALL OF HEATH ON THE GROUNDS THAT HE HAD PLOTTED FOR THE OVERTHROW OF THE BULGARIAN GOVERNMENT. THE UNITED STATES SAID THIS CHARGE WAS UTTERLY FALSE.

THE EXTREME ACTION OF BREAKING OFF DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS IS WITHOUT PRECEDENCE IN AMERICA'S POST-WAR HISTORY. IN A SENSE IT IS REGARDED HERE AS EVIDENCE OF A STRONG STAND BY THIS NATION AGAINST MISDEEDS OF THE BULGARIAN GOVERNMENT. IN ANOTHER SENSE, IT IS ADMITTEDLY AN ENFORCED RETREAT FROM A SITUATION WHICH THE UNITED STATES COULD NO LONGER TOLERATE AND AGAINST WHICH IT COULD TAKE NO MORE EFFECTIVE COUNTERACTION.

LONG AND SERIOUS DISCUSSION IN THE STATE DEPARTMENT PRECEDED THE DECISION TO BREAK. OFFICIALS REALIZED THEY RAN THE RISK OF SETTING OFF A CHAIN REACTION WHICH WOULD EXTEND INTO OTHER RUSSIAN CONTROLLED STATES. IN A WORD, THE NEW AMERICAN POLICY MAY BE USED BY MOSCOW TO FORCE THE CLOSING UP OF AMERICAN EMBASSIES AND LEGATIONS ALL OVER EASTERN EUROPE.

MD242AES

B65

KX (110)

NEW YORK, FEB.22-(AP)-CHINESE COMMUNISTS WRING "CONFESSIONS" FROM FOREIGNERS BY CONSTANT AND REPETIOUS QUESTIONING RATHER THAN PHYSICAL TORTURE, ANGUS WARD, FORMER U.S. CONSUL GENERAL IN MUKDEN, SAID TODAY.

WARD WAS HELD BY THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS FOR 13 MONTHS.

THE EFFECT OF BEING ASKED THE SAME QUESTIONS WHILE BEING KEPT ISOLATED "IS ENOUGH TO BREAK A PERSON WITHOUT PHYSICAL VIOLENCE," ANGUS TOLD THE OVERSEAS PRESS CLUB.

THRECHANESE

TOLD THE OVERSEAS PRESS CLUB.

HE SAI THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS WERE CLUM

TOLD THE OVERSEAS PRESS CLUB.

HE SAID THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS WERE CLUMSY, BUT IF THEY HAD BEEN MORE INTELLIGENT THEY MIGHT HAVE FORCED A CONFESSION FROM HIM.

HE WAS TRIED IN A COMMUNIST GOVERNMENT COURT ON CHARGES OF SPYING AND BEATING A CHINESE SERVANT. HE DREW A SIX MONTHS SENTENCE BUT IT WAS LATER COMMUTED TO DEPORTATION.

B112

NEW YORK, FEB.22-(AP)-U.S.ATTORNEY IRVING H.SAYPOL SAID TODAY HE IS INVESTIGATING CHARGES THAT FRANK COSTELLO, SOMETIMES CALLED "PRIME MINISTER OF THE UNDERWORLD," OBTAINED HIS U.S. CITIZENSHIP BY FRAUD.

THE INVESTIGATION GROWS OUT OF A LEGAL ACTION STARTED LAST WEEK BY ROBERT MONTGOMERY, MOVIE ACTOR AND RADIO COMMENTATOR, TO HAVE COSTELLO'S CITIZENSHIP REVOKED.

COSTELLO HAS BEEN DESCRIBED AS THE NATION'S GAMBLING CZAR BY MAYOR DE LESSEPS MORRISON OF NEW ORLEANS AND VARIOUS OTHER PERSONS AND ORGANIZATIONS.

HE DENIED, HOWEVER, IN A RECENT INTERVIEW PUBLISHED BY THE NEW YORK HERALD TRIBUNE THAT HE HAS AT PRESENT ANY CONNECTION WITH SLOT MACHINES OR OTHER ORGANIZED GAMBLING ACTIVITIES.

SAYPOL SAID HE WAS GIVING MONTGOMERY'S CHARGES "IMMEDIATE CONSIDERATION."

"AS SOON AS MY INVESTIGATION IS COMPLETED, I WILL DISCUSS MY VIEWS WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE AND WITH THE IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE, WITHIN WHOSE JURISDICTION SUCH MATTERS AREELEATENZSAYPOL TOLD A REPORTER.

MONTGOMERY SAID THAT WHEN COSTELLO, A NATIVE OF ITALY, APPLIED FOR CITIZENSHIP IN 1935 HE STATED FALSELY THAT HE WAS A PERSON OF GOOD MORAL CHARACTER.

MONTGOMERY'S AFFIDAVIT SAID COSTELLO HAS ADMITTED UNDER OATH THAT HE WAS A BOOTLEGGER AND THAT HE FAILED TO PAY FEDERAL OR STATE INCOME TAXES FROM 1919 TO 1932.

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(160)

NEW YORK, FEB.22-(AP)-SIR MOHAMMED ZAFRULLAH KHAN, PAKISTAN DELEGATE TO THE UNITED NATIONS, SAID TODAY HE DID NOT CALL ON POLICE FOR PROTECTION AGAINST POSSIBLE ASSAULT.

NEW YORK POLICE HEADQUARTERS YESTERDAY ASKED NEW JERSEY STATE AND LOCAL POLICE TO GUARD KHAN AGAINST POSSIBLE ASSAULT BY HINDUS POSING AS MOSLEMS. KHAN LIVES IN SUMMIT, N.J.

"I HAVE NOT MYSELF, EITHER BY DIRECTION OR INDIRECTION, ASKED FOR PROTECTION OR APPROACHED ANYONE IN THAT CONNECTION," KHAN SAID. "THE ACTION SEEMS TO HAVE BEEN TAKEN FROM WASHINGTON ON THE WISHES OF SOME INTELLIGENCE THAT MAY HAVE BEEN RECEIVED THERE. I, MYSELF, WAS IN BOSTON WHEN I WAS NOTIFIED THAT THIS ACTION WAS BEING TAKEN."

J.J.SINGH, PRESIDENT OF THE INDIA LEAGUE OF AMERICA, TERMED THE REQUEST FOR PROTECTION AN INSULT TO INDIAN NATIONALS HERE.

POLICE SAID THE REQUEST FOR SIR MOHAMMED'S PROTECTION CAME LAST NIGHT THROUGH THE NEW YORK OFFICE OF THE STATE DEPARTMENT.

IT APPARENTLY WAS FELT THAT BECAUSE OF RECENT MOSLEM-HINDU RIOTING IN INDIA, THE PAKISTAN DELEGATE MIGHT BE IN DANGER OF A PERSONAL ATTACK HERE. SEVERAL SCORE WERE KILLED IN CALCUTTA AND ELSEWHERE AND A JOINT PAKISTAN-INDIAN PROBE IS NOW UNDERWAY.

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PAKISTAN HEAD REJECTS PLAN

Refuses To Go With Nehru On Tour Of Bengal Riot Areas

New Delhi, Feb. 23 (AP)—Prime Minister Jawaharlal Nehru told Parliament today Pakistan's Premier Liaquat Ali Khan has refused to go with him or send a personal commission on a tour of Bengal riot areas. Hundreds have been reported killed there in recent communal clashes between Hindus and Moslems.

The Indian leader now is suggesting to Pakistan that international Red Cross people make such a tour, he said.

Nehru said the Moslem Dominion leader proposed an inspection trip instead by the Indian and Pakistan high commissioners, the diplomats who serve as ambassadors between members of the (British) Commonwealth of Nations.

Urges Joint Declaration

Liaquat Ali Khan also proposed, Nehru said, "that they agree on a joint declaration that both Governments would suppress lawlessness and discourage mass migrations of Hindus to India and Moslems to Pakistan. Nehru said India could not deny refuge to "terror-stricken" Hindus fleeing from Pakistan's part of Bengal.

Bengal was split up in the 1947 partition of British India between what then became eastern Pakistan and the Indian Dominion. Pakistan got most of the productive hinterland and India got the consumer port of Calcutta; India needs Bengali rice and Pakistan needs port outlets for jute (bag material) shipments to the outside world that make Pakistan prosperous in world trade.

Conflict Followed

Communal conflict followed between Hindus and Moslems.

India and Pakistan also are in bitter conflict over which should get possession of the old princely Kashmir State, a big Moslem-majority area adjoining both India and western Pakistan, bordering on Tibet and Communist China, and near Soviet Asia. That dispute is before the United Nations Security Council at Lake Success now.

Philip C. Jessup, United States roving ambassador, in New Delhi on his long swing through southeast Asia, said American efforts to settle the Kashmir dispute are not meant to put pressure on India or Pakistan.

Jessup was answering a recent statement by Nehru on what the Indian leader called international pressure against India. Jessup denied also that the United States is vying for power in the Far East, saying the aim instead "is to support the independent development of peoples which we see threatened primarily by this expanding imperialism" of the Soviet Union.

Nehru told Parliament it is clear a "major tragedy" has occurred in eastern Bengal. He said talk of exchanging Hindu and Moslem populations is "totally unrealistic."

'World Citizen' Getting Homesick

Strasbourg, France, Feb. 23 (AP). Garry Davis started trying to regain American citizenship today after a two-year career as "No. 1 Citizen of the World" without a passport. Maybe love changed him, but the road back won't be easier for that.

Davis declined comment on reports from his old home country that he wanted to go back in order to marry Audrey Peters, 20, Hollywood dancing teacher. She said he proposed by mail.

Davis, a wartime American airman and son of Meyer Davis, Philadelphia orchestra leader, made known his change of heart on citizenship in an approach to the United States consulate here.

Embassy sources in Paris said Davis could apply to "immigrate to the United States for the purpose of becoming a citizen," and could not revive the passport he gave up in Paris in the Summer of 1948.

He could try for United States citizenship in turn under the French quota of immigrants to the United States, embassy sources said.

French Tank Shipment Delayed By Communists

Tours, France, Feb. 23 (AP)—Communist-led demonstrators today delayed a trainload of French military tanks bound for Angouleme, in southern France.

About 500 workers swarmed into the station at near-by Saint-Pierre-des-Corps, overpowered the guards and removed the batteries from the tank motors. Several women in the crowd lay on the rails to prevent the train from moving.

Police reinforcements drove the demonstrators away and arrested the leaders. Four hours later the train moved on.

GRAZIANI DEFENDS MOVE

Italian Marshal Testifies That He Acted as a Soldier

ROME, Feb. 23 (AP)—Marshal Rodolfo Graziani firmly told an Italian military tribunal today that he acted simply as a soldier in serving as Mussolini's War Minister in the last days of World War II.

"I am not an assassin or an indiscriminate murderer or a deporter of men, but simply a soldier," the grizzled veteran declared at his second trial on charges of aiding the Nazis. A civilian court disqualified itself last year after a turbulent, five-month hearing.

Graziani testified he yielded to German pressure to go north with Mussolini's puppet government "only when I was made aware that Italy faced a fate similar to Poland's."

SWISS PLEADS GUILTY AS WAR SPY FOR U. S.

BERNE, Switzerland, Feb. 23 (AP)—Willy Gerber, 47, a Swiss Army mechanic who at one time had $10,000 in a New York bank, pleaded guilty today to being a wartime spy for the United States and to serving France and Britain for a longer period.

Gerber was brought before a military court. He faces a maximum penalty of life imprisonment.

The prosecutor said Gerber worked for the French Intelligence while in Switzerland and abroad before 1931. After his return to Switzerland he resumed contacts through the French military attaché's office in 1937 and in the same year began to work for the British.

He made contact with officials of the United States Legation and spied against Germany and Italy for the United States from 1942-45, the prosecutor added. He continued to work for the French until he was arrested on July 25, 1949.

Last October the Swiss Federal Council (Cabinet) said Maj. Bidwell Moore, an assistant to the United States military attaché here, had been recalled to the United States after the Swiss said he had been in contact with Gerber.

Brussels Reds Dispersed

BRUSSELS, Feb. 23 (AP).—Three hundred helmeted police, carrying guns and tear-gas bombs, drove 100 picketing Communists away from the Belgian Ministry of Defense today. The pickets, shouting "We want peace," were protesting the presence of General Charles T. Lanham, American military assistance chief for Belgium.

McCormick Lands In 'Rebel' Plane

Madrid, Feb. 23 (AP)—Col. Robert R. McCormick, publisher of the Chicago *Tribune*, flew into Franco Spain today with the colors of the defeated Spanish Republic emblazoned on his plane.

The mistake caused a sensation among Spanish officials who greeted him at the airport.

The publisher is on a flight from Chicago to Bangkok, Thailand, and had flags of countries to be visited painted on the side of the plane.

The red, yellow and purple flag of the Spanish Republicans stared representatives of the Foreign Ministry and Spanish Air Force in the face as they greeted the colonel at the door of the plane. Spain's present flag is red and yellow—no purple.

The colonel apologized for the mistake when it was pointed out to him and he asked that the wrong flag be replaced pronto.

Generalissimo Francisco Franco is receiving McCormick Saturday, it was announced. The publisher will leave after the interview for Athens.

Col. McCormick in Madrid Has Wrong Flag on Plane

By The Associated Press.

MADRID, Feb. 23—Col. Robert R. McCormick, publisher of the Chicago Tribune, quickly made amends with the Franco Government today for flying in with a flag of the dead Spanish Republic painted on his plane.

His arrival caused a sensation until he explained the flag was an innocent error and ordered it corrected.

Colonel McCormick apologized to Spanish officials gathered at the airport to greet him on his air tour to the East. He went on to praise Generalissimo Francisco Franco.

He told reporters at a news conference, that he considered Generalissimo Franco "perhaps the greatest general of our time, certainly the greatest general in Europe—much greater than Guderian" [Hitler's Col. Gen. Heinz Guderian].

Colonel McCormick is scheduled to see Generalissimo Franco privately Saturday before taking off for Athens.

Woman Held As Red 'Agent Of Confusion'

Frankfurt, Germany, Feb. 23 (AP). The United States Army announced today it had arrested a young Russian woman described as a "possible Soviet confusion agent."

An army spokesman defined a "confusion agent" as a person who spreads confusion and makes trouble for the occupation forces, usually as a cover-up for others who do actual spying.

"Nine times out of ten a confusion agent deliberately lets himself be picked up, tells a dozen different stories, all untrue, to divert the attention of the authorities from the real espionage agents," the spokesman said.

The announcement said the woman, Regina Rowiskerja, had been arrested February 14 at Heidelberg, the Army's European headquarters, after being shadowed by American agents since November 15.

She was arraigned before the United States District Court in Frankfurt, the announcement said, on charges of failing to produce valid identity documents. She was taken to Preungesheim women's prison at Frankfurt pending her trial.

'CONFUSION AGENT' HELD

U. S. Army in Germany Arrests Girl on Improper Papers Charge

FRANKFORT, Germany, Feb. 23 (AP)—A plump Russian girl described by the United States Army as "a possible Soviet confusion agent" was held here tonight on a charge of possessing improper identity documents.

She is booked as Regina Rowiskeija, 22. She was arrested about Feb. 15 at Heidelberg—Army headquarters in Europe—after she had been trailed three months by counter-espionage agents.

Berlin Truck Backlog Piles Up On Border

Berlin, Feb. 23 (AP)—Berlin's truck backlog began piling up along the Soviet zone frontier today as East German authorities grumbled over the new delay in lifting the West German steel embargo.

A line of 80 trucks waited for eastward clearance today on the interzonal *autobahn*.

Another 40 trucks lined up to leave the Russian zone.

Last night West German economic representatives in Berlin suspended negotiations begun ten days ago with East German officials on trade disputes.

Reds Buzz Gatow

Berlin, Feb. 23—(AP)—For the first time since the Soviet blockade of Berlin, a Russian fighter plane is reported to have buzzed the British-operated Gatow airport here yesterday.

A Royal Air Force spokesman said a Soviet jet craft swept over the airport at a height of 50 yards, circled several times and then flew off at high speed.

A British European Airways passenger liner, about to take off from Hamburg, was held on the ground during the demonstration. A low-flying Soviet fighter rammed a landing BEA airliner at Gatow in April, 1948, killing 15 persons including the Soviet pilot.

Reds, Czechs Sign

Prague, Czechoslovakia, Feb. 23—(AP)—Russia and Czechoslovakia signed a new trade agreement in Moscow today, the Czech radio announced. It gave no further details.

Finnish Parliament Blast Is Blamed On Grudge

Helsinki, Finland, Feb. 23 (AP)—Finnish police said today a 30-year-old man "with a grudge against society" had confessed throwing the bomb which rocked the Finnish Parliament building in the early hours of February 14.

Police Superintendent P. Maisniemi identified the man under arrest as Gustav Ekroos, an economist. Maisniemi said Ekroos is charged formally with causing damage to a public building with a bomb.

The police superintendent said Ekroos was brought to police headquarters by his father last Saturday. Maisniemi said Ekroos willingly confessed and his statement has been corroborated by police investigation. According to police, Ekroos had saved the explosives since the war, when he served as a lieutenant in the Finnish army.

Talks Failed, Reds Say

Moscow, Feb. 23 (AP)—The Government newspaper *Izvestia* declared today the conference of United States diplomats in Bangkok, Thailand, has been a failure. The paper said the parley has shown that American and British recognition of ex-Emperor Bao Dai's French-sponsored Viet Nam state was a miscalculation.

Hungary Demands U.S., Britain Cut Budapest Legation Staffs

Budapest, Feb. 23 (AP)—Hungary tonight demanded a reduction in the American and British diplomatic staffs here as a result of the trial of Robert A. Vogeler.

Vogeler, 39-year-old American assistant vice president of International Telephone and Telegraph Company, was sentenced to fifteen years in prison Tuesday on charges of espionage and sabotage. Edgar Sanders, a British assistant, was sentenced to thirteen years. Two Hungarians were sentenced to death and three to prison terms.

Notes sent to the United States and British legations tonight said the total of their diplomatic personnel "greatly exceeds their prewar number." The Vogeler trial showed "the purposes served by the maintenance of such disproportionately large staffs at the legations," the notes added.

Active Part Proved

"It has been proved that several officials of the United States and British legations in Budapest took an active part in the subversive work of the group of saboteurs and spies," the Hungarian notes declared.

The notes then listed the names of all British and American Legation personnel mentioned by Vogeler and Sanders in the trial and asked whether the status of these officials should not be reconsidered.

The notes further said the American Legation employs 103 Hungarians, the British Legation 43, "the overwhelming majority of which persons are partisans of the late Fascist regime." Then Hungary asked if the legations "consider it appropriate that Hungarian citizens who generally are known to be enemies of the Hungarian People's Democracy" should be employed.

Retaliation Measures

As a further result of the Vogeler trial, Hungary also raised "the question of whether the countermeasures taken by the governments of the United States and Britain as retaliation should not be reconsidered."

The notes said the two legations had intervened in the cases of Vogeler and Sanders before the trial.

The British Legation, Hungary declared, made seven personal calls, six telephone calls and sent twelve notes and personal letters to the Hungarian Government in Sanders's behalf. The Americans intervened fourteen times by personal calls, nine times by telephone and ten times by notes and memoranda in behalf of Vogeler, it was stated.

VILLAGE SAVED IN ERITREA

Christian-Moslem Riot Death Toll Mounts To 32

Asmara, Eritrea, Feb. 23 (AP)—Firefighters saved a whole village today from arsonist burning in Christian-Moslem riots that have killed 32 and multilated many more since the outbreak Monday.

All the reported casualties were among Eritreans. Many were struck down in hand-to-hand fighting with knives.

They are victims of the communal blood feud over the Coptic Christian campaign to join at least part of Eritrea with neighboring Ethiopia and Moslem countercries for independence in the disposition of this prewar Italian colony on the Red Sea.

Coptic Ethiopia contends Emperor Haile Selassie's landlocked realm is entitled to a sea port.

U.N. Group Meeting Set

A United Nations Commission assigned to make a recommendation for Eritrea's future on the basis of public sentiment warned the feuding factions their shows of force would not influence its decisions.

The commission scheduled its first hearings for Saturday on the political future of this smallest of the three African colonies Italy lost in the war.

The situation at sundown was reported "in hand" in the native quarter of the mountain capital city, but blasts continued sporadically in the dark.

The fire department, called out 24 times during the day, caught a rioters' paper depot fire in time to save the adjoining village from destruction.

British Escort At Burial

The Christian dead were buried under escort of British postwar occupation forces.

Fourteen Eritreans were formally charged during the day with possessing hand-grenades and pistols, and two of them for actual bomb-throwing.

Many victims, however, were brought to the Italian hospital with cuts in vital organs apparently done by traditional fighting with blades ranging from knives to swords. A dozen Moslem shops were set afire in Asmara.

Two looters were shot dead during the day at burning Moslem shops.

Since Eritrean tradition requires vindication of bloodshed, occupation authorities were not confident that the overnight lull means an end of the fighting.

Arrests numbered over 150 since the fight began four days ago when a minor Moslem official was slain.

150 Arrested In Eritrea Riots

Asmara, Eritrea, Feb. 23 (AP)—Arson and looting broke out again today in Moslem-Christian feuding, which has gripped Asmara's native quarter since Monday.

Police are reported to have made 150 arrests in the past two days in an effort to check the violence which already has resulted in 30 deaths and at least 130 wounded.

The rioting was precipitated by the slaying of a Moslem minor official Monday.

Israel Lacks Night Clubs

Tel Aviv, Feb. 23 (AP)—If you are looking for a night club, "austere" Israel isn't the place to find it. The best that can be done along that line is to find a restaurant or cafe where there's a lone piano player, or sometimes a small orchestra for dancing.

'American Intrusion' In Asia Area Charged

Rangoon, Feb. 23 (AP)—A high Burmese Army officer said in a broadcast today that a growing crisis in southeast Asia is threatened by a struggle for control between the British and Americans on one side and the Communists on the other.

The broadcast by the unnamed officer added that there has been "a marked American intrusion" into the British sphere in southeast Asia. He called it a possible "expression of dissatisfaction with the way the British have been handling the situation."

Chinese Reds Win Hong Kong Court Test With Chennault

Hong Kong, Feb. 23 (AP)—The Chinese Communists won in the Supreme Court of this British crown colony tonight their battle for 90 former Nationalist planes valued at $20,000,000.

The loser was retired United States Maj. Gen. Claire L. Chennault, who announced last Dec. 18 that his Civil Air Transport Line had purchased the planes. They formerly were owned by the Nationalist-controlled Chinese National Aviation Corporation and Central Air Transport Corporation.

In successive rulings today the court refused to name Chennault as custodian of the planes and lifted the injunction it had imposed until ownership was established.

To Be Flown To Peiping

A National Aviation spokesman said the planes would be flown to Peiping, seat of the Chinese Communist Government, probably within a week. He said a few days would be required for the Peiping Government to notify the Hong Kong Government that the planes were registered properly.

Most of the planes are in Hong Kong.

This bitter battle for the planes—a valuable stake in the fading Chinese war—opened last October 9 when pilots of the two Nationalist Lines flew twelve planes into Communist territory.

Pro-Red employés of the airlines had claimed the planes for the Communists. The Nationalist Government asked the British court to prevent any more such flights.

Wanted To Be Receiver

The court ordered the remaining planes grounded until it decided who owned them.

Then Chennault threw his bombshell into the battle. He asked first that he be legally recognized as the owner and, when this was denied, that the two Nationalist lines be thrown into receivership and that he (Chennault) be named receiver.

The court's rulings today mean that the legal owners here are the Hong Kong branches of National Aviation and Central Transport. Both say they are acting solely on orders of the Chinese Communist Government.

Chief Justice Sir Leslie Gibson said the ruling today was based on the "sovereign immunity" principle. The court held that the Chinese Communist Government is in possession of the two incorporated airlines regardless of whether it actually has possession of the assets.

The decision was made against a backdrop of international politics. The British recognize the Chinese Communist Government and seek to protect British investments and treaty rights. A decision against the Chinese Reds might have provoked a reaction against British interests.

DUTCH-INDONESIAN CLASH

Jakarta's Troops Said to Have Fired on Convoy in Java

JAKARTA, Indonesia, Friday, Feb. 24 (AP)—A reliable Army source said today one soldier was killed and two others injured yesterday when Indonesian troops opened fire on an unarmed Netherlands Indies army convoy near Bekasi, east of Jakarta.

The informant said a motorcyclist accompanying the convoy had shown his papers to an Indonesian control post and had received a go-ahead signal when suddenly the post opened fire. One of the two soldiers wounded was reported to be in a serious condition. Dutch military police and United Nations military observers went immediately to Bekasi to investigate.

This is the second incident between the Dutch and Indonesian armies reported within a fortnight. Ten days ago an Indonesian soldier of the Colonial Dutch Army was killed.

Menzies's Jap Talk Due

Canberra, Australia, Feb. 23 (AP). Prime Minister Robert G. Menzies told Parliament today he will make a statement tomorrow on the proposed trials of Japanese on war-crimes charges. Menzies said the new Government had given attention to the trials as soon as it was sworn in.

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Truman Leaders Study Atom Truce Benefits

Washington, Feb. 23 — (AP) — Truman administration leaders, virtually despairing of an atomic control agreement with Russia, are now looking into the question of how much security the United States might get out of a stalemate in the arms race—a kind of prolonged armed truce.

General Policy Review

Thinking along this line has developed in the State Department in connection with a general review of American foreign policy, including international atomic policy. The study is being made by the policy planning staff.

Well informed persons say that this review, which fits in with an assay of America's foreign risks, commitments and policies bein, made by the National Security Council, has not yet produced any solid decisions. It has gone far enough, however, to persuade Secretary of State Acheson that no major turns in American policy are now required.

This apparently means that for an indefinite period, the United States will continue to seek agreement with Russia on international control of atomic energy through the United Nations. President Truman reaffirmed this policy in his speech yesterday at Alexandria, Va. In that address he also said that the United States is willing to consider any new ideas put forward, provided they are effective and workable.

It is in connection with this reaffirmation of U. S. policy that the idea of an atomic stalemate between East and West is seen as a practical alternative to the ideal of obtaining a real atomic agreement.

In his Washington's Birthday speech Mr. Truman gave evidence that he may have entertained this line of thought himself. He rejected outright any idea that the United States should ever accept a "sham agreement." This is a term sometimes used in private conversation by those of the President's advisers who say that a stalemate between East and West would be better than a "sham agreement."

Mr. Truman also emphasized a point which Secretary Acheson has recently underscored—that there are no easy solutions for ending the cold war and lifting the world out of its present dark, uneasy mood into a state of real peace.

Administration leaders feel that those who would have the United States call an atomic peace conference with Russia hope for too much in this respect.

They argue that such a conference would fail and that in the resulting wave of pessimism the idea of war as a solution for the world's problems while the West still has an atomic edge might gain strong headway. At the State Department and at the White House war is not considered a way out: the alternative to an early cold war peace is what Mr. Truman yesterday called the hard path of a long struggle against communism" on the political and economic fronts.

In the atomic field, high administration officials believe there are two probably insoluble conflicts between the United States and Russia. One of these is the fact that Russia is a police state based on a system of secrecy which makes true international inspection impossible.

The other great atomic conflict between the Soviet Union and the West lies in the future possibilities of atomic power.

Signs Of Truman Opposing Russ Talk Multiply

Washington, Feb. 23 (AP)—Evidence piled up today that the Truman Administration is dead set against seeking an atomic peace conference with Russia at this time.

From President Truman himself came a warning that the nation "must not be misled by the vain hope of finding quick and easy solutions" for the world's difficulties—of which the atomic arms race is one of the greatest.

Instead, the President declared in a speech honoring George Washington that the United States and other democracies must stick to the "hard path" of building up the strength of the free world in the struggle with communism.

Durham Shuns "Defeatism"

The vice chairman of the Senate-House Atomic Energy Committee, Representative Durham (D., N.C.), meanwhile directly attacked the idea of an atomic conference with the Soviet Union. In a speech for the North Carolina Democratic Club here last night, he declared:

"The pressure which is building up for a conference of some sort with the Soviet Union, in my opinion, is dangerous; it would immediately place us in a position of despair and defeatism."

Durham thus appeared to take a position in accord with the Administration and in conflict with Senator McMahon (D., Conn.), the committee chairman.

Clash Of Opinions Cited

McMahon has advocated that the United States undertake a $50,000,000,000 program of foreign aid, including benefits to Russia, as a bold effort to obtain an early international agreement for control of atomic energy.

Durham specified that he was expressing a personal opinion. Nevertheless, what he said closely parallels the known opinion held by top State Department officials and possibly by Mr. Truman himself.

This view is that there is no prospect now that Russia and the Western powers could agree on a system of armament controls, and that the likely failure of such a conference would increase the dangers of war.

Randall Favors Conference

However, Brig. Gen. Russell E. Randall, retired Air Force officer who was an attaché in Moscow from September, 1948, to July, 1949, said he believes the chances for an understanding with the Russians now are getting better.

Randall urged that the United States take the initiative in calling a peace conference to be held in Moscow with Britain and Russia and possibly other nations.

Mr. Truman spoke at the George Washington National Masonic Memorial in Alexandria, Va. He said the great danger of communism in the world "lies in the fact that it is an instrument of an armed imperialism which seeks to extend its influence by force."

U.S. To Survey Aid Needs Of Southeast Asia

Washington, Feb. 23—(AP)—Secretary of State Acheson disclosed today the United States is sending a special survey mission to Southeast Asia to prepare the way for American help in bolstering the area against Communism.

A State Department group headed by R. Allen Griffin, publisher of the Monterey (Calif.) Peninsula Herald, is due to leave next week on a tour of five countries. One is the new French-supported State of Viet Nam, in Indo-China, which promises to become a cold war hot spot because of the Communist sweep in neighboring China.

Diplomatic authorities said the group will look into the needs of Indo-China and other countries for military as well as economic assistance. Countries on the intinerary include Malaya, Burma, Thailand.

Details Announced

The State Department announced details of the mission after Secretary Acheson told Senators of American plans for Southeast Asia. He said that in Indo-China there would be discussions on economic aid with the Government of former Emperor Bao Dai, the Viet Nam Chief of State. Such talks already are going on with Thailand, Acheson said.

Griffin was deputy to Roger Lapham, chief of the ECA mission to China until the ECA was forced to quit its work on the China mainland last Summer. He is a veteran of two World Wars, and won the Distinguished Service Cross for heroism in World War II.

Griffin will be accompanied by a small group of technical experts and by Samuel Hayes, special assistant to Willard Thorp, Assistant Secretary for Economic Affairs, and by William McAfee, an area specialist in the department's Far Eastern Affairs Bureau.

U.S. Held Ready To Grant Tito New Loan

Washington, Feb. 23 (AP)—The United States is reported about ready to grant an emergency loan to Yugoslavia to keep the Yugoslav economy from being strangled by a Russia-led trade boycott.

American officials said the loan—this country's second to Marshal Tito since he broke with Moscow—would be small. It might be $10,000,000 or $15,000,000, to be used for the purchase of United States cotton, petroleum and other raw materials.

They said that amount would be extremely helpful to Yugoslavia.

Unemployment Seen

Reports to the State Department indicate there is danger of unemployment in Yugoslav textile mills and other industries unless Tito gets financial help.

The boycott has cut off more than 50 per cent of Yugoslavia's trade, including imports of goods and materials required for day-to-day operation.

These reports have spurred consideration of a new loan from the United States Export-Import Bank.

The State Department believes it is essential to keep Tito in power as a symbol of resistance to Moscow domination. Nevertheless, top officials were annoyed by his blast at the Western democracies last week end.

Tito Challenges West

Tito challenged the West to make good on its "promises" of economic aid. He added that Yugoslavia would "rather go barefoot" than sacrifice its Communist principles in return for outside aid.

State Department officials commented that Tito was only promised "sympathetic consideration" for his loan requests.

The Tito speech was seen as more evidence of the increasing squeeze on Yugoslavia.

May Act On Loan

Besides prompting American aid, Tito's outspoken remarks may prod the American-dominated World Bank into quick action on his request for a loan of about $25,000,000 for long-range development of his country.

The bank's delay in granting this has irritated Belgrade officials. Foreign Minister Kardelj announced last December that the bank had agreed "in principle" to extend the loan; the bank later denied it.

The first American Government loan to Tito was granted last fall. This was for $20,000,000, nearly all of it for long-range improvement of Yugoslavia's zinc and copper mines.

CHRISTOFFEL IS CONVICTED

Found Guilty Second Time Of Lying To Congress Group

Washington, Feb. 23 (AP)—Grim-faced Harold Christoffel, former Milwaukee labor leader, was convicted late today on charges he lied under oath in telling a congressional committee he had never been a Communist.

The defendant stood listening without any change of expression as the jury foreman intoned "guilty" on each of five counts.

Punishment could range from two to ten years on each count. Sentencing probably will be delayed until next week.

Led Off To Jail

He was led off to the District jail immediately despite protests by his attorney, O. John Rogge, who asked that he be left free on bail pending filing of a motion for a new trial.

This is the second time the one-time president of Local 248 UAW-CIO at the Milwaukee plant of Allis-Chalmers has been convicted on the same charges.

His first conviction was in 1948 when he was sentenced to a two-to-six-year prison term.

He won a dramatic 5-to-4 reversal of that conviction by the Supreme Court last year on technical grounds.

May Go To Highest Court

Rogge said he will carry the case to the Supreme Court again if necessary.

Federal District Judge F. Dickinson Letts said he will hear motions by Rogge for a directed verdict of acquittal—despite the verdict—and for a new trial in the event the first request is denied.

Christoffel was charged with lying before the House Labor Committee March 1, 1947. The committee had been investigating subversive activities in labor unions.

He denied he had ever been a Communist or had affiliations with the party, said he did not know two Communist officials, Ned Sparks and Fred Blair.

Witnesses at Christoffel's trial characterized him as a willing aid to a Communist conspiracy to call a strike in the Allis-Chalmers plant. The company was manufacturing parts needs on most American warships then being built.

President Sternly Refuses To Bare U. S. Loyalty Files

Washington, Feb. 23 — (AP) — President Truman persisted in a stern refusal today to give Congress confidential "loyalty" files on Federal employes.

Will Cooperate Otherwise

He said he has promised the Senate Foreign Relations Committee he will otherwise cooperate with it in disproving what he called false charges made by Senator McCarthy (R-Wis.) that a Communist ring exists in the State Department.

He told a news conference that subpoena powers voted by the Senate for the committee investigators would make no difference to him. He said it would be pretty hard to serve a subpoena on the President since the government affords him protection against such service.

Mr. Truman emphasized that his directive to government departments to refuse Congressional demands for official files on loyalty investigations still stands. This directive provides that all such demands be turned over to him by the departments.

Mr. Truman also stood firm in rejecting any dramatic new approach to Moscow on the control of atomic weapons.

And he told his news conference he has received no "feelers" from Russia on the subject which has stirred grave misgivings in world capitals.

The latest word from the President highlighted a series of developments centering on the A-bomb and the projected hydrogen "hell" bomb:

1. Senator Tydings (D - Md.) warned that the United States will be "caught in a trap" if Russia accepts the current American plan to outlaw all atomic weapons—without effective global disarmament applying to other weapons.

2. George F. Kennan, chief of the State Department's planning staff, said in a newly-published article in Reader's Digest that war with Russia is possible, either through accident or nervousness, but he declared:

"It is hardly likely that the Russians are now charting an early military onslaught on the western world."

3. Administration advisors were reported studying a long-range policy based on a stalemate in the arms race with Russia—a kind of armed truce. Many officials here despair of attaining any effective international atomic agreement.

Refuses FEPC Comment

Mr. Truman refused to comment on the bill passed by the House today setting up a fair employment practices stripped of enforcement powers. But he referred newsmen to his previous messages on the subject in which he called for a commission "with authority" to prevent discriminations in employment based on race, color, religion or national origin.

Asked if it would be possible to legislate against racial discrimination and still leave employes free to hire and fire as they please, the President replied he always thought so.

Britain To Buy Wheat Under ECA

Washington, Feb. 23 (AP)—Great Britain today received authority to buy $45,000,000 worth of American and Canadian wheat under the Marshall plan.

The Economic Co-operation Administration announced the approval in new foreign-aid allotments to seven European countries.

ECA said the British funds will be used to buy $30,000,000 of Canadian wheat. The remaining $15,000,000 is earmarked for wheat and wheat flour from the United States.

The agency set a May 31 deadline for completion of contracts for the wheat shipments. It said deliveries of the Canadian grain must be made by July 31 and the American deliveries by June 30.

COST SET AT $500,000 FOR MAIL 'HELIPORT'

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23 (AP)—A Government engineer testified today it would cost $500,000 to build a landing place for helicopters on the roof of New York's General Post Office.

The testimony was given by Chester L. Post, a Public Buildings Service official, in a Civil Aeronautics Board hearing on the question of helicopter air mail service for the New York area.

Mr. Post appeared as a Post Office Department witness in the case being presented by New York Airways, Inc., one of two applicants for the proposed service to link near-by airports with New York and about forty suburban points.

New York Airways and New York Port Authority lawyers attacked Mr. Post's figure on the "heliport" cost as high. The Port Authority has estimated a landing facility could be built for $140,000.

The witness said the Government estimate called for a platform at the level of the roofs of penthouses on the Post Office. The Port Authority plan would merely put a platform over skylights on the building.

Mr. Post said Post Office roofs generally are strong enough to serve helicopters, because the rotary-wing machines are relatively light. He noted that the gross weight of each of those in use at Los Angeles is 5,300 pounds.

U.N. Military Force Opposed By Nimitz

Lake Success, N.Y., Feb. 23 (AP)—United States Fleet Admiral Chester W. Nimitz said today that as a military man he hopes the United Nations will never have a military force of its own.

At a meeting of United States and Canadian educators, Nimitz said big powers in the United Nations have never been able to agree on setting up a United Nations military force.

"I don't think they ever will. As a military man I concur with those who oppose it. The United Nation's strength is in relying on the great force of world public opinion."

Japanese Group in Ottawa

OTTAWA, Feb. 23 (AP)—A delegation of fourteen members of the Japanese Diet arrived today from Washington for a two-day visit to the capital. The group was welcomed by A. R. Menzies, head of the External Affairs Department's American and Far Eastern Division, and had luncheon with External Affairs Minister Lester B. Pearson.

London, feb. 23—(ap)—the a rchbishop of ~~w~~ canterbury called today for a new effort in the near future to ban atom and hydrogen bombs, either b the united nations or "two or three world statesmen."

The primate of ~~e~~ the church of england, dr. Geoffrey Fisher, ~~who~~ made the plea in an article in his diocesan magazine. he said:

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~~e~~ "either the United nations or the Security ~~council~~ council, or two or three world statesmen with whom the ultimate responsibility lies, must take a new step required to secure world agreement and with ~~a~~ world confidence that the agreement will be kept."

In regard to the hydrogen bomb he said that "as things are now it will be almost impossible for a responsible statesman to forbid scientists of his nation to pursue the production of the bomb, thus putting his own people at a disadvantage as compared with others who know or may know how to make this hideous engine of destruction.

"But the fact that this is so reveals how evil and insane thingx are, and how essential ~~i~~ it is that they should be changed."

1-19B

london, feb. 23--(ap)--a british tipster on russian affairs claimed today the russians exploded an atom bomb last june, probably to camouflage a hydrogen bomb blast.

kenneth de courcy, 40, editor of the monthly intelligence digest, made the claim in a statement to the press. he announced earlier this month that the russians had exploded the world's first hydrogen bomb. there has been no confirmation from any source.

de courcy claims to have a pipeline into russia. he has no known official tie with the british government or its intelligence services. most officials here regard him and his claims with "reserved skepticism."

his statement today said two bombs were exploded last june, instead of one. it also said nikolai a. vozhesensky, former chairman of the state planning commission in russia, was in charge of a special team of scientists working on the h-bomb. vaznesensky disappeared from public view sometime ago and his name has been dropped from the list of politburo members published in russian newspapers.

de courcy's intelligence digest sells for $3.50 a year.

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AT BORDEAUX, ABOUT 250 DOCKWORKERS REFUSED TO LOAD MILITARY EQUIPMENT ABOARD A FREIGHTER BOUND FOR TUNISIA, AND ASSAULTED 30 LONGSHOREMEN WHO WERE WORKING THE SHIP. FRENCH NAVY SAILORS COMPLETED THE LOADING.
THESE INCIDENTS WERE PART OF A COMMUNIST CAMPAIGN TO CUT THE FLOW OF SUPPLIES TO FRENCH TROOPS FIGHTING REBEL GUERRILLAS IN INDOCHINA.
JT1025PES

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PRECEDE HOLLYWOOD
STRASBOURG, FRANCE, FEB 23-(AP)-GARY DAVIS, WHO TORE UP HIS AMERICAN PASSPORT TWO YEARS AGO TO BECOME A "CITIZEN OF THE WORLD," STARTED EFFORTS TODAY TO REGAIN HIS CITIZENSHIP.
HE HAD APPLIED TO THE U.S. CONSULATE HERE FOR AN IMMIGRATION VISA. THE CONSULATE TOLD HIM HE WOULD HAVE TO GO TO PARIS TO GET IT.
EMBASSY SOURCES IN PARIS SAID DAVIS COULD APPLY TO "IMMIGRATE TO THE UNITED STATES FOR THE PURPOSE OF BECOMING A CITIZEN." THEY SAID THERE IS NO CHANCE FOR HIM TO REGAIN THE PASSPORT HE TORE UP TWO YEARS AGO.
EARLIER TODAY, DAVIS DECLINED COMMENT ON REPORTS FROM THE UNITED STATES THAT HE WAS GOING TO MARRY AUDREY PETERS, 20, A HOLLYWOOD DANCING TEACHER, WHO SAID DAVIS PROPOSED TO HER BY MAIL.
C115PES

THEY CONSIDER HIM A RESIDENT OF FRANCE, ALTHOUGH HE HAD SOME ARGUMENTS FROM TIME TO TIME WITH THE FRENCH POLICE OVER HIS LACK OF A VISA AND THE BASIC LACK OF A PASSPORT TO PUT A VISA IN.
DAVIS HAS SLIPPED ACROSS THE FRENCH BORDERS BY PLANE WITHOUT NATIONAL CREDENTIALS FOR A WORLD DEVOID OF BORDERS AND PASSPORTS.
THE RED-HAIRED WARTIME PILOT CLAIMED A LARGE FOLLOWING AND KEPT UP LIVELY CORRESPONDENCE WITH VOLUNTEERS FOR HIS ONE WORLD.
BD954PES

A132
BRUSSELS, FEB. 23-(AP)-THREE HUNDRED HELMETED GENDARMES, CARRYING GUNS AND TEAR GAS BOMBS, DROVE 100 PICKETING COMMUNISTS AWAY FROM THE BELGIAN MINISTRY OF DEFENSE TODAY. THE PICKETS, SHOUTING "WE WANT PEACE," WERE PROTESTING THE PRESENCE OF GEN. CHARLES T. LANHAM, U.S. MILITARY ASSISTANCE CHIEF FOR BELGIUM.
K1102AES

ROME, FEB.23-(AP)-THE U.S. MINISTER TO BULGARIA, DONALD R.HEATH, AND HIS STAFF ARE SCHEDULED TO ARRIVE IN TRIESTE SUNDAY ON THEIR WAY OUT OF SOFIA BY TRAIN, THE U.S. EMBASSY SAID TODAY.
THE UNITED STATES BROKE OFF RELATIONS WITH THE COMMUNIST-DOMINATED STATE THIS WEEK AND 48 MEMBERS OF THE U.S. DIPLOMATIC STAFF ARE EXPECTED TO START THEIR WESTWARD JOURNEY FRIDAY.
ACCORDING TO INFORMATION RECEIVED BY THE EMBASSY HERE, HEATH AND ABOUT 10 MEMBERS OF THE PARTY WILL LEAVE THE TRAIN AT TRIESTE AND PROCEED BY A DIRECT ROUTE TO PARIS, REACHING THERE MONDAY.
THE REMAINDER OF THE GROUP WILL COME TO ROME TO RECEIVE FUTURE ASSIGNMENTS, THE EMBASSY SAID.
M1617AES

A90
ROME, FEB. 23-(AP)-MARSHAL RUDOLFO GRAZIANI, FASCISM'S "LION OF AFRICA," WENT ON TRIAL FOR A SECOND TIME TODAY ON CHARGES OF AIDING THE NAZIS.
THE AILING, 67-YEAR-OLD SOLDIER LOOKED TIRED AS HE ENTERED THE COURTROOM TO FACE A TRIBUNAL OF FIVE GENERALS AND AN ADMIRAL. HE WORE A BERIBBONED UNIFORM WITHOUT SYMBOLS OF RANK.
STRONG FORCES OF POLICE GUARDED THE BUILDING--A BARRACKS ONCE USED BY THE GERMANS TO GUARD ITALIANS

USED BY THE GERMANS TO GUARD ITALIANS PICKED UP FOR FORCED LABOR.
GRAZIANI IS CHARGED WITH HELPING THE GERMANS CONSCRIPT LABOR AS WELL WITH COLLABORATION.
THE VETERAN CAMPAIGNER SAT IN A LARGE WOODEN ARM CHAIR AS THE TRIAL BEGAN. THE FIRST PART OF THE SESSION WAS DEVOTED TO THE READING OF A LENGTHY INDICTMENT.
KS650PES

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FIVE GENERALS AND ONE ADMIRAL MAKE UP THE COURT. A CIVILIAN COURT DISQUALIFIED ITSELF LAST YEAR AFTER A TURBULENT, FIVE-MONTH HEARING. GRAZIANI, AILING, IS 66. Rome add xx Polands
WEARING A BERIBBONED UNIFORM SHORN OF SYMBOLS OF RANK, HE CALMLQ PROTESTED HIS INNOCENCE. GRAZIANI TESTIFIED HE YIELDED TO GERMAN PRESSURE TO GO NORTH WITH MUSSOLINI'S PUPPET GOVERNMENT "ONLY WHEN I WAS MADE AWARE THAT ITALY FACED A FATE SIMILAR TO POLAND'S."
"THAT WAS HITLER'S THREAT," HE SAID. "THE SWORD WAS ON THE SCALES AND THERE WAS NO USE ARGUING. CONDEMN ME IF YOU WILL, BUT I ACCEPTED ONLY BECAUSE OF THIS."
GRAZIANI HAS BEEN IN CUSTODY SINCE 1945.
THE COURT'S PROSECUTOR DECLINED TO COMMENT ON NEWSPAPER SPECULATION THAT GRAZIANI MAY SO BENEFIT FROM POSTWAR AMNESTIES THAT, EVEN IF HE GOT A 20-YEAR SENTENCE, HE WOULD SERVE ONLY A FEW MINTHS.
RW447PES

HE DECLINED TO PREDICT THE OUTCOME OF THE BRITISH ELECTIONS. HE SAID HIS CURRENT TOUR OF NORTH AFRICA, THE MIDDLE EAST AND SOUTHERN ASIA IS DESIGNED "TO FINISH UP MY TRAVELS."
"I HAVE BEEN EVERYWHERE ELSE," HE SAID. "THIS WILL BE MY LAST BIG TRIP."
HE AGREED WITH A SUGGESTION OF SPANISH REPORTERS THAT THE UNITED STATES IS RESPONSIBLE FOR STARTING ATOMIC WARFARE IN THE WORLD AND ADDED:
"WE AMERICANS ARE SAVAGES. WE BEGAN THIS AFFAIR OF ATOMIC BOMBS."
BUT HE SAID HE BELIEVES THE DANGERS OF ATOMIC WARFARE ARE OVERRATED, ALTHOUGH "IT WOULD BE HARD ON LITTLE, CONCENTRATED COUNTRIES LIKE ENGLAND. IN THE UNITED STATES WE HAVE LOTS OF SPACE."
"IN ANY CASE," MCCORMICK ADDED, "I AM NOT AFRAID OF THE RUSSIANS BECAUSE WE HAVE INDUSTRIAL POWER WHICH THEY HAVEN'T."
THE CHICAGO PUBLISHER HAD A LONG CONFERENCE WITH FOREIGN MINISTER ALBERTO MARTIN ARTAJO, BUT DECLINED TO SAY WHAT THEY TALKED ABOUT.
HE CANCELLED A SCHEDULED TRIP TO TOLEDO TOMORROW, SAYING HE WAS VERY TIRED.
SF653PES

THE PROSECUTOR MADE THESE ACCUSATIONS:
GERBER, AS A MEMBER OF THE ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS, SYSTEMATICALLY BETRAYED SWITZERLAND'S MILITARY SECRETS, CARRIED ON ECONOMIC AND POLITICAL ESPIONAGE AND STOLE SECRET PLANS AND DOCUMENTS FROM THE SWISS ARMY.
FOR PERSONAL GAIN GERBER "MADE IT HIS LIFE WORK TO DIVULGE EVERYTHING THERE WAS TO DIVULGE IN SWITZERLAND. AS A SIDELINE HE GAVE OCCASIONAL INFORMATION TO SWEDISH, TURKISH AND YUGOSLAV DIPLOMATS HERE.
JUNIOR OFFICIALS OF THE BRITISH, FRENCH AND U.S. LEGATIONS ATTENDED THE TRIAL, BUT SPOKESMEN OF ALL THREE DECLINED COMMENT.
SWITZERLAND WAS NEUTRAL DURING THE WAR BUT UNDER THE SHADOW OF HITLER GERMANY. THE INFORMATION COULD HAVE BEEN OF VALUE TO THE ALLIES IN EVENT HITLER CHOSE TO INVADE THIS MOUNTAIN REPUBLIC.
COURT AUTHORITIES SAID GERBER HAD A $10,000 BANK BALANCE IN NEW YORK AT THE OUTBREAK OF THE WAR, MOST OF WHICH HE EARNED AS A SPY. HIS MECHANIC'S WAGE WAS 400 FRANCS ($90) A MONTH.
SF350PES

by Michael Goldsmith

Bern, Switzerland, Feb. 23--(AP)--Willy Gerber, 47, A Swiss army mechanic with a $10,000 New York bank account, pleaded guilty today

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to being a spy for Britain, France and the United States since 1937.

He was brought before a military court. He face a maximum sentence of life imprisonment. If he had been brought to trial during the war the maximum would have been death before the firing squad.

The prosecutor made these accusations against Gerber:

The prosecution accused Gerber, a member of the army corps of engineers, with systematically betraying Switzerland's military secrets, carrying on economic and political espionage and stealing secret plans and documents from the Swiss army.

The prosecution said that Gerber, for personal gain, made it his life work to divulge everything there was to divulge in Switzerland," and that as a sideline he gave occasional information to Swedish, Turkish and Yugoslav diplomats here.

Switzerland was a neutral country during the world war but under the menace of Hitler Germany. The information could have been of value to the allies in event Hitler chose to invade the little mountain country.

Court authorities said Gerber had a $10,000 bank balance

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in New York at the outbreak of the war, most of which he earned as a spy. His mechanic's wage was 400 francs ($90) a month. The British were said to have paid him a regular 600 franc monthly wage for a time.

apr sec 1630 mb/106p

(Geneva, feb. 23--(ap)--roger garreau of france, president of the united nations trusteeship council, announced today that the "palestine arab terrorist organization" has threatened to shoot him "like a dog." he said he did not whether the threat came from an actual organization or a joker.

he read to the council, in session here trying to complete a statute for the internationalization of jerusalem, a letter which said:

"we give you fair warning that if you do not immediately change your tactics, we shall shoot you like a dog."

the letter was postmarked in egypt and bore on the margin the notation "remember bernadotte." count folke bernadotte, the united nations mediator for palestine, was shot to death in jerusalem on sept. 17, 1948. the letter declared garreau had been "heavily bribed" by jews.

abdel moneim bey moustafa, egypt's representative at the council meeting, told garreau he would ask his government to investigate, but added: "in egypt there are no terrorist organizations, domestic or foreign."

NIGHT LEAD GARREAU

GENEVA, SWITZERLAND, FEB. 23--(AP)---ROGER GARREAU, FRENCH PRESIDENT OF THE U.N. TRUSTEESHIP COUNCIL, SAID TODAY HAD RECEIVED A LETTER FROM A "PALESTINE ARAB TERRORIST ORGANIZATION" THREATENING HIS ASSASSINATION.

"REMEMBER BERNADOTTE" WAS WRITTEN ON THE MARGIN OF THE LETTER WHICH THREATENED TO "SHOOT YOU LIKE A DOG," GARREAU SAID. COUNT FOLKE BERNADOTTE, U.N. MEDIATOR IN PALESTINE, WAS ASSASSINATED IN THE JEWISH PART OF PALESTINE IN SEPTEMBER, 1948.

THE LETTER, GARREAU SAID, COMPLAINED THAT GARREAU HAD BEEN "HEAVILY BRIBED" BY JEWS AND WAS ENDEAVORING TO FRUSTRATE THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY TO INTERNATIONALIZE JERUSALEM.

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"ARAB REFUGEES ARE AWAITING IMPLEMENTATION OF THE RESOLUTION TO RETURN TO THEIR HOMES. THIS IS A FINAL WARNING," THE LETTER SAID.

GARREAU RECENTLY PRODUCED A PROPOSED DRAFT OF A STATUTE WHICH WOULD LEAVE MOST OF JERUSALEM IN THE HANDS OF ISRAEL AND THE JORDAN KINGDOM BUT WOULD ESTABLISH INTERNATIONAL RULE OVER HOLY PLACES OF THE CITY. HE SAID THIS WAS AN INTERPRETATION OF THE U.N. RESOLUTION OF DEC. 9, 1949.

ISRAEL AND JORDAN HAVE OPPOSED INTERNATIONALIZATION OF THE CITY.

BUTXXXXXXX THE ARAB NATIONS IN THE U.N. VOTED FOR IT.

GARREAU SAID ~~THE THREATENING LETTER WAS~~ WHO READ THE LETTER TO THE TRUSTEESHIP COUNCIL, SAID ~~IT WAS POSTMARKED IN EGYPT.~~ HE SAID HE DID NOT KNOW WHETHER IT WAS FROM "A FACETIOUS PERSON OR AN ACTUAL ORGANIZATION."

ABDEL MONEIM BEY MOUSTAFA, ~~E~~ EGYPTIAN REPRESENTATIVE AT THE ~~COUNCIL~~ MEETING, TOLD GARREAU HE WOUED ASK HIS GOVERNMENT TO MAKE AN INVESTIGATION .

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(Advance) The Hague, Feb. 23--(AP)--President Miguel Aleman of Mexican has awarded Queen Juliana the grand chain of the order of the Aztec Eagle as a symbol of friendship between ~~hatwaan~~ the governments and peoples of their two countries, the Dutch foreign office announced tonight. The grand chain is the highest mexican order. It is presented only to sovereigns and chiefs of state.

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(End advance for use at 6 P.M. EST today, Thursday, Feb. 23)

heidelberg, ge many, feb. 23—(ap)—the u. s. army announced today that lt. david w. tucker, harrison, ark., had been convicted of manslaughter by a general court martial and sentenced to three years in prison.

he was found guilty of killing three germans while driving his car recklessly near miesau in the french occupation zone. he was also ordered dismissed from the service with forfeiture of all pay and allowances.

wxpa-apl 0140 mb/1045a

Bonn, Germany, Feb. 23—(AP)—Economics Minister Ludwig Erhard said today that West Germany's export drive is being hampered by discrimination against her goods in foreign countries.

Erhard spoke at a meeting here of German food manufacturers. He said the German government has been under fire from allied experts because of alleged failure to push the export program in order to reduce Germany's need for American dollar aid. He was relying to part of the criticism of

German economic policy [redacted] in three allied memoranda during the past six weeks.

Referring to charges the Germans had been extravagant, [redacted] said that some luxury goods had been forced upon the German economy by foreign partners to trade pacts.

Bonn, Germany, Feb. 23--(AP)--[redacted] A spokesman for one of the parties in the West German government said today recent treatment by the allies is likely to bring about the downfall ~~of the cabinet~~.

Deputy Curt Wirth, a prominent member of the Free Democrat Parliament Party and editor of the party's principal newspaper, said he was expressing the opinion of all [redacted] members. He made his prediction in an interview.

Wirth said Chancellor Konrad Adenauer's rightwing coalition had been "let down" by frequent public criticism of its economic policies by the allies.

A132
BONN GERMANY FEB.23-(AP)-FORMER GEN. HASSO ECKHARDT VON MANTEUFFEL TONIGHT DENIED REPORTS IN THE GERMAN PRESS THAT HE IS THE LEADER OF AN UNDERGROUND MILITARY MOVEMENT IN WEST GERMANY. VON MANTEUFFEL WAS NAMED BY THE FRANKFURTER NEUE PRESSE AS HEAD OF A SECRET ORGANIZATION CALLED DIE BRUEDERSCHAFT (THE BROTHERHOOD).
BD1103PES

FEB 1950

THE INCIDENT WAS REPORTED AS THE RUSSIANS AGAIN CLAMPED DOWN WEST GERMAN TRUCK TRAFFIC INTO BERLIN AND HALTED SEVEN BARGEX BOUND FOR THE BRITISH ZONE WITH FERROUS SCRAP METAL. Berlin 23 Feb 1950
BRITISH OFFICIALS SAID THE RUSSIANS FORCED A COMPLETE SHUTDOWN ON BERLIN-BOUND TRUCK TRAFFIC FOR MORE THAN AN HOUR--FROM 12:45 TO 1.50 P.M.--AND THEN ALLOWED TRUCKS TO FILTER THROUGH AT THE RATE OF ABOUT SIX AN HOUR. LATER THE NORMAL RATE OF 10 AN HOUR WAS REACHED.
NO REASON WAS GIVEN FOR THE HALT.
DURING THE HALT, 100 TRUCKS FROM THE WESTERN ZONES WERE LINED UP AT THE HELMSTEDT CHECKPOINT, 100 MILES WEST OF THIS CITY.
THE SEVEN BARGES, CARRYING 2,500 TONS OF SCRAP METAL, WERE STOPPED ON THE WATERWAY SYSTEM AT BRANDENBURG, JUST OUTSIDE BERLIN. A BRITISH COMMUNIQUE SAID "NO REASON HAS YET BEEN GIVEN".
THE RUSSIANS HAVE BEEN HAMPERING TRAFFIC TO AND FROM BERLIN AT INTERVALS SINCE MID-JANUARY. THE INCIDENTS TODAY MAY HAVE BEEN INTENDED TO FORCE THE WEST GERMAN REPUBLIC TO LIFT A STEEL EMBARGO IMPOSED FEB. 6 AGAINST THE METAL-SHORT SOVIET ZONE.
EAST AND WEST GERMAN TRADE REPRESENTATIVES CONFERRED HERE 10 DAYS IN AN EFFORT TO AGREE ON A TRADE PACT WEST GERMANY ACCUSED EAST GERMANY OF FAILING TO FULFILL, BUT THEY BROKE OFF THE TALKS LAST NIGHT. THEY DESCRIBED THE HALT AS TEMPORARY, INTENDED TO PERMIT THE WEST GERMANS TO GO HOME FOR FURTHER CONSULTATIONS.
SF313PES

AN ARMY SPOKESMAN DEFINED "CONFUSION AGENT" AS A PERSON WHO SPREADS CONFUSION AND MAKES DIFFICULTIES FOR THE OCCUPATION FORCES IN ORDER TO COVER UP FOR OTHERS WHO DO ACTUAL ESPIONAGE WORK.

"DOES THIS MEAN SHE IS SUSPECTED OF SPYING?" HE WAS ASKED.

"WELL, YES AND NO," THE SPOKESMAN ANSWERED.

"SHE LET HERSLEF BE PICKED UP, TOLD US A DOZEN DIFFERENT STORIES, GA

"SHE LET HERSELF BE PICKED UP, TOLD US A DOZEN DIFFERENT STORIES, GAVE US A LOT OF DIFFERENT NAMES--ALL UNTRUE--TO DIVERT THE ENERGIES OF OUR MEN ON A BUNCH OF DIFFERENT WILD GOOSE CHASES."

MISS ROWISKEIJA WAS HANDED OVER TO THE JURISDICTION OF THE U.S. HIGH COMMISSION'S DISTRICT ATTORNEY, FRED JOHNSON, AND WAS GIVEN A PRELIMINARY HEARING TUESDAY.

"AS FAR AS I AM CONCERNED, THIS IS A PENNY-ANTE CASE INVOLVING A GIRL CAUGHT WITHOUT PROPER IDENTITY PAPERS," JOHNSON SAID.

"THAT'S ALL THE CASE AGAINST HER. THE ARMY HAS NOT YET PRESENTED ME ANY EVIDENCE RELATING TO POSSIBLE ESPIONAGE ACTIVITIES."

THE GIRL IS IN THE PREUNGESHEIM WOMEN'S PRISON OF FRANKFURT. SHE CLAIMS TO HAVE BEEN BORN OF GERMAN PARENTS IN KIEV. SHE SPEAKS POOR ENGLISH AND FAIR GERMAN. THE TRIAL DATE HAS NOT BEEN SET.

SF-RW430PES

prague, czechoslovakia, feb. 23—(ap)—The first month of the second year of Czechoslovakia's five year plan failed to achieve the goals set in two-thirds of the various industrial branches, the official news agency said today.

"The plan was exceeded in only five industrial branches, four remained a little under and six were considerably bellow the plan," an agency statement said.

Industries which failed to reach 100 per cent goals included mining 99.4; metals 96.1; chemicals 91.3; heavy machine

95.8%.

Figures released for January showed that the economic plan was fulfilled by only 98.4 per cent. The figure for december was 108.7 and for last year as a whole 102.8. As usual, the government did NOT say what the goal had been.

A main failure was in the mining industry, which was reportedly hit by strikes, sabotage and slowdowns. Production reached 99.4 per cent, compared with 103.7 in december. Industries which went above the 100 per cent mark included power, foundries, glass, building materials and film. Others which went below included metals, chemicals, heavy machine.

apr 1900 s mb/230p

A113

PRAGUE, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, FEB.23-(AP)-A GOVERNMENT MINISTRY OFFICIAL HAS BEEN SENTENCED TO LIFE IMPRISONMENT ON CHARGES OF SELLING ECONOMIC SECRETS TO FOREIGNERS. ANOTHER MAN ALSO GOT LIFE AND TWO WOMEN WERE SENTENCED TO 22 AND 25 YEARS.

THE OFFICIAL, IDENTIFIED BY THE CZECH NEWS AGENCY AS DR.JIRI STRICH, CHAIRMAN OF THE PLANNING DEPARTMENT OF AN UNNAMED MINISTRY, WAS CHARGED WITH SELLING THE INFORMATION TO A BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICIAL AND A FRENCH ESPIONAGE AGENT.

THE AGENCY ADDED THAT VELESLAV BLAZEK, A CLERK, GOT LIFE, HIS WIFE KVETOSLAVA, 25 YEARS; AND ALOISIE SKRIVALOVAM IDENTIFIED AS A "CLERK OF A VERY IMPORTANT NATIONAL ENTERPRISE" 22 YEARS.

N1012AES

BUDAPEST, HUNGARY, FEB 23-(AP)-COMMUNIST HUNGARY REQUESTED THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN TONIGHT TO REDUCE THEIR DIPLOMATIC STAFFS IN THIS COUNTRY.

IN NOTES TO THE BRITISH AND AMERICAN LEGATIONS, HUNGARY SAID THE NUMBER OF THEIR DIPLOMATIC PERSONNEL HERE "GREATLY EXCEEDS THEIR PREWAR NUMBER AND IS MORE THAN THE STAFF OF THE HUNGARIAN LEGATIONS IN WASHINGTON AND LONDON."

THE REQUEST CAME ON THE HEELS OF A BREAK IN DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND COMMUNIST BULGARIA.

IT FOLLOWED ALSO THE TRIAL OF ROBERT A.VOGELER, AN AMERICAN BUSINESS MAN, AND EDGAR SANDERS, A BRITON, ON CHARGES OF SABOTAGE AND ESPIONAGE. VOGELER WAS SENTENCED TO 15 YEARS AND SANDERS TO 13 ON TUESDAY.

(DIPLOMATIC OFFICIALS SAID IN LONDON YESTERDAY THAT THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN WERE DISCUSSING THE POSSIBILITY OF A BREAK IN RELATIONS WITH COMMUNIST HUNGARY IN RETALIATION FOR THE HEAVY SENTENCES GIVEN VOGELER AND SANDERS. THERE WAS NO OFFICIAL CONFIRMATION. BRITAIN WAS SAID TO BE COOL TO THE PROPOSAL).

THE NOTES SENT TO BRITAIN AND THE UNITED STATES SAID THAT THE VOGELER TRIAL SHOWED "THE PURPOSES SERVED BY THE MAINTENANCE OF SUCH DISPROPORTIONATELY LARGE STAFFS AT THE LEGATION" AND ADDED HUNGARY "CAN SEE NO REASON FOR THE MAINTENANCE OF THIS SITUATION."

G351PES

A12

SOFIA, BULGARIA, FEB. 23-(AP)-BULGARIA ANNOUNCED TODAY THAT POLAND HAS AGREED TO REPRESENT HER IN THE UNITED STATES.

THE UNITED STATES BROKE DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH BULGARIA TUESDAY.

THE OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENT, PUBLISHED IN THE BULGARIAN PRESS, REFERRED TO THE U.S. BREAK IN RELATIONS AS AN "ARBITRARY AND UNFRIENDLY ACT OF THE AMERICAN GOVERNMENT FOR WHICH IT EXCLUSIVELY CARRIES THE GUILT."

REFERRING TO BULGARIA'S NOTE OF JAN. 19 ASKING THE RECALL OF U.S. MINISTER DONALD R. HEATH AND THE U.S. DEMAND THAT IT WITHDRAW THE NOTE, THE ANNOUNCEMENT DECLARED:

"THE BULGARIAN GOVERNMENT OBVIOUSLY HAD NO REASON TO WITHDRAW ITS NOTE AND TO OBEY SUCH AN OUT OF PLACE AND UNLAWFUL ULTIMATUM AND THEREFORE IT DID NOT ANSWER THE NOTE."

THE ANNOUNCIMENT DECLARED BULGARIA HAD ALWAYS SHOWN ITS DESIRE TO MAINTAIN FRIENDLY RELATIONS WITH THE U.S.

KS82OAES

MOSCOW, FEB.23-(AP)-MOSCOW NEWSPAPERS MARKED THE 32ND ANNIVERSARY OF THE SOVIET ARMY TODAY WITH THE WARNING THAT THE RUSSIANS WOULD NOT BE FRIGHTENED BY "ATOMIC BLACKMAIL."

"THE SOVIET PEOPLE," SAID THE COMMUNIST PARTY NEWSPAPER PRAVDA, "ARE CONVINCED OF THE UNCRUSHABLE STRENGTH OF THE SOVIET STATE. NO ONE CAN SUCCEED IN FRIGHTENING THE SOVIET PEOPLE EITHER WITH 'ATOMIC' OR ANY OTHER KIND OF BLACKMAIL."

THE GOVERNMENT PAPER IZVESTIA PROCLAIMED THAT THE SOVIET FORCE "IS THE FIRST CLASS ARMY OF OUR TIME, X X X A THREAT TO ANY AGGRESSORS AND CLAIMANTS TO WORLD DOMINATION."

WRITING IN PRAVDA, SOVIET CHIEF OF STAFF, GEN. S. M. SHTEMENKO DECLARED THAT RUSSIA ALONE HAD BEEN ABLE TO CRUSH HITLER'S ARMIES AND FREE EUROPE FROM THE NAZIS.

SHTEMENKO WENT ON TO CLAIM THAT ONLY ABOUT ONE-FIFTH OF THE GERMAN FORCE WAS PITTED AGAINST THE AMERICANS AND BRITISH AND THAT EVEN THOSE WERE NOT GERMANY'S BEST SOLDIERS.

CELEBRATION OF ARMY DAY BEGAN YESTERDAY. IN MOSCOW MANY MEETINGS ARE BEING HELD. LENINGRAD AND OTHER SOVIET CITIES ALSO HELD CELEBRATIONS.

JB654AES

A122

NIGHT LEAD ARMY ANNIVERSARY

BY EDDY GILMORE

MOSCOW, FEB. 23-(AP)-TWENTY-GUN SALUTES WERE FIRED TONIGHT IN MOSCOW AND MANY OTHER CITIES OF THE U.S.S.R. TO CELEBRATE THE 32ND ANNIVERSARY OF THE SOVIET ARMY.

THOUSANDS OF BRIGHT ROCKETS ILLUMINATED MOSCOW'S WINTRY SKY. ONE OF THE CHIEF EVENTS WAS A GALA RECEPTION GIVEN BY GEN. S.M.SHTEMENKO, CHIEF-OF-STAFF OF THE SOVIET ARMY. AMONG THOSE ATTENDING WERE MAJ. GEN. JOHN W.O'DANIEL, U.S. MILITARY ATTACHE, AND CAPT. NICHOLAS A. DRAIN, U.S. NAVAL ATTACHE. OTHER MILITARY ATTACHES ALSO WERE PRESENT.

COL. GEN. KUZNETSOV, CHIEF OF THE POLITICAL ADMINISTRATION FOR THE ARMED FORCES, TOLD A MEETING OF THE ARMED FORCES MINISTRY THAT NO ARMY IN THE WORLD HAS SUCH FIRST-CLASS ARMS AS THE SOVIET. HE SAID RUSSIAN SCIENTISTS ARE SUCCESSFULLY CARRYING OUT THE DIRECTIONS OF PRIME MINISTER STALIN: THAT THEY CATCH UP WITH AND SURPASS SOON THE SCIENTIFIC ACHIEVEMENTS ABROAD. KUZNETSOV SAID IT WOULD BE ERRONEOUS AND DANGEROUS TO UNDERESTIMATE THE DANGER OF A NEW WAR WAGED BY IMPERIALISTS.

RED FLEET, NEWSPAPER OF THE SOVIET NAVY, SAID "ANGLO-AMERICAN WARMONGERS ARE WORKING OUT NEW AGGRESSIVE PLANS AGAINST THE U.S.S.R. AND THE COUNTRIES OF THE PEOPLES' DEMOCRACY."

JT1029PES

"IT IS NOT OUR DESIRE," NEHRU SAID, "TO INTERFERE WITH THE DOMESTIC AFFAIRS OF PAKISTAN BUT WHAT CAN WE DO WHEN TERROR-STRICKEN PEOPLE COME FROM ACROSS THE BORDER? WE CANNOT SAY NO TO THEM."

SF326PES

30.24- 9153

new delhi, india, feb. 23-(ap)-u.s. roving ambassador philip jessup said today that american views on the kashmir question were not meant to put pressure on the disputants--india and pakistan.

jessup declared that as a member of the united nations america's duty is to assist in the settlement of matters laid before it.

jessups statement to reporters on the eve of security council debate over the thorny kashmir question, recalled prime minister jawaharlal nehru's attack on what

FEB 24 1950

je sup made the statement to reporters on the eve of security council debate over the thorny kashmir question. it recalled indian prime minister jawaharlal nehru's recent attack on what he called international pressure aga,nst india in the disoute.

nehru told reporters that "that method of international politics of bringing pressure to bear is so ething india does not understand."

jessup declared the u.s. is not indulging in a struggle for power in the far east. the american aim, he said, "is to support the independent development of peoples which we see threatened primarily by this expanding

imperialism." of the soviet union.

jessup assailed russian moves and motives throughout asia, and said there is a great difference between america's position in japan and russia's posit on in c ina, which was not a wartime enemy, but a friendly state.

NEW DELHI, INDIA, FEB 23-(AP)-U.S. ROVING AMBASSADOR PHILIP JESSUP SAID TODAY THAT AMERICAN CALLS FOR SETTLEMENT OF THE KASHMIR QUESTION WERE NOT MEANT TO PUT PRESSURE ON THE DISPUTANTS FOR THE TERRITORY--INDIA AND PAKISTAN.

JESSUP DECLARED THAT, AS A MEMBER OF THE UNITED NATIONS, AMERICA'S DUTY IS TO ASSIST IN THE SETTLEMENT OF MATTERS LAID BEFORE IT.

JESSUP MADE THE STATEMENT TO REPORTERS ON THE EVE OF SECURITY COUNCIL DEBATE IN NEW YORK OVER KASHMIR, CLAIMED BY BOTH INDIA AND PAKISTAN. IT RECALLED INDIAN PRIME MINISTER JAWAHARLAL NEHRU'S RECENT ATTACK ON WHAT HE CALLED INTERNATIONAL PRESSURE AGAINST INDIA IN THE DISPUTE.

NEHRU TOLD REPORTERS "THAT METHOD OF INTERNATIONAL POLITICS OF BRINGING PRESSURE TO BEAR IS SOMETHING INDIA DOES NOT UNDERSTAND."

JESSUP DECLARED THE U.S. IS NOT INDULGING IN A STRUGGLE FOR POWER IN THE FAR EAST. THE AMERICAN AIM, HE SAID, "IS TO SUPPORT

THE INDEPENDENT DEVELOPMENT OF PEOPLES WHICH WE SEE THREATENED PRIMARILY BY THIS EXPANDING IMPERIALISM" OF THE SOVIET UNION.

JESSUP ASSAILED RUSSIAN MOVES AND MOTIVES THROUGHOUT ASIA. HE SAID THERE IS A GREAT DIFFERENCE BETWEEN AMERICA'S POSITION IN JAPAN AND RUSSIA'S POSITION IN CHINA, WHICH WAS NOT A WARTIME ENEMY, BUT A FRIENDLY STATE.

M807AES

FIRST LEAD CHINESE
BY SPENCER MOOSA

TAIPEI,FORMOSA,FEB 23 (AP)-NATIONALIST PLANES ROARED OVER SHANGHAI AGAIN TODAY AND AIR FORCE HEADQUARTERS SAID THEY SCORED DIRECT HITS ON THREE OCEAN-GOING SHIPS IN THE HARBOR.

THE NATIONALISTS CLAIMED A NUMBER OF SMALL CRAFT WERE SUNK OR DAMAGED.

THE PLANES ALSO ATTACKED COMMUNIST INSTALLATIONS IN THE CHUSAN ISLAND GROUP 100 MILES OF SHANGHAI.

WHILE NATIONALISTS PRESSED THEIR AIR WAR AGAINST CHINA'S BIG CITIES, THEY SAID A GUERRILLA CAMPAIGN AGAINST THE REDS WAS SPREADING SIMULTANEOUSLY THROUGHOUT THE MAINLAND.

ACTIVITY WAS REPORTED IN SEVEN PROVINCES -- KANSU, SZECHWAN, HUPEH, HUNAN, FUKIEN, KIANGSI AND KWANGTUNG. ONE TOWN IN EASTERN KIANGSI WAS REPORTED CAPTURED BY NATIONALIST GUERRILLAS.

STEPPED UP AIR RAIDS ON COASTAL CHINA CITIES WERE FORECAST. RESIDENTS LIVING NEAR MILITARY TARGETS IN CANTON WERE WARNED TO MOVE BEFORE NATIONALIST WARPLANES HIT THE POWER PLANT THERE.

RAIDS ON NANKING AND SHANGHAI HAVE BROUGHT PROTESTS FROM THE COMMUNIST RADIO. THE RADIO CHARGED THE PLANES WERE PILOTED BY AMERICAN AND JAPANESE PILOTS. NATIONALIST LEADERS SAID EVEN THE MOST GULLIBLE OF THE COMMUNIST FOLLOWERS IN CHINA KNEW BETTER -- THE PILOTS WERE CHINESE.

THE MINISTRY OF DEFENSE SAID NATIONALIST DEFENDERS OF HAINAN ISLAND, OFF SWATOW, REPELLED THREE LANDING ATTEMPTS LAST WEEK BY THE REDS.

X4DSAPS NH

NIGHT LEAD CHINESE
BY SPENCER MOOSA

TAIPEI,FORMOSA, FEB. 23-(AP)-GENERALISSIMO CHIANG KAI-SHEK'S PLANES STRUCK SHANGHAI HARBOR SHIPPING AND CHUSAN ISLAND AGAIN TODAY IN AIR RAIDS WHICH NATIONALISTS SAY IS ENCOURAGING A GROWING GUERRILLA CAMPAIGN AGAINST CHINESE COMMUNISTS.

AIR HEADQUARTERS SAID DIRECT HITS WERE SCORED ON THREE OCEAN-GOING SHIPS IN SHANGHAI HARBOR AND A NUMBER OF SMALL CRAFT WERE SUNK OR DAMAGED. THE PLANES DAMAGED CHINESE RED INSTALLATIONS ON CHUSAN ISLAND 100 MILES TO THE SOUTH.

REPORTS OF STEPPED-UP GUERRILLA WARFARE ON THE MAINLAND ENCOURAGED NATIONALISTS HERE. WITH NANKING AND SHANGHAI POWER PLANTS HARD HIT, THEY PLANNED NEW RAIDS ON CANTON INSTALLATIONS. RESIDENTS THERE WERE WARNED TO MOVE AWAY FROM THE POWER PLANT.

A NATIONALIST OFFICIAL SAID IN REPLY TO CHINESE COMMUNIST BROADCASTS THAT AMERICAN AND JAPANESE PILOTS WERE FLYING PLANES ATTACKING COASTAL CITIES:

"EVEN THE MOST GULLIBLE OF THEIR FOLLOWERS CAN HARDLY BE EXPECTED TO BELIEVE SUCH NONSENSE."

(THE NATIONALIST CENTRAL NEWS AGENCY SAID THE KUOMINTANG PARTY'S CENTRAL STANDING COMMITTEE TODAY CALLED ON CHIANG TO RESUME THE PRESIDENCY AS SOON AS POSSIBLE. THE BROADCAST WAS HEARD BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS IN SAN FRANCISCO.

FJ/DP949PCS

FIRST LEAD CHENNAULT PLANES (130)

HONG KONG, FEB.23-(AP)-THE HONG KONG SUPREME COURT TONIGHT LIFTED AN INJUNCTION AGAINST 90 IMPOUNDED PLANES CLAIMED BY RETIRED U.S. MAJ.GEN.CLAIRE L.CHENNAULT. THE SURPRISE ACTION MEANS THAT THE PLANES PASS INTO CHINESE COMMUNIST HANDS.

THE PLANES, FORMERLY OWNED BY THE NATIONALIST-CONTROLLED CNAC AND CATC AIR LINES, ARE VALUED AT $20,000,000 (M).

CHENNAULT AND ASSOCIATES SAID THEY PURCHASED THE PLANES FROM THE NATIONALIST GOVERNMENT. PRO-RED EMPLOYES OF THE TWO FIRMS CLAIMED THEM FOR COMMUNIST CHINA.

THE COURT EARLIER TODAY RULED AGAINST CHENNAULT'S CLAIM OF OWNERSHIP.

WITH LIFTING OF THE INJUNCTION, IMPOSED BY THE SUPREME COURT UNTIL IT DECIDED WHO OWNED THE ASSETS OF THE TWO AIR LINES, THE PLANES REVERT TO THE FIRMS HERE.

A CNAC SPOKESMAN SAID THE PLANES WILL BE FLOWN TO PEIPING, SEAT OF THE CHINESE COMMUNIST GOVERNMENT, PROBABLY WITHIN A WEEK.

THE AIRLINES SPOKESMAN SAID THEY WERE WAITING ONLY FOR PEIPING TO NOTIFY THE HONG KONG GOVERNMENT THAT THE PLANES WERE REGISTERED PROPERLY WITH THE CHINESE COMMUNIST REGIME. HE ADDED THAT THIS PROBABLY WOULD TAKE ONLY TWO OR THREE DAYS.

CHENNAULT THREW AN OTHERWISE COMPARATIVELY SIMPLE DISPUTE INTO GREAT COMPLICATIONS LAST DECEMBER WHEN HE ANNOUNCED THAT HIS CIVIL AIR TRANSPORT (CAT) AIRLINE HAD PURCHASED THE ENTIRE ASSETS OF C.N.A.C. IN NOVEMBER.

THIS MADE IT A THREE-PARTY CONTROVERSY INVOLVING CHENNAULT, THE PRO-COMMUNIST C.A.T.C. AND C.N.A.C. MANAGEMENTS IN HONG KONG AND THE SMALL MINORITY OF AIRLINES EMPLOYES IN HONG KONG WHO REMAINED PRO-NATIONALIST.

THE AIRLINES MANAGEMENTS IN HONG KONG HAD ANNOUNCED THEIR

ALLEGIANCE TO THE CENTRAL PEOPLES (COMMUNIST) GOVERNMENT IN PEIPING AT THE OUTSET. THE AIRLINES FORMERLY WERE NATIONALLIST CONTROLLED.

WHILE THE QUESTION OF OWNERSHIP WAS BEING DECIDED IN THE COURTS, THE SUPREME COURT SLAPPED AN INJUNCTION ON THE AIRLINES' ASSETS PROHIBITING THEIR TRANSFER FROM HONG KONG UNTIL FINAL DECISION HAD BEEN REACHED.

TODAY'S DECISION WAS BASED ON WHAT CHIEF JUSTICE SIR LESLIE GIBSON DESCRIBED AS "SOVEREIGN IMMUNITY" WHICH WAS THE BASIS FOR A CLAIM OF THE PLANES FOR THE CHINESE PEOPLE. THE COURT TOOK THE VIEW THAT THE CHINESE COMMUNIST GOVERNMENT IS IN POSSESSION OF THE CORPORATIONS OF THE TWO AIRLINES WHETHER THEY ACTUALLY WERE IN POSSESSION OF THE ASSETS.

THE WHOLE DISPUTE HAS BEEN AGAINST A BACKGROUND OF INTERNATIONAL POLITICS. THE BRITISH RECOGNIZE THE CHINESE COMMUNIST GOVERNMENT AND ARE TRYING TO PRESERVE BRITISH INVESTMENTS IN CHINA AND PROTECT TREATY RIGHTS HERE IN HONG KONG.

IT HAS BEEN FELT HERE FROM THE START THAT TO TURN THESE PLANES OVER TO A FOREIGN BUYER WHO PURCHASED THEM FROM A REFUGEE GOVERNMENT WHICH THE REDS CHASED OFF THE MAINLAND MIGHT JEOPARDIZE THE BRITISH POSITION WITH THE REDS AND EVEN PROVOKE VIOLENT RED REACTION.

X640APS

PRECEDE TAIPEI

HONG KONG, FRIDAY, FEB. 24-(AP)-NATIONALIST CHINA BOMBERS DEMOLISHED THE DOCK AREA OF KONGMOONFOW, ONLY 40 MILES SOUTH OF CANTON, PRESS DISPATCHES SAID TODAY.

THE NATIONALISTS HAVE THREATENED TO SMASH ALL VITAL CITIES IN COMMUNIST CHINA.

KONGMOONFOW IS A PORT ON THE WEST RIVER DELTA. CARGO TO RED CHINA HAS FILTERED THROUGH IT FROM THE NEARBY PORTUGUESE COLONY OF MACAO DESPITE THE NATIONALIST BLOCKADE.

THE DISPATCHES REPORTED ONE OIL DUMP HIT, ONE RIVER STEAMER SUNK AND ANOTHER DAMAGED.

THEY SAID ONE BOMB HIT A MOVIE THEATER. CASUALTIES WERE NOT REPORTED. WITNESSES WERE QUOTED AS SAYING THE ATTACK WAS WORSE THAN JAPANESE RAIDS DURING WORLD WAR II.

FJ1054PCS

SEOUL, FEB. 23-(AP)-COMMUNIST LED GUERRILLAS TODAY KILLED SEVEN PERSONS AND BURNED 90 HOUSES AT SOJI VILLAGE, LESS THAN 30 MILES FROM THE SOUTH COAST PORT OF PUSAN.

POLICE RESERVES WERE RUSHED IN A SPECIAL TRAIN TO THE VILLAGE.

MEANWHILE, POLICE CHIEF KIM TAI SUN REPORTED NINE NORTHERN SOLDIERS WHO SLIPPED ACROSS THE BORDER TO JOIN RED GUERRILLAS IN THE SOUTH HAVE BEEN ARRESTED IN SEOUL DURING THE PAST 10 DAYS.

X631APS

SEOUL, FEB. 23-(AP)-FIVE MEMBERS OF COMMUNIST NORTH KOREA'S SECRET POLICE FOUGHT THEIR WAY OVER TO THE SOUTH A WEEK AGO AGAINST THEIR OWN BORDER GUARDS, THE KOREAN REPUBLIC'S DEFENSE MINISTRY SAID TODAY.

THE FIVE DECLARED THE NORTHERN RED REGIME IS DECEIVING THE PEOPLE AND TRYING TO SELL OUT KOREA TO THE SOVIETS.

THEY BROUGHT IN AT GUNPOINT TWO LIEUTENANTS OF THE NORTHERN BORDER GUARD AND REPORTED THEY HAD KILLED FIVE OTHER RED GUARDS ON THE WAY.

THE FIVE MEN WILL BE FETED SUNDAY AT SEOUL CITY HALL ALONG WITH 20 NORTHERN SOLDIERS WHO HAVE COME OVER TO THE SOUTH AND SURRENDERED THIS YEAR.

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X605APS

JAP TREATY (120)

MANILA, FRIDAY, FEB. 24-(AP)-PRESIDENT QUIRINO SAID TODAY THE PHILIPPINES IS READY FOR A TREATY WITH JAPAN AND HAS OFFERED MANILA AS THE SITE FOR THE PEACE CONFERENCE.

THE SUDDEN MOVE WAS INTERPRETED AS INDICATING GENERAL MACARTHUR MAY YET ACHIEVE HIS DESIRE TO HAVE A TREATY SIGNED BEFORE SUMMER.

MACARTHUR REPORTEDLY WANTS THE PEACE CONFERENCE IN JAPAN---AWAY FROM EUROPEAN PROBLEMS. SOME NATIONS REPRESENTED ON THE FAR EASTERN COMMISSION (FEC) ARE SAID TO OPPOSE JAPAN AS THE SITE.

IT IS GENERALLY BELIEVED HERE QUIRINO'S OFFER OF MANILA WAS INSPIRED BY AMERICAN SOURCES. BUT IT COULD NOT BE DETERMINED WHETHER THE INSPIRATION CAME FROM MACARTHUR OR FROM THE U. S. STATE DEPARTMENT.

QUIRINO REFUSED TO SAY WHETHER THE MANILA OFFER HAD BEEN MADE TO THE U. S. GOVERNMENT, THE FEC OR MACARTHUR.

FJ1010PCS

B65 (Q)

SINGAPORE, FEB 23-(AP)-MALAYAN POLICE SAID TODAY BANDITS ATTACKED AND BURNED AN ISOLATED POLICE STATION IN JOHORE STATE, KILLING 13 POLICE AND JAILORS.

SEVEN POLICE CONSTABLES WERE WOUNDED SERIOUSLY. REINFORCEMENTS OF JUNGLE POLICE WERE RUSHED TO THE SCENE, 35 MILES INLAND FROM THE NAREST TOWN, MUAR.

MT1004AES

A78
SINGAPORE, FEB.23-(AP)-ASSAILANTS IDENTIFIED BY MALAYAN SECURITY FORCES AS COMMUNIST TERRORISTS TODAY KILLED 23 PERSONS IN A SURPRISE ATTACK ON THE MUAR POLICE STATION IN JOHORE STATE 75 MILES NORTH OF SINGAPORE.

IT WAS ONE OF THE WORST INCIDENTS OF THE POSTWAR REBEL VIOLENCE.

THE VICTIMS WERE 19 POLICE, THREE WIVES OF POLICEMEN, AND ONE CHILD. POLICE AUTHORITIES RUSHED A RELIEF PARTY TO THE SCENE.

BD825PES

FEB 24 1950

FIRST LEAD RIOTS (A91) (250)

ASMARA, ERITREA, FEB. 23-(AP)-ARSON AND LOOTING FLARED ANEW TODAY IN ASMARA'S NATIVE QUARTER. POLICE KILLED TWO PERSONS, BRINGING TO 32 THE DEATHS SINCE THE MOSLEM-CHRISTIAN FEUDING BROKE OUT MONDAY.

A DOZEN MOSLEM SHOPS WERE SET ON FIRE. POLICE BLAZED AWAY AT LOOTERS, KILLING TWO AND WOUNDING OTHERS. THE NUMBER OF WOUNDED IN THE FOUR-DAY VIOLENCE PASSED THE 130 MARK. THUS FAR THERE HAVE BEEN NO CASUALTIES AMONG BRITISH TROOPS OR OTHER EUROPEANS.

THE ITALIAN HOSPITAL WAS HARD PRESSED TO CARE FOR THE WOUNDED. MANY WERE BROUGHT IN WITH THEIR STOMACHS LAID OPEN OR THEIR HANDS CUT OFF BY SWORD-WIELDING FOES.

THE SITUATION REMAINED TENSE. IT WAS FEARED THAT THE ERITREAN TRADITION OF AVENGING BLOODSHED WITH ADDITIONAL BLOODSHED WOULD WORK AGAINST POLICE EFFORTS TO RESTORE PEACE. THUS FAR POLICE HAVE MADE 150 ARRESTS.

THE RIOTING STARTED MONDAY WITH THE KILLING OF A MINOR MOSLEM OFFICIAL, BUT BEHIND THE OUTBREAK LIES MONTHS OF PROPAGANDA WARFARE BETWEEN MOSLEMS AND COPTIC CHRISTIANS AND AT LEAST ONE ASSASSINATION.

THE MOSLEMS WANT AN INDEPENDENT ERITREA. THE CHRISTIANS SEEK ANNEXATION TO ETHIOPIA. ABDEL KADER KEBIRE, PRESIDENT OF THE ASMARA SECTION OF THE MOSLEM LEAGUE, WAS KILLED ON THE EVE OF HIS DEPARTURE FOR THE UNITED NATIONS MEETING AT LAKE SUCCESS IN APRIL, 1949.

A U. N. COMMISSION IS HERE TO DETERMINE WHETHER ERITREA SHOULD BE SPLIT BETWEEN ETHIOPIA AND THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN SUDAN; GRANTED INDEPENDENCE; TURNED OVER TO ETHIOPIA, OR OTHERWISE DISPOSED OF. THE COMMISSION HAS WARNED ERITREANS THAT FORCE WILL NOT INFLUENCE ITS DECISIONS.

(NO PICKUP)

K1158AES

ottawa, feb. 23—(ap)—the official canadian view of the hungarian espionage trial of robert a. vogeler, american businessman, was expressed today by a spokesman for the external affairs department.

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"it looks fishy," he said.

aw cp 117p

(ADVANCE) OTTAWA, FEB. 23-(AP)-GEN.A.G.L.MCNAUGHTON, CANADA'S REPRESENTATIVE ON THE UNITED NATIONS ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION, SAID TODAY THE WEST AT PRESENT HAS "NO REASON FOR UNDUE ANXIETY" ABOUT THE THREAT OF A RUSSIAN ATOMIC ATTACK.

BUT CANADA'S WARTIME MILITARY LEADER WARNED IN AN ADDRESS PREPARED FOR DELIVERY BEFORE THE CANADIAN CLUB THAT PATIENT AND PERSISTENT WORK IN THE UNITED NATIONS IS "THE ONLY REAL ALTERNATIVE TO THE FEAR OF A WAR WHICH MIGHT DESTROY OUR CIVILIZATION." HE ADDED:

"WE BELIEVE THERE IS STILL AT LEAST A LITTLE TIME LEFT WHICH CAN BE SAFELY GIVEN TO THE PROCESS OF EDUCATION AND PERSUASION."

DESPITE SETBACKS, HE SAID, THE UNITED NATIONS IS MAKING SOME PROGRESS TOWARDS SETTING UP A SYSTEM OF CONTROL OF ATOMIC WEAPONS.

WITH REFERENCE TO THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION, HE DECLARED "THE REAL OBJECTIVE TO BE SOUGHT IS TO FREE THE WORLD FROM SECRECY IN ATOMIC MATTERS AND TO ALLAY SUSPICION BY GIVING A CERTAIN WARNING TO THE WORLD SHOULD ANY NATION START TO PREPARE ATOMIC WAR."

HE STATED THAT THE UNITED NATIONS ARE, "EVEN IF SLOWLY AND DESPITE THE SOVIET, ADVANCING TOWARDS A STATE WHERE THE RULE OF LAW WILL IN THE END PREVAIL."

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 11:30 AM EST THURSDAY FEB.23)

RW&G1034AES

FEB 24 1950

NORTHWAY, ALASKA, FEB.23-(AP)-IN A LIGHT SOFT SNOW EXERCISE SWEETBRIAR CAME TO A SPECTACULAR CONCLUSION TODAY WITH A CO-ORDINATED PARACHUTE-GROUND ASSAULT BY HUNDREDS OF CANADIAN AND AMERICAN TROOPS.

THEORETICALLY, THEY WIPED OUT THE LAST OF THE AGGRESSOR FORCES THEY HAVE BEEN FIGHTING 11 RUGGED DAYS. THE TEMPERATURE WAS AROUND ZERO--WARM FOR THIS MANEUVER.

A COMPANY OF 100 PRINCESS PATRICIA'S CANADIAN LIGHT INFANTRY DESCENDED BY PARACHUTE ON A SMALL, SNOW-COVERED LAKE LESS THAN A MILE FROM THIS ALASKAN AIR STRIP.

THE PARATROOPS, WHITE CAMOUFLAGE COVERING THEIR HEAVY ARCTIC KIT, STRUCK THROUGH THE SCRUB COUNTRY TOWARDS THE AIR STRIP WHILE CANADA'S DEFENSE MINISTER, BROOKE CLAXTON, AND A WEALTH OF GENERALS WATCHED.

CLAXTON TOLD A PRESS CONFERENCE LATER THAT "PERHAPS THE GREATEST DIRECT RESULT IS THAT 5,000 MEN IN THE U.S. AND CANADIAN FORCES NOW HAVE PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE OF HOW TO OPERATE IN THE ARCTIC."

DP952PCS NM

NORTHWAY, ALASKA, FEB. 23-(AP)-GEN. NATHAN TWINING, ALASKA MILITARY CHIEF, SAID LAST NIGHT IT WILL BE AT LEASE TWO YEARS BEFORE THE BUILD-UP REALLY STARTS ON ALASKA'S CURRENTLY "INADEQUATE" DEFENSES.

HE ADDED THE OVER-ALL PLAN FOR GUARDING THE AREA IS INTEGRATED WITH CANADA'S PLANNING FOR NORTHERN DEFENSE.

THE GENERALLY-ACCEPTED CONCEPT OF ATTACK ON THE CANADIAN NORTH INVOLVES POTENTIAL ENEMY AIRBORNE RAIDS USING UP TO 1,000 MEN.

THE NORTHERN PLAN IS PART OF A BROADER STRATEGIC PLAN THAT INVOLVES CO-OPERATION IN ARRANGING FOR JOINT ACTION IN ALL-ROUND DEFENSE OF NORTH AMERICA. IT CALLS FOR USE OF AMERICAN TROOPS TROOPS IN CANADA, OF CANADIANS IN THE UNITED STATES IF THE SITUATION WARRANTS.

GEN. TWINING, TALKING WITH REPORTERS COVERING THE 11-DAY JOINT CANADIAN-AMERICAN MANEUVER, PICTURED THE POSSIBILITY OF AIRBORNE LANDINGS, BOMBER ATTACKS ON IMPORTANT INSTALLATIONS AND WIDESPREAD USE OF SUBMARINES AGAINST SUPPLY LINES IN AN ENEMY ATTACK ON ALASKA.

FJ1007PCS

30.24- 9157

NORTHWAY,ALASKA,FEB.23-(AP)-THE EIGHTH AIR ACCIDENT IN EXERCISE SWEETBRIAR WAS RECORDED YESTERDAY.

ONE MAN WAS INJURED WHEN AN RCAF DAKOTA TRANSPORT CRASHED 1 1/2 MILES SOUTH OF WHITEHORSE,Y.T. FIVE OTHER CREW MEMBERS AND 13 PASSENGERS ESCAPED INJURY.

THE PLANE'S WIRELESS OPERATOR SUFFERED A FRACTURED JAW. NO OTHER DETAILS OF THE CRASH WERE RELEASED.

IT WAS DISCLOSED THAT OF THE 80-ODD U.S.-CANADIAN AIRCRAFT INVOLVED IN THE 11-DAY EXERCISE, 10 PER CENT HAVE BEEN INVOLVED IN ACCIDENTS.

MEANWHILE, GROUND TROOPS PREPARED QUIETLY FOR TODAY'S FINAL ACTION AROUND THIS ALASKAN AIR STRIP IN 22-BELOW-ZERO WEATHER.

A NUMBER OF MILITARY LEADERS INCLUDING CANADA'S DEFENSE MINISTER BROOKE CLAXTON ARRIVED IN THE EXERCISE AREA YESTERDAY.

CLAXTON'S PARTY INCLUDED THE U.S.AMBASSADOR TO OTTAWA, LAURENCE STEINHARDT.

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DV345ACS

CHINA LISTENING POSTS (370)

WASHINGTON,FEB 23-(AP)-THE UNITED STATES IS STRENGTHENING ITS DIPLOMATIC LISTENING POSTS IN ASIA AS A RESULT OF FORCED CLOSURE OF AMERICAN CONSULAR OFFICES IN COMMUNIST CHINA.

THREE NEW FOREIGN SERVICE OFFICES ARE BEING OPENED, AND FORMER CHINA CONSULAR PERSONNEL ARE BEING REASSIGNED TO STRATEGIC POSITIONS ON THE PERIMETER OF THE CHINESE IRON CURTAIN.

THIS WAS BROUGHT TO LIGHT TODAY WHEN THE HOUSE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE MADE PUBLIC HEARINGS ON STATE DEPARTMENT MONEY REQUESTS FOR THE COMING FISCAL YEAR STARTING JULY 1.

LOCATION OF THE THREE NEW ASIATIC POSTS WAS CLOSELY GUARDED BY STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS. BUT THEY STATED THAT ABOUT 34 DEPARTMENT EMPLOYEES WOULD BE REQUIRED TO MAN THEM.

STRENGTHENING OF OTHER DEPARTMENT OFFICES AROUND THE EDGES OF CHINA WILL REQUIRE AN ADDITIONAL 95 EMPLOYES, WITH SOME 300 OTHERS ASSIGNED TO OTHER FAR EASTERN PROJECTS.

THEY WILL BE DRAWN FROM THE 459 STATE DEPARTMENT EMPLOYES FORMERLY ASSIGNED TO CONSULAR OFFICES IN CHINA PROPER, WHO NOW ARE BEING WITHDRAWN. MOST OF THEM ARE TRAINED CHINESE LANGUAGE OFFICERS.

W.WALTON BUTTERWORTH, ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE FOR FAR EASTERN AFFAIRS, SAID THE SO-CALLED PERIMETER POSTS WERE CONTEMPLATED ESPECIALLY FOR AREAS WHERE THERE ARE LARGE CHINESE MINORITIES.

BUTTERWORTH MENTIONED SPECIFICALLY FRENCH INDOCHINA, MALAYA, INDONESIA AND THAILAND. INCREASES ALSO ARE PLANNED IN TOKYO, AND A NEW OFFICE CONTEMPLATED IN NAGASAKI IN ADDITION TO THE THREE UNNAMED OFFICES.

THE STATE DEPARTMENT MADE CLEAR THAT IT INTENDED TO KEEP A CLOSE WATCH ON CHINESE AFFAIRS FROM STRATEGIC VANTAGE POINTS.

LIVINGSTON MERCHANT, DEPUTY ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR FAR EASTERN AFFAIRS, TOLD THE COMMITTEE:

"OBVIOUSLY WE CANNOT COMPLETELY FORGET CHINA WITH ITS 450 OR 500 MILLION PEOPLE. THE PROBLEM OF OBTAINING RELIABLE INFORMATION UPON WHICH TO BASE OUR ESTIMATES AND OUR POLICIES WILL BE MULTIPLIED MANY TIMES BY THE FACT THAT WE NO LONGER HAVE OUR CONSULAR ESTABLISHMENTS WITHIN THE COUNTRY."

REP.FLOOD (D-PA) ASKED MERCHANT IF BY CHINA HE MEANT THE OUTER PROVINCES OF SINKIANG AND OUTER AND INNER MONGOLIA.

"WHWT WILL BE REQUIRED IS A STRENGTHENING, A VERY SUBSTANTIAL STRENGTHENING, IF WE ARE TO BE EFFECTIVE, OF ALL THE POSTS IN THE COUNTRIES BORDERING ON CHINA, THE WHOLE PERIPHERY RUNNING DOWN THROUGH SOUTHEAST ASIA AND INTO THE NEAR EAST AND AFRICA," MERCHANT ANSWERED.

HY/V818PES

BY CHARLES D. WATKINS

AP SPECIAL WASHINGTON SERVICE

WASHINGTON, FEB.23-(AP)-REP.MACK (R-WASH) TOLD THE HOUSE TODAY THAT IMPORTS OF RUSSIAN CRAB MEAT THREATEN TO RUIN THE AMERICAN CANNED CRAB INDUSTRY.

HE SAID THAT UNLESS THE STATE DEPARTMENT ACTS QUICKLY THE IMPORTS MAY BE INCREASED TO THE POINT THAT RUSSIA IS GETTING 20,000,000 OR 30,000,000 AMRICAN DOLLARSVB

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MAY BE INCREASED TO THE POINT THAT RUSSIA IS GETTING 20,000,000 OR 30,000,000 AMERICAN DOLLARS A YEAR.

FEB 24 1950

IMPORTS RECENTLY HAVE INCLUDED 15,000 CASES OF RUSSIAN CRAB MEAT RECEIVED AT SEATTLE, VALUED AT $500,000, AND 44,000 CASES AT BOSTON, WORTH $2,500,000.

MACK SAID THE RUSSIANS HAVE TAKEN OVER THE FISHING GROUNDS FROM WHICH JAPAN FORMERLY SENT FROM 445,000 TO 600,000 CASES OF CRAB MEAT ANNUALLY TO THE UNITED STATES.

THIS, HE SAID, IF EQUALLED BY RUSSIA WOULD AMOUNT TO $20,000,000 OR MORE A YEAR.

"UNDER POSTWAR AGREEMENTS ENTERED INTO WITH RUSSIA, THE RUSSIANS

WERE GIVEN CONTROL AND JURISDICTION OVER THE ASIATIC CRAB FISHING WATERS FORMERLY FISHED BY THE JAPANESE CRAB FISHING FLEETS," MACK SAID.

"THE RUSSIANS CAN AND NO DOUBT WILL, HENCEFORTH PACK HALF A MILLION CASES OF CANNED CRAB ANNUALLY. OBVIOUSLY, IT IS THEIR INTENTION TO DUMP THIS CANNED CRAB ONTO THE AMERICAN MARKET."

MACK SAID THE WEST COAST FISHING INDUSTRY HAS BUILT UP A CANNED CRAB BUSINESS DURING AND SINCE THE WAR AND IT "FACES EXTINCTION."

"IT SEEMS UNTHINKABLE THAT THE STATE DEPARTMENT COMPLACENTLY SHOULD SIT IDLY BY AND PERMIT THIS CALAMITY TO HAPPEN TO ONE OF OUR GREAT FISHING INDUSTRIES," MACK SAID.

V ES146AES NM

TRUMAN-MCCARTHY (SEPARATE)

WASHINGTON,FEB.23-(AP)-SENATOR WHERRY OF NEBRASKA, REPUBLICAN LEADER, PROPOSED TONIGHT THAT SECRETARY OF STATE ACHESON BE PROSECUTED FOR CONTEMPT IF SENATORS ARE BALKED IN THEIR EFFORT TO GET SECRET LOYALTY FILES ON STATE DEPARTMENT EMPLOYEES.

THE PROPOSAL WAS AN OUTGROWTH OF CHARGES BY SENATOR MCCARTHY (R-WIS) THAT A COMMUNIST SPY RING IS OPERATING IN THE DEPARTMENT.

THE SENATE HAS VOTED FOR AN INVESTIGATION AND HAS CLOTHED THE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE WITH POWER TO SUBPOENA RECORDS ON INVESTIGATIONS INTO EMPLOYESEES' LOYALTY.

PRESIDENT TRUMAN TODAY BRANDED MCCARTHY'S CHARGES AS FALSE AND PERSISTED IN A REFUSAL TO GIVE UP SUCH RECORDS. IN THE PAST MR.TRUMAN HAS TAKEN THE STAND THAT DISCLOSURE WOULD NOT BE PROPER AND HAS TOLD GOVERNMENT AGENCIES TO REFER DEMANDS FOR SUCH RECORDS TO HIM.

TODAY HE SAID AT HIS NEWS CONFERENCE THAT IT'S PRETTY HARD TO SERVE A SUBPOENA ON THE PRESIDENT.

SENATOR WHERRY URGED THAT THE ISSUE BE FORCED TO A SHOWDOWN IN THE COURTS IF ACHESON REFUSES TO PRODUCE SUBPOENAED RECORDS.

HE SAID IN A STATEMENT THAT "THE PRESIDENT HAS CHALLENGED THE RIGHT OF THE SENATE TO SEE THE RECORDS OF THE STATE DEPARTMENT THAT ARE NECESSARY FOR THE SENATE TO DISCHARGE ITS CONSTITUTIONAL DUTIES."

TO SPEED A COURT TEST, WHERRY SAID THE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE SHOULD SUBPOENA ACHESON AND DIRECT HIM TO PRODUCE THE RECORDS. IF HE REFUSED, SAID WHERRY, HE SHOULD BE CITED FOR CONTEMPT OF THE SENATE.

THE NEXT STEP, WHERRY CONTINUED, WOULD BE FOR THE ATTORNEY GENERAL TO PROSECUTE ACHESON AND THUS BRING ABOUT "AN INTERPRETATION OF THE POWERS OF THE SENATE AS THE POLICY MAKING DEPARTMENT OF THE GOVERNMENT."

WHERRY SAID IT IS IN THE PUBLIC INTEREST FOR THE PRESIDENT TO MAKE THE FILES AVAILABLE AND ADDED HE "SHOULD NOT HIDE BEHIND ANY PRETENSE THAT THE RECORDS OF EMPLOYES ARE SECRET AND CAN BE WITHHELD FROM CONGRESS."

V837PES

(600) NIGHT LEAD TRUMAN-ATOMIC ROUNDUP

BY ROGER D.GREENE

WASHINGTON, FEB. 23-(AP)-PRESIDENT TRUMAN STOOD FIRM TODAY IN REJECTING ANY DRAMATIC NEW APPROACH TO MOSCOW ON THE CONTROL OF ATOMIC WEAPONS.

AND HE TOLD HIS NEWS CONFERENCE HE HAS RECEIVED NO "FEELERS" FROM RUSSIA ON THE SUBJECT WHICH HAS STIRRED GRAVE MISGIVINGS IN WORLD CAPITALS.

THE LATEST WORD FROM THE PRESIDENT HIGHLIGHTED A SERIES OF DEVELOPMENTS CENTERING ON THE A-BOMB AND THE PROJECTED HYDROGEN "HELL" BOMB:

1. SENATOR TYDINGS (D-MD) WARNED THAT THE UNITED STATES WILL BE "CAUGHT IN A TRAP" IF RUSSIA ACCEPTS THE CURRENT AMERICAN PLAN TO OUTLAW ALL ATOMIC WEAPONS--WITHOUT EFFECTIVE GLOBAL DISARMAMENT APPLYING TO OTHER WEAPONS.

2. GEORGE F.KENNAN, CHIEF OF THE STATE DEPARTMENT'S PLANNING STAFF, SAID IN A NEWLY-PUBLISHED ARTICLE IN READER'S DIGEST THAT WAR WITH RUSSIA IS POSSIBLE, EITHER THROUGH ACCIDENT OR NERVOUSNESS, BUT HE DECLARED:

"IT IS HARDLY LIKELY THAT THE RUSSIANS ARE NOW CHARTING AN EARLY MILITARY ONSLAUGHT ON THE WESTERN WORLD."

3. ADMINISTRATION ADVISORS WERE REPORTED STUDYING A LONG-RANGE POLICY BASED ON A STALEMATE IN THE ARMS RACE WITH RUSSIA--A KIND OF ARMED TRUCE. MANY OFFICIALS HERE DESPAIR OF ATTAINING ANY EFFECTIVE INTERNATIONAL ATOMIC AGREEMENT.

AT HIS WEEKLY NEWS CONFERENCE, MR.TRUMAN ADDED LITTLE NEW TO WHAT HE HAD SAID BEFORE. HE THREW IN THE ADJECTIVE DRAMATIC TO DESCRIBE THE APPROACHES SUGGESTED IN CONGRESS AND ELSEWHERE TO COUNTER THE THREAT OF ATOMIC WARFARE, AND HE SAID FRANKLY HE DOES NOT BELIEVE THEY WOULD ACCOMPLISH THEIR PURPOSE.

ONCE AGAIN, THE PRESIDENT SAID THE UNITED STATES HAS MADE EVERY POSSIBLE EFFORT THROUGH THE UNITED NATIONS--"THE PROPER FORUM," AS HE CALLED IT IN A WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY ADDRESS YESTERDAY-TO OUTLAW ATOMIC WEAPONS UNDER TIGHT INTERNATIONAL CONTROLS.

ON CAPITOL HILL, CHAIRMAN TYDINGS OF THE SENATE ARMED SERVICES COMMITTEE TOLD THE SENATE THAT OUTLAWING ATOMIC WEAPONS, WITHOUT ACCOMPANYING DISARMAMENT IN OTHER WEAPONS, MIGHT RESULT IN "THE DESTRUCTION OF THE DEMOCRATIC WORLD."

TYDINGS CONTENDED THAT IF THE UNITED STATES AND RUSSIA BOTH JUNKED ALL THEIR ATOMIC BOMBS, BUT KEPT THEIR MORE CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS, IT WOULD LEAVE RUSSIA'S RED ARMIES WITH THE WHIP HAND IN MILITARY STRENGTH.

HE SAID THAT RUSSIA NOW HAS A "RELATIVELY SMALL STOCKPILE" OF A-BOMBS, AND HE TOLD HIS COLLEAGUES:

"WE ARE SO FAR AHEAD IN STOCKPILING THESE BOMBS THAT NO OTHER COUNTRY CAN MATCH US IN THE REASONABLY FORESEEABLE FUTURE."

RENEWING HIS PLEA FOR A WORLD DISARMAMENT CONFERENCE, TYDINGS SAID THE UNITED STATES SHOULD WITHDRAW ITS PLAN FOR OUTLAWING ATOMIC WEAPONS UNLESS OTHER GUARANTEES AGAINST ATTACK ARE FORTHCOMING.

TYDINGS SHARPLY CRITICIZED AN ARTICLE BY STATE DEPARTMENT COUNSELOR KENNAN IN THE READER'S DIGEST, ENTITLED "IS WAR WITH RUSSIA INEVITABLE?"

THE MARYLAND SENATOR SAID KENNAN HAD POSED ONLY THREE ALTERNATIVES--(1) A RETURN TO ISOLATIONISM AND ARMED NEUTRALITY; (2) WAR, AND (3) A POLICY OF THROWING THIS COUNTRY'S WEIGHT TO PREVENT THE FURTHER EXPANSION OF COMMUNISM.

"MR.KENNAN'S THREE ALTERNATIVES ARE MOUNTAINOUS IN THEIR DEFEATISM," TYDINGS TOLD THE SENATE. "THEY OFFER NOTHING BUT THE ULTIMATE EXPECTATION OF THE INCINERATION OF MANKIND."

AS A FOURTH ALTERNATIVE, TYDINGS AGAIN URGED THE UNITED STATES TO TAKE THE LEAD IN CALLING A WORLDWIDE DISARMAMENT CONFERENCE.

IN HIS ARTICLE, KENNAN DECLARED:

"THE RUSSIAN LEADERS BELIEVE OUR DOWNFALL IS INEVITABLE X X X THAT EVENTUALLY CAPITALISM WILL FALL LARGELY OF ITS OWN WEIGHT. THEY WOULD DO ANYTHING THEY COULD TO HASTEN IT, BUT THEY WOULD NOT WISH TO ENDANGER IN ANY MAJOR WAY THE SECURITY OF THE WORLD CITADEL OF COMMUNISM, THE U.S.S.R.

"THUS WE STILL HAVE JUSTIFICATION," HE SAID, "FOR HOPING THAT BY CONTINUING THE POLITICAL STRUGGLE KNOWN AS THE 'COLD WAR' THE WORST OF OUR PRESENT DIFFICULTIES CAN EVENTUALLY BE OVERCOME WITHOUT ANOTHER GREAT OUTBREAK OF INTERNATIONAL VIOLENCE."

KENNAN TOOK ISSUE WITH "THOSE IMPATIENT SPIRITS WHO LOOK FOR SOME

SUDDEN OR DRAMATIC SOLUTION TO THE ILLS WHICH NOW BESET THE INTER-NATIONAL COMMUNITY."

HE SAID AN AGREEMENT WITH RUSSIA ON ATOMIC CONTROLS WOULD HELP LITTLE BECAUSE "WORDS WOULD STILL MEAN DIFFERENT THINGS TO THE RUSSIANS THAN THEY MEAN TO US."

HY811PES

(ADVANCE) ORONO, ME., FEB.23-(AP)-THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED NATIONS ASSEMBLY SAID TODAY "THERE IS REASON TO HOPE" THE GOAL OF ATOMIC ENERGY CONTROL MAY BE ATTAINED SOONER THAN ORIGINALLY EXPECTED.

BUT, GENERAL CARLOS P.ROMULO DECLARED, THE COMPLEXITY AND MAGNITUDE OF THE PROBLEM PRECLUDE POSSIBILITY OF QUICK AND EASY SOLUTION.

THE PHILIPPINES AMBASSADOR, IN AN ADDRESS PREPARED FOR A UNIVERSITY OF MAINE ASSEMBLY, DID NOT ENLARGE ON HIS REASON TO HOPE FOR EARLY INTERNATIONAL CONTROL. HE DWELT LARGELY ON THE POTENTIAL THREAT TO CIVILIZATION FROM WAR USE OF THE ATOMIC AND HYDROGEN BOMBS.

"EVERY DAY THAT PASSES WITHOUT PROGRESS IN THE SOLUTION OF OUR BASIC PROBLEM OF WAR AND PEACE REDUCES OUR MARGIN OF SAFETY," HE SAID.

NEVER BEFORE, HE ADDED, HAS THE DEMAND BEEN SO IMPERATIVE THAT THE PROBLEM OF ERADICATING WAR AND PRESERVING PEACE BE FACED SQUARELY. FOR WHILE IT IS A PROBLEM AS OLD AS HUMAN SOCIETY ITSELF, HE SAID, THE ADVANCE OF SCIENCE HAS GIVEN IT A NEW MEANING AND A NEW URGENCY.

THE ALTERNATIVE TO PEACE, HE DECLARED, "IS NO LONGER WAR, BUT EXTINCTION."

GENERAL ROMULO, CHIEF OF THE PHILIPPINE MISSION TO THE UNITED NATIONS, WAS GIVEN AN HONORARY DOCTORATE OF LAWS BY THE UNIVERSITY.

HIS CITATION, READ BY UNIVERSITY PRESIDENT ARTHUR A.HAUCH, DESCRIBED HIM AS:

"A WORLD STATESMAN, EFFECTIVELY WORKING FOR DEMOCRACY AND PEACE, VALIANTLY SERVING THOSE CAUSES WHICH PROMISE A BETTER FUTURE FOR MANKIND."

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 7 A.M. EST TODAY, THURSDAY, FEB 23)

MD651AES

ORONO, ME., FEB.23-(AP)-UNITED NATIONS ASSEMBLY PRESIDENT CARLOS ROMULO EXPRESSED OPTIMISM TODAY THAT ATOMIC ENERGY CONTROL AGREEMENT MAY BE CLOSER THAN ORIGINALLY EXPECTED.

HE DIDN'T EXPAND ON HIS HOPES IN AN ADDRESS AT A UNIVERSITY OF MAINE ASSEMBLY. BUT IN AN INTERVIEW LATER, HE SAID THEY WERE BASED ON THE ATOMOSPHERE AT THE RECENT UN SESSION.

GENERAL ROMULO, WHO RECEIVED AN HONORARY DOCTORATE OF LAWS, SAID IN HIS ADDRESS THAT THE COMPLEXITY AND MAGNITUDE OF ATOMIC ENERGY CONTROL PRECLUDE QUICK AND EASY SOLUTION.

THE HYDROGEN BOMB, HE SAID "PROMISES TO MAKE THE BOMB WHICH DISINTEGRATED HIROSHIMA LOOK LIKE CHILD'S PLAY."

"IT IS CREDITED WITH THE APPALLING POWER OF BEING ABLE TO TURN THIS PLANET INTO A FLAMING GASEOUS MASS IN WHICH THE EXTINCTION OF LIFE WOULD BE A MATTER OF JUST A FEW MINUTES," HE ADDED.

WAR INVOLVING THE USE OF THE NEW WEAPONS OF SCIENCE, HE SAID, HAS BECOME OBSOLTE "IN THE SENSE THAT IT CAN NO LONGER SERVE ANY USEFUL PURPOSE OR SOLVE ANY PROBLEM WITHOUT THE RISK OF ANNIHAILATING THE DISPUTANTS AND DESTROYING THE VERY EARTH THEY INHABIT."

HE SAID THAT IN THE UNITED NATIONS "WE HAVE THE FORCE THAT CAN ERADICATE THE ROOT CAUSES OF WAR."

SF733PES

PRINCETON, N. J., FEB. 23-(AP)-GENERAL FREDERICK H. OSBORN URGES A BANDING TOGETHER OF THE 53 UNITED NATIONS MEMBERS OUTSIDE THE SOVIET BLOC IF PEACE IS TO BE KEPT.

THE FORMER DEPUTY REPRESENTATIVE ON THE U.N. ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISS-ION CHARGED THAT THE MEN IN THE KREMLIN "DO NOT UNDERSTAND THE MEANING" OF THE WORDS "COMPROMISE" AND "NEGOTIATE."

HE DESCRIBED THE SOVIET PLAN FOR CONTROLLING ATOMIC ENERGY "LIKE THEIR REPRESENTATIVES; COERCIVE RATHER THAN COOPERATIVE."

OSBORN YESTERDAY DELIVERED HIS FIRST PUBLIC SPEECH SINCE RETIRING THREE MONTHS AGO AS U.N. ATOMIC NEGOTIATOR BEFORE MORE THAN 1,000 PRINCETON ALUMNI AT THE UNIVERSITY'S 36TH ANNUAL MIDWINTER ALUMNI DAY.

TO KEEP PEACE, HE ELABORATED, THE NATIONS OUTSIDE THE SOVIET ORBIT MUST BAND TOGETHER, KEEP UP STRENGTH, AND HAVE THE PATIENCE TO REALIZE IT WILL BE GENERATIONS BEFORE "THIS UNDERDEVELOPED, OVEREXPLOITED, OVERPOPULATED, IGNORANT, DANGEROUS WORLD OF OURS CAN BE MADE SAFE AND COMFORTABLE."

HE SAID THE UNITED STATES PLAN FOR INTERNATIONAL ATOMIC ENERGY CONTROL HAS BEEN BLOCKED COMPLETELY BY RUSSIANS WHO "CAN ONLY CONCEIVE OF CONTROL IN TERMS OF COERCION AND YET ARE UNWILLING TO BE COERCED."

AMERICAN FOREIGN POLICY, HE SAID, IS ONE OF NON-AGGRESSION AND KEEPING THE PEACE. AS THIS POLICY "BECOMES CLEAR TO OTHER NATIONS, THE SOVIET FOREIGN POLICY OF EXPANSION AND COERCION BECOMES UGLIER BY COMPARISON," HE ADDED.

CALLING FOR A HALT IN ATTEMPTS "TO COMPROMISE AND NEGOTIATE WITH MEN WHO DO NOT UNDERSTAND THE MEANING OF THESE WORDS," OSBORN SAID:

"IT'S ABOUT TIME WE LEARNED THAT LESSON AND STOPPED ASKING FOR MORE CONFERENCES, ASKING FOR COMPROMISES AND ASKING FOR NEW NEGOTIATIONS."

XM738AES NM

A131FX (CHIANG)

SAN FRANCISCO, FEB. 23-(AP)-THE NATIONALIST CHINESE CENTRAL NEWS AGENCY SAID TODAY THE CENTRAL STANDING COMMITTEE OF THE KUOMINTANG PARTY HAD ADOPTED A RESOLUTION CALLING UPON GENERALISSIMO CHIANG KAI-SHEK TO RESUME THE PRESIDENCY AT THE EARLIEST POSSIBLE MOMENT.

CHIANG RETIRED FROM THE PRESIDENCY IN JANUARY OF 1949. HE WAS SUCCEEDED BY LI TSUNG-JEN WHO IS NOW IN A NEW YORK HOSPITAL RECUPERATING FROM A SURGICAL OPERATION.

A BROADCAST OF THE CENTRAL NEWS AGENCY DISPATCH WAS HEAD IN SAN FRANCISCO BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS LISTENING POST.

JL801APS NM

HOLLYWOOD, FEB 23-(AP)-AUDREY PETERS, 20, DANCE INSTRUCTOR, SAYS SHE WILL LEAVE FOR HAITI SOON TO MARRY GARRY DAVIS, 28, EX-ACTOR WHO GAVE UP HIS CITIZENSHIP TO EMPHASIZE HIS PERSONAL CAMPAIGN FOR A WORLD GOVERNMENT. THE TWO HAVE NEVER MET BUT HAVE BEEN CORRESPONDING FOR SOME TIME.

DAVIS NOW IS LIVING IN PARIS. MISS PETERS SAID HE WOULD MEET HER IN HAITI, WHERE SHE PLANS TO GO AS A MEDICAL MISSIONARY.

SHE DENIED SHE WOULD GIVE UP HER CITIZENSHIP, AND INDICATED SHE WAS MORE INTERESTED IN DAVIS THAN IN HIS WORLD GOVERNMENT IDEA.

EV333APS

NIGHT LEAD CROMMELIN

SAN FRANCISCO, FEB. 23-(AP)-NAVY CAPTAIN JOHN G. CROMMELIN, JR., WHOSE PUBLIC STATEMENTS CRITICIZING SERVICE UNIFICATION BROUGHT HIM AN OFFICIAL REPRIMAND, SPOKE OUT TODAY AGAINST WHAT HE CALLED "LIP SERVICE."

CROMMELIN, WHO YESTERDAY WAS ORDERED BY ADMIRAL FORREST SHERMAN, CHIEF OF NAVAL OPERATIONS, TO "REFRAIN FROM PUBLIC STATEMENTS X X X CRITICAL OF THE X X X DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE," SPOKE AT A LUNCHEON MEETING OF THE SAN FRANCISCO BUSINESS LEAGUE.

HE OPENED HIS ADDRESS BY READING THE ORDER ADDRESSED TO HIM BY ADMIRAL SHERMAN.

THEN, WITHOUT COMMENT, HE READ THE OATH HE TOOK AS A NAVAL OFFICER IN WHICH HE SWORE TO DEFEND THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES AGAINST ITS ENEMIES, BOTH FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC.

HE TOLD THE LEAGUE HE DIDN'T MEAN TO BE CRITICAL OF ANY INDIVIDUAL OR GROUP OF INDIVIDUALS.

"YOU CAN'T DO A JOB WITHOUT HONEST OPIINIONS," HE SAID. " I CONSIDER ANY MAN WHO GIVES ME LIP SERVICE AS A 'YES' MAN, TO BE TREACHEROUS."

CROMMELIN, WHO HAS 15 SPEAKING ENGAGEMENTS, SAID EARLIER HE HAD NO INTENTION OF CANCELLING ANY OF THEM UNLESS SPECIFICALLY ORDERED TO DO SO.

FJ918PCS

SAN FRANCISCO, FEB. 23-(AP)-THE GOVERNMENT FINISHED ITS CROSS EXAMINATION OF HARRY BRIDGES TODAY AFTER DELVING INTO HIS IDEAS OF IMPERIALISM.

THE LEAN, TALKATIVE LONGSHORE UNION LEADER, ON TRIAL FOR PERJURY, SAID HE DIDN'T BELIEVE THE WORLD IS IN ANY DANGER NOW FROM "SO CALLED RUSSIAN IMPERIALISM."

HE SAID HE THOUGHT IMPERIALISM "OF ANY KIND---BRITISH, THE QUEEN OF HOLLAND, THE KING OF GREECE, THE REPUBLIC OF FRANCE --- IS ALL NO GOOD. AND, IF THAT INCLUDES RUSSIA, ALL RIGHT," HE SAID, BUT ADDED:

"I DON'T BELIEVE WE SHOULD SINGLE OUT ANY COUNTRY X X X I DON'T KNOW MUCH ABOUT RUSSIA, MAYBE, BUT I DON'T KNOW OF ANY RUSSIAN COLONIES.

"I DO KNOW OF COLONIES OF OTHER COUNTRIES. I HAVE BEEN TO BRITISH AND FRENCH AND DUTCH COLONIES. I HAVE SEEN THE PEOPLE IN SLAVERY. I HAVE SEEN THEM DYING OF DISEASE AND STARVATION. I HAVE SEEN ABSOLUTE OPPRESSION AND TYRANNY."

"AND, IF THE PRESIDENT MEANS WE SHOULD USE FORCE OF ARMS TO OVERTHROW SUCH THINGS, I THINK HE HAS GOT A GOOD PROGRAM."

THIS LAST REFERRED TO PRESIDENT TRUMAN'S SPEECH OF YESTERDAY IN WHICH THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE REFERRED TO THE DANGER OF COMMUNISM AS AN INSTRUMENT OF ARMED IMPERIALISM WHICH SEEKS TO EXTEND ITS INFLUENCE BY FORCE."

BRIDGES WAS INDICTED FOR ALLEGEDLY FALSELY SWEARING AT HIS 1945 NATURALIZATION HEARING HE NEVER HAD BEEN A COMMUNIST. TWO CO-DEFENDANTS ARE J. R. ROBERTSON, VICE PRESIDENT OF BRIDGES' LONGSHORE UNION AND HENRY SCHMIDT, THE UNION'S INTERNATIONAL REPRESENTATIVE, WHO WERE SUPPORTING WITNESSES FOR BRIDGES AT THE LATTER'S NATURALIZATION HEARING. THEY WERE INDICTED FOR CONSPIRACY.

THE DEFENSE RESTED THIS AFTERNOON AND THE TRIAL WAS RECESSED UNTIL MONDAY.

FJ945PCS

NEW YORK, FEB.23-(AP)-SEN.WILLIAM F.KNOWLAND (R-CALIF) TONIGHT URGED A NEW U.S. POLICY IN THE FAR EAST BASED ON "SUPERVISED" AID TO THE NATIONALISTS AND STIFF OPPOSITION TO SOVIET COMMUNISM.

HE SAID THE UNITED STATES SHOULD MAKE CLEAR IT HAS NO INTENTION OF RECOGNIZING THE NEW COMMUNIST REGIME IN CHINA, AND THAT IT DISAPPROVES OF SUCH RECOGNITION BY OTHERS.

KNOWLAND ALSO URGED THAT GENERAL DOUGLAS MACARTHUR BE MADE COORDINATOR FOR BOTH ECONOMIC AND DEFENSE PHASES OF THE FAR EASTERN POLICY.

THE SENATOR, A WARTIME ARMY OFFICER, RECENTLY COMPLETED A FAR EASTERN TOUR THAT INCLUDED A VISIT TO THE ISLAND OF FORMOSA, THE LAST MAJOR STRONGHOLD OF THE NATIONALIST GOVERNMENT OF CHIANG KAI-SHEK.

HE SPOKE BEFORE A GROUP OF 200 AT A MEETING OF THE INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS COMMITTEE OF THE NATIONAL WOMEN'S REPUBLICAN CLUB.

PART OF THE POLICY HE URGED INCLUDED WHAT HE CALLED A "QUID PRO QUO" TREATMENT OF THE SOVIETS.

THIS WOULD INVOLVE DEMANDING THE SAME TRAVEL RIGHTS FOR AMERICAN DIPLOMATIC OFFICIALS IN RUSSIA AS THE RUSSIANS HAVE IN THIS COUNTRY, AND LIMITING VISAS FOR VISITING RUSSIANS UNTIL MORE AMERICANS ARE ALLOWED TO TRAVEL IN RUSSIA.

FURTHER, HE RECOMMENDED THAT THE AMERICAN GOVERNMENT TELL THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS THAT IF ANY AMERICANS WHO WISH TO LEAVE CHINA ARE INTERNED "AN AMERICAN NAVAL BLOCKADE WILL PREVENT ANY SHIPS FROM DELIVERING CARGOES TO STRENGTHEN THE CHINESE COMMUNIST REGIME."

HE CALLED AMERICAN POLICY IN CHINA "BANKRUPT X X X BY A SMALL GROUP OF WILFUL MEN IN THE FAR EASTERN DIVISION OF THE STATE DEPARTMENT." HE ALSO CALLED FOR A MAJOR SHAKEUP IN THE DIVISION.

THE SENATOR SAID THIS COUNTRY SHOULD SEEK A SETTLEMENT OF THE COLD WAR, "BUT NOT BY ANOTHER MUNICH OR YALTA."

JM105AES

30.24- 9161

NEW YORK, FEB. 23-(AP)-GEORGE F.KENNAN, COUNSELOR OF THE STATE DEPARTMENT, SAID TODAY "CURRENT STALINIST DOCTRINE DOES NOT DEMAND WAR."

"IT IS HARDLY LIKELY," KENNAN WROTE IN THE READER'S DIGEST," "THAT THE RUSSIANS ARE NOW CHARTING AN EARLY MILITARY ONSLAUGHT ON THE WESTERN WORLD."

COMMUNISTS, HE WROTE, SEEK THE COLLAPSE OF WESTERN CAPITALISM AS SOON AS POSSIBLE BUT "THEY WOULD NOT WISH TO ENDANGER IN ANY MAJOR WAY THE SECURITY OF THE WORLD CITADEL OF COMMUNISM, THE U.S.S.R."

BY TRADITION, KENNAN SAID, RUSSIAN IMPERIALISM HAS BEEN A "PROCESS OF NIBBLING, CAREFULLY GEARED TO THE DIGESTIVE ORGANS OF THE RUSSIAN STATE." HE ADDED:

"THE EXPERIENCE WITH THE PRESENT EASTERN EUROPEAN SATELLITES INDICATES THAT IN THIS CASE SOVIET IMPERIALISM BIT OFF MORE THAN IT COULD COMFORTABLY CHEW. THE RESULTING DISCOMFORT SHOULD MAKE THE KREMLIN MORE WARY, RATHER THAN LESS, ABOUT TAKING ON MUCH BIGGER BITES JUST AT THIS TIME."

HOWEVER, KENNNAN WARNED, THE POSSIBILITY OF WAR STILL EXISTS. THE UNITED STATES, HE SAID, SHOULD CONTINUE TO KEEP ITSELF MILITARILY STRONG, CONTINUE TO ASSURE ITS ALLIES OF SUPPORT AND MAINTAIN RESPECT ABROAD FOR AMERICAN INSTITUTIONS BY DISPLAYING RESPECT FOR THEM AT HOME.

AMERICAN POLICY, HE SAID, SHOULD CONTINUE TO BE ONE WHICH "FIRMLY REJECTS ALL DEFEATISM ABOUT A FUTURE WAR AND AIMS AT KEEPING ALIVE AND PURSUING VIGOROUSLY EVERY POSSIBILITY FOR SOLVING INTERNATIONAL DIFFERENCES."

TA&BD816PES

(ADVANCE FOR USE AT 6 P.M. EST THURSDAY, FEB. 23; PUBLICATION RESTRICTED BY LIFE MAGAZINE TO THE CONTINENTAL U.S. AND ITS TERRITORIES.)

(ADVANCE) NEW YORK, FEB. 23-(AP)-WINSTON CHURCHILL WRITES THAT THE ATTACK ON PEARL HARBOR WAS TO PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT AND HIS AIDES "A VAST SIMPLIFICATION OF THEIR RPOBLEMS AND THEIR DUTY."

"HOW CAN WE WONDER THAT THEY REGARDED THE ACTUAL FORM OF THE ATTACK, OR EVEN ITS SCALE, AS INCOMPARABLY LESS IMPORTANT THAN THE FACT THAT THE WHOLE AMERICAN NATION WOULD BE UNITED FOR ITS OWN SAFETY IN A RIGHTEOUS CAUSE AS NEVER BEFORE?" ADDS BRITAIN''S WARTIME PRIME MINISTER.

HIS STATEMENTS ARE CONTAINED IN THE FINAL INSTALLMENT OF HIS THIRD VOLUME OF WAR MEMOIRS IN THE FEB. 27 ISSUE OF LIFE MAGAZINE. THE NEW YORK TIMES ALSO IS PUBLISHING THE MEMOIRS.

CHURCHILL WRITES:

"WE KNOW THAT ALL THE GREAT AMERICANS ROUND THE PRESIDENT AND IN HIS CONFIDENCE FELT, AS ACUTELY AS I DID, THE AWFUL DANGER THAT JAPAN WOULD ATTACK BRITISH AND DUTCH POSSESSIONS IN THE FAR EAST, AND WOULD CAREFULLY AVOID THE UNITED STATES AND THAT IN CONSEQUENCE CONGRESS WOULD NOT SANCTION AN AMERICAN DECLARATION OF WAR."

HAD THE JAPANESE BY-PASSED THE U.S., SAYS CHURCHILL, THEY MIGHT HAVE FOUND AN OPEN ROAD FOR VAST CONQUESTS. THESE, PLUS A GERMAN VICTORY OVER RUSSIA AND GREAT BRITAIN, HE ADDS, WOULD HAVE LEFT AMERICA ALONE TO FACE AN OVERWHELMING ARRAY OF ENEMY POWERS.

CHURCHILL CONTINUES:

"THE PRESIDENT AND HIS TRUSTED FRIENDS HAD WRITHED UNDER THE RESTRAINTS OF A CONGRESS WHOSE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES HAD A FEW MONTHS BEFORE PASSED BY A SINGLE VOTE THE NECESSARY RENEWAL OF COMPULSORY MILITARY SERVICE X X X."

"ROOSEVELT, HULL, STIMSON, KNOX, GENERAL MARSHALL, ADMIRAL STARK, AND, AS A LINK BETWEEN THEM ALL, HARRY HOPKINS, HAD BUT ONE MIND. FUTURE GENERATIONS OF AMERICANS AND FREE MEN IN EEVERY LAND WILL THANK GOD FOR THEIR VISION."

CHURCHILL SAYS HE WAS WITH AMERICAN AMBASSADOR JOHN WINANT AND ECONOMIC ADVISOR W. AVERELL HARRIMAN WHEN HE LEARNED OF THE PEARL HARBOR ATTACK.

HE SAYS HE PUT WINANT ON THE TRANSATLANTIC TELEPHONE TO TALK TO ROOSEVELT AND THAT THE AMBASSADOR'S FIRST REACTION AT THE DETAILS WAS "GOOD, GOOD."

"MY TWO AMERICAN FRIENDS TOOK THE SHOCK WITH ADMIRABLE FORTITUDE," CONTINUES CHURCHILL. "IN FACT, ONE MIGHT ALMOST HAVE THOUGHT THEY HAD BEEN DELIVERED FROM A LONG PAIN."

A125

WHEN HE ADDRESSED A JOINT SESSION OF THE AMERICAN CONGRESS IN CHRISTMAS WEEK OF 1941, CHURCHILL RECALLS THAT HE FELT AT HOME AND MORE SURE OF HIMSELF THAN HE WOULD HAVE BEFORE THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

BUT HE RESENTED SECURITY MEASURES WHICH KEPT AMERICAN CROWDS AT BAY WHEN HE WOULD HAVE LIKED TO HAVE WADED INTO THEM "IN A STRONG MOOD OF BROTHERHOOD." AMERICAN SECURITY MEASURES WENT FAR BEYOND THE BRITISH, HE ADDS.

CHURCHILL SAYS PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT PREACHED "HELL-FIRE" TO SOVIET AMBASSADOR LITVINOV IN AN EFFORT TO IMPRESS ON THE RUSSIAN THE NEED FOR RELIGIOUS FREEDOM AS A BASIS FOR THE UNITED NATIONS.

SO IMPRESSED WAS CHURCHILL, HE SAYS, THAT HE PROMISED TO NOMINATE ROOSEVELT FOR ARCHBISHOP OF CANTRBURY IF HE EVER LOST THE PRESIDENCY. BUT ROOSEVELT NEVER LOST AND CHURCHILL NEVER HAD TO MAKE GOOD HIS JOKING PROMISE.

CHURCHILL ENDS HIS ACCOUNT BY TELLING OF HIS FLIGHT BACK TO ENGLAND FROM WASHINGTON WHEN HIS PLANE BECAME LOST IN BAD WEATHER. HAD THEY NOT CHANGED COURSE WHEN THEY DID, HE SAYS, THEY WOULD HAVE FLOWN OVER GERMAN TERRITORY.

MOREOVER, SAYS CHURCHILL, HIS PLANE CAME TOWARD ENGLAND FROM THE ENEMY'S DIRECTION AND SIX BRITISH FIGHTER PLANES WERE SENT UP TO SHOOT IT DOWN. THEY FAILED IN THEIR MISSION AND CHURCHILL'S PLANE LANDED SAFELY IN ENGLAND.

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 6 P.M. EST THURSDAY, FEB.23; PUBLICATION LIMITED BY LIFE MAGAZINE TO THE CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES AND ITS TERRITORIES.)

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Secret U.S. Documents Stolen In Germany; Spy Ring Blamed

BRACK CURRY

Heidelberg, Germany, Feb. 24 (AP)—The United States Army disclosed today that a suspected spy ring has been stealing confidential documents from the homes of high army officers here.

The homes of 30 officers have been entered in this headquarters city of United States armed forces in Europe in the last seven months, army officials said.

"Either foreign agents or some one trying to peddle secret documents to a foreign power is responsible," one commented.

Documents vanished while jewelry, cash, cameras and other items of high value often were left untouched.

Disregard Warning

Army officials said the ring apparently received tips from inside the European command's headquarters on what officers, disregarding a security warning, took confidential documents to their homes.

The latest theft of documents involved a colonel. He took a batch of secret documents to his home and left them in his car. That night his home was entered and searched.

The next night the colonel again left the documents in his car. This time the agents broke into his garage and walked off with them.

The spy ring struck first last August 10. It has broken into the homes of three officers this month.

No Fingerprints Left

"All of these house breakings follow the same pattern," an army spokesman said. "Items of high value are untouched, but desks are searched for papers. No fingerprints are left.

"A piece of window the size of a fist is removed by use of a glass cutter. Putty is scraped away and the glass is then removed from the outside. A window or glass door is then opened by the bolt or door handle through this opening.

"In a few of the homes a token amount of items of no special monetary value was taken. They took these apparently with the intent of drawing attention away from the actual purpose of the burglary—to obtain important official documents."

Many of the homes entered were occupied by officers of field grade, who might be expected to have documents pertaining to United States defense plans in Germany.

FEB 24 1950

Reds Use U. S., French Soldiers In Labor Camps, Germans Charge

BERLIN, Feb. 24 (AP) — The Russians have sent some American and French soldiers and other allied nationals to work camps in the Soviet Union, the German Social Democratic party (SPD) charged today.

The SPD listed names of foreigners who had been held in Soviet zone concentration camps, and said some of these were known to have been deported to Russia.

The names were announced at a news conference called by the SPD to denounce communist "terror tactics" in the Soviet zone.

Name Three Americans

The party gave this account concerning three Americans in Sachsenhausen concentration camp.

"Rudolf Frey, American of German origin, 66 years old, was still in Sachsenhausen on Jan. 16, 1950.

"Hopkins (first name unknown), American captain charged with espionage, deported from Sachsenhausen to Russia on Feb. 24, 1949.

"Siegfried Sieburyens, American law student, 22, parents live in Boston. Brother is chief of the Reemtsma, cigarette factory in Hamburg. Sentenced to 10 years forced labor (at Sachsenhausen)."

(Military authorities in Berlin said they had no records of a missing officer named Hopins or Hopkins).

Six Swiss Named

The SPD gave the names also of six Swiss, two Italians, two Frenchmen, three Belgians, five Greeks, one South American and one Dane said to be confined in Sachsenhausen.

It also listed two Dutchmen and a Swiss confined in Buchenwald, another Soviet zone concentration camp.

The party based its report on information obtained by the "fighting group against inhumanity" from German inmates returned from the camps.

The Soviets announced in January that they were closing the camps.

TWO MISSIONARIES, FREED FROM JAIL, OUSTED BY CZECHS

N. POLOWETZKY

PRAGUE, Czechoslovakia, Feb. 24—(AP) Two young American Mormon missionaries were banished from Czechoslovakia by plane today after being held in jail since Jan. 28. (N)

They had been charged with trying to enter forbidden places near mine and industrial areas on the border of Poland.

Wallace Toronto, head of Mormon missions here, said this incident marked the end of all American-run work of his church in Czechoslovakia.

"Everything has been turned over to Czechoslovak converts," he said. The converts total about 250.

The official news agency disclosed at the same time the conviction and imprisonment of two Czechoslovak Catholic priests on charges of discriminating against sympathizers of the communist government. They were sentenced at Bratislava, one to four and a half years and the other to 12.

Bound For Switzerland

U. S. embassy personnel and Toronto saw the young Mormons off at Prague airfield in a plane bound for Zurich, Switzerland.

Toronto said their only credentials for departure were expulsion orders that gave no reason for their release.

The two are Stanley E. Abbott, 23, of Lehi, Utah, and C. Aldon Johnson, 22, of Idaho Falls, Idaho.

Unshaven but apparently in good health, they were released at Olomouc, in central Moravia, about 8 a.m. and brought here by train under escort of two plain clothes policemen.

They had not been allowed in jail to communicate with any outsiders.

At the airfield, Johnson and Abbott said they were arrested near Jindrichov while traveling through Moravia on visits to Mormons living near the Polish frontier and that the only papers found on them were scribbled directions on how to find the town.

Not Mistreated

Americans who saw them off said the two reported they got enough to eat and were not mistreated in jail.

Seventeen Mormon missionaries now have left Czechoslovakia since last May. Eleven left Prague Monday night to carry on their work in the United States, Britain and western Germany. Two of that group were expelled under charges of endangering the safety and security of Czechoslovakia.

Three American Mormon missionaries are left in this country, including Toronto. Their withdrawal or expulsion is expected shortly under the new Nationalist church law providing all officiating clergymen must be Czechoslovak citizens, must swear allegiance to the to the government and receive their salaries from the state.

The three survivors of the Mormon mission said they hoped to remain as long as possible to turn their work over to the converts.

"We still have a great deal of work to do," Toronto said.

Toronto told reporters he had not heard from the ministry of church affairs about ultimate recognition of the Mormon church as a legitimate religious institution. He said missionaries have been withdrawn voluntarily with the hope that when all Americans are out of the country such recognition will come.

Toronto's wife and six children plan to leave for Paris March 1 and to sail for home on the U. S. liner America March 4.

Prague Expels Two American Missionaries (D)

FEB 24 1950

Prague, Feb. 24 (AP)—Two American Mormon missionaries held by Czech police since January 28 on charges of entering a "prohibited area" were released today and expelled from the country.

The American Embassy said the two missionaries, Stanley E. Abbott, of Lehi, Utah, and C. Aldon Johnson, of Idaho Falls, Idaho, were released from jail in Olomouc, central Moravia.

They were placed on a train in the company of two plain-clothes men, brought to Prague, taken to the airport and whisked off to Zurich, Switzerland, by plane.

A spokesman for the American Embassy said plane tickets were waiting for Abbott, 23, and Johnson, 22, when they arrived at the airport.

Workers Withdrawan

The missionaries were seen off at the airport by members of the American Embassy and Wallace Toronto, head of the Mormon Church in Czechoslovakia.

The two missionaries were released at a time when the Mormon Church is withdrawing all its American workers here in accordance with Czechoslovakia's new church law.

Eleven other missionaries, two of whom also have been expelled on charges of constituting a "danger to the safety and security of the state," left Prague Monday night to take up new missions in the United States, Great Britain, and western Germany.

Three Remain

Czech church laws decree that all officiating clergymen must be Czech citizens, swear an oath of loyalty to the Government, and receive their salaries from the state.

In all, seventeen Mormon missionaries, including Johnson and Abbott, have been expelled from Czechoslovakia since last May.

Only three missionaries, including Toronto, are left in the country.

These three intend to remain here "as long as possible" in order to turn the work of the church over to Czech converts, who number about 250 throughout the country.

2 Slovak Priests Jailed

Get Prison Terms for Violating Red Church Laws

PRAGUE, Feb. 24 (AP).—The official Czech news agency said today that two Roman Catholic priests had been sentenced to prison terms at Bratislava for violating state church laws.

The agency said the Rev. Stefan Balaz received a twelve-year sentence for refusing to give absolution during confession to sympathizers of the Communist-led government.

The Rev. Frantisek Lepp was sentenced to four and a half years for "publicly inciting the faithful" against the government, the agency said. The trials were before a Slovak state court in Bratislava.

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Vogeler Friend Dies In Fall In Austria (D)

Vienna, Austria, Feb. 24 (AP)—A man identified by police as the United States naval attaché to Bucharest plunged to his death in a railroad tunnel south of Salzburg yesterday and semi-official sources said today there is "no hint of foul play."

[In Washington, however, officials said they were not eliminating the possibility that the officer may have been slain. Formal comment was being withheld pending further word from abroad.]

United States Army investigators tentatively identified the man as Capt. Eugene Karpe, who was a close friend of Robert A. Vogeler, the American business man sentenced to prison in Hungary on Tuesday on charges of being an American spy.

Austrian police said papers on the battered body, found on the curve of a railway track, bore the name of Captain Karpe.

May Have Lost Balance

Police said Karpe may have been standing by a sleeping-car door, losing his balance when the Paris-bound Arleberg Express rounded the curve. It was know that Karpe suffered from gout, which made it difficult for him to stand erect.

Karpe's body was found by an Austrian laborer who was checking wires in the tunnel. Austrian police were notified and other passengers

on the train were questioned by police at Fledkirch, near the Swiss border. French police made a similar check before the train reached Paris.

No Passengers Suspected

Police said all passengers appeared to be legitimate travelers and there was no reason to suspect them of any part in Karpe's death.

Karpe left Vienna yesterday on the express, en route to Paris, before returning to the United States on leave. He had served nearly three years in Bucharest, and was in civilian clothes.

Karpe visited the Vogeler home in Vienna last Wednesday night.

Terrible Shock, She Says

Told about the discovery of the body, Mrs. Vogeler said "he was one of Bob's very dearest friends. His death is a terrible shock to me."

Karpe, 45, was a destroyer commander in the Pacific during the war. He was awarded the Legion of Merit and the Navy Commendation Ribbon for outstanding war service.

In Bucharest Since 1946

In Washington, the Navy reported that Karpe had been in Bucharest since 1946. He was sent there as a naval member of the Allied Control Commission.

The Navy listed Karpe's home town as Delhi, La., and said he was a former basketball player at the Naval Academy, where he was graduated in 1926. Mrs. W. P. Crawford, of Delhi, is his sister.

Pending unofficial reports from Austria, the Navy withheld any statement.

On Way Home, Sister Says

Delhi, La., Feb. 24 (AP)—Capt. Eugene Karpe, who plunged to his death in a railroad tunnel near Salzburg, Austria, was on his way to his home here, his sister said today.

Mrs. William Crawford told of a letter from Karpe which she received just last week saying he was on his way home and would be here in March.

"I had lost my little daughter and he was returning home because of that," she said. "His letter said he had left his post in Romania and was turning his affairs over to his aide in Vienna."

Mrs. Crawford said their father was a pioneer merchant of Delhi, where she and her sister, Mrs. George Koutezky, still live. A brother, Albert Karpe, lives in Holly Bluff, Miss.

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Slaying Hinted In Train Plunge Fatal To Friend Of Vogeler

(N)

G.R. HODENFIELD

Vienna, Feb. 24 (AP)—Whether Capt. Eugene S. Karpe, of the United States Navy, fell or was pushed from the Arlberg express yesterday remained a mystery tonight.

Karpe, a close friend of Robert Vogeler, imprisoned in Hungary as an American spy, was en route to the United States after three years as American naval attaché in Communist-ruled Romania.

If United States Army investigators have the answer to how he met his death, they are keeping it a secret. The Austrian police will only say that no traces of foul play have yet been found. American officials in Washington said they were not eliminating the possibility that Karpe was slain.

Found Dead In Tunnel

The following facts in the case were disclosed:

The body was found inside a tunnel south of Salzburg yesterday by Josef Karner, railway lineman. Karner said both legs were cut off and about 60 feet from the body.

Identification was established by papers found on the body, including Karpe's diplomatic passport.

No traces of blood were found anywhere inside the railroad compartment and there were no signs of a struggle.

Other passengers have been questioned by Austrian police, and no suspicious characters have been turned up.

A spokesman for the Austrian National Railways said all the doors into the train's sleeping cars opened inward. If Karpe lost his balance and fell, one of the doors must have been left open at the last stop.

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Captain Karpe, 45, was sent to Romania in 1946 as a naval member of the Allied Control Commission.

He was an Annapolis classmate of Vogeler, an American business man sentenced by a Hungarian People's (Communist) court in Budapest Tuesday to fifteen years in prison on charges of sabotage and spying for the West.

Captain Karpe visited the Vogeler home in Vienna Wednesday night. The Belgian-born Mrs. Vogeler and two young sons live in this city, where Vogeler had his headquarters as roving eastern European representative of the International Telephone and Telegraph Company.

"Terrible Shock" To Mrs. Vogeler

"He was one of Bob's very dearest friends," Mrs. Vogeler said. "His death is a terrible shock to me."

Karpe left Vienna on the express yesterday morning for Paris. The trackwalker who found the body was checking wiring in the tunnel. Austrian police were notified immediately.

Passengers on the train were questioned by police at Fledkirch, near the Swiss border. French police made another check when the train reached Paris.

Officers said all the passengers appeared to be legitimate travelers and that there was no reason to suspect them of having had any part in Captain Karpe's death.

The officer's home was in Delhi, La., where his father had been a pioneer merchant. His sisters, Mrs. William Crawford and Mrs. George Koutzky, live in Delhi. A brother, Albert Karpe, lives in Holly Bluff, Miss.

Mrs. Crawford said she had received a letter last week from Captain Karpe, saying he would be in Delhi in March.

"I had lost my little daughter and he was returning home because of that," she said. "His letter said he had left his post in Rumania and was turning his affairs over to his aide in Vienna."

Captain Karpe was a destroyer commander in the Pacific in World War II. He won the Legion of Merit and Navy Commendation Ribbon. He was graduated from the Naval Academy in 1926.

Russ Publish U.S. Foreign Policy Rift

Moscow, Feb. 24 (AP)—Moscow newspapers printed reports today that a number of United States congressmen are urging President Truman to change his attitude towards Russia.

The Soviet news agency Tass declared in a New York dispatch that a "growing mass movement for peace and a review of American foreign policy is arousing disagreements in ruling circles in the United States."

The dispatch said many congressmen disagree with the President and Secretary of State Acheson on United States foreign policy and mutual relations with Russia.

Curfew Quiets Asmara After 4 Days Of Rioting

Asmara, Eritrea, Feb. 24 (AP)—After four days of rioting between Moslems and Christians, a curfew quieted Asmara today. Natives were allowed out of their quarters for only two hours, from 3 P.M. to 5 P.M., to buy food.

The dead in the week's fighting were listed as 31 Moslems and 16 Christians. A United Nations commission is in Asmara to propose the future of Eritrea, a prewar Italian territory now under British occupation.

CHINESE PLANES ATTACK, SINK RED INVASION FLEET

S. MOOSA (N)

TAIPEI, Formosa, Feb. 24—(AP) A big bag of Communist invasion craft off the south Chi...a mainland was claimed tonight by the Nationalist Air Force.

In an attack it described as devastating, air headquarters said more than 20 vessels averaging 300 tons were sunk or badly damaged, along with 160 to 240 smaller craft. The location was near Peihai, west of the Luichow peninsula, near the Nationalist island of Hainan.

The Air Force also reported sinking many junks off the east coast port of Swatow and raids on communist positions around Amoy, The Chusan islands and on the Shanghai-Hangchow railway.

Planes also were the big news defensively. Premier Yen Hsi-Shan's office said it had trustworthy reports that Russia already had supplied the Chinese Reds with warplanes for use against the Nationalists. No details were given.

Fear Red Air Raids

The Reds have a few operable planes obtained through Nationalist desertions but never have used them.

Indicating a genuine fear of possible air raids, the Nationalists ordered erection of air raid shelters and directed all non-essential residents to leave this capital.

Factories, schools and hospitals which can do so were ordered to move to the country. Government archives are being removed.

The communist yesterday won a Hong Kong court decision giving them the 71 transport planes and other impounded property of the Chinese National aviation and central Air Transport corporations.

Liu Shao-Tin, Nationalist vice-minister of communications, said that if any of these planes came to Formosa, they would be welcomed into the Nationalist Air Force but that any heading for communist territory would be shot down.

Hong Kong reports said the Reds probably would try to fly the planes deep into the Chinese interior where they could be used safe from Nationalist fighters. Most of the planes are DC3's and C46's.

Chiang To Return

On the political scene, a Nationalist cabinet minister predicted that Generalissimo Chiang Kai-Shek would resume the presidency within the next two weeks.

The official, who declined use of his name, said acting President Li Tsung-Jen, now in New York, would voluntarily revert to his position as vice president in a peaceful settlement of a long-standing quarrel.

INSERT

(Hong Kong observers declared the squabble over the Nationalist presidency was not as important as it might seem. Their view was that the real powers, now that the Nationalists were on Formosa, were Gov. K. C. Wu and Gen. Chen Cheng.

(These two capable moderates were credited with the better showing the Nationalists have been making lately in the civil war. Old China hands said it was an example of the unflattering old adage that Chinese were good at running small things but poor at big ones.)

The building of air-raid shelters was ordered for plants, schools and hospitals that cannot be moved.

There was no indication the Nationalists feared the Reds might obtain atom bombs from Russia for use here.

The orders illustrated a genuine fear of the Nationalists that the Reds sooner or later will try to give them the same bitter medicine they have been giving Shanghai and other Red-held cities from the air.

Red China is known to have a few planes that have deserted from the Nationalists. None has been used against the Nationalists so far.

Forecast About Chiang

Meanwhile, a Cabinet Minister said Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek will resume the presidency of China within the next two weeks. He said a settlement of the presidential question was in the making and predicted that Acting President Li Tsung-jen would resign to allow Chiang to resume the presidency. Li would revert to his former post of Vice President. He is now in the United States recuperating from a surgical operation.

The Cabinet member said the move for the impeachment of Li would evaporate shortly.

China Reds Get Planes From Russia, Report

FEB 24 1950

(D)

Taipei, Formosa, Feb. 24 (AP)—Premier Yen Hsi-shan's office said today he had received trustworthy reports that Russia has already supplied Red China with warplanes for use against Chinese Nationalists.

Immediately, preparations were started here in the Nationalist capital to minimize the effects of possible Communist air-raids. As many factories, schools and hospitals as possible were ordered moved into rural areas. Factories that cannot be moved will be camouflaged.

Shelters To Be Built

Jakarta Wants Belgrade Tie

JAKARTA, Indonesia, Feb. 24 (AP)—Premier Mohammed Hatta has declared that Indonesia will "gladly consider" opening negotiations for establishing diplomatic relations with the Communist-led Governments of Rumania and Yugoslavia. His statement was made in cables to the Foreign Ministries of the two countries acknowledging their formal recognition of the new republic.

30.24- 9165

Chinese Freighter Freed

Australian Court Acts After Nationalists Pay U. S. Claim

BRISBANE, Australia, Feb. 24 (AP). — A Supreme Court order today released the 3,800-ton Chinese freighter Union Star, after advices received here said the Chinese Nationalist government had satisfied American demands for payment of principal and interest due on the ship.

Chunking Victory Sails

ADEN, Feb. 24 (AP).—The Chinese Nationalist freighter Chungking Victory sailed with a phosphate cargo from Egypt for Japan today after the Supreme Court of this British colony set aside a United States government injuction that had held the ship here since Feb. 18.

Shelved War Wife, Daughter Part

Sydney, Feb. 24 (AP)—A young Australian mother put her 4-year-old daughter on an American-bound plane tonight and said sadly that her five-year struggle to rejoin her American husband in New Jersey had ended in failure.

The mother is Mrs. Phyllis Wenner. She said her husband is William Wenner, a United States navy man from Lakewood, N.J. Mrs. Wenner said her husband had waited five years in hope of getting her to America and finally divorced her on grounds of desertion. He was given custody of their daughter.

Mrs. Wenner said she could not obtain a visa to the United States because of a minor court conviction long before she met her husband here.

The mother said her daughter, Carol Ann, had never seen her father. He left Australia before she was born. The child will be looked after by her husband's parents in New Jersey.

Carol Ann fell asleep on the plane, contentedly hugging a toy Australian kangaroo. She wasn't too disturbed. She had been told that her mother was going with her.

U. S. HOLDS FUNDS OF CITIZENS OF 3 RED NATIONS

All Assets of Bulgaria, Hungary and Romania Nationals Frozen

DIFFICULTIES GROW

Acheson Hints of New Break in Relations with Soviet Satellites

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24 — (AP) The United States tonight froze the assets of citizens of three Soviet satellites which have been attacking American envoys and citizens as spies and warmongers.

Attorney General McGrath announced he has stopped payments from the bank accounts, and other assets in this country, of citizens of Bulgaria, Hungary and Romania.

The United States has broken relations with Bulgaria. Secretary of State Acheson hinted today that it may eventually break with Hungary and Romania also.

They are both making it increasingly difficult, he said, for the United States to maintain diplomatic missions and virtually impossible to give any protection to American citizens and American interests.

Delay Cited

The Justice department said, in response to inquiries, that the freezing action was dictated by the slowness with which American claims against the three countries are being compensated.

The suspension of payments followed by only a few days the sentencing of Robert A. Vogeler, American businessman, by a Budapest court on charges of espionage against Hungary. Vogeler was given 15 years imprisonment.

The Justice department declined to say whether the frozen asset action had any connection with this case.

Several Million Involved

Department officials asserted that "several million dollars" was still held for the account of Bulgarians, Hungarians and Romanians in this country as a result of a wartime order "blocking" their accounts during the period of hostilities. Remittances were authorized in the postwar period, however, under a special license which McGrath said he has now revoked.

Harold I. Baynton, acting director of the office of alien property, said that stopping these remittances will preserve the assets in the hands of this government pending a further decision on what should be done with them in the light of the peace treaties.

In talking about the satellites at a news conference, Secretary Acheson said he did not mean that a break in relations with Hungary and Romania was imminent, or under consideration at this time. He left the way clear for action if the difficulties increased.

Acheson blasted the conduct of the Soviet bloc eastern European governments three days after American Minister Donald R. Heath and his staff were recalled from Bulgaria.

"The principal purpose behind what these governments have been doing is plainly to make the so called the 'Iron Curtain' impenetrable," the secretary declared.

"Their purpose is to cut off the people of eastern Europe from the free world, to deprive them of all hope of any other fate than that reserved for them by their present rulers, and to liquidate all signs and symbols of western influence, to the accompaniment of a flood of propaganda and denunciation of 'spies', 'warmongers', and the other familiar whipping boys."

Hits Vogeler Sentence

In Hungary, Acheson said, a court has now sentenced Robert A. Vogeler, an American communications official, to a 15-year term on those charges and without a fair trial. He said the department has under study yesterday's demand by Hungary that the U. S. reduce its legation staff at Budapest.

As with Bulgaria and Hungary, American disputes with Rumania go back to the signing of their peace treaties and beyond.

Acheson told a questioner that American difficulties with communist Poland and Czechoslovakia have not been so great but have been substantial. He noted the Czechs have freed two American missionaries and said that is better than trying them and sentencing them to long prison terms.

Statement by Acheson on Soviet Satellites

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25 (AP)—Following is the text of a statement issued by Secretary of State Dean Acheson at a news conference today:

I should like to say a few words about our relations with certain countries of Eastern Europe, particularly Bulgaria and Hungary, which have been highlighted by the events of the past week.

The conduct of the Bulgarian Government has given us no alternative but to suspend diplomatic relations with that country. The sentencing by a Hungarian court of an American citizen to fifteen years' imprisonment on false charges without a fair trial is part of a general pattern common to all those countries which now have Communist Governments and are closely tied to the Soviet Union. This pattern must now be absolutely clear to even the most casual observer.

The principal purpose behind what these governments have been doing is plainly to make the so-called Iron Curtain impenetrable. Their purpose is to cut off the people of Eastern Europe from the free world, to deprive them of all hope of any other fate than that reserved for them by their present rulers, and to liquidate all signs and symbols of Western influence, to the accompaniment of a flood of propaganda and denunciation of "spies," "warmongers," and the other familiar whipping boys.

In pursuit of their aims the present Communist rulers of these nations have ruthlessly used the power of the state to frighten their own populations and to take action against the diplomats and citizens of other countries wholly contrary to the rules and standards long accepted in relations between nations.

The Communist leaders do not seem to comprehend our concern for the rights of individuals. They regard our attempts to defend such rights and to give to persecuted individuals what protection we appropriately can give them as evidence of hostility and of intervention in their internal affairs. But here we are dealing with fundamentals of human and political behavior. It is the purpose of this Government and of the American people, to promote respect for human rights. That is why we have vigorously supported the provisions of the United Nations Charter and of the peace treaties on this subject and attempted to make them as effective as possible.

It is notable that the Governments of Bulgaria, Hungary and Rumania, besides making it increasingly difficult for the United States to maintain diplomatic missions and virtually impossible to give any protection to American citizens and American interests, have also systematically denied human rights and fundamental freedoms to their own peoples in flagrant violation of the provisions of the peace treaties.

The countries of Eastern Europe claim to be sovereign nations and equal members of the international community. The United States has treated them as such, for these nations have had independence in the past and have a right to it. We have wished and still wish to maintain normal relations with them regardless of differences in political philosophies and institutions.

We have wished especially to maintain our ties of friendship with the peoples of Eastern Europe, with whose welfare and freedom the American people are naturally very deeply concerned.

On the other hand, states which claim to be sovereign members of the international community must act the part. Their governments must observe accepted standards in their relations with the rest of the world, and they must maintain the attributes of independence.

With regard to Bulgaria and Hungary, whose recent flagrant acts have brought their relations with the United States to the lowest point since the war, it is well to remember that a few short years ago these states were allies of Nazi Germany. It was the intention of the Allied Powers, in proceeding rapidly to the conclusion of peace treaties with them, to give them a full opportunity to take their place again in the family of nations. Their present rulers, in disregard of the wishes of their peoples, seem bent on rejecting that opportunity.

I should like to repeat that we do not regard the people of Eastern Europe as responsible for the deterioration of our relations with their Governments. And the measures which the United States is compelled to take in order to meet the situation created by the unprincipled actions of those Governments are in no sense directed against the people, who after their experience with Nazi rule had every right to expect freedom and independence. This country will maintain undiminished its concern for their rights and their welfare.

Europe Will Need Fifty Years To Repay ECA, Hoffman Says

R. S. GREENE

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24 (AP) ECA Chief Paul G. Hoffman predicted today it will take 50 years before Europe is able to pay back dollar loans to the United States.

Testifying before the House Foreign Affairs committee considering aid to western Europe, Hoffman quickly objected to a proposal by Rep. Vorys (R-Ohio) that future Marshall Plan aid be put mostly on a pay-back basis.

"They can't pay," Hoffman said. "Bad paper is not an asset. It's only a headache."

Rep. Eaton (R-NJ), top-ranking GOP member of the committee, told Hoffman there is "growing American resentment" against U. S. aid to Britain's Socialist government.

Hoffman replied that "it would be wise to get away from Socialism." He said it has a wide variety of meanings in Europe. As for Britain he said it has a "planned" economy.

Senate Hears Testimony

While Hoffman appeared before the House group, other ECA officials testified before the Senate Foreign Relations committee in support of the Economic Cooperation Administration's request for $3,100,000,000 to keep the Marshall Plan rolling next year.

ECA's request includes $2,950,000,000 in new money and $150,000,000 left over from the current year's funds.

On the Senate side, major developments included:

1. Barry Bingham, U. S. direct-

or of the Marshall Plan in France, testified that Russia has ordered French communists to intensify their efforts to wreck the European recovery program.

"The orders from Moscow plainly call for a still more concentrated effort," he said.

Bingham is president of the Louisville, Ky., Courier-Journal and Times Co.

2. Robert M. Hanes, chief of the ECA mission in Germany, said ECA is working to help the Germans find a larger market for their goods in the United States. He said western Germany's dollar exports must "rise dramatically" if the Germans are to achieve recovery.

Hits British Curbs

3. Committee Chairman Connally (D-Tex) denounced British trade restrictions against the United States while she is receiving U. S. dollar aid. At one point, he declared angrily:

"If the British practice is to isolate the United States and do business only with the sterling (empire) bloc, then I'm not in favor of giving her another dollar."

With oil-rich Texas as his background, Connally lambasted Britain for "ordering" the sterling area not to buy American oil.

"The British are not showing us friendship like we are giving them, but hostility—by trying to deprive American oil companies of legitimate trading areas," he said.

Senator Lodge (R-Mass), representing the New England textile region, broke in at that point.

Lodge said it was "inconceivable" that the United States should encourage imports of British textiles into this country and at the same time give Britain ECA dollars to buy U. S. oil and thereby widen Britain's dollar deficit.

Senator Hunt Heads Stockpiling Group

Washington, Feb. 24 (AP)—Senator Hunt (D., Wyo.) was named chairman today of an Armed Services subcommittee on stockpiling of strategic and critical materials.

Senator Tydings (D., Md.), chairman of the full Armed Services Committee, said the permanent subcommittee was established to keep a constant check on reserve supplies and materials needed by the military forces.

Also named to the new subcommittee were Senators Lyndon Johnson (D., Texas) and Gurney (R., South Dakota).

Ward Sees Russ Taking In Northeast China

FEB 24 1950

Washington, Feb. 24 (AP)—Angus Ward said today the Communist capture of Manchuria means Soviet Russia will absorb the rich area of Northeast China.

The former Mukden consul general said that Russia's armed forces in the Far East now can tap near-by sources of supply instead of having to rely on depots west of Lake Baikal, 1,000 miles or more distant.

"This can only entail the economic, if not the territorial, assimilation of Manchuria by the Soviet Union," he declared.

Tells Of Experiences

Ward gave his views in relating his experiences as a Communist prisoner, in the *American Foreign Service Journal*. He and his Mukden staff were permitted to leave last fall after a year under the guns of Communist guards.

"The Russians, both before and after the October revolution of 1917, have coveted those parts of China adjacent to their Siberian borders," he said. "These aspirations do not bode well for our Chinese friends and their country."

"It remains to be seen whether the 'elder brother,' as the Chinese Communists now fondly refer to the Russian, will conduct himself toward the Chinese as a brother should. I, for one, have grave doubts."

Relations With Reds

Ward said the Mukden episode proved it is inadvisable for the United States to enter into formal relations at this time with the Chinese Communists.

"If our experiences accomplished nothing more than to stop misinformed Americans from advocating, or falling under the sway of advocates of ill-timed United States recognition of Communist China, we are happy and well repaid," he said.

Truman, Tydings At Odds Over Atom Arms Race

Washington, Feb. 24 (AP)—President Truman and Senator Tydings (D., Md.) are at odds over the way to end the atomic-hydrogen armaments race between the United States and Russia.

Mr. Truman is standing pat on the plan for international controls offered by the United States and adopted by a large majority of United Nations members.

Russia has fought it to a stalemate.

Mr. Truman also says he has received no new peace feelers from Russia.

In restating his position, Mr. Truman criticized proposals advanced in the Senate recently by Tydings, who is chairman of the Armed Services Committee, and others.

Dramatic Approaches

The President told his news conference yesterday that he did not think what he called the dramatic approaches suggested in Congress and elsewhere would accomplish their purpose.

He made the comment shortly after Tydings had renewed his plea for a world disarmament conference and told the Senate that the United States could not accept its own atomic control plan unless other nations agreed to the disarmament of conventional weapons such as tanks, airplanes and artillery.

"If the Russians, at some future date, accept our proposals for the prohibition of the maunfacture, possession and use of the atomic and hydrogen bombs, without agreeing to our other proposals for the scaling down of conventional weapons, we will be caught in a trap," Tydings told the Senate.

U.S. Now Has Advantage

He said the United States now has a military advantage over Russia primarily because of our "large stock piles of atomic bombs and Russia's relatively small stock pile."

Senators close to the atomic situation were reluctant to talk publicly about Tydings's stand and his oft-repeated plea for a disarmament conference.

Senator McMahon (D., Conn.), chairman of the Senate-House Atomic Committee, said he did not agree with all Tydings had said but lauded his efforts to find a new approach to world peace.

"Iron Curtain" Problem

Another senator gave the disarmament plan tentative blessing but noted that it still did not solve the major problem of getting Russia to raise her "iron curtain."

A third said he thought it would be a sign of weakness for the United States to advocate calling a new conference.

Wyoming Oxide-Uranium Find 'Greatest Known'

FEB 24 1950

Sundance, Wyo., Feb. 24 (AP)—Uranium ore and valuable rare earth oxide discovered near here have been termed the greatest known deposit in the world by its explorers.

The strike was announced at Sundance by A. J. Katches, Duluth (Minn.) mining engineer, who said he made the discovery last August while investigating fluoride deposits. He said announcement of the find was withheld until development work was done and ore assays conclusively indicated the extent of the deposit.

AEC To Examine Source

Katches said: "Assays have proved the percentage of rare minerals in the strike to be greater than those known to be mined elsewhere today."

An Atomic Energy Commission spokesman announced in Washington that the AEC will examine the source of the radioactive ores submitted to it. The examination, however, won't take place until spring.

At Salt Lake City, the Bureau of Mines station, which tested the samples, reported they contained "small amounts of uranium and appreciable quantities of thorium, cereum, lanthanum, yttrium and other rare earths."

Chicagoan Submits Samples

The bureau, however, made it clear that it made no on-the-spot checks of the area where the samples were found.

Samples submitted to the AEC in Washington and tested in New York laboratories were sent in by Morris Mantell, of Chicago, president of the Telmore Engineering Corporation.

36-HOUR H-BOMB PROTEST BEGINS

Prayer Marathon Under Way In Manhattan Church

Baltimore Protestant Churches mark world prayer day. *Page 24.*

New York, Feb. 24 (AP)—A group of religious - minded men and women lighted a three-foot candle tonight and then began a 36-hour marathon of prayer in protest against the hydrogen bomb.

About 300 persons were on hand at the Community Church in midtown Manhattan for speeches that opened the program.

Most of them left later.

Will Last Until Sunday

But some remained to continue prayers that are expected to end shortly before Sunday's 11 A.M. service.

The Rev. Donald Harrington, pastor of the church, said some of his congregation had pledged to pray through the marathon "for the sins of ourselves and of mankind for the last 36 years."

He called production of the H-bomb "militarily stupid, politically a blunder and morally hideous."

No Weapon Of War

"The bomb is no longer a weapon of war," he added, "but an instrument of extermination."

Phillips Packer Elliott, of the First Presbyterian Church of Brooklyn, said the H-bomb plus State Secretary Dean Acheson's statement that no future talks with Russia were in sight "brings us to the point of particular crisis."

MEDINA DECLINES BID TO BE GUEST AT TESTIMONIAL

FEB 24 1950

NEW YORK, Feb. 24—(AP) Federal Judge Harold R. Medina declined today to be guest of honor at a dinner sponsored by Common Cause, Inc., a leading anti-communist organization. He had said earlier that he would attend.

Medinia, who presided at the conspiracy trial of 11 Communist party leaders last year, urged that the $17.50-a-plate dinner, scheduled for March 14, be called off. Common Cause, Inc., said, however, that it still would be held.

"I, and perhaps the federal judiciary of which I am part, would appear to be taking sides in a matter tried before me and now pending on appeal, despite the fact that I was scrupulously impartial throughout the recent trial," Medina said.

Farley Lauds Act

Medina's telegram to the sponsoring group, which includes James A. Farley and John Foster Dulles, was made public by his friend Bruce Bromley, former judge on the New Yorw State Court of Appeals.

Farley said later, in a statement released by Common Cause, Inc., that Medina's stand is a "testimonial to the integrity of the man we are gathering to honor."

"In the light of this new fact, the tribute dinner must be more than ever an overwhelming success," Farley added.

Common Cause, Inc., describes itself as "an organization of political education opposing communism at home and abroad." Its headquarters estimated that 1,500 persons will attend the testimonial dinner.

FEB 24 1950

COPLON ATTORNEYS ASK FOR MISTRIAL

NEW YORK, Feb. 24 — (AP) Judith Coplon's new lawyers asked for a mistrial today in the spy conspiracy trial of the ex-government girl and Soviet engineer Valentin A. Gubitchev.

The three attorneys said in their motion, filed in the federal district court here, that they have not had time enough to prepare Miss Coplon's defense since their appointment by Federal Judge Sylvester J. Ryan Feb. 17.

Ryan named the three—Samuel Neuburger, Leonard Boudin and Sidney S. Berman—to defend Miss Coplon after permitting her to dismiss her original lawyer, Archibald Palmer. He gave them until next Monday to familiarize themselves with the case.

Decision Monday

The mistrial motion comes before Ryan next Monday, when the trial is scheduled to resume.

The lawyers disclosed in their petition that Miss Coplon, who testified at length at her previous trial in Washington, does not wish to take the stand in the present trial.

The defense lawyers contended that their appointment "was without our consent or prior knowledge, or the consent of Miss Coplon."

"Indeed, it was made over her protest," their motion said.

The result, it added, is that Miss Coplon in effect is deprived of her right to counsel.

Once Convicted

Miss Coplon, 28, and Gubitchev 33, are charged with conspiring to pass U. S. defense secrets to the Soviet Union. They have been on trial since Jan. 24. The trial has been in adjournment since Feb. 16, the day Miss Coplon decided to change lawyers.

In Washington last summer Miss Coplon stood trial alone on a charge of stealing secret U. S. papers for the Russians while employed in the Justice department. She was convicted and sentenced to 40 months to 10 years in prison but is free in bail pending appeal.

LI TO KEEP POST, ASSOCIATE THINKS

Rumors Of Crisis On Formosa Reported To Be Evaporating

Lake Success, N.Y., Feb. 24 (AP)—A source close to Acting President Li Tsung-jen said today the acting President did not plan to resign as head of Nationalist China.

This source, who would not permit use of his name but who is known to be in close contact with Li, said also that telegrams received by Li from Formosa indicated that rumors of a political crisis there were disappearing.

There have been reports from Formosa of demands for the impeachment of the acting President, who has been in New York since last fall for surgical treatment.

Members To Get Request

This development came as Ales Bebler, Deputy Foreign Minister of Yugoslavia and member of the Security Council, called on Trygve Lie, secretary general, to circulate to United Nations members Communist China's demands for its delegates to be seated in the Security Council and the Economic and Social Council.

Lie agreed to send the documents to all United Nations members as demands sponsored by Yugoslavia, which has recognized the Red regime.

The comment on reports and rumors from Formosa as answered by the reliable informant follows:

"A source close to acting President Li Tsung-jen denies the report that he is going to resign. This source added that telegrams received by acting President Li from Formosa indicate rumors of a political crisis are now disappearing and the general situation in the political circles and in the Kuomintang on the island are satisfactory in contrast to the reported trouble which may have been started by certain members of the Kuomintang."

Plans To Go Back

There was no indication there how soon Li would return to his post on Formosa but the best information available in Chinese circles here was that he plans definitely to go back and start serving again as acting President.

The comment here came after a Cabinet minister on Formosa said Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek would resume the presidency of China within the next two weeks.

B37 (Q)
CX (170)

MADRID, FEB.24-(AP)-COL.ROBERT R.MCCORMICK, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER OF THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE, SAID TODAY SPAIN HAS THE BEST ARMY IN EUROPE, THE BEST GENERAL (FRANCO) AND BELONGS IN THE ATLANTIC PACT.

THE COLONEL TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE HE WAS OPPOSED TO ALL "FOREIGN ENTANGLEMENTS" FOR THE UNITED STATES BUT THAT AS LONG AS THE ATLANTIC PACT EXISTS SPAIN BELONGS IN IT.

HE SAID A POLL IN THE UNITED STATES WOULD SHOW 80 PER CENT OF AMERICANS WERE IN FAVOR OF THE FRANCO REGIME IN SPAIN.

THE COLONEL SAID FOREIGN MINISTER ALBERTO MARTIN ARTAJO TOLD HIM SPAIN WOULD LIKE THE UNITED STATES TO PARTICIPATE FINANCIALLY IN HER ECONOMY.

MCCORMICK SAID HE TOLD ARTAJO HE WAS AGAINST A U.S. GOVERNMENT LOAN TO SPAIN BUT FELT THE WAY SHOULD BE LEFT OPEN FOR U.S. PRIVATE FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS TO AID SPAIN FINANCIALLY.

THE PUBLISHER, HIS WIFE AND DAUGHTER SPENT THE DAY SHOPPING AND SIGHTSEEING. THEY SAID THEY ENJOYED THEMSELVES IMMENSELY.

TONIGHT THEY WERE GUESTS AT A COCKTAIL PARTY GIVEN BY U.S. CHARGE D'AFFAIRES PAUL CULBERTSON.

THE MCCORMICKS ARE ON A TOUR IN THEIR CONVERTED B-17 WHICH WILL EVENTUALLY TAKE THEM TO THAILAND (SIAM).

JM703PES

FEB 24 1950

A118 (190)

MADRID, SPAIN, FEB. 24-(AP)-THE BEAUTIFUL RED-HAIRED DUCHESS OF VALENCIA, MILITANT PRO-MONARCHIST, WAS ARRESTED AGAIN YESTERDAY FOR "ATTACKING THE SECURITY OF THE STATE."

THE 33-YEAR-OLD DUCHESS WAS NABBED AT THE DOOR OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS BUREAU BY TWO PLAINSCLOTHESMEN WHEN SHE CAME TO REPORT THAT 30 OF HER FOLLOWERS HAD BEEN ARRESTED IN THE PAST TWO DAYS ON SIMILAR CHARGES IT WAS HER FOURTH ARREST FOR MONARCHIST ACTIVITIES.

POLICE DECLINED TO CONFIRM OR DENY THAT HER PRO-MONARCHIST FOLLOWERS HAVE BEEN ARRESTED AND KEPT MUM ON THE POSSIBLE REASONS.

PRIVATE SOURCES SAID THEY HAD BEEN ARRESTED BECAUSE OF A LETTER ALLEGEDLY SENT BY SPANISH ROYALISTS TO PRESIDENT TRUMAN WHICH CRITICIZED SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN ACHESON'S RECENT LETTER TO SENATOR CONNALLY (D-TEX) CHAIRMAN OF THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE. IN THAT LETTER ACHESON ANNOUNCED THE UNITED STATES WAS PREPARED TO SUPPORT A UNITED NATIONS MOVE TO END THE THREE-YEAR-OLD DIPLOMATIC BOYCOTT OF FRANCO SPAIN.

THE LETTER TO PRESIDENT TRUMAN BORE ILLEGIBLE SIGNATURES, INFORMANTS SAID. THE DUCHESS AND HER FOLLOWERS DENIED HAVING SIGNED IT.

WITH HER WHEN SHE WAS ARRESTED WAS HER FRIEND AND POLITICAL ADVISOR JOSE PARDO BALMONTE. POLICE DID NOT DETAIN HIM. THE TWO WERE RELEASED FROM JAIL A YEAR AGO AFTER BEING IMPRISONED ABOUT 10 MONTHS.

JS-RW1002AES

FEB 24 1950

PARIS, FEB. 24-(AP)-EX-KING PETER OF YUGOSLAVIA CHARGED TODAY THAT TITO HAS "PRACTICALLY RETURNED TO THE GROUP OF MOSCOW SATELLITES."

THE CHARGE WAS MADE IN A STATEMENT TO THE SEMIOFFICIAL FRENCH NEWS AGENCY IN A COMMENT ON TITO'S RECOGNITION OF THE ANTI-FRENCH HO CHI-MINH GOVERNMENT IN INDOCHINA.

PETER SAID HE HAD PRIVATE INFORMATION FROM HIS HOMELAND THAT STALIN AND TITO ARE GETTING TOGETHER AGAIN. TITO'S FOLLOWERS, HE SUGGESTED, MAY BE MANEUVERING A RETURN TO THE COMINFORM.

HE INSISTED THAT THIS WAS CONTRARY TO THE TRUE INTERESTS AND DESIRES OF THE YUGOSLAV PEOPLE.

THE 27-YEAR-OLD EX-MONARCH, WHO LIVES WITH HIS WIFE AND FOUR-YEAR-OLD SON AT A PARIS HOTEL, GAVE THIS STATEMENT: "BY RECOGNIZING THE COMMUNIST GOVERNMENT WHOSE HEAD IS HO CHI-MINH, TITO HAS TAKEN AN ANTI-FRENCH POSITION. THE YUGOSLAV PEOPLE HAS ALWAYS SHOWN ITS FAULTLESS ATTACHMENT TO FRANCE IN WORST TIMES

OF TRIAL, AND CANNOT BEAR THE RESPONSIBILITY FOR THIS ACT. TO YUGOSLAV PATRIOTS, TITO'S RECOGNITION OF HO CHI-MINH GOES AGAINST THE TRUE INTERESTS OF THEIR COUNTRY.

"BY THE ENCOURAGEMENT HE HAS GIVEN IN THIS FASHION TO A COMMUNIST AGITATOR, TITO HAS PRACTICALLY RETURNED TO THE GROUP OF MOSCOW SATELLITES. MOREOVER, PRIVATE INFORMATION FROM YUGOSLAVIA SHOWS THAT CLOSER RELATIONS BETWEEN TITO AND STALIN ARE SHAPING UP, AND IT IS NOT EXCLUDED THAT THE RECOGNITION OF HO CHI-MINH IS A GOOD-WILL PLEDGE ON THE PART OF THE DISSIDENT YUGOSLAV COMMUNISTS MANEUVERING FOR A POSSIBLE RETURN TO THE PATH OF STRICT STALINIST OBEDIENCE.

"THE YUGOSLAV COMMUNISTS DO NOT REFUSE THE ECONOMIC AID OF THE WESTERN COUNTRIES, BUT IT IS INTERNATIONAL COMMUNISM THAT WILL FINALLY BENEFIT FROM IT. THE DEEP SOUL OF YUGOSLAVIA NOW EVER REMAINS ATTACHED TO THE WESTERN DEMOCRACIES."

JR851AES FEB 24 1950

A49

(250)

BERN, SWITZERLAND, FEB.24-(AP)-A SWISS ARMY MECHANIC, SAID TO HAVE PUT NEARLY $10,000 EARNED FROM SPYING INTO A NEW YORK BANK BEFORE THE WAR, PLEADED GUILTY YESTERDAY TO ESPIONAGE FOR THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN AND FRANCE.

WILLY GERBER, 47, WAS BROUGHT BEFORE A SWISS MILITARY COURT. HE FACES A MAXIMUM PENALTY OF LIFE IMPRISONMENT.

THE PROSECUTION CHARGED THAT, FOR PERSONAL GAIN, GERBER "MADE IT HIS LIFE WORK TO DIVULGE EVERYTHING THERE WAS TO DIVULGE IN SWITZERLAND."

THE COURT CHARGED HE EVEN SOLD OCCASIONAL INFORMATION TO SWEDEN, TURKEY AND YUGOSLAVIA AS A SIDELINE.

HE WAS SAID TO HAVE SYSTEMATICALLY BETRAYED SWITZERLAND'S MILITARY SECRETS, STOLE SECRET PLANS AND DOCUMENTS FROM THE SWISS ARMY AND ENGAGED IN ECONOMIC AND POLITICAL ESPIONAGE.

MAJ. BIDWELL MOORE, ASSISTANT U. S. MILITARY ATTACHE IN BERN WHO WAS RECALLED LAST OCTOBER, WAS SAID AT THAT TIME BY THE SWISS FEDERAL COUNCIL (CABINET) TO HAVE BEEN IN CONTACT WITH GERBER.

GERBER'S SPYING ACTIVITIES, SAID THE COURT, WENT BACK TO BEFORE 1931, WHEN HE WORKED FOR FRENCH INTELLIGENCE ABROAD. HE WORKED FOR THEM AGAIN IN SWITZERLAND IN 1937 AND BEGAN TO WORK FOR THE BRITISH THE SAME YEAR, THE COURT CHARGED. DURING THE WAR--FROM 1942 TO 1945--THE COURT SAID HE MADE CONTACT WITH OFFICIALS OF THE U. S. LEGATION AND SPIED AGAINST GERMANY AND ITALY FOR THE UNITED STATES. HE WAS SAID TO HAVE CONTINUED HIS WORK WITH THE FRENCH UNTIL HIS ARREST LAST JULY 25.

DURING THE WAR, WHEN GERBER WAS WORKING AGAINST THE AXIS POWERS AND FOR THE ALLIES, SWITZERLAND WAS NEUTRAL BUT CONSTANTLY UNDER THE THREAT OF AN INVASION BY HITLER.

LS&FW602AES FEB 24 1950

(260)

GENEVA, SWITZERLAND, FEB. 24-(AP)-THE WORLD COUNCIL OF CHURCHES APPEALED TODAY FOR A GIGANTIC NEW EFFORT FOR PEACE IN ORDER TO MEET THE THREAT OF "WORLD SUICIDE" RAISED BY CREATION OF THE HYDROGEN BOMB.

THE COUNCIL CALLED UPON THE NATIONS OF THE WORLD TO RENEW NEGOTIATIONS TO BREAK THE PRESENT DEADLOCK OVER INTERNATIONAL CONTROL OF ATOMIC ENERGY.

THE COUNCIL REPRESENTS 155 CHURCHES--ANGLICAN, PROTESTANT AND GREEK ORTHODOX--IN 44 COUNTRIES. THE APPEAL WAS ISSUED THROUGH ITS EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE AFTER THREE DAYS OF SECRET DELIBERATIONS AT NEARBY BOSSEY.

"THE HYDROGEN BOMB IS THE LATEST AND MOST TERRIBLE STEP IN THE CRESCENDO OF WARFARE WHICH HAS CHANGED WAR FROM A FIGHT BETWEEN MEN AND NATIONS TO A MASS MURDER OF HUMAN LIFE," THE STATEMENT SAID.

"MAN'S REBELLION AGAINST HIS CREATOR HAS REACHED SUCH A POINT THAT, UNLESS STAYED, IT WILL BRING SELF DESTRUCTION UPON HIM. X X X

"LET EACH PONDER IN HIS CONSCIENCE, BE HE STATESMAN OR SCIENTIST OR ORDINARY CITIZEN, HOW FAR HIS OWN ACTION OR ATTITUDE CONTRIBUTES TO THE DANGER OF WORLD SUICIDE, AND WHAT HE MUST DO TO PREVENT IT, AND TO BRING THE NATIONS TO UNDERSTAND AND SERVE ONE ANOTHER."

THE STATEMENT SAID THAT AS "REPRESENTATIVES OF CHRISTIAN CHURCHES WE APPEAL FOR A GIGANTIC NEW EFFORT FOR PEACE. X X X WE URGE THE GOVERNMENTS TO ENTER INTO NEGOTIATIONS ONCE AGAIN, AND TO DO EVERYTHING IN THEIR POWER TO BRING THE PRESENT TRAGIC DEADLOCK TO AN END."

DR. G.K.A. BELL, BISHOP OF CHICHESTER, ENGLAND, WAS CHAIRMAN OF THE THREE-DAY MEETING. REPRESENTATIVES FROM THE UNITED STATES INCLUDED DR. G. BROMLEY OXNAM, NEW YORK AREA METHODIST BISHOP; MRS. LESLIE J. SWAIN, CRAIGSVILLE, MASS., OF THE NORTHERN BAPTIST CONVENTION; DR. CHARLES P. TAFT OF CINCINNATI, OHIO, FORMER CHAIRMAN OF THE FEDERAL COUNCIL OF CHURCHES OF CHRIST IN AMERICA.

JR838AES

A219

NIGHT LEAD MANSTEIN (110)

HAMBURG, GERMANY, FEB. 24-(AP)-LT.GEN.SIR CHARLES KEIGHTLY, BRITISH ARMY COMMANDER IN GERMANY, REDUCED THE WAR CRIMES SENTENCE OF GERMAN FIELD MARSHAL ERICH VON MANSTEIN TODAY FROM 18 YEARS TO 12.

VON MANSTEIN, 62-YEAR-OLD GERMAN ARMY COMMANDER IN POLAND AND RUSSIA, WAS CONVICTED IN DECEMBER BY A BRITISH MILITARY COURT AFTER A FOUR-MONTHS TRIAL. HE WAS ACCUSED OF CAUSING THE DEATHS OF THOUSANDS OF PRISONERS OF WAR, JEWS, GYPSIES AND RUSSIAN CIVILIANS, AND WAS CONVICTED ON NINE OF THE 17 COUNTS OF THE INDICTMENT.

THE MARSHAL HAD PLEADED THAT HE WAS CARRYING OUT THE ORDERS OF HIS SUPERIORS. HE WAS PICTURED BY HIS BRITISH DEFENSE COUNSEL AS "THE HERO OF THE GERMAN PEOPLE." THE LAWYER, R.T.PAGET, FILED A PETITION IN JANUARY FOR A REDUCTION IN THE SENTENCE.

FD211PES FEB 24 1950

A68

HAMBURG, GERMANY, FEB.24-(AP)-THE SENTENCE OF FORMER GERMAN FIELD MARSHAL ERICH VON MANSTEIN, IMPRISONED ON WAR CRIMESCHARGES, WAS REDUCED FROM 18 TO 12 YEARS IMPRISONMENT, THE BRITISH ARMY ANNOUNCED TODAY.

THE FORMER FIELD MARSHAL WAS SENTENCED LAST DECEMBER FOR ALLEGED ATROCITIES BY HIS GERMAN TROOPS IN POLAND AND RUSSIA. AT THE TIME GERMAN NEWSPAPERS ALMOST UNANIMOUSLY CRITICZED THE SENTENCE.

more

THE STATEMENT SAID LT.GEN.SIR CHARLES KEIGHTLY, COMMANDER OF THE BRITISH ARMY OF THE RHINE, HAD CONFIRMED THE FINDING OF THE COURT, BUT KNOCKED SIX YEARS OFF THE SENTENCE.

AT THE TIME OF HIS SENTENCING, THE HALF-BLIND FORMER MARSHAL, WHO IS 62, HAD REFUSED TO PLEAD FOR MERCY.

THE DECISION TO TRY THE GERMAN FIELD MARSHAL AFTER SUCH A LENGTHY IMPRISONMENT HAD AROUSED MUCH CONTROVERSY IN BRITAIN. WARTIME PRIME MINISTER WINSTON CHURCHILL WAS AMONG THE PROMINENT BRITONS TO SUBSCRIBE TO A FUND TO PROVIDE ENGLISH COUNSEL TO DEFEND HIM.

THE BRITISH STATEMENT SAID THE DECISION WAS CONVEYED TO VON MANSTEIN THIS MORNING.

VON MANSTEIN, WHO WAS DESCRIBED BY HIS BRITISH DEFENSE COUNSEL AS "THE HERO OF THE GERMAN PEOPLE" WAS FOUND GUILTY OF CAUSING THE DEATH OF THOUSANDS OF PRISONERS OF WAR, JEWS, GYPSIES AND OTHER RUSSIAN CIVILIANS.

JS950AES

A121 (120)

BERLIN, FEB. 24-(AP)-EAST GERMANY'S POWERFUL COMMUNIST CHIEFTAIN, WALTER ULBRICHT, LEFT TODAY FOR RUSSIA ON WHAT WAS OFFICIALLY DESCRIBED AS A VACATION FOR HEALTH REASONS.

RELIABLE POLITICAL CIRCLES SAID THE MAIN PURPOSE OF THE TRIP BY EAST GERMANY'S DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER IS TO CONFER WITH THE KREMLIN ON FURTHER ACTION AGAINST THE WESTERN OCCUPATION POWERS.

HIS DEPARTURE WITH HIS WIFE BY RUSSIAN PLANE CAME JUST A WEEK AFTER COMMUNIST PRIME MINISTER OTTO GROTEWOHL RETURNED FROM A "REST CURE" IN THE SOVIET UNION.

THE TIME TABLE FOR A SEPARATE RUSSIAN PEACE TREATY FOR THE EAST GERMAN REPUBLIC, CLAIMING TO REPRESENT ALL GERMANY, IS EXPECTED TO BE DISCUSSED IN DETAIL BY ULBRICHT.

COMMUNIST PROPAGANDA IS THREATENING SERIOUS EMBARASSMENT FOR THE WESTERN HIGH COMMISSIONS BY ITS CONTINUED MONOPOLY OF SLOGANS FOR A UNITED GERMANY, AN IMMEDIATE PEACE TREATY AND QUICK WITHDRAWAL OF OCCUPATION ARMIES.

RW1007AES

FEB 24 1950

A80

(130)

BERLIN, FEB. 24-(AP)-THE RUSSIANS SLACKENED THEIR GRIP ON BERLIN TRAFFIC TODAY TO CLEAR BERLIN-BOUND TRUCKS AND RELEASE WEST GERMAN BARGES CARRYING SCRAP METAL TO HAMBURG.

TRUCKS FROM THE WEST GERMAN ZONE WERE PASSING THROUGH THE SOVIET CHECKPOINT AT HELMSTEDT THIS MORNING AT BETTER THAN THE NORMAL RATE OF 16 AN HOUR. THERE WAS A BACKLOG OF ONLY 45 AT DAWN, COMPARED WITH 100 DURING SOVIET DELAYS YESTERDAY.

U.S. TRANSPORT CHIEF C.A. DIX REPORTED THREE WEST GERMAN BARGES LOADED WITH SCRAP IRON FROM WEST BERLIN TO HAMBURG WERE RELEASED LAST NIGHT AFTER BEING SEIZED BY SOVIET OFFICIALS AT BRANDENBURG.

BUT FOUR EAST GERMAN BARGES WITH SIMILAR CARGOES BOUND FOR WEST GERMANY WERE STILL DETAINED. DIX SAID THE FOUR CRAFT PRESUMABLY WERE SUSPECTED OF SMUGGLING SCRAP FROM THE RUSSIAN ZONE, WHICH IS SUFFERING A METAL FAMINE.

JR815AES

A84

BERLIN, FEB. 24-(AP)-THE OFFICIAL U.S. NEWSPAPER NEUE ZEITUNG SAID TODAY THAT THE RED ARMY SOON WILL GIVE ADVANCED MILITARY TRAINING IN RUSSIA TO PICKED RECRUITS OF THE EAST GERMAN POLICE.

THE FIRST CONTINGENT OF STUDENTS FROM THE POLICE SCHOOL AT PRENZLAU WILL LEAVE FOR THE SOVIET UNION IN A FEW DAYS, THE AMERICAN ORGAN SAID.

JR722AES

A99

FRANKFURT, GERMANY, FEB.24-(AP)-U.S. ARMY HEADQUARTERS DISCLOSED TONIGHT THAT 11 AMERICAN SOLDIERS HAVE BEEN ARRESTED IN CONNECTION WITH SIX DIFFERENT ATTACKS IN GERMANY.

FIVE NEGROES ARE BEING HELD IN MANNHEIM ON SUSPICION OF BEING INVOLVED IN THREE INCIDENTS OF RAPE, ASSAULT AND ROBBERY. NO CHARGES HAVE BEEN FILED PENDING FURTHER INVESTIGATION.

FOUR OTHER SOLDIERS IN MANNHEIM WILL BE TRIED ON CHARGES OF KILLING A GERMAN MAN WITH THEIR FISTS AND INJURING ANOTHER.

TWO SOLDIERS IN STUTTGART ARE CHARGED WITH ATTACKING TWO GERMAN WOMEN AND STEALING A RING AND WITH ATTEMPTING TO ROB A MAN.

JB1030PES

FEB 24 1950

B95 (Q)

FRANKFURT, GERMANY, FEB 24-(AP)-THE U.S. AIR FORCE TODAY IDENTIFIED A PILOT KILLED IN A PLANE CRASH FEB.21, AT BALKHAUSEN, GERMANY, AS 2ND LT. MAX L. ELLIS OF (129 WEST FIRST ST.) REXBURG, IDAHO.

ELLIS WAS KILLED WHEN HIS F-47 THUNDERBOLT FIGHTER PLUMMETED TO THE GROUND SHORTLY AFTER HE ENTERED A CLOUD FORMATION. HE WAS ON A ROUTINE TRAINING FLIGHT.

SURVIVORS INCLUDE HIS FATHER, OSCAR C. ELLIS OF REXBURG.

M717AES

Frankfurt, Germany Feb. 24 -(ap)- The U.S. Provost marshal's office today warned all american personnel to guard their passports and official documents. Thieves want the official papers more than money, officials said.

FEB 24 1950

The warning came after the arrest this week of a 24-year old

Russian woman accused of being a soviet agent.

Authorities ordered a widespread search in the u.s. headquarters city of heidelburg seeking document-robbers.

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They said they are trying to determine whether the russian woman arrested is the same woman employed as a maid by several officers and who later disappeared with documents.

THESE THREE INTEND TO REMAIN HERE "AS LONG AS POSSIBLE" IN ORDER TO TURN THE WORK OF THE CHURCH OVER TO CZECH CONVERTS, WHO NUMBER ABOUT 250 THROUGHOUT THE COUNTRY.

JOHNSON AND ABBOTT WERE ARRESTED AS THEY TRAVELED THROUGH MORAVIA TO VISIT CHURCH MEMBERS LIVING NEAR THE POLISH BORDER. THE CZECH FOREIGN MINISTRY, WHICH ANNOUNCED THEY HAD BEEN ARRESTED ONLY TWO WEEKS AGO, HAD NOT STATED WHERE THE MEN HAD BEEN HELD. NOR HAD IT ELABORATED ON THE CHARGES AGAINST THEM.

WESTERN SOURCES HAD SPECULATED THE MEN MIGHT HAVE PAID TOO FREQUENT VISITS TO CHURCH MEMBERS LIVING IN INDUSTRIAL AREAS OR NEAR MINES AND THUS BECAME SUSPECT.

AMERICANS WHO WERE AT THE AIRPORT TO SEE THE MORMONS OFF SAID THEY LOOKED IN GOOD PHYSICAL CONDITION EXCEPT THAT THEY NEEDED SHAVES.

THESE AMERICAN AUTHORITIES QUOTED JOHNSON AND ABBOTT AS SAYING THEY HAD "GOT ENOUGH TO EAT AND WERE NOT MISTREATED" DURING THEIR INCARCERATION.

RW1004AES and - Prague (Day) xxx country.

A82

PRAGUE, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, FEB. 24-(AP)-THE CONTROLLED PRESS COMPALINS THAT FARMERS HAVEN'T DELIVERED ENOUGH EGGS TO THE GOVERNMENT THIS YEAR TO MAKE AN OMELET.

THE NEWSPAPER LIDOVA DEMOKRACIE SAID THAT THE EGG QUOTA IN THE SLOVAKIAN REGION OF KOSICE WAS FULFILLED IN THE FIRST SIX WEEKS OF THIS YEAR BY ONLY 0.5 PER CENT.

"THERE ARE SEVEN SOME DISTRICTS WHICH DURING THE LAST SEVEN WEEKS DID NOT DELIVER A SINGLE E

FEB 24 1950

"THERE ARE EVEN SOME DISTRICTS WHICH DURING THE LAST SEVEN WEEKS DID NOT DELIVER A SINGLE EGG," THE PAPER SAID. " ONE OF THE RICHEST DISTRICTS, TREBISOV, DELIVERED ONLY SEVENTY EGGS AND THIS DISTRICT HAS TO DELIVER 1,400,000 EGGS THIS YEAR."

JR818AES

A80AX INSERT

(NM) VIENNA--F[redacted]D SECOND NIGHT LEAD KARPE (A73) X X LAST STOP.

(AT DELHI, LA., KARPE'S BROTHER-IN-LAW, WILLIAM P.CRAWFORD, SAID TODAY THE CAPTAIN TOLD FRIENDS WHEN HE WAS HOME ON LEAVE LAST OCTOBER THAT "I SURE HATE TO GO BACK BECAUSE THEY ARE ALWAYS WATCHING EVERY MOVE I MAKE."

(CRAWFORD SAID IN HIS OPINION KARPE'S REFERENCE TO "THEY" MEANT THE COMMUNISTS.

(MRS.GEORGE KOUTEZKY (CQ), A SISTER, SAID KARPE "HAD NEVER MENTIONED THE VOGELERS TO US IN ANY WAY."

("IN FACT," SHE ADDED, "HE DIDN'T TALK OF HIS WORK AT ALL, EXCEPT TO SAY THAT CONDITIONS WERE VERY BAD OVERRRRRRRRR

TO SAY THAT CONDITIONS WERE VERY BAD OVER THERE.")

FEB 24 1950

CAPT.KARPE, 45, ETC., 4TH GRAF A223.

CT83///CT931PES

BY ENDRE MARTON (350)

BUDAPEST, HUNGARY, FEB. 24-(AP)-HUNGARY DEMANDED LAST NIGHT THAT BRITAIN AND THE UNITED STATES REDUCE THEIR DIPLOMATIC STAFFS HERE, CHARGING THEY HAD BEEN IMPLICATED IN THE SPY TRIAL OF ROBERT A. VOGELER.

(IN LONDON, DIPLOMATIC OFFICIALS REGARDED THE HUNGARIAN DEMAND WAS A MOVE TO GET THE JUMP ON POSSIBLE AMERICAN AND BRITISH RETALIATION FOR THE CONVICTION OF AMERICAN BUSINESSMAN VOGELER AND HIS BRITISH ASSISTANT EDGAR SANDERS. THEY SAID THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN WERE CONSIDERING THE POSSIBILITY OF BREAKING OFF RELATIONS WITH HUNGARY.)

THE HUNGARIAN GOVERNMENT CHARGED THE TWO LEGATIONS WITH HIRING HUNGARIAN "ENEMIES" OF THE COMMUNIST-LED REGIME.

VOGELER, ASSISTANT VICE PRESIDENT AND EUROPEAN REPRESENTATIVE OF THE INTERNATIONAL TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY, WAS SENTENCED BY A HUNGARIAN PEOPLES COURT TUESDAY TO 15 YEARS IN PRISON ON CHARGES OF ESPIONAGE AND SABOTAGE. SANDERS WAS SENTENCED TO 13 YEARS. BOTH MADE CONFESSIONS THEY WERE AGENTS OF AMERICAN AND BRITISH INTELLIGENCE SERVICES.

NOTES SENT TO THE TWO LEGATIONS HERE SAID THE NUMBER OF THEIR DIPLOMATIC PERSONNEL "GREATLY EXCEEDS THEIR PREWAR NUMBER". THEY SAID EVIDENCE AT THE VOGELER TRIAL SHOWED "THE PURPOSES SERVED BY THE MAINTENANCE OF SUCH DISPROPORTIONATELY LARGE STAFFS."

HUNGARY ALSO ASKED THE TWO COUNTRIES TO RECONSIDER "COUNTER-MEASURES TAKEN BY THE GOVERNMENTS OF THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN AS RETALIATION."

THE STATE DEPARTMENT ORDERED THE CLOSING OF TWO HUNGARIAN CONSULATES IN THE UNITED STATES AND BANNED TRAVEL OF AMERICAN CITIZENS TO HUNGARY SHORDTLY AFTER VOGELER WAS ARRESTED LAST NOV. 18. BRITAIN BROKE OFF TRADE TALKS WITH HUNGARY WHEN SANDERS WAS ARRESTED.

THE HUNGARIAN NOTES DECLARED: "IT HAS BEEN PROVED THAT SEVERAL OFFICIALS OF THE UNITED STATES AND BRITISH LEGATIONS IN BUDAPEST TOOK AN ACTIVE PART IN THE SUBVERSIVE WORK OF THE GROUP OF SABOTEURS AND SPIES."

BOTH VOGELER AND SANDERS HAD TESTIFIED THEY FORWARDED MILITARY, ECONOMIC AND POLITICAL INFORMATION TO THEIR RESPECTIVE INTELLIGENCE SERVICES THROUGH THEIR LEGATIONS HERE.

THE NOTES SAID THE AMERICAN LEGATION EMPLOYES 103 HUNGARIAN CITIZENS AND THE BRITISH LEGATION 43, CHARGING THAT THE MAJORITY OF THEM ARE "PARTISANS OF THE LATE FASCIST REGIME."

FW/SJ610AES

2101 C

TEL AVIV, ISRAEL, FEB. 24-(AP)-ISRAEL AND EGYPT SIGNED AN AGREEMENT TODAY IN WHICH EACH NATION TOOK HALF OF A NO MAN'S COASTAL STRIP, NORTH OF GAZA.

THE MOVE WAS DESIGNED TO IMPROVE THE SECURITY OF BOTH NATIONS. THE 25-SQUARE MILE TERRITORY FORMERLY SEPARATING EGYPTIAN AND ISRAELI FORCES HAD BEEN AN ACTIVITY CENTER FOR INFILTRATORS AND A POTENTIAL DANGER SPOT.

IN THE FIRST TERRITORIAL CHANGE SINCE THE ISRAEL-EGYPTIAN ARMISTICE WAS SIGNED A YEAR AGO, A SINGLE DEMARCATION LINE WILL NOW RUN WESTWARD TO THE COAST IN THE AREA LYING BETWEEN BEIT HANUN AND DEIR SUNEID. ISRAEL TAKES THE NORTHERN SECTION, EGYPT THE SOUTHERN.

KA1214PES

A36KX

EDITORS:

TAIPEI--NIGHT LEAD CHINESE (A231KX) INSERT AFTER TWELFTH GRAF "THE OFFICIAL X X X LONG-STANDING QUARREL."

(IN NEW YORK, HOWEVER, A SOURCE CLOSE TO LI DENIED HE INTENDED TO GIVE UP THE ACTING PRESIDENCY AND SAID LI'S LATEST WORD FROM FORMOSA INDICATED RUMORS OF A POLITICAL CRISIS THERE WERE DISAPPEARING.

(THE BEST INFORMATION IN CHINESE CIRCLES IN NEW YORK WAS THAT LI INTENDED TO GO TO FORMOSA TO RESUME SERVING AS ACTING PRESIDENT, BUT THERE WAS NO INDICATION WHEN.

(HONG KONG OBSERVERS X X X 13TH GRAF.

THE AP

SD541PCS

A48

SINGAPORE, FEB.24-(AP)-MALAYAN SECURITY FORCES SAID TODAY RED RAIDERS KILLED 23 PERSONS IN A SURPRISE ASSAULT YESTERDAY ON THE MUAR POLICE STATION IN JOHORE STATE, 75 MILES NORTH OF SINGAPORE. THE VICTIMS WERE 19 POLICE, THREE POLICEMENS' WIVES AND A CHILD.

LS557AES

FEB 24 1950

RANGOON, BURMA, FEB.24-(AP)-GOVERNMENT FORCES REPORTED TODAY THEY ARE ADVANCING, WITH THE SUPPORT OF TANKS, ARMORED CARS AND THE BURMA AIR FORCE, AGAINST THE KAREN REBEL CAPITAL AT TOUNGOO.

THAT JUNCTION CITY 180 MILES NORTH OF RANGOON IS THE LAST REMAINING BASTION OF THE KAREN TRIBESMEN. THEY TOOK IT FROM THE GOVERNMENT GARRISON A YEAR AGO AND PROCLAIMED IT THE CAPITAL OF THE INDEPENDENT KAREN STATE THEY ARE FIGHTING FOR.

AN ARMY SPOKESMAN SAID GOVERNMENT FORCES HAVE REACHED A POINT EIGHT MILES SOUTH OF TOUNGOO AND FOUND KARENS RETREATING SO FAST THEY WERE UNABLE TO BLOW UP BRIDGES AND WERE ABANDONING EQUIPMENT, INCLUDING LIGHT ARMORED VEHICLES.

JM718PES

A124KX (WEST OUT L (120)

PRECEDE TAIPEI

HONG KONG,SATURDAY, FEB. 25-(AP)-TWO CHINESE NATIONALIST FIGHTER PLANES STRAFED A COMMUNIST CUSTOMS CONVOY YESTERDAY ONLY 100 YARDS FROM THE BORDER OF THIS BRITISH CROWN COLONY.

THE RAIDERS DESTROYED 13 TRUCKS CARRYING GASOLINE AND RUBBER TO CANTON. POLICE SAID TWO OF SEVEN CHINESE KILLED WERE COMMUNIST SOLDIERS.

OBSERVERS HERE SAID THE USE OF TRUCKS WAS AN INDICATION BUSINESS MEN ARE LOSING FAITH IN RED RAIL TRANSPORT TO CANTON FROM HONG KONG BECAUSE OF FREQUENT NATIONALIST AIR RAIDS ON THE CANTON-KOWLOON LINE.

CHINESE REPORTS SAID NATIONALIST PLANES MADE TWO OTHER ATTACKS YESTERDAY BETWEEN CANTON AND HONG KONG, DAMAGING TWO LOCOMOTIVES NEAR SHUMCHUN.

THEY ALSO SAID NATIONALIST PLANES UNSUCCESSFULLY ATTACKED THE BRIDGE AT SHEKLUNG WHICH CONNECTS THE CANTON-KOWLOON RAILWAY WITH THE EAST RIVER APPROACHES TO CANTON.

FJ1107PCS

B49KX

TOKYO,FEB.24-(AP)-AMERICANS AND OTHER FOREIGNERS LAST NIGHT HELPED THE RUSSIANS CELEBRATE RED ARMY DAY BY SWIGGING VODKA AND EATING CAVIAR.

THE RUSSIANS WERE ALL GRINS AND GOOD FELLOWSHIP. THE GUESTS GRINNED ALSO, BUT UNCERTAINLY AT TIMES.

MAJ.GEN.CHARLES WILLOUGHBY, INTELLIGENCE OFFICER FOR GENERAL MACARTHUR, DRANK SEVERAL TOASTS WITH RUSSIAN LT.GEN.KUZMA DEREVYANKO, HEAD OF THE RUSSIAN MISSION HERE.

AMONG THE GUESTS WERE AMERICANS, AUSTRALIANS, BRITISH, FRENCH, INDIANS, SWISS AND BELGIANS.

DV547ACS NM

FEB 24 1950

TOKYO,FEB.24-(AP)-NINETY JAPANESE SUSPECTED OF WAR CRIMES WILL SAIL FOR MANUS ISLAND NORTH OF NEW GUINEA TOMORROW FOR TRIAL BY AUSTRALIAN MILITARY TRIBUNAL.

INCLUDED ARE GEN.MASATAKE YAMAWAKI, JAPANESE COMMANDER OF NORTH BORNEO; VICE ADM.YAICHIRO SHIBATA, COMMANDER OF THE SECOND SOUTH SEAS EXPEDITIONARY FLEET; REAR ADM.KAIKUMATSU TANAKA OF THE JAPANESE BASE FORCE AT SOERABAJA; REAR ADM.SHINZABURO HASE OF THE NAVAL FORCE IN NEW GUINEA AND GEN.FUSATARO TESHIMA, COMMANDER OF THE JAPANESE SECOND ARMY IN DUTCH NEW GUINEA.

GEN.HITOSHI IMAMURA, WHO RECENTLY WAS RETURNED TO JAPAN FROM INDONESIA TO SERVE 10 YEARS FOR ATROCITIES COMMITTED BY HIS COMMAND, ASKED TO ACCOMPANY THE GROUP. HE SAID HE WISHED TO SERVE HIS TERM WITH HIS MEN RATHER THAN SPEND TIME IN SUGAMO PRISON IN JAPAN. HIS REQUEST WAS GRANTED.

VR706ACS NM

TOKYO, SATURDAY, FEB. 25-(AP)-LT. ANTONE VAITONIS OF ABBOTSFORD, WIS., WAS INJURED SERIOUSLY TUESDAY IN THE CRASH OF AN ARMY LIAISON PLANE HE WAS PILOTING, IT WAS ANNOUNCED TODAY.

HIS COMPANION, LT. D. L. SEEVER OF ALMENA, KAS., ALSO WAS INJURED BUT HE WALKED TO NEARBY KARINUMA. THERE HE COLLAPSED AND IT WAS SEVERAL HOURS BEFORE HE WAS REVIVED AND REPORTED THE CRASH.

MISAWA AIR BASE SENT RESCUE PLANES TO KARINUMA, THE WRONG KARINUMA, BUT IT WAS A TOWN OF THE SAME NAME 10 MILES AWAY.

VAITONIS FINALLY WAS BROUGHT ON A HORSE-DRAWN SLED AND LATER ON A TRACTOR TO A POINT WHERE AN AMBULANCE COULD TRAVEL.

FJ1142PCS

FEB 24 1950

B55 (Q)
FX

JAKARTA, INDONESIA, FEB 24-(AP)-A NETHERLANDS ARMY COMMUNIQUE CONFIRMED TODAY REPORTS THAT ONE OF ITS SOLDIERS WAS KILLED NEAR BEKASI, EAST OF HERE, YESTERDAY WHEN INDONESIAN TROOPS OPENED FIRE ON A DUTCH ARMY CONVOY.

AN ARMY INFORMANT SAID THE CONVOY HAD RECEIVED PERMISSION TO PASS THROUGH AN INDONESIAN CHECKPOINT WHEN GUARDS OPENED FIRE SUDDENLY WITH A BREN GUN. THE CONVOY WAS PROTECTED BY ARMORED CARS AT THE FRONT AND REAR BUT THERE WAS NO REPORT THAT THE DUTCH RETURNED THE FIRE.

M71SAES

FEB 24 1950

JAKARTA, INDONESIA, FEB 24-(AP)-A GOVERNMENT SPOKESMAN SAID TODAY INDONESIA IS CONSIDERING "CERTAIN MEASURES TO ALLEVIATE THE CURRENT SHORTAGE OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE."

THE SPOKESMAN ADDED, HOWEVER, THAT THE MINISTER OF FINANCE HAD "NO INTENTION FOR THE TIME BEING" OF ALTERING EXISTING REGULATIONS ON FOREIGN CURRENCY EXCHANGE RATES.

HE DISPUTED SOME PRESS REPORTS WHICH HAD INDICATED THE DUTCH PROBABLY WOULD BE DISAPPOINTED IN THE MEASURES INDONESIA WOULD TAKE ON THE ISSUE. HE SAID THE NETHERLANDS HIGH COMMISSIONER "WILL ALWAYS BE CONSULTED BEFORE SUCH MEASURES ARE TAKEN."

M721AES

B40 (Q)

SYDNEY, AUSTRALIA, FEB.24-(AP)-THE NEW SOUTH WALES STATE SUPREME COURT CUT THE THREE-YEAR SENTENCE OF COMMUNIST PARTY CHIEF LAURENCE L. SHARKEY TO 18 MONTHS TODAY AFTER DECIDING THE PENALTY T

KVL

SEVERE.

FEB 24 1950

L. SHARKEY TO 18 MONTHS TODAY AFTER DECIDING THE PENALTY WAS TOO SEVERE.

SHARKEY WAS CONVICTED AND JAILED LAST OCTOBER ON CHARGES OF SEDITION ARISING OUT OF A PUBLIC DECLARATION HE MADE THAT AUSTRALIAN WORKERS WOULD WELCOME SOVIET TROOPS IF THEY ENTERED AUSTRALIA IN PURSUIT OF AGGRESSORS.

SHARKEY'S APPEAL OF THE CONVICTION WAS UPHELD EARLIER BY THE HIGH COURT. THE SUPREME COURT RULED IT HAD NO JURISDICTION TO ACT ON THE CONVICTION BUT HEARD SHARKEY'S APPEAL AGAINST THE SEVERITY OF THE SENTENCE.

MK555AES

CANBERRA, AUSTRALIA, FEB 24-(AP)-PRIME MINISTER ROBERT G. MENZIES TOLD PARLIAMENT TODAY AUSTRALIA SOON WOULD TRY 120 JAPANESE ON CHARGES OF WAR CRIMES. HE DEPLORED THE FACT MANY OTHER JAPANESE SUSPECTS HAD BEEN HELD TOO LONG WITHOUT TRIAL.

MENZIES, WHO TOOK OFFICE IN DECEMBER, EXPRESSED DEEP CONCERN OVER THE DISCOVERY THAT MANY JAPANESE HAD BEEN IMPRISONED AFTER THE WAR WITHOUT TRIAL FOR PERIODS RANGING FROM SIX MONTHS TO OVER TWO YEARS. HE SAID THE DELAYS VIOLATED THE FUNDAMENTAL CONCEPTS OF THE BRITISH CONCEPTION OF JUSTICE.

OUTLINING A POLICY TOWARD JAPANESE WAR CRIMINALS, HE SAID HIS GOVERNMENT HAD DECIDED TO RESTRICT TRIALS TO THOSE CHARGED WITH MURDER OR OTHER CRIMES WHICH WOULD MERIT THE DEATH PENALTY.

HE SAID HE BELIEVED THAT IF ENOUGH EVIDENCE AGAINST THE ACCUSED HAD NOT BEEN GATHERED FOUR AND A HALF YEARS AFTER THE WAR THE CASE AGAINST THEM MUST BE SO SPECULATIVE THAT FURTHER IMPRISONMENT WITHOUT TRIAL WAS UNJUSTIFIED.

HE SAID THE 120 WOULD BE TRIED ON MANUS ISLAND, FORMER U.S. NAVAL BASE IN THE ADMIRALTY ISLANDS NORTH OF NEW GUINEA.

MENZIES DECLARED THAT "WHERE SUSPECTED CRIMINALS WERE RELEASED BECAUSE OF THE PRESENT INABILITY TO ARRAIGN THEM ON SATISFACTORY EVIDENCE, WE RESERVE THE RIGHT TO RE-ARREST THEM SHOULD FRESH MATERIAL APPEAR WHICH SEEMS TO DEMAND PROSECUTION."

HE ADDED THAT GENERAL DOUGLAS MACARTHUR HAD MORE THAN ONCE SOUGHT AUSTRALIA'S ADVICE ON THE PROPOSED RELEASE OF UNTRIED JAPANESE

~~TOUNCUTSNCN8HI~~ ZONE OFN

...MMMMMMMMM

AUSTRALIA'S ADVICE ON THE PROPOSED RELEASE OF UNTRIED JAPANESE SUSPECTS IN HIS ZONE OF OCCUPATION.

M800AES

A119KX

HONOLULU, FEB. 24-(AP)-GEN. GEORGE C. MARSHALL TODAY COMPAREDCOMMUNISM TO A HAWAIIAN SURF RIDER---"JUST RIDING IN ON THE CREST OF A WAVE."

THE FORMER SECRETARY OF STATE AND ARMYCHIEF OF STAFF ADDRESSED A LUNCHEON OF THE AMERICAN RED CROSS, OF WHICH HE IS NATIONAL PRESIDENT:

"THERE IS NO DOUBT IN MY MIND THAT WE ARE IN THE MIDDLE OF A WORLD REVOLTUION---AND I DON'T MEAN COMMUNISM. THEY'RE LIKE YOUR SURF RIDERS HERE; THEY'RE JUST RIDING IN ON THE CREST OF A WAVE.

THE REVOLUTION I'M TALKING ABOUT IS THAT OF THE LITTLE PEOPLE ALL OVER THE WORLD. THEY'RE BEGINNING TO LEARN WHAT THERE IS IN LIFE, AND WHAT THEY'RE MISSING."

FJ1047PCS

Havana, Cuba, Feb. 24 (AP) A western hemisphere center for

of

activities for the United Nations Educational, scientific and cultural

organization (UNESCO) was established here today. Octavio Mendez

Pereira is director.

FEB 24 1950

Headquarters of UNESCO is in Paris.

B25KX (Q)

FEB 24 1950

NORTHWAY,ALASKA,FEB.24-(AP)-A COORDINATED PARACHUTE-GROUND ASSAULT MOPPED UP THE LAST OF AGGRESSOR FORCES YESTERDAY AND BROUGHT AN END TO THE 11-DAY-OLD EXERCISE SWEETBRIAR.

THE CLOSING MANEUVER FOUND 100 MEMBERS OF PRINCESS PATRICIA'S CANADIAN LIGHT INFANTRY DROPPING FROM THE SKIES TO JOIN FORCES WITH HUNDREDS OF CANADIAN AND U.S.GROUND TROOPS IN THE FINAL ATTACK.

CANADA'S DEFENSE MINISTER, BROOKE CLAXTON, AND NUMEROUS GENERALS WERE ON THE SIDELINES AS THE PARATROOPERS, CAMOUFLAGED IN WHITE, SURGED TOWARD THE NORTHWAY AIRSTRIP AFTER LANDING ON AN ICE-COVERED LAKE LESS THAN A MILE AWAY.

LATER, CLAXTON TOLD A PRESS CONFERENCE THAT "PERHAPS THE GREATEST DIRECT RESULT IS THAT 5,000 MEN IN THE U.S.AND CANADIAN FORCES NOW HAVE PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE OF HOW TO OPERATE IN THE ARCTIC."

DV333ACS

WITH THE NEW BLAST AT THE SATELLITES, ACHESON COUPLED SHARP CRITICISM OF SOVIET RUSSIA WHICH HE SAID HAS "BLOCKED" THE PROLONGED NEGOTIATIONS WITH THE U.S. AND BRITAIN ON TERMS OF AN AUSTRIAN PEACE TREATY. cdd - wx - Acheson - xxx terms

"IT IS CLEAR THAT THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT, FOR REASONS WHICH IT DOES NOT DISCLOSE, HAS NO INTENTION OF CONCLUDING THE AUSTRIAN TREATY AT THIS TIME, DESPITE THE FACT THAT IT AND THE WESTERN GOVERNMENTS HAVE REPEATEDLY REACHED 'AGREEMENTS' WHICH, IF CARRIED OUT IN GOOD FAITH, WOULD HAVE PERMITTED CONCLUSION OF THE TREATY LONG AGO," HE DECLARED.

V619PES

A71 WX

ACHESON-COMMUNISTS

WASHINGTON,FEB.24-(AP)-SECRETARY ACHESON SAID TODAY THE STATE DEPARTMENT WILL COOPERATE "IN EVERY PRACTICABLE WAY" WITH THE SENATE COMMITTEE WHICH IS TO INVESTIGATE CHARGES THERE ARE COMMUNISTS EMPLOYED BY THE DEPARTMENT.

HE ALSO REPEATED TO A NEWS CONFERENCE WHAT HE HAS SAID BEFORE--THAT THERE IS NO ONE IN THE DEPARTMENT WHO HAS BEEN FOUND TO BE DISLOYAL.

V856PES

FEB 24 1950

LODGE NOTED THAT TWO MASSACHUSETTS TEXTILE FIRMS HAVE HAD TO SHUT DOWN, BUT CONCEDED THAT BRITISH TEXTILE IMPORTS WERE NOT ALTOGETHER RESPONSIBLE.

A67WX ccc - WX - ECA - xxx deficit.

W.JOHN KENNEY, HEAD OF THE ECA MISSION TO BRITAIN, TOLD THE SENATORS THAT ENGLAND IS EXPECTED TO EARN ABOUT THREE-FOURTHS OF THE DOLLARS SHE NEEDS IN THE COMING YEAR.

KENNEY SAID THE UNITED KINGDOM HAS BUILT UP HER EXPORTS TO THE UNITED STATES TO 114 PERCENT OF THE 1938 LEVEL.

"A FURTHER SUBSTANTIAL INCREASE IN DOLLAR EXPORTS IS EXPECTED IN THE NEXT TWO YEARS," HE SAID.

O.R.STRACKBEIN, CHAIRMAN OF THE NATIONAL LABOR-MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN TRADE POLICY, ISSUED A STATEMENT MEANWHILE ATTACKING THE ADMINISTRATION'S PLAN TO FIND AMERICAN MARKETS FOR AN ADDITIONAL $1,000,000,000 WORTH OF EUROPEAN GOODS ANNUALLY.

STRACKBEIN SAID THE COMPETITION FROM EUROPE COULD "BRING DOWN THE ECONOMIC ROOF ON OUR HEADS," AND DECLARED:

"IT FORESHADOWS THE GROWTH OF GHOST TOWNS AND GHOST REGIONS IN OUR INDUSTRIAL CENTERS."

V845PES

(480) FAR EAST

FEB 24 1950

BY EDWARD E. BOMAR

WASHINGTON, FEB.24-(AP)-AMERICAN OFFICIAL PLANS FOR BLOCKING COMMUNISM IN THE FAR EAST UNFOLDED TODAY.

A SPECIAL MISSION HEADED BY R. ALLEN GRIFFIN--A MONTEREY, CALIF., PUBLISHER WITH WIDE EXPERIENCE IN ASIA--WILL LEAVE EARLY NEXT WEEK ON A HURRIED TRIP TO SURVEY THE COLD WAR NEEDS OF MALAYA, THAILAND, INDONESIA, BURMA AND VIETNAM.

THE LAST-MENTIONED IS A NEW STATE IN INDOCHINA, WHICH PROMISES TO BECOME A COLD WAR BATTLEGROUND NOW THAT MOSCOW AND COMMUNIST CHINA ARE OPENLY BACKING HO CHIMINH AGAINST THE FRENCH-SUPPORTED REGIMES WHICH ARE RECOGNIZED BY THE UNITED STATES AND MOST OF WESTERN EUROPE.

YESTERDAY'S STATE DEPARTMENT ANNOUNCEMENT SAID THE GRIFFIN MISSION'S PURPOSE IS TO "PREPARE THE WAY FOR THE MOST EXPEDITIOUS AND EFFICIENT USE OF WHATEVER TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE FUNDS MAY BECOME AVAILABLE.

INFORMED OFFICIALS SAID U.S. GOVERNMENT LOANS AND MILITARY ASSISTANCE ALSO FIGURE AS A POSSIBILITY IN THE SURVEY, UNDER ADMINISTRATION PLANS TO HELP RESTORE STABILITY AND SECURITY TO THE FREE NATIONS AND COLONIAL AREAS OF SOUTHEAST ASIA.

THE SURVEY WAS ANNOUNCED AFTER SECRETARY OF STATE ACHESON TOLD THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE THAT A SUBSTANTIAL FAR EASTERN AID PROGRAM IS CONTEMPLATED. HOWEVER, HE SAID, IT WOULD FALL SHORT OF BEING A "MARSHALL PLAN FOR ASIA."

ACHESON SAID THE STATE DEPARTMENT IS "LOOKING HOPEFULLY" FOR A SPONTANEOUS ASIATIC POLITICAL AND ECONOMIC MOVEMENT WHICH MIGHT TURN TO THE U.S. FOR SUPPORT.

THAT BROUGHT A CRITICAL RESPONSE FROM SENATOR H. ALEXANDER SMITH (R-NJ). FOLLOWING ACHESONSS APPEARANCE, SMITH TOLD A REPORTER THE STATE DEPARTMENT SHOULD TAKE "POSITIVE AND DYNAMIC" ACTION IN SOUTHEAST ASIA INSTEAD OF FOLLOWING A POLICY OF "DYNAMIC NEGATIVISM."

SMITH SAID THAT WHILE THE DEPARTMENT ACTIVELY PROMOTED THE CREATION OF THE EUROPEAN RECOVERY PROGRAM, THE SAME POSITIVE APPROACH IS NOT BEING MADE TO COMBAT COMMUNISM IN THE FAR EAST.

UNDER THE PROGRAM SEEN EMERGING FROM ACHESON'S STATEMENTS AND THE CREATION OF THE GRIFFIN MISSION, THESE APPARENTLY WOULD BE THE MAJOR SOURCES OF POSSIBLE AMERICAN AID:

1. THE SPECIAL $75,000,000 (M) ARMS FUND VOTED PRESIDENT TRUMAN

BY CONGRESS LAST YEAR. HE HAS A FREE HAND TO USE IT IN THE GENERAL AREA OF CHINA WITHOUT A FORMAL ACCOUNTING.

FEB 24 1950

B3WX (SEGC)

2. THE POINT FOUR PROGRAM OF TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE WORLD'S UNDEVELOPED AREAS. THE PROGRAM IS NOW PENDING IN CONGRESS.

3. LOANS FROM THE GOVERNMENT'S EXPORT-IMPORT BANK, LIKE THE $100,000,000 CREDIT EARMARKED LAST MONTH FOR INDONESIA.

4. A LIMITED SHARE OF THE MARSHALL PLAN FUNDS VOTED FOR WESTERN EUROPE. FRANCE REPORTEDLY WOULD LIKE TO USE SOME OF ITS RECOVERY DOLLARS IN INDOCHINA. BRITAIN MIGHT DO THE SAME IN MALAYA.

GRIFFIN IS PUBLISHER OF THE MONTEREY PENINSULA HERALD. HE WAS DEPUTY TO ROGER LAPHAM, WHEN THE SAN FRANCISCO MAYOR WAS CHIEF OF THE MARSHALL PLAN MISSION TO CHINA BEFORE THE COMMUNIST SWEEP OF LAST SUMMER.

IN THE NEW SURVEY, GRIFFIN WILL BE ACCOMPANIED BY A SMALL GROUP OF TECHNICAL EXPERTS, AND BY SAMUEL HAYES, AN AIDE OF ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE WILLARD THORP, AND WILLIAM MCAFEE, AN OFFICIAL OF THE STATE DEPARTMENT'S FAR EASTERN BUREAU.

CZ300AES

COMMUNISTS

FEB 24 1950

BY JACK BELL

WASHINGTON, FEB.24-(AP)-REPUBLICANS TODAY THREATENED A COURT FIGHT TO GET SECRET LOYALTY FILES INTO THE HANDS OF A SENATE COMMITTEE ORDERED TO HUNT DOWN ANY COMMUNISTS IN THE STATE DEPARTMENT.

SENATOR WHERRY (R-NEB) TALKED OF PROSECUTING SECRETARY OF STATE ACHESON FOR CONTEMPT, IF NECESSARY.

THE GOP LAWMAKERS SEEMED UNLIKELY TO GET DEMOCRATIC HELP, PARTICULARLY IF SENATOR TYDINGS (D-MD) HEADS THE INQUIRY GROUP.

PRESIDENT TRUMAN MADE CLEAR AT YESTERDAY'S WHITE HOUSE NEWS CONFERENCE THAT THE DEPARTMENT'S LOYALTY FILES WON'T BE GIVEN TO THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE.

THE PRESIDENT NOTIFIED GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENTS LAST YEAR THAT THEY ARE NOT TO RELEASE CONFIDENTIAL FILES ON GOVERNMENT EMPLOYES. HE SAID YESTERDAY HE IS STANDING BY THAT DECISION.

THAT CAST SOME DOUBT ON WHETHER SENATOR MCCARTHY (R-WIS) WILL FURNISH THE COMMITTEE WITH A FULL LIST OF THE 81 PERSONS HE SAID ARE COMMUNISTS WHO EITHER HAD BEEN OR ARE NOW WORKING FOR THE DEPARTMENT.

MCCARTHY SAID HE DOESN'T KNOW WHETHER IT WILL BE WORTHWHILE TO GO AHEAD WITH THE INVESTIGATION IF THE FILES REMAIN LOCKED UP.

THE WISCONSIN SENATOR CALLED THE PRESIDENT'S DECISION "AN OBVIOUS ATTEMPT TO COVER UP COMMUNISTS IN THE STATE DEPARTMENT," ADDING: "THE ADMINISTRATION IS AFRAID TO FACE THE FACTS. I DON'T THINK THE SENATE WILL TAKE THIS AS FINAL."

THE SENATE VOTED PREVIOUSLY TO CLOTHE THE FOREIGN RELATIONS GROUP WITH AUTHORITY TO SUBPOENA THE LOYALTY FILES.

CHAIRMAN CONNALLY (D-TEX) TOLD A REPORTER HE DOESN'T THINK CONGRESS HAS THE POWER TO GET FILES FROM AN EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT. BUT HE FORECAST THAT THE INVESTIGATING SUBCOMMITTEE WILL WORK HARMONIOUSLY WITH THE STATE DEPARTMENT.

THE TEXAN SAID HE WILL CONSULT WITH THE FULL COMMITTEE MONDAY IN

NAMING THE INQUIRY GROUP. TYDINGS MAY BE ITS CHAIRMAN.

MR.TRUMAN TOLD HIS NEWS CONFERENCE HE WILL COOPERATE IN EVERY WAY POSSIBLE TO DISPROVE WHAT HE SAID WERE THE FALSE CHARGES MADE BY MCCARTHY.

MCCARTHY JUMPED ON THAT STATEMENT AS AN INDICATION THAT THE PRESIDENT IS PREJUDGING THE CASE.

AS TO THE DENIAL OF THE FILES, MCCARTHY SAID IN A STATEMENT HE THINKS THE PEOPLE "WILL BE AMAZED AT THE ARROGANCE WITH WHICH THE PRESIDENT IS SERVING NOTICE THAT HE AND HE ALONE IS RUNNING THE COUNTRY."

A6WX

WHERRY SAID IN A STATEMENT THAT THE FOREIGN RELATIONS GROUP OUGHT TO SUBPOENA SECRETARY OF STATE ACHESON TO FORCE HIM TO PRODUCE THE LOYALTY RECORDS.

IF ACHESON DOESN'T COMPLY, THE NEBRASKA SENATOR SAID, HE COULD BE CITED FOR CONTEMPT OF THE SENATE, AND THE CASE COULD BE CARRIED TO THE COURTS TO DECIDE HOW MUCH POWER CONGRESS HAS TO DEMAND RECORDS.

MR.TRUMAN TOLD HIS NEWS CONFERENCE IT'S PRETTY HARD TO SERVE A SUBPOENA ON THE PRESIDENT, AND SOME REPUBLICANS APPARENTLY AGREED.

SENATOR BRICKER (R-OHIO) COMMENTED:

"THE PRESIDENT'S GOT THE U.S. ARMY BEHIND HIM AND THE SUPREM

"THE PRESIDENT'S

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"THE PRESIDENT'S GOT THE U.S. ARMY BEHIND HIM AND THE SUPREME COURT'S ONLY GOT A BAILIFF."

IT WAS OBVIOUS, HOWEVER, THAT MOST OF THE REPUBLICANS BELIEVE MR. TRUMAN WILL FIND HIMSELF AT A POLITICAL DISADVANTAGE IF HE REFUSES TO MAKE AVAILABLE THE FILES WHICH MCCARTHY SAYS WILL PROVE HIS CHARGES THERE ARE COMMUNISTS IN THE STATE DEPARTMENT.

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(450) UN-AMERICAN

BY DOUGLAS B. CORNELL

WASHINGTON, FEB.24-(AP)-AN AGENT WHO INFILTRATED THE COMMUNIST PARTY SAID TODAY HE WILL BE ABLE TO NAME AT LEAST 200 MORE REDS IN NEW YORK, CHICAGO, CLEVELAND, DETROIT AND PITTSBURGH.

MATTHEW CVETIC, FORMER UNDERCOVER MAN FOR THE FBI, TOLD REPORTERS HE CAN PICK THE NAMES OUT OF 80 POUNDS OF DOCUMENTS HE TURNED OVER YESTERDAY TO THE HOUSE UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES COMMITTEE.

HE TESTIFIED THAT THE RECORDS RELATE TO "FRONT ORGANIZATIONS LIKE THE SLAV CONGRESS OF WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA, THE CIVIL RIGHTS CONGRESS AND SOME OF OUR (SLAV CONGRESS) WORK IN THE PROGRESSIVE PARTY."

CVETIC HAS AGREED TO SPEND THE NEXT FEW DAYS COMBING THROUGH THE RECORDS WITH MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE STAFF. THEN THERE MAY BE MORE PUBLIC HEARINGS LATER.

ALREADY THE WITNESS HAS IDENTIFIED SOME 150 PERSONS AS COMMUNISTS. MOST OF THEM ARE FROM THE PITTSBURGH AREA. PITTSBURGH IS WHERE CVETIC LIVES AND WHERE HE SAYS HE SPENT SEVEN YEARS IN THE COMMUNIST PARTY WHILE REPORTING REGULARLY TO THE FBI AS A PAID UNDERCOVER AGENT.

BEFORE WINDING UP THREE DAYS ON THE WITNESS STAND, CVETIC SAID HE CAME HERE TO TELL HIS STORY BECAUSE HE BELIEVES THE AMERICAN PEOPLE

CAN BEST BE SERVED BY EXPOSING COMMUNISTS AS A "REAL MENACE."
HE SAID HE WILL HAVE SOME SUGGESTIONS FOR CONGRESS ALONG LINES OF LEGISLATION TO OUTLAW COMMUNIST ACTIVITY BUT NOT THE COMMUNIST PARTY BY NAME.
NOW, HE SAID, HE EXPECTS TO BE "THE VICTIM OF A COMMUNIST PARTY CHARACTER ASSASSINATION."
ACTING CHAIRMAN WALTER (D-PA) PRAISED CVETIC AS HAVING "GIVEN THE AMERICAN PEOPLE AN OUTSTANDING EXAMPLE OF PERSONAL BRAVERY" AND REVEALING WHO PULLS THE COMMUNIST PARTY STRINGS IN PITTSBURGH.
AFTER SPENDING SEVEN YEARS IN THE PARTY, CVETIC SAID HE FEELS QUALIFIED TO SAY THAT ITS ONLY REAL INTEREST IN THE TRADE UNION MOVEMENT AND IN CHURCH AND VETERANS' ORGANIZATIONS, IS "TO UTILIZE THEM IN THEIR AIM TO OVERTHROW THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT."
HE SAID THE AVERAGE AMERICAN IS INTERESTED IN PEACE AND THAT COMMUNISTS ORGANIZE PHONY PEACE DRIVES "TO DECEIVE THE AMERICAN PEOPLE AND MAKE IT EASIER FOR THEM TO BRING COMMUNISM TO THE AMERICAN PEOPLE."
THE BEST WAY TO FIGHT COMMUNISM HERE, HE SAID, IS FOR LABOR, MANAGEMENT, AGRICULTURE AND GOVERNMENT TO "COOPERATE IN A COMMON EFFORT FOR THE WELFARE OF AMERICA."
CVETIC SAID THOSE 80 POUNDS OF RECORDS CAME FROM 943 LIBERTY AVENUE, PITTSBURGH. HE SAID MIKE MAMULA, WHOM HE HAS NAMED AS A COMMUNIST LEADER IN THE CITY, HAS A TRAVEL AGENCY IN THE BUILDING. COMMUNIST CLASSES AND MEETINGS, HE SAID, ARE HELD IN THE REAR.

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WILLIAM ALBERTSON, DESCRIBED BY THE WITNESS AS COMMUNIST PARTY DISTRICT SECRETARY, ORDERED MAMULA TO TAKE THE RECORDS AWAY, CVETIC SAID. HE TOLD THE COMMITTEE:
"MAMULA SAID ALBERTSON SAID TO GET THESE RECORDS THE HELL OUT OF HERE BEFORE THE FBI PICKS THEM UP."
HE SAID THEY CONTAIN FINANCIAL AND MEMBERSHIP RECORDS, PHOTOGRAPHS, PROGRESSIVE PARTY CONVENTION CREDENTIALS, RADIO SCRIPTS AND OTHE DOCUMENTS. ONE ITEM WAS A PAMPHLET WITH A HAMMER AND SICKLE, THE RUSSIAN EMBLEM ON THE COVER AND A TITLE READING "TEN YEARS OF COMMUNIST CONTROL OF UE."
THE UNITED ELECTRICAL WORKERS UNION, EXPELLED BY THE CIO ON GROUNDS IT IS COMMUNIST DOMINATED, IS CALLED THE UE.
CZ310AES

B2SKX Q (210)
SAN FRANCISCO,FEB.24-(AP)-FEDERAL JUDGE GEORGE HARRIS HAS ORDERED THE RETURN OF A WITNESS IN THE HARRY BRIDGES PERJURY TRIAL TO SETTLE A DISPUTE BETWEEN THE LAWYERS.

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THE TRIAL IS IN RECESS UNTIL MONDAY. THE DEFENSE RESTED YESTERDAY, THE 58TH DAY, AND THE PROSECUTION OPENED ITS REBUTTAL.
BRIDGES, AUSTRALIAN-BORN PRESIDENT OF THE INTERNATIONAL LONGSHOREMEN'S AND WAREHOUSEMEN'S UNION (CIO,) IS CHARGED WITH PERJURING HIMSELF AT A 1945 CITIZENSHIP HEARING WHEN HE DENIED HE WAS OR HAD BEEN A MEMBER OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY.
J.R.ROBERTSON AND HENRY SCHMIDT, ILWU OFFICIALS, ARE CO-DEFENDANTS, CHARGED WITH CONSPIRACY IN CONNECTION WITH THE HEARING.
JUDGE HARRIS ORDERED THE RETURN OF LEWIS E.MICHENER, AUTO WORKER OF LONG BEACH,CALIF., A PROSECUTION WITNESS WHO TESTIFIED HE WAS AN EX-COMMUNIST. MICHENER FORMERLY WAS A MEMBER OF THE REGINAL WAR LABOR BOARD.
THE PROSECUTION YESTERDAY PRODUCED CIVIL SERVICE RECORDS OF MICHENER'S WLB TENURE. THE RECORD SHOWED THAT MICHENER HAD NOT SIGNED THE FORM WHICH HAD A BLACK SPACE ON IT FOR CRIMINAL CONVICTIONS OR ADMITTING MEMBERSHIP IN ANY ORGANIZATION ADVOCATING THE OVERTHROW OF THE GOVERNMENT BY FORCE.
CHIEF DEFENSE COUNSEL VINCENT HALLINAN LOUDLY ASSERTED THAT THE RECORDS WERE INCOMPLETE AND ADDED: "I KNOW HE SIGNED THAT FORM." GOVERNMENT PROSECUTOR JOSEPH DONOHUE RETORTED THAT HALLINAN WAS NOT STATING THE TRUTH.
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(ADVANCE FOR PMS OF FRIDAY, FEB.24)
(PUBLICATION RESTRICTED BY LIFE MAGAZINE TO THE CONTINENTAL U.S. AND ITS TERRITORIES.)
(ADVANCE) NEW YORK, FEB.24-(AP)-LIKE ALMOST EVERYONE ELSE, WINSTON CHURCHILL HEARD THE NEWS OF PEARL HARBOR ON THE RADIO---AND IT DIDN'T REGISTER AT FIRST.
BRITAIN'S WARTIME PRIME MINISTER HAD HAD DINNER WITH AMERICAN AMBASSADOR JOHN G.WINANT AND SPECIAL ENVOY W.AVERELL HARRIMAN.
THEY WERE ALL SITTING TOGETHER HEARING THE NINE OCLOCK NEWS BROADCAST OVER HIS "SMALL WIRELESS SET" ARE NOT PAYING MUCH ATTENTION TO THE SMOOTH, UNSENSATIONAL TONES OF THE BBC ANNOUNCER.
"...SOME FEW SENTENCES WERE SPOKEN REGARDING AN ATTACK BY THE JAPANESE ON AMERICAN SHIPPING AT HAWAII, AND ALSO JAPANESE ATTACKS ON BRITISH VESSELS IN THE DUTCH EAST INDIES," CHURCHILL RELATES IN THE FINAL INSTALLMENT OF THE THIRD VOLUME OF HIS WAR MEMOIRS, BEING PUBLISHED SERIALLY BY LIFE MAGAZINE AND THE NEW YORK TIMES.
"I DID NOT PERSONALLY SUSTAIN ANY DIRECT IMPRESSION," CHURCHILL ADMITS, "BUT AVERELL SAID THERE WAS SOMETHING ABOUT THE JAPANESE ATTACKING THE AMERICANS, AND IN SPITE OF BEING TIRED AND RESTING, WE ALL SAT UP."
CHURCHILL SAID THE STARTLING NEWS WAS CONFIRMED BY SAWYERS, THE BUTLER, WHO CAME INTO THE ROOM.
ONCE HE REALIZED WHAT HAD HAPPENED, CHURCHILL MOVED FAST.
WITHIN THREE OR FOUR MINUTES HE HAD PLACED A CALL TO THE WHITE HOUSE IN WASHINGTON AND WAS GETTING THE PEARL HARBOR STORY FROM THE LIPS OF PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT HIMSELF.
"MY TWO AMERICAN FRIENDS (WINANT AND HARRIMAN) TOOK THE SHOCK WITH ADMIRABLE FORTITUDE," HE SAID. "IN FACT, ONE MIGHT ALMOST HAVE THOUGHT THEY HAD BEEN DELIVERED FROM A LONG PAIN."
CHURCHILL SAID HE DOES NOT INTEND TO PASS JUDGMENT ON WHAT HE CALLS "THIS TREMENDOUS EPISODE IN AMERICAN HISTORY," BUT HE GIVES UNLIMITED PRAISE TO PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT AND HIS CLOSE ADVISORS.

MORE

"FUTURE GENERATIONS OF AMERICANS AND FREE MEN IN EVERY LAND WILL THANK GOD FOR THEIR VISION," HE WRITES.

"HOW CAN WE WONDER THAT THEY REGARDED THE ACTUAL FORM OF THE ATTACK, OR EVEN ITS SCALE, AS INCOMPARABLY LESS IMPORTANT THAN THE FACT THAT THE WHOLE AMERICAN LEADERS GREATLY FEARED THAT JAPAN WOULD ATTACK ONLY BRITISH AND DUTCH POSSESSIONS IN THE ORIENT--CAREFULLY BY-PASSING AMERICAN TERRITORY. THIS, HE SAID, WOULD HAVE LED TO VAST CONQUESTS THAT WOULD HAVE LEFT AMERICA ALONE TO FACE AN OVERWHELMING ARRAY OF ENEMY POWERS.

ON HIS CHRISTMAS VISIT TO WASHINGTON SOON AFTER PEARL HARBOR, CHURCHILL SAID, HE HAD FEWER WORRIES MAKING HIS SPEECH IN CONGRESS THAN HE SOMETIMES HAD IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

"I GOT MY LAUGHTER AND APPLAUSE JUST WHERE I EXPECTED THEM," HE SAID.

ON HIS WAY BACK TO ENGLAND IN A BIG FLYING BOAT, CHURCHILL HAD A DOUBLE BRUSH WITH DEATH.

FIRST, DUE TO BAD WEATHER, THE PLANE GOT OFF ITS COURSE AND ALMOST BLUNDERED OVER GERMAN-OCCUPIED FRANCE.

SECOND, WHEN AIR MARSHAL PORTAL, WHO WAS ABOARD, ORDERED THE PLANE SMTLUNBIYROPLY NV

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SECOND, WHEN AIR MARSHAL PORTAL, WHO WAS ABOARD, ORDERED THE PLANE SWUNG SUDDENLY NORTH, IT APPROACHED ENGLAND FROM THE ENEMY'S DIRECTION. THE FILTER BOARDS PICKED IT UP AS AN "ENEMY BOMBER" AND SIX HURRICANE FIGHTERS WERE SENT ALOFT TO SHOOT IT DOWN. BUT THE BAD WEATHER STEPPED IN AGAIN AND THE FIGHTERS DID NOT FIND THEIR TARGET.

"PUBLICATION LIMITED BY LIFE MAGAZINE TO THE CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES AND ITS TERRITORIES.)

(END ADVANCE FOR PMS OF FRIDAY, FEB.24)

MD342AES

NEW YORK,FEB.24-(AP)-THE NATIONAL CONFERENCE OF CHRISTIANS AND JEWS TODAY CONFERRED ITS FIRST LIFETIME HONORARY MEMBERSHIP ON BRIG. GEN.CARLOS P.ROMULO, PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED NATIONS GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

CHIEF JUSTICE JOHN J.BENNETT OF NEW YORK'S SPECIAL SESSIONS COURT CALLED THE PHILIPPINE DIPLOMAT "A SYMBOL OF THE UNITY BETWEEN THE PEOPLES OF THE EAST AND THE WEST."

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HE PRESENTED THE MEMBERSHIP CERTIFICATE AND A PLAQUE TO ROMULO AT "BROTHERHOOD WEEK" CEREMONIES HELD BY THE CONFERENCE, THE BOY SCOUTS OF AMERICA AND THE ORGANIZATION CARE (CAPS).

"WITHOUT TOLERANCE WE COME TO BLOWS," ROMULO SAID. "IT IS AS GOOD NEIGHBORS THAT WE JOIN MOVEMENTS DESIGNED TO PROMOTE THE PEACE OF MANKIND. WE ARE IN DANGER OF LOSING THIS PEACE FOREVER DUE TO MUTUAL SUSPICIONS."

AMERICA IS LEADING THE WAY TO NEW HORIZONS OF HUMAN APPRECIATION, HE SAID. IT IS HELPING TEAR DOWN THE BARRIERS OF PREJUDICE AND PAVING THE ROAD TO MORE EFFECTIVE INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION.

"IT IS MY CONVICTION," HE SAID, "THAT IN THIS COUNTRY THE URGE FOR PEACE IS CONSTANT AND TRUE, AND THAT THIS URGE CANNOT FAIL SO LONG AS CITIZENS OF GOOD WILL X X X ARE HERE TO FOSTER FRIENDSHIP AND FIGHT INTOLERANCE."

DECLARING THAT "WE LIVE IN A BADLY SHAKEN ERA OF HISTORY, THE GENERAL SAID:

"MILLIONS OF HUMAN BEINGS BARELY HAVE THEIR DAILY BREAD. IN THE MIDST OF WANT, THESE MILLIONS ARE BEING SEIZED WITH THE PROFOUNDEST DOUBT AS TO THE SOUNDNESS OF OUR ORDER OF THINGS.

"IN DISCONTENT, THEY ARE FALLING FOR FALSE VALUES. IN THE FEAR OF ANNIHILATION WHICH THE NEW WEAPONS OF DESTRUCTION HAVE PRODUCED, THEY ARE FAST LOSING FAITH."

THE CEREMONIES WERE CONDUCTED IN ROCKEFELLER PLAZA AT RADIO CITY, AGAINST A BACKGROUND OF A LARGE GROUP OF UNIFORMED BOY SCOUTS CARRYING THE AMERICAN, UNITED NATIONS AND OTHER FLAGS.

GROVER A.WHALEN, WHO MANAGED THE NEW YORK WORLD'S FAIR, WAS MASTER OF CEREMONIES. THE FIRE DEPARTMENT BAND SUPPLIED MUSIC.

JUSTICE BENNETT SAID ROMULO'S WORK IN HIS HOMELAND, IN THE UNITED NATIONS AND IN OTHER SPHERES "STAMP HIM AS AN OUTSTANDING CHAMPION OF THE INALIENABLE RIGHTS OF MAN AND THE RIGHT OF EACH MAN TO EXERCISE THEM."

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LAKE SUCCESS, FEB. 24-(AP)-THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN, NORWAY AND CUBA CALLED TODAY FOR APPOINTMENT OF A UNITED NATIONS MEDIATOR FOR THE KASHMIR DISPUTE BETWEEN INDIA AND PAKISTAN.

IN A JOINT RESOLUTION PUT BEFORE THE SECURITY COUNCIL, THE FOUR COUNTRIES ALSO ASKED FOR TERMINATION OF THE U.N. COMMISSION FOR INDIA AND PAKISTAN WITHIN ONE MONTH AFTER INDIA AND PAKISTAN HAVE INFORMED THE MEDIATOR OF THEIR ACCEPTANCE OF HIS TASK.

THE RESOLUTION WAS PUT BEFORE THE COUNCIL WITH DEMANDS FOR THE 11-MEMBER BODY TO ACT IN THE KASHMIR CASE, WHICH DELEGATES HERE REGARD AS GROWING MORE SERIOUS. THE DISPUTE IS OVER THE FINAL DISPOSITION OF KASHMIR, WHETHER IT SHALL BELONG TO INDIA OR PAKISTAN.

THE RESOLUTION URGES PAKISTAN AND INDIA TO CARRY OUT WITHIN FIVE MONTHS FROM THE DATE IT IS PASSED A PROGRAM OF DEMILITARIZATION OF KASHMIR.

THE U.N. OFFICIAL TO BE APPOINTED UNDER THE RESOLUTION IS CALLED A "REPRESENTATIVE" BUT U.N. LEADERS GENERALLY AGREE HE WOULD CARRY OUT THE TASK OF A MEDIATOR IN TRYING TO PREPARE THE WAY FOR A PLEBISCITE IN KASHMIR. THIS OFFICIAL WOULD CARRY OUT THE ASSIGNMENT ORIGINALLY GIVEN TO THE COMMISSION.

U.S. DELEGATE ERNEST A.GROSS TOLD THE COUNCIL THE U.S. APPROVES A COMMISSION JUDGMENT THAT A SINGLE PERSON CAN NOW MOST EFFECTIVELY CONDUCT THE NEGOTIATIONS WITH BOTH PARTIES.

SIR ALEXANDER CADOGAN, BRITAIN, SAID DELAY IN THIS CASE IS DANGEROUS.

HE SAID UNLESS POSITIVE ACTION IS TAKEN WITHOUT DELAY THE PRESENT TROUBLE MAY BECOME INCURABLE. HE REMINDED THE COUNCIL THAT PRIME

30.24- 9177

MINISTER NEHRU OF INDIA HAD SAID IN NOV. 1947, THAT THE FATE OF KASHMIR IS ULTIMATELY TO BE DECIDED BY THE PEOPLE.

ARNE SUNDE, NORWAY, ALSO A SPONSOR OF THE RESOLUTION, URGED THAT DEMILITARIZATION BE CARRIED THROUGH AS QUICKLY AS POSSIBLE. HE APPEALED TO INDIA AND PAKISTAN TO RECONSIDER THEIR POSITIONS AND SETTLE THEIR DISPUTE AMICABLY.

JEAN CHAUVEL, FRANCE, URGED INDIA AND PAKISTAN TO MAKE EVERY EFFORT AT CONCILIATION. HE SAID SINCE BOTH PARTIES DISAGREED ON THE CONDITIONS FOR THE PLEBISCITE THERE WAS NO OTHER WAY OUT THAN TO PUT THIS MATTER IN THE HANDS OF THE UNITED NATIONS.

THE COUNCIL WILL CONTINUE CONSIDERATION OF THE RESOLUTION TUESDAY AT 3 P.M. (EST).

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LAKE SUCCESS, FEB.24-(AP)-THE UNITED NATIONS SAID TODAY THE WORLD METEOROLOGICAL ORGANIZATION (WMO) WILL BE SET UP MARCH 23 TO CARRY ON WORK IN WEATHER-REPORTING SERVICES.

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End Feb. 24, 1950

30.24- 9179

RUSSIA SEPARATES NAVY FROM REST OF FORCES TO BULWARK SEA POWER

Creates New Ministry Under Command Of Admiral Yumashev

London, Feb. 25 (AP)—Russia has set up a separate Navy Ministry in her drive to build up sea power to match her strength on land, Radio Moscow disclosed tonight.

The Presidium of the Supreme Soviet announced creation of the ministry divorced from the rest of the armed forces, the radio reported.

The disclosure followed by only two months a report by the authoritative Jane's Fighting Ships that Russia was building up its naval strength through construction of at least three 35,000-ton ultra modern battleships and 1,000 submarines.

The new ministry will be headed the radio said, by Admiral Ivan S. Yumashev, former deputy minister of the armed forces and commander-in-chief of the Soviet Fleet.

The old Ministry of the Armed Forces will be renamed the Ministry of Army.

Nothing About Air Force

The brief report, heard in London by the Soviet monitor, gave no hint as to the disposition of the Soviet Air Force. This, with the navy, has been part of the Ministry of the Armed Forces under the general direction of Marshal A. M. Vasilevsky.

The direct commander of Russian military aviation is listed as Konstantin Andreevich Vershinin, marshal of aviation, who functions under Vasilevsky.

Observers here speculated that the reshuffle was part of a general expansion of the Soviet armed forces which would likely include creation of a separate Soviet Ministry of Military Aviation.

Last July 4 the Soviet Union celebrated Navy Day with demands that the fleet be greatly strengthened.

Admiral Yumashev said then that the sea forces should be expanded as a component of the armed forces. Admiral E. S. Oktyabrsky, wartime defender of Sevastapol, said "the interests and security of our country demand further strengthening of the naval forces."

Gains Warm-Water Ports

The two admirals both declared that as a result of World War II the Soviet Union now was a great naval power with an increased number of warmwater ports, naval bases and means of access to the open sea.

In October the Government announced opening of a naval academy in Leningrad to turn out officers after a two-year course.

Russia's ever-rising role as a sea power obtained a big boost in January with the announcement of the appointment of Vyacheslav A. Malishev as Minister of Shipbuilding. Malishev, formerly deputy chairman of the Council of Ministers, is one of the foremost engineers and organizers in Soviet industry.

Informed foreign diplomats in Moscow said then they were convinced Russia was making great progress in the construction of both a naval and merchant fleet.

One Battleship Completed

Since publication by Jane's last December of the building program, authoritative reports have said at least one of the battleships, the Sovietskaya Soyuz, had been completed and outfitted at Leningrad.

Jane's said 400 of the new Russian submarines were intended for service in the Pacific.

The text of the announcement given by the Moscow radio follows:

"The Presidium of the Supreme Soviet of the U.S.S.R. has decreed to separate from the Ministry of the Armed Forces of the U.S.S.R. the naval forces and to form a Ministry of the Navy of the U.S.S.R.

"In connection with this, the Ministry of the Armed Forces has been renamed the Ministry of the Army of the U.S.S.R. Admiral I. S. Yumashev has been appointed Minister of the Navy of the U.S.S.R."

GERMANS LIFT BAN ON STEEL

FEB 25 1950

West Halts Embargo, Seeks To Spur Trade With East

Berlin, Feb. 25 (AP)—West Germany lifted an Allied-sponsored embargo on steel exports to the Russian zone today and advocated more trade with the East.

East German sources showed unconcealed elation and announced they would seek new talks on trade expansion next week.

The steel ban, which went into effect February 8, was eliminated after two weeks of bargaining behind closed doors in East Berlin.

Negotiators of the two rival German republics, one supported by Russia and the other by the Western powers, issued a joint communiqué which avoided using the word "republic" at all.

Instead they detoured a bitter diplomatic issue by referring only to "the east mark and West mark currency areas."

Agree To Expand Trade

Both "areas" agreed that their 600,000,000 mark ($142,800,000) trade pact, which has four more months to run, should be "considerably expanded." Both agreed they would not clamp on any embargo in the future without first talking it over together.

The Russian zone Germans assented to the West's demands that Eastern buying be spread over more Western industries than steel alone and that steel orders be in a constant volume instead of crowded into a short period.

The easterners also pledged themselves to make up their deficit in deliveries of their own products to the West.

It was this lag in Soviet zone commodity payments which was the official reason for the steel embargo. But some observers suspected that Allied officials, who prompted the West's restriction, wanted to retaliate for Russian interference with Berlin's supply lines.

Scrap Shipments Delayed

The end of the steel deadlock found Berlin's communications with West Germany under only minor Soviet harassment. Highway and barge traffic were normal. But the Russians were causing delays up to ten days on railway shipments of Berlin scrap metal.

Allied sources said they were convinced most of Berlin's traffic troubles this year were the result of the Soviet zone's desperate drive to collect scrap metal for its fledgling industries. For this reason, scrap cargoes are subject to exhaustive examination and sometimes confiscation as "smuggled wares."

Seek Markets In East

Economic experts said the East-West trade accord today was dictated by practical necessity rather than political ideology.

West Germany has 2,000,000 unemployed and the iron and steel manufacturers are clamoring for a chance at Eastern markets.

East Germany is in the midst of a Communist two-year plan which vitally depends on obtaining Ruhr steel. A long-term embargo would have spelled ruin for the plan.

The seventeen-day embargo has not cost East Germany a pound of steel in the long run. It is still entitled to all the 280,000 tons stipulated by the pact, less 90,000 tons already delivered.

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West Germans Lift Embargo On Metals

Berlin, Feb. 25 (AP)—West Germany has agreed to lift its embargo on steel exports to the Russian zone, a joint communiqué announced today.

Western Negotiators made this commitment after a pledge from East German economic representatives to speed up formerly lagging deliveries of Eastern products.

The steel embargo went into effect February 8, on suggestion of the Allied High Commission. The Commission denied it was a reprisal for Soviet interference with West Berlin traffic.

Effective Now

The joint communiqué was signed here this morning and indicated the lifting of the steel ban was effective immediately.

Both East and West Germans, it said, agreed that trade between their rates "could be considerably expanded." They were of the opinion that increasing their exchanges was "possible and suitable."

The embargo had taken the form of West German refusal to approve new Eastern orders for iron, steel and rolling-mill products.

West German Representative Kurt Leopold confirmed that the steel ban was off today, but said that Eastern purchases could not resume until March.

This is because the Easterners have promised to stagger their steel buying equally over the remaining four months of the trade pact existing between the two zones. Previously, they had bunched up their orders.

Accede To Request

The Easterners also acceded to a request to buy a wider category of Western goods instead of concentrating on steel and iron.

The 600,000,000 West mark ($142,800,000) trade pact expires June 31.

Adm. Kirk Leaves Moscow For Mediterranean Rest

BERLIN, Feb. 25 (AP).—Admiral Allan G. Kirk, American Ambassador to Russia, left there by air today to "hunt some sunshine" on a Mediterranean vacation. His plane refueled briefly here this afternoon after leaving Moscow in a snowstorm.

The Ambassador, accompanied by his wife and several members of his Moscow staff, continued to Wiesbaden to be overnight guests of American High Commissioner John J. McCloy.

Asked how the Russian government was treating American diplomats in Moscow, Admiral Kirk smiled wryly and answered: "Oh, all right."

Other members of his party denied a recent report here that the Russians had been trying to "frame" Embassy personnel with fake spy offers.

Army Shuts Data To Phantom Spies

Heidelberg, Germany, Feb. 25 (AP)—The United States Army tightened security measures in this headquarters city today against a mysterious group pilfering secret documents.

Documents have been stolen from the homes of 30 American officers since last August, despite the precautions of American and German agents. Army officials said new steps had been taken to guard the papers.

Get Inside Tips

The steps probably include expanded security checks in the Army's European headquarters. Officials have said the suspected "phantom spy ring" apparently gets tips from inside headquarters on which officers take confidential papers to their homes for study.

They said either foreign agents or persons trying to peddle secret documents to a foreign power were responsible.

Clues are thin. No fingerprints are left. Those who rifled desks always have worn gloves. Valuables such as jewelry, money and cameras usually are untouched.

Use Glass Cutters

Glass cutters ordinarily are used for entry. A small piece of a window or door is cut away to give access to the lock.

A plump Russian girl picked up by the counterintelligence service during an investigation ten days ago was freed yesterday on bail. The only charge against her is lacking proper identity papers. She said she was Regina Rowiskeija, 24.

FEB 25 1950

4 Czech Soldiers Flee to W. Reich

HOF, Germany, Feb. 25 (AP).—German police said today four Czechoslovak soldiers in full uniform fled across the border into West Germany Wednesday.

They told police they had been assigned to cutting wood near the border. They used the chance to flee because "we have too much work and get too little to eat." The soldiers were not armed.

KARPE INQUIRY TO BE PRESSED

FEB 26 1950

Vienna Autopsy On American's Body Ends Inconclusively

Vienna, Feb. 25 (AP)—An autopsy on the body of United States Naval Captain Eugene S. Karpe ended inconclusively tonight, without a finding whether he was pushed or fell from the Paris-bound Alberg express.

However, American army authorities announced they had word from a British traveling companion that Karpe complained of dizziness before his fatal plunge Thursday—saying "it must be the altitude"—and limited his luncheon to a bottle of mineral water.

The Briton is Oliver Wright, second secretary of the British legation in Bucharest. An American student who visited at length with Karpe on the train was questioned by French police in Paris.

A Welter Of Rumors

A United States army spokesman said the student was Milburn Russell Mackinchian, who had attended the University of Vienna three months on a scholarship. Mackichian was quoted as saying he talked with Karpe at luncheon and then left the diner to go forward, while Karpe went to the rear.

The United States Army announced a joint army-navy commission has been established to investigate the case further.

The autopsy was performed in the army hospital in Munich.

Official army sources said the body of Karpe, who had been en route to the United States after three years as United States naval attache in Communist Romania, was so mutilated there was no way of telling just what happened before he died in a railway tunnel south of Salzburg Thursday.

Amid a welter of rumors about the case, army sources said efforts are being made to determine the names of everyone on the train at the time of Karpe's death. Most of them will be questioned.

Karpe perished less than 48 hours after Robert A. Vogeler, a close friend, was sentenced in Communist Hungary to fifteen years in prison on charges of sabotage and spying in his position as roving eastern European representative of the International Telephone and Telegraph Company. Vogeler's home town is New York. Karpe's was Delhi, La.

Three Mysterious Calls

Both graduated from the United States Naval Academy.

Vogeler's Belgian-born wife said today she is convinced the captain was slain.

She told of three mysterious telephone calls to her home yesterday by some woman, speaking good English—each before any Austrian newspaper or radio station had carried the story of Karpe's death. Mrs. Vogeler was not accessible to go to the phone for the first two calls, but answered the third.

The woman asked: "Have you heard about your friend?"

Believing the caller to be an acquaintance, Mrs. Vogeler replied that she had.

"You just keep him in mind," the caller said, and hung up.

Karpe visited the Vogeler home here Wednesday on his way back from Bucharest. Mrs. Vogeler gave him a cigarette lighter of Vogeler's that the captain wanted as a memento.

She quoted Karpe as saying: "I'm going to show this lighter to everyone back in the United States. I'll tell them it belongs to Bob Vogeler and that they shouldn't forget he is still in a Hungarian jail."

The lighter was located in Karpe's clothing after a trackwalker found his mutilated body in the tunnel.

Ballast Freshly Churned

"I am sure Gene Karpe was pushed off that train," Mrs. Vogeler said. "It couldn't have been an accident—he had been on ships and trains all his life. And besides he was a lazy sort of a guy who wouldn't go chasing up and down train corridors—especially in a tunnel."

Mrs. Vogeler said she considered there was no question of suicide. "He didn't have a worry in the world except about Bob and about the gout in his left foot. He probably never had the gout before, but he got it in Bucharest. It was quite a joke around here. We told him the gout was old-fashioned."

United States Army authorities raised a possibility that the captain was killed not in a fall from inside the train but in trying to get back on after it started for the tunnel following an unscheduled half-hour stop at Golling. The tunnel entrance is three minutes by train from the station. Many passengers got off at Golling to stretch their legs.

An army spokesman said ballast between the track and the tunnel wall was freshly churned for "some distance" before the spot where the body was found. He said this might indicate Karpe was trying to struggle back into a car while his feet dragged on the ground. (AP)

Army Sees Karpe's Death As Accidental

FEB 25 1950

Vienna, Austria, Feb. 25 (AP)—United States Army authorities said today the facts indicated that United States Naval Captain Eugene S. Karpe met death accidentally Thursday in an Austrian railway tunnel, south of Salzburg.

Investigators said it was possible that Karpe alighted from the Arlberg express at Golling, where the train made an unscheduled 30-minute stop because of repair work on the tracks ahead.

They theorized he had difficulty in re-boarding the train after it started. The train entered the tunnel three minutes later and was going 30 miles an hour.

Karpe was a close friend of an Annapolis classmate of American business man Robert A. Vogeler, now in a Hungarian prison after being convicted of espionage and sabotage.

An Army spokesman said the ballast between the tracks and the tunnel wall was freshly churned for some distance near where Karpe's body was found. This may indicate, he said, that Karpe lost his balance and was trying to struggle back into the car while his feet dragged on the ground.

Luggage Undisturbed

The army spopesman stated there were nine pieces of luggage found in Karpe's compartment and none of them had been disturbed.

Found on Karpe's body was a cigarette lighter belonging to Vogeler. Karpe had visited the Vogeler home in Vienna Wednesday night. Mrs. Vogeler said Karpe had asked for the lighter as a memento.

Mrs. Vogeler, who said she believed Karpe was the victim of a murder plot, recalled a mysterious telephone call she received yesterday shortly after his death.

A woman, speaking in English, asked her: "Have you heard about your friend?"

When Mrs. Vogeler replied in the affirmative, the voice said: "You just keep him in mind," then hung up.

Mrs. Vogeler said the call was made before any Austrian newspaper had printed the story of Karpe's death and before any radio station had broadcast the news.

Mrs. Vogeler declared Karpe's death could not, in her opinion, be a suicide. (AP)

Ernst Pessimistic

New York, Feb. 25 (AP)—Attorney Morris Ernst, denied permission to defend Robert A. Vogeler at his Hungarian spy trial, returned from Europe today and said the chances are "no one will ever see Vogeler alive again."

Vogeler was convicted by a Hungarian people's court of spying for the United States. He was sentenced to fifteen years imprisonment.

Ernst was retained by Vogeler's family and the International Telephone and Telegraph Company of which Vogeler was an assistant vice president. But he was refused a visa to enter Hungary.

"The whole border of Hungary is in a hell of a state," the attorney said. "It is my guess that Russia wants to get all Westerners out of the states bordering on Yugoslavia and then when there are no longer any observation posts move in on (Marshal) Tito."

Ernst expressed the belief that Vogeler was tortured in order to obtain a confession. The trial, he said, "was worse than a lynching."

SWISS COURT CONVICTS SPY

FEB 26 1950

Army Mechanic Found To Be Paid By Six Nations

Bern, Switzerland, Feb. 25 (AP)—A Swiss military court today convicted Willy Gerber, 47, a Swiss Army mechanic, of being a paid spy for six nations, including the United States, and sentenced him to twenty years' imprisonment.

Gerber told the court he had supplied information about German and Italian war activities to the United States from 1942 to 1945 but claimed he received no pay for the work.

Major M. Real, the prosecutor, commented in reply:

"It seems highly improbable that Gerber took no money from the Americans. That would contradict not only his pronounced greed and avarice, but also the business mentality of the Americans."

Long List Of Charges

Gerber had pleaded guilty to a long list of charges, including treason and systematic military, economic and political espionage in Switzerland for Britain, France and the United States since 1937; as well as stealing top secret plans and documents from the Swiss Army. He also was accused of spying against Germany and Italy for the Allies during the war. In addition, the prosecution said, he supplied information to Sweden, Turkey and Yugoslavia as a sideline.

His three-day trial was conducted for the most part in secret. During a brief public session last night, Major Real demanded the maximum penalty—life imprisonment.

"During the war," he declared, "two men were sentenced to death and "executed because they betrayed some munition depots and mine positions. Compared with these men, Gerber betrayed a hundred times more."

Neutral During War

Switzerland has no death penalty in peacetime.

The sentence included confiscation of 30,500 francs ($7,150) from a $10,000 bank account Gerber had in New York. The account was taken over by the Swiss when Gerber was arrested last July. Major Real said the 30,500 francs represented the amount Gerber was known to have taken from British and French diplomats in Switzerland for espionage activities, but added that his actual earnings were much higher.

Switzerland was neutral during the war, but lay in Hitler's shadow and military information about Switzerland could have been valuable to him. Last October, the Swiss Federal Council (cabinet) said Maj. Bidwell Moore, an assistant to the United States military attaché here, had been in touch with Gerber and that Moore was recalled.

PRIESTS, OTHERS FREED BY CZECHS

All Seized At Height Of State-Church Struggle

Prague, Czechoslovakia, Feb. 25 (AP)—President Klement Gottwald freed an undisclosed number of Catholic priests and others today on the second anniversary of Communist seizure of power in Czechoslovakia.

All were arrested in Slovakia last summer at the height of the church-state struggle.

Whole Slovak villages were reported to have waged pitchfork battles with police then in an effort to protect their priests from arrest. The announcement today said amnesty was not given to any persons who directly committed violence or instigated it.

Wide Display Of Flags

Only yesterday the official news agency announced the sentencing of two more Catholics. A Catholic chaplain in Slovakia was given a twelve-year sentence for refusing to give absolution to Communist sympathizers. A priest was given a sentence of four to four and a half years on charges of inciting Catholics against the Government.

The anniversary of the 1948 seizure of power went unobserved except for a wide display of flags and triumphant articles in the controlled press.

Pictures Of Gottwald

Many papers carried front-page pictures of Gottwald reading the proclamation of the late President, Eduard Benes, accepting the Communist-dominated Cabinet two years ago. Other papers showed pictures of the general strike which backed up the Communist demand for control of the Government.

Gen. Ludvik Svoboda, Defense Minister, and Gen. Simon Drgac, chief of staff, told the Czech Army in an order of the day:

"We must exert our strength, speed up the building of the army, strengthen military discipline and increase revolutionary vigilance. This is the order of the heritage of the glorious February victory." (AP)

Italian Air Chief to Visit U. S.

ROME, Feb. 25 (AP).—General Mario Aimone Cat, commander of the Italian Air Force, will leave for New York Tuesday for an official visit as a guest of the United States Air Force. He will tour military and industrial installations during his stay in America.

30.24 - 9181

Sweden Gives Medal To Mrs. Roosevelt

Stockholm, Sweden, Feb. 25 (AP). King Gustav V has awarded the Prince Carl medal to Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt, an official announcement said today.

The medal was given to Mrs. Roosevelt "in tribute to her humanitarian activities." Both she and Trygve Lie, secretary general of the United Nations, had been mentioned in the press as possible recipients this year.

The award was suggested by Prince Carl, the King's brother. The Prince was president of the Swedish Red Cross for several years. The medal will be presented formally to Mrs. Roosevelt Monday, Prince Carl's birthday, by Erik Bohenman, Swedish Ambassador to the United States.

1,000 Refugees For New Zealand

Geneva, Switzerland, Feb. 25—New Zealand is to admit 1,000 elderly refugees as immigrants, the International Refugee Organization announced today.

Heath Quits Sofia; Denounces Reds

Nis, Yugoslavia, Feb. 25 (AP)—United States Minister Donald R. Heath led his 49-member delegation out of Bulgaria today, branding her Red Government as an enemy of freedom.

Heath, who had served as American minister in Sofia until the United States broke diplomatic relations with Bulgaria Tuesday, spoke bitterly of Bulgarian charges that he had served as a spy.

In an interview aboard the train carrying out the American diplomats, Heath, haggard after two years behind the iron curtain, said there was "no question of justice or of a threat to Bulgaria's security."

Reds "Foment Fear"

"Here is a deliberate, meticulously planned campaign to create fear and distrust of the United States and to violate the rules, not only of diplomacy but of civilization, Heath declared.

"I shall not even touch upon the wholesale violations of the peace treaty. . . . The Bulgarian people have a basic liking and respect for Western culture in general.

U.S. DIPLOMAT SCORES SOFIA

Heath Arrives In Belgrade In Flight From Bulgaria

Belgrade, Yugoslavia, Feb. 25 (AP)—Donald Heath, departing United States minister to Bulgaria, predicted today Russia eventually would attempt to absorb Bulgaria into the Soviet Union.

Tired after months of being denounced as a spy, Heath led a delegation of 47 American diplomatic employés into Yugoslavia. The trip was made by train. He spent most of yesterday in Sofia burning his official papers at the legation. The United States broke off diplomatic relations as a result of Bulgaria's demand for his recall.

The diplomat said the fact a large majority of the Bulgarian people are opposed to the Communist regime is "one of the chief reasons for the frantic efforts to smear the United States, Britain and other democratic governments and their representatives."

Charges Smear Campaign

"There is no question of justice or of a threat to Bulgaria's security," he continued.

"There is a deliberate, meticulously planned campaign to create fear and distrust of the United States and to violate the rules, not only of diplomacy but of civilization.

"I shall not even touch upon the wholesale violations of the peace treaty.

"The Bulgarian people have a basic liking and respect for western culture in general. The same large majority which is antipathetic to the regime that wipes out freedom and justice looks with sympathy to the democracies of the West."

He said the United States had borne with patience a long series of indignities but conditions for representatives of the United States under Premier Vulko Chervenkov's Government were becoming worse.

Hopes For Better Relations

Lifting a highball in memory of his two and a half years in the Balkans, he said he hoped for—but was doubtful of—better relations with the Russian satellites.

In response to a question, he said every indication pointed to an attempt by Russia to absorb Bulgaria into the Soviet Union.

Israeli Seize 35 In Arab Village

Jerusalem, Feb. 25 (AP)—Israeli police, assisted by troops, swooped down on the village of Abu Gosh at dawn today and rounded up 35 men who had infiltrated from Arab Palestine.

Abu Gosh straddles the Jerusalem-Tel Aviv highway 8 miles west of the Holy City. More than 600 Arabs living in the town are Israeli citizens and never participated ni Arab-Jewish fighting.

The village, however, is situated in a strategic location, and was suspected of housing smugglers and sheltering infiltrators.

The troops cordoned the village at dawn and announced over loudspeakers the imposition of a complete curfew. A house-to-house search was carried out by police while troops guarded the borders of the town.

U.S. Establishes Saigon Legation

Saigon, Indo-China, Feb. 25 (AP)—The United States consulate here has been raised to a legation, and Edmund A. Gullion has been named charge d'affaires to handle America's diplomatic relations with Indo-China, it was announced today.

America has recognized the French-sponsored state of Viet Nam, and the kingdoms of Laos and Cambodia.

The radio of the rival Viet Nam government of Ho Chi-minh, recognized by Russia and satellites, violently attacked American policy in Asia.

The radio denied that Ho's movement is Communist, asserting that his forces were fighting only for independence against foreign invaders (France).

Ho's forces are going to try to capture the city of Saigon in 1950, the radio said.

FEB 25 1950

Burmese Troops Seize Rail Town In Advance

Rangoon, Burma, Feb. 25 (AP)—Government troops occupied the large rail town of Pyuntaza, 90 miles north of here, in a drive on the Karen stronghold of Toungoo, reports from the front line said today.

Pyuntaza was occupied after a night-long three-way attack in which land forces were given strong air support. Reports said the air force accounted for heavy rebel losses to the retreating enemy.

Two major towns now stand between the Burmese army and its main objective—Nyaunglebin, 8 miles north of Pyuntaza and Pyu, 40 miles further away. The Karens are fighting for an independent state of Karenistan, inside Burma.

CHINESE REDS CLAIM ISLAND

FEB 25 1950

Nationalists Admit Invasion Of Namoa, But Not Loss

Taipei, Formosa, Feb. 25 (AP)—The Communists asserted tonight they had captured Namoa Island, Chinese Nationalist outpost off the Red port of Swatow.

The Nationalist Defense Ministry acknowledged the invasion of the 30-square-mile island but would not admit its loss.

The Communist radio asserted it was invaded Thursday and completely captured within three hours.

The Defense Ministry, preparing the public for the loss, said only light forces had held Namoa. However, the Reds had been bloodily repulsed in three previous attempts on Namoa during the last several months.

Reds Given Title To Planes

A Nationalist spokesman said the Red assault probably was a dress rehearsals for more important projects, such as new attempts to take the Nationalist islands of Quemoy and Chusan. The Reds have failed in previous attempts on both those islands, one blocking the approach to Amoy and the other a base for Nationalist air-raids on Shanghai.

Meanwhile, the Nationalists said they were prepared to shoot down any of the disputed Chinese transport planes in Hong Kong if they tried to fly to Red territory.

The Hong Kong Supreme Court Thursday gave the Communists title to the 71 planes and other equipment of the Chinese National Aviation and Central Air Transport corporations.

U.S. Protests Decision

An appeal from the court decision was announced by Clare L. Chennault, retired United States major general, who asserted he had bought the assets of the two lines last November after their managers and many of the personnel had deserted to the Reds.

The United States State Department also has protested the decision, but Hong Kong sources expressed doubt that either Chennault or the State Department would be able to reverse the decision.

Speculation on the Nationalist presidential issue remained at high pitch in Taipei. Top Nationalist quarters insisted that a peaceful solution was in the making, whereby Acting President Li Tsung-jen would step down to the vice presidency and Chiang Kai-shek would resume the presidency from which he "retired" in January, 1949.

Li is in New York, and a source close to him said there that he had no intention of relinquishing the acting presidency. Friends of Li in Taipei, however, said he would step aside and the only problem was to arrange some face-saving way to do so.

China Reds Land On Namoa Island

FEB 25 1950

Taipei, Formosa, Feb. 25 (AP)—The Defense Ministry said today Red forces had landed on the Island of Namoa, 190 miles from Formosa.

Red broadcasts said Namoa had fallen to the Communists.

Nationalist statements did not go this far. They said the island was defended only by minor forces.

Namoa, about 30 square miles, has been an important supply base for Nationalist China guerrillas in Fukien and Kwangtung provinces. It is also guardian of the Communist port of Swatow, 200 miles east-northeast of British Hong Kong.

Artillery Barrage

Nationalist sources said the landing followed an artillery barrage from the mainland and two small flanking islands, Fenghu and Luao.

A Ministry spokesman said its occupation was probably a dress rehearsal for more important projects such as a fresh attempt to conquer the island outpost of Quemoy and Chusan. The fall of either would make them potential stepping stones for the Communists expected attack on Formosa.

Both are in the islands immediately southeast of Shanghai. The Chusans have been used to advantage by the raiding Nationalist planes and blockading warships.

Raid Precautions

The Nationalist Defense Ministry in the last two weeks has said repeatedly that an attack on Formosa may be expected. Air-raid precautions already have been started with shelters and movement of factories, schools and hospitals underway.

On other fronts Nationalists fighter planes were said to be roaming the skies off Hong Kong waiting for the first of 71 transport planes to take off for Red China. The transport planes, property of the Chinese Government's two largest airlines, were awarded to the Communists yesterday by the British Colony's Supreme Court. Nationalist fighter planes have boasted they will shoot them down.

Chennault's Claim

Retired United States Maj. Gen. Claire Chennault, who owns and operates a civilian airline in Nationalist China, made an unsuccessful bid for the planes of the two airlines. He claimed to have purchased them from the Nationalist Government and Pan-American Airways, which owned a part of one of the Chinese lines.

Chennault, leader of the American volunteer group against Japanese flyers early in the Sino-Japanese war, said his claim for the purchase of the planes was supported by the United States State Department.

Chennault said he planned to appeal the decision of the Hong Kong Supreme Court.

Right To Confer Given Japan

Tokyo, Feb. 25 (AP)—A directive to occupation authorities today permits Japanese to participate in international meetings at the discretion of General MacArthur.

The message from Washington, made public by the General's headquarters, specifically directed that before leaving the country Japanese representatives should be instructed to refrain from engaging in propaganda or subversive activities.

It said "the Supreme Commander should direct the Japanese Government to fill any obligations which it assumes in accordance with the provisions of this policy," and added that MacArthur should keep the Far Eastern Commission informed of any action taken in this connection.

The directive said General MacArthur should permit Japan to participate with other nations in such international agreements of a technical nature as Japan may be invited to enter and as the Supreme Commander shall consider to be in the interests of the occupation.

RED KOREANS FIRE UPON U.N. GROUP

None Injured In Shooting Incident In Northern Area

Seoul, Korea, Feb. 25 (AP)—Border guards in Communist North Korea fired 15 to 20 rounds of rifle and machine-gun bullets at the United Nations Commission on Korea today when the commission visited the demarcation line.

Chairman Kasim Gulek of Turkey told a news conference one shot struck within 6 feet of him but the others were wild. He said the party took refuge behind an earthen pillbox on the South Korean side of the thirty-eighth parallel.

Trip Well Publicized

The firing began when they climbed a hill at the border near Chunchon about 50 miles northeast of Seoul. The gunmen were on a higher hill north of the line.

Asked if he believed the North Koreans knew the identity of their targets, Gulek remarked that the inspection trip was well publicized in advance.

The commission trip was to help determine whether to assign special United Nations observers to the border area to report any threat of war between North and South Korea.

The American-sponsored republic in the south was set up in an election approved by the United Nations, but the Russian-sponsored northern regime has refused to recognize it or to let United Nations representatives enter North Korea. Each regime claims sovereignty over the whole country.

BEVIN MAY SEE ACHESON SOON

Review Of American-British Relations Held Possible

Washington, Feb. 25 (AP)—An early meeting between Dean Acheson, Secretary of State, and Ernest Bevin, British Foreign Minister, may be called, according to well-informed diplomatic officials, to review British-American relations and the struggle with Russia in the aftermath of the British election.

Although preliminary steps have yet to be taken and some American officials said talk of such a meeting is "premature," State Department authorities already have begun considering what problems need to be attacked by the two men and what results might be achieved.

If German issues seem likely to become a major factor, Robert Schuman, French Foreign Minister, would be expected to participate.

A survey of responsible opinion inside the Administration today leaves no doubt that officials are deeply disappointed at the lack of a clear working majority in Parliament. At best this will put a drag on Anglo-American relations; at worst it could lead to a crisis in the Western conduct of the cold war with Russia.

An American Problem

Another element of the situation made more confusing by the election is the future of congressional action on aid for Britain and the part that may play in the developing British political situation next spring and summer.

There seems to be little question that, had the Conservatives won, those forces in Congress which have battled European aid on the ground that the United States was financing British socialism would have regarded dollars for Britain more favorably.

Some of these people speak with powerful voices and conceivably there could be a tendency to maintain this pressure on the Attlee Government in the hope of strengthening Conservative support for a new election later this year. Officials now predict that Attlee and company wil be able to hold power during the spring and summer with the possibility of a new election in the fall.

Some American diplomatic authorities would have liked to see a coalition or "national government" formed in Britain. They are in the main foreign policy officials who believe that the western nations have to develop more effective leadership and direction in the long political and economic contest with Russia now foreseen here.

But this is an American as well as a British problem, and they also would like to see a higher degree of co-ordination among the parts of the American Government in Washington.

Last Meeting Was In Paris

The effect of the slender parliamentary edge held by the Laborites will almost certainly be to make Prime Minister Attlee and Foreign Minister Bevin extremely cautious in foreign as well as domestic matters.

Winston Churchill, on the other hand, is in position to throw greater force behind his ideas—such as his campaign suggestion for a new meeting of Russian, British and American leaders at the highest level.

The last meeting of the western Big Three foreign ministers was held at Paris in November on German policy. Before that Bevin and Acheson met in Washington on Britain's continuing financial crisis.

Both German and British economic problems remain to be solved.

Here are British-American problems on which intensive work may now be revived—not necessarily those which would come before an Acheson-Bevin meeting:

1. Britain's gap between dollars earned and dollars spent. This gap probably will go on after the Marshall-aid plan ends in 1952. British and American officials have already done some work on what should happen in 1952 and would like now to lay out a long range plan.

Unification Debated

2. The problem of Britain's war debts—officially referred to as the "sterling balances." This is directly related to the dollar gap issue and is tied into the economies of the Near East and southeast Asia. Such countries as India and Egypt are big creditor nations for Britain. The extent of the problem suggests that if a solution is found it will involve American proposals to Congress to give substantial aid to the countries of South Asia and the Middle East.

3. Also related to Britain's financial ability is the issue of its defense commitments. There has been considerable speculation that in order to cut costs Britain might have to reduce its military investments in the old empire areas of Asia, and the United States might haveto consider taking these over. The problem of shoring up the non-Communist areas of Asia is an integral part of this whole question.

4. The unification of western Europe is a project which has caused heated behind the scenes debate between Washington and London over the role that Britain should play. The State Department wants Britain to take part as a full-fledged member of the western European community, like France, for example. The British have always insisted that they should stand apart from the Continent and play a kind of linking role between western Europe, the British Commonwealth group and the United States.

Complete Stalemate

5. German issues rest in part on the European integration scheme. Internally, British socialism and American free interprisers have adways been at odds over German industrial organization; Washington has demanded decentralization whereas the British have favored the Socialist central control approach.

6. In the field of atomic energy, the United States and Britain have reached a period of complete stalemate. This began in the early pre-election period. It was suddenly frozen, however, by the Fuchs spy case. Atomic talks among the three countries probably will be given the sleeping-dog treatment until the Fuchs case excitment has blown over. (AP)

VETERANS IN TRAINING OFF ONLY 2% IN YEAR

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25 (AP)—Four and a half years after the end of the war the veterans' training program is still running along near top speed.

The Veterans Administration said today that the number of veterans taking GI training at the end of 1949 was only 2 per cent below the 1948 total and 12 per cent below the peak at the end of 1947.

At the end of 1949, 2,474,000 veterans were enrolled under the GI Bill of Rights and Public Law 16, which offers special benefits to the disabled. A year earlier the total was 2,533,000. On Dec. 31, 1947, it was 2,802,000.

Last year, the VA said, 1,000,000 veterans started training for the first time—20 per cent fewer than the 1,250,000 who entered during 1948.

But 2,394,000 veterans who previously had participated re-entered the program during 1949, compared with 2,485,000 who did so in 1948.

The re-entries included veterans who had dropped out for vacations, to find jobs, and for other reasons.

The Veterans Administration said 10,282,000 World War II veterans—two out of every three—had applied for education and training under the two laws.

More than 175,000 have exhausted their entitlement to further GI Bill training, and 155,000 disabled veterans have been rehabilitated and are no longer eligible for the Public Law 16 benefits.

GI Money Orders Still Collectible

Washington, Feb. 25 (AP)—Jesse M. Donaldson, Postmaster General, said today his department is ready to repay any valid claims on GI money orders sent from overseas during the war and never received or cashed in this country.

Donaldson's comment was prompted by an article in the current *National Amvet*, official magazine of the American Veterans of World War II, which said the Post Office Department is getting ready to destroy about $25,000,000 worth of such unclaimed money-order applications.

Donaldson said he had not been advised of any plan for destroying the records, but conceded that such a project may be in prospect, because of the major-storage problem involved.

He pointed out that the law provides for destroying money-order records after three years and said that many of these wartime files have been held far beyond that time, some as long as eight years.

However, he asserted that "any valid claim that can be established will be paid."

3 Maintain Vigil To Save World From Bomb

New York, Feb. 25 (AP)—A tall white candle burned at the front of the huge, nearly deserted auditorium.

Above it hung a light blue flag bearing the emblem of the United Nations and these words:

"One God, One World, One People."

In the predawn hours and continuing into the day three persons sat in the vast, dimly lit room. Occasionally they knelt, their lips moving silently.

They were praying that the world be saved from the "hell-bomb."

36-Hour Vigil

The scene marked the start of a 36-hour prayer vigil at the Community Church of New York, an interdenominational institution in midtown Manhattan.

More than 300 persons gathered for the start of the marathon session last night, but only the three, the Rev. Donald Harrington, pastor, and two others, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Mardus, remained as the night wore on.

Others were expected to return later.

The prayer meeting, called to "do penance for the sin of making horror weapons like the hell bomb," was not to end until Sunday morning when special services are planned.

The Rev. Mr. Harrington said that he would fast, and pray throughout the long vigil.

"Morally Hideous"

In an address at the start of the session, he called production of the hydrogen bomb "militarily stupid, politically a blunder and morally hideous."

Other clergymen of many faiths and representatives of peace groups also spoke.

They referred to January 31, the day President Truman announced the United States would make the hydrogen bomb, as "Black Tuesday."

The tall, 3-foot candle that burned at the front of the church was expected to burn out at the end of the 36 hours.

To Mardus, the candle represented the "lights of civilization—which are burning very low."

30.24- 9183

Two Bills Propose Vet Bonus in N.J.

FEB 25 1950

TRENTON, Feb. 25 (AP).—Two bills providing bonuses for New Jersey's 530,000 Second World War veterans were introduced in the State Assembly today.

Both bills were submitted by Democrats. Both call for public approval by referendum. Both involve methods of financing different from the gross receipts tax narrowly defeated in a bonus referendum last November.

The bonus measure sponsored by Assemblyman Richard L. Gray, of Mercer county, provides for a $175,000,000 bond issue, which would be financed by a 2 percent tax on net profits of corporations clearing more than $25,000 a year.

Gray's bill sets up a payment scale of $10 a month for domestic service and $15 a month for overseas service. The maximum bonus would be $250 for domestic duty and $400 for overseas or combined overseas and domestic duty.

The other bonus bill was submitted by Frederick H. Hauser, of Hudson. The Hauser measure calls for issuance by the State of $150,000,000 in "bonus notes," which would be paid to veterans in lieu of cash. They would be redeemable in 1961.

By distributing notes instead of cash, Hauser said, the State could avoid the expense of issuing bonds.

Under the bill, $15,000,000 a year in State cigarette tax revenue would be earmarked for use in retiring the bonus notes. Cigarette levies are now channeled into State aid for education.

Hauser's bonus would be based on a straight $10 a month scale, with a $250 maximum for domestic service and a $450 top for overseas duty.

JET TRANSPORTS CAUTION IS URGED

U.S. Expert Scores 'British Propaganda' At Exhibit

East Hartford, Conn., Feb. 25 (AP). Aircraft power-plant experts today held out a "go slow" sign for jet transports despite the spur of "British propaganda."

The caution signal came from Wright A. Parkins, engineering manager of the Pratt and Whitney Aircraft plant, world's largest source of aviation engines.

He addressed military guests and writers gathered for the first showing of the nation's most powerful turbo-jet engine in use, the J-48 turbo-wasp with a thrust potential beyond 8,000 pounds.

Cites Need For Experience

Parkins's note of caution was concerned with the need for further experience with jet engines to determine their safety limits.

"I haven't talked with a single airline operator who feels that we can have less safety than now," Parkins said. "They feel we must pick up where we are now on safety and go ahead when we change to a new type powerplant. . . .

"Let's move into this carefully, British propaganda to the contrary notwithstanding."

Parkins referred to the fact that the British have a four-engine jet transport flying, with orders for production types from at least two countries. Airplane builders in this country have not yet started to build a jet transport. Cost has been a major factor.

The J-48 Turbo-Wasp is almost identical in size with the J-42, but delivers 25 per cent more power. It delivers 6,250 pounds of thrust. That equals 6,250 horsepower when installed in an airplane going 375 miles an hour, or about 11,000 horsepower when the plane is going 670 miles an hour—the fastest officially timed speed.

'INVASION' CONVOY LEAVES NORFOLK

Land, Carrier-Based Aircraft Protect 160-Ship Fleet

Norfolk, Va., Feb. 25 (AP)—An "invasion" convoy protected by land and carrier-based aircraft sailed today from Norfolk to begin the initial phases of operation Portrex, the largest Army-Navy-Air Force airborne-amphibious operation in American peacetime history.

Target of the force—consisting of approximately 160 ships of the Atlantic Fleet under the task force command of Rear Admiral Jerauld Wright—is the small Caribbean island of Vieques, some 20 miles long and 6 miles wide, located just off the coast of Puerto Rico.

With the battleship Missouri in the lead, the naval striking and covering force consists of five aircraft carriers, three cruisers and eight destroyers. This force will protect the convoy.

"Enemy" Lurks On Route

And protection will be needed, for the "enemy" is lurking somewhere between Norfolk and Vieques. The "enemy" to the convoy is composed of Atlantic Fleet submarines and navy and Marine aircraft. All will conduct both reconnaissance and strikes against the invading force.

Installations normally present under war conditions have been provided in the assault area by navy construction battalions, supported by army and airforce engineer squadrons.

Lieut. Gen. John R. Hodge is commander of the invasion force which will seek to oust an "aggressor" force holding Vieques.

Will "Bombard" Island

The "aggressors" are commanded by Lieut. Gen. W. H. H. Morris, Jr. Overall commander of Operation Portex is Admiral William H. Fechteler, commander in chief, United States Atlantic Fleet.

Once the combat area is reached, ships and planes will bombard simulated defense positions on the island with live shells and bombs. Umpire teams then will assess the effectiveness of the softening-up attack.

H-BOMB AS PEACE INSURANCE URGED

McAuliffe Would Build Them 'Bigger And Better'

FEB 25 1950

Dunn, N.C., Feb. 25 (AP)—The chief of the Army Chemical Corps proposed today that America "build the hydrogen bomb bigger and better, stock pile them, and then build bigger and better airplanes to haul them."

Maj. Gen. Anthony C. McAuliffe made the assertion in an interview here. He gained fame when he replied "Nuts" to a German demand that his command surrender during the World War II Battle of the Bulge around Bastogne.

Destroy World?—"Nonsense"

McAuliffe termed the bomb "a strategic weapon which would help insure peace." And he added it is "pure nonsense" to say the bomb could destroy the world. "No single weapon can do that," he said.

He and Mrs. McAuliffe were here on a visit to the widow of Maj. Gen. William C. Lee, who trained the 101st Airborne Division. McAuliffe was Lee's assistant in activating and training the division.

"The stronger we are," McAuliffe said, "the less chance there will be that somebody will try to attack us."

He said he still favors making all units of the Army airborne.

Mormon Attributes Arrest To Czechs' 'Local Suspicion'

FEB 25 1950

Salt Lake City, Feb. 25 (AP)—A Mormon missionary held captive by Czechoslovakia authorities for four weeks said today he believed his arrest "was stirred up by local suspicion."

Stanley E. Abbott, 23, of Lehi, Utah, and C. Aldon Johnson, 22, of Idaho Falls, missionaries for the Latter-Day Saints (Mormon) Church in Czechoslovakia, were released yesterday and immediately deported from the country.

In a telephone interview from Zurich, Switzerland, Abbott told the *Deseret News* here "We cannot tell of our experiences in great detail." That is because, he explained in the copyright story, the president of the Mormon mission in Czechoslovakia, Wallace Toronto, and other church workers still are in Prague. The church has approximately 250 converts there.

Never Appeared In Court

"We might endanger them if we talk too freely," Abbott said.

The missionary said he and Johnson had no advance "warning of any trouble." He said the two were seized while en route to Olomouc, a few miles from Prostejov, where they were stationed.

"After some questioning by the local police," Abbott said, "we were turned over to the Czech secret police and lodged in the prison at Olomouc.

"It was not until a day later we learned we had been arrested on suspicion of spying. No charges were even written against us. We never appeared in court.

Released Suddenly

"For the first three days we were questioned by the secret police. The questioning was severe, but no brutality or force was used.

"We had our only opportunity to preach the gospel during those questioning periods. The secret police seemed to understand very well what we were doing. They knew a great deal about the missionary system. But, of course, they showed no interest in our discussions of religion.

"Naturally, we could give them no satisfaction on the spying charges. We were not in Czechoslovakia for that purpose.

"After three days, the questioning stopped. We were left alone after that."

Abbott said their release came as suddenly as their arrest. They never were informed, he said, of what was being done on their behalf. They were not permitted to talk with anyone, to receive visitors or mail or to write letters.

Things Move Fast

"Then, suddenly, on Friday at 7 A.M. we were free," Abbott continued. "The only explanation we got was that we were released by orders o fthe Czech Foreign Ministry.

"Things moved fast. We got our few belongings back. Two armed guards whisked us onto a train to Prague. At Prague we saw (Mission) President Toronto a few minutes at the airport, but had no chance to talk to him.

"The guards put us on the plane at Prague. We knew we were being expelled from the country. We had no regrets about that. It was not until we felt the plane leave the ground and saw those guards still back there that we could look at each other, grin with relief and really shake hands."

BONN, GERMANY, FEB. 25-(AP)-A NEW ALLIED PLAN FOR BREAKING UP THE CONCENTRATION OF RUHR HEAVY INDUSTRY IS VIRTUALLY COMPLETE, AN OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENT SAID TODAY.

THE NEW PLAN AMOUNTS TO A REJECTION OF THE OFFER OF CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER TO INITIATE GERMAN LEGISLATION TO DECENTRALIZE RUHR INDUSTRY. IT WILL REPLACE A MILITARY GOVERNMENT LAW DESIGNED TO DISMEMBER THE RUHR TRUSTS.

ADENAUER WROTE TO THE HIGH COMMISSIONERS ON JAN. 22 EXPRESSING HIS GOVERNMENT'S INTEREST IN BRINGING ABOUT THE DECONCENTRATION OF THESE INDUSTRIES SO AS TO CREATE SOUND COMPETITIVE ENTERPRISES."

HE ASKED WHETHER HE SHOULD INITIATE GERMAN LEGISLATION, OR WHETHER THE ALLIES REPLIED LAST THURSDAY THAT A REVISION OF EXISTING ALLIED LAW WOULD PROVIDE THE GENERAL FRAMEWORK AND PROCEDURE FOR REORGANIZING THE INDUSTRIES. GERMAN LEGISLATION WAS CONSIDERED UNNECESSARY.

B1018AYS

BY BRACK CURRY

HEIDELBERG, GERMANY, FEB. 25-(AP)-THE U.S. ARMY SAYS A WELL-ORGANIZED SPY RING APPARENTLY HAS BEEN MASTERMINDING THE THEFT OF SECRET PAPERS FROM THE HOMES OF HIGH ARMY OFFICERS HERE OVER THE PAST SEVEN MONTHS.

AUTHORITIES SAID THIEVES HAVE ENTERED THE HOMES OF 30 OFFICERS IN THIS U.S. ARMY HEADQUARTERS CITY AND MADE OFF WITH CONFIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, USUALLY IGNORING JEWELRY, CASH AND OTHER VALUABLES.

"EITHER FOREIGN AGENTS, OR SOMEONE TRYING TO PEDDLE SECRET DOCUMENTS TO A FOREIGN POWER IS RESPONSIBLE," ONE OFFICIAL COMMENTED YESTERDAY.

HE SAID THE RING APPARENTLY RECEIVED TIPS FROM INSIDE THE EUROPEAN COMMAND'S HEADQUARTERS ON WHICH OFFICERS, DISREGARDING A SECURITY WARNING, TOOK CONFIDENTIAL PAPERS TO THEIR HOMES.

THE RING STRUCK FIRST LAST AUG. 10. THIS MONTH THE HOMES OF THREE OFFICERS HAVE BEEN BROKEN INTO.

THE LATEST TO BE ROBBED WAS A COLONEL WHO TOOK A BATCH OF SECRET DOCUMENTS HOME AND LEFT THEM IN HIS CAR. THAT NIGHT HIS HOME WAS ENTERED AND SEARCHED.

THE NEXT NIGHT THE COLONEL AGAIN LEFT THE PAPERS IN HIS CAR. THIS TIME THE AGENTS BROKE INTO HIS GARAGE AND WALKED OFF WITH THEM.

"ALL THESE HOUSE BREAKINGS FOLLOW THE SAME PATTERN," AN ARMY SPOKESMAN SAID. "ITEMS OF HIGH VALUE ARE UNTOUCHED, BUT DESKS ARE SEARCHED FOR PAPERS. NO FINGER PRINTS ARE LEFT.

"IN A FEW OF THE HOMES A TOKEN AMOUNT OF ITEMS OF NO SPECIAL MONETARY VALUE WAS TAKEN. THEY TOOK THESE APPARENTLY WITH THE INTENT OF DRAWING ATTENTION AWAY FROM THE ACTUAL PURPOSE OF THE BURGLARY--TO OBTAIN IMPORTANT OFFICIAL DOCUMENTS.

VS341AES FEB 25 1950

FIRST LEAD KARPE

BY C.K.HOBENFIELD

VIENNA, AUSTRIA, FEB 25-(AP)-U.S. ARMY AUTHORITIES SAID TODAY THE FACTS INDICATED THAT U.S. NAVAL CAPTAIN EUGENE S.KARPE MET DEATH ACCIDENTALLY THURSDAY IN AN AUSTRIAN RAILWAY TUNNEL, SOUTH OF SALZBURG.

INVESTIGATORS SAID IT WAS POSSIBLE THAT KARPE ALIGHTED FROM THE ARLBERG EXPRESS AT GOLLING, WHERE THE TRAIN MADE AN UNSCHEDULED 30-MINUTE STOP BECAUSE OF REPAIR WORK ON THE TRACKS AHEAD. THEY THEORIZED HE HAD DIFFICULTY IN RE-BOARDING THE TRAIN AFTER IT STARTED. THE TRAIN ENTERED THE TUNNEL THREE MINUTES LATER AND WAS GOING 30 MILES AN HOUR.

KARPE WAS A CLOSE FRIEND AND AN ANNAPOLIS CLASSMATE OF AMERICAN BUSINESSMAN ROBERT A.VOGELER, NOW IN A HUNGARIAN PRISON AFTER BEING CONVICTED OF ESPIONAGE AND SABOTAGE.

AN ARMY SPOKESMAN SAID THE BALLAST BETWEEN THE TRACKS AND THE TUNNEL WALL WASSFRESHLY CHURNED FOR SOME DISTANCE NEAR WHERE KARPE'S BODY WAS FOUND. THIS MAY INDICATE, HE SAID, THAT KARPE LOST HIS BALANCE AND WAS TRYING TO STRUGGLE BACK INTO THE CAR WHILE HIS FEET DRAGGED ON THE GROUND.

OLIVER WRIGHT, SECOND SECRETARY OF THE BRITISH LEGATION IN BUCHAREST, WHERE KARPE HAD SPENT THREE YEARS AS NAVAL ATTACHE, SAID HE SAW KARPE ABOUT 30 MINUTES BEFORE THE ACCIDENT OCCURRED. HE SAID HE DID NOT KNOW WHETHER KARPE GOT OFF THE TRAIN AT GOLLING. KARPE HAD COMPLAINED ABOUT GOUT AND WAS WALKING WITH A LIMP, WRIGHT SAID.

THE ARMY SPOKESMAN STATED THERE WERE NINE PIECES OF LUGGAGE FOUND IN KARPE'S COMPARTMENT AND NONE OF THEM HAD BEEN DISTURBED.

FOUND ON KARPE'S BODY WAS A CIGARETTE LIGHTER BELONGING TO VOGELER. KARPE HAD VISITED THE VOGELER HOME IN VIENNA WEDNESDAY NIGHT. MRS. VOGELER SAID KARPE HAD ASKED FOR THE LIGHTER AS A MEMENTO.

THE INVESTIGATORS XXX SECOND GRAF (A20)

ME922AES

"HE WAS TOO GAY AND FULL OF PEP, AND HAD TOO MUCH TO LIVE FOR," SHE SAID. ADD VIENNA (KARPE) XXX SUICIDE (HODEFIELD)

ALL VIENNESE PAPERS GAVE THE NAVAL ATTACHE'S DEATH PROMINENT PLAY.

THE COMMUNIST VOLKSTIMME BLAMED THE DEATH ON AMERICAN COUNTER INTELLIGENCE AGENTS.

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THE BRITISH-SPONSORED WELTPRESSES SAID A ROMANIAN AND A BULGARIAN HAVE BEEN ARRESTED AND FOUND IN POSSESSION OF KARPE'S BRIEFCASE. THERE WAS NO OFFICIAL CONFIRMATION OF THIS.

ME837AES

THE BRITON, WRIGHT, SAID HE AND HIS WIFE SAW KARPE GOING INTO THE DINER AT 12:45 P.M. THIS WAS 25 MINUTES BEFORE THE GOLLING STOP. WRIGHT SAID HE DID NOT KNOW WHETHER KARPE STEPPED OFF AT GOLLING.

KARPE COMPLAINED ABOUT GOUT AND SAID IT HAD BEEN GIVING HIM A LOT OF TROUBLE, WRIGHT ADDED. THE CAPTAIN WAS WALKING WITH A LIMP.

A SPOKESMAN FOR THE AUSTRIAN NATIONAL RAILROADS SAID ALL DOORS INTO THE TRAIN'S SLEEPING CARS, SUCH AS KARPE OCCUPIED, OPEN INWARD. IF KARPE FELL FROM A DOOR, IT MUST HAVE BEEN LEFT OPEN AT THE GOLLING STOP. ADD VIENNA (ML KARPE) XXX GROUND (HAMPE)

THE BRITISH-LICENSED NEWSPAPER WELTPRESSE, WHICH HAS SOMETIMES PRINTED REPORTS LATER PROVED TO HAVE NO FOUNDATION IN FACT, DECLARED TODAY:

A MAN WHO SAT NEAR KARPE IN THE TRAIN DINER WAS ARRESTED ON THE SWISS-FRENCH BORDER. (AUSTRIAN POLICE DENIED IT.)

A ROMANIAN AND A BULGARIAN HAVE BEEN ARRESTED IN POSSESSION OF KARPE'S BRIEFCASE. (THERE WAS NO OFFICIAL CONFIRMATION.)

KAA39PES

NIGHT LEAD MCCORMICK

MADRID, FEB 25-(AP)-COL. ROBERT R.MCCORMICK, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER OF THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE, TOOK OFF FOR ATHENS IN HIS CONVERTED B-17 BOMBER AT 10:55 P.M. (5.55 P.M. EST) TODAY.

THE COLONEL, ACCOMPANIED BY HIS WIFE, IS ON AN AIR TOUR THAT WILL EXTEND TO THAILAND (SIAM).

MCCORMICK SAID TODAY HE HAD FOUND GENERALISSIMO FRANCISCO FRANCO A "VERY DYNAMIC AND DRAMATIC" PERSON AND ADDED THAT "SPAIN NEEDS A STRONG MAN TO KEEP COMMUNISM DOWN."

BD909PES

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[illegible] (AP)-COL. ROBERT R.MCCORMICK, PUBLISHER OF THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE, SAID TODAY HE FOUND GENERALISSIMO FRANCISCO FRANCO A "VERY DYNAMIC AND DRAMATIC" PERSON. HE MADE THE REMARK AFTER CONFERRING FOR MORE THAN AN HOUR WITH SPAIN'S CHIEF OF STATE AT PARDO PALACE.

"SPAIN NEEDS A STRONG MAN TO KEEP COMMUNISTS DOWN," THE TOURING CHICAGO PUBLISHER SAID.

"FRANCO WANTS TO GIVE HIS PEOPLE WHAT THE COMMUNISTS PROMISED THEM. THERE IS NO QUESTION BUT THAT HE WANTS TO BRING PROSPERITY TO SPAIN," THE COLONEL DECLARED.

MCCORMICK AND HIS PARTY TAKE OFF BY PLANE LATE TONIGHT FOR ATHENS, THEIR NEXT STOP IN A FLIGHT FROM CHICAGO TO BANGKOK, THAILAND.

TA/N302PES

PRAGUE, FEB 25-(AP)-THE COMMUNIST LED CZECH GOVERNMENT CELEBRATED THE SECOND ANNIVERSARY OF ITS SEIZURE OF POWER TODAY WITHOUT PUBLIC FANFARE OR DEMONSTRATION.

ONLY FLAG BEDECKED BUILDINGS IN DOWNTOWN PRAGUE AND THE VICTORIOUS TRUMPETING OF THE CONTROLLED PRESS ATTESTED TO THE FACT THAT THIS WAS A HOLIDAY.

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LAST YEAR THE OCCASION WAS MARKED BY A HUGE PARADE OF WORKERS, MILITIA AND ARMY UNITS DOWN THE CITY'S MAIN SQUARE.

BUT THE CONTROLLED PRESS BID NOT LET THE PEOPLE FORGET.

MANY PAPERS CARRIED FRONT PAGE PICTURES OF THEN PREMIER KLEMENT GOTTWALD READING THE PROCLAMATION OF THE LATE PRESIDENT EDVARD BENES ACCEPTING THE RESIGNATION THE RESIGNATION OF MINISTERS OF THREE NON-COMMUNIST PARTIES FROM THE COALITION GOVERNMENT ON FEB. 25, 1948, AND AGREEING TO THE NEW [illegible]ET DRAWN UP BY GOTTWALD, NOW PRESIDENT.

ME809AES

PRAGUE, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, FEB.25-(AP)-PRESIDENT KLEMENT GOTTWALD TODAY FREED AN UNDISCLOSED NUMBER OF ROMAN CATHOLIC PRIESTS ARRESTED LAST SUMMER IN SLOVAKIA IN CONNECTION WITH THE CHURCH-STATE STRUGGLE.

ONLY YESTERDAY, HOWEVER, THE OFFICIAL NEWS AGENCY ANNOUNCED THAT A ROMAN CATHOLIC CHAPLAIN WAS SENTENCED TO 12 YEARS IMPRISONMENT BY A SLOVAKIA COURT FOR ALLEGEDLY REFUSING TO GIVE ABSOLUTION DURING CONFESSION TO COMMUNIST SYMPATHIZERS AND THAT ANOTHER CATHOLIC PRIEST WAS SENTENCED TO FOUR TO FOUR AND A HALF YEARS ON CHARGES OF INCITING "THE FAITHFUL AGAINST THE PEOPLE'S DEMOCRATIC REGIME."

BESIDES FREEING THE CATHOLIC PRIESTS, GOTTWALD ALSO GRANTED AMNESTY OR HALTED LEGAL PROCEDURES AGAINST AN UNDISCLOSED NUMBER OF PERSONS WHO WERE SEIZED LAST SUMMER DURING H

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OR HALTED LEGAL PROCEDURES AGAINST AN UNDISCLOSED NUMBER OF PERSONS WHO WERE SEIZED LAST SUMMER DURING THE WIDESPREAD DISTURBANCES IN SLOVAKIA RESULTING FROM THE CHURCH-STATE BATTLE.

"THE AMNESTY WAS NOT GRANTED TO THOSE PERSONS WHO DIRECTLY COMMITTED VIOLENCE OR WHO WERE THE INSTIGATORS OR LEADERS OF THE DISTURBANCES," THE SLOVAK NEWSPAPER PRAVDA SAID.

WHOLE SLOVAKIA VILLAGES WERE REPORTED LAST SUMMER TO HAVE FOUGHT PITCHFORK BATTLES WITH STATE SECURITY POLICE TO PROTECT THEIR PRIESTS FROM ARRESTS.

MANY OTHER CASES OF VIOLENCE AND DEFIANCE OF THE COMMUNIST REGIME WERE ALSO REPORTED AT THAT TIME IN INTENSELY DEVOUT SLOVAKIA.

B1001AES

PRAGUE--FIRST ADD NIGHT LEAD CZECH (B96). X X FEBRUARY VICTORY."

FATHER JAN DECHET, WHO WAS EXCOMMUNICATED FOR TAKING A GOVERNMENT POST AS ADMINISTRATOR OF A ROMAN CATHOLIC DIOCESE IN SLOVAKIA, CHARGED TONIGHT THAT THE VATICAN AND HIGH CHURCH DIGNITARIES ARE PERSECUTING HIM.

IN A NATION-WIDE RADIO BROADCAST HE DECLARED: "I REJECT ALL THREATS AND INTIMIDATION."

FATHER DECHET, WHOM HIGH CZECH CATHOLIC SOURCES HAVE DESCRIBED AS A LONG-TIME COLLABORATOR WITH THE COMMUNISTS, WAS INSTALLED ABOUT THREE WEEKS AGO AS ADMINISTRATOR OF THE DIOCESE OF BANSKA BYSTRICA AFTER THE CATHOLIC CHURCH'S APPOINTEE, DR. ANIEL BRIEDON, HAD BEEN OUSTED.

THE POST HAS BEEN VACANT SINCE THE DEATH OF BISHOP JAN SKRABIK. SHORTLY AFTER FATHER DECHET WAS INSTALLED, HE WAS EXCOMMUNICATED BY THE VATICAN. HIGH CHURCH OFFICIALS HAD CALLED THE PRIEST A "WOLF AND INTRUDER IN THE FLOCK OF THE FAITHFUL."

THE PRIEST DID NOT MENTION HIS EXCOMMUNICATION, WHICH HAS NOT BEEN ANNOUNCED IN THE PRESS AND RADIO. HOWEVER, THE CZECHS HAVE LEARNED OF IT THROUGH THE VOICE OF AMERICA BROADCASTS.

IN HIS BROADCAST, FATHER DECHET SAID HE WAS "VERY SORRY THAT FOR ALL THE LOVE AND GOODWILL WHICH I HAVE MANIFESTED, I WAS GIVEN NOTHING BUT THE WORST INGRATITUDE.

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"THE FOREIGN ENEMIES OF OUR REPUBLIC ARE USING THIS CASE FOR ATTEMPTING TO DISRUPT THE PEACEFUL DEVELOPMENT OF THE RELATIONS BETWEEN THE CHURCH AND THE STATE AND THUS DAMAGE THE INTERESTS OF OUR CLERGY AND THE FAITHFUL."

KS840PES

BELGRADE--FIRST ADD NIGHT LEAD HEATH (A12) XXX [redacted]

HEATH SAID THE CHARGE OF ESPIONAGE MADE AGAINST HIM DURING THE Soviet Union TRIAL OF TRAICHO KOSTOV, FORMER DEPUTY PREMIER OF BULGARIA WHO WAS RECENTLY EXECUTED, WAS "FLIMSILY CONTRIVED."

HEATH AND HIS PARTY WERE MET HERE BY U.S. AMBASSADOR GEORGE V. ALLEN AND SIR CHARLES PEAKE, BRITISH AMBASSADOR.

THUS FAR THE BRITISH HAVE SHOWN NO INDICATION THAT THEY WILL FOLLOW THE U.S. IN BREAKING OFF DIPLOMATIC TIES WITH SOFIA. HOWEVER, OBSERVERS SAY THIS IS STILL A POSSIBILITY. THEY POINT OUT THAT THE DEPARTING AMERICAN OFFICIALS, INSTEAD OF TURNING OVER THE CUSTODY OF THEIR INTERESTS TO THE BRITISH ENVOY AS MIGHT HAVE BEEN EXPECTED, PLACED THEIR AFFAIRS IN THE HANDS OF THE SWISS.

THE AMERICAN WITHDRAWAL FROM SOFIA HAS RAISED WIDESPREAD SPECULATION IN THE BALKANS AS TO WHAT THE NEXT STEP WILL BE. THERE IS SOME BELIEF THE BULGARIAN ATTACKS ON HEATH MIGHT HAVE BEEN ORDERED BY RUSSIA AS A TEST CASE TO DETERMINE HOW FAR THE COMMUNIST PARTNERS UNDER KREMLIN DOMINATION COULD GO WITHOUT INCURRING AMERICAN ANGER. THERE ALSO REMAINS THE QUESTION WHETHER THE BULGARIAN INCIDENT WAS PART OF A GENERAL SOVIET-DICTATED MOVE TO OUST U.S. DIPLOMATS FROM THE SATELLITE STATES.

KA550PES

"THE SAME LARGE MAJORITY WHICH IS ANTIPATHETIC TO THE REGIME THAT WIPES OUT FREEDOM AND JUSTICE, LOOKS WITH SYMPATHY TO THE DEMOCRACIES OF THE WEST.

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ADD NIS (Heath) XXX General (Singleton)

"THIS IS ONE OF THE CHIEF REASONS FOR THE FRANTIC EFFORTS TO SMEAR THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN AND OTHER DEMOCRATIC GOVERNMENTS AND THEIR REPRESENTATIVES. THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT HAS BORNE WITH PATIENCE THE INDIGNITIES INFLICTED ON ITS REPRESENTATIVES AND THE MORE DIFFICULT SUFFERING OF THOSE BULGARIANS EMPLOYED BY THE LEGATION, ALWAYS IN THE HOPE THAT THE BULGARIAN GOVERNMENT WOULD EVENTUALLY REACH A REASONABLE STAND.

"IT APPEARS, HOWEVER, THAT CONDITIONS FOR REPRESENTATIVES OF THE UNITED STATES X X X ARE BECOMING WORSE. THERE WAS NOTHING FOR THE UNITED STATES TO DO BUT, WITH DEEP REGRET FOR THAT MAJORITY THAT REPRESENTS THE REAL BULGARIAN PEOPLE, TO TAKE THE STEP OF SUSPENDING DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS."

IN THE OUTGOING TRAIN THERE WAS MINGLED BEREAVEMENT AND SORROW AS

THE AMERICAN DIPLOMATS LEFT THE BALKANS THEY HAD LEARNED TO KNOW SO WELL.

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M653AES

BY THOMAS P.WHITNEY

MOSCOW, FEB. 25--(AP)--THE LITERARY GAZETTE HAS A NEW EDITOR-IN-CHIEF --FAMED NOVELIST, POET AND PLAYWRIGHT KONSTANTIN SIMONOV.

SIMONOV REPLACED V.ERMILOV WHO FORMERLY WAS IN CHARGE OF THE ORGAN OF THE WRITERS' UNION.

SIMONOV'S APPOINTMENT FOLLOWS RECENT CRITICISM THAT THE MAGAZINE HAD FAILED TO DEVELOP AN OBJECTIVE LITERARY CRITICISM, PERMITTED PERSONAL FRIENDSHIP TO INFLUENCE ITS EVALUATION OF LITERARY WORKS, FAILED TO FURNISH ADEQUATE GUIDANCE TO SOVIET WRITERS AND LACKED INTEREST IN CHILDREN'S BOOKS.

THE CRITICISMS WERE MADE AT A PLENARY SESSION OF THE SOVIET WRITER'S UNION.

SIMONOV, A SECRETARY OF THE WRITERS' UNION, IS A CANDIDATE FOR THE SUPREME SOVIET IN THE ELECTIONS OF MARCH 12.

SIMONOV FIRST BECAME KNOWN ABROAD FOR HIS NEWSPAPER DISPATCHES DESCRIBING THE DEFENSE OF STALINGRAD. LATER HE WROTE A NOVEL ABOUT THE SIEGE WHICH WAS TRANSLATED INTO ENGLISH AND WAS A BEST-SELLER IN THE UNITED STATES AS "DAYS AND NIGHTS".

HE WAS AWARDED THE STALIN PRIZE IN 1943 FOR HIS PLAY "A FELLOW FROM OUR TOWN," AND AGAIN IN 1949 FOR A VERSE CYCLE.

SN1005PES

FOLO MOSCOW ARMAMENTS

BOSTON, FEB. 25--(AP)--A CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR ARTICLE, QUOTED BY SOVIET RUSSIA'S TASS NEWS AGENCY, DECLARED THAT AMERICANS WERE SENDING THOUSANDS OF LETTERS TO WASHINGTON CALLING FOR AN END TO THE ARMS RACE.

THE ARTICLE, WRITTEN BY JOSEPHINE RIPLEY OF THE MONITOR'S WASHINGTON BUREAU, WAS THE MONITOR'S LEADING FRONT-PAGE STORY ON FEBRUARY 21.

IT SAID "THE AMERICAN PUBLIC, AROUSED OVER THE IMPLICATIONS OF THE H-BOMB, IS SENDING CAPITAL HILL AN ALMOST UNPRECEDENTED VOLUME OF MAIL DEMANDING AN END TO 'THIS CATASTROPHIC ARMS RACE.'"

THE LETTERS, URGING THAT SOMETHING BE DONE TO STOP THE ARMAMENT COMPETITION,--THE ARTICLE SAID--WERE IN RESPONSE TO A PROPOSAL BY SEN. MCMAHON (D-CONN), CHAIRMAN OF THE JOINT ATOMIC ENERGY COMMITTEE, FOR A $50,000,000 GLOBAL MARSHALL PLAN TO BRING ABOUT PEACE, THE ARTICLE SAID.

THE MONITOR SAID IN ITS STORY:

"MORE THAN 6,500 LETTERS FROM EVERY STATE IN THE COUNTRY HAVE COME INTO THE OFFICE OF THE JOINT ATOMIC ENERGY COMMITTEE AND THEY'RE CONTINUING AT THE RATE OF 200 A DAY."

THE MONITOR OFFERED NO COMMENT TODAY ON ITS STORY.

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MOSCOW, FEB 25-(AP)-FOR THE SECOND DAY IN A ROW SOVIET NEWSPAPERS DISPLAYED PROMINENTLY TASS NEWS AGENCY REPORTS FROM THE UNITED STATES THAT INCREASING NUMBERS OF AMERICANS ARE DEMANDING THAT PRESIDENT TRUMAN REVISE HIS POLICY TOWARD RUSSIA.

BASING ITS REPORTS ON STORIES IN AMERICAN NEWSPAPERS, THE SOVIET NEWS AGENCY SAID THE "AMERICAN PEOPLE ARE DEMANDING AN END TO THE ARMAMENTS RACE."

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TASS QUOTED A CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR STORY SAYING THE AMERICAN PEOPLE ARE SENDING LARGE NUMBERS OF LETTERS TO CONGRESSMEN MAKING THESE DEMANDS.

CONGRESSMEN ARE QUOTED AS SAYING THESE LETTERS REPRESENT "ONE OF THE MOST SPONTANEOUS AND SINCERE EXPRESSIONS OF THE MASS OF PEOPLE EVER TO REACH THE CAPITOL."

THE REPORT SAID CONSERVATIVE ORGANIZATIONS WHICH PREVIOUSLY SUPPORTED THE U.S. GOVERNMENT FOREIGN POLICY ARE NOW SUGGESTING THAT EFFORTS BE MADE TO REACH AN AGREEMENT WITH THE SOVIET UNION.

ME812AES

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moscow, feb. 25-(ap)-u.s. ambassador alan g. kirk left by special plane today for berlin. the envoy expects to spend tonight as u.s. high commissioner john j. mccloy's guest in frankfurt.

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TEHRAN, IRAN, FEB. 25-(AP)-PREMIER MOHAMMED SAED RESIGNED TODAY AND WAS IMMEDIATELY APPOINTED BY SHAH MOHAMMED REZA PAHLEVI TO FORM A NEW CABINET.

THE CONSTITUTION PROVIDES THAT THE CABINET RESIGN IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE MAJLIS (PARLIAMENT) CONVENES.

PREMIER SAED RESIGNED LAST JAN. 11 AND FORMED A NEW CABINET JAN. 14 IN A MOVE BELIEVED AIMED AT ADOPTION OF A STRONGER ECONOMIC POLICY. THE SHAH PREVIOUSLY HAD VISITED THE UNITED STATES TO SEEK ECONOMIC AID FOR HIS COUNTRY.

SN1052PES

DURING THE ROUNDUP SEVERAL SUSPECTS ADMITTED THE ILLEGAL CROSSING OF THE BORDER FROM ARAB PALESTINE. THEY CLAIMED THEY HAD BEEN MISTREATED IN ARAB TERRITORY, HAD NO WORK OR FOOD THERE AND HENCE HAD TAKEN THE RISK OF FLEEING TO ISRAEL.

THE 35 MEN PICKED UP ARE LIABLE TO DEPORTATION.

ADD Jerusalem (ISRAEL) XXX TOWN

PS849PES

PRECEDE JAKARTA DAY (110)

SINGAPORE, SUNDAY, FEB 26 (AP)-POLICE HERE SAID TODAY THEY HAD GREAT REASONS TO BELIEVE THAT CAPT. R.P.P. (TURK) WESTERLING, GUERRILLA LEADER IN INDONESIA, HAD ENTERED SINGAPORE ILLEGALLY.

A TRAP SET IN A CROWDED PART OF THE COLONY LAST NIGHT FAILED TO CATCH HIM, THE POLICE SAID.

(IN JAKARTA, INDONESIA, NETHERLANDS HIGH COMMISSIONER H.M.HIRSCHFELD SAID YESTERDAY HE HAD NO EVIDENCE THAT WESTERLING HAD LEFT INDONESIA AND THAT HE REFUSED TO CREDIT REPORTS THE DUTCH MILITARY HAD HELPED THE GUERRILLA CHIEF ESCAPE.)

WESTERLING, FORMER CAPTAIN IN THE NETHERLANDS EAST INDIES ARMY, WON NOTORIETY LAST MONTH WHEN HIS REBEL ARMY CAPTURED AND LATER EVACUATED BANDOENG, ON JAVA. HE HAS BEEN HARASSING THE NEW UNITED STATES OF INDONESIA GOVERNMENT SINCE THAT TIME.

POLICE SAID THEY BELIEVE WESTERLING LANDED IN A FLYING BOAT NEAR SINGAPORE AND SWAM ASHORE.

SN1012PES

JAKARTA, INDONESIA, FEB. 25-(AP)-NETHERLANDS HIGH COMMISSIONER H.N. HIRSCHFELD SAID TODAY HE HAS NO EVIDENCE THAT R.P.P. WESTERLING, OUTLAW LEADER, HAS LEFT INDONESIA. HE REFUSED TO CREDIT REPORTS THAT THE DUTCH MILITARY HELPED WESTERLING TO ESCAPE.

HIRSCHFELD REFERRED TO AN UNCONFIRMED PRESS REPORT THAT WESTERLING, HIS WIFE AND CHILD HAD ESCAPED TO SINGAPORE IN A DUTCH MILITARY FLYING BOAT.

"I HAVE NO EVIDENCE OF FACTS INDICATING THAT WESTERLING HAS LEFT THE COUNTRY," SAID HIRSCHFELD. "IN MY OPINION, IF HE LEFT THE COUNTRY, IT IS IMPOSSIBLE HE COULD HAVE LEFT IN THE MANNER REPORTED. I REFUSE TO BELIEVE THAT A DUTCH CATALINA WAS USED OR THAT MRS. WESTERLING WAS IN THE CAR OF A DUTCH GENERAL."

ACCORDING TO A JAKARTA PRESS ACCOUNT, WESTERLING WAS FLOWN FROM JAKARTA'S PORT, TANDJONG, ON FEB. 21 IN A DUTCH MILITARY CATALINA

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FLYING BOAT. IT WAS REPORTED HIS WIFE AND CHILD LEFT JAKARTA TWO NIGHTS LATER IN THE SAME MANNER, AFTER STAYING AT THE BARRACKS OF THE DUTCH WOMEN'S CORPS AND BEING DRIVEN AROUND TOWN IN A DUTCH ARMY GENERAL STAFF CAR.

THERE HAS BEEN NO COMMENT FROM OFFICIALS OF THE UNITED STATES OF INDONESIA.

MLSAGAES

FRENCH OBSERVERS NOTED THAT HO'S RADIO HAS NOT YET MENTIONED YUGOSLAVIA'S RECENT RECOGNITION OF HIS GOVERNMENT, AND SAID THEY BELIEVED HO IS AWAITING INSTRUCTIONS FROM MOSCOW ON HOW TO REACT.

B1006AES ADD SAIGON (Indochina) XXX SAID

CALCUTTA, INDIA, FEB. 25-(AP)-AT LEAST EIGHT MOSLEMS WERE KILLED AND 15 INJURED TODAY IN COMMUNAL VIOLENCE. THE CITY HAS BEEN PARALYZED SINCE NOON, WHEN ALL BUSINESS AND TRANSPORT STOPPED AS A PROTEST AGAINST RECENT DISTURBANCES IN EAST PAKISTAN.

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TA502PES

KARACHI, PAKISTAN, FEB. 25-(AP)-UNITED STATES AMBASSADOR AVRA M. WARREN PRESENTED HIS CREDENTIALS TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL OF PAKISTAN TODAY AND ANNOUNCED THREE U.S. MISSIONS WILL ARRIVE HERE IN THE NEXT FEW DAYS TO COORDINATE THE U.S. RELIEF PROGRAM IN PAKISTAN.

"IN ADVANCE OF THE POINT FOUR PROGRAM," HE SAID, "THE U.S. GOVERNMENT IS SENDING THREE SEPARATE MISSIONS TO KARACHI TO SURVEY THE FIELD AND COORDINATE THE EXISTING PROGRAM. THESE MISSIONS ARE TANGIBLE EVIDENCE OF OUR SINCERE DESIRE TO HELP PAKISTAN HELP ITSELF."

THE FIRST MISSION, HEADED BY DR. ROSS MOORE, IS AN AGRICULTURAL AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE GROUP, THE SECOND IS COMPOSED OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STATE DEPARTMENT AND PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE AND THE THIRD WILL BE FROM THE INTERIOR DEPARTMENT.

AMBASSADOR WARREN EMPHASIZED THE "ULTIMATE BENEFIT TO BE DERIVED FROM THE PROGRAMS DEPENDS ON THE COOPERATION OF PAKISTAN'S PEOPLE." HE SAID "IN THE UNITED STATES WE STAND READY TO ASSIST WITH THE KNOWLEDGE WE ACCUMULATED IN THE INDUSTRIAL AGE."

TA1145AES

THE SOUTHERN ARMY REPORTED TODAY THAT ITS TROOPS HAD KILLED 27 AND CAPTURED THREE OF A COMMUNIST GUERRILLA BAND WHICH RAIDED A VILLAGE NEAR THE SOUTH COAST WEDNESDAY.

ADD FOUR (Korea) XXX country DP632PCS (MOORE)

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~~NIGHT LEAD COMMUNISTS (350)~~

~~BY JACK BELL~~

FEB 25 1950

~~WASHINGTON, FEB. 25 (AP)~~-A "NO WITCH-HUNT, NO WHITEWASH" INVESTIGATION OF ALLEGED COMMUNIST INFILTRATION INTO THE STATE DEPARTMENT WAS PROMISED TONIGHT BY SENATOR TYDINGS (D-MD).

TYDINGS WAS NAMED HEAD OF A FIVE-MAN SUBCOMMITTEE OF THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE TO UNDERTAKE AN INQUIRY INTO CHARGES BY SENATOR MCCARTHY (R-WIS) THAT AN UNNAMED GROUP OF COMMUNISTS HOLD--OR HAVE HELD--HIGH STATE DEPARTMENT POSTS.

MCCARTHY TOLD REPORTERS HE THINKS CHAIRMAN CONNALLY (D-TEX) THE FOREIGN RELATIONS GROUP PICKED "A GOOD COMMITTEE" IN NAMING SENATORS GREEN (D-RI), MCMAHON (D-CONN), HICKENLOOPER (R-IOWA) AND LODGE (R-MASS) TO ACT WITH TYDINGS IN MAKING THE INVESTIGATION.

BUT MCCARTHY SAID THAT IF PRESIDENT TRUMAN STICKS BY HIS REFUSAL TO MAKE STATE DEPARTMENT EMPLOYES' LOYALTY FILES AVAILABLE, "AN INVESTIGATION WILL BE USELESS."

THE SENATE HAS ORDERED THE FOREIGN RELATIONS GROUP TO SUBPOENA THESE FILES, POINTING TO A POSSIBLE COURT TEST OF THE PRESIDENT'S POSITION.

DECLINING TO PASS ON THIS ISSUE IN ADVANCE, TYDINGS TOLD REPORTERS HE EXPECTS A FIVE-MEMBER GROUP TO MAKE "A FULL, FAIR AND COMPLETE" INVESTIGATION OF MCCARTHY'S CHARGES. HE SAID THE GROUP, MEETING MONDAY TO ORGANIZE, WILL HIRE A COUPLE OF "OUTSTANDING AND RESPECTED PERSONS" TO ACT AS COUNSEL AND ADVISERS.

"WE WILL LET THE CHIPS FALL WHERE THEY MAY," HE SAID. "THIS WILL BE NEITHER A WITCH-HUNT ON ONE HAND NOR A WHITEWASH ON THE OTHER."

REPUBLICANS, WHO FORCED THE NAMING OF A FIVE-MEMBER COMMITTEE INSTEAD OF THE THREE-MAN INQUIRY GROUP FAVORED BY ADMINISTRATION LEADERS, SAID THE PERSONNEL WAS SATISFACTORY WITH THEM.

MCCARTHY INSISTED THAT HIS WHOLE CASE RESTS ON THE ABILITY OF THE COMMITTEE TO GET THE SECRET FILES. IN HIS SENATE SPEECH, HE READ PURPORTED CASE HISTORIES OF 80 PERSONS HE SAID WERE SUSPECTED COMMUNISTS OR FELLOW TRAVELERS.

MANY OF THESE CASES PARALLELED THOSE INVESTIGATED TWO YEARS AGO BY A HOUSE APPROPRIATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE.

MCCARTHY NOTED THAT THE THREE DEMOCRATIC MEMBERS OF THE INQUIRY GROUP HAVE BEEN IN A POSITION TO OBTAIN HIGHLY SECRET INFORMATION FROM GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENTS THROUGH THEIR POSITIONS ON COMMITTEES.

"THESE MEN HAVE DEMONSTRATED THAT THEY CAN BE TRUSTED WITH SECRET INFORMATION," MCCARTHY SAID. "I DON'T THINK ANYONE WILL BELIEVE THE PRESIDENT IS SINCERE IF HE SAYS HE CAN'T TRUST THEM WITH THE INFORMATION IN THE SECRET LOYALTY FILES."

WHILE THE FOREIGN RELATIONS GROUP WAS GETTING READY TO INVESTIGATE THE STATE DEPARTMENT, SENATOR HUNT (D-WYO) WAS NAMED HEAD OF A SENATE COMMERCE SUBCOMMITTEE TO INVESTIGATE THE COMMERCE DEPARTMENT'S BUREAU OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC COMMERCE AND THE BACKGROUND OF MICHAEL J. LEE, A BUREAU OFFICIAL.

SENATOR MALONE (R-NEV) HAS TOLD THE SENATE THAT LEE "IS THE MAN WHOM THE CHINESE BLAME MORE THAN ANY OTHER INDIVIDUAL FOR DELIBERATELY DELAYING VITAL SHIPMENTS OF AVIATION GASOLINE TO NATIONALIST CHINA UNTIL THE RED HORDES TOOK OVER."

MALONE SAID THAT LEE WAS A RUSSIAN THREE TIMES REFUSED AMERICAN CITIZENSHIP BEFORE IT WAS APPROVED.

THE COMMERCE DEPARTMENT SAID THE CHARGES WERE OLD AND LEE HAD BEEN CLEARED. DENYING THE CHINA STORY, THE DEPARTMENT SAID IT WOULD WELCOME THE INVESTIGATION.

HUNT'S COMMITTEE INCLUDES SENATORS O'CONOR (D-MD), MAGNUSON (D-WASH), CAPEHART (R-IND) AND BRICKER (R-OHIO).

MOORE

REP.DONDERO (R-MICH) DEMANDED MEANWHILE A LIST OF PERSONS WHO GOT OTHER GOVERNMENT JOBS AFTER BEING REJECTED BY THE STATE DEPARTMENT.

HE MADE THE DEMAND IN A LETTER TO SAMUEL BOYKIN, DIRECTOR OF THE STATE DEPARTMENT'S OFFICE OF CONSULAR AFFAIRS.

BOYKIN TESTIFIED RECENTLY BEFORE A HOUSE APPROPRIATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE THAT THE STATE DEPARTMENT'S DIVISION OF SECURITY INVESTIGATED 5,020 JOB APPLICANTS IN THE FISCAL YEAR 1848-49; THAT 62 WERE REJECTED FOR "SECURITY REASONS, AND 246 "FOR REASONS OF CHARACTER AND SUITABILITY."

REP.STEFAN (R-NEBR) ASKED: "DID ANY GET JOBS IN OTHER DEPARTMENTS OF THE GOVERNMENT." BOYKIN REPLIED, ACCORDING TO DONDERO: "YES, SIR."

IN A LETTER TO BOYKIN, MADE PUBLIC TODAY, DONDERO SAID:

"I AM GREATLY DISTURBED TO LEARN THAT PERSONS REJECTED X X X SHOULD BE ABLE TO OBTAIN POSITIONS IN OTHER GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENTS. IT MAKES ME QUESTION WHETHER THESE OTHER DEPARTMENTS ARE ACTUALLY WILLING AND ABLE TO CARRY OUT AN EFFECTIVE SECURITY PROGRAM."

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 7 P.M., E.S.T., TODAY, FEB. 25)

HY640PES

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(260) COMMUNISTS

WASHINGTON, FEB.25-(AP)-THE SENATE REPUBLICAN POLICY COMMITTEE WAS SUMMONED TODAY TO RALLY SUPPORT IN AN ARGUMENT WITH THE DEMOCRATS OVER INVESTIGATION OF CHARGES THAT COMMUNISTS WORK FOR THE STATE DEPARTMENT.

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SENATOR TAFT (R-OHIO) CALLED THE GOP POLICY MAKERS TOGETHER IN A DISPUTE OVER THE SIZE OF THE PROPOSED INQUIRY GROUP, A FOREIGN RELATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE. THE REPUBLICAN MEMBERSHIP OF THE GROUP ALSO IS AT STAKE.

DEMOCRATS WERE SAID TO HAVE SLATED SENATORS TYDINGS (D-MD), MCMAHON (D-CONN) AND LODGE (R-MASS) FOR THE JOB OF LOOKING INTO CHARGES MADE BY SENATOR MCCARTHY (R-WIS).

MCCARTHY SAID HE COULD NAME 81 PAST OR PRESENT STATE DEPARTMENT EMPLOYES WHO ARE COMMUNISTS OR FELLOW TRAVELERS. THE SENATE DECIDED TO HAVE THE FOREIGN RELATIONS GROUP LOOK INTO THE MATTER.

CHAIRMAN CONNALLY (D-TEX) SAID HE MIGHT NAME A FOREIGN RELATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE TODAY TO DO THE WORK.

REPUBLICANS APPARENTLY FAVOR A FIVE-MAN GROUP, ON WHICH SENATOR HICKENLOOPER (R-IOWA) WOULD JOIN LODGE.

THE REPUBLICANS TALKED ALSO OF MAKING A PARTY ISSUE OF PRESIDENT TRUMAN'S ORDER PROHIBITING ANY DEPARTMENT FROM TURNING OVER ITS LOYALTY FILES TO A CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE.

MCCARTHY HAS CONTENDED THAT THERE ISN'T MUCH USE MAKING AN INVESTIGATION UNLESS THOSE FILES ARE AVAILABLE.

SENATOR WHERRY OF NEBRASKA, THE GOP FLOOR LEADER, HAS PROPOSED THAT THE COMMITTEE CITE SECRETARY OF STATE ACHESON FOR CONTEMPT IF HE DOESN'T TURN OVER THE FILES. THAT COULD BRING A COURT DECISION ON THE ISSUE.

ACHESON TOLD HIS NEWS CONFERENCE YESTERDAY THE STATE DEPARTMENT WILL COOPERATE "IN EVERY PRACTICABLE WAY" WITH THE INVESTIGATING LAWMAKERS. BUT HE REITERATED THAT THERE IS NO ONE IN THE DEPARTMENT WHO HAS BEEN FOUND DISLOYAL.

ES255AES

FEB 25 1950

~~FIRST LOOK COMMUNISTS~~

WASHINGTON, FEB 25-(AP)-THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE TOD NAMED A FIVE-MAN INQUIRY GROUP HEADED BY SENATOR TYDINGS (D-MD) TO INVESTIGATE CHARGES THAT COMMUNISTS HOLD HIGH OFFICES IN THE STATE DEPARTMENT.

TYDINGS TOLD REPORTERS THAT THERE WILL BE "NO WITCH HUNT AND NO WHITEWASH" IN THE PROBE OF CHARGES MADE BY SENATOR MCCARTHY (R-WIS).

OTHER MEMBERS OF THE SUBCOMMITTEE ARE SENATORS GREEN (D-RI), MCMAHON (D-CONN), HICKENLOOPER (R-IOWA) AND LODGE (R-MASS).

REPUBLICANS EARLIER HAD DECIDED AT A PARTY POLICY COMMITTEE MEETING TO DEMAND A FIVE-MEMBER INQUIRY GROUP. CHAIRMAN CONNALLY (D-TEX) OF THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE FAVORED A THREE-MEMBER SUBCOMMITTEE BUT HE YIELDED ON THAT POINT.

CONNALLY TOLD REPORTERS THE SUBCOMMITTEE WILL BE EMPOWERED TO HIRE TWO OUTSTANDING ATTORNEYS OR INVESTIGATORS TO AID THE GROUP INTO LOOKING INTO MCCARTHY'S CHARGES THAT 81 PERSONS HE SAID WERE COMMUNISTS OR FELLOW TRAVELERS HAVE BEEN OR ARE EMPLOYED BY THE STATE DEPARTMENT.

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A139WX

SECRETARY OF STATE ACHESON HAS SAID THERE IS "NO TRUTH" IN MCCARTHY'S CHARGES. PRESIDENT TRUMAN CHARACTERIZED THEM AS FALSE.

TYDINGS SAID THE FIVE-MEMBER INQUIRY GROUP WILL MEET MONDAY TO ORGANIZE.

HE SAID THEY WILL HUNT FOR "OUTSTANDING AND RESPECTED PERSONS" TO HELP THEM MAKE A FULL AND FAIR INVESTIGATION.

"WE WILL LET THE CHIPS FALL WHERE THEY MAY," HE SAID. "THIS WILL BE NEITHER A WITCH-HUNT ON ONE HAND NOR A WHITEWASH ON THE OTHER."

CONNALLY SAID THE COMMITTEE MAY ASK THE SENATE FOR FROM $25,000 TO $50,000 TO COVER EXPENSES OF THE INVESTIGATION.

FOR THE SUBCOMMITTEE, HE PLEDGED "A REAL SERIOUS ATTEMPT TO GET TO THE BOTTOM OF THESE CHARGES."

THE REPUBLICANS ALSO, ETC 7TH GRAF BA HOOKUP

SU1217PES

FOREIGN IMPORTS

BY DON WHITEHEAD

WASHINGTON, FEB. 25-(AP)-REPUBLICAN SENATORS FROM INDUSTRIAL STATES EXPRESSED INCREASING CONCERN TODAY OVER THE ECONOMIC COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION'S PLAN TO ENCOURAGE SALE OF EUROPEAN-MADE GOODS ON THE AMERICAN MARKET.

THE ECA, DRIVING TO CLOSE EUROPE'S DOLLAR GAP, IS TRYING TO FIND A $1,000,000,000 A YEAR OUTLET IN THE UNITED STATES FOR A WIDE VARIETY OF FOREIGN-MADE GOODS, INCLUDING SUCH DIVERSE ITEMS AS TEXTILES AND PRINTING PRESS EQUIPMENT.

SENATOR TAFT OF OHIO, CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN POLICY COMMITTEE, TOLD A REPORTER THIS PROGRAM "COULD BE A PRETTY DANGEROUS THING AND THROW A LOT OF PEOPLE OUT OF WORK."

SENATOR MILLIKIN (R-COLO) SAID INDUSTRIES IN COLORADO ALREADY ARE BEING HURT BY FOREIGN IMPORTS OF ZINC, COPPER, LEAD AND PETROLEUM, AND HE PREDICTED OTHER INDUSTRIES WILL FEEL THE PINCH AS EUROPE'S IMPORTS ARE INCREASED.

SENATOR MARTIN (R-PA) TOLD REPORTERS HE IS "TERRIBLY, TERRIBLY

DISTURBED" ABOUT THE IMPACT OF EUROPEAN IMPORTS ON AMERICAN INDUSTRY.

HE SAID HE HAS A LIST OF 28 INDUSTRIAL AND AGRICULTURAL ITEMS THAT ARE BEING SERIOUSLY AFFECTED BY IMPORTS, AND THAT THREE FOURTHS OF THEM ARE THINGS MADE OR GROWN IN PENNSYLVANIA.

THE STEPPED-UP TRADE PROGRAM IS NOT WITHOUT SUPPORT IN THE SENATE. CHAIRMAN GEORGE (D-GA) OF THE FINANCE COMMITTEE SAYS MORE COMPETITION WITH EUROPE WOULD BE A GOOD THING IF HANDLED PROPERLY. SENATOR H. ALEXANDER SMITH (R-NJ) SUPPORTS THE IDEA OF GREATER TRADE WITH EUROPE, WITH ADVANCE PLANNING TO MEET THE DIFFICULTIES IT MAY PRODUCE.

SENATOR BRICKER (R-OHIO) SAID THE EUROPEAN RECOVERY PROGRAM "WILL LOSE A LOT OF VOTES IF IT IS GOING TO MEAN THE SACRIFICE OF AMERICAN INDUSTRY AND JOBS."

BRICKER SAID THIS OPPOSITION WILL INCREASE IN THE SENATE IF THE BRITISH LABOR GOVERNMENT CONTINUES ITS POLICY OF NATIONALIZING BASIC INDUSTRIES.

BUT TAFT, MILLIKIN AND CHAIRMAN CONNALLY (D-TEX) OF THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE, DISCOUNTED ANY CUT IN THE ECA PROGRAM RESULTING FROM THE BRITISH ELECTION. ECA IS ASKING $2,950,000,000 MORE FOR THE THIRD YEAR MARSHALL PLAN PROGRAM.

THE MAIN ISSUE APPEARED TO BE ECA'S POLICY OF ENCOURAGING EUROPEAN IMPORTS. ECA CHIEF PAUL HOFFMAN HAS UPHELD THIS PLAN AS THE ONLY WAY TO GIVE EUROPE A CHANCE TO EARN DOLLARS AND RETURN TO A SOLID RECOVERY BASE.

HOFFMAN CONCEDES THAT SOME U.S.CONCERNS MAY BE PINCHED OR EVEN THROWN OUT OF BUSINESS BY STEPPED-UP EUROPEAN COMPETITION. HE ARGUES, HOWEVER, THAT AMERICAN OPERATORS MUST ADJUST THEMSELVES TO THE CHANGES AND FIND NEW WAYS TO MEET COMPETITION. HE HAS SUGGESTED THAT DISPLACED WORKERS MIGHT BE SAFEGUARDED BY UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE AND JOB TRAINING.

EVEN AS STRONG A SUPPORTER OF THE EUROPEAN RECOVERY PROGRAM AS SENATOR LODGE (R-MASS) HAS SHOWN UNEASINESS OVER THE ECA'S IMPORT PLANS.

LODGE ARGUES THAT A FEW INDUSTRIES SUCH AS THE TEXTILE INDUSTRY SHOULD NOT BE FORCED TO BEAR THE MAJOR BURDEN OF COMPETITION WITH EUROPE. HE SAYS IT SHOULD BE SPREAD OVER OTHER INDUSTRIES.

FR2PES

EASTERN EUROPE

FEB 25 1950

BY JOHN M.HIGHTOWER

WASHINGTON, FEB.25-(AP)-THE SUDDEN FREEZING OF BULGARIAN, HUNGARIAN AND ROMANIAN ASSETS IN THIS COUNTRY SENT UNITED STATES RELATIONS WITH THE SOVIET SATELLITES SKIDDING TO A NEW LOW TODAY.

CLOSELY FOLLOWING THE BREAKING OF RELATIONS WITH BULGARIA EARLIER IN THE WEEK, ATTORNEY GENERAL MCGRATH ANNOUNCED LAST NIGHT THAT THE UNITED STATES HAS HALTED PAYMENTS FROM BANK ACCOUNTS AND OTHER ASSETS HELD HERE BY CITIZENS OF THE THREE EASTERN EUROPEAN COUNTRIES.

ONLY A FEW HOURS BEFORE, SECRETARY OF STATE ACHESON HAD INDICATED THAT THIS COUNTRY HAS VIRTUALLY GIVEN UP HOPE OF PROTECTING AMERICAN CITIZENS AND THEIR INTERESTS IN THE THREE COUNTRIES. HE HINTED THAT THE NEXT STEP MAY BE THE RUPTURE OF RELATIONS WITH HUNGARY AND [redacted] Bavaria.

THE JUSTICE DEPARTMENT SAID THE SATELLITE ASSETS WERE FROZEN BECAUSE OF A DELAY IN COMPENSATING AMERICAN CLAIMS IN THE THREE COMMUNIST NATIONS.

IT WOULDN'T SAY WHETHER THE ACTION WAS CONNECTED WITH THE CONVICTION OF AMERICAN BUSINESSMAN ROBERT VOGELER IN HUNGARY A FEW DAYS AGO ON CHARGES OF ESPIONAGE. A BUDAPEST COURT SENTENCED VOGELER TO 15 YEARS' IMPRISONMENT.

SIMILAR CHARGES HAVE BEEN HURLED AT AMERICAN ENVOYS IN ALL THREE COUNTRIES.

THE UNITED STATES BROKE OFF RELATIONS WITH BULGARIA TUESDAY BECAUSE THAT NATION REFUSED TO DROP ITS REQUEST FOR THE RECALL OF AMERICAN MINISTER DONALD HEATH, WHOM IT CHARGED WITH PLOTTING AGAINST THE SOFIA GOVERNMENT.

IN HIS NEWS CONFERENCE YESTERDAY, ACHESON MADE CLEAR THAT THIS COUNTRY FEELS BULGARIA TOOK THE INITIATIVE IN FORCING THE BREAK IN RELATIONS. HE INDICATED THAT THE OTHER TWO BALKAN NATIONS ARE TRYING TO BRING ON SIMILAR ACTION BY KEEPING UP THE PRESSURE AGAINST AMERICAN DIPLOMATS.

IN THE CASE OF HUNGARY, THE STATE DEPARTMENT IS NOW CONSIDERING A DEMAND THAT THE UNITED STATES REDUCE THE SIZE OF ITS BUDAPEST MISSION, SOME OF WHOSE MEMBERS HAVE BEEN ACCUSED OF SPYING.

IT SEEMS POSSIBLE THAT THIS COUNTRY WILL REJECT THE CHARGES BUT WITHDRAW THE INDIVIDUALS. IN RETALIATION THE HUNGARIANS MAY BE COMPELLED TO RECALL SOME OF THEIR REPRESENTATIVES IN WASHINGTON.

ACHESON DID NOT SPELL OUT THE DIFFICULTIES WHICH HAVE BESET AMERICAN OFFICIALS IN ROMANIA BUT HE DEALT WITH THAT COUNTRY ALONG WITH THE OTHER TWO.

HE SAID THE STATE DEPARTMENT IS NOT CONSIDERING SEVERING ITS TIES WITH EITHER HUNGARY OR ROMANIA, BUT HE MADE CLEAR THAT THE POSSIBILITY IS WIDE OPEN.

THE REGIMES WHICH RUN THOSE NATIONS HAVE BEEN MAKING IT "INCREASINGLY DIFFICULT FOR THE UNITED STATES TO MAINTAIN DIPLOMATIC MISSIONS" THERE, HE SAID, ADDING THAT IT NOW IS "VIRTUALLY IMPOSSIBLE TO GIVE ANY PROTECTION TO AMERICAN CITIZENS AND AMERICAN INTERESTS" IN THE THREE COUNTRIES.

IN FORCING OUT FOREIGN REPRESENTATIVES, ACHESON SAID, THE SOVIET SATELLITE GOVERNMENTS ARE AIMING TO MAKE THE IRON CURTAIN "IMPENETRABLE."

"THEIR PURPOSE," HE SAID, "IS TO CUT OFF THE PEOPLE OF EASTERN EUROPE FROM THE FREE WORLD, TO DEPRIVE THEM OF ALL HOPE OF ANY OTHER FATE THAN THAT RESERVED FOR THEM BY THEIR PRESENT RULERS, AND TO LIQUIDATE ALL SIGNS AND SYMBOLS OF WESTERN INFLUENCE, TO THE ACCOMPANIMENT OF A FLOOD OF PROPAGANDA AND DENUNCIATION OF 'SPIES', 'WAR MONGERS', AND THE OTHER FAMILIAR WHIPPING BOYS."

ACHESON DREW A CAREFUL DISTINCTION BETWEEN THE THREE BALKAN NATIONS AND THEIR TWO COMMUNIST NEOGHBORS TO THE NORTH--POLAND AND CZECHOSLOVAKIA.

HE OMITTED ANY REFERENCE TO THE LATTER TWO IN HIS STATEMENT, EXPLAINING TO REPORTERS THAT THE SITUATION THERE IS NOT SO BAD AS IN THE BALKANS. HE NOTED, FOR EXAMPLE, THAT A PAIR OF AMERICAN MISSIONARIES WHO HAD BEEN HELD BY THE CZECHS HAVE JUST BEEN RELEASED.

UNITED STATES RELATIONS WITH BULGARIA, ROMANIA AND HUNGARY HAVE BEEN SOMEWHAT STRAINED FOR YEARS. ALL THREE WERE AXIS SATELLITES DURING THE WAR. AT THAT TIME THE AMERICAN ACCOUNTS OF THEIR CITIZENS WERE ORDERED BLOCKED BY THE U.S. GOVERNMENT.

WHILE PAYMENTS WERE AUTHORIZED AFTER THE WAR, JUSTICE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS SAID "SEVERAL MILLION DOLLARS" STILL REMAIN IN THIS COUNTRY.

HAROLD I.BAYNTON, ACTING DIRECTOR OF THE OFFICE OF ALIEN PROPERTY, SAID THE NEW FREEZE ORDER WILL KEEP THOSE ASSETS IN THE HANDS OF THIS GOVERNMENT PENDING A FURTHER DECISION ON WHAT TO DO WITH THEM.

ES241AES

FEB 25 1950

FEB 25 1950

(250) ~~FOREIGN AID~~

WASHINGTON, FEB.25-(AP)-ALTHOUGH THE EUROPEAN ECONOMY IS IMPROVING THROUGH GIFTS OF AMERICAN BILLIONS, IT ISN'T HEALTHY ENOUGH TO PAY OFF DIRECT DOLLAR LOANS BEFORE THE YEAR 2000.

THAT'S THE ESTIMATE PAUL G.HOFFMAN, DIRECTOR OF MARSHALL PLAN AID, GAVE TO THE HOUSE FOREIGN AFFAIRS COMMITTEE YESTERDAY.

REP.VORYS (R-OHIO) SUGGESTED TO HOFFMAN DURING DISCUSSIONS ON THE $3,100,000,000 PROPOSED TO KEEP THE PLAN GOING ANOTHER YEAR THAT FURTHER AID SHOULD BE IN THE FORM OF LOANS, INSTEAD OF A STRAIGHT GIFT.

HOFFMAN SAID IT WOULD TAKE 50 YEARS FOR BRITAIN AND OTHER WESTERN EUROPEAN NATIONS TO EARN ENOUGH DOLLARS IN FOREIGN TRADE TO REPAY AMERICAN LOANS. "THEY CAN'T PAY," HE SAID. "BAD PAPER IS NOT AN ASSET. IT'S ONLY A HEADACHE."

ON THE OTHER SIDE OF THE CAPITOL, KEY ECA OFFICIALS RAN INTO CRITICISM BEFORE THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE.

THE MOST IRATE MEMBER WAS CHAIRMAN CONNALLY (D) FROM OIL-RICH TEXAS WHO DENOUNCED BRITAIN FOR "ORDERING" THE STERLING (EMPIRE) AREA NOT TO BUY AMERICAN OIL.

"IF THE BRITISH PRACTICE IS TO ISOLATE THE UNITED STATES X X X THEN I'M NOT IN FAVOR OF GIVING HER ANOTHER DOLLAR. THE BRITISH ARE NOT SHOWING US FRIENDSHIP LIKE WE ARE GIVING THEM BUT HOSTILITY--BY TRYING TO DEPRIVE AMERICAN OIL COMPANIES OF LEGITIMATE TRADING AREAS," HE ANGRILY TOLD W.JOHN KENNEY, ECA HEAD FOR BRITAIN.

BARRY BINGHAM, ECA HEAD FOR FRANCE, TESTIFIED THAT RUSSIA ORDERED FRENCH COMMUNISTS TO INCREASE THEIR ATTEMPTS TO WRECK THE RECOVERY PROGRAM.

BINGHAM IS PRESIDENT OF THE LOUISVILLE, KY., COURIER JOURNAL AND TIMES CO.

ROBERT M.HANES, ECA HEAD FOR GERMANY, SAID WESTERN GERMANY'S DOLLAR EXPORTS MUST "RISE DRAMATICALLY" TO ACHIEVE RECOVERY.

ES359AES

~~ATOMIC CONTROL~~ (280)

FEB 25 1950

WASHINGTON, FEB 25-(AP)-~~SENATOR~~ MCMAHON (D-CONN) SAID TODAY HIS MAIL SHOWS THE AMERICAN PEOPLE WANT EFFECTIVE INTERNATIONAL CONTROL OF ATOMIC ENERGY OR "NO AGREEMENT AT ALL" WITH RUSSIA.

MCMAHON RECENTLY PROPOSED IN A SENATE SPEECH THAT THE UNITED STATES BEGIN A $50,000,000,000 "PEACE OFFENSIVE" OF ECONOMIC AID TO OTHER NATIONS IF AGREEMENTS COULD BE REACHED TO CONTROL ATOMIC ENERGY. THESE WOULD INCLUDE INTERNATIONAL INSPECTION, THE POINT AT WHICH RUSSIA HAS BALKED.

THIS SPEECH BROUGHT IN A FLOOD OF MORE THAN 6,000 LETTERS, MCMAHON SAID.

"THE TENOR OF THESE LETTERS SHOWS AN AWARENESS OF THE PROBLEM AND THOROUGH-GOING SUPPORT OF EFFORTS TO BRING THE ARMS RACE TO AN END IN AN EFFECTIVE MANNER," THE CONNECTICUT SENATOR SAID.

"THEY DISPLAY A REALIZATION ON THE PART OF THE PEOPLE THAT WE MUST HAVE EFFECTIVE AGREEMENTS AND IF WE CAN'T GET THEM WE HAD BETTER HAVE NONE AT ALL."

TASS, THE RUSSIAN NEWS AGENCY, RECENTLY QUOTED A CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR ARTICLE SAYING THAT AMERICANS ARE SENDING THOUSANDS OF LETTERS TO WASHINGTON CALLING FOR AN END TO THE ARMS RACE.

A FAVORABLE RESPONSE TO RECENT APPEALS OF SENATOR TYDINGS (D-MD) FOR A WORLD DISARMAMENT CONFERENCE WAS REPORTED BY MEMBERS OF HIS OFFICE STAFF.

THEY SAID HE HAD RECEIVED LETTERS FROM THROUGHOUT THE NATION AND FROM ABROAD AND ADDED THAT ALMOST ALL OF THEM ENDORSED HIS PROPOSAL.

THEY GAVE NO ESTIMATE OF THE NUMBER OF LETTERS BUT CALLED THE MAIL RESPONSE QUITE HEAVY.

REP.ELSTON (R-OHIO), WHO LIKE MCMAHON AND TYDINGS IS A MEMBER OF THE JOINT CONGRESSIONAL ATOMIC COMMITTEE, SAID HE HAS BEEN RECEIVING AN INCREASING NUMBER OF LETTERS FROM PEOPLE EXPRESSING FEAR THAT THE "H-BOMB" MIGHT DESTROY CIVILIZATION.

ANOTHER MEMBER OF THE ATOMIC COMMITTEE, REP.DURHAM (D-NC) SAID LETTERS FROM HIS CONSTITUENTS SHOW CONCERN ABOUT THE NATION'S DEFENSES. DURHAM SAID NONE OF THE LETTERS INDICATED SUPPORT FOR A CONFERENCE WITH STALIN.

HY7PES

FEB 25 1950

(150) ~~ATOMIC ORE~~

WASHINGTON, FEB. 25-(AP)-~~THE GOVERNMENT~~ HAS TAKEN TO THE AIR IN A STEPPED-UP SEARCH FOR ATOMIC MINERALS.

SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR CHAPMAN SAID TODAY THE U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY HAS BEEN EXPERIMENTING WITH AN AIRPLANE EQUIPPED WITH GEIGER COUNTERS FOR FINDING URANIUM, THORIUM AND OTHER ORES "MORE THAN EVER NEEDED FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF NEW TYPES OF BOMBS."

IN ADDITION, HE SAID, INTERIOR DEPARTMENT SCIENTISTS "HAVE BEEN EXPERIMENTING SUCCESSFULLY FOR SOME MONTHS" WITH DELICATE PROSPECTING EQUIPMENT SHOCK-MOUNTED IN LIGHT TRUCKS.

"THEY HAVE ALSO BEEN DOING SUBSURFACE PROSPECTING WITH GEIGER-COUNTER PROBES LOWERED INTO SHALLOW HOLES DUG IN THE SOIL WITH EARTH AUGURS, OR INTO HOLES DRILLED INTO SOLID ROCK AS FAR DOWN AS 300 FEET," CHAPMAN SAID IN A STATEMENT.

ONE PROSPECTING METHOD CALLS FOR THE MOUNTING OF TWO 42-INCH GEIGER TUBES ON THE ROOF OF A CAR, WITH A METER ON THE INSTRUMENT PANEL TO SIGNAL WHEN AN ATOMIC DEPOSIT IS DETECTED. THE SIGNAL IS SUFFICIENTLY ALERT TO PERMIT PROSPECTING ALONG ROADS AT 30 MILES AN HOUR.

CHAPMAN SAID THE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, TWIN-ENGINE FLYING LABORATORY CARRIES EQUIPMENT WEIGHING 1,400 POUNDS OR MORE, INCLUDING A DEVICE TO DETECT RADIOACTIVE GASES ESCAPING FROM ORE DEPOSITS.

VX1035PES

~~AEC~~

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON,FEB 25-(AP)-THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION TODAY NAMED TWO NEW OFFICIALS TO ITS DIVISION OF BIOLOGY AND MEDICINE.

GENERAL MANAGER CARROLL WILSON ANNOUNCED THAT JOHN A.DERRY HAS BEEN APPOINTED EXECUTIVE OFFICER. HE FORMERLY SERVED IN THE AEC PRODUCTION DIVISION.

DR.CHARLES L.DUNHAM HAS BEEN PROMOTED FROM ASSISTANT CHIEF TO CHIEF OF THE MEDICAL BRANCH.

DERRY HAS BEEN CONNECTED WITH THE ATOMIC PROGRAM SINCE 1942, WHEN HE WAS AN ARMY OFFICER ASSIGNED TO OAK RIDGE,TENN. DUNHAM WAS IN CHARGE OF THE ARTHRITIC CLINIC AND HOSPITAL SERVICE AT THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO BEFORE JOINING THE ATOMIC AGENCY IN 1949.

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 7 P.M., EST, TODAY FEB. 25)

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HY410PES

A166NX COLLINS&FOTOGS

(220) WASHINGTON,FEB.25-(AP)-GEN.LAWTON J.COLLINS SAID TODAY THE ARMY NEEDS NEW WEAPONS MORE THAN IT DOES ADDITIONAL DIVISIONS. AND, HE PREDICTED, THE ARMY WILL GET THEM.

SPEAKING BEFORE THE ADJUTANTS GENERAL ASSOCIATION, THE ARMY CHIEF OF STAFF URGED THE NATIONAL GUARD LEADERS TO SUPPORT THE REVISED PROGRAM FOR THE ORGANIZED RESERVE.

COLLINS SAID CONGRESS WILL BE ASKED TO APPROVE THE PROGRAM CALLING FOR 25 DIVISION ORGANIZATIONS. THE COST, HE ESTIMATED, WILL BE $110,000,000 THE FIRST YEAR AND ABOUT $153,000,000 ANNUALLY THEREAFTER UNTIL THE DESIRED MINIMUM STRENGTH IS OBTAINED.

HE DEFINED THIS MINIMUM AS 367,172 OFFICERS AND MEN IN 9,000 ORGANIZED UNIT. IN ADDITION, PLANS CALL FOR 330,000 TRAINED BUT UNORGANIZED MEN TO FILL OUT THE REGULAR ARMY, NATIONAL GUARD AND ORGANIZED RESERVE DIVISIONS AND UNITS.

THE GENERAL PRAISED THE "WISE CONCERN" HE SAID CONGRESS IS SHOWING FOR THE NATION'S ECONOMY. COMMENTING ON THE STATUS OF THE REGULAR ARMY, COLLINS SAID 12 DIVISIONS IS THE "MINIMUM PEACETIME REQUIREMENT." BUT, HE ADDED, "WE HAVE MONEY FOR ONLY TEN."

HE SAID THE ARMY NEVER WOULD HAVE ENOUGH REGULAR DIVISIONS TO FIGHT A WAR.

BUT IN EVENT OF AN EMERGENCY, HE ADDED, NOT ALL GUARD OR RESERVE DIVISIONS WOULD BE CALLED UP AT THE OUTBREAK "BECAUSE WE HAVE MORE DIVISIONS THAN WE CAN EFFICIENTLY USE ON MOBILIZATION DAY."

COLLINS ASSURED THE NATIONAL GUARD LEADERS THAT THE ARMY WILL NOT REDUCE DIVISION OR UNIT STRENGTH.

LT236PES

FEB 25 1950

BY C.YATES MCDANIEL

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON,FEB 25-(AP)-THE AIR FORCE MAY BEEF UP ITS COMBAT STRENGTH SOON WITHOUT ASKING FOR ANY ADDITIONAL MONEY.

TOP DEFENSE OFFICIALS SAID A PLAN CALLING FOR MORE STRATEGIC BOMBERS WILL BE PRESENTED TO PRESIDENT TRUMAN WITH THE APPROVAL OF SECRETARY OF DEFENSE JOHNSON AND THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF. THE PROJECT ALSO WOULD BOLSTER GROUND-SUPPORT FIGHTER STRENGTH. DETAILS OF THE PLAN AND THE NUMBER OF ADDITIONAL PLANES PROPOSED WERE WITHHELD.

WHILE MR.TRUMAN'S 1951 BUDGET LIMITS THE AIR FORCE TO 48 GROUPS AND 8,800 PLANES OF ALL TYPES, OFFICIALS HOPE TO SELL HIM ON THE NEW PLAN ON THE GROUND THAT ITS EXPENSES WOULD BE COVERED BY SAVINGS IN NON-COMBAT DEFENSE ACTIVITIES.

ALREADY, THEY SAID, GREATER STRIKING POWER HAS BEEMMRI V UPMVK)¡/NBING THE QUICK BROWN FOX JUMPED OVER A LAZY DOG'S BACK 1234567890 Z SENDING THE QUICK BROWN FOX JUMPED OVER A LAZY DOG'S BACK 1234567890 Z SENDING

FEB 25 1950

NON-COMBAT DEFENSE ACTIVITIES.

ALREADY, THEY SAID, GREATER STRIKING POWER HAS BEEN GIVEN THE STRATEGIC AIR FORCE BY INCREASING FROM 30 TO 65 THE NUMBER OF B-29'S IN THE NINE GROUPS STILL USING THAT PLANE.

TWO GROUPS USING THE NEW B-36 AND THREE GROUPS FLYING THE B-50 HAVE 30 BOMBERS EACH. THE B-50 IS A MODERNIZED B-29.

DEFENSE OFFICIALS NOTED THAT WHEN CONGRESSIONAL DEMANDS FOR A 70-GROUP AIR FORCE WERE AIRED IN 1948, THEY CALLED FOR GROUPS OF 18 PLANES EACH. THOSE DEMANDS WERE BASED ON THE REPORT OF THE PRESIDENT'S AIR POLICY COMMISSION, WHICH ALSO RECOMMENDED AN AIR FORCE OF 401,000 MEN.

AIR FORCE STRENGTH ON JANUARY 31 WAS 415,500, AN INCREASE OF 2,200 SINCE THE END OF 1949.

CITING THESE FIGURES, TOP OFFICIALS FLATLY DENIED PUBLISHED CLAIMS THAT JOHNSON'S ECONOMY SLASHES HAVE SERIOUSLY WEAKENED THE NATION'S DEFENSES.

JOHNSON MAY ANSWER THESE PROTESTS HIMSELF IN A SPEECH HE IS SCHEDULED TO MAKE TO THE OVERSEAS WRITERS CLUB IN NEW YORK CITY ON MARCH 3.

DEFENSE AUTHORITIES SAID THERE WILL BE NO REDUCTION IN THE AIRCRAFT PROCUREMENT PROGRAM, WHICH WILL COST $2,000,000,000 (B) IN THE YEAR STARTING JULY 1.

THEY ADDED THAT IF $4,000,000,000, (B) MORE HAD BEEN POURED INTO THE MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT A YEAR AGO--AS SOME PEOPLE HAD URGED--"MOST OF IT WOULD HAVE GONE INTO FAT, BECAUSE WE WERE NOT READY TO USE IT ECONOMICALLY."

BUT THE MONEY JOHNSON HAS SAVED, THEY SAID, IS "GOING INTO HARDWARE AND FIGHTING POWER." THE NAVY WILL GET OVER $100,000,000 (M) THIS FISCAL YEAR FOR ANTI-SUBMARINE DEVELOPMENT--MORE THAN TWICE WHAT IT REQUESTED. THE ARMY NOW HAS MORE FIGHTING MEN THAN IT HAS HAD FOR TWO YEARS. ITS COMBAT STRENGTH WAS 274,400 ON DEC. 31, COMPARED WITH 165,000 ON JUNE 30,1948.

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 7 P.M., EST, TODAY, SATURDAY,FEB. 25)

HY654PES

MARINES

WASHINGTON, FEB.25-(AP)-THE MARINE CORPS WILL RETAIN TWO COMBAT BATTALIONS LOPPED OFF BY THE 1951 BUDGET BUT STILL STANDS TO LOSE FOUR OF ITS CURRENT 16 AIR SQUADRONS BY JULY 1.

GEN.CLIFTON B.CATES, MARINE COMMANDANT, SAID SECRETARY OF DEFENSE JOHNSON APPROVED THIS RE-ALLOCATION OF MARINE GROUND STRENGTH WITH THE UNDERSTANDING THAT THE CORPS' OVERALL MANPOWER AND COSTS WOULD REMAIN WITHIN BUDGET LIMITS.

CATES PROPOSED TO KEEP EIGHT COMBAT BATTALIONS OF SOME 19,000 MEN --ABOUT THE MINIMUM NEEDED TO MAINTAIN TWO DIVISION ORGANIZATIONS-- AND, REDUCE THE NUMBER OF MARINES DOING GUARD DUTY AND OTHER NON-COMBAT CHORES.

BY JUNE 30, 1951, CATES WILL HAVE ONLY 71,862 MARINES TO DEPLOY. MARINE STRENGTH AT THE END OF JANUARY WAS 80,100.

THE MARINES COUPLED THEIR REQUEST FOR AUTHORITY TO RESHUFFLE THEIR GROUND STRENGTH WITH A PLAN TO SAVE THE FOUR AIR SQUADRONS THE BUDGET SAYS THEY MUST DISBAND BY THIS SUMMER.

DEFENSE AUTHORITIES ARE CONSIDERING THIS PLEA, BUT HAVE GIVEN LITTLE HOPE OF APPROVAL, BECAUSE IT WOULD COST SOMETHING OVER $3,000,000 MORE THAN THE BUDGET ALLOWS.

ES302AES

FEB 25 1950

30.24- 9193

~~AMVETS (2ND)~~

~~WASHINGTON, FEB 25-(AP) AMVETS' COMMANDER~~ URGED CONGRESS TODAY TO REAPPRAISE AMERICA'S MILITARY STRENGTH, SAYING IT IS NOT SUFFICIENT TO PREVENT A "SNEAK ATOMIC ATTACK" OR EVEN TO BACK UP UNITED STATES FOREIGN POLICY.

HAROLD RUSSELL, NATIONAL LEADER OF THE VETERANS ORGANIZATION, DECLARED THAT THIS COUNTRY'S PREPAREDNESS PROGRAM IS NOT KEEPING PACE WITH RUSSIA'S GROWING MIGHT, DESPITE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE JOHNSON'S ASSURANCES THAT U.S. DEFENSES ARE "SUFFICIENT UNTO THE HOUR."

RUSSELL SAID IN A SPEECH PREPARED FOR BROADCAST (CBS) THAT JOHNSON'S STATEMENTS "DO NOT SQUARE WITH THE BRUTAL FACTS OF POWER POLITICS."

"OUR WANING ABILITY TO DEFEND OURSELVES," RUSSELL SAID, "IS AN OPEN INVITATION TO ANOTHER PEARL HARBOR."

HE PROPOSED THAT THE SENATE AND HOUSE ARMED SERVICES COMMITTEES LAUNCH AN IMMEDIATE STUDY OF AMERICA'S MILITARY POSITION, TO COMBAT A "MASS ANXIETY ARISING FROM LACK OF KNOWLEDGE AND LACK OF FACTS."

HE SAID THESE FEARS CANNOT BE DISPELLED BY THE "WHISTLING-IN-THE-DARK" STATEMENTS HE ATTRIBUTED TO JOHNSON.

WARNING AGAINST TOO GREAT RELIANCE ON ATOMIC WEAPONS, RUSSELL ADDED:

"SOME OF OUR LEADERS HAVE BEEN SWINDLED BY OUR OWN PROPAGANDA OF INVINCIBILITY--A PROPAGANDA NO LONGER VALID BECAUSE IT IS BASED ON FACTORS OF A YEAR OR MORE AGO."

THE AMVETS LEADER SAID THAT IN THE FACE OF RUSSIA'S ATOMIC AND MILITARY ADVANCES THE UNITED STATES NOW HAS ONLY THREE RADAR WARNING SYSTEMS FOR THE ENTIRE COUNTRY. THESE, HE ADDED, ARE OPERATED ON A 35-HOUR WEEK.

WHILE HE ACKNOWLEDGED THAT COST MUST BE CONSIDERED IN WORKING OUT THE DEFENSE PROGRAM, RUSSELL SAID IT SHOULD BE CONSIDERED "WITH SOME SENSIBLE RELATION TO THE PROJECTED EXPENDITURES OF THE RUSSIANS."

HY518PES NM

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WASHINGTON, FEB.25-(AP)-SENATOR HUNT (D-WYO) WAS NAMED CHAIRMAN ~~TODAY~~ OF A SENATE SUBCOMMITTEE TO CONSIDER A DEMAND FOR AN INVESTIGATION OF THE BUREAU OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC COMMERCE AND MICHAEL J. LEE, ONE OF ITS KEY OFFICIALS.

SENATOR MALONE (R-NEV) IS PRESSING FOR THE INQUIRY INTO HIS CHARGES THAT LEE USED HIS GOVERNMENT POSITION TO PREVENT SHIPMENTS OF AVIATION GASOLINE AND OTHER WAR SUPPLIES TO THE CHINESE NATIONALISTS UNTIL COMMUNISTS HAD SWEPT OVER CHINA.

MALONE TOLD THE SENATE THAT LEE "FORMERLY KNOWN AS EPHRAIM ZINOVI LIBERMAN" WAS REFUSED U.S.CITIZENSHIP THREE TIMES UNTIL HE MARRIED AN AMERICAN-BORN WOMAN. HE URGED AN INQUIRY INTO THE "LOYALTY AND QUALIFICATIONS" OF LEE.

COMMERCE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS HAVE SAID THEY WELCOME THE INQUIRY AND THAT MALONE'S CHARGES ARE OLD ONES WHICH HAVE BEEN "THOROUGHLY INVESTIGATED BY A LOYALTY BOARD."

CHAIRMAN EDWIN C.JOHNSON (D-COLO) NAMED SENATOR HUNT HEAD OF A FIVE-MEMBER SUBCOMMITTEE TO SIFT THESE CHARGES, ALONG WITH SENATORS O'CONOR (D-MD), MAGNUSON (D-WASH), CAPEHART (R-IND) AND BRICKER (R-OHIO).

LT1107AES

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~~WASHINGTON, FEB 25-(AP) GEN.~~OMAR BRADLEY WILL GO UP IN A BLIMP AND DOWN IN A SUBMARINE NEXT WEEK FOR THE FIRST TIME IN HIS LONG MILITARY CAREER.

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF WILL MAKE HIS FIRST FLIGHT IN AN AIRSHIP AND CRASH DIVE IN A SUBMARINE AT KEY WEST, FLA., DURING A COMBINED BUSINESS AND VACATION VISIT AT THE NAVAL AIR STATION.

HY1044PES NM

IN ADDITION TO THESE MORE OR LESS MAJOR PROBLEMS THERE ARE A NUMBER OF URGENT THOUGH RELATIVELY LESS IMPORTANT ISSUES.

ON ALL THESE PROBLEMS, A SMASHING ELECTION MAJORITY FOR EITHER LABORITES OR CONSERVATIVES WOULD HAVE PUT IN POWER A BRITISH GOVERNMENT WITH WHICH AMERICAN OFFICIALS COULD HAVE JOINED UNRESTRAINEDLY IN THE ROUGH AND TUMBLE CONTESTS TYPICAL OF BRITISH-AMERICAN DIPLOMACY. ADD WASH (Butler) ~~XXX~~ Otey (Hightower)

AS IT IS AMERICAN DIPLOMATS LOOK FORWARD TO A TIME IN WHICH THEIR BRITISH COLLEAGUES MAY PERIODICALLY RELY ON THE DEFENSE "DON'T PUSH US TOO HARD OR WE WILL FALL."

THAT KIND OF CAUTIOUS CONDUCT OF POLICY IS ALWAYS DIFFICULT FOR EVERYBODY; IT IS MORE SO IN A PERIOD WHEN, AS SECRETARY ACHESON BELIEVES, STEADY AND DETERMINED ACTION IS NEEDED TO CLOSE THE RANKS OF THE WEST IN THE STRUGGLE WITH SOVIET COMMUNISM.

SU1252PES

(2ND)

NEW YORK, FEB.25-(AP)-A DEMAND FOR A MISTRIAL WAS ON FILE TODAY IN THE COPLON-GUBITCHEV SPY CONSPIRACY CASE WHICH REOPENS MONDAY IN FEDERAL COURT.

THE MOTION WAS FILED YESTERDAY AT JUDITH COPLON'S NEW LAWYERS, WHO WERE NAMED TO DEFEND HER FEB.17 AFTER THE EX-GOVERNMENT GIRL BROKE WITH HER FORMER ATTORNEY, ARCHIBALD PALMER.

THE TRIAL HAD BEEN GOING ON THREE WEEKS WHEN THE SWITCH WAS MADE. SINCE THEN, THE TRIAL HAS BEEN IN ADJOURNMENT.

THE THREE NEW LAWYERS, APPOINTED BY FEDERAL JUDGE SYLVESTER J. RYAN, CLAIMED IN THEIR MISTRIAL PETITION THAT THEY HAD NOT HAD SUFFICIENT TIME TO PREPARE TO DEFEND MISS COPLON, FORMER JUSTICE DEPARTMENT EMPLOYE.

THE THREE LAWYERS, SAMUEL NEUBURGER, LEONARD BOUDIN AND SIDNEY S. BERMAN, CONTENDED THAT THEIR APPOINTMENT WAS "WITHOUT OUR CONSENT OR PRIOR KNOWLEDGE OR THE CONSENT OF MISS COPLON. INDEED, IT WAS MADE OVER HER PROTEST."

THE RESULT, THEY SAID, IS TO DEPRIVE HER OF RIGHT TO COUNSEL.

MISS COPLON AND HER CO-DEFENDANT, VALENTIN A.GUBITCHEV, RUSSIAN ENGINEER, ARE ACCUSED OF PLOTTING TO SUPPLY U.S. SECRETS TO RUSSIA.

THE NEW DEFENSE STAFF DISCLOSED IN THEIR PETITION THAT MISS COPLON DOES NOT WISH TO TAKE THE STAND IN THE TRIAL.

THEY SAID THAT HER FORMER LAWYER, PALMER, HAD TAKEN THE "ABSOLUTE POSITION THAT SHE WAS TO TAKE THE STAND AND THAT HE WOULD BROOK IN INTERFERENCE WITH HIS JUDGMENT."

MISS COPLON TESTIFIED AT LENGTH IN A FORMER TRIAL IN WASHINGTON IN WHICH SHE WAS CONVICTED OF STEALING U.S. SECRETS. THAT VERDICT IS ON APPEAL.

LS342AES

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A99 (170)

NEW YORK, FEB. 25-(AP)-THE UNITED STATES MUST NOT LET THE URGENCY OF THE ATOMIC PROBLEM DRIVE IT INTO "SEDUCTIVE" BILATERAL TALKS WITH RUSSIA AT "A DIMLY LIT TABLE FOR TWO," AMBASSADOR ERNEST A. GROSS SAID TODAY.

GROSS, WHO IS U.S. DELEGATE TO THE UNITED NATIONS, SAID "DRIVEN BY THE UNDENIABLE URGENCY OF THE ATOMIC PROBLEM, THERE HAS BEEN A TENDENCY FOR MANY OF OUR PEOPLE TO LOOK FOR A GIMMICK--SOME QUICK AND EASY DEVICE THAT WILL SOLVE PROBLEMS AT ONE STROKE."

HE TOLD THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE AMERICAN ASSOCIATION FOR THE UNITED NATIONS THAT RUSSIA, "THROUGH A CALCULATED EXERCISE OF ITS CENSORSHIP POWER, HAS INJECTED HINTS OF SOVIET "WILLINGNESS' TO ENTER INTO BILATERAL TALKS WITH THE UNITED STATES.

"IT SUGGESTS," HE SAID, "THAT IF WE WOULD LEAVE THE CONFERENCE TABLE OF THE UNITED NATIONS AND RETIRE TO A DIMLY LIT TABLE FOR TWO, WE MIGHT SOON BE HOLDING HANDS. IT IS A SEDUCTIVE PICTURE."

DECLARING THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS WAS PERMITTED TO "EVAPORATE INTO THIN AIR OF HIGH LEVEL TALKS," HE TOLD THE 500 MEMBERS OF THE ASSOCIATION PRESENT THE UNITED NATIONS MUST NOT MEET THIS FATE.

SN81050PES

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NEW YORK, FEB. 25-(AP)-FEDERAL JUDGE HAROLD R.MEDINA HAS DECLINED TO BE GUEST OF HONOR AT A DINNER PLANNED BY COMMON CAUSE,INC., AN ANTI-COMMUNIST ORGANIZATION.

THE JUDGE, WHO PRESIDED AT LAST YEAR'S LONG COMMUNIST CONSPIRACY TRIAL AT WHICH 11 TOP RED LEADERS WERE CONVICTED, YESTERDAY GAVE THIS REASON FOR HIS REFUSAL TO ATTEND THE DINNER MARCH 14:

"I, AND PERHAPS THE FEDERAL JUDICIARY OF WHICH I AM PART, WOULD APPEAR TO BE TAKING SIDES IN A MATTER TRIED BEFORE ME AND NOW PENDING ON APPEAL, DESPITE THE FACT THAT I WAS SCRUPULOUSLY IMPARTIAL THROUGHOUT THE RECENT TRIAL."

MEDINA, WHO EARLIER HAD SAID HE WOULD ATTEND, EXPRESSED REGRETS AT CHANGING HIS MIND, AND ASKED THAT THE DINNER BE CALLED OFF. HOWEVER, COMMON CAUSE, INC., SAID IT WOULD BE HELD ANYWAY.

MEDINA'S MESSAGE WAS TELEGRAPHED TO THE SPONSORING GROUP, WHICH DESCRIBES ITSELF AS AN "ORGANIZATION OF POLITICAL EDUCATION OPPOSING COMMUNISM AT HOME AND ABROAD."

FORMER POSTMASTER GENERAL JAMES A.FARLEY, A MEMBER, SAID MEDINA'S STAND IS "A TESTIMONIAL TO THE INTEGRITY OF THE MAN WE ARE GATHERING TO HONOR."

DN657AES

NEW YORK, FEB. 25-(AP)-A SAN FRANCISCO ATTORNEY LEFT BY PLANE TODAY FOR GERMANY TO DEMAND IMMEDIATE CLEMENCY HEARINGS FOR TWO FORMER NAZI INDUSTRIALISTS.

THE ATTORNEY, GEORGE T.DAVIS, SAID HE HAD APPLIED SOME TIME AGO FOR CLEMENCY HEARINGS FOR FRIEDRICH FLICK, 62, FORMER GERMAN STEEL BARON, AND ALFRIED KRUPP VON BOHLEN UND HALBACH, 42, OF THE KRUPP MUNITIONS FAMILY.

HE SAID AMERICAN AUTHORITIES IN GERMANY ALWAYS HAD SAID THEY WOULD DO SOMETHING ABOUT THE TWO CASES, BUT HE WANTED TO FIND OUT WHEN ACTION WOULD BE TAKEN.

DAVIS SAID HE WOULD GO TO FRANKFURT TO ASK U.S. HIGHH COMMISSIONER

DAVIS SAID HE WOULD GO TO FRANKFURT TO ASK U.S. HIGH COMMISSIONER JOHN J.MCCLOY EITHER FOR IMMEDIATE HEARINGS OR, IF THIS REQUEST IS REFUSED, A DEFINITE DATE FOR HEARINGS.

TA523PES

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(260) SECOND NIGHT LEAD PROGRESSIVES

BY LOUIS J. KEMP

CHICAGO, FEB. 25-(AP)-HENRY A. WALLACE'S PROGRESSIVE PARTY MILDLY CRITICIZED RUSSIAN FOREIGN POLICY TODAY. BUT IT FAILED TO STATE FLATLY--AS WALLACE DOES--THAT IT STANDS FOR PRINCIPLES "VASTLY DIFFERENT" FROM THOSE OF COMMUNISM.

THE SOFT RAP ON RUSSIAN KNUCKLES APPARENTLY WAS AIMED AT WINNING OVER PROSPECTIVE MEMBERS WHO CONSIDER THE PARTY TOO SYMPATHETIC TOWARD COMMUNISM. SEVERAL LEADERS CALLED IT A PRACTICAL POLITICAL NECESSITY.

THE STATEMENT SLAPPING AT RUSSIA SAID THE SOVIET UNION AS WELL AS THE UNITED STATES HAS ERRED IN FOREIGN RELATIONS AND THAT PROGRESSIVES ARE NOT "APOLOGISTS FOR RUSSIA."

BUT THE POLICY DECLARATION BY CONVENTION DELEGATES OMITTED ANY CLEAR STATEMENT THAT THE PARTY ADVOCATES WHAT WALLACE CALLS "PROGRESSIVE CAPITALISM--NOT SOCIALISM OR MARXISM OR LENINISM."

WALLACE DECLARED IN A KEYNOTE ADDRESS LAST NIGHT THAT THE PARTY MUST GET RID OF ANY COMMUNIST TINGE OR FACTIONS. TODAY HE WASN'T AT THE CONVENTION TO HEAR DELEGATES TAKE UP HIS RECOMMENDATIONS.

REACHED IN DES MOINES, IA., HOWEVER, HE SAID THAT FROM WHAT HE HAS HEARD THE RESOLUTION "SEEMS TO BE WHAT I WAS HOPING WOULD HAPPEN."

HE SAID HE WENT TO DES MOINES ON PRIVATE BUSINESS AND HE MIGHT MAKE A FULLER STATEMENT MONDAY ON HIS OPINION OF THE PARTY DOCUMENT.

WALLACE, THE PARTY'S 1948 PRESIDENTIAL NOMINEE, TOLD DELEGATES LAST NIGHT, AS HE DID TWO YEARS AGO, "WE BELIEVE IN PROGRESSIVE CAPITALISM."

BUT HE ADDED A NEW TOUCH: "OUR PROGRAM IS NOT A COMMUNIST PROGRAM."

NEITHER OF THESE DECLARATIONS OR ANYTHING CLOSE TO THEM WAS IN A 6,000 WORD POLICY STATEMENT ADOPTED TODAY.

THE INDIRECT REBUKE TO COMMUNISTS WAS IN A COUPLE OF PARAGRAPHS WHICH EXCITED A FLURRY OF TALK BUT WAS ADOPTED BY A ONE-SIDED VOICE VOTE AFTER TWO HOURS OF LIVELY DEBATE.

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THE CONTROVERSIAL WRIST-SLAPPING STATEMENT SAID IN EFFECT THAT THE SOVIET UNION AS WELL AS THE UNITED STATES HAS MADE MISTAKES IN FOREIGN POLICY, AND THAT THE PROGRESSIVES ARE NOT "APOLOGISTS FOR RUSSIA."

WALLACE DEMANDED SUCH ACTION IN A KEYNOTE ADDRESS LAST NIGHT. HE SAID THE 1,100 (CORRECT) DELEGATES FROM 35 STATES MUST ERASE THE PARTY'S RED TAG--A TAG HE SAID WAS PINNED ON THE PARTY BY ITS ENEMIES.

HIS SUPPORTERS EXPLAINED THE STRATEGY IN THE FLOOR FIGHT TODAY. THEY DECLARED THAT THE THIRD PARTY MUST GET A FOOT IN THE DOOR TO EXPLAIN ITS DOMESTIC POLICIES TO PROSPECTIVE PROGRESSIVE VOTERS. BUT IT CAN'T EVEN TALK TO SUCH PERSONS UNLESS THE PARTY SHOWS IT HAS NO RED TIES.

OPPONENTS OF THE CONTESTED PARAGRAPHS DECLARED IT IS NOT FAIR TO SINGLE OUT RUSSIA FOR CRITICISM. THEY SAID RUSSIA'S FOREIGN POLICIES ARE NOTHING TO BE ASHAMED OF

WALLACE' S FOLLOWERS, HOWEVER, RALLIED STRONGLY AND BEAT DOWN A MOVE TO BURY THE SENTENCES IN A COMMITTEE PIGEON-HOLE.

THE CONTROVERSIAL PARAGRAPHS STATE:

"THE PROGRESSIVE PARTY RECOGNIZES THAT WHILE THE UNITED STATES AND THE SOVIET UNION HAVE BOTH MADE MISTAKES IN FOREIGN POLICY, THESE TWO GREAT COUNTRIES CAN RISE ABOVE THEIR RESPECTIVE SHORTCOMINGS, TO WORK TOGETHER FRUITFULLY FOR INTERNATIONAL PEACE AND COOPERATION.

"WE ARE NOT APOLOGISTS FOR RUSSIA, BUT IN SO SAYING WE WANT IT

UNDERSTOOD THAT OUR SUPREME OBJECTIVE IS ONE WORLD AT PEACE, AND TO THAT END IT IS ESSENTIAL THAT AN UNDERSTANDING BE REACHED BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND THE SOVIET UNION."

MOST OF THE BALANCE OF THE FOREIGN POLICY STATEMENT WAS ADOPTED WITHOUT A FUSS. IT IS PART OF A GENERAL RESTATEMENT OF PROGRESSIVE PRINCIPLES SPELLING OUT HOW THE PARTY PROPOSES TO ACHIEVE ITS SLOGAN: "PEACE, FREEDOM AND JOBS."

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A27CX

WALLACE AND HIS CHIEF LIEUTENANTS CONTEND FORMAL REPUDIATION OF ANY COMMUNIST INFLUENCE UPON THE PARTY SERVES TO NULLIFY A 1948 PROGRESSIVE CONVENTION ACTION.

AT PHILADELPHIA, WHEN THE PARTY WAS FOUNDED, THIRD PARTY DELEGATES DEFEATED A SOMEWHAT SIMILAR STATEMENT--ONE THAT SAID "NO BLANKET ENDORSEMENT OF ANY NATION" WAS IMPLIED BY CRITICISM OF U.S. FOREIGN POLICY.

WALLACE DECLARED LAST NIGHT THAT THIS "MISTAKE" PROVIDED THE PARTY'S ENEMIES WITH "AMMUNITION TO SHOOT AT US," AND CONTRIBUTED TO THE CRUSHING DEFEAT SUFFERED BY PROGRESSIVES IN THE 1948 PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION. WALLACE FAILED TO CARRY A SINGLE STATE. HIS VOTE TOTAL WAS 1,157,712 (M).

IN MAKING HIS MOST OUTRIGHT DISAVOWAL OF COMMUNISM, HOWEVER, WALLACE SAID THE PROGRESSIVES ARE NOT EXPELLING ANY COMMUNISTS WHO SUBSCRIBE TO PROGRESSIVE POLICIES.

AMONG DELEGATES TAKING THE FLOOR TO BACK WALLACE'S ANTI-RED STAND WERE SEVERAL PROTESTANT MINISTERS, NEGRO LEADERS, AND CIO UNIONISTS.

THE REV. JOHN W. DARR OF NEW YORK CITY SAID OPPONENTS DEFENDING RUSSIA WERE "MAKING A MOUNTAIN OUT OF A MOLEHILL."

HE SAID THAT EVEN THEIR FLOOR OPPOSITION, WHEN REPORTED BY NEWSPAPERS AND THE RADIO, WOULD SCARE OFF MANY VOTERS WHO MIGHT JOIN THE PROGRESSIVES.

"WE ARE NOT GOING TO WIN THEM WITH FINE POINTS OF IDEOLOGY," HE SAID. "WE MUST WIN THEM BY FILLING THEIR NEEDS ON RENTS, HOUSING AND PRICES."

CHARLES COLLINS, NEW YORK CITY NEGRO AND OFFICIAL OF AN AFL HOTEL EMPLOYES UNION, ASSERTED DEFEAT OF THE SOVIET CRITICISM WOULD GIVE THE PARTY'S ENEMIES NEW BRICKBATS TO THROW.

THE REV. WILLIAM MELISH, EPISCOPALIAN OUSTED LAST YEAR FROM HIS BROOKLYN, N.Y., PASTORATE BECAUSE OF HIS PRO-RUSSIAN VIEWS, DECLARED ADOPTION WOULD END "A TEMPEST IN A TEAPOT" STIRRED UP BY THE 1948 ACTION, AND GIVE THE PARTY A "CLEAR-CUT" STAND.

LEON STRAUS, NEW YORK, CIO FUR AND LEATHER WORKERS UNION LEADER, URGED ADOPTION OF THE ENTIRE FOREIGN POLICY STATEMENT ALTHOUGH HE CALLED THE DISPUTED PARAGRAPHS "UNFORTUNATE."

HE ADDED: "THE SOVIET UNION HAS CONSISTENTLY STOOD FOR PEACE, FOR OUTLAWING THE ATOM BOMB, FOR NEGOTIATIONS, FOR DISARMAMENT, AND FOR FRIENDSHIP.

"I AGREE WE SHOULD NOT BE APOLOGISTS FOR THE SOVIET UNION, BUT I HAPPEN TO THINK THEY DON'T NEED APOLOGIES."

SIDNEY ORDOWER, CHICAGO, AND DR. JOHN E.T. CAMPER, BALTIMORE NEGRO PHYSICIAN, WERE AMONG OTHER PROMINENT DELEGATES WHO CALLED FOR ADOPTION.

WALLACE HIMSELF DID NOT TAKE PART IN THE FLOOR DEBATE. HE WASN'T ON THE PLATFORM, EITHER.

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ONLY TWO MINOR CHANGES WERE MADE IN THE ADOPTED FOREIGN POLICY STATEMENT. ONE DELETED A PHRASE ABOUT "CONTAINING COMMUNISM" ON GROUNDS IT SOUNDED LIKE PRESIDENT TRUMAN WROTE IT. THE OTHER STIFFENED AN ANTI-FRANCO DECLARATION SO THAT IT CALLED FOR BREAKING OFF U.S. DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH SPAIN.

THE FOREIGN POLICY DECLARATION DENOUNCED BIPARTISAN FOREIGN POLICY, THE MARSHALL PLAN, THE NORTH ATLANTIC PACT AND "COLD WAR SPENDING" AS FAILURES AND OBSTACLES TO WORLD PEACE AND FRIENDSHIP WITH RUSSIA.

IT URGED OUTLAWING OF ATOMIC WEAPONS, U.S. RECOGNITION OF COMMUNIST CHINA, AND PEACE AND TRADE TALKS WITH RUSSIA AND ITS SATELLITES.

A SEPARATE RESOLUTION PLEDGING SUPPORT OF STRIKING UNITED MINE WORKERS WAS ADOPTED BY THE DELEGATES. IT CRITICIZED THE TRUMAN ADMINISTRATION AND URGED PROGRESSIVE STATE UNITS TO GIVE MINERS FOOD AND CLOTHING.

C.B. BALDWIN, NEW YORK, NATIONAL SECRETARY OF THE PARTY, REPORTED THAT:

PROGRESSIVES HAVE FULL TIME ORGANIZATIONS IN 22 STATES AND "FUNCTIONING" GROUPS IN ALL OTHERS.

THEY HAVE SCORED LOCAL VICTORIES IN NEW JERSEY, MARYLAND, CALIFORNIA, OHIO, NEW YORK AND OTHER STATES AGAINST "LITTLE MUNDT-NIXON BILLS."

THEY HAVE LED FIGHTS FOR BETTER RELIEF AND RENT CONTROL, AND AGAINST JIM CROWISM, AND FARE AND UTILITY RATE INCREASES IN 40 STATES.

THEY TOOK PART IN ALL MAJOR STATE AND LOCAL ELECTIONS IN 1949.

THEY DEVELOPED FIRM TIES WITH NEGROES AND THE UNEMPLOYED BUT FAILED IN DEVELOPING THEM WITH FARMERS.

THEY HAVE BEEN RIGHT IN THEIR POLITICAL PROPHECIES BUT THEY HAVEN'T SOLD ENOUGH VOTERS OR EVEN GOT THEIR MESSAGE ACROSS TO MANY VOTERS.

THEY HAVE FAILED TO SELECT ISSUES WISELY.

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THEY LACK MONEY.

THE PARTY REPORTED 1,116 DELEGATES REGISTERED FROM 33 STATES. THESE INCLUDED 325 FROM ILLINOIS, MOST OF THEM FROM CHICAGO.

STATE TOTALS WERE ALABAMA 4, CALIFORNIA 23, COLORADO 7, CONNECTICUT 17, FLORIDA 2, GEORGIA 3, ILLINOIS 325, INDIANA 64, IOWA 19, KANSAS 7, KENTUCKY 4, LOUISIANA 6, MAINE 1, MARYLAND 8, MASSACHUSETTS 18, MICHIGAN 66, MINNESOTA 46, MISSOURI 22, MONTANA 5, NEW HAMPSHIRE 2, NEW JERSEY 29, NEW YORK 192, NORTH CAROLINA 2, OHIO 94, OREGON 2, PENNSYLVANIA 74, TENNESSEE 10, TEXAS 6, VERMONT 2, VIRGINIA 3, WASHINGTON 5, WEST VIRGINIA 1 AND WISCONSIN 30.

OTHER PLATFORM SPEAKERS AT TODAY'S SESSIONS INCLUDED CHARLES P. HOWARD, DES MOINES, IA., NEGRO LAWYER AND PUBLISHER; DR. W.E.B. DU BOIS (CAP D & B), NEW YORK NEGRO HISTORIAN; MRS. ESLANDA GOODE ROBESON, ANTHROPOLOGIST AND WIFE OF PAUL ROBESON, NEGRO SINGER, WHO HEADLINED A MUSICAL PROGRAM TONIGHT; AND DR. PHILLIP MORRISON, CORNELL UNIVERSITY, ATOMIC SCIENTIST.

IN ADDITION TO THE GENERAL POLICY STATEMENT, THE CONVENTION ACTED ON SEPARATE RESOLUTIONS DEALING WITH VETERANS, YOUTH RIGHTS, JAPANESE-AMERICANS, THE HYDROGEN BOMB, CIVIL RIGHTS, ATOMIC ENERGY DEVELOPMENT, COLONIAL PEOPLES, CHINA, ISRAEL AND THE MIDDLE EAST, GERMANY, HOUSING, AND SOCIAL SECURITY.

SZ701PCS

FIRST LEAD PROGRESSIVES

BY LOUIS J.KRAMP

CHICAGO,FEB.25-(AP)-PROGRESSIVE PARTY DELEGATES TODAY ADOPTED A MILD DISAVOWAL OF RUSSIA IN AN EFFORT TO CONVINCE VOTERS THAT HENRY A.WALLACE'S THIRD PARTY IS NOT AN "APOLOGIST" FOR THE SOVIET UNION.

THE VOICE VOTE ACTION WAS URGED BY WALLACE HIMSELF AS A MEANS OF ERASING A RED LABEL HE SAYS ENEMIES HAVE STRUCK ON THE PARTY.

IT CAME AFTER TWO HOURS OF FLOOR DEBATE. A MINORITY OF DELEGATES DECLARED THAT THE SOVIET UNION IS NOTHING TO BE ASHAMED OF.

BUT SEVERAL PROMINENT PARTY LEADERS DEMANDED ADOPTION AS A NECESSARY MOVE TO BUILD UP THE PARTY AS AN EFFECTIVE POLITICAL GROUP IN ELECTIONS.

THE CONTROVERSIAL PARAGRAPHS SAYS THE PROGRESSIVES BELIEVE BOTH THE UNITED STATES AND RUSSIA HAVE MADE "MISTAKES" IN FOREIGN POLICY, AND THAT PROGRESSIVES "ARE NOT APOLOGISTS FOR RUSSIA."

WALLACE SAID THE ACTION SERVES TO COUNTERACT 1948 REJECTION OF A SIMILAR RESOLUTION AT THE PARTY'S FOUNDING SESSION IN PHILADELPHIA 18 MONTHS AGO.

"WE MUST NOT ALLOW ANYONE THE SLIGHTEST, LEGITIMATE REASON FOR BELIEVING THAT ANY WORKING MEMBER OF THE PARTY PUTS ROME, MOSCOW OR LONDON AHEAD OF THE UNITED STATES," WALLACE SAID LAST NIGHT.

HE DECLARED IN A CONVENTION KEYNOTE SPEECH THAT PROGRESSIVES MUST GET RID OF THE RED LABEL AND FACTIONS IF THEY ARE TO WIN ELECTIONS AND "A CAMPAIGN FOR PEACE."

BUT HE SAID THE THIRD PARTY WILL NOT PURGE ANY COMMUNISTS FROM ITS RANKS.

IT WELCOMES COMMUNISTS AS WELL AS THOSE OF OTHER POLITICAL LABELS AS LONG AS THEY SUPPORT PROGRESSIVE PRINCIPLES, HE ADDED.

THE PARTY'S 1948 NOMINEE FOR PRESIDENT DREW APPLAUSE FROM HUNDREDS OF DELEGATES WITH THESE REMARKS:

"WE AGREE WITH COMMUNISTS THAT PEACE WITH RUSSIA IS POSSIBLE--BUT THAT DOESN'T MAKE US COMMUNISTS.

"THE COMMUNISTS HAVE THEIR PARTY. WE HAVE OURS.

"THE POLICIES OF THE PROGRESSIVE PARTY ARE OUR OWN--NOT CONTROLLED BY ANYONE WHO OWES HIS SUPREME ALLEGIANCE TO ANY OTHER PARTY.

"WE DO NOT--AND WILL NOT--PERMIT ANY ORGANIZED FACTIONS OR GROUPS WITHIN OUR PARTY.

"OUR PRINCIPLES ARE VASTLY DIFFERENT FROM THOSE OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY.

"OUR PHILOSOPHY IS NOT BASED UPON THE PRINCIPLES OF MARXISM AND LENINISM. WE BELIEVE IN PROGRESSIVE CAPITALISM, NOT SOCIALISM. X X X

"WE WILL NOT ATTEMPT THE PURGE OF ANY INDIVIDUAL BECAUSE OF PAST OR PRESENT LABELS. X X X

"WE ARE FIGHTING FOR PEACE, NOT BECAUSE ANY FOREIGN POWER WANTS US TO FIGHT FOR PEACE BUT BECAUSE WE UNDERSTAND THE DEEP NEEDS OF THE AMERICAN PEOPLE AND THE WORLD."

THE ONETIME DEMOCRATIC VICE PRESIDENT SAID "ENEMIES OF PROGRESS HAVE STIGMATIZED US AS BEING APOLOGISTS FOR RUSSIA AND FOR COMMUNISM."

HE PREDICTED DELEGATES TODAY WOULD ADOPT A POLICY STATEMENT THAT ALTHOUGH PROGRESSIVES CRITICIZE PRESENT AMERICAN FOREIGN POLICY THEY DON'T MEAN TO GIVE "BLANKET ENDORSEMENT TO THE FOREIGN POLICY OF ANY NATION."

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THE DELEGATES WERE SILENT WHEN WALLACE DESCRIBED BOTH THE UNITED STATES AND RUSSIA AS "THE TWO BIG BRUTES OF THE WORLD."

HE SAID "EACH IN ITS OWN EYES RESTS ON HIGH MORAL PRINCIPLES--BUT EACH IN THE EYES OF OTHER NATIONS IS GUIDED BY FORCE AND FORCE ALONE."

THEY APPLAUSED, HOWEVER, WHEN HE SAID:

"WE STAND X X X AS AMERICANS, FIRST, LAST AND ALL THE TIME."

WALLACE CALLED FOR FRIENDSHIP WITH RUSSIA AND RED CHINA, AND FOR PEACE BY OUTLAWING THE A-BOMB AND THE H-BOMB.

HE SAID ATLANTIC PACT NATIONS SHOULD DECLARE THEY WILL NOT BE THE FIRST TO USE ATOMIC WEAPONS, AND THE UNITED STATES AND RUSSIA SHOULD AGREE TO RENOUNCE ATOMIC WARFARE.

HE ACKNOWLEDGED THAT "THE FEARFUL AND TREMBLING ONES" HAVE DESERTED HIS "GIDEON'S ARMY," BUT HE SAID MILLIONS WILL REPLACE THEM.

THE MOST CONSPICUOUS ABSENTEE AT THE CONVENTION WHICH ENDS SUNDAY IS SENATOR TAYLOR (D-IDAHO). HE WAS THE PROGRESSIVE VICE PRESIDENTIAL NOMINEE IN 1948 BUT HE HAS REJOINED THE DEMOCRATS AS A CANDIDATE FOR REELECTION AS SENATOR.

SZ217ACS

WITH CHICAGO PROGRESSIVES

DES MOINES, FEB.25-(AP)-HENRY A. WALLACE SAID TONIGHT HE THOUGHT THE RESOLUTION ADOPTED BY THE PROGRESSIVE PARTY CONVENTION IN CHICAGO ON U.S.-RUSSIAN RELATIONS MET HIS IDEAS.

HE OUTLINED HIS THOUGHTS ON THE MATTER IN AN ADDRESS TO THE DELEGATES LAST NIGHT.

THE FORMER VICE-PRESIDENT LEFT CHICAGO BEFORE THE CONVENTION ACTED ON THE RESOLUTION AND PLATFORM TO COME HERE TO ATTEND TO SOME PRIVATE BUSINESS.

"I'M NOT FAMILIAR OF COURSE, WITH ANYTHING THAT HAPPENED AT THE CONVENTION TODAY", HE SAID, "AND I'D PREFER TO LAY OFF COMMENTING ON THE PLATFORM UNTIL I'VE HAD A CHANCE TO SEE IT. BUT FROM WHAT I'VE HEARD (IN PRESS ACCOUNTS) THE RESOLUTION ITSELF SEEMS TO BE WHAT I WAS HOPING WOULD HAPPEN."

WALLACE INDICATED HE MIGHT GIVE A FULLER STATEMENT ON MONDAY ON HIS VIEWS ABOUT THE PLATFORM.

RW751PCS NM

FEB 25 1950

NEW ORLEANS, FEB. 25-(AP)-NEARLY 1,000 DISPLACED PERSONS WILL ARRIVE TOMORROW ABOARD THE S.S. GENERAL BLACK TO MAKE THEIR HOMES IN THE UNITED STATES.

WHILE THE SHIP IS DUE TOMORROW NIGHT, DEBARKATION IS NOT SCHEDULED UNTIL MONDAY MORNING.

OF THE 927 DISPLACED PERSONS ABOARD, THE NEW ORLEANS COUNCIL OF SOCIAL AGENCIES SAID, 18 ARE SCHEDULED TO GO TO KANSAS CITY, THREE TO NORTH KANSAS CITY, TWO TO LIBERTY, NEAR KANSAS CITY, AND THREE TO TOPEKA, KANS.

AMONG THE TEN FAMILIES ARE DOMESTICS, DAIRY FARMERS, A FURRIER, A PAINTER, A TAILOR AND A COOK.

THEY ARE TO LEAVE HERE BY TRAIN MONDAY FOR KANSAS CITY.

TA1210PES

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NORFOLK, VA., FEB.25-(AP)-A CONVOY, PROTECTED BY NAVY LAND AND CARRIER-BASED AIRCRAFT, SAILED FROM NORFOLK TODAY TO SEIZE "ENEMY-HELD" TERRITORY IN THE CARIBBEAN AREA.

THE SAILING MARKED THE BEGINNING OF OPERATION PORTREX, LARGEST AIRBORNE-AMPHIBIOUS MANEUVERS TO BE HELD JOINTLY BY THE ARMY, NAVY AND AIR FORCE IN PEACE TIME.

LT.GEN.JOHN B.HODGE, COMMANDING GENERAL OF THE V CORPS FROM FORT BRAGG, N.C., HAS ASSEMBLED A FORMIDABLE INVASION TEAM. AS A PRIMARY CONSIDERATION IN STAFF PLANNING, GEN.HODGE HAS ACCENTED TEAMWORK BY THE ARMY, NAVY, AIR FORCE AND MARINE CORPS.

GOAL OF THE INVASION FORCE IS THE SMALL CARIBBEAN ISLAND OF VIEQUES, SOME 20 MILES LONG AND SIX MILES WIDE, JUST OFF THE COAST OF PUERTO RICO. THIS ISLAND TYPIFIES THE LAND MASS HELD BY THE "AGRESSOR FORCE," WHICH "THREATENS" UNITED STATES SECURITY.

ATLANTIC FLEET SUBMARINES ASSIGNED TO THE AGGRESSOR WILL HARASS THE INVASION CONVOY AS IT STEAMS TOWARD ITS OBJECTIVE. NAVY AND MARINE AIRCRAFT WILL CONDUCT RECONNAISSANCE AND STRIKE AGAINST THE SEABORNE INVASION FORCES.

NAVY CONSTRUCTION BATTALIONS, SUPPORTED BY ARMY AND AIR FORCE ENGINEER SQUADRONS, HAVE PROVIDED ON VIEQUES INSTALLATIONS NORMALLY PRESENT UNDER WAR CONDITIONS. THESE BATTALIONS WILL SUPPORT THE "AGRESSOR FORCE," UNDER COMMAND OF LT.GEN.W.H.H.MORRIS, JR., COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF OF THE CARIBBEAN COMMAND.

GROUND FORCES OF THE AGRESSOR ARE UNDER COMMAND OF BRIG.GEN.EDWIN L.SIBERT, COMMANDING GENERAL, U.S.ARMY FORCES IN THE ANTILLES.

IN OVERALL COMMAND OF PORTREX IS ADM.WILLIAM H.FECHTELER, COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF, U.S.ATLANTIC FLEET.

APPROXIMATELY 160 SHIPS OF THE ATLANTIC FLEET, UNDER TASK FORCE COMMAND OF REAR ADM.JERAULD WRIGHT, WILL CARRY THE AMPHIBIOUS ELEMENTS OF THE INVASION FORCES TO VIEQUES.

AS THE CONVOY NEARS THE OBJECTIVE AREA, THE 82ND AIRBORNE DIVISION BATTALION COMBAT TEAM WILL BE LOADED INTO FAIRCHILD C-82 "PACKETS" OF THE 314TH TROOP CARRIER GROUP TO BE FLOWN TO JOIN THEIR AMPHIBIOUS PARTNERS OF THE THIRD INFANTRY DIVISION ON THE BEACHES OF VIEQUES.

ON VIEQUES, INFANTRY AND ARMORED TROOPS OF THE "AGRESSOR FORCE" WILL BE ENTRENCHED IN EXPECTATION OF PARATROOP AND BEACH ASSAULTS.

BEFORE THE INVADING AMPHIBIOUS AND AIR FORCES HIT THE BEACH, SHIPS AND PLANES WILL BATTER MOCK DEFENSE POSITIONS WITH LIVE SHELLS AND BOMBS.

UMPIRE TEAMS WILL THEN GO INTO THE IMPACT AREA TO ASSESS THE EFFECTIVENESS OF THE SOFTENING-UP ATTACK, TO DETERMINE WHAT DAMAGE WOULD HAVE BEEN DONE IF AGRESSOR TROOPS ACTUALLY HAD BEEN ENTRENCHED IN THE CENTER OF THE ISLAND.

JP/RV

846PES

FEB 25 1950

CLEVELAND, FEB. 25-(AP)-FOR THE FIRST TIME, AN OHIO COURT OF APPEALS HAS HELD THAT IT IS LIBELOUS TO FALSELY PUBLISH THAT A PERSON IS A COMMUNIST.

OTHER COURTS PREVIOUSLY HAD HANDED DOWN SIMILAR RULINGS.

THE DECISION YESTERDAY WAS IN THE CASE OF COURTNEY D.WARD, AN AFL LABOR OFFICIAL HERE, WHO HAD SUED THE LEAGUE FOR JUSTICE AND ITS HEAD, JOHN P.MORAN, FOR $100,000.

WARD, WHO IS SECRETARY OF THE PAINTERS' DISTRICT COUNCIL NO. 6, CONTENDED IN THE COMMON PLEAS COURT ACTION THAT HE HAD BEEN FALSELY LABELED A COMMUNIST IN A PUBLICATION PUT OUT BY THE LEAGUE.

HE DENIED BEING A COMMUNIST AND SAID HE HAD NEVER BELONGED TO THE PARTY. BUT THE COURT UPHELD THE DEFENSE'S CONTENTION THAT HE DID NOT HAVE A CAUSE FOR ACTION.

THE APPEALS COURT, HOWEVER, REVERSED THE DECISION AND ORDERED THAT THE CASE BE TRIED AGAIN.

IN A UNANIMOUS OPINION IT HELD:

"X X X THE PUBLISHED WORDS, IF BELIEVED, WOULD NATURALLY TEND TO EXPOSE THE PLAINTIFF X X X TO PUBLIC HATRED, CONTEMPT AND RIDICULE, AND DEPRIVE HIM OF THE BENEFITS OF PUBLIC CONFIDENCE AND SOCIAL INTERCOURSE X X X."

RS556AES

FEB 25 1950

(ADVANCE), DAYTON, O., FEB.25-(AP)-ARCTIC PILOTS OF THE U.S. AIR FORCE IN THE FUTURE WILL BE A WALKING POST EXCHANGES THROUGH A NEW SUSTENANCE KIT DEVELOPED AT NEARBY WRIGHT-PATTERSON AIR FORCE BASE.

THE KIT IS DESIGNED TO KEEP STRANDED PILOTS ALIVE IN THE BITTER ARCTIC WASTES FOR SEVERAL DAYS.

CARRIED IN THE BACK-STYLE PARACHUTE THE KIT IS COMPOSED OF 22 DIFFERENT ITEMS -- DOING DOUBLE DUTY AS A SEAT FOR THE PILOT IN FLIGHT.

WRIGHT FIELD ENGINEERS SAY THE KIT IS THE BEST ANSWER YET TO THE QUESTION OF GIVING AMPLE ARCTIC SURVIVAL EQUIPMENT TO A PILOT CRAMPED IN A FIGHTER PLANE COCKPIT.

A RECENT DEVELOPMENT OF WRIGHT FIELD IS THE MOST IMPORTANT ITEM. ITS A VACUUM-PACKED SLEEPING BAG WHICH KEEPS ITS OCCUPANT WARM EVEN IF THE THERMOMETER SKIDS TO 40 DEGREES BELOW ZERO.

OTHER ITEMS INCLUDE A CANNED-HEAT COOK STOVE, A .22 CALIBER REVOLVER, MITTENS, SKI GOGGLES, SIGNALING MIRROR AND FLARES, WATERPROOF MATCHES, WOOL SOCKS, COMPASS, WATER CONTAINER, POCKET KNIFE, SURVIVAL MANUAL AND PACKETS OF FOOD.

AND, THE WHOLE KIT WEIGHS ONLY 24 POUNDS BUT CONTAINS FOOD RATIONS FOR 10 DAYS. IT IS UNDERGOING FIELD TESTS IN ALASKA AND SOON WILL BE ISSUED ALL PILOTS ASSIGNED TO COLD CLIMATES.

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 7 P.M., E.S.T., TODAY, SATURDAY, FEB.25).

F459PES NM

FIRST LEAD

MADISON, WIS., FEB 25-(AP)-BIGGEST SHORTAGE IN ATOMIC ENERGY DURING THE NEXT GENERATION WILL BE IN QUALIFIED SCIENTISTS, SUMNER T.PIKE, ACTIVE CHAIRMAN OF THE U.S.ATOMIC COMMISSION, PREDICTED TODAY.

PIKE SPOKE BEFORE AN EDITORIAL ROUNDTABLE ON ATOMIC ENERGY AT THE UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN.

THE SHORTAGE, HE SAID, WILL NOT BE IN URANIUM SUPPLIES BUT IN CAPABLE SCIENTISTS.

"WORLD WAR TWO CUT INTO TRAINING, AND NUCLEAR SCIENCE IS GROWING INCREDIBLY IN ALL LINES OF RESEARCH," PIKE DECLARED.

"WE HOPE TO BRING MORE ABLE MEN INTO THE FIELD BY SPENDING $20,000 TO $30,000 ANNUALLY FOR RESEARCH BY SCIENTISTS ON PET PROJECTS AT THEIR HOME SCHOOLS."

THE COMMISSION WILL SPEND $800,000,000 THIS YEAR, INCLUDING

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$50,000,000 FOR PRODUCTION OF FISSIONABLE MATERIALS AND $300,000,000 FOR RESEARCH, PIKE ADDED.

"WE GET MORE FOR OUR MONEY IN RESEARCH THAN IN ACTUAL MANUFACTURE. WE HAVE HAD PRACTICALLY NO SUCCESS IN FINDING NEW BEDS OF ORE THROUGH A PROGRAM TO STIMULATE SEARCH FOR URANIUM. LARGEST SOURCE OF BEST GRADE URANIUM IS FOUND IN THE BELGIAN CONGO."

STOCKPILES OF ATOMIC BOMBS, BUILT FOR DESTRUCTION, CAN BE USED FOR INDUSTRIAL PURPOSES, A LEADING ATOMIC SCIENTIST SAID LAST NIGHT.

DR.FARRINGTON DANIELS, OF THE UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN, WHO HELPED DEVELOP THE BOMB, DISCUSSED ITS PEACETIME USES AT AN EDITORIAL ROUNDTABLE ON ATOMIC ENERGY AT THE UNIVERSITY.

ABOUT 40 MEN AND WOMEN, INCLUDING SOME OF THE NATION'S TOP ATOMIC EXPERTS, NEWSPAPER AND RADIO MEN ATTENDED THE CONFERENCE.

DR.DANIELS SAID THAT DYNAMOS USING SUCH ENERGY FOR POWER PROBABLY COULD BE BUILT WITHIN A YEAR.

HE SAID THAT THE NATION WAS MISSING A BET BY NOT DEVELOPING ATOMIC ENERGY FOR INDUSTRIAL USE BEFORE SOME OTHER NATION DOES IT.

GRAHAM B.HOVEY, OF THE UNIVERSITY SCHOOL OF JOURNALISM, SAID THE CONFERENCE WAS CALLED IN HOPES OF GETTING SCIENTISTS AND NEWSMEN TO UNDERSTAND MUTUAL PROBLEMS.

HE SAID THERE IS A COLD WAR BETWEEN THE TWO NOW BECAUSE OF LACK OF UNDERSTANDING, SOME IRRESPONSIBLE REPORTING ON SCIENTIFIC MATTERS AND LACK OF COOPERATION ON PART OF THE SCIENTISTS.

SUMNER T.PIKE, ACTING CHAIRMAN OF THE U.S.ATOMIC COMMISSION, AND MORSE SALISBURY, WASHINGTON, DIRECTOR OF INFORMATION OF THE COMMISSION, TOOK PART IN GENERAL DISCUSSION OF THE ATOMIC PROBLEMS THAT FOLLOWED. BOTH WILL SPEAK TODAY..

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REDS.

"THROUGH HIS WORK," POTTER DECLARED, "RUSSIA HAS GAINED MORE TERRITORY AND PEOPLES SINCE WORLD WAR TWO THAN HITLER EVER GOT."

HE SAID EWING'S SUPPORT OF COMPULSORY HEALTH INSURANCE BRANDED HIM SOCIALISTIC.

BRANNAN, HE SAID, "PROMISES HIGH PRICES TO FARMERS ALONG WITH LOW FOOD COSTS TO CONSUMERS. EVEN HOUDINI COULDN'T HAVE THOUGHT OF THAT."

TA615PES

NY WX (150)

SAN FRANCISCO, FEB 25 (AP) GENERAL GEORGE MARSHALL SAID TODAY THE COUNTRIES OF WESTERN EUROPE "HAVE DONE MORE THAN WE ANTICIPATED" IN CARRYING OUT THEIR OWN AID PROGRAMS UNDER THE MARSHALL PLAN.

THE FORMER SECRETARY OF STATE EMPHASIZED THE VIEWS HE GAVE TO A NEWS CONFERENCE WERE HIS PERSONAL BELIEFS. A MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF PAN AMERICAN WORLD AIRWAYS, HE ARRIVED HERE WITH THE BOARD AFTER A DIRECTORS' MEETING IN HAWAII.

EUROPEAN COUNTRIES UNDER THE MARSHALL PLAN NOW ARE 20 TO 25 PER CENT BEYOND 1938 STANDARDS IN PRODUCTION, MARSHALL SAID, ADDING: "THAT'S QUITE FINE; THAT'S A TREMENDOUS ACHIEVEMENT."

HE SAID TWO MAIN PROBLEMS TO BE SOLVED IN THE NEXT TWO YEARS ARE THOSE OF CURRENCY AND TARIFF LEVELS.

GENERAL MARSHALL, NOW PRESIDENT OF THE AMERICAN RED CROSS, PLANNED TO ARRIVE IN WILLIAMSBURG, VA. TOMORROW AND GO TO WASHINGTON, D.C., MONDAY FOR THE START OF THE RED CROSS DRIVE.

THE GENERAL AND OTHER PAN AMERICAN DIRECTORS TOOK OFF FOR NEW YORK AT 6 P.M., PST. THEY EXPECTED TO ARRIVE THERE AT 9 A.M. EASTERN STANDARD TIME TOMORROW.

EW1130PCS

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AUGUSTA, ME., FEB. 25-(AP)-"IF STALIN WERE TO GIVE AN AWARD TO AN AMERICAN MAN FOR THE GREATEST BENEFIT TO RUSSIA," A MICHIGAN CONGRESSMAN SAID TODAY, "HE COULDN'T HAVE FOUND A BETTER MAN THAN DEAN ACHESON."

U.S. REP. CHARLES E.POTTER OF MICHIGAN, SPEAKING TO A CONVENTION OF MAINE'S YOUNG REPUBLICANS, DECLARED: "WE HAVE SOCIALISTS IN HIGH PLACES IN OUR GOVERNMENT WHO ARE JUST AS SOCIALISTIC AS THE FABIAN SOCIALISTS IN ENGLAND." THE FABIAN SOCIETY, HE SAID, WAS THE FORE-RUNNER OF THE PRESENT BRITISH LABOR PARTY.

POTTER CHARACTERIZED FEDERAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATOR OSCAR EWING, SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE BRANNAN AND SECRETARY OF STATE ACHESON AS "AMERICAN SOCIALISTS."

HE DEFINED AN AMERICAN SOCIALIST AS "ANY PERSON WHO ADVOCATES UNNECESSARY GOVERNMENT CONTROL AND OPERAION."

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"HARRY TRUMAN IS NOT A SOCIALIST," HE SAID. "NO. HE IS JUST A CUNNING, CONNIVING PENDERGAST POLITICIAN X X X.

"BUT HE IS ADVISED BY WHAT I WOULD CALL AMERICAN SOCIALISTS," POTTER ADDED.

SECRETARY OF STATE ACHESON, HE SAID, SOLD OUT CHINA TO THE

SAN FRANCISCO,FEB.25-(AP)-A FACULTY GROUP AT THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA TODAYANNOUNCED PLANS FOR A COURT BATTLE AGAINST THE EDICT: SIGN ANTI-COMMUNIST LOYALTY OATHS, OR QUIT.

THE UNIVERSITY'S BOARD OF REGENTS ISSUED THE ULTIMATUM YESTERDAY, AFTER A MEETING PRESIDED OVER BY GOVERNOR EARL WARREN. IT FOLLOWED A YEAR-LONG DISPUTE BETWEEN THE REGENTS AND FACULTY WHETHER SUCH AN OATH SHOULD BE MANDATORY.

FACULTY MEMBERS PROTESTED THAT THE OATH OF ALLEGIANCE TO THE UNITED STATES SHOULD SUFFICE. THE REGENTS SET AN APRIL 30 DEADLINE FOR SIGNING THE OATH--OR BEING DISMISSED AUTOMATICALLY.

A SPOKESMAN FOR THE FACULTY GROUP, WHO WISHED TO REMAIN ANONYMOUS, SAID THE GROUP WOULD SEEK A WRIT OF MANDATE FROM THE STATE SUPREME COURT PROHIBITING THE REGENTS FROM ENFORCING THE ULTIMATUM.

HE SAID THE GROUP WOULD CONTEND THAT THE STATE CONSTITUTIONAL PROVISION, UNDER WHICH THE UNIVERSITY WAS ESTABLISHED, DOES NOT EMPOWER THE REGENTS TO REQUIRE AN OATH ANY DIFFERENT THAN THAT TAKEN BY PUBLIC OFFICIALS.

DJ1039PCS

30.24- 9199

THE J-48 TURBO-WASP IS NOW FLYING IN THE FIRST OF SEVERAL NEW FIGHTER TYPES, INCLUDING THE GRUMMAN F9F-5 PANTHER AND THE NORTH AMERICAN F-93A.

ANOTHER PHASE OF THE SHOW WAS THE FIRST CIVILIAN INSPECTION OF THE $12,000,000 (M) ANDREW WILLGOOS TURBINE LABORATORY BUILT TO TEST JET ENGINES AND SECTIONS OF ENGINES SEVERAL TIMES AS POWERFUL AS THOSE NOW IN USE. Add C. Hanford (Jet) 444 speed (Tokyo)

THE LABORATORY WAS DESCRIBED AS THE LARGEST PRIVATELY OWNED JET RESEARCH FACILITY IN THE WORLD. UNITED AIRCRAFT CORPORATION, OF WHICH PRATT & WHITNEY AIRCRAFT IS A DIVISION, ALREADY HAS SPENT $12,000,000 AND WILL SPEND MORE BEFORE THE LABORATORY GOES IN SERVICE IN JUNE.

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 7 P.M., EST, SATURDAY, FEB.25--MOVED FEB.24)
BD1139PES

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End

30.24- 9201

COUP FAILED IN BULGARIA, PAPER SAYS

Spiked By Soviet Police After Dimitrov Death, Berlin Hears

FEB 26 1950

Berlin, Feb. 26 (AP)—The newspaper *Welt Am Sonntag* said today Bulgarian army leaders had directed an unsuccessful revolt against Russian domination of their country following the death in Moscow last July of Bulgarian Premier Georgi Dimitrov.

One of these leaders, Ivan Kinov, army chief of staff, who had been called to Moscow after Dimitrov's death, told fellow officers on his return to Sofia he believed Dimitrov had been liquidated, the newspaper said.

The newspaper, which is linked with the daily *Die Welt*, British-licensed German-language publication, said Soviet secret police forestalled the attempted revolt by arresting one twelfth of all Bulgarian army officers, including Kinov.

Report Unconfirmed

The report, unconfirmed from other sources, did not say how long after Dimitrov's death the revolt was planned.

A decree announced in Sofia last October 30 said Kinov and Boyan Bulgaranov, head of the army's political-Management Division, had been relieved of their duties. The decree, issued by the National Assembly's Presidium, said the two officials had been given other assignments, but did not say what their new jobs were.

The decree followed unconfirmed reports, published in the Yugoslav newspaper *Borba*, of a widespread political purge of Titoist elements in Bulgaria. *Borba* is the voice of Premier Marshal Tito's Yugoslav Government.

Paper Gives Story

Welt Am Sonntag's dispatch, datelined Sofia, attributed its information to "a special co-operator." It gave this story:

Kinov was called to Moscow after Dimitrov's death and forced to sign a statement saying he had seen Dimitrov alive in a hospital shortly before the Premier's death. This apparently was intended as proof that Dimitrov really was sick.

On returning to Sofia, Kinov told fellow officers he had not seen Dimitrov, and expressed the belief he had been liquidated. He said they and other patriotic Bulgarians would have met the same fate unless they acted.

He proposed that they arrest Moscow's top two representatives in Sofia, indentified as Tscherwenkov and Poptomov, and seize control of Bulgaria.

But Soviet secret agents learned of the plot and arrested the conspirators.

Welt Am Sonntag said reports were current in Sofia that Soviet Marshal Ivan S. Konev was due to take over command of the Bulgarian Army, just as Soviet Marshal Konstantin Rokossovsky now heads the Polish Army.

Soviet Zone's Bogus Marks Enter West, Germans Charge

FEB 26 1950

James J. Berlin

Berlin, Feb. 26 (AP)—Berlin Socialists accused Communists today of printing counterfeit German westmarks and said some already had been sent to the Ruhr coal and steel area.

The official party newspaper, the British-licensed *Berliner Sozial Demokrat*, said the spurious westmarks were being printed in Leipzig, in the Soviet zone, on stereotype plates sent from Russia and are intended for Soviet zone purchase of Western goods.

The newspaper described the counterfeits as difficult to detect, except that the paper is of a poorer quality than that of the genuine westmarks, which are printed in the United States.

The fake money is being turned out in 5 and 100 mark notes in a secret department of the Leipzig Bank, the newspaper said.

"New Moscow Weapon"

Much of the counterfeit money is stored in Magdeburg, Soviet sector city near the British zone border, *Sozial Demokrat* said, and some has been sent to the Soviet section of Berlin for use in West Berlin. One westmark (23.8 United States cents) is currently valued at about 7 eastmarks.

The newspaper said the counterfeit money was a "new Moscow weapon" in the old battle over Germany's postwar currency. Talks between the Western Allies and the Russians in 1948 on a unified currency for Germany broke down when the Soviets insisted it be printed in Leipzig instead of Berlin.

A hint that Russia wants new discussions with the United States on the whole German problem was given today by Dr. Hermann Kastner, one of the Soziet Zone government's three deputy prime ministers.

He said in an interview in the Soviet-licensed *Der Morgen*, Liberal Democratic newspaper in Berlin, that "honorable discussions" between the two powers could solve the German question.

"Those who wish for peace and understanding," Kastner said, "will not let formalities stand in the way. Honorable discussions between the two great Allies could solve the German question and allow North America, without loss of prestige, to extricate itself from its current dangerous German policy."

A West Government demand that Russia observe the United Nations declaration of human rights was placed before the Allied High Commission. Konrad Adenauer, West German Chancellor, notified West Berlin's Mayor Ernst Reuter of the action in a letter made public today.

It protested that Russia violated the declaration by establishing concentration camps in the Soviet Zone and by countenancing the kidnapping of West Berliners by Soviet Zone police.

MOSCOW VETERAN NAMED

Edward Page Jr. Is Appointed to High U. S. Post in Berlin

BERLIN, Feb. 26 (AP)—Edward Page Jr., former First Secretary of the United States Embassy in Moscow, has become director of the United States High Commissioner's Office in Berlin, it was learned tonight. He is the only high American official in Germany who speaks Russian and has lived in the Soviet Union.

Mr. Page worked closely in Moscow, during the war, with George F. Kennan, who later became a key planner of United States policy in blocking Russian expansion. He served on the American staffs at the Yalta conference and at the Paris conference in 1946.

His appointment will be formally announced tomorrow by the Berlin Commandant, Maj. Gen. Maxwell D. Taylor.

Bonn Protests on Russia

BERLIN, Feb. 26 (AP).—A demand by the West German government that Russia observe the United Nations declaration of human rights has been placed before the Allied High Commission. West German Chancellor Konrad Adenauer notified West Berlin Mayor Ernst Reuter of the action in a letter made public today.

DP HELD IN PROBE OF KARPE'S DEATH

G. K. Hodenfield

VIENNA, Austria, Feb. 26.—(AP) U. S. authorities held a Romanian displaced person today in connection with their investigation of the unexplained death of Capt. Eugene Karpe, U. S. naval attache in Romania.

Karpe—a close friend of Robert Vogeler, recently sentenced to 15 years in prison in Hungary on charges of spying—fell or was pushed from the Paris-bound Arlberg express Thursday. His mangled body was found by a track-walker in a tunnel south of Salzburg.

The wife of Vogeler, a young American businessman, has said she is convinced Karpe was murdered. Karpe visited her in Vienna just before his death.

U. S. army sources said the Romanian displaced person was not aboard the express when Capt. Karpe met his death. The Romanian was picked up in Salzburg Thursday in a routine checkup because his past record included complicity in several train robberies.

He was about to be turned loose when an apparent weakness developed in his alibi. Army sources said he probably would be freed tomorrow if nothing further develops.

The sources emphatically denied a report published here in the British-licensed Weltpresse that a Romanian and Bulgarian had been arrested in possession of the attache's briefcase.

These informants said the brief case was found along with all the rest of Karpe's luggage in his train compartment.

Mao Reported Back in China

LONDON, Feb. 26 (AP)—The Chinese Communist leader Mao Tze-tung and his party have crossed the Soviet frontier into China after their long discussions with Soviet officials, the Moscow radio said tonight.

French Seize Red Arms Cache

TOULOUSE, France, Feb. 26 (AP).—French police seized a cache of weapons weighing seven tons in the area around Barbazan, in southern France, today and arrested six Spaniards who said they were Communists. The weapons included machine guns and other automatic firearms.

Heath Hints At Purge Of Bulgarian Official

Milan, Italy, Feb. 26 (AP)—Donald Heath, former United States minister to Bulgaria, said here today Anton Yugov, former Communist deputy premier in Bulgaria, may be under house arrest in Sofia.

Heath, who left Bulgaria last week after the United States broke off relations with that Communist-run country, said he had been reliably informed that Yugov recently was seen leaving his home under police escort. He added, however, that the information was third hand and could not be verified.

Asked if that meant there might be another purge trial in Bulgaria, Heath said it was possible that some followers of the late Bulgarian Premier Georgi Dimitrov might be headed for replacement.

Eased Out Last Month

Yugov, who had been interior minister under Dimitrov, was eased out as deputy premier last month and had been minister of industry and mines. He also was reported to have been a member of the Bulgarian party's Politburo.

Heath and his 47-member party legation personnel passed through here en route to Paris on the way back to the United States.

Included in the party was Mary Haskell, 81, identified as the sister of Henry J. Haskell, editor of the Kansas City *Star*. Miss Haskell had been a missionary in Bulgaria for 60 years but recently had been ordered to leave.

Heath said 58 American citizens remain in Bulgaria. Of this number, he added, the Sofia Government claims 35 are citizens of Bulgaria.

Pravda Charges Aggression

In Moscow, the Communist party newspaper *Pravda* took cognizance today of the United States action in breaking off relations with Bulgaria. *Pravda* said it was "aggression" and part of the American policy of blackmail and threats and said it would not work.

The paper said Heath was a "spy who had been caught with the goods" and that the exposure of imperialist agents would continue.

TITO PREDICTS SLAV VICTORY

Celes Sprigleter

Tells Serbs Country Can Overcome Foes Abroad

FEB 26 1950

Belgrade, Yugoslavia, Feb. 26 (AP)—Premier Marshal Tito declared tonight that Yugoslavia will emerge "victorious in this struggle against numerous enemies abroad of our country."

He also said the Yugoslav Communist Government will overcome all its problems at home and will go forward in the job of fulfilling its five-year plan.

He spoke extemporaneously at the urging of more than 1,000 delegates attending a conference of the People's Front of the Yugoslav Republic of Serbia.

Applauded For Ten Minutes

His audience applauded him for ten minutes before he took the floor.

[The Communist-dominated National (People's) Front governs Yugoslavia. It has units in the various federal republics.]

Tito acknowledged there are some domestic difficulties in Yugoslavia. He said:

"It is true that the situation in our country is not easy. You know the reasons why it is not easy. But the situation is not so heavy that we cannot overcome these difficulties. We can overcome them, and we will."

To Rely On Own Strength

He called on the Yugoslav people "to rely on our own strength" without awaiting "any particular help from anybody" in this period of difficulty.

This apparently was a deference to the complaint he made a week ago on the failure thus far of the West to grant $36,000,000 in loans which, he said, were promised to Yugoslavia by the International Bank, International Monetary

Fund, and the United States Export-Import Bank.

At the time he challenged the West to come through with the loans, Tito added that his country would "rather go barefooted" than sacrifice her Socialist principles in return for help.

No Political Strings

Subsequently, George Allen, United States ambassador, assured the Premier there would be no political strings attached to any American financial aid to Yugoslavia.

"We go our own way," Tito told the Serbian gathering. "Yes, our ship is on the stormy seas, but we have a courageous course, and we are going to arrive where we steer: We are going to build up socialism and fulfill our five-year plan."AP

Yugoslavs Name Town In Honor Of Dimitrov

Belgrade, Yugoslavia, Feb. 26 (AP). Yugoslavia changed the name of the border town of Czarsford today to Dimitrovgrad, in honor of Bulgaria's late Premier, George Dimitrov.

Dimitrov, a friend of Premier Marshal Tito of Yugoslavia, once had his wrist slapped by Moscow for suggesting a South Slav federation of Bulgaria and Yugoslavia. The Kremlin ordered Dimitrov to recant and he did so. Subsequently he died in Moscow and now lies entombed in a national shrine in Sofia.

A decree of the Yugoslav Presidium said the name of the little town on the Bulgarian border was intended as a tribute to Dimitrov: "A fighter for better life of working people, for liberty and independence of small nations, for brotherhood and unit of the South Slav people."

Hungarian Choice Breaks Tradition

FEB 27 1950

Budapest, Feb. 26 (AP)—Hungary made a non-Catholic the Minister of Religion and Public Instruction today in an unexpected Cabinet shuffle.

Jozsef Darvas, former Minister of Building, replaced Gyula Ortutey in the post, marking the first time in Hungarian history that a non-Catholic has held the job. Darvas is a member of the Peasant party and belongs to the Evangelical Church. About 70 per cent of Hungary's population is Roman Catholic and it has been a tradition that a Roman Catholic should head the Ministry of Religion.

Istvan Kossa, the Minister of Finance, resigned with Ortutey, who had held his post since September 24, 1947. Karoly Olt, secretary of the Presidential Council, took the finance post and Laszlo Sandor, 40, a veteran of the Communist underground, succeeded Darvas as Minister of BuildingAP

Reds Call Bombs Truman Blackmail

Moscow, Feb. 26 (AP)—Ilya Ehrenburg declared today that President Truman's bombs and superbombs are primarily "blackmail."

The Soviet journalist and author, in an extensive press comment on the hydrogen and atomic bombs, added:

"For four years in a row the Americans have brandished the atom bomb. Now, when the effect of this has been decisively dulled, they reiterate about a new 'superbomb.'

"Let bakers and haberdashery merchants occupy themselves with something else."

[Russian writers often refer sneeringly to President Truman as a haberdasher because he operated a haberdashery in Kansas City just after World War I. A current and poular play in Moscow is entitled "The Mad Haberdasher."]

Swatow Raided by Nationalists; Mao and Chou Back From Russia

TAIPEI, Formosa, Feb. 26 (AP).—Nationalist planes today attacked Namoa Island, which the Communists say they have captured. The waterfront of the adjoining mainland port of Swatow also was hit, air headquarters here announced, in widespread raids on Red China.

Shipyards at Foochow, a train between Hong Kong and Canton, junks off the Luichow Peninsula near Hainan Island and truck convoys 100 miles south of Shanghai all were listed as targets today.

Shanghai was hit again Saturday by B-25 medium bombers and P-51 fighters. Air headquarters said the Lunghwa Airfield and shipping in harbor were attacked with good results.

A dispatch from Hong Kong said a truck convoy on the Communist side of the Hong Kong border was strafed in the third such Nationalist raid in four days. Another Hong Kong report said the Nationalist air raid of last Thursday on the port of Kongmoonfow, near Canton, killed almost 1,000 persons. It added that recent raids on Shanghai had reduced that city's electric power to less than 20,000 kilowatt hours for a population of 5,000,000 to 6,000,000.

[Hong Kong reported also a protest by American Consul General Karl Rankin to the Governor, Sir Alexander Grantham, against the action of the Hong Kong Supreme Court last week in awarding seventy-one Chinese transport planes to the Communists. Mr. Rankin declared the planes, the property of the Chinese National Aviation and Central Air Transport Corporations, had been purchased legally last November by an American firm headed by retired Major General Claire L. Chennault].

Moscow, Peiping in Postal Pact

TOKYO, Monday, Feb. 27 (AP)—The Soviet Union and Communist China have signed postal and telegraphic agreements, the Peiping radio said today. The broadcast said the agreements were signed in Moscow on Feb. 7, a week before the Soviet-Chinese Communist alliance was announced.

INDONESIA ASKS FOR 'THE TURK'

Tom Masters

British Nab Guerrilla Dutch Captain In Singapore

FEB 26 1950

Singapore, Feb. 26 (AP)—Swashbuckling Capt. R. P. P. Westerling was arrested by the British today, and Indonesia immediately demanded his extradition on charges of leading a guerrilla revolt.

It was understood the 30-year-old former Dutch Army Commando known as "The Turk" will not be charged with an extraditable offense, however. He was arrested on a charge of entering this colony without a permit under an emergency regulation which permits his detention for only seven days.

During that time immigration authorities must decide whether to deport him or grant him an entry permit.

If returned to Indonesia, informed sources there said, he would face the death penalty.

Westerling, who led a force of native deserters from the Dutch Army in the surprise capture of West Java's capital, Bandoeng, on January 23, was said by one of his friends to have come here to get arms and ammunition for his rebel movement. Presumably he hoped to contact smugglers and gun runners.

"I can take Jakarta like I took Bandoeng, but I want more arms. I have got a big job to do," a friend quoted him as boasting.

He was said to have slipped ashore four days ago from a plane which landed him near the coast and put him aboard a rubber boat. A fisherman picked him up when the boat began to leak and landed him on the south Johore coast in Malaya. He then made his way to Singapore Island by the causeway.

Spirited Out, Indonesians Say

He was arrested as he started to enter the house of a friend on River Valley road. He put up no resistance. His wife was not with him, but she is reported also to be in Singapore.

Press reports in Jakarta, capital of the new United States of Indonesia, last week said Westerling had been spirited out of the country aboard a Dutch army or navy Catalina flying boat five days ago.

The press reports said Mrs. Westerling and their child were flown out two nights later in the same manner after she had been seen riding about the city in a Dutch army general staff car.

H. M. Hirschfeld, the Dutch high commisioner, in Jakarta, refused to credit these reports Saturday.

The arrest of Westerling here could present the new Indonesian Government with a ticklish dilemma. The Indonesian press has accused the Government of handling Westerling in a gingerly manner. President Soekarno admitted in Parliament that the Government had acted in a "confused" manner.

If an investigation now developed that Westerling actually was harbored by the Dutch Army and smuggled out of the country by the Dutch Navy, the scandal might result in a dangerous rift of relations between the Indonesian Government and the Dutch.

Westerling is the son of a Dutch father and Turkish mother and was born in Istanbul. He calls himself "The Turk." He was a Dutch officer in the second World War and led a brigade of Commandos which suppressed Indonesian independence fighters in the Celebes. He finally was discharged from the Dutch Army when his brigade was accused of excesses and atrocities.

Hoped To Get American Help

When informed of Westerling's arrest today, the Indonesian Government issued a communiqué saying officials had contacted the British Embassy in Jakarta on the question of having him returned to answer "for crimes perpetrated by him in Indonesia."

One of Westerling's friends said he had contacted several acquaintances during his four-day stay here.

"He really thought he could get arms, munitions and that sort of thing. At least, that was what he told me. He said he hoped to get help from the Americans and British.

"Pretty naive. He must have been a very surprised man when he was picked up."

Malayans Fight Guerrilla Bands

A. L. McINTYRE

Singapore, Feb. 26 (AP)—D-day for 352,000 civilian volunteers in a month-long drive against Communist terrorism in Malaya struck at 6 A.M. today.

Men and women of many races and from all walks of life took up positions behind the lines vacated by uniformed troops and police who moved forward to clean the jungles of guerrillas. D-day had been a top secret for weeks.

The guerrillas have terrorized Malaya almost since the end of the war, killing, wounding, burning, destroying.

As Sir Henry Gurney, high commissioner for the Malaya Federation, declared the beginning of "anti-bandit month," road blocks went up in all cities and towns throughout the federation.

The thousands of volunteers, some awakened from Sunday siestas, channelled into the road blocks for checking and assignment. They wore blue and white arm bands to identify themselves.

They were doctors, teachers, rubber tappers, clerks, miners, hospital attendants, engineers, mechanics, pipe fitters, silversmiths, boatmen, shop assistants, paddy planters, dress makers, dance hostesses, waitresses, hawkers and stallholders.

The Government included all volunteers in the auxiliary police so that compensation may be paid in case of death or injury.

During the month the Government will pay 250 Straits dollars for information leading to the capture, dead or alive, of each terrorist, 600 straits dollars for the recovery of each serviceable weapon, and smaller sums for ammunition. (The Straits dollar is worth 32.75 United States cents.)

Movement of food in controlled areas is restricted to prevent its falling in the hands of the Communist guerrillas. Unnecessary travel also is banned and casual leaves for Government employés cancelled.

KING OF YEMEN JAILS BROTHER

Plot To Overthrow Government Reported And Denied

FEB 26 1950

Cairo, Feb. 26 (AP)—The British-owned *Egyptian Gazette* said today King (Imam) Ahmed of Yemen has broken up a plot, led by his own brother, to overthrow the Government.

A dispatch which bore no dateline said the brother, Seif el Islam Ismail, who had been Yemen's Minister of Education, now is in prison at Hijjah. A number of conspirators, most of them teachers and students, fled to the neighboring British colony of Aden, the dispatch said.

Hassan Ibn Ibrahim, Yemen's Minister of State, now in Cairo, confirmed that Prince Seif was under arrest but said it was for personal misconduct not related to politics. He denied there had been any plot against the King.

The *Gazette's* story said some Yemenite Army units were involved in the planned coup.

Yemen, a little-known Arab land in the southwest corner of Arabia, rarely admits foreign visitors. It has a population of about 4,000,000, most of them Nomads.

Just two years ago the present King's father, Imam Yahia, was assassinated in a coup. Ahmed defeated the revolutionary forces, which some sources said were led by another brother, and took the throne on March 14, 1948. The United States recognized his Government last month.

30.24- 9203

Ala Is Iran's New Foreign Minister

Tehran, Iran, Feb. 26 (AP)—Hussein Ala, once Iran's Ambassador to the United States, became the Iranian Foreign Minister today.

Ala, a tiny figure physically gained world stature in 1946 when he fought the Soviet Union to a standstill before the United Nations Security Council.

His fight, which forced the Russians to withdraw their troops from Iran, made him a national hero at the time.

He is one of two new cabinet members in the list presented to the Shah today by Premier Mohammed Saed, who resigned yesterday in accordance with a constitutional provision requiring such action when Parliament convenes. He was immediately reappointed.

The other new cabinet member is Ibrahim Zand, Interior Minister. Dr. Mohammed Nakahaie, former Minister of Agriculture, took the Labor portfolio, and Assodullah Alam, the former Interior Minister, took the Agriculture post.

ISRAEL APPEALS TO U. S., BRITAIN FOR ARMAMENT

FEB 26 1950

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26—(AP) The government of Israel has appealed to the United States and Britain for arms and military equipment to bolster its army and air force, diplomatic officials disclosed today.

The Israelian ambassadors here and in London were said to have presented detailed requests to the State Department and the British foreign office.

Top State Department officials were reported drafting a formal American reply to the Israeli bid after consultation with the British on the ticklish problem.

Strict Assurances Sought

Officials indicated to a reporter that before sending any American arms to Israel, the State Department would ask for a full accounting of the equipment Israeli armed forces now have, plus assurances that they would be used only for self defense.

Until now, Israeli officials have declined to give the United States or Britain any detailed information about the size or equipment of its armed forces. Most of the present Israeli army and air force supplies were purchased in Czechoslovakia and other countries during the Arab-Jewish war in Palestine.

The Israeli request apparently is aimed at offsetting the shipment of British arms to the Arab countries in the Middle East.

Israeli officials, and some American congressmen, have denounced the British for the shipments, contending they are to be used by the Arabs for war against the Jews in Palestine.

Secretary of State Acheson in a letter to Congressman Javits (R-NY) recently said the United States has no objections to Britain arming the Arabs since, he said, this is being done in line with long-standing treaties and is strictly a move to maintain internal security.

Diplomatic officials who know of the Israeli appeal to the United States say that the Israeli government has given no indication how it would pay for any American arms help. The Export-Import Bank granted Israel a $100,000,000 loan last year but this has been allocated for development and recovery projects.

Factors to be Considered

Factors that will have to be considered in answering Israel's bid, the officials said, are:

1. Reports that the Israeli army at present is relatively better equipped than the Arab armies. Thus sending American equipment to Israel might arouse the Arabs who fear the Israeli army may take over the rest of Arab Palestine.

2. The need for bolstering some of the governments in the Middle East militarily as part of the cold war strategy to guard against possible Russian invasion of the Middle East. American officials acknowledged that the Israeli army is possibly the best trained and toughest fighting force in the area.

3. The effect arms shipments would have on the efforts by the United Nations to write a lasting peace treaty in the Middle East and settle such problems as the internationalization of Jerusalem and the Arab refugee question.

VINSON SEEKS NO-INDUCTION DRAFT SYSTEM

Ready With House Bill To Keep Registration, Classification

Washington, Feb. 26 (AP) — A stand-by peacetime draft bill which would require a separate act of Congress before men could be inducted is ready for introduction by Representative Vinson (D., Ga.) tomorrow.

It is a good deal less than President Truman's military advisers asked in the way of manpower insurance.

But Vinson, chairman of the House Armed Services Committee, said he is confident the committee will indorse his bill and that the House will approve it in late March or April.

It would continue the registration and classification machinery of the Selective Service System for three years, until June 30, 1953, but nobody could be drafted unless Congress gave its say-so by passing a new law.

Present Law Expires In June

The present peacetime draft law expires in June. It contains full induction authority, but no one has been drafted in more than a year.

Under Vinson's bill 18-year-olds will register with their draft boards and a year later, when 19, will be given physical examinations and classified as to fitness for military service.

The penalty for draft dodging would be reduced from $10,000 fine or five years' imprisonment, or both, to $1,000 fine or one year confinement or a combination.

The Vinson bill, unlike the present law, carries no authority for the President to seize industrial plants and mines to assure production of needed military supplies.

Cost Put At $10,600,000

Vinson estimated it would take $10,600,000 a year to administer selective service under his plan. Of this sum, $4,000,000 would be used to maintain records.

The Administration sought a straight three-year extension of the current law. When congressmen objected to that plan, the military asked the President at least be given power to start the draft in the event of emergency.

Only 30,000 men were called into the Army under the present draft law, and none since January, 1949. All inductees who wish release are being given it.

FUND REPORT WARNS OF INFLATION PERILS

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26. — (AP) A World Monetary Fund report hinted tonight that many countries are in for further inflation.

Controls over consumer buying and foreign trade will not alone hold inflationary forces in check until they can be "wiped out or worked off," it said.

The report, prepared by the 48-nation fund's research chief, E. M. Bernstein, a former U. S. treasury official, contained some plain words directed chiefly to Western European nations. It said:

"It should be possible four years after the end of the war to bring the generation of additional inflation to a halt. x x x

"The immediate and urgent problem is to bring government outlay and investment to a level appropriate to the available output, so they will not add (new inflation) to the latent inflation."

The report conceded that in many countries, the pressures are so strong that sudden dropping of controls would result in such a "considerable rise in prices x x x that some governments will feel they simply cannot accept such a (decontrol) policy."

SENATE SEEKS LOYALTY FILES

State Department Records Wanted In Probe

FEB 26 1950

Washington, Feb. 26 (AP)—An argument over making loyalty records available threatened today to boil up in the path of a proposed Senate investigation of charges that the State Department is harboring Communists.

Republicans lined up behind Senator McCarthy (R., Wis.) in a demand that President Truman reverse his decision to deny a five-man Senate Foreign Relations subcommittee access to secret reports on FBI investigations of employés loyalty.

Senator Smith (R., N.J.), a Foreign Relations Committee member, said he thought Mr. Truman made a mistake in not offering the commitee these files.

Senator Wherry, of Nebraska, the Republican floor leader, said the whole investigation will turn on "whether the subcommittee is going to subpoena the files, as it was ordered to do by the Senate."

McCarthy, who has charged that at least 57 card-carrying Communists have been or are employed by the State Department, said he is ready to give the inquiry committee, headed by Senator Tydings (D., Md.), information about his charges as soon as the group is ready for it.

But McCarthy made it clear he does not think the Tydings committee will get anywhere unless it gets the original files, from which he said he had obtained photographic excerpts.

Tydings said in a radio talk that he regrets "very sincerely that Senator McCarthy has made these charges in the abstract."

"He has named no names. He simply has made a blank assertion," Tydings said. "But the matter is going to be investigated and the charges proven true or untrue.

"If these charges are true, we'll say so. If they aren't true, we'll say that. We're not going out on any witch hunt and neither are we going to protect guilty people who are hiding in any departments of our Government." AP

Whole World Could Commit Suicide With Hydrogen Bomb, Scientists Warn

New York, Feb. 26 (AP)—The hydrogen bomb, if it works, could easily be made a suicide bomb to kill everyone in the world, four top atomic scientists warned today.

They said it would be three years before it is known whether such a bomb can be produced. If such a bomb is made it would kill slowly by poisoning everything and everyone with radioactive dusts.

The dusts would be carried around the world by the winds.

The dust would be in the air people breathed.

FEB 26 1950

Would Poison Plants

It would settle onto and poison plants and trees, everything humans ate or used.

You could intentionally rig an H-bomb to do this, they declared. It would be simple.

You would just put harmless chemical elements around the H-bomb. The bomb itself would turn these chemicals into the fantastic killing dusts.

You could make dusts that would stay active and kill for a few days, a few months, or as long as 5,000 years. You could pick the kind of dusts you wanted to create.

Physicists Given Warning

The warning was sounded by Dr. Hans Bethe, physicist of Cornell University; Dr. Frederick Seitz, physicist of the University of Illinois; Dr. Leo Szilard, biophysicist, and Dr. Harrison Brown, chemist, both of the University of Chicago.

They told of the suicide bomb in a University of Chicago Round Table broadcast, over NBC, originating here.

These are the facts, they said:

The H-bomb, as concerned in theory, would create huge amounts of atomic particles called neutrons. These neutrons can change harmless atoms, like cobalt or carbon, or most anything, into radio-active,

poisonous atoms.

One Would Kill All

It would take only 500 tons of heavy hydrogen, whether in one H-bomb or a number of them, to make a dust that would kill everyone, Dr. Szilard declared.

It would release 50 tons of neutrons, he said. This would be enough to make a radioactive dust that would settle over the world. The dust would stay lethal for five years.

Any nation could threaten to use such a bomb, in a suicide-for-everyone ultimatum to get what it wanted, the scientists agreed.

Bombs might be rigged to produce dusts of short or long-killing power.

Weather Knowledge Needed

One of these might be used in hopes of only poisoining a certain country or area, the scientists said.

But the stumbling block here is that it might backfire.

Getting the dust to fall on one area would require lots of exact knowledge of wind and weather.

Weather science isn't that exact.

It is known that the prevailing winds blow westerly around the world. Such high-altitude winds could spread the dust from a general suicide bomb everywhere.

Exploded in the Pacific, the dusts probably would first affect the western coast of the United States.

One hydrogen bomb, not rigged for dust-production, wouldn't create much danger.

It would make nitrogen and carbon in the surrounding air radioactive. But a lot of the H-bombs, used in a war, could create a 5,000-year carbon dust "that would make life impossible," Dr. Bethe said.

There still are two hopeful facts.

"It Has Not Been Made"

One is that it may not be possible ever to make a hydrogen bomb.

"It has not been made—it has not even been conceived definitely how it will be made," Dr. Bethe asserted.

He estimated it would take at least three years before it is known whether an H-bomb can be made.

Secondly, the H-bomb would be big and heavy.

How to deliver it by plane or guided missile might be a tough problem.

One possible way to make the H-bomb is using heavy hydrogen. That is hydrogen twice the weight of ordinary hydrogen.

Two Make One

If two atoms of heavy hydrogen can be brought together, they make one atom of helium, with a neutron left over.

The helium atom and the neutron don't weight as much as the two original atoms of heavy hydrogen.

Some of the mass would be turned into energy. In a chain reaction, that would give the hydrogen bomb its tremendous force—100 to 1,000 times or even greater than the A-bomb of uranium or plutonium.

The scientists said they talked about the bomb not to frighten people, but to inform them.

With facts, the American people can better decide what they must do in a democracy, they said.

Say Russia Has Facts

Russian scientists, and Soviet leaders, know these same facts, they said.

If either Russia or America prepares H-bombs, and rigs them to make the dusts, "you could say that both Russia and America can be invincible," Dr. Szilard said.

"Suppose we have a war and suppose that we are on the point of winning the war against Russia, maybe after a struggle which lasts ten years. Russian rulers can say, 'you come no further, you don't invade Europe, and you don't drop ordinary bombs outside, or else we detonate our H-bombs and kill everybody.'

"Facing such a threat, I don't think we could go forward. I think Russia will be invincible. So some practical importance is attached to this fantastic possibility."

Dr. Brown asked whether any nation would "really be willing to kill all the people on earth rather than suffer defeat themselves?"

"I do not know whether we would be willing to do it and I don't know if Russia would be willing to do it," Dr. Szilard replied. "But I think that we may threaten to do it and I think that Russia might threaten to do it. And who will risk not taking that threat seriously?"

Dr. Brown asked whether a short-lived radio-active dust could be controlled and laid down where a nation wished. If so, he said, "it would be possible for a nation to kill all the people in the United States without killing themselves, or vice versa."

"It takes very much fewer H-bombs to kill all Russians by radio-activity or to kill all Americans by radio-activity, but you have to get this radio-active material to Russia or America," Dr. Szilard replied.

Would Rely On Winds

"Now, assuming we cannot deliver our H-bombs because they are too heavy—this is something that can easily happen—then the temptation will be great to rely on westerly winds to disperse radio-activity over Russia, or over America.

"But whether this is possible or not depends on the answer to a number of meteorological questions to which the answer is not known to anybody. In this question, I would say that we have leaped before we thought when he decided to make H.-bombs."

Should Evacuate Cities, Scientists Declare

NEW YORK, Feb. 26. — (AP) An arms race for hydrogen bombs means 30 to 60 million Americans should be moved from big cities, at a cost of $15 to $25 billions a year for 10 years, four atomic scientists said today.

They were talking of the effects, and costs, of moving people and industries from cities vulnerable to H-bomb attack.

"Cities are hardly defensible against bombs," Dr. Leo Szilard, University of Chicago biophysicist, declared in a University of Chicago roundtable discussion on the H-bomb.

"We cannot have advanced fighter bases to defend New York, or Baltimore, or Washington. If we go into this arms race at all, it will be lunacy not to take defense measures. In the case of these coastal cities, it means dispersal of the population."

Just to move people out of coastal cities would cost $15 billion a year, he said. And another 25 billions would be needed for fighter planes, radar screens, and other defense measures.

But inland cities also could be hit.

Chicago and Detroit might be targets, said Dr. Harrison Brown, chemist of the University of Chicago.

"If we want to disperse all of our cities, we would probably have to spend something like 25 billion dollars a year, and in 10 years we could have very good dispersal," Dr. Szilard said.

"I would say that about 30 to 60 million people would have to move in a general dispersal. I think that before we do that, we would take care of our coastal cities, and that (general movement) will be a later stage."

Such an exodus from big cities would "cause an enormous economic upheaval in this country," Dr. Brown declared. He said government would have to pay the expense. How, he asked, would a manufacturer moving to Kansas, for example, be able to compete with rivals elsewhere?

"Well, it certainly would mean a planned movement," Dr. Szilard said. "It would mean controls much stricter than we [illegible] had during the war time. It would not be a new deal, but a super, super new deal."

This, they said, is what one H-bomb, if 1,000 times more potent than an A-bomb, would do:

Destroy almost everything up to 10 miles away from the blast. "The biggest cities on earth would be destroyed by one bomb. The flash effect would extend out to 20 miles.

Might Change Earth's Orbit, Physicist Says

LUBBOCK, Tex., Feb. 26. — (AP) A Texas Tech physicist who did war-time atom bomb work says that several hydrogen bombs exploded simultaneously high in the air might change the earth's orbit around the sun or speed up its rotation.

"Seasons might be changed—for instance, winter made longer and summer shorter—and we might have 370 days in the year instead of 365," Prof. Paul Elliott said in an interview yesterday.

Elliott bases his theory on the fact that the earth receives its energy from the sun at the rate of about four pounds of hydrogen exploding every second. A man-made hydrogen explosion conceivably could be strong enough to make a change in the movement of the earth, he said.

During the war, Elliott was in charge of official documents at the Oak Ridge, Tenn., atomic research plant.

Elliott said he doesn't think there's much chance an H-bomb explosion would set off a chain reaction that would set fire to the world—unless the blast occurred thousands of feet under water.

In that case, he said, "we might very likely regret our action in exploding the bomb for as long as we lived—which might not be very long."

Elliott said the pressure of thousands of feet of water against the force of an H-bomb explosion might cause the hydrogen in the water to ignite, setting off a chain reaction.

Church H-Bomb Vigil Ends

New York, Feb. 26 (AP)—A candle was snuffed in the auditorium of Community Church today, symbolizing the end of 36 hours of prayer and fasting in protest of hydrogen-bomb production.

"We have been somewhat of a curiosity," said the Rev. Donald Harrington, pastor of the undenominational Midtown Manhattan Church.

"That people who show concern over the hydrogen bomb are regarded as objects of curiosity is a sad comment on the world's desperate needs. There ought to be so many people interested in this that it would be commonplace."

Thirty-three men and women gathered around the candle with bowed heads as Harrington extinguished it and spoke.

The candle, which stood 3 feet tall when it was lighted last Friday night, had burned down to about a foot in height.

The 36-hour watch, in which people came and went from the church auditorium while Harrington remained, symbolized a penance for the "sins" of mankind since the beginning of World War I—one hour for each year. Some persons also maintained a fast, as did Harrington for 40 hours.

Harrington announced he planned to urge other churches and synagogues to hold prayer vigils in protest of "such instruments of humanicide as hydrogen and germ bombs."

H-BOMB SEEN FAR AWAY

Prof. K. F. Mather of Harvard Says It 'Exists Only in Theory'

BOSTON, Feb. 26 (AP)—Prof. Kirtley F. Mather of Harvard, president of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, said today that the hydrogen bomb "exists only in theory." He spoke at the Community Church here.

The Harvard geologist warned against "the ready assumptions made by the very vocal individuals in and out of Congress that appropriation of $1,000,000,000 and 1,000 men will produce in a few weeks a bomb many times the intensity of the old-fashioned A-bomb."

"As yet, nobody knows the theory will work to control the H-bomb energies in a unit, and it is not known if the theory can result in setting up the necessary chain reaction," he declared. "Yet, I expect some day, somehow, both hurdles will be topped and something of the nature of an H-bomb will be achieved."

Professor Mather said he did not know what useful purpose could be accomplished with atomic energy, adding: "We can't expect to use that type of energy in little units. Atomic energy comes in too large a package."

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PARIS, FEB 26-(AP)-FRENCH SOCIALISTS DECIDED TODAY TO STAY OUT OF PREMIER GEORGES BIDAULT'S COALITION CABINET.

THEY QUIT THREE WEEKS AGO IN A DISPUTE OVER COST-OF-LIVING BONUSES TO LOW-PAID WORKERS.

THE SOCIALISTS SAID IN A RESOLUTION:

"THE PARTY, WHICH HAS NEVER CONSIDERED PARTICIPATION IN THE CABINET AS AN END IN ITSELF BUT AS A MEANS OF ACTION AT THE SERVICE OF THE WORKERS, BELIEVES ITS DUTY IS TO REJECT SUCH PARTICIPATION IN THE PRESENT CIRCUMSTANCES."

THEY MADE IT CLEAR, HOWEVER, THAT SOCIALIST DEPUTIES WOULD, FOR THE PRESENT, CONTINUE TO VOTE WITH THE CABINET COALITION IN PARLIAMENT. WITHOUT THOSE VOTES, THE CABINET WOULD HAVE NO MAJORITY AND WOULD HAVE TO QUIT.

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ROME, FEB. 26-(AP)-RIOT POLICE BROKE UP A BATTLE BETWEEN NEO-FASCISTS AND SOCIALISTS IN THE HEART OF ROME TODAY. SEVERAL OF THE RIOTERS SUFFERED BRUISES. POLICE ARRESTED AN UNDISCLOSED NUMBER OF PERSONS.

REPORTS FROM THE SCENE SAID FOLLOWERS OF THE NEO-FASCIST ITALIAN SOCIAL MOVEMENT (MSI), CHANTING FASCIST SONGS, BORE DOWN IN A TRUCK ON A MEETING OF ANTI-COMMUNIST SOCIALIST UNITY (PSU) MEMBERS. THE PSU ADHERENTS, SINGING THE "WORKERS HYMN" CHARGED THE TRUCK.

JT107PES

ZURICH, SWITZERLAND, FEB. 26-(AP)-STANLEY E. ABBOTT AND C. ALDON JOHNSON, MORMON MISSIONARIES EXPELLED FROM CZECHOSLOVAKIA FRIDAY, ARE PLANNING TO RETURN TO THE UNITED STATES SOON TO RESUME THEIR COLLEGE STUDIES.

THE TWO YOUNG MISSIONARIES, WHO WERE PUT ON A SWISS PLANE BOUND FOR ZURICH IN PRAGUE FRIDAY, HAVE BEEN STAYING HERE WITH CHURCH FRIENDS. ABBOTT SAID THEY WOULD GO TO BASEL THIS WEEK TO VISIT SAMUEL BRINGHURST, PRESIDENT OF THE SWISS MISSION OF THE CHURCH OF JESUS CHRIST OF THE LATTER DAY SAINS (MORMONS). THEIR TRANSPORTATION TO THE UNITED STATES WILL BE ARRANGED BY BRINGHURST.

ABBOTT SAID THAT AT NO TIME DURING THEIR STAY IN THE OLOMOUC PRISON IN CENTRAL MORAVIA, FROM JAN. 28 TO FEB. 24, WERE THEY PHYSICALLY MISTREATED BY THE CZECHS. THEY WERE ARRESTED WHILE VISITING MEMBERS OF THEIR CHURCH IN MORAVIA NEAR THE POLISH BORDER, HE SAID.

ABBOTT SAID OLOMOUC PRISON WAS THE LARGEST IN CZECHOSLOVAKIA. THEY WERE QUESTIONED THOROUGHLY AT THE TIME OF THEIR ARREST, BUT AFTERWARD "THEY LEFT US ALONE," ABBOTT SAID. THEY ATE THE REGULAR PRISON FARE.

"THEY ASKED US MOSTLY ABOUT OUR LIFE HISTORY AND ABOUT WHAT WE HAD BEEN DOING," HE ADDED. ABBOTT SAID THEY DID NOT WANT TO SAY TOO MUCH ABOUT THEIR EXPERIENCE BECAUSE "WE MUST BE CAREFUL IN THE INTEREST OF OUR MEMBERS IN CZECHOSLOVAKIA."

ABBOTT, 23, WHOSE HOME IS IN LEHI, UTAH, SAID HE HAD BEEN STUDYING MEDICINE AT THE UNIVERSITY OF UTAH BEFORE GOING TO CZECHOSLOVAKIA TWO AND A HALF YEARS AGO AND THAT HE HOPED TO TAKE UP THE STUDY OF MEDICINE AGAIN. JOHNSON, 22, IS FROM IDAHO FALLS, IDAHO, AND WILL CONTINUE HIS STUDIES IN AGRICULTURE AT RICKS COLLEGE, REXBURG, IDAHO.

EZ410PES

BY RICHARD K.O'MALLEY

HEIDELBERG, GERMANY, FEB.26-(AP)-TO GERMANY'S ORIGINAL FIRST LADY, THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT IS HEADED IN THE RIGHT DIRECTION."

MRS.LUISE EBERT SAID TODAY HER LATE HUSBAND, FRIEDERICH EBERT, WOUL AGREE WITH HER. EBERT WAS THE FIRST PRESIDENT OF THE OLD WEIMAR REPUBLIC.

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"I THINK HE WOULD HAVE BEEN SATISFIED WITH IT," SHE SAID. "MAYBE SOME MINOR CHANGES, YES, BUT IT IS GOING THE RIGHT DIRECTION."

DESPITE AN AILING FOOT, MRS.EBERT IS GOING TO TAKE PART IN SERVICES AT BONN AND FRANKFURT TUESDAY COMMEMORATING THE 25TH ANNIVERSARY OF EBERT'S DEATH.

HER GOOD-NATURED FACE TWISTED IN ANNOYANCE AT MENTION OF HER SON FRIEDERICH, HAND-PICKED MAYOR OF COMMUNIST EAST BERLIN.

"I AM SORRY, BUT I WILL NOT SPEAK OF HIM," SHE SAID. "I HAVE NOTHING TO SAY ABOUT HIM.".

THE YOUNGER EBERT WAS INSTALLED AS RUMP MAYOR OF EAST BERLIN AFTER THE COMMUNIST PUTSCH OF SEPTEMBER, 1948.

SHE'D MUCH RATHER TALK OF HER SON, KARL, WHO IS A SOCIAL DEMOCRAT MEMBER OF THE WUERTTEMBERG-BADEN STATE LEGISLATURE IN THE U.S.ZONE.

SHE INSISTS THAT SHE IS NOT POLITICALLY ACTIVE, BUT ADDS WITH A TOUCH OF SPIRIT;

"I STILL HAVE MY MEMBERSHIP IN MY HUSBAND'S PARTY, THE SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY."

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ERECT AND TWINKLE-EYED AT 76, MRS.EBERT LIVES ALONE IN A SUNNY

LITTLE HEIDELBERG FLAT.

SHE SOBERED AT MENTION OF BERLIN.

"IF WE LOSE BERLIN WE LOSE ALL GERMANY," SHE SAID. "BERLIN IS NOT GERMANY, NOR IS GERMANY EUROPE, BUT IF BERLIN IS LOST, THEN OU COUNTRY IS LOST."

HER LIFE IN BERLIN UNDER THE NAZIS WAS NOT HARD, BUT NEITHER WAS IT COMFORTABLE. BOTH KARL AND FRIEDERICH WERE CARTED OFF TO CONCENTRATION CAMPS AND SHE WAS KEPT UNDER SURVEILLANCE.

MRS.EBERT THINKS THAT MUCH OF THE CRITICISM AIMED AT WEST GERMANY'S BONN GOVERNMENT COMES FROM DISGRUNTLED OLD NAZIS.

"I DON'T THINK THE NAZI PARTY EVER WILL APPEAR AGAIN," SHE SAID, "BUT I BELIEVE THAT OLD PARTY MEMBERS ARE THE ONES WHO STIR UP UNREST AND CRITICIZE OUR NEW REPUBLIC."

THERE IS NO WAY TO COMPARE THE WEST GERMAN REPUBLICN WITH THE OLD WEIMAR DAYS, SHE SAID, EXPLAINING:

"PROBLEMS WERE DIFFERENT, THE TIMES WERE DIFFERENT."

PS537PES

AN AUTOPSY AT THE U.S. ARMY LABORATORY IN MUNICH, GERMANY, WAS PERFORMED YESTERDAY. AN OFFICIAL OF THE LABORATORY SAID THE POSSIBILITY THAT KARPE "WAS MURDERED DEFINITELY HAS NOT BEEN RULED OUT."

"THE CONDITION OF THE BODY WAS SUCH THAT IT IS EXTREMELY DIFFICULT TO DETERMINE WHETHER KARPE WAS STRUCK ON THE HEAD AND PUSHED FROM THE TRAIN, OR WHETHER HE FELL," THE OFFICIAL SAID.

HE SAID THERE WERE SKULL INJURIES.

AMERICAN AUTHORITIES SAID LAST NIGHT THAT ONE OF KARPE'S TRAVELING COMPANIONS, OLIVER WRIGHT, SECOND SECRETARY OF THE BRITISH LEGATION IN BUCHAREST, TOLD THEM THE ATTACHE COMPLAINED OF DIZZINESS SHORTLY BEFORE HIS DEATH PLUNGE.

ARMY INVESTIGATORS WERE ENDEAVORING TO LEARN THE NAMES OF EVERYONE ON THE TRAIN IN THE HOPE OF QUESTION

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ON THE TRAIN IN THE HOPE OF QUESTIONING MOST OF THEM.

KARPE, WHOSE HOME WAS IN DELHI, LA., HAD SPENT THREE YEARS AS NAVAL ATTACHE IN COMMUNIST-RULED ROMANIA AND WAS ON HIS WAY TO THE UNITED STATES AT THE TIME OF HIS DEATH.

HE AND VOGELER WERE FRIENDS WHEN BOTH WERE STUDENTS AT THE NAVAL ACADEMY AT ANNAPOLIS.

JT129PES

BUDAPEST,HUNGARY,FEB 26-(AP)-A PARTIAL RESHUFFLE OF THE HUNGARIAN GOVERNMENT WAS CARRIED OUT UNEXPECTEDLY THIS WEEKEND WHEN GYULA ORTUTEY, RELIGION MINISTER AND ISTVAN KOSSA, FINANCE MINISTER, RESIGNED.

ORTUTAY WAS REPLACED BY JOZSEF DARVAS, FORMER BUILDING MINISTER, WHILE KAROLY OLT, SECRETARY TO THE PRESIDENTIAL COUNCIL TOOK THE FINANCE POST. LASZLO SANDOR, VETERAN COMMUNIST LEADER, BECAME BUILDING MINISTER.

THE CHANGE REDUCES THE NUMBER OF SMALL HOLDER PARTY MINISTERS FROM THREE TO TWO AND RAISES THE COMMUNIST MINISTERS FROM 13 TO 14.

IT IS THE FIRST TIME IN HUNGARY'S HISTORY THAT A NON-CATHOLIC WILL HEAD THE MINISTRY OF RELIGION. DARVAS BELONGS TO THE EVANGELICAL CHURCH. SOME 70 PER CENT OF HUNGARY IS ROMAN CATHOLIC.

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Budapest add for Buieding.

ORTUTEY WAS A MEMBER OF THE ONCE-POWERFUL SMALLHOLDERS PARTY AND HIS RESIGNATION CUTS SMALLHOLDER REPRESENTATION IN THE CABINET TO TWO MEMBERS. JUST AFTER THE WAR THE SMALLHOLDERS COMPRISED HUNGARY'S BIGGEST AND MOST POWERFUL POLITICAL PARTY. THAT WAS BEFORE THE COMMUNISTS, UNDER MATYAS RAKOSI, SEIZED POWER.

JT1228PES

A109 Belgrade add xx plan.

DISCUSSING THE FORTHCOMING ELECTION LATE IN MARCH, TITO SAID THERE BEEN SOME REPORTS OF DISAPPOINTMENT BECAUSE OF THE FAILURE OF ANY OPPOSITION TO OFFER TICKETS OF THEIR OWN.

"THEIR HOUR IS PAST," HE SAID.

HE MADE IT CLEAR, AS HE HAD DONE LAST WEEK, THAT OPPOSITION TO THE "PEOPLE'S FRONT" GOVERNMENT CANNOT BE EXPECTED. HE CONTINUED:

"WE MUST TIGHTEN OUR RANKS MORE COURAGEOUSLY TO GO FORWARD, TO FULFILL THAT WHICH MANY CONSIDER IMPOSSIBLE.

"THE SITUATION IN WHICH WE HAVE BEEN FOR TWO YEARS NOW, WHEN THEY ATTACK US FROM ALL SIDES, FROM THE EAST AND ESPECIALLY FROM THE EAST, THE DIFFICULTIES WHICH WERE MADE TO US IN PREVIOUS NORMAL TIMES--NO COUNTRY COULD ORDINARILY OVERCOME.

"WE DID OVERCOME THEM. WE WILL IN THE FUTURE. WHY? BECAUSE OUR COUNTRY WAS FORMED BY THE WAR. NOTHING MORE CAN SURPRISE ITS PEOPLES. WE ARE NOT AFRAID OF SLANDERS OR THREATS."

JM715PES

PRAGUE, FEB.26-(AP)-THE CONTROLLED PRESS CLAIMED TODAY THAT 40 AMERICAN DIVISIONS WERE READY TO INVADE CZECHOSLOVAKIA IN FEBRUARY, 1948, TO KEEP THE COMMUNISTS FROM SEIZING POWER.

THEIR JOB, THE ARMY NEWSPAPER OBRANA LIDU, SAID, WAS TO HELP NON-COMMUNIST CZECH PARTIES EFFECT AN ARMED UPRISING AND TAKE CONTROL THEMSELVES.

"FORTY DIVISIONS WERE PREPARED IN THE AMERICAN OCCUPATION ZONE OF GERMANY IN BAVARIA WHILE 42 HIGH AMERICAN OFFICERS ARRIVED IN PRAGUE AT THE BEGINNING OF THE GOVERNMENT CRISIS TO DO SOME 'SIGHTSEEING,'" OBRANA LIDU SAID.

(IN FRANKFURT, GERMANY, THE ACCOUNT WAS RIDICULED OFFICIALLY. AT NO TIME SINCE 1946 HAS THERE BEEN MORE THAN ONE U.S. DIVISION OF COMBAT TROOPS IN WESTERN GERMANY, PLUS A SMALL MOBILE CONSTABULARY FORCE OF SOMETHING LESS THAN A DIVISION.)

OBRANA SAID FORMER AMERICAN AMBASSADOR LAURENCE STEINHARDT RETURNED TO PRAGUE FROM THE UNITED STATES AT THE TIME OF THE POLITICAL CRISIS HERE AND THAT HE EXPRESSED OPTIMISM "THAT THE AMERICAN GAME IN PRAGUE

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WOULD SUCCEED."
STEINHARDT RETURNED TO PRAGUE FEB. 19 AFTER AN OPERATION IN THE UNITED STATES. THE NEXT DAY MINISTERS OF THE THREE NON-COMMUNIST PARTIES RESIGNED FROM THE COALITION GOVERNMENT, OPENING THE WAY TO THE COMMUNIST COUP FIVE DAYS LATER.
HA1002PES

AP1 ATHENS,
MADRID, SPAIN, FEB 26-(AP)-COL.ROBERT R.MCCORMICK, PUBLISHER OF THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE, ARRIVED IN ATHENS TODAY IN HIS CONVERTED B-17 BOMBER FOR A TWO DAY VISIT.
THE COLONEL, ACCOMPANIED BY HIS WIFE, IS EXPECTED TO SEE KING PAUL TOMORROW.
THE PARTY THEN WILL LEAVE FOR CAIRO ON THE NEXT LEG OF THEIR AIR TOUR OF EUROPE AND THE MIDDLE EAST.
DN452AES
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BY EDDY GILMORE
MOSCOW, FEB.26-(AP)-RUSSIA HAS CREATED A NAVY MINISTRY FREE FROM CONTROL BY THE MINISTRY OF THE ARMED FORCES TO EMPHASIZE HERE INCREASING IMPORTANCE AS A SEA POWER.
THE PRESIDIUM OF THE SUPREME SOVIET ISSUED A DECREE SATURDAY ESTABLISHING THE NEW MINISTRY AND APPOINTED ADMIRAL IVAN STEPANOVICH YUMASHEV TO HEAD IT. YUMASHEV WAS FORMERLY DEPUTY MINISTER OF THE ARMED FORCES AND COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF OF THE SOVIET FLEET.
(FORMATION OF THE NEW MINISTRY FOLLOWED BY TWO MONTHS THE DISCLOSURE BY THE AUTHORITATIVE JANE'S FIGHTING SHIPS THAT THE SOVIET UNION WAS BUILDING UP ITS NAVAL STRENGTH IN A PROGRAM CALLING FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF AT LEAST THREE ULTRA-MODERN BATTLESHIPS AND UP TO 1,000 SUBMARINES.
(THE BATTLESHIPS WERE SAID TO BE EQUIPPED TO FIRE AERIAL TORPEDOS AND ROCKETS. THE SUBMARINES WERE REPORTEDLY LONG-RANGE TYPES WITH A HIGH UNDERWATER SPEED. FOUR HUNDRED OF THEM WERE LISTED BY JANE'S AS INTENDED FOR SERVICE IN THE PACIFIC WHICH HAS BEEN DOMINATED BY THE UNITED STATES NAVY.)
EXPERTS HERE BELIEVE THAT THE NAVY WAS REWARDED FOR SUCCESSFUL COMPLETION OF THE TASKS ASSIGNED IT UNDER THE 1946-1950 FIVE YEAR PLAN BY CREATION OF ITS OWN MINISTRY.
ONE OF THE TASKS ASSIGNED IN 1946 WAS THE CREATION OF A NEW SEA ROUTE BY 1950 THROUGH THE ARCTIC OCEAN NORTH OF SIBERIA FROM EUROPEAN RUSSIA TO THE PACIFIC. OTHERS WERE A GREAT ADDITION TO THE MERCHANT MARINE AND THE BUILDING OF NEW PORTS.
INFORMED FOREIGN OBSERVERS HERE BELIEVE RUSSIA HAS MADE GREAT STRIDES IN ITS DRIVE TO MATCH ITS LAND STRENGTH WITH SEA POWER.
THE RUSSIANS THEMSELVES CONSIDER THE SOVIET UNION A GREAT NAVAL POWER.
SEPARATION OF THE SOVIET ARMY AND NAVY FOLLOWS THEIR UNIFICATION BY EXACTLY FOUR YEARS.
THE TWO BRANCHES OF THE ARMED SERVICES WERE UNIFIED BY DECREE OF THE PRESIDIUM OF THE SUPREME SOVIET ON FEB.26, 1946 INTO THE COMMISSARIAT OF THE ARMED FORCES WHICH ALSO TOOK OVER THE AIRFORCE. A SIMULTANEOUS DECREE FORMALLY ABOLISHED THE NAVY AS A SEPARATE ENTITY.
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AT THAT TIME GENERALISSIMO STALIN WAS APPOINTED COMMISSAR OF THE ARMED FORCES AND SUPREME COMMANDER OF THE ARMED FORCES.
A MONTH LATER, ON MARCH 22, 1946, THE COMMISSARIAT BECAME THE MINISTRY OF THE ARMED FORCES REPRESENTING A UNIFIED COMMAND OF LAND, SEA AND AIR FORCES. STALIN WAS NAMED MINISTER AND NIKOLAI BULGANIN, A POLITBURO MEMBER, BECAME VICE MINISTER OF THE ARMED FORCES. MARSHAL ALEXANDER VASILEVSKY WAS APPOINTED CHIEF OF STAFF.
THE MINISTRY WAS DIVIDED INTO FOUR UNITS--LAND, AIR, NAVY AND REAR GUARD--ALL UNDER ONE OVERALL COMMAND.
ON MARCH 4, 1947 STALIN RESIGNED AS MINISTER AND BULGANIN TOOK OVER. HE WAS SUCCEEDED ON MARCH 25, 1949 BY MARSHAL VASILEVSKY. BULGANIN CONTINUED HIS OTHER JOBS AS VICE CHAIRMAN OF THE COUNCIL OF MINISTERS AND AS A POLITBURO MEMBER.
BASILEVSKY NOW REMAINS AS HEAD OF THE FORMER ARMED MINISTERS AND AS A POLITBURO MEMBER.
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VASILEVSKY NOW REMAINS AS HEAD OF THE FORMER ARMED FORCES MINISTRY WHICH HAS BEEN RENAMED MINISTRY OF "VOYENNOYE" WHICH CAN BE TRANSLATED EITHER "WAR" OR "MILITARY." ONLY LAST WEEK HE SIGNED THE ORDER OF THE DAY CELEBRATING THE 32ND ANNIVERSARY OF THE RED ARMY.

THE SOVIETS CLAIM THAT THE RUSSIAN NAVY IS A CENTURY OLDER THAN THE ROYAL BRITISH NAVY WHICH THEY SAY ORIGINATED WITH ALFRED THE GREAT JUST BEFORE 900 A.D.
THEY ALSO POINT OUT THAT RUSSIA HAS ONE OF THE LONGEST COASTLINES IN THE WORLD WITH PORTS AT LENINGRAD, TALLIN AND RIGA ON THE BALTIC; ARCHANGEL AND MURMANSK IN THE ARCTIC; ODESSA AND SEVASTAPOL ON THE BLACK SEA; BAKU ON THE CASPIAN; AND THE VLADIVOSTOK ON THE PACIFIC.

MOREOVER, UNDER TERMS OF THE NEW CHINESE-RUSSIAN TREATY, THEY GET THE USE OF DAIREN AND PORT ARTHUR IN THE YELLOW SEA OFF THE NORTH COAST OF CHINA, UNTIL THE CONCLUSION OF A PEACE TREATY WITH JAPAN OR UNTIL THE END OF 1952, JOINTLY WITH THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA.

THE BOLSHEVIK (COMMUNIST) PARTY HAS CONSISTENTLY FOLLOWED A POLICY OF STRENGTHENING THE NAVY AND EXPANDING ITS SPHERE OF OPERATION. STALIN, HIMSELF, IS CREDITED WITH CREATION OF THE FLEET IN THE ARCTIC AND RESTORATION OF THE PACIFIC FLEET WHICH WAS DESTROYED BY THE JAPANESE IN 1906 WHEN RUSSIA WAS RULED BY THE TSARS.
LAST JULY 4, THE RUSSIAN NAVY DAY, THE OFFICIAL NAVY NEWSPAPER RED FLEET SAID "OUR NAVY IS GROWING AND WILL CONTINUE TO GROW".
ADMIRAL YMASHEV DECLARED "THE FURTHER STRENGTHENING OF THE NAVY AS A COMPONENT PART OF THE ARMED FORCES OF THE SOVIET UNION HAS GREAT SIGNIFICANCE."
HE CREDITED THE PROGRESS OF THE NAVY TO STALIN'S ATTENTION AND INITIATIVE. AT THE SAME TIME HE DENOUNCED WHAT HE CALLED THE AMERICAN THEORY THAT SEA POWER IS THE CHIEF KEY TO VICTORY IN WAR AND SPOKE AGAINST STRESSING ONE TYPE OF ARMS ABOVE ANY OTHER.
A SUBSTANTIAL BOOST TO RUSSIAN SEA POWER WAS THE APPOINTMENT JAN.12, 1950 OF V.A.MALYSHEV AS MINISTER OF SHIPBUILDING. HE IS ONE OF THE FOREMOST ENGINEERS AND ORGANIZERS IN SOVIET INDUSTRY.
ADMIRAL YUMASHEV, NEW MINISTER OF THE NAVY, IS A WELL-KNOWN AND

DISTINGUISHED OFFICER. IN 1939 HE WAS PUT IN COMMAND OF THE PACIFIC FLEET WHICH POST HE HELD UNTIL THE END OF THE WAR. SINCE THEN HE HAS BEEN THE COUNTRY'S TOP RANKING NAVY MAN AS DEPUTY MINISTER OF THE ARMED FORCES IN CHARGE OF THE NAVY.

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TAIPEI, FORMOSA, FEB. 26-(AP)-CHINESE NATIONALIST AIR RAIDERS HAVE STRUCK SHANGHAI AGAIN, AN OFFICIAL DISPATCH SAID SUNDAY.

THE REPORT SAID B-25 BOMBERS AND P-51 FIGHTERS HIT SHANGHAI'S LUNGHWA AIRFIELD AND SHIPPING IN THE HARBOR YESTERDAY WITH GOOD RESULTS.

OTHER RAIDERS WERE REPORTED TO HAVE SUNK 70 COMMUNIST JUNKS ON THE COASTS OF RED-HELD ISLANDS IN THE CHUSAN GROUP, SOUTH OF SHANGHAI.

THE NATIONALISTS CONCEDED THE LOSS OF NAMOA ISLAND, OPPOSITE FORMOSA AND OFF THE MAINLAND SEAPORT OF SWATOW. NATIONALISTS SAY THEY HAD BEEN USING NAMOA AS A SUPPLY BASE FOR THEIR GUERRILLAS OPERATING IN SEABOARD PROVINCES AGAINST THE COMMUNISTS.

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HONG KONG, FEB. 26-(AP)-U.S. CONSUL GENERAL KARL RANKIN HAS PROTESTED VIGOROUSLY TO SIR ALEXANDER GRANTHAM, BRITISH GOVERNOR OF HONG KONG, AGAINST COURT ACTION AWARDING 71 AIRCRAFT TO THE CHINESE COMMUNIST GOVERNMENT.

THE AIRCRAFT BELONGED TO TWO CHINESE GOVERNMENT-OWNED AIR LINES. THE HONG KONG SUPREME COURT DECREED, AFTER BRITAIN HAD RECOGNIZED THE COMMUNIST GOVERNMENT, THAT THEY SHOULD GO TO THE RED REGIME.

RANKIN SAID THE U.S. BELIEVES THESE PLANES WERE LEGALLY PURCHASED FROM THE NATIONALIST GOVERNMENT BY AN AMERICAN CORPORATION HEADED BY FORMER U.S. MAJOR GENERAL CLAIRE L. CHENNAULT.

THE CONSUL GENERAL SAID CHENNAULT BOUGHT THEM FROM THE NATIONALISTS IN NOVEMBER, WHEN BOTH BRITAIN AND THE UNITED STATES RECOGNIZED THE NATIONALIST REGIME AS THE LEGAL GOVERNMENT OF CHINA. HE PROTESTED THAT IF HONG KONG PERMITS THE PLANES TO GO TO THE COMMUNISTS, THE BRITISH WILL BE FAILING TO PROTECT AMERICAN PROPERTY.

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AP GFA

HONG KONG, FEB. 26-(AP)-RAIDING CHINESE NATIONALIST WARPLANES KILLED AND WOUNDED MORE THAN A THOUSAND PERSONS IN KONGMOON, CHINESE REPORTS FROM MACAO SAID TODAY.

THE CHINESE COMMUNIST PORT CITY WAS ATTACKED LAST WEDNESDAY, DISPATCHES FROM THE PORTUGUESE COLONY SAID.

ARRIVALS HERE FROM SHANGHAI REPORTED SUCCESSFUL NATIONALIST BOMBING ATTACKS ON SHANGHAI WOULD LEAVE THAT CITY WITHOUT ELECTRIC POWER "FOR A LONG TIME TO COME." THESE TRAVELERS SAID A DIRECT HIT ON A PLANT OF THE AMERICAN-OWNED SHANGHAI POWER COMPANY THREE WEEKS AGO KNOCKED OUT ABOUT ONE QUARTER OF SHANGHAI'S POWER.

JL308APS NM

FIRST LEAD FOLD SINGAPORE

JAKARTA, JAVA, FEB 26-(AP)-UNITED STATES OF INDONESIA OFFICIALS HAVE CONTACTED BRITISH OFFICIALS ABOUT EXTRADITING OUTLAW LEADER CAPT.R.P.P. (TURK) WESTERLING, ARRESTED TODAY IN SINGAPORE, A U.S.I. COMMUNIQUE SAID.

THE COMMUNIQUE SAID THE GOVERNMENT ASKED BRITISH EMBASSY OFFICIALS TO HAVE THE GUERRILLA LEADER RETURNED TO ANSWER "FOR CRIMES PERPETRATED BY HIM IN INDONESIA."

EARLIER AN INFORMANT SAID THE INDONESIAN GOVERNMENT PROBABLY WILL SEEK THE DEATH PENALTY FOR WESTERLING.

WESTERLING, FORMER CAPTAIN IN THE NETHERLANDS EAST INDIES ARMY, WON NOTORIETY LAST MONTH WHEN HIS REBEL ARMY CAPTURED AND LATER EVACUATED BANDOENG, ON JAVA. HE HAS BEEN HARASSING THE NEW UNITED STATES OF INDONESIA GOVERNMENT FOR SOME TIME.

DN526AES

FEB 26 1950

KARACHI, PAKISTAN, FEB 26-(AP)-DR. PHILIP C. JESSUP, AMERICA'S ROVING AMBASSADOR, ARRIVED HERE FROM INDIA TODAY ON HIS FACT-FINDING TOUR OF THE FAR EAST.

HE INTENDS TO REMAIN HERE UNTIL NEXT FRIDAY, AFTER WHICH HE EXPECTS TO FLY TO KABUL, AFGHANISTAN, FOR FIVE DAYS.

Z825AES

RANGOON, BURMA, FEB. 26-(AP)-GOVERNMENT TROOPS RECAPTURED THE KAREN FORTRESS CITY OF NYAUNGLEBIN TODAY AFTER A SWIFT EIGHT-MILE ADVANCE FROM PYUNTAZA, WHICH FELL YESTERDAY, THE GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCED.

THIS NEW VICTORY BROUGHT GOVERNMENT FORCES TO WITHIN 77 MILES OF THEIR MAIN TARGET--TOUNGOO, WHICH REBEL KAREN TRIBESMEN CLAIM IS THE CAPITAL OF THEIR INDEPENDENT STATE OF KARENISTAN.

A COMMUNIQUE DESCRIBED NYAUNGLEBIN AS THE MOST STRONGLY FORTIFIED KAREN CITY IN THE PEGU DISTRICT. IT SAID THERE WERE HEAVY KAREN CASUALTIES DURING THE OPERATION AND ANNOUNCED THAT SEVERAL BIG FIELD GUNS HAD BEEN CAPTURED.

GH1003AES

FEB 26 1950

B19WX Q

(ADVANCE FOR USE AT 7 P.M. EASTERN STANDARD TIME SUNDAY FEB.26)

ECA (370)

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, FEB.26-(AP)-CONTINUED ASSISTANCE UNDER THE MARSHALL PLAN FOR ITALY, FRANCE AND GREAT BRITAIN WAS ENDORSED TODAY BY A HOUSE FOREIGN AFFAIRS SUBCOMMITTEE.

THIS RECOMMENDATION WAS MADE IN A REPORT BY THE FOUR-MAN SUBCOMMITTEE, BASED ON ITS INSPECTION TRIP TO EUROPE IN NOVEMBER AND DECEMBER.

CHAIRMAN JOSEPH L.PFEIFER (D-NY) OF THE SUBCOMMITTEE TURNED THE REPORT OVER TO CHAIRMAN KEE (D-WVA) OF THE FULL FOREIGN AFFAIRS COMMITTEE.

THE FULL COMMITTEE IS HOLDING HEARINGS ON AN ADMINISTRATION REQUEST FOR $2,950,000,000 FOR A THIRD-YEAR EUROPEAN ECONOMIC RECOVERY PROGRAM.

THE PFEIFER REPORT SAID FURTHER ASSISTANCE TO THE UNITED KINGDOM SHOULD BE EVALUATED IN RELATION TO THE IMPORTANCE OF THE BRITISH ECONOMY TO THE ECONOMIES OF MANY OTHER COUNTRIES.

"IN A SENSE, THE BRITISH ECONOMY IS THE LINCH PIN OF THE WHOLE FREE WORLD," THE REPORT SAID.

(A LINCH PIN IS A PIN INSERTED IN AN AXLE, OUTSIDE A WHEEL, TO KEEP THE WHEEL ON.)

THE REPORT SAID THAT IN ITALY THE JOB OF GETTING A NATION BACK ON ITS FEET IS ACHIEVING NOTABLE SUCCESS--YET IT IS JUST UNDER WAY.

"THE CONTINUANCE OF ASSISTANCE TO FRANCE IS INDISPENSABLE TO

POLITICAL AND SOCIAL STABILITY IN A COUNTRY WHOSE STRATEGIC IMPORTANCE TO THE SECURITY OF ALL WESTERN EUROPE IS BEYOND CHALLENGE," THE REPORT CONTINUED.

THE SUBCOMMITTEE URGED THAT THE UNITED STATES CONSIDER WHETHER BETTER RESULTS CAN BE OBTAINED BY CHANNELING ECA FUNDS THROUGH THE ORGANIZATION FOR EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COOPERATION OR BY CONTINUING THE PRESENT PRACTICE OF COUNTRY-BY-COUNTRY ALLOCATIONS.

THE OEEC IS THE ORGANIZATION OF WESTERN EUROPEAN COUNTRIES RECEIVING U.S. AID. THE REPORT SUGGESTED STEPS SHOULD BE TAKEN TO INCREASE ITS EFFECTIVENESS AND PRESTIGE AS THE HOPED-FOR MARSHALL PLAN TERMINATION DATE OF 1952 NEARS.

ANTICIPATING THIS, THE REPORT SAID STUDIES SHOULD BE MADE IMMEDIATELY AS TO HOW MARKETS MAY BE EXPANDED AFTER 1952 FOR ALL COUNTRIES PARTICIPATING IN THE OEEC.

B20WX Q

REP. JAVITS (REP-LIB-NY), SUBCOMMITTEE MEMBER, SAID IN A STATEMENT THAT WORK ON A POST-MARSHALL PLAN POLICY FOR THIS COUNTRY IS ESSENTIAL. IT MUST BE ASSUMED, JAVITS SAID, "THAT WE ARE DETERMINED TO CONTINUE THE UNITED STATES RESPONSIBILITY AS THE LEADER IN THE FIGHT OF THE FREE NATIONS AGAINST COMMUNISM."

IN JUDGIPO RESULTS OF THE ECA PROGRAM AGAINST THE POLITICAL BACKGROUND, THE REPORT FOUND THAT THE COMMUNIST TIDE IN ITALIAN POLITICS HAS SUBSIDED. IN FRANCE, "THE MENACE OF COMMUNISM STILL LINGERS IN THE BACKGROUND."

TO CLOSE BRITAIN'S DOLLAR GAP, THE SUBCOMMITTEE SAID, WOULD REQUIRE TRIPLING EXPORTS TO THE DOLLAR AREA.

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 7 P.M. EST TODAY FEB.26)

VH551PES

FEB 26 1950

BY JAMES P. HACKETT

ATLANTIC CITY, N.J., FEB. 26-(AP)-U.S. SENATOR WAYNE MORSE (R-ORE.) SAID TONIGHT AMERICANS MUST TRY TO FIND A BASIS ON WHICH COMMUNISM AND DEMOCRACY "CAN LIVE IN PEACE IN THE WORLD."

MORSE RULED OUT A DIRECT APPROACH TO RUSSIAN LEADERS BY PRESIDENT TRUMAN.

HE SAID IN AN ADDRESS PREPARED FOR DELIVERY TO 11,000 EDUCATORS AT THE ANNUAL CONVENTION OF THE AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF SCHOOL ADMINISTRATORS:

"I BELIEVE THE BEST HOPE FOR PEACE IS TO BE FOUND THROUGH STRENGTHENING THE UNITED NATIONS--NOT CIRCUMVENTING OR WEAKENING IT."

HE SAID THE UNITED STATES SHOULD CALL FOR AN EXTRAORDINARY MEETING OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE UNITED NATIONS "FOR THE PURPOSE OF CONSIDERING NOT ONLY INTERNATIONAL CONTROL OF ATOMIC AND HYDROGEN BOMBS, BUT THE CONTROL OF ALL ARMAMENTS AS WELL."

AMERICAN FOREIGN POLICY IS UNDERGOING "STRAINS AND STRESSES" BECAUSE PRESIDENTS ROOSEVELT AND TRUMAN AND THEIR SECRETARIES OF STATE MADE AGREEMENTS WITH FOREIGN LEADERS WITHOUT CONSULTING CONGRESS, MORSE SAID.

THESE "STRAINS AND STRESSES" HAVE PRODUCED "A GREAT DANGER THAT BECAUSE THINGS DO NOT SEEM TO BE GOING WELL AT THE PRESENT MOMENT, A FEELING OF HOPELESSNESS AND DISCOURAGEMENT WILL OVERCOME THE AMERICAN PEOPLE," HE SAID.

MORSE, CONSIDERED A MEMBER OF THE LIBERAL WING OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY, SAID:

"ALREADY THE GHOSTS OF ISOLATIONISM ARE STALKING THE CORRIDORS OF THE NATIONAL CAPITOL--ALREADY SOME SENATORS ARE PROPOSING TO STOP ALL MARSHALL PLAN APPROPRIATIONS."

HE SUGGESTED LEADERS OF THE DEMOCRATIC AND REPUBLICAN PARTIES BE PERMITTED TO DEVELOP AND ADMINISTER FOREIGN POLICY AT THE STATE DEPARTMENT LEVEL.

SUCH AN ARRANGEMENT, HE SAID, WOULD GIVE THE UNITED STATES A TRUE BI-PARTISAN FOREIGN POLICY AND PREVENT A RETURN TO AN ISOLATIONIST PROGRAM.

EZ421PES

FEB 26 1950

NEW YORK, FEB.26-(AP)-FIVE-YEAR-OLD CAROL ANN WENNER ARRIVED AT LA GUARDIA FIELD TONIGHT FROM LOS ANGELES, COMPLETING A FLIGHT FROM SYDNEY, AUSTRALIA.

THE CHILD, WHO TRAVELED THE ENTIRE DISTANCE ALONE, WAS MET AT THE AIRPORT BY HER GRANDMOTHER, MRS.CHARLES C.WENNER OF LAKEWOOD, N.J., WITH WHOM SHE WILL MAKE HER HOME.

SHE WAS PUT ABOARD AN AMERICAN BOUND PLANE IN SYDNEY ON FRIDAY BY HER MOTHER, MRS.PHYLLIS WENNER.

CAROL ANN CARRIED UNDER HER ARM A TOY STUFFED KANGAROO.

CAROL ANN'S FATHER, BOATSWAIN'S MATE FIRST CLASS WILLIAM WENNER, 26, IS ABOARD A NAVY OIL TANKER BOUND FOR ALASKA. HE HAS NEVER SEEN THE CHILD.

THE GRANDMOTHER EARLIER SAID HER SON, IN THE NAVY SINCE 1941, HAD MARRIED IN 1944 WHEN HIS SHIP WAS AT SYDNEY.

SUBSEQUENTLY HE TRIED TO BRING THE CHILD AND HER MOTHER HERE BUT FOUND A MINOR COURT CONVICTION BARRED HIS WIFE FROM ENTERING THE COUNTRY.

WENNER SINCE HAS OBTAINED A NEW JERSEY DIVORCE DECREE, WHICH HAS NOT YET BECOME FINAL, ON GROUNDS OF DESERTION. HE WAS AWARDED CUSTODY OF THE CHILD.

JM1147PES

SAN FRANCISCON FEB.26-(AP)- TEHCHINESE COMMUNISTS REPORTED ARRIVAL OF DANISH AND SWEDISH REPRESENTATIVES IN PEIPING TODAY TO DISCUSS ESTABLISHMENT OF DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS.

THE ANNOUNCEMENT, IN A PEIPING BROADCAST HEARD BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS, SAID THE REPRESENTATIVES WERE ALEX MORCH OF DENMARK AND INGVAR GRAUERS OF SWEDEN. IT SAID THEY ARRIVED TOGETHER BY TRAIN, BUT DID NOT GIVE NY OTHER DETAILS.

WR636PPS NM

FEB 26 1950

A89WX (WEAPONS)
(400) (ADVANCE FOR USE AT 7 P.M. EASTERN STANDARD TIME TODAY SUNDAY FEB. 26)

FEB 26 1950

MILITARY AID

(ADVANCE)-WASHINGTON,FEB.26-(AP)-JAMES BRUCE, OPERATING HEAD OF THIS COUNTRY'S FOREIGN MILITARY AID PROGRAM, DROPPED A HINT TONIGHT THAT THE U.S. WEAPONS GOING TO EUROPE TO HELP HEAD OFF COMMUNIST AGGRESSION WILL INCLUDE THE LATEST AND BEST WE HAVE.

ATOM BOMBS PREVIOUSLY HAD BEEN RULED OUT OF THE PROGRAM, SO THAT BRUCE'S COMMENTS APPLY ONLY TO CONVENTIONAL ARMS.

WITHOUT GOING INTO ANY DETAIL, BRUCE SAID IN AN INTERVIEW FOR BROADCAST BY THE GANNETT NEWS SERVICE:

"IF YOU HAVE A POORLY EQUIPPED POLICE FORCE, FOR EXAMPLE, TRYING TO COMBAT A CRIME WAVE IN A LARGE COMMUNITY, IT'S COMMON SENSE TO GIVE THEM THE LATEST AND BEST EQUIPMENT, SO THAT ANY GANGSTERS IN THE AREA WILL THINK TWICE BEFORE STRIKING."

ABOUT 70 PER CENT OF THE EQUIPMENT SOON TO BEGIN MOVING ABROAD, BRUCE SAID, WILL BE TO IMPROVE THE EFFECTIVENESS OF GROUND FORCES NOW EXISTING IN WESTERN EUROPE. THE REST WILL BE AIR EQUIPMENT AND SOME NAVAL ITEMS.

THAT IS IN LINE WITH STRATEGY WORKED OUT BY THE DEFENSE COMMITTEE OF THE NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY, ASSIGNING EUROPEAN DEMOCRACIES THE PRIMARY RESPONSIBILITY FOR GROUND OPERATIONS IN THE EARLY STAGES OF ANY ATTACK.

LAST YEAR CONGRESS VOTED $1,314,000,000 (B) FOR THE MUTUAL DEFENSE ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, AND PRESIDENT TRUMAN IS ASKING FOR $1,100,000,000 (B) MORE THIS YEAR. THE BULK OF THE FUND VOTED GOES TO EIGHT NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY COUNTRIES--BRITAIN, FRANCE, ITALY, BELGIUM, LUXEMBOURG, THE NETHERLANDS, DENMARK AND NORWAY. THERE IS PROVISION ALSO FOR GREECE, TURKEY, IRAN, KOREA AND THE PHILIPPINES, AND $75,000,000 (M) TO BE USED IN THE GENERAL AREA OF CHINA.

BRUCE WOULD NOT ESTIMATE HOW MUCH LONGER THE PROGRAM WILL GO ON OR HOW MUCH IT WILL ULTIMATELY COST.

"IT WILL CONTINUE SO LONG AS CONGRESS FEELS THAT SUCH ASSISTANCE IS NEEDED TO MAINTAIN THE DEFENSIVE CAPACITY OF FREE NATIONS TO RESIST AGGRESSION AND TO MAINTAIN THEIR SECURITY, BECAUSE I THINK MOST OF US NOW REALIZE THAT THE FREEDOM OF SUCH NATIONS IS VITAL TO OUR SECURITY," HE SAID.

A90WX

NEITHER WOULD HE PREDICT WHEN THE PROGRAM MAY BE ADVANCED FAR ENOUGH TO ALLOW A CUT IN DEFENSE OUTLAYS AT HOME, THOUGH HE SAID IT "CANNOT HAPPEN OVERNIGHT."

MEANTIME, BRUCE SAID, "PEACE CAN BE KEPT, IN MY OPINION, ONLY BY AN AMERICA THAT OF ITSELF IS SUFFICIENTLY STRONG SO THAT AN AGGRESSOR WILL NOT BE WILLING TO UNDERTAKE AN ARMED ATTACK UPON THE WESTERN WORLD."

ANSWERING THE SUGGESTION THAT MORE DEFENSE MIGHT BE BOUGHT BY USING ALL THE MONEY ON AMERICA'S OWN FORCES, BRUCE SAID THAT "IF THE UNITED STATES STOOD ALONE IT WOULD BE A MUCH MORE TEMPTING TARGET FOR AN AGGRESSOR THAN IF IT STOOD TOGETHER WITH OTHER FREE NATIONS READY AND ABLE TO DEFEND THEMSELVES IN THE FACE OF ANY ATTACK."

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 7 P.M. EASTERN STANDARD TIME SUNDAY FEB. 26)

MD608PES

(280) PIKE-ATOMIC

WASHINGTON,FEB.26-(AP)-SUMNER T.PIKE, ACTING CHAIRMAN OF THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION, SAID TONIGHT THE DECISION TO GO AHEAD WITH WORK ON A HYDROGEN BOMB MAKES INTERNATIONAL CONTROL OF ATOMIC WEAPONS MORE URGENT THAN EVER.

EMPHASIZING THAT THE COMMISSION DEALS ONLY WITH DOMESTIC PHASES OF THE ATOMIC ENERGY PROGRAM AND THAT INTERNATIONAL CONTROLS ARE IN THE PROVINCE OF THE STATE DEPARTMENT, PIKE DECLARED:

"AS A CITIZEN, I FEEL THAT THE EXISTENCE OF THE H-BOMB, OR THE PROBABILITY OF THE H-BOMB, MAKES IT ALL THE MORE NECESSARY THAT WE COME TO SOME WORKABLE AGREEMENT WHICH WILL GUARANTEE THAT SUCH THINGS WILL NOT BE USED--EITHER ON US OR ON ANYBODY ELSE."

PIKE TOOK OVER AS ACTING HEAD OF THE AEC FEB. 15 UPON THE RESIGNATION OF DAVID E.LILIENTHAL, WHO HAD HEADED IT SINCE IT WAS SET UP TO HANDLE THE U.S. ATOMIC ENERGY PROGRAM.

SPEAKING ON A RADIO PROGRAM WHICH SEVERAL ILLINOIS CONGRESSMEN TRANSCRIBE WEEKLY FOR BROADCAST, PIKE SAID THAT BY THE TIME LILIENTHAL LEFT THE ATOMIC PROGRAM "WAS MORE FIRMLY ON THE RAILS THAN AT ANY TIME SINCE IT OPENED."

OF THE HYDROGEN BOMB, WHICH HAS BEEN ESTIMATED TO HAVE UP TO 1,000 TIMES THE POWER OF PRESENT A-BOMBS, PIKE SAID:

"ONE HAS TO REALIZE THAT POSSESSION OF ANY KIND OF BOMB IS NO DEFENSE AGAINST THE OTHER PERSON'S HAVING THAT KIND OR ANOTHER KIND OF BOMB.

"IT'S A VERY FRUSTRATING FEELING WHEN INSTEAD OF THE OLD-FASHIONED ARMIES FIGHTING AGAINST EACH OTHER, WHERE YOU HAVE DEFENSE AGAINST THE OTHER PERSON'S WEAPONS, HERE IS A SITUATION WHERE EACH ONE CAN BOMB THE OTHER WITH EVERYTHING HE HAS AND POSSIBLY DESTROY THE OTHER AND MAYBE NEVER MEET. XXX

"AS A CITIZEN, ONE CAN'T HELP BUT LOSE A LITTLE SLEEP FROM TIME TO TIME ON THESE POINTS."

MD1133PESNM

FEB 26 1950

A39WX

(ADVANCE FOR USE AT 7 P.M. EASTERN STANDARD TIME TONIGHT SUNDAY, FEB.26)

INFLATION (480)

FEB 26 1950

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, FEB.26-(AP)-A WORLD MONETARY FUND REPORT HINTED TONIGHT THAT MANY COUNTRIES ARE IN FOR FURTHER INFLATION.

CONTROLS OVER CONSUMER BUYING AND FOREIGN TRADE WILL NOT ALONE HOLD INFLATIONARY FORCES IN CHECK UNTIL THEY CAN BE "WIPED OUT OR WORKED OFF," IT SAID.

THE REPORT, PREPARED BY THE 48-NATION FUND'S RESEARCH CHIEF, E.M. BERNSTEIN, A FORMER U.S. TREASURY OFFICIAL, CONTAINED SOME PLAIN WORDS DIRECTED CHIEFLY TO WESTERN EUROPEAN NATIONS. IT SAID:

"IT SHOULD BE POSSIBLE FOUR YEARS AFTER THE END OF THE WAR TO BRING THE GENERATION OF ADDITIONAL INFLATION TO A HALT. XXX

"THE IMMEDIATE AND URGENT PROBLEM IS TO BRING GOVERNMENT OUTLAY AND INVESTMENT TO A LEVEL APPROPRIATE TO THE AVAILABLE OUTPUT, SO THEY WILL NOT ADD (NEW INFLATION) TO THE LATENT INFLATION."

THE REPORT CONCEDED THAT IN MANY COUNTRIES, THE PRESSURES ARE SO STRONG THAT SUDDEN DROPPING OF CONTROLS WOULD RESULT IN SUCH A "CONSIDERABLE RISE IN PRICES XXX THAT SOME GOVERNMENTS WILL FEEL THEY SIMPLY CANNOT ACCEPT SUCH A (DECONTROL) POLICY."

"BUT," IT CONTINUED, "THE PROSPECT OF WIPING OUT OR WORKING OFF LATENT INFLATION IN ANY MODERATE PERIOD OF TIME IS VERY SLIGHT.

"THE CONTINUANCE OF CONTROLS ON CONSUMPTION FOR A MINIMUM OF FIVE TO 10 YEARS AND PERHAPS EVEN LONGER, WHICH MAY BE NECESSARY TO WORK OFF LATENT INFLATION, IS AN UNPLEASANT PROSPECT FOR PEOPLE TO WHOM THE FREE USE OF INCOME HAS ALREADY BEEN DENIED FOR A DECADE.

"IT IS NOT UNLIKELY THAT AT SOME STAGE PUBLIC OPINION WILL PREFER AT LEAST A PARTIAL ACTIVATION OF LATENT INFLATION TO CONTINUED SUBMISSION TO EXTENDED CONSUMER CONTROLS."

THE REPORT SUGGESTED THAT TAXES AND PERHAPS SUCH STEPS AS "FORCED LOANS (TO GOVERNMENT)" WOULD HELP UNTIL GOVERNMENTS FEEL SAFE IN EASING OR ENDING CONTROLS.

THE BERNSTEIN REPORT WAS ONE OF A GROUP OF STUDIES IN THE FIRST ISSUE OF A NEW PUBLICATION PUT OUT BY THE FUND UNDER THE TITLE OF "STAFF PAPERS."

ANOTHER, ALSO PRESENTED AS WORK OF STAFF EXPERTS AND "NOT NECESSARILY THE VIEWS OF OFFICIALS OR THE EXECUTIVE BOARD OF THE FUND," DEALT WITH "THE ROLE OF THE ECA PROGRAM."

THIS REPORT FORECAST "A SERIOUS CONTRACTION IN U.S. EXPORTS AS ECONOMIC COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION (MARSHALL PLAN) AID DIMINISHES."

A40WX

SUBSTANTIAL EFFECTS ON MOST OF THE PARTICIPATING (FOREIGN) COUNTRIES ALSO WERE FORECAST.

TO GAUGE THE SCALE, FUND EXPERTS WORKED UP AN ANALYSIS OF WORLD TRADE COVERING MOST OF 1948 AND NEARLY HALF OF 1949. IT SHOWED IN PART:

1. ECA-FINANCED SHIPMENTS MADE UP ABOUT 63 PER CENT OF TOTAL U.S. EXPORTS TO THE WESTERN EUROPEAN COUNTRIES IN THE MARSHALL PLAN.

2. ALSO THEY MADE UP ABOUT 18 PER CENT OF THE AGGREGATE IMPORTS RECEIVED IN THOSE COUNTRIES, WITH THE RANGE FOR INDIVIDUAL COUNTRIES VARYING FROM ONE PER CENT (SWEDEN) TO 34 PER CENT (AUSTRIA).

3. FURTHERMORE ABOUT 41 PER CENT OF ALL SUPPLIES BOUGHT BY ECA FOR THE WESTERN EUROPEAN COUNTRIES WERE PURCHASED OUTSIDE THE U.S.--FROM ONE EUROPEAN COUNTRY FOR THE BENEFIT OF ANOTHER, OR FROM CANADA, SOUTH AMERICA AND ELSEWHERE.

A SHUT-OFF IN ECA AID, THE REPORT SAID, COULD CUT BACK TO THOSE EXTENTS EXPORTS OF THE U.S. AND OTHER ECA SUPPLY SOURCES, AND THE IMPORTS OF MARSHALL AID BENEFICIARIES.

FEB 26 1950

VH317PES

B36DA Q
(340)

FEB 26 1950

BALTIMORE, FEB 26-(AP)-A ST.LOUIS NEWSPAPERMAN TOOK THE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE ON ATOMIC ENERGY TO TASK TODAY FOR FAILING TO UNDERSTAND THE PROBLEMS OF ATOMIC ENERGY AND THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION.

ROBERT J.BLAKELY, CHIEF EDITORIAL WRITER FOR THE ST.LOUIS STAR-TIMES, ADDRESSED THE CLOSING SESSION OF THE ENOCH PRATT LIBRARY'S ATOMIC ENERGY INSTITUTE.

"I HAVE FOLLOWED THE ACTIVITIES OF THE COMMITTEE ON ATOMIC ENERGY VERY CLOSELY," BLAKELY SAID, "AND I CAN TELL YOU MOST OF THE MEMBERS HAVEN'T EVEN TAKEN TIME TO UNDERSTAND THE PROBLEMS OF ATOMIC ENERGY AND THE X X X COMMISSION."

"IF THEY (THE COMMITTEEMEN) HAVEN'T BOTHERED TO UNDERSTAND THEM, THEN CONGRESS CERTAINLY HASN'T. AND IF CONGRESS HASN'T, NEITHER HAVE THE PEOPLE."

BLAKELY COMPARED THE COUNTRY'S POSITION TO THAT OF THE ROMANS IN THE DECLINING STAGE OF THE EMPIRE.

HISTORY SHOWS THAT ROME LOST CONTROL OF ITS ARMY, HE SAID, WHEN THE CITIZENS CEASED TO BE A PART OF IT; AND IN ATOMIC ISSUES, AMERICA IS DEVELOPING A "PRAETORIAN GUARD" OF EXPERTS THE PEOPLE CANNOT CONTROL BECAUSE THEY CANNOT UNDERSTAND.

BLAKELY THEN SUGGESTED A FOUR-POINT PROGRAM TO ELIMINATE THE IGNORANCE AND CONFUSION:

1. A PLAN OF EDUCATION BEGINNING WITH AN ATTEMPT TO TEACH THE BASIC FACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF HOW ATOMIC ENERGY IS RELEASED.

THIS COULD BE ACCOMPLISHED, HE SAID, "WITH ABOUT THE SAME AMOUNT OF MENTAL EFFORT NEEDED TO LEARN TO PLAY PINOCHLE--AND SURELY WITH A GOOD DEAL LESS THAN NEEDED TO LEARN CANASTA."

IT EVEN COULD BE TAUGHT ON THE SEVENTH OR EIGHTH GRADE LEVEL, HE ADDED.

2. IMPRESS THE PEOPLE WITH THE FACT THAT NUCLEAR ENERGY HAS OTHER USES THAN FOR WEAPONS OF WAR.

3. USE THE ATOMIC ENERGY ACT OF 1946 AS A GUIDEPOST TO MEET THE CONFLICTS OF THE ATOM-AGE SOCIETY.

THE ACT, HE EXPLAINED, PROVIDES FOR LIAISON BETWEEN EXPERTS AND CONGRESS, BETWEEN GOVERNMENT AND INDUSTRY, AND FOR TRANSFER OF ATOMIC CONTROL FROM THE UNITED STATES TO THE UNITED NATIONS.

"IT MAY PROVE TO BE AS IMPORTANT IN AMERICAN HISTORY AS THE RATIFICATION OF THE AMERICAN CONSTITUTION IN 1788," HE SAID.

4. SUFFICIENT SECURITY FOR ATOMIC SECRETS. "UNTIL WE GET WORLD GOVERNMENT, THE ONLY SECURITY WE'LL HAVE IS THE SECURITY OF ACHIEVEMENT, AND THAT MEANS KEEPING AHEAD. AND I'M NOT SURE WE ARE AHEAD NOW," HE SAID.

"IT IS TRUE THAT IT MAY BE IMPRACTICAL TO ADVOCATE WORLD GOVERNMENT, AS SOME OF THE COMMENTATORS INSIST. BUT WHAT IS MORE IMPRACTICAL THAN THE SITUATION WE HAVE TODAY AND THE SOLUTION THAT IS LOOMING UP?"

EH601PES

TYDINGS, WHO HAS CALLED AN ORGANIZATION MEETING OF HIS COMMITTEE TOMORROW, WOULDN'T SAY HOW HE FEELS ABOUT THE QUESTION OF OBTAINING THE SECRET FILES.

FEB 26 1950

A86WX

HOWEVER, SENATORS GREEN (D-RI) AND MCMAHON (D-CONN) WERE SAID TO FEEL THAT CONGRESS CAN'T DO ANYTHING ABOUT IT IF THE PRESIDENT WANTS TO KEEP THE FILES CLOSED.

SENATOR HICKENLOOPER (R-IOWA), WHO HAS BEEN ON THE OTHER SIDE OF THIS ARGUMENT BEFORE, AND SENATOR LODGE (R-MASS) ARE EXPECTED TO SUPPORT MCCARTHY'S DEMAND.

THE PROPOSED INQUIRY BY THE TYDINGS COMMITTEE SEEMED UNLIKELY TO STOP AN EXCURSION BY A SENATE APPROPRIATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE INTO THE QUESTION OF WHETHER THERE ARE ANY COMMUNISTS IN THE STATE DEPARTMENT.

SECRETARY OF STATE ACHESON COMES BEFORE THE COMMITTEE TUESDAY TO EXPLAIN THE DEPARTMENT'S REQUEST FOR FUNDS.

SENATOR FERGUSON (R-MICH) SAID HE INTENDS TO INQUIRE INTO WHAT STEPS HAVE BEEN TAKEN BY THE DEPARTMENT TO KEEP COMMUNISTS OFF ITS ROLES. ACHESON HAS DENIED THERE ARE ANY THERE NOW.

MD552PES

ELIZABETH,N.J.,FEB 26-(AP)-WALTER REUTHER TODAY SAID AMERICANS MUST BE PAID ENOUGH TO BUY WHAT THEY PRODUCE--OR ELSE FACE ECONOMIC COLLAPSE AND DEFEAT IN THE COLD WAR.

REUTHER IS THE ANTI-COMMUNIST PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED AUTOMOBILE WORKERS (CIO). HE SAID WAGES CAN BE RAISED AND PRICES LOWER AT THE SAME TIME, AND THAT THREE MONTHS FROM NOW HIS UNION WILL TRY TO MAKE THE GENERAL MOTORS CORPORATION PROVE IT.

HE SPOKE AT AN EDUCATION CONFERENCE HERE BEFORE 1,500 UAW MEMBERS WHO APPLAUDED AND WHISTLED APPROVAL WHEN THEIR SANDY-HAIRED LITTLE LEADER RELATED THE UNION'S PROBLEMS TO THOSE OF THE COUNTRY AND THE WORLD.

REUTHER SAID THE GENERAL MOTORS CORPORATION MADE PROFITS OF APPROXIMATELY $100 MILLION PER MONTH DURING 1949, AND RECENTLY PAID $58,000,000 IN BONUSES TO A HANDFUL OF EXECUTIVES WHOSE YEARLY SALARIES WERE ALREADY IN THE HUNDREDS OF THOUSANDS.

"BUT DID THE EXECUTIVES TAKE THEIR BONUSES HOME TO THEIR WIVES AND SAY, 'HONEY, NOW YOU CAN BUY THAT NEW WASHING-MACHINE?'" REUTHER ASKED. "NO, THEY ALREADY HAD WASHING MACHINES. BUT THE $58,000,000 IN BONUSES TO A HANDFUL OF EXECUTIVES WOULD HAVE PROVIDED AN INCREASE OF 12.7 CENTS AN HOUR FOR EVERY GENERAL MOTORS EMPLOYE.

"C.E.WILSON, PRESIDENT OF GENERAL MOTORS, DID NOT BUY ONE MORE LOAF OF BREAD AFTER HIS BONUS," REUTHER SAID. "THEY TALK OF GOING TO CHINA AND ASIA FOR MARKETS WHEN THE BIGGEST UNFILLED MARKET IS RIGHT HERE IN OUR OWN BACK YARD.

"FORTY-THREE CENT OF AMERICAN FAMILIES HAVE NO PRIVATE BATHS AND MORE THAN 50-PER CENT HAVE NO CENTRAL HEATING. WE HAVE UNEMPLOYMENT BECAUSE THE PEOPLE WHO NEED DO NOT HAVE THE MONEY TO BUY."

HE SAID THAT TO WIN THE COLD WAR WE MUST PROVE, BOTH BY COLLECTIVE BARGAINING AND BY LEGISLATION IN WASHINGTON, "THAT WE CAN HAVE SECURITY AND MATERIAL WELL-BEING WITHOUT LOSS OF SPIRITUAL FREEDOM. IF WE CAN DO THAT JOB, WE CAN GET THE KIND OF ALLIES WE NEED EVERYWHERE."

"YOU CAN'T WIN THE COLD WAR WITH AN H-BOMB, YOU CAN ONLY START A HOT WAR," HE SAID. HE CALLED THE COLD WAR A "FIGHT FOR MEN'S MINDS AND HEARTS" AND SAID EUROPEAN TRADE UNIONISTS HAD TOLD HIM THAT "IF YOU CAN'T MAKE DEMOCRACY WORK IN AMERICA IT CAN'T BE FOUND ANYPLACE."

084SPES NM

FEB 26 1950

LONDON,FEB.24-(AP)-THE RATIONED BRITISH SWEET TOOTH GETS A LITTLE BREAK BEGINNING SUNDAY.

THE MINISTRY OF FOOD ANNOUNCED IT WAS UPPING THE CANDY RATION FROM FOUR TO FIVE OUNCES PER PERSON EACH WEEK.

THE MINISTRY EMPHASIZED THE INCREASE WAS ONLY TEMPORARY, HOWEVER. "THE POSITION WILL BE FURTHER REVIEWED IN THE COURSE OF THE NEXT FEW WEEKS," THE ANNOUNCEMENT SAID.

WL322PES

PARIS, FEB.24-(AP)-FOREIGN MINISTERS OF FIVE WESTERN EUROPEAN NATIONS WILL MEET IN PARIS EARLY IN MARCH TO START DOING AWAY WITH THEIR CUSTOMS BARRIERS, AN INFORMED SOURCE SAID TODAY.

THE FIVE NATIONS--FRANCE, ITALY, NETHERLANDS, BELGIUM AND LUXEMBOURG--ARE TO FORM AN ECONOMIC UNION CALLED "FINEBEL," WHOSE OBJECT WILL BE TO ABOLISH CUSTOMS, CURRENCY AND TARIFF RESTRICTIONS AMONG EACH OTHER TO ENCOURAGE TRADE.

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BRITAIN ALREADY HAS BEEN ASKED TO COOPERATE WITH THE UNION, AND THE WEST GERMAN REPUBLIC MAY EVENTUALLY BECOME A FULL MEMBER, A FRENCH INFORMANT SAID.

FINANCIAL EXPERTS FROM THE FIVE NATIONS RECENTLY COMPLETED DRAFTING A DETAILED PLAN FOR THE ECONOMIC UNION OF THE FIVE NATIONS.

WL142PES

PRAGUE,CZECHOSLOVAKIA, FEB.24-(AP)-THE FIRST MONTH OF THE SECOND YEAR OF CZECHOSLOVAKIA'S FIVE YEAR PLAN FAILED TO ACHIEVE THE GOALS SET IN TWO-THIRDS OF THE VARIOUS INDUSTRIAL BRANCHES, THE OFFICIAL NEWS AGENCY SAID TODAY.

"THE PLAN WAS EXCEEDED IN ONLY FIVE INDUSTRIAL BRANCHES, FOUR REMAINED A LITTLE UNDER AND SIX WERE CONSIDERABLY BELOW THE PLAN," AN AGENCY STATEMENT SAID.

FIGURES RELEASED FOR JANUARY SHOWED THE ECONOMIC PLAN WAS FULFILLED BY ONLY 98.4 PER CENT. THE FIGURE FOR DECEMBER WAS 108.7 AND FOR LAST YEAR AS A WHOLE 102.8. AS USUAL, THE GOVERNMENT DID NOT SAY WHAT THE GOAL HAD BEEN.

A MAIN FAILURE WAS IN THE MINING INDUSTRY, WHICH WAS REPORTEDLY HIT BY STRIKES, SABOTAGE AND SLOWDOWNS. PRODUCTION REACHED 99.4 PER CENT, COMPARED WITH 103.7 IN DECEMBER. INDUSTRIES WHICH WENT ABOVE THE 100 PER CENT MARK WERE POWER, FOUNDRIES, GLASS, BUILDING MATERIALS AND FILM

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ABOVE THE 100 PER CENT MARK WERE POWER, FOUNDRIES, GLASS, BUILDING MATERIALS AND FILM. OTHERS WHICH SENT BELOW INCLUDED METALS, CHEMICALS AND HEAVY MACHINE.

ML 1044PES

BY TOM LAMBERT

(ADVANCE)..TOKYO, FEB.24-(AP)-TRADERS COMING FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD ARE BOOMING TOKYO AS ONE OF THE ORIENT'S PRIME FOREIGN BUSINESS CENTERS.

AN OCCUPATION SOURCE SAYS THERE ARE MORE BUSINESS MEN IN TOKYO NOW THAN AT ANY TIME SINCE THE SURRENDER.

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MORE THAN 1,500 PERSONS FROM A WIDE VARIETY OF NATIONS ARE LISTED AS PRESENT IN TOKYO ON BUSINESS AFFAIRS, AND THE INFLUX CONTINUES. EACH MONTH 600 TO 700 ENTRY AND EXIT APPLICATIONS ARE RECEIVED FROM FOREIGN TRADERS.

THE TREND IS NOTICEABLE IN OTHER WAYS THAN IN MERE STATISTICS. BUSINESSMEN'S HOTELS HUM WITH ACTIVITY. BARS AND CLUBS ARE CROWDED. ROWS OF SLEEK CARS, MOSTLY AMERICAN, STAND BEFORE BUSINESS OFFICES. TRAFFIC IS BECOMING HEAVIER, TO THE ACCOMPANIMENT OF THE OLD FAMILIAR AMERICAN CRY OF "NO PLACE TO PARK."

FOREIGN BUSINESS INTERESTS HERE REPRESENT EVERYTHING FROM SOLID OLD FIRMS TO NEWCOMERS WHOSE ENTIRE ASSETS AND FILES ARE CARRIED IN A SINGLE SUITCASE. THEY DEAL IN EVERYTHING FROM INSURANCE TO CANNED FISH, FROM CEMENT TO LETTERS OF CREDIT.

WHAT BRINGS THEM TO JAPAN?

SOME, OF COURSE, HAVE BEEN HERE A CONSIDERABLE TIME. THEY REPRESENT BUSINESSES WHICH HAVE HAD TRADE CONNECTIONS IN JAPAN FOR YEARS.

NEWER ONES COME, ACCORDING TO PRESIDENT PAUL AURELL OF THE AMERICAN CHAMBER OF COMMERCE IN TOKYO, BECAUSE JAPAN HAS LAW AND ORDER, STABLE LIVING CONDITIONS AND GOOD COMMUNICATIONS--ALL FACTORS APPEALING TO BUSINESSMEN.

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SOME OTHERS ARE REFUGEES FROM CHINA, HOPING TO WAIT OUT THE RED STORM AND EVENTUALLY RETURN THERE.

AMERICAN AID PROGRAMS FOR KOREA, FORMOSA AND INDONESIA ALSO ATTRACT BUSINESSMEN TO JAPAN, HOPING TO TRADE IN SOME OF THE JPAANESE ITEMS WHICH THOSE PROGRAMS WILL INVOLVE.

A NUMBER OF CONTRACTORS INTERESTED IN THE ARMY'S BUILDING PROGRAM ON OKINAWA ALSO HAVE BEEN IN JAPAN RECENTLY TO "SIZE UP THE GROUND."

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DO NOT GET THE IDEA THAT EVERYTHING IS ROSY, HOWEVER. BUSINESS ALWAYS HAS ITS PROBLEMS. FOR INSTANCE, THE AMERICAN CHAMBER OF COMMERCE RECENTLY (FEB. 15) WROTE TO GENERAL MACARTHUR, AND THE U.S. STATE DEPARTMENT, ASKING THEM TO POSTPONE FOR SIX MONTHS A PROPOSAL TO PLACE ALL BUSINESSMEN ON A YEN BASIS APRIL 1. THAT WOULD MEAN THEY WOULD HAVE TO PAY IN JAPANESE MONEY FOR THEIR FOOD, CLOTHING, GASOLINE AND ALL OTHER ITEMS.

THE BUSINESSMEN CONTEND THIS WOULD MEAN JAPAN WOULD HAVE TO ALLOT FOREIGN EXCHANGE TO BUY THE THINGS THE FOREIGNERS NEED, AND FOR WHICH THE FOREIGNERS THEN WOULD PAY IN YEN. THEY ARE NOT SURE THE JAPANESE GOVERNMENT WOULD LOOK KINDLY ON SUCH AN OUTLAY.

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"WE BELIEVE ULTIMATELY THE JAPANESE GOVERNMENT, IN ORDER TO CONSERVE DOLLARS, WILL PROHIBIT THE IMPORTATION OF FOREIGN GOODS," ONE BUSINESSMAN SAID.

AURELL SAID THAT IF FOREIGNERS ARE PUT ON A YEN BASIS, "MANY OF THE FOREIGN COMMUNITY WILL FIND IT IMPOSSIBLE TO CONTINUE RESIDING IN JAPAN."

(END ADVANCE FOR PMS OF FRIDAY, FEB. 24).

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(140) WASHINGTON, FEB.24-(AP)-MULTI-MILLION DOLLAR PURCHASES OF AMERICAN WHEAT, COTTON AND INDUSTRIAL EQUIPMENT FOR 13 WESTERN EUROPEAN COUNTRIES UNDER THE MARSHALL PLAN WERE APPROVED TODAY.

THE ECONOMIC COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION ANNOUNCED RECOVERY SPENDING APPROVALS TOTALLING $15,943,000.

ITALY RECEIVED THE LARGEST ALLOCATION, $6,738,000 TO BUY ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT AND RAW COTTON. THE COTTON PURCHASES WILL BE MADE IN THE UNITED STATES AND TOTAL $1,100,000 WITH THE BALANCE EARMARKED FOR THE ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES.

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THE OTHER GRANTS INCLUDED:

WESTERN GERMANY, $2,050,000; PORTUGAL, $2,320,000; GREAT BRITAIN, $1,425,000; BELGIUM-LUXEMBURG, $1,200,000; SWEDEN, $900,000; HOLLAND, $259,000; NORWAY, $269,000; IRELAND, $180,000; ICELAND, $121,000; AUSTRIA, $250,000; AND DENMARK, $35,000.

THE DAY'S TRANSACTIONS BROUGHT TOTAL MARSHALL PLAN COMMITMENTS TO $5,376,736,000 (B) SINCE START OF THE EUROPEAN RECOVERY PROGRAM.

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30.24- 9215

'Suicide' Ruled Out In Death Of Karpe

Paris, Feb. 27 (AP)—The mysterious death of Eugene S. Karpe, United States naval captain, "probably will never be solved," an American military official said today. He ruled out suicide, however.

Karpe, naval attaché at Bucharest, was killed last week when he fell or was thrown from a train in a Salzburg (Austria) railroad tunnel.

The official said: "It is difficult to say he was murdered because none of his official papers nor money were missing. At the same time it is hard to say he could have fallen. The only thing we are positive is that he did not drink and did not commit suicide."

Student Quizzed

Investigation of Karpe's death switched back from Paris to Vienna. Two investigators came to Paris to question the car porter who serviced Karpe's car and a young American student who had dinner with the captain the day he was killed.

"Neither shed any light whatsoever on the mystery," the army source said.

A Romanian displaced person held since last Thursday in the investigation was released by United States Army agents in Vienna today.

"There has never been much of a case against him, since he was not even on the train," an army source said.

Friend Of Vogeler

Karpe was a close friend of Robert A. Vogeler, United States business man, who was sentenced to fifteen years in prison last week by a Hungarian court on espionage charges.

The American student was Milburn Russell McKichan, 22, of Forest Grove, Ore.

He told investigators he first met Karpe at breakfast on the Arlberg-Orient Express, on which both were headed for Paris. Later he and two other persons chatted for some time in Karpe's compartment, and then the two of them went into lunch.

"We finished lunch at about 2 o'clock," he said, "and that was the last time I saw the captain. I did not learn of his death until several hours later."

Karpe Solution Held Unlikely

Vienna, Feb. 27 (AP)—Investigators probing the death of Capt. Eugene Karpe, United States naval attache in Romania, have yet to turn up their first solid clue.

A mass of circumstantial evidence has been investigated. It can be interpreted to fit either of the two most popular theories—that he was the victim of a Balkan murder plot, possibly involving Soviet agents, or that he fell from the train accidentally.

An American military official who went to Paris to question passengers on the train from which Karpe fell last Thursday said the case "probably never will be solved."

Displaced Person Released

"The only things we are positive about," he added, "is that he did not drink and did not commit suicide."

Karpe fell or was thrown to his death last Thursday from the Paris-bound Alberg express as it was entering a tunnel south of Salzburg.

A close friend of the young American business man, Robert A. Vogeler, he had visited Vogeler's wife here while en route to the United States. Vogeler has been sentenced to fifteen years' imprisonment by a Hungarian people's court on charges of spying.

A Romanian displaced person who had been held since Friday in the investigation was released today. He had been picked up as a routine matter because his past record included complicity in some train robberies, and was held until today because his alibi developed some conflicts. He was not a passenger on the train.

Some Doors Open Outward

Milburn Russell McKichan, American student who perhaps was the last person to see Karpe alive, was unable to shed any light on the case when interviewed by investigators in Paris. He told investigators he and the attaché had lunch in the diner, and then Karpe left for his own compartment.

It was on this journey through a first class carriage, second class carriage, a French coach and a sleeping car that he apparently met his death.

Austrian railway officials said today, contrary to previous reports, that the doors on some of these carriages opened outward.

Those who insist that Karpe was pushed from the train had argued that it was impossible for him to have fallen because all the doors opened inward.

Field Day For Austrian Papers

Officials said the fact that none of Karpe's money and papers were missing makes it "difficult to say he was murdered."

Austrian newspapers have been having a field day with the mystery. Both extreme right and extreme left newspapers assume he met with foul play. The right-wing press hints that Soviet agents were responsible, while the Communist press says he knew too much about Vogeler and was done away with by American agents.

The conservative *Montag Morgen* had its own exclusive sensation today. It said: "It is now believed Captain Karpe was kidnapped, and in some mysterious manner another man was pushed off the train."

Briton Warns of Bomb

General Says Single Hydrogen One Would Make Nation Helpless

LONDON, Feb. 27 (AP).—General Sir Frederick Pile said today Russia could blast Britain into helplessness in a war with a single hydrogen bomb. Sir Frederick commanded this country's anti-aircraft defense against the Nazi buzz bombs of World War II, which wreaked havoc in the London area.

"If this country were attacked by an ordinary atom bomb, we could probably stand ten," he said in a speech to a London women's club.

"Now that the H bomb comes into the picture, we could stand one."

DR. FUCHS FACES TRIAL TOMORROW

LONDON, Feb. 27 — (AP) Dr. Klaus Fuchs, Britain's Jekyll and Hyde atom genius, goes on trial Wednesday in Old Bailey criminal court on charges of betraying British and American atom secrets to Russia for seven years.

At the arraignment Feb. 10 of the 38-year-old German born scientist, Crown Prosecutor Christmas Humphries declared Fuchs confessed to being in contact with Russian agents from early in 1942 until about a year ago.

Fuchs, a naturalized Briton, was charged on two counts with violating the British Secrets Act. One count listed a violation in Britain, the other in the United States. Fuchs reserved his plea.

Britain Won't Act In China Plane Deal

London, Feb. 27 (AP)—The British Government cannot and will not interfere with a Hong Kong Supreme Court decision handing over 90 Chinese Airline planes to the Communist government of China, a foreign office spokesman said today.

He confirmed that representations against the ruling had been made to Britain by the United States, which contends the planes passed into the hands of an American company through purchase. But, he added, the court ruling in the British colony is something over which the British Government has no control.

The planes, impounded in Hong Kong by a legal battle for their possession, were valued at 20 million dollars. Britain has recognized the Chinese Communist regime.

Parisians Clash Over Indo-China

Paris, Feb. 27 (AP)—Police and Communist demonstrators clashed today on the outskirts of Paris near the Clignancour military barracks. Twenty-seven policemen were injured, one seriously.

Twenty-one persons were detained for questioning.

At one point some 1,500 demonstrators, some of them armed with steel bars, scuffled with police who were seeking to disperse the crowd. The mob gathered to protest France's policy in Indo-China.

In Indo-China, a rebel regime led by Moscow-trained Ho Chi-minh is attempting to overthrow the French-sponsored Viet Nam Government headed by former Annamese Emperor Bao Dai. Intermittent fighting involving French troops and Ho's guerrillas has been going on for many months. AP

Bulgars' Fears Spur Purges

Rome, Feb. 27 (AP)—The Bulgarian Communist party, believing that its hold on the country is slipping, is carrying on a perpetual political purge in which nobody "can calls his soul his own," a source familiar with Bulgarian affairs said today.

Two sensational trials are expected, the source said. One would be of Anton Yugov, former Communist Deputy Premier, who even now may be in jail, he said. The other would be of Gen. Ivan Kinov and other military men. Kinov, former army chief of staff, already may have been tried in secret, said the informant.

These trials, he said, will be evidence that since Premier Georgi Dimitrov died the Communists have feared for their grip on the nation.

Fits With Reports

"Furthermore, if the Russians feel they cannot control the Balkan nations with Bulgarian nationals in charge, then they undoubtedly will bring in additional Russians to do the job," the source added.

This assessment fitted with recent reports about the turbulent nation on Russia's doorstep. Yesterday, Donald Heath, United States Minister in Sofia until the recent break in relations, said in Milan, Italy, that Yugov might be under house arrest. In Germany there were reports that Kinov was jailed for attempting to lead the army in a move to throw off the Soviet yoke.

The German reports also said Russia may be planning to send Marshal Ivan S. Konev to take charge of Bulgaria's armed forces in the same fashion as Soviet Marshal Konstantin Rokossovsky was sent into Poland.

Salt In Wound

Marshal Tito's Yugoslavs, evidently playing on the situation in Bulgaria, announced yesterday they had changed the name of a border town, Czarsford, to Dimitrograd. This was rubbing salt in a wound. Dimitrov once was slapped down by Moscow for seeing eye to eye with Tito.

Yugov, once thought of as a possibility for the premiership, has been a member of the powerful Bulgarian party Politburo.

Gen. Boyan Bulgarnov, former political commissar of the army, also was said to be slated for trial. He disappeared from the public eye several months ago.

[Sofia announced a decree last October 30 relieving Kinov and Bulgarnov of their pobs for unspecified "other duties."]

Bulgarian Communists Said To Have A Perpetual Purge

Rome, Feb. 27 (AP)—Bulgaria's Communist rulers are terrified of losing their power and are putting the country to a perpetual purge, a source familiar with Bulgarian conditions reported today.

The informant who would not permit the use of his name said the Government apparently has been "scared to death of its hold over the country" ever since the death of Premier Georgi Dimitrov in Moscow last July.

Thousands of citizens, suspected of being politically unreliable, have been rounded up in recent months and shipped out of Sofia, he reported. During the last year there has been evidence that large groups of civil servants have been affected by the mass transfers "into the provinces" where they are put to work in labor camps.

Another Major Trial Expected

Western observers expect another major political trial soon, this source said, with Anton Yugov, former Communist deputy premier, a Politburo member and a friend of Dimitrov, as the central figure. He probably will be charged with "collaboration with the Americans."

Another political trial of military figures may already have been held in secret, the informant added. He speculated that Gen. Ivan Kinov, former Chief of Staff, may have been the central defendant in such a trial.

This source said "if the Russians feel they cannot control the Balkan nation with Bulgarian nationals in charge, then they undoubtedly will bring in additional Russians to do the job."

The Russians may already have taken over the Bulgarian Ministry of Transport "lock, stock and barrel," he added.

A Third-Hand Report

The picture furnished by this informant checked in several ways with reports of Bulgarian conditions given by United States Minister Donald Heath, who left Bulgaria Saturday after the United States broke relations with the Sofia Government.

Bulgaria had demanded Heath's recall as a result of allegations at the treason trial of Traicho Kostov, another former Communist deputy premier, who was executed December 16 for allegedly conspiring with Marshal Tito of Yugoslavia.

Heath said he had a third-hand report that Yugov, once an aspirant for the Bulgarian premiership, was under arrest. He also gave his opinion that Russia may eventually absorb the country into the Soviet Union.

Kinov's Arrest Reported

The Berlin newspaper *Welt Am Sonntag* said yesterday it had reports from a "special co-operator" in Sofia that General Kinov was among a great number of Bulgarian army officers arrested for an attempted revolt against Russian domination.

The newspaper said Kinov told fellow officers after a trip to Moscow to see Dimitrov that he believed the former Premier did not die a natural death but was liquidated. He urged them to revolt.

The story said the Russians heard of the plot and broke it up with the arrest of every twelfth Bulgarian officer, including Kinov.

The newspaper also reported that something may be in the wind for more direct Soviet rule in Bulgaria. It said there were reports Soviet Marshal Ivan S. Konev was due to take over direct command of Bulgaria's armed forces, as Soviet Marshal Konstantin Rokossovsky already has done in Poland.

A Bulgarian announcement last October said Kinov had been relieved of his post to take over unspecified "other duties." He has dropped out of sight since.

American Toys, Dutch Glee

Rotterdam, Feb. 27 (AP)—The first crate of a 90-ton "tide of toys" from American children was opened here today before twenty delighted Dutch orphans.

Among them was Joke Neiuzwaag, 10, who proudly displayed a huge doll. "I always wanted a doll that could sleep," she beamed.

The toys were gathered in the United States under sponsorship of the American Legion.

A total of 900,000 toys weighing 142 tons are slated for distribution in Austria, France, Germany, Italy, Greece, Norway, Poland, Yugoslavia, the Netherlands, Scotland, Denmark and Ireland. They left Philadelphia aboard the S.S. American Defender on February 7.

The thirteen Dutch girls and seven boys aged 7 to 12 from a Hague Salvation Army hospital received scooters, dolls and toy trains while Dutch and American officials looked on.

Peter Oud, Rotterdam's burgomaster, took a special delight in the toy distribution.

U.S. Considers Bonn Ship Aid

Frankfurt, Germany, Feb. 27 (AP). The United States may supply western Germany with Liberty ships to rebuild its war-shattered merchant navy, authoritative sources said today.

Officials of the United States High Commission's planning division have recommended that this be done and the proposal has been referred to the State Department, these sources said.

The American officials said the Germans now pay an estimated $100,000,000 a year in shipping costs to send their goods to other countries and to import other goods.

ECA Confirms Message

The recommendation first went to the Economic Co-operation Administration mission here, the source said. ECA officials confirmed this and said they have asked the State Department whether the ships could legally be turned over to the Germans.

Officials here said about 1,500 Liberty ships are now laid up in American yards. They are considered part of the nation's reserve cargo fleet. For this reason, there might be legal obstacles to their transfer to the Germans, officials said.

How many ships the Germans might get under the plan was not known. Officials said 20 to 40 vessels would be needed to carry Germany's portion of ECA goods alone.

Costs Top Export Returns

In the confidential memorandum to ECA, the High Commission's planning division said:

"ECA should supply Germany with as many Liberty ships as she can presently use to permit earning of her own freight on imports and exports. In recent months Germany has paid in freight charges to the United States more than she has earned from exports of goods to the United States."

Snowstorm 'Slows Down' Berlin Traffic

Berlin, Feb. 27 (AP)—Winter's last foray—a 7-inch snowstorm—tied up Berlin's traffic today like a Russian blockade.

Overnight airline schedules were disrupted. The interzonal *Autobahn* to Western Germany was almost deserted because of ice. Allied and German trains ran two or more hours late.

No Soviet restrictions were reported. "It's all due to the elements," said a British official explaining the traffic slowdown.

Fifteen hundred emergency workers were called out by the West Berlin Government to clear main streets of snow.

The snowfall began yesterday afternoon and was still continuing in midmorning today.

Bulgaria Protests 2 Alleged Murders

Sofia, Bulgaria, Feb. 27 (AP)—The Foreign Ministry protested today the alleged murder of two Bulgarian frontier guards by Yugoslav authorities, the press department said tonight.

In a note delivered to the Yugoslav Embassy here, the Foreign Ministry said two Bulgarian privates were slain Saturday near the village of Giushevo.

The note alleged the two victims were slain with dum-dum bullets by Yugoslavs on Bulgarian territory.

The Foreign Ministry demanded "immediate and most severe punishment" for the perpetrators of the alleged murders.

CZECHS SEND YANK TO LABOR CAMP

PRAGUE, Czechoslovakia, Feb. 27—(AP) The U. S. Embassy reported today a naturalized American was sentenced to a year in a Slovak labor camp for saying "in America we throw away better food than they eat in Czechoslovakia."

The citizen who was visiting relatives in Topolciany, Sloviakia, was identified as Imrich Solar, 56, of New York city. It was said he was of Slovak origin.

The embassy said Solar was first arrested early in December in Topolciany, under the Czech coverall "law for the defense of the republic." He was sentenced to six weeks imprisonment and fined 2,000 crowns ($40).

But after completing his prison term, he was rearrested and lodged in a Slovak labor camp for a year.

The imprisonment of Solar reflected the growing "hate America" campaign which started recently in communist-controlled European countries.

The disclosure of the New Yorker's plight followed by three days the release of two young American Mormon missionaries from jail after they had been held for nearly a month on charges of entering a prohibited area.

GREEK PATRIARCH ESCAPES ASSASSIN

ISTANBUL, Turkey, Feb. 27—(AP) Reliable informants said tonight an attempt had been made on the life of Patriarch Athenagoras of the Greek Orthodox Church by a would-be razor wielding assassin.

The patriarch, who heads a church of 130,000,000, was unharmed. His attacker, identified as a 58-year-old Greek named Vassili Hadjigheorghiu, was arrested. No motive was disclosed for the attack, made as the tall, bearded patriarch left his church here yesterday.

Athenagoras, former archbishop of the western hemisphere, is a naturalized citizen of the United States. He has been outspoken in his admiration for President Truman.

Informants close to the Greek church gave this account:

His assailant approached the patriarch and struck at him with a stick to which was attached a sharp razor. The blow fell short and persons nearby seized him.

The Greek newspaper Apoyevmatini said the patriarch deprecated the incident and quoted him as saying: "Vassili must have wanted to comb my beard."

Finns Jail 80 Convicted In Red Riots

Helsinki, Finland, Feb. 27 (AP)—A Finnish court today sentenced 80 participants in August's Communist-inspired riots in the north lumber town of Kemi to prison terms up to sixteen months at hard labor.

Two workers were killed during the riots, inspired by Red elements to discredit the Government. The riots engulfed all Finland.

The Kemi District Court acquitted 30 defendants and exempted five youths from punishment. Four defendants, regarded as ringleaders of the riots received the heaviest sentences.

Chiang Thought Awaiting Li On Presidency

FEB 27 1950

Taipei, Formosa, Feb. 27 (AP)—Acting President Li Tsung-jen's decision on whether to resign was awaited today in Nationalist China.

A member of the Cabinet said Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek would not resume the presidency on March 1, as was reported previously. Chiang, he said, awaited Li's decision. Li is recuperating in the United States from a surgical operation.

Li would have to resign his acting presidency before Chiang, under the Chinese constitution, could resume the job he vacated in January, 1949.

New Premier Predicted

A change in Premier is anticipated if Chiang resumes the presidency. Premier Yen Hsi-shan has indicated he wishes to retire. Gen. Chen Cheng, Southeast China commander, has been suggested as his successor.

If Cheng becomes Premier it is considered likely the Southeast Asia Command will be abolished and a number of overlapping branches of the military as well as civil units will be cut down.

Abolition of the Southeast Command would give Gen. Sun Li-jen, Formosa's defense commander, a more powerful role. Sun was educated at Virginia Military Institute.

Chiang's Son To Move Up

Chiang's younger son, Chiang Wei-kuo, will take over command of Formosa's armored corps on March 1. The promotion coincides with his elevation from colonel to major general.

The arrest of Ma Kai-lien, a Nationalist major general, for criticizing the Government was revealed today. He is charged with criticizing the Government with malicious intent. Ma claims to have been a prisoner of war with Major Charles Boxer, who later became the husband of Emily Hahn, American writer.

Canton's Red Tax Boss Bawls Self Out As Bad Boy

Hong Kong, Feb. 27 (AP)—The boss of the Communist tax bureau in Canton publicly bawled himself out yesterday for being a bad boy.

In an article carried in the Canton *South China Daily*, Li Shih-chung said he had been guilty of "subjectiveness, lack of humility and overtaxing factories as compared with business firms in collection of income taxes for the second half of 1949." He added that he occasionally had been guilty of "individualism, which is extremely dangerous for a Communist party member."

He asked that the party punish him appropriately. Whether he was punished, the paper did not say.

This peculiar ritual, which the Communists call "self-criticism," has became widespread throughout Red China. Only part of it can be attributed to fear. The main factor seems to be a sort of religious mysticism.

INDONESIA DENIED DUTCH COMMANDO

Singapore Won't Permit Westerling's Extradition

FEB 27 1950

Singapore, Feb. 27 (AP)—A responsible official said tonight there will be no extradition of Capt. R. P. P. Westerling, former Dutch army commando officer who turned guerrilla chieftain in Indonesia.

The Indonesian Government today formally demanded the extradition of the 30-year-old Dutch national who was arrested here by British police Sunday on what his friends said was a mission to collect arms. Presumably he would face charges of leading a rebellion and possibly a death sentence if he were returned to Indonesia.

A Government official said no decision had been reached as to Westerling's fate. He was arrested on charges of entering the colony without a permit. He can be detained seven days; there are no provisions for extradition.

Did Harm To Holland

Dr. J. H. Van Maarseveen, minister for Dutch-Indonesian affairs, said at The Hague that the Netherlands Government welcomed the discharged Dutch army officer's arrest.

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"Westerling's action did more harm to the Netherlands than to Indonesia," Van Maarseveen said. He added that he regretted Westerling's actions had excited the admiration of some Dutch circles. It was a "sad story" which created a "danger to the development of good Dutch-Indonesian relations," he added.

Westerling's forces in a surprise raid last month captured for a day most of Bandoeng, capital of West Java.

A spokesman for the Indonesian Ministry of Defense said in Jakarta that he had proof Westerling was flown to Singapore aboard a Dutch navy plane. Sultan Hemangku Buwono, defense minister, was said to have confronted H. M. Hirschfeld, Netherlands High Commissioner, with the evidence. Colonel Simatupang, Indonesian chief of staff, discussed the implications with the Netherlands secretary general of war, Dr. Fockema Andrea.

Fund To Aid Immigrants

Jerusalem, Feb. 27 (AP)—The Jewish Agency Executive plans to spend $44,600,000 this year to help the settlement of new immigrants in Israel.

Arms Smuggled Over Border

HANOI, French Indo-China, Feb. 25 (Delayed).—There is said to be a fairly large volume of arms being smuggled into Indo-China across the Chinese border—at night and at lightly guarded points. But this traffic has been going on for a long time as part of the region's normal irregular trade in arms, opium and other contraband. French officers disagree among themselves as to whether the volume has increased since the Chinese Communists reached the border late last year.

The nearest thing there has been to Chinese military entry was the crossing of the border by a Communist captain and three or four soldiers. He was following retreating Nationalists and he asked the French for a certificate that he had gone as far as he could. The French officer did not give him a certificate but he did give him a photograph of himself, and he returned to China quietly.

The French say they have no air reconnaissance across or near the border—they do not want to provoke the Chinese Communists—but they say they have good ground intelligence. On the basis of this they report there is no significant preparation for a Chinese invasion. One senior officer with great responsibility for border defense says things will be quiet there for at least six months. The French offer various reasons for their conclusions—the Communists' domestic problems, their pressing need to liquidate the Nationalist remnants on the islands of Hainan and Formosa, their fear of international complications and their reluctance to embarrass the Viet Minh with the actual presence of Chinese troops, who are unpopular in Indo-China.

Perhaps the most disturbing process on the border now is the frequent withdrawal of Viet Minh guerrillas onto Chinese soil, where they can rest and keep supplies. This gives the French innumerable difficulties. I was shown one place near the frontier post of Chima, where a small Viet Minh fort had been recently destroyed at great effort. The occupants had then merely transferred their base across the border.

Unions Protest Sailings Under Alien Registry

FEB 27 1950

Tell Senate Group Action Adds to Unemployment

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27 (AP).—American maritime labor unions strongly protested to a Senate Commerce subcommittee today the policy of letting American-owned vessels sail under foreign registry.

They charged that such action swells unemployment, reduces United States tax collections and threatens national security by leaving the vessels open to seizure by enemy nations in event of war.

Joseph Curran, chairman of the C. I. O.'s Maritime Committee, declaring that 405 American ships have been transferred to foreign registry in the last four years, said:

"Along with the advantage of employing cheap labor, the American operator who transfers foreign also saves money on food costs. The subsistence standards of all nationalities are below those of the United States."

Herbert L. Daggett, president of the National Marine Engineers Beneficial Association, with headquarters here, said that while Panama is not a maritime nation it has assumed fourth place in the world on the basis of registered tonnage. He added:

"The basic reasons for the transfer of American vessels to foreign registry, particularly to Panama, is to evade the payment of taxes and to take advantage of lower operating costs."

Knowledge of Plan Denied

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27 (AP).—State Department and Economic Co-operation Administration officials said today they know nothing about any proposed move to turn over American Liberty ships to West Germany.

State Department officials point out that any such transfer would require special action by Congress under the ship sales act as amended last year.

American shipping interests would be almost certain to oppose transfer of American-built ships because it would deprive them of the revenue earned by transporting recovery goods to West Germany.

NEW DP MEASURE BACKED BY BENTON

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27 — (AP) Senator Benton (D-Conn) joined today in co-sponsoring a more liberal bill for admission of displaced persons.

The present law and a new bill approved by the Senate Judiciary committee, he said in a statement, fail to "represent the spirit of this nation to either our friends or our detractors."

The present law, Senator Benton said, "is insufficient, discriminatory and restrictive. It is ungenerous and unfair at a time when the national interest demands a liberal and sensitive policy, one that will convince the world that we are deeply interested in broader human understanding."

The bill proposed by the Judiciary committee, he said, "also fails to live up fully to our international obligations or democratic principles."

He said the committee bill would continue quotas unfavorable to Catholic refugees from Hungary, Romania, Poland and Yugoslavia. He said it also disqualifies the greater proportion of 18,000 Polish soldiers who resettled in Great Britain after fighting in Allied armies.

Senator Benton said much misinformation exists regarding the impact of the displaced persons program on domestic employment. He said that in Connecticut, for example, the 3,889 DPs settled there up to Jan. 1 represent only one-fifth of one per cent of the total population.

The substitute bill backed by Senator Benton, Senator Kilgore (D-WVa) and others, specifically bars discrimination because of race, religion or national origin. It also eliminates restrictive quotas and preferences. It provides a total of 393,744 admissions.

GOP To Stress Red Issue

FEB 27 1950

Tydings calls secret session to map plans for Senate probe of alleged spies in State Department. **[Page 3.]**

Washington, Feb. 27 (AP)—Republicans are planning to use the Communist issue for a three-way attack on the Truman Administration in the congressional campaign.

GOP speakers will have a lot to say about:

1. President Truman's "red herring" statement.
2. His refusal to let a Senate committee look at secret State Department loyalty files.
3. Secretary of State Acheson's comment that he will not turn his back on Alger Hiss.

"U.S. Should Know"

Senator Ferguson (R., Mich.) said he thinks these add up to "something the American people ought to know about."

Republicans jumped on Mr. Truman's "red herring" statements in the 1948 presidential campaign without much success.

Then Mr. Truman said the Communists-in-Government investigation conducted by the House Committee on Un-American Activities was just a "red herring" to keep the people's minds off more important things.

But the conviction of Hiss, former State Department official, on charges that he lied to the committee when he denied furnishing secret Government documents to a Communist courier, has strengthened Republican intentions to bring up the "red herring" issue again.

Acheson A Target

In addition, the GOP members think Acheson gave them an excellent campaign issue when he said that he wouldn't desert Hiss.

Senator Lucas, of Illinois, the Democratic leader, disclosed recently he had told Mr. Truman he will not defend Acheson's statement against attacks on the Senate floor.

The Republicans, however, have already made Acheson a prime target in political speeches all over the country.

The Republicans think they have more ammunition in the President's advance refusal to bare secret loyalty files to a five-man Senate Foreign Relations subcommittee.

House Unit Opens New Hiss Inquiry

Washington, Feb. 27 (AP)—The House Un-American Activities Committee took up the Chambers-Hiss case again today amid much secrecy.

A witness was questioned at length behind closed doors. Committee members refused to identify the witness, but said he probably would be questioned in public tomorrow.

Representative Velde (R., Ill.), a committee member, said the committee has begun investigating "various individuals, who were connected with Alger Hiss."

Hiss, former State Department official, has been convicted of perjury on his testimony that he did not turn over secret papers to Whittaker Chambers, confessed courier for a prewar Soviet spy ring.

Velde said the witness questioned today refused to answer most questions. He added that he thinks the committee soon will consider contempt citations for reluctant witnesses.

He took the position that witnesses may refuse to answer only questions which might tend to incriminate them. He said many witnesses had refused to answer such questions as whether they knew a certain party.

Tuning In on 'Voice' Allowed in Russia

'Hard Core of Listeners' Cited by State Dept.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27 (AP).—Contrary to popular belief, the State Department says, there is no law or regulation in Russia against listening to radio broadcasts from the United States.

That informaiton was given to the House Appropriations Committee during hearings on the 1951 State Department budget, out of which the Voice of America broadcasts are financed. The committee made public the transcript of the hearings today.

But the Russian government, through "jamming" of broadcasts emanating from beyond the Iron Curtain, tries to make it difficult for Russians to tune in on the "Voice," Foy D. Kohler, head of the international broadcasting division, told the committee.

Mr. Kohler estimated that there are about 4,000,0000 effective radio sets in Russia and "there is a good, hard core of listeners that is getting the Voice of America."

He said no when asked by committee members if the Russians or satellite nations have any laws or regulations against Russians listening to the American broadcasts.

IMPRESSIONS ON A-ENERGY CALLED MYTHS

Lilienthal Hopes To Dispel Americans' 'Mistaken Ideas'

FEB 27 1950

Atlantic City, N.J., Feb. 27 (AP)—David E. Lilienthal said tonight Americans have mistaken ideas about atomic energy.

Lilienthal, former chairman of the Atomic Energy Commission, said he hopes as a private citizen "to help dispel these false, these mischievous and dangerous myths."

He told 11,000 delegates to the American Association of School Administrators that misconceptions about atomic energy "can be tracked back, in part at least, to the ultra-dramatic way in which secrecy, during the war, blanketed this undertaking."

Shortly after the atom bombs were dropped on Hiroshima and Nagasaki, he said, there followed "the greatest verbal detonation in history, a mushroom-shaped cloud of words, 40,000 feet in altitude, purple in color."

Three Impressions

Lilienthal continued:

"From this the American people generally took away three impressions, and these, by and large, they still retain.

"First, that atomic energy is too technical and complicated for the average man to understand . . .

"Second, the whole subject of atomic energy is in its entirety a closely held military secret, so there is no way the average citizen can become acquainted with it . . .

"Third, that atomic energy is a military weapon and nothing else.

"All these impressions are erroneous . . .

"I hope I may be able to put the destructive side of these discoveries in their true perspective, by discussing the immediate and the longer range prospects for good from the atom that I deeply believe are within mankind's grasp."

Reuther Advises Teachers

The administrators' group is an organization composed of public school executives throughout the country and members of faculties at teachers' colleges.

Earlier Walter Reuther, president of the CIO-United Auto Workers, said in an interview teachers should join the AFL-American Federaton of Teachers.

"We get more pay for a sweeper in an automobile factory than many teachers get," he said. "I'm opposed to the CIO organizing teachers. That belongs to the AFL. We should not have two teacher unions."

Reuther told the convention that labor and management have a responsibility to the public that is above the interests of their special economic groups.

Hydrogen 2 Pioneer Hopes H-Bomb Fails

Columbus, Ohio, Feb. 27 (AP)—The man who discovered the hydrogen atom of weight 2 said today he hoped the hydrogen bomb "doesn't work."

Dr. Harold C. Urey, of Chicago, one of the world's leading nuclear physicists, was here to speak at Ohio State University.

He said no one would know the effectiveness of the hydrogen bomb until one actually is set off, and, he explained, no one knows if the bomb will work.

"I hope it doesn't work," he said. "But there is no way of controlling nature. Sometimes it is too co-operative."

"To hope the bomb doesn't work, however, is no way to solve the problem," Dr. Urey added. "We must know what can or can not be done or someone else will find out before us."

The physicist said there was "absolutely no chance" of an agreement with Russia on the atom and hydrogen bombs.

BOMBER ATTACKS 2 AMERICAN SHIPS

Vessels Bombarded by Nationalist Plane While in Red China Port

FEB 27 1950

NEW YORK, Feb. 27—(AP) Two American ships were attacked from the air today at the communist-held north China port of Tsingtao.

Officials in Washington said they assumed the attacking bomber was a Chinese nationalist plane and that the nationalists were attempting to extend their blockade of red-controlled ports.

U. S. Doesn't Recognize Blockade

The nationalists already have closed Shanghai to most foreign shipping. Their blockade is not recognized by the United States.

United States Lines here said its 8,000-ton freighter Pioneer Dale was bombed and strafed as it approached Tsingtao. A message from the captain said one of the 50 crew members was injured slightly.

In Washington, the State Department said the master of the 8,192-ton Isbrandtsen ship Flying Clipper reported his vessel was attacked while anchored in Tsingtao harbor.

Details about the Flying Clipper were not immediately available. Officials of the Isbrandtsen Company, whose ships previously have been shelled off Shanghai, could not be reached.

Tsingtao is the port at which the Isbrandtsen ship Flying Arrow put in last month after being shelled by a nationalist gunboat. Until now the only American ships attacked or detained have been those bound for Shanghai. The nationalists have mined the Yangtze River approach to Shanghai.

The State Department said today the Chinese nationalists have failed to reply to an American protest sent more than three weeks ago following an attack on the Flying Arrow.

The American note was sent February 3, and the text was published belatedly today after the other two American ships were attacked at Tsingtao.

The note said that the U. S. government now has information showing "conclusively" that the attack on the Flying Arrow took place on the high seas. It also declared the warship "resorted unnecessarily to armed force."

The note concluded by saying the U. S. holds the nationalist government "fully responsible" and expects to receive assurances there will be no repetition of "such lawless attacks" on American ships.

One Casualty Reported

An official of U. S. Lines said the master of the Pioneer Dale, James F. Knowlton, cabled from Tsingtao:

"Attacked by bomber, one bomb dropped six lengths astern this vessel while approaching breakwater. Ship badly strafed. One slight casualty. Now proceeding seawards awaiting orders."

U. S. Lines ordered the ship to Japan.

Officials said the five-year-old freighter was going into Tsingtao for general cargo. Its holds were said to be empty when it left Hong Kong.

Michael J. McDermott, State Department press officer, said the report of the attack on the Flying Clipper came by way of Tokyo.

Lattimore Calls Russian Role In China Result 'Insignificant'

FEB 27 1950

New York Feb. 27 (AP)—Owen Lattimore, once political adviser to Chiang Kai-shek and now director of the Page School of International Relations of the Johns Hopkins University, said today there is a new Asia, controlled neither by the Western powers nor Soviet Russia.

In an article entitled "Asia Reconquers Asia," Lattimore said Russia's role in the Communist conquest of China was "insignificant," and the strength of Soviet Russia in the Far East remains unknown.

The article was published in the *United Nations World*, a magazine having no connection with the United Nations.

Soviet Power "Card Unplayed"

"Whatever the Russian strength (in Asia), it remains behind the Russian frontier—undeployed, unexposed, a card unplayed," Lattimore said. At the same time he speculated, "Europe will never regain its old power over Asia."

"What is known," said Lattimore, "comes down simply to the fact that there has been so colossal an upheaval within China, in Chinese terms, without benefit of Russian intervention, that we can no longer analyze the China of today by use of concepts which were adequate for analyzing the China of the Boxer rebellion just half a century ago."

The change in China has been so great that it could not have been prevented by an American intervention costing some $3,000,000,000, Lattimore said.

"Ability To Collapse"

He called Asia's "chief phenomenon" the "moral and political bankruptcy of the National Government of China, whose 'ability' to collapse greatly exceeded the ability of the Communists to push it over."

Because of Japan's lack of raw materials, Lattimore said, Japan must either be supported indefinitely by an American dole or negotiate for such materials on terms acceptable to Asian suppliers.

For that reason, he said, "we have reached the line of diminishing returns in Japan. . . . The most stupid possible attitude toward the ordinary Japanese . . . is to assume that he will be a loyal instrument of American policy.

"A decent, self-respecting Japanese can make the best of Japan's position only by playing all ends against the middle. . . . He must maneuver to escape control of his country by either America or Russia."

"Evolution Of Democracy"

For greatest future security, Lattimore suggested the Western powers promote "issues which lead to the evolution of democracy in Asia by the peoples of Asia."

Lattimore insisted "the political loyalties and aspirations of the people in Asia cannot be mobilized against a Communist danger of the future unless they are first assured of emancipation of the inequities of the present."

The United States' approach, he said, should emphasize "not the subordination of peoples in Asia to the defense of American interests, but the linking together of the interests of Asia and America in such a manner that a truly common cause can be constructed."

Mistrial Denied In Coplon Case

New York, Feb. 27 (AP)—Judith Coplon and Valentin A. Gubitchev failed today in a new try to get their spy-conspiracy trial called off.

Mistrial motions by attorneys for both defendants were denied by Federal Judge Sylvester J. Ryan. He said Miss Coplon, in particular, was not acting in good faith but was attempting "to disrupt the orderly progress of her trial."

Miss Coplon, 28, former Justice Department analyst, and the 33-year-old Gubitchev, a Russian engineer, are being tried on charges of conspiring to pass United States defense secrets to the Soviet Union.

Eleven days ago, Miss Coplon dismissed her lawyer, Archibald Palmer. Judge Ryan appointed three attorneys to replace him. The three moved for a mistrial, contending they weren't given time to prepare the defense.

Ryan turned down this motion today. He likewise rejected a mistrial motion by Gubitchev's lawyer, Abraham I. Pomerantz.

Pomerantz said at one point that the judge appeared to have an "attitude of cynicism" toward the case. Ryan replied that he might rebuke the lawyer for such a remark, but would let it pass.

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NIGHT LEAD HUNGARIAN (160)

LONDON, FEB.27-(AP)-THE HUNGARIAN DEMAND THAT BRITAIN REDUCE ITS DIPLOMATIC STAFF IN BUDAPEST, AS A RESULT OF THE ROBERT VOGELER SPY TRIAL, WAS REJECTED TODAY.

THURSDAY REQUESTED THE UNITED STATES, AS A HUNGARIAN NOTE OF LAST WELL AS BRITAIN, TO THIN OUT DIPLOMATIC PERSONNEL, CHARGING THE TWO LEGATIONS WITH HIRING HUNGARIAN "ENEMIES" OF THE COMMUNIST-LED REGIME.

VICTION OF VOGELER, AMERICAN ASSISTANT VICE THE NOTE FOLLOWED THE CONVICTION OF VOGELER, AMERICAN ASSISTANT VICE PRESIDENT OF INTERNATIONAL TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY, AND HIS BRITISH ASSISTANT, EDGAR SANDERS, ON CHARGES OF SPYING AND SABOTAGE. SANDERS WAS SENTENCED TO 13 YEARS IN PRISON AND VOGELER TO 15 YEARS.

THE NOTE SAID EVIDENCE AT THE TRIAL SHOWED "THE PURPOSES SERVED BY THE MAINTENANCE OF SUCH DISPROPORTIONATELY LARGE STAFFS."

A BRITISH FOREIGN OFFICE SPOKESMAN SAID THE BRITISH MISSIN IN BUDAPEST HAS BEEN INSTRUCTED TO REPLY TO THE HUNGARIAN NOTE IN THESE CURT WORDS:

"HIS MAJESTY'S GOVERNMENT CANNOT ENTERTAIN ANY SUGGESTIONS OR REQUESTS BASED ON THESE PROCEEDINGS."

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AIBRITISH FOREIGN OFFICE SPOKESMANB

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A BRITISH STATEMENT OF FEB.21 DESCRIBED THE TRIAL AS "AN EXAMPLE OF THE SAME SINISTER TECHNIQUE OF INTERROGATION UNDER PRESSURE WITH THE RESULTS OF WHICH THE WORLD IS NOW FAMILIAR."

RB333PES

B73 (Q IN) (170)

LONDON, FEB. 27-(AP)-BRITAIN CURTLY REJECTED TODAY A HUNGARIAN DEMAND THAT THE BRITISH WEED OUT THEIR DIPLOMATIC STAFF IN BUDAPEST TO PREVENT SPYING.

THE HUNGARIAN REQUEST WAS MADE IN A NOTE DATED FEB. 23. IT SAID THE VOGELER-SANDERS ESPIONAGE TRIALS SHOWED "THE PURPOSES SERVED BY X X X SUCH DISPROPORTIONATELY LARGE STAFFS."

A FOREIGN OFFICE SPOKESMAN SAID THE BRITISH MISSION IN BUDAPEST HAS BEEN INSTRUCTED TO REPLY AS FOLLOWS:

"ON FEB. 21 HIS MAJESTY'S GOVERNMENT IN THE UNITED KINGDOM PUBLISHED A STATEMENT GIVING THEIR OPINION OF THE PROCEEDINGS OF WHICH MR.SANDERS WAS MADE A VICTIM.

"IN THE CIRCUMSTANCES HIS MAJESTY'S GOVERNMENT CANNOT ENTERTAIN ANY SUGGESTIONS OR REQUESTS BASED ON THESE PROCEEDINGS."

EDGAR SANDERS, A BRITISH SUBJECT AND AN OFFICIAL OF THE HUNGARIAN AFFILIATE OF INTERNATIONAL TELEPHONE COMPANY, WAS SENTENCED TO 13 YEARS IMPRISONMENT IN HUNGARY FOR ESPIONAGE. ROBERT A.VOGELER, AMERICAN OFFICIAL OF THE FIRM, GOT FIFTEEN YEARS.

BRITAIN'S STATEMENT OF FEB. 21 DESCRIBED THE PROCEEDINGS AGAINST SANDERS AND VOGELER AS "AN EXAMPLE OF THE SAME SINISTER TECHNIQUE OF INTERROGATION UNDER PRESSURE WITH THE RESULTS OF WHICH THE WORLD IS NOW FAMILIAR."

PARIS, FEB.27-(AP)-DESPITE VIETNAM OPPOSITION, FRANCE WILL ASK THE UNITED STATES TO GIVE FRENCH OFFICIALS CONTROL OVER ANY DOLLAR AID FOR INDOCHINA, FOREIGN OFFICE SOURCES SAID TODAY.

THE OBJECT, SAID THE INFORMANTS, "IS TO MAKE SURE THAT THE MAXIMUM RESULT" IS OBTAINED FROM SUCH AID.

THE INDOCHINESE WOULD RATHER ADMINISTER THE AID THEMSELVES, ADVICES FROM SAIGON SAID. THE FRENCH-SUPPORTED VIETNAM REGIME UNDER FORMER EMPEROR ~~BAO DAI HAS ASKED~~ DIRECT AID TOTALLING $146,000,000.

THE U.S. HAS SAID THAT DOLLAR AID WILL BE GIVEN THEM.

FRANCE WANTS TO USE THE MONEY TO AID IN THE FIGHT AGAINST THE MOSCOW-SPONSOREDREGME F HO CHI-MINH, W

FEB 27 1950

MOSCOWSPONSORED 43&8.3 91

MOSCOW-SPONSORED REGIME OF HO CHI-MINH,WHOSEMVWERRILLA FORCES HAVE BEEN BATTLING THE FRENCH FOR THE PAST THREE YEARS.

HO'S RADIO, HEARD IN SAIGON, SAID HIS FORCES WERE READY TO DROP GUERRILLA TACTICS FOR A FULL SCALE "WAR OF MOVEMENT" AGAINST THE FRENCH. BUT FRENCH SOURCES HERE SAID THAT WAS ANQFB90-&-,$-

DRUM

FRENCH. BUT FRENCH SOURCES HERE SAID THAT WAS AN OLD PROPAGANDA DRUMBEAT USED BY HO FOR THE PAST TWO YEARS AND THEY DOUBTED HE HAD SUFFICIENT ARMS TO WAGE FULL SCALE WAR.

RB7£

RB326PES

Paris

THE CLASH HERE BEGAN WHEN SOME 300 WORKERS MASSED AT THE ENTRANCE OF THE BARRACKS FOR WHAT THEY THOUGHT WOULD BE THE DEPARTURE OF A NEW CONTINGENT OF TROOPS FOR INDOCHINA. NO TROOPS APPEARED, BUT THE DEMONSTRATORS BEGAN SHOUTING AGAINST THE WARFARE IN INDOCHINA.

WORKERS FROM THE NEIGHBORHOOD SWELLED THEIR RANKS. WHEN POLICE APPEARED, MANY RESIDENTS THREW STONES OR OTHER OBJECTS FROM WINDOWS UPON THE POLICE BELOW.

VS604PES

A86

NAPLES, ITALY, FEB. 27-(AP)-FIVE HUNDRED ITALIAN TROOPS SAILED LAST NIGHT FOR SOMALILAND IN EAST AFRICA, FORMERLY ONE OF ITALY'S COLONIES AND NOW ASSIGNED TO HER FOR 10 YEARS AS A UNITED NATIONS TRUSTEESHIP.

ANOTHER CONTINGENT OF 800 WILL LEAVE FOR SOMALILAND WEDNESDAY.

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GENEVA, FEB. 27-(AP)-ISRAELI'S DELEGATE TO THE UNITED NATIONS SAID TODAY THE SQUABBLE IN THE TRUSTEESHIP COUNCIL OVER JERUSALEM'S FUTURE IS "SPOILING ANY GENERAL ATMOSPHERE FOR CONCILIATION" BETWEEN ISRAEL AND HER ARAB NEIGHBORS.

THE DELEGATE, AUBREY S. EBAN, TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE THAT THE CONFLICT OVER ESTABLISHING AN INTERNATIONAL REGIME FOR THE HOLY CITY, WHICH ISRAEL CLAIMS IS HER ANCIENT CAPITAL, IS BEING "EXPLOITED FOR POLITICAL PURPOSES BY ARAB STATES."

HE SAID ISRAEL WAS PREPARED "TO ENVISAGE A DECISION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY LAYING DOWN THE FORM IN WHICH THE HOLY PLACES WOULD COME UNDER UNITED NATIONS CONTROL AND SUPERVISION. WE ALSO ENVISAGE A UNITED NATIONS REPRESENTATIVE IN JERUSALEM TO SUPERVISE THIS CONTROL."

BUT, HE ADDED, THE HOLY PLACES -- SACRED TO THREE GREAT WORLD RELIGIONS--ARE IN AN AREA OF BUT ONE AND A HALF MILES SQUARE. THIS ISRAEL WILL CONTINUE TO REJECT ANY SCHEME FOR INTERNATIONALIZING THE WHOLE CITY AND SURROUNDING TERRITORY.

THE CURRENT SESSIONS OF THE TRUSTEESHIP COUNCIL HERE, TRYING TO IMPLEMENT THE ASSEMBLY'S INTERNATIONALIZATION DECISION OF LAST YEAR, DO HAVE THE MERIT, EBAN SAID, OF "INCREASING THE WELL-MERITED SKEPTICISM OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY RESOLUTION."

JR834AES

A17

STOCKHOLM, SWEDEN, FEB. 27-(AP)-VICE-ADM. HELGE STROMBACK, COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF OF THE ROYAL SWEDISH NAVY, SAID TODAY THE EXPANSION OF THE SOVIET BALTIC FLEET FAR EXCEEDS NORMAL DEFENSIVE REQUIREMENTS.

STROMBACK, IN A SPEECH, GAVE THESE FIGURES FOR NAVAL CRAFT OF THE EASTERN BLOC IN THE BALTIC: ONE BATTLESHIP, FIVE CRUISERS, THREE TORPEDO CRUISERS, ABOUT 15 BIG DESTROYERS, ABOUT 10 SMALL DESTROYERS, SOME 100 MOTOR TORPEDO BOATS, L ABOUT 100 SUBMARINES, ABOUT 200 MINE SWEEPERS, AND A NAVAL AIR FORCE OF 600 TO 800 PLANES.

HE SAID THAT TO THESE MAY BE ADDED A LARGE CONSTRUCTION PROGRAM, INCLUDING ALL CATEGORIES OF SHIPS.

K512PES

Stockholm--First Add ADMIRAL ( ), x x x of ships.

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[redacted] Stromback said he believes Norway would be "probably more coveted by the Eastern than by the Western bloc" in a future war.

He added that "any occupation by the Eastern bloc of Norway will probably have to be carried out across Swedish territory."

The admiral described Denmark as "the coveted lock of the Baltic."

[redacted]

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However, he pointed out, Sweden "on the strength of her position commands the passage through one-half of the sound (Oeresund, the narrow straits between Denmark and Sweden). He continued:

"Our geographical position offers us certain advantages which, if properly used, make us a hard beat, even for a great power.

"Because the aims of an attack is the swift occupation of the nordic countries in order to prevent support and counterattacks from the West, the operations against Sweden may start as march-through operations, followed by mopping up operations, complete occupation, purges and extinction."

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apra. svennsons 2nd 1940. rch 510p.

berlin, feb. 27 - (ap) - berlin's protestant bishop, dr. otto dibelius said today "no christian can accept a world outlook which does not recognize god as the link between men."

he told an all-berlin press luncheon that germans of his faith are "100 percent against the world outlook of dialectical

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materialism."

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without mentioning the east german communist movement, bishop dibelius restated the evangelical church's position in keeping aloof from politics in the russian zone.

he said, however, the church is constantly intervening on behalf of "ju dreds of thousands of german war prisoners in russia, yugoslavia and other lands and also in france."

str ssing the church's concern for their fate, he said "thousands are still held in internment camps (in east germany), although two of the camps have been closed.

dr. dibelius said the church in east germany "could never accept a school curriculum for children which was 100 percent against christian teachings." he indicated ~~however~~, that religious education in the russian zone was experiencing great difficulties at present.

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"a pastor has a hard time finding an academic opening for his children, whom he wants to have the same education as he had,"

the bishop said. "our theological faculties do not compare with those in western germany. people are constantly going to the west but there are no calls bringing people east from the west."

at the same time, dr. dibelius disagreed with assertions that there is "a victimization of christians in the east."

the pre-censorship of sermons, which the soviet authorities imposed at the beginning of their occupation, has not been ~~maintained and reintroduced in~~ recent years, he said.

bishop dibelius said the evangelical church"recognizes no difference between christians of the east and west (zones)," adding "we have nothing to do with political judgments."

as evidence of the all-german character of the church, he noted that the forthcoming general synod will be held in east berlin

in april. the presiding officer of the synod will be the west german republic's interior minister, gustav heinemann.

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BERLIN, FEB. 27-(AP)-AN AMERICAN SPECIALIST ON RUSSIA WAS APPOINTED TODAY DIRECTOR OF THE U.S. HIGH COMMISSION IN BERLIN. HE IS EDWARD PAGE, JR., 44, OF ARDMORE, PENN., FORMER FIRST SECRETARY OF THE U.S. EMBASSY IN MOSCOW AND A MEMBER OF THE AMERICAN DELEGATION TO THE YALTA AND POTSDAM CONFERENCES.

MORE RECENTLY HE HAS BEEN COUNCILLOR OF THE AMERICAN EMBASSY IN ROME. THE COMMISSION ALSO ANNOUNCED THE APPOINTMENT OF HOWARD P. JONES, OF NYACK, N.Y., AS DEPUTY DIRECTOR FOR BERLIN. JONES ALSO IS ECONOMIC COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION (ECA) CHIEF IN BERLIN.

JS926AES

B52 (SEG)

BERLIN, FZ. 27-(AP)-THE SOCIALIST NEWSPAPER SOZIAL DEMOKRAT HAS ACCUSED THE EAST GERMAN COMMUNISTS OF PRINTING COUNTERFEIT GERMAN WEST MARKS.

THE BRITISH-LICENSED PAPER SAID YESTERDAY THE COUNTERFEIT MONEY IS INTENDED FOR SOVIET ZONE PURCHASES OF WESTERN COMMODITIES.

JR759AES

FEB 27 1950

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FRANKFURT, GERMANY, FEB 27-(AP)-AMERICAN FLIERS IN GERMANY WHO FLEW FOOD AND COAL TO BERLIN IN THE AIRLIFT ARE TRAINING NOW TO FLY MEN AND VEHICLES ANYWHERE IN THE WORLD.

IN THE LAST TWO WEEKS, WITH CLEARING SKIES AND WINTER ENDING, BIG AMERICAN TRANSPORT PLANES HAVE BEEN SEEN FLYING OVER GERMAN CITIES IN FORMATION.

THE U.S. AIR FORCE GAVE AN EXPLANATION TODAY. IT SAID THAT FLIERS, WHOSE AIRLIFT JOBS DID NOT REALLY END UNTIL OCTOBER LAST YEAR, WERE TRAINING AGAIN TO FLY IN FORMATION.

THE AIRMEN, USING 70 FOUR-ENGINED C-54 AND C-82 CARRIER PLANES, ARE IN TRAINING WITH THE U.S. ARMY IN LOADING AND UNLOADING SOLDIERS AND ARMY VEHICLES.

THE TRAINING IS IN PREPARATION FOR A HUGE SPRING MANEUVER THE AIR FORCE WILL HOLD IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE ARMY. THE MANEUVER IS SCHEDULED FOR MARCH AND WILL BE UNDER THE OVERALL COMMAND OF LIEUT.GEN. JOHN K.CANNON, AIR FORCE COMMANDER IN EUROPE.

ME10AES

WITH PARIS KARPE (260)

BY G.K.HODENFIELD

VIENNA, AUSTRIA, FEB 27-(AP)-U.S. ARMY AUTHORITIES SAID TODAY A REPORT BY AN AMERICAN STUDENT SUPPORTED THE ACCIDENT THEORY IN THE MYSTERIOUS DEATH OF U.S. NAVY CAPT. EUGENE KARPE.

KARPE, NAVAL ATTACHE AT BUCHAREST, ROMANIA, PLUNGED TO HIS DEATH FROM A TRAIN IN A SALZBURG, AUSTRIA, TUNNEL LAST THURSDAY. HE WAS A CLOSE FRIEND OF ROBERT A.VOGELER, AMERICAN BUSINESSMAN SENT TO PRISON BY HUNGARY ON SPY CHARGES.

THE ARMY AUTHORITIES SAID THE STUDENT, MILBURD (CQ, U.S.ARMY VERSION) RUSSEL MCKICHAN OF FOREST GROVE, ORE., MAY HAVE BEEN THE LAST PERSON TO SEE THE NAVY CAPTAIN ALIVE. MCKICHAN IS REPORTED HERE TO HAVE TOLD FRENCH POLICE KARPE VISITED HIM IN HIS COMPARTMENT ABOARD THE ARLBERG EXPRESS AND, AFTER LUNCH IN THE DINER, MADE HIS WAY BACK TO HIS OWN COMPARTMENT AT THE REAR OF THE TRAIN.

TO REACH THE COMPARTMENT KARPE WOULD HAVE HAD TO PASS THROUGH A FIRST AND A SECOND CLASS CARRIAGE, A FRENCH COACH AND A SLEEPING CAR.

AUSTRAIN RAILWAY OFFICIALS SAID THE DOORS ON SEVERAL OF THESE CARRIAGES OPENED OUTWARD. SOME RAILWAY EMPLOYES HAD BEEN QUOTED AS SAYING KARPE'S DEATH COULD NOT HAVE BEEN ACCIDENTAL BECAUSE THE DOORS ON HIS CARRIAGE OPENED INWARD.

AUSTRIAN NEWSPAPERS, WITH MORE ATTENTION TO SENSATION THAN TO FACTS, HEAVILY PLAYED ON THE POSSIBILITY OF FOUL PLAY. THE RIGHT WING PRESS HINTED BROADLY THAT SOVIET AGENTS WERE RESPONSIBLE. THE COMMUNIST PRESS SAID KARPE KNEW TOO MUCH ABOUT VOGELER AND WAS DONE IN BY AMERICAN AGENTS.

THE CONSERVATIVE MONTAG MORGEN TOOK ANOTHER TACK, SAYING: "IT IS NOW BELIEVED CAPT. KARPE WAS KIDNAPED AND IN SOME MYSTERIOUS MANNER ANOTHER MAN WAS PUSHED OFF THE TRAIN."

THE SOCIALIST NEWSPAPER, WELT AM MONTAG, SAID AMERICAN AGENTS, IN THE PRESENCE OF ITS REPORTER, DISCOVERED A SMALL RED SPOT IN KARPE'S COMPARTMENT AND WERE HAVING IT ANALYZED. HOWEVER, BOBODY FAMILIAR WITH U.S. INVESTIGATION METHODS HERE BELIEVED AN AUSTRIAN REPORTER WOULD BE ALLOWED WITHIN A MILE OF THE INVESTIGATORS.

A ROMANIAN DISPLACED PERSON HELD SINCE LAST THURSDAY IN THE INVESTIGATION WAS RELEASED BY U.S. ARMY AGENTS TODAY.

"THERE HAS NEVER BEEN MUCH OF A CASE AGAINST HIM, SINCE HE WAS NOT EVEN ON THE ARLBERG EXPRESS FROM WHICH KARPE PLUNGED TO HIS DEATH," AN ARMY SOURCE SAID. "HE WAS PICKED UP ONLY ON THE BASIS OF HIS PAST RECORD. HE WOULD HAVE BEEN RELEASED SOONER BUT HIS ALIBI HAD SEVERAL CONFLICTING DETAILS."

THE ARMY HAS ASKED ALL WHO WERE PASSENGERS ON THE EXPRESS AT THE TIME OF KARPE'S DEATH TO REPORT TO AUSTRIAN POLICE OR U.S. ARMY INVESTIGATORS.

BJ116PES

prague, czechoslovakia, feb. 27-(ap)-the u.s. embassy announced today that a naturalized american citizen has been sent to a forced labor camp on charges of making insulting remarks about czechoslovakia's communist government.

FEB 27 1950

30.24- 9223

the embassy identified the man as imrich solar, ~~xx~~ 56, of 714 trinity ave., new york, and said he had been visiting relatives here. ~~xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx~~ The embassy gave this account:

FEB 27 1950

solar was arrested early in december at topolciany, slovakia, for alleged violation of the catch-all "law for the defense of the republic." he was convicted, sentenced to six weeks in jail and fined 2,000 crowns ($40). after finishing his sentence, he was rearrested and sent to the labor camp.

the original arrest was made, it was learned, because solar told a group that "in america we throw away better food than they eat in czechoslovakia."

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mounting pressure apparently is being brought to bear upon ~~xxxx~~ slovaks who have any connections with americans. late last month more than 10 slovaks were seized by police while leaving the library of the u.s. information service at bratislava where they had seen a motion picture. ~~xx~~ they were taken to the town hall, questioned and then released, informants said.

about 150 had attended the film. the informants said about 20 police started grabbing the slovaks as they came out and began questioning them at once. ~~xxx~~ two weeks later, when thenext u.s.i.s. film was shown, only about 50 slovaks showed up for it.

police are patrolling the area of the u.s.i.s. in bratislavia in large numbers, frightening off would-be visitors, the informants added. similar pressure has been brought to bear in prague.

(no pickup)

wr ~~xxxxxx~~ fifth 1700apr 1212p

FEB 27 1950

A84
EDITORS:
(NY) PRAGUE--NIGHT LEAD CZECH (A15 INSERT AFTER 2ND GRAF
BEGINNING "THE CITIZEN" AND ENDING "SLOVAK ORIGIN."
(IN NEW YORK, NO ONE BY THE NAME OF SOLAR LIVES AT THE TRINITY
AVENUE ADDRESS.)
THE EMBASSY X X X 3RD GRAF.
VS938PES

A128 (NYC OUT)

(NY) PRAGUE--NIGHT LEAD CZECH (A15) SUB FOR THIRD GRAF (WHICH INSERTED) STARTING "(IN NEW YORK," AND ENDING "ADDRESS.)"

MRS.GAZELLA SOLAR, IMRICH'S WIFE, WHO LIVES IN THE BRONX WITH THEIR SON, HENRY, 19, SAID TODAY HER HUSBAND LEFT HOME IN SEPTEMBER, 1947, TO VISIT RELATIVES IN BRATISLAVA AND HAD NOT BEEN HEARD FROM SINCE.

MRS.SOLAR APPEARED UNDISMAYED BY THE ABSENCE OF HER HUSBAND AND EXPLAINED THAT HE HAD BEEN IN THE HABIT OF MAKING PROLONGED TRIPS EVER SINCE THEY CAME TO THIS COUNTRY 30 YEARS AGO.

ON FEB. 2, SHE SAID, THE FAMILY RECEIVED A LETTER FROM SOLAR'S BROTHER IN CZECHOSLOVAKIA INDICATING TROUBLE.

MRS.SOLAR SAID HER HUSBAND WAS EMPLOYED AS A DISHWASHER AND THAT SHE WORKED AS A CLEANING WOMAN.

THE EMBASSY, ETC., FOURTH GRAF.

FEB 27 1950

THE AP.

VS1228AES

C O R R E C T I O N

(NY(PRAGUE--NIGHT LEAD CZECH (A15) IN SECOND GRAF "THE CITIZEN" AND ENDING "SLOVAK ORIGIN," MAKE ADDRESS 764 TRINITY AVENUE (NOT 714).

THE A.P.

JM1224AES

A127

BELGRADE, YUGOSLAVIA, FEB. 27-(AP)-PREMIER MARSHAL TITO SAID LAST NIGHT YUGOSLAVIA WILL FORGE AHEAD DESPITE "OPPOSITION" FROM RUSSIAN-LED EASTERN EUROPE.

THE YUGOSLAV PREMIER TOLD 1,000 DELEGATES ATTENDING A CONFERENCE OF THE PEOPLE'S FRONT OF THE YUGOSLAV REPUBLIC OF SERBIA THAT HIS REGIME WILL OVERCOME ALL ITS PROBLEMS AT HOME AND WILL GO FORWARD IN THE JOB OF FULFILLING ITS FIVE-YEAR PLAN.

TITO CALLED ON HIS PEOPLE TO "RELY UPON OUR OWN STRENGTH" WITHOUT AWAITING "ANY PARTICULAR HELP FROM ANYBODY."

APPARENTLY HE REFERRED TO THE COMPLAINT HE MADE LAST WEEK ON THE FAILURE THIS FAR OF THE WEST TO GRANT $36,000,000 (M) IN LOANS WHICH, HE SAID, WERE PROMISED TO YUGOSLAVIA BY THE INTERNATIONAL BANK, INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND, AND THE U.S. EXPORT-IMPORT BANK.

"WE GO OUR OWN WAY," TITO SAID, "YES, OUR SHIP IS ON THE STORMY SEAS, BUT WE HAVE A COURAGEOUS COURSE, AND WE ARE GOING TO ARRIVE WHERE WE STEER: WE ARE GOING TO BUILD UP SOCIALISM AND FULFILL OUR FIVE-YEAR PLAN."

DISCUSSING THE FORTHCOMING ELECTION NEXT MONTH, TITO MADE IT CLEAR THAT OPPOSITION TO THE "PEOPLE'S FRONT" GOVERNMENT CANNOT BE EXPECTED.

"THEIR HOUR IS PAST," HE SAID.

THE COMMUNIST-DOMINATED NATIONAL (PEOPLE'S) FRONT GOVERNS YUGOSLAVIA. IT HAS UNITS IN THE VARIOUS FEDERAL REPUBLICS.

JR739AES

FEB 27 1950

(ZETA)

BELGRADE, YUGOSLAVIA, FEB. 27-(AP)-FOREIGN MINISTER EDVARD KARDEL OF YUGOSLAVIA HAS ACCUSED ITALY OF TRYING TO ABSORB TRIESTE, THE STRATEGIC PORT ON THE ADRIATIC HAS BEEN PART OF AN INTERNATIONAL FREE TERRITORY SINCE 1946.

(THE ACCUSATION WOULD SEEM TO INDICATE ITALY AND YUGOSLAVIA STILL ARE FAR FROM AGREEMENT ON THAT SORE SPOT OF SOUTHERN EUROPE.)

KARDELJ MADE THE CHARGE IN A SPEECH TO 25,000 PERSONS AT MARIBOR, NORTHERN SLOVENIA, YESTERDAY. PUBLICATION OF THE SPEECH WAS DELAYED UNTIL TODAY.

THE FOREIGN MINISTER SAID THE ITALIANS HAVE AN ORGANIZED CAMPAIGN WHICH AIMS AT ABSORBING THE PORT.

"ALL THE SHOUTING (ON THE PART OF ITALIANS) ABOUT THE SO-CALLED PERSECUTION OF ITALIAN PEOPLE IN ZONE B (THE YUGOSLAV-OCCUPIED ZONE OF THE FREE TERRITORY) IS A GROSS SLANDER WHICH IS DESIGNED TO COVER THE FACT THAT ITALIAN CHAUVINISTS ARE TRYING TO GRAFT SLOVENE AND CROATIAN TERRITORY," KARDELJ SAID.

THE FOREIGN MINISTERS OF THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN, RUSSIA AND FRANCE SET UP THE FREE TERRITORY IN 1946, DIVIDING IT INTO TWO ZONES, ONE TEMPORARILY UNDER AMERICAN-BRITISH CONTROL, THE OTHER UNDER YUGOSLAV JURISDICTION. SINCE THEN THE U.S. HAS ADVOCATED RETURN OF TRIESTE TO ITALY.

KARDELJ ALSO SAID IN THE SPEECH YUGOSLAVIA NEVER WOULD ABANDON HER INDEPENDENCE, YIELD TO "FOREIGN EXPLOITATION," DEPART FROM HER SOCIALISTIC PROGRAM OR "OPEN THE DOOR TO FOREIGN CAPITALISM."

VS944PES

KX

BELGRADE, YUGOSLAVIA, FEB. 27-(AP)-FRED C.WHITE, DIRECTOR OF THE AMERICAN JOINT DISTRIBUTION COMMITTEE (AJDC) REPORTED TODAY HE HAS BROUGHT HIS MISSION IN YUGOSLAVIA TO A SUCCESSFUL CLOSE.

WHITE, OF 460 HAMEL ROW, LOS ANGELES, CALIF., WILL LEAVE FOR ISRAEL SATURDAY. HE HAS BEEN HERE NEARLY FOUR YEARS, DURING WHICH THE AJDC, A JEWISH AGENCY FOR REHABILITATION WORK, SPENT ABOUT $3,500,000 IN RELIEF.

WHITE WAS DECORATED WITH "THE ORDER OF THE BANNER OF YUGOSLAVIA, THIRD CLASS," YESTERDAY. TODAY HE WAS RECEIVED BY PREMIER MARSHAL TITO IN AN INTERVIEW DURING WHICH THEY EXCHANGED APPRECIATION FOR EACH OTHER'S COOPERATION.

THE AJDC IS CLOSING UP ITS ACTIVITIES HERE NEXT WEEK WITH THE DEPARTURE OF ABOUT 500 JEWS FOR ISRAEL. WHITE TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE THERE WERE 80,000 JEWS IN YUGOSLAVIA BEFORE WORLD WAR II. HE SAID ABOUT 12,000 SURVIVED GERMAN MASS KILLINGS AND CONCENTRATION CAMPS; ABOUT 7,000 HAVE BEEN SENT TO ISRAEL SINCE THE END OF THE WAR.

RW515PES

A78

FEB 27 1950

HELSINKI, FINLAND, FEB.27-(AP)-A FINNISH COURT TODAY SENTENCED 80 PARTICIPANTS IN AUGUST'S COMMUNIST-INSPIRED RIOTS IN THE NORTH LUMBER TOWN OF KEMI TO PRISON TERMS UP TO 16 MONTHS AT HARD LABOR.

TWO WORKERS WERE KILLED DURING THE RIOTS, INSPIRED BY RED ELEMENTS

TO DISCREDIT THE GOVERNMENT. THE RIOTS ENGULFED ALL FINLAND.

THE KEMI DISTRICT COURT ACQUITTED 30 DEFENDANTS AND EXEMPTED FIVE YOUTHS FROM PUNISHMENT. FOUR DEFENDANTS, REGARDED AS RINGLEADERS OF THE RIOTS RECEIVED THE HEAVIEST SENTENCES.

MK85AES

MOSCOW, FEB.27-(AP)-RUSSIA HAS UNDERLINED HER GROWING STATURE AS A SEA POWER BY CREATING A SEPARATE NAVY MINISTRY.

THE NEW BODY, FREE FROM CONTROL BY THE ARMED FORCES MINISTRY, WAS SET UP IN A DECREE ISSUED SATURDAY NIGHT BY THE PRESIDIUM OF THE SUPREME SOVIET. ADM. IVAN STEPANOVICH YUMASHEV WAS NAMED TO HEAD IT. YUMASHEV FORMERLY WAS DEPUTY MINISTER OF THE ARMED FORCES AND COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF OF THE SOVIET FLEET.

EXPERTS BELIEVE THE NAVY WAS REWARDED FOR SUCCESSFUL COMPLETION OF THE TASKS ASSIGNED IT UNDER THE 1946-1950 FIVE YEAR PLAN. IN 1946 IT WAS ASSIGNED THE TASK OF CREATING BY 1950 A NEW SEA ROUTE ACROSS THE ARCTIC OCEAN FROM EUROPEAN RUSSIA TO THE PACIFIC.

INFORMED OBSERVERS BELIEVE RUSSIA HAS MADE GREAT STRIDES IN HER DRIVE TO MATCH HER LAND STRENGTH WITH SEA POWER.

SEPARATION OF THE SOVIET ARMY AND NAVY FOLLOWS THEIR UNIFICATION BY JUST FOUR YEARS. THE TWO BRANCHES WERE UNIFIED BY A DECREE OF THE PRESIDIUM ON FEB. 26, 1946, INTO THE COMMISSARIAT OF THE ARMED FORCES WHICH ALSO TOOK OVER THE AIRFORCE.

--DASH--

FORMATION OF THE NEW MINISTRY COMES TWO MONTHS AFTER THE DISCLOSURE BY THE AUTHORITIATIVE BRITISH PUBLICATION JANE'S FIGHTING SHIPS (CAPS) THAT RUSSIA WAS BUILDING UP HER NAVAL STRENGTH IN A PROGRAM CALLING FOR CONSTRUCTION OF AT LEAST THREE MODERN BATTLESHIPS AND UP TO 1,000 SUBMARINES.

SJ8AES FEB 27 1950

B41

KX FOR FX APW

MOSCOW, FEB.27-(AP)-COMMUNIST LEADER MAO TZE TUNG AND HIS PARTY HAVE CROSSED THE SOVIET FRONTIER INTO CHINA AFTER THEIR LONG DISCUSSIONS WITH RUSSIAN OFFICIALS.

BEFORE RETURNING TO CHINA LAST NIGHT THE PARTY SENT MESSAGES OF FRIENDSHIP AND THANKS TO PRIME MINISTER STALIN AND FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI Y. VISHINSKY.

MK654AES

LAURENCO MARQUES, MOZAMBIQUE, FEB. 26-(AP)-U.S. DIPLOMATS FROM 11 COUNTRIES IN AFRICA OPENED A FIVE-DAY REGIONAL CONFERENCE HERE TODAY WHICH AROUSED WIDE INTEREST IN THE CONTINENT'S CAPITALS.

THE U.S.STATE DEPARTMENT SAID THE CONFERENCE HERE IN PORTUGUESE EAST AFRICA IS ONLY ONE OF A SERIES OF SIMILAR REGIONAL CONFERENCES HELD IN OTHER PARTS OF THE WORLD. HOWEVER, IT IS THE FIRST TIME IN THE HISTORY OF AFRICA THAT A WORLD POWER WITH NO COLONIAL TIES IN THE CONTINENT HAS CALLED SUCH A MEETING.

THE CONFERENCE WAS GENERALLY BELIEVED TO INDICATE A GROWING REALIZATION BY THE STATE DEPARTMENT OF AFRICA'S FUTURE IMPORTANCE.

GEORGE MCGHEE, ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE, IS CHAIRMAN OF THE GATHERING. TOPICS MAY VARY FROM URANIUM DEPOSITS IN THE BELGIAN CONGO TO THE POSSIBILITY OF TECHNICAL AND FINANCIAL AID FOR UNDERDEVELOPED AREAS. A TREND TOWARD NATIONALISM IS EVIDENT IN AFRICA. MOSCOW-TRAINED COMMUNIST ORGANIZERS ARE BELIEVED TO BE BUSY, THOUGH NOT IN LARGE NUMBERS, IN AN EFFORT TO TURN SUCH MOVEMENTS TO THEIR ACCOUNT.

K551PES

WITH NEW YORK SHIPS

TAIPEI,FORMOSA,TUESDAY,FEB.28-(AP)-NATIONALIST CHINA'S AIR FORCE HEADQUARTERS SAID TODAY ITS PLANES RAIDED THE TSINGTAO AREA YESTERDAY BUT HAD NOT REPORTED ANY ATTACK ON TWO AMERICAN SHIPS.

HEADQUARTERS ISSUED THIS STATEMENT, HOWEVER, IN RESPONSE TO FOREIGN REPORTS THAT THE PIONEER DALE AND FLYING CLIPPER WERE ATTACKED NEAR TSINGTAO:

"NATIONALISTS ARE DETERMINED TO CARRY OUT THE GOVERNMENT'S PORT CLOSURE POLICY AND THEREFORE ANY AND EVERY SHIP WHICH STEAMS INTO A CLOSED AREA IS LIABLE TO AIR ATTACK."

THE NATIONALISTS USED THE TERM "PORT CLOSURE" INSTEAD OF "BLOCKADE." THEY MAINTAIN THAT TO USE BLOCKADE WOULD IMPLY THAT THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS HAD THE STATUS OF BELLIGERENTS.

HEADQUARTERS SAID IT HAD NOT RECEIVED ANY ACCOUNT FROM ITS OWN SOURCES OF AN ATTACK ON THE AMERICAN SHIPS. NATIONALIST PLANES STRUCK TSINGTAO'S HARBOR AND WATERFRONT AREA AND THE PAIWOAJBN STATION, THE ANNOUNCEMENT SAID.

IT ADDED DETAILS WOULD BE ANNOUNCED WHEN RECEIVED. FEB 27 1950

CK 949p

TOKYO,TUESDAY, FEB. 28-(AP)-JAPANESE SAID TODAY AN AMERICAN B-26 BOMBER, MISSING SINCE FEB. 14 WITH A CREW OF THREE, HAD CRASHED INTO A MOUNTAIN PEAK. THEY SAIDTHREE BODIES HAD BEEN REMOVED TO A SHRINE NEARBY.

FAR EAST AIR FORCE OFFICIALS SAID A FIVE MAN TEAM HAD BEEN SENT TO THE SCENE AT THE SUMMIT OF MOUNT ONJI, A 4,045 FOOT PEAK ON SHIKOKU ISLAND.

THE PLANE CARRIED CAPT. RICHARD F. PRICE OF MORROW, O.; STAFF SGT. JAMES C. CACILE OF HADDON HEIGHTS, N. J., AND STAFF SGT. ROYAL R. NEWMAN OF CHESTER, W. VA. THEY WERE ON A FLIGHT FROM YOKOTA AIR BASE NEAR TOKYO TO ITAZUKE AIR BASE ON KYUSHU.

FJ1138PCS

TOKYO,FEB.27-(AP)-BODIES OF A U.S. ARMY SERGEANT AND A JAPANESE GIRL WERE FOUND THURSDAY IN A CANAL NEAR OTSU, 30 MILES NORTHEAST OF HERE ON LAKE BIWA, ARMY HEADQUARTERS ANNOUNCED TODAY.

THE SOLDIER WAS MASTER SGT.SAMUEL H.BEATY, 30, WHOSE MOTHER IS MRS. AMELIA SINDELAR OF 2535 ORCHARD ST., CHICAGO. HIS COMPANION WAS TOKI YAMASHITA, 22, OF KYOTO. INVESTIGATORS SAID THE BODIES SHOWED NO MARKS OF VIOLENCE AND DROWNING APPARENTLY WAS THE CAUSE OF DEATH.

FEB 27 1950 VR310ACS

PMS BUDGET (360)
WESTERLING
SINGAPORE, FEB. 27-(AP)-CAPT. R.P.P. (TURK) WESTERLING, INDONESIA'S CHIEF REBEL LEADER WHO RECENTLY BOASTED THAT WITH ENOUGH ARMS HE COULD TAKE THE CAPITAL CITY OF JAKARTA, WAS ARRESTED WITHOUT A STRUGGLE HERE YESTERDAY BY BRITISH POLICE.
UNITED STATES OF INDONESIA OFFICIALS IMMEDIATELY DEMANDED THE 30-YEAR-OLD FORMER DUTCY ARMY COMMANDO'S EXTRADITION ON CHARGES OF LEADING A GUERRILLA REVOLT. IF RETURNED, INFORMED SOURCES SAID HE WILL FACE THE DEATH PENALTY.
ONE OF WESTERLING'S FRIENDS SAID HE CAME HERE TO GET ARMS FOR HIS REBEL MOVEMENT. PRESUMABLY HE HOPED TO CONTACT SMUGGLERS AND GUN RUNNERS.
WESTERLING, WHOSE FORCE OF NATIVE DESERTERS FROM THE DUTCY ARMY SEIZED MOST OF WEST JAVA'S CAPITAL, BANDOENG, ON JAN. 23, WAS ARRESTED ON CHARGES OF ENTERING THIS COLONY WITHOUT A PERMIT. THE EMERGENCY REGULATION PERMITS HIS DETENTION FOR ONLY SEVEN DAYS.
DURING THAT TIME IMMIGRATION AUTHORITIES MUST DECIDE WHETHER TO DEPORT WESTERLING OR GRANT HIM AN ENTRY PERMIT.
WESTERLING WAS SAID TO HAVE SLIPPED ASHORE FIVE DAYS AGO FROM A PLANE WHICH LANDED HIM NEAR THE COAST AND PUT HIM ABOARD A RUBBER BOAT.
A FRIEND, SAYING WESTERLING WAS SEEKING ARMS AND AMMUNITION QUOTED HIM AS DECLARING: "I CAN TAKE JAKARTA LIKE I TOOK BANDOENG, BUT I WANT MORE ARMS. I HAVE GOT A BIG JOB TO DO."
PRESS REPORTS FROM JAKARTA, CAPITAL OF THE U.S.I., LAST WEEK SAID WESTERLING HAD BEEN SPIRITED OUT OF THE COUNTRY ABOARD A DUTCH PLANE. THE REPORTS SAID HIS WIFE AND CHILD WERE FLOWN OUT TWO DAYS LATER. MRS. WESTERLING IS REPORTED TO BE SOMEWHERE IN SINGAPORE NOW.
SINGAPORE CRIMINAL DEPARTMENT OFFICERS SAID THEY HAD BEEN SHADOWING WESTERLING FOR HOURS BEFORE THEY ARRESTED HIM. FINALLY, THEY SAW HIM EMERGING FROM AN AUTOMOBILE ON RIVER VALLEY ROAD. THE OFFICERS ASKED HIM FOR HIS IDENTITY CARD. WHEN HE WAS UNABLE TO PRODUCE ONE, HE WAS TAKEN TO JAIL.

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A20
WESTERLING'S ARREST PRESENTS THE INDONESIAN GOVERNMENT WITH A THORNY PROBLEM. THE INDONESIAN PRESS HAS ACCUSED THE NEW REGIME OF HANDLING WESTERLING TIMIDLY. PRESIDENT SOEKARNO HIMSELF ADMITTED IN PARLIAMENT THAT THE GOVERNMENT HAD ACTED IN A "CONFUSED" MANNER.
GOVERNMENT CAUTION OVER HOW TO TREAT THE REBEL LEADER IS ATTRIBUTED TO THE FACT THAT WESTERLING DREW STRONG SUPPORT FROM DARUL ISLAM, FANATICAL RELIGIOUS-POLITICAL MOVEMENT IN WEST JAVA WHICH WANTS TO SET UP AN INDEPENDENT MOSLEM STATE.
IF INVESTIGATION PROVES THAT THE DUTCH ACTUALLY HELPED SMUGGLE WESTERLING OUT OF THE COUNTRY, IT COULD RESULT IN A DANGEROUS RIFT BETWEEN THE INDONESIANS AND DUTCH.
THE DUTCH HIGH COMMISSIONER IN JAKARTA, H.M. HIRSCHFELD, HAS REFUSED TO CREDIT SUCH REPORTS.
JR367AES

SINGAPORE--IN NIGHT LEAD WESTERLING (A450 SUB FOR THIRD GRAPH BEGINNING "A GOVERNMENT" AND ENDING "EXTRADITION."
THE GOVERNMENT SAID IT HAD REACHED NO DECISION ON WESTERLING. HOWEVER, A GOVERNMENT SPOKESMAN SAID HE UNDOUBTEDLY WOULD BE EXPELLED FROM THE COLONY. THE LAW PROHIBITS EXTRADITION TO A COUNTRY WITH WHICH THERE IS NO EXTRADITION AGREEMENT. NO SUCH AGREEMENT HAS BEEN SIGNED WITH THE UNITED STATES OF INDONESIA, WHICH WAS CREATED ONLY TWO MONTHS AGO.
WESTERLING WAS ARRESTED ON CHARGES OF HAVING ENTERED THE COLONY WITHOUT A PERMIT. HE CAN BE DETAINED SEVEN DAYS.
DR.J.H. X X X FOURTH GRAPH.

SINGAPORE, FEB. 27-(AP)-MORE THAN 300,000 CIVILIAN VOLUNTEERS WERE MOBILIZED LAST NIGHT FOR AN ALL-OUT DRIVE TO CRUSH COMMUNIST GUERRILLA TERRORISM IN MALAYA.
THE CIVILIAN VOLUNTEERS WILL BACK UP BRITISH TROOPS AND POLICE IN A MONTH-LONG CAMPAIGN TO SWEEP THE JUNGLES CLEAR OF TERRORISTS. COMMUNISTS HAVE BEEN CONDUCTING GUERRILLA WARFARE ALMOST SINCE THE END OF THE WAR, KILLING RUBBER PLANTATION MANAGERS AND DESTROYING MUCH PROPERTY.
THE 352,000 VOLUNTEERS WERE CALLE

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THE 352,000 VOLUNTEERS WERE CALLED OUT SUDDENLY LAST NIGHT AS THE GOVERNMENT'S SECRET PLANS FOR "ANTI-BANDIT MONTH" WERE PUT INTO EFFECT. ROAD BLOCKS WENT UP IN ALL CITIES AND TOWNS THROUGHOUT THE FEDERATION TO FACILITATE CLOSE CHECKS ON ALL TRAVELERS.
MOVEMENT OF FOOD IN THE CONTROLLED AREAS IS RESTRICTED IN AN EFFORT TO STARVE OUT GUERRILLA BANDS.
JR740AES

FOLO SINGAPORE (140)
JAKARTA, U.S.I., FEB. 27-(AP)-A DEFENSE MINISTRY SPOKESMAN SAID TODAY INDONESIA HAS PROOF CAPT. R.P.P. (TURK) WESTERLING, REBEL LEADER, WAS SMUGGLED OUT OF THIS COUNTRY ABOARD A DUTCH NAVY PLANE.
THE SPOKESMAN SAID DEFENSE MINISTER SULTAN HAMENGKU BUWONO HAD CONFRONTED DUTCH HIGH COMMISSIONER H.M. HIRSCHFELD WITH EVIDENCE. HIRSCHFELD'SOFFICE REFUSED TO COMMENT ON THE INDONESIAN CHARGES.
THE SPOKESMAN, MAJOR SUJARWO, SAID THE INDONESIAN GOVERNMENT WOULD NOT HOLD HIRSCHFELD'S OFFICE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE ACTIONS OF THE DUTCH NAVY, SINCE, UNDER THE INDEPENDENCE PACT, THE NAVY WILL OPERATE IN INDONESIAN WATERS UNDER ORDERS OF THE INDONESIAN GOVERNMENT FOR ONE YEAR.
DUTCH SECRETARY GENERAL OF WAR FOCKEMA ANDREA MEETS THIS MORNING WITH INDONESIAN CHIEF OF STAFF COL. SIMATUPANG TO DISCUSS THE IMPLICATIONS OF WESTERLING'S ESCAPE.

A BRITISH EMBASSY SPOKESMAN ANNOUNCED THAT THE INDONESIAN FOREIGN AFFAIRS MINISTRY HANDED THE AMBASSADOR A NOTE THIS MORNING REQUESTING WESTERLING'S EXTRADITION TO INDONESIA. THE CHARGES WERE NOT DISCLOSED.
AN INDONESIAN COMMUNIQUE YESTERDAY SAID THE GOVERNMENT HAD CONTACTED THE BRITISH ABOUT EXTRADITING WESTERLING, BUT THE EARLIER REQUEST APPARENTLY WAS OF AN INFORMAL NATURE.

FEB 27 1950

JR831AES

JAKARTA INDONESIA, TUESDAY, FEB. 28-(AP)-ARMY SOURCES SAID TODAY A DISPUTE OVER DEMOBILIZATION OF A STUDENTS' ARMY (TRIP) IN EAST JAVA RECENTLY LED TO ARMED CLASHES THERE.
REPORTS FROM SEVERAL SOURCES IN TNI, THE REGULAR INDONESIAN ARMY, SAID GOVERNMENT TROOPS HAD FOUGHT IN A SERIES OF CLASHES WITH TRIP, COMPOSED MOSTLY OF SCHOOLBOYS, BEGINNING LAST THURSDAY. CASUALTIES WERE NOT LEARNED BUT ARE BELIEVED NOT TO HAVE BEEN HIGH.
THE INFORMANTS SAID THE DISPUTE AROSE OVER ARRANGEMENTS FOR DISBANDING TRIP. LEADERS OF THAT ORGANIZATION WOULD NOT AGREE TO THE TERMS OFFERED AND REFUSED TO BE DISARMED, THE SOURCES SAID.
COL.SUNGKONO, EAST JAVA COMMANDER FOR TNI, WAS REPORTED TO HAVE STEPPED IN AND BROUGHT ABOUT A TEMPORARY TRUCE, DESCRIBED AS AN UNEASY ONE.
JS1142RES

30.24- 9227

BY FRED ZUSY
ASMARA, ERITREA, FEB. 27-(AP)-AN OFFICIAL INQUIRY OPENED TODAY INTO THE POLITICAL-RELIGIOUS CLASHES BETWEEN MOSLEMS AND COPTIC CHRISTIANS WHICH TOOK MORE THAN 50 LIVES HERE LAST WEEK.
AN OFFICIAL BELIEF THAT THE PEAK OF THE CRISIS IS PAST WAS INDICATED BY THE LIFTING OF THE RIGID CURFEW WHICH HAD BEEN IMPOSED LAST WEDNESDAY. HOWEVER, MINOR ISOLATED INCIDENTS WERE REPORTED TODAY BY ASMARA POLICE.
THE EUROPEAN SECTION OF ASMARA, CAPITAL OF THIS FORMER ITALIAN EAST AFRICAN COLONY, HAS BEEN UNAFFECTED BY THE WEEKLONG BLOODY DISPUTES WHICH ERUPTED LAST TUESDAY DURING THE FUNERAL OF A PROMINENT MOSLEM.
ACTING POLICE SUPERINTENDENT J.C.COOPER TESTIFIED BEFORE THE COURT OF INQUIRY THAT THE MOSLEMS IN THE FUNERAL PROCESSION HAD COMPLAINED TO HIM THAT A COPTIC SPECTATOR STARTED THE RIOTS BY THROWING A BOMB. COOPER SAID HE CHASED THE BOMB-THROWER, POINTED OUT BY THE MOSLEMS, AND PLACED HIM UNDER ARREST. HE SAID THE MAN WAS A COPT.
COOPER SAID THE MOSLEM CROWD, WHICH HAD BEEN IN AN OPEN SQUARE ADJACENT TO A LARGE ITALIAN-OPERATED SLAUGHTER HOUSE, WAS "BOTH ANGRY AND INCOHERENT X X X, ACCUSED THE POLICE OF HAVING FAILED TO PROTECT THEM AND SAID THEY WOULD TAKE THE MATTER INTO THEIR OWN HANDS."
COOPER SAID HE HIMSELF WAS "FIRED UPON BY A COPT WITH A PISTOL."
COOPER SAID THAT ON THE SECOND DAY OF THE RIOTS THE MOSLEMS AGAIN COMPLAINED THAT COPTIC CROWDS GATHERING IN THE NATIVE QUARTER WERE THREATENING THEM. HE SAID THE COPTS OPENED FIRE ON THE POLICE WHEN THEY APPROACHED AND HE ORDERED THE FIRE RETURNED AND THE CROWD DISPERSED. ABOUT AN HOUR LATER, HE SAID, 250 COPTS ATTACKED IN THE NATIVE QUARTER.
THE HEARING IS BEING HELD BEFORE SIR FREDERIC PEARCE, CHIEF SECRETARY OF THE BRITISH ADMINISTRATION. THE BRITISH HAVE BEEN ADMINISTERING ERITREA SINCE IT WAS TAKEN FROM THE ITALIANS IN 1941. IT'S FUTURE STILL IS TO BE DECIDED BY THE UNITED NATIONS. A U.N. COMMISSION HAS BEEN HERE DURING THE RIOTING, ASSIGNED TO MAKE AN ON-THE-SPOT INQUIRY ON THE COUNTRY'S FUTURE EITHER AS AN INDEPENDENT NATION, A TRUSTEESHIP AREA OR A PART OF NEIGHBORING LAND-LOCKED ETHIOPIA. THE MOSLEMS WANT INDEPENDENCE, BUT THE COPTS WANT UNION WITH ETHIOPIA.
JS93AAES

NIGHT LEAD ERITREA (110)
ASMARA, ERITREA, FEB 27-(AP)-A BRITISH POLICE WITNESS CHARGED AT AN OFFICIAL INQUIRY TODAY THAT AN "ORGANIZED PLOT" CAUSED MOSLEM-CHRISTIAN RIOTS WHICH TOOK MORE THAN 50 LIVES LAST WEEK.
INSPECTOR R.W. JENNER DID NOT IDENTIFY THE ORGANIZERS OF THE "PLOT," BUT HIS TESTIMONY REPEATEDLY INDICATED THAT COPTS--AN ANCIENT CHRISTIAN SECT DOMINANT IN ETHIOPIA--WERE THE AGGRESSORS THROUGHOUT.
JENNER WAS PRECEDED BY POLICE SUPERINTENDENT J.C. COOPER WHO TESTIFIED THE MOSLEMS IN A FUNERAL PROCESSION FOR A SLAIN MOSLEM OFFICIAL, COMPLAINED THAT A COPTIC SPECTATOR STARTED THE RIOTS BY THROWING A BOMB. HE SAID THE BOMB-THROWER, POINTED OUT BY THE MOSLEMS, WAS A COPT.
BRITAIN IS ADMINISTERING ERITREA UNTIL THE U.N. DECIDES WHAT TO DO WITH THE FORMER ITALIAN COLONY.
DY1036PES

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jerusalem,feb.27-(ap)-the secretary general of the israeli trade union organization,histadrut,today demanded a probe of communist activities in israel.

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pinhas lubianiker charged in the knesset (parliament) that "the communists in this country,by exaggerating the smallest incidents,by systematic distortion of the truth, and by inciting workers and camp inmates are permanently trying to undermine all the constructive efforts of the israeli government and besmirch the good name of the jewish state all over the world."

lubianiker's demand for an investigation of israeli communism was preceeded in the knesset by communist attacks on "the provacative attitude of the israel police of prime minister ben-gurion" which they said used "imperialist power methods to disperse a demonstration of arab unemployed near nazareth feb.22."

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police minister behor shitreet replied that the police were most restrained in carrying out their duty and only

fired a few shots into the air to break up the ~~xxxx~~ demonstration.

~~xx~~ the Knesset authorized the committee on interior affairs to appoint a subcommittee to investigate the nazareth incident and all causes leading to the demonstration.

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TELAVIV, ISRAEL, FEB. 27-(AP)-ISRAEL WANTS ARMS FOR DEFENSE BUT DOES NOT INTEND TO DISCLOSE HER PRESENT FIGHTING POWER TO GET THEM, SOURCES CLOSE TO THE FOREIGN MINISTRY SAID TODAY.

ISRAEL HAS APPEALED TO BOTH THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN FOR THE RIGHT TO MILITARY EQUIPMENT TO BOLSTER BY ARMY AND AIR FORCE.

(OFFICIALS IN WASHINGTON INDICATED YESTERDAY THAT BEFORE SENDING ANY ARMS TO ISRAEL, THE STATE DEPARTMENT WOULD ASK FOR A FULL ACCOUNTING OF THE EQUIPMENT ISRAELI ARMED FORCES NOW HAVE IN ORDER TO BE SURE THE ARMS ARE FOR DEFENSE. A FORMAL AMERICAN REPLY TO ISRAEL'S APPEAL IS BEING DRAFTED.)

(IN LONDON A FOREIGN OFFICE SPOKESMAN SAID ISRAEL'S REQUEST WAS MADE INFORMALLY THROUGH THE ISRAELI LEGATION AND HAS NOT YET BEEN ANSWERED. BRITAIN AND THE U.S. HAVE CONSULTED ON THE QUESTION).

THE FOREIGN MINISTRY SOURCE HERE SAID ISRAEL'S REQUEST SHOULD CAUSE NO SURPRISE IN VIEW OF "THE ACCELERATED REARMAMENT OF THE ARAB STATES.

THE GOVERNMENT HAS EXPRESSED CONCERN OVER THE SHIPMENT OF BRITISH SUPPLIES TO THE ARAB NATIONS UNDER THEIR TREATY OBLIGATIONS.

VS734PES

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K220) NIGHT LEAD ECA

WASHINGTON,FEB 27-(AP)-BARRY BINGHAM, CHIEF OF THE MARSHALL PLAN MISSION TO FRANCE, SAID TODAY HE HAS "GREAT HOPES" THAT COUNTRY WILL NOT NEED UNITED STATES ECONOMIC AID AFTER 1952.

FRENCH INDUSTRY HAS MADE A DRAMATIC RECOVERY WITH HELP FROM THE ECONOMIC COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION (ECA), BINGHAM SAID, AND THE COMMUNISTS' GRIP ON FRENCH LABOR IS WEAKENING.

"I HAVE GREAT HOPES THAT FRANCE WILL BE ABLE TO CARRY HER OWN LOAD AFTER 1952," HE TOLD THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE.

BINGHAM, WHO LEFT HIS DUTIES AS PRESIDENT OF THE LOUISVILLE, KY., COURIER-JOURNAL AND TIMES PUBLISHING CO. TO DIRECT THE ECA MISSION, TESTIFIED AS THE COMMITTEE RESUMED ITS STUDY OF THE ECA'S PROGRAM FOR THE COMING YEAR.

COMMITTEE CHAIRMAN CONNALLY (D-TEXAS) URGED ECA OFFICIALS TO IMPRESS UPON WESTERN EUROPEAN COUNTRIES THAT MARSHALL PLAN AID WILL BE SHUT OFF AFTER 1952 AS ORIGINALLY INTENDED.

"IT IS HIGHLY IMPORTANT," CONNALLY SAID, "THAT THE EUROPEAN NATIONS REALIZE THEY CANNOT EXPECT INDEFINITELY TO RECEIVE AID FROM THE UNITED STATES. WE CAN'T HAUL THEM AROUND FOREVER."

HE ALSO WANTED TO KNOW IF IT IS TRUE THAT THE FRENCH HAVE BEEN LAX IN TAX COLLECTIONS.

BINGHAM REPLIED THAT THERE IS SOME TRUTH IN SUCH REPORTS. BUT HE SAID THE FRENCH GOVERNMENT IS TIGHTENING UP. HE ADDED THAT ECA IS HOPE FUL THE FRENCH WILL READJUST THEIR TAX RATES TO PLACE A HEAVIER BURDEN ON HIGHER INCOMES. HE SAID THE PRESENT SYSTEM DOES NOT FAIRLY DISTRI BUTE THE TAX LOAD.

RZ111OPES

WASHINGTON,FEB 27-(AP)-NEGOTIATIONS FOR A BROADER EXCHANGE OF ATOMIC SECRETS AMONG THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN AND CANADA HAVE REACHED A STANDSTILL FOLLOWING THE ARREST OF DR.KLAUS FUCHS, BRITISH SCIENTIST, ON THE CHARGE OF HAVING SUPPLIED ATOMIC SECRETS TO RUSSIA.

OFFICIALS WHO REPORTED THIS TONIGHT SAID NO MEETINGS OF THE NEGOTIATORS HAVE BEEN HELD FOR MORE THAN A MONTH AND NONE IS CURRENTLY SCHEDULED. HOWEVER, ONE OFFICIAL CLOSE TO THE TALKS WHICH BEGAN LAST SEPTEMBER SAID, "IT WOULD BE A MISTAKE TO SAY NEGOTIATIONS HAVE BROKEN OFF ENTIRELY."

HE TOLD A REPORTER THEY WERE TEMPORARILY SUSPENDED AND PREDICTED THEY WOULD EVENTUALLY BE RESUMED. MEANTIME BRITISH AND CANADIAN EXPERTS HAVE RETURNED HOME. THE TITULAR HEADS OF THE DELEGATION ARE THE BRITISH AMBASSADOR, SIR OLIVER FRANKS, AND CANADIAN AMBASSADOR, HUME WRONG.

WITH RESUMPTION OF THE TALKS, MEANS OF SECURITY ARE EXPECTED TO GET A GENERAL REVIEW IN THE LIGHT OF THE FUCHS CASE.

THE ARREST OF THE GERMAN-BORN BRITISH SCIENTIST IN ENGLAND ON CHARGES THAT HE SUPPLIED ATOMIC SECRETS TO SOVIET RUSSIA FOR YEARS BROUGHT INTO QUESTION, INFORMED OFFICIALS SAID, SOME OF THE BASIC ASSUMPTIONS ON WHICH THE TALKS WERE BASED.

THE NEGOTIATIONS ARE PRELIMINARY IN NATURE. PRESIDENT TRUMAN HAS STATED THAT BEFORE THERE IS A BINDING AGREEMENT THE JOINT CONGRESSIONAL ATOMIC COMMITTEE WILL BE FULLY CONSULTED. A TENTATIVE AGREEMENT IS REPORTED TO HAVE BEEN REACHED ALSO THAT BEFORE AMERICAN ATOMIC WEAPONS SECRETS ARE SHARED THE ATOMIC ENERGY ACT WOULD HAVE TO BE AMENDED AS WELL.

RZ1242AESNM

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A44WX (NL COMMUNISTS)

(320) NIGHT LEAD COMMUNISTS

WASHINGTON,FEB.27-(AP)-SENATOR MCCARTHY (R-WIS), WHO CHARGED EXISTENCE OF A SPY RING IN THE STATE DEPARTMENT, PROBABLY WILL BE THE FIRST WITNESS WHEN A SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE STARTS ITS INVESTIGATION MARCH 8.

IN MAKING THIS ANNOUNCEMENT, SUBCOMMITTEE CHAIRMAN TYDINGS (D-MD) ALSO SAID THAT SUBPOENAS WILL BE USED, IF NECESSARY, IN AN EFFORT TO GET RECORDS ESSENTIAL TO THE INQUIRY.

PRESIDENT TRUMAN REPEATEDLY HAS REFUSED TO RELEASE SECRET DEPARTMENTAL LOYALTY RECORDS TO CONGRESSIONAL INVESTIGATING GROUPS.

MCCARTHY, WHO CHARGED THAT MANY COMMUNISTS ARE OR HAVE BEEN ON THE STATE DEPARTMENT'S PAYROLL, HAS SAID THE INVESTIGATION WILL BE USELESS UNLESS THE COMMITTEE HAS ACCESS TO THE FILES.

MR.TRUMAN COMMENTED AT A RECENT NEWS CONFERENCE THAT IT'S PRETTY DIFFICULT TO SERVE A SUBPOENA ON THE PRESIDENT.

SOME SENATORS SAID A COURT TEST OF CONGRESS'S SUBPOENA POWERS IS POSSIBLE AS AN UPSHOT OF THE INVESTIGATION.

THE FULL COMMITTEE INSTRUCTED THE SUBCOMMITTEE TO MAKE "A FULL X X X INVESTIGATION OF ALL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYES NOW IN THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE AND FORMER EMPLOYES OF THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE NOW IN OTHER AGENCIES OF THE GOVERNMENT AGAINST WHOM CHARGES ARE MADE, IN ORDER TO DETERMINE WHETHER OR NOT SAID EMPLOYES ARE OR HAVE BEEN DISLOYAL X X X, AND TO USE THE POWER OF SUBPOENA WHENEVER NECESSARY."

TYDINGS SAID THIS LIMITS THE INVESTIGATION TO GOVERNMENT EMPLOYES, EXCLUDING PERSONS WHO FORMERLY MAY HAVE WORKED FOR THE STATE DEPARTMENT BUT WHO HAVE LEFT THE GOVERNMENT.

HE SAID IT WILL NOT BE NECESSARY FOR MCCARTHY, OR ANY OTHER PERSON, TO NAME THE PERSONS HE ACCUSES IN OPEN COMMITTEE SESSION. BUT TYDINGS SAID THE CHARGES MUST BE MADE IN SUCH SESSIONS.

"WE ARE NOT GOING TO HAVE ANY STAR CHAMBER PROCEDURE," THE MARYLAND SENATOR SAID.

MCCARTHY LATER TOLD A REPORTER HE IS SATISFIED WITH THE PROCEDURE, EXCEPT THAT HE THINKS THE INQUIRY SHOULD COVER FORMER STATE DEPARTMENT EMPLOYES WHO ARE NOW WORKING FOR THE UNITED NATIONS.

"I HAVE BEEN TOLD THAT THERE WERE SOME FORMER STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS WHO WERE BAD SECURITY RISKS WHO HAVE BEEN TRANSFERRED TO THE U.N.," HE SAID.

MD706PES

WASHINGTON,FEB 27-(AP)-THE WASHINGTON POST SAYS THAT DAVID DEMAREST LLOYD HAS IDENTIFIED HIMSELF AS THE MAN REFERRED TO IN A SPEECH BY SENATOR MCCARTHY (R-WIS) AS "A SPEECH WRITER IN THE WHITE HOUSE" WHO ONCE FAILED TO GET CLEARANCE FROM A STATE DEPARTMENT LOYALTY BOARD.

LLOYD HAD NO DOUBT THAT MCCARTHY MEANT HIM WHEN HE READ THE SENATOR'S SPEECH, THE POST STORY SAID.

LLOYD, WHO HAS BEEN AT THE WHITE HOUSE SINCE DEC. 1, 1948, HELPS GATHER AND WRITE SPEECH MATERIAL, AMONG OTHER DUTIES.

THE POST QUOTED LLOYD AS SAYING HE HAD SEVERED CONNECTIONS A LONG TIME AGO WITH ORGANIZATIONS HE CONSIDERED LEFTISH.

LLOYD, REACHED AT HIS HOME IN SUBURBAN ALEXANDRIA, VA., CONFIRMED THE ESSENTIALS OF THE POST ARTICLE.

MCCARTHY HAS BROUGHT ABOUT A SENATE INVESTIGATION OF HIS CHARGES THAT MANY PRESENT OR FORMER STATE DEPARTMENT EMPLOYES WERE COMMUNIST OR HAD COMMUNIST FRONT CONNECTIONS. HE HAS SAID HE HAS A LIST OF 81 PERSONS WHOSE CASES HE WANTS LOOKED INTO.

THE POST SAID THAT LLOYD WAS GLAD THAT THERE NO LONGER IS ANY MYSTERY ABOUT "CASE NO. 9."

MCCARTHY IN HIS LIST OF 81 CASES REFERRED TO CASE NO. 9 AS THAT OF A SPEECH WRITER IN THE WHITE HOUSE WHO HAD FAILED TO GET APPROVAL FROM A STATE DEPARTMENT LOYALTY BOARD WHEN HE SOUGHT A JOB IN THE DEPARTMENT IN 1946.

THE SENATOR SAID "CASE NO. 9" AND HIS WIFE WERE MEMBERS OF COMMUNIST-FRONT ORGANIZATIONS. HE SAID THAT "A RELATIVE X X X HAS A FINANCIAL INTEREST IN THE DAILY WORKER."

SUMMED UP, THE POST INTERVIEW RECOUNTED LLOYD'S STORY AS FOLLOWS:

A NATIVE OF NEW YORK CITY, HE IS MARRIED TO THE FORMER CHARLOTTE TUTTLE, DAUGHTER OF A REPUBLICAN, CHARLES TUTTLE, WHOM PRESIDENT HOOVER APPOINTED AS A U.S. DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

THE "RELATIVE" MENTIONED BY MCCARTHY AS ONE WITH A FINANCIAL INTEREST IN THE DAILY WORKER WAS A WELL-TO-DO GREAT AUNT, MRS.CAROLINE LLOYD STROBELL.

A ONE TIME SOCIALIST, SHE BECAME A MEMBER OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY AND WAS ONE OF THREE WOMEN WHO BECAME "OWNERS" OF THE DAILY WORKER AFTER IT WAS OSTENSIBLY DIVORCED FROM THE COMMUNIST PARTY.

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A144WX

MRS.STROBELL DIED IN 1941. STALIN'S PACT OF FRIENDSHIP WITH HITLER WAS A SHOCK TO HER, LLOYD SAID.

LLOYD, A HARVARD GRADUATE, ENTERED GOVERNMENT SERVICE WITH THE RESETTLEMENT ADMINISTRATION IN 1935.

HE ONCE BELONGED TO THE WASHINGTON BOOK SHOP BUT GOT OUT WHEN HE DISCOVERED IT WAS A COMMUNIST-FRONT OUTFIT.

HE WENT TO EUROPE IN 1945 WITH THE HARRIMAN ECONOMIC MISSION AND REALIZED THAT COMMUNISM WAS TRYING TO BLOCK EUROPEAN RECOVERY.

IN 1946 HE HELPED FORM AMERICANS FOR DEMOCRATIC ACTION WHICH FORBIDS MEMBERSHIP TO COMMUNISTS.

RZ152AESNM

(230) ISRAEL

WASHINGTON, FEB.27-(AP)-ANY AMERICAN ARMS AID FOR ISRAEL MAY DEPEND ON HOW BIG THE ISRAELI ARMS CHEST NOW IS, PLUS ASSURANCES AMERICAN WEAPONS WOULD BE USED ONLY FOR SELF DEFENSE.

DIPLOMATIC OFFICIALS DISCLOSED YESTERDAY THAT THE GOVERNMENT OF ISRAEL HAS ASKED BOTH THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN FOR MILITARY EQUIPMENT TO BOLSTER ITS ARMY AND AIR FORCE. DETAILS OF THE AID REQUESTED WERE NOT REVEALED.

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REQUESTED WERE NOT REVEALED.

THE STATE DEPARTMENT, AFTER CONSULTATION WITH THE BRITISH FOREIGN OFFICE, IS DRAFTING A FORMAL AMERICAN REPLY ON THE TICKLISH QUESTION.

ISRAEL APPARENTLY WANTS TO OFFSET THE SHIPMENT OF BRITISH ARMS TO ARAB COUNTRIES IN THE MIDDLE EAST. ISRAELI OFFICIALS AND SOME AMERICAN CONGRESSMEN HAVE DENOUNCED THE BRITISH SHIPMENTS AS LEADING TO ARAB AGGRESSION AGAINST JEWS IN PALESTINE. SECRETARY OF STATE ACHESON RECENTLY SAID THE BRITISH ACTION IS IN LINE WITH LONG-STANDING TREATIES AND INTENDED TO MAINTAIN INTERNAL SECURITY.

AMERICAN OFFICIALS INDICATED THAT THE STATE DEPARTMENT WOULD ASK FOR A FULL ACCOUNTING OF THE EQUIPMENT ISRAELI ARMED FORCES NOW HAVE AND WANT PLEDGES THAT THE AMERICAN ARMS WERE NEEDED FOR SELF DEFENSE ONLY.

ISRAELI OFFICIALS HAVE SO FAR DECLINED TO GIVE BRITAIN OR THE U.S. ANY DETAILED INFORMATION ABOUT TH

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ISRAELI OFFICIALS HAVE SO FAR DECLINED TO GIVE BRITAIN OR THE U.S. ANY DETAILED INFORMATION ABOUT THE SIZE OR EQUIPMENT OF ITS ARMED FORCES. MOST OF ITS MILITARY SUPPLIES WERE PURCHASED IN CZECHOSLOVAKIA AND OTHER COUNTRIES DURING THE ARAB-JEWISH WARFARE.

FS601AES

BULGARIAN (240)

WASHINGTON,FEB 27-(AP)-THE UNITED STATES FOLLOWED UP ITS BREAK IN DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH COMMUNIST BULGARIA TODAY BY BANNING ALL TRAVEL OF PRIVATE AMERICAN CITIZENS TO THAT COUNTRY.

AT THE SAME TIME, THE STATE DEPARTMENT FIRED ANOTHER BURST OF CRITICISM AT THE HUNGARIAN GOVERNMENT FOR DEMANDING THE UNITED STATES CUT THE SIZE OF ITS LEGATION STAFF IN BUDAPEST.

GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS SAID PRIVATELY THERE IS LITTLE THE UNITED STATES CAN DO BUT COMPLY WITH THE HUNGARIAN DEMAND. THEY INDICATED THEY ARE STUDYING THE POSSIBILITY OF RETALIATING BY A SIMILAR MOVE AGAINST THE BULGARIAN LEGATION HERE.

PRESS OFFICER MICHAEL J.MCDERMOTT SAID THE DEPARTMENT HAS CANCELLED ALL PASSPORTS ISSUED FOR TRAVEL TO BULGARIA.

MCDERMOTT SAID THE ORDER WILL NOT AFFECT THE ESTIMATED 60 AMERICANS NOW IN BULGARIA ON PRIVATE BUSINESS.

BULGARIA IS THE SECOND BALKAN NATION TO BE PLACED OUT-OF-BOUNDS FOR AMERICAN TRAVELERS. TRIPS TO HUNGARY WERE BARRED LAST DECEMBER 20 WHEN THE STATE DEPARTMENT DECIDED THAT THE HUNGARIAN COMMUNIST REGIME WAS NOT GIVING NORMAL PROTECTION TO AMERICAN CITIZENS.

IN COMMENTING ON HUNGARY'S DEMAND THAT THE LEGATION STAFF BE REDUCED, MCDERMOTT TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE THAT THIS "OBVIOUSLY FORMS PART OF THE PATTERN OF ALLEGATIONS" OF SPYING MADE AGAINST THE UNITED STATES DURING THE TRIAL OF ROBERT VOGELER, AMERICAN BUSINESSMAN SENTENCED BY A HUNGARIAN COURT TO SERVE 15 YEARS.

HE RECALLED THE STATE DEPARTMENT HAS DENOUNCED THE CHARGES AS FALSE.

THE STATE DEPARTMENT, HE ADDED, IS DRAWING UP A FORMAL REPLY TO THE HUNGARIAN GOVERNMENT.

GG419PES

(230) ARMS-LOA

WASHINGTON, FEB.27-(AP)-THE HEAD OF THE U.S. ARMS AID PROGRAM HAS INDICATED THAT THE LATEST AND BEST CONVENTIONAL AMERICAN WEAPONS WILL BE MADE AVAILABLE TO THIS COUNTRY'S ALLIES AGAINST COMMUNIST AGGRESSION.

JAMES BRUCE, STATE DEPARTMENT DIRECTOR OF MUTUAL DEFENSE ASSISTANCE, SAID IN A WEEK END INTERVIEW WITH THE GANNETT NEWS SERVICE

"IF YOU HAVE A POORLY EQUIPPED POLICE FORCE, FOR EXAMPLE, TRYING TO COMBAT A CRIME WAVE IN A LARGE COMMUNITY, IT'S COMMON SENSE T GIVE THEM THE LATEST AND BEST EQUIPMENT, SO THAT ANY GANGSTERS IN THE AREA WILL THINK TWICE BEFORE STRIKING."

BRUCE'S REMARKS WERE NOT TAKEN TO INCLUDE THIS COUNTRY'S ATOMIC BOMB STOCKPILE, WHICH IS BEING KEPT AT HOME.

THE ARMS AID PROGRAM WAS APPROVED BY CONGRESS LAST YEAR, WITH A $1,314,000,000 (B) FUND PROVIDED FOR THE FIRST YEAR'S OPERATIONS. PRESIDENT TRUMAN HAS ASKED $1,100,000,000 MORE FOR THE SECOND YEAR.

MOST OF THE AID GOES TO EIGHT ATLANTIC PACT NATIONS--BRITAIN FRANCE, BELGIUM, ITALY, THE NETHERLANDS, LUXEMBOURG, DENMARK AND NORWAY.

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THE SAME NATIONS ALSO ARE GETTING ECONOMIC AID FROM THIS COUNTRY THROUGH THE ECONOMIC COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION. A HOUSE FOREIGN AFFAIRS SUBCOMMITTEE YESTERDAY RECOMMENDED CONTINUING THIS MARSHALL PLAN ASSISTANCE FOR AT LEAST THREE OF THOSE COUNTRIES--ITALY, BRITAIN AND FRANCE.

THE RECOMMENDATION WAS MADE BY A FOUR-MAN GROUP, HEADED BY REP. PFEIFER (D-NY), WHICH TOURED EUROPE LAST FALL.

ITS REPORT SAID BRITAIN'S ECONOMY IS OF VITAL IMPORTANCE TO THE WHOLE WESTERN WORLD, WHILE FRANCE IS EQUALLY IMPORTANT STRATEGICALLY.

CZ308AES

(300) NIGHT LEAD

CHICAGO, FEB. 27-(AP)-A STATE DEPARTMENT CONSULTANT SAID TONIGHT "THIS WILL MARK THE FIFTH YEAR AFTER THE END OF ACTIVE HOSTILITIES IN WORLD WAR II, AND NOTHING APPROACHING PEACE HAS BEEN ACHIEVED."

EMPHASIZING THAT HIS SPEECH WAS "BASED ON PURELY PERSONAL OPINION AND OBSERVATION AND IS NOT TO BE CONSTRUED AS INTERPRETATION OF WASHINGTON INTENT OR THOUGHT," JOHN ABBINK, WASHINGTON, D.C., ADDRESSED THE CHICAGO WORLD TRADE CONFERENCE.

"TOTALITARIANISM DEFEATED IN ONE FORM LOOMS UP IN ANOTHER EVEN MORE MENACING BECAUSE IT IS NOT LOCALIZED, AS HITLER'S WAS, BUT BREAKS OUT IN FERMENT EVERYWHERE," HE SAID.

"INDEED, RATHER THAN AMITY, THERE IS INCREASING TALK OF ANOTHER HOLOCAUST. PUNCTUATED BY PREDICTIONS OF TOTAL DESTRUCTION THAT UNIVERSALLY FOSTER A FURTIVE DREAD LITTLE CONDUCIVE TO CONSTRUCTIVE PLANNING; AND EXPEDIENCE RULES INSTEAD."

ABBINK DECLARED THAT "EXPORTERS IN THIS COUNTRY HAVE BEEN NOURISHED FOR A QUARTER OF A CENTURY AT A TROUGH OF INDIRECT SUBSIDY FILLED WITH CREDITS AND LOANS; BUT THE BOTTOM OF THE FEED-BIN BEGINS TO SHOW.

"INDICATIONS ARE THAT CONGRESS, FACED WITH DEMANDS FOR TAX REDUCTION, IS LITTLE LIKELY TO BE LAVISH IN MAKING APPROPRIATIONS THAT WILL PERMIT OF A CONTINUED WORLD SPENDING SPREE."

EARLIER, WILLIAM MCCHESNEY MARTIN JR., ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY, SAID THE "WORLD OF 1950 IS FAR FROM ATTAINING FREEDOM FROM FEAR."

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MARTIN DECLARED "WE CAN SEE THAT THE PROBLEMS OF POSTWAR CONSTRUCTION HAVE BEEN FAR GREATER THAN WE HAD ANTICIPATED.

"OUR ECONOMIC FORECASTS WERE OVER-OPTIMISTIC. WE DID NOT REALIZE THE EXTENT TO WHICH THE ECONOMIES OF THE WORLD HAD BEEN IMPAIRED BY THE DESTRUCTION OF CAPITAL IN THE FORM OF FACTORIES, TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT, OR THE WEARING OUT OF INDUSTRIAL PLANTS AND EVEN THE EXHAUSTION OF SOIL RESULTING FROM THE SCARCITY OF FERTILIZERS."

HE ADDED THAT "I NEED NOT EMPHASIZE THE EXTENT TO WHICH OUR HOPES OF POLITICAL COOPERATION HAVE FAILED. CERTAINLY THE WORLD OF 1950 IS FAR FROM ATTAINING FREEDOM FROM FEAR. IN THE ATMOSPHERE OF THE ATOMIC BOMB THERE HAS NATURALLY BEEN A TENDENCY TO PRESERVE MANY OF THE TYPES OF RESTRICTIONS WHICH ARE PART OF A WAR ECONOMY OR WORLD ECONOMY DOMINATED BY THE FEAR OF FUTURE WARS."

JC1054PCS NM

NORFOLK, VA., FEB.27-(AP)-AN AMERICAN "INVASION" FORCE, SPEARHEADED BY CRACK UNITS OF THE U.S. ATLANTIC FLEET, MOVED TOWARD CARIBBEAN WATERS TODAY UNDER THREAT OF ATTACK FROM "ENEMY" SUBMARINES AND AIRCRAFT.

LAND AND CARRIER-BASED PLANES HOVERED PROTECTIVELY OVER THE GIANT CONVOY AS IT SAILED SLOWLY TOWARD THE 20-MILE-LONG, SIX-MILE-WIDE ISLAND OF VIEQUES, LOCATED JUST OFF THE COAST OF PUERTO RICO.

THE BATTLESHIP MISSOURI, FIVE AIRCRAFT CARRIERS, THREE CRUISERS AND EIGHT DESTROYERS KEPT THEIR BIG GUNS READY FOR THE EXPECTED ONSLAUGHT FROM THE VIEQUES DEFENDERS, AN "AGGRESSOR" FORCE.

BUT AMERICA'S NAVAL MIGHT ACTUALLY WASN'T IN DANGER OF BEING BLASTED FROM THE SEAS. THE CONVOY AND ITS ANTICIPATED ATTACKERS ALL WERE PART OF "OPERATION PORTREX."

THE NAVY, ARMY, AIR FORCE AND MARINE CORPS, HOWEVER, ALL WERE DEADLY SERIOUS ABOUT THE GOINGS-ON, LARGEST AIRBORNE-AMPHIBIOUS OPERATION IN AMERICA'S PEACETIME HISTORY.

UMPIRES WILL ASSESS THE EFFECTIVENESS OF A BOMBARDMENT OF THE TINY ISLAND TO BE CARRIED OUT WHEN THE CONVOY REACHES THE DESTINATION. THE "AGGRESSOR" FORCE THEN WILL DEFEND THE ISLAND AGAINST THE ATTACK OF THE INVADERS--ARMED WITH EVERYTHING BUT LIVE AMMUNITION.

MK615AES

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NORFOLK, VA., FEB 27-(AP)-THE FRENCH AIRCRAFT CARRIER DIXMUDE WILL DOCK AT THE NORFOLK NAVAL BASE NEXT MONDAY TO LOAD AMERICAN PLANES PRESUMABLY RELEASED BY THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT AS PART OF THE MILITARY ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, AN INFORMED WASHINGTON SOURCE SAID TONIGHT.

ONE OBSERVER DESCRIBED THE REPORT AS THE FIRST SPECIFIC LEAD ON TRANSPORTATION METHODS TO BE USED IN THE SHIPMENT OF AMERICAN ARMS TO ATLANTIC PACT NATIONS. THE MAP PROGRAM IS SAID TO HAVE BOGGED PARTIALLY IN RECENT WEEKS BECAUSE OF CONFLICTING VIEWS ON TRANSPORTATION PAYMENTS AND THE NATIONALITY OF BOTTOMS.

LOADING OPERATIONS ON THE FRENCH FLATTOP ARE EXPECTED TO LAST FROM A WEEK TO TEN DAYS. THE CARRIER IS AN ESCORT TYPE BUILT IN SEATTLE, WASH., IN 1941. IT DISPLACES 14,500 TONS WHEN FULLY LOADED.

RP1138PES NM

SAN FRANCISCO, FEB. 27-(AP)-MERVYN RATHBONE, ACKNOWLEDGED EX-COMMUNIST , AND ONETIME CLOSE ASSOCIATE OF HARRY BRIDGES, TESTIFIED TODAY HE AND BRIDGES ONCE WENT TO A MEETING IN COMMUNIST PARTY HEADQUARTERS IN NEW YORK.

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BRIDGES IS CHARGED WITH PERJURY IN DENYING AT HIS 1945 NATURALIZATION HEARING THAT HE HAD EVER BEEN A COMMUNIST. HE HAS TESTIFIED THAT HE NEVER WENT TO THE NEW YORK HEADQUARTERS OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY.

RATHBONE, A MAJOR WITNESS, APPEARED IN THE TRIAL FOR THE FIRST TIME, ON REBUTTAL---A CIRCUMSTANCE HOTLY OPPOSED BY BRIDGES' LAWYERS.

HE TESTIFIED THAT ON ONE OCCASION, HE THOUGHT IT WAS IN 1937, A MEETING WAS ARRANGED AT THE NEW YORK HEADQUARTERS OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY---"THE KREMLIN, WE CALLED IT."

HE SAID THOSE PRESENT INCLUDED HIMSELF AND BRIDGES; ROY HUDSON AND JACK STACHEL, BOTH COMMUNISTS, "AND I'M PRETTY SURE, MR (EARL) BROWDER." BROWDER ONCE WAS HEAD OF THE PARTY IN THIS COUNTRY.

RATHBONE SAID THE GROUP DISCUSSED THE MARITIME SETUP IN THE NATIONAL CIO AND REVIEWED POLICY OF CIO MARITIME GROUPS. BRIDGES IS PRESIDENT OF THE CIO INTERNATIONAL LONGSHOREMEN'S AND WAREHOUSEMEN'S UNION.

AT ANOTHER TIME, RATHBONE CONTINUED, ANOTHER MEETING WAS ARRANGED FOR PARTY HEADQUARTERS, BUT BRIDGES DECLINED TO GO THERE; "IT WAS TOO HOT." CONSEQUENTLY, RATHBONE TESTIFIED, THE MEETING WAS HELD IN THE GREENWICH VILLABE HOME OF HUDSON, AND THOSE PRESENT WERE HUDSON, BRIDGES, RATHBONE AND TOMMY RAY, A COMMUNIST.

BRIDGES DENIED ON CROSS-EXAMINATION THAT HE EVER WENT TO HUDSON'S HOME.

RATHBONE ALSO TESTIFIED THAT COMMUNISTS HELPED BRIDGES PLAN UNION STRATEGY IN THE 1936 WATERFRONT STRIKE.

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HYDROGEN BOMB
BY ALTON L. BLAKESLEE
ASSOCIATED SCIENCE REPORTER

FEB 27 1950

NEW YORK, FEB. 27-(AP)-THE HYDROGEN BOMB COULD BE RIGGED TO CREATE A DUST CLOUD OF DEATH KILLING ALL HUMANS IN THE WORLD, DR. LEO SZILARD, ONE OF THE NATION'S TOP ATOMIC SCIENTISTS, SAID YESTERDAY.

IT COULD BE TURNED INTO A WORLD SUICIDE BOMB, MURDERING BROTHER, FRIEND AND ALLY, ENEMY AND ALL ALIKE. THERE WOULD BE NO ESCAPE FOR ANYONE, SZILARD SAID.

SZILARD, BIOPHYSICIST OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO, WAS IN AGREEMENT WITH THREE OTHER AUTHORITIES ABOUT THIS POSSIBILITY. THEY AGREED:

THE CLOUD WOULD BE RADIOACTIVE DUST. IT WOULD BE CARRIED EVERYWHERE BY THE WINDS. IT WOULD POISON THE AIR YOU BREATHE. IT WOULD SETTLE TO EARTH, CONTAMINATING EVERY PLANT AND EVERYTHING THAT HUMANS USE IN LIVING.

THE RADIOACTIVITY WOULD KILL SLOWLY BUT SURELY OVER A PERIOD OF TIME.

THIS DUST OF DEATH WOULD COME FROM HARMLESS CHEMICAL ELEMENTS PUT AROUND THE H-BOMB. THE BOMB WOULD MAKE THESE CHEMICALS RADIOACTIVE, AND SCATTER THEM INTO THE AIR FOR THE WINDS TO BEAR.

BY CHOOSING VARIOUS ELEMENTS, YOU COULD MAKE A DUST THAT WOULD BE ACTIVE IN KILLING POWER FOR A FEW DAYS, A FEW WEEKS OR MONTHS, OR FOR HUNDREDS TO THOUSANDS OF YEARS, DR. SZILARD DECLARED.

TO MAKE A WORLD SUICIDE DUST, ACTIVE FOR FIVE YEARS, IT WOULD TAKE 500 TONS OF HEAVY HYDROGEN, THE STUFF THAT THE H-BOMB WOULD BE MADE OF, HE SAID. THIS AMOUNT WOULD PRODUCE 50 TONS OF NEUTRONS. NEUTRONS ARE ATOMIC PARTICLES THAT CAN TURN CARBON, COBALT, OR MOST ANYTHING ELSE INTO RADIOACTIVE ATOMS.

SZILARD SPOKE ON A UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO ROUND TABLE DISCUSSION BROADCAST OVER NBC. WITH HIM, AND AGREEING WITH HIM, WERE DR. HANS BETHE, PHYSICIST OF CORNELL UNIVERSITY; DR. HARRISON BROWN, CHEMIST OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO, AND DR. FREDERICK SEITZ, PHYSICIST OF THE UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS.

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IN WASHINGTON, SUMNER T. PIKE, ACTING CHAIRMAN OF THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION, SAID LAST NIGHT THAT INTERNATIONAL CONTROL OF ATOMIC WEAPONS BECOMES MORE URGENT THAN EVER BECAUSE OF THIS COUNTRY'S DECISION TO PROCEED WITH WORK ON THE HYDROGEN BOMB.

PIKE EMPHASIZED THAT THE COMMISSION HANDLES ONLY DOMESTIC PHASES OF THE ATOMIC ENERGY PROGRAM, AND THAT INTERNATIONAL CONTROLS ARE IN THE HANDS OF THE STATE DEPARTMENT.

AT LUBBOCK, TEX., A TEXAS TECH PHYSICIST SAID IN AN INTERVIEW THAT SEVERAL HYDROGEN BOMBS, EXPLODED SIMULTANEOUSLY HIGH IN THE AIR, MIGHT CHANGE THE EARTH'S ORBIT AROUND THE SUN OR SPEED UP ITS ROTATION.

THE STATEMENT WAS MADE SATURDAY BY PROF. PAUL ELLIOTT, WHO DID WARTIME ATOM BOMB WORK.

"SEASONS MIGHT BE CHANGED," HE SAID. "FOR INSTANCE, WINTER MADE LONGER AND SUMMER SHORTER--AND WE MIGHT HAVE 370 DAYS IN THE YEAR INSTEAD OF 365."

ELLIOTT'S THEORY WAS BASED ON THE FACT THAT THE EARTH RECEIVES ITS ENERGY FROM THE SUN AT THE RATE OF ABOUT FOUR POUNDS OF HYDROGEN EXPLODING EVERY SECOND.

HE SAID HYDROGEN BOMB EXPLOSION CONCEIVABLY COULD BE STRONG ENOUGH TO CHANGE THE MOVEMENT OF THE EARTH.

THE PRESIDENT OF THE AMERICAN ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF SCIENCE, PROF. KIRTLEY F. MATHER, OF HARVARD, SAID IN BOSTON YESTERDAY THAT THE HYDROGEN BOMB "EXISTS ONLY IN THEORY."

MATHER, A GEOLOGIST, HIT AT "THE READY ASSUMPTIONS MADE BY THE VERY VOCAL INDIVIDUALS IN AND OUT OF CONGRESS THAT APPROPRIATION OF $1,000,000,000 (B) AND 1,000 (T) MEN WILL PRODUCE IN A FEW WEEKS A BOMB MANY TIMES THE INTENSITY OF THE OLD-FASHIONED A-BOMB."

ADDRESSING A CHURCH AUDIENCE, HE SAID:

"AS YET, NOBODY KNOWS THE THEORY WILL WORK TO CONTROL THE H-BOMB ENERGIES IN A UNIT, AND IT IS NOT KNOWN IF THE THEORY CAN RESULT IN SETTING UP THE NECESSARY CHAIN REACTION.

"YET, I EXPECT SOME DAY, SOMEHOW, BOTH HURDLES WILL BE TOPPED AND SOMETHING OF THE NATURE OF AN H-BOMB WILL BE ACHIEVED."

AT THE ROUNDTABLE IN NEW YORK, SZILARD SAID THAT IF RUSSIA OR THE UNITED STATES FIXED UP SUPER H-BOMBS WITH THE SUICIDE DUST, AND THREATENED TO USE THEM, "YOU COULD SAY THAT BOTH RUSSIA AND AMERICA CAN BE INVINCIBLE."

HE SAID HE DID NOT KNOW WHETHER EITHER COUNTRY WOULD BE WILLING TO COMMIT SUICIDE IN THIS WAY. BUT A NATION COULD MAKE SUCH AN ULTIMATUM AS BLACKMAIL, AND OTHER NATIONS WOULD HAVE TO GUESS WHETHER SHE WAS BLUFFING.

WINDS BLOW WESTERLY AROUND THE WORLD. THIS COULD BE AN ADVANTAGE TO RUSSIA, IF SHE SET OFF THE BOMB IN THE PACIFIC. BUT RUSSIA WOULD HAVE NO GUARANTEE THAT THE WINDS WOULDN'T CIRCLE THE EARTH AND CARRY THE DUST TO RUSSIA ALSO.

COULD A COUNTRY SET OFF BOMBS TO CARRY SHORT-LIVED DUST JUST TO ONE OTHER COUNTRY?

MAYBE, SAID SZILARD. BUT WINDS AND WEATHER ARE TRICKY. NOT ENOUGH BASIC FACTS ARE KNOWN IN WEATHER SCIENCE TO GUARANTEE RESULTS AND AVOID BACKFIRING.

BROWN SAID, "WE ARE FACED WITH THE IRONICAL CONCLUSION THAT IN THIS RESPECT IT BECOMES EASIER TO KILL ALL THE PEOPLE IN THE WORLD THAN JUST A PART OF THEM."

ANY WAR IN WHICH A LOT OF H-BOMBS WERE USED--EVEN WITHOUT FIXING THEM TO MAKE THE DUST--COULD "MAKE LIFE IMPOSSIBLE," BETHE SAID.

THE NEUTRONS FROM THE H-BOMB WOULD MAKE CARBON IN THE AIR RADIOACTIVE. THIS RADIOACTIVE CARBON WOULD POISON THE AIR FOR 5,000 YEARS OR MORE. ENOUGH BOMBS WOULD PRODUCE SO MUCH POISONOUS CARBON THAT EVERYONE WOULD BE AFFECTED BY THE RADIATION.

BUT, SAID BETHE, ALL THIS DEPENDS UPON WHETHER THE H-BOMB ITSELF CAN EVER BE MADE. SCIENTISTS THINK IT CAN, BY COMBINING THE ATOMIC CORES OF HEAVY HYDROGEN TO FORM HELIUM AND RELEASE TREMENDOUS AMOUNTS OF ENERGY.

THE H-BOMB "HAS NOT BEEN MADE--IT HAS NOT EVEN BEEN CONCEIVED DEFINITELY HOW IT WILL BE MADE," BETHE DECLARED. HE SAID HE THOUGHT IT WOULD TAKE A MINIMUM OF THREE YEARS' HARD WORK TO FIND OUT IF IT CAN BE DONE.

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ANOTHER PROBLEM IS WHETHER THE H-BOMB WILL BE TOO HEAVY TO DELIVER BY PLANE OR GUIDED MISSILE, HE SAID.

AN H-BOMB ARMAMENT RACE COULD UPROOT 30,000,000(M) TO 60,000,000(M) AMERICANS AND COST BILLIONS OF DOLLARS, SZILARD DECLARED.

PEOPLE WOULD BE MOVED OUT OF BIG CITY AREAS FOR GREATER SAFETY. INDUSTRY WOULD BE SPREAD ABOUT, INSTEAD OF CONCENTRATED IN PRIME TARGET AREAS.

"THE BIGGEST CITIES ON EARTH COULD BE DESTROYED BY ONE SINGLE BOMB," THE SCIENTISTS AGREED. ALMOST EVERYTHING WOULD BE DESTROYED WITHIN A RADIUS OF TEN MILES FROM THE BLAST. THE FLASH WOULD REACH 20 MILES, SEVERELY BURNING PEOPLE THAT FAR AWAY.

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COASTAL CITIES ARE ESPECIALLY HARD TO DEFEND, SZILARD SAID. JUST TO DISPERSE POPULATIONS IN COASTAL CITIES WOULD COST $15,000,000,000(B) A YEAR.

INLAND CITIES LIKE DETROIT AND CHICAGO ALSO ARE KEY TARGET AREAS, HE SAID, ADDING:

"IF WE WANT TO DISPERSE ALL OF OUR CITIES WE WOULD PROBABLY HAVE TO SPEND SOMETHING LIKE $25,000,000,000(B) A YEAR AND IN 10 YEARS WE COULD HAVE VERY GOOD DISPERSAL. I WOULD SAY THAT ABOUT 30,000,000(M) TO 60,000,000(M) PEOPLE WOULD HAVE TO MOVE IN A GENERAL DISPERSAL.

"IT CERTAINLY WOULD MEAN A PLANNED MOVEMENT. IT WOULD MEAN CONTROLS MUCH STRICTER THAN WE EVER HAD IN WARTIME. IT WOULD NOT BE A NEW DEAL, BUT A SUPER SUPER NEW DEAL."

THE NATION ALSO WOULD HAVE TO SPEND ANOTHER $25,000,000,000(B) A YEAR FOR FIGHTER PLANES, RADAR SCREENS, AND OTHER DEFENSE MEASURES. ALL THIS, HE SAID, WOULD HAVE TO BE COUNTED AS INDIRECT COSTS OF THE H-BOMB ARMAMENT RACE.

ALL FOUR SCIENTISTS DECLARED THAT THE PEOPLE SHOULD KNOW THE FACTS ABOUT THE H-BOMB, SO THEY CAN MAKE UP THEIR MINDS WHAT SHOULD BE DONE. RUSSIAN SCIENTISTS KNOW ALL THESE SAME FACTS, THEY SAID.

DR. BETHE SAID "I BELIEVE THAT THE TIME TO DISCUSS THIS BOMB IS NOW. IF WE DON'T DISCUSS IT NOW, THEN THOUGHTS ABOUT IT WILL BECOME FROZEN IN OUR GOVERNMENT AND ESPECIALLY IN OUR MILITARY DEPARTMENT. THIS HAS BEEN THE CASE WITH THE ATOMIC BOMB. THE A-BOMB NOW COULD HARDLY BE ELIMINATED FROM OUR ARMAMENT BECAUSE MOST OF OUR STRATEGIC PLANS ARE BASED ON IT. I WOULD NOT LIKE TO SEE THE SAME THING HAPPEN FOR THE H-BOMB."

SEITZ SAID RUSSIA PROBABLY IS WORKING THREE TIMES FASTER THAN WE ARE ON ARMAMENTS.

WITH HYDROGEN BOMB BUDGET

NEW YORK, FEB. 27-(AP)-THIRTY-SIX HOURS OF PRAYER AND FASTING IN PROTEST AGAINST THE PRODUCTION OF HYDROGEN BOMBS ENDED YESTERDAY AT THE COMMUNITY CHURCH.

SNUFFING OUT OF A CANDLE IN THE AUDITORIUM SIGNALLED THE END OF THE PROTEST.

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THE REV. DONALD HARRINGTON, PASTOR OF THE NON-DENOMINATIONAL CHURCH, COMMENTED:

"WE HAVE BEEN SOMEWHAT OF A CURIOSITY. THAT PEOPLE WHO SHOW CONCERN OVER THE HYDROGEN BOMB ARE REGARDED AS OBJECTS OF CURIOSITY IS A SAD COMMENT ON THE WORLD'S DESPERATE NEEDS. THERE OUGHT TO BE SO MANY PEOPLE INTERESTED IN THIS THAT IT WOULD BE COMMONPLACE."

AS THE CLERGYMAN EXTINGUISHED THE CANDLE AND SPOKE, 33 MEN AND WOMEN WERE GATHERED AROUND WITH BOWED HEADS.

HARRINGTON HAD REMAINED IN THE CHURCH AUDITORIUM AS PEOPLE CAME AND WENT DURING THE 35-HOUR WATCH.

THE CANDLE, WHICH STOOD ABOUT THREE FEET WHEN IT WAS LIGHTED LAST FRIDAY NIGHT, BURNED DOWN TO ABOUT ONE-FOOT TALL.

THE WATCH SYMBOLIZED A PENANCE FOR THE "SINS" OF MANKIND SINCE THE START OF WORLD WAR 1--ONE HOUR FOR EACH YEAR.

HARRINGTON FASTED FOR 40 HOURS, AND SOME OTHER PERSONS ALSO FASTED.

JB758AES

NEW YORK, FEB. 27-(AP)-A FEDERAL JUDGE TODAY REFUSED TO STAY TOMORROW'S SCHEDULED DEPORTATION OF A WAR BRIDE WHOSE CASE IS BEING TAKEN UP IN CONGRESS.

JUDGE EDWARD A.CONGER SAID HE COULD FIND NO AUTHORITY FOR GRANTING A WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS TO MRS.ELLEN KNAUFF, WIFE OF KURT W.KNAUFF, A CIVILIAN EMPLOYE OF THE ARMY IN FRANKFORT, GERMANY.

THE U.S. SUPREME COURT HAS RULED THAT THE FEDERAL COURTS CANNOT INTERFERE WHEN THE ATTORNEY GENERAL EXCLUDES AN ALIEN WITHOUT A HEARING.

THE ATTORNEY GENERAL HAD ORDERED MRS.KNAUFF EXCLUDED ON GROUNDS SHE WOULD BE "A HAZARD TO INTERNAL SECURITY."

HER ATTORNEY, GUNTHER JACOBSON, WHO IMMEDIATELY APPEALED JUDGE CONGER'S DECISION, SAID A BILL ON THE CASE ALREADY HAD BEEN INTRODUCED IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

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THE BILLS WOULD SPECIFICALLY ADMIT MRS.KNAUFF.

THE LAWYER SAID REP.FRANKLIN D.ROOSEVELT, JR., (D-LIB-NY) ALSO WAS PREPARING A BILL TO CHANGE PASSPORT LAWS, ABOLISHING THE ATTORNEY GENERAL'S POWER TO EXCLUDE ALIENS WITHOUT A HEARING.

JACOBSON CHARGED IT WAS "IMPROPER AND ILLEGAL FOR THE GOVERNMENT TO DEPORT AN ALIEN CONCERNING WHOM SPECIFIC CONGRESSIONAL ACTION IS PENDING."

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NEW YORK, FEB 27-(AP)-THE FORMER CHIEF PROSECUTOR OF NAZI WAR CRIMINALS SAID TODAY PREMIER STALIN USED THE THREAT OF A SEPARATE PEACE WITH HITLER AS HIS TRUMP CARD IN DEALING WITH THE WESTERN ALLIES AT TEHERAN.

"STALIN SAT AT THE CONFERENCE TABLE CONFIDENT THAT HE HAD THE ALTERNATIVE OF A SEPARATE PEACE WITH GERMANY IF THE ALLIES REFUSED TO ACCEDE TO HIS DEMANDS," SAID DR. ROBERT M. W. KEMPNER, CHIEF PROSECUTOR IN THE NUERNBERG TRIALS.

KEMPNER'S STATEMENTS APPEARED IN AN ARTICLE THE UNITED NATIONS WORLD MAGAZINE, A PRIVATE PUBLICATION WHICH HAS NO OFFICIAL CONNECTION WITH THE U.N. ITSELF.

HE SAID HIS INFORMATION CAME FROM GERMAN AND ALLIED DIPLOMATS AND WAS CHECKED AGAINST OFFICIAL DOCUMENTS.

KEMPNER SAID GERMANY MADE FOUR MAJOR MOVES FOR A "SEPARATE UNDERSTANDING" WITH RUSSIA, BEGINNING IN THE WINTER OF 1942-43 WHEN THE GERMAN OFFENSIVE IN THE SOVIET UNION WAS BOGGING DOWN.

STALIN KNEW OF THESE MOVES, KEMPNER SAYS, WHEN HE SAT DOWN WITH PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT AND PRIME MINISTER CHURCHILL AT TEHERAN IN A MEETING THAT "BROUGHT THE RUSSIANS CONSIDERABLE CONCESSIONS FROM THE WESTERN ALLIES."

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NEW YORK, FEB.27-(AP)-SEVEN LEADING LEGAL AND JUDICIAL REPRESENTATIVES OF JAPAN, IN THE UNITED STATES AS PART OF GEN. DOUGLAS MACARTHUR'S "DEMOCRATIZATION" PROGRAM, STARTED A 60-DAY TOUR OF OBSERVATION AND STUDY IN NEW YORK.

THEIR ITINERARY WILL ALSO TAKE THEM TO WASHINGTON, CHICAGO, CLEVELAND, SEATTLE AND DENVER IN THEIR STUDY OF THE AMERICAN LEGAL AND JUDICIAL SYSTEM.

FOUR OF THE REPRESENTATIVES ATTENDED TODAY THE TRIAL OF AMERICAN JUDITH COPLON AND RUSSIAN VALENTIN A. GUBITCHEV ON ESPIONAGE AND CONSPIRACY CHARGES.

THEY WERE ACCOMPANIED BY ARTHUR J. MCCORMICK, CIVILIAN ATTORNEY ATTACHED TO THE LEGAL SECTION OF THE ARMY'S GENERAL HEADQUARTERS IN JAPAN.

THE JAPANESE OBSERVERS WERE: SHIGERU KURIYAMA, JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT OF JAPAN; YORIHIRO NAITO, JUDGE OF THE TOKYO HIGH COURT; YOSHIO IDEI, PUBLIC PROCURATOR; AND RINJI KONDO, REPRESENTATIVE OF THE JAPAN FEDERATION OF BAR ASSOCIATIONS.

THE OTHER MEMBERS OF THE GROUP ARE: JUDGE KOICHI INOMATA, OF THE TOKYO HIGH COURT; KINGO OSABE, PUBLIC PROCURATOR OF THE SUPREME COURT OF JAPAN; AND FUMIO OZAWA, DIRECTOR OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE LITIGATION BUREAU OF THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE.

THE GROUP WILL MEET MEMBERS OF THE BAR ASSOCIATION, AND OTHER LEGAL AND CIVIC OFFICIALS AT A RECEPTION TO BE HELD TOMORROW AT THE COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY CLUB.

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LAKE SUCCESS, FEB 27-(AP)-THE UNITED NATIONS ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL DECIDED TODAY TO CURB THE POWER OF NON-GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATIONS ASSOCIATED WITH IT.

THE COUNCIL ACTED AFTER AN OUTBURST BY A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE COMMUNIST-DOMINATED WORLD FEDERATION OF TRADE UNIONS (WFTU). MEMBERS SAID THE WFTU HAD ABUSED ITS PRIVILEGES. RUSSIA AND THE REST OF THE COMMUNIST BLOC WERE NOT PRESENT, HAVING WITHDRAWN IN PROTEST AGAINST THE CONTINUED REPRESENTATION ORGANIZATIONS OF NATIONALIST CHINA IN THE U.N.

IN ORDER TO CHECK THE WFTU AND OTHER ORGANIZATIONS THE COUNCIL DECIDED TO APPOINT A SEVEN-NATION SUB-COMMITTEE TO SCREN ALL SUBJECTS PROPOSED BY SUCH GROUPS. MOREOVER, ALL SUCH BODIES MUST PRESENT THEIR CASE TO THE COUNCIL IN DOCUMENTS OF NO MORE THAN 2,000 WORDS.

BEFORE THE BAN WAS IMPOSED A DIALLO, AN AFRICAN NEGRO REPRESENTING THE WFTU, CHARGED THAT FORCED LABOR EXISTS IN FRENCH COLONIES AND TALKED ABOUT "CAPITALIST LACKIES." HE SAID THE AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR (AFL) LIED WHEN IT CHARGED AT TODAY'S SESSION THAT 500,000 CHINESE HAD BEEN PROMISED TO SOVIET RUSSIA AS FORCED LABOR.

HERNAN SANTA CRUZ OF CHILE, CHAIRMAN OF THE COUNCIL, TOLD DIALLO (CORRECT) TO MODIFY HIS LANGUAGE.

GEORGES BORIS, FRENCH DELEGATION HEAD, ANSWERED DIALLO, SAYING:

"FRANCE HAS ACCEPTED THE IDEA OF AN INQUIRY ON THE SPOT, TO GO ANYWHERE THERE IS A SUSPICION OF FORCED LABOR.

"MEN ARE SENT NOT FOR A SHORT WORK TERM BUT FOR LIFE TO THE DESERTS OF SIBERIA. THE WFTU DOESN'T SAY ANYTHING ABOUT THAT. THE SILENCE OF THE WFTU IS MORE SIGNIFICANT THAN ALL ITS WORDS."

DY1033PES

CHINESE (130)

LAKE SUCCESS, FEB.27-(AP)-THE AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR (AFL) TOLD THE UNITED NATIONS TODAY RED CHINA WILL BECOME A VAST RESERVOIR OF FORCED LABOR FOR RUSSIA.

MISS TONI SENDER, AFL REPRESENTATIVE AT A MEETING OF THE U.N. ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL, ATTACKED SOVIET LABOR POLICIES FOR THE SECOND STRAIGHT YEAR AND APPEALED TO THE COUNCIL TO RALLY THE CONSCIENCE OF THE WORLD AGAINST THEM.

LAST YEAR RUSSIA DENOUNCED THE AFL ATTACK ON FORCED LABOR AS LIES AND SLANDERS. THIS YEAR THERE IS NO SOVIET BLOC DELEGATE PRESENT SINCE THE RUSSIANS AND THEIR SATELLITES WALKED OUT OF THE COUNCIL RECENTLY IN PROTEST AGAINST THE PRESENCE OF NATIONALIST CHINA.

MISS SENDER SAID 500,000 CHINESE ALREADY HAVE BEEN PROMISED TO WORK FOR RUSSIA AND ASKED "WHERE WILL THE SYSTEM HALT?"

THE AFL REPRESENTATIVE SAID REPORTS FLOWING INTO HER ORGANIZATION FROM ABROAD SHOW THAT WHEREVER COMMUNISM CONQUERS NEW LANDS A SYSTEM OF FORCED LABOR ACCOMPANIES THE CONQUEST.

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LAKEWOOD,N.J.,FEB.27-(AP)-A LITTLE AUSTRALIAN GIRL PLAYED HAPPILY TODAY IN A STRANGE NEW COUNTRY FROM WHICH HER MOTHER IS BARRED.

SHE IS CAROL ANN WENNER, 5, WHO FLEW HALFWAY AROUND THE WORLD FROM HER HOME IN SYDNEY, AUSTRALIA, TO LIVE WITH GRANDPARENTS SHE HAD NEVER SEEN.

HER MOTHER, BARRED FROM LEGAL ENTRY TO THE UNITED STATES ON AN IMMIGRATION TECHNICALITY, PUT CAROL ANN ON A PLANE IN AUSTRALIA LAST FRIDAY.

LATE LAST NIGHT, HAPPY AND EXCITED ABOUT EVERYTHING, THE YOUNGSTER ARRIVED AT LA GUARDIA AIRPORT IN NEW YORK TO BE MET BY THE GRAND-PARENTS, MR. AND MRS. CHARLES C. WENNER.

THEY BROUGHT HER TO THEIR HOME HERE IN THE FIRST AUTOMOBILE IN WHICH SHE HAS EVER RIDDEN. LAKEWOOD IS ABOUT 60 MILES SOUTH OF NEW YORK CITY.

SHE ATE HER FIRST MEAL--AN EGG SANDWICH AND TEA--IN A DINER LAST NIGHT AND STAYED UP UNTIL 4 A.M., LISTENING TO COWBOY RECORDS.

MRS.WENNER SAID HER SON, WILLIAM, A NAVY BOATSWAIN'S MATE FIRST CLASS, IS EN ROUTE TO ALASKA NOW ABOARD AN OIL TANKER, BUT EXPECTS A 23-DAY LEAVE IN MARCH TO COME HOME TO VISIT THE WARTIME CHILD HE HAS NEVER SEEN.

SHE SAID YOUNG WENNER, 26, IN THE NAVY SINCE 1941, HAD MARRIED IN 1944 WHEN HIS SHIP WAS AT SYDNEY.

LATER HE TRIED TO BRING HIS WIFE AND CHILD TO AMERICA, BUT FOUND THAT A MINOR COURT CONVICTION BARRED PHYLLIS WENNER FROM ENTER-ING THIS COUNTRY.

WENNER SINCE HAS OBTAINED A NEW JERSEY DIVORCE DEGREE, WHICH HAS NOT YET BECOME FINAL, ON GROUNDS OF DESERTION. HE WAS AWARDED CUSTODY OF THE CHILD.

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U. S. CHALLENGES SOVIET TO FREE GERMAN BALLOT

Richard McGregor

FRANKFURT, Germany, Feb. 28 —(AP) The United States issued an implicit challenge to Soviet Russia today by proposing free elections for all Germany, including the communist-run east zone People's Republic.

U. S. High Commissioner John J. McCloy advanced the proposal at a news conference. He expanded upon an indirect invitation he issued to the Russians Jan. 3 to make "a bona fide offer" for uniting Germany. That invitation was ignored.

The Russians have been backing their communist-ruled East German "national front" as the only real advocates of German unity.

Has State Dept. Support

The new move apparently has full State Department support. McCloy indicated it will be discussed when he visits Washington at the end of this week.

McCloy suggested the United States would not take the initiative, but that Dr. Konrad Adenauer's West German government should consider discussing it with the eastern regime.

Adenauer so far has avoided all contact with the communists of the east.

The provinso that the elections should be "free" pinpoints a fundamental difference between Russia and the west. They have disagreed at every postwar conference on what constitutes a free election.

Puts Reds on Defensive

The proposal, however, should put the Russians on the defensive in German eyes, since they have been clamoring for German unity and a government for "all of Germany."

It was suggested the elections might be held Oct. 15. This is the date the communists have set for elections in East Germany to confirm the puppet government they already have established through a hand-picked convention.

In a statement along with the proposal, McCloy stressed that the United States is interested only in elections that are open to all parties, with the press allowed to report east zone developments fully.

Some members of McCloy's cabinet expressed doubt the proposal could be anything more than a well-planned propaganda move by the United States. Any communist promises for free elections would have to be watertight, they said.

FUCHS TRIAL BEGINS TODAY

Ed Cunliffe

Swift British Justice Hinted In Atom Secrets Case

London, Feb. 28 (AP)—British justice is expected to deal swiftly tomorrow with Dr. Klaus Fuchs, brilliant German-born physicist accused of betraying Western atomic secrets to Soviet Russia.

One of his attorneys, J. Thompson Halsall, said today the trial will take "probably not more than a day."

Halsall declined to say how Fuchs will plead, but the prosecution introduced at his preliminary hearing a detailed statement described as a full confession that he had given American and British atom secrets to Russia over a seven-year period —1942 to 1949.

Maximum Of 14 Years

Fuchs's trial is scheduled to begin at 10.30 A.M. He is formally accused on two charges of violating the Official Secrets Act — with a possible maximum penalty of fourteen years in prison. Fuchs is accused of giving Russian agents atom secrets in London, New York and while working at the Los Alamos (N.M.) atom project, in Boston.

Britain Demands Soviet Protest German Assets

London, Feb. 28 (AP)—Britain, in a sharp note, has told Russia that she must protect British interests and assets in the Soviet zone of Germany.

The Foreign Office today released the text of its February 23 communication to Moscow, which said Russia recognized its obligation toward British interests in Germany—but had not fulfilled it effectively.

The British note requested safeguard of British assets in eastern Germany from improper expropriation.

PRELATE BACKS CHURCHILL

Archbishop of York Supports Atomic Talks With Russia

YORK, England, Feb. 28 (AP)—The Archbishop of York today supported Winston Churchill's plea for high-level atomic talks with the Soviet Union.

Without specifically mentioning Mr. Churchill's call, the Archbishop, Dr. Cyril F. Garbett, second ranking prelate in the Church of England, wrote in his diocesan leaflet:

"There is not time for delay. Another attempt should be made on the highest level to reach an agreement with Russia."

Archbishop Garbett said that the hydrogen bomb had forced the world to a quick choice between "agreement or destruction."

Mr. Churchill had called for high-level atomic talks during a campaign speech in Edinburgh, Scotland, Feb. 14. Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin later described Mr. Churchill's proposal as a campaign stunt.

Italian Peasants Seize Land

ROME, Feb. 28 (AP).—Dispatches from southern Italy reported today that land-hungry Italian peasants are on the march again. The reports said thousands of Calabrian peasants occupied 50,000 acres of land in the last two days.

'Little Siberia' Speeds Uranium Ore to Soviet

Parcel at Source

BERLIN, Feb. 28—(AP) At least 100,000 East Germans are engaged in mining and shipping uranium ore to Russia's atomic weapon plants, a western intelligence source said today.

This labor force was reported working under Soviet army guard in "Little Siberia"—a barricaded area of 800 square miles in the Erzebirge mountains of Saxony.

Russian engineers are also directing 2,500 Germans in exploratory drilling for radio-active ore near Wernigerode in the Harz mountains of Thuringia, the source said.

Uranium production in "Little Siberia" has been pushed since mid-1947 by a Soviet stock company, Wismut A.G. It has a paper capitalization of 50,000,000 rubles and head offices in Moscow.

The actual volume of shipments is one of Russia's tightest secrets and allied sources decline to reveal their own estimates.

Titoism Crops Up Again, Czech Chief Says

Nate Polowetzky

Prague, Czechoslovakia, Feb. 28 (AP)—Czechoslovakia's Communist President, Klement Gottwald, told his party leaders Friday that Titoism has cropped up in this country, it was disclosed officially today.

This admission coincided with these developments:

1. The war between the Communist Government and the Roman Catholic Church flared anew. The nation's Catholic bishops warned priests they will be excommunicated if they accept Government nominations for church jobs without prior permission of church superiors. The bishops also forbade priests to take part in discussions with the Government "until further notice."

2. It was announced officially that Vilem Novy has been fired as editor of the Communist party newspaper *Rude Pravo* and thrown off the party central committee. Titoism is believed involved and there were reports that Novy and others would go on trial.

Addresses Central Committee

Gottwald spoke during a three-day session of the Central Committee at the meeting which ousted Novy from the committee.

"We all followed with interest the Rajk trial in Budapest and the Kostov trial in Sofia," he said. Laszlo Rajk, former Hungarian Foreign Minister, and Traicho Kostov, Bulgarian Vice Premier, convicted and Titoists and plotters, were executed.

"The Rajk trial especially showed what role the imperialists gave to the Tito clique and what far-reaching plans they had," Gottwald said.

"They did not care only that Tito lead Yugoslavia into the imperialist camp, but also that he carry with him the other people's democratic states."

Released Late

Gottwald's speech was released only today by the official news agency, which also made the announcement about Novy, who was fired as *Rude Pravo's* editor December 9 for "crude violation of Bolshevik watchfulness." Previously Novy had resigned from Parliament, officially "because of illness."

Novy had been in London during the war with the exiled wartime Government of President Eduard Benes.

It has been reported that some members of the ruling Communists here, most of them Moscow trained, have been attempting to discredit all such "Western" taints. Reliable sources say the Moscow-trained group is preparing to discredit the reputation of Benes, a hero in Czechoslovakia who died seven months after the Communists seized power.

Talk Of Trials Heard

Recently Rudolf Slansky, party secretarial general, announced that the party to be purged of "hostile and imperialist agents." This had given rise to reports that some Communist leaders here would be tried soon on charges of conniving with Tito's outcast Communist party.

The Catholic bishop's directions to the priests were contained in a circular letter made available to Western reporters. It was signed by twelve bishops, including Archbishop Josef Beran, the primate, who says he has been interned in his palace since last June. It was the first circular signed by the primate in several months. ADD

CZECH PARTY PURGE IS SEEN

Some Expected To Be Tried As Titoists There

Nate Polowetzky

Prague, Czechoslovakia, Feb. 28 (AP)—The possibility of an imminent wholesale purge of the Czech Communist party and subsequent trial of some members on charges of Titoism was indicated tonight.

The first step towards such actions were taken last Friday at a meeting of the party's ruling central committee.

The official news agency disclosed today the members of the committee heard and approved in quick succession:

1. A speech by President Klement Gottwald admitting that Titoism (the independent communism typified by Yugoslav Premier Marshal Tito) has appeared in the party's ranks.

2. A report recommending that Vilem Novy, Communist former member of Parliament and former editor of *Rude Pravo*, the party's official mouthpiece, be expelled from the party and the central committee.

Two Resign From Parliament

At the same time the *Official Gazette* said two other members of the Parliament had resigned and that a third was ousted by parliamentary decree. No reason was given.

The *Gazette* said the first two were Dr. Josef Bruah, a member of the Slovak Freedom party, and Jan Lorkoa, member of the Slovak Communist party.

The third deputy was identified as Ondrej Roba, another member of the Slovak Communist party.

The highlight of the central committee's meeting was Gottwald's speech.

Followed Rajk Trial

He told his audience:

"We all followed with interest the Rajk trial in Budapest and the Kostov trial in Sofia. The Rajk trial especially showed what role the imperialists gave to the Tito clique and what far-reaching plans they had.

"They did not care only that Tito lead Yugoslavia into the imperialist camp, but also that he carry with him the other people's democracies.

"That was clearly proved and we already have proof that in our country similar attempts were made from the ranks of the Titoists."

Laszlo Rajk, former Hungarian Communist Minister of the Interior, and Traicho Kostov, former Bulgarian Communist Deputy Premier, were both convicted and executed on charges of plotting with Marshal Tito's agents to overthrow the Hungarian and Bulgarian Communist regimes and turn the nation into vasal states of Yugoslavia.

Country In Danger

Gottwald called for an "airing of our organization by the good wind of criticism and self-criticism." He told the group that this country was in danger from "spies, diversionists, terrorists, murderers, bandits and other such human dregs."

Hailing the Soviet Union as the fighter for peace, Gottwald said Russia would use the atom bomb, and perhaps greater weapons, against any aggressor.

Other developments on the Czech scene:

1. The nation's Catholic bishops warned their priests that the priests would be excommunicated if they accepted Government nominations for church offices without prior permission of their church superiors.

2. Two more American Mormon missionaries were given 48 hours to leave the country. The expulsions reduced to one the number of American Mormon missionaries still in Czechoslovakia. The expellees will leave Thursday. They are Melvin P. Mabey, of Bountiful, Utah, and William Martini, of Glendale, Cal.

Czechs Replace German Names

Prague, Feb. 28 (AP)—Czech philologists and geographers are digging up old Slavic names to replace German and Austrian place names which abound throughout Czecho-

slovakia.

The German and Austrian names are a heritage of the long-time Austrian rule of Bohemia and Moravia followed by the six-year wartime German occupation.

Americans Back Red Atom Plan, Russ Told

Moscow, Feb. 28 (AP)—The Soviet press is telling Russian readers these days that the American public is putting great pressure on the United States Government to reach agreement with the Soviet Union on atomic control.

Russians appear to feel that the Truman Administration sooner or later will be forced by the American public to take a more conciliatory attitude toward the Soviet Union and its proposals in the field of atomic-energy controls.

Reflect Russ Policy

[This dispatch, passed by the Russian censor, reflects what appears to be a revived Soviet propaganda campaign for atom-control talks. President Truman and Secretary of State Dean Acheson have said recently there is no indication that Russia's officials are willing to drop their opposition to the control plan approved by a majority of the United Nations—a program that provides strict international control and full rights to enter any country to inspect atomic energy projects for possible violations.]

This impression is being given in Moscow by Soviet papers in their articles on atomic-energy control:

That a very large percentage of the American public is opposed to the policy of the United States Government on international atomic controls.

That many Americans consider the Russian proposals in the field of atomic energy are a practical basis for further talks.

That in any case almost all Americans feel that it is time their own Government did something on this question in terms of getting together with the Government of the U.S.S.R.

Pravda Hits High Aide; He Repents, Keeps Post

Moscow, Feb. 28 (AP)—A member of the powerful Soviet Politburo, Andrei A. Andreyev, agreed fully today with criticism by the newspaper *Pravda* that his policy on organization of work on collective farms was wrong.

Andreyev, who since the *Pravda* criticism has been named as candidate for re-election to the Supreme Soviet (Parliament), said in a published letter he "recognized greatly the correctness of the Bolshevik (Communist party) criticism of my statement on links (teams) in grain cultivation on collective farms."

Pravda Prints Sharp Criticism

Pravda, organ of the Communist party, sharply criticized Andreyev in an article February 20 for making erroneous statements and directing mistaken farm labor practices in the Kursk region of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics. Andreyev is chairman of the Council of Collective Farm Affairs.

[It is extremely rare that a member of the Politburo, highest authoritative body in the ruling Communist party of Russia, is attacked in the press. It is equally rare that a person in such position recants publicly and is permitted to continue in the highest executive bodies of the land.]

Promises To Correct Errors

"I have thought much during the days since the publication of the *Pravda* article . . ." wrote Andreyev.

He promised to "secure, indeed," correction of his errors.

"I must say I was convinced of the useful role of links within the brigades," Andreyev wrote. "I had in view that the organization of links could secure higher labor productivity of collective farms."

High Russian Admits Error

Moscow, Feb. 28 (AP)—Andrei Andreyev, Politburo member, publicly acknowledged today that he had made a mistake in advocating a team form of organization in collective farming and fully accepted criticisms by *Pravda* February 19.

Since the criticism was published in *Pravda*, the Communist party newspaper, Andreyev has been named as a candidate for re-election to the Supreme Soviet, or Parliament, and *Pravda* has welcomed his candidacy. He is chairman of the Council of Collective Farm Affairs.

[Newspaper criticism of a Politburo member, most authoritative group in the ruling Communist party, is rare. The acceptance by a Politburo member of such criticism is even more rare.

Chiang To Take Over Chinese Presidency

Taipei, Feb. 28 (AP)—Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek announced today he would resume the presidency of Nationalist China tomorrow.

The Chinese leader said he also would assume the post of commander in chief of all Nationalist forces.

He "retired" from both jobs in January of last year, just before the fall of Nanking.

Li Tsung-jen, Vice President, then became Acting President. He underwent an operation for stomach ulcers in the Columbia-Presbyterian Medical Center in New York city in December and was released from the hospital late in January.

Still In Seclusion

He went to an undisclosed address in the fashionable Riverdale section of the Bronx, in New York city, for convalescence, and has remained in seclusion.

Chiang's message today made no mention of whether Li has given his concurrence to the Generalissimo's action.

In a brief statement circulated through the official news agency, Chiang said:

"I have decided to return to the post of President from March 1.

State Without Leader

"Since Li Tsung-jen's departure (for the United States) in November last year the state has been without a President and the armed forces without a commander in chief.

"Especially since the conclusion of the Mao Tze-tung Stalin pact (between Red China and Russia earlier this month) the world situation has changed for the worse. In view of this and also to satisfy demands of public opinion, I have decided to return to office."

Chiang has headed the Kuomintang (China's Nationalist party), which in effect has been the Nationalist Government, since the death in 1926 of Dr. Sun Yat-sen, China's liberator.

Not Unexpected

Chiang's action was not unexpected. For several weeks his followers have been clamoring for him to resume the presidency.

It will be a greatly reduced force that he takes over tomorrow from the one he left some thirteen months ago. Then he was nominal ruler, at least, of about 300,000,000 of China's 450,000,000 inhabitants.

Still in Nationalist hands then, was the rich Yangtze River Valley and more than half of the vast country the Reds controlled in North China. Today the Nationalist Government has been driven from the mainland to this island of Formosa.

Present Domain

The Nationalists now rule less than 10,000,000 here, and in other islands flanking the China coast. They also have an undetermined number of troops in far southwestern China.

They claim the support of millions of underground workers in Red China proper.

Chiang and Li were divided almost from the moment Li was put up by his supporters for Vice President. Chiang did not openly oppose Li but Nanking sources said he favored other vice presidential candidates. Li's election to the vice presidency by the National Assembly was, in effect, a rebuff to Chiang's long rule.

Revamping Seen

Chiang's return to power probably means a wholesale revamping of the Nationalist Government. Premier Yen Hsi-shan has been reported ready to retire. Others high in the Yen Cabinet may be replaced.

Friends have said Chiang is convinced war between the United States and Russia is inevitable. He pins his hopes of regaining power in China on this supposition, they say, feeling American support may be bought by Chinese bases and troops.

CHIANG LEADS CHINESE AGAIN

Li Not Expected To Contest Return To Presidency

Taipei, Formosa, *Wednesday*, March 1 (AP)—Chiang Kai-shek today formally resumed the presidency of what remains of Nationalist China. The Generalissimo had "retired" thirteen months ago.

Chiang announced yesterday in a swift but not unexpected move that he would take over today. His action probably ended the political crisis with Li Tsung-jen, who had been acting president since Chiang quit.

Li, recuperating from a stomach operation in New York, is not expected to contest Chiang's official return to power.

The Nationalists loyal to Chiang have been trying to get Li to step down. That pressure will be withdrawn now. Li is free to remain in the United States as long as he likes, but he reverts to his old position of Vice President.

No Formal Inauguration

In a brief statement, Chiang said he had decided to return because "the world situation has changed for the worse," especially since the Chinese Communists signed their treaty of alliance with Russia earlier this month. He noted that the Nationalists had been without a president since Li left about four months ago.

While the constitutionality of Chiang's move is questionable, all quarters predicted everything will pass off smoothly. Chiang actually has been running the show since Li left last November.

There was no formal inauguration of the Generalissimo. He simply appeared at the president's office in the former Japanese governor general's administration building in downtown Taipei.

Senior officials of state and the chiefs of the armed services awaited him. Chiang read a statement, then started to work as president and commander in chief.

Li Provokes Anger

Chiang's decision to return to the presidency came after long and fruitless efforts by various officials to get Li to say positively whether he was returning or resigning.

His indecision provoked anger even among many of his former supporters. The collapse of Gen. Pai Chung-hsi's 250-000-man army last year after the fall of Canton left Li with little bargaining power. He and Pai are close associates.

Chiang quit in January of 1949

when the Nationalist fortunes were at a low ebb. His popularity seemed just as low. The Communists had seized most of North China and were moving down toward the Yangtze.

Now, the Nationalist fortunes are even lower, but there is a strange resurgence of spirit. When the Government fled the mainland to Formosa its final doom seemed near.

Decision Generally Acclaimed

But the air force began to pack a new wallop. The navy stayed loyal and maintained a fairly effective blockade of Shanghai and points south. Ground forces on Formosa were reorganized and trained.

Hainan, the big Nationalist island off the South China coast, held off invasion. Chushan Island, blockade headquarters 100 miles south of China, was developed as an air and naval base.

Hopes for an eventual comeback stirred. Last week Chiang promised an invasion of the mainland and the execution of Chinese Red Leader Mao Tze-tung as a traitor.

Premier Yen Wants To Quit

Chiang's resuming of the presidency was generally acclaimed. A member of his staff said: "If Li wants to come back and help Chiang fight the Reds he will be welcome."

One of Chiang's first acts probably will be to accept the resignation of Premier Yen Hsi-shan. Yen is old and wants to quit. His likely successor is Gen. Chen Cheng, commander in the southeast including Formosa. For twenty years he has been one of Chiang's closest friends.

The air offensive against the mainland was confined to leaflet raids. Taipei went through its first air-raid test against the day when the small Red air force may appear in Formosa's skies.

Blockade Ships To Be Attacked: Nationalists

Chiang to resume presidency tomorrow. [Page 2.]

Taipei, Formosa, Feb. 28 (AP)—In the wake of new attacks on two American merchantmen, Nationalist China warned today that all ships trading with the Chinese Communists are subject to air assault.

The Pioneer Dale of the United States Lines and the Flying Clipper of the Isbrandtsen Line were bomber and straffed by unidentified planes yesterday off Tsingtao in Communist North China. The bombs missed. But both ships were peppered by machinegun fire. One sailor was injured.

Chinese Statement

Chinese Nationalist Air Force headquarters did not say its planes attacked the American ships, but admitted they raided the Tsingtao area. In response to foreign reports that the two ships had been fired on, headquarters issued this statement:

"Nationalists are determined to carry out the Government's port closure policy and therefore any and every ship that steams into a

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closed area is liable to air attack."

The Nationalists declared a blockade—they call it "port closure" to avoid giving the Reds belligerent status—on part of the China coast last June. It was expanded as the Communist armies swept over the country. Now it covers all mainland seaports.

Ships Under Attack

American, British, Panamanian and Portuguese ships have run afoul of the blockade. Some have been under air attack. Some have been shelled by naval craft. Others have been seized.

But none of these incidents occurred as far north as Tsingtao. This port has been used regularly by blockade runners in lieu of Shanghai, on which the Nationalists have kept a close watch. Previous attacks on American ships—all Isbrandsten vessels—have occurred off the Yangtze River approach to Shanghai.

Coincidentally with the news of attacks on the Pioneer Dale and Flying Clipper, the United States State Department in Washington disclosed the Nationalists never have replied to a protest on the shelling of the Flying Arrow.

Hit By Gunboat

The Flying Arrow was hit by a Nationalist gunboat off the Yangtze January 8 while bound for Shanghai. She finally went to Tsingtao under escort of an American destroyer. ADD

CHINESE PLAN TIENTSIN RAIDS

Nationalists Give No Indication Of Entertaining Protests

Taipei, Formosa, Feb. 28 (AP)—The Chinese Nationalists will follow up the first raid on Tsingtao with attacks soon on the big North China port of Tientsin, officials said today.

Two American ships, the Pioneer Dale and the Flying Clipper, were machinegunned in Monday's raid on Tsingtao. Bombs fell near both.

There was no indication the Nationalists would entertain protests from any government over such attacks.

The attitude was reflected in an air force headquarters statement to the Associated Press declaring: "Any and every ship which steams into a closed (blockaded) area is liable to air attack."

Three Planes Over Tsingtao

An air force communiqué made no mention of an attack on the two ships. It said Mitchell medium bombers, escorted by Mustang fighters, attacked Tsingtao's wharves, warehouses and railway station, causing many fires.

[Capt. D. E. Noble of the new world victory of the Pacific Far East Lines messaged the Associated Press at San Francisco that only three planes appeared over Tsingtao.

[He said that after bombing the industrial district, the three planes dived and bombed the Pioneer Dale and the Flying Clipper, strafed them, and then flew out to sea. He said two were fighters and the third was a two-engine bomber. The bombs were small. His own ship was not attacked.]

Attack On U.S. Ships Pictured

The following eyewitness account is the first direct word from Tsingtao on the bombing and strafing attack on two American ships there. The dispatch was filed by the captain of a United States ship which was in Tsingtao at the time the two were attacked.

By Capt. D. E. Noble

(Master of the Pacific Far East Lines ship New World Victory)

Aboard the New World Victory in Tsingtao, China, Feb. 28 (AP)—At noon February 27 three Nationalist planes appeared over Tsingtao and after circling the city dropped a stick of bombs over the industrial area and near the local power plant.

Then heading out over the docks and harbor, they dove on two American ships at anchor and dropped bombs and strafed same—the Pioneer Dale and the Flying Clipper.

These ships immediately put to sea. The planes did not bomb the dock area where my vessel was loading. The planes disappeared about 1 P.M.

Two planes seemed to be of the P-51 type and the third a two-engine aircraft of unidentified type. The bombs dropped were small.

Business was resumed as usual after the raid.

British Fleet Leaves Hong Kong

HONG KONG, Feb. 28 (AP).—The British Far East Fleet left Hong Kong today for north Borneo and the Philippines to join units of the United States Far East Fleet in maneuvers. Five destroyers, two cruisers, the aircraft carrier Triumph, four frigates, a hospital ship, a tanker and a supply ship made up the force.

Cabinet in Siam Will Recognize BaoDaiRegime

Foreign Secretary Resigns Over Viet Nam Decision; BangkokTension Mounts

BANGKOK, Thailand (Siam), Feb. 28 (AP).—Tense Thailand today decided to recognize the French-supported government of Emperor Bao Dai in Indo-China. Stormy governmental discussions that may presage serious trouble preceded the announcement. Foreign Minister Phot Sarasin resigned.

Premier Pibul Songgram instructed the Cabinet secretary to inform Cabinet members the time was at hand to recognize Bao Dai's Viet Nam regime as well as the kingdoms of Laos and Cambodia. He ordered an immediate drafting of the recognition papers.

Foreign Minister Phot, leader of the opposition to immediate recognition, heard of the decision and sought out the premier on a golf course. There, after a verbal exchange reportedly cool, Mr. Phot resigned. Mr. Pibul accepted.

The Cabinet and other high government officials had been debating for three weeks what action to take.

Political circles here tonight were tense. The charged atmosphere could explode into a coup—the manner in which Mr. Pibul took over the government in 1947.

India Is Unwilling to Join Anti-Red Pacific Parley

NEW DELHI, Feb. 28 (AP).—A Foreign Ministry source said today India would be unwilling to join any Pacific conference "aimed against any one or anybody." India, however, would be glad to participate in any meeting of Pacific nations to discuss matters of mutual concern, the source said.

The informant said President Elpidio Quirino of the Philippines and Nationalist China's Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek first projected a Pacific pact meeting as an anti-Communist move, and then were supported by Dr. Synghman Rhee, President of South Korea.

"India feels such an 'anti' meeting would serve only to widen existing world cleavage and would not help narrow it," the informant said. "Therefore she is unprepared to join."

He said India did not have official information on the reported call for such a meeting and was not certain she would be invited. But he recalled that the 1949 conference here of Southeast nations, including Indonesia, had envisaged "future collaboration on mutual problems." ADD

McCormick Arrives In Cairo

Cairo, Feb. 28 (AP)—Col. Robert R. McCormick, publisher of the Chicago *Tribune*, arrived in Cairo today from Athens for a three-day stay. He is making a tour of Europe and the Middle East. ADD

Acheson Says He Doesn't Condone The Offenses Charged Against Hiss

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28 — (AP) Secretary of State Acheson testified today that he does not condone the offenses of which his friend Alger Hiss has been convicted.

At the same time he denied he had challenged any actions of the court in which Hiss was convicted of perjury for his denial that he passed on State Department secrets to a confessed courier for a Soviet spy ring.

He declared further that he would "never knowingly tolerate any disloyal person in the department of state."

Gives Attitude Toward Hiss

He said his attitude toward Hiss is governed by "Christ's words setting forth compassion as the highest of Christian duties." His statement on the matter would be valid, he said, whether the conviction stands or is reversed.

The discussion of Acheson-Hiss relations arose in testimony by the secretary of state before a Senate Appropriations Subcommittee in connection with department requests for operating funds.

It revolved around Acheson's declaration, before Hiss' conviction, that the former State Department official was and is his friend, and his statement after the conviction that he would not turn his back on Hiss. In the latter comment on the case the secretary had cited scripture on the quality of compassion.

Senator Bridges (R-NH) led into the discussion today with a series of questions about the factors that would be considered in determining whether a State Department employe was a good security risk.

"Yes," Acheson replied when Bridges asked if a friend of a known communist would be a bad risk.

Would a member of a Communist front organization also be a bad risk, Bridges wanted to know.

"It depends on whether the person would know what the front was going about," the secretary replied.

Bridges Presses Quiz

Then Bridges, in an obvious dig at Acheson's own comment on Hiss, asked if a "friend of a person convicted for prejury in connection with a treasonable act" would be considered a bad risk.

"I think that would be a matter that would have to be looked into," Acheson answered.

In response to a suggestion from Senator Hill (D.-Ala.) that he might want to say something of his own about Hiss, Acheson first said he would prefer not to do so. Finally, however, he drew out and read a 1,000-word statement. His statement emphasized that he was not discussing the merits of the charges. The duty of judgment lies with the court, he said.

Then Acheson passed on to suggestions that he should have let the matter rest with a refusal to discuss its merits.

"There seemed to me public and private reasons why this could not be done," he said.

The Hiss matter came up after Deputy Undersecretary of State John E. Peurifoy had testified that in the last two years the department has rid itself of 202 employes who were under security investigation.

One was fired and the others were allowed to resign, he said.

He said 91 of the 202 were homosexual cases, explaining that such persons are rated bad risks because they might be blackmailed by spies.

Acheson Statement on Hiss

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28 (AP).—The complete text of Secretary of State Dean Acheson's statement today on Alger Hiss:

I have been asked to explain the statement which I made in regard to Alger Hiss on the 25th of January in the light of various criticisms which have been leveled at it; such as that it impugned proceedings before a United States court; that it should not have been made; that it condoned the offense for which Mr. Hiss was tried; and so forth.

First, I stated, as clearly as I could, that I would not discuss in any manner whatever the charges against Mr. Hiss, since those charges were then, as they are now, before a court. This is a principle of the most fundamental importance. No one who was brought up in the law, as I was, by Mr. Justice Brandeis and Mr. Justice Holmes can have the faintest doubt of the transcendent importance of practicing this principle in the strictest possible way. I have been a member of the bar for thirty years, I have never departed from this principle and I never expect to do so.

Won't Discuss Charges

Therefore, I did not in my former statement, nor shall I now, discuss that charges in this case in any way, either directly or indirectly. The duty of passing upon them rests with the court, and the court should not be, in any manner whatever, embarrassed or prejudiced in performing this duty.

Second, I have been asked why I did not let the matter rest with what I have just said. There seemed to me public and private reasons why this could not be done.

At the time of my confirmation, the Senate committee before which I appeared inquired of me regarding my relations with Mr. Hiss. This is clearly indicative of the committee's belief that the matter was relevant to my fitness for the office. Many of those who have criticized my statement give further

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ground for this belief. It has been charged, for instance, that what I said indicates that I am not qualified for the office which I hold. I do not agree with this view, but it surely indicates that some persons believe that my views in this matter are relevant to the question of my fitness for the office and that, therefore, the public is entitled to know my views.

At any rate, the question which was put to me was directed toward bringing them out, and the issue was, therefore, presented whether I should state them or withhold them.

There were also personal reasons for stating my attitude

One must be true to the things by which one lives. The counsels of discretion and cowardice are appealing. The safe course is to avoid situations which are disagreeable and dangerous. Such a course might get one by the issue of the moment, but it has bitter and evil consequences. In the long days and years which stretch beyond that moment of decision one must live with one's self; and the consequences of living with a decision which one knows has sprung from timidity and cowardice go to the roots of one's life. It is not merely a question of peace of mind, though that is vital; it is a matter of integrity of character. This is the most fundamental of all considerations.

Sees No Alternative

For these reasons it seemed, and it still seems, to me that there was no alternative to saying what I said.

Third. The attitude which one, who has known and worked with Mr. Hiss will take toward him in his deep trouble is a matter for the individual conscience to decide. It isn't a matter which a court, or public opinion or the government can decide for one. That is fundamental, not only under our institutions of personal liberty and responsibility, but under the Christian ethic. It is not true, for instance, in the Soviet Union. There, all those who have known or worked with a person who has been even charged with the offenses with which Mr. Hiss has been charged must flee from him as from the plague, if they would preserve

even the safety of their lives. But that is not true of us; and, indeed, that difference between us and the Soviet Union goes to the very root of the issues which so deeply divide the free world from the Communist world.

Turning then to my personal attitude toward Mr. Hiss, I said that it would be founded upon the principles as stated by Christ in the passages which I cited from the Gospel according to St. Matthew. These passages represent the tradition in which I have been bred, going back beyond the limits of memory. Mr. Hiss is in the greatest trouble in which a man could be. The outcome of his appeal can have little bearing upon his personal tragedy. The Court of Appeals can either affirm the conviction and sentence, in which case he must go to prison; or, if it finds error in the proceedings below, it can reverse the judgment of the court and remand the case for still another trial in conformity with its opinion. It is in regard to a man in this situation that I referred to Christ's words setting forth compassion as the highest of Chris-

tian duties and as the highest quality in the sight of God.

Not Condoning Offenses

If there is anything in what I have said which casts doubt upon the proceedings of a United States court, I fail to see it. And I do not believe that any fair mind, brought up in the principles which I have discussed, would differ from me. What I have said has nothing whatever to do with the decision of the jury or with the correctness of the rulings of the trial judge. It would be equally valid whether the conviction is affirmed or reversed.

Fourth. Similarly, what I have said would not, I believe, carry to any fair mind the implication that I was condoning the offenses with which Mr. Hiss was charged and of which he has been convicted. It seems fantastic in the light of the facts of my life, which have been a matter of most public record, that any insinuation should be made. Over the last thirty years I have repeatedly served the United States, and have done so almost continuously for the last ten years. No one can be found to say that I have not done this faithfully and to the best of my

ability. Few can doubt that on all of these occasions there were far easier and more profitable courses open to me.

So far as public avowals of loyalty are concerned, I have on numerous occasions taken the most solemn oath of allegiance and loyalty to my country and to its Constitution. But for the benefit of those who would create doubt where none existed, I will accept the humiliation of stating what should be obvious that I did not and do not condone in any way the offenses charged, whether committed by a friend or by a total stranger, and that I would never knowingly tolerate any disloyal person in the Department of State.

Flow of Arms to Europe Will Start This Weekend

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28 (AP)—The United States will start a billion dollar flow of arms to Western Europe next week-end when a French aircraft carrier arrives to pick up a cargo of American navy fighters and bombers.

These initial supplies for France will set into motion the much-delayed American program for bolstering the Atlantic area against possible Russian aggression.

France to Get Planes

Top government officials reported the first consignment for France probably will be about 50 Corsair fighters and helldiver bombers from the navy's reserve stocks.

Speedier jet aircraft have replaced them aboard American carriers but they nevertheless represent a powerful addition to the French air arm.

The planes, of types used successfully against the Japanese in World War II, will be loaded aboard the French carrier "Dixmude" after she docks Saturday or Sunday at Norfolk, Va.

The Dixmude, a 14,500-ton escort carrier, was built at Chester, Pa., and later turned over to the French after it had been used by the British.

National defense and State Department officials had tried to keep the carrier's impending arrival a secret but it leaked out. There is some concern here over increasing demonstrations by communists in France and Italy against American arms shipments.

Reds Threaten Trouble

Communist leaders have urged dock workers to refuse to unload American aid cargoes and American officials want to keep the arrival times secret if they can avoid demonstrations.

It was learned, however, that scores of boxcars loaded with American guns, tanks, ammunition and military equipment are now rolling towards east coast ports. These will begin moving early in March, according to present schedules, to France and the seven other countries due to get American military help—Britain, Italy, Belgium, the Netherlands, Luxembourg, Norway and Denmark.

France will receive the biggest share of the billion dollars approved by congress but officials declined to say exactly how much.

$2,048,000 FOR RECOVERY

E.C.A. Approves Grants to Italy, Greece, Norway and France

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27 (AP)—Five European countries were granted $2,048,000 today to buy Recovery goods under the Marshall Plan. All purchases will be made in the United States, the Economic Cooperation Administration said in announcing the spending approvals.

Italy received $1,000,000 for industrial chemicals; Greece got $563,000, of which $560,000 is earmarked for raw cotton, the balance for purchase of seeds. Norway will buy $200,000 worth of non-metallic minerals; France, $165,000 chemicals, and Western Germany $120,000 of industrial raw

The transactions bring total spending authorizations under the Marshall Plan to $8,377,920,000 since the start of the European Recovery Program, nearly two years ago.

Bulgars Burn Papers, Resent Photographers

Washington, Feb. 28 (AP)—Bulgarian officials preparing to return behind the Iron Curtain had a final clash with democracy today.

They burned legation papers and then expressed indignation when police refused to arrest photographers.

The United States broke off relations with Bulgaria last week and ordered the legation closed.

Today was moving day—and Bulgarian officials and their employés burned the customary papers.

Neighbors called the fire department when one blaze in the rear of the building seemed out of control. Photographers followed firemen to the scene.

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U.S. Aide Charged With Saying Point-4 Aim Is To Stir Revolts

Washington, Feb. 28 (AP)—A Detroit business man today quoted a State Department official as saying President Truman's Point-Four program is aimed ultimately at creating revolt among colonial peoples.

Roy W. Gifford, retired chairman of the board of Borg-Warner International Corporation, attributed the statement to Benjamin Gerig, chief of the State Department's office of dependent areas affairs and deputy United States representative on the United Nations Trusteeship Council.

"This man," Gifford told the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, "said the object of the Point-Four program is to develop the colonial backward areas of the world until they can revolt against their mother countries."

Denied By Gerig

In Geneva, Switzerland, where he is attending a United Nations meeting, Gerig said there was "no truth whatever" in Gifford's assertion.

Gerig said the statement Gifford referred to was one in which he (Gerig) paraphrased a quotation of former Secretary of State Cordell Hull. Gerig said he had quoted Hull to the effect that "people who aspire to independence and have the capacity to obtain it merit the sympathy and support of other peoples."

"Mr. Gifford interpreted this in a wholly unwarranted manner," Gerig said. "I did not mention revolt at any time." Gerig said his statement was made at an open meeting and that others had heard it.

Remark Attacked

President Truman has asked Congress to approve a Point-Four project involving governmental technical assistance and private financing to develop the economy of backward world areas. It is part of the drive to check communism.

Gifford said Gerig's remark was made last June at a foreign affairs seminar sponsored by the Brookings Institute at Lake Forest College, near Chicago.

"I challenged Gerig's statement at an open session of the seminar," Gifford testified. "I told him I did not believe that was the State Department's policy.

"But he stood by his guns and said it was."

Gifford was one of several witnesses before the Senate group and the House Foreign Affairs Committee at separate hearings on the Administration's request for $2,950,000,000 in new money for the Economic Co-Operation Administration's foreign aid program for the year beginning July 1.

Called Press Agent

Britain came under attack at both hearings. The ECA was attacked and defended.

Gifford said the ECA is dominated by the State Department and that Paul Hoffman, ECA chief, is "only the public relation's man." He added, however, that Hoffman had done a good job, but that no one man could handle the vast number of problems arising from Europe's recovery.

He suggested an executive board should be created to direct the aid program. He attributed ECA's trouble mainly to the State Department's policy of "dollar diplomacy."

Gifford said Britain's Labor Goernment and other Socialist governments in Europe are "not interested in helping private industry." He added that nationalized industry gets American aid as a gift, whereas private industries must pay interest and repay the principle on loans.

SENATOR QUESTIONS 'REFORM' OF AIDE

McCarthy Says White House Employe Favored Hiss

Washington, Feb. 28 (AP)—Senator McCarthy (R., Wis.) today questioned the "reform" of a White House aide who is "Case No. 9" on a list of persons whose loyalty the Senator wants investigated.

He drew a rejoinder from Senator Humphrey (D., Minn.), who said he could vouch for the loyalty and patriotism of the White House

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staff member, David Demarest Lloyd.

Lloyd himself told a story different from McCarthy's on the activities which the Senator used as the basis for his new attack.

Lloyd said last night he was the man McCarthy had in mind when he spoke of a White House speech writer who once failed to get State Department Loyalty Board clearance.

Notes Subsequent Actions

McCarthy took note of Lloyd's statement that he withdrew from Leftist groups long ago upon learning their aims, and went on:

"I am inclined to question the extent of Mr. Lloyd's 'reform,' however, in view of his subsequent actions.

"For example, he prepared a document entitled 'President Truman's Loyalty Program' which was furnished to all of the White House ghost writers as background material.

"Virtues Of Hiss"

"In this article he vigorously extolled the virtues of Alger Hiss. From this article, which was written after Hiss was exposed, it appears that if this young man had his way, Hiss would be back in the State Department handling secret material and still helping to shape our foreign policy."

Hiss, former State Department official, has been convicted of perjury in New York in connection with denial that he furnished secret information to Whittaker Chambers, confessed courier for a prewar Soviet spy ring.

McCarthy also said Lloyd wrote an Oklahoma City speech in which President Truman "defended his stand insofar as Reds in the Government are concerned."

Denies Preparing Any Part

Advised of the McCarthy statement, Lloyd asserted he had "no part whatsoever in the preparation" of the Oklahoma speech.

Asked if at any time he had advocated the return of Hiss to the State Department, Lloyd replied with a flat "no."

Lloyd in 1948 was assistant director of the Democratic National Committee's research division which prepared for Democratic speakers background information in connection with the loyalty program and congressional investigation.

Officials Give Views

The document was put together, White House officials said, before the charges against Hiss got into court, and before Lloyd joined the presidential staff.

The section relating to the Hiss case mentioned testimony before the House Committee on Un-American Activities and said: "No evidence has yet been adduced by the committee to indicate disloyalty or passing on of confidential information."

The paper carried an appendix including President Truman's Oklahoma speech of September 28, 1948.

Speech Is Quoted

At that time the President said the Republicans "have hindered the efforts of the FBI" against subversives.

"I charge that they have not produced any significant information about Communist espionage which the FBI did not already have," he said.

Late in the day Senator Humphrey (D., Minn.) told the Senate he had worked with Lloyd in Americans For Democratic Action, a political group which rejects Communists.

"His loyalty should be beyond question," Senator Humphrey said. "He is an avowed anti-Communist and pro-Democratic."

MOVE TO PUNISH MATTHEWS ON DENFELD FAILS

House Unit Reported To Have Voted That Ouster Was A 'Reprisal'

Washington, Feb. 28 (AP)—The Navy unification row last fall touched off a new dispute on Capitol Hill today as the House Armed Services Committee defeated a move to punish Francis P. Matthews, Navy Secretary, for firing Admiral Louis Denfeld as chief of naval operations.

The committee voted twenty to eleven against a motion by Representative Hebert (D., La.) that the Attorney General be asked to consider bringing charges against Matthews under a 1948 law which forbids the influencing or intimidating of congressional witnesses.

Touched Off By Crommelin

That action was taken after the committee was reported to have voted, 22 to 8, that Denfeld's removal was a "reprisal" for his testimony during the unification row.

Both votes were in connection with the committee's report on its investigation of the interservice wrangle which was touched off by the release of letters by Capt. John Crommelin, Navy flier, disclosing opposition to phases of the unification program.

In his testimony Denfeld expressed the belief that the Navy was being cut so drastically that it threatened the nation's security. He later was removed on the recommendation of Secretary Matthews and replaced by Admiral Forrest Sherman.

Walsh Issues Statement

Representative Walsh (D., Ind.) issued a statement saying:

"A star chamber session of the House Armed Services Committee was held today.

"Without hearing Secretary of the Navy Matthews or Secretary of Defense Johnson on the matter of the removal of Denfeld, a majority of the committee voted for a prepared report branding Denfeld's removal as a 'reprisal' for his testimony before the House Armed Services Committee.

Sherman Named Successor

"This action was clearly motivated to embarass President Truman, Secretary Johnson and Secretary Matthews; and again it clearly shows the unholy alliance between Dixiecrats and Republicans.

"While Rome burns the politicians fiddle."

Shortly afterward Crommelin's release of the letters President Truman announced he had accepted Matthews's recommendation that Denfeld be removed. Administrator Forrest P. Sherman was named as his successor.

CIO Backs Another Year Of ECA Aid, More Imports

Washington, Feb. 28 (AP)—The CIO indorsed another year of European aid today and said Europe must be allowed to ship goods here.

The labor organization thus touched on the question of admitting additional foreign imports that would compete with domestic goods.

On this point, a statement by Philip Murray, presented to the Senate Foreign Relations Committee by Michael Ross, director of the CIO department for international affairs, said:

"Our official CIO policy is for economic expansion and growth which will help maintain full employment and high prosperity, of which international trade is a fundamental part. . . .

Called Only Way To Repay

"In the long run, if Europe is to be self-supporting, we must allow her to repay us for our aid. There is no way for Europe to do this except by sending us her goods and providing us with services.

"If we maintain a fully functioning economic system here, it will not be difficult for us to make the necessary adjustments to enable European nations to do this."

Paul Hoffman, head of the Economic Co-operation Administration, has asked that America accept an increasing amount of European goods. He said this could be done to the necessary extent without harm to domestic industry and employment. Some lawmakers, on the other hand, contend it would make for business losses and joblessness.

Aid to Britain Discussed

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28 (AP).—E. C. A. aid for Britain must continue until its dollar shortage is overcome by stepped-up world trade, the House Foreign Affairs Committee was told today by W. John Kenney, chief of the E. C. A. mission to the United Kingdom.

Navy Approves Old-Ship Sales To Alien Lines

Views Given Senators Back Maritime Board

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28 (AP).—The Navy Department said today it sees no threat to national defense if old-type American vessels are transferred to foreign registry.

But Rear Admiral W. M. Callaghan told a Senate Merchant Marine Subcommittee that such transfers "should be restricted to older vessels and to those countries which it is reasonable to expect would interpose no objections to their return to American registry in an emergency or with whom our government has an understanding in such matters." His views were similar to those expressed by spokesmen for a majority of the members of the Maritime Commission.

Major General Philip B. Fleming, chairman, and Commissioner David J. Coddaire, said the general yardstick they apply to requests for transfers is whether the ship is necessary to the merchant marine and whether it is needed for national defense. Beyond that, they said, they consider each case individually.

Mr. Coddaire said he would favor a transfer if it meant that the American owner would thereby acquire a new and better vessel. This, he said, benefits the United States in competition with foreign countries and it is to the advantage of American crews to work on new ships.

In some instances, he said, it means the difference between jobs and no jobs, because a company may be willing to operate a newer, faster and more efficient ship and not be willing to operate an old one.

Maritime Commissioner Raymond S. McKeough disagreed. He said he has opposed all transfers because "in war time anything that floats is a prize." He also said it might not be a bad idea to require that all commission decisions regarding transfers be unanimous.

Earlier the subcommittee heard from representatives of two companies that have proposed the transfer of ships to foreign countries.

Oliver R. Grace, New York, president of the Southern Seas Steamship Company, said his company hopes to sell a war-built tanker to a Chilean company. It wishes to do so, he said, because no reasonable American offer to purchase the ship has been received.

Bomb Groups Add Tanker Airplanes

Washington, Feb. 28 (AP)—The Air Force is boosting the strength and combat range of its B-29 and B-50 bomber groups.

A Defense Department announcement last night disclosed that fifteen bombers and twenty B-29 tanker planes are being added to nine groups. An official said eight of these groups are based in the United States, one in England.

Will Increase Range

The tankers are similar to those used last year in the air-to-air refueling of a B-50 Superfortress which circled the globe nonstop. Airmen say they will greatly increase the combat range of the Superforts while allowing them to operate from more remote and secure bases.

The Defense Department announcement said the nine groups are being reorganized to increase the unit aircraft from 30 to 45 bombers per group and that one squadron of tankers would be added to each group.

3 More Groups Slated

"Six of these groups are presently being augmented toward this figure and are now equipped with between 50 and 60 total aircaft," the department said. "Three more groups will be augmented in the near future. Three of the partially equipped groups are B-50 groups."

The B-50 is an improved, more powerful version of the B-29 which dropped atom bombs on Hiroshima and Nagasaki. Its combat radius—without refueling—is estimated at more than 2,300 miles.

Submit Speeches, Crommelin Told

San Francisco, Feb. 28 (AP)—Capt. John Crommelin, Jr., navy critic of armed forces unification, said today he has been ordered to submit in advance copies of all speeches he plans to deliver.

The speeches will be submitted to Western Sea Frontier headquarters, Crmmelin said, for forwarding to the Chief of Naval Operations in Washington.

He was transferred here a short time ago after making controversial statements about the Air Force's reliance on the B-36 as this country's prime weapon of offense.

Ten days ago he received orders which, on their face, seemed to forbid his making any more quotable remarks, in speeches or otherwise. Whether the new order represents a "back down" on the Navy Department's part was not immediately clear.

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N.Y. Assembly Urges Probe Of State Dept.

Albany, N.Y., Feb. 28 (AP)—The Republican-controlled New York State Assembly wants Congress to investigate the United States Department of State and "the competence and loyalty" of Secretary of State Acheson.

After almost three hours of interparty wrangling, the Assembly approved last night a resolution criticizing Acheson for his declaration that he would not turn his back on Alger Hiss, a former State Department employé.

"Lack Of Understanding"

The resolution said that Acheson indicated "a complete lack of understanding on his part of the dangers of communism in this country."

"This attitude assumed by the head of the Department of State," it added, "is calculated to give comfort to other individuals who are disloyal to our Government, some of whom may still be in the State Department."

Democrats charged that the resolution smacked of politics and was a political punch at the Administration of President Truman. However, 36 of them, including Minority Leader Irwin Steingut, voted for it.

21 Democrats Opposed

The vote was 125-21. All 21 negative votes were Democratic.

The resolution was introduced by Robert W. Pomeroy, Dutchess county Republican. It demanded a "thorough investigation of the State Department, its employés and personnel, as well as the competence and loyalty of the Secretary of State."

The measure was sent to the State Senate for expected approval.

40 Papers Found On Coplon Shown

New York, Feb. 28 (AP) — The Government put into evidence today some 40 papers found in Judith Coplon's purse—papers that prove, the prosecution said, that she was spying for the Russians.

These papers, taken from Miss Coplon after she was arrested here with Valentin A. Gubitchev, Soviet engineer, last March, included:

1. An account of Miss Coplon's unsuccessful efforts to get a top secret FBI report on "Soviet and Communist Intelligence Activities in the United States."

2. Data taken from FBI investigation reports.

3. A "decoy" document, said by the Government to have been passed to Miss Coplon so that the FBI could see what she did with it.

Shown In Other Trial

These were the same documents produced by the Government in Miss Coplon's Washington trial, which ended in her conviction on two counts of stealing secrets for the Russians.

She and Gubitchev now are being tried on charges of conspiring to transmit the stolen information to the Russians.

The defense denies that any of the papers found on Miss Coplon were intended for the Russians. Some were for use in preparing for a civil service examination, the defense says, and others were sketches for a book Miss Coplon planned to write.

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LONDON, FEB. 28-(AP)-A CORPS OF ABOUT 70 REPORTERS, REPRESENTING THE WORLD'S PRESS FROM BOTH SIDES OF THE IRON CURTAIN, WAS ALLOTTED SEATS TODAY FOR THE TRIAL OF THE BRILLIANT GERMAN-BORN PHYSICIST WHO IS ACCUSED OF RELAYING PRECIOUS ATOMIC SECRETS TO RUSSIA.

THERE WAS NO INDICATION HOW THE SCIENTIST, DR. KLAUS EMIL JULIUS FUCHS, WOULD PLEAD TO THE TWO COUNTS OF VIOLATING THE OFFICIAL SECRETS ACT. IF HE SHOULD PLEAD GUILTY AND CALL NO DEFENSE WITNESSES, THE PROCEEDINGS MIGHT TAKE ONLY A FEW HOURS. BRITISH AUTHORITIES HAVE ANNOUNCED HE CONFESSED. A PLEA OF INNOCENCE, HOWEVER, MIGHT CAUSE THE TRIAL TO CONTINUE FOR SOME TIME.

THE GOVERNMENT CONFIRMED THAT ATTORNEY GENERAL SIR HARTLEY SHAWCROSS WILL LEAD THE CROWN'S PROSECUTION. FUCHS WILL BE DEFENDED BY DEREK CURTIS-BENNETT, WHO WAS ATTORNEY FOR THE NOTORIOUS LORD HAW HAW OF WORLD WAR II, WILLIAM JOYCE. JOYCE WAS HANGED FOR TREASON IN BROADCASTING FROM GERMANY DURING THE WAR.

THE LORD CHIEF JUSTICE OF ENGLAND, LORD GODDARD, IS TO HEAR THE CASE. HE IS BRITAIN'S TOP CRIMINAL COURT JUDGE.

THE 38-YEAR-OLD SCIENTIST, WHO LIVED WHAT WAS CALLED A DR. JEKYLL-MR. HYDE LIFE--AS BRITAIN'S TOP ATOMIC RESEARCHER AND A FUNNEL OF BRITISH AND AMERICAN ATOM SECRETS TO RUSSIA--WILL BE TRIED IN HISTORIC OLD BAILEY CRIMINAL COURT. The trial starts tomorrow

JS935AES

HALSALL'S PREDICTION THAT THE TRIAL WOULD LAST ONLY ONE DAY COULD BE INTERPRETED TO MEAN: London ADD FUCHS xx Boston

1. THAT FUCHS PLANS TO PLEAD GUILTY.
2. THAT IF FUCHS PLEADS INNOCENT, HIS DEFENSE WILL BRIEF.

HALSALL DID SAY THE DEFENSE WILL CALL NEITHER AMERICAN WITNESSES NOR FUCHS' FATHER, PROF. EMIL FUCHS, A PROFESSOR AT THE UNIVERSITY OF LEIPZIG IN THE RUSSIAN-CONTROLLED ZONE OF GERMANY.

PROF. FUCHS HAS BEEN QUOTED AS SAYING HE THOUGHT HE COULD OFFER TESTIMONY USEFUL IN FUCHS' DEFENSE.

SIR HARTLEY SHAWCROSS, BRITAIN'S ATTORNEY GENERAL, WILL HEAD THE CROWN PROSECUTION STAFF.

A MEMBER OF SHAWCROSS' OFFICE SAID THE LENGTH OF THE TRIAL WOULD DEPEND UPON THE TIME TAKEN UP BY THE DEFENSE. HE INDICATED THE TRIAL COULD BE COMPLETED IN TWO OR THREE HOURS IF FUCHS PLEADS GUILTY.

LORD GODDARD, 72-YEAR-OLD LORD CHIEF JUSTICE OF ENGLAND, WILL HEAR THE CASE.

THE U.S. EMBASSY IS SENDING ONE OF ITS ATTACHES, LISH WHITSON, AS AN OFFICIAL OBSERVER TO THE TRIAL.

MORE THAN 80 NEWSMEN, REPRESENTING MOST OF THE WORLD'S PRESS, HAVE BEEN ALLOTTED SEATS IN THE COURTROOM.

FUCHS' ARREST FEB.2 CAUSED REPERCUSSIONS BOTH HERE AND IN THE UNITED STATES. BRITISH SECURITY AGENTS IMMEDIATELY BEGAN MAKING NEW LOYALTY CHECKS ON ALL PERSONS CONNECTED WITH ATOMIC ENERGY PROJECTS.

AT HIS ARRAIGNMENT FEB.10, IN BOW STREET POLICE COURT, CROWN PROSECUTOR CHRISTMAS HUMPHRIES CALLED FUCHS A CLASSIC EXAMPLE OF A MODERN JEKYLL AND HYDE.

THE CROWN PROSECUTOR SAID ONE PART OF FUCHS' MIND GAVE ALLEGIANCE TO COMMUNISM AND RUSSIA, THE OTHER PART CONCERNED ITSELF WITH LOYALTY TO HIS BRITISH ASSOCIATES.

KS-ML435PES

PARIS, FEB. 28-(AP)-THE FRENCH NATIONAL ASSEMBLY TODAY REPULSED A COMMUNIST ATTEMPT TO OUTLAW THE SALE OF COCA COLA BUT PROVIDED A NEW SET OF STANDARDS FOR THE BEVERAGE TO MEET. THE COMMUNIST MOTION

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more

...L, PLACING DRINKS MADE WITH VEGETABLE OR
...L CONTROL OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH
...
...TO CONSULT THE SUPERIOR COUNCIL OF
...AL, ACADEMY OF MEDICINE IN DETERMINING
...E SOLD IN FRANCE AND NORTH AFRICA.
...THROUGHOUT FRANCE SINCE EARLY LAST
...
...EW LAW WOULD FORCE COCA COLA
...E THE PRODUCT--A NON ALCOHOLIC
...
...
...

THE BILL ADOPTED BY THE ASSEMBLY DOES NOT SPECIFICALLY NAME COCA COLA, BUT APPLIES TO ALL DRINKS "MADE WITH VEGETABLE EXTRACTS OR ANY PRODUCT OF VEGETABLE ORIGIN."

HOWEVER, DEPUTIES MADE IT CLEAR IN THE DEBATE ON THE BILL THAT IT WAS AIMED PRINCIPALLY AT COCA COLA.

COMMUNISTS HAVE RECENTLY CONDUCTED A CAMPAIGN AGAINST COCA COLA AS THE SYMBOL OF AMERICAN BUSINESS EXPANSION IN EUROPE.

IN NON-COMMUNIST CIRCLES THE CAMPAIGN WAS SUPPORTED PARTICULARLY B WINE MANUFACTURERS WHO CLAIMED THAT COCA COLA IS HARMFUL AND ASKED THAT ITS SALE BE PROHIBITED IN FRANCE.

HA107AES

paris, feb. 28--(ap)--several policemen were injured yesterday i

a clash with communists demonstrating against france's policy in

indochina.

at clignancour barrac

violence flared when

police attempted to disperse a crowd of some 1,500 demonstrators, some of

them armed with steel bars.

the crowd gathered when workers tried to block the entrance of

the military barracks thinking troops were about to depart from

there for indochina to fight the communist-led guerrillas. when no troop

appeared the crowd began shouting anyhow against the

fighting in indochina.

the crowd grew, and residents in the vicinity

began hurling stones and other objects down on the policemen

as they arrived to break up the demonstration. twenty-seven policemen

were injured.

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A61

ROME, FEB. 28-(AP)-A CATHOLIC PRIEST WAS A PARTICIPANT TONIGHT AT A NEWS CONFERENCE CALLED BY THE SOVIET-LINE "PEACE PARTISANS."

THE REV. JEA BOULIER, PROFESSOR OF CANON LAW AT PARIS UNIVERSITY, SAID PEACE EFFORTS WERE ESPECIALLY IMPORTANT DURING HOLY YEAR. HE WARNED OF "COLLECTIVE TERROR" WHICH HE SAID LEADS TO WAR HYSTERIA IN THE UNITED STATES.

THE PRIEST WAS A MEMBER OF AN INTERNATIONAL DELEGATION THAT EARLIER TODAY HANDED A PEACE PETITION TO THE PRESIDENTS OF THE ITALIAN SENATE AND CHAMBER OF DEPUTIES.

THE PETITION CALLED FOR WORLD AGREEMENT TO BAN USE OF THE "ATOMIC AND HYDROGEN BOMB AND IN GENERAL ALL ARMS WHICH WOULD CAUSE MASS DESTRUCTION OF CIVILIAN POPULATIONS."

HJ901PES

NIGHT LEAD

ROME, FEB. 28-(AP)-THIRTY THOUSAND LAND-HUNGRY PEASANTS HAVE INVADED IDLE FARMLANDS IN SOUTHERN ITALY, ACCORDING TO DISPATCHES FROM CALABRIA.

THE VAST "HUNGER MARCH" BEGAN TWO DAYS AGO AND IS SPREADING, THE REPORTS ADDED.

BOTH COMMUNIST AND CHRISTIAN DEMOCRAT PEASANT LEADERS BACKED THE MARCH, THE DISPATCHES SAID. SOME 50,000 ACRES OF FARMLANDS BELONGING TO ABOUT FIVE LARGE LANDOWNERS WERE SAID TO HAVE BEEN OCCUPIED.

HJ857PES

A96

STOCKHOLM, SWEDEN, FEB. 28-(AP)-THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF OF THE SWEDISH NAVY SAYS RUSSIA'S FLEET IN THE BALTIC SEA IS MUCH LARGER THAN NECESSARY FOR NORMAL DEFENSE PURPOSES.

VICE ADMIRAL HELGE STROMBACK IN A SPEECH LAST NIGHT REPORTED THAT THE SOVIETS HAVE A BALTIC FLEET THAT INCLUDES: ONE BATTLESHIP, FIVE CRUISERS, THREE TORPEDO CRUISERS, ABOUT 15 BIG DESTROYERS, 10 SMALLER DESTROYERS, SOME 100 MOTOR TORPEDO BOATS, ABOUT 100 SUBMARINES, 200 MINE SWEEPERS AND A NAVAL AIR FORCE OF 600 TO 800 PLANES.

JS950AES

The Hague, the netherlands, Feb. 28 -(ap)- The international court of justice began hearings today to determine whether alleged violations of human rights by three eastern european countries constitutes a breach of their peace treaties.

The court was asked to give an advisory opinion by the united nations after charges were levelled against bulgaria, hungary and romania by the united states and britain.

The charges followed the widely publicized trials of roman catholic and protestant clergymen in the Balkans.

The hearings are being boycotted by all three eastern europe nations who challenge the court's right to consider what they term is a domestic question.

G.C. Fitzmaurice, legal adviser of the British foreign office will make a statement on behalf of britain tomorrow. He is expected to be followed thursday by benjamin v. cohen, former u.s. state departmer counselor who will present the american case.

rsm 2.06p slis 1325

BERLIN, FEB.28-(AP)-THE ANNIVERSARY OF THE MAN WHO GUIDED GERMANY FROM MONARCHY TO DEMOCRACY WAS ACCORDED BIFOCAL TREATMENT IN DIVIDED BERLIN TODAY.

WESTERN GERMANS JOINED IN A MEMORIAL TO FRIEDRICH EBERT, FIRST PRESIDENT OF THE GERMAN REPUBLIC, WHO DIED 25 YEARS AGO TODAY.

THE WEST HAILED THE SOCIALIST LEADER AS A MAN OF PRUDENCE AND FORESIGHT. THE RUSSIAN-DOMINATED EAST IGNORED ANY OBSERVANCE OF THE ANNIVERSARY AND ITS PRESS CRITICIZED EBERT AS AN ENEMY OF THE PEOPLE BECAUSE HE WAS ANTI-COMMUNIST.

EBERT'S SOCIALIST FOLLOWERS HELD MEMORIAL SERVICES IN THE WEST BERLIN OPERA HOUSE. THEY DID NOT INVITE EBERT'S SON, FRITZ, WHO IS THE PRO-COMMUNIST MAYOR OF EAST BERLIN. THE YOUNGER EBERT DESERTED THE SOCIALIST RANKS IN 1946 TO COLLABORATE WITH THE EASTERN COMMUNISTS.

EBERT, A NATIVE OF HEIDELBERG, LED THE SOCIALISTS TO POWER AFTER THE KAISER ABDICATED, AND SERVED IN THE PRESIDENCY FROM 1919 UNTIL HIS DEATH.

N945AES

IT IS NOW REPORTED CONFIRMED THAT THIS HUGE PROJECT HAS BEEN PUT ON A LONG-TERM BASIS WITH SOVIET EXPLOITATION TO CONTINUE--REGARDLESS OF A POSSIBLE SEPARATE PEACE TREATY WITH EASTERN GERMANY--AS LONG AS THE MINES ARE WORKABLE. Berlin Add xx estimates

ACCORDING TO WESTERN INGELLIGENCE INFORMATION:

LATEST DESCRIPTIONS OF LIFE IN THE AREA COMPARE IT TO THE ROUGH AND ROWDY CAMPS OF THE KLONDIKE GOLD RUSH.

PROFESSIONAL MINERS EARN THREE OR FOUR TIMES AS MUCH AS THEY WOULD ELSEWHERE IN THE SOVIET ZONE. THE RUSSIANS ALLOW HEAVY SALES OF HARD LIQUORS. GAMBLING FLOURISHES. MANY PROSTITUTES HAVE TREKKED TO THE ONCE QUIET MOUNTAIN COMMINITIES NEAR THE CZECHOSLOVAK FRONTIER.

IN VIEW OF A SHORTAGE OF TRAINED LABOR, HOWEVER, THE RUSSIANS ARE STILL FORCING EAST GERMAN OFFICIALS TO DRAFT MEN FROM WHITE COLLAR PURSUITS.

THE SOVIET COMPANY HAS ABANDONED ITS PRACTICE OF HAVING WOMEN WORK BELOW GROUND WITH MEN, BECAUSE OF POOR RESULTS.

ORIGINALLY DUG WITH A RECKLESS DISREGARD FOR SAFETY PRECAUTIONS AND HUMAN LIFE, THE URANIUM MINES ARE NOW BETTER TIMBERED AND FACILITIES SUCH AS AIR FILTERS AND WATER PUMPS ARE REPORTED BEING INSTALLED.

THE TOTAL DEATH TOLL IN FREQUENT MINE DISASTERS SINCE 1947 MAY NEVER BE KNOWN. GERMAN ESTIMATES PUT IT AT MORE THAN 1,000 WORKERS.

THE SOVIET UNION GUARDS THE AREA WITH 17,000 TROOPS AND MVD SECURITY POLICE.

IN ADDITION, THE EAST GERMAN REPUBLIC PROVIDES 4,000 SPECIAL MINE POLICE--THE BERGPOLIZEI.

THE RICHEST ORE--LUSTROUS BLACKISH CHUNKS OF PITCHBLENDE (URANIUM OXIDE)--IS PACKED IN LEAD-LINED CASES AND USUALLY IS SENT TO RUSSIA BY AIR FREIGHT OR RAILWAY EXPRESS.

COARSER ORE GOES THROUGH A WASHING PROCESS AND THEN LEAVES BY FREIGHT CAR FOR THE SOVIET FRONTIER CITY, BREST LITOVSK.

HJ743PES

FRANKFURT, GERMANY, FEB.28-(AP)-THE ALLIED HIGH COMMISSION HAS AUTHORIZED WEST GERMANY TO SELL $7,000,000 WORTH OF STEEL RAILS TO COMMUNIST CHINA, AUTHORITATIVE SOURCES DISCLOSED TODAY.

THE HIGH COMMISSION APPROVED THE ORDER JUST THREE MONTHS AFTER IT HAD TURNED DOWN COMMUNIST CHINA'S ORDER FOR 100,000 TONS OF RAILS FROM GERMAN STEEL MILLS.

THE NEW ORDER JUST APPROVED IS FOR 15,000 TONS OF RAILS PLUS A SMALL AMOUNT OF ADDITIONAL PARTS. THE CHINESE WILL PAY IN DOLLARS.

OFFICIALS HERE SAID THEY WERE UNABLE TO CONFIRM EARLIER REPORTS THAT THE 100,000-TON ORDER HAD BEEN PLACED WITH BRITISH FIRMS AFTER THE HIGH COMMISSION REFUSED TO APPROVE IT. THE WEST GERMAN PRESS HAD ACCUSED THE BRITISH OF "STEALING" THE ORDER. THE FOREIGN OFFICE OFFICIALLY DENIED IT.

OFFICIALS SAID THE ENTIRE QUESTION OF WEST GERMAN TRADE WITH MAO TZE-TUNG'S REGIME IS UNDER STUDY BY AMERICAN, BRITISH AND FRENCH OFFICIALS. THE GERMANS WERE TOLD THAT THEY SHOULD NOT CONSIDER APPROVAL OF THE 15,000 TON ORDER AS SETTING A PRECEDENT.

THE HIGH COMMISSION DID NOT GRANT AN EXPORT LICENSE FOR THE 100,000-TON ORDER LAST OCTOBER ON THE GROUND THAT STEEL RAILS ARE STRATEGIC MATERIALS. WEST GERMAN FIRMS ARE FORBIDDEN TO SHIP STRATEGIC MATERIALS TO COMMUNIST COUNTRIES WITHOUT ALLIED APPROVAL.

WELL-INFORMED SOURCES HERE SAID THE PRESSURE OF THE COMMUNIST PROPAGANDA ATTACK AGAINST REJECTION OF THIS ORDER WAS LARGELY RESPONSIBLE FOR THE HIGH COMMISSION APPROVING THE NEW ORDER.

N905AES

NIGHT LEAD STEEL (320)

BY BRACK CURRY

FRANKFURT, GERMANY, FEB.28-(AP)-COMMUNIST CHINA IS TO GET SOME STEEL RAILS FROM WEST GERMANY AFTER ALL, AUTHORITATIVE SOURCES SAID TODAY.

THESE INFORMANTS SAID THE ALLIED HIGH COMMISSION, WHICH TURNED DOWN A PEIPING ORDER FOR 100,000 TONS OF RAILS FROM GERMAN STEEL MILLS LAST FALL, HAS APPROVED AN ORDER FOR 15,000 TONS OF RAILS, PLUS SOME ADDITIONAL PARTS.

IT'S A $7,000,000 CONTRACT.

MAO TZE-TUNG'S COMMUNIST GOVERNMENT IS TO PAY IN DOLLARS.

U.S. HIGH COMMISSIONER JOHN J.MC CLOY CONFIRMED THE APPROVAL AT A NEWS CONFERENCE. HE SAID HE DID NOT KNOW THE EXACT AMOUNT OF RAILS INVOLVED.

ASKED IF FURTHER SUCH ORDERS FROM CHINA WILL BE APPROVED, HE REPLIED "I CAN'T SAY."

OF THE THREE NATIONS REPRESENTED ON THE HIGH COMMISSION, ONLY BRITAIN HAS RECOGNIZED COMMUNIST CHINA. SHE HAS A $1,000,000,000 STAKE IN CHINESE BUSINESS, INCLUDING TRANSPORT AND MINING. THE UNITED STATES AND FRANCE MAINTAIN RELATIONS WITH THE NATIONALISTS OF CHIANG KAI-SHEK.

THE GERMAN PRESS HAS ACCUSED THE BRITISH OF STEALING THE 100,000-TON RAIL ORDER AFTER THE HIGH COMMISSION REJECTED IT. THE BRITISH FOREIGN OFFICE OFFICIALLY DENIED THIS.

THE ORIGINAL REJECTION WAS BASED ON THE GROUND THAT STEEL RAILS ARE STRATEGIC MATERIALS. WEST GERMAN COMPANIES ARE FORBIDDEN TO SHIP STRATEGIC MATERIALS TO COMMUNIST COUNTRIES WITHOUT WESTERN APPROVAL.

SOVIET ZONE NEWSPAPERS HAVE MADE EDITORIAL CAPITAL OF THE CASE, CONTENDING IT PROVED "ANGLO-AMERICAN MONOPOLY CAPITALISTS" INTEND TO RESTRICT WEST GERMANY'S TRADE AND KEEP HER AS AN ECONOMIC COLONY.

INFORMED SOURCES HERE SAID THE HIGH COMMISSION'S APPROVAL OF THE NEW ORDER WAS DESIGNED LARGELY AS AN ANSWER TO THE COMMUNIST ATTACK. THE GERMANS WERE REPORTED TOLD THEY SHOULD NOT CONSIDER THE APPROVAL AS SETTING A PRECEDENT.

THE ORDER IS TO BE FILLED BY THE STAHLUNION OF DUESSELDORF AND KLOECKNER AND SON OF DUISBURG

OFFICIALS HERE SAID THREE FACTORS WILL GOVERN FUTURE POLICY ON WEST GERMAN STEEL SHIPMENTS TO CHINA:

1--SECURITY. STEEL WILL INCREASE THE INDUSTRIAL POTENTIAL OF CHINA ---AND THUS HER WARMAKING CAPACITY.

2--OTHER SOURCES. THE CHINESE CAN BUY STEEL FROM BRITAIN OR JAPAN, WHY SHOULD THE GERMANS BE FORBIDDEN TO SELL TO THEM?

3--THE ABILITY OF CHINA TO PAY. THERE IS NO WEST GERMAN-CHINESE TRADE AGREEMENT, SO THE PEIPING REGIME CANNOT PAY FOR STEEL WITH OTHER GOODS. AND CAN CHINA CONTINUE TO PAY IN DOLLARS?

KS348PES

-95-

FRANKFURT, GERMANY, FEB.28-(AP)-THE UNITED STATES CHALLENGED RUSSIA TODAY TO HOLD ELECTIONS THROUGHOUT ALL GERMANY, POSSIBLY OCT.15, ON THE BASIS OF FREE BALLOTTING.

OCT.15 IS THE DATE THE RUSSIANS HAVE SET FOR AN ELECTION IN THE SOVIET-SPONSORED EAST GERMAN PEOPLES' REPUBLIC.

THE PROPOSAL WAS MADE BY THE U.S. HIGH COMMISSIONER, JOHN J. MCCLOY. BUT HE INDICATED THE UNITED STATES WOULD TAKE NO INITIATIVE IN ORGANIZING SUCH AN ELECTION.

MCCLOY'S STATEMENT WAS INTERPRETED HERE AS A COUNTER TO SOVIET PROPAGANDA STATEMENTS THAT THE COMMUNISTS ARE THE ONLY ONES WHO CAN REUNITE GERMANY.

THE HIGHER COMMISSIONER SAID HE PROBABLY WILL DISCUSS HIS PROPOSAL WITH THE U.S. STATE DEPARTMENT WHEN HE RETURNS TO WASHINGTON THIS WEEKEND TO TESTIFY BEFORE A CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS FOR GERMANY.

MCCLOY OPENED HIS NEWS CONFERENCE WITH A STATEMENT REPEATING U.S. DESIRES TO ACHIEVE GERMAN UNITY. HE SAID THE SCHEDULED ELECTION IN THE SOVIET ZONE OCT.15 WOULD BE A ONE-SIDED COMMUNIST AFFAIR.

"UNITY AND FREEDOM CAN BE ATTAINED IN GERMANY ONLY IF THERE BE FULL AND EQUAL OPPORTUNITY FOR ALL PARTIES THROUGHOUT GERMANY TO PROPOSE CANDIDATES, ADVANCE PROGRAMS AND COMPETE FOR THE ELECTORATE'S FAVOR."

THE COMMISSIONER WAS ASKED IF THIS COULD BE INTERPRETED AS A PROPOSAL FOR ALL-GERMAN ELECTIONS.

"YES," HE REPLIED.

WW1143AES

MAR 1 1950

frankfurt -- first add mccloy x x x he replied.

mccloy charged that "the communist usurpers of east germany" are unwilling to trust the people in the east zone in a free election. he said the communists there are "fraudulently exciting and exploiting the natural wish of the german people for unity" while barring freedom in an election.

MAR 1 1950

in contrast, he said, the political unification of german on the basis of free all-german elections is a major objective of u.s. policy. At the same time he pledged full u.s. support to the west german republic government headed by chancellor konrad adenauer. he said this government "has evolved from those democratic processes to which all germans can aspire."

"the aspiration of the germans for unity and freedom is now challenged by the communists of the soviet zone, who offer the device of a so-called national front as a means to dem cratic unity," mccloy said.

"elections in the east zone now scheduled for oct. 15 are proclaimed as affording an o portunity of expressing the people's will. but only one kind of freedom will be permitted at these elections: freedom to vote for a single list of candidates selected in adva nce only by the party elite, which executes the dictates of the soviet union.

"in contrast to this travesty, the people of w estern germany enjoy the political freedoms xxx so conspicuously absent in the east: the right to engage freely in party activity and the right to vote freely for any candidate."

mccloy said it was a matter for the west ge man government officials to consider whether any proposal for elections should be made to the east zone government.

he was asked if he believed such elections should be carried o t in a manner similar to the all-berlin balloting of 1946 when the communists were resoundingly defeated.

"yes, they could be," he replied, "but I am interested more in the objective than in the method."

30.24= 9245

hannover, germany, feb. 28--(ap)--a hot

situation developed yesterday over th heads of a german police squad

during a raid on this city's black market center

the seized 2,000 pounds of coffee and thousands

of cigarettes. at the height of the raid an unidentified woman

poured burning oil on the police truck from a window.

that was thes gnal for 100 excited black market

ers to attack the police with stones and sticks. the crowd

was dispersed by police reinforcements.

ap 01030 mb/810a

VIENNA,VEB 28-(AP)-U.S. ARMY AGENTS TODAY RECONSTRUCTED THE SCENE WHERE AMERICAN NAVY CAPT.EUGENE S.KARPE WAS KILLED LAST THURSDAY.

THEY RODE THE ARLBERG EXPRESS THROUGH THE AUSTRIAN TYROL TO TEST WHETHER IT WAS POSSIBLE FOR CAPT.KARPE TO FALL OFF ACCIDENTALLY AS THE TRAIN ROARED THROUGH AN ALPINE TUNNEL.

SINCE KARPE'S BODY WAS FOUND IN THE MOUNTAINOUS UPLAND OF WESTERN AUSTRIA THERE HAS BEEN SPECULATION HE MAY HAVE BEEN SLAIN.

KARPE, FOR THREE U.S. NAVAL ATTACHE IN COMMUNIST-RULED ROMANIA, WAS A CLOSE FRIEND OF ROBERT VOGELER, IMPRISONED IN HUNGARY AS AN AMERICAN SPY. HE WAS EN ROUTE HOME ON LEAVE.

ARMY AUTHORITIES SAID THE RESULTS OF THE TEST WOULD PROBABLY NOT BE REVEALED FOR SEVERAL DAYS.

THE TEST TRAIN TODAY MADE A FULL STOP AT A LITTLE VILLAGE JUST BEFORE THE FATAL TUNNEL AND ENTERED THE BORE GOING ABOUT 80 MILES AN HOUR. THAT IS WHAT THE TRAIN ON WHICH KARPE RODE DID.

JK557PES

PRAGUE, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, FEB.28-(AP)-COMMUNIST CZECHOSLOVAKIA TODAY ORDERED TWO MORE AMERICAN MORMON MISSIONARIES EXPELLED.

WALLACE TORONTO, HEAD OF THE CHURCH HERE, SAID MELVIN P. MABEY OF BOUNTIFUL, UTAH, AND WILLIAM MARTINI OF GLENDALE, CALIF., WERE GIVEN 48 HOURS TO GET OUT. THEY WILL LEAVE THURSDAY.

MARTINI AND MABEY WORKED IN THIS COUNTRY TWO YEARS AS TORONTO'S ASSISTANTS. TORONTO NOW WILL BE THE ONLY REMAINING MISSIONARY HERE FOR THE CHURCH OF JESUS CHRIST OF LATTER DAY SAINTS (MORMON.) HE SAID HE WILL TRY TO REMAIN LONG ENOUGH TO TURN HIS WORK OVER TO CZECH CONVERTS, BUT HE IS SENDING HIS WIFE AND SIX CHILDREN BACK HOME TO THE UNITED STATES TOMORROW.

SEVENTEEN OTHER MORMON MISSIONARIES HAVE LEFT THIS COUNTRY SINCE LAST MAY. ELEVEN LEFT PRAGUE A WEEK AGO TO CARRY ON THEIR WORK IN THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN AND WESTERN GERMANY. THE LAST GROUP WAS EXPELLED ON CHARGES OF ENDANGERING THE SAFETY AND SECURITY OF THIS COUNTRY.

JB1258PES

MAR 1 1950

98 Prague add x mormons

THE LETTER SET FORTH THE CHURCH POSITION ON FATHER JAN DECHET, RECENTLY INSTALLED BY THE GOVERNMENT AS ADMINISTRATOR OF BANSKA BYSTRICA DIOCESE IN SLOVAKIA, AFTER THE CHURCH APPOINTEE, DR.DANIEL BRIEDON, WAS OUSTED. FATHER DECHET WAS EXCOMMUNICATED LATER BY THE VATICAN.

"IN ORDER TO PREVENT A REPETITION OF SIMILAR CASES WE REGARD IT OUR DUTY TO MAKE YOU AWARE THAT THIS EXCOMMUNICATION APPLIES TO EVERY PRIEST WHO WOULD ACCEPT A CHURCH OFFICE OR JOB WITHOUT CANON PERMISSION FROM HIS ORDINARY," THE LETTER SAID.

THE LETTER INSISTED THE CHURCH HAD THE RIGHT LEGALLY TO APPOINT DR.BRIEDON AND THAT THE NOMINATION OF FATHER DECHET WAS INVALID AND A USURPATION WHICH MADE HIM LIABLE TO EXCOMMUNICATION.

DR.BRIEDON HAD BEEN OUSTED BY THE GOVERNMENT BECAUSE NEITHER HE NOR THE HIERARCHY HAD SOUGHT PRIOR APPROVAL OF HIS APPOINTMENT FROM THE CHURCH MINISTRY SET UP UNDER THE NEW CHURCH CONTROL LAWS. THE MINISTRY CLAIMS FULL CONTROL OF CHURCH APPOINTIVE, FINANCIAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE AFFAIRS.

JS1001AES

Prague, Czechoslovakia, feb. 28-(ap)-Vilem Novy has been fired as editor of the czechoslovak communist party newspaper and thrown off the party central committee, the official news agency said today.

The charge against him was a vague one, but there were indications

that Titoism was involved.

Novy was fired from the newspaper, rude pravo, dec. 9, on charges of "crude violation of bolshevik watchfulness." he was ousted from the central committee during a session late last week. Previously he had resigned from parliament, officially "because of illness."

Novy's discharge from the paper came after rudolf slansky, party secretary general, announced in a speech that the party had to be purged of "hostile and imperialist agents." he had been referring in the speech to the recent trials in hungary and bulgaria of communist leaders accused of conniving with premier-marshal tito and his outcast yugoslav communist party. This speech had given rise to reports of impending titoist trials in prague of novy and others.

during his parliament term novy had been chairman of the foreign affairs committee. he had broadcast to czechoslovakia from britain during the nazi occupation.

it has been reported that some members of the ruling communists here, most of them moscow-trained, have been looking with rising suspicion upon those said to have "western" taints such as novy's

connection with the british
two members of the present
london during the war. they a
minister, and vaclav nosek, t
At about the time novy was
communist and deputy foreign
has not been heard from since
and up to the time of his dis
boss of the foreign trade mini
reliable sources said th
to discredit the reputation of the late president eduard benes,
a popular hero in czechoslov
took power.

wr 854a ninth 1245

30.24- 9247

A62
WARSAW, POLAND, FEB. 28-(AP)-NEW TENSION IN POLISH CHURCH-STATE RELATIONS APPEARED TODAY WITH THE PUBLICATION BY THE POLISH PRESS AGENCY OF AN ATTACK ON THE ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH.
QUOTING UNIDENTIFIED "COMPETENT AUTHORITIES," THE AGENCY CHARGED THE ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH WITH "ABUSE OF ITS POWER OVER RELIGIOUS FEELING FOR PURELY POLITICAL PURPOSES HOSTILE TO THE STATE AND INCOMPATIBLE WITH THE INTERESTS OF THE FAITHFUL AND THE CLERGY."
THE AGENCY, AN ORGAN OF POLAND'S COMMUNIST-RUN GOVERNMENT, CLAIMED THE CHURCH HIERARCHY HAD STARTED A CAMPAIGN OF IRRESPONSIBLE STATEMENTS AND ACTION AGAINST THE STATE.
KJ903PES

Warsaw Addn the state

it
~~threatened~~ declared the only solution for the conflict would be what it called "the abandonment of all actions hostile to government authorities" by the church.

for the first time since his enthronement a year ago archbishop stepfan wyszynski, primate of poland, was singled out for attack.

the agency claimed he said that during world war II the germans labelled priests who supported them "patriotic priests" just as the present regime calls priests supporting it "patriotic priests".

the archbishop was scored for issuing instructions "attempting to mislead public opinion" on government action for improvements in caritas -- the church welfare agency.

since the government imposed its own administration on caritas the church has washed its hands of the organization and said it was no longer a catholic institution.

the press agency said that "tedious negotiations and patient conversations since last august have failed to manifest elementary agreement to the use of the term "people's poland" in a proposed declaration concerning the relationship between church and state.

the statement declared the failure of these conversations was due to the openly hostile attitude of the episcopate to the social changes brought about by the working classes in poland.

it also complained that the vatican does not maintain diplomatic relations with the present polish government but continues to recognize the wartime exile regime set up in london after the german invasion.i

athens, greece, feb. 28--(ap)--Fire following an explosion

destroyed a studio of the greek armed forces radio station here yesterday

afternoon. Police said they were investigating the possibility of sabotag

rbh- athens 01835-- 442a

B79 (Q)
MOSCOW, FEB.28-(AP)-THE COMMUNIST PARTY NEWSPAPER PRAVDA TODAY TERMED THE U.S. BREAK IN RELATIONS WITH BULGARIA A "NEW ACT OF THE AGGRESSIVE POLICY OF THE UNITED STATES."
AN ARTICLE WRITTEN BY DAVID ZASLAVSKY DECLARED THE WHOLE HISTORY OF POSTWAR RELATIONS BETWEEN AMERICA AND BULGARIA WAS ONE OF ATTEMPTS BY THE U.S. TO DOMINATE THAT COUNTRY.
EVEN DURING THE WAR, ZASLAVSKY WROTE, THE AMERICANS ATTEMPTED TO "PENETRATE INTO BULGARIA, NOT TO FREE IT BUT TO DOMINATE IT."
HE SAID, HOWEVER, THAT THE SOVIET UNION SAVED BULGARIA FROM AMERICAN DOMINATION.
JB1010AES

A58 moscow ADD ANDREYEV xx farms
"BUT THE PRACTICE OF THE LINKS ORGANIZATION IN GRAIN CULTIVATION ON THE FARMS OF THE KURSK OBLAST (DISTRICT) REVEALED THAT THESE CONVICTIONS WERE WRONG."
ANDREYEV DECLARED HE "OVERVALUED THIS FORM OF ORGANIZATION" AND FAILED TO RECOGNIZE THAT IT WOULD BE AN OBSTACLE TO THE GROWING USE OF FARM MACHINERY AND WOULD "UNDERMINE THE BRIGADES AS THE BASIC FORM OF ORGANIZATION OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION ON COLLECTIVE FARMS."
"IN THE BRIGADE THERE MUST BE REMOVED ALL OBSTACLES," WROTE ANDREYEV, "AND CONDITIONS MUST BE CREATED FOR THE MOST PRODUCTIVE USE OF MACHINERY. FROM THIS IT FOLLOWS: THAT LINKS IN GRAIN CULTIVATION ARE UNSUITABLE."
HE SAID HE HAD NEVER INTENDED THAT BRIGADES SHOULD BE REPLACED BY THE SMALLER LINKS, BUT "INEXACT FORMULATION OF MY STATEMENTS ON THE RELATION OF LINKS TO THE BRIGADE LED TO SUCH AN INTERPRETATION."
ANDREYEV ALSO SAID HE MADE A MISTAKE WHEN HE DID NOT "POLITICALLY VERIFY, AS WAS NECESSARY, THE RESULTS OF THE WORKS OF LINKS," WHICH HE SAID "WOULD HAVE HELPED, OF COURSE, IN THE DISCOVERY AT A MUCH EARLIER DATE OF ALL DISTORTIONS IN THIS METHOD AND HELPED ALSO IN THE CORRECTION OF FAULTS IN THE LABOR ORGANIZATION ON COLLECTIVE FARMS."
MK725AES

THERE IS NO REASON TO DOUBT THAT AVERAGE RUSSIAN FEELS THAT HIS PRESS IS ACCURATELY REPORTING THE ACTUAL STATE OF AMERICAN PUBLIC OPINION ON THIS ISSUE. moscow AP xxUSSR
HERE IS A RECENT TYPICAL HEADLINE FROM IZVESTIA, THE GOVERNMENT NEWSPAPER:
"FOR PEACE AND FRIENDSHIP WITH THE PEOPLES OF THE SOVIET UNION: THE AMERICAN PUBLIC COMES OUT AGAINST THE FOREIGN POLICY OF THE USA."
THE ACCOMPANYING ARTICLE REPORTS PROTESTS BEING SENT TO THE U.S. PRESIDENT BY VARIOUS GROUPS OPPOSING AMERICAN POLICIES ON ATOMIC CONTROL AND DEMANDS FOR TALKS WITH THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT LEADERS TO BRING AN END TO THE ATOMIC ENERGY CONTROL STALEMATE."
MK817AES

(A FEW MONTHS AGO ANDREYEV WAS BELIEVED BY SOME WESTERN OBSERVERS TO HAVE BEEN DROPPED FROM THE POLITBURO, AN INNER GROUP OF 12 TO 14 MEN HEADED BY JOSEPH STALIN. THERE HAD BEEN PREVIOUS RUMORS THAT HE WAS FALLING IN DISFAVOR. HIS NAME, LIKE THAT OF NIKOLAI A.VOZNESENSKY, HAD NOT BEEN MENTIONED RECENTLY IN CONNECTION WITH POLITBURO ACTIVITIES. VOZNESENSKY IS STILL BELIEVED TO HAVE BEEN PURGED FROM THE BODY, BUT APPARENTLY ANDREYEV AGAIN HAS SURVIVED CRITICISM.)
IN A LETTER PUBLISHED IN PRAVDA, THE 55-YEAR-OLD ANDREYEV ADMITTED HE HAD ADVOCATED SINCE 1939 THE ORGANIZATION OF SPECIALIZED AGRICULTURAL WORKERS INTO LINKS, OR TEAMS, AND HAD FAILED TO EMPHASIZE SUFFICIENTLY THE BRIGADE, OR LARGER BODY, AS THE BASIC ORGANIZATION ON COLLECTIVE FARMS. moscow
"I HAVE THOUGHT MUCH DURING THE DAYS SINCE PRAVDA'S PUBLICATION OF THE ARTICLE ENTITLED 'AGAINST DISTORTIONS IN THE ORGANIZATION OF LABOR ON COLLECTIVE FARMS' AND RECOGNIZED GREATLY THE CORRECTNESS OF THE BOLSHEVIK CRITICISM OF MY STATEMENT ON ORGANIZATION OF LINKS IN GRAIN CULTIVATION ON COLLECTIVE FARMS, ANDREYEV WROTE.
HIS IDEAS WERE DISTORTED IN THE KURSK DISTRICT, HE SAID, BUT THIS "MAY HAVE, OF COURSE, A DIRECT CONNECTION WITH MY OWN MISTAKES."
MOREOVER, HE SAID, HE HAD BEEN REMISS IN DISCOVERING THE DISTORTION.
"I NEVER HAD IN MIND THE REPLACEMENT OF BRIGADES BY LINKS, BUT THE INEXACT FORMULATION OF MY STATEMENTS ON THE RELATION OF THE LINKS TO THE BRIGADE LED TO SUCH AN INTERPRETATION," HE ADDED.
HE SAID HE WOULD SEE THAT THE MISTAKES ARE CORRECTED.
KOMSOMOL PRAVDA, COMMUNIST YOUTH NEWSPAPER, ALSO COMMENTED ON THE QUESTION OF AGRICULTURAL BRIGADES. THE PAPER SAID LIQUIDATION OF THE BRIGADES IN THE KURSK DISTRICT RESULTED IN POOR USE OF MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT.
ML308PES

30.24- 9249

A43FX

WITH CHINA (160)

TAIPEI, FORMOSA, FEB. 28-(AP)-THE CHINESE NATIONALIST DEFENSE MINISTRY SAID TODAY 3,800 PRO-NATIONALISTS WERE MASSACRED BY THE COMMUNISTS IN THE SHANGHAI AREA.

THE REPORTED MASSACRE OCCURRED IN THE POOTUNG INDUSTRIAL AREA ACROSS THE WHANGPOO RIVER FROM SHANGHAI, THE MINISTRY SAID. THERE WAS NO WAY FOR OUTSIDERS TO CHECK THE REPORT.

THE NATIONALIST VERSION SAID RED SECRET SERVICE MEN, POSING AS NATIONALIST OFFICERS, ORGANIZED AN ANTI-COMMUNIST FORCE IN THE POOTUNG DISTRICT. FOUR THOUSAND PRO-NATIONALISTS VOLUNTEERED, THE MINISTRY SAID.

ALL BUT 200 OF THESE, THE MINISTRY ASSERTED, WERE MASSACRED. NO DATE WAS GIVEN. THE MINISTRY SAID ITS REPORT WAS BASED ON INTELLIGENCE AGENTS' REPORTS.

THE MINISTRY ALSO REPEATED PAST ALLEGATIONS THAT CHINESE COMMUNIST LEADER MAO TZE-TUNG HAD PROMISED TO PROVIDE RUSSIA WITH 5,000,000 (M) CHINESE LABORERS.

IT SAID RECRUITING FOR THIS FORCE ALREADY WAS UNDERWAY IN SEVERAL AREAS, INCLUDING SHANGHAI AND NANKING.

X245APS NM

TAIPEI, FORMOSA--FIRST ADD AMERICAN SHIPS (PMS BUDGET-BY MOOSA) X X X AMERICAN DESTROYER.

THE STATE DEPARTMENT SAID ITS PROTEST NOTED THE U.S. HAD INFORMATION SHOWING "CONCLUSIVELY" THAT THE FLYING ARROW WAS ATTACKED ON THE HIGH SEAS--NOT IN CHINESE WATERS. IT DECLARED THE NATIONALIST WARSHIP "RESORTED UNNECESSARILY TO ARMED FORCE."

THE PROTEST SAID THE U.S. HELD THE NATIONALIST GOVERNMENT "FULLY RESPONSIBLE" AND EXPECTED TO RECEIVE ASSURANCES "SUCH LAWLESS ATTACKS" WOULD NOT BE REPEATED.

NEITHER THE U.S. NOR BRITAIN RECOGNIZES THE NATIONALIST BLOCKADE, WHICH HAS BEEN SUPPORTED MAINLY FROM AIR AND NAVAL BASES ON FORMOSA AND THE CHUSHAN ISLANDS. FORMOSA, SEAT OF THE NATIONALIST GOVERNMENT, IS 100 MILES OFF CHINA'S SOUTHEAST COAST. THE CHUSHANS ARE ABOUT 100 MILES SOUTHEAST OF SHANGHAI.

THE 8,281 TON PIONEER DALE RADIOED SHE WAS ATTACKED WHILE APPROACHING TSINGTAO'S BREAKWATER. CAPT. JAMES F. KNOWLTON SAID HIS SHIP WAS "BADLY STRAFED" AND THERE WAS "ONE SLIGHT CASUALTY" AMONG HIS 50 CREWMEN. ONE BOMB HIT SIX LENGTHS ASTERN, HE SAID.

THE 8,192 TON FLYING CLIPPER REPORTED A "NEAR MISS" BY A BOMB AND "NUMEROUS HOLES IN THE HULL AND SUPERSTRUCTURE" FROM STRAFING. THE SHIP WAS ATTACKED AS SHE APPROACHED TSINGTAO'S QUARANTINE AREA, HER MASTER RADIOED.

TOKYO REPRESENTATIVES OF BOTH SHIPS SAID THE CAPTAINS REPORTED THEY WERE ATTACKED BY "PLANES," INDICATING MORE THAN ONE AIRCRAFT SWOOPED DOWN ON EACH VESSEL. BOTH ARE PROCEEDING TO KOBE, JAPAN.

NATIONALISTS SEIZED THE FLYING CLIPPER LAST SEPTEMBER OFF THE YANGTZE. SHE WAS RELEASED IN OCTOBER.

CY/X241APS

(GEN. CHU TEH, COMMANDER OF ALL CHINESE COMMUNIST ARMIES, DECLARED IN A SPEECH IN PEIPING THAT THE INVASION OF FORMOSA WAS "NOT FAR OFF." HE DECLARED INTENSIVE TRAINING OF A "MIGHTY MILITARY FORCE" WAS UNDER WAY. THE PEIPING RADIO BROADCAST HIS SPEECH, WHICH WAS HEARD IN SAN FRANCISCO.)

(GENERAL CHU ASSERTED THAT U.S. AND JAPANESE MILITARY PERSONNEL WERE ON FORMOSA TAKING PART IN "BOMBING AND OTHER MILITARY ACTIONS.")

NO AMERICANS ARE KNOWN TO BE FIGHTING FOR THE CHINESE NATIONALISTS ON FORMOSA. A FEW JAPANESE HAVE BEEN RECRUITED IN JAPAN TO FIGHT THERE.

C0823PCS

A112KX (WEST OUT)

EDITORS:

TAIPEI--SECOND NIGHT LEAD CHIANG-CHINESE (A84KX) INSERT AFTER FOURTH GRAF, "THE NATIONALIST X X X VICE-PRESIDENT."

CHIANG SENT LI A TELEGRAM INFORMING HIM OF THE ACTION. IT WAS ADDRESSED TO "VICE PRESIDENT LI TSUNG-JEN." THUS CHIANG CONFIRMED LI CAN HAVE HIS OLD JOB BACK---IF HE WANTS IT.

THE GENERALISSIMO GAVE LI THIS MISSION WITHOUT SPECIFYING ITS EXACT NATURE:

"BEFORE YOUR RETURN WILL YOU PLEASE CONTACT AMERICAN LEADERS BOTH IN AND OUTSIDE THE GOVERNMENT ON MY BEHALF?"

CHIANG APPARENTLY STILL HOPES FOR AMERICAN AID FOR HIS FIGHT AGAINST THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS.

IN A BRIEF X X X FIFTH GRAF.

FJ1056PCS

A85KX

TOKYO, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 1-(AP)-RUSSIA BOYCOTTED THE ALLIED FOUR-POWER COUNCIL FOR JAPAN TODAY FOR THE THIRD STRAIGHT TIME. THE SOVIET DELEGATION REFUSES TO ACCOUNT FOR 370,000 JAPANESE WAR PRISONERS MISSING IN SIBERIA.

CHAIRMAN WILLIAM J. SEBALD OF THE UNITED STATES TOLD THE BRITISH AND CHINESE MEMBERS HE HAD AFFIDAVITS FROM 44 REPATRIATED JAPANESE ASSERTING THE JAPANESE COMMUNIST PARTY LEADER, KYUICHI TOKUDA, HAD ASKED THE RUSSIANS TO RETURN ONLY PRISONERS INDOCTRINATED IN COMMUNISM.

SEBALD SAID THE AFFIDAVITS IMPLY A "DIRECT RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE SECRETARY GENERAL OF THE JAPAN COMMUNIST PARTY AND THE SOVIET AUTHORITIES."

DP958PCS

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(190)

TOKYO, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 1-(AP)-A CHARGE THAT JAPAN'S BANKS, UNDER GENERAL MACARTHUR, HAVE REPLACED THE PRE-SURRENDER ZAIBATSU AS MONOPOLISTS WAS MADE TODAY BEFORE THE ALLIED COUNCIL FOR JAPAN. THAT DREW A HEATED REBUKE FROM WILLIAM J. SEBALD, U.S. MEMBER AND CHAIRMAN OF THE COUNCIL.

THE CHARGE WAS MADE BY AUSTRALIA'S W.R. HODGSON, THE BRITISH COMMONWEALTH MEMBER, WHO DECLARED:

EIGHT OF JAPAN'S BANKS "CONTROL 80 PER CENT OF THE INDUSTRIAL AND ECONOMIC LIFE OF THIS COUNTRY." HE CONTINUED:

MACARTHUR MAY HAVE DISSOLVED THE ZAIBATSU, THE GREAT FINANCIAL COMBINES WHICH DOMINATED JAPAN'S ECONOMY UNTIL WAR'S END. BUT HAS NOT ANOTHER EVIL --THE BANKS--BEEN ESTABLISHED?

SEBALD RETORTED:

"YOUR REMARKS EN TOTO ARE OUT OF ORDER AND I DIRECT THEM STRICKEN FROM THE RECORD."

SEBALD SAID THE AUSTRALIAN HAD "GONE FAR AFIELD" FROM PROCEDURAL MATTERS IN BRINGING UP THE QUESTION.

"I NEVER HEARD OF SUCH PROCEDURE," SNAPPED HODGSON. "IF I WAS OUT OF ORDER I SHOULD HAVE BEEN CALLED. I CHALLENGE YOUR RULING."

SEBALD LET THE MATTER DROP. HOWEVER, HODGSON INDICATED HE WOULD PLACE THE BANK ISSUE ON THE COUNCIL'S AGENDA.

CK1001PPS NM

BLANK

30.24- 9251

A102

SINGAPORE,FEB.28-(AP)-A DEPORTATION ORDER HAS BEEN ISSUED HERE AGAINST CAPT.R.P.P. (TURK) WESTERLING, THE FORMER DUTCH ARMY COMMANDO OFFICER WHO BECAME A GUERRILLA CHIEFTAIN IN INDONESIA.

UNDER THIS ORDER HE WILL BE DEPORTED TO HOLLAND, SINCE HE IS A CITIZEN OF THAT COUNTRY, OFFICIALS EXPLAINED.

THE UNITED STATES OF INDONESIA HAS DEMANDED THAT HE BE EXTRADITED, PRESUMABLY TO FACE CHARGES OF LEADING A REBELLION. BUT THE ATTITUDE OF THE CROWN COLONY GOVERNMENT HERE IS THAT THE LAW BARS EXTRADITION TO ANY COUNTRY WITH WHICH THERE IS NO EXTRADITION AGREEMENT. NONE EXISTS WITH THE U.S.I., WHICH CAME INTO BEING ONLY TWO MONTHS AGO.

WESTERLING WAS ARRESTED UPON HIS ARRIVAL HERE ON CHARGES OF ENTERING THE CROWN COLONY WITHOUT A PERMIT.

BJ1015AES

NIGHT LEAD WESTERLING

SINGAPORE, FEB. 28-(AP)-THE GOVERNMENT SAID TONIGHT CAPT. R.P.P. (TURK) WESTERLING HAS BEEN CHARGED WITH ASSAULT AND ILLEGAL ENTRY INTO SINGAPORE. HE ALSO FACES DEPORATION TO THE NETHERLANDS.

WESTERLING, A FORMER DUTCH ARMY COMMANDO OFFICER WHO BECAME A GUERRILLA CHIEFTAIN IN INDONESIA, WAS ARRESTED HERE SUNDAY. HE WILL BE BROUGHT BEFORE A POLICE COURT TOMORROW.

WESTERLING ENTERED SINGAPORE WITHOUT A PERMIT IN VIOLATION OF AN EMERGENCY REGULATION. NEITHER THE GOVERNMENT NOR THE POLICE WOULD DISCLOSE WHOM WESTERLING ASSAULTED AND WHEN.

EARLIER THE GOVERNMENT SAID WESTERLING HAD BEEN ORDERED DEPORTED TO THE NETHERLANDS, SINCE HE IS A CITIZEN OF THAT COUNTRY.

THE UNITED STATES OF INDONESIA (U.S.I.) HAS DEMANDED THAT HE BE EXTRADITED, PRESUMABLY TO FACE CHARGES OF LEADING A REBELLION IN THAT YOUNG NATION. THE ATTITUDE OF THE SINGAPORE GOVERNMENT IS THAT THE LAW BARS EXTRADITION TO ANY COUNTRY WITH WHICH THERE IS NO EXTRADITION AGREEMENT. NONE EXISTS WITH THE U.S.I., WHICH CAME INTO BEING ONLY TWO MONTHS AGO.

--DASH--

AUTHORITATIVE DUTCH SOURCES IN THE HAGUE SAID WESTERLING WOULD BE PLACED UNDER ARREST AND TRIED IF HE IS DEPORTED TO THE NETHERLANDS. NO DEFINITE CHARGES WERE GIVEN.

TA602PES

dalat,vietnam,indochina,feb.28-(ap)-fierce jungle warriors armed only with bows and arrows were reported in revolt tady against efforts of the communist-backed army of ho chi-minh to rustle their sacred buffalos.

informed circles here, where the french-sponsored vietnam ruler,bao dai,has his summer residence, said the revolt began in the villages of the kantoun area near cambodia.

the reports said ho's forces were trying to drive off the kx sacred buffalos for redistribution among the people. they are considered sacred family property in indochina.

the villagers,armed only with bows and arrows,are said to be resisting fiercely. there are reports here that bao dai's forces are fomenting the struggle.

one report said ho chi-minh's soldiers executed -- also with bows and arrows -- ten villagers as an example to the others.

sj/722p/1350

WITH SINGAPORE (190)

JAKARTA, U.S.I., WEDNESDAY, MARCH 1-(AP)-THE DUTCH HIGH COMMISSIONER FOR INDONESIA, HANS HIRSCHFELD, REVEALED TODAY THAT GUERRILLA LEADER R.P.O. (TURK) WESTERLING ESCAPED TO SINGAPORE WITH THE HELP OF NETHERLANDS MILITARY PERSONNEL.

HIRSCHFELD ANNOUNCED THAT THE DUTCH WERE TAKING MEASURES TO APPREHEND THOSE "IN THE DUTCH ARMED FORCES WHO AIDED WESTERLING'S ESCAPE FROM INDONESIA." HE SAID INVESTIGATION WAS STILL GOING ON.

WESTERLING, A DUTCH CITIZEN AND FORMER DUTCH ARMY COMMANDO, IS BEING HELD BY BRITISH AUTHORITIES IN SINGAPORE ON CHARGES OF ENTERING THE AREA WITHOUT LEGAL PERMISSION. INDONESIANS HAVE ASKED FOR HIS EXTRADITION, BUT BRITISH OFFICIALS HAVE INDICATED HE WILL BE TURNED OVER TO THE NETHERLANDS GOVERNMENT, SINCE HE IS A CITIZEN OF THAT

COUNTRY.
HIRSCHFELD SAID EXTRADITION MEASURES AGAINST WESTERLING ARE ENTIRELY UP TO THE BRITISH. HE INDICATED THE DUTCH WOULD NOT ATTEMPT TO INFLUENCE THE BRITISH DECISION, AND WOULD NOT OPPOSE TURNING WESTERLING OVER TO THE INDONESIANS.
NEITHER INDONESIAN NOR DUTCH AUTHORITIES WOULD COMMENT OFFICIALLY ON THE CASE, BUT THE CONSENSUS WAS THAT THE OUTLAW NEVER WOULD BE RETURNED TO INDONESIA. IT IS BELIEVED THAT HOLLAND WOULD BE UNLIKELY TO FORCE A DUTCH CITIZEN TO STAND TRIAL IN A FOREIGN COUNTRY.
MD149AES

A91 (140)
JAKARTA (BATAVIA), U.S.I., FEB. 28-(AP)-PREMIER MOHAMED HATTA'S CABINET DECIDED TONIGHT TO ENACT EMERGENCY LEGISLATION TO ALLOW THE 16 STATES AND TERRITORIES OF THE UNITED STATES OF INDONESIA TO REFORM THEMSELVES INTO A FEW LARGER STATES.
THE CABINET ACTION SIDESTEPPED PARLIAMENT AND OPENED THE WAY FOR RAPID WELDING OF THE NATION ALONG LINES ENVISAGED BY THE OLD INDONESIAN REPUBLIC, NOW ONE OF THE STATES OF THE U. S. I.
IT APPEARED THE MOVE WAS MADE UNDER PRESSURE FROM JOGJAKARTA, THE REPUBLIC'S CAPITAL, AND BECAUSE THE DUTCH-SPONSORED SYSTEM OF MANY STATES HAS FALLEN APART SINCE THE U. S. I. BECAME AN INDEPENDENT NATION TWO MONTHS AGO. THE U. S. I. NOW IS AN EQUAL PARTNER OF THE NETHERLANDS UNDER THE DUTCH CROWN.
SENTIMENT IN A MAJOR PART OF SUMATRA, WEST JAVA, EAST JAVA AND THE ISLAND OF MADOERA RECENTLY SWUNG IN FAVOR OF REJOINING THOSE AREAS TO THE OLD REPUBLIC AS THEY WERE BEFORE THE FIRST DUTCH MILITARY ACTION AGAINST THE INDONESIANS IN 1947. THE INDONESIAN INDEPENDENCE MOVEMENT CENTERED IN THE REPUBLIC.
HJ1049PES

Jakarta - Cabinet republic

A communique issued after the cabinet session explained that in view of political developments and because of the difficulty of parliament acting rapidly, the government had decided to withdraw a draft bill for reforming the states from parliament and enact the measure as an emergency law.

"Thereafter, said emergency law will naturally be legalized by the House of representatives and the senate," the communique said. It added

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ct the republican administration in

y was intended to answer criticism

That statement apparently wa

he U. S. I. was too slow in returning

Netherlands troops during

ting in the Islands.

KARACHI, PAKISTAN, FEB.28-(AP)-U.S. ROVING AMBASSADOR PHILIP C. JESSUP PREDICTED IN AN INTERVIEW TODAY THAT VIETNAM WOULD BECOME EVENTUALLY A COMPLETELY INDEPENDENT NATION.
THIS COULD BE ACCOMPLISHED, HE SAID, THROUGH THE FULL IMPLEMANTATION BY FRANCE OF AN AGREEMENT MADE WITH FORMER EMPEROR BAO DAI.
THE BAO DAI GOVERNMENT, SET UP BY FRANCE, HAS LIMITED POWERS.
IT HAS BEEN RECOGNIZED BY THE UNITED STATES AND OTHER WEATHER POWERS.
JESSUP SAID INDOCHINA IS PROGRESSING TOWARDS WIPING OUT THE LAST TIES OF COLONIALISM, BUT ADDED, "FULL INDEPENDENCE OF VIETNAM WILL NOT BE ASSURED UNTIL FRENCH TROOPS ARE WITHDRAWN."
JESSUP DECLARED THE RIVAL GOVERNMENT OF HO CHI-MINH, RECOGNIZED BY RUSSIA AS HER SATELLITES, IS NOT "AN ESTABLISHED REGIME." HE CHARACTERIZED IT AS A GUERRILLA BODY WHICH HAS NO CAPITAL AND TAKES SHELTER IN THE HILLS.
"IT IS PERFECTLY TRUE," HE ADDED, "THERE ARE VIETNAMESE NATIONALISTS WHO ARE NOT COMMUNISTS BUT WHO STILL SUPPORT HO CHI-MINH AND IT IS ALSO TRUE THERE ARE VERY MANY VIETNAMESE NATIONALISTS WHO ARE SUPPORTING BAO DAI."
JESSUP DECLARED IT WAS POSSIBLE CHINA OR THE SOVIET UNION MIGHT SUPPLY HO'S GUERRILLAS WITH ARMS AS GREEK GUERRILLAS WERE HELPED FROM

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THE OUTSIDE.
THIS WOULD "CREATE A SITUATION THAT MIGHT CONTAIN A SERIOUS DANGER TO PEACE IN SOUTHEAST ASIA," THE AMBASSADOR SAID. HOWEVER, HE SAID HE WAS CONFIDENT THE UNITED NATIONS AND INTERNATIONAL ACTION COULD DEAL WITH SUCH A SITUATION SUCCESSFULLY. HE DID NOT ELABORATE.
ML250PES

INDIA'S PRIME MINISTER, JAWAHARLAL NEHRU, WIRED PRIME MINISTER LIAQUAT ALI KHAN OF PAKISTAN TODAY, DENYING HE HAD MADE AN IMPLICIT THREAT TO PAKISTAN THURSDAY IN AN ADDRESS TO PARLIAMENT ON THE BENGAL COMMUNAL RIOTING.
IN THE ADDRESS NEHRU HAD SAID PAKISTAN HAD REJECTED INDIAN PROPOSALS FOR SETTLING THE DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE TWO COUNTRIES. HE HAD SAID THAT "IF THE METHODS WE HAVE SUGGESTED ARE NOT AGREED TO IT MAY BE WE SHALL HAVE TO ADOPT OTHER METHODS." THE PAKISTANI PRIME MINISTER LATER TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE THIS LOOKED LIKE A THREAT.
JB1112AES

CAIRO--FIRST ADD MCCORMICK X X X EAST.
MCCORMICK TOLD REPORTERS WHO GREETED HIM AT THE AIRPORT THAT HE CONSIDERED THE COMMUNIST MENACE IN GREECE CRUSHED. HE SAID AMERICAN TRAINING AND AID PLAYED A MAJOR PART.
MCCORMICK, HIS WIFE AND DAUGHTER, WERE MET BY U.S. EMBASSY AND EGYPTIAN FOREIGN OFFICE OFFICIALS. THEY DROVE TO ABDINE PALACE, WHERE THEY SIGNED KING FAROUK'S OFFICIAL REGISTER. THEY WILL LIVE HERE IN MENA HOUSE, ALMOST IN THE SHADOW OF THE PYRAMIDS.
U.S. AMBASSADOR JEFFERSON CAFFERY WILL ENTERTAIN THE MCCORMICKS AT A DINNER TONIGHT. THIS AFTERNOON THEY EXPECT TO VISIT THE PYRAMIDS.
JB1004AES

tel aviv, israel, feb. 28--(ap)--~~[illegible]~~ Sources close to the foreign ministry said today that Israel wants arms for defense but will NOT disclose her present army strength to get them.

Israely officials, expressing fear at recent arms shipments to arab states, has asked the united states and britain to sell military equipment for its army and air force.

1950

officials in washington indicated monday that the state department, before approving arms for israel, would ask for a full accounting of the present equipment of the israeli army in order to determine that supplies were needed solely for defense.

The goverbment has expressed concern over the shipment of british supplies to arab nations under the treaty obligations. israel' army officials have declared there is a real threat of renewed warfare with arab states who fought israel when the jewish nation was formed in 1948.

A137WX (ADV)
(700) (ADVANCE FOR USE AT 7 P.M. EASTERN STANDARD TIME TUESDAY
FEB. 28; IN CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES ONLY)
BY SIGRID ARNE
(ADVANCE)-WASHINGTON, FEB. 28-(AP)-JOSEF STALIN PRECIPITATED THE FIRST SERIOUS ILL-FEELING BETWEEN HIMSELF AND HIS WESTERN ALLIES, PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT AND PRIME MINISTER CHURCHILL, BY STATING A SUS-PICION THAT THE TWO WERE WRITING A SEPARATE PEACE WITH GERMANY.
HE CABLED AS MUCH TO PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT, WRITES ADMIRAL WILLIAM D.LEAHY, ROOSEVELT'S CHIEF OF STAFF. THE ADMIRAL'S MEMOIRS, "I WAS THERE," ARE RUNNING SERIALLY IN THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.
THE INCIDENT HAPPENED IN THE FEW WEEKS BETWEEN THE CLOSE OF THE YALTA CONFERENCE AND PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT'S DEATH ON APRIL 12, 1945.
IT STARTED WITH THE WISH OF A GERMAN OFFICER TO SURRENDER GERMAN ARMIES IN ITALY TO ALLIED OFFICIALS. MOSCOW WAS INFORMED.
FOREIGN MINISTER MOLOTOV IMMEDIATELY ASKED THAT THREE RUSSIAN OFFICERS BE ON HAND AT ANY MEETINGS.

ANGLO-AMERICAN CHIEFS DECIDED TO HOLD A PRELIMINARY MEETING IN SWITZERLAND JUST TO LAY PRELIMINARY PLANS FOR A SECOND MEETING, IN ITALY, AT WHICH THE SURRENDER TERMS WOULD BE THRASHED OUT.

ON THE ADVICE OF THE U.S. EMBASSY IN MOSCOW THEY NOTIFIED MOLOTOV THAT RUSSIANS WOULD BE WELCOME AT THE SECOND MEETING.

THAT BROUGHT A SERIES OF NOTES FROM MOLOTOV AND STALIN WHICH STARTED WITH BEING PEREMPTORY AND ENDED, AS LEAHY WRITES, BY BEING "INSULTING."

FIRST MOLOTOV INSISTED THAT THE NEGOTIATIONS BE BROKEN OFF. ACTUALLY THE SWISS TALKS WERE ARRANGED WITHOUT THE RUSSIANS, LEAHY WRITES, BECAUSE THE ANGLO-AMERICANS WERE AFRAID THE ATTENDANCE OF RUSSIANS MIGHT CHANGE THE GERMAN DESIRE TO SURRENDER AND THEREBY PREVENT A CHANCE TO SAVE MANY ALLIED LIVES.

THE U.S. AMBASSADOR TO MOSCOW, AVERELL HARRIMAN, COMMENTED ON THE MOLOTOV NOTE: "THE ARROGANT LANGUAGE....BRINGS OUT INTO THE OPEN A DOMINEERING ATTITUDE TOWARD THE UNITED STATES WHICH WE HAVE BEFORE ONLY SUSPECTED." HE RECOMMENDED THAT THE U.S. STAND FIRM.

SECRETARY OF WAR STIMSON RULED THAT IF THERE WERE EVER OPPORTUNITY TO TAKE SURRENDER IN THE FIELD OF A CONSIDERABLE PART OF THE GERMAN ARMY IT SHOULD BE ACCEPTED.

THE FIRST ALLIED-GERMAN MEETING IN SWITZERLAND FAILED, AND MOLOTOV WAS GIVEN THE DETAILS.

FORTY-EIGHT HOURS LATER MOLOTOV SENT THE FOLLOWING TO HARRIMAN: "DURING THE LAST TWO WEEKS....BEHIND THE BACK OF THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT, WHICH HAS BEEN CARRYING THE MAIN BURDEN OF THE WAR AGAINST GERMANY, REPRESENTATIVES OF THE AMERICAN AND BRITISH COMMAND ON THE ONE PART AND REPRESENTATIVES OF THE GERMAN MILITARY COMMAND ON THE OTHER ARE CARRYING ON NEGOTIATIONS. THE GOVERNMENT OF THE USSR CONSIDERS THIS IS ABSOLUTELY INADMISSIBLE...."

THIS WAS A DIRECT INSULT BECAUSE BOTH THE AMERICAN AND BRITISH GOVERNMENTS HAD MADE SEVERAL PLEDGES THAT THERE WOULD BE NO SEPARATE PEACE.

AT THAT POINT PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT CABLED STALIN DIRECTLY THAT THE U.S. MUST GIVE EVERY ASSISTANCE TO ANY OFFICER WHO MIGHT ACCEPT SURRENDER OF ENEMY TROOPS. HE ADDED HE COULD NOT AGREE WITH MOLOTOV REQUEST TO BREAK OFF NEGOTIATIONS.

STALIN REPLIED THAT UNDER THE "SMOKE SCREEN" OF THE SWISS MEETINGS THE GERMANS HAD MOVED THREE DIVISIONS FROM THE ITALIAN TO THE RUSSIAN FRONT.

ROSSEVELT SENT A SECOND REASSURING NOTE, REPEATING THAT NO NEGOTIATIONS HAD TAKEN PLACE.

STALIN'S REPLY FLATLY CONTRADICTED ROOSEVELT'S ASSERTION, SAYING, "MY MILITARY COLLEAGUES....DO NOT HAVE ANY DOUBTS THAT THE NEGOTIATIONS HAVE TAKEN PLACE AND THEY HAVE ENDED IN AN AGREEMENT WITH THE GERMANS ON THE BASIS OF WHICH THE GERMAN COMMANDER ON THE WESTERN FRONT--MARSHAL KESSELRING--HAS AGREED TO OPEN THE FRONT AND PERMIT THE ANGLO-AMERICAN TROOPS TO ADVANCE TO THE EAST, AND THE ANGLO-AMERICANS HAVE PROMISED IN RETURN TO EASE FOR THE GERMANS THE PEACE TERMS."

STALIN WENT ON,"....AS A RESULT OF THIS, AT THE PRESENT MOMENT THE GERMANS ON THE WESTERN FRONT IN FACT HAVE CEASED THE WAR AGAINST ENGLAND AND THE UNITED STATES."

LEAHY COMMENTS, "THERE IT WAS, OUT IN THE OPEN--THE LONG-FESTERING SUSPICION AND FEAR OF THE RUSSIANS THAT THE UNITED STATES AND GREAT BRITAIN MIGHT MAKE A SEPARATE PEACE WITH GERMANY. THIS INSULTING MESSAGE SHOWED CLEARLY THE SOVIET DISTRUST OF OUR MOTIVES AND PROMISES. IT WAS ANOTHER ILL OMEN FOR ANY SUCCESSFUL COOPERATIVE AGREEMENT...."

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT SENT A SHARP REBUKE IN REPLY, SAYING AGAIN THERE HAD YET BEEN NO NEGOTIATIONS, AND ADDING, "FRANKLY, I CANNOT AVOID A FEELING OF BITTER RESENTMENT TOWARD YOUR INFORMERS, WHOEVER THEY ARE, FOR SUCH VILE MISREPRESENTATIONS OF MY ACTIONS OR THOSE OF MY TRUSTED SUBORDINATES."

LEAHY WRITES THIS MESSAGE APPEARED TO "TAME" STALIN WHO CABLED ROOSEVELT THAT HE HAD NEVER DOUBTED HIS HONESTY OR DEPENDABILITY.

FOR LEAHY, HIMSELF, THE INCIDENT "REINFORCED MY CONVICTION THAT WE WERE MAKING A MISTAKE TO EMBRACE THE SOVIET UNION AS A COPARTNER IN THE FINAL STAGES OF THE WAR ON JAPAN."

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 7 P.M. EASTERN STANDARD TIME TUESDAY FEB. 28, IN CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES ONLY--MOVED VEB. 22)
MD1242AESNM

NIGHT LEAD DISPLACED PERSONS

WASHINGTON,FEB.28-(AP)-SENATOR MCCARRAN (D-NEV) TOLD THE SENATE TODAY THAT SOVIET AGENTS REPORTEDLY HAVE SLIPPED INTO THE UNITED STATES IN THE GUISE OF WAR REFUGEES.

HE SAID THE INFORMATION CAME FROM CONFIDENTIAL ARMY REPORTS. HE ACCUSED THE DISPLACED PERSONS COMMISSION OF LIMITING ARMY INVESTIGATIONS OF REFUGEES SEEKING TO COME TO THIS COUNTRY.

MCCARRAN, CHAIRMAN OF THE SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE, SPOKE AS THE SENATE BEGAN DEBATE ON CONTROVERSIAL LEGISLATION TO CHANGE THE 1948 DISPLACED PERSONS LAW.

HE RENEWED HIS ATTACK ON A HOUSE-PASSED BILL TO LET MORE EUROPEAN REFUGEES COME HERE IN LINE WITH PRESIDENT TRUMAN'S RECOMMENDATIONS.

A SHARPLY REVISED VERSION OF THE HOUSE BILL WAS PROPOSED BY MCCARRAN'S COMMITTEE LAST MONTH. BUT 18 SENATORS--TEN DEMOCRATS AND EIGHT REPUBLICANS--HAVE OFFERED A SUBSTITUTE CLOSELY CONFORMING TO THE HOUSE MEASURE.

ONE OF THE 18, SENATOR KILGORE (D-W.VA.) REPLIED TO MCCARRAN TODAY. HE SAID THE PRESENT DP LAW IS "NIGGARDLY, RESTRICTIVE AND UNFAIR."

THE ISSUE IS SIMPLY THIS, SAID KILGORE: "DO WE WANT A DECENT AND WORKABLE DISPLACED PERSONS LAW OR DON'T WE?"

AT ONE POINT, MCCARRAN SAID SENATORS WHO ARE WITH HIM IN OPPOSING THE HOUSE VERSION ARE "WILLING TO TALK UNTIL OUR LAST BREATH" TO DEFEAT IT.

MCCARRAN SAID A DETAILED CONFIDENTIAL REPORT ON WHAT HE CALLED THE INADEQUACY OF THE SECURITY SCREENING OF DP APPLICANTS WAS SENT TO THE ARMY DEPARTMENT IN FEBRUARY, 1948, BY THE INSPECTOR GENERAL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMAND.

AND, HE ADDED, THE ARMY GAVE THE STATE DEPARTMENT A REPORT ABOUT "THE PENETRATION OF SOVIET AGENTS INTO THE UNITED STATES UNDER THE GUISE OF DISPLACED PERSONS."

HE SAID THAT IN ALL MATTERS OF DETERMINING AN APPLICANT'S ELIGIBILITY AS A DISPLACED PERSON, THE ARMY'S COUNTER INTELLIGENCE CORPS IS DENIED ANY JURISDICTION BY THE DISPLACED PERSONS COMMISSION.

MCCARRAN SAID AMENDMENTS MADE TO THE HOUSE BILL BY THE SENATE COMMITTEE SHOULD REDUCE THE "NUMBERS COMING TO THE UNITED STATES ON FRAUDULENT DOCUMENTS."

BUT HE OPPOSED THAT PART OF THE COMMITTEE BILL AND THE SUBSTITUTE ADVANCING THE CUT-OFF DATE TO JAN.1, 1949. PRESENT LAW FIXES THIS DATE AS DEC.22, 1945. THIS MEANS THAT DP'S MUST HAVE ENTERED GERMANY, AUSTRIA, OR ITALY BEFORE THAT TO BE ELIGIBLE TO COME HERE.

MCCARRAN SAID ADVANCING THE DATE WOULD INCREASE THE SECURITY RISK TO THE U.S.

KILGORE CALLED THE PRESENT CUT-OFF DATE DISCRIMINATORY.

THE WEST VIRGINIAN DEFENDED THE PRESENT ADMINISTRATION OF THE PROGRAM. HE SAID THOSE OBJECTING TO ITS HANDLING ARE MAINLY DISGRUNTLED EMPLOYERS OR SPONSORS OF DP'S "WHERE FOR ONE REASON OR ANOTHER THE DP'S HAVE NOT WORKED OUT WELL," OR ARE PERSONS WHO ARE OPPOSED TO THE PROGRAM ALTOGETHER.

VA45PES

30.24- 9255

WASHINGTON,FEB 28-(AP)-THE NAVY PLANS TO PULL OUT OF MIDWAY ISLAND ABOUT JUNE 30, A NAVY SPOKESMAN SAID TONIGHT.

THE PRESENT INSTALLATION ON MIDWAY, THE REMANTS OF A BIG WARTIME BASE ON THE LITTLE PACIFIC ISLAND, IS A NAVAL AIR STATION MANNED BY ABOUT 300 MEN.

THE SPOKESMAN SAID THE MEN WILL PROBABLY BE SENT TO THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS AND LATER REASSIGNED. ECONOMY WAS A MAJOR FACTOR IN THE DECISION TO ABANDON THE INSTALLATION, HE SAID.

THE AIR STATION FACILITIES, HE ADDED, WILL BE MADE AVAILABLE TO THE CIVIL AERONAUTICS ADMINISTRATION IN THE EVENT THAT AGENCY WISHES TO USE THEM IN CONNECTION WITH COMMERCIAL OPERATIONS.

RZ1147PESNM

B8OWX
(110) WASHINGTON,FEB.28-(AP)-THE FRENCH AIRCRAFT CARRIER DIXEMUDE IS ON ITS WAY TO NORFOLK, VA., TO TAKE ABOARD A NUMBER OF NAVAL PLANES ASSIGNED TO FRANCE UNDER THE ARMS AID PROGRAM.

STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS, REPORTING THIS TODAY, SAID THE DIXEMUDE IS DUE TO DOCK SATURDAY OR SUNDAY. THERE HAD BEEN EARLIER REPORTS FROM NORFOLK THAT THE SHIP WOULD ARRIVE MONDAY.

NEITHER THE NUMBER NOR EXACT TYPE OF PLANES TO BE LOADED BY THE DIXEMUDE WAS DISCLOSED.

THE DIXEMUDE ITSELF IS AMERICAN BUILT. IT IS AN ESCORT TYPE CARRIER AND WOULD NORMALLY CARRY 20 TO 30 PLANES. MORE PRESUMABLY COULD BE STORED ABOARD.

LT1019AES

APW (280)
PHILADELPHIA,FEB.28-(AP)-GEN.CARLOS P.ROMULO OF THE PHILIPPINES, PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED NATIONS GENERAL ASSEMBLY SAID TODAY "THE GRAVEST DANGER THAN CONFRONTS MANKIND IS THE POSSIBILITY OF MORTAL INJURY OR EXTINCTION IN AN ATOMIC WAR."

ROMULO, HERE TO ACCEPT THE POOR RICHARD CLUB'S SILVER MEDAL OF ACHIEVEMENT, TOLD THE GROUP AT A LUNCHEON MEETING THAT THE U.N. WAS CREATED "PRECISELY TO SAVE THIS AND SUCCEEDING GENERATIONS FROM THE SCOURGE OF WAR."

THE PHILIPPINE DELEGATE SAID HE SUPPORTED THE VIEWS OF PRESIDENT TRUMAN AND BRITISH PRIME MINISTER ATTLEE THAT THE U.N. IS THE PROPER PLACE TO WORK OUT SETTLEMENT OF THE ATOMIC ARMAMENTS RACE AND THE CURRENT "COLD WAR" CRISIS. HE ADDED:

"I WOULD BE REMISS IN MY DUTY, HOWEVER, IF I DID NOT POINT OUT THAT THE UNITED NATIONS CAN ONLY BE AS EFFECTIVE AS THE MEMBER STATES WILL IT TO BE.

"THE UNITED NATIONS HAS NO ARMED FORCES AT ITS DISPOSAL; IT HAS NO POWER TO IMPOSE A SETTLEMENT OF THE 'COLD WAR,' EXCEPT INSOFAR AS THE MEMBER STATES ARE DISPOSED TO ABIDE BY ITS DECISION."

ROMULO DECLARED THAT IF THE "COLD WAR" IS INTENSIFIED "AS IT IS BOUND TO BE IF THE ATOMIC ARMAMENTS RACE IS ALLOWED TO RUN ITS COURSE, THE UNITED NATIONS WILL BE AMONG THE FIRST CASUALTIES."

"IT IS EVEN NOW ALREADY HALF-PARALYZED," HE SAID. "THE UNRESOLVED CONFLICT AMONG THE GREAT POWERS HAS ALL BUT REDUCED THE SECURITY COUNCIL TO IMPOTENCE. THE TALKS ON ATOMIC ENERGY CONTROL AMONG THE SI PERMAMENT MEMBERS OF THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION HAVE BEEN DISCONTINUED, WITH NO PROSPECT IN SIGHT OF THEIR EARLY RESUMPTION."

ROMULO SAID THAT "THE ESTABLISHMENT OF WORLD ORDER BY COERCION OR WORLD PEACE BY CONQUEST, IS NO LONGER POSSIBLE TODAY. NEITHER CAN BE ACHIEVED EXCEPT THROUGH A WORLD WAR, AND A WORLD WAR WAGED WITH THE NEW WEAPONS CAN ONLY BE A WAR OF EXTERMINATION."

PH643PES

CHICAGO, FEB.28-(AP)-MOVIEMAKER CECIL B.DE MILLE TONIGHT QUESTIONED RUSSIAN MOTIVES IN NOT PERMITTING RED CROSS VISITS IN THE U.S.S.R.

THE HOLLYWOOD PRODUCER SPOKE AT THE KICKOFF BANQUET FOR THE CHICAGO RED CROSS FUND CAMPAIGN.

"ASK THE REPRESENTATIVES OF THE INTERNATIONAL RED CROSS WHO HAVE BEEN TRYING IN VAIN TO GET PERMISSION TO VISIT THE CAMPS IN RUSSIA WHERE UNCOUNTED THOUSANDS OF PRISONERS OF WAR ARE STILL BEING HELD FIVE YEARS AFTER THE CESSATION OF HOSTILITIES," SAID DE MILLE.

"WHY WILL RUSSIA NOT GIVE THE RED CROSS THE RIGHT OF VISITATION THAT EVERY CIVILIZED COUNTRY GIVES?

"COULD IT BE BECAUSE THE HONEST SWISS CITIZENS ON THE INTERNATIONAL RED CROSS COMMITTEE MIGHT COME OUT AND TELL THE TRUTH ABOUT A COUNTRY WHERE THE GOVERNMENT OWNS THE PEOPLE?" HE ASKED.

"WHOEVER PAYS THE PIPER CALLS THE TUNE. I FOR ONE, DO NOT LIKE THE STRAINS OF THE PIPER'S TUNE THAT FILTERS THROUGH FROM THOSE PARTS OF THE WORLD WHERE COMMISSARS RULE. AND I DO NOT THINK YOU LIKE THEM EITHER, FOR THEY ARE THE FUNERAL MARCH OF EVERYTHING THAT THE RED CROSS STANDS FOR," DE MILLE SAID.

MS1117PCS NM

A124KX
(WEST OUT) (170)
BERKELEY,CALIF.,FEB.28-(AP)-THE NON-COMMUNIST OATH REQUIRED OF ALL EMPLOYES OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA -- SIGN OR QUIT -- DREW FIRE TODAY FROM GOVERNOR WARREN, FROM MEMBERS WHO SIGNED IT AND FROM PROMINENT EDUCATORS THROUGHOUT THE COUNTRY.

WARREN, EMPHASIZING HE WAS MUCH AGAINST COMMUNISTS AS ANYONE, SAID ANY COMMUNIST WOULD NOT HESITATE TO AFFIX HIS "LYING SIGNATURE" TO IT.

WARREN, A CALIFORNIA GRADUATE, WAS AMONG UNIVERSITY REGENTS WHO WERE OUTVOTED 12-6 ON THE OATH.

THE SAN FRANCISCO CHRONICLE ASKED FOR OPINIONS ON THE NON-COMMUNIST OATH REQUIREMENT FROM PROMINENT EDUCATORS THROUGHOUT THE COUNTRY. THEY INCLUDED:

DR.ROBERT HUTCHINS, PRESIDENT, UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO: "I HOPE IT IS NOT UPHELD BY THE COURT AND IS NOT IMITATED BY OTHER UNIVERSITIES."

HAROLD W.WOODS, PRESIDENT OF PRINCETON: "IF SUCH A REQUIREMENT WERE PLACED BEFORE THE MEMBERS OF THE PRINCETON FACULTY, THEY WOULD, I BELIEVE, REBEL IN THE SAME WAY."

JOHN FRANCIS NEYLAN, FOR 22 YEARS A MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF REGENTS, INSISTED THE NON-COMMUNIST OATH WAS NOT THE BASIC ISSUE.

HE SAID THE QUESTION REALLY IS "SHALL THE REGENTS X X X ACCORD TO COMMUNISTS ALL THE RIGHTS AND PRIVILEGES OF MEMBERSHIP IN THE FACULTY OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA."

VR1205ACS NM

NIGHT LEAD BRIDGES (270)

SAN FRANCISCO, FEB.28-(AP)-MERVYN RATHBONE, A GOVERNMENT WITNESS IN THE HARRY BRIDGES PERJURY TRIAL, ADMITTED TODAY TO HAVING PERJURED HIMSELF TWICE IN COMMUNIST INVESTIGATIONS.

EACH TIME, HE TESTIFIED, HE HAD SWORN HE WAS NOT A COMMUNIST, WHILE HE WAS ONE.

THIS DISCLOSURE, WHILE RATHBORNE WAS UNDER QUESTIONING BY THE GOVERNMENT ATTORNEY, AS ONE OF THE PROSECUTION'S STAR WITNESSES, THREW THE TRIAL INTO ANOTHER FRENZIED FURORE, OF WHICH THERE HAVE BEEN MANY SINCE IT OPENED NOV. 14.

IT RESULTED IN FEDERAL JUDGE GEORGE B.HARRIS ASSIGNING MISCONDUCT TO VINCENT HALLINAN, CHIEF OF THE BRIDGES DEFENSE STAFF. THIS HAS HAPPENED BEFORE, TOO. HALLINAN ALREADY IS UNDER SIX MONTHS' SENTENCE FOR CONTEMPT OF COURT.

BRIDGES, PRESIDENT OF THE CIO LONGSHORE UNION, WAS INDICTED ON A CHARGE HE PERJURED HIMSELF BY DENYING, AT HIS 1945 CITIZENSHIP HEARING, THAT HE WAS A COMMUNIST. J.R.ROBERTSON, UNION VICE PRESIDENT, AND HENRY SCHMIDT, INTERNATIONAL REPRESENTATIVES, ARE CO-DEFENDANTS, CHARGED WITH CONSPIRACY. THEY WERE BRIDGES SUPPORTING WITNESSES AT THE NATURALIZATION.

AS THE SPECIAL PROSECUTOR, F.JOSEPH DONOHUE, NEARED THE FINISH OF HIS EXAMINATION OF HIS STAR WITNESS, RATHBORNE, HE BROUGHT OUT THAT RATHBORNE TESTIFIED UNDER OATH, IN 1940, BEFORE THE DIES UNAMERICAN ACTIVITIES COMMITTEE, THAT HE WAS NOT A COMMUNIST, AND THAT HE GAVE THE SAME TESTIMONY IN 1941 BEFORE THE TENNEY "LITTLE DIES" COMMITTEE IN CALIFORNIA. EARLIER IN THIS TRIAL RATHBORNE TESTIFIED HE HAD BEEN A COMMUNIST FROM 1935 TO 1947.

DURING THE MORNING HALLINAN REFERRED TO RATHBORNE AS A "PERJURER". DONOHUE OBJECTED.

FEDERAL JUDGE B.HARRIS AGREED. HE TOLD THE JURY TO DISREGARD HALLINAN'S REMARKS ABOUT PERJURY.

LATER, AFTER RATHBORNE HAD ADMITTED TWICE PERJURING HIMSELF BEFORE COMMITTEES INVESTIGATING COMMUNISM, HALLINAN STORMED ACROSS THE COURTROOM, SHOUTING A STREAM OF PROTESTS.

THAT WAS WHEN JUDGE HARRIS CITED HIM FOR MISCONDUCT.

CO921PCS

B71

KX (180)

NEW YORK, FEB.28-(AP)-THE TIMES TODAY CALLED THE ORGANIZATION OF 350,000 CIVILIAN VOLUNTEERS TO RID MALAYA "OF BANDIT INFESTATION" A SOUND IDEA.

IN AN EDITORIAL, THE TIMES SAID MALAYAN GUERRILLA BANDITS HAVE "NOT ENJOYED POPULAR SUPPORT, PARTLY BECAUSE THEY ARE RECOGNIZED AS HAVING TOO CLOSE A CONNECTION WITH THE PROGRAM OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNIST AGGRESSION, AND PARTLY BECAUSE THE BANDITS THEMSELVES HAVE BEEN LARGELY COMMUNIST CHINESE."

HOWEVER, THE NEWSPAPER CONSIDERED THE BANDIT ASSAULT HAS BEEN IMPORTANT "BECAUSE ITS TERRORISM HAS BEEN DIRECTED LARGELY AGAINST PRODUCTIVE ENTERPRISES SUCH AS RUBBER PLANTATIONS AND TIN MINES. THE TARGETS WERE KEY PERSONNEL AND KEY INDUSTRIES."

THE ORGANIZATION OF A POPULAR MOVEMENT AGAINST THE BANDITS, THE TIMES SAID, "IS SOUNDER THAN WOULD BE THE IMPORTATION OF MORE SPITFIRES AND GURKHAS TO DEAL WITH THEM. THE VERY RECRUITING OF MORE THAN A THIRD OF A MILLION PERSONS FROM MALAYA'S SMALL POPULATION TO TAKE PART IN THE 'DRIVE' IS IMPRESSIVE TESTIMONY TO THE FACT THAT IT IS THE 'ANTI-BANDITS' AND NOT THE BANDITS WHO REPRESENT THE POPULAR WILL."

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BYZ

KX FOR FRISCO (410)

NEW YORK, MAR. 1-(AP)-THE SEVEN TOURING JUDICIAL AND LEGAL REPRESENTATIVES OF JAPAN RECEIVED INDOCTRINATION IN SOCIAL RATHER THAN COURT PROTOCOL YESTERDAY.

IN NEW YORK AS THE START OF A 60-DAY OBSERVATION TOUR UNDER THE U.S. ARMY'S DEMOCRATIZATION PLAN, THE JAPANESE WERE GUESTS AT A RECEPTION, A DINNER AND A CLUB GATHERING.

THEIR OFFICIAL DAY BEGAN WITH THE RECEPTION AT THE COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY CLUB WHERE THEY MET LEGAL AND CIVIC OFFICIALS. IT WAS HELD UNDER THE AUSPICES OF THE INSTITUTE OF INTERNATIONAL EDUCATION WHICH IS ADMINISTERING THE MACARTHUR PROGRAM OF DEMOCRATIC EDUCATION.

SHIGERU KURIYAMA, JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT OF JAPAN, AS SPOKESMAN OF THE GROUP, SPOKE OF THE ADVANTAGES OF SUCH TRIPS FOR JAPANESE LEADERS, AND REFERRED ESPECIALLY TO THE NEW JAPANESE CONSTITUTION WHICH HE SAID EXEMPLIFIED THEIR DESIRE TO TAKE THE DEMOCRATIC WAY.

SEVERAL OF THE JAPANESE, IN CONVERSATION, EXPRESSED THEIR PLEASURE IN HAVING HAD A CHANCE TO SEE THE AMERICAN JUDICIAL AND COURT PROCEDURES IN OPERATION AND SAID THAT MANY REFORMS HAD BEEN ACHIEVED IN THE JAPANESE SYSTEM. THEY SAID THAT AS NEARLY AS POSSIBLE THEIR COURT PROCEDURES WERE BEING MODELLED AFTER THE SYSTEM IN FORCE HERE.

YORIHIRO NAITO, CHIEF OF THE GENERAL AFFAIRS BUREAU OF THE SECRETARIAT-GENERAL OF THE SUPREME COURT, SAID THEY HAD BEEN MOST IMPRESSED WITH THE JURY SYSTEM, POINTING OUT THAT THERE IS NOTHING COMPARABLE IN THE JAPANESE COURTS.

AT DINNER, THEY WERE THE GUESTS OF JOSEPH ROBINSON, INDUSTRIAL ENGINEER AND FORMER CHAIRMAN OF THE DE-CONCENTRATION REVIEW BOARD IN JAPAN.

ROBINSON STRESSED THAT HE WAS IMPRESSED WITH THE GENERAL RECOVERY IN JAPAN AND THE SINCERITY OF THE PEOPLE IN THEIR EFFORT TO ACHIEVE DEMOCRATIZATION.

HE SAID THAT AS A RESULT OF THE DE-CONCENTRATION BOARD'S WORK IN JAPAN THE FOUNDATIONS FOR RECOVERY HAD BEEN LAID. "EXCESSIVE CONCENTRATIONS WERE COMPLETELY BROKEN UP," HE SAID. "FREE ENTERPRISE DOES EXIST NOW IN JAPAN."

ROBINSON SAID THAT THE RE-WRITING OF THE JAPANESE CONSTITUTION, THE ENACTMENT OF DEMOCRATIC LAWS AND THE DESIRE OF THE JAPANESE PEOPLE GENERALLY TO COOPERATE WITH THE OCCUPATION AUTHORITIES HAD IMMEASURABLY ENHANCED THEIR POLITICAL AND ECONOMIC POSITION.

"EVEN IF THE OCCUPATION ENDS I AM CONVINCED THEY WILL CONTINUE ON THAT COURSE," HE SAID.

AFTER DINNER, ROBINSON WAS THEIR HOST AT THE EXPLORERS' CLUB.

TODAY THE GROUP GOES ON TO WASHINGTON WHERE THEY WILL VISIT SEVERAL OF THE COURTS AND MEET GOVERNMENTAL AND LEGAL OFFICIALS.

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B32
KX (APW) (130) (Q IN)
LAKE SUCCESS,FEB 28-(AP)-ECUADOR AND CUBA URGED THE UNITED NATIONS SECURITY COUNCIL TODAY TO APPROVE A FOUR-POWER PROPOSAL FOR APPOINTMENT OF A MEDIATOR IN THE KASHMIR CASE. ACTION WAS PUT OFF UNTIL NEXT TUESDAY WHEN INDIA AND PAKISTAN DID NOT GIVE THEIR POSITION ON THE PROPOSAL.

HOMERO VITERI-LAFRONTE OF ECUADOR SAID THE RESOLUTION, OFFERED LAST WEEK BY THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN, NORWAY AND CUBA, SEEMED TO BE A PRACTICAL APPROACH TO THE PROBLEM. THE MEDIATOR WOULD HELP PREPARE FOR A PLEBISCITE TO SETTLE THE FUTURE OF KASHMIR.

CARLOS BLANCO, PRESIDENT OF THE COUNCIL THIS MONTH AND ALTERNATE DELEGATE FROM CUBA, SAID CUBA HAD NO BRIEF FOR EITHER SIDE. HE SAID CUBA IS "DEFENDING THE CAUSE OF THE UNITED NATIONS, THE CAUSE OF PEACE AND JUSTICE, AND AT THE SAME TIME THE CAUSE OF THE KASHMIR PEOPLE AND ITS RIGHT TO FREELY EXPRESS ITS WILL WITH REGARD TO ITS FATE."
RQ706PES

OTTAWA,FEB 28-(AP)-CHARLES BRANNAN, UNITED STATES SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE, IS EXPECTED HERE FRIDAY TO MAKE AN ATTEMPT TO SOLVE AN INTERNATIONAL WHEAT PROBLEM INVOLVING THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA.

BRANNAN WILL CONFER WITH TRADE MINISTER C.D.HOWE OVER AN IMPASSE BETWEEN THE TWO COUNTRIES ON THE QUESTION OF ADMITTING JAPAN AND GERMANY AS IMPORTING MEMBERS OF THE INTERNATIONAL WHEAT AGREEMENT.

CANADA HAS STATED THAT IF THESE TWO COUNTRIES ARE BROUGHT INTO THE PACT, CANADA SHOULD BE GRANTED AN INCREASE IN WHEAT SUPPLIES IN THE POOL TO COVER A PART OF THE REQUIREMENTS OF GERMANY AND JAPAN.

THE UNITED STATES, HOWEVER, HAS STATED THAT SINCE FUNDS FOR BUYING THE WHEAT WOULD BE SUPPLIED TO JAPAN AND GERMANY UNDER MARSHALL PLAN AID, ONLY THE UNITED STATES SHOULD BE ALLOWED TO INCREASE SALES TO THE MULTILATERAL POOL.

CANADA'S ALLOTMENT UNDER THE AGREEMENT NOW TOTALS ABOUT 200,000,000 BUSHELS A YEAR. CANADA WANTS THIS INCREASED TO 230,000,000 BUSHELS.

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